

TAIWAN GREATER CHINA FUND

Form POS 8C

January 27, 2010

As filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on January 27, 2010

Securities Act File No. 333-152334
Investment Company Act File No. 811-05617

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

(Check appropriate box or boxes)

Form N-2

- REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933**
 Pre-Effective Amendment No.
 Post-Effective Amendment No. 2
- and/or**
- REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940**
 Amendment No. 15

TAIWAN GREATER CHINA FUND

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

111 Gillett Street

Hartford, Connecticut 06105

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(800) 343-9567

(Registrant's Telephone Number, including Area Code)

Brown Brothers Harriman

40 Water Street

Boston, Massachusetts 02109-9047

(Name and Address of Agent for Service)

Copy to:

Leonard B. Mackey, Jr., Esq.

Clifford Chance US LLP

31 West 52nd Street

New York, New York 10019

(212) 878-8000

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Approximate date of proposed public offering: As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered only in connection with dividend or interest reinvestment plans, please check this box.

It is proposed that this filing will become effective (check appropriate box):

when declared effective pursuant to Section 8(c)

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Title of Securities Being Registered	Amount Being Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Unit⁽¹⁾	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price⁽¹⁾	Amount of Registration Fee⁽¹⁾
Shares of Beneficial Interest, par value \$0.01 per share	____shares	\$	\$	\$

(1) Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee in accordance with Rule 457(c) under the Securities Act of 1933, based on the average of the high and low sale prices reported on the New York Stock Exchange on ____.

Explanatory Note

This filing consists of (a) a form of preliminary prospectus supplement to be used if the Fund decides to conduct a rights offering; (b) a preliminary base prospectus; and (c) Part C.

The information in this Prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This Prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED __, 2010

Form of Preliminary Prospectus Supplement
(To Prospectus dated __, 2010)

Shares
TAIWAN GREATER CHINA FUND
Common Shares
Issuable Upon Exercise of Rights to Subscribe for Such Shares

Taiwan Greater China Fund (the Fund) is issuing to its shareholders of record as of as of __, 2010 (the Record Date) transferable rights (the Rights). These Rights will allow such shareholders to subscribe for up to an aggregate of __ shares (the Shares) at the rate of one Share of the Fund's common shares of beneficial interest par value \$0.01 per share for each __ Rights held and, subject to certain limitations and subject to allotment, for any Shares not acquired by exercise of primary subscription Rights. You will receive one Right for each whole common share that you hold of record as of __, 2010. You need __ Rights to purchase one Share at the subscription price. Record Date Shareholders (as defined herein) who fully exercise their Rights will be entitled to subscribe for additional common shares of the Fund that may become available with respect to any unexercised Rights, subject to certain limitations and subject to allotment. The Fund will not issue fractional Shares upon the exercise of less than __ Rights. The [Rights and the Shares] will be listed for trading on the New York Stock Exchange (the NYSE), subject to notice of issuance. The Fund's common shares, including the Shares once issued, are traded on the NYSE under the symbol TFC. [The Rights will be traded under the symbol TFC.RT.] The subscription price per Share will be __.

THE OFFER WILL EXPIRE AT 5:00 P.M., NEW YORK TIME, ON __, 2010, UNLESS EXTENDED (Expiration Date). The Fund announced the offer after the close of business on the NYSE on __, 2010. The Fund's net asset value per share at the close of business on __, 2010 and __, 2010 was \$__ and \$__, respectively. Because the expiration date and the date upon which the price of the Rights will be determined will be the same date, shareholders who exercise their rights will not know the purchase price of the Shares when they make their investment decision. Once you subscribe for Shares and the Fund receives payment or a guarantee of payment, you will not be able to change your decision.

The Fund is a diversified, closed-end management investment company incorporated under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The Fund, together with its predecessor, is the oldest investment fund organized for investment in securities of Republic of China (the R.O.C. or Taiwan) issuers by investors outside the R.O.C. The Fund's investment objective is long term capital appreciation through investment primarily in publicly traded equity securities of R.O.C. issuers. The Fund's strategy is to invest primarily in Taiwan-listed companies that derive or are expected to derive a significant portion of their revenues by exporting to or operating in mainland China. Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's net assets will be invested in investments that are economically tied to the R.O.C. See The Fund's Investments Investment Objective and Policies beginning on page 15 of the accompanying prospectus. There can be no assurance that the Fund's investment objective will be achieved. Nanking Road Capital Management, LLC acts as the Fund's investment manager. The address of the Fund is c/o Nanking Road Capital Management, LLC, 111 Gillett Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06105, and the Fund's telephone number is (800) 343-9567.

Investment in the Fund's common shares involves certain risks that are not typically associated with investments in the securities of U.S. issuers, arising in part from the Fund's investments in securities of R.O.C. issuers. See Risk Factors and Special Considerations beginning on page 17 of this Prospectus Supplement and on page 9 of the accompanying prospectus.

As a result of the offer, shareholders of record on the record date who do not fully exercise their rights should expect that they will, upon completion of the offer, own a smaller proportional interest in the Fund than would otherwise be the case. In addition, because the Subscription Price per Share (Subscription Price) may be less than the then current net asset value per Share, the completion of the Offer will likely result in an immediate dilution of the net asset value per Share for all existing shareholders. Although it is not possible to state precisely the amount of any such decrease in net asset value, because it is not known at this time what the net asset value per share will be on the Expiration Date, such dilution could be substantial. For example, assuming that all Rights are exercised and that the Subscription Price of \$ is % below the Fund's net asset value of \$ per share, the Fund's net asset value per share (after payment of the financial advisory, marketing and soliciting

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fees and estimated offering expenses) would be reduced by approximately \$ per share. The distribution to shareholders of transferable rights, which themselves may have intrinsic value also will afford non-participating shareholders the potential of receiving a cash payment upon sale of such Rights, receipt of which may be viewed as compensation for the dilution of their interest in the Fund.

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If such dilution occurs, shareholders will experience a decrease in the net asset value per common share held by them, irrespective of whether they exercise all or any portion of their Rights. Future offerings below net asset value could result in still additional dilution. No assurance can be given that a market for the Rights will develop, or as to the value, if any, that the Rights will have. See Risk Factors and Special Considerations beginning on page 17 of this Prospectus Supplement.

Shareholders of record (Record Date Shareholders) who exercise all the Rights issued to them (other than those Rights that cannot be exercised because they represent the right to acquire less than one Share) are entitled to subscribe for additional Shares at the same Subscription Price pursuant to the over-subscription privilege, subject to certain limitations and subject to allotment. Investors who are not Record Date Shareholders, but who otherwise acquire Rights to purchase Shares pursuant to the Offer, are not entitled to subscribe for any Shares pursuant to the over-subscription privilege. To the extent sufficient Shares are not available to honor all over-subscription requests, unsubscribed Shares will be allocated pro rata among those Record Date Shareholders who over-subscribe based on the number of common shares of the Fund they owned on the Record Date (as defined herein). See The Offer Over-Subscription Privilege on page 12 of this Prospectus Supplement.

Please read this Prospectus Supplement and the accompanying prospectus carefully before investing and keep it for future reference. They set forth concisely important information that a prospective investor should know before investing in the Fund. All questions and inquiries relating to the offer should be directed to the Information Agent, The Altman Group, [address] or toll-free at __. The Fund has filed additional information about the Fund and the offer with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (www.sec.gov). Copies of the Fund's annual and semiannual reports may be obtained upon request, without charge, by writing to The Taiwan Greater China Fund, c/o Secretary of the Trust, 111 Gillett Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06105 or by calling (800) 343-9567 and also will be made available on the Fund's website at www.taiwangreaterchinafund.com. You may also call this toll-free telephone number to request additional information about the Fund or to make shareholder inquiries.

These securities have not been approved by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission or any state securities commission nor has the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission or any state securities commission passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus Supplement or the accompanying prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Estimated Subscription Price (1)	Estimated Sales Load (4)	Estimated Proceeds to the Fund (2)
Per Share	\$	\$	\$
Total (3)	\$	\$	\$

- (1) The estimated subscription price is based upon __.
- (2) __ will act as dealer manager for the offer (the Dealer Manager). The Fund has agreed to pay the Dealer Manager a fee for its financial advisory, marketing and soliciting services equal to __% of the Subscription Price per share for each share issued pursuant to the exercise of Rights. The Dealer Manager will reallocate to broker-dealers in the selling group to be formed and managed by the Dealer Manager selling fees equal to __% of the Subscription Price per share for each Share issued pursuant to the exercise of Rights as a result of their selling efforts. In addition, the Dealer Manager will reallocate to other broker-dealers that have executed and delivered a soliciting dealer agreement and have solicited the exercise of Rights solicitation fees equal to __ of the Subscription Price per share for each Share issued pursuant to the exercise of Rights as a result of their soliciting efforts, subject to a maximum fee based on the number of Shares held by each broker-dealer through The Depository Trust Company (DTC) on the Record Date (as defined herein). The fees and expenses of the offer will be borne by the Fund and indirectly by all of its shareholders, including those who do not exercise their Rights. The Fund and the Fund's Investment Manager have each agreed to indemnify the Dealer Manager for or contribute to losses arising out of certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.
- (3) After deduction of expenses payable by the Fund, estimated at US\$__.
- (4) Assumes that all Rights are exercised at the estimated Subscription Price (as defined herein).

[DEALER MANAGER]

Prospectus Supplement dated __, 2010

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(continued from previous page)

The information set forth in this Prospectus Supplement and in the accompanying prospectus regarding Taiwan, its economy, and stock exchanges has been extracted from various government and private publications. The Fund and its Board of Trustees have not attempted to verify the statistical information presented in this Prospectus. In this Prospectus, unless otherwise specified, all references to U.S. dollars, US\$ or \$ are to United States dollars and all references to NT\$ or NT dollars are to New Taiwan dollars. On __, 2010, the exchange rates published in The Wall Street Journal were NT\$__= US\$1.00, unless otherwise specified, all NT dollar amounts have been converted to U.S. dollars at such exchange rates. No representation is made that the NT\$ or U.S.\$ amounts in this Prospectus Supplement could have been or could be converted into US\$ or NT\$, as the case may be, at any particular rate or at all.

Certain numbers and percentages have been rounded for ease of presentation, which may result in amounts not totaling precisely.

Shares of the Fund do not represent a deposit or obligation of, and are not guaranteed by or endorsed by, any bank or other insured depository institution, and are not federally insured by the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

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The information contained in this Prospectus Supplement speaks only as of the date of this Prospectus Supplement unless the information specifically indicates that another date applies. No dealer, salesperson or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained in this Prospectus Supplement in connection with the offer contained herein and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Fund.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The Fund may not claim the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the federal securities laws of the United States because that safe harbor does not apply to investment companies. Nevertheless, you should note that certain statements in this Prospectus Supplement are prospective in nature, which involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the Fund's actual results or level of performance to be materially different from any future results or level of performance expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, those listed under "Risk Factors and Special Considerations" in this Prospectus Supplement and the accompanying prospectus. As a result of these and other factors, the Fund cannot give you any assurances as to its future results or level of performance. To the extent required by law, the Fund undertakes to amend or reflect any material changes to it after the date of this Prospectus Supplement.

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights some information from this Prospectus Supplement and the accompanying prospectus, and it may not contain all of the information that is important to you. To understand the terms of the common shares offered hereby, you should read this Prospectus Supplement and the accompanying prospectus carefully. Together, these documents describe the specific terms of the Shares we are offering. You should carefully read the sections titled Risk Factors and Special Considerations in this Prospectus Supplement and in the accompanying prospectus and the documents identified in the section Available Information.

The following is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information included elsewhere in this Prospectus Supplement and the accompanying prospectus. You should read the entire Prospectus Supplement and the accompanying prospectus before you decide whether to exercise your rights. In particular, you should carefully read the risks of investing in the Shares, as discussed under Risk Factors and Special Consideration beginning on page 17 of this Prospectus Supplement and on page 9 of the accompanying prospectus.

The Offer at a Glance

Terms of the Offer

The Taiwan Greater China Fund (the Fund) is issuing to its shareholders of record (Record Date Shareholders) as of the close of business on __, 2010 (the Record Date) transferable rights (the Rights). These Rights will allow such shareholders to subscribe for up to an aggregate of __ shares (the Shares) at a rate of one Share of the Fund's common shares of beneficial interest, par value \$0.01 per share (the Common Shares) for each __ Rights held and, subject to certain limitations and subject to allotment, for any Shares not acquired by exercise of primary subscription rights (the Offer). Each Record Date Shareholder will receive one Right for each whole Common Share owned on the Record Date. Each Record Date Shareholder needs __ Rights to purchase one Share at the Subscription Price (as defined herein). The Fund will not issue fractional Shares upon the exercise of less than __ Rights. The [Rights and the Shares] will be listed for trading on the New York Stock Exchange (the NYSE), subject to notice of issuance. The Fund's Common Shares, including the Shares once issued, are traded on the NYSE. Rights may be exercised at any time from __, 2010 through 5:00 p.m., New York time, on __, 2010, unless extended by the Fund (the Subscription Period). The right of a Record Date Shareholder to acquire Shares during the Subscription Period is hereinafter referred to as the Primary Subscription. Since the Subscription Price will be determined after the expiration of the Subscription Period, Record Date Shareholders who exercise their Rights will not know the Subscription Price at the time they exercise their Rights and shareholders should consider the possibility that the Subscription Price could be greater than the market price of the Fund's Common Shares at the close of trading on the last day of the Subscription Period. Once a Record Date Shareholder subscribes for Shares and the Fund receives payment or a guarantee of payment, the Record Date Shareholder will not be able to change his or her decision. See The Offer in this Prospectus Supplement.

Subscription Price

The Subscription Price per Share (Subscription Price) will be US\$__. The Subscription Price is discussed further under The Offer Subscription Price in this Prospectus Supplement. In addition, information with respect to the quarterly high and low sale prices of the Fund's Common Shares on the NYSE and the quarterly high and low net asset values per Common Share is provided under Common Shares in this Prospectus Supplement.

Over-Subscription Privilege

Record Date Shareholders who exercise all the Rights issued to them (other than those Rights that cannot be exercised because they represent the right to acquire less than one Share) are entitled to subscribe for additional Shares at the same Subscription Price pursuant to the over-subscription privilege, subject to certain limitations and subject to allotment. Investors who are not Record Date Shareholders, but who otherwise acquire Rights to purchase Shares pursuant to the Offer, are not entitled to subscribe for any Shares pursuant to the over-subscription privilege. To the extent sufficient Shares are not available to honor all over-subscription requests, unsubscribed Shares will be

allocated pro rata among those Record Date Shareholders who over-subscribe based on the number of common shares of the Fund they owned on the Record Date. See *The Offer Over-Subscription Privilege* on page 12 of this Prospectus Supplement.

Exercising Rights

Rights will be evidenced by Subscription Certificates and may be exercised by delivering to [American Stock Transfer & Trust Company] (the Subscription Agent) a completed Subscription Certificate, together with payment, or by delivering a Notice of Guaranteed Delivery. The Notice of Guaranteed Delivery or Subscription Certificates together with payment should be addressed, if sent by first class mail or overnight courier, to __, [address] or, if delivered by hand, to __, [address]. Those Record Date Shareholders who subscribe in the Primary Subscription, or Exercising Rights Holders, will have no right to rescind a purchase after the Subscription Agent has received a completed Subscription Certificate or Notice of Guaranteed Delivery. See *The Offer Exercise of Rights* and *The Offer Payment for Shares* in this Prospectus Supplement. There is no minimum number of Rights which must be exercised for the Offer to close.

Sale and Transferability of Rights

The Rights will be admitted for trading on the NYSE under the symbol TFC.RT during the course of the Offer. Trading in Rights on the NYSE may be conducted until the close of trading on the NYSE on the last business day prior to the Expiration Date. The Fund and __, the dealer manager of the Offer (__ or the Dealer Manager), will use their best efforts to ensure that an adequate trading market for the Rights will exist, although there is no assurance that a market for the Rights will develop and that the value of the Rights, if any, will be reflected by the market price. Assuming a market exists for the Rights, the Rights may be purchased and sold through usual brokerage channels or sold through the Subscription Agent. Any commissions in connection with the sale of Rights by the Subscription Agent will be paid by the applicable selling Rights Holders. Neither the Fund nor the Subscription Agent will be responsible if Rights cannot be sold, and neither of them has guaranteed any minimum sale price for the Rights. Rights Holders are urged to obtain a recent trading price for the Rights on the NYSE from their broker, bank, financial adviser or the financial press.

Record Date Shareholders who do not wish to exercise any of the Rights issued to them pursuant to the Offer may instruct the Subscription Agent to sell any unexercised Rights through or to the Dealer Manager. Subscription Certificates representing the Rights to be sold through or to the Dealer Manager must be received by the Subscription Agent by 5:00 p.m., New York time, __, 2010 (or, if the subscription period is extended, by 5:00 p.m., New York time, two business days prior to the extended Expiration Date, if any).

Alternatively, the Rights evidenced by a Subscription Certificate may be transferred until the Expiration Date in whole or in part by endorsing the Subscription Certificate for transfer in accordance with the accompanying instructions. See *The Offer Sale and Transferability of Rights* in this Prospectus Supplement.

Foreign Restrictions

Subscription Certificates will not be mailed to Record Date Shareholders whose record addresses are outside the United States (Foreign Record Date Shareholders) (the term United States includes its territories and possessions and the District of Columbia). The Rights to which such Subscription Certificates relate will be held by the Subscription Agent for such Foreign Record Date Shareholders accounts until instructions are received to exercise the Rights. If no instructions are received prior to the Expiration Date, the Rights will expire. See *The Offer Foreign Shareholders* in this Prospectus Supplement.

If no instructions have been received by 5:00 p.m., New York time, on __, 2010, which is four Business Days prior to the Expiration Date, unless extended, the Rights of those Foreign Record Date Shareholders will be transferred by the Subscription Agent to the Dealer Manager, which will use its best efforts to sell the Rights on the NYSE. The net proceeds, if any, from the sale of those Rights by the Dealer Manager will be remitted to the Foreign Record Date Shareholders.

Purpose of the Offer

The Board of the Fund has determined that it is in the best interests of the Fund and its shareholders to increase the assets of the Fund available for investment so that the Fund will be in a better position to take advantage of investment opportunities. Taiwan and the People's Republic of China (the "P.R.C." or "China") are currently negotiating agreements which have the potential to open up new investment and market opportunities for Taiwan companies. China continues to focus on policies to increase domestic demand, and Taiwan companies are well positioned to take advantage of these changes. The Offer will benefit both the Fund and its shareholders by providing the Fund with the ability to make additional investments without selling current investments if otherwise not desirable. The Board also believes that, when there are investment opportunities to take advantage of and when market conditions are appropriate, the Fund should increase its assets to offset the constant erosion of its assets as a result of the semi-annual repurchase of Shares under the Fund's interval fund policy. In addition, the Board believes increasing the size of the Fund will increase the liquidity of the Fund's Common Shares and reduce the Fund's expenses as a proportion of average net assets. Furthermore, the Offer seeks to reward the Fund's shareholders by giving them the right to purchase additional Common Shares at a price that may be below market without incurring any direct transaction costs. Finally, the distribution to shareholders of transferable Rights which themselves may have intrinsic value will also afford non-participating shareholders the potential of receiving a cash payment upon sale of such Rights, receipt of which may be viewed as partial compensation for the possible dilution of their interest in the Fund. See "The Offer Purpose of the Offer" in this Prospectus Supplement.

Distribution Arrangements

___ will act as Dealer Manager for this Offer. Under the terms and subject to the conditions contained in the Dealer Manager Agreement among the Dealer Manager, the Fund and Nanking Road Capital Management, LLC ("NRC" or the "Investment Manager"), the Dealer Manager will provide financial structuring services and marketing assistance in connection with the Offer and will solicit the exercise of Rights and participation in the oversubscription privilege. The Fund has agreed to pay the Dealer Manager a fee for its financial structuring, marketing and soliciting services equal to ___% of the aggregate Subscription Price for the Shares issued pursuant to the exercise of Rights. The fees paid to the Dealer Manager and other expenses of the Offer will be borne by the Fund and indirectly by all of its shareholders, including those who do not exercise the Rights. The Dealer Manager will reallow a part of its fees to other broker-dealers who have assisted in soliciting the exercise of Rights. The Fund and the Investment Manager have each agreed to indemnify the Dealer Manager for or contribute to losses arising out of certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act").

Prior to the expiration of the Offer, the Dealer Manager may independently offer for sale Shares it has acquired through purchasing and exercising the Rights, at prices it sets. Although the Dealer Manager may realize gains and losses in connection with purchases and sales of Shares, such offering of Shares is intended by the Dealer Manager to facilitate the Offer and any such gains or losses are not expected to be material to the Dealer Manager. The Dealer Manager's fee for its financial structuring, marketing and soliciting services is independent of any gains or losses that may be realized by the Dealer Manager through the purchase and exercise of the Rights and the sale of Shares. See "The Offer Distribution Arrangements" in this Prospectus Supplement.

Tax Consequences

For federal income tax purposes, neither the receipt nor the exercise of the Rights should result in taxable income to you. You will not realize a taxable loss if your Rights expire without being exercised. See "The Offer U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Offer" in this Prospectus Supplement.

Use of Proceeds

The net proceeds of the Offer, assuming all Shares offered hereby are sold, are estimated to be approximately US\$___, after deducting offering expenses payable by the Fund estimated to be approximately US\$___. The Fund anticipates that investment of the net proceeds of the Offer in accordance with the Fund's investment objective and policies may take up to one week from their receipt by the Fund, depending on market conditions and the availability of appropriate securities. The Fund may require up to one week due to the Fund's need to invest substantially all of its assets in the securities of issuers organized under the laws of a foreign jurisdiction. Pending such investment, such proceeds will be held in bank deposits or invested in U.S. government securities or other U.S.

Dollar-denominated short-term high grade securities. See Use of Proceeds in this Prospectus Supplement.

Information Agent and Subscription Agent

The Information Agent for the Offer is:

The Subscription Agent for the Offer is:

American Stock Transfer & Trust Company

Toll-Free: __

or

For banks and brokers: __

Important Dates to Remember

Event	Date
Record Date	__, 2010
Subscription Period	__, 2010 to __, 2010*
Expiration Date and pricing date	__, 2010*
Subscription Certificates and payment for Shares due**	__, 2010*
Notice of Guaranteed Delivery due	__, 2010*
Subscription Certificate and payment for guarantees of delivery due**	__, 2010*
Confirmation mailed to participants	__, 2010*
Final payment for Shares***	__, 2010*

* Unless the Offer is extended.

** A Record Date Shareholder exercising Rights must deliver by the Expiration Date either (i) a Subscription Certificate and payment for Shares or (ii) a Notice of Guaranteed Delivery. A Notice of Guaranteed Delivery is a form sent by your broker-dealer, bank or trust company that guarantees on your behalf delivery of the Subscription Certificate and payment by the close of business on the third business day after the Expiration Date.

*** Additional amount due (in the event the Subscription Price exceeds the Estimated Subscription Price).

The Fund at a Glance

Information Regarding the Fund

The Fund is a diversified, closed-end management investment company, organized for investment in securities of R.O.C. issuers by investors outside the R.O.C. The Fund was formed in connection with the reorganization (the Reorganization) of The Taiwan (R.O.C.) Fund (the R.O.C. Fund), a securities investment trust fund organized in 1983 under the laws of the R.O.C. Pursuant to the Reorganization, which was completed in May 1989, the Fund acquired the entire beneficial interest in the assets constituting the R.O.C. Fund.

The Fund is designed for investors desiring to invest a portion of their assets in equity securities of R.O.C. issuers. The Fund's strategy is to invest primarily in Taiwan-listed companies that derive or are expected to derive a significant portion of their revenues by exporting to or operating in mainland China. Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's net assets will be invested in Taiwan-listed companies that (i) derive or are expected to derive a substantial portion (i.e., at least 50%) of their revenues or profits by exporting to or operating in mainland China or (ii) have at least 50% of their assets in Greater China. Greater China includes mainland China, Hong Kong and Taiwan. This investment policy is non-fundamental and requires 60 days prior written notice to shareholders before it can be changed. The Fund has and intends to continue to spread risk by investing in various industries and issuers. The Fund has also invested, and if conditions warrant, may in the future invest, in debt securities of R.O.C. issuers (including the R.O.C. government). For defensive purposes during periods in which changes in economic, financial or political conditions make it advisable, the Fund may reduce its holdings in equity securities and increase its holdings in (i) long-term or short-term debt securities issued by the R.O.C. government, its agencies or instrumentalities or private issuers in the R.O.C., (ii) certificates of deposit issued by banks or other

financial institutions in the R.O.C. or (iii) cash, or any combination of the foregoing, in each case to the extent deemed prudent. See "Investment Objective and Policies" in the accompanying prospectus.

It is an investment policy of the Fund that normally at least 80% of its net assets will be invested in investments that are economically tied to the R.O.C. This policy and the Fund's investment objective are fundamental policies that may not be changed without the approval of a majority of the Fund's outstanding voting securities. As used herein, a "majority of the Fund's outstanding voting securities" means the lesser of (i) 67% of the Shares represented at a meeting at which more than 50% of the outstanding Shares are represented or (ii) more than 50% of the outstanding Shares. An additional investment policy of the Fund is that normally at least 70% of its total assets will be invested in securities of R.O.C. issuers (including the R.O.C. government). The Fund may not invest more than 20% of its net assets in stocks traded over the counter. Subject to these limitations, the Fund may invest a portion of its assets in securities of non-R.O.C. issuers that are consistent with its China strategy. The Fund is permitted to invest in securities of companies that are economically tied to the R.O.C. even if those securities trade on securities exchanges outside of the R.O.C., such as the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. There can be no assurance that the Fund's investment objective will be achieved. See "Risk Factors and Special Considerations" beginning on page 9 of the accompanying prospectus.

In addition, because the Fund's Shares have traded at a discount to net asset value of more than 10% in a recent 12-week period, the Board of Trustees will submit a proposal to the Fund's shareholders to convert the Fund to an open-end investment company at the Fund's next Annual Meeting of Shareholders, which is currently scheduled for September 2010. See "Premium/Discount to Net Asset Value" beginning on page 4 of the accompanying prospectus.

Taking into account the Fund's predecessor, the Fund is the oldest investment fund organized for investment in securities of R.O.C. issuers by investors outside the R.O.C.

As of __, 2010, the Fund had __ shares outstanding, which are listed and traded on the NYSE under the symbol TFC. See "Description of Shares" beginning on page 38 of the accompanying prospectus. As of __, 2010, the net assets of the Fund were US\$__.

Information Regarding the Fund's Investment Manager, Administrator and Custodian

The investment manager to the Fund is Nanking Road Capital Management, LLC ("NRC" or the "Investment Manager"), a limited liability company organized under the laws of the State of Connecticut, whose address is 111 Gillett Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06105. The Investment Manager provides certain day-to-day investment management services to the Fund pursuant to an investment and management agreement. As of __, 2009, the Investment Manager had approximately US\$__ million in assets under management. See "Trustees and Officer Investment Manager and Investment Advisory Agreement" in the accompanying prospectus.

Brown Brothers Harriman & Co. ("BBH") provides administrative and accounting services for the Fund, including maintaining certain books and records of the Fund, and preparing certain reports and other documents required by U.S. federal and/or state laws and regulations. BBH serves as custodian of the assets of the Fund. See "Administration and Custodians" in the accompanying prospectus.

Risk Factors and Special Considerations

You should carefully consider the following factors, as well as the other information in this Prospectus Supplement and the accompanying prospectus, before making an investment in the Fund under this Offer.

Dilution Risk. An immediate dilution of the aggregate net asset value of the Shares owned by Record Date Shareholders who do not fully exercise their Rights may be experienced as a result of the Offer because the Subscription Price may be less than the Fund's net asset value per share, and therefore the number of shares outstanding after the Offer may increase in a greater percentage than the increase in size of the Fund's assets. In addition, as a result of the terms of the Offer, Record Date Shareholders who do not fully exercise their Rights should expect that they will, at the completion of the Offer, own a smaller proportional interest in the Fund than would otherwise be the case if they had fully exercised their Rights. It is not possible to state precisely the amount of such a decrease in value because it is not known at this time what the subscription price will be or what the net asset value per share will be on the Expiration Date, however such dilution may be substantial. For example, assuming that all Rights are exercised and that the Subscription Price of \$__ is __% below the Fund's net asset value of \$__ per share, the Fund's net asset value per share (after payment of the financial advisory, marketing and soliciting fees and estimated offering expenses) would be reduced by approximately \$__ per share as a result of the Offer. The distribution to shareholders of transferable Rights which themselves may

have intrinsic value will also afford non-participating shareholders the potential of receiving a cash payment upon sale of such Rights, receipt

of which may be viewed as partial compensation for the dilution of their interest in the Fund. No assurance can be given that a market for the Rights will develop or as to the value, if any, that such Rights will have.

