CCA INDUSTRIES INC

Form 10-Q

October 14, 2016

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-0

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE **SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended August 31, 2016 or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE 0 SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

to

For the transition period from **Commission file number: 1-31643**

CCA Industries, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) 04-2795439 **Delaware** (State or other jurisdiction of (IRS Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

65 Challenger Road, Suite 340

Ridgefield Park, New Jersev 07660 (Address of principal executive offices) (201) 935-3232

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \circ No "Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes \circ No "Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (Check one).

 Large accelerated filer
 []

 Non-accelerated filer
 [] (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

 Smaller reporting company
 [X]

 Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
 Yes " No ý

 As of October 14, 2016 there were (i) 6,038,982 shares of the issuer's common stock, par value \$0.01, outstanding; and (ii) 967,702 shares of the issuer's Class A common stock, par value \$0.01, outstanding.

CCA INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

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Part I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CCA INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS		
	August 31, 2016	November 30, 2015
ASSETS	(Unaudited)	
Current assets:	¢ 575 500	¢ 500 004
Cash & cash equivalents	\$575,588 2,140,770	\$ 509,884
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$745,277 and \$912,688, respectively	2,140,770	2,112,055
Inventories, net of reserve for inventory obsolescence of \$331,585 and \$821,259, respectively	2,943,198	3,236,802
Prepaid expenses and sundry receivables	426,026	697,097
Prepaid and refundable income taxes	52,004	70,056
Deferred income taxes	1,905,892	2,254,322
Total Current Assets	8,043,478	8,880,216
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	246,939	205,034
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization	433,875	434,166
Deferred financing fees, net of accumulated amortization	291,153	
Deferred income taxes	9,003,544	9,200,599
Other	430,544	430,544
Total Assets	\$18,449,533	\$ 19,150,559
LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	\$6,574,170	\$7,645,553
Capital lease obligation - current portion	3,658	9,531
Line of credit	3,868,296	
Line of credit - related party		2,700,000
Term loan - related party		1,000,000
Total Current Liabilities	10,446,124	11,355,084
Long term accrued liabilities	278,665	1,242,282
Capitalized lease obligations	647	16,199
Long term - other	147,853	147,853
Total Liabilities	10,873,289	12,761,418
Shareholders' Equity:		
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par, authorized 20,000,000 none issued		
Common stock, \$.01 par, authorized 15,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding		
6,038,982 and 6,038,982 shares, respectively	60,390	60,390
Class A common stock, \$.01 par, authorized 5,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding		
967,702 and 967,702 shares, respectively	9,677	9,677
Additional paid-in capital	4,120,566	3,881,882
Retained earnings	3,385,611	2,437,192
Total Shareholders' Equity	7,576,244	6,389,141
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		\$19,150,559
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.	Ψ 10 , Γ7 ,000	¥ 1791009007
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CCA INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended August 31		Nine Months Ended August 31	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues:				
Sales of health and beauty aid products - net	\$5,036,658	\$7,055,399	\$15,392,107	\$20,674,878
Other income	4,535	24,274	13,281	32,544
Total Revenues	5,041,193	7,079,673	15,405,388	20,707,422
Costs and Expenses:				<i>, ,</i>
Cost of sales	2,309,056	2,704,117	6,245,909	7,942,917
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,836,891	2,802,437	5,860,150	8,934,651
Advertising, cooperative and promotional expenses	241,335	836,373	1,219,353	3,286,204
Research and development	9,571	17,710	44,498	58,340
Bad debt (recovery) expense	(4,584		22,715	(13,467)
Interest expense - related party		438,144	3,085	1,288,439
Interest expense	132,531	4,286	474,074	14,904
Total Costs and Expenses	4,524,800	6,800,711	13,869,784	21,511,988
Restructuring costs		(29,507)	·	1,467,835
Total Costs and Expenses	4,524,800	6,771,204	13,869,784	22,979,823
Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes	516,393	308,469	1,535,604	(2,272,401)
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes	195,026	133,389	574,289	(733,231)
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations	\$321,367	\$175,080	\$961,315	\$(1,539,170)
Discontinued Operations	ф с21,00 7	·	. ,	
(Loss) income from Discontinued Operations				88,506
(Benefit from) provision for income taxes		,		28,558
(Loss) Income from Discontinued Operations				59,948
Net Income (Loss)	\$321,367	\$49,889	\$948,419	\$(1,479,222)
Earnings (Losses) per Share:				
Basic				
Continuing Operations	\$0.05	\$0.02	\$0.14	\$(0.22)
Discontinued Operations	\$—	\$(0.02)	\$—	\$0.01
Income (Loss)	\$0.05	\$—	\$0.14	\$(0.21)
Diluted				
Continuing Operations	\$0.05	\$0.02	\$0.14	\$(0.22)
Discontinued Operations	\$—	\$(0.02)	\$—	\$0.01
Income (Loss)	\$0.05	\$—	\$0.14	\$(0.21)
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding				
Basic	7,006,684	7,006,684	7,006,684	7,006,684
Diluted	7,048,011	7,006,684	7,074,893	7,006,684
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.				

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CCA INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)			
	Nine Mon		
	August 31		
	2016	2015	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Net Income (Loss)	\$948,419	\$(1,479,22	2)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash provided by (used in) operating activities			
Depreciation and amortization	60,056	128,826	
Change in allowance for bad debts	22,715	(13,467)
Loss on write off of fixed assets	1,575	843,081	
Debt discount amortization	—	145,638	
Deferred financing fees amortization	96,406	998,592	
Stock based compensation	238,685	82,536	
Deferred income taxes	545,485	(699,535)
Change in Operating Assets & Liabilities:			
(Increase) in accounts receivable	(51,430)	(1,679,535)
Decrease in inventory	293,604	1,395,647	
Decrease (Increase) in prepaid expenses and other receivables	271,071	(347,092)
Decrease in prepaid income and refundable income tax	18,052	436,832	
(Increase) in other assets	—	(430,544)
(Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(2,035,000) (1,470,576)
Increase in other liabilities	\$—	174,915	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	409,638	(1,913,904)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(103,745)	(106,398)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	500		
Net Cash (Used in) Investing Activities	(103,245)	(106,398)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:			
Proceeds from line of credit - related party		2,100,000	
Payment on line of credit - related party	(2,700,000)	
Payments on tern loan - related party	(1,000,000)	
Proceeds from line of credit, net	3,868,296		
Payment of deferred financing fees	(387,559)	·	
Payments for capital lease obligations	(21,426)	(4,421)
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Financing Activities	(240,689)	2,095,579	
Net Increase in Cash	65,704	75,277	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	509,884	241,621	
	\$575,588	\$316,898	
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:			
Cash paid during the period for:			
Interest	\$342,945	\$169,704	
Income taxes	\$6,146	\$—	
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements			

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. Operating results for the three and nine month periods ending August 31, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the entire year ended November 30, 2016. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended November 30, 2015. The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements, in the opinion of management, include all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature.

NOTE 2 - ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

CCA Industries, Inc. ("CCA") was incorporated in the State of Delaware on March 25, 1983.

CCA manufactures and distributes health and beauty aid products.

CCA has two wholly-owned subsidiaries, CCA Online Industries, Inc. and CCA IND., S.A. DE C.V., a Variable Capital Corporation organized pursuant to the laws of Mexico, both of which are currently inactive.

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of Consolidation:

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of CCA and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (collectively the "Company"). All significant inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated. Estimates and Assumptions:

The consolidated financial statements include the use of estimates, which management believes are reasonable. The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"), requires management to make estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accounting estimates and assumptions are those that management considers to be most critical to the financial statements because they inherently involve significant judgment and uncertainties. All of these estimates and assumptions reflect management's best judgment about current economic and market conditions and their effects on the information available as of the date of the consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable:

Accounts receivable consist of trade receivables recorded at original invoice amount, less an estimated allowance for uncollectible amounts. The accounts receivable balance is further reduced by allowance for cooperative advertising and reserves for returns which are anticipated to be taken as credits against the balances as of August 31, 2016. The allowances and reserves which are anticipated to be deducted from future invoices are included in accrued liabilities. Trade credit is generally extended on a short term basis; thus trade receivables do not bear interest, although a finance charge may be applied to receivables that are past due. Trade receivables are periodically evaluated for collectability based on past credit history with customers and their current financial condition. Changes in the estimated collectability of trade receivables are recorded in the results of operations for the period in which the estimate is revised.

TABLE OF CONTENTS CCA INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Trade receivables that are deemed uncollectible are offset against the allowance for uncollectible accounts. The Company generally does not require collateral for trade receivables.

Inventories:

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (weighted average) or market. Product returns are either recorded in inventory when they are received at the lower of their original cost or market or destroyed, as appropriate. Obsolete inventory is written off and its value is removed from inventory at the time its obsolescence is determined.

