

JACUZZI BRANDS INC
Form 10-Q
May 10, 2005

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**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended April 2, 2005

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: **1-14557**

JACUZZI BRANDS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

22-3568449
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

777 S. Flagler Drive; Suite 1100W
West Palm Beach, FL 33401
(Address of principal executive offices)

(561) 514-3838
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days:

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act):

Yes No

As of April 30, 2005 Jacuzzi Brands, Inc. had one class of common stock, of which 76,696,322 shares were outstanding.

JACUZZI BRANDS, INC.

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Table of Contents**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements****JACUZZI BRANDS, INC.**

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS
(in millions, except per share data)
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	March 31,		March 31,	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
		(Restated)		(Restated)
Net sales	\$ 337.6	\$ 332.9	\$ 650.7	\$ 636.7
Operating costs and expenses:				
Cost of products sold	238.1	234.8	455.7	446.5
Selling, general and administrative expenses	77.0	77.1	150.7	146.8
Restructuring charges	1.2	3.0	4.0	5.7
Operating income	21.3	18.0	40.3	37.7
Interest expense	(12.4)	(12.5)	(24.5)	(25.5)
Interest income	0.2	3.0	1.2	3.5
Other income (expense), net	(0.9)	1.2	(0.2)	1.5
Earnings before income taxes	8.2	9.7	16.8	17.2
Provision for income taxes	(0.4)	(3.8)	(3.7)	(6.7)
Earnings from continuing operations	7.8	5.9	13.1	10.5
Discontinued operations:				
Loss from operations (net of tax benefit of \$0.2)				(0.6)
Loss from disposal (net of tax benefit of \$0.2)	(0.3)		(0.3)	
Net earnings	\$ 7.5	\$ 5.9	\$ 12.8	\$ 9.9
Basic earnings (loss) per share:				
Continuing operations	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.14
Discontinued operations				(0.01)
	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.13

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Diluted earnings (loss) per share:

Continuing operations	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.14
Discontinued operations				(0.01)
	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.13

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Table of Contents**JACUZZI BRANDS, INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(in millions)

	March 31, 2005 (unaudited)	September 30, 2004 (Restated)
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 26.2	\$ 39.6
Trade receivables, net	244.9	247.7
Inventories	229.1	195.4
Deferred income taxes	30.0	30.3
Assets held for sale	2.6	3.6
Other current assets	39.4	23.7
Total current assets	572.2	540.3
Property, plant and equipment, net	126.8	124.9
Pension assets	150.6	150.3
Insurance for asbestos claims	171.0	171.0
Goodwill	284.2	281.7
Other intangibles, net	59.1	59.7
Other non-current assets	28.7	44.9
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,392.6	\$ 1,372.8
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Notes payable	\$ 20.2	\$ 21.1
Current maturities of long-term debt	29.7	3.9
Trade accounts payable	119.5	123.7
Income taxes payable	20.8	18.3
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	121.3	134.4
Total current liabilities	311.5	301.4
Long-term debt	440.9	446.8
Deferred income taxes	23.3	25.9
Asbestos claims	171.0	171.0
Other non-current liabilities	134.5	138.4
Total liabilities	1,081.2	1,083.5
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders equity	311.4	289.3

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY	\$ 1,392.6	\$ 1,372.8
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Table of Contents**JACUZZI BRANDS, INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****(in millions)****(unaudited)**

	Six months ended March 31	
	2005	2004
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net cash used in operating activities of continuing operations	\$ (28.6)	\$ (1.9)
Net cash used in operating activities of discontinued operations		(1.9)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(28.6)	(3.8)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from sale of business, net		4.5
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(11.3)	(8.3)
Proceeds from sale of excess real estate and other non-operating assets	7.1	3.0
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	0.1	0.3
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(4.1)	(0.5)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from long-term debt	46.8	31.5
Repayment of long-term debt	(26.9)	(25.3)
Payment of financing fees		(1.3)
Payment to cancel options	(0.2)	
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock for option exercises	0.2	0.5
Decrease in notes payable, net	(1.8)	(3.3)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	18.1	2.1
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	1.2	(2.2)
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(13.4)	(4.4)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	39.6	31.2
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 26.2	\$ 26.8

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

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JACUZZI BRANDS, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Tabular amounts in millions)
(unaudited)

Note 1-Basis of Presentation

We manufacture and distribute a broad range of consumer and industrial products through our operating subsidiaries in three business segments—Bath Products, Plumbing Products and Rexair. Please refer to **Note 14** regarding our business segments.

We operate on a 52- or 53-week fiscal year ending on the Saturday nearest to September 30. The three- and six-month periods presented in our condensed consolidated financial statements reflect the 13-week and 26-week or 27-week periods ending on the Saturday nearest March 31 of the respective year, but are presented as of March 31 for convenience. The fiscal periods presented in this report on Form 10-Q, which consist of the 13 weeks and 26 weeks ended March 31, 2005 (also referred to as the second quarter of 2005 and first half of 2005) and the 13 weeks and 27 weeks ended March 31, 2004 (also referred to as the second quarter of 2004 and first half of 2004), are unaudited. However, in our opinion, these financial statements reflect all normal, recurring adjustments necessary to provide a fair presentation of our financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. These interim financial statements are condensed, and thus, do not include all of the information and footnotes required by United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for presentation of a complete set of financial statements. The balance sheet as of October 2, 2004 (referred to as September 30, 2004 for convenience) has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for a complete set of financial statements.

These interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results that should be expected for the full year. For a better understanding of Jacuzzi Brands, Inc. and our financial statements, the condensed interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended October 2, 2004, which are included in our 2004 Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed on December 10, 2004.

Any potential variable interest entity (VIE) in which we hold a variable interest has been assessed to determine whether the VIE should be consolidated into our results based on criteria established by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) in Interpretation No. 46, *Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an Interpretation of ARB No. 51* (FIN 46). We have evaluated our interests in our wholly-owned subsidiaries and continue to consolidate them under the guidelines set forth in ARB No. 51, *Consolidated Financial Statements*, and FASB Statement No. 94, *Consolidation of All Majority-Owned Subsidiaries*. We have also completed an evaluation of all of our variable interests and believe that we do not have any interests in VIEs, as defined by FIN 46. However, even after exhaustive efforts, we have been unable to obtain information from Woodlands Ventures, LLC (Woodlands), a property developer from whom we obtained a \$9.3 million note receivable upon the sale of a property in October 2002, that would allow us to assess whether the entity is a VIE. We will continue to make exhaustive efforts to obtain the information necessary to complete our evaluation. We believe it is highly unlikely that we would be considered the primary beneficiary if it is determined that Woodlands is a VIE.

Certain amounts have been reclassified in our prior year consolidated financial statements to conform them to the presentation used in the current year.

Restatement

Upon the sale of Spear & Jackson in September 2002, we retained 3,543,281 common shares of the buyer which subsequently changed its name to Spear & Jackson (SJ). We have been subject to restrictions on the voting of these shares and have not been involved in the management or operations of SJ. Previously, we accounted for our investment in SJ as an available for sale security and recorded unrealized gains or losses in comprehensive income as its market value fluctuated. In the second quarter of 2005, our ownership interest increased from 29.5% to 61.8% of SJ s outstanding shares. As a result, we changed the accounting for our investment in SJ to the equity method, which required that we restate our prior period results. In the third quarter of fiscal 2005, for reasons discussed below, we will consolidate SJ into our financial statements and include their operating results in discontinued operations.

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JACUZZI BRANDS, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(Tabular amounts in millions)
(unaudited)

Note 1-Basis of Presentation (continued)

In the second quarter of 2005, SJ's former CEO was required to return his common shares to SJ as part of a settlement reached with the SEC. As the number of SJ's outstanding shares decreased, our ownership percentage increased. We continued to be subject to voting restrictions. Thus, we changed the accounting for our investment in SJ to the equity method as prescribed by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 18, *The Equity Method of Accounting for Investments in Common Stock* (APB No. 18). We have restated prior periods and eliminated inter-company transactions as a result of this change in accounting. The book value of our investment in SJ approximated its market value, as determined by the share price, at March 31, 2005. The carrying value of our investment differed from the underlying equity in the net assets of SJ by \$11.6 million at March 31, 2005. This basis difference is attributable to our interest in SJ's long-lived assets. APB No. 18 requires that future equity earnings be adjusted for the difference over the useful lives of the identified assets.

On April 11, 2005, subsequent to the end of our second quarter, SJ agreed to the termination of the agreement that was restricting our ability to vote all of our shares. We agreed to provide SJ and its affiliates (except Dennis Crowley and his spouse) with a general release of liability. The termination of the agreement gave us a majority voting interest in SJ. We will consolidate SJ into our consolidated financial statements in accordance with Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51, *Consolidated Financial Statements* (ARB 51) beginning in the third quarter of fiscal 2005.

On April 15, 2005, we adopted a plan to dispose of our investment in SJ. As a result, we will account for SJ as a discontinued operation in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144, *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets* (SFAS 144) beginning in the third quarter of fiscal 2005. This accounting treatment will require that SJ's historical and future operating results be reported as a discontinued operation. Therefore, the consolidation of SJ's operating results will not have an impact on our continuing operations in future periods.

