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HELMERICH & PAYNE INC
Form 10-K/A
August 16, 2002

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K/A
Amendment No. 2

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2001

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM TO

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 1-4221

HELMERICH & PAYNE, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)
UTICA AT TWENTY-FIRST STREET, TULSA, OKLAHOMA
(Address of principal executive offices)

73-0679879
(I.R.S. employer
identification no.)
74114
(Zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (918) 742-5531

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

TITLE OF EACH CLASS	NAME OF EXCHANGE ON WHICH REGISTERED
Common Stock (\$0.10 par value)	New York Stock Exchange
Common Stock Purchase Rights	New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered Pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: NONE

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports
required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of
1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the
Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such
filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item
405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the

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best of the Registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. []

At December 14, 2001, the aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates was \$1,402,779,905.

Number of shares of common stock outstanding at December 14, 2001: 49,859,297.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

- (1) Annual Report to Shareholders for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2001 -- Parts I, II, and IV.
- (2) Proxy Statement for Annual Meeting of Security Holders to be held March 6, 2002 -- Part III.

Registrant's September 30, 2001 Annual Report is amended to:

1. Include additional information in "Item 2. PROPERTIES" about the Registrant's Significant Properties in its Oil and Gas Division.

2. Modify Note 15 "Supplementary Financial Information for Oil and Gas Producing Activities" of the financial statements. Certain operating costs that do not relate to the cost of producing reserves have been removed from Production costs in the Results of Operations from Oil and Gas Producing Activities in Note 15. The increase to the Results of Operations, net of income tax expense, in Note 15 is \$3,349, \$2,472 and \$2,266 in 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively. This adjustment made to Note 15 has no affect on net income or earnings per share for the three years ended September 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999.

These two changes are done in connection with the proposed spin off of the oil and gas exploration and production and gas marketing business to Cimarex Energy Co. and the proposed merger of Cimarex Energy Co. with Key Production Company.

DISCLOSURE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

THIS REPORT INCLUDES "FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS" WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED, AND THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED. ALL STATEMENTS OTHER THAN STATEMENTS OF HISTORICAL FACTS INCLUDED IN THIS REPORT, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, STATEMENTS REGARDING THE REGISTRANT'S FUTURE FINANCIAL POSITION, BUSINESS STRATEGY, BUDGETS, PROJECTED COSTS AND PLANS AND OBJECTIVES OF MANAGEMENT FOR FUTURE OPERATIONS, ARE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. IN ADDITION, FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS GENERALLY CAN BE IDENTIFIED BY THE USE OF FORWARD-LOOKING TERMINOLOGY SUCH AS "MAY", "WILL", "EXPECT", "INTEND", "ESTIMATE", "ANTICIPATE", "BELIEVE", OR "CONTINUE" OR THE NEGATIVE THEREOF OR SIMILAR TERMINOLOGY. ALTHOUGH THE REGISTRANT BELIEVES THAT THE EXPECTATIONS REFLECTED IN SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE REASONABLE, IT CAN GIVE NO ASSURANCE THAT SUCH EXPECTATIONS WILL PROVE TO BE CORRECT. IMPORTANT FACTORS THAT COULD CAUSE ACTUAL RESULTS TO DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THE REGISTRANT'S EXPECTATIONS ARE DISCLOSED IN ITEM 1. BUSINESS "REGULATIONS AND HAZARDS", AND "MARKET FOR OIL AND GAS", AS WELL AS IN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION ON PAGES 10 THROUGH 17 IN REGISTRANT'S ANNUAL REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS FOR FISCAL 2001 AND IN THE REMAINDER OF THIS REPORT. ALL SUBSEQUENT WRITTEN AND ORAL FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE REGISTRANT, OR

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PERSONS ACTING ON ITS BEHALF, ARE EXPRESSLY QUALIFIED IN THEIR ENTIRETY BY SUCH CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS. THE REGISTRANT ASSUMES NO DUTY TO UPDATE OR REVISE ITS FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS BASED ON CHANGES IN INTERNAL ESTIMATES OR EXPECTATIONS OR OTHERWISE.

HELMERICH & PAYNE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2001

PART I

Item 1. BUSINESS

Helmerich & Payne, Inc. (the "Registrant"), was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware on February 3, 1940, and is successor to a business originally organized in 1920. Registrant is primarily engaged in the exploration, production, and sale of crude oil and natural gas and in contract drilling of oil and gas wells for others. These activities account for the major portion of its operating revenues. The Registrant is also engaged in the ownership, development, and operation of commercial real estate.

The Registrant is organized into three separate autonomous operating divisions being contract drilling; oil & gas exploration and production operations; and real estate. While there is a limited amount of intercompany activity, each division operates essentially independently of the others. Each of the divisions, except exploration and production, conducts their respective business through wholly owned subsidiaries. Operating decentralization is balanced by a centralized finance division, which handles all accounting, data processing, budgeting, insurance, cash management, and related activities.

Most of the Registrant's current exploration efforts are concentrated in Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas, and the Hugoton Field of western Kansas. The Registrant also explores from time to time in the Rocky Mountain area, New Mexico, Alabama, Michigan, and Mississippi. Substantially all of the Registrant's gas production is sold to and resold by its marketing subsidiary. This subsidiary also purchases gas from unaffiliated third parties for resale.

The Registrant's domestic contract drilling is conducted primarily in Oklahoma, Texas, Wyoming, and Louisiana, and offshore from platforms in the Gulf of Mexico and offshore California. The Registrant has also operated during fiscal 2001 in six international locations: Venezuela, Ecuador, Colombia, Argentina, Bolivia and Equatorial Guinea.

The Registrant's real estate investments are located in Tulsa, Oklahoma, where the Registrant has its executive offices.

CONTRACT DRILLING

The Registrant believes that it is one of the major land and offshore platform drilling contractors in the western hemisphere. Operating principally in North and South America, the Registrant specializes primarily in deep drilling in major gas producing basins of the United States and in drilling for oil and gas in remote international areas. For its international operations, the

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Registrant operates certain rigs which are transportable by helicopter. In the United States, the Registrant draws its customers primarily from the major oil companies and the larger independents. The Registrant also drills for its own oil and gas division. In South America, the Registrant's current customers include the Venezuelan state petroleum company and major international oil companies.

In fiscal 2001, Registrant received approximately 45% of its consolidated revenues from the Registrant's ten largest contract drilling customers. BP and Shell Oil Co., including their affiliates, (respectively, "BP" and "Shell") are the Registrant's two largest contract drilling customers. The

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Registrant performs drilling services for BP and Shell on a world-wide basis. Revenues from drilling services performed for BP and Shell in fiscal 2001 accounted for approximately 15% and 8%, respectively, of the Registrant's consolidated revenues for the same period. While the Registrant believes that its relationship with all of these customers is good, the loss of BP or Shell or a simultaneous loss of several of its larger customers would have a material adverse effect on the drilling subsidiary and the Registrant.

The Registrant provides drilling rigs, equipment, personnel, and camps on a contract basis. These services are provided so that Registrant's customers may explore for and develop oil and gas from onshore areas and from fixed and tension leg platforms in offshore areas. Each of the drilling rigs consists of engines, drawworks, a mast, pumps, blowout preventers, a drillstring, and related equipment. The intended well depth and the drilling site conditions are the principal factors that determine the size and type of rig most suitable for a particular drilling job. A land drilling rig may be moved from location to location without modification to the rig. Conversely, a platform rig is specifically designed to perform drilling operations upon a particular platform. While a platform rig may be moved from its original platform, significant expense is incurred to modify a platform rig for operation on each subsequent platform. In addition to traditional platform rigs, Registrant operates self-moving minimum space platform drilling rigs and drilling rigs to be used on tension leg platforms. The minimum space rig is designed to be moved without the use of expensive derrick barges. The tension leg platform rig allows drilling operations to be conducted in much deeper water than traditional fixed platforms. A helicopter rig is one that can be disassembled into component part loads of approximately 4,000-20,000 pounds and transported to remote locations by helicopter, cargo plane, or other means.

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The Registrant's workover rigs are equipped with engines, drawworks, a mast, pumps, and blowout preventers. A workover rig is used to complete a new well after the hole has been drilled by a drilling rig, and to remedy various downhole problems that occur in producing wells.