Investment Risk. You may lose money by investing in the Fund, including the possibility that you may lose all of your investment. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit in a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Reserve Board or any other governmental agency.

Among the principal risks of investing in the Fund is market risk, which is the risk that the value of your investment may fluctuate as stock markets fluctuate.

As an investment company that primarily holds common stocks, the Fund's portfolio is subject to the possibility that common stock prices will decline over short or even extended periods. The Fund may remain substantially fully invested during periods when stock prices generally rise and also during periods when they generally decline. Risks are inherent in investments in equities, and Fund shareholders should be able to tolerate significant fluctuations in the value of their investment in the Fund.

The Fund is intended to be a long-term investment vehicle and is not designed to provide investors with a means of speculating on short-term stock market movements. Investors should not consider the Fund a complete investment program.

Risks of Investing in Equity Securities of R.O.C Issuers. Investing in securities of R.O.C issuers involves certain risks and considerations not typically associated with investing in securities of U.S. issuers, including, among others, (a) the heavy concentration of market capitalization and trading volume in a small number of R.O.C issuers representing a limited number of industries, combined with diversification requirements applicable to the Fund under the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and R.O.C. law, potentially resulting in fewer investment opportunities for the Fund, (b) the small size of the market for R.O.C. securities and the low volume of trading, resulting in lack of liquidity and in price volatility, (c) currency devaluations and other currency exchange rate fluctuations, (d) lack of a market to engage in hedging transactions to minimize NT\$ foreign exchange risk, (e) the nature and extent of intervention by the R.O.C government in the R.O.C securities markets, whether such intervention will continue and the impact of such intervention or its discontinuation, (f) higher rates of inflation, (g) greater political, economic and social uncertainty, (h) certain R.O.C government requirements which may restrict the Fund's investment opportunities, and (i) investment and repatriation restrictions. In addition, accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards in the R.O.C are different from U.S. standards and, therefore, disclosure of certain material information may not be made and less information may be available to the Fund and other investors than would be the case if the Fund's investments were restricted to securities of U.S. issuers. There is also generally less governmental regulation of the securities industry in the R.O.C., and less enforcement of regulatory provisions relating thereto, than in the United States. Moreover, it may be more difficult to obtain a judgment in a court outside the United States. The Fund will be subject to withholding taxes, including withholding taxes imposed on dividends and interest, by the government of the R.O.C. See "Risk Factors and Special Considerations" and "Taxation" in this Prospectus Supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

Recent Developments in Financial Markets and Impact on the Fund. Recent developments in the U.S. and foreign financial markets illustrate that the current environment is one of extraordinary and possibly unprecedented uncertainty. Conditions in the debt and equity capital markets in the United States and abroad have caused firms in the financial services sector to take significant losses relating to, among other things, subprime mortgages and the re-pricing of credit risk in the broadly syndicated loan market. The recent instability in the financial markets has led the U.S. Government and certain foreign governments to take unprecedented actions designed to support certain financial institutions and segments of the financial markets that have experienced extreme volatility, and in some cases a lack of liquidity. Federal, state and other governments, their regulatory agencies or self-regulatory organizations may take actions that affect the regulation of the securities in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such securities in which the Fund invests, in unforeseeable ways that could have a material adverse effect on the Fund's business and operations. Such legislation or regulation could limit or preclude the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective. Furthermore, volatile financial markets can expose the Fund to greater market and liquidity risk and potential difficulty in valuing portfolio instruments held by the Fund.

Net Asset Value Discount. Shares of closed-end investment companies frequently trade at a discount from net asset value (NAV) but may trade at a premium. This characteristic is a risk separate and distinct from the risk that a fund's NAV will decrease. The Fund cannot predict whether its Shares will trade at, below or above NAV. The risk of purchasing shares of a closed-end fund that might trade at a discount is more pronounced for investors that wish to sell their shares in a relatively short period of time because, for those investors, realization of gain or loss on their investment is likely to be more dependent upon the existence of a premium or discount from NAV than upon portfolio performance.

Certain Provisions of the Fund's Declaration of Trust. The Fund's Declaration of Trust includes provisions that could have the effect of limiting the ability of other entities or persons to acquire control of the Fund or to change the composition of its Board of Trustees and, consequently, these provisions could deprive shareholders of an opportunity to sell their shares at a premium over prevailing market prices by discouraging a third party from seeking to obtain control of the Fund. See Description of the Shares Anti-Takeover Provisions in the accompanying prospectus.

FEE TABLE

The following Fee Table is intended to assist prospective investors in understanding the costs and expenses that an investor in the Offer will bear directly or indirectly.

Shareholder Transaction Expenses:	
Sales Load	%
Expenses of the Offer (as a percentage of offering price)	%
Dividend Reinvestment Plan Fees	None
Annual Expenses (as a percentage of net assets):	
Management Fees	1.25%
Other Expenses(1)	%
Total Annual Expenses	%

Cumulative Expenses Paid for the Period of:

Example	Cumulative Expenses Paid for the Period of:			
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
An investor would pay the following expenses on a US\$1,000 investment, assuming a 5% annual return throughout the periods (2)	US\$_____	US\$_____	US\$_____	US\$_____

The Example set forth above assumes reinvestment of all dividends and distributions at NAV and an expense ratio of _____%. The tables above and the assumption in the Example of a 5% annual return are required by U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the Commission) regulations applicable to all investment companies. **The Example should not be considered a representation of past or future expenses or annual rates of return and actual expenses or annual rates of return may be more or less than those assumed for purposes of the Example.**

The figures provided under Other Expenses are calculated on the basis of the Fund's asset size after taking into account the estimated net proceeds of the offering assuming it is fully subscribed. See Management of the Fund for additional information.

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- (1) Does not include expenses of the Fund incurred in connection with the Offer, estimated at US\$_____. However, these expenses will be borne by the holders of the Common Shares of the Fund and result in a reduction of the NAV of the Common Shares.
 - (2) The Example reflects the sales load and other expenses of the Fund incurred in connection with the Offer and assumes that all of the Rights are exercised.

THE OFFER

Terms of the Offer

The Fund is offering to its Record Date Shareholders transferable Rights to subscribe for Shares of the Fund's Common Shares. Each Record Date Shareholder will receive one Right for each whole share of Common Shares owned on the Record Date. Each Record Date Shareholder needs ___ Rights to purchase one Share at the Subscription Price. The Fund will not issue fractional Shares upon the exercise of less than ___ Rights. The Rights entitle the holders thereof to acquire at the Subscription Price one Share for each ___ Rights held. The Rights are evidenced by Subscription Certificates which will be mailed to Record Date Shareholders, other than Foreign Record Date Shareholders. See Foreign Shareholders. The Fund does not have the right to withdraw the Offer after the Rights have been issued.

Completed Subscription Certificates may be delivered to the Subscription Agent at any time during the Subscription Period, which commences on __, 2010 and ends at 5:00 p.m., New York time, on __, 2010, unless extended by the Fund. See Expiration of the Offer.

Rights will be evidenced by Subscription Certificates and may be exercised by delivering to the Subscription Agent a completed Subscription Certificate, together with payment, or by delivery of a Notice of Guaranteed Delivery. The method by which Rights may be exercised and Shares paid for is set forth below in Exercise of Rights and Payment for Shares. An Exercising Rights Holder will have no right to rescind a purchase after the Subscription Agent has received a completed Subscription Certificate or Notice of Guaranteed Delivery. See Payment for Shares below.

The Rights are transferable and will be admitted for trading on the NYSE under the symbol [TFC.RT] during the course of the Offer. Trading in the Rights on the NYSE is expected to be conducted until the close of trading on the NYSE on __, 2010 (or if the Offer is extended, until the last business day prior to the extended Expiration Date). See Sale and Transferability of Rights. The Shares, once issued, will be listed on the NYSE under the symbol TFC.

There is no minimum number of Rights which must be exercised in order for the Offer to close.

Purpose of the Offer

The Board of the Fund has determined that it is in the best interests of the Fund and its shareholders to increase the assets of the Fund available for investment so that the Fund will be in a better position to take advantage of available investment opportunities. Taiwan and China are currently negotiating agreements which have the potential to open up new investment and market opportunities for Taiwan companies. China continues to focus on policies to increase domestic demand, and Taiwan companies are well positioned to take advantage of these changes. Without an infusion of additional capital, the Fund is limited in its ability to take advantage of new investment opportunities. The Offer affords the Fund a means of increasing its assets available for investment without requiring the sale of portfolio securities. The Board also believes that, when there are investment opportunities to take advantage of and when market conditions are appropriate, the Fund should increase its assets to offset the constant erosion of its assets as a result of the semi-annual repurchase of Shares under the Fund's interval fund policy. In addition, the Board believes increasing the size of the Fund will increase the liquidity of the Fund's Common Shares and reduce the Fund's expenses as a proportion of average net assets. Furthermore, the Offer seeks to reward the Fund's shareholders by giving them the right to purchase additional Common Shares at a price that may be below market without incurring any direct transaction costs. Finally, the distribution to shareholders of transferable Rights which themselves may have intrinsic value will also afford non-participating shareholders the potential of receiving a cash payment upon sale of such Rights, receipt of which may be viewed as partial compensation for the possible dilution of their interest in the Fund.

Prior to reaching this conclusion, the Fund's Board, in consultation with the Investment Manager and others, reviewed the structure, timing and terms of the Offer, as well as its dilutive effect on both shareholders who exercise their Rights and those who do not and other potentially adverse consequences resulting from the Offer. After careful consideration, the Board voted unanimously to approve the terms of the Offer. However, there can be no assurance that the Offer will provide any of the benefits listed above.

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The Investment Manager of the Fund will benefit from the Offer because its fee as investment manager is based on the average net assets of the Fund. It is not possible to state precisely the amount of additional compensation it will receive as a result of the Offer because it is not known how many Shares will be subscribed for and because the proceeds of the Offer will be invested in additional portfolio securities which will fluctuate in value. However, in the event that all the Rights are exercised in full and on the basis of an Estimated Subscription Price, the Investment Manager would receive additional annual fees of approximately US\$__ as a result of the increase in assets under management. See Management of the Fund in this Prospectus Supplement and Officers and Trustees in the accompanying prospectus.

Although the Fund has no present intention to do so, the Fund may, in the future and at its discretion, choose to make additional rights offerings from time to time for a number of Common Shares and on terms which may or may not be similar to the Offer.

Subscription Price

The Subscription Price for the Shares to be issued upon exercise of the Rights will be US\$__.

The Fund announced the Offer on __, 2010. The net asset value per share at the close of business on __, 2010 and on __, 2010 was US\$__ and US\$__ respectively, and the last reported sale price of the Fund's Common Shares on the NYSE on those dates was US\$__ and US\$__ respectively.

Expiration of the Offer

The Offer will expire at 5:00 p.m., New York time, on __, 2010, unless extended by the Fund. Rights will expire on the Expiration Date and may not be exercised thereafter.

Subscription Agent

The Subscription Agent is __, which will receive for its administrative, processing, invoicing and other services as subscription agent, a fee estimated to be US\$__ as well as reimbursement for all out-of-pocket expenses related to the Offer. Questions regarding the Subscription Certificates should be directed to the Information Agent (telephone __); shareholders may also consult their brokers or nominees. Signed Subscription Certificates should be sent by first class mail or overnight courier to __ [address] or delivered by hand to __ [address].

Information Agent

Any questions or requests for assistance may be directed to the Information Agent at its telephone number and address listed below:

—

Toll-Free: __

or

For banks and brokers: __

The Information Agent will receive a fee estimated to be US\$__ as well as reimbursement for all out-of-pocket expenses related to the Offer.

Exercise of Rights

Rights may be exercised by filling in and signing the reverse side of the Subscription Certificate which accompanies this Prospectus Supplement and mailing it in the envelope provided, or otherwise delivering the completed and signed Subscription Certificate to the Subscription Agent, together with payment for the Shares as described below under Payment for Shares. Alternatively, Rights may be exercised by having your bank, trust company or broker (if a member of the New York Stock Exchange) complete and deliver to the Subscription Agent a Notice of Guaranteed Delivery (see below under Payment for Shares). Completed Subscription Certificates with

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payment for the Shares, or a completed Notice of Guaranteed Delivery, must be received by the Subscription Agent prior to 5:00 p.m., New York time, on the Expiration Date at the offices of the Subscription Agent at the address set forth above. Rights may also be exercised through an Exercising Rights Holder's broker, who may charge such Exercising Rights Holder a servicing fee. An Exercising Rights Holder will have no right to rescind a purchase after the Subscription Agent has received a completed Subscription Certificate or Notice of Guaranteed Delivery.

Nominees who hold Common Shares for the account of others, such as brokers, trustees or depositories for securities, should notify the respective beneficial owners of such Common Shares as soon as possible to ascertain such beneficial owners' intentions and to obtain instructions with respect to the Rights. If the beneficial owner so instructs, the nominee should complete the Subscription Certificate and submit it to the Subscription Agent with the proper payment. In addition, beneficial owners of Common Shares or Rights held through such a nominee should contact the nominee and request the nominee to effect transactions in accordance with the beneficial owner's instructions.

Sale and Transferability of Rights

The Rights will be admitted for trading on the NYSE under the symbol [TFC.RT] during the course of the Offer. Trading in the Rights on the NYSE may be conducted until the close of trading on the NYSE on the last business day prior to the Expiration Date. The Fund and the Dealer Manager will use their best efforts to ensure that an adequate trading market for the Rights will exist, although there is no assurance that a market for the Rights will develop. Assuming a market exists for the Rights, the Rights may be purchased and sold through usual brokerage channels or sold through the Subscription Agent.

Sales through the Subscription Agent and the Dealer Manager

Record Date Shareholders who do not wish to exercise any of the Rights issued to them pursuant to the Offer may instruct the Subscription Agent to sell any unexercised Rights through or to the Dealer Manager. Subscription certificates representing the Rights to be sold through or to the Dealer Manager must be received by the Subscription Agent by 5:00 p.m., New York time, on __, 2010 (or, if the subscription period is extended, by 5:00 p.m., New York time, two business days prior to the extended Expiration Date). Upon the timely receipt by the Subscription Agent of appropriate instructions to sell Rights, the Subscription Agent will ask the Dealer Manager either to purchase them or to use its best efforts to complete their sale, and the Subscription Agent will remit the proceeds of the sale to the selling shareholder. If the Rights are sold, sales of those Rights will be deemed to have been effected at the weighted average price received by the Dealer Manager on the day those Rights are sold. The sale price of any Rights sold to the Dealer Manager will be based upon the then-current market price for the Rights. The Dealer Manager will also attempt to sell all Rights which remain unclaimed as a result of subscription certificates being returned by the postal authorities to the Subscription Agent as undeliverable as of the fourth business day prior to the Expiration Date. The Subscription Agent will hold the proceeds from those sales for the benefit of those nonclaiming shareholders until the proceeds are claimed. There can be no assurance that the Dealer Manager will purchase or be able to complete the sale of any of those Rights, and neither the Fund nor the Dealer Manager have guaranteed any minimum sale price for the Rights. If a Record Date Shareholder does not utilize the services of the Subscription Agent and chooses to use another broker-dealer or other financial institution to sell Rights issued to that shareholder pursuant to the Offer, then the other broker-dealer or financial institution may charge a fee to sell the Rights.

Other Transfers

The Rights evidenced by a subscription certificate may be transferred in whole by endorsing the subscription certificate for transfer in accordance with the instructions accompanying the subscription certificate. A portion of the Rights evidenced by a single subscription certificate (but not fractional Rights) may be transferred by delivering to the Subscription Agent a subscription certificate properly endorsed for transfer, with instructions to register such portion of the Rights evidenced thereby in the name of the transferee and to issue a new subscription certificate to the transferee evidencing the transferred Rights. If this occurs, a new subscription certificate evidencing the balance of the Rights, if any, will be issued to the Record Date Shareholder or, if the Record Date Shareholder so instructs, to an additional transferee. The signature on the subscription certificate must correspond with the name as written upon the face of the subscription certificate in every particular, without alteration or

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enlargement, or any change. A signature guarantee must be provided by an eligible financial institution as defined in Rule 17Ad-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act), subject to the standards and procedures adopted by the Fund.

Record Date Shareholders wishing to transfer all or a portion of their Rights should allow at least five business days prior to the Expiration Date for: (i) the transfer instructions to be received and processed by the Subscription Agent; (ii) a new subscription certificate to be issued and transmitted to the transferee or transferees with respect to transferred Rights and to the transferor with respect to retained Rights, if any; and (iii) the Rights evidenced by the new subscription certificate to be exercised or sold by the recipients of the subscription certificate. Neither the Fund nor the Subscription Agent or the Dealer Manager shall have any liability to a transferee or transferor of Rights if subscription certificates are not received in time for exercise or sale prior to the Expiration Date.

Except for the fees charged by the Information Agent, Subscription Agent and Dealer Manager (which are expected to be paid from the proceeds of the Offer by the Fund), all commissions, fees and other expenses (including brokerage commissions and transfer taxes) incurred or charged in connection with the purchase, sale or transfer of rights will be for the account of the transferor of the Rights, and none of these commissions, fees or expenses will be paid by the Fund, the Information Agent, the Subscription Agent or the Dealer Manager. Shareholders who wish to purchase, sell, exercise or transfer Rights through a broker, bank or other party should first inquire about any fees and expenses that the shareholder will incur in connection with the transactions.

The Fund anticipates that the Rights will be eligible for transfer through, and that the exercise of the Primary Subscription may be effected through, the facilities of DTC or the Subscription Agent until 5:00 p.m., New York time, on the Expiration Date.

Over-Subscription Privilege

Record Date Shareholders who exercise all the Rights issued to them (other than those Rights that cannot be exercised because they represent the right to acquire less than one Share) are entitled to subscribe for additional Shares at the same Subscription Price pursuant to the over-subscription privilege, subject to certain limitations and subject to allotment. Investors who are not Record Date Shareholders, but who otherwise acquire Rights to purchase Shares pursuant to the Offer, are not entitled to subscribe for any Shares pursuant to the over-subscription privilege. To the extent sufficient Shares are not available to honor all over-subscription requests, unsubscribed Shares will be allocated pro rata among those Record Date Shareholders who over-subscribe based on the number of Common Shares of the Fund they owned on the Record Date. The allocation process may involve a series of allocations in order to assure that the total number of Shares available for over-subscriptions is distributed on a pro rata basis.

Record Date Shareholders who are fully exercising their Rights during the subscription period should indicate, on the subscription certificate which they submit with respect to the exercise of the Rights issued to them, how many Shares they desire to acquire pursuant to the over-subscription privilege.

Banks, broker-dealers, trustees and other nominee holders of Rights will be required to certify to the Subscription Agent, before any over-subscription privilege may be exercised with respect to any particular beneficial owner, as to the aggregate number of Rights exercised during the subscription period and the number of Shares subscribed for pursuant to the over-subscription privilege by such beneficial owner and that such beneficial owner's primary subscription was exercised in full. Nominee holder over-subscription forms will be distributed to banks, brokers, trustees and other nominee holders of Rights with the subscription certificates.

The Fund will not offer or sell any Shares that are not oversubscribed for during the subscription period or pursuant to the over-subscription privilege.

The Fund has been advised that the Investment Manager and one or more of the Fund's trustees or officers may exercise all of the Rights initially issued to them and may request additional Shares pursuant to the over-subscription privilege. An exercise of the over-subscription privilege by such persons will increase their proportionate voting power and share of the Fund's assets.

Payment for Shares

Exercising Rights Holders who acquire Shares pursuant to the Offer may choose between the following methods of payment:

(1) An Exercising Rights Holder can send the Subscription Certificate, together with payment for the Shares acquired in the Primary Subscription and any additional Shares subscribed for pursuant to the Over-Subscription Privilege, based on the Estimated Subscription Price of US\$__ per Share, to the Subscription Agent. A subscription will be accepted when payment, together with the properly completed and executed Subscription Certificate, is received by the Subscription Agent at any of the addresses set forth above; such payment and Subscription Certificates must be received by the Subscription Agent no later than 5:00 p.m., New York time, on the Expiration Date. The Subscription Agent will deposit all checks received by it for the purchase of Shares into a segregated interest-bearing account of the Fund (the interest from which will belong to the Fund) pending proration and distribution of Shares. Payment pursuant to this method must be made in U.S. dollars by money order or check drawn on a bank located in the United States, payable to **The Taiwan Greater China Fund**, and must accompany a properly completed and executed Subscription Certificate for such Subscription Certificate to be accepted and be received by 5:00 p.m. on the Expiration Date.

(2) Alternatively, a subscription will be accepted by the Subscription Agent if, prior to 5:00 p.m., New York time, on the Expiration Date, the Subscription Agent has received a Notice of Guaranteed Delivery by facsimile (telecopy) or otherwise from a bank, a trust company or a New York Stock Exchange member guaranteeing delivery of (i) payment of the full Estimated Subscription Price for the Shares subscribed for in the Primary Subscription and any additional Shares subscribed for pursuant to the Over-Subscription Privilege and (ii) a properly completed and executed Subscription Certificate. The Subscription Agent will not honor a Notice of Guaranteed Delivery unless a properly completed and executed Subscription Certificate and full payment for the Shares is received by the Subscription Agent by the close of business on the third Business Day after the Expiration Date (the Protect Period).

Within five business days following the Subscription Period (the Confirmation Date), the Subscription Agent will send a confirmation to each Exercising Rights Holder (or, if the Common Shares are held by Cede & Co. or any other depository or nominee (a Nominee) to such Nominee). The confirmation will indicate (i) the number of Shares acquired in the Primary Subscription, (ii) the number of Shares, if any, acquired pursuant to the Over-Subscription Privilege, (iii) the Subscription Price per share and total purchase price of the Shares and (iv) any additional amount payable by such Exercising Rights Holder to the Fund or any amount to be refunded by the Fund to such shareholder, in each case based on the Subscription Price. Where an Exercising Rights Holder that is owed a refund in connection with the Primary Subscription exercises his Right to acquire Shares pursuant to the Over-Subscription Privilege, such excess payment that would otherwise be refunded to the Record Date Shareholder will, if necessary, be applied by the Fund toward payment for Shares acquired pursuant to the exercise of the Over-Subscription Privilege. Any additional payment required from an Exercising Rights Holder must be received by the Subscription Agent by __, 2010 (the Final Payment Date), unless the Offer is extended. Any excess payment to be refunded by the Fund to a Record Date Shareholder will be mailed by the Subscription Agent to such Record Date Shareholder as promptly as possible. All payments by a Record Date Shareholder must be in U.S. dollars by money order or check drawn on a bank or branch located in the United States and payable to **The Taiwan Greater China Fund**.

The Subscription Agent will deposit all checks received by it prior to the Final Payment Date into a segregated interest-bearing account (which interest will inure to the benefit of the Fund) pending proration and distribution of the Shares. An Exercising Rights Holder will have no right to rescind a purchase after the Subscription Agent has received a completed Subscription Certificate or a Notice of Guaranteed Delivery.

Whichever of the two methods described above is used, issuance of the Shares purchased is subject to collection of checks and actual payment. If a holder of Rights who subscribes for Shares pursuant to the Primary Subscription does not make payment of any amounts due, the Fund and the Subscription Agent reserve the right to take any or all of the following actions: (i) find other shareholders or Rights Holders for such subscribed and unpaid for Shares; (ii) apply any payment actually received by it toward the purchase of

the greatest whole number of Shares which could be acquired by such holder upon exercise of the Primary Subscription; and/or (iii) exercise any and all other rights or remedies to which the Fund may be entitled, including, without limitation, the right to set off against payments actually received by it with respect to such subscribed Shares.

The method of delivery of Subscription Certificates and payment of the Estimated Subscription Price to the Fund will be at the election and risk of the Exercising Rights Holders, but if sent by mail it is recommended that such certificates and payments be sent by registered mail, properly insured, with return receipt requested, and that a sufficient number of days be allowed to ensure delivery to the Subscription Agent and clearance of payment prior to 5:00 p.m., New York time, on the Expiration Date. **Because uncertified personal checks may take five business days to clear, if you plan to pay by personal check you are strongly urged to return your Subscription Certificate and payment at least five business days prior to the Expiration Date.**

All questions concerning the timeliness, validity, form and eligibility of any exercise of Rights will be determined by the Fund, whose determinations will be final and binding. The Fund in its sole discretion may waive any defect or irregularity, or permit a defect or irregularity to be corrected within such time as it may determine, or reject the purported exercise of any Right. Subscriptions will not be deemed to have been received or accepted until all irregularities have been waived or cured within such time as the Fund determines in its sole discretion. The Fund will not be under any duty to give notification of any defect or irregularity in connection with the submission of Subscription Certificates or incur any liability for failure to give such notification.

Foreign Shareholders

Subscription Certificates will not be mailed to Foreign Record Date Shareholders. The Rights to which such Subscription Certificates relate will be held by the Fund for such Foreign Record Date Shareholders' accounts until instructions are received to exercise the Rights. If no instructions have been received by the Expiration Date, the Rights will expire.

If no instructions have been received by 5:00 p.m., New York time, on ___, 2010, which is four Business Days prior to the Expiration Date, unless extended, the Rights of those Foreign Record Date Shareholders will be transferred by the Subscription Agent to the Dealer Manager, which will use its best efforts to sell the Rights on the NYSE. The net proceeds, if any, from the sale of those Rights by the Dealer Manager will be remitted to the Foreign Record Date Shareholders.

Distribution Arrangements

___ will act as Dealer Manager for this Offer. Under the terms and subject to the conditions contained in the Dealer Manager Agreement among the Dealer Manager, the Fund and the Investment Manager, the Dealer Manager will provide financial advisory services and marketing assistance in connection with the Offer and will solicit the exercise of Rights and participation in the over-subscription privilege. The Fund has agreed to pay the Dealer Manager a fee for its financial advisory, marketing and soliciting services equal to ___% of the aggregate Subscription Price for the Shares issued pursuant to the exercise of Rights. The fees paid to the Dealer Manager and other expenses of the Offer will be borne by the Fund and indirectly by all of its shareholders, including those who do not exercise the Rights.

The Dealer Manager will re-allow a part of its fees to other broker-dealers who have assisted in soliciting the exercise of Rights. The Dealer Manager will re-allow to broker-dealers included in the selling group to be formed and managed by the Dealer Manager selling fees equal to ___% of the Subscription Price per share for each Share issued pursuant to the exercise of Rights as a result of their selling efforts. In addition, the Dealer Manager will re-allow to other broker-dealers that have executed and delivered a soliciting dealer agreement and have solicited the exercise of Rights solicitation fees equal to ___% of the Subscription Price per share for each Share issued pursuant to exercise of Rights as a result of their soliciting efforts, subject to a maximum fee based on the number of Shares held by each broker-dealer through DTC on the Record Date. Fees will be paid to the broker-dealer designated on the applicable portion of the subscription certificates or, in the absence of such designation, to the Dealer Manager.

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The Fund and the Investment Manager have each agreed to indemnify the Dealer Manager for, or contribute to losses arising out of, certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act. The Dealer Manager Agreement also provides that the Dealer Manager will not be subject to any liability to the Fund in rendering the services contemplated by the Dealer Manager Agreement except for any act of bad faith, willful misconduct or gross negligence of the Dealer Manager or reckless disregard by the Dealer Manager of its obligations and duties under the Dealer Manager Agreement.

Prior to the expiration of the Offer, the Dealer Manager may independently offer for sale Shares acquired through purchasing and exercising Rights, at prices it sets. Although the Dealer Manager may realize gains and losses in connection with such purchases and sales, such offering of Shares is intended by the Dealer Manager to facilitate the Offer and any such gains or losses are not expected to be material to the Dealer Manager. The Dealer Manager's fee for its financial advisory, marketing and soliciting services is independent of any gains or losses that may be realized by the Dealer Manager through the purchase and exercise of Rights and the sale of Shares.