Property and Equipment and Depreciation and Amortization:

Property and equipment are stated at cost. The Company charges to expense repairs and maintenance items, while major improvements and betterments are capitalized.

When the Company sells or otherwise disposes of property and equipment items, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any gain or loss is included in earnings.

Depreciation and amortization are provided utilizing the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives or lease terms of the assets, whichever is shorter:

Computer equipment3-5 YearsFurniture and fixtures3-10 YearsTools, dies and masters3 YearsLeasehold improvements Remaining life of the lease (3 years 9 months)

Intangible Assets:

Intangible assets, which consist of patents and trademarks, are stated at cost. Patents are amortized on the straight-line method over a period of 17 years. Patents are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in business indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Trademarks are indefinite lived intangible assets and are reviewed for impairment annually or more frequently if impairment conditions occur.

Long-Lived Assets:

Long-lived assets are assets in which the Company has an economic benefit for longer than twelve months from the date of the financial statement. Long-lived assets include property and equipment, intangible assets, deferred financing fees, deferred income taxes and other assets. The Company evaluates impairment losses on long-lived assets used in operations when events and circumstances indicate that the asset might be impaired. If the review indicates that the carrying value of an asset will not be recoverable, based on a comparison of the carrying value of the asset to the undiscounted future cash flows, the impairment will be measured by comparing the carrying value of the asset to its fair value. Fair value will be determined based on discounted cash flows or appraisals. Impairments are recorded in the statement of operations as part of selling, general and administrative expenses. No impairments were recorded in the nine months ended August 31, 2016 and August 31, 2015.

Revenue Recognition: (See also Cooperative Advertising)

The Company recognizes sales in accordance with ASC Topic 605 "Revenue Recognition". Revenue is recognized upon shipment of merchandise. Net sales comprise gross revenues less expected returns, trade discounts, customer allowances and various sales incentives. Included in sales incentives are coupons that the Company issues that are redeemed by its customers. Redemptions are handled by a coupon national clearing house. The Company also has estimated that there is an approximate six week lag in coupon redemptions, with the estimated cost recorded as an accrued liability. Although no legal right of return exists between the customer and the Company, returns, including return of unsold products, are accepted if it is in the best interests of the Company's relationship with the customer. The Company, therefore, records a reserve for returns based on the historical returns as a percentage of sales in the three preceding months and specific reserve based on customer circumstances and product circumstances. Those

TABLE OF CONTENTS CCA INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

returns which are anticipated to be taken as credits against the balances as of August 31, 2016 are offset against the accounts receivable. The reserves which are anticipated to be deducted from future invoices are included in accrued liabilities. Changes in the estimated coupon reserve and sales return reserve are recorded to Sales of health and beauty aid products - net, in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

Cooperative Advertising:

Cooperative advertising is accrued based on a combination of new contracts given to the customers in the current fiscal year, along with liabilities open from prior years. Specific new contracts in the current fiscal year are identified as sales incentives (see sales incentives) and those contracts reduce revenues for the current period. The balances for all years open are reduced throughout the year by either the customer advertising and submitting the proof according to the contract or by customer post audit adjustments that finalize any amount due. Any item open more than three years is closed unless management believes that a deduction may still be taken by the customer. The portion of cooperative advertising recorded as sales incentives was reduced by \$300,000 in the nine months ended August 31, 2016 to reduce open cooperative advertising contracts for 2013 for events that have been finalized. There were no reductions in the first and third quarters of fiscal 2016. The balance of the remaining open cooperative advertising is allocated between accrued liabilities and the allowance for cooperative advertising based the customer's open accounts receivable balance.

Sales Incentives:

The Company has accounted for certain sales incentives offered to customers by charging them directly to sales as opposed to advertising and promotional expense. These accounting adjustments do not affect net income. <u>Shipping Costs:</u>

The Company's policy for financial reporting is to charge shipping costs as part of selling, general and administrative expenses as incurred. Shipping costs included for the three months ended August 31, 2016 and August 31, 2015 were \$122,914 and \$158,878, respectively. Shipping costs included for the nine months ended August 31, 2016 and August 31, 2016 and August 31, 2015 were \$377,861 and \$505,557, respectively.

Advertising Costs:

The Company's policy for financial reporting is to charge advertising cost to expense as incurred. Advertising, cooperative and promotional expenses for the three months ended August 31, 2016 and August 31, 2015 were \$241,335 and \$836,373, respectively. Advertising, cooperative and promotional expenses for the nine months ended August 31, 2016 and August 31, 2015 were \$1,219,353 and \$3,286,204, respectively.

Research and Development Costs:

The Company's policy for financial reporting is to charge research and development costs to expense as incurred. Research and development costs for the three months ended August 31, 2016 and August 31, 2015 were \$9,571 and \$17,710, respectively. Research and development costs for the nine months ended August 31, 2016 and August 31, 2016 and August 31, 2015 were \$44,498 and \$58,340, respectively.

Income Taxes:

Income taxes are accounted for under ASC Topic 740 "Income Taxes", which utilizes the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for future tax consequences attributable to the temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities as recorded on the Company's financial statements and the carrying amounts as reflected on the Company's income tax return. In addition, the portion of charitable contributions that cannot be deducted in the current period and are carried forward to future periods are also reflected in the deferred tax assets. A substantial portion of the deferred tax asset is due to the losses incurred in fiscal 2015 and prior years, the benefit of which will be carried forward into future tax years. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are valued using the tax rates expected to apply in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than

not that some portion, or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. Management has

estimated that it will utilize the entire deferred tax asset in future years based on anticipated future profitability. However, anticipated future profitability may be impacted if the Company's sales decrease from current levels or due to other factors discussed under Item 1A - Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 29, 2016 as supplemented in this Form 10-Q. The portion that management expects to utilize within twelve months of the period ended August 31, 2016 is recorded as a current asset, and the portion that management expects to utilize in subsequent periods is recorded as a long term asset.

The Company previously adopted the provisions of ASC Subtopic 740-10-25, "Uncertain Tax Positions". Management believes that there were no unrecognized tax benefits, or tax positions that would result in uncertainty regarding the deductions taken, as of August 31, 2016 and November 30, 2016. ASC Subtopic 740-10-25 prescribes a recognition threshold and a measurement attribute for the financial statement recognized, a tax position must be more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities.

Tax Credits:

Tax credits, when present, are accounted for using the flow-through method as a reduction of income taxes in the years utilized.

Earnings Per Common Share:

Basic earnings per share are calculated in accordance with ASC Topic 260, "Earnings Per Share", which requires using the average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed on the basis of the average number of common shares outstanding plus the dilutive effect of any common stock equivalents using the "treasury stock method". Common stock equivalents consist of stock options and warrants. <u>Stock Options:</u>

ASC Topic 718, "Stock Compensation," requires stock grants to employees to be recognized in the consolidated statement of operations based on their fair values. The Company issued stock options in fiscal 2016 and 2015, see Note 12 for details.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

Management does not believe that any recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards if currently adopted would have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements, other than any that were disclosed in prior Company filings with the SEC.

NOTE 4 - INVENTORIES

The components of inventory consist of the following:

August 31,November 30,20162015Raw materials\$735,770\$1,022,516Finished goods2,207,4282,214,286\$2,943,198\$3,236,802

At August 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, the Company had a reserve for obsolescence of \$331,585 and \$821,259, respectively.

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NOTE 5 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The components of property and equipment consisted of the following:

	August 31,	November 30,
	2016	2015
Furniture and equipment	\$557,124	\$ 459,786
Tools, dies and masters	462,542	462,542
Capitalized lease obligations	15,286	15,286
Leasehold improvements	35,017	35,017
	\$1,069,969	\$ 972,631
Less: Accumulated depreciation	823,030	767,597
Property and Equipment-Net	\$246,939	\$ 205,034

Depreciation expense for the three months ended August 31, 2016 and August 31, 2015 amounted to \$20,846 and \$23,745, respectively. Depreciation expense for the nine months ended August 31, 2016 and August 31, 2015 amounted to \$59,765 and \$128,535, respectively.

NOTE 6 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consist of owned trademarks and patents for ten product lines.

	August 31,	November 30,
	2016	2015
Patents and trademarks	\$580,007	\$ 580,007
Less: Accumulated amortization	146,132	145,841
Intangible Assets - Net	\$433,875	\$ 434,166

Patents are amortized on a straight-line basis over their legal life of 17 years. Trademarks have an indefinite life and are reviewed annually for impairment or more frequently if impairment indicators occur. Amortization expense for the three months ended August 31, 2016 and 2015 amounted to \$97 and \$97, respectively. Amortization expense for the nine months ended August 31, 2016 and August 31, 2015 amounted to \$291 and \$291, respectively. Estimated amortization expenses for the years ending November 30, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2020 are \$388, \$388, \$376 and \$376, respectively.