During fiscal 1998, Registrant put to work a new generation of six highly mobile/depth flexible new rigs (individually the "FlexRig"™). The FlexRig has the potential to reduce rig move times by at least 50%. In addition, the FlexRig allows a greater depth flexibility of between 8,000 to 18,000 feet and provides greater operating efficiency. During fiscal 2000, the Registrant ordered 12 new FlexRigs at an approximate cost of between \$7.5 million and \$8.25 million each. The Registrant took delivery of nine new FlexRigs through October 2001, and expects the final three FlexRigs to be delivered by the end of

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calendar 2001. During fiscal 2001, the Registrant ordered an additional 25 new FlexRigs at an approximate cost of \$10 million each. These new rigs are the next generation of FlexRigs which incorporate new drilling technology and new safety design. The FlexRigs will be available for work in the Registrant's domestic and international drilling operations. The Registrant expects that approximately 15 of these next generation rigs will be delivered between March and September, 2002, with the remaining rigs expected to be delivered by the end of fiscal 2003.

The Registrant's drilling contracts are obtained through competitive bidding or as a result of negotiations with customers, and sometimes cover multi-well and multi-year projects. Each drilling rig operates under a separate drilling contract. Most of the contracts are performed on a "daywork" basis, under which the Registrant charges a fixed rate per day, with the price determined by the location, depth, and complexity of the well to be drilled, operating conditions, the duration of the contract, and the competitive forces of the market. The Registrant has previously performed contracts on a combination "footage" and "daywork" basis, under which the Registrant charged a fixed rate per foot of hole drilled to a stated depth, usually no deeper than 15,000 feet, and a fixed rate per day for the

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remainder of the hole. Contracts performed on a "footage" basis involve a greater element of risk to the contractor than do contracts performed on a "daywork" basis. Also, the Registrant has previously accepted "turnkey" contracts under which the Registrant charges a fixed sum to deliver a hole to a stated depth and agrees to furnish services such as testing, coring, and casing the hole which are not normally done on a "footage" basis. "Turnkey" contracts entail varying degrees of risk greater than the usual "footage" contract. Registrant did not accept a "footage" or "turnkey" contract during fiscal 2001. The Registrant believes that under current market conditions "footage" and "turnkey" contract rates do not adequately compensate contractors for the added risks. The duration of the Registrant's drilling contracts are "well-to-well" or for a fixed term. "Well-to-well" contracts are cancelable at the option of either party upon the completion of drilling at any one site. Fixed-term contracts customarily provide for termination at the election of the customer, with an "early termination payment" to be paid to the contractor if a contract is terminated prior to the expiration of the fixed term.

While current fixed term contracts are for one to five year periods, some fixed term and well-to-well contracts are expected to be continued for longer periods than the original terms. However, the contracting parties have no legal obligation to extend the contracts. Contracts generally contain renewal or extension provisions exercisable at the option of the customer at prices mutually agreeable to the Registrant and the customer. In most instances contracts provide for additional payments for mobilization and demobilization. Contracts for work in foreign countries generally provide for payment in United States dollars, except for amounts required to meet local expenses. However, government owned petroleum companies are more frequently requesting that a greater proportion of these payments be made in local currencies. See Regulations and Hazards, page I-8.

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Domestic Drilling

The Registrant believes it is a major land and offshore platform drilling contractor in the domestic market. At the end of September, 2001, the

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Registrant had 59 of its rigs (49 land rigs and 10 platform rigs) operating in the United States and had management contracts for three customer-owned rigs. The 11 rig increase from fiscal 2000 to 2001 is due to the delivery of seven new FlexRigs, transfer of three rigs from Registrant's international operations, and the assembly of one rig from existing components.

During fiscal 2001, Registrant was awarded one term contract for the construction and operation of one self-moving platform rig in the Gulf of Mexico for a major oil company. Registrant expects that this rig will commence drilling operations during calendar year 2002. Also, during fiscal 2001, Registrant signed a letter of intent for the construction and operation of one self-moving platform rig in the Gulf of Mexico for another major oil company. If a contract is awarded, it is expected that drilling operations would commence during calendar year 2002.

International Drilling

The Registrant's international drilling operations began in 1958 with the acquisition of the Sinclair Oil Company's drilling rigs in Venezuela. Helmerich & Payne de Venezuela, C.A., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Registrant, is one of the leading drilling contractors in Venezuela. Beginning in 1972, with the introduction of its first helicopter rig, the Registrant expanded into other Latin American countries.

Venezuelan operations continue to be a significant part of the Registrant's operations. At the end of fiscal 2001, the Registrant owned and operated 14 land drilling rigs in Venezuela with a utilization rate of 37% for such fiscal year. The Registrant worked for the Venezuelan state petroleum company during fiscal 2001, and revenues from this work accounted for approximately 3.5% of the

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Registrant's consolidated revenues during the fiscal year. During fiscal year 2001, Registrant moved three rigs from Venezuela to Houston, Texas, for modifications and upgrades.

Registrant's rig utilization rate in Venezuela has increased from approximately 32% during the 2000 fiscal year to approximately 37% in fiscal 2001. Even though the Registrant is, at this time, unable to predict future fluctuations in its utilization rates during fiscal 2002, the Registrant believes that the prospects are good for returning at least three of its idle rigs back to work during fiscal 2002.

The Venezuelan government, in early 1996, permitted foreign exploration and production companies to acquire rights to explore for and produce oil and gas in Venezuela. Registrant has performed contract drilling services in Venezuela for three independent oil companies during fiscal 2001.

At the end of fiscal 2001, the Registrant owned and operated seven rigs in Ecuador. The Registrant's utilization rate was 92% during fiscal 2001. Revenues generated by Ecuadorian drilling operations contributed approximately 4.3% of the Registrant's consolidated revenue. The contracts are with large international oil companies. During fiscal 2001, one rig was moved into Ecuador from Venezuela.

At the end of fiscal 2001, the Registrant owned and operated three drilling rigs in Colombia. The Registrant's utilization rate in Colombia was 69% during fiscal 2001. During fiscal 2001 the revenues generated by Colombian drilling operations contributed approximately 3.3% of the Registrant's

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consolidated revenues. During fiscal 2001, the Registrant moved four rigs from Colombia to Houston, Texas, for modifications and upgrades. The Registrant expects continued reduction in activity and revenues from Colombia.

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In addition to its operations in Venezuela, Ecuador and Colombia, the Registrant in fiscal 2001 owned and operated six rigs in Bolivia and two rigs in Argentina. In Bolivia and Argentina, the contracts are with large international oil companies. During fiscal 2001, the Registrant continued operations under a management contract for a customer-owned platform rig located offshore Equatorial Guinea.

Competition

The contract drilling business is highly competitive. Competition in contract drilling involves such factors as price, rig availability, efficiency, condition of equipment, reputation, and customer relations. Competition is primarily on a regional basis and may vary significantly by region at any particular time. Land drilling rigs can be readily moved from one region to another in response to changes in levels of activity, and an oversupply of rigs in any region may result.

Although many contracts for drilling services are awarded based solely on price, the Registrant has been successful in establishing long-term relationships with certain customers which have allowed the Registrant to secure drilling work even though the Registrant may not have been the lowest bidder for such work. The Registrant has continued to attempt to differentiate its services based upon its engineering design expertise, operational efficiency, safety and environmental awareness.

Regulations and Hazards

The drilling operations of the Registrant are subject to the many hazards inherent in the business, including blowouts and well fires. These hazards could cause personal injury, suspend drilling operations, seriously damage or destroy the equipment involved, and cause substantial damage to producing formations and the surrounding areas.

The Registrant believes that it has adequate insurance coverage for comprehensive general liability, public liability, property damage (including insurance against loss by fire and storm, blowout,

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and cratering risks), workers compensation and employer's liability. No insurance is carried against loss of earnings or business interruption. The Registrant is unable to obtain significant amounts of insurance to cover risks of underground reservoir damage; however, the Registrant is generally indemnified under its drilling contracts from this risk. The majority of the Registrant's insurance coverage has been purchased through fiscal 2002, however, rates and deductibles increased substantially for a number of coverages due to general hardening in the energy insurance market as well as the events of September 11, 2001. In view of these present conditions, no assurance can be given that all or a portion of the Registrant's coverage will not be cancelled during fiscal 2002 nor that insurance coverage will continue to be available at rates considered reasonable.

