

SYNOVUS FINANCIAL CORP

Form S-4

July 21, 2005

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As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 21, 2005
Registration No. 333-

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM S-4
REGISTRATION STATEMENT
UNDER
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Synovus Financial Corp.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Georgia
*(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)*

6022
*(Primary Standard Industrial
Classification Code Number)*

58-1134883
*(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)*

1111 Bay Avenue, Suite 500
Columbus, Georgia 31901
(706) 649-5220

*(Address, including zip code, and telephone number,
including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)*

Kathleen Moates, Senior Deputy
General Counsel
Synovus Financial Corp.
1111 Bay Avenue, Suite 500
Columbus, Georgia 31901
(706) 649-5220

*(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number,
including area code, of agent for service)*

With a copy to:

Jeffrey M. Stein
King & Spalding LLP
191 Peachtree Street
Atlanta, Georgia 30303
(404) 572-4600

Approximate date of commencement of proposed exchange offer: As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If the securities being registered on this form are being offered in connection with the formation of a holding company and there is compliance with General Instruction G, please check the following box.

If this form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Class of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price per Unit(1)	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price(1)	Amount of Registration Fee
5.125% Subordinated Notes Due 2017	\$450,000,000	100%	\$450,000,000	\$52,965(2)

(1) Estimated solely for the purpose of computing the registration fee in accordance with Rule 457(f) under the Securities Act of 1933.

(2) The second prospectus that is part of this registration statement will only be used by Synovus Securities, Inc., which is an affiliate of Synovus Financial Corp., in connection with offers and sales related to market-making transactions of an indeterminate amount of Synovus Financial Corp. s 5.125% Subordinated Notes due 2017. Pursuant to Rule 457(q) under the Securities Act of 1933, no additional filing fee is required.

The registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until this Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

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EXPLANATORY NOTE

This registration statement covers the registration of \$450,000,000 aggregate principal amount of our 5.125% Subordinated Notes due 2017 (the new notes) that may be exchanged for an equal aggregate principal amount of our outstanding 5.125% Subordinated Notes due 2017 (the old notes , and together with the new notes, the notes). This registration statement also covers the registration of new notes for resale by Synovus Securities, Inc. in market-making transactions. The complete prospectus relating to the exchange offer follows this explanatory note. Following the exchange offer prospectus are certain pages of the prospectus relating solely to market-making transactions that may be made by Synovus Securities, Inc., including alternate front and back cover pages, and alternate sections entitled Use of Proceeds, Legal Matters and Plan of Distribution. In addition, the market-making prospectus will not include the following captions (or the information set forth under those captions) in the exchange offer prospectus: Summary The Exchange Offer, The Exchange Offer and Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences. All other sections of the exchange offer prospectus will be included in the market-making prospectus.

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The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED JULY 21, 2005
Synovus Financial Corp.
Offer to Exchange
\$450,000,000
5.125% Subordinated Notes Due 2017
that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933
for
any and all outstanding 5.125% Subordinated Notes Due 2017
that have not been registered under the Securities Act of 1933

The New Notes

The terms of the new notes are substantially identical to the old notes, except that the new notes have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, which we refer to as the Securities Act, and the transfer restrictions, registration rights and additional interest provisions relating to the old notes do not apply to the new notes.

The new notes will bear interest at the rate of 5.125% per year. We will pay interest on the new notes semi-annually on June 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning December 15, 2005.

The new notes will mature on June 15, 2017.

The new notes may not be redeemed prior to maturity and are not subject to repayment at the option of the holders prior to maturity.

The new notes will rank junior in right of payment to all of our senior indebtedness and effectively junior to all indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries.

The new notes will be our unsecured obligations, will not be savings accounts, deposits or other obligations of ours or any of our subsidiaries and will not be insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, which we refer to as the FDIC, the bank insurance fund or any other governmental agency or instrumentality.

We do not intend to list the new notes on any securities exchange.

The Exchange Offer

The exchange offer will expire at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on _____, 2005, unless extended.

The exchange offer is not subject to any conditions other than that the exchange offer not violate applicable law or any applicable interpretation of the staff of the SEC and that there be no change in our business or financial affairs that, in our reasonable judgment, might materially impair our ability to proceed with, or that would materially impair the contemplated benefits to us of, the exchange offer.

All old notes that are validly tendered and not validly withdrawn will be exchanged for an equal principal amount of new notes.

Tenders of old notes may be withdrawn at any time before the expiration of the exchange offer.

We are not asking you for a proxy, and you are requested not to send us a proxy.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is _____, 2005.

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Each broker-dealer that receives new notes for its own account pursuant to the exchange offer must acknowledge that it will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of the new notes. The letter of transmittal states that by so acknowledging and by delivering a prospectus, a broker-dealer will not be deemed to admit that it is an underwriter within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, which we refer to as the Securities Act. This prospectus, as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, may be used by a broker-dealer in connection with resales of new notes received in exchange for old notes where the old notes were acquired by the broker-dealer as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities. We have agreed that, starting on the expiration date and ending on the close of business one year after the expiration date, we will make this prospectus available to any broker-dealer for use in connection with any such resale. See Plan of Distribution.

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WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-4 under the Securities Act relating to our offering of the new notes. This prospectus is part of the registration statement. As described below, you may obtain from the SEC a copy of the registration statement and exhibits that we filed with the SEC when we registered the new notes. The registration statement may contain additional information that may be important to you. Statements made in this prospectus about legal documents may not necessarily be complete and you should read the documents which are filed as exhibits to the registration statement or otherwise filed with the SEC.

We also file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. Our SEC filings are available to the public over the Internet at the SEC's web site at <http://www.sec.gov>. You may also read and copy any document we file with the SEC at its public reference facilities at 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549. You can also obtain copies of the documents at prescribed rates by writing to the Public Reference Section of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the public reference facilities. Our SEC filings are also available at the office of the New York Stock Exchange. For further information on obtaining copies of our public filings at the New York Stock Exchange, you should call (212) 656-5060.

We are incorporating by reference into this prospectus certain documents we file with the SEC, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is an important part of this prospectus and information that we subsequently file with the SEC will automatically update and supersede information in this prospectus and in our other filings with the SEC. We incorporate by reference the documents listed below, which we have already filed with the SEC, and any future filings we make with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which we refer to as the Exchange Act, until the later of the date on which we have completed the exchange offer or the end of the period during which this prospectus is available for use by participating broker-dealers and others with similar prospectus delivery requirements for use in connection with any resale of new notes:

Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004, as amended on April 28, 2005 by the Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2004;

Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2005; and

Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on January 19, 2005 (only the information contained in Item 1.01 thereof), January 20, 2005, January 25, 2005, February 3, 2005, March 28, 2005, June 14, 2005, July 12, 2005 and July 20, 2005 (only the information contained in Items 1.01 and 5.02 thereof).

You may request a copy of these filings, other than an exhibit to a filing unless that exhibit is specifically incorporated by reference into that filing, and copies of the indenture and the registration rights agreement at no cost, by writing or calling us at the following address:

Synovus Financial Corp.
1111 Bay Avenue, Suite 500
Columbus, Georgia 31901
(706) 649-5220
Attention: G. Sanders Griffith, III
Senior Executive Vice President,
General Counsel and Secretary

To obtain timely delivery of this information, you must request it no later than five (5) business days before , 2005, the expiration date of the exchange offer.

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. We have not authorized anyone else to provide you with additional or different information. We are only offering to exchange the old notes for new notes in states where the offer is permitted. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of this document.

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SUMMARY

The following summary is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information included elsewhere or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. Because this is a summary, it may not contain all of the information that may be important to you. Unless the context otherwise requires, in this prospectus Synovus Financial Corp. refers to Synovus Financial Corp. on a parent-only basis, and our company, we, us, our and similar expressions mean Synovus Financial Corp. and its consolidated subsidiaries. References to the old notes mean the unregistered 5.125% subordinated notes due 2017 and references to the new notes mean the 5.125% subordinated notes due 2017, which have been registered under the Securities Act.

Synovus Financial Corp.

General

We are a diversified financial services company and a registered financial holding company and bank holding company with approximately \$25.9 billion in assets. We provide integrated financial services including banking, financial management, insurance, mortgage and leasing services through our bank subsidiaries and our other offices in Georgia, Alabama, South Carolina, Florida and Tennessee and electronic payment processing services through our 81% owned subsidiary, Total Systems Services, Inc., which we refer to as TSYS. We are based in Columbus, Georgia and our stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol SNV.

