## MERCHANTS GROUP INC Form 10-Q May 07, 2001

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

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[ X ] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

OR

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM \_\_\_\_\_\_ TO \_\_\_\_\_.

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2001

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 1-9640

\_\_\_\_\_

MERCHANTS GROUP, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

16-1280763

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

250 MAIN STREET, BUFFALO, NEW YORK (Address of principal executive offices)

14202 (Zip Code)

716-849-3333

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [x] No []

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of April 25, 2001: 2,411,752 SHARES OF COMMON STOCK.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

MERCHANTS GROUP, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(in thousands)

Assets	December 31, 2000	M
		 (u
Investments:		
Fixed maturities:		
Held to maturity at amortized cost (fair value		
\$13,576 in 2000 and \$13,838 in 2001)	\$ 12,874	Ş
Available for sale at fair value (amortized cost		
\$183,392 in 2000 and \$182,945 in 2001)	183,283	
Preferred stock at fair value	13,911	
Other long-term investments at fair value	1,036	
Short-term investments	4,550	
		-
Total investments	215,654	
Cash	5	
Interest due and accrued	2,816	
Premiums receivable, net of allowance for doubtful		
accounts of \$395 in 2000 and \$365 in 2001	19,843	
Deferred policy acquisition costs	12,331	
Ceded reinsurance balances receivable	13,089	
Prepaid reinsurance premiums	4,326	
Deferred income taxes	6,263	
Other assets	7 <b>,</b> 537	_
Total assets	\$ 281,864	ć
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See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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MERCHANTS GROUP, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(in thousands except share amounts)

	December 31, 2000
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	
Liabilities:	
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$ 145,075
Unearned premiums	50 <b>,</b> 857
Payable to affiliate	608
Other liabilities	15,202
Total liabilities	211,742
Stockholders' equity:	
Common stock, 10,000,000 shares authorized, 2,430,752 shares issued and	
outstanding at December 31, 2000 and 2,418,252 shares issued and	
outstanding at March 31, 2001	32
Additional paid in capital	35,680
Treasury stock, 811,100 shares at December 31, 2000	
and 823,600 shares at March 31, 2001	(16,063)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(875)
Accumulated earnings	51,348
Total stockholders' equity	70,122
Total Scockholders equity	
Commitments and contingent liabilities	_
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 281,864
	=======

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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MERCHANTS GROUP, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands except per share amounts)

Three Months
Ended March 31,
2000 2001

(unaudited)

Revenues:		
Net premiums earned	\$23,033	\$23,353
Net investment income	3,456	3,563
Net realized investment gains	_	43
Other revenues		137
Total revenues		27 <b>,</b> 096
Expenses:		
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses	17,493	18,761
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	6,104	6,189
Other underwriting expenses	1,686	1,815
Total expenses		26,765 
Income before income taxes	1,272	331
Income tax provision		119
income cax provision		
Net income	\$ 817	\$ 212
	======	======
Basic and diluted earnings per share	\$ .32	\$ .09
	======	======
Weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic	2,560	2,423
Diluted	2,562	2,425

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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## MERCHANTS GROUP, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2000	2001	
	 (unau	dited)	
Net income	\$ 817 	\$ 212 	
Other comprehensive income (loss) before taxes:     Unrealized gains (losses) on securities Reclassification adjustment     for gains and losses included	(792)	2,835	

in net income	-	(43)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before taxes Income tax provision (benefit) related to items	(792)	2 <b>,</b> 792
of other comprehensive income (loss)	(369)	1,069
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(423)	1,723
Comprehensive income	\$ 394 =====	\$ 1,935 =====

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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## MERCHANTS GROUP, INC.

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2000	2001	
	(unauc	lited)	
Common stock, beginning and end	\$ 32 	\$ 32 	
Additional paid in capital, beginning and end:	35 <b>,</b> 680	35 <b>,</b> 680	
Treasury stock:  Beginning of period  Purchase of treasury shares	(13,139) (1,431)	(16,063) (234)	
End of period	(14,570) 	(16,297) 	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss): Beginning of period Other comprehensive income (loss) End of period	(1,188) (423)  (1,611)	(875) 1,723  848	
Accumulated earnings: Beginning of period Net income	48 <b>,</b> 002 817	51 <b>,</b> 348 212	

Cash dividends	(507)	(481)
End of period	48,312	51 <b>,</b> 079
Total stockholders' equity	\$ 67,843 ======	\$ 71,342 ======

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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## MERCHANTS GROUP, INC.