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International operations are subject to certain political, economic, and other uncertainties not encountered in domestic operations, including increased risks of terrorism, expropriation of equipment as well as expropriation of a particular oil company operator's property and drilling rights, taxation policies, foreign exchange restrictions, currency rate fluctuations, and general hazards associated with foreign sovereignty over certain areas in which operations are conducted. There can be no assurance that there will not be changes in local laws, regulations, and administrative requirements or the interpretation thereof which could have a material adverse effect on the profitability of the Registrant's operations or on the ability of the Registrant to continue operations in certain areas. Because of the impact of local laws, the Registrant's future operations in certain areas may be conducted through entities in which local citizens own interests and through entities (including joint ventures) in which the Registrant holds only a minority interest, or pursuant to arrangements under which the Registrant conducts operations under contract to local entities. While the Registrant believes that neither operating through such entities nor pursuant to such arrangements would have a material adverse effect on the Registrant's operations or revenues, there can be no assurance that the Registrant will in all

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cases be able to structure or restructure its operations to conform to local law (or the administration thereof) on terms acceptable to the Registrant. The Registrant further attempts to minimize the potential impact of such risks by operating in more than one geographical area and by attempting to obtain indemnification from operators against expropriation, nationalization, and deprivation.

During fiscal 2001, approximately 18.7% of the Registrant's consolidated revenues were generated from the international contract drilling business. Approximately 93% of the international revenues were from operations in South America and 51% of South American revenues were from Venezuela and Ecuador. Exposure to potential losses from currency devaluation is minimal in Colombia, Ecuador, Bolivia and Argentina. In those countries, all receivables and payments are currently in U.S. dollars. Cash balances are kept at a minimum which assists in reducing exposure.

In Venezuela, approximately 50% of the Registrant's invoice billings are in U.S. dollars and the other 50% are in the local currency, the bolivar. The Registrant is exposed to risks of currency devaluation in Venezuela as a result of bolivar receivable balances and necessary bolivar cash balances. In 1994, the Venezuelan government established a fixed exchange rate in hopes of stemming economic problems caused by a high rate of inflation. During the first week of December, 1995, the government established a new exchange rate, resulting in further devaluation of the bolivar. In April of 1996, the bolivar was again devalued when the government decided to abolish its fixed rate policy and to allow a floating market exchange rate. During fiscal 2000, the Registrant experienced losses of approximately US\$687,000 and in fiscal 2001 it experienced losses of US\$796,000 as a result of the devaluation of the bolivar. Registrant is unable to predict future devaluation in Venezuela. In the event that fiscal 2002 activity levels are similar to fiscal 2001 and if a 25% to 50% devaluation would occur, the Registrant could experience potential currency valuation losses ranging from approximately US\$1,600,000 to US\$2,600,000.

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During the mid-1970s, the Venezuelan government nationalized the exploration and production business. At the present time it appears the Venezuelan government will not nationalize the contract drilling business. Any

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such nationalization could result in Registrant's loss of all or a portion of its assets and business in Venezuela.

Many aspects of the Registrant's operations are subject to government regulation, including those relating to drilling practices and methods and the level of taxation. In addition, various countries (including the United States) have environmental regulations which affect drilling operations. Drilling contractors may be liable for damages resulting from pollution. Under United States regulations, drilling contractors must establish financial responsibility to cover potential liability for pollution of offshore waters. Generally, the Registrant is indemnified under drilling contracts from liability arising from pollution, except in certain cases of surface pollution. However, the enforceability of indemnification provisions in foreign countries may be questionable.

The Registrant believes that it is in substantial compliance with all legislation and regulations affecting its operations in the drilling of oil and gas wells and in controlling the discharge of wastes. To date, compliance has not materially affected the capital expenditures, earnings, or competitive position of the Registrant, although these measures may add to the costs of operating drilling equipment in some instances. Additional legislation or regulation may reasonably be anticipated, and the effect thereof on operations cannot be predicted.

OIL & GAS EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION OPERATIONS

The Registrant engages in the origination of prospects; the identification, acquisition, exploration, and development of prospective and proved oil and gas properties; the production and sale of crude oil, condensate, and natural gas; and the marketing of natural gas. The Registrant

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considers itself a medium-sized independent producer. All of the Registrant's oil and gas operations are conducted in the United States.

Most of the Registrant's current exploration and drilling effort is concentrated in Oklahoma, Kansas, Texas, and Louisiana. The Registrant also explores from time to time in New Mexico, Alabama, Michigan, Mississippi, and the Rocky Mountain area.

The Registrant's exploration and production division includes geographical exploitation/exploration teams comprised of geological, engineering, and land personnel. These personnel primarily develop in-house oil and gas prospects as well as review outside prospects and acquisitions for their respective geographical areas. The Registrant believes that this structure allows each team to gain greater expertise in its respective geographical area and reduces risk in the development of prospects.

The Registrant has been focusing on developing prospects using 3D seismic technology. Currently, the Registrant is involved in 3D surveys covering more than 1,480 square miles, of which approximately 1,180 square miles are proprietary. Approximately 1,100 square miles of land covered by such surveys is located near the Texas and Louisiana onshore Gulf Coast.

Registrant's exploration and development program has covered a range of prospects, from shallow "bread and butter" programs to deep, expensive, high risk/high return wells. The Registrant continued its drilling program in Oklahoma, Kansas, west Texas, south Texas and south Louisiana, participating in a total of 123 wells during fiscal 2001.

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Of the 123 well total, 47 wells were development wells drilled in areas where reserves were previously booked, and 29 wells were dry holes. Registrant increased its development of proved undeveloped reserves in fiscal 2001 as the result of high natural gas prices during the last half of calendar 2000. The focus of this drilling was the Redfork play in western Oklahoma, additional

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development of Ashland Field in southeastern Oklahoma and the Hugoton Field in Kansas, as well as additional drilling in the panhandle of Texas and in southern Louisiana. Registrant's participation in these 47 development wells resulted in the addition of approximately 15.7 BCF of gas and 75,826 barrels of oil previously classified as proved undeveloped.

Of the remaining 76 wells drilled during the year, 40 were wildcat wells, 20 of which were successfully completed. These drilling efforts resulted in new discoveries of approximately 12.8 BCF of gas and 1,145,195 barrels of oil and condensate.

A total of \$80,040,769 was spent in the Registrant's exploration and development program during fiscal 2001. This figure includes \$7,838,770 of geophysical expense, but is exclusive of expenditures for acreage and acquisition of proved oil and gas reserves. The Registrant's total company-wide acquisition cost for acreage in fiscal 2001 was \$18,611,957.

The Registrant also spent \$737,500 for the acquisition of proved oil and gas reserves during fiscal 2001. The reserves associated with these acquisitions were 495,888 MCF of gas and 434 barrels of oil.

The Registrant's fiscal 2002 exploration and production budget has been reduced to approximately \$50 million due to lower product prices, higher service company costs and high-grading of existing prospects in order to reduce finding costs. This is a 47.6% reduction from actual exploration and production expenditures in fiscal 2001.

During fiscal 2001, the Registrant continued to work with its investment banker, Petrie Parkman & Co., to analyze strategic alternatives with regard to the Registrant's oil and gas division. It is contemplated that a successful transaction could, among other things, lead to the spinoff of the Company's exploration and production business and the subsequent merger of such business with a third party. The Registrant is unable to predict if and when such a transaction may occur.

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Market for Oil and Gas

The Registrant does not refine any of its production. The availability of a ready market for such production depends upon a number of factors, including the availability of other domestic production, price, crude oil imports, the proximity and capacity of oil and gas pipelines, and general fluctuations in supply and demand. The Registrant does not anticipate any unusual difficulty in contracting to sell its production of crude oil and natural gas to purchasers and end-users at prevailing market prices and under arrangements that are usual and customary in the industry. The Registrant and its subsidiary, Helmerich & Payne Energy Services, Inc., have successfully developed markets with end-users, local distribution companies, and natural gas

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brokers for gas produced from successful wildcat wells and development wells. Substantially all of Registrant's gas production is sold to and resold by Helmerich & Payne Energy Services, Inc. During fiscal 2001, the price that Registrant received for the sale of its natural gas has fluctuated. Registrant's average per MCF natural gas sales price in fiscal 2001 for each of the first through fourth quarters was \$4.73, \$6.49, \$4.27 and \$2.66, respectively.