We are engaged in two business segments:

financial services, which primarily involve commercial banking activities, as well as retail banking, financial management, mortgage, leasing and insurance services; and

transaction processing services, which consist primarily of electronic payment processing services, including consumer, commercial, retail, government services, debit and stored value card processing and related services.

As of March 31, 2005, we had total assets of approximately \$25.9 billion, net loans of \$19.8 billion, total deposits of \$19.1 billion and total shareholders' equity of \$2.7 billion.

Under the long-standing policy of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, which we refer to as the Federal Reserve Board, a bank holding company is expected to act as a source of financial strength to its subsidiary banks and to commit resources to support these banks. As a result of this policy, we may be required to commit resources to our subsidiary banks in circumstances where we might not otherwise do so.

Our principal executive offices are located at 1111 Bay Avenue, Suite 500, Columbus, Georgia 31901, and our telephone number is (706) 649-5220. Our website is www.synovus.com. Information included on our website is expressly not incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

Financial Services

We currently have 39 wholly owned first and second tier bank subsidiaries located in Georgia, Alabama, South Carolina, Florida and Tennessee, which we refer to as the bank subsidiaries.

Our bank subsidiaries offer commercial banking services, including commercial, financial, agricultural and real estate loans, and retail banking services, including accepting customary types of demand and savings deposits; making individual, consumer, installment and mortgage loans; safe deposit services; leasing services; automated banking services; automated fund transfers; and bank credit card services, including MasterCard and Visa services.

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Our wholly owned non-bank subsidiaries are:

Synovus Securities, Inc., Columbus, Georgia, which specializes in professional portfolio management for fixed-income securities, executing securities transactions as a broker-dealer and providing individual investment advice on equity and other securities;

Synovus Trust Company, N.A., Columbus, Georgia, which provides trust services;

Synovus Mortgage Corp., Birmingham, Alabama, which offers mortgage services;

Synovus Insurance Services, Columbus, Georgia, which offers insurance agency services;

Creative Financial Group, LTD., Atlanta, Georgia, which provides financial planning services;

GLOBALT, Inc., Atlanta, Georgia, which provides asset management services; and

Synovus Investment Advisors, Inc., Columbus, Georgia, which provides investment advisory services.

Transaction Processing Services

TSYS provides electronic payment processing and related services to financial and nonfinancial institutions. Services include transaction processing for consumer, retail, commercial, government services, stored value and debit cards. TSYS is based in Columbus, Georgia, and its common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol TSS. TSYS provides processing services throughout the United States, Canada, Mexico, Honduras, Puerto Rico, Europe and the Asia-Pacific region. TSYS provides merchant services to financial institutions and other organizations through its wholly owned subsidiary, Vital Processing Services L.L.C., which we refer to as Vital, and its majority owned subsidiary, GP Network Corporation. TSYS acquired a 100% interest in Vital in March 2005. TSYS also offers value-added products and services to support its core processing services. Value-added products and services include risk management tools and techniques, such as credit evaluation, fraud detection and prevention and behavior analysis tools; revenue enhancement tools; and customer retention programs, such as loyalty programs and bonus rewards. We currently own 81% of TSYS through our wholly owned subsidiary, Columbus Bank and Trust Company, which we refer to as CB&T.

Recent Developments

On July 20, 2005, we announced our results of operations for the second quarter ended June 30, 2005. We had net income of \$128.5 million for the second quarter of 2005, an increase of 22.2% from the \$105.1 million earned in second quarter of 2004. Diluted earnings per share were \$0.41, an increase of 19.9% from the \$0.34 diluted earnings per share in the second quarter of 2004. For the first six months of 2005, we had net income of \$245.2 million, an increase of 17.1% from the same period in 2004. Diluted earnings per share for the first six months of 2005 were \$0.78, an increase of 14.7% from the first six months of 2004. At June 30, 2005, we had total assets of \$26.7 billion, an increase of 13.4% from the first six months of 2004. Our equity capital, equal to \$2.79 billion, represented 10.46% of total assets. Additional information concerning our historical results of operations is contained in the section entitled Summary Financial Data and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004 and our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2005, each of which is incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

The Exchange Offer

On June 20, 2005, we completed the offering and sale of \$450,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the old notes in a transaction exempt from registration under the Securities Act. We expect to use a portion of the net proceeds of that offering to repay at maturity our \$200 million aggregate principal amount of 7.25% Senior Notes, which will mature on December 15, 2005, and the remainder of the net proceeds will be used for general corporate purposes. In connection with that offering, we entered into a

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Consequences of Exchanging Your Old Notes Based on interpretations of the staff of the SEC, we believe that you will be allowed to resell the new notes that we issue in the exchange offer without complying with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act if:

you are acquiring the new notes in the ordinary course of your business;

you are not engaging in and do not intend to engage in a distribution of the new notes;

you have no arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in the distribution of the new notes; and

you are not an affiliate, as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act, of Synovus Financial Corp.

If any of these conditions are not satisfied and you transfer any new notes issued to you in the exchange offer without delivering a proper prospectus or without qualifying for a registration exemption, you may incur liability under the Securities Act. We will not be responsible for, or indemnify you against, any liability you incur.

If you are a broker-dealer and you will receive new notes for your own account in exchange for old notes that you acquired as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities, you will be required to acknowledge that you will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of the new notes. See Plan of Distribution for a description of the prospectus delivery obligations of broker-dealers in the exchange offer.

Consequences of Your Failure to Exchange Your Old Notes Old notes that are not exchanged in the exchange offer will continue to be subject to the restrictions on transfer that are described in the legend on the old notes. In general, you may offer or sell your old notes only if they are registered under, or offered or sold under an exemption from, the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. We do not currently intend to register offers or sales of the old notes under the Securities Act. If your old notes are not tendered and accepted in the exchange offer, it may become more difficult for you to sell or transfer your old notes.

As referenced elsewhere in this prospectus, there is currently no public market for the new notes and we do not intend to list the new notes on any national securities exchange or automated quotation system. Accordingly, no market for the new notes may develop and any market that develops may not last or fail to be liquid. To the extent that an active trading market does not develop, you may not be able to resell your new notes at their fair market value or at all. If a market for the new notes does develop, it is possible that you will not be able to sell your notes at a particular time or that the prices that you receive when you sell will be favorable. In addition, the trading market for any unsurrendered old notes and for old notes that are surrendered but not accepted could be adversely affected due to the limited amount of old notes that we expect to remain outstanding following the exchange offer. See Plan of Distribution and The Exchange Offer for further information regarding the distribution of the new notes and the consequences of failure to participate in the exchange offers.

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The following is a summary of the terms of the new notes. The terms of the new notes are identical in all material respects to the terms of the old notes, except that the registration rights and related additional interest provisions and the transfer restrictions applicable to the old notes are not applicable to the new notes. The new notes will evidence the same debt as the old notes. The new notes and the old notes will be governed by the same indenture.

Securities	\$450,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of 5.125% subordinated notes due 2017.
Maturity Date	June 15, 2017.
Interest	Annual rate: 5.125%.
Interest Payment Dates	June 15 and December 15 of each year.
First Interest Payment Date	December 15, 2005.
Record Dates	June 1 and December 1, whether or not a business day.
Ranking	<p>The new notes constitute unsecured subordinated debt. They will rank:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">junior in right of payment to all of our senior indebtedness from time to time outstanding;</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">effectively junior to all existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries;</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">equally with all of our subordinated debt that expressly provides that it ranks equally with the new notes; and</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">ahead of any of our debt that expressly provides that it is junior to the notes.</p> <p>As of March 31, 2005, the new notes would have been subordinated to approximately \$239.3 million of our senior indebtedness and approximately \$22.4 billion of indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries, which includes \$19.1 billion of deposits, and would have ranked equally with \$300.0 million of our subordinated indebtedness.</p>
Sinking Fund	None.
Optional Redemption/Repayment	We may not redeem the new notes, and the new notes are not subject to repayment at the option of the holders, prior to maturity.
Form, Denominations	The new notes will be issued in fully registered form without coupons in denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof, and will be represented by global securities deposited with the trustee as custodian for The Depository Trust Company (DTC) and registered in the name of Cede & Co., DTC s nominee. Beneficial interests in the global securities will be effected only through records maintained by DTC and its participants, including Euroclear Bank

S.A./N.V., as operator of the Euroclear system, and Clearstream Banking, *société anonyme*.

