

CARRIAGE SERVICES INC
Form 10-Q
April 27, 2018
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2018

OR
 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 1-11961

CARRIAGE SERVICES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE 76-0423828
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

3040 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 300
Houston, Texas, 77056
(Address of principal executive offices)
(713) 332-8400
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company
Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

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The number of shares of the registrant's Common Stock, \$.01 par value per share, outstanding as of April 20, 2018 was 16,292,204.

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

CARRIAGE SERVICES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except share data)

| | (unaudited) | |
|---|----------------------|-------------------|
| | December 31, 2017 | March 31, 2018 |
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 952 | \$ 779 |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance for bad debts of \$835 in 2017 and \$814 in 2018 | 19,655 | 17,817 |
| Inventories | 6,519 | 6,566 |
| Prepaid expenses | 2,028 | 1,966 |
| Other current assets | 986 | 572 |
| Total current assets | 30,140 | 27,700 |
| Preneed cemetery trust investments | 73,853 | 70,296 |
| Preneed funeral trust investments | 90,682 | 91,782 |
| Preneed receivables, net of allowance for bad debts of \$2,278 in 2017 and \$2,289 in 2018 | 31,644 | 20,982 |
| Receivables from preneed trusts | 15,287 | 15,802 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$115,776 in 2017 and \$118,864 in 2018 | 247,294 | 245,622 |
| Cemetery property, net of accumulated amortization of \$37,543 in 2017 and \$38,451 in 2018 | 76,331 | 75,935 |
| Goodwill | 287,956 | 287,956 |
| Intangible and other non-current assets | 18,117 | 20,830 |
| Cemetery perpetual care trust investments | 50,229 | 48,285 |
| Total assets | \$ 921,533 | \$ 905,190 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Current portion of long-term debt and capital lease obligations | \$ 17,251 | \$ 17,320 |
| Accounts payable | 6,547 | 7,273 |
| Other liabilities | 1,361 | 3,789 |
| Accrued liabilities | 17,559 | 12,397 |
| Total current liabilities | 42,718 | 40,779 |
| Long-term debt, net of current portion | 121,034 | 116,886 |
| Revolving credit facility | 91,120 | 83,389 |
| Convertible subordinated notes due 2021 | 124,441 | 125,733 |
| Obligations under capital leases, net of current portion | 6,361 | 6,371 |
| Deferred preneed cemetery revenue | 54,690 | 50,797 |
| Deferred preneed funeral revenue | 34,585 | 27,251 |
| Deferred tax liability | 31,159 | 31,366 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 3,378 | 2,819 |
| Deferred preneed cemetery receipts held in trust | 73,853 | 70,296 |
| Deferred preneed funeral receipts held in trust | 90,682 | 91,782 |
| Care trusts' corpus | 49,856 | 47,561 |
| Total liabilities | 723,877 | 695,030 |
| Commitments and contingencies: | | |
| Stockholders' equity: | | |

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| | | |
|---|------------|-------------|
| Common stock, \$.01 par value; 80,000,000 shares authorized and 22,622,242 and 22,815,774 shares issued at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018, respectively | 226 | 228 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 216,158 | 216,526 |
| Retained earnings | 57,904 | 70,038 |
| Treasury stock, at cost; 6,523,370 shares at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018 | (76,632 |) (76,632) |
| Total stockholders' equity | 197,656 | 210,160 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 921,533 | \$ 905,190 |

The accompanying condensed notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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CARRIAGE SERVICES, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(unaudited and in thousands, except per share data)

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|---|---------------------------------|----------|
| | 2017 | 2018 |
| Revenues: | | |
| Funeral | \$54,211 | \$58,594 |
| Cemetery | 13,946 | 14,793 |
| | 68,157 | 73,387 |
| Field costs and expenses: | | |
| Funeral | 30,429 | 33,502 |
| Cemetery | 8,211 | 8,643 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 3,471 | 3,773 |
| Regional and unallocated funeral and cemetery costs | 2,954 | 3,281 |
| | 45,065 | 49,199 |
| Gross profit | 23,092 | 24,188 |
| Corporate costs and expenses: | | |
| General, administrative and other | 6,847 | 6,618 |
| Home office depreciation and amortization | 376 | 443 |
| | 7,223 | 7,061 |
| Operating income | 15,869 | 17,127 |
| Interest expense | (3,029) | (3,735) |
| Accretion of discount on convertible subordinated notes | (1,037) | (1,160) |
| Other, net | 3 | 2 |
| Income before income taxes | 11,806 | 12,234 |
| Provision for income taxes | (4,722) | (3,365) |
| Tax benefit related to certain discrete items | — | 487 |
| Total provision for income taxes | (4,722) | (2,878) |
| Net income | \$7,084 | \$9,356 |
| Basic earnings per common share: | \$0.42 | \$0.58 |
| Diluted earnings per common share: | \$0.39 | \$0.52 |
| Dividends declared per common share | \$0.050 | \$0.075 |
| Weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding: | | |
| Basic | 16,597 | 16,094 |
| Diluted | 18,082 | 17,700 |

The accompanying condensed notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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CARRIAGE SERVICES, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(unaudited and in thousands)

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--|---------------------------------|----------|
| | 2017 | 2018 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net income | \$7,084 | \$9,356 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 3,847 | 4,216 |
| Provision for losses on accounts receivable | 389 | 459 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | 836 | 1,100 |
| Deferred income tax expense | 162 | 207 |
| Amortization of deferred financing costs | 203 | 208 |
| Amortization of capitalized commissions on preneed contracts | — | 149 |
| Accretion of discount on convertible subordinated notes | 1,037 | 1,160 |
| Net loss on sale and disposal of other assets | 155 | 19 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities that provided (required) cash: | | |
| Accounts and preneed receivables | 303 | (533) |
| Inventories and other current assets | 1,976 | 429 |
| Intangible and other non-current assets | 80 | (85) |
| Preneed funeral and cemetery trust investments | (1,404) | 3,886 |
| Accounts payable | (2,778) | 727 |
| Accrued and other liabilities | (6,142) | (3,009) |
| Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery revenue | 1,308 | 1,346 |
| Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in trust | 1,103 | (4,752) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 8,159 | 14,883 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Capital expenditures | (3,730) | (2,065) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (3,730) | (2,065) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Borrowings from the revolving credit facility | 18,800 | 3,700 |
| Payments against the revolving credit facility | (21,400) | (11,500) |
| Payments against the term loan | (2,813) | (3,750) |
| Payments on other long-term debt and obligations under capital leases | (368) | (428) |
| Payments on contingent consideration recorded at acquisition date | (101) | (138) |
| Proceeds from the exercise of stock options and employee stock purchase plan contributions | 315 | 626 |
| Taxes paid on restricted stock vestings and exercise of non-qualified options | (509) | (294) |
| Dividends paid on common stock | (833) | (1,207) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (6,909) | (12,991) |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (2,480) | (173) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 3,286 | 952 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$806 | \$779 |

The accompanying condensed notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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CARRIAGE SERVICES, INC.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company

Carriage Services, Inc. (“Carriage,” the “Company,” “we,” “us,” or “our”) is a leading provider of deathcare services and merchandise in the United States. As of March 31, 2018, we operated 178 funeral homes in 29 states and 32 cemeteries in 11 states. Our operations are reported in two business segments: Funeral Home Operations, which currently account for approximately 80% of our revenues and Cemetery Operations, which currently account for approximately 20% of our revenues.

Our funeral homes offer a complete range of high value personal services to meet a family’s funeral needs, including consultation, the removal and preparation of remains, the sale of caskets and related funeral merchandise, the use of funeral home facilities for visitation and remembrance services and transportation services. Our cemeteries provide interment rights (grave sites and mausoleum spaces) and related merchandise, such as markers and outer burial containers. We market funeral and cemetery services and products on both an “atneed” (time of death) and “preneed” (planned prior to death) basis.

Principles of Consolidation and Interim Condensed Disclosures

Our unaudited consolidated financial statements include the Company and its subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. Our interim consolidated financial statements are unaudited but include all adjustments, which consist of normal, recurring accruals, that are necessary for a fair presentation of our financial position and results of operations as of and for the interim periods presented. Our unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in a manner consistent with the accounting principles described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 unless otherwise disclosed herein, and should be read in conjunction therewith.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

We consider all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of our Consolidated Financial Statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates and judgments, including those related to revenue recognition, realization of accounts receivable, goodwill, intangible assets, property and equipment and deferred tax assets and liabilities. We base our estimates on historical experience, third-party data and assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. The results of these considerations form the basis for making judgments about the amount and timing of revenues and expenses, the carrying value of assets and the recorded amounts of liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates and such estimates may change if the underlying conditions or assumptions change. Historical performance should not be viewed as indicative of future performance, as there can be no assurance that our results of operations will be consistent from year to year.

Revenue Recognition - Funeral Home Operations

Our funeral home operations are principally service businesses that generate revenues from sales of burial and cremation services and related merchandise, such as caskets and urns. Funeral services include consultation, the removal and preparation of remains, the use of funeral home facilities for visitation and remembrance services and transportation services. We provide funeral services and products on both an atneed and preneed basis.

Funeral arrangements sold at the time of death are referred to as atneed funeral contracts. We record the revenue from atneed funeral contracts when the merchandise is delivered or the service is performed. Merchandise delivery and service performance generally takes place shortly after the time of need. Payment is due at or before time of transfer. Outstanding balances due from customers, if any, on atneed funeral contracts are included in Accounts receivable on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Funeral arrangements sold prior to death occurring are referred to as preneed funeral contracts. In many instances, the customer pays for the preneed contract over a period of time. The performance of a preneed funeral contract is secured by placing the funds collected, less amounts that we may retain under state regulations, in trust for the benefit of the customer or by the customer's purchase of a life insurance policy, the proceeds of which will pay for such services at the time of need. These methods are intended to fund preneed funeral contracts, cover the original contract price and generally include an element of growth (earnings) designed to offset future inflationary cost increases.

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Revenue from preneed funeral contracts, along with accumulated earnings, is deferred until the time the merchandise is delivered or the service is performed. The principal and accumulated earnings of the trusts are withdrawn at maturity (death) or cancellation. The cumulative trust income earned and the increases in insurance benefits on the insurance products are recognized when the service is performed. The amounts deposited in trusts that we control are included in the non-current asset section of our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Beginning January 1, 2018, balances due on undelivered preneed funeral trust contracts have been reclassified to reduce Deferred preneed funeral revenue on our Consolidated Balance Sheet, as noted in our table of Deferred Revenue in Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. See Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included herein for additional information related to our adoption of the new revenue recognition standard on January 1, 2018.

The earnings from our preneed funeral trust investments, as well as trust management fees charged by our wholly-owned registered investment advisory firm, (“CSV RIA”), are recorded as Preneed trust earnings - funeral, as noted in our table of disaggregated revenues in Note 3. As of March 31, 2018, CSV RIA provided these services to two institutions, which have custody of 79% of our trust assets, for a fee based on the market value of trust assets. Under state trust laws, we are allowed to charge the trust a fee for advising on the investment of the trust assets and these fees are recognized as income in the period in which services are provided.

When preneed funeral contracts are funded through third-party insurance policies, we earn a commission on the sale of the policies. Insurance commissions are recorded as Preneed funeral commission income, as noted in our table of disaggregated revenues in Note 3, at the point at which the commission is no longer subject to refund, which is typically one year after the policy is issued. Preneed funeral contracts to be funded at maturity by insurance policies totaled \$371.5 million at March 31, 2018 and are not included on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

See Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included herein for additional information on our revenues.

Revenue Recognition - Cemetery Operations

Our cemetery operations generate revenues primarily through sales of cemetery interment rights (primarily grave sites, lawn crypts, mausoleum spaces and niches), related cemetery merchandise (such as outer burial containers, memorial markers and floral placements) and services (interments, inurnments and installation of cemetery merchandise). We provide cemetery services and products on both an atneed and preneed basis.

Cemetery arrangements sold at the time of death are referred to as atneed cemetery contracts. We record the revenue from atneed cemetery contracts when the product is delivered or the service is performed. Payment is due at or before time of transfer. Outstanding balances due from customers, if any, on completed atneed contracts are included in Accounts receivable on our Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Cemetery arrangements sold prior to death occurring are referred to as preneed cemetery contracts. Preneed cemetery contracts are usually financed through interest-bearing installment sales contracts, generally with terms of up to five years. In substantially all cases, we receive an initial down payment at the time the contract is signed.

We record revenue on the sales of cemetery property interment rights at the time the contract is signed. Customers select a specific location and space for their interment right, thus, restricting us from other use or transfer of the contracted cemetery property. The interment right is deeded to the customer when the contract is paid in full. Revenue from preneed sales of cemetery merchandise and services contracts, along with accumulated earnings, is not recognized until the time the merchandise is transferred or the service is performed. Earnings on these installment contracts are recorded as Preneed cemetery finance charges, as noted in our table of disaggregated revenues in Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The performance of the preneed cemetery contracts is secured by placing the funds collected, less amounts that we may retain under state regulations, in trust for the benefit of the customer, the proceeds of which will pay for such services at the time of need. This method is intended to fund preneed contracts, cover the original contract price and generally include an element of growth (earnings) designed to offset future inflationary cost increases. The amounts deposited in trusts that we control are included in the non-current asset section of our Consolidated Balance Sheets. The earnings from preneed cemetery contracts placed in trust are recorded as Preneed trust earnings - cemetery, as noted in our table of disaggregated revenues in Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Balances due from customers on delivered preneed cemetery contracts are included in Accounts receivable and Preneed receivables on our Consolidated Balance Sheet. Beginning January 1, 2018, balances due on undelivered

preneed cemetery contracts have been reclassified to reduce Deferred preneed cemetery revenue on our Consolidated Balance Sheet, as noted in our table of Deferred Revenue in Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. See Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included herein for additional information related to our adoption of the new revenue recognition standard on January 1, 2018.

Interment right costs, which include real property and other costs related to cemetery development, are expensed using the specific identification method in the period in which the sale of the interment right is recognized as revenue. We recorded

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amortization expense for cemetery interment rights of approximately \$0.8 million and \$0.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018, respectively.

See Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included herein for additional information on our revenues.

Arrangements with Multiple Performance Obligations

Some of our contracts with customers include multiple performance obligations. For these contracts, we allocate transaction price to each performance obligation based on its relative standalone selling price, which is based on prices charged to customers per our general price list. Packages for service and ancillary items are offered to help the customer make decisions during emotional/stressful times. Package discounts are reflected net in Services Revenue. We recognize revenue when the merchandise is transferred or the service is performed, in satisfaction of the corresponding performance obligation. Sales taxes collected are recognized on a net basis in our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Allowances for bad debts and customer cancellations

Our funeral receivables primarily consist of amounts due for funeral services already performed which were \$8.5 million and \$7.8 million at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018, respectively. We estimate an allowance for doubtful accounts on these receivables based on our historical experience, which amounted to 2.5% and 2.4% of funeral receivables at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018, respectively. In addition, our other funeral receivables not related to funeral services performed were \$0.8 million and \$0.5 million at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018, respectively.