A reconciliation of the net earnings and earnings per share previously reported in our condensed consolidated statements of earnings for the second quarter and first half of fiscal 2004 to the net earnings and earnings per share in this Report on Form 10-Q is provided as follows:

	As Reported	Equity Method Adjustments	As Restated
Net earnings			
Second quarter of 2004	\$ 5.9	\$	\$ 5.9
First half of 2004	9.3	0.6	9.9
Basic earnings per share			
Second quarter of 2004	\$ 0.08	\$	\$ 0.08
First half of 2004	0.12	0.01	0.13
Diluted earnings per share			
Second quarter of 2004	\$ 0.08	\$	\$ 0.08

First half of 2004 0.12 0.01 0.13

A reconciliation of the amounts previously reported in our consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2004 to the amounts in this Report on Form 10-Q is provided as follows:

	As Reported	Equity Method Adjustments	As Restated
Other non-current assets	\$ 43.9	\$ 1.0	\$ 44.9
Total assets	\$ 1,371.8	\$ 1.0	\$ 1,372.8
Deferred income taxes	\$ 25.1	\$ 0.8	\$ 25.9
Total liabilities	\$ 1,082.7	\$ 0.8	\$ 1,083.5
Stockholders equity	\$ 289.1	\$ 0.2	\$ 289.3
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 1,371.8	\$ 1.0	\$ 1,372.8

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JACUZZI BRANDS, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(Tabular amounts in millions)
(unaudited)

Note 1-Basis of Presentation (continued)

Subsequent Events

On May 6, 2005, we entered into an agreement to sell 70% of our investment in Rexair in a transaction valued at \$170 million. We will receive net cash proceeds of approximately \$145 million, and we anticipate recording an after tax gain, net of debt retirement costs, of approximately \$24 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2005. Capital loss carryforwards will be used to offset the gain on the sale for tax purposes. We will begin accounting for our retained investment in Rexair under the equity method of accounting as prescribed by APB No. 18 upon completion of the sale.

Note 2- New Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2005, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 47, *Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations* (FIN 47). This Interpretation clarifies that conditional asset retirement obligations meet the definition of a liability and should be recognized when incurred if the fair value can be reasonably estimated. FIN 47 also provides guidance as to when an entity would have sufficient information to reasonably estimate the fair value of an asset retirement obligation. FIN 47 is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2005. We do not expect the adoption of FIN 47 to have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In December 2004, the FASB issued Statement No. 153, *Exchange of Non-monetary Assets an Amendment of APB Opinion No. 29* (SFAS No. 153). This Statement amends APB Opinion No. 29, *Accounting for Non-monetary Transactions*, to eliminate the exception for non-monetary exchanges of similar productive assets and replaces it with a general exception for exchanges of non-monetary assets that do not have commercial substance. Under this Statement, a non-monetary exchange has commercial substance if the future cash flows of the entity are expected to change significantly as a result of the exchange. SFAS No. 153 will become effective for non-monetary asset exchanges occurring in fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2005. We do not expect the adoption of SFAS No. 153 to have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In December 2004, the FASB issued Statement No. 123 (revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment* (SFAS No. 123R). This Statement is a revision of FASB Statement No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation* (SFAS No. 123), and supersedes APB Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees* (APB No. 25), and its related implementation guidance. Under SFAS No. 123R, entities are required to recognize the cost of an equity award based on its fair value at the date of grant. The cost, which is calculated in a similar manner to the pro forma calculation shown in **Note 10**, is recognized over the attribution period, which is the expected period of benefit. SFAS No. 123R is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005. SFAS No. 123R allows a company to choose among three different methods of adoption, which range from full restatement of prior period results to prospective application beginning in the period of adoption. We are currently in the process of assessing the impact on our financial position and results of operations of alternative fair value methodologies and alternative methods of adoption.

In December 2004, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. FAS 109-1, *Application of FASB Statement No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, to the Tax Deduction on Qualified Production Activities Provided by the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004* (the Act) (FSP No. 109-1), and FASB Staff Position No. FAS 109-2, *Accounting and Disclosure Guidance for the Foreign Earnings Repatriation Provision within the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004* (FSP

No. 109-2). FSP No. 109-1 provides that the tax deduction on qualified production activities allowed under the Act should be treated as a special deduction rather than a tax rate deduction. The Act allows us to begin taking this deduction beginning in fiscal 2006. We have not yet assessed the impact these potential tax deductions will have on our financial position and results of operations. FSP No. 109-2 provides accounting and disclosure guidance for a special one-time dividends received deduction allowed on the repatriation of certain foreign earnings to a U.S. taxpayer, provided certain criteria are met. This guidance became effective for us in the first quarter of 2005; however, it allows for an exception to the requirement to reflect in the period of enactment the effect of a new tax law. We have a policy of repatriating foreign earnings. In addition, various provisions under the Internal Revenue Code have created situations that result in deemed dividends. We have not completed our evaluation of the potential benefits of these deductions under the Act. We anticipate completing our study in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2005. The law requires that we distribute the deemed dividends before any dividends are eligible for the tax deduction. We currently have approximately \$25.2 million of deemed dividends that have not been distributed. As of September 30, 2004, we had approximately \$16.1 million of un-repatriated earnings that would qualify for the new dividend deduction. Given the level of actual and deemed dividends over the past five years, we do not expect the impact to be material to our financial position or results of operations.

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JACUZZI BRANDS, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(Tabular amounts in millions)
(unaudited)

Note 2- New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

In November 2004, FASB Statement No. 151, *Inventory Costs, an Amendment of ARB No. 43, Chapter 4* (SFAS No. 151), was issued. The amendments made by SFAS No. 151 clarify that abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling costs and wasted materials (spoilage) should be recognized as current-period charges and require the allocation of fixed production overhead to inventory based on the normal capacity of the production facilities. SFAS No. 151 will become effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005. We do not expect the adoption of SFAS No. 151 to have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

Note 3-Inventories

Inventories consist of the following:

	March 31, 2005	September 30, 2004
Finished products	\$ 159.2	\$ 132.1
In-process products	15.4	13.1
Raw materials	54.5	50.2
	\$ 229.1	\$ 195.4

Note 4-Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

As of March 31, 2005 we had goodwill of \$284.2 million compared to \$281.7 million at September 30, 2004. The increase in the goodwill balance is due to exchange rate fluctuations.

Identifiable intangible assets, which are included in the Rexair segment, are comprised of:

	March 31, 2005			September 30, 2004	
	Estimated Life	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization
Patented technology	10 years	\$ 2.6	\$ 0.9	\$ 2.6	\$ 0.8
Distributor network	40 years	36.0	3.3	36.0	2.8
Trade name	Indefinite	24.7		24.7	
Total identifiable intangible assets		\$ 63.3	\$ 4.2	\$ 63.3	\$ 3.6

Note 5-Other Non-current Assets

In March 2005, we sold a \$5.0 million, 6% convertible note receivable, which we obtained from PolyAir Interpak, Inc. in conjunction with the sale of our swimming pool and equipment business in May 2003. We received \$4.4 million in net proceeds from the sale resulting in a \$0.7 million loss. The loss is included in other income (expense), net.

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JACUZZI BRANDS, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(Tabular amounts in millions)
(unaudited)

Note 6-Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	March 31, 2005	September 30, 2004
Senior Notes	\$ 380.0	\$ 380.0
Bank Facilities:		
Asset-based credit facility	28.2	2.5
Term loan	57.4	61.8
Other long-term debt	5.0	6.4
	470.6	450.7
Less: current maturities	(29.7)	(3.9)
Long-term debt	\$ 440.9	\$ 446.8

The 9.625% senior secured notes (Senior Notes), which were previously registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act, were de-registered on March 2, 2005. The Senior Notes are due on July 1, 2010 and require the payment of interest of \$18.3 million on January 1 and July 1 of each year.

The term loan matures July 15, 2009 and bears interest at LIBOR plus 5.0%. The weighted-average interest rate associated with the term loan was 7.3% for the first half of 2005 and 9.25% for the first half of 2004. The asset-based credit facility matures on July 15, 2008 and currently bears interest at 2.25% over LIBOR or 0.25% over Prime. The weighted-average interest rate associated with the asset-based credit facility was 5.0% for the first half of 2005 and 3.8% for the first half of 2004.

Under the asset-based credit facility, we can borrow up to \$200.0 million subject to a borrowing base consisting of eligible accounts receivable and eligible inventory, plus eligible trademarks. At March 31, 2005, we had approximately \$133.9 million available to be borrowed under the asset-based facility, of which we had utilized approximately \$69.3 million (including \$41.1 million of letters of credit), leaving \$64.6 million available for additional borrowings. In addition, we have outstanding foreign commercial letters of credit of \$2.5 million which do not affect the availability under the asset-based credit facility.

We paid \$23.6 million of interest on our borrowings in the first half of 2005. Additional information regarding our long-term debt structure can be found in our 2004 Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed on December 10, 2004.

Note 7-Commitments and Contingencies*Warranties*

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We record a reserve for future warranty costs based on current unit sales, historical experience and management's judgment regarding anticipated rates of warranty claims and cost per claim. The adequacy of the recorded warranty reserves is assessed each quarter and adjustments are made as necessary. The specific terms and conditions of the warranties vary depending on the products sold and the countries in which we do business.

Changes in our warranty reserves during the first half of 2005 are as follows:

At September 30, 2004	\$ 25.6
Warranty accrual	6.7
Cash payments	(8.6)
At March 31, 2005	\$ 23.7

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JACUZZI BRANDS, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(Tabular amounts in millions)
(unaudited)

Note 7-Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Guarantees & Indemnifications

In connection with the sale of Ames True Temper in January 2002, we continue to guarantee the lease payments of their master distribution center. The lease obligation will expire in 2015. The scheduled lease payments totaled \$3.7 million for fiscal 2004, and increase by 2.25% each year thereafter. We obtained a security interest and indemnification from Ames True Temper on the lease that would enable us to exercise remedies in the event of default. We have not been called upon to make any payments under this guarantee.

We have sold a number of assets and businesses over the last several years and have, on occasion, provided indemnifications for liabilities relating to product liability, environmental, insurance, tax and other claims. We have recorded reserves totaling approximately \$19.6 million as of March 31, 2005 for asserted and potential unasserted claims related to these liabilities. These amounts have not been discounted.