The Registrant is of the opinion that during the next 12 to 18 months, the natural gas market will continue to be characterized by high volatility and relatively lower or moderating prices as compared to the average prices of natural gas in fiscal 2001.

Last year's record high natural gas prices spawned an increase of productive capacity and a dramatic increase in drilling. This increase in productive capacity combined with a slowing economy and record storage levels is expected to result in excess gas supplies for the next 12 to 18 months. During the next two to three years, Registrant believes that there will be a more balanced supply and demand of natural gas as the economy recovers and productive capacity continues to decline.

In the long-term, natural gas prices will be impacted by the decline in deliverability of domestic supply; increased use of natural gas for electrical generation; a recovery of U.S. economic growth; the

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increased usage and better management of natural gas storage; seasonal usage; fuel switching; usage of gas as a feed stock; and importation of gas from Canada and Mexico. All these factors will continue to influence the cyclical nature of the supply/demand balance and will continue to occur as drilling activity and productive capacity respond to the changing prices.

Historically, the Registrant has had no long-term sales contracts for its crude oil and condensate production. The Registrant continues its practice of contracting for the sale of its Kansas and Oklahoma and portions of its west Texas crude oil for terms of six to twelve months in an attempt to assure itself of the best price in the area for crude oil production. During fiscal 2001, the price that Registrant received for the sale of its crude oil has steadily decreased. Registrant's average per barrel crude oil sales price in fiscal 2001 for each of the first through fourth quarters was \$31.44, \$28.09, \$26.12 and \$25.33, respectively.

Mid-East tensions, disputes among OPEC and non-OPEC countries over production quotas, and sluggish economies have created a continued mixed market in crude oil trading. Although a change in any of these factors could dramatically affect pricing, it is anticipated that crude oil prices may remain in the low \$20's over the coming year.

Competition

The Registrant competes with numerous other companies and individuals in the acquisition of oil and gas properties and the marketing of oil and gas. The Registrant believes that it should continue to prepare for increased exploration activity without committing to a definite drilling timetable. The Registrant also believes that competition for the acquisition of gas producing properties will continue. Considering the Registrant's conservative acquisition strategy, the Registrant believes that it may be unable to acquire significant proved developed producing reserves from third parties. The Registrant intends to continue its review of properties in areas where the Registrant has expertise. The

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Registrant's competitors include major oil companies, other independent oil companies, and individuals. Many of these competitors have financial resources, staffs, and facilities substantially larger than those of the Registrant. The effect of these competitive factors on the Registrant cannot be predicted.

Title to Oil and Gas Properties

The Registrant undertakes title examination and performs curative work at the time properties are acquired. The Registrant believes that title to its oil and gas properties is generally good and defensible in accordance with standards acceptable in the industry.

Oil and gas properties in general are subject to customary royalty interests contracted for in connection with the acquisitions of title, liens incident to operating agreements, liens for current taxes, and other burdens and minor encumbrances, easements, and restrictions. The Registrant believes that the existence of such burdens will not materially detract from the general value of its leasehold interests.

Governmental Regulation in the Oil and Gas Industry

The Registrant's domestic operations are affected from time to time in varying degrees by political developments and federal and state laws and regulations. In particular, oil and gas production operations and economics are affected by price control, tax, and other laws relating to the petroleum industry; by changes in such laws; and by constantly changing administrative regulations. Most states in which the Registrant conducts or may conduct oil and gas activities regulate the production and sale of oil and natural gas, including regulation of the size of drilling and spacing units or proration units, the density of wells which may be drilled, and the unitization or pooling of oil and gas properties. In addition, state conservation laws establish maximum rates of production from oil and natural gas wells, generally prohibit the venting or flaring of natural gas, and impose certain requirements regarding the

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ratability of production. The effect of these regulations is to limit the amounts of oil and natural gas the Registrant can produce from its wells, and to limit the number of wells or locations at which the Registrant can drill. In addition, legislation affecting the natural gas and oil industry is under constant review. Inasmuch as such laws and regulations are frequently expanded, amended, or reinterpreted, the Registrant is unable to predict the future cost or impact of complying with such regulations. The Registrant believes that compliance with existing federal, state and local laws, rules and regulations will not have a material adverse effect upon its capital expenditures, earnings or competitive position.

Regulatory Controls

Historically, the transportation and sale for resale of natural gas in interstate commerce have been regulated under the Natural Gas Act ("NGA") and the regulations promulgated thereunder. Furthermore, the various states have regulated the production of natural gas and the gathering of natural gas, i.e., those activities which are not subject to Federal jurisdiction.

Specifically, as to sales by the Registrant, under the NGA prior to November 1978 the Federal Power Commission and its successor, the Federal Energy

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Regulatory Commission ("FERC"), established ceiling prices for sales of natural gas for resale in interstate commerce by the Registrant. In November 1978, the U.S. Congress enacted the Natural Gas Policy Act ("NGPA") which adopted certain FERC ceiling prices and established additional price ceiling categories (such as ceiling prices called maximum lawful prices - "MLPs"). In addition, the NGPA provided for a phased removal of certain ceiling prices.

In 1989, the U.S. Congress enacted the Natural Gas Wellhead Decontrol Act which provided a process for the phased decontrol of all first sales of natural gas, with complete removal of price ceilings on first sales by January 1, 1993. Since the Registrant believes that all of its sales of natural gas are first sales, such sales are no longer subject to Federal regulation. However, there may still be

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issues of compliance with price ceilings as to prior periods. At this point, the only such issue, that the Registrant is aware of, relates to the Registrant's collection of reimbursement from certain interstate pipelines of Kansas ad valorem taxes paid by Registrant for sales prior to decontrol.

Prior to decontrol of first sales, the Registrant made first sales to several interstate pipelines for which it received reimbursement for Kansas ad valorem taxes based upon the understanding (supported by prior agency case law) that such reimbursements were permitted under NGPA Section 110. In September 1997, FERC reversed its prior rulings and found that the Kansas ad valorem tax was not a tax which was reimbursable under Section 110 of the NGPA. Therefore, FERC found that to the extent that a producer collected an amount for a first sale in excess of the applicable MLP, as a result of reimbursement for Kansas ad valorem taxes, then such producer was required to make refunds, with interest, to the interstate pipeline purchaser which had paid the reimbursements. The pipeline was then required to disburse such refunds to its customers.

Initially, reports of the affected pipelines listed refund liabilities of the Registrant based upon the total sales from wells which Registrant operated. Initial claims against the Registrant, as operator, totaled in excess of \$13 million. During this period, Registrant estimated that its share of such refund liability totaled approximately \$6.7 million. Subsequently, FERC issued clarifying orders providing that a producer was only responsible for refunds attributable to its own working interest ownership (and the related royalty interests) in production sold. Based upon that clarification, the interstate pipelines subsequently adjusted their refund claims to reflect only the respective producers' working interest share (with related royalty). Subsequently the pipelines made further adjustments to the claims based on corrected data.

In response to the pipeline claims and prior to FERC's clarification as discussed above, the Registrant paid, under protest, approximately \$1,379,000 to four interstate pipelines and placed

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approximately \$6,384,000 in an escrow account pending FERC's and the courts' decisions on various related legal issues and challenges. During calendar years 2000 and 2001, settlement negotiations have occurred among the affected pipelines, producers, and other interested parties. Settlement agreements resolving the refund claims have been reached in connection with four of the five pipelines which have made claims against the Registrant. Those settlements, with Colorado Interstate Gas Company, Northern Natural Gas Company, Williams Gas Pipelines Central, Inc. and Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Company, are final and

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the settlement payments have been made by the Registrant out of the escrow account. Since the aggregate amount of the four settlements were less than the amounts escrowed for such liability, the Registrant, in May of 2001, was refunded approximately \$3,240,252 of excess escrowed funds. A settlement in the fifth case, with Kinder Morgan Interstate Gas Transmission, LLC, is being negotiated. Based upon the total potential liability of the Registrant in the Kinder Morgan case, Registrant believes there is more than sufficient funds remaining in the Registrant's escrow account to cover any settlement liability therein.