Our cemetery financed receivables totaled \$40.5 million and \$41.3 million at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018, respectively. The unearned finance charges associated with these receivables were \$5.7 million at both December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018. If a preneed contract is canceled prior to delivery, state law determines the amount of the refund owed to the customer. Allowances for bad debts and customer cancellations on cemetery financed receivables are provided at the date that the sale is recognized as revenue and are based on our historical experience. We also monitor changes in delinquency rates and provide additional bad debt and cancellation reserves when warranted. We have a collections policy where past due notifications are sent to the customer beginning at 15 days past due and periodically thereafter until the contract is cancelled or payment is received. We reserve 100% of the receivables on contracts in which the revenue has been recognized and payments are 90 days past due or more, which was approximately 4.9% and 4.7% of the total receivables at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018. See Note 5 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included herein for additional information on cemetery financed receivables. Accounts receivable was comprised of the following at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018 (in thousands):

| | December 31, 2017 | March 31, 2018 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Funeral receivables, net of allowance for bad debt of \$213 and \$184, respectively | \$ 9,061 | \$ 8,099 |
| Cemetery receivables, net of allowance for bad debt of \$622 and \$630, respectively | 10,331 | 9,395 |
| Other receivables | 263 | 323 |
| Accounts receivable, net | \$ 19,655 | \$ 17,817 |

Non-current preneed receivables represent payments expected to be received beyond one year from the balance sheet date. Preneed receivables were comprised of the following at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018 (in thousands):

| | December 31, 2017 | March 31, 2018 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Funeral receivables, net of allowance for bad debt of \$882 | \$ 7,934 | \$— |
| Cemetery receivables, net of allowance for bad debt of \$1,396 and \$1,391, respectively | 23,710 | 20,982 |
| Preneed receivable, net | \$ 31,644 | \$ 20,982 |

Bad debt expense totaled approximately \$0.4 million and \$0.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018, respectively.

Capitalized Commissions on Preneed Contracts

Effective January 1, 2018, we adopted the Financial Accounting Standards Board's ("FASB") Accounting Standards Update ("ASU"), Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), which impacted our accounting for incremental selling costs, primarily commission costs, related to preneed cemetery merchandise and services and preneed funeral trust contracts.

Upon adoption of Topic 606, we capitalize sales commissions and other direct selling costs related to preneed cemetery merchandise and services and preneed funeral trust contracts as these costs are incremental and recoverable costs of obtaining a contract with a customer. We recorded a cumulative adjustment of approximately \$2.8 million to our opening Retained earnings and Intangible and other non-current assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets on January 1, 2018. Our capitalized commissions

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on preneed contracts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average maturity period for our preneed cemetery merchandise and services contracts and preneed funeral trust contracts, of eight and ten years, respectively. Amortization expense totaled approximately \$149,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2018. There were no impairment losses recognized during this period.

The selling costs related to the sales of cemetery interment rights, which include real property and other costs related to cemetery development activities, continue to be expensed using the specific identification method in the period in which the sale of the cemetery interment right is recognized as revenue. The selling costs related to preneed funeral insurance contracts continue to be expensed in the period incurred as these contracts are not included on our Consolidated Balance Sheet.

See Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included herein for additional information related to our adoption of the new revenue recognition standard on January 1, 2018.

See Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included herein for additional information regarding our capitalized commissions on preneed contracts.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment (including equipment under capital leases) are stated at cost. The costs of ordinary maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred, while renewals and major replacements that extend the useful economic life of the asset are capitalized. Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (including equipment under capital leases) is computed based on the straight-line method.

Property, plant and equipment was comprised of the following at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018 (in thousands):

| | December 31, 2017 | March 31, 2018 |
|--|-------------------|----------------|
| Land | \$74,981 | \$74,981 |
| Buildings and improvements | 211,934 | 212,186 |
| Furniture, equipment and automobiles | 76,155 | 77,319 |
| Property, plant and equipment, at cost | 363,070 | 364,486 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | (115,776) | (118,864) |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | \$247,294 | \$245,622 |

We recorded depreciation expense of approximately \$3.1 million and \$3.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018, respectively.

Goodwill

The excess of the purchase price over the fair value of identifiable net assets of funeral home businesses acquired is recorded as goodwill. Goodwill has primarily been recorded in connection with the acquisition of funeral home businesses. Goodwill has an indefinite life and is not subject to amortization. As such, we test goodwill for impairment on an annual basis, using information as of August 31st each year. Our intent is to perform a quantitative impairment test at least once every three years unless certain indicators or events suggest otherwise and perform a qualitative assessment during the remaining two years.

We conducted qualitative assessments in 2017. For our 2016 annual impairment test, however, we performed a quantitative goodwill impairment test. See Part II, Item 7, Overview of Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates and Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data, Note 1, to the Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, for a discussion of the methodology used for the goodwill impairment test.

In addition to our annual review, we assess the impairment of goodwill whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of a reporting unit may be greater than fair value. Factors that could trigger an interim impairment review include, but are not limited to, significant adverse changes in the business climate, which may be indicated by a decline in our market capitalization or decline in operating results. No such events or changes occurred between our testing date and reporting period to trigger a subsequent impairment review. No impairments were recorded to our goodwill during the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018.

Intangible Assets

Our intangible assets include tradenames resulting from acquisitions and are included in Intangible and other non-current assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Our tradenames are considered to have an indefinite life and are not subject to amortization. As such, we test our intangible assets for impairment on an annual basis, using information as of August 31st each year. Our intent is to perform a quantitative impairment test at least once every three years unless certain indicators or events suggest otherwise and perform a qualitative assessment during the remaining two years.

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We conducted qualitative assessments in 2017. For our 2016 annual impairment test, however, we performed a quantitative impairment test using the relief from royalty method. See Part II, Item 7, Overview of Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates and Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data, Note 1, to the Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, for a discussion of the methodology used for the intangibles impairment test.

In addition to our annual review, we assess the impairment of intangible assets whenever certain events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the intangible asset may be greater than the fair value. Factors that could trigger an interim impairment review include, but are not limited to, significant under-performance relative to historical or projected future operating results and significant negative industry or economic trends. No impairments were recorded to our intangible assets during the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018.

Stock Plans and Stock-Based Compensation

We have stock-based employee and director compensation plans under which we grant restricted stock, stock options and performance awards. We also have an employee stock purchase plan (the "ESPP"). We recognize compensation expense in an amount equal to the fair value of the stock-based awards expected to vest or to be purchased over the requisite service period.

Fair value is determined on the date of the grant. The fair value of restricted stock is determined using the stock price on the grant date. The fair value of options or awards containing options is determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model. The fair value of the performance awards related to market performance is determined using a Monte-Carlo simulation pricing model. The fair value of the performance awards related to internal performance metrics is determined using the stock price on the grant date. The fair value of the ESPP is determined based on the discount element offered to employees and the embedded option element, which is determined using an option calculation model.

See Note 12 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included herein for additional information on our stock-based compensation plans.

Income Taxes

We and our subsidiaries file a consolidated U.S. federal income tax return, separate income tax returns in 16 states in which we operate and combined or unitary income tax returns in 13 states in which we operate. We record deferred taxes for temporary differences between the tax basis and financial reporting basis of assets and liabilities.

We record a valuation allowance to reflect the estimated amount of deferred tax assets for which realization is uncertain. Management reviews the valuation allowance at the end of each quarter and makes adjustments if it is determined that it is more likely than not that the tax benefits will be realized.

We analyze the tax benefits for uncertain tax positions and how they are to be recognized, measured and derecognized in financial statements; provide certain disclosures of uncertain tax matters; and specify how reserves for uncertain tax positions should be classified on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Income tax expense during interim periods is based on our estimated annual effective income tax rate plus any discrete items, which are recorded in the period in which they occur. Discrete items include, but are not limited to, such events as changes in estimates due to finalization of income tax returns, tax audit settlements, tax effects of exercised or vested stock-based awards and increases or decreases in valuation allowances on deferred tax assets. Income tax expense was \$4.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to \$2.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018. We recorded income taxes at the estimated effective rate, before discrete items, of 40.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and approximately 27.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2018. The discrete items include an income tax benefit related to stock compensation and refunds received from the completion of state income tax audits, and income tax expense related to state tax rate changes and other non-material discrete state items. The decrease in the estimated effective tax rate, before discrete items, is primarily attributable to the reduction of the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate from 35% to 21% resulting from enactment of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (the "TCJA").

Regulatory changes from the TCJA negatively impacted the effective tax rate for the first quarter of 2018 by 0.2% due to the repeal of the domestic production activities deduction and by 0.3% due to the exclusion of performance based compensation from the overall executive compensation deduction limitation. Additionally, regulatory changes to the

deductibility of meals and entertainment along with the state conformity to the federal bonus depreciation rules both had a non-material negative rate impact on the effective tax rate.

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Subsequent Events

Management evaluated events and transactions during the period subsequent to March 31, 2018 through the date the financial statements were issued for potential recognition or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements covered by this report.

See Note 16 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included herein for additional information on our subsequent events.

2.RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). FASB Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 606 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements under Topic 605, Revenue Recognition, and most industry-specific guidance throughout the Industry Topics of the ASC. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity recognizes revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Under Topic 606, an entity is required to perform the following five steps: (1) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the transaction price; (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. Additionally, the guidance requires improved disclosures as to the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue that is recognized.

We adopted the provisions of this ASU on January 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective approach. As such, the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under the accounting standards in effect for those periods.

Topic 606 did not materially affect the accounting for our revenue streams. Revenue from sales of preneed cemetery interment rights was previously recognized in the period in which the customer’s cumulative payments exceeded 10% of the contract price related to the interment right. Under Topic 606, we recognize revenue at the time the contract is signed. Customers select a specific location and space for their interment right, thus, restricting us from other use or transfer of the contracted cemetery property. The interment right is deeded to the customer when the contract is paid in full. Because we generally receive an initial down payment at the time the contract is signed, there is no significant difference in the timing of revenue recognition under Topic 606, as compared to previous guidance. Revenue from preneed sales of funeral and cemetery merchandise and services continues to be deferred and recognized when the merchandise is delivered or the service is performed.

Topic 606 impacted our accounting for incremental selling costs, primarily commission costs, related to preneed cemetery merchandise and services and preneed funeral trust contracts. Under Topic 606, these costs are capitalized and amortized over the average maturity period for our preneed cemetery contracts and preneed funeral trust contracts. Previously, these costs were expensed in the period incurred. Our capitalized commissions on preneed contracts are included in Intangible and other non-current assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. See Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included herein for additional information.

The selling costs related to the sales of cemetery interment rights, which include real property and other costs related to cemetery development activities, continue to be expensed using the specific identification method in the period in which the sale of the cemetery interment right is recognized as revenue. The selling costs related to preneed funeral insurance contracts continue to be expensed in the period incurred as these contracts are not included on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Topic 606 also impacted our classification of amounts due from customers for undelivered performance obligations. Under Topic 606 amounts due on our preneed funeral trust contracts and preneed cemetery merchandise and services contracts have been reclassified to reduce Deferred preneed funeral revenue and Deferred preneed cemetery revenue, respectively, on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. These amounts were previously reported as Accounts receivable and Preneed receivables on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The adoption of the provisions of this ASU did not have a material impact on the effective tax rate for the reporting period.

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The following table presents the impact of the adoption of Topic 606 on our Consolidated Balance Sheet (in thousands):

| | As of March 31, 2018 | | |
|---|----------------------|--|------------------|
| | As Reported | Balances Without Adoption of Topic 606 | Effect of Change |
| Assets | | | |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance for bad debts | \$ 17,817 | \$ 19,199 | \$(1,382) |
| Preneed receivables, net of allowance for bad debts | \$ 20,982 | \$ 32,173 | \$(11,191) |
| Intangible and other non-current assets | \$ 2,798 | \$ — | \$ 2,798 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Deferred preneed cemetery revenue, net | \$ 50,797 | \$ 55,292 | \$(4,495) |
| Deferred preneed funeral revenue, net | \$ 27,251 | \$ 35,329 | \$(8,078) |
| Deferred tax liability | \$ 31,366 | \$ 31,361 | \$ 5 |
| Stockholders' equity: | | | |
| Retained earnings | \$ 70,038 | \$ 67,245 | \$ 2,793 |

The following table presents the impact of the adoption of Topic 606 on our Consolidated Statement of Operations (in thousands, except per share data):

| | Three months ended March 31, 2018 | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------------|
| | As Reported | Balances Without Adoption of Topic 606 | Effect of Change |
| Field costs and expenses: | | | |
| Funeral | \$ 36,366 | \$ 36,406 | \$ (40) |
| Cemetery | \$ 9,060 | \$ 9,041 | \$ 19 |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 12,234 | \$ 12,213 | \$ (21) |
| Net income | \$ 9,356 | \$ 9,341 | \$ 15 |
| Basic earnings per common share: | \$ 0.58 | \$ 0.58 | \$ — |
| Diluted earnings per common share: | \$ 0.52 | \$ 0.52 | \$ — |

Dividends declared per common share \$ 0.075 \$ 0.075 \$ —

The following table presents the impact of the adoption of Topic 606 on our Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (in thousands):

| | Three months ended March 31, 2018 | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|------------------|
| | As Reported | Balances Without Adoption of Topic 606 | Effect of Change |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | | |
| Amortization of capitalized commissions on preneed contracts | \$ 149 | \$ | —\$ 149 |

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| | | |
|--|------------|-----------|
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities that provided (required) cash: | | |
| Intangible and other non-current assets | \$(169) \$ | —\$(169) |

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The cumulative effect of changes made to our opening Consolidated Balance Sheet on January 1, 2018 for the adoption of Topic 606 was as follows (in thousands):

| | December 31, 2017 | Effect of Adoption of Topic 606 | January 1, 2018 |
|---|----------------------|--|--------------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance for bad debts ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 19,655 | \$(1,399) | \$ 18,256 |
| Preneed receivables, net of allowance for bad debts ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ | \$ 31,644 | \$(11,129) | \$ 20,515 |
| Intangible and other non-current assets ⁽⁴⁾ | \$ — | \$ 2,778 | \$ 2,778 |
| | | \$(9,750) | |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Deferred preneed cemetery revenue ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | \$ 54,690 | \$(4,594) | \$ 50,096 |
| Deferred preneed funeral revenue ⁽³⁾ | \$ 34,585 | \$(7,934) | \$ 26,651 |
| Stockholders' equity: | | | |
| Retained earnings ⁽⁴⁾ | \$ 57,904 | \$ 2,778 | \$ 60,682 |
| | | \$(9,750) | |

(1) Under Topic 606, receivables represent an entity's unconditional right to consideration, billed or unbilled. Our balance of accounts receivable, net of allowance for bad debts, of \$19.7 million at December 31, 2017, included the current portion of receivables for preneed cemetery merchandise and service contracts totaling \$1.4 million. As these amounts represent

undelivered
performance
obligations,
they have been
reclassified to
reduce
deferred
preneed
cemetery
revenue on
January 1,
2018.

(2) Under Topic
606,
receivables
represent an
entity's
unconditional
right to
consideration,
billed or
unbilled. Our
balance of
preneed
receivables,
net of
allowance for
bad debts, of
\$31.6 million
at December
31, 2017,
included the
non-current
portion of
receivables for
preneed
cemetery
merchandise
and service
contracts
totaling \$4.6
million. As
these amounts
represent
undelivered
performance
obligations,
they have been
reclassified to
reduce
deferred

preneed
cemetery
revenue on
January 1,
2018.
Under Topic
606,
receivables
represent an
entity's
unconditional
right to
consideration,
billed or
unbilled. Our
balance of
preneed
receivables,
net of
allowance for
bad debts,
\$31.6 million
at December
31, 2017,
included the
non-current
portion of
receivables for
preneed
funeral trust
contracts
totaling \$7.9
million. As
these amounts
represent
undelivered
performance
obligations,
they have been
reclassified to
reduce
deferred
preneed
funeral
revenue on
January 1,
2018.

- (3)
- (4) Under Topic
606, certain
costs incurred
to obtain or

fulfill a contract with a customer are capitalized.

Beginning January 1, 2018, we capitalize selling costs related to undelivered preneed cemetery merchandise and services and preneed funeral trust contracts.

Previously, these costs were expensed in the period incurred. We recorded a cumulative adjustment of approximately \$2.8 million to our opening Retained earnings and Intangible and other non-current assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets on January 1, 2018 to capitalize these costs.