We have an agreement with a third party financing company to repurchase any new or salable spas returned to us within twelve months of the original sale date. The costs associated with this agreement have been minimal to date.

Environmental Matters

We are subject to numerous foreign, federal, state and local laws and regulations concerning such matters as zoning, health and safety and protection of the environment. Laws and regulations protecting the environment may in certain circumstances impose strict liability, rendering a person liable for environmental damage without regard to negligence or fault on the part of such person. In addition, from time to time, we may receive notices of violation or may be denied applications for environmental licenses or permits because the practices of the operating unit are not consistent with regulations or ordinances.

Our subsidiaries have made capital and maintenance expenditures over time to comply with these laws and regulations. While the amount of expenditures in future years will depend on legal and technological developments which cannot be predicted at this time, these expenditures may progressively increase if regulations become more stringent. In addition, while future costs for compliance cannot be predicted with precision, no information currently available reasonably suggests that these expenditures will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

We are investigating and remediating contamination at a number of present and former operating sites under the Federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA or Superfund), the Federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act or comparable state statutes or agreements with third parties. These proceedings are in various stages ranging from initial investigations to active settlement negotiations to the cleanup of sites. We have been named as a potentially responsible party at a number of Superfund sites under CERCLA or comparable state statutes. Under these statutes, responsibility for the entire cost of cleanup of a contaminated site can be imposed upon any current or former site owner or operator, or upon any party who sent waste to the site, regardless of the lawfulness of the original activities that led to the contamination. No information currently available reasonably suggests that projected expenditures associated with any of these proceedings or any remediation of these sites will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash

flows.

As of March 31, 2005, we had accrued approximately \$4.7 million (\$1.8 million accrued as current liabilities and \$2.9 million as non-current liabilities), including \$1.4 million for discontinued operations, for environmental liabilities. These amounts are net of \$9.4 million held in escrow and have not been discounted. We accrue an amount for each case when the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome is probable and the amount of loss associated with such unfavorable outcome is reasonably estimable. We believe that the range of liability for these matters could reach \$18.6 million if it included cases where the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome is only reasonably possible.

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JACUZZI BRANDS, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(Tabular amounts in millions)
(unaudited)

Note 7-Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Litigation

We and our subsidiaries are parties to legal proceedings that we believe to be either ordinary, routine litigation incidental to the business of present and former operations or immaterial to our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Certain of our subsidiaries are defendants or plaintiffs in lawsuits that have arisen in the normal course of business. While certain of these matters involve substantial amounts, it is management's opinion, based on the advice of counsel, that the ultimate resolution of such litigation will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

We reached an agreement to recover \$3.5 million of warranty costs from the previous owners of the Sundance Spas business. The excess recovery of \$2.2 million reduced our warranty expense in the second quarter of 2005.

In June 1998, we acquired Zurn Industries, Inc. (Zurn), which operates as one of our wholly-owned subsidiaries. At the time of the acquisition, Zurn had itself owned various subsidiaries. Zurn, along with many other unrelated companies, is a co-defendant in numerous asbestos related lawsuits pending in the U.S. Plaintiffs' claims primarily allege personal injuries allegedly caused by exposure to asbestos used primarily in industrial boilers formerly manufactured by a segment of Zurn that has been accounted for as a discontinued operation. Zurn did not manufacture asbestos or asbestos components. Instead, Zurn purchased it from suppliers.

Federal legislation has been proposed that would remove asbestos claims from the current tort system and place them in a trust fund system. This trust would be funded by the insurers and defendant companies. There can be no assurance as to when or if this or any other legislation will be passed and become law or what, if any, the financial impact it could have on Zurn.

New claims filed against Zurn were lower period-over-period. During the second quarter and first half of 2005, approximately 4,400 and 6,600, respectively, new asbestos claims were filed against Zurn. During the second quarter and first half of 2004, approximately 6,700 and 15,100, respectively, new asbestos claims were filed against Zurn. As of March 31, 2005, the number of asbestos claims pending against Zurn was approximately 74,400 compared to 75,500 as of September 30, 2004. The pending claims against Zurn as of March 31, 2005 were included in approximately 7,700 lawsuits, in which Zurn and an average of 100 other companies are named as defendants, and which cumulatively allege damages of approximately \$10.4 billion against all defendants. The claims are handled pursuant to a defense strategy funded by Zurn's insurers. Defense costs currently do not erode the coverage amounts in the insurance policies, although a few policies that will be accessed in the future may count defense costs toward aggregate limits.

During the second quarter and first half of 2005 and as of the end of such periods, approximately 14,100 and 16,200 claims, respectively, were paid and/or pending payment and approximately 6,500 and 7,100 claims, respectively, were dismissed and/or pending dismissal. During the second quarter and first half of 2004 and as of the end of such period, approximately 18,000 and 22,900 claims, respectively, were paid and/or pending payment and approximately 1,100 and 1,400 claims, respectively, were dismissed and/or pending dismissal. Since Zurn received its first asbestos claim

in the 1980s, Zurn has paid or dismissed or agreed to settle or dismiss approximately 108,200 asbestos claims including dismissals or agreements to dismiss of approximately 17,100 of such claims through March 31, 2005.

Zurn used an independent economic consulting firm with substantial experience in asbestos liability valuations to assist in the estimation of Zurn's potential asbestos liability. At September 30, 2004, that firm estimated that Zurn's potential liability for asbestos claims pending against it and for claims estimated to be filed through 2014 is approximately \$171 million. That firm estimated Zurn will pay approximately \$127.6 million through 2014 on such claims, with the balance of the estimated liability being paid in subsequent years. As discussed below in more detail, Zurn expects all such payments to be paid by its carriers. The estimated liability of \$171 million is comprised of approximately (i) \$12 million in claims that had been settled but unpaid as of the end of fiscal 2004; (ii) \$26 million in proposed settlements of certain pending and future claims; and (iii) \$133 million for other pending and future claims.

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Note 7-Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

These asbestos liability estimates were based on the current and anticipated number of future asbestos claims, the timing and amounts of asbestos payments, the status of ongoing litigation and the potential impact of defense strategies and settlement initiatives. However, there are inherent uncertainties involved in estimating the number of future asbestos claims, future settlement costs, and the effectiveness of Zurn's defense strategies and settlement initiatives. In addition, Zurn's current estimate could be affected due to changes in law and other factors beyond its control. As a result, Zurn's actual liability could differ from Zurn's estimate described herein.

Zurn's current estimate of its asbestos liability of \$171 million for claims filed through 2014 assumes that (i) its continuous vigorous defense strategy will remain effective; (ii) new asbestos claims filed annually against it will decline modestly through 2014; (iii) the values by disease will remain consistent with past experience; and (iv) its insurers will continue to pay defense costs without eroding the coverage amounts of its insurance policies. While Zurn believes there is evidence, in recent claims settlements, for such an impact of a successful defense strategy, if the defense strategy ultimately is not successful to the extent assumed by Zurn, the severity and frequency of asbestos claims could increase substantially above Zurn's estimates. Further, while Zurn's current asbestos liability is based on an estimate of claims through 2014, such liability may continue beyond 2014, and such liability could be substantial.

Zurn estimates that its available insurance to cover its potential asbestos liability as of March 31, 2005 is approximately \$297 million. Zurn believes, based on its experience in defending and dismissing such claims and the coverage available, that it has sufficient insurance to cover the pending and reasonably estimable future claims. This conclusion was reached after considering Zurn's experience in asbestos litigation, the insurance payments made to date by Zurn's insurance carriers, existing insurance policies, the industry ratings of the insurers and the advice of insurance coverage counsel with respect to applicable insurance coverage law relating to the terms and conditions of those policies. As of March 31, 2005 and September 30, 2004, Zurn recorded a receivable from its insurance carriers of \$171 million, which corresponds to the amount of Zurn's potential asbestos liability that is covered by available insurance and is probable of recovery.

However, there is no assurance that \$297 million of insurance coverage will ultimately be available or that Zurn's asbestos liabilities will not ultimately exceed this amount. Factors that could cause a decrease in the amount of available coverage include changes in law governing the policies, potential disputes with the carriers on the scope of coverage, and insolvencies of one or more of Zurn's carriers.

Principally as a result of the past insolvency of certain of Zurn's insurance carriers, coverage analysis reveals that certain gaps exist in Zurn's insurance coverage, but only if and after Zurn uses approximately \$227 million of its remaining approximate \$297 million of insurance coverage. As noted above, the estimate of Zurn's potential liability for asbestos claims pending against it and for claims estimated to be filed through 2014 is \$171 million with the expected amount to be paid through 2014 being \$127.6 million. In order to use approximately \$272 million of the \$297 million of its insurance coverage from solvent carriers, Zurn estimates that it would need to satisfy approximately \$14 million of asbestos claims, with additional gaps of \$80 million layered within the final \$25 million of the \$297 million of coverage. We will pursue, if necessary, any available recoveries on our approximately \$148 million of coverage with insolvent carriers, which includes approximately \$83 million of coverage attributable to the gaps discussed above. These estimates are subject to the factors noted above.