In the ordinary course of their businesses, the Dealer Manager and/or its affiliates may engage in investment banking or financial transactions with the Fund, the Investment Manager and their affiliates.

The principal business address of ___ is ___.

U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Offer

The U.S. federal income tax consequences to holders of Common Shares with respect to the Offer will be as follows:

1. The distribution of Rights to Record Date Shareholders will not result in taxable income to such holders nor will such holders realize taxable income as a result of the exercise of the Rights.

2. The basis of a Right will be (a) to a holder of Common Shares to whom it is issued and who exercises the Right (i) if the fair market value of the Right immediately after issuance is less than 15% of the fair market value of the Common Shares with regard to which it is issued, zero (unless the holder elects, by filing a statement with his timely filed federal income tax return for the year in which the Rights are received, to allocate the basis of the Common Shares between the Right and the Common Shares based on their respective fair market values immediately after the Right is issued), and (ii) if the fair market value of the Right immediately after issuance is 15% or more of the fair market value of the Common Shares with regard to which it is issued, a portion of the basis in the Common Shares based upon their respective fair market values immediately after the Right is issued; and (b) to a holder of Common Shares to whom it is issued and who allows the Right to expire, zero.

3. If the Right is exercised by the Record Date Shareholder, the basis of the Common Shares received will include the basis allocated to the Right, if any, and the amount paid upon exercise of the Right.

4. If the Right is exercised, the holding period of the Common Shares acquired begins on the date the Right is exercised.

The Fund is required to withhold and remit to the U.S. Treasury 28% of reportable payments paid on an amount if the holder of the account provides the Fund with either an incorrect taxpayer identification number or no number at all or fails to certify that he or she is not subject to such withholding. The 28% withholding tax is not an additional tax. Any amount withheld may be credited against the holder's U.S. federal income tax liability.

The foregoing is only a summary of the applicable U.S. federal income tax laws and does not include any state or local tax consequences of the Offer. Exercising Rights Holders should consult their own tax advisers concerning the tax consequences of this transaction. See Taxation beginning on page 33 of the accompanying prospectus.

Employee Plan Considerations

Shareholders that are employee benefit plans subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA) (including corporate savings and 401(k) plans), Keogh plans of self-employed individuals, Individual Retirement Accounts and other plans eligible for special tax treatment under the Code (collectively, Plans), should be aware that additional contributions of cash to the Plan (other than rollover contributions or trustee-to-trustee transfers from other Plans) in order to exercise Rights would be treated as Plan contributions and, when taken together with contributions previously made, may subject a Plan to excise taxes for excess or nondeductible contributions. In the case of Plans qualified under Section 401(a) of the Code and certain other plans, additional cash contributions could cause the maximum contribution limitations of Section 415 of the Code or other qualification rules to be violated. Furthermore, it may be a reportable distribution and there may be other adverse tax consequences if Rights are sold or transferred by a Plan to another account. Plans contemplating making additional cash contributions to exercise Rights should consult with their counsel prior to receiving or using such contributions.

Plans and other tax exempt entities, including governmental plans, should also be aware that if they borrow in order to finance their exercise of Rights, they may become subject to the tax on unrelated business taxable income under Section 511 of the Code. If any portion of an IRA is used as security for a loan, the portion so used is also treated as distributed to the IRA depositor.

ERISA contains fiduciary responsibility requirements, and ERISA and the Code contain prohibited transaction rules, that may impact the exercise or transfer of Rights. Due to the complexity of these rules and the penalties for non-compliance, Plans should consult with their counsel regarding the consequences of their exercise or transfer of Rights under ERISA and the Code.

Notice of Net Asset Value Decline

The Fund has, as required by the SEC's registration form, undertaken to suspend the Offer until it amends this Prospectus if, subsequent to __, 2010 (the effective date of the Fund's Registration Statement), the Fund's NAV declines more than 10% from its NAV as of that date.

THE FUND

The Fund is a Massachusetts business trust formed in 1988 and registered with the Commission as a diversified, closed-end management investment company under the 1940 Act. Taking into account the Fund's predecessor, the Fund is the oldest investment fund organized for investment in securities of R.O.C. issuers by investors outside the R.O.C. The Fund's principal office is located at c/o Nanking Road Capital Management, LLC, 111 Gillett Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06105, and its telephone number is (800) 343-9567.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds of the Offer, assuming that all Shares offered are subscribed for, are estimated to be approximately US\$__ after deducting expenses payable by the Fund estimated to be approximately US\$__. The Fund intends to invest the net proceeds in accordance with its investment objective and policies. The Fund anticipates that investment of the net proceeds of the Offer in accordance with the Fund's investment objective and policies may take up to one week from their receipt by the Fund, depending on market conditions and the availability of appropriate securities. The Fund may require up to one week due to the Fund's need to invest substantially all of its assets in the securities of issuers organized under the laws of a foreign jurisdiction. Pending such investment, such proceeds will be held in bank deposits or invested in U.S. government securities or other U.S. Dollar denominated short-term high grade securities.

THE FUND'S INVESTMENTS

For information about the Fund's investments, please see the section entitled Investment Objective and Policies beginning on page 15 of the accompanying prospectus.

RISK FACTORS AND SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

You should carefully consider the risks and other information contained in this Prospectus Supplement and the accompanying prospectus before you decide to participate in the Offer. The risks described below are not the only risks facing the Fund; other risks are described in the accompanying prospectus. Moreover, additional risks and uncertainties may also adversely affect and impair the Fund. Investors should also recognize that investing in securities of R.O.C. issuers involves certain special considerations and risk factors, including those set forth below and in the accompanying prospectus, which are not typically associated with investing in securities of U.S. issuers. See generally Risk Factors and Special Considerations and Appendix A The Republic of China in the accompanying prospectus for further information on investing in securities of R.O.C. issuers.

Dilution Risk

An immediate dilution of the aggregate net asset value of the Shares owned by Record Date Shareholders who do not fully exercise their Rights may be experienced as a result of the Offer because the Subscription Price may be less than the Fund's NAV per share, and therefore the number of Common Shares outstanding after the Offer may increase in a greater percentage than the increase in size of the Fund's assets. In addition, as a result of the terms of the Offer, Record Date Shareholders who do not fully exercise their Rights should expect that they will, at the completion of the Offer, own a smaller proportional interest in the Fund than would otherwise be the case if they had fully exercised their Rights. It is not possible to state precisely the amount of such a decrease in value because it is not known at this time what the subscription price will be or what the NAV per share will be on the Expiration Date, however such dilution may be substantial. For example, assuming that all Rights are exercised and that the Subscription Price of \$__ is __% below the Fund's NAV of \$__ per share, the Fund's NAV per share would be reduced by approximately \$__ per share as a result of the Offer. The distribution to shareholders of transferable Rights which themselves may have intrinsic value will also afford non-participating shareholders the potential of receiving a cash payment upon sale of such Rights, receipt of which may be viewed as partial compensation for the dilution of their interest in the Fund. No assurance can be given that a market for the Rights will develop or as to the value, if any, that such Rights will have.

Investment Risk

You may lose money by investing in the Fund, including the possibility that you may lose all of your investment. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit in a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Reserve Board or any other governmental agency.

Among the principal risks of investing in the Fund is market risk, which is the risk that the value of your investment may fluctuate as stock markets fluctuate.

As an investment company that primarily holds common stocks, the Fund's portfolio is subject to the possibility that common stock prices will decline over short or even extended periods. The Fund may remain substantially fully invested during periods when stock prices generally rise and also during periods when they generally decline. Risks are inherent in investments in equities, and Fund shareholders should be able to tolerate significant fluctuations in the value of their investment in the Fund.

The Fund is intended to be a long-term investment vehicle and is not designed to provide investors with a means of speculating on short-term stock market movements. Investors should not consider the Fund a complete investment program.

Risks Associated with Investments in R.O.C. Issuers

Investments in R.O.C. issuers involve certain risks and special considerations not typically associated with the United States, such as greater government control over the economy, political and legal uncertainty, currency fluctuations or blockage, the risk that the R.O.C. government may decide not to continue to support economic reform programs and the risk of nationalization or expropriation of assets. Additionally, the R.O.C. securities

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markets are emerging markets characterized by relatively low trading volume, resulting in substantially less liquidity and greater price volatility. Moreover, information available about R.O.C. issuers may not be as complete, accurate or timely as information about listed U.S. issuers. See Risk Factors and Special Considerations Investments in R.O.C. Equities in the accompanying prospectus.

See Appendix A The Republic of China in the accompanying prospectus for more information on the R.O.C., including its economy and stock and foreign exchange markets.

Recent Developments in Financial Markets and Impact on the Fund

Recent developments in the U.S. and foreign financial markets illustrate that the current environment is one of extraordinary and possibly unprecedented uncertainty. Conditions in the debt and equity capital markets in the United States and abroad have caused firms in the financial services sector to take significant losses relating to, among other things, subprime mortgages and the re-pricing of credit risk in the broadly syndicated loan market. The recent instability in the financial markets has led the U.S. Government and certain foreign governments to take unprecedented actions designed to support certain financial institutions and segments of the financial markets that have experienced extreme volatility, and in some cases a lack of liquidity. Federal, state and other governments, their regulatory agencies or self-regulatory organizations may take actions that affect the regulation of the securities in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such securities in which the Fund invests, in unforeseeable ways that could have a material adverse effect on the Fund's business and operations. Such legislation or regulation could limit or preclude the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective. Furthermore, volatile financial markets can expose the Fund to greater market and liquidity risk and potential difficulty in valuing portfolio instruments held by the Fund.

Net Asset Value Discount

Shares of closed-end investment companies frequently trade at a discount from NAV but may trade at a premium. This characteristic is a risk separate and distinct from the risk that a fund's NAV will decrease. The Fund cannot predict whether its Shares will trade at, below or above NAV. The risk of purchasing shares of a closed-end fund that might trade at a discount is more pronounced for investors that wish to sell their shares in a relatively short period of time because, for those investors, realization of gain or loss on their investment is likely to be more dependent upon the existence of a premium or discount from NAV than upon portfolio performance.

Certain Provisions of the Fund's Declaration of Trust

The Fund's Declaration of Trust includes provisions that could have the effect of limiting the ability of other entities or persons to acquire control of the Fund or to change the composition of its Board of Trustees and, consequently, these provisions could deprive shareholders of an opportunity to sell their shares at a premium over prevailing market prices by discouraging a third party from seeking to obtain control of the Fund. See Description of the Shares Anti-Takeover Provisions in the accompanying prospectus.

The Taiwan Greater China Fund

The information in this Prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This Prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

PROSPECTUS

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED ___, 2010

\$200,000,000

TAIWAN GREATER CHINA FUND

Shares of Beneficial Interest

We may offer, from time to time, in one or more offerings, up to \$200,000,000 of our shares of beneficial interest (Shares). Shares may be offered at prices and on terms to be disclosed in one or more supplements to this Prospectus. You should read this Prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement carefully before you invest in our Shares.

Our Shares may be offered directly to one or more purchasers, including existing shareholders in a rights offering, or through agents designated from time to time by us, or to or through underwriters or dealers. The prospectus supplement relating to the offering will identify any agents or underwriters involved in the sale of our Shares, and will disclose any applicable purchase price, fee, commission or discount arrangement between us and our agents or underwriters or among our underwriters or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. See Plan of Distribution. We may not sell any of our Shares through agents, underwriters or dealers without delivery of a prospectus and a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of such Shares. Our Shares are traded on The New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) under the symbol TFC. As of ___, 2010, the last reported sales price for our Shares was \$__.

Taiwan Greater China Fund (the Fund) is a diversified, closed-end management investment company. The Fund, together with its predecessor, is the oldest investment fund organized for investment in securities of Republic of China (the R.O.C. or Taiwan) issuers by investors outside the R.O.C. The Fund's investment objective is long-term capital appreciation through investment primarily in publicly traded equity securities of R.O.C. issuers. The Fund's strategy is to invest primarily in Taiwan-listed companies that derive or are expected to derive a significant portion of their revenues by exporting to or operating in mainland China. **Investment in the Fund involves certain special considerations and risks arising in part from the Fund's investment in securities of Taiwan-listed companies that may be considered speculative, which risks are not normally associated with investments in securities of U.S. issuers or certain other non-U.S. issuers.** See Risk Factors and Special Considerations.

Please read this Prospectus carefully before investing and keep it for future reference. It sets forth concisely, the important information about the Fund that a prospective investor ought to know before investing in the Fund. This Prospectus should be retained for future reference. Information required to be in the Fund's Statement of Additional Information is found in this Prospectus. The Fund has filed additional information about it with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the Commission) (<http://www.sec.gov>) and is available upon written or oral request without charge. To obtain a copy of the Fund's annual report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, when available, and the semi-annual report for the period ended June 30, 2009 and other information about the Fund, or to make shareholder inquiries, you may write to Taiwan Greater China Fund, c/o Nanking Road Capital Management, LLC, 111 Gillett Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06105 or call toll-free at (800) 343-9567. The Fund's annual and semi-annual reports are available on the Fund's website at <http://www.taiwangreaterchinafund.com>. The address of the Fund is Taiwan Greater China Fund c/o Nanking Road Capital Management, LLC, 111 Gillett Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06105 and the telephone number is (800) 343-9567. The Commission maintains an Internet Web site (<http://www.sec.gov>) that contains the SAI, material incorporated by reference, and other information regarding registrants.

These securities have not been approved or disapproved by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission or any state securities commission nor has the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission or any state securities commission passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this Prospectus is ___, 2010.

(continued from previous page)

The information set forth in this Prospectus regarding Taiwan, its economy, and stock exchanges has been extracted from various government and private publications. The Fund and its Board of Trustees have not attempted to verify the statistical information presented in this Prospectus. In this Prospectus, unless otherwise specified, all references to U.S. Dollars, U.S.\$ or \$ are to United States dollars and all references to NT\$ or NT Dollars are to New Taiwan dollars. On __, 2010, the noon buying rate quoted by dealers in New York City for cable transfers in NT Dollars, as certified for customs purposes by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, was NT\$__ per U.S.\$ __. No representation is made that the NT\$ or U.S.\$ amounts in this Prospectus could have been or could be converted into U.S.\$ or NT\$, as the case may be, at any particular rate or at all. See Appendix A The Republic of China Balance of Payments Exchange Rates for information regarding historical rates of exchange between the NT Dollar and the U.S. Dollar.

Unless otherwise indicated, U.S. Dollar equivalent information for information in NT Dollars that is undated is translated at the noon buying rate given above, for a specified date is based on the closing price for U.S. Dollars in Taiwan on that date and for a specified period is based on the average of the daily exchange rates, so computed, for the days in such period.

Certain numbers in the tables in this Prospectus have been rounded for ease of presentation and, as a result, may not total precisely.

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The Fund may not claim the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the federal securities laws of the United States because that safe harbor does not apply to investment companies. Nevertheless, you should note that certain statements in this Prospectus are forward-looking statements, which involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the Fund's actual results or level of performance to be materially different from any future results or level of performance expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, those listed under Risk Factors and Special Considerations and elsewhere in this Prospectus. As a result of these and other factors, the Fund cannot give you any assurance as to its future results or level of performance. To the extent required by law, the Fund undertakes to amend or reflect any material changes to it after the date of this Prospectus.

FEE TABLE

Shareholder Transaction Expenses:	
Sales load (as a percentage of offering price) ⁽¹⁾	0%
Offering expenses borne by us (as a percentage of offering price) ⁽²⁾	0.004%
Dividend Reinvestment Plan Fees ⁽³⁾	None
Total shareholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price) ⁽⁴⁾	0.004%
Annual Expenses (as a percentage of net assets attributable to Shares)*	
Management Fee	1.25% ⁽⁵⁾
Interest Payments on Borrowed Funds	None
Other Expenses	1.05% ⁽⁶⁾
Total Annual Expenses (estimated)	2.30%

Example:**Cumulative Expenses Paid for the Period of:**

	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
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You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5% annual return: \$ 23 \$ 72 \$ 123 \$ 264

* Net assets attributable to our Shares equal net assets (*i.e.*, total assets less liabilities) at December 31, 2008.

- (1) In the event that the Shares to which this Prospectus relates are sold to or through underwriters, a corresponding prospectus supplement will disclose the applicable sales load.
- (2) The related prospectus supplement will disclose the estimated amount of offering expenses, the offering price and the offering expenses borne by us as a percentage of the offering price.
- (3) The Fund and American Stock Transfer & Trust Company (the Plan Agent), impose no fee for participation in the Fund's Share Distribution Plan. However, each participant in the Fund's Share Purchase Plan will be charged \$1.00 for each transaction under the Share Purchase Plan plus a *pro rata* share of brokerage commissions incurred in connection with open-market purchases of Fund shares under the Share Purchase Plan.
- (4) The related prospectus supplement will disclose the offering price and the total shareholder transaction expenses as a percentage of the offering price.
- (5) Prior to October 1, 2007, the Fund was internally managed and, therefore, did not incur management fees. For the year ended December 31, 2007, the Fund estimates that it incurred expenses for investment management personnel that represented 1.24% of the Fund's net assets attributable to Shares. On October 1, 2007, Nanking Road Capital Management, LLC (NRC), a company organized by the employees of the Fund who previously managed the Fund's investments, assumed responsibility as investment manager. For services provided under the investment and management agreement, the Fund pays NRC a fee at an annual rate of 1.25% of the NAV of the Fund's assets up to \$150 million and 1% of the NAV in excess of \$150 million.
- (6) The figures provided under Other Expenses are based upon expenses for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 and do not include expenses the Fund may incur in connection with any offering. See Trustees and Officers for additional information.

The foregoing Fee Table is intended to assist investors in understanding the various costs and expenses that an investor in the Fund will bear directly or indirectly.

The Example set forth above assumes reinvestment of all dividends and distributions at net asset value (NAV) and an expense ratio of

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2.30%. The table above and the assumption in the Example of a 5% annual return are required by the Commission regulations applicable to all investment companies. *The Example should not be considered a representation of past or future expenses or annual rates of return. Actual expenses or annual rates of return may be more or less than those assumed for purposes of the Example.* The figures provided under Other Expenses are based upon estimated amounts for the current fiscal year.

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This Prospectus is part of a registration statement that we have filed with the SEC, using the shelf registration process. Under the shelf registration process, we may offer, from time to time on a delayed basis, up to \$200,000,000 of our common shares of beneficial interest representing rights to purchase common shares of beneficial interest on the terms to be determined at the time of the offering. The Shares may be offered at prices and on terms described in one or more supplements to this Prospectus. This Prospectus provides you with a general description of the Shares that we may offer. Each time we use this Prospectus to offer Shares, we will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. The prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus.

The following summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the more detailed information included elsewhere in this Prospectus.

The Fund

The Fund is a diversified, closed-end management investment company, organized for investment in securities of R.O.C. issuers by investors outside the R.O.C. The Fund was formed in connection with the reorganization (the Reorganization) of The Taiwan (R.O.C.) Fund (the R.O.C. Fund), a securities investment trust fund organized in 1983 under the laws of the R.O.C. Pursuant to the Reorganization, which was completed in May 1989, the Fund acquired the entire beneficial interest in the assets constituting the R.O.C. Fund. Foreign investment in the R.O.C. securities market is currently subject to certain restrictions under R.O.C. law. See The Fund and Foreign Investment Regulations in the R.O.C.

Investment Objective and Policies

The Fund's investment objective is long-term capital appreciation through investment primarily in publicly traded equity securities of R.O.C. issuers. The Fund's strategy is to invest primarily in Taiwan-listed companies that derive or are expected to derive a significant portion of their revenues by exporting to or operating in mainland China. Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's net assets will be invested in investments that are economically tied to the R.O.C. The Fund has also invested, and if conditions warrant may in the future invest, in debt securities of R.O.C. issuers (including the R.O.C. government). An additional investment policy of the Fund is that normally at least 70% of its total assets will be invested in securities of R.O.C. issuers (including the R.O.C. government). The Fund may not invest more than 20% of its net assets in stocks traded over-the-counter. Subject to these limitations, the Fund may invest a portion of its assets in securities of non-R.O.C. issuers that are consistent with its China strategy. For temporary defensive purposes during periods in which changes in economic, financial or political conditions make it advisable, the Fund may reduce its holdings in equity securities and increase its holdings in (i) long-term or short-term debt securities issued by the R.O.C. government, its agencies or instrumentalities or private issuers in the R.O.C., (ii) certificates of deposit issued by banks or other financial institutions in the R.O.C. or (iii) cash, or any combination of the foregoing, in each case to the extent deemed prudent. There can be no assurance that the Fund's investment objective will be realized. The Fund is subject to certain other investment policies and restrictions described under Investment Objective and Policies, Investment Restrictions and R.O.C. Government Regulation and Supervision.

The Offering

The Fund may offer, from time to time, in one or more offerings or series, together or separately, up to \$200,000,000 of its Shares. The Fund's Shares may be offered at prices and on terms to be disclosed in one or more prospectus supplements.

The Fund's Shares may be offered directly to one or more purchasers, including existing shareholders in a rights offering, to new shareholders via an optional cash purchase or designated offeree program, or through agents designated from time to time by the Fund, or to or through underwriters or dealers. The prospectus supplement relating to the offering will disclose the terms of the offering, including the name or names of any agents or underwriters involved in the sale of our Shares by the Fund, the purchase price, and any fee, commission or discount arrangement between the Fund and its agents or underwriters or among the Fund's underwriters or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. See Plan of Distribution. The Fund may not sell any of its Shares through agents, underwriters or dealers without delivery of a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of its Shares.

Use of Proceeds

Unless otherwise specified in a prospectus supplement, the Fund intends to use the net proceeds from the sale of its Shares for investments in securities in accordance with its investment objective and policies. Pending these uses, the Fund will invest the net proceeds primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality debt investments that mature in one year or less from the date of investment. See Use of Proceeds.

Listing

The Fund's Shares of beneficial interest are listed on the NYSE under the symbol TFC. See Net Asset Value.

Interval Fund

The Fund has elected to operate as an interval fund pursuant to Rule 23c-3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the 1940 Act). Under this rule, the Fund has adopted a policy that cannot be changed without shareholder approval requiring the Fund to offer to repurchase 5% to 25% of its outstanding Shares every six months at a price equal to the Fund's NAV, less a repurchase fee of up to 2%.

Dividends and Distributions

The Fund intends to distribute at least annually in cash substantially all of its net investment income from dividends and interest payments (income distributions) and to distribute in cash (or newly issued Shares pursuant to the Fund's Share Distribution Plan) substantially all of the Fund's net realized capital gains (both short-term and long-term), as calculated for U.S. federal income tax purposes, after deducting any operating expenses not offset by dividend and interest income.

Investment Manager

The Fund was internally managed by employees of the Fund; however, the shareholders of the Fund approved an investment advisory and management agreement with NRC, an investment advisory company formed by those employees. Pursuant to an investment and management agreement, NRC is responsible, among other things, for investing and managing the assets of the Fund and administering the Fund's affairs. The Fund pays NRC a fee at an annual rate of 1.25% of the NAV of the Fund's assets up to \$150 million and 1% of the NAV in excess of \$150 million. NRC commenced managing the Fund's assets on October 1, 2007.

Risk Factors and Special Considerations

You should carefully consider the following factors, as well as the other information in this Prospectus, before making an investment in the Fund.

Investing in securities of R.O.C. companies involves certain risks and considerations not typically associated with investing in securities of U.S. companies or other non-U.S. companies. The R.O.C. securities market is an emerging market characterized by a relatively small number of listed companies, price volatility and a relatively illiquid secondary market. In addition, because trading in listed R.O.C. securities is concentrated in a small number of R.O.C. companies, the supply of securities available for investment by the Fund may be limited.

Investing in the Fund also involves certain other special considerations, including (1) currency fluctuations and costs of currency exchange, (2) restrictions on the Fund's investments and on repatriation of monies from the R.O.C., (3) political and economic risks such as the risks of expropriation, confiscation, nationalization and greater social, political and economic instability and (4) the increased costs associated with pursuing legal remedies and obtaining and enforcing judgments against non-U.S. residents, including certain of the Fund's trustees.

R.O.C. accounting, auditing, financial and other reporting standards are not equivalent to U.S. standards and, therefore, certain material disclosures may not be made and less information may be available to investors investing in the R.O.C. than in the United States. There is also generally less governmental regulation of the securities industry in the R.O.C. than in the United States. See Risk Factors and Special Considerations.

The value of the R.O.C. assets held by the Fund will be adversely affected if there is a decline in the value of the NT Dollar relative to the U.S. Dollar. See Risk Factors and Special Considerations and Investment Objective and Policies.

Because the Fund's strategy is to invest primarily in Taiwan-listed companies that derive or are expected to derive a substantial portion of their revenues by exporting to or operating in mainland China, there is a risk that an issuer that is treated as an eligible portfolio company because it is expected to derive a substantial portion of its revenues from exports to or operations in mainland China may not actually derive a substantial portion of its revenues from Chinese exports or operations. As a result, the Fund's portfolio may not be as closely linked to the Chinese economy. See Risk Factors and Special Considerations.

Borrowing

The Fund may not borrow money within the R.O.C., however, subject to the provisions of the 1940 Act, the Fund may borrow from financial institutions outside the R.O.C. for temporary purposes (that, is, the borrowing must be repaid within 60 days) in amounts not exceeding 5% (taken at the lower of cost or current value) of its total assets (excluding amount borrowed) and may also pledge assets to secure such borrowings).

Premium/Discount to Net Asset Value

Shares of closed-end investment companies frequently trade at a discount from NAV. This characteristic of shares of a closed-end fund is a risk separate and distinct from the risk that the fund's NAV will decrease. It should be noted, however, that in some cases, Shares of closed-end funds,

including from time to time certain single-country closed-end funds, may trade at a premium to their NAV. The Fund cannot predict whether its Shares will trade at, below or above NAV. However, in recognition of the possibility that the Fund's Shares may trade at a discount, the Fund may from time to time take action to attempt to reduce or eliminate any such discount either by repurchasing Shares in the open market or by making a tender offer for its Shares in addition to its semi-annual repurchase offers. In addition, if the Fund's Shares are trading at a discount to NAV of more than 10% in any 12-week period, the Board of Trustees must submit a proposal to the Fund's shareholders to convert the Fund to an open-end investment company. Any such proposal would require the approval of the Board of Trustees and the Fund's shareholders. See Description of the Shares Possible Change to Open-End Investment Company. The risk of purchasing shares of a closed-end fund that might trade at a discount is more pronounced for investors that wish to sell their shares in a relatively short period of time because, for those investors, realization of gain or loss on their investment is likely to be more dependent upon the existence of a premium or discount to NAV than upon portfolio performance. See Risk Factors and Special Considerations.

Market Disruption

The aftermath of the war in Iraq and the continuing occupation of Iraq and Afghanistan, the instability in the Middle East and terrorist attacks in the United States and around the world have resulted in market volatility, may have long-term effects on the United States and worldwide financial markets and may cause further economic uncertainties in the United States and worldwide.

In addition, trading activity in securities in which the Fund invests may be dramatically reduced or cease at any time, whether due to general market turmoil, problems experienced by a single issuer or market sector or other factors. In particular, since late 2007, the trading markets for certain classes of securities (such as collateralized debt obligations backed by mortgages (particularly subprime mortgages), has been dramatically impaired, resulting in turmoil in the credit markets generally and a dramatically reduced market for mortgage backed securities in particular.

The Fund does not know how long the securities markets will continue to be affected by these events and cannot predict the effects that these or similar events in the future will have on the United States and worldwide economies and securities markets.

Possible Change to Open-End Investment Company

If the Shares trade on the NYSE at an average discount to NAV of more than 10% in any 12-week period, the Trustees are required by the Fund's Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust, as amended (the Declaration of Trust), to submit to the Fund's shareholders at their next annual meeting a binding resolution that the Fund be converted from a closed-end to an open-end investment company. The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the Fund's outstanding Shares is required to approve such a conversion in these circumstances. See Description of the Shares Possible Change to Open-End Investment Company.

Anti-Takeover Provisions

The Declaration of Trust includes certain provisions that are intended to limit the ability of others to acquire control of the Fund, to modify its structure or to cause it to engage in certain transactions. These provisions could also have the effect of depriving shareholders of an opportunity to sell their Shares at a premium over prevailing market prices by discouraging third parties from

seeking to obtain control of the Fund. See Description of the Shares Anti-Takeover Provisions.