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2000 2001	
	(unauc	dited)
Cash flows from operations:		
Collection of premiums	\$ 22,216	\$ 21,659
Payment of losses and loss adjustment expenses	(16,513)	(18,580)
Payment of other underwriting expenses	(9 <b>,</b> 882)	(9 <b>,</b> 998)
Investment income received	3,340	3 <b>,</b> 967
Investment expenses paid	(106)	(142)
Income taxes paid	(217)	(78)
Other	(6)	134
Net cash used in operations	(1,168)	(3,038)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from fixed maturities sold or matured	10,299	27,365
Purchase of fixed maturities	(3,170)	(26,110)
Net increase in preferred stock	(330)	(1,431)
Net increase in other long-term investments	(210)	(318)
Net (increase) decrease in short-term investments	(4,126)	1,590
Net cash provided by investing activities	2,463	1,096

Cash flows from financing activities:				
Settlement of affiliate balances		968	2	,653
Decrease in demand loan, net		(325)		_
Purchase of treasury stock	(1	,431)		(234)
Cash dividends		(507)		(481)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(1	,295) 	1 	,938
Increase (decrease) in cash		-		(4)
Cash:				
Beginning of period		2		5
End of period	\$	2	\$	1
	====	====	====	====

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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#### MERCHANTS GROUP, INC.

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

### RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME TO NET CASH

## PROVIDED BY OPERATIONS

	Three M Ended Ma 2000		March 31,	
	(unaudited)			
Net income	\$	817	\$	212
Adjustments:				
Accretion		(98)		(247)
Realized investment gains		_		(43)
(Increase) decrease in assets:				
Interest due and accrued		(124)		570
Premiums receivable		944		1,667
Deferred policy acquisition costs		386		772
Ceded reinsurance balances receivable		(925)		716
Prepaid reinsurance premiums		(11)		1,129
Deferred income taxes		(50)		31
Other assets		245		(690)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:				
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses		1,533		(534)

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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#### MERCHANTS GROUP, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. Principles of Consolidation and Basis of Presentation $\,$

The consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2001 and the related consolidated statements of operations, of comprehensive income, of changes in stockholders' equity and of cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2000 and 2001, respectively, are unaudited. In the opinion of management, the interim financial statements reflect all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of financial position and results of operations. Such adjustments consist only of normal recurring items. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Merchants Group, Inc. (the Company), its wholly-owned subsidiary, Merchants Insurance Company of New Hampshire, Inc. (MNH), and M.F.C. of New York, Inc., an inactive premium finance company which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of MNH. The accompanying consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the following notes and the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2000.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) which differ in some respects from those followed in reports to insurance regulatory authorities. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

## 2. Related Party Transactions

The Company and MNH have no paid employees. Under a management agreement dated September 26, 1986 (the Management Agreement), Merchants Mutual Insurance Company (Mutual), which owned 10.5% of the Company's common stock at March 31, 2001, provides the Company and MNH with the facilities, management and personnel required to manage their day-to-day business. All underwriting, administrative, claims and investment expenses incurred on behalf of Mutual and MNH are shared on an allocated cost basis, determined as follows: for underwriting and administrative expenses, the respective share of total direct premiums written for Mutual and MNH serves as the basis of allocation; for claims expenses, the average number of outstanding claims is used; investment expenses are shared

based on each company's share of total invested assets.

# 3. Earnings Per Share

Basic and diluted earnings per share were computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each period, increased by the assumed exercise of 8,000 shares of common stock options in 2001 and 2000, which would have resulted in 1,844 and 1,825 additional shares outstanding, respectively, assuming the proceeds to the Company from exercise were used to purchase shares of the Company's common stock at its average market value per share during the quarter.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2001 As Compared to

the Three Months Ended March 31, 2000

Total revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2001 were \$27,096,000, an increase of \$541,000 or 2%, from \$26,555,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2000.

Direct premiums written for the three months ended March 31, 2001 were \$22,242,000, a decrease of \$1,227,000, or 5%, from \$23,469,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2000. Voluntary direct premiums written for the three months ended March 31, 2001 were \$21,723,000, a decrease of \$1,490,000 or 6%, from \$23,213,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2000.