Commencing in 1992, FERC implemented a requirement that interstate pipelines must provide open access transportation of natural gas. Interstate pipelines have implemented this requirement by modifying their tariffs and implementing new services and rates. These changes have provided the Registrant with additional market access and more fairly applied transportation services and rates. FERC continues to review and modify its open access and other regulations applicable to interstate pipelines.

Under the NGA, natural gas gathering facilities are expressly exempt from FERC jurisdiction; what constitutes "gathering" under the NGA has evolved through FERC decisions and judicial review of such decisions. The Registrant believes that its gathering systems meet the test for non-jurisdictional "gathering" systems under the NGA. Therefore, the Registrant believes that its gathering facilities are

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not subject to Federal NGA regulation. A number of states have either enacted new laws or are considering the adequacy of existing laws affecting gathering rates and/or services that are not Federally regulated under the NGA. Although exempt from Federal regulatory oversight, the Registrant's natural gas gathering systems and services may receive regulatory scrutiny by state agencies.

In addition, the Registrant may use third-party gathering services or interstate transmission facilities (owned and operated by interstate pipelines) to ship the Registrant's gas to markets. In the past decade, FERC has approved the shift of certain interstate transmission facilities to unregulated gathering through the approval of abandonment of the jurisdictional facilities. The subsequent owner/operator of the gathering facilities may be an independent entity or an affiliate of the interstate pipeline company. This shift of a facility from a jurisdictional transmission facility to a non-jurisdictional gathering facility could result in the ability of the unregulated gathering entities to compete more effectively, and could result in changes in services and/or rates. It is not possible to predict the ultimate affect of these shifts on the Registrant's own gathering services or on the Registrant's use of third-party gathering/transmission facilities.

In February, 1994, the Kansas Corporation Commission issued an order which modified allowables applicable to wells within the Hugoton Gas Field so that those proration units upon which infill wells had been drilled would be assigned a larger allowable than those units without infill wells. As a consequence of this order, the Registrant has participated in the drilling of 160 infill wells.

Additional proposals and proceedings that might affect the oil and gas industry are pending before the U. S. Congress, FERC, state legislatures, state agencies, and the courts. The Registrant cannot predict when or whether any such proposals may become effective and what effect they will have on operations of the Registrant. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Registrant does not anticipate that compliance with existing Federal, state and local laws, rules or regulations will have a

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material adverse effect upon the capital expenditures, earnings or competitive position of the Registrant.

Federal Income Taxation

The Registrant's oil and gas operations, and the petroleum industry in general, are affected by certain federal income tax laws. The Registrant has considered the effects of such federal income tax laws on its operations and does not anticipate that there will be any material impact on the capital expenditures, earnings or competitive position of the Registrant.

Environmental Laws

The Registrant's activities are subject to existing federal and state laws and regulations governing environmental quality and pollution control. Such laws and regulations may substantially increase the costs of exploring, developing, or producing oil and gas and may prevent or delay the commencement or continuation of a given operation. In the opinion of the Registrant's management, its operations substantially comply with applicable environmental legislation and regulations. The Registrant believes that compliance with existing federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations regulating the discharge of materials into the environment or otherwise relating to the protection of the environment will not have any material effect upon the capital expenditures, earnings, or competitive position of the Registrant.

Natural Gas Marketing

Helmerich & Payne Energy Services, Inc. ("HPESI") continues its emphasis on the purchase of the Registrant's natural gas production. In addition, HPESI purchases third-party gas for resale and provides compression, gathering services and processing for a fee. During fiscal year 2001, HPESI's sales of third-party gas constituted approximately 12% of the Registrant's consolidated revenues.

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HPESI sells natural gas to markets in the Midwest and Rocky Mountain areas. HPESI's term gas sales contracts are for varied periods ranging from three months to seven years. However, recent contracts have tended toward shorter terms. The remainder of HPESI's gas is sold under spot market contracts having a duration of 30 days or less. For fiscal 2001, HPESI's term gas sales contracts provided for the sale of approximately 17 BCF of gas at prices which were indexed to market prices. For fiscal 2002, HPESI currently has approximately 7 BCF contracted at prices which are indexed to market prices. The balance of HPESI's gas is selling at spot prices or is not yet contracted. HPESI presently intends to fulfill such term sales contracts with a portion of the gas reserves purchased from the Registrant as well as from its purchases of third-party gas. See pages I-14 through I-21 regarding the market, competition, and regulation of natural gas.

REAL ESTATE OPERATIONS

The Registrant's real estate operations are conducted exclusively within the metropolitan area of Tulsa, Oklahoma. Its major holding is Utica Square Shopping Center, consisting of fifteen separate buildings, with parking and other common facilities covering an area of approximately 30 acres. Fourteen

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of these buildings provide approximately 405,709 square feet of net leasable retail sales and storage space (97% of which is currently leased) and approximately 18,590 square feet of net leasable general office space (99% of which is currently leased). Approximately 24% of the general office space is occupied by the Registrant's real estate operations. The fifteenth building is an eight-story medical office building which provides approximately 76,379 square feet of net leasable medical office space (44% of which is currently leased). Due to increased operating costs and related business considerations, the Registrant intends to close the Medical Building in January 2002. All tenant leases in the Medical Building shall have expired prior to such date. The Registrant has not decided as to the future use of the area upon which the Medical Building is located.

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In September, 2001, the Registrant purchased one of its long-time Utica Square Shopping Center tenants, Miss Jackson's. Miss Jackson's is a retailer of fine women's clothing, accessories and gifts. The purchase price was \$4,500,000.

At the end of the 2001 fiscal year the Registrant owned 11 of a total of 73 units in The Yorktown, a 16-story luxury residential condominium with approximately 150,940 square feet of living area located on a six-acre tract adjacent to Utica Square Shopping Center. Ten of the Registrant's units are currently leased.

The Registrant owns an eight-story office building located diagonally across the street from Utica Square Shopping Center, containing approximately 87,000 square feet of net leasable general office space. This building houses the Registrant's principal executive offices. Approximately 11% of this building was leased to a third party during fiscal 2001. However, such third party's lease was not renewed and it vacated the leased premises in November of 2001. The vacated space will be used as general office space by Registrant.

Registrant leases approximately 29,000 square feet of office space in Tulsa for Registrant's oil and gas division.

The Registrant also owns and leases multi-tenant warehouse space. Three warehouses known as Space Center, each containing approximately 165,000 square feet of net leasable space, are situated in the southeast part of Tulsa at the intersection of two major limited-access highways. Present occupancy is 100%. The Registrant also owns approximately 1.5 acres of undeveloped land lying adjacent to such warehouses.

Registrant owns approximately 253.5 acres in Southpark consisting of approximately 240.5 acres of undeveloped real estate and approximately 13 acres of multi-tenant warehouse area. The warehouse area is known as Space Center East and consists of two warehouses, one containing

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approximately 90,000 square feet and the other containing approximately 112,500 square feet. Occupancy has decreased from 100% to 93%. The Registrant believes that a high quality office park, with peripheral commercial, office/warehouse, and hotel sites, is the best development use for the remaining land. However, no development plans are currently pending.

Registrant is a party to a condemnation proceeding initiated during fiscal 2000 by the Oklahoma Department of Transportation ("ODOT") which seeks to acquire approximately 15.14 acres of undeveloped real property adjacent to a

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major expressway in Southpark. In this proceeding, court appointed appraisers estimated the value of this tract to equal \$2,800,000. ODOT, in January of 2001, was required to pay Registrant this amount, but continues to litigate the fair market value of this tract. If ODOT was successful at trial, Registrant would be required to reimburse up to \$750,000 of such proceeds. It is expected that this matter will be concluded during calendar 2002.

The Registrant also owns a five-building complex called Tandem Business Park. The project is located adjacent to and east of the Space Center East facility and contains approximately six acres, with approximately 88,084 square feet of office/warehouse space. Occupancy has decreased from 100% to 94% during fiscal 2001. The Registrant also owns a twelve-building complex, consisting of approximately 204,600 square feet of office/warehouse space, called Tulsa Business Park. The project is located south of the Space Center facility, separated by a city street, and contains approximately 12 acres. During fiscal 2001, occupancy has remained steady at 93%. However, on October 1, 2001, Registrant added a new tenant and increased total occupancy to 96%.