Trustees and Officers

Several of the officers and Trustees of the Fund are neither citizens nor residents of the United States. There can be no assurance that the Fund's officers or Trustees will have any assets in the United States that could be attached in connection with any action, suit or proceeding to enforce the provisions of U.S. securities laws, and none of the Fund's officers or Trustees has appointed an agent for service of process in the United States in connection with any such action under U.S. securities laws. In addition, the Fund has been advised by Chen & Lin Attorneys-at-Law, its R.O.C. counsel, that R.O.C. courts will not enforce certain final judgment against the Fund's Trustees or officers in respect of any legal suit or proceeding to enforce the provisions of U.S. securities laws in any court other than the R.O.C. courts. See Trustees and Officers Trustee and Officer Compensation.

Custodians and Administrator

Brown Brothers Harriman & Co. (BBH) acts as custodian (the Custodian) for the assets of the Fund. BBH also acts as the administrator of the Fund.

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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

This table below sets forth certain specified information for a Share outstanding throughout each year and period presented. The information for each of the fiscal years ended December 31, 1999 through December 31, 2008 have been derived from the Fund's financial statements, which have been audited by KPMG LLP (KPMG), the Fund's independent registered public accounting firm, whose report thereon was unqualified. The information for the period ended June 30, 2009 is derived from unaudited financial data. The information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto incorporated by reference in this Prospectus. See Financial Statements and Notes.

Years Ended December 31,

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2009 (Unaudited)	Years Ended December 31,									
		2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
Per Share Operating Performance:											
Net asset value, beginning of period/year	3.81	8.02	7.07	5.87	5.37	5.13	4.37	5.40	5.78	10.23	7.53
Net investment income (loss)(a)	(0.06)	0.15	0.02	0.01	0.05	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.06)	(0.05)	(0.11)	(0.11)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments(b)	1.47	(4.21)	0.92	1.21	0.65	(0.24)	0.73	(1.02)	0.06	(3.56)	2.58
Net realized and unrealized appreciation or depreciation on translation of foreign currencies(b)	0.00(c)	(0.16)	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.25)	0.26	0.11	0.05	(0.39)	(0.41)	0.23
Total from investment operations	1.41	(4.22)	0.93	1.19	0.45	0.01	0.82	(1.03)	(0.38)	(4.08)	2.70
Distributions to Shareholders from:											
Capital											
Net investment income*						(0.01)	(0.06)				
Net realized gain on investments										(0.37)	
Total Distributions						(0.01)	(0.06)			(0.37)	
Capital Stock Transactions:											
Share Tender Offer/Repurchase	0.01(d)	0.01(d)	0.02(d)	0.01	0.05	0.24					
Net asset value, end of period/year	5.23	3.81	8.02	7.07	5.87	5.37	5.13	4.37	5.40	5.78	10.23
Per share market value, end of period/year											
	4.85	3.53	7.23	6.61	5.30	4.90	4.75	4.05	4.75	4.56	8.44
Total investment return (%):											
Based on Trust's market price	37.40	(51.18)	9.38	24.72	8.16	3.42	18.79	(14.74)	4.17	(41.71)	36.35
Based on Trust's net asset value	37.27	(52.49)	13.44	20.44	9.31	4.94	18.75	(19.07)	(6.57)	(39.94)	35.86
U.S.\$return of Taiwan Stock Exchange Index**	40.14	(46.66)	9.23	20.35	3.03	11.69	35.32	(19.03)	10.16	(46.62)	35.15
Ratios and supplemental data:											
Net assets, end of period/year (in thousands)	64,950	49,720	116,031	113,391	104,364	116,467	167,801	142,936	176,526	188,939	334,521

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Ratio of expenses to
average net assets (%)

1.54 2.37 2.30 2.55 2.12 2.79 2.57 2.19 2.01 1.67 1.81
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Years Ended December 31,

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2009 (Unaudited)	Years Ended December 31,									
		2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets (%)	(1.41)	2.29	0.28	0.22	0.99	(0.27)	(0.44)	(1.23)	(1.01)	(1.09)	(1.35)
Portfolio turnover rate (%)	8	22	26	24	16	137	78	107	173	165	191

(a) Based on average shares outstanding.

(b) Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle resulted in a \$0.06 reduction in realized gain/loss on investments and foreign currency transactions and a \$0.06 increase in unrealized appreciation/depreciation on investments and foreign currency translation during 2004.

(c) Amounts represent less than \$0.01 per share.

(d) Based on average monthly shares outstanding.

* It is the Fund's policy to distribute all ordinary income and net realized capital gains calculated in accordance with U.S. federal income tax regulations. Such calculations may differ from those based on GAAP. Permanent book to tax differences primarily relate to the treatment of the Fund's gains from the disposition of passive foreign investment company shares as well as the nondeductibility of net operating losses for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Temporary book to tax differences are primarily due to differing treatments for certain foreign currency losses.

** Returns for the Taiwan Stock Exchange Index are not total returns and reflect only changes in share price, and do not assume that cash dividends were reinvested. The Taiwan Stock Exchange Index is calculated by the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corp.

Not annualized.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The proceeds of any offering made hereby will be invested in accordance with the Fund's investment objective and policies over a period of time not expected to exceed one week. Pending such investment, such proceeds will be held in bank deposits or invested in U.S. government securities or other U.S. Dollar-denominated short-term high grade securities.

THE FUND

General Information

The Fund is a Massachusetts business trust formed in 1988 and registered with the Commission as a diversified, closed-end management investment company under the 1940 Act. Taking into account the Fund's predecessor, the Fund is the oldest investment fund organized for investment in securities of R.O.C. issuers by investors outside the R.O.C.

The Fund's investment objective is long-term capital appreciation through investment primarily in publicly traded equity securities of R.O.C. issuers. As a fundamental policy, the Fund may not hold 25% or more of its gross assets in any single industry. Until September of 2007, the Fund was internally managed by employees of the Fund; however, the shareholders of the Fund approved an investment advisory and management agreement with NRC, an investment advisory company formed by those employees. Pursuant to this agreement, NRC is responsible, among other things, for investing and managing the assets of the Fund and administering the Fund's affairs. The Fund pays NRC a fee at an annual rate of 1.25% of the NAV of the Fund's assets up to \$150 million and 1% of NAV in excess of \$150 million. NRC commenced managing the Fund's assets on October 1, 2007.

RISK FACTORS AND SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

Risk is inherent in all investing. Investing in any investment company security involves risk, including the risk that you may receive little or no return on your investment or even that you may lose part or all of your investment. Investing in the Fund's Shares involves certain risks and considerations not typically associated with investing in U.S. securities. Therefore, before investing, you should consider carefully the following risks that you assume when you invest in the Fund's Shares and special considerations with respect to an investment in the Fund.

Investing in the Fund

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit in a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency. Among the principal risks of investing in the Fund is market risk, which is the risk that the value of your investment may fluctuate as the stock market in the R.O.C. fluctuates.

As a portfolio of an investment company that primarily holds common stock, the Fund's portfolio is subject to the possibility that common stock prices will decline over short or even extended periods. The Fund may remain substantially invested during periods when stock prices generally rise and also during periods when they generally decline. Moreover, as the Fund is a holder of common stock, the Fund's rights to the assets of the companies in which it invests will be subordinated to such companies' holders of preferred stock and debt in the event of a bankruptcy, liquidation or similar proceeding. Accordingly, if such an event were to occur to a company in which the Fund invests, the Fund would be entitled to such a company's assets only after such company's preferred shareholders and debt holders have been paid. Risks are inherent in investments in equities, and Fund shareholders should be aware that there may be significant fluctuations in the value of their investment in the Fund.

Because the Fund's strategy is to invest primarily in Taiwan-listed companies that derive or are expected to derive a substantial portion of their revenues by exporting to or operating in mainland China, there is a risk that an issuer that is treated as an eligible portfolio company because it is expected to derive a substantial portion of its revenues from exports to or operations in mainland China may not actually derive a substantial portion of its revenues from Chinese exports or operations. As a result, the Fund's portfolio may not be as closely linked to the

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Chinese economy as a fund that invests solely in portfolio companies that actually derive a substantial portion of its revenues from Chinese exports or operations.

Investments in R.O.C. Equities

Securities of R.O.C. companies are principally traded on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (the TSE). The TSE, as compared to stock exchanges in the United States, is relatively small, and both trading and market capitalization are concentrated in shares of a smaller number of companies and industries.

A larger proportion of the shares of many R.O.C. issuers are held by a smaller number of persons, representing a disproportionately large percentage of market capitalization and trading value, which may limit the number of shares available for investment by the Fund. By way of comparison, the market capitalization of the NYSE was more than 33 times the size of the TSE as of May 31, 2009. In addition, further issuances, or the perception that such issuances may occur, of securities by R.O.C. issuers in which the Fund has invested could dilute the earnings per share of the Fund's investment and could adversely affect the market price of such securities. Sales of securities by such issuer's major shareholders, or the perception that such sales may occur, may also significantly and adversely affect the market price of such securities and, in turn, the Fund's investment. The limited liquidity of the R.O.C. securities markets may also affect the Fund's ability to acquire or dispose of securities at the price and time that it desires. Therefore, anticipation of the investment of the proceeds of any offer made hereby in the R.O.C. securities markets may adversely affect the prices paid by the Fund in purchasing certain securities for its portfolio and may affect the speed with which the Fund can initially invest such proceeds in R.O.C. securities. In addition, the TSE experiences a smaller trading volume than the NYSE that is concentrated in a smaller number of the largest companies, and combined with certain investment diversification requirements and other restrictions applicable to the Fund, including certain requirements of the 1940 Act and the qualification of the Fund as a regulated investment company under the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code), this may affect the rate at which the Fund can invest the proceeds from the offer. Therefore, the Fund intends to take up to one week after the date of completion of any offering to invest the proceeds of such offering in accordance with its investment objective. See Investment Restrictions.

Markets in other countries have an increasing influence on the R.O.C. securities market. Any changes in foreign market situations, including foreign investors' sentiments towards the TSE, are capable of producing strong effects on the TSE.

In addition to their smaller size, lesser liquidity and greater volatility, the R.O.C. securities markets are less developed than U.S. securities markets and securities markets of more developed countries. Disclosure and regulatory standards in emerging market countries, such as the R.O.C., are, in many respects, less stringent than U.S. standards. Issuers in the R.O.C. are subject to accounting, auditing and financial standards and requirements that differ, in some cases significantly, from those applicable to U.S. issuers. In particular, the assets and profits appearing on the financial statements of a R.O.C. issuer may not reflect its financial position or results of operations in the way they would be reflected had such financial statements been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, there is substantially less publicly available information about R.O.C. issuers than there is about U.S. issuers. There is less regulation and monitoring of the R.O.C. securities market and the activities of investors, brokers and other participants than in the United States. Accordingly, issuers of securities in the R.O.C. are not subject to the same degree of regulation as U.S. issuers with respect to such matters as insider trading rules, tender offer regulation, shareholder proxy requirements and the requirements affecting timely disclosure of information.

Fluctuations in the price of securities traded on the TSE are restricted to 7% above or below the previous day's closing price for such shares. As a result, during periods of rapid movements in the market, when the limits on share price movement may prevent the quoted price from reflecting what would have been the market price in the absence of such limits, the quoted closing price of a security may not necessarily reflect the price at which investors would be willing to buy or sell the security. Under such circumstances liquidity may be severely impaired, making it difficult to protect and retain previous capital gains.

The R.O.C. securities market has been influenced by speculative trading of significant blocks of securities. In addition, there have been reports of market manipulation. Although the impact of market manipulation is

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expected to decrease in the future due to the implementation of stricter laws and more severe penalties, the Fund believes that market manipulation has been, and expects it to continue to be, a factor in the high volatility of the securities market. See *The Republic of China Regulation and Supervision*.

Legal principles relating to corporate affairs and the validity of corporate procedures, directors' fiduciary duties and liabilities and shareholders' rights in the R.O.C. may differ from those that may apply in other jurisdictions. Shareholders' rights under R.O.C. law may not be as extensive as those that exist under the laws of the United States. The Fund may therefore have more difficulty asserting its rights as a shareholder of a R.O.C. company in which it invests than it would as a shareholder of a comparable U.S. company.

Political and Economic Factors

The value of the Fund's assets may be adversely affected by political, economic, social and other factors, changes in R.O.C. law or regulations and the status of the R.O.C.'s relations with other countries, particularly the People's Republic of China (the P.R.C. or China). In addition, the R.O.C. economy may differ favorably or unfavorably from the U.S. economy in such respects as the rate of growth of gross domestic product, the rate of inflation, capital reinvestment, resource self-sufficiency and balance of payments position. The R.O.C. economy relies primarily on exports, which constitute over 63%, 64%, 70%, 73% and 74% of the R.O.C.'s gross domestic product in years 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007 and 2008, respectively. Thus, the R.O.C.'s economy relies largely on demand from the U.S. and other foreign markets. The R.O.C.'s biggest export markets are the United States, China, Japan, Europe, and other Asian countries. In fact, a significant amount of exports to mainland China are to Taiwan companies manufacturing in mainland China for re-export.

There is the possibility of nationalization, expropriation or confiscatory taxation, political changes, government regulation, social instability or diplomatic developments (including war or terrorist attacks) which could adversely affect the R.O.C. economy or the value of the Fund's investments. In particular, from time to time, tensions have increased between the R.O.C. and the P.R.C. over various issues; and at those times, share prices on the R.O.C. securities markets have tended to decline. See *Political Considerations* below.

In addition, it may be difficult to obtain and enforce a judgment in a court in the R.O.C., including in a case where there is a default with respect to the security of a R.O.C. issuer or with respect to any other claim that the Fund may have against an issuer or its directors and officers. As a result, even if the Fund initiates a suit against an issuer in a U.S. court, it may not be possible for the Fund to effect service of process in the R.O.C. Furthermore, if the Fund obtains a judgment in a U.S. court, it may be difficult to enforce such judgment in the R.O.C.

Exchange Rate Fluctuations and Foreign Currency Considerations

Under normal circumstances, the Fund's total assets will be predominantly invested in equity securities of R.O.C. companies and substantially all income earned by the Fund will be in NT Dollars, whereas distributions by the Fund will be made in U.S. Dollars. Therefore, the Fund's reported NAV and distributions will be affected adversely if there are reductions in the value of the NT Dollar relative to the U.S. Dollar. The Fund will incur costs for conversion between currencies. In addition, the computation of income will be made on the date of its accrual or receipt by the Fund at the foreign exchange rate in effect on that date, and thus, if the value of the NT Dollar falls relative to the U.S. Dollar between recognition of the income and the making of Fund distributions, the Fund may be required to liquidate investments in order to make distributions if the Fund has insufficient cash in U.S. Dollars to meet its regulated investment company distribution requirements under the Code. See *Taxation*. Such liquidation of investments, if required, may have adverse effects on the Fund's performance. Moreover, if the Fund fails to distribute to its shareholders at least 90% of its investment company taxable income (as measured in U.S. Dollars) for the taxable year, it will be subject to U.S. federal income taxes. See *Taxation* U.S. Federal Income Taxes.

Political Considerations

Relations with the P.R.C. and Domestic Political Stability. Relations between the P.R.C and the R.O.C. over the past several years have been characterized by a gradual relaxation of barriers to business, trade and

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investment. The announced policy of the P.R.C. towards Taiwan is one of peaceful reunification of China, but only under the auspices of the P.R.C. P.R.C. officials have consistently expressed grave concerns about the possibility of Taiwan's declaration of independence from mainland China as a whole and its development of nuclear weapons, and have indicated that neither action would be tolerated. The P.R.C. has refused to renounce the use of military force to gain control over Taiwan and, in March 2005, the P.R.C. passed an Anti-Secession Law that authorized non-peaceful means and other necessary measures should Taiwan move to gain independence from the P.R.C. Past developments between the R.O.C. and the P.R.C. have on occasion depressed the market prices of the securities of companies listed in the R.O.C. Though Taiwan and the P.R.C. have taken steps to facilitate economic linkages, there can be no assurance that relations between the R.O.C. and the P.R.C. will not deteriorate in ways that could adversely affect Taiwan's economy.

In addition, the securities market in Taiwan has become increasingly sensitive to political and economic developments in the P.R.C. Such developments, including, among other things, any change in political leadership, could have an adverse effect on the R.O.C. securities markets. Since the Democratic Progressive Party (DPP) won the presidency of the R.O.C. in March 2000, the relationship between the R.O.C. and the P.R.C. has become increasingly intense. Even though, in March 2008, the Kuomintang Party (KMT) won the presidency of the R.O.C. there can be no assurance that tension between the leading parties, the KMT and the DPP, as well as other parties will not produce instability that may adversely affect economic development in the R.O.C. or exacerbate relations with the P.R.C.

Other External Relations. Although the R.O.C. is not a member of the United Nations or its affiliated international organizations and only 234 sovereign states currently maintain formal diplomatic relations with the R.O.C., it has developed informal ties with most countries to offset its diplomatic isolation and to expand its economic relations. Many nations have set up unofficial organizations to carry out commercial and other relations with Taiwan and with official overseas missions and unofficial representative and/or trade relations, Taiwan is represented in 122 countries. Taiwan is a member of the Asian Development Bank, the World Trade Organization and the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation forum. However, because the P.R.C. opposes Taiwan's membership in such organizations, most of which require statehood for membership, there can be no assurance that the R.O.C.'s unique international position will not in the future have an adverse effect on its conduct of international trade, which is crucial to its export-driven economic growth.

While the United States severed diplomatic relations with the R.O.C. in 1979, the Taiwan Relations Act, enacted by the U.S. Congress in April 1979, affirmed as U.S. policies the preservation and promotion of close commercial and cultural ties with the R.O.C. and the continuing supply to the R.O.C. of arms of a defensive character.

Additional Risk of Investing in China and the R.O.C.

Investments in China are subject to special risks, such as less developed or less efficient trading markets, restrictions on monetary repatriation, possible seizure, nationalization or expropriation of assets and unstable political and economic conditions.

A small number of companies and industries represent a large portion of the markets in China as a whole. Consequently, the Fund may experience greater price volatility and significantly lower liquidity than a portfolio invested solely in equity securities of U.S. issuers. In addition, currency issues and economic competition also can significantly affect economic growth in Hong Kong, Taiwan and China.

Investments in Hong Kong or Taiwan could be adversely affected by their political and economic relationship with China. In addition, the willingness of the Chinese government to support the Chinese and Hong Kong economies and markets is uncertain, and changes in government policy could significantly affect the markets in both Hong Kong and China. The Taiwanese political system and economy can be significantly affected by the security threats from China, including the risk of a Chinese takeover of the R.O.C.

There can be no assurance that certain of the issuers in which the Fund may invest will not have dealings with countries identified by the U.S. State Department as state sponsors of terrorism or countries subject to sanctions

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administered by the U.S. Treasury Department's Office of Financial Assets Control. Any such company may suffer damage to its business or reputation that may negatively affect its share price.

Certain Provisions of the Declaration of Trust

The Fund's Declaration of Trust includes provisions that could have the effect of limiting the ability of other entities or persons to acquire control of the Fund or to change the composition of its Board of Trustees and, consequently, these provisions could deprive shareholders of an opportunity to sell their shares at a premium over prevailing market prices by discouraging a third party from seeking to obtain control of the Fund. See Description of the Shares Anti-Takeover Provisions.

Operating Expenses

The operating expense ratio of the Fund is higher than that of funds investing predominantly in the securities of U.S. issuers since the expenses of the Fund (such as investment management, custodial and communication costs) are higher. See Fee Table.

Net Asset Value Discount

Shares of closed-end investment companies frequently trade at a discount from NAV but may trade at a premium. This characteristic is a risk separate and distinct from the risk that a fund's NAV will decrease. The Fund cannot predict whether its Shares will trade at, below or above NAV. The risk of purchasing shares of a closed-end fund that might trade at a discount is more pronounced for investors that wish to sell their shares in a relatively short period of time because, for those investors, realization of gain or loss on their investment is likely to be more dependent upon the existence of a premium or discount from NAV than upon portfolio performance.

Interval Fund Structure; Size of Fund

As an interval fund, the Fund is required to repurchase at least 5% of its outstanding shares semi-annually, subject to certain exceptions. See Semi-Annual Share Repurchases. Over a period of time, these repurchases could reduce the Fund to a size where it would no longer be permitted to list its shares on the NYSE or where the Fund would no longer be considered viable because of the relative level of expenses or for other reasons. This may particularly be the case during periods when the Fund's assets have declined significantly due to a significant decline in the Taiwan stock markets or for other reasons.

Market Disruption

The aftermath of the war in Iraq and the continuing occupation of Iraq, the instability in the Middle East and terrorist attacks in the United States and around the world have resulted in market volatility, may have long-term effects on the U.S. and worldwide financial markets and may cause further economic uncertainties in the United States and worldwide.

In addition, trading activity in securities in which the Fund invests may be dramatically reduced or cease at any time, whether due to general market turmoil, problems experienced by a single issuer or market sector or other factors. In particular, since late 2007, the trading markets for certain classes of securities (such as collateralized debt obligations backed by mortgages (particularly subprime mortgages), has been dramatically impaired, resulting in turmoil in the credit markets generally and a dramatically reduced market for mortgage backed securities in particular.

The Fund does not know how long the securities markets will continue to be affected by these events and cannot predict the effects that these or similar events in the future will have on the United States and worldwide economies and securities markets.

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TRADING AND NET ASSET VALUE INFORMATION

The following table for each of the periods indicated shows the highest and lowest selling prices of the Fund's Shares of beneficial interest on the NYSE, and the NAV per Share and the discount or premium to NAV expressed as a percentage.

Quarter Ended	Market Price ⁽¹⁾		Net Asset Value ⁽¹⁾		Discount/Premium to NAV
	High	Low	High	Low	
June 30, 2006	\$ 5.59	\$ 5.52	\$ 6.90	\$ 5.49	-5.75%
September 30, 2006	\$ 5.77	\$ 5.67	\$ 6.37	\$ 5.41	-8.76%
December 31, 2006	\$ 6.61	\$ 6.56	\$ 7.06	\$ 6.26	-8.13%
March 31, 2007	\$ 6.30	\$ 6.27	\$ 7.22	\$ 6.48	-7.11%
June 30, 2007	\$ 7.00	\$ 6.27	\$ 8.00	\$ 6.85	-9.60%
September 30, 2007	\$ 7.80	\$ 6.32	\$ 8.91	\$ 7.27	-11.46%
December 31, 2007	\$ 8.48	\$ 6.77	\$ 9.46	\$ 7.19	-10.61%
March 31, 2008	\$ 7.43	\$ 6.12	\$ 8.11	\$ 6.54	-9.56%
June 30, 2008	\$ 7.60	\$ 6.11	\$ 8.28	\$ 6.80	-9.10%
September 30, 2008	\$ 6.23	\$ 4.58	\$ 6.82	\$ 5.18	-9.41%
December 31, 2008	\$ 4.71	\$ 2.96	\$ 5.28	\$ 3.40	-11.06%
March 31, 2009	\$ 3.96	\$ 3.02	\$ 4.34	\$ 3.47	-9.06%
June 30, 2009	\$ 5.40	\$ 3.95	\$ 5.70	\$ 4.22	-6.90%
September 30, 2009	\$ 5.91	\$ 4.86	\$ 6.55	\$ 5.35	-10.56%
December 31, 2009	\$ 6.36	\$ 5.56	\$ 7.18	\$ 6.31	-10.39%

(1) As reported by Bloomberg.

The closing market price and NAV per Share on December 31, 2009 were \$6.36 and \$7.18, respectively.

There can be no assurance that the Fund's Shares will trade in the future above, at or below NAV.

Capitalization at December 31, 2009

Title of Class	Amount Authorized	Amount Held by the Fund or for its Account	Amount Outstanding Exclusive of Amount Held by the Fund or for its Account
Shares of Beneficial Interest, \$0.01 par value	unlimited number of Shares	None	11,788,968 Shares

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES

The Fund's investment objective is long-term capital appreciation through investment primarily in publicly traded equity securities of R.O.C. issuers. The Fund's strategy is to invest primarily in Taiwan-listed companies that derive or are expected to derive a significant portion of their revenues by exporting to or operating in mainland China. Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's net assets will be invested in Taiwan-listed companies that (i) derive or are expected to derive a substantial portion (*i.e.*, at least 50%) of their revenues or profits by exporting to or operating in mainland China or (ii) have at least 50% of their assets in Greater China. Greater China includes mainland China, Hong Kong and Taiwan. This investment policy is non-fundamental and requires 60 days' prior written notice to shareholders before it can be changed. The Fund has and intends to continue to spread risk by investing in various industries and issuers. The Fund has also invested, and if conditions warrant, may in the future invest, in debt securities of R.O.C. issuers (including the R.O.C. government). For defensive purposes during periods in which changes in economic, financial or political conditions make it advisable, the Fund may reduce its holdings in equity securities and increase its holdings in (i) long-term or short-term debt securities issued by the R.O.C. government, its agencies or instrumentalities or private issuers in the R.O.C., (ii) certificates of deposit issued by banks or other financial institutions in the R.O.C. or (iii) cash, or any combination of the foregoing, in each case to the extent deemed prudent. There can be no assurance that the Fund's investment objective will be realized. The Fund is subject to certain investment restrictions described under Investment Restrictions.

It is an investment policy of the Fund that normally at least 80% of its net assets will be invested in investments that are economically tied to the R.O.C. This policy and the Fund's investment objective are fundamental policies that may not be changed without the approval of a majority of the Fund's outstanding voting securities. As used herein, a majority of the Fund's outstanding voting securities means the lesser of (i) 67% of the Shares represented at a meeting at which more than 50% of the outstanding Shares are represented or (ii) more than 50% of the outstanding Shares. An additional investment policy of the Fund is that normally at least 70% of its total assets will be invested in securities of R.O.C. issuers (including the R.O.C. government). The Fund may not invest more than 20% of its net assets in stocks traded over the counter. Subject to these limitations, the Fund may invest a portion of its assets in securities of non-R.O.C. issuers that are consistent with its China strategy. The Fund is permitted to invest in securities of companies that are economically tied to the R.O.C. even if those securities trade on securities exchanges outside of the R.O.C., such as the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

The Fund's equity investments consist primarily of common stocks, but investments may also be made in other equity securities, such as preferred stocks, convertible debentures and equity warrants should they become listed securities on the TSE or otherwise become permitted investments of the Fund. Investments in debt securities, including short-term money market instruments, are limited to obligations of the R.O.C. government or government-owned enterprises, obligations issued or guaranteed by R.O.C. financial institutions with shareholders' equity of at least U.S.\$50 million, and obligations of the companies listed on the TSE. Investments in money market instruments may include government treasury bills, commercial paper, bankers' acceptances and negotiable certificates of deposit. Companies that issue debt securities must retain a credit rating institution approved or recognized by the Republic of China Securities and Futures Bureau, Financial Supervisory Commission (the R.O.C. FSC) to evaluate the securities to be issued and the company must produce a credit rating report. Although the investment objective of the Fund is long-term capital appreciation, the Fund expects to receive current income from dividends and interest paid on the equity and debt securities in which it invests.

Up to 30% of the Fund's total assets may be (i) invested in repurchase agreements (as described below), (ii) held in the United States for expense purposes, pending distribution to the shareholders or pending the repurchase of Shares pursuant to the Fund's Share repurchase program or interval repurchase program or (iii) held in liquid assets in the R.O.C.

Up to 15% of the total assets of the Fund may be invested in repurchase agreements in the R.O.C. Such agreements are contracts under which the seller of a security agrees at the time of sale to repurchase the security at an agreed-upon price and date. Such resale price reflects an agreed-upon interest rate effective for the period the security is held by the purchaser and is unrelated to the interest rate on the instrument. Under the 1940 Act, repurchase agreements are treated as loans collateralized by the underlying security, and interpretive positions by the

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Staff of the Commission generally require investment companies and their investment advisers to institute practices to assure that repurchase agreement transactions are always fully collateralized.

Assets of the Fund held in the United States are invested in bank deposits, obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or issued by an agency thereof or short-term securities or money market instruments that, at the time of acquisition, have been rated Prime 1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) or A or better by Standard & Poor's, a division of The McGraw Hill Companies, Inc. (S&P).