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Acceleration Upon an Event of Default Payment of principal of the new notes may be accelerated only in certain events involving the bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization of Synovus Financial Corp. that constitute an event of default under the notes and the indenture. There is no right of acceleration in the case of a default in the payment of principal of or interest on the new notes or in the performance of any of our covenants contained in the notes or the indenture.

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements. We may also make forward-looking statements in reports filed with the SEC that we incorporate by reference into this prospectus. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about our beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include statements preceded by, followed by or that include words such as believes, anticipates, expects, intends, targeted, estimates, projects, plans, may, could, should, would, and similar expressions, but such terms exclusive means of identifying such statements. These statements are based on beliefs and assumptions of our management and on information currently available to our management.

Examples of forward-looking statements contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus include, but are not limited to:

projections of revenues, income or loss, earnings or loss per share, the payment or non-payment of dividends, capital structure, efficiency ratios and other financial terms;

statements of plans and objectives of our company or our management or Board of Directors, including those relating to products or services;

statements of future economic performance; and

statements of assumptions underlying such statements.

We cannot assure you that the assumptions underlying our forward-looking statements are correct. In addition, please see our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 (the Form 10-K) under the section entitled Part I Safe Harbor Statement for a discussion of certain forward-looking statements appearing in the Form 10-K.

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of performance. Forward-looking statements contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus are also subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions. A number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. Many of these factors are beyond our ability to control or predict. These factors include, but are not limited to:

competitive pressures arising from aggressive competition from other financial service providers;

factors that affect the delinquency rate of our loans and the rate at which our loans are charged off;

changes in the cost and availability of funding due to changes in the deposit market and credit market, or the way in which we are perceived in such markets;

the ability of TSYS to achieve its net income goals for 2005;

the strength of the U.S. economy in general and the strength of the local economies in which operations are conducted;

the effects of and changes in trade, monetary and fiscal policies, and laws, including interest rate policies of the Federal Reserve Board;

inflation, interest rate, market and monetary fluctuations;

the timely development of and acceptance of new products and services and perceived overall value of these products and services by users;

changes in consumer spending, borrowing and saving habits;

the possibility that our implementation of, or responses to, technological changes will be more difficult or expensive than anticipated;

our acquisitions are more difficult to integrate than anticipated;

our ability to increase market share and control expenses;

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the effect of changes in laws and regulations (including laws and regulations concerning taxes, banking, securities and insurance) with which we and our subsidiaries must comply;

the effect of changes in accounting policies and practices, as may be adopted by the regulatory agencies, the Financial Accounting Standards Board or other authoritative bodies;

changes in our organization, compensation and benefit plans;

the costs and effects of litigation, investigations or similar matters, or adverse facts and developments related thereto;

a deterioration in credit quality or a reduced demand for credit;

our inability to successfully manage any impact from slowing economic conditions or consumer spending;

TSYS does not convert the Chase portfolio as expected and maintain the card-processing functions of Chase for at least two years as expected;

the merger of TSYS clients with entities that are not TSYS clients or the sale of portfolios by TSYS clients to entities that are not TSYS clients;

successfully managing the potential both for patent protection and patent liability in the context of the rapidly developing legal framework for expansive software patent protection;

the impact on our business, as well as on the risks set forth above, of various domestic or international military or terrorist activities or conflicts; and

our success at managing the risks involved in the foregoing.

We believe that our forward-looking statements are reasonable; however, undue reliance should not be placed on any forward-looking statements, which are based on current expectations. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which the statement is made in order to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

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The following summary consolidated financial data for and as of the years ended December 31, 2000 through 2004 are derived in part from our consolidated financial statements for those years, which have been audited by KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm. The following summary consolidated financial data for and as of the three months ended March 31, 2004, and 2005 have been derived in part from our unaudited consolidated financial statements, and in our opinion, reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring accruals) necessary to present fairly the data for those periods. Results for the three months ended March 31, 2005 may not be indicative of the results for the year ended December 31, 2005. The following information should be read in conjunction with and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the consolidated financial statements and related notes and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 and in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2005, which are incorporated by reference into this prospectus. See Where You Can Find More Information.

	Year Ended December 31,					Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2004	2005
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)							
Income Statement Data:							
Total revenues(1)	\$ 1,626,966	\$ 1,792,286	\$ 1,949,688	\$ 2,129,902	\$ 2,381,615	\$ 579,902	\$ 651,701
Net interest income	562,332	629,791	717,504	763,064	860,679	202,747	226,862
Provision for losses on loans	44,341	51,673	65,327	71,777	75,319	15,724	19,283
Non-interest income(2)	1,065,415	1,164,217	1,234,822	1,369,329	1,521,011	377,090	425,110
Non-interest expense(3)	1,155,176	1,232,483	1,299,470	1,422,143	1,588,366	393,323	438,240
Net income	262,557	311,616	365,347	388,925	437,033	104,162	116,734
Per Share Data:							
Net income basic	\$ 0.93	\$ 1.07	\$ 1.23	\$ 1.29	\$ 1.42	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.38
Net income diluted	0.92	1.05	1.21	1.28	1.41	0.34	0.37
Cash dividends declared	0.44	0.51	0.59	0.66	0.69	0.17	0.18
Book value	4.98	5.75	6.79	7.43	8.52	7.75	8.68
Balance Sheet Data:							
Investment securities	\$ 2,077,928	\$ 2,088,287	\$ 2,237,725	\$ 2,529,257	\$ 2,695,593	\$ 2,621,576	\$ 2,725,561

Loans, net of unearned income	10,751,887	12,417,917	14,463,909	16,464,914	19,480,396	17,012,828	20,056,295
Deposits	11,161,710	12,146,198	13,928,834	15,941,609	18,577,468	16,214,308	19,114,272
Long-term debt	840,859	1,052,943	1,336,200	1,575,777	1,879,583	1,641,856	1,915,140
Shareholders equity	1,417,171	1,694,946	2,040,853	2,245,039	2,641,289	2,358,424	2,698,871
Average total shareholders equity	1,303,634	1,548,030	1,855,492	2,166,777	2,479,404	2,327,319	2,701,585
Average total assets	13,466,385	15,375,004	17,414,654	20,412,853	23,275,001	21,913,168	25,392,540
Performance Ratios and Other Data:							
Return on average assets(4)	1.95%	2.03%	2.10%	1.91%	1.88%	1.91%	1.86%
Return on average equity(4)	20.14	20.13	19.69	17.95	17.63	18.00	17.52
Net interest margin, before fees	4.36	4.28	4.27	3.90	3.92	3.91	3.98
Net interest margin, after fees	4.70	4.65	4.65	4.26	4.22	4.24	4.11
Efficiency ratio(3)	55.35	53.80	52.07	53.34	52.06	52.86	52.23

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	Year Ended December 31,					Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2004	2005
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)							
Dividend payout ratio(5)	47.83	48.57	48.76	51.56	48.94	50.00	48.65
Average shareholders equity to average assets	9.68	10.07	10.65	10.61	10.65	10.62	10.64
Average shares outstanding, basic	283,552	290,304	297,325	302,010	307,262	303,644	310,622
Average shares outstanding, diluted	286,882	295,850	301,197	304,928	310,330	306,812	313,900
Asset Quality Ratios:							
Nonaccrual loans to loans	0.39%	0.41%	0.46%	0.41%	0.41%	0.41%	0.39%
Nonperforming assets to loans and foreclosed properties	0.52	0.54	0.64	0.58	0.52	0.56	0.52
Net charge-offs to average loans	0.24	0.30	0.33	0.36	0.23	0.16	0.23
Provision for loan losses to average loans	0.45	0.45	0.49	0.46	0.42	0.38	0.40
Allowance to loans	1.38	1.38	1.38	1.37	1.36	1.39	1.36
Allowance to non-accrual loans	354.52	331.04	299.45	335.19	330.30	337.19	354.07
Allowance to non-performing assets	265.91	253.17	214.30	235.81	260.67	245.72	263.28
Liquidity and Capital Ratios:							
Loans to deposits	96.33	102.23	103.84	103.28	104.86	104.92	104.93
Equity to assets	9.51	10.18	10.72	10.38	10.54	10.58	10.44
Tier 1 Capital	11.54	11.76	11.38	10.43	10.04	10.34	9.87
Total Capital	12.73	12.95	12.53	13.06	12.44	12.92	12.19
Leverage	10.24	10.86	10.86	10.09	9.78	9.97	9.64

(1) Consists of net interest income, non-interest income and reimbursable items, excluding securities gains (losses).