NOTE 7 - ACCRUED EXPENSES

The following items which exceeded 5% of total current liabilities are included in accrued expenses as of:

	August 31,	November 30,
	2016	2015
Co-operative advertising	\$2,067,788	\$ 1,697,493
Restructuring Costs	\$1,012,462	\$ 1,256,781
Accrued returns	*	\$ 407,992

* represents less than 5% as of August 31, 2016

The following items which exceeded 5% of total long-term liabilities are included in long term accrued expenses as of:

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	August 31,	November 30,
	2016	2015
Sub-lease rent differential	\$278,665	\$ 322,282
Media	*	\$ 500,000
	*	\$ 420,000
* represents less than 5%	as of Augus	t 31, 2016

NOTE 8 - DEBT AGREEMENT

On December 4, 2015 (the "Closing Date"), CCA Industries, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), entered into the Credit and Security Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with SCM Specialty Finance Opportunities Funds, L.P., an affiliate of CNH Finance, L.P. The Credit Agreement provides for a line of credit up to a maximum of \$5,500,000 (the "Revolving Loan"). The proceeds of the Revolving Loans was used to pay off the Company's existing debt with Capital Preservation Solutions, LLC and for general working capital purposes.

Pursuant to the Credit Agreement, all outstanding amounts under the Revolving Loan bear interest at the 30 day LIBOR rate plus 6% per annum (currently in the aggregate, 6.21% per annum), payable monthly in arrears. The Company is also required to pay a monthly unused line fee and collateral management fee. The commitment under the Credit Agreement expires three years after the Closing Date. The Revolving Loan and all other amounts due and owing under the Credit Agreement and related documents are secured by a first priority perfected security interest in, and lien on, substantially all of the assets of the Company. Amounts available for borrowing under the Line of Credit equal the lesser of the Borrowing Base (as defined below), and \$5,500,000, in each case, as the same is reduced by the aggregate principal amount outstanding under the Line of Credit. "Borrowing Base" under the Loan Agreement means, generally, the amount equal to (i) 85% of the Company's eligible accounts receivable, plus (ii) 65% of the value of eligible inventory, less (iii) certain reserves. The Credit Agreement contains customary representations, warranties and covenants on the part of the Company, including a financial covenant requiring the Company to maintain a fixed charge coverage ratio of no less than 1.0 to 1.0. The Credit Agreement imposes an early termination fee and also provides for events of default, including failure to repay principal and interest when due and failure to perform or violation of the provisions or covenants of the agreement.

On the Closing Date, the Company drew \$4,100,000 on the Revolving Loan. Of the amount drawn, \$3,721,583 was used to pay the principal amount of \$3,700,000 and accrued interest of \$21,583 due under the Company's Loan Agreement with Capital Preservation Solutions, LLC entered into on September 4, 2015. Capital Preservation Solutions

is controlled by Lance T. Funston, the Chairman of the Board of the Company and Chief Executive Officer. The balance

of the funds drawn were used to pay certain fees and expenses related to entering into the Credit Agreement, with a balance of \$46,032 remitted to the Company.

NOTE 9 - OTHER INCOME

Other income consists of the following:

Three MonthsNine MonthsEnded AugustEnded August 31,

	31,			
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Interest and dividend income	\$41	47	\$49	\$246
Royalty income	3,000	3,000	9,000	9,000
Miscellaneous	1,494	21,227	4,232	23,298
Total Other Income	\$4,535	\$24,274	\$13,281	\$32,544

NOTE 10 - 401(K) PLAN

The Company has a 401(K) Profit Sharing Plan for its employees. The plan requires six months of service in order to be eligible to participate. Employees must be 21 years or older to participate. Employees may make salary reduction contributions up to 25% of compensation not to exceed the federal government limits. The Plan allows for the Company to make discretionary contributions. For all periods to date, the Company did not make any contributions. **NOTE 11 - INCOME TAXES**

CCA and its subsidiaries file a consolidated federal income tax return.

The Company previously adopted the provisions of ASC Subtopic 740-10-25, "Uncertain Tax Positions". Management believes that there were no unrecognized tax benefits, or tax positions that would result in uncertainty regarding the deductions taken, as of August 31, 2016 and August 31, 2015. ASC Subtopic 740-10-25 prescribes a recognition threshold and a measurement attribute for the financial statement recognized, a tax position must be more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities.

The charitable contributions portion of the deferred tax asset and the loss carry forward has \$174,267 and \$8,920,319, respectively, that has been reclassified as a long-term asset, based on an estimate of the amount that will be realizable in periods greater than twelve months from August 31, 2016.

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At August 31, 2016 and November 30, 2016, respectively, the Company had temporary differences arising from the following:

August 31, 2016 Classified As Long-Term Short-Term Deferred Tax Asset Type Amount Asset (Liability)) \$— \$(91,042) Depreciation \$(246,700) \$(91,042) Reserve for bad debts 27,625 10,195 10,195 ____ Reserve for returns 717,651 264,840 264,840 _____ Accrued returns 147,891 54,577 54,577 Reserve for obsolete inventory 331,585 122,367 122,367 ____ Vacation accrual 33,533 12,375 12,375 Bonus obligation unpaid ____ ____ ____ _____ Restructuring costs 429,807 1,164,672 429,807 Charitable contributions 712,387 262,897 88,630 174,267 Section 263A costs 99,723 36,801 36,801 ____ 26,573,562 9,806,619 Loss carry forward 886,300 8,920,319 Net deferred tax asset \$1,905,892 \$9,003,544 \$10,909,436

November 30, 2015

		.0, 2015		
			Classified A	s
Туре	Amount	Deferred Tax	Short-Term Asset	Long-Term Asset (Liability)
Depreciation	\$(250,811)	\$(92,558)	\$—	\$(92,558)
Reserve for bad debts	4,911	1,812	1,812	
Reserve for returns	907,777	335,003	335,003	
Accrued Returns	407,992	150,564	150,564	
Reserve for obsolete inventory	821,259	303,075	303,075	
Vacation accrual	35,955	13,269	13,269	
Bonus obligation unpaid	24,000	8,857	8,857	
Restructuring costs	1,264,218	466,544	466,544	
Charitable contributions	734,643	271,109	86,402	184,707
Section 263A costs	67,129	24,773	24,773	
Loss carry forward	27,022,986	9,972,473	864,023	9,108,450
Net deferred tax asset		\$11,454,921	\$2,254,322	\$9,200,599

Income tax expense (benefit) is made up of the following components:

	Three Mo Ended	onths	Nine Mor	ths Ended
	August	August	August	August 31,
	31, 2016	31, 2015	31, 2016	2015
Continuing Operations				
Current tax - Federal	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
Current tax - State & Local	16,365	(9,165)	21,100	(5,138)
Deferred tax	178,661	142,554	553,189	(728,093)
Tax - Continuing Operations	\$195,026	5\$133,389	\$574,289	\$(733,231)
Discontinued Operations				
Current tax - Federal		_		
Current tax - State & Local		_		
Deferred tax		(73,211)	(7,704)28,558
Tax - Discontinued Operations	\$—	\$(73,211)	\$(7,704)\$28,558

Prepaid and refundable income taxes are made up of the following components:

Prepaid and refundable income taxes	Feder	al State & Total Local
August 31, 2016	\$	-\$52,004 \$52,004
November 30, 2015	\$	-\$70,056 \$70,056

A reconciliation of the provision for income taxes computed at the statutory rate to the effective rate for the three months and nine months ended August 31, 2016, and August 31, 2015 is as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended	
	August 31, 2016		August 31, 2015	
		Percent of		Percent of
	Amount	Pretax	Amount	Pretax
		Income		Income
Continuing Operations				
Provision for income taxes at federal statutory rate	\$175,574	34.00 %	\$104,879	34.00 %
Changes in provision for income taxes resulting from:				
State income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit	14,975	2.90 %	8,946	2.90 %
Non-deductible expenses and other adjustments	4,477	0.87 %	19,564	6.34 %
Provision for income taxes at effective rate	195,026	37.77 %	133,389	43.24 %
Discontinued Operations				
(Benefit from) income taxes at federal statutory rate	\$—	— %	\$(67,457)	34.00 %
Changes in benefit from income taxes resulting from:				
State income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit	_	%	(5,754)	2.90 %
Non-deductible expenses and other adjustments	_	%	_	(3.22)%
(Benefit from) income taxes at effective rate for Discontinued Operations	\$—	%	\$(73,211)	33.68 %
Total Provision for income taxes at effective rate	\$195,026	37.77 %	\$60,178	54.67 %