The following accounting pronouncements were adopted on January 1, 2018 with no impact to our Consolidated Financial Statements:

Compensation (Topic 718): Stock Compensation – Scope of Modification Accounting

The amendments provide guidance about which changes to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment award require an entity to apply modification accounting in Topic 718. An entity should account for the effects of a modification unless the fair value, vesting conditions and classification of the modified award are the same as the original award immediately before the award is modified.

Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business

This ASU applies to all entities that must determine whether they have acquired or sold a business. The amendments in this ASU clarify the definition of a business with the objective of adding guidance to assist entities with evaluating

whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of assets or businesses.

Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments

This ASU applies to all entities that are required to present a statement of cash flows under Topic 230. The amendments provide guidance on eight specific cash flow issues and includes clarification on how these items should be classified in the statement of cash flows and is designed to help eliminate diversity in practice as to where items are classified in the cash flow statement. In November 2016, the FASB issued additional guidance on this topic that requires amounts generally described as restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents to be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the statement of cash flows.

Financial Instruments – Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

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The amendments in this ASU address certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of financial instruments and apply to all entities that hold financial assets or owe financial liabilities. The amendments in this ASU also simplify the impairment assessment of equity investments without readily determinable fair values by requiring assessment for impairment qualitatively at each reporting period. That impairment assessment is similar to the qualitative assessment for long-lived assets, goodwill, and indefinite-lived intangible assets.

Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

Leases

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU, Leases (Topic 842). This ASU addresses certain aspects of recognition, presentation, and disclosure of leases and applies to all entities that enter into a lease, with some specified scope exemptions. The amendments in this ASU aim to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with earlier application permitted for all entities. Both lessees and lessors are required to recognize and measure leases at the beginning of the earliest period presented using a modified retrospective approach, which recognizes the cumulative effect of initially applying the standard as an adjustment to retained earnings at the date of initial application. We plan to adopt the provisions of this ASU for our fiscal year beginning January 1, 2019 and are currently evaluating the impact the adoption of this new accounting standard will have on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Financial Instruments

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU, Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments. This ASU applies to all entities holding financial assets and net investment in leases that are not accounted for at fair value through net income. The main objective of the ASU is to provide financial statement users with more decision-useful information about the expected credit losses on financial instruments and other commitments to extend credit held by a reporting entity at each reporting date. This amendment replaces the incurred loss impairment methodology in the current standard with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with earlier application permitted for all entities. We plan to adopt the provisions of this ASU for our fiscal year beginning January 1, 2020 and are currently evaluating the impact the adoption of this new accounting standard will have on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

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3. REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

Revenues

Our operations are reported in two business segments: Funeral Home Operations and Cemetery Operations. Revenues, disaggregated by major source for each of our reportable segments was as follows (in thousands):

Three months ended March 31, 2018

| | Funeral | Cemetery | Total |
|---------------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Services | \$36,300 | \$ 3,121 | \$39,421 |
| Merchandise | 19,982 | 1,957 | 21,939 |
| Cemetery interment rights | — | 7,509 | 7,509 |
| Revenue from contracts with customers | \$56,282 | \$ 12,587 | \$68,869 |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Preneed funeral commission income | \$260 | \$ — | \$260 |
| Preneed trust earnings | 1,914 | 1,549 | 3,463 |
| Preneed trust management fees | 138 | 210 | 348 |
| Preneed cemetery finance charges | — | 447 | 447 |
| Financial revenues | \$2,312 | \$ 2,206 | \$4,518 |
| Total Revenues | \$58,594 | \$ 14,793 | \$73,387 |

Three months ended March 31, 2017

| | Funeral | Cemetery | Total |
|---------------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Services | \$32,799 | \$ 3,000 | \$35,799 |
| Merchandise | 19,163 | 1,843 | 21,006 |
| Cemetery interment rights | — | 6,905 | 6,905 |
| Revenue from contracts with customers | \$51,962 | \$ 11,748 | \$63,710 |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Preneed funeral commission income | \$303 | \$ — | \$303 |
| Preneed trust earnings | 1,809 | 1,514 | 3,323 |
| Preneed trust management fees | 137 | 202 | 339 |
| Preneed cemetery finance charges | — | 482 | 482 |
| Financial revenues | \$2,249 | \$ 2,198 | \$4,447 |
| Total Revenues | \$54,211 | \$ 13,946 | \$68,157 |

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Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue is presented net of amounts due on undelivered preneed contracts shown below as of January 1, 2018 and March 31, 2018 (in thousands):

| | January 1, 2018 ⁽¹⁾ | March 31, 2018 |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Contract liabilities: | | |
| Deferred preneed cemetery revenue | \$54,690 | \$55,292 |
| Less: Balances due on undelivered cemetery preneed contracts ⁽²⁾ | (4,594) | (4,495) |
| Deferred preneed cemetery revenue, net | \$50,096 | \$50,797 |
| | | |
| Deferred preneed funeral revenue | \$34,585 | \$35,329 |
| Less: Balances due on undelivered funeral preneed contracts ⁽³⁾ | (7,934) | (8,078) |
| Deferred preneed funeral revenue, net | \$26,651 | \$27,251 |

January 1,
2018
balances
have been
adjusted to
(1) reflect the
cumulative
effect of
changes for
the adoption
of ASC 606.

(2) In
accordance
with Topic
606, \$1.4
million of
cemetery
accounts
receivables
have been
reclassified
to reduce
deferred
preneed
cemetery
revenue at
both January
1, 2018 and
March 31,
2018 and
\$3.2 million
and \$3.1
million of
preneed
cemetery

receivables
 have been
 reclassified
 to reduce
 deferred
 preneed
 cemetery
 revenue at
 January 1,
 2018 and
 March 31,
 2018,
 respectively.

In
 accordance
 with Topic
 606, \$7.9
 million and
 \$8.1 million
 of preneed
 funeral
 receivables
 have been
 (3)reclassified
 to reduce
 deferred
 preneed
 funeral
 revenue at
 January 1,
 2018 and
 March 31,
 2018,
 respectively.

Our merchandise and service performance obligations related to our preneed contracts are considered fulfilled at the point in time the merchandise is delivered or the burial, cremation or interment service is performed. The transaction price allocated to preneed merchandise and service performance obligations that were unfulfilled at March 31, 2018 was \$4.5 million for preneed cemetery contracts and \$8.1 million for preneed funeral contracts. As these performance obligations are to be completed after the date of death, we cannot quantify the recognition of revenue for any given period. However, we estimate an average maturity period of eight years for preneed cemetery contracts and ten years for preneed funeral contracts.

4. PRENEED TRUST INVESTMENTS

Preneed Cemetery Trust Investments

Preneed cemetery trust investments represent trust fund assets that we are permitted to withdraw as merchandise and services are provided to customers. Preneed cemetery contracts are secured by payments from customers, less retained amounts not required to be deposited into trust. Preneed cemetery trust investments can be reduced by the trust earnings we have been allowed to withdraw in certain states prior to our performance.

The components of Preneed cemetery trust investments on our Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018 were as follows (in thousands):

| | December 31, | March 31, |
|--|--------------|-----------|
| | 2017 | 2018 |

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| | | |
|---|-----------|----------|
| Preneed cemetery trust investments, at market value | \$ 75,992 | \$72,450 |
| Less: allowance for contract cancellation | (2,139) | (2,154) |
| Preneed cemetery trust investments, net | \$ 73,853 | \$70,296 |

Upon cancellation of a preneed cemetery contract, a customer is generally entitled to receive a refund of the corpus, and in some instances, a portion of all of the earnings held in trust. In certain jurisdictions, we may be obligated to fund any shortfall if the amounts deposited by the customer exceed the funds in trust, including investment income. As a result, when realized or unrealized losses of a trust result in the trust being underfunded, we assess whether we are responsible for replenishing the corpus of the trust, in which case a loss provision is recorded. At March 31, 2018, none of our preneed cemetery trust investments were underfunded.

Earnings from our preneed cemetery trust investments are recognized as revenue when a service is performed or merchandise is delivered. Trust management fees charged by CSV RIA are included in revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Where quoted prices are available in an active market, investments held by the trusts are classified as Level 1 investments pursuant to the three-level valuation hierarchy. Our Level 1 investments include cash and common stock. Where quoted market

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prices are not available for the specific security, fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of similar securities in active markets or other inputs other than quoted prices that can corroborate observable market data. These investments are fixed income securities, including foreign debt, corporate debt, preferred stocks, mortgage-backed securities and fixed income mutual funds, all of which are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. We review and update our fair value hierarchy classifications quarterly. There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 in the three months ended March 31, 2018. There are no Level 3 investments in the preneed cemetery trust investment portfolio. See Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included herein for further information on the fair value measurement and the three-level hierarchy.

The cost and fair market values associated with preneed cemetery trust investments at March 31, 2018 are detailed below (in thousands):

| | Fair Value Hierarchy Level | Cost | Unrealized Gains | Unrealized Losses | Fair Market Value |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Cash and money market accounts | 1 | \$7,366 | \$ — | \$ — | \$7,366 |
| Fixed income securities: | | | | | |
| Foreign debt | 2 | 4,848 | 193 | (244) | 4,797 |
| Corporate debt | 2 | 15,665 | 733 | (665) | 15,733 |
| Preferred stock | 2 | 16,471 | 118 | (751) | 15,838 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 2 | 1,015 | 281 | (26) | 1,270 |
| Common stock | 1 | 25,216 | 4,074 | (3,783) | 25,507 |
| Mutual funds: | | | | | |
| Fixed Income | 2 | 1,202 | 27 | (43) | 1,186 |
| Trust securities | | \$71,783 | \$ 5,426 | \$ (5,512) | \$71,697 |
| Accrued investment income | | \$753 | | | \$753 |
| Preneed cemetery trust investments | | | | | \$72,450 |
| Market value as a percentage of cost | | | | | 99.9 % |

The estimated maturities of the fixed income securities included above are as follows (in thousands):

| | |
|--------------------------|----------|
| Due in one year or less | \$— |
| Due in one to five years | 2,177 |
| Due in five to ten years | 2,561 |
| Thereafter | 32,900 |
| Total | \$37,638 |

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The cost and fair market values associated with preneed cemetery trust investments at December 31, 2017 are detailed below (in thousands):

| | Fair Value Hierarchy Level | Cost | Unrealized Gains | Unrealized Losses | Fair Market Value |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Cash and money market accounts | 1 | \$3,132 | \$ — | \$ — | \$3,132 |
| Fixed income securities: | | | | | |
| Foreign debt | 2 | 4,834 | 292 | (193) | 4,933 |
| Corporate debt | 2 | 18,238 | 1,184 | (273) | 19,149 |
| Preferred stock | 2 | 16,421 | 510 | (588) | 16,343 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 2 | 1,018 | 249 | (24) | 1,243 |
| Common stock | 1 | 26,465 | 5,250 | (2,460) | 29,255 |
| Mutual funds: | | | | | |
| Fixed income | 2 | 1,198 | 50 | (11) | 1,237 |
| Trust securities | | \$71,306 | \$ 7,535 | \$ (3,549) | \$75,292 |
| Accrued investment income | | \$700 | | | \$700 |
| Preneed cemetery trust investments | | | | | \$75,992 |
| Market value as a percentage of cost | | | | | 105.6 % |

We determine whether or not the assets in the preneed cemetery trust investments have an other-than-temporary impairment on a security-by-security basis. This assessment is made based upon a number of criteria, including the length of time a security has been in a loss position, changes in market conditions and concerns related to the specific issuer. If a loss is considered to be other-than-temporary, the cost basis of the security is adjusted downward to its fair market value. Any reduction in the cost basis of the investment due to an other-than-temporary impairment is likewise recorded as a reduction in Deferred preneed cemetery receipts held in trust on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. In the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018, we did not record any impairments for other-than-temporary declines in the fair value related to unrealized losses on certain investments. There is no impact on earnings until such time that the loss is realized in the trusts, allocated to preneed contracts and the services are performed or the merchandise is delivered, causing the contract to be withdrawn from the trust in accordance with state regulations.

At March 31, 2018, we had certain investments within our preneed cemetery trust investments that had tax lots in loss positions for more than one year. Based on our analyses of these securities, the companies' businesses and current market conditions, we determined that these investment losses were temporary in nature.

Our preneed cemetery trust investment unrealized losses, their associated fair market values, and the duration of unrealized losses as of March 31, 2018 are shown in the following table (in thousands):

| | March 31, 2018 | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| | In Loss Position Less than 12 months | | In Loss Position Greater than 12 months | | Total | |
| | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses |
| Fixed income securities: | | | | | | |
| Foreign debt | \$519 | \$(20) | \$1,605 | \$(224) | \$2,124 | \$(244) |
| Corporate debt | 6,987 | (464) | 768 | (201) | 7,755 | (665) |
| Preferred stock | 4,731 | (43) | 8,295 | (708) | 13,026 | (751) |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 75 | — | 73 | (26) | 148 | (26) |
| Common stock | 12,001 | (2,461) | 1,666 | (1,322) | 13,667 | (3,783) |
| Mutual Funds: | | | | | | |
| Fixed Income | 842 | (43) | — | — | 842 | (43) |
| Total temporary impaired securities | \$25,155 | \$(3,031) | \$12,407 | \$(2,481) | \$37,562 | \$(5,512) |

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Our preneed cemetery trust investment unrealized losses, their associated fair market values, and the duration of unrealized losses as of December 31, 2017 are shown in the following table (in thousands):

| | December 31, 2017 | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| | In Loss Position Less than 12 months | | In Loss Position Greater than 12 months | | Total | |
| | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses |
| Fixed income securities: | | | | | | |
| Foreign debt | \$ 151 | \$(6) | \$ 1,637 | \$(187) | \$ 1,788 | \$(193) |
| Corporate debt | 3,735 | (72) | 846 | (201) | 4,581 | (273) |
| Preferred stock | 48 | — | 8,109 | (588) | 8,157 | (588) |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 127 | (15) | 27 | (9) | 154 | (24) |
| Common stock | 8,249 | (1,512) | 1,742 | (948) | 9,991 | (2,460) |
| Mutual Funds: | | | | | | |
| Fixed Income | 496 | (11) | — | — | 496 | (11) |
| Total temporary impaired securities | \$ 12,806 | \$(1,616) | \$ 12,361 | \$(1,933) | \$ 25,167 | \$(3,549) |

Preneed cemetery trust investment security transactions recorded in Other, net on our Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018 were as follows (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------|
| | 2017 | 2018 |
| Investment income | \$ 589 | \$ 425 |
| Realized gains | 820 | 853 |
| Realized losses | (383) | (607) |
| Expenses and taxes | (545) | (51) |
| Increase in deferred preneed cemetery receipts held in trust | (481) | (620) |
| | \$— | \$— |

Purchases and sales of investments in the preneed cemetery trusts for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018 were as follows (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|-----------|---------------------------------|------------|
| | 2017 | 2018 |
| Purchases | \$ (7,609) | \$ (3,376) |
| Sales | \$ 5,982 | \$ 7,559 |

Preneed Funeral Trust Investments

Preneed funeral trust investments represent trust fund assets that we are permitted to withdraw as services and merchandise are provided to customers. Preneed funeral contracts are secured by payments from customers, less retained amounts not required to be deposited into trust. Preneed funeral trust investments are reduced by the trust earnings we have been allowed to withdraw in certain states prior to our performance.