- (2) Includes reimbursable items, and with respect to the year ended December 31, 2002, impairment loss on private equity investment of \$8.4 million (pre-tax).
- (3) For our Financial Services segment, which excludes TSYS.
- (4) Returns for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2004 and 2005 are annualized.
- (5) Determined by dividing dividends declared (excluding those of TSYS) by consolidated net income.

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This exchange offer is intended to satisfy our obligations under the registration rights agreement. We will not receive any proceeds from the exchange offer. You will receive, in exchange for old notes tendered by you and accepted by us in the exchange offer, new notes in the same principal amount. The old notes surrendered in exchange for the new notes will be retired and cancelled and cannot be reissued. Accordingly, the issuance of the new notes will not result in any increase of our outstanding debt.

RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

The following table shows the ratio of earnings to fixed charges of our company on a consolidated basis. The ratio of earnings to fixed charges has been computed by dividing:

income before income taxes plus minority interest in TSYS net income plus fixed charges, by

fixed charges.

Fixed charges represent interest expense, either including or excluding interest on deposits as set forth below, and one-third of net rental expense, which has been deemed to be equivalent to interest on long-term debt. Interest expense, other than on deposits, includes interest on long-term debt, federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase, mortgages, commercial paper and other funds borrowed.

	Year Ended December 31,					Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2004	2005
Including interest on deposits	1.79x	2.01x	2.72x	3.10x	3.36x	3.49x	2.83x
Excluding interest on deposits	4.55x	6.02x	8.20x	8.37x	9.11x	9.33x	7.82x

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CERTAIN REGULATORY CONSIDERATIONS

Bank holding companies, financial holding companies and banks are regulated extensively under federal and state law. In addition, our non-bank subsidiaries are also subject to regulation under federal and state law. The following discussion sets forth some of the elements of the regulatory framework applicable to us. Additional information regarding supervision and regulation is included in the section entitled "Supervision, Regulation and Other Factors" in the Form 10-K. See "Where You Can Find More Information." The regulatory framework is intended primarily for the protection of depositors and the Bank Insurance Fund and not for the protection of security holders and creditors.

General

We are a registered bank holding company and financial holding company subject to supervision and regulation by the Federal Reserve Board under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 and by the Department of Banking and Finance of the State of Georgia, which we refer to as the Georgia Banking Department, under the bank holding company laws of the State of Georgia. We became a financial holding company under the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act of 1999, which we refer to as the GLB Act, in April 2000. Our subsidiary national banking associations are subject to regulation and examination primarily by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, which we refer to as the OCC, and, secondarily, by the FDIC and the Federal Reserve Board. Our state-chartered banks which are not members of the Federal Reserve System are subject to primary federal regulation and examination by the FDIC. Our state-chartered banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System are subject to primary federal regulation and examination by the Federal Reserve Board. Numerous other federal and state laws, as well as regulations promulgated by the Federal Reserve Board, the state banking regulators, the OCC and the FDIC, govern almost all aspects of the operations of our bank subsidiaries. Various federal and state bodies regulate and supervise our non-bank subsidiaries including our brokerage, investment advisory, insurance agency and processing operations. These include, but are not limited to, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., which we refer to as the NASD, federal and state banking regulators and various state regulators of insurance and brokerage activities.

As a bank holding company, our right to receive any distributions of assets of any subsidiary, upon that subsidiary's liquidation or reorganization or otherwise (and thus your right to benefit indirectly from such distribution), is subject to the prior claims of creditors of that subsidiary, except to the extent we are also recognized as a creditor of that subsidiary. For example, if any of our bank subsidiaries is liquidated or reorganized, the bank subsidiary's lenders and depositors would have the right to receive payment in full from the bank subsidiary before we received payment. In addition, the notes are not secured by any of the assets of our subsidiaries. At March 31, 2005, our subsidiaries had total indebtedness and other liabilities of approximately \$22.4 billion, which includes approximately \$19.1 billion of deposit liabilities.

Dividends

As a business corporation under the laws of the State of Georgia, we may declare and pay dividends in cash or property unless the payment or declaration would be contrary to restrictions contained in our Articles of Incorporation, and unless, after payment of the dividend, we would not be able to pay our debts when they become due in the usual course of our businesses or our total assets would be less than the sum of our total liabilities. We are also subject to certain contractual and regulatory capital restrictions that limit the amount of cash dividends that we may pay.

The primary sources of funds for payment of principal and interest on our debt obligations (including the notes), for payment of dividends to our shareholders and for payment of our corporate expenses are dividends and fees paid to us from our bank subsidiaries and non-bank affiliates. Various federal and state statutory provisions and regulations limit the amount of dividends that our bank subsidiaries may pay.

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Under the regulations of the Georgia Banking Department, a Georgia bank must have approval of the Georgia Banking Department to pay cash dividends if, at the time of such payment:

the ratio of Tier 1 Capital to adjusted total assets is less than 6%;

the aggregate amount of dividends to be declared or anticipated to be declared during the current calendar year exceeds 50% of its net after-tax profit before dividends for the previous calendar year; or

its total classified assets in its most recent regulatory examination exceeded 80% of its Tier 1 Capital plus its allowance for loan losses, as reflected in the examination.

In general, the approval of the Alabama Banking Department, Florida Office of Financial Regulation or the Tennessee Department of Financial Institutions, as applicable, is required if the total of all dividends declared by an Alabama, Florida or Tennessee bank, as the case may be, in any year would exceed the total of its net profits, as defined by the regulatory agencies, for that year combined with its retained net profits for the preceding two years less any required transfers to surplus. In addition, the approval of the OCC is required for a national bank to pay dividends in excess of the bank's retained net income, as defined by the OCC, for the current year plus retained net income for the preceding two years. Approval of the Federal Reserve Board is required for payment of any dividend by a state-chartered bank that is a member of the Federal Reserve System (sometimes referred to as a state member bank) if the total of all dividends declared by the bank in any calendar year would exceed the total of its net profits, as defined by regulatory agencies, for that year combined with its retained net profits for the preceding two years. In addition, a state member bank may not pay a dividend in an amount greater than its net profits then on hand.

Some of our bank subsidiaries have in the past been required to secure prior regulatory approval for the payment of dividends to us in excess of regulatory limits and may be required to seek approval for the payment of dividends to us in excess of those limits in the future. If prior regulatory approvals are sought, there is no assurance that any such regulatory approvals will be granted.

Federal and state banking regulations applicable to us and our bank subsidiaries require minimum levels of capital which limit the amounts available for payment of dividends. It is our present intention to continue to pay dividends on our common stock in an amount that results in a dividend payout ratio of at least 40%. We (including our predecessors) have paid cash dividends on our common stock in every year since 1891. Under restrictions imposed under federal and state laws, our bank subsidiaries could declare aggregate dividends to us of approximately \$295 million during 2005 without obtaining regulatory approval.

Capital Requirements

We are required to comply with the capital adequacy standards established by the Federal Reserve Board and our bank subsidiaries must comply with similar capital adequacy standards established by the OCC, the FDIC and the Federal Reserve Board, as applicable. As a financial holding company, we and each of our subsidiaries are required to maintain capital levels required for a well-capitalized institution. See the section entitled Prompt Corrective Action below.

There are two basic measures of capital adequacy for bank holding companies and their bank subsidiaries that have been promulgated by the Federal Reserve Board, the FDIC and the OCC: a risk-based measure and a leverage measure. All applicable capital standards must be satisfied for a bank holding company or a bank to be considered in compliance.