Voluntary personal lines direct premiums written for the three months ended March 31, 2001 were \$8,513,000, an increase of \$49,000, or 1%, from \$8,464,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2000. Private passenger automobile (PPA) direct premiums written, which represented 77% and 78% of total voluntary personal lines direct premiums written for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively, decreased 1% from the year earlier period. Homeowners direct premiums written for the three months ended March 31, 2001 increased 6% compared to the three months ended March 31, 2000.

The Company has and continues to experience higher loss frequency for certain of its commercial lines of business not adequately covered by premiums collected from those lines of business. As a response to these higher losses, the Company has filed for and received approval of rate increases in certain lines of business, revised its underwriting guidelines, and removed discretionary pricing credits where warranted. As a consequence of these actions, voluntary commercial lines direct premiums written for the three months ended March 31, 2001 decreased \$1,538,000, or 10%, to \$13,211,000 from \$14,749,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2000. Direct premiums written for virtually all of the Company's commercial lines of business decreased in the three months ended March 31, 2001, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2000. This decrease in commercial lines direct premiums written was primarily attributable to a 7% decrease in commercial lines policies in force at March 31, 2001 compared to commercial lines policies in force at March 31, 2000.

Involuntary direct premiums written, primarily PPA insurance, which comprised 2%

and 1% of all direct premiums written during the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively, increased by \$262,000, or 102%, to \$518,000 in the three months ended March 31, 2001 from \$256,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2000. The Company believes it is likely that, due to a decrease in the willingness of several major competitors to insure non-standard business voluntarily, the number of policies written by the New York Automobile Insurance Plan (NYAIP) will continue to increase and therefore the amount the Company's involuntary direct written premiums will also continue to increase. However, the Company is unable to predict the volume of future assignments from the NYAIP.

Net premiums written decreased \$1,136,000, or 5%, to \$20,441,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2001 from \$21,577,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2000, due to the 5% decrease in direct premiums written.

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Net premiums earned for the three months ended March 31, 2001 were \$23,353,000, an increase of 1% from \$23,033,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2000. This increase is attributable to the fact that the unearned premium reserve at December 31, 2000, contributed more to earned premiums in the three months ended March 31, 2000 than the unearned premium reserve at December 31, 1999, contributed to earned premiums in the three months ended March 31, 2000.

Net investment income was \$3,563,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2001, an increase of 3% from \$3,456,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2000. The average pre-tax yield associated with the investment portfolio increased 21 basis points to 6.86% for the three months ended March 31, 2001. Average invested assets for the three months ended March 31, 2001 increased 2% compared to the year earlier period.

Losses and loss adjustment expenses (LAE) were \$18,761,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2001, an increase of \$1,268,000, or 7%, from \$17,493,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2000. The loss and LAE ratio increased to 80.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2001 from 75.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2000. The increase in losses and LAE resulted from an increase in claims frequency and severity experienced in the first quarter of 2001, primarily for private passenger automobile, commercial automobile and workers' compensation policies.

The ratio of amortized deferred policy acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses to net premiums earned increased to 34.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2001 from 33.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2000. Commissions, premium taxes and other state assessments that vary directly with the Company's premium volume represented 22.0% of net premiums earned in the three months ended March 31, 2001 and in the three months ended March 31, 2000.

The Company's effective income tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2000 was 36.0%. This rate was calculated based upon the Company's estimate of its effective income tax rate for all of 2001. Non-taxable investment income reduced the Company's effective tax rate by approximately four percentage points.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

In developing its investment strategy, the Company determines a level of cash and short-term investments which, when combined with expected cash flow, is estimated to be adequate to meet expected cash obligations. Historically, the excess of premiums collected over payments on claims, combined with cash income from investments, has provided the Company with short-term funds in excess of

normal operating demands for cash.

The Company's objectives with respect to its investment portfolio include maximizing total return while protecting stockholders' equity and maintaining flexibility. Like other property and casualty insurers, the Company relies on premiums as a major source of cash, and therefore liquidity. Cash flows from the Company's investment portfolio, either in the form of interest or principal payments, are an additional source of liquidity. Because the duration of the Company's investment portfolio relative to the duration of its liabilities are closely managed, increases or decreases in market interest rates are not expected to have a material effect on the Company's liquidity, or its results of operations.

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The Company generally designates newly acquired fixed maturity investments as available for sale and carries these investments at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses related to these investments are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income within stockholders' equity. At March 31, 2001, the Company had recorded \$848,000 of unrealized gains, net of taxes, associated with its investments classified as "available for sale" as accumulated other comprehensive income. During the three months ended March 31, 2001 the Company recorded \$1,723,000 of unrealized gains, net of taxes, associated with its available for sale investments.