	Nine Months Ended August 31, 2016		Nine Months Ended	
			August 31	, 2015
	Percent		t	Percent
	Amount	of Pretax Income	Amount	of Pretax Income
Continuing Operations		meenix		meome
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes at federal statutory rate Increases in taxes resulting from:	\$522,103	5 34.00%	%\$(772,616) 34.00 %
State income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit	44,533	2.90 9	% (65,900) 2.90 %
Non-deductible expenses and other adjustments	7,651	0.50 9	% 105,285	(4.63)%
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes at effective rate	574,289		% (733,231) 32.27 %
Discontinued Operations				
(Benefit from) provision for income taxes at federal statutory rate Changes in (benefit from) provision for income taxes resulting from:	\$(7,004)34.009	%\$30,092	34.00 %
State income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit		9	%2,567	2.90 %
Non-deductible expenses and other adjustments	(700)3.40 %	%(4,101) (4.63)%
(Benefit from) provision for income taxes at effective rate	(7,704)37.409	%28,558	32.27 %
Total Provision for (benefit from) income taxes at effective rate	\$566,585	5 37.40%	%\$(704,673) 32.27 %

NOTE 12 - STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

On June 15, 2005, the shareholders approved an amended and Restated Stock Option Plan amending the 2003 Stock Option Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan authorizes the issuance of up to one million shares of common stock (subject to customary adjustments set forth in the plan) pursuant to equity awards, which may take the form of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options restricted shares, stock appreciation rights and/or performance shares. The plan expired in April, 2015. On August 13, 2015, the shareholders approved the 2015 CCA Industries, Inc. Incentive Plan (the "2015 Plan"). The 2015 Plan authorizes the issuance of up to 700,000 shares of common stock (subject to customary adjustments set forth in the plan) pursuant to equity awards, which may take the form of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, stock appreciation rights and/or restricted stock.

On January 1, 2006, the Company adopted ASC Topic 718, "Stock Compensation" which requires an entity to recognize the grant-date fair value of stock options and other equity-based compensation issued to employees in the financial statements.

On December 1, 2015, the Company granted non-qualifed stock options under the Plan for 75,000 shares each to four directors: Sardar Biglari, Philip Cooley, Christopher Hogg and S. David Fineman. All options were granted at \$3.16 per share. The closing price of the Company's stock on the date of grant was \$3.16 per share. The options vest one year from the date of grant. The options expire on November 30, 2020. The Company has estimated the fair value of the options granted to be \$263,550 as of the grant date, which amount shall be amortized as an expense over a one year period beginning December 1, 2015. The fair value of the stock option grants were estimated on the date of the grant using a Black-Scholes valuation model and the assumptions in the following table:

Option Grant DateDecember
1, 2015Assumptions:Risk-free interest rate1.19 %Dividend yield--Stock volatility39.39 %Option Term (years)5.0

On June 22, 2016, The Company granted a non-qualified stock option under the Plan for 75,000 shares to director Linda Shein. The option was granted at \$3.35 per share. The option vests one year from the date of grant. The option expires on June 21, 2021. The Company has estimated the fair value of the option granted to be \$90,075 as of the grant date, which amount shall be amortized as an expense over a one year period beginning June 2016. The Company also granted a total of 130,000 incentive stock options to seven of its employees on the same date at \$3.35 per share. The incentive stock options vest in equal 20% increments commencing June 22, 2017 and for the four subsequent anniversaries of such date. The incentive stock options expire on June 21, 2026. The Company has estimated the fair value of the incentive stock options granted to be \$202,904 as of the grant date, which amount shall be amortized over a five year period beginning June 2016. The fair value of the stock option granted to the director were estimated on the date of the grant using a Black-Scholes valuation model and the assumptions in the following table:

	June
Option Grant Date	22,
	2016
Assumptions:	
Risk-free interest rate	1.20 %
Dividend yield	_
Stock volatility	36.43%
Option Term (years)	5.0

The fair value of the stock options granted to the employees were estimated on the date of the grant using a Black-Scholes valuation model and the assumptions in the following table:

	June
Option Grant Date	22,
_	2016
Assumptions:	
Risk-free interest rate	1.20 %
Dividend yield	_
Stock volatility	36.43%
Option Term (years)	10.0

The Company recorded a charge against earnings in the amount of \$97,707 for the three months ended August 31, 2016 and \$23,897 for the three months ended August 31,\$2,015.00 for all outstanding stock options granted. The Company recorded a charge against earnings in the amount of \$238,684 and 82,536, respectively, for the nine months ended August 31, 2016 and August 31, 2015 for all stock options granted. A summary of stock option activity for the Company is as follows:

	Number	Weighted Average		Weighted-AverageAggregate Remaining Term Intrinsic		
	of	Eve	ercise Price	Remaining Term	Intrinsic	
	Options	Exercise Frice		(years)	Value	
Outstanding at November 30, 2014	137,000	\$	3.40	5.4		
Granted	185,000	\$	3.46	—		
Exercised				—		
Canceled or Forfeited	218,000	\$	3.45	_		
Outstanding at November 30, 2015	104,000	\$	3.42	7.6		
Granted	300,000	\$	3.16	_	_	
Exercised				—		
Canceled or Forfeited				—		
Outstanding at February 29, 2016	404,000	\$	3.23	9.2		
Granted						
Exercised						
Canceled or Forfeited						
Outstanding at May 31, 2016	404,000	\$	3.23	9.0		
Granted	205,000	\$	3.35			
Exercised						
Canceled or Forfeited	49,000	\$	3.48			
Outstanding at August 31, 2016	560,000	\$	3.26	9.4		

NOTE 13 - INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings (loss) per share is calculated using the average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed on the basis of the average number of common shares outstanding plus the effect of outstanding stock options using the "treasury stock method".

	Three Months Ended Nine Months Ended				
	August	August 31,	August	August 31,	
	31, 2016	2015	31, 2016	2015	
Net income (loss) available for common shareholders	\$321,367	\$49,889	\$948,419	\$(1,479,222	2)
Weighted average common shares outstanding-Basic	7,006,684	7,006,684	7,006,684	7,006,684	
Net effect of dilutive stock options	41,327	_	68,209		
Weighted average common shares and common shares equivalents—Diluted	7,048,011	7,006,684	7,074,893	7,006,684	
Earnings (loss) per Share:					
Basic					
Continuing Operations	\$0.05	\$0.02	\$0.14	\$(0.22)
Discontinued Operations	\$—	\$(0.02)	\$—	\$0.01	
Income	\$0.05	\$—	\$0.14	\$(0.21)
Diluted					
Continuing Operations	\$0.05	\$0.02	\$0.14	\$(0.22)
Discontinued Operations	\$—	\$(0.02)	\$—	\$0.01	
Income	\$0.05	\$ <i>—</i>	\$0.14	\$(0.21)

For the three and nine month periods ending August 31, 2016 and 2015 there were 560,000 and 2,204,744 shares, respectively, underlying previously issued stock options and warrants that were excluded from diluted loss per share because the effects of such shares were anti-dilutive.

NOTE 14 - RESTRUCTURING

On January 20, 2014, the Company announced that its Board of Directors had approved management's plan to restructure the Company's operations, and enter into a key business partnership with The Emerson Group, a premier sales and marketing company located in Wayne, Pennsylvania. As part of this change, the Company outsourced to Emerson certain sales and administrative functions effective February 1, 2014. In addition, warehousing and shipping was outsourced to Ozburn-Hessey Logistics "OHL", one of the largest integrated global supply chain management companies in the United States. The Company's inventory was moved to an OHL-managed facility in Indianapolis, Indiana and shipping commenced from there as of the week of February 3, 2014. A key benefit of the outsourcing move is that it shifted a substantial portion of the Company's current fixed costs into a variable cost structure moving forward which can ultimately help keep expenses in better alignment with any future revenue generated by its brands. As a result of the outsourcing, the Company reduced its work force. The Company's workforce as of August 31, 2016 has been reduced to 13 employees. As of August 31, 2016, there were unpaid severance costs of \$1,012,462 which is recorded as an accrued expense on the Company's consolidated balance sheet. As of November 30, 2015, accrued

restructuring costs were \$1,676,781.

The Company made payments of \$152,210 and \$664,319, respectively for the three and nine month periods ending August 31, 2016 related to the termination of employees pursuant to its restructuring plan. The unpaid balance will be paid out during the balance of fiscal 2016 and the first and second guarters of fiscal 2017. In April 2015, the Company moved from its facility at 200 Murray Hill Parkway, East Rutherford, New Jersey to a new facility at 65 Challenger Road, Suite 340, Ridgefield Park, New Jersey. The East Rutherford facility consisted of warehouses and offices totaling approximately 81,000 square feet of space. As a result of the outsourcing to the Emerson Group, the Company had not been using the warehouse space since December 2014. The facility at Ridgefield Park is located in an office building and consists of 7,414 square feet of office and allocated common space with an annual rental cost of \$159,401 per year. In addition, the Company pays an electric charge of \$1.75 per square foot per year. The lease is for five years and four months, commencing April 10, 2015, and contains a provision for four months of rent at no charge. In June 2015, the Company sub-let the East Rutherford facility. The terms of the sublet is for a monthly rent of \$36,963 plus all common charges and utilities for a term of six years and ten and a half months, expiring in May 2022. The sub-lease provides for annual increases of 2% per year. The Company was leasing the East Rutherford facility for \$41,931 per month, with annual increases equal to the change in the consumer price index. The lease expires in May 2022. The Company recorded an expense of \$407,094 in the nine months ended August 31, 2015 as a restructuring charge as an estimate for the difference between the rent that the Company pays its landlord and the rent received from the sub-tenant over the term of the sub-lease. In addition, the Company recorded a restructuring expense of \$155,245 during the same period for a commission to be paid to the real estate agent who negotiated the sub-lease.