The components of Preneed funeral trust investments on our Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018 were as follows (in thousands):

| | December 31, 2017 | March 31, 2018 |
|--|----------------------|-------------------|
| Preneed funeral trust investments, at market value | \$ 93,341 | \$ 94,603 |
| Less: allowance for contract cancellation | (2,659) | (2,821) |

Preneed funeral trust investments, net \$ 90,682 \$91,782

Upon cancellation of a preneed funeral contract, a customer is generally entitled to receive a refund of the corpus and in some instances, a portion of all earnings held in trust. In certain jurisdictions, we may be obligated to fund any shortfall if the amounts deposited by the customer exceed the funds in trust, including investment income. As a result, when realized or unrealized

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losses of a trust result in the trust being underfunded, we assess whether we are responsible for replenishing the corpus of the trust, in which case a loss provision is recorded. At March 31, 2018, none of our preneed funeral trust investments were underfunded.

Earnings from our preneed funeral trust investments are recognized as revenue when a service is performed or merchandise is delivered. Trust management fees charged by CSV RIA are included in revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Where quoted prices are available in an active market, investments held by the trusts are classified as Level 1 investments pursuant to the three-level valuation hierarchy. Our Level 1 investments include cash, U.S. treasury debt and common stock. Where quoted market prices are not available for the specific security, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of similar securities in active markets or other inputs other than quoted prices that can corroborate observable market data. These investments are fixed income securities, including foreign debt, corporate debt, preferred stocks, mortgage-backed securities and fixed income mutual funds and other investments, all of which are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. We review and update our fair value hierarchy classifications quarterly. There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 for the three months ended March 31, 2018. There are no Level 3 investments in the preneed funeral trust investment portfolio. See Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included herein for further information on the fair value measurement and the three-level hierarchy.

The cost and fair market values associated with preneed funeral trust investments at March 31, 2018 are detailed below (in thousands):

| | Fair Value Hierarchy Level | Cost | Unrealized Gains | Unrealized Losses | Fair Market Value |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Cash and money market accounts | 1 | \$24,381 | \$ — | \$ — | \$24,381 |
| Fixed income securities: | | | | | |
| U.S treasury debt | 1 | 1,490 | 7 | (25) | 1,472 |
| Foreign debt | 2 | 4,833 | 195 | (238) | 4,790 |
| Corporate debt | 2 | 16,034 | 718 | (676) | 16,076 |
| Preferred stock | 2 | 16,211 | 110 | (741) | 15,580 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 2 | 1,163 | 293 | (29) | 1,427 |
| Common stock | 1 | 24,674 | 4,033 | (3,751) | 24,956 |
| Mutual funds: | | | | | |
| Fixed income | 2 | 1,944 | 28 | (106) | 1,866 |
| Other investments | 2 | 3,301 | — | — | 3,301 |
| Trust securities | | \$94,031 | \$ 5,384 | \$ (5,566) | \$93,849 |
| Accrued investment income | | \$754 | | | \$754 |
| Preneed funeral trust investments | | | | | \$94,603 |
| Market value as a percentage of cost | | | | | 99.8 % |

The estimated maturities of the fixed income securities included above are as follows (in thousands):

| | |
|--------------------------|----------|
| Due in one year or less | \$— |
| Due in one to five years | 3,702 |
| Due in five to ten years | 2,746 |
| Thereafter | 32,897 |
| Total | \$39,345 |

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The cost and fair market values associated with preneed funeral trust investments at December 31, 2017 are detailed below (in thousands):

| | Fair Value Hierarchy Level | Cost | Unrealized Gains | Unrealized Losses | Fair Market Value |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Cash and money market accounts | 1 | \$ 14,349 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 14,349 |
| Fixed income securities: | | | | | |
| U.S. treasury debt | 1 | 1,490 | 10 | (15) | 1,485 |
| Foreign debt | 2 | 4,870 | 298 | (189) | 4,979 |
| Corporate debt | 2 | 18,963 | 1,197 | (278) | 19,882 |
| Preferred stock | 2 | 16,335 | 501 | (585) | 16,251 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 2 | 1,187 | 263 | (27) | 1,423 |
| Common stock | 1 | 26,129 | 5,253 | (2,468) | 28,914 |
| Mutual funds: | | | | | |
| Fixed income | 2 | 1,974 | 52 | (48) | 1,978 |
| Other investments | 2 | 3,341 | — | — | 3,341 |
| Trust securities | | \$88,638 | \$ 7,574 | \$ (3,610) | \$ 92,602 |
| Accrued investment income | | \$739 | | | \$ 739 |
| Preneed funeral trust investments | | | | | \$93,341 |
| Market value as a percentage of cost | | | | | 104.5 % |

We determine whether or not the assets in the preneed funeral trust investments have other-than-temporary impairments on a security-by-security basis. This assessment is made based upon a number of criteria including the length of time a security has been in a loss position, changes in market conditions and concerns related to the specific issuer. If a loss is considered to be other-than-temporary, the cost basis of the security is adjusted downward to its fair market value. Any reduction in the cost basis of the investment due to an other-than-temporary impairment is likewise recorded as a reduction to Deferred preneed funeral receipts held in trust on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. In the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018, we did not record any impairments for other-than-temporary declines in the fair value related to unrealized losses on certain investments. There is no impact on earnings until such time that the loss is realized in the trusts, allocated to preneed contracts and the services are performed or the merchandise is delivered, causing the contract to be withdrawn from the trust in accordance with state regulations.

At March 31, 2018, we had certain investments within our preneed funeral trust investments that had tax lots in loss positions for more than one year. Based on our analyses of these securities, the companies' businesses and current market conditions, we determined that these investment losses were temporary in nature.

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Our preneed funeral trust investment unrealized losses, their associated fair market values, and the duration of unrealized losses as of March 31, 2018 are shown in the following table (in thousands):

| | March 31, 2018 | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| | In Loss Position Less than 12 months | | In Loss Position Greater than 12 months | | Total | |
| | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses |
| Fixed income securities: | | | | | | |
| U.S. treasury debt | \$1,313 | \$(25) | \$— | \$— | \$1,313 | \$(25) |
| Foreign debt | 542 | (21) | 1,560 | (217) | 2,102 | (238) |
| Corporate debt | 6,988 | (475) | 752 | (201) | 7,740 | (676) |
| Preferred stock | 4,645 | (42) | 8,294 | (699) | 12,939 | (741) |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 167 | (1) | 84 | (28) | 251 | (29) |
| Common stock | 11,560 | (2,409) | 1,682 | (1,342) | 13,242 | (3,751) |
| Mutual Funds: | | | | | | |
| Fixed income | 928 | (47) | 571 | (59) | 1,499 | (106) |
| Total temporary impaired securities | \$26,143 | \$(3,020) | \$12,943 | \$(2,546) | \$39,086 | \$(5,566) |

Our preneed funeral trust investment unrealized losses, their associated fair market values, and the duration of unrealized losses as of December 31, 2017 are shown in the following table (in thousands):

| | December 31, 2017 | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| | In Loss Position Less than 12 months | | In Loss Position Greater than 12 months | | Total | |
| | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses |
| Fixed income securities: | | | | | | |
| U.S. treasury debt | \$1,325 | \$(15) | \$— | \$— | \$1,325 | \$(15) |
| Foreign debt | 159 | (6) | 1,608 | (183) | 1,767 | (189) |
| Corporate debt | 3,770 | (74) | 842 | (203) | 4,612 | (277) |
| Preferred stock | 50 | — | 8,184 | (585) | 8,234 | (585) |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 221 | (17) | 36 | (10) | 257 | (27) |
| Common stock | 8,001 | (1,496) | 1,728 | (972) | 9,729 | (2,468) |
| Mutual funds: | | | | | | |
| Fixed income | 549 | (12) | 615 | (37) | 1,164 | (49) |
| Total temporary impaired securities | \$14,075 | \$(1,620) | \$13,013 | \$(1,990) | \$27,088 | \$(3,610) |

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Preneed funeral trust investment security transactions recorded in Other, net on the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018 were as follows (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------|
| | 2017 | 2018 |
| Investment income | \$591 | \$412 |
| Realized gains | 824 | 2,896 |
| Realized losses | (379) | (609) |
| Expenses and taxes | (339) | (144) |
| Increase in deferred preneed funeral receipts held in trust | (697) | (2,555) |
| | \$— | \$— |

Purchases and sales of investments in the preneed funeral trusts for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018 were as follows (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|-----------|---------------------------------|------------|
| | 2017 | 2018 |
| Purchases | \$ (7,609) | \$ (3,286) |
| Sales | \$ 6,002 | \$ 7,595 |

5. PRENEED CEMETERY RECEIVABLES

Preneed sales of cemetery interment rights and related products and services are usually financed through interest-bearing installment sales contracts, generally with terms of up to five years, with such interest income reflected as Preneed cemetery finance charges. In substantially all cases, we receive an initial down payment at the time the contract is signed.

Our cemetery financed receivables at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018 are as follows (in thousands):

| | December 31, 2017 | March 31, 2018 |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------|
| Accounts receivable, including unearned finance charges and allowance for contract cancellations of \$2,779 and \$2,745, respectively | \$ 11,843 | \$ 12,285 ⁽¹⁾ |
| Preneed receivables, including unearned finance charges and allowance for contract cancellations of \$4,922 and \$4,903, respectively | 28,631 | 28,979 ⁽²⁾ |
| Preneed cemetery financed receivables | \$ 40,474 | \$ 41,264 |

(1) In

accordance with Topic 606, \$1.4 million of cemetery accounts receivable has been reclassified to reduce deferred preneed cemetery

revenue at
March 31,
2018.

In
accordance
with Topic
606, \$3.1
million of
preneed
cemetery
receivables
(2) has been
reclassified
to reduce
deferred
preneed
cemetery
revenue at
March 31,
2018.

The unearned finance charges associated with these receivables were \$5.7 million at both December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018.

We determine an allowance for customer cancellations and refunds on contracts in which revenue has been recognized on sales of cemetery interment rights. We have a collections policy where past due notifications are sent to the customer beginning at 15 days past due and periodically thereafter until the contract is cancelled or payment is received. We reserve 100% of the receivables on contracts in which the revenue has been recognized and payments are 90 days past due or more, which was approximately 4.7% of the total receivables on recognized sales at March 31, 2018. An allowance is recorded at the date that the contract is executed and periodically adjusted thereafter based upon actual collection experience at the business level.

For the three months ended March 31, 2018, the change in the allowance for contract cancellations was as follows (in thousands):

| | March 31, 2018 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Beginning balance | \$ 2,019 |
| Write-offs and cancellations (307) | |
| Provision | 309 |
| Ending balance | \$ 2,021 |

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The aging of preneed cemetery financed receivables as of March 31, 2018 was as follows (in thousands):

| | 31-60 Past Due | 61-90 Past Due | 91-120 Past Due | >120 Past Due | Total Past Due | Current | Total Financing Receivables |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| Recognized revenue | \$ 892 | \$ 475 | \$ 154 | \$ 1,286 | \$ 2,807 | \$ 27,661 | \$ 30,468 |
| Deferred revenue | 288 | 153 | 50 | 368 | 860 | 9,936 | 10,796 |
| Total contracts | \$ 1,180 | \$ 628 | \$ 204 | \$ 1,654 | \$ 3,667 | \$ 37,597 | \$ 41,264 |

6. RECEIVABLES FROM PRENEED TRUSTS

The receivables from preneed trusts represent assets in trusts which are controlled and operated by third parties in which we do not have a controlling financial interest (less than 50%) in the trust assets. We account for these investments at cost. As of December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018, receivables from preneed trusts were as follows (in thousands):

| | December 31, March 31, | |
|---|------------------------|-----------|
| | 2017 | 2018 |
| Preneed trust funds, at cost | \$ 15,759 | \$ 16,291 |
| Less: allowance for contract cancellation | (472) | (489) |
| Receivables from preneed trusts, net | \$ 15,287 | \$ 15,802 |

The following summary reflects the composition of the assets held in trust and controlled by third parties to satisfy our future obligations under preneed arrangements related to the preceding contracts at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017. The cost basis includes reinvested interest and dividends that have been earned on the trust assets. Fair value includes the unrealized gains and losses on trust assets.

The composition of the preneed trust funds at March 31, 2018 was as follows (in thousands):

| | Historical Cost Basis | Fair Value |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| As of March 31, 2018 | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 3,953 | \$ 3,953 |
| Fixed income investments | 9,647 | 9,647 |
| Mutual funds and common stocks | 2,685 | 2,654 |
| Annuities | 6 | 6 |
| Total | \$ 16,291 | \$ 16,260 |

The composition of the preneed trust funds at December 31, 2017 was as follows (in thousands):

| | Historical Cost Basis | Fair Value |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| As of December 31, 2017 | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 3,903 | \$ 3,903 |
| Fixed income investments | 9,306 | 9,306 |
| Mutual funds and common stocks | 2,544 | 2,567 |
| Annuities | 6 | 6 |
| Total | \$ 15,759 | \$ 15,782 |

7. CEMETERY PERPETUAL CARE TRUST INVESTMENTS

Care trusts' corpus on our Consolidated Balance Sheets represents the corpus of those trusts plus undistributed income.

The components of Care trusts' corpus as of December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018 were as follows (in thousands):

| | December 31, March 31, | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| | 2017 | 2018 |
| Trust assets, at market value | \$ 50,229 | \$ 48,285 |
| Obligations due from trust | (373) | (724) |
| Care trusts' corpus | \$ 49,856 | \$ 47,561 |

We are required by various state laws to pay a portion of the proceeds from the sale of cemetery property interment rights into perpetual care trust funds. The income earned from these perpetual care trusts offsets maintenance expenses

for cemetery

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property and memorials. This trust fund income is recognized, as earned, in Revenues: Cemetery. Trust management fees charged by CSV RIA are included in revenue in the period in which they are earned. At March 31, 2018, none of our cemetery perpetual care trust investments were underfunded.

Where quoted prices are available in an active market, investments held by the trusts are classified as Level 1 investments pursuant to the three-level valuation hierarchy. Our Level 1 investments include cash and common stock. Where quoted market prices are not available for the specific security, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of similar securities in active markets or other inputs other than quoted prices that can corroborate observable market data. These investments are fixed income securities, including foreign debt, corporate debt, preferred stock, mortgage-backed securities and fixed income mutual funds, all of which are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. We review and update our fair value hierarchy classifications quarterly. There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 in the three months ended March 31, 2018. There are no Level 3 investments in the cemetery perpetual care trust investment portfolio. See Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included herein for further information of the fair value measurement and the three-level valuation hierarchy.