The Investment Manager has a policy which provides that under normal circumstances, the Fund should experience less than 60% annual portfolio turnover rate, but this policy is subject to change.

Other Investment Practices

Foreign Currency Transactions

The ability of the Fund to enter into hedging transactions with respect to the value of the NT Dollar is limited by investment restrictions applicable to the Fund. See Investment Restrictions. The Fund is permitted to enter into currency exchange contracts on a spot basis.

Notwithstanding any currency transactions in which the Fund may engage to limit currency risks, changes in currency prices may result in poorer overall performance for the Fund than if it had not engaged in any such transaction. Moreover, there may be an imperfect correlation between the Fund's portfolio holdings of NT Dollars and currency transactions entered into by the Fund. Any imperfect correlation may prevent the Fund from achieving the intended hedge or expose the Fund to additional risks of foreign exchange loss. If the Fund engages in transactions in such instruments, it will comply with the applicable provisions of the 1940 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder that require the Fund to segregate assets or cover its exposure thereunder.

Stock Options and Stock Index Futures Contracts

There are currently stock options, stock index options or futures contracts for R.O.C. securities. The Fund may seek to increase its return or may hedge all or a portion of its portfolio investments by investment therein in the future. The nature of the strategies adopted by the Fund and the extent to which those strategies are used will depend on the development of stock options and stock index futures contracts or options thereon. These transactions may also affect the character and timing of income, and the amount of gain or loss recognized by the Fund and its shareholders for U.S. federal income tax purposes. See Taxation U.S. Federal Income Taxes.

Securities Lending

From time to time, the Fund may lend securities (but not in excess of 33 1/3% of its total assets) from its portfolio of investments to brokers, dealers and financial institutions and, in turn, receive collateral in cash or securities believed by the Fund to be equivalent to securities rated investment grade by S&P or Moody's. While the loan is outstanding, the Fund is required to maintain collateral at all times in an amount equal to at least 105% of the current market value of the securities loaned by the Fund, including any accrued interest or dividends receivable from these securities. Any cash collateral received by the Fund is to be invested in short-term, high quality debt securities, the income from which would increase the return to the Fund. The Fund retains all rights of beneficial ownership as to the loaned portfolio securities, including voting rights and rights to interest or other distributions, and has the right to regain record ownership of loaned securities to exercise such beneficial rights. Such loans are terminable at any time by either the Fund or the borrower. The Fund may be required to pay finders', administrative and custodial fees to persons unaffiliated with the Fund in connection with the arranging of such loans and, if permitted under the 1940 Act or pursuant to an exemptive order thereunder, such fees may be paid to persons affiliated with the Fund. In the event of a default by the borrower, the Fund may suffer time delays and incur costs or possible losses in connection with the Fund's disposition of the collateral.

INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS

The following restrictions on investments of the assets of the Fund may not be changed without the approval of a majority of the Fund's outstanding voting securities as defined above under Investment Objective and Policies. If a percentage restriction on investment or use of assets set forth below is adhered to at the time a transaction is effected, later changes in the percentage resulting from changing values will not be considered a violation of the restriction. With respect to the limitations on the issuance of senior securities and in the case of borrowings, the percentage limitations apply at the time of issuance and on an ongoing basis.

Without such approval, the Fund may not:

- (a) hold 25% or more of its gross assets in any single industry;
- (b) purchase any security (other than obligations of the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities) if as a result of such purchase (i) as to 75% of the total assets (taken at their then current value), more than 5% of the total assets (taken at their then current value) would then be invested in the securities of a single issuer, (ii) as to the remaining 25% of the total assets (taken at their then current value), more than 10% of the total assets (taken at their then current value) would then be invested in the securities of a single issuer (except that the Fund may invest up to 25% of its total assets in obligations of the R.O.C. government or its agencies or instrumentalities), (iii) more than 10% of the outstanding equity securities of any issuer (at the time of purchase) would be beneficially held by the Fund or (iv) 25% or more of the Fund's assets (taken at their then current value) would be invested in a single industry;
- (c) purchase any security on margin, except such short-term credits as are necessary for the clearance of purchases or sales of securities;
- (d) effect a short sale of any security, except in connection with an underwriting in which the Fund is a participant;
- (e) engage in short sales of securities, write put and call options or engage in purchases of securities on margin;
- (f) invest in securities issued by securities investment trust funds in the R.O.C.;
- (g) buy or sell commodities or commodity contracts, including futures contracts on a contract market or other futures market, except that the Fund may invest in currency forward contracts to hedge against currency fluctuations if R.O.C. law is changed to so permit;
- (h) issue senior securities, except as permitted by paragraph (g) above;
- (i) borrow money within the R.O.C., however, subject to the provisions of the 1940 Act, the Fund may borrow from financial institutions outside the R.O.C. for temporary purposes (that is, the borrowing must be repaid within 60 days) in amounts not exceeding 5% (taken at the lower of cost or current value) of its total assets (excluding amount borrowed) and may also pledge assets to secure such borrowings);
- (j) make loans to other persons (other than bank deposits or by investment in debt securities or entry into repurchase agreements), except that the Fund may lend its securities to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act, the rules or regulations thereunder or any exemption therefrom, as such statutes, rules or regulations may be amended or interpreted from time to time;
- (k) invest (i) in securities of R.O.C. issuers the issuance of which has not been approved by or registered with the R.O.C. SEC for offering to the public or (ii) in unregistered securities of U.S.

issuers that must be registered before being publicly offered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act).

- (l) invest in equity securities which, at the time the investment is made, are not listed and traded on the TSE, except that the Fund may invest in such securities if R.O.C. law is changed to so permit (which, as is noted below, has now occurred);
- (m) buy or sell real estate or real estate mortgage loans;
- (n) invest in partnership interests;
- (o) effect any securities transaction with another trust fund under the Fund's former manager's management;
- (p) apply the assets of the Fund to purchase beneficial certificates issued by the former manager in other trust funds managed by the former manager;
- (q) underwrite the issue or sale of any securities; or
- (r) invest in securities issued by any person (except the R.O.C. government) who beneficially owns more than 5% of, or takes any significant active role in the management of, the Fund's investment adviser.

For purposes of paragraph (b)(i) above, the Fund limits its investments in a single issuer to no more than 10% of the voting securities of such issuer. For purposes of paragraph (b)(ii), the Fund is limited to investing no more than 5% in any other issuer.

For purposes of paragraph (j) above, the Fund may not lend securities in excess of 33 1/3% of its total assets. See Investment Objective and Policies Other Investment Practices Securities Lending.

For purposes of paragraph (l) above, R.O.C law has been changed to permit and shareholder approval is not required to permit, investment in equity securities traded in any stock exchange in the world excluding (i) securities listed on any of the P.R.C. stock exchanges; (ii) securities issued by the government of the P.R.C. or by any P.R.C. company with listings in Hong Kong and Macau; (iii) stocks in Hang Seng China-Affiliated Corporations (Red Chip) Index; and (iv) all Hong Kong-and Macau-listed securities of companies with at least 35% direct or indirect investment by the P.R.C. government or P.R.C. companies.

The Trustees may from time to time adopt further investment limitations with respect to non-fundamental policies of the Fund to comply with applicable laws and regulations.

In addition to the foregoing investment limitations, investments by the Fund are subject to limitations imposed by the 1940 Act, including certain limitations on transactions between the Fund and its affiliates. For example, the 1940 Act generally prohibits any investment manager for the Fund and its affiliated persons from selling securities to, or buying securities from, the Fund.

Investments by the Fund are also subject to applicable R.O.C. laws and regulations. Recent changes in R.O.C. law and regulations have permitted the Fund to purchase securities traded in the OTC market in Taiwan, as well as securities issued in public offerings and securities of Taiwan-based or Taiwan related companies listed on exchanges other than the TSE. In addition, on October 31, 2006, the Board of Trustees terminated the Fund's policy requiring the R.O.C. FSC's consent to change certain policies of the Fund.

Certain additional portfolio restrictions may be necessary from time to time for the Fund to qualify as a regulated investment company for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

TRUSTEES AND OFFICERS

The names, addresses and ages of the Trustees and principal officers of the Fund are set forth below, together with their positions held with the Fund, term of office, length of time served and their principal occupations during the past five years and, in the case of the Trustees, their directorships with certain other international organizations and publicly held companies.

Name, Address and Age	Position(s) held with the Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Other Directorships Held by Trustee
Non-Interested Trustees				
Tsung-Ming Chung 4F, No. 1, Lane 21 Hsing-Hua Road Kwei-Shan Industrial Zone Taoyuan, Taiwan, R.O.C. (61)	Trustee and Audit Committee Member	Trustee since 2006 and until the 2012 Annual Meeting of Shareholders or the special meeting in lieu thereof	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Dynapak International Technology Corp. since 2002; Chairman, Systems and Chips, Inc.; Director, Arima Group (technology)	Director, Far Eastern International Bank; Director and Chairman of Audit Committee, Taiwan Mobile Co.; Director and Audit Committee Chairman SMIC
Edward B. Collins 765 Market Street, Suite 31A San Francisco, California 94103 (66)	Trustee and Audit Committee Member	Trustee since 2000 and until the 2012 Annual Meeting of Shareholders or the special meeting in lieu thereof	Managing Director, China Vest Group (venture capital investment), since prior to 2004	Director, Bookham, Inc. since May 2008; Director, Medio Stream, Inc. since 2001; Chairman, California Bank of Commerce, since 2006; Partner McCutchen Doyle, Brown & Enovsen (law firm), 1987-95.
Frederick C. Copeland, Jr. 11 Deer Ridge Road Avon, Connecticut 06001 (67)	Trustee, Vice Chairman and Audit Committee Member	Trustee since May 2004 and until the 2011 Annual Meeting of Shareholders or the special meeting in lieu thereof; Vice Chairman of the Board since February 2006	Vice Chairman, Director, Chairman of the Executive Committee, Far East National Bank, since 2004; Principal, Deer Ridge Associates, LLC (financial consulting), since 2001-2006	Director, Mercantile Commercial Bank Holding, since 2007; Director, Mercantile Commercial Bank, since 2007; President, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer, Aetna International (insurance), from 1995 to 2001; Executive Vice

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Name, Address and Age	Position(s) held with the Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Other Directorships Held by Trustee
Pedro-Pablo Kuczynski Chequehuanla 967 San Isidro, Lima, Peru (70)	Trustee and Chairman of the Board	Trustee since 2007 and until the 2010 Annual Meeting of Shareholders or the special meeting in lieu thereof; and Chairman since August 2007	Senior Adviser and Partner, The Rohatyn Group (emerging markets manager), since 2007; Prime Minister of Peru from 2005-2006; Minister of Economy and Finance of Peru 2001-2002, 2004-2005; Partner and CEO, Latin America Enterprise Fund (private equity), 1995-2001.	President, Aetna, Inc. (insurance), from 1997 to 2001; Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, Fleet Bank, N.A., 1993-1995; President and Chief Executive Officer, Citibank Canada Ltd., 1987-1993; Taiwan Country Head, Citibank, 1983-1987 Chairman and Director, Advanced Metallurgical Group (AMG, N.V.) since 2007; Director Ternium Inc., since 2007.
David N. Laux The Hampshire, Apt. 701 1101 N. Elm Street Greensboro, North Carolina 27401 (81)	Trustee	Trustee since 1992 and until the 2010 Annual Meeting of Shareholders or the special meeting in lieu thereof; Chairman from July 2004 until August 2007	Director, International Foundation, 2001-2007; Chairman, Great Dads (non-profit), 2004-2006; President, US-Taiwan Business Forum, from 2000 to 2005; Director, U.S.-Taiwan Business Council, 2000-present.	President, US-R.O.C (Taiwan) Business Council from 1990 to 2000; Chairman and Managing Director, American Institute in Taiwan, from 1987 to 1990; Director of Asian Affairs, National Security Council, The White House, 1982-1986.

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Name, Address and Age	Position(s) held with the Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Other Directorships Held by Trustee
Robert P. Parker 101 California Street Suite 2830 San Francisco, California 94111 (66)	Trustee and Audit Committee Member	Trustee since 1998 and until the 2008 Annual Meeting of Shareholders or the special meeting in lieu thereof; Chairman from February to July 2004	Chairman, Parker Price Venture Capital, Inc. (formerly known as Allegro Capital, Inc.), since prior to 2000	Director, NexFlash Technologies, Inc., 2001-2005 Partner, McCutchen, Doyle, Brown & Enersen (law firm), 1988-97.
Non-Trustee Officers				
Steven R. Champion 111 Gillett Street Hartford, Connecticut 06105 (63)	President, Chief Executive Officer and Portfolio Manager	Since February 2004	President, Nanking Road Capital Management LLC, since July 2007; President, Chief Executive Officer and Portfolio Manager of the Fund from February 2004 to October 2007; Executive Vice President, Bank of Hawaii, 2001-2003; Chief Investment Officer, Aetna International, from prior to 2000 to 2001	
Regina Foley 111 Gillett Street Hartford, Connecticut 06105 (45)	Secretary, Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Compliance Officer	Secretary, Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Compliance Officer since June 2009	Secretary, Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Compliance Officer, Nanking Road Capital Management, since June 2009; Financial Manager, Pfizer, 2007-2009; Finance Manager, ING, January 2006 to November 2006; and Assistant Director, The Hartford Financial Services Group, 2002-2006	None

There are no other portfolios in the fund complex.

The following table provides information, as of December 31, 2009, except as noted, regarding the beneficial ownership of Shares by (i) each of the Fund's Trustees, (ii) each executive officer of the Fund and (iii) Trustees and executive officers of the Fund as a group.

Name	Amount of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Fund	Dollar Range of Beneficial Ownership**
Steven R. Champion	20,500	*	Over \$100,000
Frederick C. Copeland, Jr.	8,000	*	\$50,001-\$100,000
David N. Laux	6,000	*	\$10,001-\$50,000
Robert P. Parker	2,000	*	\$10,001-\$50,000
Edward B. Collins	3,000	*	\$10,001-\$50,000
Pedro-Pablo Kuczynski	2,300	*	\$10,001-\$50,000
Tsung-Ming Chung	0	N/A	None
Regina Foley	0	N/A	None
All Trustees and executive officers as a group	41,800	*	

* Less than 1%

** Based on the NAV of the Shares on December 31, 2009 of \$7.18.

Board Structure

The Trustees of the Fund are divided into three classes, each having a term of three years, with the term of one class expiring each year.

Board and Committee Meetings

The Board of Trustees of the Fund held six meetings during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, each Trustee attended at least 75% of the total of (i) all meetings of the Board of Trustees and (ii) all meetings of each committee of the Board on which he served.

Nominating Committee

The Board of Trustees has a Nominating Committee, the current members of which are Messrs. Robert P. Parker (Chair) and David N. Laux. The members of the Nominating Committee are not interested persons of the Trust, as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act and also are independent Trustees of the Trust, as defined under the rules of the NYSE. The Nominating Committee has a charter, which is available on the Trust's website at www.taiwangreaterchinafund.com. The charter provides that the Nominating Committee will consider recommendations of Trustee nominees submitted by Shareholders. Any such recommendations should be sent to the Trust's Nominating Committee, c/o the Secretary of the Trust, Nanking Road Capital Management, LLC, 111 Gillett Street, Hartford, CT 06105. The charter also provides that the Nominating Committee will consider potential candidates who are personally known to members of the Nominating Committee, persons who are recommended to the Nominating Committee by other members of the Board and other persons known by Board members or persons identified by any search firm retained by the Nominating Committee. In considering whether to recommend that an individual be nominated as a Trustee, the Nominating Committee will take the following criteria, among others, into account: (i) the Board's size and composition; (ii) applicable listing standards and laws; (iii) an individual's

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expertise (especially with regard to matters relating to Taiwan, mainland China and public and private investment funds), experience and willingness to serve actively; (iv) whether an individual will enhance the functioning of the Board and the compatibility of his or her views concerning the manner in which the Trust should be governed with the Board's assessment of the interests of the Trust's shareholders; and (v) the number of other company boards of directors on which such individual serves. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, the Nominating Committee did not retain any search firm or pay a fee to any third party to identify Trustee candidates. The Nominating Committee held one meeting during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. On January 13, 2009, the Nominating Committee met and recommended that Messrs. Edward B. Collins and Tsung-Ming Chung be nominated to stand for election at the Meeting.

Audit Committee

The Board of Trustees has an Audit Committee established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), and Rule 32a-4 of the 1940 Act. The current members of the Audit Committee are Messrs. Edward B. Collins (Chair), Frederick C. Copeland, Jr., Robert P. Parker and Tsung-Ming Chung. The members of the Audit Committee are not interested persons of the Fund, as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act, and also are independent Trustees of the Fund, as defined under the rules of the NYSE. The responsibilities of the Audit Committee include, among other things, review and selection of the independent registered public accounting firm of the Fund, review of the Fund's financial statements prior to their submission to the Board of Trustees and of other accounting matters of the Fund, and review of the administration of the Fund's Codes of Ethics and Whistleblower Policy. The Audit Committee held two meetings during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.

Trustee and Officer Compensation

The compensation received by each Trustee and officer of the Fund for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 is set forth below.

Name	Position	Total Compensation from the Fund Paid to Trustees and Officers ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
Non-Interested Trustees		
Edward B. Collins	Trustee	\$ 24,000 ⁽²⁾
Frederick C. Copeland, Jr.	Trustee	\$ 27,000 ⁽²⁾
David N. Laux	Trustee	\$ 24,000 ⁽²⁾
Robert P. Parker	Trustee	\$ 24,000 ⁽²⁾
Tsung-Ming Chung	Trustee	\$ 22,000 ⁽²⁾
Pedro-Pablo Kuczynski	Trustee	\$ 32,000 ⁽²⁾

(1) The Trustees and officers of the Fund do not receive any pension or retirement benefits from the Fund.

(2) Compensation consists of a \$2,000 meeting fee for each Board of Trustees meeting or committee meeting attended in person, \$1,000 meeting fee for each Board of Trustees meeting or committee meeting attended by telephone and an annual retainer of \$12,000 (\$20,000 for the Chairman and \$17,000 for the Vice Chairman).

Several of the officers and Trustees of the Fund are neither citizens nor residents of the United States. There can be no assurance that the Fund's officers or Trustees will have any assets in the United States that could be attached in connection with any action, suit or proceeding to enforce the provisions of U.S. securities laws, and none of the Fund's officers or Trustees has appointed an agent for service of process in the United States in connection with any such action under U.S. securities laws. The Fund has been advised by Chen & Lin Attorneys-at-Law, its R.O.C. counsel, that R.O.C. courts will not enforce any final judgment against the Fund's Trustees or officers in respect of any legal suit or proceeding to enforce the provisions of U.S. securities laws in any court other than the R.O.C. courts, if any of the following situations shall apply to such final judgment (i) the court rendering judgment does not have jurisdiction over the subject matter pursuant to the R.O.C. laws, (ii) the judgment was rendered by default by the court, except where the summons or order necessary for the commencement of the action was timely and duly served on the said Trustee or officer within a reasonable period of time and within the jurisdiction of the court rendering the judgment according to the laws thereof, or the process was served on the said Trustee or officer

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with the judicial assistance of the R.O.C., (iii) the judgment is contrary to public order or good morals of the R.O.C. and (iv) the judgments of R.O.C. courts are not reciprocally recognized or enforceable in the court rendering the judgment.

Liability of Trustees

Subject to the provisions of the Fund's Declaration of Trust, the business of the Fund is managed by its Trustees, who have all the powers necessary or convenient to carry out such responsibilities.

The Trustees are subject to the duties and liabilities imposed by the 1940 Act, the Fund's Declaration of Trust, the By-Laws of the Fund and Massachusetts law. Although the Trustees act as principals rather than as agents for the Fund, the Trustees are not personally liable to third parties dealing with the Fund so long as their capacity as Trustees is properly disclosed.

The Declaration of Trust also contains provisions pursuant to which (i) each Trustee and officer of the Fund is indemnified against certain liabilities that might arise out of the operations of the Fund and (ii) certain liabilities of Trustees and officers to the Fund, or to any shareholder, Trustee, officer, employee or agent thereof, for any action or failure to act, are eliminated; *provided* that no Trustee or officer shall be protected against liabilities that result from such person's willful malfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of his office.

Shareholder Communications

Shareholders may send communications to the Fund's Board of Trustees. Shareholders should send communications intended for the Fund's Board of Trustees by addressing the communication directly to the Board of Trustees (or individual Board members) and/or otherwise clearly indicating in the salutation that the communication is for the Board of Trustees (or individual Board members) and by sending the communication to either the Fund's office or directly to such Board member(s) at the address specified for each Trustee above. Other shareholder communications received by the Fund not directly addressed and sent to the Board will be reviewed and generally responded to by management, and will be forwarded to the Board of Trustees only at Fund management's discretion based on the matters contained therein.

Investment Manager

The investment manager to the Fund is Nanking Road Capital Management, LLC (NRC or the Investment Manager), a limited liability company organized under the laws of the State of Connecticut, whose address is 111 Gillett Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06105.

The Fund was internally managed by employees of the Fund; however, at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on August 21, 2007, the shareholders of the Fund approved an investment advisory and management agreement with NRC, an investment advisory company formed by those employees. NRC commenced managing the Fund's assets on October 1, 2007.

Investment Advisory Agreement

Pursuant to an investment and management agreement (the Advisory Agreement), the Investment Manager is responsible, among other things, for investing and managing the assets of the Fund in accordance with the investment objective and policies of the Fund, as such investment objective and policies are amended from time to time by the Board (or with the concurrence of the Fund's shareholders, in each case in accordance with the requirements of the 1940 Act), and subject always to the restrictions of the Fund's Declaration of Trust and By-Laws, as amended or restated from time to time.

The Investment Manager, at the instruction of the Board of Trustees, will assist and make recommendations to the Fair Value Pricing Committee of the Trust with respect to the Board of Trustees' duty to determine in good faith the fair values of the Fund's securities in the absence of readily available market quotations and in

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circumstances where certain events or circumstances would indicate the market quotation of a security is not reliable pursuant to the procedures and criteria set forth in the Fund's Valuation Procedures.

Under the Advisory Agreement, the Investment Manager will vote the Fund's proxies in accordance with the proxy voting policies, which may be amended from time to time by the Board and communicated to the Investment Manager. In addition, under the terms of the Advisory Agreement, the Investment Manager will provide the Fund with a Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Chief Compliance Officer; subject to the request and approval of the Board.

Pursuant to the terms of the Advisory Agreement, the Investment Manager will make such reports to the Board as the Board may deem necessary or advisable and as may be required by rules and regulations under the 1940 Act and shall provide such other services and advice as the Board may reasonably request.

For services under the Advisory Agreement, the Fund pays the Investment Manager a fee at an annual rate of 1.25% of the NAV of the Fund's assets up to \$150 million and 1% of the NAV in excess of \$150 million.

A discussion regarding the Board of Trustees' approval of the Advisory Agreement is available in the Fund's annual report to shareholders for the period ended December 31, 2008.

Portfolio Manager

Steven R. Champion, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Fund has served as portfolio manager responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio since February 2004. Prior to October 1, 2007, Mr. Champion was employed directly by the Fund as the portfolio manager of the Fund. Since October 1, 2007, he has been employed by the Investment Manager to serve as portfolio manager to the Fund. Mr. Champion was Executive Vice President of the Bank of Hawaii from 2001 to 2003 and Chief Investment Officer of Aetna International from 1997 to 2001. Mr. Champion also previously served as the portfolio manager of The Taiwan (R.O.C) Fund, predecessor to the Fund, from 1987 to 1989, and President and portfolio manager of the Fund from 1989 to 1992. Other positions he has held include Vice Chairman of the Bank of San Francisco, Chief International Investment Officer at the Bank of America and Vice President and Country Manager in Taiwan for Continental Illinois National Bank.

Other Accounts Managed by the Portfolio Manager

As of December 31, 2009, Mr. Champion managed the Fund with approximately \$84.6 million in assets under management. As of December 31, 2009, Mr. Champion did not manage any mutual funds or pooled investment vehicles.

Portfolio Manager Compensation

As of October 1, 2007, the Fund entered into an investment advisory agreement with NRC, whereby the Fund's management structure changed from an internally managed entity to an externally managed entity. Mr. Champion is the principal owner of NRC and controls its affairs. In that connection he determines the compensation to be paid to himself and other NRC employees out of NRC's investment advisory revenues, net of other expenses. If profits are available for distribution to NRC's owners after the payment of salary, bonus and other operating expenses, Mr. Champion is therefore the principal beneficiary of those profits. In determining compensation and bonuses to be paid to him and other NRC officers and employees, Mr. Champion expects to structure NRC's compensation program to attract and retain key personnel as well as to provide incentives for top quality performance. The factors that he expects to take into account in making such decisions include competence, diligence, creativity and dedication and his assessment of the level of importance of a person's performance as an employee or consultant to NRC's success as an enterprise. In assessing his own performance as portfolio manager, Mr. Champion expects to base his assessment on a variety of factors, the most important of which is the Fund's (and other clients', if any) investment performance in relation to various benchmarks, which include the Taiwan China Strategy Index (the TCS Index) which is computed by Morgan Stanley Capital International based on inclusion criteria developed by the Fund to measure the performance of Taiwan Stock Exchange (TAIEX) listed companies which derive or which are expected to derive a substantial portion of their revenues from investments in or exports to China and the MSCI Taiwan Index. His performance against these benchmarks is measured on an annual basis when determining his compensation. Mr. Champion anticipates that the relationship between salary and bonus payments to himself and other officers and employees of NRC, on the one hand, and the proportion of NRC's profits to which he will be entitled as a result of his ownership and profit interest in NRC, on the other hand, may vary from year to year, particularly if NRC acquires other investment management or

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advisory clients and if the proportion of NRC owned by Mr. Champion changes. In addition to a base salary, bonus and his profit interest, Mr. Champion is eligible for health insurance and deferred compensation benefits.

Prior to October 1, 2007, Mr. Champion received a salary pursuant to an employment agreement he entered into with the Fund. The salary was fixed each year and may have been adjusted from year to year based on the performance of the registrant and various other quantitative and qualitative factors, as determined by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Trustees. In addition, Mr. Champion was awarded a prorated bonus for the year ended as of December 31, 2007, which was paid to Mr. Champion in 2008.

Principal Shareholders

To the knowledge of the management of the Fund, the following persons beneficially owned more than 5% of the Fund's outstanding Shares as of December 31, 2009.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount of Beneficial Ownership	Percentage of Fund
City of London Investment Group plc (CLIG) and City of London Investment Management Company Limited (CLIM) 10 Eastcheap London EC3M 1LX U.K.	3,015,882 Shares with sole voting power and sole dispositive power ⁽¹⁾	25.6%
Lazard Asset Management LLC (Lazard) 30 Rockefeller Plaza New York, NY 10112	1,729,669 Shares with sole voting power and sole dispositive power ⁽²⁾	14.7%
Sarasin Investment Fund Ltd. 155 Bishopsgate London EC2M 3XY	1,049,000 Shares ⁽³⁾	8.9%

(1) Based upon information provided by CLIG and CLIM in a Statement on Schedule 13D jointly filed on December 30, 2009 with respect to ownership as of December 30, 2009. Under the 1940 Act, CLIG and CLIM are presumed to control the Fund as a result of beneficially owning more than 25% of the Fund's outstanding shares.

(2) Based upon information provided by Lazard Asset Management LLC in a Statement on Schedule 13F filed on November 9, 2009 with respect to its ownership as of September 30, 2009, declaring that it held sole voting and sole dispositive power over its Shares.

(3) Based upon information disclosed on Bloomberg. This information reflects that Sarasin Emerging Sar Fund holds 347,237 Shares, and SaraPro Emerging Markets Fund holds 243,134 Shares. The Trust believes that Sarasin holds voting and shared dispositive power over all such Shares.

FOREIGN INVESTMENT REGULATIONS IN THE R.O.C.