The bank regulatory agencies use a risk-adjusted calculation to aid them in their determination of capital adequacy by weighting assets based on the credit risk associated with on- and off-balance sheet assets. The majority of our risk-weighted assets are on-balance sheet assets in the form of loans. Approximately 12% of risk-weighted assets are considered off-balance sheet assets and primarily consist of letters of credit and loan commitments that we enter into in the normal course of business. Capital is categorized into two types: Tier I and Tier II.

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In addition to the risk-based capital standards, a minimum leverage ratio (also referred to as the Tier I leverage ratio) of 4% is required for the highest-rated financial holding companies that are not undertaking significant expansion programs. An additional 1% to 2% may be required for other companies, depending upon their regulatory ratings and expansion plans. The leverage ratio is defined as Tier I capital divided by quarterly average assets, net of certain intangibles.

At March 31, 2005, our Total risk-based capital ratio was 12.19%, our Tier I capital ratio was 9.84% and our Tier I leverage ratio was 9.64%. Each of these ratios exceeds the current requirements under the Federal Reserve Board's capital guidelines.

Each of our bank subsidiaries is subject to similar risk-based and leverage capital requirements adopted by its applicable federal banking agency, and each was in compliance with the applicable minimum capital requirements as of March 31, 2005.

Failure to meet capital guidelines could subject a bank to a variety of enforcement remedies, including issuance of a capital directive, the termination of deposit insurance by the FDIC, a prohibition on the taking of brokered deposits and other restrictions on its business. As described below, substantial additional restrictions can be imposed upon FDIC-insured depository institutions that fail to meet applicable capital requirements. See Prompt Corrective Action below.

Commitments to Bank Subsidiaries

Under the Federal Reserve Board's policy, we are expected to act as a source of financial strength to our bank subsidiaries and to commit resources to support our bank subsidiaries in circumstances when we might not do so absent that policy. In addition, any capital loans by us to any of our bank subsidiaries would also be subordinate in right of payment to depositors and to certain other indebtedness of that bank.

In the event of our bankruptcy, any commitment by us to a federal bank regulatory agency to maintain the capital of a bank subsidiary will be assumed by the bankruptcy trustee and entitled to a priority of payment. In addition, the Federal Deposit Insurance Act provides that any financial institution whose deposits are insured by the FDIC generally will be liable for any loss incurred by the FDIC in connection with the default of, or any assistance provided by the FDIC to, a commonly controlled financial institution. All of our bank subsidiaries are FDIC-insured institutions.

Prompt Corrective Action

The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Improvement Act of 1991, which we refer to as the FDIC Improvement Act, establishes a system of prompt corrective action to resolve the problems of undercapitalized institutions. Under this system the federal banking regulators are required to rate supervised institutions on the basis of five capital categories as described below. The federal banking regulators are also required to take mandatory supervisory actions, and are authorized to take other discretionary actions, with respect to institutions in the three undercapitalized categories, the severity of which will depend upon the capital category in which the institution is placed. Generally, subject to a narrow exception, the FDIC Improvement Act requires the banking regulator to appoint a receiver or conservator for an institution that is critically undercapitalized. The federal banking agencies have specified by regulation the relevant capital level for each category.

Under the FDIC Improvement Act, the Federal Reserve Board, the FDIC, the OCC and the Office of Thrift Supervision have adopted regulations setting forth a five-tier scheme for measuring the capital adequacy of the financial institutions they supervise. Under the regulations, an institution would be placed in one of the following five capital categories:

well capitalized – an institution that has a Total risk-based capital ratio of at least 10%, a Tier 1 capital ratio of at least 6% and a Tier 1 leverage ratio of at least 5%;

adequately capitalized – an institution that has a Total risk-based capital ratio of at least 8%, a Tier 1 capital ratio of at least 4% and a Tier 1 leverage ratio of at least 4%;

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undercapitalized an institution that has a Total risk-based capital ratio of under 8%, a Tier 1 capital ratio of under 4% or a Tier 1 leverage ratio of under 4%;

significantly undercapitalized an institution that has a Total risk-based capital ratio of under 6%, a Tier 1 capital ratio of under 3% or a Tier 1 leverage ratio of under 3%; and

critically undercapitalized an institution whose tangible equity is not greater than 2% of total tangible assets.

The regulations permit the appropriate federal banking regulator to downgrade an institution to the next lower category if the regulator determines (1) after notice and opportunity for hearing or response, that the institution is in an unsafe or unsound condition or (2) that the institution has received and not corrected a less-than-satisfactory rating for any of the categories of asset quality, management, earnings or liquidity in its most recent examination. Supervisory actions by the appropriate federal banking regulator depend upon an institution's classification within the five categories. Our management believes that we and our bank subsidiaries have the requisite capital levels to qualify as well capitalized institutions under the FDIC Improvement Act regulations.

The FDIC Improvement Act generally prohibits a depository institution from making any capital distribution, including payment of a dividend or paying any management fee to its holding company, if the depository institution would thereafter be undercapitalized. Undercapitalized depository institutions are subject to restrictions on borrowing from the Federal Reserve System. In addition, undercapitalized depository institutions are subject to growth limitations and are required to submit capital restoration plans. A depository institution's holding company must guarantee the capital plan, up to an amount equal to the lesser of 5% of the depository institution's assets at the time it becomes undercapitalized or the amount of the capital deficiency when the institution fails to comply with the plan. Federal banking agencies may not accept a capital plan without determining, among other things, that the plan is based on realistic assumptions and is likely to succeed in restoring the depository institution's capital. If a depository institution fails to submit an acceptable plan, it is treated as if it is significantly undercapitalized.

Significantly undercapitalized depository institutions may be subject to a number of requirements and restrictions, including orders to sell sufficient voting stock to become adequately capitalized, requirements to reduce total assets and cessation of receipt of deposits from correspondent banks. Critically undercapitalized depository institutions are subject to appointment of a receiver or conservator.

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THE EXCHANGE OFFER

Purpose and Effect of the Exchange Offer

We sold the old notes on June 20, 2005, pursuant to a purchase agreement, which we refer to in this prospectus as the purchase agreement, dated as of June 15, 2005, among us and Banc of America Securities LLC, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., which we refer to in this prospectus as the initial purchasers. The initial purchasers subsequently sold the old notes to qualified institutional buyers, as defined in Rule 144A under the Securities Act, in reliance on Rule 144A.

As a condition to the initial sale of the old notes, we and the initial purchasers entered into a registration rights agreement dated as of June 20, 2005. Pursuant to the registration rights agreement, we agreed to:

file with the SEC a registration statement under the Securities Act with respect to the new notes with the SEC by September 18, 2005;

use our reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to become effective under the Securities Act on or before December 17, 2005;

commence the exchange offer promptly after the registration statement has been declared effective and to keep the exchange offer open for not less than 20 business days and not more than 30 business days after the date notice thereof is mailed to the holders of the old notes (or, in each case, longer if required by applicable law); and

use our reasonable best efforts to keep the registration statement continuously effective under the Securities Act, supplemented and amended as required to ensure that it is available for sales of new notes for the one-year period following consummation of the exchange offer.

The registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part has been filed with the SEC to satisfy our obligations under the registration rights agreement.

We agreed to issue and exchange the new notes for all old notes validly tendered and not validly withdrawn before the expiration of the exchange offer. We are sending this prospectus, together with the letter of transmittal, to all the beneficial holders known to us. For each old note validly surrendered to us pursuant to the exchange offer and not validly withdrawn, the holder will receive a new note having a principal amount equal to that of the surrendered old note. A copy of the registration rights agreement has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement which includes this prospectus. The registration statement is intended to satisfy some of our obligations under the registration rights agreement.

The term holder with respect to the exchange offer means any person in whose name old notes are registered on the trustee's books or any other person who has obtained a properly completed bond power from the registered holder, or any person whose old notes are held of record by The Depository Trust Company, which we refer to as the Depository or DTC, who desires to deliver the old note by book-entry transfer at DTC.

Resale of the New Notes

We believe that you will be allowed to resell the new notes to the public without registration under the Securities Act, and without delivering a prospectus that satisfies the requirements of Section 10 of the Securities Act, if you can make the representations set forth below under The Exchange Offer Procedures for Tendering Old Notes. However, if you intend to participate in a distribution of the new notes, or you are an affiliate of us as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act, you must comply with the registration requirements of the Securities Act and deliver a prospectus, unless an exemption from registration is otherwise available to you. You have to represent to us in the letter of transmittal accompanying this prospectus that you meet the conditions exempting you from the registration requirements.