The following table reflects the cost and fair market values associated with the trust investments held in perpetual care trust funds at March 31, 2018 (in thousands):

| | Fair Value Hierarchy Level | Cost | Unrealized Gains | Unrealized Losses | Fair Market Value |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Cash and money market accounts | 1 | \$5,067 | \$ — | \$ — | \$5,067 |
| Fixed income securities: | | | | | |
| Foreign debt | 2 | 3,602 | 144 | (170) | 3,576 |
| Corporate debt | 2 | 10,743 | 486 | (429) | 10,800 |
| Preferred stock | 2 | 11,618 | 91 | (523) | 11,186 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 2 | 622 | 172 | (16) | 778 |
| Common stock | 1 | 15,449 | 2,414 | (2,430) | 15,433 |
| Mutual funds: | | | | | |
| Fixed Income | 2 | 919 | 25 | (35) | 909 |
| Trust securities | | \$48,020 | \$ 3,332 | \$ (3,603) | \$47,749 |
| Accrued investment income | | \$536 | | | \$536 |
| Cemetery perpetual care investments | | | | | \$48,285 |
| Market value as a percentage of cost | | | | | 99.4 % |

The estimated maturities of the fixed income securities included above are as follows (in thousands):

| | |
|--------------------------|----------|
| Due in one year or less | \$— |
| Due in one to five years | 1,443 |
| Due in five to ten years | 1,765 |
| Thereafter | 23,132 |
| | \$26,340 |

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The following table reflects the cost and fair market values associated with the trust investments held in perpetual care trust funds at December 31, 2017 (in thousands):

| | Fair Value Hierarchy Level | Cost | Unrealized Gains | Unrealized Losses | Fair Market Value |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Cash and money market accounts | 1 | \$ 1,906 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 1,906 |
| Fixed income securities: | | | | | |
| Foreign debt | 2 | 3,580 | 227 | (134) | 3,673 |
| Corporate debt | 2 | 12,557 | 805 | (187) | 13,175 |
| Preferred stock | 2 | 11,545 | 364 | (411) | 11,498 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 2 | 621 | 152 | (15) | 758 |
| Common stock | 1 | 16,326 | 3,116 | (1,595) | 17,847 |
| Mutual funds: | | | | | |
| Fixed income | 2 | 913 | 42 | (10) | 945 |
| Trust securities | | \$47,448 | \$ 4,706 | \$ (2,352) | \$ 49,802 |
| Accrued investment income | | \$427 | | | \$427 |
| Cemetery perpetual care investments | | | | | \$50,229 |
| Market value as a percentage of cost | | | | | 105.0 % |

We determine whether or not the assets in the cemetery perpetual care trusts have an other-than-temporary impairment on a security-by-security basis. This assessment is made based upon a number of criteria including the length of time a security has been in a loss position, changes in market conditions and concerns related to the specific issuer. If a loss is considered to be other-than-temporary, the cost basis of the security is adjusted downward to its fair market value. Any reduction in the cost basis due to an other-than-temporary impairment is also recorded as a reduction to Care trusts' corpus. In the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018, we did not record any impairments for other-than-temporary declines in the fair value related to unrealized losses on certain investments. There is no impact on earnings until such time that the loss is realized in the trusts, allocated to preneed contracts and the services are performed or the merchandise is delivered, causing the contract to be withdrawn from the trust in accordance with state regulations.

At March 31, 2018, we had certain investments within our perpetual care trust investments that had tax lots in loss positions for more than one year. Based on our analyses of these securities, the companies' businesses and current market conditions, we determined that these investment losses were temporary in nature.

Our perpetual care trust investment unrealized losses, their associated fair market values, and the duration of unrealized losses for the periods ended March 31, 2018 are shown in the following table (in thousands):

| | March 31, 2018 | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| | In Loss Position Less than 12 months | | In Loss Position Greater than 12 months | | Total | |
| | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses |
| Fixed income securities: | | | | | | |
| Foreign debt | \$318 | \$(11) | \$1,110 | \$(157) | \$1,428 | \$(168) |
| Corporate debt | 4,637 | (289) | 576 | (141) | 5,213 | (430) |
| Preferred stock | 3,423 | (32) | 5,622 | (492) | 9,045 | (524) |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 45 | — | 45 | (16) | 90 | (16) |
| Common stock | 7,291 | (1,534) | 1,079 | (894) | 8,370 | (2,428) |
| Mutual Funds: | | | | | | |
| Fixed Income | 641 | (35) | — | — | 641 | (35) |
| Total temporary impaired securities | \$16,355 | \$(1,901) | \$8,432 | \$(1,700) | \$24,787 | \$(3,601) |

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Our perpetual care trust investment unrealized losses, their associated fair market values, and the duration of unrealized losses for the periods ended December 31, 2017 are shown in the following table (in thousands):

| | December 31, 2017 | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| | In Loss Position Less than 12 months | | In Loss Position Greater than 12 months | | Total | |
| | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses |
| Fixed income securities: | | | | | | |
| Foreign debt | \$92 | \$(3) | \$1,128 | \$(131) | \$1,220 | \$(134) |
| Corporate debt | 2,621 | (59) | 555 | (128) | 3,176 | (187) |
| Preferred stock | 29 | — | 5,492 | (411) | 5,521 | (411) |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 76 | (10) | 16 | (5) | 92 | (15) |
| Common stock | 5,119 | (991) | 1,108 | (604) | 6,227 | (1,595) |
| Mutual funds: | | | | | | |
| Fixed income | \$433 | \$(10) | \$— | \$— | \$433 | \$(10) |
| Total temporary impaired securities | \$8,370 | \$(1,073) | \$8,299 | \$(1,279) | \$16,669 | \$(2,352) |

Perpetual care trust investment security transactions recorded in Other, net on our Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018 were as follows (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------|
| | 2017 | 2018 |
| Realized gains | \$281 | \$282 |
| Realized losses | (149) | (214) |
| Increase in care trusts' corpus | (132) | (68) |
| Total | \$— | \$— |

Perpetual care trust investment security transactions recorded in Revenues: Cemetery for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018 were as follows (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|---------|
| | 2017 | 2018 |
| Investment income | \$1,705 | \$1,533 |
| Realized gain, net | (499) | (316) |
| Total | \$1,206 | \$1,217 |

Purchases and sales of investments in the perpetual care trusts for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018 were as follows (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|-----------|---------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2017 | 2018 |
| Purchases | \$(5,012) | \$(1,929) |
| Sales | \$3,887 | \$4,965 |

8. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

We evaluate our financial assets and liabilities for those financial assets and liabilities that meet the criteria of the disclosure requirements and fair value framework. The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and trade payables approximate the fair values of those instruments due to the short-term nature of the instruments. The fair values of receivables on preneed funeral and cemetery contracts are impracticable to estimate because of the

lack of a trading market and the diverse number of individual contracts with varying terms. Our long-term debt and Credit Facility (as defined in Note 10) are classified within Level 2 of the Fair Value Measurement hierarchy. The fair values of our long-term debt and Credit Facility approximate the carrying values of these instruments based on the index yields of similar securities compared to U.S. Treasury yield curves. The fair value of the convertible subordinated notes due 2021 was approximately \$188.6 million at March 31, 2018 based on the last traded or broker quoted price. We identified investments in fixed income securities, common stock and mutual funds presented within the preneed and perpetual care trust investment categories on our Consolidated Balance Sheets as having met the criteria for fair value

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measurement. As of March 31, 2018, we did not have any assets that had fair values determined by Level 3 inputs and no liabilities measured at fair value.

We account for our investments as available-for-sale and measure them at fair value under the standards of financial accounting and reporting for investments in equity instruments that have readily determinable fair values and for all investments in debt securities. See Notes 4 and 7 to our Consolidated Financial Statements included herein for the fair value hierarchy levels of our trust investments.

9. INTANGIBLE AND OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

Intangibles and other non-current assets at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018 were as follows (in thousands):

| | December 31, 2017 | March 31, 2018 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| Prepaid agreements not-to-compete, net of accumulated amortization of \$6,051 and \$6,190, respectively | \$ 3,730 | \$3,655 |
| Tradenames | 14,372 | 14,372 |
| Capitalized commissions on preneed contracts, net of accumulated amortization of \$149 | — | 2,798 |
| Other | 15 | 5 |
| Intangible and other non-current assets | \$ 18,117 | \$20,830 |

Prepaid agreements not-to-compete are amortized over the term of the respective agreements, ranging generally from one to ten years. Amortization expense for our prepaid agreements not-to-compete was approximately \$136,000 and \$139,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018, respectively. Our tradenames have indefinite lives and therefore are not amortized.

Topic 606 impacted our accounting for selling costs related to preneed cemetery merchandise and services and preneed funeral trust contracts. Under Topic 606, these costs are capitalized and amortized over the average maturity period for our preneed cemetery contracts and preneed funeral trust contracts. We estimate an average maturity period of 8 years for preneed cemetery contracts and 10 years for preneed funeral trust contracts. These costs are included in Intangible and other non-current assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets at March 31, 2018. Previously, these costs were expensed in the period incurred. Amortization expense for our capitalized commissions on preneed contracts was approximately \$149,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

See Note 2 for additional information on our opening balance sheet entry on January 1, 2018 to Intangible and other non-current assets related to these capitalized commissions on preneed contracts.

10. LONG-TERM DEBT

Our long-term debt consisted of the following at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018 (in thousands):

| | December 31, 2017 | March 31, 2018 |
|---|----------------------|-------------------|
| Revolving credit facility, secured, floating rate | \$92,000 | \$84,200 |
| Term loan, secured, floating rate | 127,500 | 123,750 |
| Acquisition debt | 10,548 | 10,212 |
| Debt issuance costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$4,442 and \$4,518, respectively | (967) | (891) |
| Less: current portion | (16,927) | (16,996) |
| Total long-term debt | \$212,154 | \$200,275 |

As of March 31, 2018, we had a \$300 million secured credit facility with Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent (the "Credit Agreement"), comprised of a \$150 million revolving credit facility and a \$150 million term loan (collectively, the "Credit Facility"). The Credit Facility also contains an accordion provision to borrow up to an additional \$75 million in revolving loans, subject to certain conditions. The Credit Facility matures on February 9, 2021 and is collateralized by all personal property and funeral home real property in certain states.

As of March 31, 2018, we had outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility of \$84.2 million and approximately \$123.8 million was outstanding on the term loan. We have one letter of credit issued on November 30, 2017 and outstanding under the Credit Facility for approximately \$2.0 million, which bears interest at 2.125% and will expire on November 26, 2018. The letter of credit automatically renews annually and secures our obligations

under our various self-insured policies. Outstanding borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest at either a prime rate or a LIBOR rate, plus an applicable margin based upon

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our leverage ratio. As of March 31, 2018, the prime rate margin was equivalent to 1.625% and the LIBOR margin was 2.625%. The weighted average interest rate on the Credit Facility for the three months ended March 31, 2018 was 3.9%.

We were in compliance with the covenants contained in the Credit Agreement as of March 31, 2018. The Credit Agreement contains key ratios that we must comply with, including a requirement to maintain a leverage ratio of no more than 3.50 to 1.00 and a covenant to maintain a fixed charge coverage ratio of no less than 1.20 to 1.00. As of March 31, 2018, the leverage ratio was 2.96 to 1.00 and the fixed charge coverage ratio was 2.04 to 1.00.

Amortization of debt issuance costs related to our Credit Facility was approximately \$0.1 million for both the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018, respectively. The unamortized debt issuance costs related to the Credit Facility are being amortized over the remaining term of the related debt using the effective interest method for our term loan and the straight-line method for our revolving credit facility.

Acquisition debt consists of deferred purchase price and promissory notes payable to sellers.

11. CONVERTIBLE SUBORDINATED NOTES

On March 19, 2014, we issued \$143.75 million aggregate principal amount of 2.75% convertible subordinated notes due March 15, 2021 (the "Convertible Notes"). The Convertible Notes bear interest at 2.75% per year. Interest on the Convertible Notes began to accrue on March 19, 2014 and is payable semi-annually in arrears on March 15 and September 15 of each year.

The carrying values of the liability and equity components of the Convertible Notes at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018 are reflected in our Consolidated Balance Sheets as follows (in thousands):

| | December 31, 2017 | March 31, 2018 |
|--|----------------------|-------------------|
| Long-term liabilities: | | |
| Principal amount | \$ 143,750 | \$ 143,750 |
| Unamortized discount of liability component | (17,559) | (16,398) |
| Convertible Notes issuance costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,877 and \$2,008, respectively | (1,750) | (1,619) |
| Carrying value of the liability component | \$ 124,441 | \$ 125,733 |
| Equity component carrying value | \$ 17,973 | \$ 17,973 |

The Carrying value of the liability component and the Carrying value of the equity component are recorded in Convertible subordinated notes due 2021 and Additional paid-in capital, respectively, on our Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018.

The fair value of the Convertible Notes, which are Level 2 measurements, was approximately \$188.6 million at March 31, 2018.

Interest expense on the Convertible Notes included contractual coupon interest expense of approximately \$1.0 million for both the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018. Accretion of the discount on the Convertible Notes was \$1.0 million and \$1.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018, respectively. Amortization of debt issuance costs related to our Convertible Notes was approximately \$0.1 million for both the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018.

The initial conversion rate of the Convertible Notes, as of March 19, 2014, was 44.3169 shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes, equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$22.56 per share of common stock. The adjusted conversion rate of the Convertible Notes, in effect at March 31, 2018, is 44.7115 shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes, equivalent to an adjusted conversion price of approximately \$22.37 per share of common stock.

The unamortized discount and the unamortized debt issuance costs are being amortized using the effective interest method over the remaining term of the Convertible Notes. The effective interest rate on the unamortized discount and the debt issuance costs for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018 was 6.75% and 2.75%, respectively.

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12.STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Stock-Based Compensation Plans

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we had two stock benefits plans under which restricted stock, stock options and performance awards have been granted or remain outstanding: the Second Amended and Restated 2006 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "Amended and Restated 2006 Plan") and the 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "2017 Plan"). The Amended and Restated 2006 Plan was terminated upon the approval of the 2017 Plan at the annual shareholders meeting on May 17, 2017. The termination of the Amended and Restated 2006 Plan does not affect the awards previously issued and outstanding.

All stock-based plans are administered by the Compensation Committee appointed by our Board of Directors (the "Board"). The 2017 Plan provides for grants of options as non-qualified options or incentive stock options, restricted stock and performance awards. The 2017 Plan expires on May 17, 2027.

The status of each of the plans at March 31, 2018 is as follows (shares in thousands):

| | Shares Reserved | Shares Available to Issue | Options Outstanding | Performance Awards Outstanding (2) |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| Amended and Restated 2006 Plan | — | — | 1,641 | 303 |
| 2017 Plan | 1,768 | (1) 1,230 | 223 | 229 |
| Total | 1,768 | 1,230 | 1,864 | 532 |

Amount includes approximately 213,000 shares granted from the Amended and Restated 2006 Plan that were returned to the

(1) Company due to cancellations, to pay taxes on restricted stock vestings and to pay option price and taxes on option exercises.

(2) Performance Awards are reserved at 200% of shares granted which is equal to the maximum payout in

shares.

Restricted Stock

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we issued restricted stock to our leadership team and certain key employees totaling 77,260 shares that vest over a three-year period and had an aggregate grant date market value of approximately \$2.0 million. We recorded stock-based compensation expense, which is included in General, administrative and other expenses, for restricted stock awards of \$189,000 and \$245,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018, respectively.

As of March 31, 2018, we had approximately \$2.3 million of total unrecognized compensation costs related to unvested restricted stock awards, which are expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 2.7 years.

Stock Options

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we granted 212,853 options to our leadership team and certain key employees at a weighted average exercise price of \$25.43. These options will vest in one-fifth increments over a five-year period and have a ten-year term. The fair value of these options was approximately \$1.4 million.

The fair value of the options granted were estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

| | 2018 |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| Dividend yield | 1.18 % |
| Expected volatility | 27.08 % |
| Risk-free interest rate | 2.65 % |
| Expected holding period (years) | 5.0 |
| Black-Scholes value | \$6.38 |

We recorded stock-based compensation expense, which is included in General, administrative and other expenses, for stock options of approximately \$0.5 million during the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018.

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Performance Awards

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we granted 113,320 performance awards to our leadership team and certain key employees, payable in shares. These awards will vest (if at all) on December 31, 2022, provided that certain criteria, including but not limited to, Adjusted Consolidated EBITDA (Adjusted Earnings Before Interest Tax Depreciation and Amortization) and Adjusted Consolidated EBITDA Margin performance is achieved and the individual has remained continuously employed by Carriage through such date. The Adjusted Consolidated EBITDA performance represents 50% of the award and the Adjusted Consolidated EBITDA Margin performance represents 50% of the award. The fair value of these performance awards was approximately \$2.9 million and was determined by using the stock price on the grant date of \$25.43.