General

Prior to 1988, non-R.O.C. citizens could not make portfolio investments in R.O.C. securities other than through an authorized securities investment trust enterprise. In July 1988, the R.O.C. FSC began to permit foreign individuals who held an R.O.C. alien resident certificate to invest in the units of domestic closed-end investment trust funds. At such time, the R.O.C. government also announced a new general policy of liberalizing restrictions on investment by foreigners in R.O.C. securities and began to develop guidelines for such liberalization. As part of this process, as noted above, the Remittance Regulations were amended in March 1989 to permit limited direct investment in listed equity securities of R.O.C. companies by foreign insurance companies with branches in Taiwan. The Remittance Regulations were further amended in December 1990, and at such time the Executive Yuan approved implementing guidelines pursuant to which, as of January 1, 1991, direct investment in R.O.C. securities was also permitted by certain qualified foreign institutional investors as designated by the Investment Commission. Under the system, there were a number of restrictive guidelines designed to protect the TSE and the local economy from foreign investment. This had the effect of limiting the ability of foreign investors to freely engage in the trading of securities in this market.

In September of 2003, in an effort to attract additional foreign investment to Taiwan's securities market, the Executive Yuan amended the Regulations Governing Investment in Securities by Overseas Chinese and Foreign Nationals (the Investment Regulations). The Investment Regulations abolished the designation of a Qualified Foreign Institutional Investor and the restrictions on foreign portfolio investors were revised.

Under the Investment Regulations, foreign investors are divided into two categories: foreign institutional investors (FINIs) and foreign individual investors (FIDIs). A FINI is an entity incorporated under the laws of a country other than the R.O.C. or a branch of a foreign entity established within the territory of the R.O.C. A FIDI is an overseas Chinese or foreign natural person. Individuals or entities classified as FINIs and FIDIs are subject to unique rules that depend on their specific classifications. While FIDIs are subject to a U.S.\$5 million investment quota, FINIs are free of an upper limit on investment.

Each FINI who wishes to invest directly in the R.O.C. securities market is required to register with the TSE and obtain an investment identification number if the FINI is a non-resident and does not have sub-investment accounts in the R.O.C. Except for some restrictions imposed by specific laws and regulations, the individual and aggregate foreign ownership of the issued share capital in a TSE-listed company or a Gre-Tai Securities Market (GTSM)-listed company is not restricted. An R.O.C. custodian for a non-resident FINI is required to submit to the Central Bank of China (CBC) and the TSE a report of trading activity, inward and outward remittance of capital and status of assets under custody and other matters every month.

Each FIDI who wishes to invest directly in the R.O.C. securities market is also required to register with the TSE and obtain an investment identification number. Any non-resident FIDI who invests in the R.O.C. securities market is subject to the limitations on investment amount as jointly determined by the R.O.C. FSC and the CBC.

The Fund's investments in Taiwan will be made in its capacity as a FINI for the purposes of the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act and the Investment Regulations.

Foreign Ownership Limitations

Prior to December 2000, foreign ownership of the issued share capital in a TSE-listed company or a GTSM-listed company was limited to 50%. Since December 2000, the 50% limit has been lifted. Foreign investors can now hold such investments without any foreign ownership percentage limitations, unless a law has imposed restrictions otherwise.

Capital remitted into Taiwan under the foreign investment guidelines may be repatriated at any time without the approval of the R.O.C. FSC. Capital gains and income on investments may also be repatriated at any time.

Investment Scope for Foreign Investors

Foreign investors may invest in the following securities:

- (i) public placements or private placements of shares, certificates of entitlement to new shares from convertible bonds and Taiwan Depository Receipts (TDRs) issued by TSE-listed, GTSM-listed or emerging-stock companies;
- (ii) beneficiary certificates of securities investment trust funds;
- (iii) government bonds, financial debentures, corporate bonds, convertible bonds and corporate bonds with warrants;
- (iv) public placements or private placements of beneficiary certificates issued by trustee companies and public placements or private placements of asset-backed securities;
- (v) warrants; and
- (vi) other securities approved by the competent authorities of securities.

Foreign investors may allocate their funds duly and timely remitted into Taiwan into government bonds, time deposits, money market instruments, money market funds, equity derivatives that are traded on an organized exchange, OTC NT dollar interest rate derivatives and OTC structure products for the purpose of hedging. However, total investment in these assets should not exceed 30% of the inward remittances of principal.

Foreign Investment Approval

FINIs are required to submit a foreign investment approval application to the Investment Commission under the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA) in order to obtain approval to invest in more than 10% of the shares of each R.O.C company in a single transaction. In addition to the general restrictions against direct investment by foreign investors in R.O.C. companies, foreign investors are currently prohibited from investing in certain prohibited industries in Taiwan under the Negative List. The industries on the Negative List include, among others, forestry and logging, chemical material and products manufacturing, machinery and equipment manufacturing and repairing, basic metal industries, land transportation, postal courier devices, financing and auxiliary financing, rental and leasing, radio and television broadcasting and recreational services. The Negative List also contains restricted industries which include, among others, agriculture and animal husbandry, fishing, manufacturing of food and beverage, tobacco, chemical materials and products, fabricated metal products, transportation equipment, electric, gas and water supply and telecommunications, etc. The prohibited industries on the Negative List are absolute in the absence of a specific exemption. For further information on prohibited and restricted industries, the Negative List can be viewed on the Investment Commission's website, <http://www.moeaic.gov.tw/>.

NET ASSET VALUE

In valuing the Fund's assets, securities for which market quotations are readily available are valued at the last sales price prior to the time of determination, or, if there was no sales price on such date, and if bid and asked quotations are available, securities are valued at the mean between the last current bid and asked prices. Shares that are traded over-the-counter, if bid and asked quotations are available, are valued at the mean between the current bid and asked prices or, if such quotations are not available, are valued as determined in good faith by the Trustees. In instances where the price determined above is deemed not to represent fair market value, the price will be determined in such manner as the Trustees may prescribe. Short-term investments having a maturity of 60 days or less are valued at cost, with accrued interest or discount earned included in interest receivable. Debt securities originally purchased with maturities in excess of 60 days, but which at the time of valuation have maturities of 60 days or less, are, if materially different from market value, valued by the use of amortized cost valuation for the 60 days prior to maturity, such amortization being based upon market or fair value of the securities on the 61st day prior to maturity. All other securities and assets are valued as determined in good faith by the Trustees although the actual calculation may be done by others. Any assets or liabilities initially expressed in terms of NT Dollars are translated into U.S. Dollars.

DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS, SHARE DISTRIBUTION PLAN AND SHARE PURCHASE PLAN

Dividends and Distributions

It is the Fund's policy to distribute, at least annually, all ordinary income and net capital gains calculated in accordance with U.S. federal income tax regulations to shareholders. All income distributions will be paid in cash or by check in U.S. Dollars mailed directly to the shareholders by the Plan Agent.

The Trustees also intend to distribute in cash (or newly issued Shares pursuant to the Fund's Share Distribution Plan), substantially all of the Fund's net realized capital gains (both short-term and long-term), as calculated for U.S. federal income tax purposes, after deducting any operating expenses not offset by dividend and interest income. Further, the Trustees intend to distribute, or to be deemed for the purposes of U.S. federal income taxation to distribute, at least annually such additional amounts, if any, as may be necessary to permit the Fund to continue to qualify for special tax treatment as a regulated investment company in the United States. In order to so qualify, the Fund must distribute annually at least 90% of its investment company taxable income, which includes not only interest and dividend income but also net short-term capital gains in excess of net long-term capital losses, each as calculated for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and certain foreign currency gains and losses. See Taxation U.S Federal Income Taxes.

Share Distribution Plan

Other than with respect to income distributions, shareholders who elect to participate in the Fund's Share Distribution Plan will receive either Shares newly issued by the Fund in lieu of a cash distribution (if the closing market price of the Shares on the distribution date is at or above the Fund's NAV per Share on such date) or Shares purchased on their behalf by the Fund (if the closing market price on the distribution date is below the Trust's NAV per Share). In the latter case, the Plan Agent, acting as agent for the participants, will buy Shares for the participants' accounts in the open market, on the NYSE or elsewhere, on or shortly after the distribution date. The Fund will pay any brokerage commissions incurred in connection with such purchases. If the market price of a Share on the distribution date is at or above the Fund's NAV per Share on such date, the number of Shares to be issued by the Fund to each participating shareholder will be determined by dividing the amount of the cash distribution to which the electing shareholder would be entitled (net of any applicable withholding taxes) by the greater of the NAV per Share on such date and 95% of the market price of a Share on such date. Whole and fractional shares will be issued and held for the account of plan participants by the Plan Agent in either of the instances described above.

Any election to participate in the Share Distribution Plan must be made on a form of election that will be available from the Plan Agent at P.O. Box 922 Wall Street Station, New York, New York 10269-0560. Any election will apply to the electing shareholder's entire holding of Shares of the Fund. The election will apply to all distributions (other than dividends derived from the Trust's ordinary income) declared by the Trustees after the date on which the election is received unless the election is revoked by written notice to the Plan Agent.

In the case of shareholders such as banks, brokers or other nominees, that hold Shares for others who are the beneficial owners, the Plan Agent will administer the Share Distribution Plan on the basis of the number of Shares certified from time to time by the shareholder as representing the total amount registered in the shareholder's name and held for the account of beneficial owners who are participating in the Share Distribution Plan. There will be no charge to participants for receiving Shares under the Share Distribution Plan. The Fund will pay the fees of the Plan Agent.

The receipt of Shares in lieu of cash distributions of capital gains will not relieve participants of any U.S. federal income tax that may be payable on such distributions, including, in the case of foreign shareholders (as defined in Taxation U.S. Federal Income Taxes Foreign Shareholders), withholding taxes. The amount of the distributions for U.S. federal income tax purposes will equal the market value of the Shares on the date of distribution.

The Trustees may on any occasion determine that the right to receive distributions in Shares will not be made available to any shareholders with registered addresses in any country or territory outside the United States

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where in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities the circulation of an offer of rights of election would or might be unlawful. The provisions of the Share Distribution Plan will be subject to any such determination by the Trustees.

Share Purchase Plan

Shareholders in the Fund have the option of making cash payments to the Plan Agent, semi-annually, in any amount from \$500 to \$5,000, for investment in the Trust's Shares. The Plan Agent will use all funds received from participants in the Share Purchase Plan to purchase Shares of the Fund in the open market on or about February 15 and August 15 of each year. Any voluntary cash payments received more than 30 business days prior to these dates or less than 10 business days prior to such dates will be returned by the Plan Agent, and interest will not be paid on any uninvested cash payments. To avoid unnecessary cash accumulations and to allow ample time for receipt and processing by the Plan Agent, participants will be required to send in voluntary cash payments to be received by the Plan Agent approximately ten days before February 15 or August 15, as the case may be. A participant may withdraw a voluntary cash payment by written notice if the notice is received by the Plan Agent not less than 48 hours before such payment is to be invested.

The Plan Agent will charge \$1.00 for each purchase for a participant under the Share Purchase Plan plus a *pro rata* share of the brokerage commissions. Brokerage charges for purchasing small amounts of Shares for individual accounts through the Share Purchase Plan are expected to be less than the usual brokerage charges for such transactions because the Plan Agent will be purchasing Shares for all participants in blocks and prorating the lower commissions thus attainable.

Plan Accounts; Amendment and Termination

The Plan Agent will maintain all shareholder accounts in the Share Distribution and Share Purchase Plans and furnish written confirmations of all transactions in the accounts, including information needed by shareholders for personal and U.S. tax records. Shares in the account of each participant will be held by the Plan Agent in non-certificated form in the name of the participant, and each shareholder's proxy will include those Shares purchased pursuant to the Share Distribution and Share Purchase Plans.

The Trustees reserve the right to amend or terminate the Share Distribution Plan or the Share Purchase Plan as applied to any distributions or voluntary cash payments made subsequent to notice of the change having been sent to all shareholders at least 90 days before the record date for such distribution or payment. The Plan Agent will also have the right, subject to the Trustees' agreement, to amend or terminate the Share Distribution and Share Purchase Plans upon at least 90 days written notice to shareholders. All correspondence concerning the Share Distribution and Share Purchase Plans should be directed to the Plan Agent at P.O. Box 922 Wall Street Station, New York, New York 10269-0560.

ADMINISTRATION AND CUSTODIANS

Administration

Brown Brothers Harriman & Co. (BBH) provides administrative and accounting services for the Fund, including maintaining certain books and records of the Fund, and preparing certain reports and other documents required by U.S. federal and/or state laws and regulations. The Fund pays BBH a monthly fee for these services at an annual rate of 0.06% of the NAV of the Fund's assets up to \$200 million, 0.05% of such NAV equal to or in excess of \$200 million up to \$400 million and 0.04% of such NAV equal to or in excess of \$400 million. The total payment to BBH for administrative and custodial services is subject to a minimum annual fee of \$200,000. Out-of-pocket expenses will be billed at the actual amount incurred at the time the good or service is purchased.

Custodian

BBH serves as custodian of the assets of the Fund. The Fund pays BBH a monthly fee for securities in the Taiwan market at an annual rate of 0.15% of the Fund's market value of Taiwan holdings up to \$200 million, 0.13% of such Taiwan holdings equal to or in excess of \$200 million up to \$400 million and 0.11% of such Taiwan holdings equal to or in excess of \$400 million. The Fund pays BBH a monthly fee for securities in the Hong Kong market at an annual rate of 0.10% of the Fund's market value of Hong Kong holdings. The total payment to BBH for administrative and custodial services is subject to a minimum annual fee of \$200,000.

Transfer Agent

American Stock Transfer & Trust Company serves as the Fund's transfer agent and registrar.

Code of Ethics

Pursuant to Rule 17j-1 of the 1940 Act, the Board of Trustees adopted a Code of Ethics for the Fund and approved a Code of Ethics adopted by NRC (collectively, the Codes). The Codes establish policies and procedures for personal investing by employees and restrict certain transactions. Employees subject to the Codes may invest in securities for their personal investment accounts, including securities that may be purchased or held by the Fund.

The Codes may be viewed and copied at the Commission's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. Information about the Commission's Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling the Commission at (202) 551-8090. The Code also may be available on the EDGAR Database on the Commission's Website, <http://www.sec.gov>, or can be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request to publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing to: Commission's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, D.C. 20549-0102. This reference to the website does not incorporate the contents of the Commission's website into this Prospectus.

Proxy Voting Procedures

The Fund's policy with regard to voting stocks held in its portfolio is to vote in accordance with the recommendations of Institutional Shareholder Services, Inc. (ISS) unless the Fund's portfolio manager recommends to the contrary, in which event the decision as to how to vote will be made by the Fund's Board of Trustees. ISS is a third-party provider of information on corporate proxy votes. ISS also makes recommendations as to whether it is in a shareholder's best interest to vote for or against particular matters that are put to a vote of shareholders, and they advise businesses on how to handle corporate governance issues. A summary of the voting policies followed by ISS is attached hereto as Appendix B. In addition, information regarding how the Fund voted proxies relating to its portfolio securities during the 12-month period ended June 30, 2007 is available on or through the Fund's website and on the Commission's website.

TAXATION

The following is a general summary under present law of the principal R.O.C tax consequences to a FINI, such as the Fund, and non-resident individual or a non-resident entity (which we refer to collectively as a non-R.O.C holder) of the ownership and disposition of the Shares. The investor should consult its own tax adviser for the tax consequence according to applicable R.O.C taxes for the Shares and the Fund.

Rights

The receipt and the exercise of the Rights should not be taxable for U.S. federal income tax purposes. In general, the tax basis of the Rights received should be determined by allocating the recipient's tax basis of the shares with respect to which the Rider was distributed between the Rights and the shares based on their respective fair market values immediately after the Rights are issued. However, if the Rights have a fair market value, at the time of the distribution, of less than 15% of the fair market value of the shares with respect to which the distribution is made, the Rights will have a basis of zero unless the recipient elects otherwise. Any such election must be made in respect of all Rights distributed to such recipient, in a timely filed U.S. federal income tax return for the year in which the recipient received Rights and once made, is irrevocable. If a holder of Common Shares receives Rights and allows such Rights to expire, any tax basis that was allocated to the Rights will be reallocated back to the shares.

Generally, a shareholder will have a tax basis in any shares acquired upon exercise of the Rights equal to the Subscription Price plus the tax basis in the Rights, if any. The holding period of the acquired shares will commence on the date the Right is exercised.

Upon the sale, exchange or other disposition of a Right, a shareholder generally will recognize capital gain or loss equal to the difference, if any, between the amount realized on the sale, exchange or other disposition and such shareholder's tax basis. Such gain or loss generally will be long-term capital gain or loss if the shareholder's holding period in the Rights exceeds one year. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

R.O.C. Taxation of the Fund

Income Tax

Pursuant to legislation enacted in 1989, transactions in securities are not currently subject to any capital gains tax.

Drawing on powers provided by the Statute for Encouragement of Investment, which expired at the end of 1990, in 1983 the Ministry of Finance of the R.O.C. determined that the underlying assets of the Fund (now the assets of the Fund) would in all events be exempt from a then-applicable gains tax until December 31, 1990 but there can be no assurance that a similar exemption would be available to the Fund with respect to such assets if a capital gains tax were reimposed.

Under the Statute for Upgrading Industries, certain dividend income received by a non-resident profit-seeking enterprise, having been approved to make investment in the R.O.C. under applicable laws, such as the Fund, and distributed by a company located in the R.O.C. is subject to a 20% withholding tax and such enterprise is exempt from filing income tax return. Stock dividends representing a distribution of capital surplus or an assets revaluation surplus are not subject to this tax. However, stock dividends representing a distribution of earnings are subject to this tax, which is payable on receipt or, in certain cases, on disposal of the stock received as dividends. In the case of stock dividends which are so taxable, the Fund is obliged to pay an amount equal to 20% of the par value of the securities received. The Statute for Upgrading Industries was amended on January 27, 1995 to provide that companies in certain important technology industries may, at their discretion, apply for a five-year corporate tax holiday or an investment tax credit for their shareholders and the above tax benefit will expire on December 31, 2009. There can be no assurance that a similar tax benefit would be available to the Fund after 2009.

In addition to the dividend or distribution aforementioned, the following interest or income received by the Fund is also subject to 20 % withholding tax pursuant to the Standards of Withholding Rates for Various Incomes and the provisions provided in the Income Tax Law for filing income tax return shall not apply:

- (1) Interests resulted from the Fund's New Taiwan Dollars account opened in Taiwan;
- (2) Reasonable returns or other interest, if any, resulted from lending securities in R.O.C, and
- (3) Any other R.O.C. source income.

Securities Transaction Tax

In general, on any sale of bonds, stocks, debentures and certain other securities, a securities transaction tax is payable by the seller at the rate of 0.3% of the transaction price for stocks and 0.1% of the transaction price for corporate bonds, debentures and other securities offered to the public with government approval.

Taxation of the Shares of the Fund

Income Tax

Dividends on Shares distributed to, and gains realized on sales of Shares effected by, non-resident foreigners wholly outside the R.O.C. are not subject to R.O.C. income tax.

Securities Transaction Tax

Sales of the Shares effected outside the R.O.C. are not subject to the R.O.C. securities transaction tax.

U.S. Federal Income Taxes

The Fund intends to qualify as a regulated investment company under the Code. To so qualify, the Fund must, among other things: (a) derive at least 90% of its gross income from dividends, interest, payments with respect to securities loans, gains from the sale or other disposition of stock or securities and gains from the sale or other disposition of foreign currencies, or other income (including gains from options, futures contracts and forward contracts) derived with respect to the Fund's business of investing in stocks, securities or currencies; and (b) diversify its holdings so that, at the end of each quarter, (i) at least 50% of the value of the Fund's total assets is represented by cash and cash items, U.S. Government securities, securities of other regulated investment companies, and other securities, with such other securities limited in respect of any one issuer to an amount not greater in value than 5% of the Fund's total assets and to not more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of such issuer, and (ii) not more than 25% of the value of the Fund's total assets is invested in the securities (other than U.S. Government securities or securities of other regulated investment companies) of any one issuer or of any two or more issuers that the Fund controls and that are determined to be engaged in the same business or similar or related businesses, or the securities of one or more qualified publicly traded partnerships. The Fund expects that all of its foreign currency gains will be directly related to its principal business of investing in stock and securities.

As a regulated investment company, the Fund will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on its investment company taxable income that it distributes to its shareholders, *provided* that at least 90% of its investment company taxable income for the taxable year is distributed to its shareholders; however the Fund will be subject to tax on its income and gains, to the extent that it does not distribute to its shareholders an amount equal to such income and gains. In general, the Fund intends to borrow money or liquidate assets to make such distributions. Investment company taxable income includes dividends, interest and net short-term capital gains in excess of net long-term capital losses, but does not include net long-term capital gains in excess of net short-term capital losses. The Fund intends to distribute annually to its shareholders substantially all of its investment company taxable income. Dividend distributions of investment company taxable income are taxable to a U.S. shareholder as ordinary income to the extent of the Fund's current and accumulated earnings and profits, whether paid in cash or in shares. Since the Fund will not invest in the stock of domestic corporations, the corporate shareholders of the Fund will not be entitled to the 70% deduction for dividends received by corporations. If the Fund fails to satisfy the 90% distribution requirement or fails to qualify as a regulated investment company in any taxable year, it will be subject to tax in such year on all of its taxable income, whether or not the Fund makes any distributions to its shareholders.

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As a regulated investment company, the Fund also will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on its net long-term capital gains in excess of net short-term capital losses and capital loss carryovers from the prior eight years, if any, that it distributes to its shareholders. If the Fund retains for reinvestment or otherwise an amount of such net long-term capital gains, it will be subject to a tax of 35% of the amount retained. The Board of Trustees of the Fund will determine at least once a year whether to distribute any net long-term capital gains in excess of net short-term capital losses and capital loss carryovers from prior years. The Fund expects to designate amounts retained as undistributed capital gains in a notice to its shareholders who, if subject to U.S. federal income taxation on long-term capital gains, (a) will be required to include in income for U.S. federal income tax purposes, as long-term capital gains, their proportionate shares of the undistributed amount, and (b) will be entitled to credit against their U.S. federal income tax liabilities their proportionate shares of the tax paid by the Fund on the undistributed amount and to claim refunds to the extent that their credits exceed their liabilities. For U.S. federal income tax purposes, the basis of shares owned by a shareholder of the Fund will be increased by an amount equal to 65% of the amount of undistributed capital gains included in the shareholder's income. Distributions of net long-term capital gains, if any, by the Fund are taxable to its shareholders as long-term capital gains whether paid in cash or in shares and regardless of how long the shareholder has held the Fund's shares. Such distributions of net long-term capital gains are not eligible for the dividends received deduction. Under current U.S. law, the maximum tax rate on long-term capital gains available to non-corporate shareholders generally is 15%. Without future congressional action, the maximum tax rate on long-term capital gains will return to 20% in 2011. Long-term capital gains are taxable to corporations at 35%. Shareholders will be notified annually as to the U.S. federal income tax status of their dividends and distributions.

Shareholders receiving dividends or distributions in the form of additional shares pursuant to the Share Distribution Plan should be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as receiving a distribution in an amount equal to the amount of money that the shareholders receiving cash dividends or distributions will receive, and should have a cost basis in the shares equal to such amount.

If the NAV of shares is reduced below a shareholder's cost as a result of a distribution by the Fund, the distribution will be taxable even though it, in effect, represents a return of invested capital. Investors considering buying shares just prior to a dividend or capital gain distribution payment date should be aware that, although the price of shares purchased at that time may reflect the amount of the forthcoming distribution, those who purchase just prior to the record date for a distribution will receive a distribution which will be taxable to them. The amount of capital gains realized and distributed (which from an investment standpoint may represent a partial return of capital rather than income) in any given year will be the result of action taken for the best investment of the principal of the Fund, and may therefore vary from year to year.

If the Fund is the holder of record of any stock on the record date for any dividends payable with respect to such stock, such dividends are included in the Fund's gross income not as of the date received but as of the later of (a) the date such stock became ex-dividend with respect to such dividends (*i.e.*, the date on which a buyer of the stock would not be entitled to receive the declared, but unpaid, dividends) or (b) the date the Fund acquired such stock. Accordingly, in order to satisfy its income distribution requirements, the Fund may be required to pay dividends based on anticipated earnings, and shareholders may receive dividends in an earlier year than would otherwise be the case.

Under the Code, the Fund may be subject to a 4% excise tax on a portion of its undistributed income. To avoid the tax, the Fund must distribute annually at least 98% of its ordinary income (not taking into account any capital gains or losses) for the calendar year and at least 98% of its capital gain net income for the 12-month period ending, as a general rule, on October 31 of the calendar year. For this purpose, any income or gain retained by the Fund that is subject to corporate income tax will be treated as having been distributed at year-end. In addition, the minimum amounts that must be distributed in any year to avoid the excise tax will be increased or decreased to reflect any under distribution or over distribution, as the case may be, in the previous year. For a distribution to qualify under the foregoing test, the distribution generally must be declared and paid during the year. Any dividend declared by the Fund in October, November or December of any year and payable to shareholders of record on a specified date in such a month shall be deemed to have been received by each shareholder on December 31 of such year and to have been paid by the Fund not later than December 31 of such year, *provided* that such dividend is actually paid by the Fund during January of the following year.

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The Fund will maintain accounts and calculate income by reference to the U.S. Dollar. Furthermore, R.O.C. exchange control regulations may restrict the ability of the Fund to repatriate investment income or the proceeds of sales of securities. These restrictions and limitations may limit the Fund's ability to make sufficient distributions to satisfy the 90% distribution requirement and avoid the 4% excise tax.

The Fund's transactions in foreign currencies, forward contracts, options and futures contracts (including options and futures contracts on foreign currencies) and other certain transactions will be subject to special provisions of the Code that, among other things, may affect the character of gains and losses realized by the Fund (*i.e.*, may affect whether gains or losses are ordinary or capital), accelerate recognition of income to the Fund and defer Fund losses. These rules could therefore affect the character, amount and timing of distributions to shareholders. These provisions also (a) will require the Fund to mark-to-market certain types of the positions in its portfolio (*i.e.*, treat them as if they were closed out) and (b) may cause the Fund to recognize income without receiving cash with which to make distributions in amounts necessary to satisfy the 90% and 98% distribution requirements for avoiding income and excise taxes. The Fund will monitor its transactions, will make the appropriate tax elections, and will make the appropriate entries in its books and records when it acquires any foreign currency, option, futures contract, forward contract, or hedged investment in order to mitigate the effect of these rules and prevent disqualification of the Fund as a regulated investment company.

For backup withholding purposes, the Fund may be required to withhold 28% of reportable payments (which may include dividends, capital gain distributions, and redemptions) to certain shareholders. A shareholder, however, may avoid becoming subject to this requirement by filing an appropriate form certifying under penalty of perjury that such shareholder's taxpayer identification number is correct and that it is not subject to backup withholding, or is exempt from backup withholding.

Upon the sale or exchange of its shares, a shareholder will realize a taxable gain or loss depending upon the amount realized and its basis in the shares. Such gain or loss will be treated as capital gain or loss if the shares are capital assets in the shareholder's hands, and will be long-term if the shareholder's holding period for the shares is more than 12 months and otherwise will be short-term. Any loss realized on a sale or exchange will be disallowed to the extent that the shares disposed of are replaced (including replacement through the reinvesting of dividends and capital gains distributions in the Fund) within a period of 61 days beginning 30 days before and ending 30 days after the disposition of the shares. In such a case, the basis of the shares acquired will be adjusted to reflect the disallowed loss. Any loss realized by a shareholder on the sale of Fund shares held by the shareholder for six months or less will be treated for federal income tax purposes as a long-term capital loss to the extent of any distributions of long-term capital gains received by the shareholder with respect to such shares.

An amount received by a shareholder from the Fund in exchange for shares of the Fund (pursuant to a repurchase of shares or a tender offer or otherwise) generally will be treated as a payment in exchange for the shares tendered, which may result in taxable gain or loss as described above. However, if the amount received by a shareholder exceeds the fair market value of the shares tendered, or if a shareholder does not tender all of the shares of the Fund owned or deemed to be owned by the shareholder, all or a portion of the amount received may be treated as a dividend taxable as ordinary income or as a return of capital. In addition, if a tender offer is made, any shareholders who do not tender their shares could be deemed, under certain circumstances, to have received a taxable distribution of shares of the Fund as a result of their increased proportionate interest in the Fund.