The Registrant also owns two service center properties located adjacent to arterial streets in south central Tulsa. The first, called Maxim Center, consists of one office/warehouse building containing approximately 40,800 square feet and located on approximately 2.5 acres. During fiscal 2001, occupancy has decreased from 94% to 79%. On October 1, 2001, Registrant added one

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new tenant bringing the occupancy to 94%. The second, called Maxim Place, consists of one office/warehouse building containing approximately 33,750 square feet and located on approximately 2.25 acres. During fiscal 2000, this property was 100% occupied by one tenant. During fiscal 2001, this tenant significantly reduced the size of its operation with such property presently being 17% occupied.

Competition

The Registrant has numerous competitors in the multi-tenant leasing business. The size and financial capacity of these competitors range from one property sole proprietors to large international corporations. The primary competitive factors include price, location and configuration of space. Registrant's competitive position is enhanced by the location of its properties, its financial capability and the long-term ownership of its properties. However, many competitors have financial resources greater than Registrant and have more contemporary facilities.

FINANCIAL

Information relating to Revenue and Operating Profit by Business Segments may be found on pages 9 and 31 through 32 of the Registrant's Annual Report to Shareholders for fiscal 2001, which is incorporated herein by reference.

EMPLOYEES

The Registrant had 3,043 employees within the United States (11 of which were part-time employees) and 1,202 employees in international operations as of September 30, 2001.

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Item 2. PROPERTIES

CONTRACT DRILLING

The following table sets forth certain information concerning the Registrant's domestic drilling rigs as of September 30, 2001:

Rig Designation	Registrant's Classification	Optimum Working Depth in Feet	Present Location
158	Medium Depth	10,000	Wyoming
110	Medium Depth	12,000	Oklahoma
156	Medium Depth	12,000	Texas
159	Medium Depth	12,000	Wyoming
141	Medium Depth	14,000	Texas
142	Medium Depth	14,000	Texas
143	Medium Depth	14,000	Texas
145	Medium Depth	14,000	Texas
155	Medium Depth	14,000	Texas
96	Medium Depth	16,000	Oklahoma
118	Medium Depth	16,000	Texas
119	Medium Depth	16,000	Texas
120	Medium Depth	16,000	Texas
146	Medium Depth	16,000	Texas
147	Medium Depth	16,000	Texas
154	Medium Depth	16,000	Wyoming
162	Medium Depth	16,000	Texas
164	Medium Depth	16,000	Texas
165	Medium Depth	16,000	Texas
166	Medium Depth	16,000	Texas
167	Medium Depth	16,000	Oklahoma
168	Medium Depth	16,000	Texas
169	Medium Depth	16,000	Texas
108	Medium Depth	18,000	Gulf of Mexico
178	Medium Depth	18,000	Texas
179	Medium Depth	18,000	Wyoming
180	Medium Depth	18,000	Wyoming
181	Medium Depth	18,000	Texas
182	Medium Depth	18,000	Texas
183	Medium Depth	18,000	Texas
184	Medium Depth	18,000	Texas
79	Deep	20,000	Louisiana
80	Deep	20,000	Oklahoma
89	Deep	20,000	Texas

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Rig Designation	Registrant's Classification	Optimum Working Depth in Feet	Present Location
91	Deep	20,000	Gulf of Mexico
92	Deep	20,000	Oklahoma

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94	Deep	20,000	Texas
98	Deep	20,000	Oklahoma
122	Deep	20,000	Texas
203	Deep	20,000	Gulf of Mexico
97	Deep	26,000	Texas
99	Deep	26,000	Texas
137	Deep	26,000	Texas
149	Deep	26,000	Texas
170	Deep (Heli Rig)	26,000	Texas
72	Very Deep	30,000	Mississippi
73	Very Deep	30,000	Texas
100	Very Deep	30,000	Gulf of Mexico
105	Very Deep	30,000	Gulf of Mexico
106	Very Deep	30,000	Gulf of Mexico
107	Very Deep	30,000	Gulf of Mexico
134	Very Deep	30,000	Texas
136	Very Deep	30,000	Louisiana
157	Very Deep	30,000	Texas
161	Very Deep	30,000	Louisiana
163	Very Deep	30,000	Louisiana
201	Very Deep	30,000	Gulf of Mexico
202	Very Deep	30,000	Gulf of Mexico
204	Very Deep	30,000	Gulf of Mexico

The following table sets forth information with respect to the utilization of the Registrant's domestic drilling rigs for the periods indicated:

	Years ended September 30,				
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Number of rigs owned at end of period	38	46	50	48	59
Average rig utilization rate during period (1)	88%	95%	75%	87%	97%

(1) A rig is considered to be utilized when it is operated or being moved, assembled, or dismantled under contract.

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The following table sets forth certain information concerning the Registrant's international drilling rigs as of September 30, 2001:

Rig Designation	Registrant's Classification	Optimum Working Depth in Feet	Present Location
14	Workover/drilling	6,000	Venezuela
19	Workover/drilling	6,000	Venezuela
20	Workover/drilling	6,000	Venezuela
140	Medium Depth	10,000	Venezuela

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171	Medium Depth	16,000	Bolivia
172	Medium Depth	16,000	Bolivia
22	Medium Depth (Heli Rig)	18,000	Ecuador
23	Medium Depth (Heli Rig)	18,000	Ecuador
132	Medium Depth	18,000	Ecuador
176	Medium Depth	18,000	Ecuador
121	Deep	20,000	Ecuador
173	Deep	20,000	Bolivia
117	Deep	26,000	Ecuador
123	Deep	26,000	Bolivia
138	Deep	26,000	Ecuador
148	Deep	26,000	Venezuela
160	Deep	26,000	Venezuela
190*	Deep	26,000	Texas
191*	Deep	26,000	Texas
192*	Deep	26,000	Texas
113	Very Deep	30,000	Venezuela
115	Very Deep	30,000	Venezuela
116	Very Deep	30,000	Venezuela
125*	Very Deep	30,000	Texas
127	Very Deep	30,000	Venezuela
128	Very Deep	30,000	Venezuela
129	Very Deep	30,000	Venezuela
133	Very Deep	30,000	Colombia
135	Very Deep	30,000	Colombia
150	Very Deep	30,000	Venezuela
151	Very Deep	30,000	Bolivia
152	Very Deep	30,000	Colombia
153	Very Deep	30,000	Venezuela
174	Very Deep	30,000	Argentina
175	Very Deep	30,000	Bolivia
177	Very Deep	30,000	Argentina
139*	Super Deep	30,000+	Texas

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*Rigs returned to the United States for major modifications and upgrades.

The following table sets forth information with respect to the utilization of the Registrant's international drilling rigs for the periods indicated:

	Years ended September 30,				
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
	----	----	----	----	----
Number of rigs owned at end of period	39	44	39	40	37
Average rig utilization rate during period (1) (2)	91%	88%	53%	47%	56%

(1) A rig is considered to be utilized when it is operated or being moved, assembled, or dismantled under contract.

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- (2) Does not include rigs returned to United States for major modifications and upgrades.

OIL AND GAS DIVISION

All of the Registrant's oil and gas operations and holdings are located within the continental United States.

Significant Properties

The following six gas fields represent significant production areas for Registrant and accounted for approximately 47% of total oil and gas revenues and 51% of total gas reserves at September 30, 2001:

Hugoton field, located in southwest Kansas, has 348 producing wells and 19 proved undeveloped locations. For the year ending September 30, 2001, revenues from this field were 14.8% of total gas revenues. Reserves from this field represented 26.1% of total gas reserves at September 30, 2001. Registrant operates 309 of the producing wells with an average ownership of 68.0% and has a working interest in 39 non-operated wells with an average ownership of 20.6%.

Dixieland field, located in west Texas, has 5 producing wells and no proved undeveloped locations. For the year ending September 30, 2001, revenues from this field were 12.2% of total gas revenues. Reserves from this field represented 8.1% of total gas reserves at September 30, 2001. Registrant operates all of the wells with an average ownership of 99.7%.

Hammon field, located in western Oklahoma, has 103 producing wells and 7 proved undeveloped locations. For the year ending September 30, 2001, revenues from this field were 5.3% of total gas revenues. Reserves from this field represented 5.7% of total gas reserves at September 30, 2001. Registrant operates 32 of the producing wells with an average ownership of 54.6% and has a working interest in 71 non-operated wells with an average ownership of 18.6%.