We recorded stock-based compensation expense, which is included in General, administrative and other expenses, for performance awards of \$55,000 and \$276,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018, respectively.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, employees purchased a total of 13,938 shares of common stock through our ESPP at a weighted average price of \$22.07 per share. We recorded stock-based compensation expense, which is included in General, administrative and other expenses, for the ESPP totaling approximately \$96,000 and \$97,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018, respectively.

The fair value of the right (option) to purchase shares under the ESPP is estimated at the date of purchase with the four quarterly purchase dates using the following assumptions:

| | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| | 2018 | |
| Dividend yield | 0.01 | % |
| Expected volatility | 20.89 | % |
| Risk-free interest rate | 1.44%, 1.61%, 1.72%, 1.83% | |
| Expected life (years) | 0.25, 0.50, 0.75, 1.00 | |

Expected volatilities are based on the historical volatility during the previous twelve months of the underlying common stock. The risk-free rate for the quarterly purchase periods is based on the U.S. Treasury yields in effect at the time of the purchase. The expected life of the ESPP grants represents the calendar quarters from the beginning of the year to the purchase date (end of each quarter).

Director Compensation

We recorded stock-based compensation expense, which is included in General, administrative and other expenses, related to annual retainers and restricted stock awards of \$90,000 and \$84,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018, respectively.

Share Repurchase

On February 25, 2016, our Board approved a share repurchase program authorizing us to purchase up to an aggregate of \$25.0 million of our common stock in accordance with Rule 10b-18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). On October 25, 2017, our Board approved a \$15.0 million increase in its authorization for repurchases of our common stock in addition to the \$25.0 million approved on February 25, 2016, bringing the total authorized repurchase amount to \$40.0 million, in accordance with the Exchange Act. At March 31, 2018, we had approximately \$26.0 million available for repurchases under this share repurchase program. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we did not purchase any shares of common stock pursuant to this share repurchase program.

Cash Dividends

On January 25, 2018, our Board declared a dividend of \$0.075 per share, totaling approximately \$1.2 million, which was paid on March 1, 2018 to record holders of our common stock as of February 12, 2018. For the three months ended March 31, 2017, we paid a quarterly dividend of \$0.050 per share, totaling approximately \$0.8 million.

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Accumulated other comprehensive income

Our components of accumulated other comprehensive income are as follows (in thousands):

| | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income |
|---|---|
| Balance at December 31, 2017 | \$ — |
| Decrease in net unrealized gains associated with available-for-sale securities of the trusts | (539) |
| Reclassification of net unrealized gain activity attributable to the Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery receipts held in trust and Care trusts' corpus | 539 |
| Balance at March 31, 2018 | \$ — |

13.EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of the basic and diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018 (in thousands, except per share data):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 2018 | |
|---|---|---------|
| Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share: | | |
| Net income | \$7,084 | \$9,356 |
| Less: Earnings allocated to unvested restricted stock | (27) | (60) |
| Income attributable to common stockholders | \$7,057 | \$9,296 |
| Denominator: | | |
| Denominator for basic earnings per common share - weighted average shares outstanding | 16,597 | 16,094 |
| Effect of dilutive securities: | | |
| Stock options | 395 | 376 |
| Convertible subordinated notes | 1,090 | 1,230 |
| Denominator for diluted earnings per common share - weighted average shares outstanding | 18,082 | 17,700 |
| Basic earnings per common share: | \$0.42 | \$0.58 |
| Diluted earnings per common share: | \$0.39 | \$0.52 |

The fully diluted weighted average shares outstanding for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and the corresponding calculation of fully diluted earnings per share, include approximately 1,230,000 shares that would have been issued upon the conversion of our convertible subordinated notes as a result of the application of the if-converted method prescribed by the FASB ASC 260, Earnings Per Share. There were approximately 1,090,000 shares for the three months ended March 31, 2017 that would have been issued upon conversion under the if-converted method. For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, no stock options were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share because the inclusion of such stock options would result in an antidilutive effect.

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14. MAJOR SEGMENTS OF BUSINESS

We conduct funeral and cemetery operations only in the United States. The following table presents revenues, gross profit (loss), income (loss) before income taxes and total assets by segment (in thousands):

| | Funeral | Cemetery | Corporate | Consolidated |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|--------------|
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 | \$58,594 | \$14,793 | \$— | \$ 73,387 |
| Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 | \$54,211 | \$13,946 | \$— | \$ 68,157 |
| Gross Profit (loss): | | | | |
| Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 | \$19,664 | \$4,524 | \$(7,061) | \$ 17,127 |
| Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 | \$18,969 | \$4,123 | \$(7,223) | \$ 15,869 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes: | | | | |
| Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 | \$19,414 | \$4,592 | \$(11,772) | \$ 12,234 |
| Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 | \$18,822 | \$4,212 | \$(11,228) | \$ 11,806 |
| Total assets: | | | | |
| March 31, 2018 | \$658,637 | \$242,723 | \$3,830 | \$ 905,190 |
| December 31, 2017 | \$665,483 | \$251,243 | \$4,807 | \$ 921,533 |

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15.SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Balance Sheet

The detail of certain balance sheet accounts as of December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018 (in thousands):

| | December 31, 2017 | March 31, 2018 |
|---|----------------------|-------------------|
| Other current assets: | | |
| State income taxes receivable | \$ 889 | \$ 447 |
| Other current assets | 97 | 125 |
| Total other current assets | \$ 986 | \$ 572 |
| Current portion of long-term debt and capital lease obligations: | | |
| Term note | \$ 15,000 | \$ 15,000 |
| Acquisition debt | 1,927 | 1,996 |
| Capital leases | 324 | 324 |
| Total current portion of long-term debt and capital lease obligations | \$ 17,251 | \$ 17,320 |
| Other current liabilities: | | |
| Federal income taxes payable | \$ 1,120 | \$ 3,542 |
| Deferred rent | 241 | 247 |
| Total other current liabilities | \$ 1,361 | \$ 3,789 |
| Accrued liabilities: | | |
| Accrued salaries and wages | \$ 2,643 | \$ 1,399 |
| Accrued incentive compensation | 6,412 | 2,332 |
| Accrued vacation | 2,417 | 2,672 |
| Accrued insurance | 1,832 | 1,966 |
| Accrued interest | 1,271 | 290 |
| Accrued ad valorem and franchise taxes | 1,003 | 1,080 |
| Accrued commissions | 461 | 554 |
| Other accrued liabilities | 1,520 | 2,104 |
| Total accrued liabilities | \$ 17,559 | \$ 12,397 |
| Other long-term liabilities: | | |
| Deferred rent | \$ 966 | \$ 901 |
| Incentive compensation | 1,287 | 954 |
| Contingent consideration | 1,125 | 964 |
| Total other long-term liabilities | \$ 3,378 | \$ 2,819 |

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16.SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On April 25, 2018 (the “Eighth Amendment Effective Date”), the Company entered into an eighth amendment and commitment increase to the Credit Agreement (the “Eighth Amendment”), which amended the Credit Agreement to (i) increase the aggregate revolving credit commitment to \$200 million; (ii) permit the Company to use the proceeds of revolving loans; (a) to repay certain indebtedness; (b) for working capital and acquisitions; (c) to make certain capital expenditures; (d) to pay interest on certain subordinated indebtedness and refinancing indebtedness (subject to the satisfaction of certain terms and conditions); (e) to prepay, repay, purchase or redeem certain subordinated indebtedness; and (f) for general corporate purposes; (iii) modify the maximum senior secured leverage ratio covenant, as described below, and (iv) release the mortgage liens of the Administrative Agent on certain real property collateral located in a flood plain, among other things.

Following the effectiveness of the Eighth Amendment, under the Credit Agreement, the Company must comply with a covenant to maintain a maximum senior secured leverage ratio as follows: no more than 4.50 to 1.00 from the Eighth Amendment Effective Date through June 30, 2018; no more than 4.25 to 1.00 at the end of the fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2018; no more than 4.00 to 1.00 at the end of the fiscal quarter ending December 31, 2018; no more than 3.75 to 1.00 at the end of the fiscal quarter ending March 31, 2019; and no more than 3.50 to 1.00 at the end of the fiscal quarter ending June 30, 2019 and at the end of any fiscal quarter thereafter.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT ON FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

In addition to historical information, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains certain statements and information that may constitute forward-looking statements within the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements include statements regarding any projections of earnings, revenues, asset sales, cash flow, debt levels or other financial items; any statements of the plans, strategies and objectives of management for future operations; any statements regarding future economic conditions or performance; any statements of belief; and any statements of assumptions underlying any of the foregoing and are based on our current expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effect on us. The words “may”, “will”, “estimate”, “intend”, “believe”, “expect”, “seek”, “project”, “forecast”, “foresee”, “should”, “would”, “could”, “plan”, “anticipate” and other similar words or phrases are intended to identify forward-looking statements, which are generally not historical in nature. While management believes that these forward-looking statements are reasonable as and when made, there can be no assurance that future developments affecting us will be those that we anticipate. All comments concerning our expectations for future revenues and operating results are based on our forecasts for our existing operations and do not include the potential impact of any future acquisitions. Our forward-looking statements involve significant risks and uncertainties (some of which are beyond our control) and assumptions that could cause actual results to differ materially from our historical experience and our present expectations or projections. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those summarized below:

- the ability to find and retain skilled personnel;
- our ability to execute our growth strategy;
- the execution of our Standards Operating, 4E leadership and Standard Acquisition Models;
- the effects of competition;
- changes in the number of deaths in our markets;
- changes in consumer preferences;
- our ability to generate preneed sales;
- the investment performance of our funeral and cemetery trust funds;
- fluctuations in interest rates;
- our ability to obtain debt or equity financing on satisfactory terms to fund additional acquisitions, expansion projects, working capital requirements and the repayment or refinancing of indebtedness;
- death benefits related to preneed funeral contracts funded through life insurance contracts;
- the financial condition of third-party insurance companies that fund our preneed funeral contracts;
- increased or unanticipated costs, such as insurance or taxes;
- recent changes in federal income tax laws and regulations and the implementation and interpretation of these laws and regulations by the Internal Revenue Service;

effects of the application of other applicable laws and regulations, including changes in such regulations or the interpretation thereof;
consolidation of the funeral and cemetery industry; and
other factors and uncertainties inherent in the funeral and cemetery industry.

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For additional information regarding known material factors that could cause our actual results to differ from our projected results, please see (i) Part II, Item 1A “Risk Factors” in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and (ii) Part I, Item 1A “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements after the date they are made, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

OVERVIEW

General

Carriage Services, Inc. ("Carriage," the "Company," "we," "us," or "our") was founded in 1991 and incorporated in the State of Delaware in December 1993. We are a leading provider of funeral and cemetery services and merchandise in the United States. We operate in two business segments: funeral home operations, which currently account for approximately 80% of our revenues, and cemetery operations, which currently account for approximately 20% of our revenues.

At March 31, 2018, we operated 178 funeral homes in 29 states and 32 cemeteries in 11 states. We compete with other publicly held funeral and cemetery companies and smaller, independent operators. We believe we are a market leader in most of our markets.

Our funeral homes offer a complete range of high value personal services to meet a family's funeral needs, including consultation, the removal and preparation of remains, the sale of caskets and related funeral merchandise, the use of funeral home facilities for visitation and remembrance services and transportation services. Our cemeteries provide interment rights (grave sites and mausoleum spaces) and related merchandise, such as markers and outer burial containers both on an atneed and preneed basis. We provide funeral and cemetery services and products on both an "atneed" (time of death) and "preneed" (planned prior to death) basis.

Our business strategy is based on having strong, local leadership with entrepreneurial principles that is focused on sustainable long term market share, revenue, and profitability growth in each local business. We believe Carriage has the most innovative operating model in the funeral and cemetery industry, which we are able to achieve through a decentralized, high performance culture operating framework linked with incentive compensation programs that attract top-quality industry talent to our organization

Our Mission Statement states that "we are committed to being the most professional, ethical and highest quality funeral and cemetery service organization in our industry" and our Guiding Principles state our core values, which are comprised of:

1 Honesty, Integrity and Quality in All That We Do

2 Hard work, Pride of Accomplishment, and Shared Success Through Employee Ownership

3 Belief in the Power of People Through Individual Initiative and Teamwork

4 Outstanding Service and Profitability Go Hand-in-Hand

5 Growth of the Company Is Driven by Decentralization and Partnership

Our five Guiding Principles collectively embody our Being The Best high-performance culture, operating framework.

Our operations and business strategy are built upon the execution of the following three models:

1 Standards Operating Model;

2 4E Leadership Model; and

3 Strategic Acquisition Model.

Standards Operating Model

Our Standards Operating Model is focused on growing local market share, people development, and the key operating and financial metrics that drive long-term, sustainable revenue growth and improved earning power of our portfolio of businesses by employing leadership and entrepreneurial principles that fit the nature of our high-value personal service business. Standards Achievement is the measure by which we judge the success of each business and incentivize our local managers and their teams. Our Standards Operating Model is not designed to produce maximum short-term earnings because we believe such performance is unsustainable and will ultimately stress the business, which very often leads to declining market share, revenues and earnings.

4E Leadership Model

Our 4E Leadership Model requires strong local leadership in each business to grow an entrepreneurial, decentralized, high-value, personal service and sales business at sustainable profit margins. Our 4E Leadership Model is based upon principles established by Jack Welch during his tenure at General Electric, and is based upon 4E qualities essential to succeed in a high-performance culture: Energy to get the job done; the ability to Energize others; the Edge necessary

to make difficult decisions; and the ability to Execute and produce results. To achieve a high level within our Standards in a business year after year, we require local Managing Partners that have the 4E Leadership skills to entrepreneurially grow the business by hiring, training and developing highly motivated and productive local teams.

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Strategic Acquisition Model

Our Standards Operating Model led to the development of our Strategic Acquisition Model, which guides our acquisition strategy. We believe that both models, when executed effectively, will drive long-term, sustainable increases in market share, revenue, earnings and cash flow. We believe a primary driver of higher revenue and profits in the future will be the execution of our Strategic Acquisition Model using strategic ranking criteria to assess acquisition candidates. As we execute this strategy over time, we expect to acquire larger, higher margin strategic businesses.

Our belief in our Mission Statement and Guiding Principles that define us and proper execution of the three models that define our strategy have given us the competitive advantage in any market in which we compete. We believe that we can execute our three models without proportionate incremental investment in our consolidation platform infrastructure and without additional fixed regional and corporate overhead. This gives us a competitive advantage that is evidenced by the sustained earning power of our portfolio as defined by our EBITDA margin.

REPORTING AND NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

We also present our financial performance in our “Operating and Financial Trend Report” (“Trend Report”) as reported in our earnings release for the quarter ending March 31, 2018 dated April 24, 2018 and discussed in the corresponding earnings conference call. This Trend Report is used as a supplemental financial measurement statement by management and investors to compare our current financial performance with our previous results and with the performance of other companies. We do not intend for this information to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for other measures of performance prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). The Trend Report is a non-GAAP statement that also provides insight into underlying trends in our business. The Trend Report is not a part of or incorporated by reference into this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Below is a reconciliation of Net income (a GAAP measure) to Adjusted net income (a non-GAAP measure) for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017 (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|---|------------------------------------|----------|
| | 2017 | 2018 |
| Net income | \$7,084 | \$9,356 |
| Special items, ⁽¹⁾ | | |
| Accretion of discount on convertible subordinated notes | 1,037 | 1,160 |
| Adjusted net income ⁽²⁾ | \$8,121 | \$10,516 |

(1) Special items are defined as charges or credits included in our GAAP financial statements that can vary from period to period and are not reflective of costs incurred in the ordinary course of our

operations.
 Special items
 are typically
 taxed at the
 federal
 statutory rate,
 except for the
 Accretion of
 the discount
 on
 convertible
 subordinated
 notes, as this
 is a non-tax
 deductible
 item.