The Company also wrote off \$714,138 of leasehold improvements for the East Rutherford facility, \$128,943 of furniture and fixtures no longer needed, and \$56,897 related to the termination of employees, each recorded as a restructuring expense in the nine months ended August 31, 2015. For the nine months ended August 31, 2015, total restructuring charges for the Company was \$1,467,835.

NOTE 15 - DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The Company discontinued the Gel Perfect color nail polish business effective as of May 31, 2014. The Gel Perfect brand had declining sales in fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2014. The brand has been recorded as discontinued operations and are reflected as such in the Company's statement of operations.

The following table summarizes those components of the statement of operations for the discontinued brand, which contains additional returns for the three and nine month periods ending August 31, 2016 and 2015:

	Three Months Ended Six Months Ended			
	Augustust 31	e	e	
	20 26 15	2016	2015	
Revenues:				
Sales of health and beauty-aid products-net	\$-\$(198,402)\$(20,600)	\$ 88,506	
Total revenues	(198,402)(20,600)	88,506	
Costs and Expenses:				
Cost of sales				
Selling, general and administrative expenses		—		
Advertising, cooperative and promotions				
Total expenses		—		
(Loss) income before provision for income taxes	(198,402)(20,600)	88,506	
(Benefit from) provision for income taxes	-(73,211)(7,704)	28,558	
(Loss) income from Discontinued Operations	\$-\$(125,191)\$(12,896)	\$ 59,948	

NOTE 16 - CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

David Edell served as a director during fiscal 2014 until September 5, 2014. Ira Berman is a former director. On September 5, 2014, the Company entered into Separation Agreements with David Edell and Ira Berman, (the "Founders") whereby they are no longer required to perform any consulting services pursuant to their Amended and Restated Employment Agreements. The Company was required per the Separation Agreements to make an additional payment of \$200,000 in the aggregate to the Founders by October 1, 2015 and pay \$794,620 in the aggregate in fifteen equal monthly installments of \$25,000 commencing on October 3, 2014. The Company, Mr. Edell and Mr. Berman agreed to defer the \$200,000 payment until October 1, 2016. In addition, as of August 31, 2016, the Company owed \$45,828 in the aggregate to Mr. Edell and Mr. Berman. This amount will be fully paid in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2016.

On September 5, 2014, the Company entered into a Loan and Security Agreement (the "Agreement") with Capital Preservation Solutions, LLC ("Capital") for a \$5,000,000 working capital line of credit and a term loan for working capital purposes not to exceed \$1,000,000. Capital Preservation Solutions, LLC is owned by Lance Funston, who also is the managing partner of Capital Preservations Holdings, LLC which owns common stock and all of the Company's Class A common stock. Contemporaneously with the signing of the Agreement, the Company issued a Warrant to Purchase Common Stock (the "Warrant") to Capital whereby Capital may acquire upon exercise of the Warrant 1,892,744 shares of the Company's Common Stock. The Warrant may be exercised in whole or in part at any time during the exercise period which is five years from the date of the Warrant. The Warrant bears a purchase price of \$3.17 per share, subject to adjustments. The working capital line of credit and term loan principal balances were repaid on December 4, 2015 (see Note 8 - Debt Agreement for further information) . Interest and amortized financing costs in the amount of \$0 and \$3,085, respectively is recorded on the consolidated statement of operations for the three and nine months ended August 31, 2016 as interest expense to a related party.

The Company entered into an agreement with Funston Media Management ("FMM"), effective December 1, 2015. FMM is owned by Lance Funston, the Company's Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer. The independent members of the Board of Directors approved the agreement. The agreement provides for FMM to plan and act as an agent to provide any television, radio, internet and social media advertising for the Company's brands. Under the terms of the agreement, FMM receives a commission of 10% on all gross media spending for media that was planned or purchased by FMM on behalf of the Company, plus any out-of-pocket expenses. Commissions under

the agreement in the amount of \$37,940 and \$100,424, respectively, is recorded on the consolidated statement of operations for the three and nine months ended August 31, 2016 as an advertising expense. Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS Cautionary Statements Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Our disclosure and analysis in this report contains forward-looking information that involves risks and uncertainties. Our forward-looking statements express our current expectations or forecasts of possible future results or events, including projections of future performance, liquidity, statements of management's plans and objectives, future contracts, and forecasts of trends and other matters. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this filing, and we undertake no obligation to update or revise such statements to reflect new circumstances or unanticipated events as they occur. You can identify these statements by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historic or current facts and often use words such as "anticipate", "estimate", "expect", "believe", "will likely result", "should" "outlook", "plan" "project" and other words and expressions of similar meaning. No assurance can be given that the results in any forward-looking statement will be achieved and actual results could be affected by one or more factors, which could cause them to differ materially. The cautionary statements made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q should be read as being applicable to all forward-looking statements whenever they appear in this report. For these statements, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act. In addition to the information in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, you should carefully consider the risk factors and risks and uncertainties included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2015 and other periodic reports filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

<u>Overview</u>

For the three months ended August 31, 2016, the company had net income from continuing operations of \$321,367, and earnings per share, basic and fully diluted of \$0.05 as compared to net income from continuing operations of \$175,080, and earnings per share, basic and fully diluted of \$0.02 for the same period in fiscal 2015. For the three months ended August 31, 2016, the Company had net income from discontinued operations of \$0, and income per share, basic and fully diluted of \$0.02 for the same period in fiscal 2015. For the three months ended August 31, 2016, the Company had net income from discontinued operations of \$125,191, and losses per share, basic and fully diluted, of \$0.02 for the same period in fiscal 2015. The total net income from continuing and discontinued operations for the three months ended August 31, 2016 was \$321,367 as compared to net income of \$49,889 for the same period ended August 31, 2015. Since the Company decided to discontinue the Gel Perfect brand in the second quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company has shown the results of operations pertaining to the Gel Perfect brand as Discontinued Operations in the Consolidated Statement of Operations for the three and nine months ended August 31, 2016 and August 31, 2015. As of August 31, 2016, the Company had \$8,043,478 in current assets and \$10,446,124 in current liabilities. The Company's credit agreement does not expire until December 2018, however amounts outstanding under the line of credit are classified as a current liability.

The Company continued to reduce personnel as part of its restructuring plan. As of August 31, 2016 the Company had reduced its work force to 13 full-time employees. Severance costs as a result of the reduction in work force are recorded as a restructuring expense. The Company completed its restructuring plan during the third quarter of fiscal 2016.

Operating Results for the Three Months Ended August 31, 2016

For the three months ended August 31, 2016, the Company had total revenues of \$5,041,193 and a net profit from continuing operations of \$321,367 after a provision for tax of \$195,026, and a loss from discontinuing operations of \$0 after a tax benefit of \$0 for a total net income of \$321,367. For the same three month period in 2015, total revenues were \$7,079,673 and net income from continuing operations was \$175,080 after a provision for tax of \$133,389, and a loss from discontinued operations of \$125,191 after a benefit from taxes of \$73,211 for a total net income of \$49,889.

The basic and fully diluted earnings per share from continuing

operations was \$0.05, and \$0.00 per share for discontinued operations for the third quarter of fiscal 2016 as compared to earnings per share of \$0.02 from continuing operations and losses per share of \$0.02 for discontinued operations for the third quarter of fiscal 2015. In accordance with ASC Topic 605-10-S99, "Revenue Recognition", the Company has accounted for certain sales incentives offered to customers by charging them directly to sales as opposed to advertising and promotional expenses. Net sales for the third quarter of fiscal 2016 were reduced by \$583,680, comprised of cooperative advertising recorded as sales incentives of \$576,343, and coupons of \$7,337. This amount was offset by an equal reduction of trade promotional expenses, which were included in the Company's advertising expenses. In the same period of the prior year, net sales were reduced by \$687,477, comprised of cooperative advertising recorded as sales incentives of \$25,315. The \$687,477 was offset by an equal reduction of trade promotional expenses, which were included in the Company's advertising expense. These accounting adjustments under ASC Topic 605-10-S99 do not affect net income (loss). The Company's net sales of health and beauty aid products decreased \$2,018,741 to \$5,036,658 for the three months

The Company's het sales of health and beauty and products decreased \$2,018,741 to \$5,030,658 for the three months ended August 31, 2016 from \$7,055,399 for the three months ended August 31,2,015, a decrease of 28.6%. Sales returns and allowances, not including sales incentives, were 7.0% of gross sales or \$426,017 for the three months ended August 31, 2016 as compared to 6.5% or \$521,475 for the same period last year. Sales incentives consists of co-operative advertising with the Company's retail partners and coupons. Sales incentives were \$583,680, in the third quarter 2016 as compared to \$687,477 for the same period in 2015, a decrease of \$103,797. The decrease in the third quarter of fiscal 2016 was due to lower gross sales. The cost of the coupons issued by the Company was \$7,337 for the third quarter 2016 as compared to \$25,315 for the same period in 2015. The Company uses a national clearing house for the receipt and processing of coupons from our retail partners. The national clearing house renders invoices to the Company on a weekly basis for coupons that they have processed which are recorded as an expense in the period for which the invoice is dated. The Company also records an expense accrual at the end of each period equal to the prior six weeks of invoices rendered based on information from the national clearing house that there is an average lag time of six weeks between the time that the retailer receives the coupon and when the Company receives the invoice. The amount recorded as an expense or an accrual includes the retailer cost of the coupon in addition to any processing charges by the national coupon clearing house. Coupons are issued by the Company to be used with the purchase of specific products, with an expiration date noted on the coupon.