After review of the foregoing with Zurn and its consultants, we believe that the resolution of Zurn's pending and reasonably estimable asbestos claims will not have a material adverse effect on Zurn's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

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Note 8 - Comprehensive Earnings

The components of comprehensive earnings are as follows:

	Second Quarter		First Half	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Net earnings	\$ 7.5	\$ 5.9	\$ 12.8	\$ 9.9
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	(3.6)	(0.4)	8.2	16.2
Net unrealized loss on investments, net of tax		(4.0)	(0.2)	0.1
Comprehensive earnings	\$ 3.9	\$ 1.5	\$ 20.8	\$ 26.2

Note 9 - Earnings Per Share

The information required to compute net earnings per basic and diluted share is as follows:

	Second Quarter		First Half	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Basic weighted-average number of common shares outstanding	75.5	75.0	75.3	74.9
Effect of potentially dilutive securities:				
Stock options	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Restricted stock	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.1
Diluted weighted-average number of common shares outstanding	76.5	75.7	76.5	75.5

Options to purchase 0.1 million shares in the first half of 2005 and options to purchase 1.5 million and 1.7 million shares in the second quarter and first half of 2004, respectively, were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the exercise prices of these options exceeded the average market price of the common shares during the respective periods. The effect of anti-dilutive options in the second quarter of 2005 was minimal.

Note 10 - Stock-Based Compensation

We apply APB No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*, and related Interpretations in accounting for our stock-based compensation plans. Thus, we use the intrinsic value method to determine the compensation cost for our stock-based awards. Had compensation cost for awards under our stock-based compensation plans been determined using the fair value method prescribed by SFAS No. 123, our net earnings and earnings per share would have been reduced to the pro forma amounts presented below:

Second Quarter **First Half**

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	2005	2004	2005	2004
Net earnings, as reported:	\$ 7.5	\$ 5.9	\$ 12.8	\$ 9.9
Stock-based employee compensation expense, net of tax	0.8	0.4	1.6	0.7
Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under the fair value method, net of tax	(0.9)	(0.4)	(2.0)	(1.1)
Pro forma net earnings	\$ 7.4	\$ 5.9	\$ 12.4	\$ 9.5
Earnings per share:				
Basic as reported	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.13
Basic pro forma	0.10	0.08	0.17	0.13
Diluted as reported	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.13
Diluted pro forma	0.10	0.08	0.16	0.13

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Note 10 - Stock-Based Compensation (continued)

These pro forma results are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected in future periods since additional options may be granted and the estimated fair value of the stock options is assumed to be amortized to expense over the expected option lives.

The pro forma information above was determined using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model based on the following assumptions:

- expected volatility rates of 61% for 2005 and 67% for 2004;
- risk-free interest rates of 3.4% for 2005 and 2.8% for 2004;
- expected option lives of 4 years for both years; and
- expected dividend yield of 0% for both years.

On December 1, 2004, in connection with an option exchange offer, we accepted for cancellation options to purchase 926,859 shares of our common stock, in exchange for 79,259 restricted shares of our common stock (restricted stock awards) and \$0.2 million in cash. Participants tendered 926,859 of the 936,834 options eligible for the exchange.

In accordance with EITF No. 00-23, *Issues Related to the Accounting for Stock Compensation under APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees* (EITF 00-23), and FASB Interpretation No. 44, *Accounting for Certain Transactions Involving Stock Compensation*, employee stock options issued within six months of the option exchange are considered replacement awards and are subject to variable accounting until the award is exercised, forfeited or canceled. As of March 31, 2005, no stock options had been issued to employees associated with this exchange that were deemed to be replacement awards and therefore subject to variable accounting.

EITF 00-23 also provides that variable accounting be applied for those awards that are retained by employees because the offer is declined, and continues until the award is exercised, is forfeited, or expires unexercised. We recorded less than \$0.1 million of compensation expense in the second quarter and first half of 2005 associated with the retained options.

The restricted stock awards granted in connection with this exchange offer will vest in quarterly increments over the next three years. The restricted stock awards value of \$0.8 million at the grant date is being amortized over the vesting period in tranches consistent with our accounting policy of recognizing expense for awards with graded vesting under the expense attribution method described in FASB Interpretation No. 28, *Accounting for Stock Appreciation Rights and Other Variable Stock Option or Award Plans*. We recognized amortization associated with these awards of \$0.4 million and \$0.5 million during the second quarter and first half of 2005, respectively. Amortization associated with all outstanding restricted stock awards totaled \$1.5 million and \$2.5 million in the second quarter and first half of 2005, respectively.

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Note 11 - Pension and Retirement Plans

We sponsor a number of non-contributory defined benefit pension plans and a number of defined contribution plans. Additionally, we provide other post-retirement benefits, such as health care and life insurance benefits, to certain groups of retirees, with most retirees contributing a portion of our costs.

The components of net periodic expense (income) for our defined benefit pension and other post-retirement benefit plans are as follows:

	Pension Plans			
	Second Quarter		First Half	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Service cost	\$ 2.1	\$ 2.0	\$ 4.1	\$ 4.0
Interest cost	5.7	5.3	11.5	10.5
Expected return on plan assets	(8.8)	(8.9)	(17.6)	(17.8)
Amortization of prior service cost	0.4	0.1	0.8	0.2
Amortization of net actuarial loss	1.4	0.6	2.8	1.2
Curtailment/settlements		0.4		0.4
Periodic expense of (income from) defined benefit plans	0.8	(0.5)	1.6	(1.5)
Defined contribution plans	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.7
Net periodic expense (income)	\$ 1.2	\$ (0.1)	\$ 2.4	\$ (0.8)

	Other Post-retirement Benefit Plans			
	Second Quarter		First Half	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Service cost	\$ 0.1	\$ 0.1	\$ 0.2	\$ 0.3
Interest cost	0.7	0.9	1.4	1.9
Amortization of prior service cost	(0.8)	(0.2)	(1.6)	(0.4)
Amortization of net actuarial loss	0.8	0.5	1.6	1.0
Curtailment/settlements		0.6		0.6
Net periodic expense	\$ 0.8	\$ 1.9	\$ 1.6	\$ 3.4

Our funding policy is to contribute amounts to our pension plans sufficient to meet the minimum funding requirements set forth in the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, plus such additional amounts as we may determine to be appropriate from time to time. During the first half of 2005, we contributed \$1.0 million to our foreign pension plans and expect to contribute another \$1.0 million during the remainder of fiscal 2005. We do not expect to make any contributions to our domestic pension plan during fiscal 2005.

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Note 12 - Restructuring Costs

The activity in the restructuring liability accounts by cost category is as follows:

	Lease and Contract-Related Costs	Severance and Related Costs	Total Costs
At September 30, 2004	\$ 7.9	\$ 4.5	\$ 12.4
Charges (credits)	(0.4)	4.4	4.0
Cash payments	(2.1)	(3.0)	(5.1)
At March 31, 2005	\$ 5.4	\$ 5.9	\$ 11.3

During the second quarter and first half of 2005, we recorded net restructuring charges of \$1.2 million and \$4.0 million, respectively. These charges included:

Plant shut down and restructuring costs associated with the closure of our Salem, OH manufacturing plant of \$0.1 million in the second quarter and \$0.2 million in the first half of 2005;

Restructuring charges associated with the downsizing of our Ford City, PA manufacturing plant of \$0.1 million in the second quarter and \$0.6 million in the first half of 2005;

Plant shut down and restructuring costs associated with the closure of our Tupelo, MS manufacturing plant of \$0.3 million in the second quarter and \$1.0 million in the first half of 2005, which includes a \$1.3 million reduction in our accrual for environmental restoration as a result of revised estimates; and

Severance related to the consolidation of our administrative functions into our shared services center in Dallas, TX of \$0.7 million in the second quarter and \$2.2 million in the first half of 2005, which was completed in the second quarter of 2005.

We expect to incur approximately \$1.8 million in additional restructuring charges during the remainder of fiscal 2005.

Approximately \$9.4 million of the accrued restructuring costs at March 31, 2005 are included in the balance sheet caption Accrued expenses and other current liabilities, while the remaining \$1.9 million are recorded in the balance sheet caption Other non-current liabilities. We expect the remaining accruals to be paid with cash over the next three years as provided by the severance and lease agreements.

Note 13-Income Taxes

Our effective tax rate in the first half of 2005 declined as a result of a \$2.9 million tax benefit recognized in the second quarter of 2005 upon completion of a Federal tax audit.

The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) has been conducting a separate audit of our tax returns for the fiscal years 1998 through 2002 since the first quarter of 2004. The IRS has not communicated any areas of concern or proposed any adjustments that were not previously identified and accrued. The IRS anticipates completing their audit in August 2005.

During the second quarter of 2004, we received a refund of \$4.0 million relating to the examination of the federal income tax returns for the fiscal years 1995 through 1997, which was already included in our tax rates in prior periods. In addition to the tax refund, we received \$2.5 million in interest relating to the refund, which was included in interest income in the second quarter and first half of 2004.

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Note 14-Segment Data

We currently operate as three reportable business segments, consisting of the Bath Products segment, the Plumbing Products segment and the Rexair segment. Our Bath Products segment manufactures whirlpool baths, spas, showers, sanitary ware, including sinks and toilets, and bathtubs for the construction and remodeling markets. Our Plumbing Products segment manufactures professional grade drainage, water control, commercial brass and PEX piping products for the commercial and institutional construction, renovation and facilities maintenance markets. Our Rexair segment manufactures premium vacuum cleaner systems that are sold in the direct sales retail channel. The following is a summary of the significant accounts and balances by segment, reconciled to the consolidated totals.