Adjusted net
 income is
 defined as
 Net income
 plus
 adjustments
 for Special
 items and
 other
 expenses or

(2) gains that we
 believe do
 not directly
 reflect our
 core
 operations
 and may not
 be indicative
 of our normal
 business
 operations.

Below is a reconciliation of Gross profit (a GAAP measure) to Operating profit (a non-GAAP measure) for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017 (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|---|---------------------------------|----------|
| | 2017 | 2018 |
| Gross profit | \$23,092 | \$24,188 |
| Field depreciation and amortization | 3,471 | 3,773 |
| Regional and unallocated funeral and cemetery costs | 2,954 | 3,281 |
| Operating profit ⁽¹⁾ | \$29,517 | \$31,242 |

(1) Operating
 profit is
 defined as

Gross profit
less Field
depreciation
and
amortization
and Regional
and
unallocated
funeral and
cemetery
costs.

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Below is a breakdown of Operating profit (a non-GAAP measure) by segment for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017 (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended | |
|----------------------|--------------------|----------|
| | March 31, 2017 | 2018 |
| Funeral Home segment | \$23,782 | \$25,092 |
| Cemetery segment | 5,735 | 6,150 |
| Operating profit | \$29,517 | \$31,242 |

Operating profit margin⁽¹⁾ 43.3 % 42.6 %

Operating profit margin, a non-GAAP measure, is (1) Operating profit as a percentage of Total revenues.

Further discussion of Operating profit for our Funeral Home and Cemetery segments is presented herein under “Results of Operations.”

Financial Highlights

Three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to three months ended March 31, 2017

Total revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 was \$73.4 million and \$68.2 million, respectively, which represents an increase of approximately \$5.2 million, or 7.7%. Funeral revenue increased \$4.4 million to \$58.6 million and cemetery revenue increased \$0.8 million to \$14.8 million in the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. For the quarter comparatives, we experienced a 7.4% increase in total funeral contracts and an increase in the average revenue per funeral contract of 0.8%. In addition, we experienced an increase of 14.2% in the number of preneed interment rights (property) sold and the average price per interment right sold increased 7.2%. Further discussion of revenue for our funeral home and cemetery segments on a same store and acquired basis is presented herein under “Results of Operations.”

Gross profit for the three months ended March 31, 2018 increased \$1.1 million, or 4.7%, to \$24.2 million, from \$23.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017, primarily due to the increase in funeral revenue from the businesses we acquired in 2017, as these businesses were not represented in the three months ended March 31, 2017 and the increase in preneed cemetery revenue.

Further discussion of the components of Gross profit, excluding field depreciation and amortization and regional and unallocated funeral and cemetery costs is presented herein under “Results of Operations” within our funeral home and cemetery segments. Further discussion of field depreciation and amortization and regional and unallocated funeral and cemetery costs are presented herein under “Other Financial Statement Items.”

Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2018 increased \$2.3 million to \$9.4 million, equal to \$0.52 per diluted share, compared to net income of \$7.1 million, equal to \$0.39 per diluted share, for the three months ended March 31, 2017. Further discussion of general, administrative and other expenses, home office depreciation and amortization expense, interest expense, income taxes and other components of income and expenses are presented herein under “Other Financial Statement Items.”

OVERVIEW OF CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the amounts reported in the unaudited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. We base our estimates

on historical experience, third-party data and assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. The results of these considerations form the basis for making judgments about the amount and timing of revenues and expenses, the carrying value of assets and the recorded amounts of liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates and such estimates may change if the underlying conditions or assumptions change. Historical performance should not be viewed as indicative of future performance because there can be no assurance the margins, operating income and net earnings, as a percentage of revenues, will be consistent from year to year.

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations ("MD&A") is based upon our Consolidated Financial Statements presented herewith, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our critical accounting policies are discussed in MD&A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following is a discussion of our results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to the same period of 2017. The term “same store” refers to funeral homes and cemeteries acquired prior to January 1, 2014 and operated for the entirety of each period being presented. Funeral homes and cemeteries purchased after December 31, 2013 are referred to as “acquired.” This classification of acquisitions has been important to management and investors in monitoring the results of these businesses and to gauge the leveraging performance contribution that a selective acquisition program can have on total company performance. The term “divested” refers to one business sold during 2017. There were no discontinued operations in the periods presented. Depreciation and amortization, within our field costs and expenses and regional and unallocated funeral and cemetery costs, are not included in operating profit, a non-GAAP financial measure. Adding back these items will result in Gross profit, a GAAP financial measure.

Funeral Home Segment

The following tables set forth certain information regarding the revenues and operating profit from our funeral home operations for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to three months ended March 31, 2017 (dollars in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | Change | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|---------|--------|---|
| | 2017 | 2018 | Amount | % | |
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Same store operating revenue | \$43,761 | \$45,509 | \$1,748 | 4.0 | % |
| Acquired operating revenue | 8,138 | 10,773 | 2,635 | 32.4 | % |
| Divested operating revenue | 63 | — | (63) | n/a | |
| Preneed funeral insurance commissions | 303 | 260 | (43) | (14.2) | % |
| Preneed funeral trust earnings | 1,946 | 2,052 | 106 | 5.4 | % |
| Total | \$54,211 | \$58,594 | \$4,383 | 8.1 | % |
| Operating profit: | | | | | |
| Same store operating profit | \$18,234 | \$18,757 | \$523 | 2.9 | % |
| Acquired operating profit | 3,504 | 4,291 | 787 | 22.5 | % |
| Divested operating profit | 1 | (3) | (4) | n/a | |
| Preneed funeral insurance commissions | 130 | 38 | (92) | (70.8) | % |
| Preneed funeral trust earnings | 1,913 | 2,009 | 96 | 5.0 | % |
| Total | \$23,782 | \$25,092 | \$1,310 | 5.5 | % |

Funeral home same store operating revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2018 increased \$1.7 million or 4.0%, when compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017. This was due primarily to a 3.4% increase in same store contract volumes to 8,430 and a 0.5% increase in the average revenue per contract to \$5,398. The average revenue per contract excludes the impact of the preneed funeral trust earnings (separately reflected in Revenues above) recognized at the time that we provide the services pursuant to the preneed contract. Including preneed funeral trust earnings, the average revenue per contract increased 0.7% to \$5,603 in the three months ended March 31, 2018. The average revenue per burial contract increased 0.5% to \$8,913 and the number of burial contracts increased 2.5% to 3,419. The average revenue per cremation contract increased 2.8% to \$3,462 and the number of cremation contracts increased 4.5% to 4,428.

The burial rate for our same store businesses decreased 30 basis points to 40.6% while the cremation rate increased 50 basis points to 52.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2018 when compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017. The average revenue for “other” contracts, which are charges for merchandise or services for which we do not perform a funeral service and which made up approximately 6.9% of the total number of contracts in the three months ended March 31, 2018, decreased 4.4% to \$2,446.

Same store operating profit for the three months ended March 31, 2018 increased \$0.5 million, or 2.9%, when compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017. Although same store revenue increased, same store operating profit margin (same store operating profit as a percentage of same store operating revenue) decreased by 50 basis

points to 41.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. The decline in same store operating profit margin is primarily the result of our focus on hiring additional managing partners to increase market share and grow revenue in our same store businesses. In the latter part of 2017, we began a process of de-clustering businesses in certain markets by adding managing partners to a business that may have been grouped with two or more businesses led by a single managing partner. While this results in shorter-term higher salaries and benefits, we believe that having the right managing partners in these businesses will increase market share and

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grow same store revenue. Same store salaries and benefits for the three months ended March 31, 2018 increased \$0.7 million, or 5.7%, when compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017.

Funeral home acquired operating revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2018 increased \$2.6 million, or 32.4%, when compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017. The funeral home acquired portfolio for the three months ended March 31, 2018 includes seven businesses acquired in the fourth quarter of 2017, not present in the three months ended March 31, 2017 results. We experienced a slight decrease in the average revenue per contract of 0.8% to \$6,405 and a 33.5% increase in the total number of contracts to 1,682. The average revenue per contract excludes the impact of the preneed funeral trust earnings (reflected separately in Revenues above) recognized at the time that we provide the services pursuant to the preneed contract. Including funeral trust earnings, the average revenue per contract decreased 1.8% to \$6,519 in the three months ended March 31, 2018. The average revenue per burial contract increased 5.1% to \$9,961, while the number of burial contracts increased 25.6% to 751. The average revenue per cremation contract decreased 7.7% to \$4,005 and the number of cremation contracts increased 42.2% to 799.

The burial rate for our acquired businesses decreased 290 basis points to 44.6% while the cremation rate increased 290 basis points to 47.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2018 when compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017. The average revenue for “other” contracts, which are charges for merchandise or services for which we do not perform a funeral service and which made up approximately 7.9% of the total number of contracts in the three months ended March 31, 2018, decreased 16.4% to \$2,157.

Acquired operating profit for the three months ended March 31, 2018 increased \$0.8 million, or 22.5%, when compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017. Although acquired operating revenue increased, acquired operating profit margin decreased 330 basis points to 39.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. The decrease is primarily due to the seven businesses we acquired in the fourth quarter of 2017, as operating profit margins for newly acquired businesses are generally lower than same store businesses, particularly in regards to higher salary and benefit costs. As these acquired businesses transition into our Standards Operating Model, we expect to see their operating profit margins rise towards those on a same store basis.

Funeral home divested operating revenues and operating profit are from one business divested in December 2017.

Expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2018 are residual expenses incurred for the divested business.

The two categories of financial revenue consist of preneed funeral insurance commission revenue and preneed funeral trust earnings. Preneed funeral insurance commission revenue decreased by 14.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. Preneed funeral insurance commission revenue is deferred for one year after the preneed funeral contracts are sold. The preneed commission revenue recognized for the three months ended March 31, 2018 is from the preneed funeral insurance contracts sold in the three months ended March 31, 2017. The number of preneed insurance contracts sold in the three months ended March 31, 2017 decreased 13.9% and the face value of the insurance products that earned commissions decreased 0.7% compared to the contracts sold during the same period of the prior year. Preneed funeral trust earnings include trust management fees charged by our wholly-owned registered investment advisor based on the fair market value of the trust assets and earnings from the maturity of preneed funeral contracts. Trust earnings increased \$0.1 million, or 5.4%, for the three months ended March 31, 2018. The increase is primarily due to an increase in earnings from the maturity of preneed contracts, while the earnings from trust management fees remained relatively flat.

Operating profit for our two categories of financial revenue, on a combined basis, remained relatively flat in the three months ended March 31, 2018.

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Cemetery Segment

The following tables set forth certain information regarding the revenues and operating profit from our cemetery operations for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017 (dollars in thousands):

| | Three Months | | Change | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------|--------|---------|
| | Ended March 31, 2017 | 2018 | Amount | % |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Same store operating revenue | \$10,839 | \$11,717 | \$878 | 8.1 % |
| Acquired operating revenue | 909 | 870 | (39) | (4.3)% |
| Cemetery trust earnings | 1,716 | 1,759 | 43 | 2.5 % |
| Preneed cemetery finance charges | 482 | 447 | (35) | (7.3)% |
| Total | \$13,946 | \$14,793 | \$847 | 6.1 % |
| Operating profit: | | | | |
| Same store operating profit | \$3,295 | \$3,760 | \$465 | 14.1 % |
| Acquired operating profit | 353 | 325 | (28) | (7.9)% |
| Cemetery trust earnings | 1,605 | 1,618 | 13 | 0.8 % |
| Preneed cemetery finance charges | 482 | 447 | (35) | (7.3)% |
| Total | \$5,735 | \$6,150 | \$415 | 7.2 % |

Cemetery same store operating revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2018 increased \$0.9 million, or 8.1%, when compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017. Approximately 57.0% of our cemetery same store operating revenue related to preneed sales of interment rights (property) and related merchandise and services for the three months ended March 31, 2018. Preneed revenue increased \$0.8 million, or 12.8%, as we experienced a 16.6% increase in the number of preneed interment rights sold to 1,802, while we experienced a 4.5% decrease in average price per interment to \$3,124 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017.

During the first quarter of 2018, we invested in additional sales leadership personnel at certain businesses, which contributed to the increase in revenue. In addition, we recognized revenue from a recently completed large garden at a certain cemetery business. Same store atneed revenue, which represents approximately 43.0% of our same store cemetery operating revenues, increased \$0.1 million, or 2.4%, due primarily to a 5.5% increase in the average sale per contract to \$1,425.

Cemetery same store operating profit for the three months ended March 31, 2018 increased \$0.5 million, or 14.1%, from the same period in 2017. Cemetery same store operating profit as a percentage of cemetery same store operating revenue (cemetery operating profit margin) increased to 32.1% in the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to 30.4% in the same period in 2017. The increase in cemetery same store operating profit margin is primarily due to the increase in preneed revenue, offset by a \$0.2 million increase in salaries and benefits.

Cemetery acquired operating revenue and acquired operating profit remained relatively flat for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to the same period for 2017. Our acquired cemetery portfolio consists of only one cemetery business.

The two categories of financial revenue consist of trust earnings and finance charges on preneed receivables. Trust earnings also include trust management fees charged by our wholly-owned registered investment advisor based on the fair market value of the trust assets. Total trust earnings and financial revenue earned from finance charges remained flat in the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017.

Other Financial Statement Items

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization related to our field and home office totaled \$4.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018, an increase of \$0.4 million, or 9.6%, from the three months ended March 31, 2017. These increases were primarily attributable to additional depreciation expense from assets acquired in our 2017 acquisitions, as well as the completion of two constructed funeral homes in the latter half of 2017.

Regional and Unallocated Funeral and Cemetery Costs

Regional and unallocated funeral and cemetery costs consist of salaries and benefits for regional management, field incentive compensation and other related costs for field infrastructure. Regional and unallocated funeral and cemetery costs totaled \$3.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018, an increase of \$0.3 million, or 11.1%, compared to the same period in 2017,

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primarily due to a \$0.4 million increase in field incentive compensation in line with increasing EBITDA and Standards Achievement, offset by a \$0.1 million decrease in other general administrative costs.

General, Administrative and Other

General, administrative and other expenses totaled \$6.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018, a decrease of \$0.2 million, or 3.3%, compared to the same period in 2017. The decrease was attributable to a \$0.3 million decrease in public company and regulatory costs, a \$0.2 million decrease in severance expenses, a \$0.1 million decrease in salaries and benefits and a \$0.1 million decrease in other general administrative costs, offset by a \$0.3 million increase in equity compensation and a \$0.2 million increase in incentive compensation.

Interest Expense

Interest expense was \$3.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to \$3.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017, an increase of approximately \$0.7 million. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, interest expense increased by approximately \$0.6 million related to our Credit Facility, due to an increase in our weighted average interest rate and additional borrowings, and by approximately \$0.1 million related to the addition of three capital leases in the latter half of 2017. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the weighted average interest rate increased 1.0% compared to the same period in 2017, primarily as a result of an increase in the LIBOR rate.

Accretion of Discount on Convertible Subordinated Notes

For the three months ended March 31, 2018, we recognized accretion of the discount on our convertible subordinated notes issued in March 2014 of \$1.2 million compared to \$1.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017. Accretion is calculated using the effective interest method based on a stated interest rate of 6.75%.