At March 31, 2001, the Company's portfolio of fixed maturities represented 90.8% of invested assets. Management believes that this level of bond holdings is consistent with the Company's liquidity needs because it anticipates that cash receipts from net premiums written and investment income will enable the Company to satisfy its cash obligations. Furthermore, a portion of the Company's bond portfolio is invested in mortgage-backed and other asset-backed securities which, in addition to interest income, provide monthly paydowns of bond principal.

At March 31, 2001, \$90,831,000, or 46.0%, of the Company's fixed maturity portfolio was invested in mortgage-backed and other-asset backed securities. The Company invests in a variety of collateralized mortgage obligation (CMO) products but has not invested in the derivative type of CMO products such as interest only, principal only or inverse floating rate securities. All of the Company's CMO investments have an active secondary market and their effect on the Company's liquidity does not differ from that of other fixed maturity investments. The Company does not own any other derivative financial instruments.

At March 31, 2001 \$9,433,000, or 4.3%, of the Company's investment portfolio was invested in non-investment grade securities compared to \$9,656,000, or 4.6%, at March 31, 2000. All of the Company's non-investment grade securities are currently performing to the Company's purchase expectations.

During the three months ended March 31, 2001, the Company repurchased 12,500 shares of its common stock at an average price per share of \$18.72. The Company was holding 823,600 shares of its common stock in treasury at March 31, 2001.

The Company has arranged for a \$2,000,000 unsecured credit facility from a bank in the form of a master grid note. Any borrowings under this facility are payable on demand and carry an interest rate which can be fixed or variable and is negotiated at the time of each advance. This facility is available for general working capital purposes and for repurchases of the Company's common stock. At March 31, 2001, no amount was outstanding on this loan.

As a holding company, the Company is dependent on cash dividends from MNH to meet its obligations, pay any cash dividends and repurchase its shares. MNH is subject to New Hampshire insurance laws which place certain restrictions on its ability to pay dividends without the prior approval of state regulatory authorities. These restrictions limit dividends to those that, when added to all other dividends paid within the preceding twelve months, would not exceed 10% of the insurer's statutory policyholders' surplus as of the preceding December 31st. The maximum amount of dividends that MNH could pay during any twelve month period ending in 2001 without the prior approval of the New Hampshire Insurance Commissioner is

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\$5,061,000. MNH paid \$5,200,000 of dividends to the Company in 2000. Dividends were paid in February 2000, May 2000 and September 2000, of \$2,200,000, \$1,500,000 and \$1,500,000, respectively. MNH paid a dividend of \$2,200,000 to the Company on February 15, 2001 and as such is restricted from paying another dividend to the Company until May 2001. On May 2, 2001, the Board of Directors of MNH declared a \$1,334,000 cash dividend payable on May 24, 2001 to common stockholders of record on May 24, 2001. The Company declared cash dividends to its common stockholders of \$.20 per share in the first quarter of 2001 amounting to \$481,000. This amount includes a quarterly cash dividend of \$.10 per share payable on June 1, 2001 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on May 7, 2001.

Under the Management Agreement, Mutual provides employees, services and facilities for MNH to conduct its insurance business on a cost reimbursed basis. The balance in the payable to or receivable from affiliate account represents the amount owing to or owed by Mutual to the Company for the difference between premiums collected and payments made for losses, employees, services and facilities by Mutual on behalf of MNH.

Industry and regulatory guidelines suggest that the ratio of a property-casualty insurer's annual net premiums written to its statutory surplus should not exceed 3 to 1. MNH has consistently followed a business strategy that would allow it to meet this 3 to 1 regulatory guideline. For the first three months of 2001, MNH's ratio of net premiums written to statutory surplus, annualized for a full year, was 1.5 to 1.

Relationship with Mutual

The Company's and MNH's business and day-to-day operations are closely aligned with those of Mutual. This is the result of a combination of factors. Mutual has had a historical ownership interest in the Company and MNH. Prior to November 1986 MNH was a wholly-owned subsidiary of Mutual. Following the Company's initial public offering in November 1986 and until a secondary stock offering in July 1993 the Company was a majority-owned subsidiary of Mutual. Mutual currently owns 10.5% of the Company's common stock. Under the Management Agreement, Mutual provides the Company and MNH with all facilities and personnel to operate their business. The only officers of the Company or MNH who are paid full time employees are employees of Mutual whose services are purchased under the Management Agreement. Also, the operation of the Company's insurance business, which offers substantially the same lines of insurance as Mutual through the same independent insurance agents, creates a very close relationship among the companies.