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We base our view on interpretations by the staff of the SEC in no-action letters issued to other issuers in exchange offers like ours. However, we have not asked the SEC to consider this particular exchange offer in the context of a no-action letter. Therefore, you cannot be sure that the SEC will treat it in the same way it has treated other exchange offers in the past.

A broker-dealer that has bought old notes for market-making or other trading activities has to deliver a prospectus in order to resell any new notes it receives for its own account in the exchange. This prospectus may be used by a broker-dealer to resell any of its new notes. We have agreed in the registration rights agreement to send this prospectus to any broker-dealer that requests copies for a period starting on the expiration date and ending on the close of business one year after the expiration date. See Plan of Distribution for more information regarding broker-dealers.

The exchange offer is not being made to, nor will we accept surrenders for exchange from, holders of old notes in any jurisdiction in which this exchange offer or the acceptance of the exchange offer would not be in compliance with the securities or blue sky laws.

Terms of the Exchange Offer

General. Based on the terms and conditions set forth in this prospectus and in the letter of transmittal, we will accept any and all old notes validly tendered and not validly withdrawn before the expiration date.

Subject to the minimum denomination requirements of the new notes, we will issue \$1,000 principal amount of new notes in exchange for each \$1,000 principal amount of outstanding old notes validly tendered pursuant to the exchange offer and not validly withdrawn before the expiration date. Holders may tender some or all of their old notes pursuant to the exchange offer. However, old notes may be tendered only in amounts that are integral multiples of \$1,000 principal amount.

The form and terms of the new notes are the same as the form and terms of the old notes except that:

the new notes will be registered under the Securities Act and, therefore, the new notes will not bear legends restricting the transfer of the new notes; and

holders of the new notes will not be entitled to any of the registration rights of holders of old notes under the registration rights agreement, which rights will terminate upon the consummation of the exchange offer, or to the additional interest provisions of the registration rights agreement.

The new notes will evidence the same indebtedness as the old notes, which they replace, and will be issued under, and be entitled to the benefits of, the same indenture that governs the old notes. As a result, both the new notes and the old notes will be treated as a single series of debt securities under the indenture. The exchange offer does not depend on any minimum aggregate principal amount of old notes being surrendered for exchange.

As of the date of this prospectus, \$450,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of the old notes is outstanding, all of which is registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC. Solely for reasons of administration, we have fixed the close of business on [], 2005 as the record date for the exchange offer for purposes of determining the persons to whom we will initially mail this prospectus and the letter of transmittal. There will be no fixed record date for determining holders of the old notes entitled to participate in this exchange offer.

As a holder of old notes, you do not have any appraisal or dissenters' rights or any other right to seek monetary damages in court under the Georgia Business Corporation Code or the indenture governing the notes. We intend to conduct the exchange offer in accordance with the provisions of the registration rights agreement, the applicable requirements of the Exchange Act, and the related rules and regulations of the SEC. Old notes that are not surrendered for exchange in the exchange offer will remain outstanding and interest on these notes will continue to accrue.

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We will be deemed to have accepted validly surrendered old notes if and when we give oral or written notice of our acceptance to The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., which is acting as the exchange agent. The exchange agent will act as agent for the tendering holders of old notes for the purpose of receiving the new notes from us.

If you surrender old notes in the exchange offer, you will not be required to pay brokerage commissions or fees. In addition, subject to the instructions in the letter of transmittal, you will not have to pay transfer taxes for the exchange of old notes. We will pay all charges and expenses in connection with the exchange offer, other than certain applicable taxes described under Fees and Expenses.

Expiration Date; Extensions; Amendments

The expiration date means 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on [], 2005, unless we extend the exchange offer, in which case the expiration date is the latest date and time to which we extend the exchange offer.

In order to extend the exchange offer, we will:

notify the exchange agent of any extension by oral or written communication; and

issue a press release or other public announcement, which will report the approximate number of old notes deposited, before 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the next business day after the previously scheduled expiration date.

During any extension of the exchange offer, all old notes previously surrendered and not withdrawn will remain subject to the exchange offer.

We reserve the right:

to delay accepting any old notes (including in the event that the terms of the exchange offer are materially altered and the exchange offer is extended);

to amend the terms of the exchange offer in any manner;

to extend the exchange offer; or

if, in the opinion of our counsel, the consummation of the exchange offer would violate any law or interpretation of the staff of the SEC, to terminate or amend the exchange offer by giving oral or written notice to the exchange agent.

Any delay in acceptance, extension, termination or amendment will be followed as soon as practicable by a press release or other public announcement. If we amend the exchange offer in a manner that we determine constitutes a material change, we will promptly disclose that amendment by means of a prospectus supplement that will be distributed to the registered holders of the old notes, and we will extend the exchange offer for a period of time that we will determine, depending upon the significance of the amendment and the manner of disclosure to the registered holders, if the exchange offer would have otherwise expired.

We will have no obligation to publish, advertise or otherwise communicate any public announcement that we may choose to make, other than by making a timely release to an appropriate news agency.

In all cases, issuance of the new notes for old notes that are accepted for exchange will be made only after timely receipt by the exchange agent of a properly completed and duly executed letter of transmittal or a book-entry confirmation with an agent's message, in each case, with all other required documents. However, we reserve the absolute right to waive any conditions of the exchange offer which we, in our reasonable discretion, determine are not satisfied, or any defects or irregularities in the surrender of old notes. All conditions to the exchange offer will be satisfied or waived prior to the expiration of the exchange offer. If a waiver constitutes a material change to the exchange offer, we will promptly disclose the waiver by means of a prospectus supplement that will be distributed to the registered holders of the old notes and we will extend the exchange offer for at least five business days. If we do not accept any

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surrendered old notes for any reason set forth in the terms and conditions of the exchange offer or if you submit old notes for a greater principal amount than you want to exchange, we will return the unaccepted or non-exchanged old notes to you, or substitute old notes evidencing the unaccepted or non-exchanged portion, as appropriate. We will deliver new notes to tendering holders of old notes that are accepted for exchange and we will return any old notes that we do not accept for exchange for any reason to their tendering holder promptly after expiration or termination of the exchange offer. See Return of Old Notes.

Procedures for Tendering Old Notes

If you wish to surrender old notes you must:

complete and sign the letter of transmittal or send a timely confirmation of a book-entry transfer of old notes to the exchange agent;

have the signatures on the letter of transmittal guaranteed if required by the letter of transmittal; and

mail or deliver the required documents to the exchange agent at its address set forth in the letter of transmittal for receipt before the expiration date.

In addition, either:

certificates for old notes must be received by the exchange agent along with the letter of transmittal;

a timely confirmation of a book-entry transfer of old notes into the exchange agent's account at DTC, pursuant to the procedure for book-entry transfer described below, must be received by the exchange agent before the expiration date; or

you must comply with the procedures described below under Guaranteed Delivery Procedures.

If you do not withdraw your surrender of old notes before the expiration date, it will indicate an agreement between you and Synovus Financial Corp. that you have agreed to surrender the old notes, in accordance with the terms and conditions in the letter of transmittal.

The method of delivery of old notes, the letter of transmittal and all other required documents to the exchange agent is at your election and risk. Instead of delivery by mail, we recommend that you use an overnight or hand delivery service, properly insured, with return receipt requested. In all cases, you should allow sufficient time to assure delivery to the exchange agent before the expiration date. Do not send any letter of transmittal or old notes to us. You may request that your broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company or nominee effect the above transactions for you.

If you are a beneficial owner of the old notes and you hold those old notes through a broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company or other nominee and you want to surrender your old notes, you should contact that intermediary promptly and instruct it to surrender the old notes on your behalf.

Generally, an eligible institution must guarantee signatures on a letter of transmittal unless:

you tender your old notes as the registered holder, which term includes any participant in DTC whose name appears on a security listing as the owner of old notes, and the new notes issued in exchange for your old notes are to be issued in your name and delivered to you at your registered address appearing on the security register for the old notes; or

you surrender your old notes for the account of an eligible institution.