Income Taxes

Income tax expense was \$2.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to \$4.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017. We recorded income taxes at the estimated effective rate, before discrete items, of 27.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 40.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2017. The discrete items include income tax benefit related to stock compensation and refunds received from the completion of state income tax audits, and income tax expense related to state tax rate changes and other non-material discrete state items. The decrease in the effective tax rate is primarily attributable to the reduction of the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate to 21% from 35% resulting from enactment of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (the “TCJA”). Regulatory changes from the TCJA negatively impacted the effective tax rate for the first quarter of 2018 by 0.2% due to the repeal of the domestic production activities deduction and 0.3% due to the exclusion of performance based compensation from the overall executive compensation deduction limitation. Additionally, regulatory changes to the deductibility of meals and entertainment along with the state conformity to the federal bonus depreciation rules both had a non-material negative rate impact on the effective tax rate. We adopted the provisions of Topic 606 using the modified retrospective approach, effective January 1, 2018. The adoption of this topic did not have a material impact on the effective tax rate for the reporting period.

We have approximately \$34.0 million of state net operating loss carry forwards that will expire between 2019 and 2039, if not utilized. Based on management’s assessment of the various state net operating losses, it has been determined that it is more likely than not that we will not be able to realize the tax benefits of certain portions of the state losses. Accordingly, a valuation allowance has been established and is reviewed quarterly. At March 31, 2018, the valuation allowance totaled \$0.2 million.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our primary sources of liquidity and capital resources are internally generated cash flows from operating activities and availability under our Credit Facility.

We generate cash in our operations primarily from atneed sales and delivery of preneed sales. We also generate cash from earnings on our cemetery perpetual care trusts. Based on our recent operating results, current cash position and anticipated future cash flows, we do not anticipate any significant liquidity constraints in the foreseeable future. However, if our capital expenditures or acquisition plans change, we may need to access the capital markets to obtain additional funding. Further, to the extent operating cash flow or access to and cost of financing sources are materially different than expected, future liquidity may be adversely affected. Please read Part I, Item 1A “Risk Factors”

in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

We intend to use cash on hand and borrowings under our Credit Facility to acquire funeral home and cemetery businesses and for internal growth projects, such as cemetery inventory development and funeral home expansion projects, and for payment of dividends. From time to time we may also use our cash resources (including borrowings under our Credit Facility) to repurchase shares of our common stock and our Convertible Notes in open market or privately negotiated transactions. We have the ability

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to draw on our revolving credit facility, subject to customary terms and conditions of the Credit Agreement. We believe that our existing and anticipated cash resources will be sufficient to meet our anticipated working capital requirements, capital expenditures, scheduled debt payments, commitments, dividends and acquisitions for the foreseeable future.

Cash Flows

We began 2018 with \$1.0 million in cash and other liquid investments and ended the first quarter with \$0.8 million in cash. As of March 31, 2018, we had borrowings of \$84.2 million outstanding on our revolving credit facility compared to \$92.0 million outstanding as of December 31, 2017.

The following table sets forth the elements of cash flow for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018 (in millions):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------|
| | 2017 | 2018 |
| Cash at January 1 st | \$3.3 | \$1.0 |
| Cash flow from operating activities | 8.2 | 14.9 |
| Growth capital expenditures | (1.9) | (0.6) |
| Maintenance capital expenditures | (1.8) | (1.5) |
| Net payments on our revolving credit facility, term loan and long-term debt obligations | (5.8) | (12.0) |
| Taxes paid on restricted stock vestings and exercise of non-qualified options | (0.5) | (0.3) |
| Dividends paid on common stock | (0.8) | (1.2) |
| Proceeds from the exercise of stock options and employee stock purchase plan contributions | 0.3 | 0.6 |
| Other financing costs | (0.2) | (0.1) |
| Cash at March 31 st | \$0.8 | \$0.8 |

Operating Activities

For the three months ended March 31, 2018, cash flow provided by operating activities was \$14.9 million compared to cash flow provided by operating activities of \$8.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017. The increase of \$6.7 million is due primarily to favorable working capital changes, which include a payment made in 2017 for accrued severance for the retirement of a former executive, which did not occur in 2018. In addition, we paid twelve Managing Partners in 2017 (largest plan year), compared to three Managing Partners in 2018 under our Good To Great incentive compensation plan.

Investing Activities

Our investing activities, which consist of capital expenditures, resulted in a net cash outflow of \$2.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to \$3.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017, a decrease of \$1.6 million.

The following tables present our growth and maintenance capital expenditures (in millions):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 2018 | |
|---|--|--------------|
| Growth | | |
| Cemetery development | \$0.9 | \$0.5 |
| Construction for new funeral facilities | 0.8 | — |
| Renovations at certain businesses | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Total Growth | \$1.9 | \$0.6 |

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| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 2018 | |
|--|--|-------|
| Maintenance | | |
| Facility repairs and improvements | \$0.6 | \$0.3 |
| General equipment and furniture | 0.4 | 0.5 |
| Vehicles | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Paving roads and parking lots | 0.1 | — |
| Information technology infrastructure improvements | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Total Maintenance | \$1.8 | \$1.5 |

Financing Activities

Our financing activities resulted in a net cash outflow of \$13.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to \$6.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017, an increase of \$6.1 million. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we had net payments on our revolving credit facility, term loan and long-term debt obligations of \$12.0 million. We also paid \$1.2 million in dividends.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, we had net payments on our revolving credit facility, term loan and long-term debt obligations of \$5.8 million. We paid \$0.8 million in dividends.

Dividends

On January 25, 2018, our Board declared a dividend of \$0.075 per share, totaling approximately \$1.2 million, which was paid on March 1, 2018 to record holders of our common stock as of February 12, 2018. For the three months ended March 31, 2017, we paid a quarterly dividend of \$0.050 per share, totaling approximately \$0.8 million.

Share Repurchase

On February 25, 2016, our Board approved a share repurchase program authorizing us to purchase up to an aggregate of \$25.0 million of our common stock in accordance with Rule 10b-18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). On October 25, 2017, our Board approved a \$15.0 million increase in its authorization for repurchases of our common stock in addition to the \$25.0 million approved on February 25, 2016, bringing the total authorized repurchase amount to \$40.0 million, in accordance with the Exchange Act. At March 31, 2018, we had approximately \$26.0 million available for repurchases under this share repurchase program. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we did not purchase any shares of common stock pursuant to this share repurchase program.

Debt Obligations

The outstanding principal of our total long-term debt and capital lease obligations at March 31, 2018 totaled \$224.9 million and consisted of \$123.8 million under our term loan, \$84.2 million outstanding under our revolving credit facility and \$16.9 million in acquisition indebtedness and capital lease obligations.

As of March 31, 2018, we had a \$300 million secured credit facility with Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent (the "Credit Agreement"), comprised of a \$150 million revolving credit facility and a \$150 million term loan (collectively, the "Credit Facility"). The Credit Facility also contains an accordion provision to borrow up to an additional \$75 million in revolving loans, subject to certain conditions. The Credit Facility is collateralized by all personal property and funeral home real property in certain states.

We have one letter of credit issued on November 30, 2017 and outstanding under the Credit Facility for approximately \$2.0 million, which bears interest at 2.125% and will expire on November 26, 2018. The letter of credit automatically renews annually and secures our obligations under our various self-insured policies. Under the Credit Facility, outstanding borrowings bear interest at either a prime rate or a LIBOR rate, plus an applicable margin based upon our leverage ratio. At March 31, 2018, the prime rate margin was equivalent to 1.625% and the LIBOR margin was 2.625%. The weighted average interest rate on the Credit Facility for the three months ended March 31, 2018 was 3.9%.

We have no material assets or operations independent of our subsidiaries. All assets and operations are held and conducted by our subsidiaries, each of which have fully and unconditionally guaranteed our obligations under the Credit Facility. Additionally, we do not currently have any significant restrictions on our ability to receive dividends or loans from any subsidiary guarantor under the Credit Facility.

We were in compliance with the covenants contained in the Credit Agreement as of March 31, 2018. The Credit Agreement contains key ratios with which we must comply, including a requirement to maintain a leverage ratio of no more than 3.5 to 1.00

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and a covenant to maintain a fixed charge coverage ratio of no less than 1.20 to 1.00. As of March 31, 2018, the leverage ratio was 2.96 to 1.00 and the fixed charge coverage ratio was 2.04 to 1.00.

Amortization of debt issuance costs related to our Credit Facility was approximately \$0.1 million for both the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018. The unamortized debt issuance costs related to the Credit Facility are being amortized over the remaining term of the related debt using the effective interest method for our term loan and the straight-line method for our revolving credit facility.

Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2021

On March 19, 2014, we issued \$143.75 million aggregate principal amount of 2.75% convertible subordinated notes due March 15, 2021 (the "Convertible Notes"). The Convertible Notes bear interest at 2.75% per year. Interest on the Convertible Notes began to accrue on March 19, 2014 and is payable semi-annually in arrears on March 15 and September 15 of each year.

At March 31, 2018, the carrying amount of the equity component was approximately \$18.0 million. At March 31, 2018, the principal amount of the liability component was \$143.75 million and the net carrying amount was \$127.4 million. The unamortized discount of \$16.4 million and the unamortized debt issuance costs of \$1.6 million as of March 31, 2018 are being amortized using the effective interest method over the remaining term of the Convertible Notes. The effective interest rate on the unamortized discount and the debt issuance costs for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018 was 6.75% and 2.75%, respectively.

Interest expense on the Convertible Notes included contractual coupon interest expense of approximately \$1.0 million for both the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018. Accretion of the discount on the Convertible Notes was \$1.0 million and \$1.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018, respectively. Amortization of debt issuance costs related to our Convertible Notes was approximately \$0.1 million for both the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2018.

The initial conversion rate of the Convertible Notes, as of March 19, 2014, was 44.3169 shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes, equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$22.56 per share of common stock. The adjusted conversion rate of the Convertible Notes, in effect at March 31, 2018, is 44.7115 shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes, equivalent to an adjusted conversion price of approximately \$22.37 per share of common stock.

We may from time to time seek to retire or purchase our Convertible Notes through cash purchases and/or exchanges for equity securities, in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Such repurchases or exchanges, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we did not repurchase any Convertible Notes.

SEASONALITY

Our business can be affected by seasonal fluctuations in the death rate. Generally, the death rate is higher during the winter months because the incidences of death from influenza and pneumonia are higher during this period than other periods of the year.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

In the ordinary course of business, we are typically exposed to a variety of market risks. Currently, these are primarily related to interest rate risk and changes in the values of securities associated with the preneed and perpetual care trusts. Management is actively involved in monitoring exposure to market risk and developing and utilizing appropriate risk management techniques when appropriate and when available for a reasonable price. We are not exposed to any other significant market risks.

The following quantitative and qualitative information is provided about financial instruments to which we are a party at March 31, 2018 and from which we may incur future gains or losses from changes in market conditions. We do not enter into derivative or other financial instruments for speculative or trading purposes.

Hypothetical changes in interest rates and the values of securities associated with the preneed and perpetual care trusts chosen for the following estimated sensitivity analysis are considered to be reasonable near-term changes generally based on consideration of past fluctuations for each risk category. However, since it is not possible to accurately predict future changes in interest rates, these hypothetical changes may not necessarily be an indicator of probable

future fluctuations.

The following information about our market-sensitive financial instruments constitutes a “forward-looking statement.” In connection with our preneed funeral operations and preneed cemetery merchandise and service sales, the related funeral and cemetery trust funds own investments in equity and debt securities and mutual funds, which are sensitive to current market prices. Cost and market values of such investments as of March 31, 2018 are presented in Item 1, “Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements,” Notes 4 and 7 to our Consolidated Financial Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The

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sensitivity of the fixed income securities is such that a 0.25% change in interest rates causes an approximate 1.53% change in the value of the fixed income securities.

We monitor current and forecasted interest rate risk in the ordinary course of business and seek to maintain optimal financial flexibility, quality and solvency. As of March 31, 2018, we had outstanding borrowings of \$84.2 million under our \$150.0 million revolving credit facility and approximately \$123.8 million outstanding on our term loan. Any further borrowings or voluntary prepayments against the revolving credit facility or any change in the floating rate would cause a change in interest expense. We have the option to pay interest under the Credit Facility at either prime rate or LIBOR rate plus a margin. At March 31, 2018, the prime rate margin was equivalent to 1.625% and the LIBOR margin was 2.625%. Assuming the outstanding balance remains unchanged, a change of 100 basis points in our borrowing rate would result in a change in income before taxes of \$2.1 million. We have not entered into interest rate hedging arrangements in the past. Management continually evaluates the cost and potential benefits of interest rate hedging arrangements.

Our Convertible Notes bear interest at a fixed rate of 2.75% per year. The Convertible Notes do not contain a call feature. At March 31, 2018, the fair value of these notes was approximately \$188.6 million based on the last traded or broker quoted price. Increases in market interest rates may cause the value of the Convertible Notes to decrease, but such changes will not affect our interest costs.

The remainder of our long-term debt and leases consists of non-interest bearing notes and fixed rate instruments that do not trade in a market and do not have a quoted market value. Any increase in market interest rates could cause the fair value of those liabilities to decrease, but such changes will not affect our interest costs.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Management's Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, including our principal executive and financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that the information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and to ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive and financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Based on such evaluation, our principal executive and financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of March 31, 2018 and that the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly present, in all material respects, our financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows for the periods presented in conformity with US GAAP.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our system of internal control over financial reporting (defined in Rules 13a-15(f) or 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

We and our subsidiaries are parties to a number of legal proceedings that arise from time to time in the ordinary course of our business. While the outcome of these proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, we do not expect these matters to have a material adverse effect on our financial statements. We self-insure against certain risks and carry insurance with coverage and coverage limits for risk in excess of the coverage amounts consistent with our assessment of risks in our business and of an acceptable level of financial exposure. Although there can be no assurance that self-insurance reserves and insurance will be sufficient to mitigate all damages, claims, or contingencies, we believe that the reserves and our insurance provides reasonable coverage for known asserted and unasserted claims. In the event we sustain a loss from a claim and the insurance carrier disputes coverage or coverage limits, we may record a charge in a different period than the recovery, if any, from the insurance carrier.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes in our risk factors as previously disclosed in Part I, Item 1A, “Risk Factors” of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. Readers should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. The risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or future results.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to repurchases of our common stock during the quarter ended March 31, 2018:

| Period | Total Number of Shares Purchased ⁽¹⁾ | Average Price Paid Per Share | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Program | Dollar Value of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Program ⁽²⁾ |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| January 1, 2018 - January 31, 2018 | — | \$ — | — | \$26,019,052 |
| February 1, 2018 - February 28, 2018 | 5,350 | \$ 27.18 | — | \$26,019,052 |
| March 1, 2018 - March 31, 2018 | — | \$ — | — | \$26,019,052 |
| Total for quarter ended March 31, 2018 | 5,350 | | — | |

Represents
shares
surrendered
by employees
(1) to pay taxes
withheld
upon the
vesting of
restricted
stock awards.

(2) See Note 12
to the
Consolidated

Financial
Statements
included
herein for
additional
information
on our
publicly
announced
share
repurchase
program.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

Not applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits.

The exhibits required to be filed pursuant to the requirements of Item 601 of Regulation S-K are set forth in the Exhibit Index accompanying this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and are incorporated herein by reference.

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CARRIAGE SERVICES, INC.

Date: April 27, 2018 /s/ Viki K. Blinderman

Viki K. Blinderman

Senior Vice President, Principal Financial Officer and Secretary

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CARRIAGE SERVICES, INC.

INDEX OF EXHIBITS

| Exhibit No. | Description |
|-------------|---|
| *31.1 | <u>Certification of Periodic Financial Reports by Melvin C. Payne in satisfaction of Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u> |
| *31.2 | <u>Certification of Periodic Financial Reports by Viki K. Blinderman in satisfaction of Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u> |
| **32 | <u>Certification of Periodic Financial Reports by Melvin C. Payne and Viki K. Blinderman in satisfaction of Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.</u> |
| *101 | Interactive Data Files. |

(*) Filed herewith.

(**) Furnished herewith.