The Company's net sales, by category, for the third quarter 2016 as compared to the same quarter 2015 were:

	Three Months Ended August 31			
	2016		2015	
Category	Net Sales	%TTL	Net Sales	%TTL
Skin Care	\$2,830,852	56.2 %	\$4,013,194	56.9 %
Oral Care	1,751,143	34.8 %	2,002,498	28.4 %
Miscellaneous	(10,865)	(0.2)%	112,859	1.6 %
Nail Care	27,058	0.5 %	611,477	8.7 %
Analgesic	39,487	0.8 %	27,753	0.3 %
Hair		%	166	%
Fragrance	398,983	7.9 %	287,452	4.1 %
Total Continued Operations	\$5,036,658	100 %	\$7,055,399	100.0%

Net sales were affected by the following factors:

Net sales of skin care products decreased \$1,182,342 for the three months ended August 31, 2016, as compared to the same period in 2015. The decrease in net sales was due to decreased gross sales.

Net sales of oral care products decreased \$251,355 for the three months ended August 31, 2016 as compared to the same period in fiscal 2015. Net sales were lower due to the Company focusing the brand on its whitening products rather than toothpaste products in order to achieve longer term growth.

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Net sales of nail care products decreased \$584,419 for the three months ended August 31, 2016 as compared to the same period in fiscal 2015. The net sales decreased due to lower gross sales as a result of decreased distribution and higher returns.

Net sales of the Company's fragrance products increased \$111,531 for the three months ended August 31, 2016, as compared to the same period in fiscal 2015. Gross sales increased due to increased orders from the Company's distributor in the middle east.

Gross profit margins decreased to 54.2% for the three months ended August 31, 2016 from 61.7% for the same period in fiscal 2015. The decrease was primarily due to higher product costs from the Company's contract manufacturers, and higher sales returns of 7.0% for the second quarter 2016 as compared to 6.5% for the same period in 2015. Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended August 31, 2016 were \$1,836,891 as compared to \$2,802,437 for the same period in fiscal2,015, a decrease of \$965,546. The decrease in expenses is comprised of:

Personnel costs decreased approximately \$345,525 in the third quarter of fiscal 2016 as compared to the same period in fiscal 2015 due to the reduction in work force implemented as a result of the restructuring plan.

Decrease in the Emerson fees and freight charges of approximately \$290,359. This decrease is due to lower sales in the third quarter of 2016.

Decrease in selling expenses of \$103,585 primarily due to lower shows and convention costs.

Decrease in legal and accounting expense by approximately \$85,000.

Decreased rent expense of \$55,382 due to the Company moving its offices and sub-leasing out its former facility in East Rutherford, New Jersey.

Deferred compensation costs increased approximately \$73,811. This increase is due to the issuance of stock options to employees and directors of the Company.

Consulting costs increased approximately \$108,518 due to the Company utilizing outside consultants.

The balance of the increase or decrease in expense comprised a number of smaller expense categories.

Advertising, cooperative and promotions expenses for the three months ended August 31, 2016 were \$241,335 as compared to \$836,373 for the three months ended August 31,2,015. The decreased expense of \$595,038 was due to decreased media spending and commercial costs.

Research and development costs decreased to \$9,571 in the third quarter of fiscal 2016 as compared to \$17,710 for the same period in fiscal 2015.

The income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes was \$516,393 for the quarter ended August 31, 2016, and the provision for income tax from continuing operations was \$195,026.

The Company, as previously disclosed, discontinued the Gel Perfect nail color brand in the second quarter of fiscal 2014. Accordingly, the Company has recorded the results of the operations of the brand as discontinued operations in the consolidated statements of operations. The components of discontinued operations for the three months ended August 31, 2016 and 2015 were:

	Three Months Ended August 31 ^{August} 31, 2015 2016
Revenues:	
Sales of health and beauty-aid products-net	\$-\$(198,402)
Total revenues	—(198,402)
Costs and Expenses:	
Cost of sales	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	
Advertising, cooperative and promotions	
Total expenses	
Loss before provision for income taxes	-(198,402)
Benefit from income taxes	—(73,211)
Loss from Discontinued Operations	\$-\$(125,191)

The provision for income tax had an effective rate for the third quarter of fiscal 2016 of 37.8% as compared to an effective rate of 43.2% of the net income before tax for the same period in fiscal 2015.

OPERATING RESULTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

For the nine months ended August 31, 2016, the Company had total revenues of \$15,405,388 and a net income from continuing operations of \$961,315 after a tax provision of \$574,289. For the same nine month period in 2015, total revenues were \$20,707,422 and the net loss from continuing operations was \$1,539,170 after a tax benefit of \$733,231. The basic and fully diluted earnings per share from continuing operations was \$0.14 for the first nine months ended August 31, 2016 as compared to a loss of \$0.22 per share for the first nine months of fiscal 2015. In accordance with ASC Topic 605-10-S99, "Revenue Recognition", the Company has accounted for certain sales incentives offered to customers by charging them directly to sales as opposed to advertising and promotional expenses. Net sales for the nine months ended August 31, 2016 were reduced by \$1,410,945 and offset by an equal reduction of trade promotional expenses, which were included in the Company's advertising expense. In the same period of the prior year, net sales were reduced by \$1,918,639 and trade promotion was offset by an equal reduction of that amount. These accounting adjustments under ASC Topic 605-10-S99 do not affect net income (loss). In the first nine months of fiscal 2016, the Company wrote-off co-operative advertising contracts of \$300,000, and in the same period in fiscal 2015 wrote-off \$444,109. The adjustment made in the first nine months of fiscal 2016 was for write-offs to close out cooperative advertising from fiscal year 2013 that the Company determined would not be utilized. The adjustment made in fiscal 2015 was to write-off open 2012 co-operative advertising contracts that were not utilized.

The Company's net sales of health and beauty aid products decreased \$5,282,771 to \$15,392,107 for the nine months ended August 31, 2016 from \$20,674,878 for the same period in fiscal 2015, a decrease of 25.6%. Included in net sales are the cost of sales incentives which consist of co-operative advertising with the Company's retail partners and coupons. The amount of cooperative advertising included in sales incentives decreased by \$547,724 to \$1,370,915 in the nine months ended August 31, 2016 as compared to \$1,918,639 in the same period in 2015. The cost of the coupons issued by the Company was \$40,030 for the nine months ended August 31, 2016 as compared to \$1,918,639 in the receipt and processing of coupons from our retail partners. The national clearing house renders invoices to the Company on a weekly basis for coupons that they have processed which are recorded as an expense in the period for which the invoice is dated. The Company also records an expense accrual at the end of each period equal to the prior six weeks of invoices rendered based on information from the national clearing house that there is an average lag time of six weeks between the time that the retailer receives the coupon and when the Company receives the invoice. The amount recorded as an expense or an accrual includes the retailer cost of the coupon in addition to any processing charges by the national coupon clearing

house. Coupons are

issued by the Company to be used with the purchase of specific products, with an expiration date noted on the coupon. The Company's net sales by category for the nine months ended August 31, 2016 as compared to the same period in 2015 were:

	Nine Months Ended August 31,				
	2016		2015		
Category	Net Sales	%TTL	Net Sales	%TTI	_
Skin Care	\$8,597,187	55.9%	\$10,764,365	52.1	%
Oral Care	5,632,018	36.6%	6,736,275	32.6	%
Miscellaneous	200,234	1.3 %	249,209	1.2	%
Nail Care	213,026	1.4 %	2,150,889	10.4	%
Analgesic	342,801	2.2 %	130,780	0.6	%
Hair		%	(502)		%
Fragrance	406,841	2.6 %	643,862	3.1	%
Total Continued Operations	\$15,392,107	100 %	\$20,674,878	100.0	%

The following were factors that affected net sales for the nine months ended August 31, 2016:

Net sales of skin care products decreased \$2,167,178 for the nine months ended August 31, 2016, as compared to the same period in fiscal 2015 due to lower sales.