An eligible institution is:

a member firm of a registered national securities exchange or of the NASD;

a commercial bank or trust company having an office or correspondent in the United States; or

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an eligible guarantor institution as defined by Rule 17Ad-15 under the Exchange Act. In each instance, the entity must be a member of one of the signature guarantee programs identified in the letter of transmittal in order to guarantee signatures on a letter of transmittal.

If the new notes or unexchanged old notes are to be delivered to an address other than that of the registered holder appearing on the security register for the old notes, an eligible institution must guarantee the signature in the letter of transmittal.

Your surrender will be deemed to have been received as of the date when:

the exchange agent receives a properly completed and signed letter of transmittal accompanied by the old notes, or a confirmation of book-entry transfer of the old notes into the exchange agent's account at DTC with an agent's message; or

the exchange agent receives a notice of guaranteed delivery from an eligible institution.

Issuances of new notes in exchange for old notes surrendered pursuant to a notice of guaranteed delivery or letter to similar effect by an eligible institution will be made only against submission of a duly signed letter of transmittal, and any other required documents, and deposit of the surrendered old notes, or confirmation of a book-entry transfer of the old notes into the exchange agent's account at DTC pursuant to the book-entry procedures described below.

We will make the determination regarding all questions relating to the validity, form, eligibility, including time of receipt, acceptance and withdrawal of surrendered old notes, and our determination will be final and binding on all parties.

We reserve the absolute right to reject any and all old notes improperly surrendered. We will not accept any old notes if our acceptance of them would, in the opinion of our counsel, be unlawful. We also reserve the absolute right to waive any defects, irregularities or conditions of surrender as to any particular old note. Our interpretation of the terms and conditions of the exchange offer, including the instructions in the letter of transmittal, will be final and binding on all parties. Unless waived, you must cure any defects or irregularities in connection with surrenders of old notes within the time we determine. Although we intend to notify holders of defects or irregularities in connection with surrenders of old notes, neither we, the exchange agent, nor anyone else will incur any liability for failure to give that notice. Surrenders of old notes will not be deemed to have been made until any defects or irregularities have been cured or waived.

We have no current plan to acquire any old notes that are not surrendered in the exchange offer or to file a registration statement to permit resales of any old notes that are not surrendered pursuant to the exchange offer. We reserve the right in our sole discretion to purchase or make offers for any old notes that remain outstanding after the expiration date. To the extent permitted by law, we also reserve the right to purchase old notes in the open market, in privately negotiated transactions, or otherwise. The terms of any future purchases or offers could differ from the terms of the exchange offer.

Pursuant to the letter of transmittal, if you elect to surrender old notes in exchange for new notes, you must exchange, assign and transfer the old notes to us and irrevocably constitute and appoint the exchange agent as your true and lawful agent and attorney-in-fact with respect to the surrendered old notes, with full power of substitution, among other things, to cause the old notes to be assigned, transferred and exchanged. By executing the letter of transmittal, you make the representations and warranties set forth below to us. By executing the letter of transmittal you also promise, on our request, to execute and deliver any additional documents that we consider necessary to complete the transactions described in the letter of transmittal.

Under existing interpretations of the SEC contained in several no-action letters to third parties, we believe that the new notes will be freely transferable by the holders, other than our affiliates, after the

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exchange offer without further registration under the Securities Act; *provided, however*, that each holder who wishes to exchange its old notes for new notes will be required to represent to us:

that the holder has full power and authority to tender, exchange, assign and transfer the old notes surrendered;

that we will acquire good title to the old notes being surrendered, free and clear of all security interests, liens, restrictions, charges, encumbrances, conditional sale agreements or other obligations relating to their sale or transfer, and not subject to any adverse claim when we accept the old notes;

that the holder is acquiring the new notes in the ordinary course of its business;

that the holder is not engaging in and does not intend to engage in a distribution of the new notes;

that the holder has no arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in the distribution of the new notes;

that the holder acknowledges and agrees that if it is a broker-dealer registered under the Exchange Act or it is participating in the exchange offer for the purpose of distributing the new notes, it must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with a secondary resale of the new notes, and that the holder cannot rely on the position of the SEC's staff set forth in its no-action letters;

that the holder understands that a secondary resale transaction described above and any resales of new notes obtained by it in exchange for old notes acquired by it directly from us should be covered by an effective registration statement containing the selling security holder information required by Item 507 or 508, as applicable, of Regulation S-K of the SEC; and

that the holder is not an affiliate, as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act, of us, or, if the holder is an affiliate, that it will comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act to the extent applicable.

If the holder is a broker-dealer and it will receive new notes for its own account in exchange for old notes that it acquired as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities, it will be required to acknowledge in the letter of transmittal that it will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of the new notes. See Plan of Distribution.

Participation in the exchange offer is voluntary. You are urged to consult your financial and tax advisors in making your decision on whether to participate in the exchange offer.

Return of Old Notes

If any old notes are not accepted for any reason described in this prospectus, or if old notes are withdrawn or are submitted for a greater principal amount than you want to exchange, the exchange agent will return the unaccepted, withdrawn or non-exchanged old notes to you or, in the case of old notes surrendered by book-entry transfer, into an account for your benefit at DTC, unless otherwise provided in the letter of transmittal. The old notes will be credited to an account maintained with DTC as promptly as practicable.

Book-Entry Transfer

The exchange agent will make a request to establish an account with respect to the old notes at DTC for purposes of the exchange offer within two business days after the date of this prospectus. Any financial institution that is a participant in DTC's system may make book-entry delivery of old notes by causing DTC to transfer the old notes into the exchange agent's account at DTC in accordance with DTC's procedures for transfer. To effectively tender notes through DTC, the financial institution that is a participant in DTC will electronically transmit its acceptance through the Automatic Transfer Offer Program (ATOP). DTC will then edit and verify the acceptance and send an agent's message to the exchange agent for its acceptance. An agent's message is a message transmitted by DTC to the

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agent stating that DTC has received an express acknowledgment from the participant in DTC tendering the old notes that the participant has received and agrees to be bound by the terms of the letter of transmittal, and that we may enforce this agreement against the participant.

A delivery of old notes through a book-entry transfer into the exchange agent's account at DTC will only be effective if an agent's message or the letter of transmittal with any required signature guarantees and any other required documents is transmitted to and received by the exchange agent at its address set forth in the letter of transmittal for receipt before the expiration date unless the guaranteed delivery procedures described below are complied with. Delivery of documents to DTC does not constitute delivery to the exchange agent.

Guaranteed Delivery Procedures

If you wish to surrender your old notes and (1) your old notes are not immediately available so that you can meet the expiration date deadline, (2) you cannot deliver your old notes or other required documents to the exchange agent before the expiration date, or (3) the procedure for book-entry transfer cannot be completed on a timely basis, you may nonetheless participate in the exchange offer if:

you surrender your notes through an eligible institution;

before the expiration date, the exchange agent receives from the eligible institution a properly completed and duly executed notice of guaranteed delivery substantially in the form provided by us, by mail or hand delivery, showing the name and address of the holder, the name(s) in which the old notes are registered, the certificate number(s) of the old notes, if applicable, and the principal amount of old notes surrendered; the notice of guaranteed delivery must state that the surrender is being made by the notice of guaranteed delivery and guaranteeing that, within five New York Stock Exchange trading days after the expiration date, the letter of transmittal, together with the certificate(s) representing the old notes, in proper form for transfer, or a book-entry confirmation with an agent's message, as the case may be, and any other required documents, will be delivered by the eligible institution to the exchange agent; and

the properly executed letter of transmittal, as well as the certificate(s) representing all surrendered old notes, in proper form for transfer, or a book-entry confirmation, as the case may be, and all other documents required by the letter of transmittal are received by the exchange agent within five New York Stock Exchange trading days after the expiration date.

Unless old notes are surrendered by the above-described method and deposited with the exchange agent within the time period set forth above, we may, at our option, reject the surrender. The exchange agent will send you a notice of guaranteed delivery upon your request if you want to surrender your old notes according to the guaranteed delivery procedures described above.

Withdrawal of Tenders of Old Notes

You may withdraw your surrender of old notes at any time before the expiration date.