Foreign Taxes

As set forth above under R.O.C. Taxation, it is expected that distributions made to the Fund by R.O.C. issuers will be subject to a 20% R.O.C. withholding tax. So long as certain distribution requirements are satisfied and more than 50% of the value of the Fund's assets at the close of any taxable year consists of stocks or securities of foreign corporations, which is expected to be the case, the Fund may elect, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, to treat the 20% R.O.C. withholding tax as paid by its shareholders. The Fund expects to make this election. As a consequence, each shareholder will be required to include in its income an amount equal to its allocable share of the 20% R.O.C. withholding tax paid by the Fund to the R.O.C. government and the shareholders will be entitled, subject to certain limitations, to credit their portions of these amounts against their U.S. federal income tax due, if any, or to deduct their portions from their U.S. taxable income, if any. The amount of foreign taxes that may be credited against a shareholder's U.S. federal income tax liability will generally be limited, however, to the amount of

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U.S. federal income tax imposed on the income subject to the foreign taxes. In addition, this limitation must be applied separately to certain categories of foreign source income one of which is foreign source passive income. For this purpose, foreign source passive income includes dividends, interest, capital gains and certain foreign currency gains. As a consequence, certain shareholders may not be able to claim a foreign tax credit for the full amount of their proportionate share of foreign taxes paid by the Fund. Each shareholder will be notified within 60 days after the close of the Fund's taxable year whether, pursuant to the election described above, the foreign taxes paid by the Fund will be treated as paid by its shareholders for that year and, if so, such notification will designate (i) such shareholder's portion of the foreign taxes paid to such country and (ii) the portion of the Fund's dividends and distributions that represents income derived from sources within such country.

Foreign Shareholders

Taxation of a shareholder who, as to the United States, is a nonresident alien individual, foreign trust or estate, foreign corporation or foreign partnership (a foreign shareholder) depends on whether the foreign shareholder's income from the Fund is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business carried on by the foreign shareholder.

If the income from the Fund is not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business carried on by the foreign shareholder, dividends of investment company taxable income will be subject to U.S. withholding tax of 30%, unless reduced pursuant to an applicable income tax treaty. The Fund is not required to withhold any amounts with respect to distributions to foreign shareholders with respect to taxable years of the Fund beginning before January 1, 2010 that are properly designated by the Fund as interest-related dividends or short-term capital gain dividends, provided that the income would not be subject to federal income tax if earned directly by the foreign shareholder. Distributions of net long-term capital gains and gains realized upon the sale of shares of the Fund by a foreign shareholder who is a nonresident alien individual ordinarily will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at a rate of 30% if such individual is physically present in the United States for more than 182 days during the taxable year and, in the case of gain realized upon the sale of Fund shares, if such gain is attributable to an office or fixed place of business in the United States maintained by such nonresident alien individual or such nonresident alien individual has a tax home in the United States and such gain is not attributable to an office or fixed place of business outside the United States. Furthermore, foreign shareholders, in effect, may, be subject to the 30% U.S. withholding tax (or lower treaty rate) on their income resulting from the Fund's election (described above) to pass through amounts of foreign taxes paid by the Fund, but may not be able to claim a credit or deduction with respect to the additional U.S. withholding tax attributable to such election.

If dividends or distributions from the Fund are effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business carried on by a foreign shareholder, dividends of investment company taxable income, distribution of net long-term capital gains and any gains realized upon the sale of shares of the Fund will be subject to U.S. federal income tax in the same manner and at the graduated income tax rates applicable to U.S. citizens or domestic corporations. If the income from the Fund is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business carried on by a foreign shareholder that is a corporation, then such shareholder may also be subject to the 30% branch profits tax. Whether a foreign shareholder is engaged in trade or business in the United States is a factual question. With respect to securities trading activities, a foreign shareholder who is not a dealer in securities is not considered to be engaged in trade or business in the United States by virtue of his securities trading activities if certain conditions are met. Foreign shareholders should consult their tax advisers to determine whether they are engaged in trade or business in the United States and, if they are, whether the income or gain derived from the Shares is effectively connected therewith.

The tax consequences to a foreign shareholder entitled to claim the benefits of an applicable tax treaty may be different from those described above. Foreign shareholders are advised to consult their own tax advisers with respect to the particular tax consequences to them of an investment in the Fund.

The U.S. Federal Income Tax discussion set forth above is a summary included for general information purposes only. In view of the individual nature of tax consequences, each shareholder is advised to consult his own tax adviser with respect to the specific tax consequences to him of participation in the fund, including the effect and applicability of state, local, foreign and other tax laws and the possible effects of changes in federal or other tax laws.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SHARES

General Description

The Fund was created in 1988 by the Declaration of Trust. The assets of a Massachusetts business trust are held and managed by trustees for the benefit of holders of shares of beneficial interest in the trust's assets. As a Massachusetts business trust, the Fund's operations are governed by its Declaration of Trust and By-Laws, as each may be amended from time to time, and by Massachusetts law.

Under the terms of the Declaration of Trust, the Trustees have full power and authority to issue an unlimited number of Shares or additional classes of other securities. The outstanding Shares are, and, when issued, the Shares to be sold pursuant to any offering will be, fully paid, non-assessable and subject to possible shareholder liabilities discussed under Shareholder Liability below. The Shares have no preference, preemptive, appraisal, conversion or exchange rights. Offerings of additional Shares or other securities, if made, will not require the approval of the existing shareholders. Any such additional offerings would also be subject to the requirements of the 1940 Act, including the requirement that new Shares may not be sold at a price below the then current NAV of the Shares (exclusive of any underwriting commission or discount) except in connection with an offering to existing shareholders or with the consent of the holders of a majority of the Shares.

In the event of liquidation of the Fund, each Share will be entitled to its proportion of the Fund's assets after the payment of debts and expenses.

Shareholder Dividend Rights

The shareholders have the right to receive dividends as and when declared. See also Share Distribution Plan and Share Purchase Plan.

Shareholder Voting Rights

The shareholders of the Fund have power to vote only pursuant to and to the extent provided for in the Declaration of Trust (1) for the election or removal of Trustees, (2) with respect to any investment advisory or management contract when and to the extent required by the 1940 Act, including any changes to the investment objective, investment restrictions and other fundamental investment policies of the Fund, (3) with respect to termination of the Fund, (4) with respect to amendments to the Declaration of Trust, (5) with respect to any merger, consolidation, conversion or sale of all or substantially all of the Fund's assets, (6) to the same extent as the shareholders of a Massachusetts business corporation as to whether a court action, proceeding or claim should be brought or maintained derivatively or as a class action on behalf of the Fund or its shareholders and (7) with respect to such additional matters, if any, relating to the Fund as may be required by applicable provisions of the Declaration of Trust or By-Laws of the Fund or applicable law or as the Trustees may consider necessary or desirable.

Pursuant to NYSE requirements, the Fund holds, and the shareholders are able to attend in person or by proxy, annual shareholders meetings.

The Trustees are divided into three classes, each having a term of three years. The term of one class expires each year. See Trustees and Officers.

Each Share of the Fund is entitled to one vote on any matter on which the shareholders are entitled to vote. There is no cumulative voting in the election of Trustees. Copies of the Declaration of Trust and By-Laws of the Fund are filed or incorporated by reference as exhibits to the registration statement of which this Prospectus forms a part.

Shareholder Liability

Under Massachusetts law, shareholders in certain circumstances, could be held personally liable for the obligations of the Fund. However, the Declaration contains an express disclaimer of shareholder liability for debts

or obligations of the Fund and requires that notice of such limited liability be given in each agreement, obligation or instrument entered into or executed by the Fund or the trustees. The Declaration further provides for indemnification out of the assets and property of the Fund for all loss and expense of any shareholder held personally liable for the obligations of the Fund solely by reason of his or her being a shareholder. In addition, the Fund will assume the defense of any claim against a shareholder for personal liability at the request of the shareholder. Thus, the risk of a shareholder incurring financial loss on account of shareholder liability is limited to circumstances in which the Fund would be unable to meet its obligations. The Fund believes that the likelihood of such circumstances is remote.

Anti-Takeover Provisions

The Declaration of Trust includes provisions that are intended to limit the ability of others to acquire control of the Fund, to modify the structure of the Fund or to cause it to engage in certain transactions. These provisions, described below, also could have the effect of depriving shareholders of an opportunity to sell their Shares at a premium over prevailing market prices by discouraging third parties from seeking to obtain control of the Fund in a tender offer or similar transaction. In the opinion of the Trustees, however, these provisions offer several possible advantages. They potentially require persons seeking control of the Fund to negotiate with its management regarding the price to be paid for the Shares required to obtain such control; they promote continuity and stability; and they enhance the Trust's ability to pursue long-term strategies that are consistent with its investment objective.

The Trustees are divided into three classes, each having a term of three years. The term of one class expires each year. See Trustees and Officers. This provision could delay the replacement of a majority of the Trustees. The affirmative vote of the holders of 66 2/3% or more of the outstanding Shares is required to authorize the removal of Trustees from office for cause at any meeting of shareholders.

The conversion of the Fund from a closed-end to an open-end fund also requires the affirmative vote of 66 2/3% of the outstanding Shares if the Trustees determine to submit such a matter to a shareholder vote (except where, as described in Possible Change to Open-End Investment Company below, the Trustees are required to submit the conversion proposal to the shareholders). In addition, the affirmative vote of the holders of 66 2/3% or more of the outstanding Shares is required to authorize transactions with any Principal Shareholder of the Fund, as defined below, unless such transaction is approved before such a person or entity becomes a Principal Shareholder or at the time of the transaction by two-thirds of the Continuing Trustees (as defined below) then in office, in which case only the shareholder vote (if any) otherwise required by the Declaration of Trust, the By-Laws or Massachusetts law would be required.

Principal Shareholder is defined as any person or entity that owns directly or indirectly more than 5% of the outstanding shares of the Fund. A Continuing Trustee, as defined in greater detail in the Declaration of Trust, in summary, is a Trustee who is not an affiliate or associate of a Principal Shareholder (as those terms are defined in the rules promulgated under the Exchange Act) and (1) who was a Trustee on May 19, 1989, (2) who was a Trustee immediately prior to the Principal Shareholder's becoming a Principal Shareholder or (3) who was elected or proposed for election for his initial term of office by two-thirds of the Continuing Trustees.

The following transactions with a Principal Shareholder require Shareholder approval: (A) the merger or consolidation of the Fund with or into a Principal Shareholder; (B) the issuance of any securities of the Fund for cash to a Principal Shareholder; (C) the sale, lease or exchange of all or any substantial part of the assets of the Fund, except assets having an aggregate fair market value of less than \$ 1,000,000, aggregating, for the purposes of such computation, all assets sold, leased or exchanged in any series of similar transactions within a twelve-month period, to a Principal Shareholder, or (D) the sale, lease or exchange to the Fund, in exchange for securities of the Fund, of any assets of a Principal Shareholder except assets having an aggregate fair market value of less than \$1,000,000, aggregating for the purposes of such computation all assets sold, leased or exchanged in any series of similar transactions within a twelve-month period. In addition, any merger or consolidation of the Fund or sale, lease or exchange of all or substantially all of its assets requires the vote or consent of the Trustees and the consent of the holders of not less than a majority of the Shares outstanding and entitled to vote.

The affirmative vote or consent of holders of 66 2/3% or more of the outstanding Shares of the Fund is also required to amend the Declaration of Trust with regard to each of the foregoing provisions if the Trustees determine

to submit such a matter to a shareholder vote. The 66 2/3% minimum voting provisions with respect to the transactions described above are more stringent than are required by the 1940 Act or Massachusetts law.

The anti-takeover provisions in the Declaration of Trust were not included in response to any efforts of which the Trustees were aware to obtain control of the Fund. The Trustees do not currently contemplate recommending the adoption of any further anti-takeover provisions or any other action designed to affect the ability of third parties to obtain control of the Fund. The Trustees have considered all of these provisions of the Declaration of Trust and have determined that such provisions are in the best interests of the shareholders.

Possible Change to Open-End Investment Company

If the Shares trade on the NYSE at an average discount to NAV of more than 10%, determined on the basis of the discount as of the end of the last trading day in each week, in any twelve-week period commencing after June 1, 1992, the Trustees are required to submit to the shareholders at the next succeeding annual meeting of shareholders a binding resolution, to the extent consistent with the 1940 Act, to convert the Fund into an open-end investment company, and the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the Fund's outstanding Shares will be required to adopt such resolution. This requirement became effective June 1, 1992 and has been triggered eleven times, first in 1995, in each of the years from 1997-2005, and again in 2007 and 2008. In addition, the Trustees may submit such a resolution to the shareholders at any time, but in such circumstances the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the Fund's outstanding Shares would be required for approval. The two-thirds affirmative vote requirement with respect to such a transaction is greater than that required by the 1940 Act. See Anti-Takeover Provisions above.

If the Fund were converted into an open-end investment company each Share could be presented to the Fund at a shareholder's option for redemption at its NAV per Share. In such event, the Fund could be required to liquidate portfolio securities to meet requests for redemption. The Shares could no longer be listed on the NYSE after the Trust's conversion into an open-end investment company.

Share Repurchases

In addition to the semi-annual repurchase offers made by the Fund as described herein under Semi-Annual Share Repurchases, the Fund has the power to repurchase Shares by tender offers or by open market purchases on a voluntary basis. The Board of Trustees has authorized the Fund to repurchase Fund Shares in one or more block transactions *provided* that no block exceeds 500,000 Shares on any day, no more than 1,000,000 Shares in total are repurchased in block transactions, and that such share repurchases are made on the NYSE and in compliance with the safe harbor provided by Rule 10b-18 under the Exchange Act. Such purchases have been and will be made only when Shares are trading on the NYSE at a price below their NAV. It is not clear what effect, if any, this repurchase program has had upon the market price of the Shares, and the Fund cannot predict the effect, if any, on the market price of the Shares of any repurchase of Shares made in the future while the Fund is a closed-end investment company, whether pursuant to the currently authorized repurchase program or otherwise. To the extent that any such repurchase results in an average discount from NAV of less than 10% during any 12-week period, the Trustees will not be required to submit to the shareholders a resolution to convert the Fund into an open-end investment company as described above. All purchases pursuant to the currently authorized repurchase program have been, and any repurchases in the future will be, made in accordance with applicable law. The Fund currently has one share repurchase program which commenced in November 2004 and permits the repurchase by the Fund of up to 10% of the outstanding Shares. The Fund has not repurchased any Shares under this program since November 2005.

SEMI-ANNUAL SHARE REPURCHASES

General

The Fund has adopted an interval fund structure pursuant to which it conducts semi-annual repurchase offers of its Shares. The percentage of outstanding Shares that the Fund can offer to repurchase in each repurchase offer will be established by the Fund's Board of Trustees shortly before the commencement of each offer, and will be between 5% and 25% of the Fund's outstanding Shares. If the repurchase offer is oversubscribed, the Fund may, but is not required to, repurchase up to an additional 2% of Shares outstanding. The Fund intends to fund repurchase offers by using cash on hand, and, to the extent necessary, liquidating portfolio securities, or by borrowing to finance the repurchases. The Fund intends to make repurchase offers in the second and fourth quarter of each year.

Repurchases of Shares by the Fund would decrease its total assets and accordingly may increase its expenses as a percentage of average net assets. Further, interest on any borrowings to finance any such share repurchase transactions would reduce the Fund's returns. See "Taxation - U.S. Federal Income Taxes" for certain tax consequences of a repurchase of Shares by the Fund.

Fundamental Policy Regarding Annual Repurchase Offers

The Fund Trustees will make offers to repurchase its shares at semi-annual intervals pursuant to Rule 23c-3 under the 1940 Act, and the Fund's Board of Trustees may place such conditions and limitations on the repurchase offers as may be permitted under that rule. The deadline by which the Fund must receive repurchase requests submitted by shareholders in response to each repurchase offer ("repurchase request deadline") will be approximately six months after the prior repurchase request deadline pursuant to a policy approved by the Board. The date on which the repurchase price for Shares is to be determined (the "repurchase pricing date") shall occur no later than fourteen days after the repurchase request deadline (or the next business day, if the fourteenth day is not a business day). Repurchase offers may be suspended or postponed only under certain circumstances as provided for in Rule 23c-3 under the 1940 Act.

Semi-Annual Repurchase Offer Procedures

The Board of Trustees will, in the exercise of its duties and subject to applicable law, determine the number of Shares subject to a repurchase offer based upon such considerations as market demand and the Fund's NAV per share. If a repurchase offer is over-subscribed, the Fund may, but is not obligated to, either: (1) repurchase all additional shares tendered if the additional shares do not exceed 2% of the Fund's outstanding shares, or (2) purchase all shares tendered up to 2% of the Fund's outstanding shares on a *pro rata* basis. All shares tendered may be withdrawn at any time prior to the repurchase request deadline in accordance with certain procedures.

Repurchase prices will be set at a price equal to the NAV per share of the Fund as of a specified date that occurs after the repurchase request deadline. This price may be greater or less than the current market price of the Fund's shares. The Fund may charge a repurchase fee of up to 2% of the value of the shares that are repurchased. Payment for tendered shares will be distributed within one week after the repurchase pricing date. All repurchase offer materials will be mailed to shareholders of record before commencement of the repurchase offer. Shareholders whose shares will be held in the name of a broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company or other nominee should contact such firm if they desire to tender their shares in a repurchase offer.

While the Fund intends to conduct repurchase offers for its common stock, there is no assurance that conducting repurchase offers will cause the shares to trade at or above NAV because the market price of the Fund's shares will be based on, among other things, the Fund's investment performance and investor perception of the Fund's overall attractiveness as an investment, as compared with alternative investments.

During repurchase offers, NAV per share is normally calculated as of the close of each business day on which either the TSE or NYSE is open for trading (generally, the NYSE closes at 4:00 p.m. Eastern time), on each business day during which the NYSE is open for trading. See "Net Asset Value." Shareholders who wish to obtain the NAV per share during this period should contact the Fund or their financial adviser.

PORTFOLIO TRANSACTIONS AND BROKERAGE

In portfolio transactions involving equity securities the Fund places orders directly with brokers, except that the purchase of shares in rights offerings is made directly from the issuer. In portfolio transactions involving debt securities, the Fund may place orders directly with brokers, bills finance companies or other institutions or may make purchases directly from the issuer.

Since the inception of the Fund, it has been the policy of the Fund not to conduct more than 40% of the Fund's total annual brokerage business with any one broker. Subject to the foregoing policy, the factors considered by the Fund in placing orders with brokers include efficiency in completing securities transactions, financial condition, market reputation and research and information gathering ability.

R.O.C. regulations require, with limited exceptions, that all transactions in securities listed on TSE or traded on OTC market be effected through securities brokers on the TSE.

The aggregate brokerage commissions paid by the Fund for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009 were as follows:

Brokerage Commissions Paid For the Fiscal Year Ended		
December 31, 2007	December 31, 2008	December 31, 2009
\$ 84,898	\$ 54,632	\$ 26,494
- 42 -		

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

The Fund may sell Shares in any of three ways (or in any combination): (a) through underwriters or dealers; (b) directly to a limited number of purchasers or to a single purchaser or to existing shareholders in a rights offering below net asset value; or (c) through agents. In the case of a rights offering, the applicable prospectus supplement will set forth the number of shares of our common stock issuable upon the exercise of each right and the other terms of such rights offering. Any underwriter or agent involved in the offer and sale of the Shares will also be named in the applicable prospectus supplement. The Shares may be sold at-the-market to or through a market maker or into an existing trading market for the securities, on an exchange or otherwise. The prospectus supplement will set forth the terms of the offering of such securities, including:

the name or names of any underwriters, dealers or agents and the amounts of Shares underwritten or purchased by each of them;

the offering price of the Shares and the proceeds to us and any discounts, commissions or concessions allowed or re-allowed or paid to dealers; and

any securities exchanges on which the Shares may be listed.

If so indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will authorize underwriters or other persons acting as our agents to solicit offers by certain institutions to purchase the Shares from us pursuant to contracts providing for payment and delivery on a future date. Institutions with which such contracts may be made include commercial and savings banks, insurance companies, pension funds, investment companies, educational and charitable institutions and others, but in all cases such institutions must be approved by us. The obligations of any purchaser under any such contract will be subject to the condition that the purchase of the securities not, at the time of delivery, be prohibited under the laws of the jurisdiction to which such purchaser is subject. The underwriters and such other agents will not have any responsibility in respect of the validity or performance of such contracts. Such contracts will be subject only to those conditions set forth in the prospectus supplement, and the prospectus supplement will set forth the commission payable for solicitation of such contracts.

Any offering price and any discounts or concessions allowed or re-allowed or paid to dealers may be changed from time to time.

If underwriters are used in the sale of any Shares, the Shares will be acquired by the underwriters for their own account and may be resold from time to time in one or more transactions, including negotiated transactions, at a fixed public offering price or at varying prices determined at the time of sale. The Shares may be either offered to the public through underwriting syndicates represented by managing underwriters, or directly by underwriters. Generally, the underwriters' obligations to purchase the Shares will be subject to certain conditions precedent.

The maximum commission or discount to be received by any member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) or independent broker-dealer will not exceed 5%. In connection with any rights offering to our shareholders, we may also enter into a standby underwriting arrangement with one or more underwriters pursuant to which the underwriter(s) will purchase our common stock remaining unsubscribed for after the rights offering.

The Fund may sell the Shares through agents from time to time. The prospectus supplement will name any agent involved in the offer or sale of the Shares and any commissions the Fund will pay to them. Generally, any agent will be acting on a best efforts basis for the period of its appointment.

The Fund may authorize underwriters, dealers or agents to solicit offers by certain purchasers to purchase the Shares from the Fund at the public offering price set forth in the prospectus supplement pursuant to delayed delivery contracts providing for payment and delivery on a specified date in the future. The contracts will be subject only to those conditions set forth in the prospectus supplement, and the prospectus supplement will set forth any commissions the Fund will pay for soliciting these contracts.

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Agents, dealers and underwriters may be entitled to indemnification by us, to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, against certain civil liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act or to contribution with respect to payments which the agents or underwriters may be required to make in respect thereof. Agents, dealers and underwriters may be customers of, engage in transactions with, or perform services for us in the ordinary course of business.

Any of the Fund's Shares sold pursuant to a prospectus supplement will be listed on the NYSE, or another exchange on which the Fund's Shares are traded.

In order to comply with the securities laws of certain states, if applicable, the Shares offered hereby will be sold in such jurisdictions only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers. In addition, in certain states, the Shares may not be sold unless they have been registered or qualified for sale in the applicable state or an exemption from the registration or qualification requirements is available and is complied with.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters regarding the securities offered by this Prospectus will be passed upon for us by Clifford Chance US LLP, 31 West 52nd Street, New York, NY, 10019 and Bingham McCutchen LLP, 150 Federal Street, Boston, MA 02110, as special Massachusetts counsel.

EXPERTS

The financial statements of the Fund as of December 31, 2008 and for the fiscal year then ended have been incorporated by reference herein in reliance upon the report of KPMG LLP, the independent registered public accounting firm, incorporated by reference herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Fund's annual report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, which includes the Fund's financial statements for that fiscal year, and the Fund's semi-annual report for the period ended June 30, 2009, are incorporated herein by reference with respect to all information other than the information set forth in the President's letter included therein. The Fund will furnish, without charge, a copy of its annual and semi-annual reports, upon request by writing to The Taiwan Greater China Fund, c/o Brown Brothers Harriman & Co., P.O. Box 962047, Boston, MA 02196-2047, ATTN: Investor Services Counsel, Fund Administration, or by calling (800) 343-9567.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The Fund has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F. Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549, a Registration Statement on Form N-2, with respect to the Shares offered hereby. Further information concerning the Shares and the Fund may be found in the Registration Statement, of which this Prospectus constitutes a part. A copy of the Registration Statement may be inspected without charge at the Commission's office in Washington, D.C. and copies of all or any part thereof may be obtained from such office after payment of the fees prescribed by the Commission.

The Fund is subject to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the 1940 Act and, in accordance therewith, is required to file reports and other information with the Commission. Any such reports and other information, including the Fund's Code of Ethics, can be inspected and copied at the public reference facilities of the Commission at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549 and at the following regional offices of the Commission: Los Angeles Regional Office, at 5670 Wilshire Boulevard, 11th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90036; and Chicago Regional Office, at 175 W. Jackson Boulevard, Suite 900, Chicago, Illinois 60604. The Commission maintains a website at <http://www.sec.gov> containing reports and information statements and other information regarding registrants, including the Fund, that file electronically with the Commission. Reports, proxy statements and other information concerning the Fund can also be inspected at the offices of the NYSE Euronext, 11 Wall Street, New York, New York 10005. The books and records of the Fund will be maintained at the Fund's principal address in the United States and will be subject to inspection by the Commission.

This Prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the Registration Statement, including any amendments, exhibits and schedules thereto. Additional information regarding the Fund is contained in the Registration Statement on Form N-2, including amendments, exhibits and schedules thereto, filed by the Fund with the Commission in Washington, D.C. Statements contained in this Prospectus as to the contents of any contract or other document referred to are not necessarily complete and in each instance reference is made to the copy of such contract or other document filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement, each such statement being qualified in all respects by such reference.

APPENDIX A

THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA

The information set forth in this Appendix A has been extracted from various government, multinational monetary and stock exchanges publications. The Fund and its Board of Trustees make no representation as to the accuracy of the information nor has the Fund or its Board of Trustees attempted to verify the statistical information presented in this Appendix A. Furthermore, no representation is made that any correlation exists between the Republic of China or its economy in general and the performance of the Fund.

General Information

The principal territory under the effective control of the R.O.C. is the island of Taiwan, which is located in the East China Sea approximately 100 miles (160 kilometers) east of Fukien Province on the Chinese mainland at its closest point. In addition to Taiwan, there are 86 offshore islands currently under R.O.C. control, including the Penghu Archipelago (or the Pescadores), Kinmen (or Quemoy) and Matsu. Combining Taiwan and the outlying islands, the total land area under the effective control of the R.O.C. is approximately 13,892 square miles (35,980 square kilometers).

Taiwan's total population as of June 2009 is estimated to be 23,063,027 million. The population density in the R.O.C. is among the highest in the world. The largest city is Taipei, in the north of Taiwan, with an estimated population of 2,619,920 million as of March 2009. Mandarin Chinese is the official language of the R.O.C. while the Taiwanese (Min-nan) and Hakka dialects of Chinese are also widely spoken.

In Taiwan, nine years of public education is compulsory for children and adult literacy is estimated at over 96%.

Political History

The Chinese Revolution of 1911 resulted in the overthrow of the Ching Dynasty and the establishment of the R.O.C. In October 1945, upon the defeat of Japan in World War II, the R.O.C. reasserted control over Taiwan, which had been ceded to Japan at the end of the Sino-Japanese War of 1894-95. In December 1949, following a period of protracted civil war with Communist forces, the R.O.C. government seat was removed from mainland China to Taiwan. In October 1949, the People's Republic of China was founded on the mainland by the communists. In December 1949, a provisional R.O.C. capital in Taipei, Taiwan was established.

Until 1986, Taiwan's political system was effectively controlled by one party, the Kuomintang (KMT). After 1986, the KMT's hold on power was challenged by the emergence of competing political parties. Despite the official ban on forming political parties, Taiwan's first new political party, the Democratic Progressive Party (DPP) was formed without intervention by Taiwan authorities. In 1987 the prohibition on organizing new political parties was lifted and in 1989 the Civic Organization Law was passed allowing for the formation of new political parties, thereby legalizing the DPP. President Lee Teng-hui was the first native-born Taiwanese to hold either the office of President or Chairman of the KMT and, in 1996, he became the first president to be elected by Taiwanese voters.

In March 2000, DPP candidate Chen Shui-bian became the first opposition party candidate to win the presidency. His election resulted in the first-ever transition of the presidential office from one political party to another, validating Taiwan's democratic political system. President Chen was re-elected to a second term in the 2004 election by 50.1% of the popular vote. Following this DPP national victory, the KMT started showing strength in the local elections, and won a majority of the city mayor and county magistrate races, including the mayoral election in Taipei City. In the January 2008 legislative elections, the KMT, who favored closer relations with China, won 81 of the 113 seats against the DPP's 27 seats. This was followed by a victory in the R.O.C. presidential election on March 22, 2008 by the KMT candidate Ma Ying-jeou, who won with 58% of the vote.

The Government of the R.O.C.

The R.O.C.'s government exercises control over Taiwan. The R.O.C. government is divided into five administrative branches (Yuan): Legislative, Executive, Control, Judicial and Examination. Additionally, the R.O.C. government is characterized by the division into central, provincial, municipal and county levels, each with defined powers.