		Bath	Plumbing		Corporate	Consolidated
		Products	Products	Rexair	and	Total
					Other	
Net Sales						
Second Quarter	2005	\$ 227.9	\$ 82.1	\$ 27.6	\$	\$ 337.6
	2004	232.3	71.4	29.2		332.9
First Half	2005	\$ 440.4	\$ 158.9	\$ 51.4	\$	\$ 650.7
	2004	444.3	138.5	53.9		636.7
Total Operating Income (Loss)						
Second Quarter	2005	\$ 5.0	\$ 15.3	\$ 6.0	\$ (5.0)	\$ 21.3
	2004	2.5	12.1	6.7	(3.3)	18.0
First Half	2005	\$ 7.8	\$ 30.5	\$ 12.5	\$ (10.5)	\$ 40.3
	2004	8.5	24.4	12.7	(7.9)	37.7
Capital Expenditures						
Second Quarter	2005	\$ 5.6	\$ 1.3	\$ 0.1	\$ 0.1	\$ 7.1
	2004	2.9	0.9	0.1	0.5	4.4
First Half	2005	\$ 8.7	\$ 2.2	\$ 0.2	\$ 0.2	\$ 11.3
	2004	5.2	1.6	0.9	0.6	8.3
Depreciation and Amortization						
Second Quarter	2005	\$ 4.2	\$ 1.3	\$ 0.8	\$ 0.9	\$ 7.2
	2004	3.9	1.3	0.8	0.2	6.2
First Half	2005	\$ 8.2	\$ 2.7	\$ 1.6	\$ 1.9	\$ 14.4
	2004	7.5	2.6	1.6	0.3	12.0
Restructuring Charges Included in Operating Income (Loss)						
Second Quarter	2005	\$ 1.2	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1.2
	2004	3.3			(0.3)	3.0
First Half	2005	\$ 4.0	\$	\$	\$	\$ 4.0
	2004	5.7				5.7

Assets

As of March 31, 2005	\$ 689.7	\$ 204.5	\$ 154.8	\$ 343.6	\$ 1,392.6
As of September 30, 2004	670.5	197.4	158.3	346.6	1,372.8

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Note 15-Supplemental Joint Issuer and Guarantor Financial Information

The following represents the supplemental consolidating condensed financial statements of Jacuzzi Brands, Inc. (JBI), which is the issuer of our Senior Notes, the subsidiaries which are guarantors of the Senior Notes and our subsidiaries which are not guarantors of the Senior Notes as of March 31, 2005 and September 30, 2004 and for each of the three and six months ended March 31, 2005 and 2004. Certain of our existing and future domestic restricted subsidiaries guarantee the Senior Notes, jointly and severally, on a senior basis. The Senior Notes are secured by a first-priority lien on and security interest in substantially all of our domestic real property, plant and equipment (referred to as Notes Collateral). The Senior Notes are also secured by a second-priority lien on and security interest in the Bank Collateral (see our 2004 Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed on December 10, 2004). Separate consolidated financial statements of each guarantor are not presented, as we have determined that they would not be material to investors.

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2005				
	JBI	Combined Guarantor Subsidiaries	Combined Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Net sales	\$	\$ 243.3	\$ 97.1	\$ (2.8)	\$ 337.6
Operating costs and expenses:					
Cost of products sold		171.1	69.8	(2.8)	238.1
Selling, general and administrative expenses	4.7	50.7	21.6		77.0
Restructuring charges		1.2			1.2
Operating (loss) income	(4.7)	20.3	5.7		21.3
Interest expense	(12.0)	(0.2)	(0.2)		(12.4)
Interest income			0.2		0.2
Intercompany interest (expense) income, net	(3.8)	3.7	0.1		
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees, net	21.0	2.8		(23.8)	
Other (expense) income, net	(0.6)	0.5	(0.8)		(0.9)
Other intercompany (expense) income, net	0.1	(0.2)	0.1		
(Loss) earnings before income taxes and discontinued operations		26.9	5.1	(23.8)	8.2
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	7.8	(5.9)	(2.3)		(0.4)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	7.8	21.0	2.8	(23.8)	7.8
(Loss) income from discontinued operations	(0.3)	(0.3)		0.3	(0.3)
Net earnings	\$ 7.5	\$ 20.7	\$ 2.8	\$ (23.5)	\$ 7.5

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Note 15-Supplemental Joint Issuer and Guarantor Financial Information (Continued)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2004				
	JBI	Combined Guarantor Subsidiaries	Combined Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Net sales	\$	\$ 236.5	\$ 97.7	\$ (1.3)	\$ 332.9
Operating costs and expenses:					
Cost of products sold		167.9	68.2	(1.3)	234.8
Selling, general and administrative expenses	3.4	51.4	22.3		77.1
Restructuring charges	(0.3)	3.3			3.0
Operating (loss) income	(3.1)	13.9	7.2		18.0
Interest expense	(12.2)	(0.3)			(12.5)
Interest income	2.5	0.4	0.1		3.0
Intercompany interest (expense) income, net	(3.5)	5.2	(1.7)		
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees, net	16.5	(21.7)		5.2	
Other (expense) income, net		1.3	(0.1)		1.2
Other intercompany income (expense), net		0.3	(0.3)		
Earnings (loss) before income taxes and discontinued operations	0.2	(0.9)	5.2	5.2	9.7
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	5.7	(7.2)	(2.3)		(3.8)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	5.9	(8.1)	2.9	5.2	5.9
(Loss) income from discontinued operations		(39.1)	(24.6)	63.7	
Net earnings	\$ 5.9	\$ (47.2)	\$ (21.7)	\$ 38.1	\$ 5.9

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Note 15-Supplemental Joint Issuer and Guarantor Financial Information (Continued)

	For the Six Months Ended March 31, 2005				
	JBI	Combined Guarantor Subsidiaries	Combined Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Net sales	\$	\$ 468.2	\$ 188.2	\$ (5.7)	\$ 650.7
Operating costs and expenses:					
Cost of products sold		327.5	133.9	(5.7)	455.7
Selling, general and administrative expenses	10.0	100.2	40.5		150.7
Restructuring charges		4.0			4.0
Operating (loss) income	(10.0)	36.5	13.8		40.3
Interest expense	(23.6)	(0.4)	(0.5)		(24.5)
Interest income		0.4	0.8		1.2
Intercompany interest (expense) income, net	(7.6)	7.4	0.2		
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees, net	39.5	8.1		(47.6)	
Other (expense) income, net	(0.6)	(0.8)	1.2		(0.2)
Other intercompany (expense) income, net	(0.1)	0.8	(0.7)		
(Loss) earnings before income taxes and discontinued operations	(2.4)	52.0	14.8	(47.6)	16.8
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	15.5	(12.5)	(6.7)		(3.7)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	13.1	39.5	8.1	(47.6)	13.1
(Loss) income from discontinued operations	(0.3)	(0.3)		0.3	(0.3)
Net earnings	\$ 12.8	\$ 39.2	\$ 8.1	\$ (47.3)	\$ 12.8

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Note 15-Supplemental Joint Issuer and Guarantor Financial Information (Continued)

	For the Six Months Ended March 31, 2004				
	JBI	Combined Guarantor Subsidiaries	Combined Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Net sales	\$	\$ 460.5	\$ 179.0	\$ (2.8)	\$ 636.7
Operating costs and expenses:					
Cost of products sold		325.1	124.2	(2.8)	446.5
Selling, general and administrative expenses	7.5	99.5	39.8		146.8
Restructuring charges		5.7			5.7
Operating (loss) income	(7.5)	30.2	15.0		37.7
Interest expense	(24.8)	(0.5)	(0.2)		(25.5)
Interest income	2.6	0.7	0.2		3.5
Intercompany interest (expense) income, net	(7.0)	8.4	(1.4)		
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees, net	65.2	8.2		(73.4)	
Minority interest (expense) income	(30.8)	30.8			
Other income (expense), net		0.4	1.1		1.5
Other intercompany (expense) income, net	(0.1)		0.1		
(Loss) income before income taxes and discontinued operations	(2.4)	78.2	14.8	(73.4)	17.2
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	12.9	(13.0)	(6.6)		(6.7)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	10.5	65.2	8.2	(73.4)	10.5
(Loss) income from discontinued operations	(0.6)	(0.6)		0.6	(0.6)
Net earnings	\$ 9.9	\$ 64.6	\$ 8.2	\$ (72.8)	\$ 9.9

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(Tabular amounts in millions)
(unaudited)

Note 15-Supplemental Joint Issuer and Guarantor Financial Information (Continued)

	At March 31, 2005				
	JBI	Combined Guarantor Subsidiaries	Combined Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$ 7.7	\$ 18.5	\$	\$ 26.2
Trade receivables, net		151.5	93.4		244.9
Inventories		176.1	53.0		229.1
Deferred income taxes	7.0	21.9	1.1		30.0
Assets held for sale		2.6			2.6
Other current assets	10.9	13.3	15.2		39.4
Total current assets	17.9	373.1	181.2		572.2
Property, plant and equipment, net	1.2	72.9	52.7		126.8
Pension assets	150.6				150.6
Insurance for asbestos claims		171.0			171.0
Goodwill		229.2	55.0		284.2
Other intangibles, net		59.1			59.1
Other non-current assets	17.0	11.4	0.3		28.7
Investment in subsidiaries/ Intercompany receivable (payable), net	648.2	798.8	197.0	(1,644.0)	
Total assets	\$ 834.9	\$ 1,715.5	\$ 486.2	\$ (1,644.0)	\$ 1,392.6
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Notes payable	\$	\$	\$ 20.2	\$	\$ 20.2
Current maturities of long-term debt	28.2	1.5			29.7
Trade accounts payable		60.4	59.1		119.5
Income taxes payable	15.1	2.7	3.0		20.8
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	19.9	69.7	31.7		121.3
Total current liabilities	63.2	134.3	114.0		311.5
Long-term debt	437.4	3.5			440.9
Deferred income taxes	(13.8)	38.1	(1.0)		23.3

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Asbestos claims		171.0			171.0
Other non-current liabilities	36.7	68.6	29.2		134.5
Total liabilities	523.5	415.5	142.2		1,081.2
Commitments and contingencies					
Stockholders' equity	311.4	1,300.0	344.0	(1,644.0)	311.4
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 834.9	\$ 1,715.5	\$ 486.2	\$ (1,644.0)	\$ 1,392.6