Net sales of oral care products decreased \$1,104,257 for the nine months ended August 31, 2016, as compared to the same period in fiscal 2015 due to lower gross sales. Gross sales were lower on toothpaste products as the Company has focused its efforts on its whitening products.

Net sales of nail care products decreased \$1,937,863 for the nine months ended August 31, 2016, as compared to the same period in fiscal 2015. The net sales decreased due to lower gross sales as a result of decreased distribution and higher returns.

Net sales of the Company's fragrance products decreased \$237,021 for the nine months ended August 31, 2016, as compared to the same period in fiscal 2015. Gross sales were lower due to the timing of orders placed over the course of the year.

	Nine Month Ended August 31,		
	2016	2015	
Sales of health and beauty aid products - Net	\$15,392,107	\$20,674,878	
Cost of Sales	6,245,909	7,942,917	
Gross Margin	\$9,146,198	\$12,731,961	
	59.4 %	61.6 %	

The gross margin percentage for the nine months ended August 31, 2016 decreased to 59.4%, as compared to 61.6% for the same period in 2015. The decrease was primarily due to higher costs from the Company's contract manufacturers.

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased to \$5,860,150 for the nine months ended August 31, 2016 as compared to \$8,934,651 for the same period in 2015, or a decrease of \$3,074,501. The following factors contributed to the decrease:

Selling expenses decreased approximately \$156,765 in the nine months ended August 31, 2016 as compared to the same period in fiscal 2015. The decrease was due to the Company outsourcing some of it sales efforts to the Emerson Group.

Personnel costs decreased approximately \$1,465,492 in the nine months ended August 31, 2016 as compared to the same period in fiscal 2015 due to the reduction in work force implemented as a result of outsourcing and the Company's restructuring plan.

Warehousing and freight costs decreased \$384,453 in the nine months ended August 31, 2016 as compared to the same period in fiscal 2015 as a result of decreased gross sales.

Rent and related expenses decreased approximately \$798,911 in the nine months ended August 31, 2016 as compared to the same period in fiscal 2015. The decrease is due to the difference in rent costs between the Company's old facility in East Rutherford, New Jersey as compared to the new facility in Ridgefield Park, New Jersey (see Note 14 - Restructuring for further information regarding the facility move).

The balance of the increase or decrease in expense comprised a number of smaller expense categories.

Advertising expense was \$1,219,353 for the nine months ended August 31, 2016 as compared to \$3,286,204 for the same period in fiscal 2015. The advertising expense decrease of \$2,066,851 was due to lower media spend and commercial costs as a result of the Company having a more focused advertising effort.

The income before provision for income taxes was \$1,535,604 for the nine months ended August 31, 2016 from continuing operations. The provision for income tax from continuing operations was \$574,289. The loss before benefit for income tax was \$2,272,401 for the nine month ended August 31, 2015 from continuing operations, and the benefit from income tax from continuing operations was \$733,231.

The Company, as previously disclosed, has discontinued the Gel Perfect nail color brand, and accordingly has recorded the results of the operations of that brand as discontinued operations in the consolidated statements of operations. The loss before benefit from income taxes was \$20,600 for the nine months ended August 31, 2016 from discontinued operations, and the benefit from income tax was \$7,704. The components of discontinued operations for the nine months ended August 31, 2016 and 2015 were:

	Nine Months Ended	
	August 31,	
	2016	2015
Revenues:		
Sales of health and beauty-aid products-net	\$(20,600)	\$88,506
Total revenues	(20,600)	88,506
Costs and Expenses:		
Cost of sales		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	—	
Advertising, cooperative and promotions	—	
Total expenses		
Loss before provision for income taxes	(20,600)	88,506
Benefit from income taxes	\$(7,704)	28,558
Loss from Discontinued Operations	\$(12,896)	\$59,948

The effective tax rate for the nine months ended August 31, 2016 was 37.4% versus 32.3% for the same period in fiscal 2015. The difference in the tax rate was due to changes in the permanent tax differences that the Company recorded in the first nine months of fiscal 2016.

Financial Position as of August 31, 2016

As of August 31, 2016, the Company had working capital of \$(2,402,646) as compared to \$(2,474,868) as of the year ended November 30, 2015. The ratio of total current assets to current liabilities is 0.8 to 1.0 as of August 31, 2016, as compared to 0.8 to 1.0 as of November 30, 2015. The Company's cash position at August 31, 2016 was \$575,588, as compared to \$509,884 as of November 30, 2015. As of August 31, 2016, there were no dividends declared but not paid.

Accounts receivable as of August 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015 were \$2,140,770 and \$2,112,055, respectively. Included in net accounts receivable are an allowance for doubtful accounts, a reserve for returns and allowances and a reduction based on an estimate of cooperative advertising that will be taken as credit against payments. The allowance for doubtful accounts was \$27,265 and \$4,911 for August 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, respectively. The allowance for doubtful accounts is a combination of specific and general reserve amounts relating to accounts receivable. The general reserve is calculated based on historical percentages applied to aged accounts receivable and the specific reserve is established and revised based on individual customer circumstances.

The reserve for returns and allowances is based on the historical returns as a percentage of sales in the three preceding months and a specific reserve based on customer circumstances and product lines. This allowance decreased to \$865,542 as of August 31, 2016 from \$1,315,769 as of November 30, 2015. The decrease was due to lower returns experience over the past three months. Of this amount, allowances and reserves of \$147,891 as of August 31, 2016, which are anticipated to be deducted from future invoices, are included in accrued liabilities.

Gross receivables were further reduced by \$516,605 as of August 31, 2016, which was reclassified from accrued liabilities, as an estimate of the co-operative advertising that will be taken as a credit against current accounts receivable balances. In addition, accrued liabilities include \$2,067,788, which is an estimate of co-operative advertising expense which are anticipated to be deducted from future invoices rather than current accounts receivable. Inventories were \$2,943,198 and \$3,236,802, as of August 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, respectively. The reserve for inventory obsolescence is based on a detailed analysis of inventory movement. The inventory obsolescence reserve decreased to \$331,585 as of August 31, 2016 from \$821,259 as of November 30, 2015. This decrease was primarily due to close out sales and the disposal of obsolete inventory during the nine months of fiscal 2016. Changes to the inventory obsolescence reserves are recorded as an increase or decrease to cost of sales.

Prepaid expenses and sundry receivables decreased to \$426,026 as of August 31, 2016 from \$697,097 as of November 30, 2015 in the normal course of business.

Prepaid and refundable income taxes decreased to \$52,004 as of August 31, 2016, from \$70,056 as of November 30, 2015 .

The amount of deferred income tax reflected as a current asset decreased to \$1,905,892 as of August 31, 2016 from \$2,254,322 as of November 30, 2015. The \$348,430 decrease was primarily due to changes in temporary differences reflected in short term deferred tax assets including a decrease in accrued restructuring expense and a decrease in the carry forward loss due to the income before tax earned during fiscal 2016. The amount of deferred income tax recorded as a non-current asset was \$9,003,544 as of August 31, 2016. Deferred taxes that the Company estimates will be realized in periods beyond the next twelve months are recorded as a non-current asset.

The Company's investment in property and equipment consisted mostly of leasehold improvements, office furniture and equipment, and computer hardware and software to accommodate our personnel in addition to tools and dies used in the manufacturing process. The Company acquired \$103,745 of additional property and equipment during the first nine months of fiscal 2016, primarily related to its new computer system.

Current liabilities are \$10,446,124 and \$11,355,084, as of August 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015 respectively. Current liabilities at August 31, 2016 consisted of accounts payable and accrued liabilities and short-term capital lease obligations. As of August 31, 2016, there was \$2,584,393 of open cooperative advertising commitments, of which \$759,467 is from 2016, \$654,648 is from 2015, \$881,111 is from 2014 and \$289,167 from 2013. Of the total amount of \$2,584,393, \$516,605 is reflected as a reduction of gross accounts receivables, and \$2,067,788 is recorded as an accrued expense. Cooperative advertising is advertising that is run by the retailers in which the Company shares in part of the cost. If it becomes apparent that this cooperative advertising was not utilized, the unclaimed cooperative advertising will be offset against the expense during the fiscal year in which it is determined that it did not run. This procedure is consistent with the prior year's methodology with regard to the accrual of unsupported cooperative advertising commitments.

The Company's long-term obligations is a portion of its capitalized leases, which is for certain office and warehouse equipment, long term accrued liabilities and a security deposit received from the sub-tenant of the Company's former facility in East Rutherford, New Jersey. The long term accrued liabilities, which consisted primarily of accrued severance costs as a result of the Company's restructuring plan, decreased to \$278,665 as of August 31, 2016 as compared to \$1,242,282 as of November 30, 2015 due to payments made.