The President is both leader of Taiwan and Commander-in-Chief of its armed forces. The President appoints the President of the Executive Yuan. The President of the Executive Yuan and the cabinet members are responsible for government policy and administration.

The Legislative Yuan is the R.O.C.'s sitting legislative body. In 2005, a restructuring of the Legislative Yuan reduced the number of seats from 225 to 113 and changed the election system from multi-seat districts to a mixed system of 73 single-seat election districts, 6 seats reserved for aborigines and 34 at-large seats that are elected proportionally.

The Control Yuan is responsible for auditing government accounts and investigating and impeaching corrupt government officials. The Examination Yuan is responsible for examination-related matters of the government and legal matters relating to pay scales and other employment matters for civil servants.

The Judicial Yuan is the highest judicial organ of the R.O.C. Its chief powers are to adjudicate civil, criminal, and administrative cases, cases concerning disciplinary sanctions on public functionaries and cases concerning the dissolution of political parties violating the constitution. The subordinate units of the Judicial Yuan are the Supreme Court, high courts, district courts, Supreme Administrative Court, high administrative courts, Commission on the Disciplinary Sanctions of Functionaries and Judicial Personnel Study Center. Additionally, the Judicial Yuan includes a 15-member Council of Grand Justices which has the exclusive power to interpret the constitution and resolve conflicting interpretations of the laws by the courts.

Political Parties and Political Activity

In addition to the KMT, there are three other major political parties. The DPP's platform includes outspoken positions on political issues including the view that Taiwan is an entity separate from mainland China. The KMT's position is that Taiwan and the mainland, although divided, are both part of one China.

The People First Party (PFP) was formed in March 2000. The PFP and KMT subsequently formed the Pan-Blue coalition to oppose the DPP government. In 2001, former KMT President Lee Teng-hui was expelled from the KMT and created his own party, Taiwan Solidarity Union (TSU). The TSU allied with the DPP to form the Pan-Green coalition, which favors Taiwan independence over Chinese unification.

External Relations

The R.O.C. was a signatory of the United Nations Charter in 1945, but lost its right to representation in that body in 1971 when the P.R.C. was recognized as the sole representative of China. Taiwan's diplomatic position has continued to erode and many countries have changed their official recognition from Taipei to Beijing. As of spring 2007, the number of countries that maintain formal diplomatic relations with the R.O.C. currently stands at 23. Taiwan has developed informal ties with most countries to offset its diplomatic isolation and to expand economic relations. Many nations have set up unofficial organizations to carry out commercial and other relations with Taiwan. In addition, with official overseas missions and unofficial representative and/or trade offices, Taiwan is represented in 122 countries.

Taiwan continues to lobby for admission into the United Nations and other international organizations, such as the World Health Organization (W.H.O.). The P.R.C. has regularly opposed membership because the P.R.C. considers Taiwan to be a province of China and not a separate sovereign state. But with the improvement of cross-strait relations after the election of Ma Ying-jeou, China recently agreed to allow Taiwan observer status at the W.H.O. under the title of Chinese Taipei.

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The United States (U.S.) formally recognized the P.R.C. as the sole government of China on January 1, 1979 and simultaneously severed formal diplomatic relations with the R.O.C. In April 1979, however, the U.S. Congress enacted the Taiwan Relations Act to establish a new framework for bilateral relations between the United States and Taiwan. The Taiwan Relations Act authorized the establishment of the American Institute in Taiwan, which assumed most of the functions previously performed by the U.S. Embassy and Consulate. The Institute has an office in Taipei and a branch office in Kaohsiung. In February 1979 the R.O.C. established the Taipei Economic and Cultural Office (formerly the Coordination Council for North American Affairs), which is charged with performing similar functions in its offices in the United States.

The Taiwan Relations Act approved the continuation of all non-military treaties and international agreements between the United States and the R.O.C. that were in effect on December 31, 1978. Despite the absence of diplomatic relations, the Taiwan Relations Act provides, among other things, that U.S. laws with respect to Taiwan should continue to be applied in the same manner as such laws were applied prior to January 1, 1979; that Taiwan should continue to be treated as a foreign state or government for the purposes of U.S. law; and that contractual and property rights acquired by, or with respect to, Taiwan should not be affected by the withdrawal of formal diplomatic recognition of the R.O.C.

Trade and other economic relations between the United States and the R.O.C. have not been adversely affected by the change in diplomatic relations, as the United States has remained one of the R.O.C.'s largest trading partners and the source of considerable direct foreign investment in the country.

Relations with the P.R.C.

The eight years of President Chen Shui-bian's DPP administration heightened tensions between the P.R.C. and Taiwan. Despite growing economic relations with the mainland, President Chen had run on a platform of Taiwan independence. The Taiwan government during this period made numerous moves to assert its sovereignty, from renaming government companies to eliminate "China" in their names, to changing the name of the Chiang Kai-shek Memorial to the National Taiwan Democracy Memorial, to applying 12 times to join the United Nations as a separate state. The announced policy of the P.R.C. toward Taiwan is that of "One China" with a peaceful reunification with Taiwan but only under the aegis of the P.R.C. The DPP's stance ran directly counter to that and President Chen's actions and rhetoric made China extremely nervous. The P.R.C. government increased their military presence along the Taiwan Strait and in March 2005, passed an Anti-Secession Law which authorized non-peaceful means and other necessary measures should Taiwan move to gain formal independence from the P.R.C.

But the Taiwan electorate grew disillusioned with the DPP, primarily due to the country's lackluster economy and a view that Taiwan would benefit with closer economic relations with China, as the economic powerhouse of the region. By 2008, Taiwan had over a million citizens living and working in China but the poor political environment between Taiwan and the P.R.C. was still an impediment to Taiwan in fully taking advantage of the Chinese economy. The KMT and Ma Ying-jeou promised to develop stronger economic relations with the P.R.C. while easing cross-strait tensions. Within two months of taking office in May 2008, Ma Ying-jeou began to deliver on his promises. On July 4, 2008, Taiwan and the P.R.C. inaugurated 36 direct round trip weekly chartered flights with six China-based and five Taiwan-based airlines. At the same time, Taiwan opened up to initially allow 3,000 Chinese tourists per day to enter Taiwan. Within a year from the first direct flights, service expanded to daily scheduled flights and over 373,000 P.R.C. tourists visited Taiwan. Taiwan and the P.R.C. have also established direct cargo shipping routes and flights, particularly benefiting the Taiwan businesses operating in China.

A major advance in cross-strait relations occurred at the end of April 2009 when it was announced that Taiwan would be opening up for investment by Chinese companies in certain industries, with the new regulations officially implemented at the end of June. Taiwan had already loosened restrictions for Taiwan companies investing in the P.R.C., another of Ma Ying-jeou's campaign promises. Currently, negotiations are underway to establish a regulatory framework for the financial industry which would open up cross-strait banking, insurance and security company investment. Additionally, Taiwan is hoping to be able to enter into an economic cooperation framework agreement during 2010 which would reduce tariffs on Taiwan exports into China and put Taiwan on similar ground to ASEAN and Japan which are in the process of finalizing a tri-lateral economic agreement.

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While the cross-strait economic relationship between Taiwan and the P.R.C. has improved greatly in the last 18 months, politically the relationship is still fragile. It will not be simple to find a political accommodation which will meet the goals of both sides and progress toward that will be slow. Therefore from a geopolitical point of view, the Taiwan Strait still remains a potential flash point until some form of political reconciliation is found.

The R.O.C. Economy

Economic Policy

With the establishment of the R.O.C. government seat on Taiwan in 1949, an extensive program of economic reconstruction was launched. Post-war reconstruction was substantially aided by the United States. Beginning in 1953 the R.O.C. government instituted a series of economic plans which have provided a framework for government policies and have helped to adapt Taiwan's economy to changes in the domestic and international economic environment. With an average annual growth of 8% from 1951 to 2007, Taiwan has transformed itself from a recipient of U.S. aid in the 1950's and early 1960's to an aid donor and a major foreign investor.

Taiwan is now a creditor economy, holding the world's third largest stock of foreign exchange reserves estimated at \$332 billion as of September 2009. Taiwan achieved its growth by initially encouraging foreign investment to create an export economy that focused on labor-intensive products such as toys, shoes and electronic components. By the 1980's Taiwan shifted its focus toward increasingly sophisticated, capital-intensive and technology-intensive products, still with an emphasis on exports. The two major global semiconductor foundries are Taiwanese and Taiwan companies which are the world's largest producers of computers. Exports constitute over 70% of the R.O.C.'s gross domestic product. The island runs a trade surplus with Taiwan's foreign reserves being the 4th largest in the world after China, Japan and Russia. The composition of its export partners, however, has shifted over time. Up until 2003, the U.S. was the main export destination for Taiwan products but now mainland China has overtaken the U.S. and in 2008 represented 26% of exports versus the U.S.'s 12%. However, much of Taiwan's exports to China are to its own factories in China, which then are global exporters to the U.S., Europe and increasingly to developing Asia. In 2008, China replaced the U.S. as Taiwan's major import partner and China is the main destination for Taiwan's foreign direct investment, with investments of over US\$150 billion.

After many years of sustained economic growth, full employment and low inflation, in 2001, the country suffered its first recession since 1952 due to the collapse of the high tech bubble in the United States. The economy began to recover in 2002, but the outbreak of severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) slowed growth to 3.5% in 2003. The world economic upturn drove growth in 2004 to 6.21%. However, slower world growth in 2005, higher energy prices and interest rates, and excess inventory dragged 2005 growth to 4.2%. Continued expansion of exports sustained Taiwan's economic growth at 4.8 in 2006 and pushed up Taiwan's economic growth to 5.7% in 2007.

Recent Economic Developments

Like the rest of the world, the financial market collapse and the following global recession had a major impact on Taiwan. Exports fell over 40% year on year in late 2008 and early 2009. Companies reacted by laying off workers and slashing inventories. Real GNP growth in the first half of 2008 was 4.9% over the same period in 2007, but in the second half of the year, real GNP fell by 4.7%. In the first quarter of 2009, GNP appeared to hit bottom, declining 10.3% as the second quarter improved to a negative 7.4%. The government is estimating that 2009 real GNP growth will be negative 4.0%.

Like many other countries, Taiwan reacted to the global crisis by enacting a number of measures targeted at boosting the economy and strengthening the financial system. The Central Bank began cutting interest rates in September 2008 and lowered them six times from 3.625% to 1.5%, the latest move in January 2009. A US\$28 billion stimulus package was implemented which will spend US\$15 billion on infrastructure over four years as well as US\$2.5 billion on shopping vouchers which were distributed prior to the Chinese New Year in early 2009. The stimulus packages also focuses on attracting investment through tax and land purchase subsidies, boosting exports through export financing, credit guarantees for small and medium businesses and targeted assistance for key industries. President Ma's election proposal for 12 major domestic infrastructure projects implemented through public-private partnerships remains on the drawing board as well. Opening up Taiwan to investment from China is also expected to boost the domestic economy.

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Taiwan is benefiting as well from China's massive stimulus policies. China enacted a US\$586 billion program over two years directed at major projects, including housing, rural infrastructure, environmental protection and technological innovation. But as importantly, the P.R.C. government also earmarked funds to offer a 13% subsidy for the purchase of appliances, LCD televisions and cell phones. The subsidy was initially targeted to boost consumption in rural areas but then was extended to urban areas as well. Because of Taiwan's position in the electronics industry, the subsidy program led to most electronics manufacturers bringing back their laid-off workforce in order to re-stock depleted inventories. Exports to China in the month of September 2009 were actually up 2.1% year on year, even though total exports were still down 12.7% year on year.

Gross National Product.

The following table sets forth the R.O.C.'s GNP since 1998 with annual percentage changes of GNP stated in current and constant price terms:

Gross National Product, 1998-2008 (Current Prices: NT\$ Billion)

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total	9,307	9,731	10,172	10,054	10,536	10,848	11,438	11,746	12,229	12,969	12,673
Private Consumptions	5,437	5,757	6,087	6,129	6,285	6,353	6,719	7,023	7,183	7,433	7,597
Government Consumption	1,401	1,363	1,392	1,404	1,431	1,459	1,465	1,498	1,505	1,529	1,559
Fixed Capital Formation	2,185	2,229	2,394	1,910	1,911	1,958	2,420	2,438	2,531	2,668	2,545
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	120	49	(60)	(99)	(62)	(22)	87	11	31	50	73
Exports of Goods and Services	4,359	4,562	5,392	4,963	5,443	5,999	6,978	7,358	8,304	9,284	9,179
Less: Imports of Goods and Services	(4,264)	(4,320)	(5,173)	(4,445)	(4,715)	(5,228)	(6,603)	(6,873)	(7,633)	(8,338)	(8,612)
Expenditures on Gross Domestic Product	9,238	9,640	10,032	9,862	10,293	10,519	11,066	11,455	11,916	12,636	12,341
Net Factor Income (Loss) from Rest of World	69	91	140	192	243	329	372	291	313	333	332
Annual Growth of GNP at Current Price, %	7.0	4.6	4.5	(1.2)	4.8	3.0	5.4	2.7	4.1	6.0	(2.3)
Real GNP Growth, %	4.2	5.9	5.9	(1.6)	5.1	4.2	6.3	3.3	4.8	5.7	0.0

Source: Quarterly National Economic Trends, August 2009

Composition of gross national product. As the following table indicates, Taiwan's GNP at current prices is made up principally of exports and private consumption.

Composition of Gross National Product, 1998-2008 (Percentage Shares at Current Prices)

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Private Consumptions	58.42	59.16	59.84	60.96	59.65	58.56	58.74	59.79	58.70	57.39	59.95
Government Consumption	15.05	14.01	13.68	13.96	13.58	13.45	12.81	12.75	12.31	11.79	12.30
Fixed Capital Formation	23.48	22.91	23.54	19.00	18.14	18.05	21.16	20.76	20.70	20.57	20.08
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	1.29	0.50	(0.59)	(0.98)	(0.59)	(0.20)	0.76	0.09	0.25	0.39	0.58
Exports	46.84	46.88	53.01	49.36	51.66	55.30	61.01	62.64	67.90	71.59	72.43
Imports	(45.81)	(44.39)	(50.86)	(44.21)	(44.75)	(48.19)	(57.73)	(58.51)	(62.42)	(64.29)	(67.96)
Net Factor Income (Loss) from Rest of World	0.74	0.94	1.38	1.91	2.31	3.03	3.25	2.48	2.56	2.57	2.62
Exports Less Imports	1.02	2.49	2.15	5.15	6.91	7.11	3.28	4.13	5.49	7.29	4.47

Source: Quarterly National Economic Trends, August 2009

Gross Domestic Product

**Gross Domestic Product by Economic Activity
(At Current Prices; NT\$ billions)**

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Agriculture	218	235	199	183	179	175	181	190	193	191	208
Construction	352	325	299	252	235	216	212	228	263	284	287
Electricity/Gas/Water	193	197	195	195	199	200	178	177	174	140	69

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	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Finance/Insurance/ Leasing	1,712	1,793	1,865	1,871	1,925	1,987	2,066	2,120	2,169	2,298	2,299
Manufacturing	2,293	2,316	2,384	2,241	2,437	2,492	2,624	2,658	2,746	3,034	2,683
Mining	47	46	39	36	40	33	37	35	38	52	52
Retailer/Hotel/ Food & Beverage	1,557	1,696	1,840	1,803	1,873	1,919	2,112	2,275	2,438	2,606	2,646
Transport/Storage/ Communication	579	619	635	636	658	654	697	705	710	736	721
Other	875	965	1,054	1,121	1,172	1,205	1,266	1,328	1,421	1,516	1,582
Subtotal	7,826	8,192	8,510	8,338	8,718	8,881	9,373	9,716	10,152	10,857	10,547
Producers of Government Services	986	1,039	1,090	1,123	1,145	1,203	1,230	1,256	1,277	1,276	1,293
Other Producers	102	97	108	115	122	118	124	131	138	141	148
Import Duties	153	139	146	119	126	129	126	135	136	138	133
Value Added Tax	171	173	178	167	182	188	213	217	215	223	221
Total GDP	9,238	9,640	10,032	9,862	10,293	10,519	11,066	11,455	11,916	12,636	12,341

Source: Quarterly National Economic Trends, August 2009

Change in Prices

Change in Prices, 1998-2008 (%)

Period	GDP Deflator	Export Deflator	Import Deflator	Wholesale Price Index	Consumer Price Index
1998	2.63	3.82	2.19	0.60	1.69
1999	-1.32	-6.33	-3.09	-4.55	0.17
2000	-1.62	-0.56	4.08	1.82	1.26
2001	0.49	-0.23	-1.20	-1.34	-0.01
2002	-0.25	-0.84	-1.00	0.05	-0.20
2003	-1.26	-0.17	2.60	2.48	-0.28
2004	-0.90	1.69	6.26	7.03	1.62
2005	-0.61	-2.03	0.31	0.61	2.30
2006	-0.73	2.36	5.14	5.63	0.60
2007	0.31	2.73	5.25	6.47	1.80
2008	-2.39	-1.10	7.56	5.15	3.53

Source: Quarterly National Economic Trends, August 2009

Taxation

The R.O.C. tax system includes, among other things, corporate and personal income taxes and their income basic tax, commodity and value-added taxes, customs duties, harbor taxes, deed, and land taxes and stamp and securities transaction taxes and estate and gift taxes. In recent years the government has been attempting to control tax evasion.

Generally R.O.C. resident corporations are taxed on their worldwide net income at rates ranging to a maximum of 25%. Branches of foreign corporations and nonresident companies doing business in the R.O.C. are taxed on all R.O.C. source income either at the applicable rates for resident corporations or at prescribed withholding rates. A 20% withholding tax is imposed upon the receipt by non-residents of any interest, royalties or certain fees for services performed in the R.O.C., except in certain specified circumstances.

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Individuals are taxed on all income derived from sources within Taiwan. R.O.C. residents are taxed at progressive rates ranging from 6% to 40%. With regard to dividends paid to the individual taxpayer, R.O.C. residents generally receive either cash or stock as well as a deductible income tax. When a R.O.C. resident files an income tax return, the aggregate amount of the deductible income tax received would be deducted or offset with the payable income tax for the full taxing year. For R.O.C. residents, corporate profits are not taxed again when paid as

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dividends at the individual taxpayer level. Except for certain specified circumstances, non-residents are taxed at a flat rate of 20% of R.O.C. source income

In April 1986 the government instituted a 5% value-added tax that replaced a three-tiered tax system that involved separate commodity, invoice and business taxes.

Securities transactions are taxed at the rate of 0.3% for equity transactions and 0.1% for corporate bond and LBC transactions. There is no tax on government bond transactions. Capital gains derived from the sale of securities of listed companies and from the sale of bonds of unlisted companies have not been taxed since January 1, 1990. The R.O.C. government has announced a proposal to reduce the securities transaction tax applicable to sales of shares from 0.3% to 0.15% and to re-impose a capital gains tax on the sale of securities. Gains from the transfer of land within the R.O.C. are subject to a land value increment tax. Deed taxes are levied on the transfer of buildings within the R.O.C.

In January 2009, in an effect to attract capital back to Taiwan, the government reduced the rate of estate and gift taxes to a flat 10%.

Regulation and Supervision

In September 1960, the government of Taiwan created the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) to supervise and control all aspects of the securities markets. In 1997, the R.O.C. SEC was renamed the R.O.C. Securities and Futures Commission and, more recently, to the R.O.C. Securities and Futures Bureau (SFB). On July 1, 2004, the Executive Yuan consolidated the supervision of the banking, securities and insurance sectors in Taiwan by creating the R.O.C. Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC), which was set up for the purpose of the unification of financial supervision. The R.O.C. FSC consists of four distinct bureaus, including the R.O.C. SFB, which has the responsibility for implementing the Securities and Exchange Law and for overall administration of governmental policies in the R.O.C. securities market. The R.O.C. SFB has extensive regulatory authority over the offering, issuing and trading of securities. Its duties include, among others, the approval of the new issues of securities, the overseeing of secondary trading on the TSE and the GTSM, the licensing of securities professionals, the regulation of market intermediaries and foreign investors, investors' education and protection, regulation of the futures markets and setting standards for the accountancy profession. In addition, the Securities and Exchange Law specifically empowers the R.O.C. SFB to promulgate necessary rules.

The R.O.C. SFB has extensive regulatory authority over public companies. Under current R.O.C. law, any company, after approval by a resolution of its board of directors, may register with the R.O.C. SFB as a public company. A public company is required to offer a certain percentage of its shares to the public and is generally required to obtain approval from, or registration with, the R.O.C. SFB for all securities offerings. The R.O.C. SFB requires periodic reporting of financial and operating information by all public companies. In addition, the R.O.C. SFB establishes standards for financial reporting and carried out licensing and supervision of securities firms and other participants in the R.O.C. securities market.

The R.O.C. SFB has instituted a system of monitoring stock prices in order to detect market manipulation. The R.O.C. SFB does not have criminal or civil enforcement powers under the Securities and Exchange Law. Criminal sanctions may be pursued only by the government prosecutors. Civil actions may be brought by plaintiffs who assert that they have suffered damages. The R.O.C. SFB is empowered to monitor abuses and violations of the applicable laws and regulations of the securities markets through administrative measures such as issuing warnings, imposing fines and revoking licenses.

In order to enhance international cooperation, as of April 2008, the R.O.C. FSC has signed memorandums of understanding with 27 foreign authorities.

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The Taiwan Stock Exchange

Equity Issues

The following table sets forth data for new issues of equities on the TSE from 1998 to 2008:

Year	Equities (in NT\$ Million)			
	Initial Offerings	Rights Offerings by Listed Companies	Total Raised from New Investment	Free Share Distribution
1998	163,260	102,236	265,496	354,319
1999	82,578	56,590	139,168	269,502
2000	214,220	48,949	263,169	339,821
2001	361,434	38,781	400,215	348,615
2002	214,220	31,157	245,377	228,016
2003	174,655	70,842	245,497	161,633
2004	150,381	44,683	195,064	230,592
2005	68,899	62,960	131,859	284,313
2006	65,453	30,451	95,904	198,970
2007	56,183	23,742	79,925	198,379
2008	NA	NA	NA	NA

Source: TSE Statistical Data

Debt Issues

The following table sets forth information with respect to bond issues listed on the TSE from 1999 to 2008:

Year	All Bonds		Government Bonds		Corporate Bonds	
	Total Number of Issues	Issues Amount	Number of Issues	Issues Amount (in NT\$ Million)	Number of Issues	Issues Amount (in NT\$ Million)
1999	61	54,237	NA		61	54,237
2000	63	51,277	4	26,995	59	24,282
2001	52	24,037	4	10,164	48	13,873
2002	37	19,162	2	3,495	35	15,667
2003	21	9,926	0	0	21	9,926
2004	10	3,980	0	0	10	3,980
2005	4	478	0	0	4	478
2006	4	98	0	0	4	98
2007	0	0	0	0	0	0
2008	0	0	0	0	0	0

Source: TSE Statistical Data

Trading Value and Trading Volume

The following tables set forth yearly trading values and average daily trading values for stocks and bonds traded on the TSE from 1998 to 2008;

TSE Yearly Trading Values

Stock	Bonds	Total
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Year	(NT\$ Million)	(US\$ Million)	(NT\$ Million)	(US\$ Million)	(NT\$ Million)	(US\$ Million)
1998	29,618,970	919,387	40,921	1,270	29,659,891	920,657
1999	29,291,529	933,000	54,237	1,728	29,345,766	934,727
2000	30,526,566	925,272	51,277	1,554	30,577,843	926,826
2001	18,354,936	524,442	24,037	687	18,378,973	525,129
2002	21,873,951	629,412	19,162	551	21,893,113	629,963
2003	20,333,237	598,424	9,926	292	20,343,163	598,716
2004	23,875,366	748,045	3,980	125	23,879,346	748,170
2005	18,818,902	572,874	478	15	18,819,380	572,888
2006	23,900,362	733,230	98	3	23,900,460	733,233

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Year	Stock		Bonds		Total	
	(NT\$ Million)	(US\$ Million)	(NT\$ Million)	(US\$ Million)	(NT\$ Million)	(US\$ Million)
2007	33,043,848	1,018,614	0	0	33,043,848	1,018,614
2008	26,115,407	794,748	0	0	26,115,407	794,748

Source: TSE Statistical Data; Conversion to US\$ at yearend exchange rate

TSE Average Daily Trading Values

Year	No. of Year Trading Days	Stocks		Bonds		Total	
		(NT\$ Million)	(US\$ Million)	(NT\$ Million)	(US\$ Million)	(NT\$ Million)	(US\$ Million)
1998	271	109,295	3,393	151	5	109,446	3,397
1999	266	110,119	3,508	204	6	110,323	3,514
2000	271	112,644	3,414	189	6	112,833	3,420
2001	244	75,225	2,149	99	3	75,324	2,152
2002	248	88,201	2,538	77	2	88,278	2,540
2003	249	81,660	2,403	40	1	81,700	2,404
2004	250	95,501	2,992	16	0	95,517	2,993
2005	247	76,190	2,319	2	0	76,192	2,319
2006	248	96,372	2,957	0	0	96,372	2,957
2007	247	133,781	4,124	0	0	133,781	4,124
2008	249	104,881	3,192	0	0	104,881	3,192

Source: TSE Statistical Data; Conversion to US\$ at yearend exchange rate

The Taiwan Stock Exchange Index

The Taiwan Stock Exchange Index is the most widely consulted index in Taiwan. It is comparable to the Standard and Poor's Index in the United States and the Tokyo Stock Exchange Stock Price Index in Japan insofar as it is calculated on the basis of a wide selection of listed shares weighted according to the number of shares outstanding.

The weighting of stocks in the TSE Index is fixed as long as the number of shares outstanding remains constant. When the total number of shares outstanding changes, the weight of each stock is automatically adjusted. Stock splits and stock dividends are also adjusted for automatically. Cash dividends are not included in the calculations.

**TSE Index, 1998-2008
(1966 Average = 100)**

Year	Number of Companies in Index (period-end)	Total Number of Listed Companies (period-end)	Trading Value		Index High	Index Low	Year-End
			(NT\$ Billion)	(US\$ Billion)			
1998	446	437	29,619	919	9,277.09	6,251.38	6,418.43
1999	468	462	29,292	933	8,608.91	5,474.79	8,448.84
2000	539	531	30,527	925	10,202.20	4,614.63	4,739.09

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2001	592	584	18,355	524	6,104.24	3,446.26	5,551.24
2002	594	638	21,874	629	6,462.30	3,850.04	4,452.45
2003	638	669	20,333	598	6,142.32	4,139.50	5,890.69
2004	657	697	23,875	748	7,034.10	5,316.87	6,139.69
2005	659	691	18,819	573	6,575.53	5,632.97	6,548.34
2006	653	688	23,900	733	7,823.72	6,257.80	7,823.72
2007	655	698	33,044	1,018	9,809.88	7,344.56	8,506.28
2008	683	718	26,115	795	9,295.20	4,089.93	4,591.22

Source: TSE Statistical Data; Bloomberg

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Balance of Payments

Due principally to the increase in world prices following the second oil shock of 1978-1979, in 1980 the R.O.C. incurred a current account deficit of U.S.\$913 million and an overall balance of payments deficit of U.S.\$319 million. Since that time the R.O.C. has recorded substantial surpluses in the current account and overall balance of payments in each year from 1998 to 2008.

Balance of Payments, 1998-2008
(U.S.\$ Million)

	<u>1998</u>	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>
Current Account Balance	3,436	7,993	8,899	18,936	26,357	30,504	19,728	17,578	36,300	32,975	24,894
Trade Balance	10,315	14,706	13,672	20,561	24,920	26,137	17,363	19,456	24,197	30,445	18,250
Exports, f.o.b.	112,751	123,763	151,899	126,247	135,268	150,597	182,362	198,456	223,789	246,500	254,907
Imports, f.o.b.	(102,436)	(109,057)	(138,227)	(105,686)	(110,348)	(124,460)	(164,999)	(179,000)	(199,592)	(216,055)	(236,657)
Services*	(4,396)	(7,201)	(6,637)	(4,570)	(3,084)	(2,469)	(4,942)	((6,653)	(3,543)	(3,795)	(355)
Income											