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JACUZZI BRANDS, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(Tabular amounts in millions)
(unaudited)

Note 15-Supplemental Joint Issuer and Guarantor Financial Information (Continued)

	At September 30, 2004				
	JBI	Combined Guarantor Subsidiaries	Combined Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 0.9	\$ 1.0	\$ 37.7	\$	\$ 39.6
Trade receivables, net		155.6	92.1		247.7
Inventories		152.8	42.6		195.4
Deferred income taxes	29.3		1.0		30.3
Assets held for sale		3.6			3.6
Other current assets	3.3	8.7	11.7		23.7
Total current assets	33.5	321.7	185.1		540.3
Property, plant and equipment, net	1.1	73.9	49.9		124.9
Pension assets	150.3				150.3
Insurance for asbestos claims		171.0			171.0
Goodwill		229.2	52.5		281.7
Other intangibles, net		59.7			59.7
Other non-current assets	27.0	17.6	0.3		44.9
Investment in subsidiaries/ Intercompany receivable (payable), net	570.9	835.7	179.1	(1,585.7)	
Total assets	\$ 782.8	\$ 1,708.8	\$ 466.9	\$ (1,585.7)	\$ 1,372.8
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Notes payable	\$	\$	\$ 21.1	\$	\$ 21.1
Current maturities of long-term debt	2.5	1.4			3.9
Trade accounts payable	0.3	68.9	54.5		123.7
Income taxes payable	0.3	19.2	(1.2)		18.3
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	22.9	79.1	32.4		134.4
Total current liabilities	26.0	168.6	106.8		301.4
Long-term debt	441.8	5.0			446.8
Deferred income taxes	(11.5)	37.9	(0.5)		25.9

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Asbestos claims		171.0			171.0
Other non-current liabilities	37.2	73.2	28.0		138.4
Total liabilities	493.5	455.7	134.3		1,083.5
Commitments and contingencies					
Stockholders' equity	289.3	1,253.1	332.6	(1,585.7)	289.3
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 782.8	\$ 1,708.8	\$ 466.9	\$ (1,585.7)	\$ 1,372.8

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JACUZZI BRANDS, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(Tabular amounts in millions)
(unaudited)

Note 15-Supplemental Joint Issuer and Guarantor Financial Information (Continued)

	For the Six Months Ended March 31, 2005				Consolidated
	JBI	Combined Guarantor Subsidiaries	Combined Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 47.1	\$ (81.0)	\$ 5.3	\$	\$ (28.6)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(0.2)	(7.7)	(3.4)		(11.3)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		0.1			0.1
Proceeds from sale of excess real estate & other non operating assets		7.1			7.1
Net transfers with subsidiaries	(77.3)	17.9		59.4	
NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(77.5)	17.4	(3.4)	59.4	(4.1)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from long-term debt	46.8				46.8
Repayment of long-term debt	(25.5)	(1.4)			(26.9)
Payments for stock option exchange	0.2				0.2
Issuance of common stock options	(0.2)				(0.2)
Increase in notes payable, net			(1.8)		(1.8)
Net transfers with parent		77.3	(17.9)	(59.4)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	21.3	75.9	(19.7)	(59.4)	18.1
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	8.2	(5.6)	(1.4)		1.2
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(0.9)	6.7	(19.2)		(13.4)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	0.9	1.0	37.7		39.6
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ (0.0)	\$ 7.7	\$ 18.5	\$	\$ 26.2

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JACUZZI BRANDS, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(Tabular amounts in millions)
(unaudited)

Note 15-Supplemental Joint Issuer and Guarantor Financial Information (Continued)

	For the Six Months Ended March 31, 2004				
	JB	Combined Guarantor Subsidiaries	Combined Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)					
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 8.8	\$ (37.0)	\$ 24.4	\$	\$ (3.8)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from sale of businesses, net		2.4	2.1		4.5
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(0.5)	(4.9)	(2.9)		(8.3)
Proceeds from sale of excess real estate			3.0		3.0
Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets		0.2	0.1		0.3
Net transfers with subsidiaries	(14.8)	6.0		8.8	
NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(15.3)	3.7	2.3	8.8	(0.5)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from long-term debt	31.5				31.5
Repayment of other long-term debt	(24.1)	(1.2)			(25.3)
Payment of financing fees	(1.3)				(1.3)
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock for option exercises	0.5				0.5
Decrease in notes payable, net			(3.3)		(3.3)
Net transfers with parent		14.8	(6.0)	(8.8)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	6.6	13.6	(9.3)	(8.8)	2.1
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		10.7	(12.9)		(2.2)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	0.1	(9.0)	4.5		(4.4)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	0.2	2.9	28.1		31.2
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 0.3	\$ (6.1)	\$ 32.6	\$	\$ 26.8

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

(Tabular amounts in millions)

Disclosure Concerning Forward-Looking Statements

In December 1995, the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the Reform Act) was enacted by the United States Congress. The Reform Act, as amended, contains certain amendments to the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These amendments provide protection from liability in private lawsuits for forward-looking statements made by public companies. We choose to take advantage of the safe harbor provisions of the Reform Act.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains both historical information and other information. While we have specifically identified certain information as being forward-looking in the context of its presentation, we caution the reader that, with the exception of information that is clearly historical, all the information contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q should be considered to be forward-looking statements as referred to in the Reform Act. Without limitation, when we use the words believe, estimate, plan, expect, intend, anticipate, continue, probably, should, will and similar expressions, we intend to clearly express that the information deals with possible future events and is forward-looking in nature.

Forward-looking information involves risks and uncertainties. This information is based on various factors and assumptions about future events that may or may not actually come true. As a result, our operations and financial results in the future could differ substantially from those we have discussed in the forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report and other documents that have been filed or furnished with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In particular, various economic and competitive factors, including those outside our control, such as interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, inflation rates, instability in domestic and foreign financial markets, acts of war, terrorist acts, outbreak of new diseases, consumer spending patterns, energy costs and availability, freight costs, availability of consumer and commercial credit, adverse weather, levels of residential and commercial construction, changes in raw material and component costs and the creditworthiness of our customers, insurers and investees, could cause our actual results during the remainder of fiscal 2005 and in future years to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statement made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. In addition, under the heading Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, we describe various estimates and assumptions that we make that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, sales and expenses as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Future revisions to these estimates and assumptions may cause these amounts, when reported, to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statement made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, particularly with respect to statements relating to pension and other post-retirement benefits, asbestos liabilities, self-insurance reserves, inventories and trade receivables. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to Jacuzzi Brands, Inc. and our subsidiaries are expressly qualified in their entirety by the foregoing factors.

Results of Operations

Overview

Jacuzzi Brands, Inc., through our subsidiaries, is a leading global producer of branded bath and plumbing products for the residential, commercial and institutional markets. We currently operate as three business segments, consisting of the Bath Products segment, the Plumbing Products segment and the Rexair segment. Our Bath Products segment manufactures whirlpool baths, spas, showers, sanitary ware, including sinks and toilets, and bathtubs for the

construction and remodeling markets. Our Plumbing Products segment manufactures professional grade drainage, water control, commercial brass and PEX piping products for the commercial and institutional construction, renovation and facilities maintenance markets. Our Rexair segment manufactures premium vacuum cleaner systems sold through independent distributors in the direct sales retail channel. Subsequent to the end of the second quarter of 2005, we entered into an agreement to sell 70% of our investment in Rexair. As a result, we will begin accounting for Rexair under the equity method upon completion of the sale as prescribed by APB No. 18. (Refer to **Liquidity and Capital Resources** for more information regarding the Rexair sale.)

Demand for our products is primarily driven by new home starts, remodeling and commercial construction activity. Accordingly, many external factors affect our business including weather and the impact of the broader economy on our end markets. Weather is an important variable for us as it significantly impacts construction. The spring and summer months in the U.S. and Europe represent the main construction season for new housing starts and remodeling, as well as increased construction in the commercial and institutional markets. As a result, sales in our Bath Products and Plumbing Products segments increase in our third and fourth quarters as compared to the first two quarters of our fiscal year. The autumn and winter months generally impede construction and installation activity.

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Housing starts, consumer spending and remodeling expenditures have a major impact on the consumer-focused bath and spa businesses, of our Bath Products segment. The Bath Products segment generates the majority of its sales in the residential construction and remodeling markets, which have been strong for the last several years primarily as a result of overall strong demand. We believe that macro-economic and demographic factors such as population growth will continue to drive demand in these markets over the long-term.

We continue to initiate programs to improve the operation of our Bath Products segment. We have recently invested in global branding and product development initiatives in an effort to unify the marketing and innovation efforts of our JACUZZI® products. We launched a global consumer awareness initiative in January 2005 focused on our new line of JACUZZI® brand baths and spas, and we have recently introduced a number of new product lines. We also initiated several plans to improve our Bath Products segment profitability over the past two years. These initiatives included the downsizing of a manufacturing plant, the closure of two manufacturing facilities, the outsourcing of products through lower cost suppliers, the rationalization of unprofitable product lines, and the further consolidation of selling and administrative functions into our shared services center in Dallas, TX. In addition, we recently expanded our state-of-the-art stainless steel sink plant in Malta and announced the opening of an engineering and sourcing center in Zhuhai, China to further advance our cost-saving initiatives.

Our Plumbing Products business is dependent upon commercial and institutional construction activity and is therefore affected by macroeconomic factors such as economic growth and interest rates. The U.S. commercial and institutional construction market is cyclical in nature. Commercial and institutional construction increased slightly in 2004 after a few years of decline. This market has continued to show signs of improvement during the first half of 2005. Sales of our products have steadily grown at rates in excess of market growth over the past few years as a result of product innovation, targeted marketing programs and favorable pricing driven by our low-cost base. We believe that macroeconomic and demographic factors such as population growth and infrastructure demands will ultimately drive growth in these markets over the long-term.