To withdraw old notes surrendered in the exchange offer, the exchange agent must receive a written notice of withdrawal at its address set forth below before the expiration date. Any notice of withdrawal must:

specify the name of the person having deposited the old notes to be withdrawn;

identify the old notes to be withdrawn, including the certificate number or numbers, if applicable, and principal amount of the old notes;

contain a statement that the holder is withdrawing the election to have the old notes exchanged;

be signed by the holder in the same manner as the original signature on the letter of transmittal used to surrender the old notes; and

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specify the name in which any old notes are to be registered, if different from that of the registered holder of the old notes and, unless the old notes were tendered for the account of an eligible institution, the signatures on the notice of withdrawal must be guaranteed by an eligible institution. If old notes have been surrendered pursuant to the procedure for book-entry transfer, any notice of withdrawal must specify the name and number of the account at DTC.

We, in our reasonable discretion, will make the final determination on all questions regarding the validity, form, eligibility and time of receipt of notices of withdrawal, and our determination will bind all parties. Any old notes withdrawn will be deemed not to have been validly surrendered for purposes of the exchange offer and no new notes will be issued in exchange unless the old notes so withdrawn are validly surrendered again. Properly withdrawn old notes may be surrendered again by following one of the procedures described above under Procedures for Tendering Old Notes at any time before the expiration date. Any old notes that are not accepted for exchange will be returned at no cost to the holder or, in the case of old notes surrendered by book-entry transfer, into an account for your benefit at DTC pursuant to the book-entry transfer procedures described above, as soon as practicable after withdrawal, rejection of surrender or termination of the exchange offer.

Additional Obligations

We may be required, under certain circumstances, to file a shelf registration statement. See Registration Rights below. In any event, we are under a continuing obligation, for the one-year period following consummation of the exchange offer, to keep the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part effective and to provide copies of the latest version of this prospectus to any broker-dealer that requests copies for use in a resale, subject to our ability to suspend the effectiveness of any registration statement as described in the registration rights agreement and as described below under Registration Rights.

Conditions of the Exchange Offer

Notwithstanding any other term of the exchange offer, or any extension of the exchange offer, we do not have to accept for exchange, or exchange new notes for, any old notes, and we may terminate the exchange offer before acceptance of the old notes, if:

any statute, rule or regulation has been enacted or any action has been taken by any court or governmental authority that, in our reasonable judgment, seeks to or would prohibit, restrict or otherwise render consummation of the exchange offer illegal; or

any change, or any development that would cause a change, in our business or financial affairs has occurred that, in our reasonable judgment, might materially impair our ability to proceed with the exchange offer or that would materially impair the contemplated benefits to us, such as providing a more liquid market for the new notes than the old notes, of the exchange offer; or

a change occurs in the current interpretations by the staff of the SEC that, in our reasonable judgment, might materially impair our ability to proceed with the exchange offer.

If we, in our reasonable discretion, determine that any of the above conditions is not satisfied, we may: refuse to accept any old notes and return all surrendered old notes to the surrendering holders;

extend the exchange offer and retain all old notes surrendered before the expiration date, subject to the holders right to withdraw the surrender of the old notes; or

waive any unsatisfied conditions regarding the exchange offer and accept all properly surrendered old notes that have not been withdrawn. If this waiver constitutes a material change to the exchange offer, we will promptly disclose the waiver by means of a prospectus supplement that will be distributed to the registered holders of the old notes, and we will extend the exchange offer for at least five business days if the exchange offer would have otherwise expired.

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Exchange Agent

We have appointed The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as exchange agent for the exchange offer. Questions and requests for assistance, requests for additional copies of this prospectus or of the letter of transmittal and requests for notices of guaranteed delivery should be directed to the exchange agent at the following addresses:

By Overnight Courier or Mail:

The Bank of New York
Corporate Trust Department
101 Barclay Street -
7 East
New York, NY 10286
Attn: David A. Mauer
*(if by mail, registered or
certified recommended)*

By Hand:

The Bank of New York
Corporate Trust Department
101 Barclay Street -
Lobby Window Level
New York, NY 10286
Attn: David A. Mauer

By Facsimile:

(212) 298-1915
Attn: David A. Mauer

*To Confirm by
Telephone:*

(212) 815-3687
David A. Mauer

Fees and Expenses

We will bear the expenses of soliciting tenders. The principal solicitation is being made by mail; however, additional solicitation may be made by facsimile, telephone or in person by our officers and regular employees or by officers and employees of our affiliates. No additional compensation will be paid to any officers and employees who engage in soliciting tenders.

We have not retained any dealer-manager or other soliciting agent for the exchange offer and will not make any payments to brokers, dealers or others soliciting acceptance of the exchange offer. We will, however, pay the exchange agent reasonable and customary fees for its services and will reimburse it for related, reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. We may also reimburse brokerage houses and other custodians, nominees and fiduciaries for reasonable out-of-pocket expenses they incur in forwarding copies of this prospectus, the letter of transmittal and related documents.

We will pay all expenses incurred in connection with the performance of our obligations in the exchange offer, including registration fees, fees and expenses of the exchange agent, the transfer agent and registrar, and printing costs, among others.

We will pay all transfer taxes, if any, applicable to the exchange of the old notes. If, however, new notes, or old notes for principal amounts not surrendered or accepted for exchange, are to be delivered to, or are to be issued in the name of, any person other than the registered holder of the old notes surrendered, or if a transfer tax is imposed for any reason other than the exchange, then the amount of any transfer taxes will be payable by the person surrendering the notes. If you do not submit satisfactory evidence of payment of those taxes or exemption from payment of those taxes with the letter of transmittal, the amount of those transfer taxes will be billed directly to you.

Consequences of Failure to Exchange

Old notes that are not exchanged will remain restricted securities within the meaning of Rule 144(a)(3) of the Securities Act. Accordingly, they may not be offered, sold, pledged or otherwise transferred except:

to us or to any of our subsidiaries;

inside the United States to a qualified institutional buyer in compliance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act;

inside the United States to an institutional accredited investor that, before the transfer, furnishes to the trustee a signed letter containing certain representations and agreements relating to the restrictions on transfer of the old notes, the form of which you can obtain from the trustee and, if such transfer is in respect of an aggregate principal amount of old notes at the time of transfer of

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less than \$100,000, an opinion of counsel acceptable to us that the transfer complies with the Securities Act; outside the United States in compliance with Rule 904 under the Securities Act; pursuant to the exemption from registration provided by Rule 144 under the Securities Act, if available; or pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act. The liquidity of the old notes could be adversely affected by the exchange offer.

Accounting Treatment

For accounting purposes, we will recognize no gain or loss as a result of the exchange offer. We will amortize the expenses of the exchange offer and the unamortized expenses related to the issuance of the old notes over the remaining term of the notes.

Registration Rights

In accordance with the terms of the registration rights agreement, if:
because of any change in law or in currently prevailing interpretations of the staff of the SEC, we are not permitted to effect an exchange offer;

for any other reason the exchange offer is not completed by January 16, 2006;

in certain circumstances, certain holders of unregistered new notes so request; or

in the case of any holder that participates in the exchange offer, such holder does not receive new notes on the date of the exchange that may be sold without restriction under state and federal securities laws (other than due solely to the status of such holder as an affiliate of ours or within the meaning of the Securities Act),

then we will, at our cost,

as promptly as practicable, file a shelf registration statement covering resales of the old notes or the new notes, as the case may be;

cause the shelf registration statement to be declared effective under the Securities Act; and

use our reasonable best efforts to keep the shelf registration statement effective until two years after its effective date or such shorter period that will terminate when all of the notes covered by the shelf registration statement have been resold pursuant to the shelf registration statement.

If we file a shelf registration statement, we will provide each holder of the old notes and the new notes with copies of the prospectus that is a part of the shelf registration statement, notify each holder when the shelf registration statement has become effective and take other actions that are required to permit unrestricted resales of the notes. A holder that sells notes pursuant to the shelf registration statement will be required to be named as a selling security holder in the related prospectus and to deliver a prospectus to purchasers, will be subject to certain of the civil liability provisions under Securities Act in connection with such sales and will be bound by the provisions of the registration rights agreement that are applicable to a holder selling notes pursuant to the shelf registration statement, including certain indemnification rights and obligations.

Additional interest will become payable in respect of the notes if:

- (1) the exchange offer registration statement is not declared effective by the SEC by December 17, 2005;
- (2) the exchange offer is not consummated by January 16, 2006; or