Hemphill field, located in the Texas panhandle, has 32 producing wells and 2 proved undeveloped locations. For the year ending September 30, 2001, revenues from this field were 3.3% of total gas revenues. Reserves from this field represented 4.3% of total gas reserves at September 30, 2001. Registrant operates 24 of the producing wells with a 100% ownership and has a working interest in 8 non-operated wells with an average ownership of 50.0%.

Ashland field, located in southeast Oklahoma, has 65 producing wells and 22 proved undeveloped locations. For the year ending September 30, 2001, revenues from this field were 4.7% of total gas revenues. Reserves from this field represented 4.1% of total gas reserves at September 30, 2001. Registrant operates 21 of the producing wells with an average ownership of 84.3% and has a working interest in 44 non-operated wells with an average ownership of 33.0%.

Kiowa field, located in southwest Oklahoma, has 24 producing wells and no proved undeveloped locations. For the year ending September 30, 2001, revenues from this field were 12.1% of total gas revenues. Reserves from this field represented 3.1% of total gas reserves at September 30, 2001. Registrant operates 18 of the producing wells with an average ownership of 82.6% and has a working interest in 6 non-operated wells with an average ownership of 14.9%.

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Oil revenues represent approximately 10% of Registrant's total oil and gas revenues. Two secondary oil properties comprised approximately 58% of total oil reserves at September 30, 2001. One property, the Pleasant Prairie Unit is located in western Kansas with an ownership of 48.6% and is Company operated. The other property, the Denver Unit, located in west Texas, is non-operated with an ownership of 1%.

Crude Oil Sales

The Registrant's net sales of crude oil and condensate for the fiscal years 1999 through 2001 are shown below:

Year ----	Net Barrels -----	Average Sales Price per Barrel -----	Average L Cost per -----
1999	649,370	\$14.60	\$7.0
2000	880,304	\$27.95	\$6.0
2001	818,356	\$27.88	\$7.7

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Natural Gas Sales

The Registrant's net sales of natural and casinghead gas for the three fiscal years 1999 through 2001 are as follows:

Year ----	Net MCF -----	Average Sales Price per MCF -----	Average Lifting Cost per MCF -----
1999	44,240,332	\$1.83	\$0.3300
2000	46,922,752	\$2.79	\$0.3704
2001	42,386,796	\$4.55	\$0.6019

Following is a summary of the net wells drilled by the Registrant for the fiscal years ended September 30, 1999, 2000, and 2001:

	Exploratory Wells -----			Development Wells -----		
	1999 ----	2000 ----	2001 ----	1999 ----	2000 ----	2001 ----
Productive	2.917	9.735	9.0382	13.846	23.862	43.46
Dry	2.615	5.7017	9.9618	4.502	3.403	7.00

On September 30, 2001, the Registrant was in the process of drilling or completing eight gross or 4.6342 net wells.

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Acreage Holdings

The Registrant's holdings of acreage under oil and gas leases, as of September 30, 2001, were as follows:

	Developed Acreage		Undeveloped Acreage	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Arkansas	3,068.23	1,725.11	-0-	-0-
Colorado	-0-	-0-	320.00	160.00
Kansas	119,633.07	84,079.86	13,081.82	12,752.60
Louisiana	3,481.48	1,589.14	80,020.27	23,166.46
Michigan	-0-	-0-	4,123.64	4,123.64
Montana	1,997.19	377.99	2,708.95	969.73
Nebraska	480.00	168.00	-0-	-0-
Nevada	-0-	-0-	4,864.04	4,864.04
New Mexico	760.00	96.63	121.88	40.22
North Dakota	200.00	11.52	-0-	-0-
Oklahoma	123,559.86	49,647.24	27,138.98	16,664.45
Texas	87,692.92	43,885.47	190,421.95	87,554.14
Wyoming	-0-	-0-	440.00	105.59
Total	340,872.75	181,580.96	323,241.53	150,400.87

Acreage is held under leases which expire in the absence of production at the end of a prescribed primary term, and is, therefore, subject to fluctuation from year to year as new leases are acquired, old leases expire, and other leases are allowed to terminate by failure to pay annual delay rentals. As shown in the above table, the Registrant has a significant portion of its undeveloped acreage in Texas, with nine major project areas accounting for 40,517 net acres. The average minimum remaining term of leases in these nine project areas is approximately 16 months.

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Productive Wells

The Registrant's total gross and net productive wells as of September 30, 2001, were as follows:

Oil Wells		Gas Wells	
Gross	Net	Gross	Net
3,438	168	1,026	493

Additional information required by this item with respect to the Registrant's oil and gas operations may be found on pages I-11 through I-22 of

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Item 1. BUSINESS, and pages 23 through 34 of the Registrant's Annual Report to Shareholders for fiscal 2001, "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" and "Note 15 Supplementary Financial Information for Oil and Gas Producing Activities."

Estimates of oil and gas reserves, future net revenues, and present value of future net revenues were prepared by Netherland, Sewell & Associates, Inc., 4950 Three Allen Center, 333 Clay Street, Houston, Texas 77002. Total oil and gas reserve estimates do not differ by more than 5% from the total reserve estimates filed with any other federal authority or agency.

REAL ESTATE OPERATIONS

See Item 1. BUSINESS, pages I-22 through I-25.

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STOCK

As of December 14, 2001:

The Registrant owned 312,546 shares of the common stock of SUNOCO, Inc. and 150,000 shares of Kerr McGee Corporation.

The Registrant owned 3,000,000 shares of the common stock of Atwood Oceanics, Inc., a Houston, Texas based company engaged in offshore contract drilling. The Registrant owns approximately 22% of Atwood.

The Registrant owned 1,480,000 shares of the common stock of Schlumberger, Ltd.

The Registrant owned 240,000 shares of the common stock of Phillips Petroleum Company, Inc.

The Registrant owned 150,000 shares of the common stock of Occidental Petroleum Corporation, Inc.

The Registrant owned 175,000 shares of the common stock of Banc One Corporation.

The Registrant owned 450,000 shares of the common stock of ONEOK Inc.

The Registrant owned 286,528 shares of the common stock of Transocean Sedco Forex, Inc., which it received in a merger between Transocean Offshore and the contract drilling division of Schlumberger.

The Registrant owned 168,350 shares of the common stock of Protein Design Labs, Inc.

The Registrant also owned lesser holdings in several other publicly traded corporations.

Item 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

There are no material legal proceedings pending against the Registrant or its subsidiaries.

Item 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

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EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

The following table sets forth the names and ages of the Registrant's executive officers, together with all positions and offices held with the Registrant by such executive officers. Officers are elected to serve until the meeting of the Board of Directors following the next Annual Meeting of Stockholders and until their successors have been elected and have qualified or until their earlier resignation or removal.

W. H. Helmerich, III, 78 Chairman of the Board	Director since 1949; Chairman of the Board since 1960
Hans Helmerich, 43 President	Director since 1987; President and Chief Executive Officer since 1989
George S. Dotson, 60 Vice President	Director since 1990; Vice President, Drilling since 1977 and President and Chief Operating Officer of Helmerich & Payne International Drilling Co. since 1977
Douglas E. Fears, 52 Vice President	Vice President, Finance, since 1988
Steven R. Mackey, 50 Vice President and Secretary	Secretary since 1990; Vice President and General Counsel since 1988
Steven R. Shaw, 50 Vice President	Vice President, Production, since 1985; Vice President, Exploration and Production since 1996
Gordon K. Helm, 48 Controller	Chief Accounting Officer of the Registrant; Controller since December 10, 1993

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PART II

Item 5. MARKET FOR THE REGISTRANT'S COMMON STOCK AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The principal market on which the Registrant's common stock is traded is the New York Stock Exchange. The high and low sale prices per share for the common stock for each quarterly period during the past two fiscal years as reported in the NYSE - Composite Transaction quotations follow:

Quarter	2000		2001	
	High	Low	High	Low
	-----	-----	-----	-----

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-----	----	---	----	----
First	27.44	19.13	44.19	28.94
Second	31.00	20.00	58.51	39.63
Third	37.75	29.06	51.23	30.82
Fourth	38.31	30.06	32.77	23.74

The Registrant paid quarterly cash dividends during the past two years as shown in the following table:

Quarter -----	Paid per Share -----		Total Payment -----	
	Fiscal		Fiscal	
	2000 ----	2001 ----	2000 ----	2001 ----
First	\$0.070	\$0.075	\$3,474,612	\$3,748,896
Second	0.070	0.075	3,475,623	3,776,612
Third	0.070	0.075	3,484,189	3,796,489
Fourth	0.075	0.075	3,740,863	3,765,488

The Registrant paid a cash dividend of \$.075 per share on December 3, 2001, to shareholders of record on November 15, 2001. Payment of future dividends will depend on earnings and other factors.