The operating results of our Plumbing Products segment have also been impacted by the rising raw materials costs. We have established initiatives targeting procurement and finished product pricing to offset the increased cost for raw materials such as scrap iron and steel.

Overall

	Second Quarter		First Half	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Net sales				
Bath Products	\$ 227.9	\$ 232.3	\$ 440.4	\$ 444.3
Plumbing Products	82.1	71.4	158.9	138.5
Rexair	27.6	29.2	51.4	53.9
Total net sales	\$ 337.6	\$ 332.9	\$ 650.7	\$ 636.7
Operating income				
Bath Products	\$ 5.0	\$ 2.5	\$ 7.8	\$ 8.5
Plumbing Products	15.3	12.1	30.5	24.4
Rexair	6.0	6.7	12.5	12.7
	26.3	21.3	50.8	45.6

Corporate expenses	(5.0)	(3.3)	(10.5)	(7.9)
Total operating income	\$ 21.3	\$ 18.0	\$ 40.3	\$ 37.7

Net sales increased in the second quarter and first half of 2005 compared to the second quarter and first half of 2004. The overall sales increases were driven primarily by increased Plumbing Products sales. Sales in the second quarter and first half of 2005 benefited from \$3.6 million and \$11.2 million of favorable foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations.

Operating income also increased in the second quarter and first half of 2005 compared to the same periods of the prior year. The Plumbing Products and Bath Products segments each reported increases in operating income for the second quarter of 2005, which offset a slight decline in operating income at Rexair. The Plumbing Products segment drove the increase in operating income for the first half of 2005. Operating income was impacted by increased marketing and advertising costs associated with our global branding and marketing program, new product development costs, increased raw material and freight costs and higher corporate expenses. In addition, operating income included restructuring charges of \$1.2 million and \$4.0 million in the second quarter and first half of 2005, respectively. Operating income benefited from \$0.2 million and \$0.9 million of favorable foreign currency exchange rates in the second quarter and first half of 2005, respectively.

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Bath Products

Sales in the Bath Products segment decreased 1.9% in the second quarter of 2005 from the same period in 2004 and decreased 0.9% on a year-to-date basis. Foreign currency benefits of \$3.6 million and \$11.2 million in the second quarter and first half of 2005, respectively, were offset by lower sales in the U.K. Bath and Sink businesses caused by decline in the U.K. market, lower domestic spa sales and a decline in Eljer® branded sales attributable to the previously announced product rationalizations. Bath and Sink sales in the UK declined as the market abruptly slowed in the second quarter and retailers reduced orders to address higher inventory levels. Domestic spa sales decreased primarily because of a sluggish market resulting from an unusually wet winter in a number of regions and higher energy costs. Service disruptions experienced when consolidating the customer service functions into the Dallas, TX shared services center also contributed to the lower sales. Changes are being implemented to address the customer service issues.

Operating income increased \$2.5 million in the second quarter of 2005 and decreased \$0.7 million in the first half of 2005 compared to the same periods of 2004. The increase in the second quarter was primarily the result of a \$2.1 million decline in restructuring charges and a \$0.2 million benefit from favorable exchange rates. Operating income in the second quarter and first half of 2005 included net restructuring charges of \$1.2 million and \$4.0 million, respectively. These charges related to the previously announced closings and downsizing of certain Eljer manufacturing facilities, as well as the consolidation of administrative functions into the Dallas, TX shared services center. In addition, we settled a dispute with the previous owners of the Sundance Spas business regarding the payment of pre-acquisition warranty costs for \$3.5 million, resulting in a reduction in warranty costs of \$2.2 million in the second quarter of 2005. Results for the second quarter of 2004 included a \$4.1 million increase in bad debt reserves associated with financial difficulties encountered by several Brazilian distributors.

Operating income in the second quarter and first half of 2005 was negatively impacted by the year-over-year decline in sales and higher costs associated with our global branding, marketing and product development initiatives. Operating income also included costs for the expansion of the Malta stainless steel sink plant, the separation of the President of our Jacuzzi business, and the opening of the Zhuhai, China Engineering and Sourcing Center. Product price increases benefited the quarter and year-to-date comparisons and offset higher commodity prices.

Plumbing Products

Sales in the Plumbing Products segment increased 15.0% to \$82.1 million in the second quarter of 2005 and increased 14.7% to \$158.9 million for the first half of 2005 compared to the same periods last year. The higher sales were driven by continued growth in our principal markets, the market's increasing conversion from copper pipe to PEX tubing in plumbing applications, and the full realization of price increases implemented during the latter half of fiscal 2004 to offset higher raw material costs.

Operating income for the second quarter of 2005 increased 26.4% to \$15.3 million (18.6% of sales). Operating income in the first half of 2005 increased 25.0% to \$30.5 million (19.2% of sales). Strong sales volume and favorable pricing continue to offset higher scrap iron and steel costs leading to the improved margins.

Rexair

Rexair's sales decreased 5.5% or \$1.6 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2005 and 4.6% or \$2.5 million in the first half of 2005 compared to the same 2004 periods. Domestic sales continue to be challenged by the Do Not Call legislation, which restricts the calling of referred customers without first obtaining permission. Rexair has launched alternative strategies to replace appointments lost due to this legislation, such as setting up referral appointments while still in the home, registering people at trade shows, and door-to-door registrations.

Rexair's second quarter and first half of 2005 operating income remained relatively stable as a percentage of sales compared to the same periods last year, despite lower sales.

Corporate Expenses

Corporate expenses increased to \$5.0 million in the second quarter of 2005 from \$3.3 million in the second quarter of 2004. The increase was the result of reduced pension income due to a lower discount rate and increased amortization of net actuarial losses (\$0.9 million), increased audit and other fees associated with Sarbanes-Oxley compliance (\$0.7 million), and amortization associated with various option exchange and buy back programs implemented over the last twelve months (\$0.4 million). These increases were partially offset by an overall decrease in other consulting and professional fees.

Table of Contents**Interest Income and Expense**

Interest expense in the second quarter and first half of 2005 was consistent compared to the same periods of 2004. Interest income decreased on a quarter and year-to-date basis as a result of interest received in the second quarter of 2004 related to a prior IRS audit settlement.

Other Income (Expense), net

Other income (expense), net consist of the following:

	Second Quarter		First Half	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Keller Ladder	\$ (0.7)	\$ (1.2)	\$ (1.6)	\$ (2.2)
Equity earnings in investees	(0.3)		(0.3)	1.5
Gain on sale of excess properties	1.8	0.1	1.8	0.6
Gain (loss) on sale of other non-operating assets	(0.7)	2.4	(0.7)	2.5
Other, net	(1.0)	(0.1)	0.6	(0.9)
Other Income (Expense), net	\$ (0.9)	\$ 1.2	\$ (0.2)	\$ 1.5

Taxes

Our effective tax rate in the first half of 2005 declined as a result of a \$2.9 million tax benefit recognized in the second quarter of 2005 upon completion of a Federal tax audit.

The IRS has been conducting a separate audit of our tax returns for the fiscal years 1998 through 2002 since the first quarter of 2004. The IRS has not communicated any areas of concern or proposed any adjustments that were not previously identified and accrued. The IRS anticipates completing their audit in August 2005.

During the second quarter of 2004, we received a refund of \$4.0 million relating to the examination of the federal income tax returns for the fiscal years 1995 through 1997, which was already included in our tax rates in prior periods. In addition to the tax refund, we received \$2.5 million in interest relating to the refund, which was included in interest income in the second quarter and first half of 2004.

Restructuring Costs

The activity in the restructuring liability accounts by cost category is as follows:

	Lease and Contract-Related Costs	Severance and Related Costs	Total Costs
At September 30, 2004	\$ 7.9	\$ 4.5	\$ 12.4
Charges (credits)	(0.4)	4.4	4.0
Cash payments	(2.1)	(3.0)	(5.1)

At March 31, 2005 \$ 5.4 \$ 5.9 \$ 11.3

During the second quarter and first half of 2005, we recorded net restructuring charges of \$1.2 million and \$4.0 million, respectively. These charges included:

Plant shut down and restructuring costs associated with the closure of our Salem, OH manufacturing plant of \$0.1 million in the second quarter and \$0.2 million in the first half of 2005;

Restructuring charges associated with the downsizing of our Ford City, PA manufacturing plant of \$0.1 million in the second quarter and \$0.6 million in the first half of 2005;

Plant shut down and restructuring costs associated with the closure of our Tupelo, MS manufacturing plant of \$0.3 million in the second quarter and \$1.0 million in the first half of 2005, which includes a \$1.3 million reduction in our accrual for environmental restoration as a result of revised estimates; and

Severance related to the consolidation of our administrative functions into our shared services center in Dallas, TX of \$0.7 million in the second quarter and \$2.2 million in the first half of 2005, which was completed in the second quarter of 2005.

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We expect to incur approximately \$1.8 million in additional restructuring charges during the remainder of fiscal 2005.

Approximately \$9.4 million of the accrued restructuring costs at March 31, 2005 are included in the balance sheet caption Accrued expenses and other current liabilities, while the remaining \$1.9 million are recorded in the balance sheet caption Other non-current liabilities. We expect the remaining accruals to be paid with cash over the next three years as provided by the severance and lease agreements.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our primary sources of liquidity and capital resources are cash and cash equivalents as well as cash provided from operations and available borrowings. We expect to satisfy our operating needs, including the cash requirements of our capital expenditures and restructuring programs, through operating cash flows and borrowings under our existing bank facilities.