During 1998, Mutual initiated discussions with the Company concerning proposals for the acquisition of the Company by Mutual. The Company determined that the terms proposed by Mutual were inadequate. The Company also determined

that the Management Agreement prevents the Company's shareholders from realizing the Company's fair value in a sale or merger, and on July 23, 1998 the Company gave notice to Mutual of its intention to terminate the Management Agreement. The provisions of the Management Agreement require five year's prior written notice for its termination. The Company does not expect the notice of termination to have any material, short-term effect on the Company's operations. However, the Company believes that the Management Agreement, as currently written, creates conflicts of interest between the Company and Mutual in their joint operations and prevents the Company's shareholders from realizing the fair value of their shares.

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market Risk

Market risk represents the potential for loss due to changes in the fair value of financial instruments. The market risk related to the Company's financial instruments primarily relates to its investment portfolio. The value of the Company's investment portfolio of \$217,638,000 at March 31, 2001 is subject to changes in interest rates and to a lesser extent on credit quality. Further, certain mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities are exposed to accelerated prepayment risk generally caused by interest rate movements. If interest rates were to decline, mortgage holders would be more likely to refinance existing mortgages at lower rates. Acceleration of future repayments could adversely affect future investment income, if reinvestment of the accelerated receipts was made in lower yielding securities.

The following table provides information related to the Company's fixed maturity investments at March 31, 2001. The table presents cash flows of principal amounts and related weighted average interest rates by expected maturity dates. The cash flows are based upon the maturity date or, in the case of mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, expected payment patterns. Actual cash flows could differ from those shown in the table.

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Fixed Maturities

Expected Cash Flows of Principal Amounts (\$ in 000's):

 2001
 2002
 2003
 2004
 2005

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Mortgage & asset backed						
securities				\$1 <b>,</b> 556		\$7
Average interest rate	0.0%			7.1%	7.1%	
Total	\$ 0			\$1,556		\$7
	=====	====	=====	=====	=====	==
Available for Sale						
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government corporations						
and agencies	\$7 <b>,</b> 981	\$ 3,827	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$21
Average interest rate	5.4%	6.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Obligations of states and						
political subdivisions	5,246	1,713	5,328	0	0	
Average interest rate	4.8%	5.6%	5.3%	0.0%	0.0%	
Corporate securities	16,099	25,414	15,609	0	0	2
Average interest rate	6.9%	7.2%	6.8%	0.0%	0.0%	
Mortgage & asset						
backed securities	28,745	21,289	10,287	6,159	1,685	9
Average interest rate	6.8%	6.9%	6.9%	7.0%	7.1%	
	450 051					* 0.0
Total				\$ 6,159		\$33
	======		======	======	======	===

The discussion and the estimated amounts referred to above include forward-looking statements of market risk which involve certain assumptions as to market interest rates and the credit quality of the fixed maturity investments. Actual future market conditions may differ materially from such assumptions. Accordingly, the forward-looking statements should not be considered projections of future events by the Company.

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Held to Maturity

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

#### (b) Reports on Form 8-K.

 $$\operatorname{\textsc{No}}$$  reports on Form 8-K were filed during the period for which this report is filed.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

"Safe Harbor" Statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995:

With the exception of historical information, the matters and statements discussed, made or incorporated by reference in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q constitute forward-looking statements and are discussed, made or incorporated by reference, as the case may be, pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements involve certain assumptions, risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those included in or contemplated by the statements. These assumptions, risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those associated with factors affecting the property-casualty insurance industry generally, including price competition, size and frequency of claims, increasing crime rates, escalating damage awards, natural disasters, fluctuations in interest rates and general business conditions; the Company's dependence on investment income; the geographic concentration of the Company's business in the Northeastern United States and in particular in New York, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Rhode Island, Pennsylvania and Massachusetts; the adequacy of the Company's loss reserves; government regulation of the insurance industry; exposure to environmental claims; dependence of the Company on its relationship with Mutual; and the other risks and uncertainties discussed or indicated in all documents filed by the Company with the Commission. The Company expressly disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of developments occurring after the date of this report.

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#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

> MERCHANTS GROUP, INC. (Registrant)

By:/s/ Kenneth J. Wilson Date: May 7, 2001

Kenneth J. Wilson Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (duly authorized officer of the registrant and chief accounting officer)