As of December 14, 2001, there were 1,090 record holders of the Registrant's common stock as listed by the transfer agent's records.

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Item 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

	Five-year Summary of Selected Financial Data -----				
	1997 ----	1998 ----	1999 ----	2000 ----	2001 ----
	(in thousands)				
Sales, operating, and other revenues	\$ 517,859	\$636,640	\$ 564,319	\$ 631,095	\$ 826,854
Income from con- tinuing operations	84,186	101,154	42,788	82,300	144,254
Income from con- tinuing operations per common share:					
Basic	1.69	2.03	0.87	1.66	2.88
Diluted	1.67	2.00	0.86	1.64	2.84

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Total assets	1,033,595	1,090,430	1,109,699	1,259,492	1,364,507
Long-term debt	-0-	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
Cash dividends declared per common share	0.26	0.275	0.28	0.285	0.30

Item 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS
AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

Information required by this item may be found on pages 10 through 17, Management's Discussion & Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition, in the Registrant's Annual Report to Shareholders for fiscal 2001, which is incorporated herein by reference.

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Item 7(a). QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Information required by this item may be found on the following pages of Management's Discussion & Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition and in Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, in the Registrant's Annual Report to Shareholders for fiscal 2001, which is incorporated herein by reference:

Market Risk	Page
-----	----
o Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk	13-14, 23
o Commodity Price Risk	14-15, 29
o Interest Rate Risk	17, 24
o Equity Price Risk	17, 23

Item 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Information required by this item may be found on pages 18 through 34 in the Registrant's Annual Report to Shareholders for fiscal 2001, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING
AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

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PART III

Item 10. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

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Information required under this item with respect to Directors and with respect to delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is incorporated by reference from the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held March 6, 2002, to be filed with the Commission not later than 120 days after September 30, 2001. See page I-34 for information covering the Registrant's Executive Officers.

Item 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

This information is incorporated by reference from the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held March 6, 2002, to be filed with the Commission not later than 120 days after September 30, 2001.

Item 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

This information is incorporated by reference from the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held March 6, 2002, to be filed with the Commission not later than 120 days after September 30, 2001.

Item 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

This information is incorporated by reference from the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held March 6, 2002, to be filed with the Commission not later than 120 days after September 30, 2001.

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PART IV

Item 14. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES, AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) Document List

1. The financial statements called for by Item 8 are incorporated herein by reference from the Registrant's Annual Report to Shareholders for fiscal 2001.

2. Exhibits required by Item 601 of Regulation S-K:

Exhibit Number:

- 3.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Amendment to Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant are incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K to the Securities and Exchange Commission for fiscal 1996, SEC File No. 001-04221.
- 3.2 By-Laws of the Registrant are incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K to the Securities and Exchange Commission for fiscal 1996, SEC File No. 001-04221.
- 4.1 Rights Agreement dated as of January 8, 1996, between the Registrant and The Liberty National Bank and Trust Company of Oklahoma City, N.A. is incorporated

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herein by reference to the Registrant's Form 8-A, dated January 18, 1996, SEC File No. 001-04221.

- * 10.1 Consulting Services Agreement between W. H. Helmerich, III, and the Registrant effective January 1, 1990, as amended is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K to the Securities and Exchange Commission for fiscal 1996, SEC File No. 001-04221.
- * 10.2 Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Salaried Employees of Helmerich & Payne, Inc. is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.6 of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K to the Securities and Exchange Commission for fiscal 1996, SEC File No. 001-04221.
- * 10.3 Helmerich & Payne, Inc. 1990 Stock Option Plan is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.7 of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K to the Securities and Exchange Commission for fiscal 1996, SEC File No. 001-04221.

* Compensatory Plan or Arrangement.

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- * 10.4 Form of Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement for the 1990 Stock Option Plan is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 to the Registrant's Registration Statement No. 33-55239 on Form S-8, dated August 26, 1994.
- * 10.5 Supplemental Savings Plan for Salaried Employees of Helmerich and Payne, Inc. is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K to the Securities and Exchange Commission for fiscal 1999, SEC File No. 001-04221.
- * 10.6 Helmerich & Payne, Inc. 1996 Stock Incentive Plan is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to Registrant's Registration Statement No. 333-34939 on Form S-8 dated September 4, 1997.
- * 10.7 Form of Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement for Helmerich & Payne, Inc. 1996 Stock Incentive Plan is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 to Registrant's Registration Statement No. 333-34939 on Form S-8 dated September 4, 1997.
- * 10.8 Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for Helmerich & Payne, Inc. 1996 Stock Incentive Plan is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K to the Securities and Exchange Commission for fiscal 1997, SEC File No. 001-04221.

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- * 10.9 Helmerich & Payne, Inc. 2000 Stock Incentive Plan is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Registrant's Registration Statement No. 333-63124 on Form S-8 dated June 15, 2001.
- * 10.10 Form of Agreements for Helmerich & Payne, Inc. 2000 Stock Incentive Plan being (i) Restricted Stock Award Agreement, (ii) Incentive Stock Option Agreement and (iii) Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement are incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 to Registrant's Registration Statement No. 333-63124 on Form S-8 dated June 15, 2001.
- 13. The Registrant's Annual Report to Shareholders for fiscal 2001.
- 21. Subsidiaries of the Registrant.

* Compensatory Plan or Arrangement.

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23.1 Consent of Independent Auditors.

(b) Report on Form 8-K

None.

* Compensatory Plan or Arrangement.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized:

HELMERICH & PAYNE, INC.

By Hans Helmerich

Hans Helmerich, President
(Chief Executive Officer)

Date: December 27, 2001

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this Report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

By William L. Armstrong

By Glenn A. Cox

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----- William L. Armstrong, Director Date: December 27, 2001	----- Glenn A. Cox, Director Date: December 27, 2001
By George S. Dotson ----- George S. Dotson, Director Date: December 27, 2001	By Hans Helmerich ----- Hans Helmerich, Director and CEO Date: December 27, 2001
By W. H. Helmerich, III ----- W. H. Helmerich, III, Director Date: December 27, 2001	By L. F. Rooney, III ----- L. F. Rooney, III, Director Date: December 27, 2001
By Edward B. Rust, Jr. ----- Edward B. Rust, Jr., Director Date: December 27, 2001	By George A. Schaefer ----- George A. Schaefer, Director Date: December 27, 2001
By John D. Zeglis ----- John D. Zeglis, Director Date: December 27, 2001	By Douglas E. Fears ----- Douglas E. Fears (Principal Financial Officer) Date: December 27, 2001
By Gordon K. Helm ----- Gordon K. Helm, Controller (Principal Accounting Officer) Date: December 27, 2001	

CERTIFICATION OF CEO AND CFO PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with Amendment No. 2 to the Annual Report of Helmerich & Payne, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K/A for the period ending September 30, 2001 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Hans Helmerich, as Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Douglas E. Fears, as Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of his knowledge, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

/s/ Hans Helmerich

Hans Helmerich
Chief Executive Officer
August 16, 2002

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/s/ Douglas E. Fears

Douglas E. Fears
Chief Financial Officer
August 16, 2002

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT NUMBER -----	DESCRIPTION -----
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3.2	By-Laws of the Registrant are incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K to the Securities and Exchange Commission for fiscal 1996, SEC File No. 001-04221.
4.1	Rights Agreement dated as of January 8, 1996, between the Registrant and The Liberty National Bank and Trust Company of Oklahoma City, N.A. is incorporated herein by reference to the Registrant's Form 8-A, dated January 18, 1996, SEC File No. 001-04221.
* 10.1	Consulting Services Agreement between W. H. Helmerich, III, and the Registrant effective January 1, 1990, as amended is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K to the Securities and Exchange Commission for fiscal 1996, SEC File No. 001-04221.
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