Net cash used in operating activities of continuing operations was \$28.6 million in the first half of 2005 compared to \$1.9 million in the first half of 2004. The year-over-year increase in cash used was primarily due to a \$6.5 million tax refund and \$7.7 million received as a result of the resolution of a litigation claim in the first half of 2004. Cash used in the current year included the payment of \$5.8 million in additional dealer rebates as a result of the increase in sales in 2004. Inventory levels increased during the first half of 2005 as a result of higher commodity prices, weak top line performance in our domestic spa and UK bath and sink businesses, the introduction of new product lines and an increase in overseas sourcing of products. Overseas sourcing increases inventory lead times, requiring additional stocking levels. We have plans in place to reduce inventory levels during our peak third and fourth quarter selling season in addition to improving payment terms with our customers and vendors.

During the first half of 2004, our discontinued operations used cash of \$1.9 million associated with the operations of our water systems business, which was sold in October 2003. In the third quarter of fiscal 2005, for reasons discussed in **Note 1**, we will consolidate SJ into our financial statements and include their operating results in discontinued operations. We do not expect the consolidation of SJ to have an impact on our future working capital.

We typically use cash in the first half of the year due to the seasonality of most of our businesses. Weather can significantly impact construction and installation, which ultimately impacts sales in our Bath Products and Plumbing Products segments. Sales of outdoor jetted spas and other products are also sensitive to weather conditions and tend to decrease during the fall and winter months (predominantly the first and second quarters).

During the first half of 2005, we paid approximately \$5.1 million related to our restructuring plans, and expect to pay approximately \$5.4 million over the next two quarters (see **Restructuring Costs** for information on restructuring charges). We paid approximately \$5.3 million related to our restructuring plans during the first half of 2004.

Net cash used in investing activities in the first half of 2005 was \$4.1 million compared to \$0.5 million used in the same period of 2004. Net cash used in the first half of 2005 consisted of capital expenditures of \$11.3 million, partially offset by net proceeds of \$4.4 million from the sale of a note receivable obtained in conjunction with the sale of our swimming pool and equipment business in May 2003 and net proceeds of \$2.7 million for the sale of an excess property. Net cash used in investing activities in the first half of 2004 included \$8.3 million in capital expenditures, net proceeds of \$4.5 million associated with the sale of two discontinued businesses and proceeds of \$3.0 million from the sale of an excess property.

On May 6, 2005, we entered into an agreement to sell 70% of our investment in Rexair in a transaction valued at \$170 million. We will receive net cash proceeds of approximately \$145 million, and we anticipate recording an after tax gain, net of debt retirement costs, of approximately \$24 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2005. Capital loss carryforwards will be used to offset the gain on the sale for tax purposes. We will begin accounting for our retained

investment in Rexair under the equity method of accounting as prescribed by APB No. 18 upon completion of the sale. A portion of the proceeds will be used to retire the term loan and repay the balance of the asset-based credit facility, which together amounted to approximately \$86 million at March 31, 2005.

Capital expenditures increased in the Bath Products segment during the first half of 2005 as we continued to invest in new products and upgrades in point-of-sale materials and merchandising. We expect company wide capital expenditures for the remainder of fiscal 2005 to be \$17.5 million. These expenditures will include new business requirements, system upgrades and implementations, initiatives involving the consolidation of workflows and improvement of manufacturing efficiencies and other capital requirements in the ordinary course of business.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$18.1 million during the first half of 2005 and \$2.1 million in the first half of 2004. Cash was provided in both periods from net borrowings on long-term debt and notes. In addition, we paid \$1.3 million in financing fees and received proceeds of \$0.5 million from stock option exercises in the first half of 2004.

The outstanding debt balances and the maximum availability under our debt instruments at March 31, 2005 were as follows:

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	Maximum Availability	Amount Outstanding	Applicable Interest Rate
Senior Notes	\$ 380.0	\$ 380.0	9.625%
Asset-based credit facility ⁽¹⁾	133.9	28.2	2.25% over LIBOR or 0.25% over Prime
Term loan	57.4	57.4	5.0% over LIBOR
US Brass note	5.0	5.0	Interest imputed at 9.5%
Total	\$ 576.3	\$ 470.6	

⁽¹⁾ An additional \$41.1 million of the facility is utilized for letters of credit at the end of the second quarter of 2005. The 9.625% senior secured notes (Senior Notes), which were previously registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act, were de-registered on March 2, 2005. The Senior Notes are due on July 1, 2010 and require the payment of interest of \$18.3 million on January 1 and July 1 of each year.

The term loan matures July 15, 2009 and bears interest at LIBOR plus 5.0%. The weighted-average interest rate associated with the term loan was 7.3% for the first half of 2005 and 9.25% for the first half of 2004. The asset-based credit facility matures on July 15, 2008 and currently bears interest at 2.25% over LIBOR or 0.25% over Prime. The weighted-average interest rate associated with the asset-based credit facility was 5.0% for the first half of 2005 and 3.8% for the first half of 2004.

Under the asset-based credit facility, we can borrow up to \$200.0 million subject to a borrowing base consisting of eligible accounts receivable and eligible inventory, plus eligible trademarks.

The Bank Facilities require us to maintain a minimum consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio, which is only applicable if our availability under the asset-based credit facility falls below \$20.0 million. We were not subject to this debt covenant at March 31, 2005 because our availability exceeded the required threshold. We expect to maintain availability in excess of \$20.0 million for the foreseeable future. Our Bank Facilities also include a restriction on the payment of dividends.

We paid \$23.6 million of interest on our borrowings in the first half of 2005. Additional information regarding our long-term debt structure can be found in our 2004 Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed on December 10, 2004.

Commitments

At March 31, 2005, we had approximately \$133.9 million available to be borrowed under the asset-based facility, of which we had utilized approximately \$69.3 million (including \$41.1 million of letters of credit); leaving \$64.6 million available for additional borrowings. In addition, we have outstanding foreign commercial letters of credit of \$2.5 million which do not affect the availability under the asset-based credit facility.

Guarantees and Indemnifications

In connection with the sale of Ames True Temper in January 2002, we continue to guarantee the lease payments of their master distribution center. The lease obligation will expire in 2015. The scheduled lease payments totaled \$3.7 million for fiscal 2004, and increase by 2.25% each year thereafter. We obtained a security interest and indemnification from Ames True Temper on the lease that would enable us to exercise remedies in the event of default. We have not been called upon to make any payments under this guarantee.

We have sold a number of assets and businesses over the last several years and have, on occasion, provided indemnifications for liabilities relating to product liability, environmental, insurance, tax and other claims. We have recorded reserves totaling approximately \$19.6 million as of March 31, 2005 for asserted and potential unasserted claims related to these liabilities. These amounts have not been discounted.

We have an agreement with a third party financing company to repurchase any new or salable spas returned to us within twelve months of the original sale date. The costs associated with this agreement have been minimal to date.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

In the normal course of doing business, we are exposed to the risks associated with changes in interest rates and currency exchange rates. To limit the risks from such fluctuations, we may enter into various hedging transactions that have been authorized pursuant to our policies, but do not engage in such transactions for trading purposes.

To manage exposure to interest rate movements, we have used interest rate protection agreements. However, as of March 31, 2005, we do not have any such agreements outstanding. Based on our overall exposure to interest rate changes under our existing debt structure (see **Note 6** to our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed on December 10, 2004), a hypothetical increase of 1% across all maturities of our floating rate debt obligations, would decrease our estimated pre-tax earnings in the twelve month period by approximately \$0.7 million.

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We are also exposed to foreign currency exchange risk related to our international operations as well as our U.S. businesses, which import or export goods. We have made limited use of financial instruments to manage this risk and have no such instruments outstanding as of March 31, 2005. A hypothetical unfavorable movement of 10% across each of the foreign exchange rates that we have exposure would have decreased our estimated income from continuing operations by approximately \$3.9 million in fiscal 2004. This calculation assumes that each exchange rate would change in the same direction relative to the U.S. dollar. Changes in exchange rates also affect the volume of sales as the price of foreign goods increase or decrease and products from foreign competitors become more or less attractive. Our sensitivity analysis of the effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates does not factor in these potential changes in sales levels.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective for recording, processing and summarizing the information we are required to disclose in the reports we file under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Our management necessarily applied its judgment in assessing the costs and benefits of such controls and procedures, which by their nature can provide only reasonable assurance regarding management's control objectives. There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during our last quarter, identified in connection with the evaluation referred to above, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

See **Note 7** to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

We held our Annual Meeting of Stockholders on February 10, 2005. At the meeting:

- The following persons were elected as Directors in Class I, to serve until the 2008 Annual Meeting of Stockholders or until their successors are elected and qualified:

Nominee	Votes	
	Votes For	Withheld
Brian C. Beazer	65,786,691	3,337,817
Veronica M. Hagen	65,791,427	3,333,081
John J. McAttee, Jr.	64,497,366	4,627,142

The terms of the Directors in Class II will continue until the 2006 Annual Meeting of Stockholders. The names of the Class II Directors are included in, and incorporated by reference to, the definitive proxy statement for our 2005 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which was filed with the SEC on January 5, 2005.

2. Our stockholders ratified the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as our independent Registered Public Accounting Firm for the 2005 fiscal year with 68,396,223 votes for, 609,430 votes against and 118,855 abstentions.
3. Our stockholders ratified the 2005 Stock Incentive Plan with 66,194,886 votes for, 2,372,808 votes against and 556,814 abstentions.

Item 6. Exhibits

- 31.1 Certification of principal executive officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act.
- 31.2 Certification of principal financial officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act.
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

JACUZZI BRANDS, INC.

Date: May 10, 2005

By: /s/ Jeffrey B. Park

Jeffrey B. Park
Senior Vice President,
Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ Francisco V. Puñal

Francisco V. Puñal
Vice President and Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)