Stockholders' equity increased to \$7,576,244 as of August 31, 2016 from \$6,389,141 as of November 30, 2015. The increase was due to increases in retained earnings as a result of the net income in the first three quarters of fiscal 2016 and increases in additional paid-in capital. The Company issued stock options to the board of directors and employees during fiscal 2016. The Company had previously issued options in fiscal 2014 and 2015. The fair value of the stock option grants were estimated on the date of the grant using a Black-Scholes valuation model. As a result, \$238,684 was recorded as a deferred compensation expense in the first nine months of fiscal 2016 and additional paid-in capital was increased by the same amount (See note 12, Stock Based Compensation for further information).

The Company's cash flow had \$409,637 provided by operating activities during the nine months of fiscal 2016, as compared to \$1,913,904 that was used in operating activities during the same period in fiscal 2015. The positive cash flow from operations for the first nine months of fiscal 2016 as compared to the same period in fiscal 2015 was due to the following:

Higher net income of \$948,419 in the first nine months of fiscal 2016 as compared to a loss of \$1,479,222 for the same period in fiscal 2015.

There was an increase in accounts receivable which decreased cash provided of \$51,430 during the nine months of fiscal 2016 as compared to a utilization of cash due to the \$1,679,535 increase in accounts receivable during the nine months of fiscal 2015.

The increases provision of cash was offset partially by accounts payable and accrued liabilities decreasing \$2,035,000 during the first three quarters of fiscal 2016, utilizing cash, as compared to a decrease of \$1,470,576 during the first three quarters of fiscal 2015.

The Company's reduction in accounts payable and accrued liabilities included payments of severance to employees of \$664,319 that were recorded in prior periods as restructuring expense, payments of \$112,500 each to David Edell and Ira Berman, the expense of which was recorded in fiscal 2014 (see Note 16 - Certain Relationships and Related Transaction for more information regarding Edell and Berman) and payments for advertising expenses incurred in fiscal 2015 for which the Company has payment plans with the media companies.

Net cash used by investing activities was \$103,245 for the first nine months of fiscal 2016 was primarily for the cost of the Company's new accounting system, as compared to \$106,398 during the same period in fiscal 2015. Net cash used by financing activities during the first nine months of fiscal 2016 was \$240,689 as compared to cash provided of \$2,095,579 for the same period in fiscal 2015. Included in financing activities was deferred financing fees paid of \$387,559 as a result of the Company's debt financing (See Note 8 - Debt Agreement for further information regarding the financing).

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity is defined as the ability to generate adequate amounts of cash to meet short-term and long-term business needs. We assess our liquidity in terms of our total cash flow and the amounts of cash, short-term and long-term marketable securities on hand. Significant factors that could affect our liquidity include the following:

Cash flow generated or used by operating activities

Payments of restructuring and related expenses

Inability to receive favorable credit terms from the Company's vendors

Large product returns from customers which are deducted from cash remittances

Our primary capital needs are working capital requirements for the purchase of inventory and to support increases in accounts receivable. As of August 31, 2016, the Company had cash of \$575,588. The Company's long term liabilities as of August 31, 2016 were capital lease obligations of \$647 and a security deposit received from the sub-tenant of the Company's former facility of \$147,853. The Company had borrowings against its line of credit of \$3,868,296 as of August 31, 2016. The Company believes that it has sufficient resources to funds its operations over the next twelve months.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Our consolidated financial statements include the use of estimates, which management believes are reasonable. The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accounting estimates and assumptions are those management considers to be most critical to the financial statements because they inherently involve significant judgment and uncertainties. All of these estimates and assumptions reflect management's best judgment about current economic and market conditions and their effects on the information available as of the date of the consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

An accounting estimate is deemed to be critical if it is reasonably possible that a subsequent correction could have a material effect on future operating results or financial condition. The following are estimates that management has deemed to be critical:

1 - Reserve for Returns—The allowances and reserves which are anticipated to be deducted from future invoices are included in accrued liabilities. The estimated reserve is based in part on historical returns as a percentage of gross sales. The current estimated return rate is 3.7% of gross sales. Management estimates that the returns received will be disposed of. Any changes in this accrued liability are recorded as a debit or credit to the reserve for returns and allowances account.

2 - Allowance for Doubtful Accounts – The allowance for doubtful accounts is an estimate of the loss that could be incurred if our customers do not make required payments. Trade receivables are periodically evaluated by management for collectability based on past credit history with customers and their current financial condition. Changes in the estimated collectability of trade receivables are recorded in the results of operations for the period in which the estimate is revised. Estimates are made based on specific disputes and additional reserves for bad debt based on the accounts receivable aging ranging from 0.35% for invoices currently due to 2.00% for invoices more than ninety-one days overdue. Trade receivables that are deemed uncollectible are offset against the allowance for uncollectible accounts. The Company generally does not require collateral for trade receivables.

3 - Inventory Obsolescence Reserve – Management reviews the inventory records on a monthly basis. Management deems to be obsolete finished good items that are no longer being sold, and have no possibility of sale within the ensuing twelve months. Components and raw materials are deemed to be obsolete if management has no planned usage of those items within the ensuing twelve months. In addition, management conducts periodic testing of inventory to make sure that the value reflects the lower of cost or market. If the value is below market, a provision is made within the inventory obsolescence reserve. This reserve is adjusted monthly, with changes recorded as part of cost of sales in the results of operations.

4 - Deferred Taxes - The deferred taxes are an estimate of the future tax consequences attributable to the temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities as recorded on the Company's financial statements and the carrying amounts as reflected on the Company's income tax return. In addition, the portion of charitable contributions that cannot be deducted in the current period and are carried forward to future periods are also reflected in the deferred tax assets. A substantial portion of the deferred tax asset is due to the loss incurred in fiscal 2015 and prior years, the benefit of which will be carried forward into future tax years. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are valued using the tax rates expected to apply in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion, or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. The Company has begun to reduce the deferred tax assets due to the net income in the first nine months of fiscal 2016. Management has estimated that it will utilize the entire deferred tax asset in future years based on anticipated future profitability. However, anticipated future profitability may be impacted if the Company's sales decrease from current levels or due to other factors discussed under Item 1A - Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 29, 2016 for the year ended November 30, 2015. The portion that management expects to utilize in fiscal 2016 is recorded as a short term asset, and the portion that management expects to utilize in fiscal years subsequent to fiscal 2016 is recorded as a long term asset.

5 - Co-operative Advertising Reserve – The co-operative advertising reserve is an estimate of the amount of the liability for the co-operative advertising agreements with the Company's customers. A portion of the reserve that is estimated to be deducted from future payments is a direct reduction of accounts receivable. The portion that the Company estimates to be deducted from future invoices rather than current accounts receivable is recorded as an accrued expense. Management reviews the co-operative advertising agreements for the current fiscal year with its customers on a monthly basis and adjusts them based on actual co-operative advertising events. The Company maintains an open liability for co-operative advertising contracts for which a customer has not claimed a deduction for the three years prior to the current fiscal year. Management evaluates the open liability for the prior three years on a monthly basis to determine if the liability continues to exist. Changes to the reserve are charged as a current period expense.

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company has established disclosure controls and procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and is accumulated and communicated to management, including the principal executive officer (our Chief Executive Officer) and principal financial officer (our Chief Financial Officer), to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Notwithstanding the foregoing, there can be no assurance that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures will detect or uncover all failures of persons within the Company to disclose material information otherwise required to be set forth in the Company's periodic reports. There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of disclosure controls and procedures, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of the controls and procedures. Accordingly, even effective disclosure controls and procedures can only provide reasonable, not absolute, assurance of achieving their control objectives. An evaluation was performed under the supervision of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in the Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that, as of August 31, 2016 the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level to ensure that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarterly period ended August 31, 2016 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control overall financial reporting.

PART II

Item 6. EXHIBITS

In reviewing the agreements included as exhibits to this Form 10-Q, please remember that they are included to provide you with information regarding their terms and are not intended to provide any other factual or disclosure information about the Company or the other parties to the agreements. The agreements may contain representations and warranties by each of the parties to the applicable agreement. These representations and warranties have been made solely for the benefit of the parties to the applicable agreement and:

should not in all instances be treated as categorical statements of fact, but rather as a way of allocating the risk to one of the parties if those statements prove to be inaccurate;

have been qualified by disclosures that were made to the other party in connection with the negotiation of the applicable agreement, which disclosures are not necessarily reflected in the agreement;

may apply standards of materiality in a way that is different from what may be viewed as material to you or other investors; and

were made only as of the date of the applicable agreement or such other date or dates as may be specified in the agreement and are subject to more recent developments.

Accordingly, these representations and warranties may not describe the actual state of affairs as of the date they were made or at any other time. Additional information about the Company may be found elsewhere in this Form 10-Q and the Company's other public filings, which are available without charge through the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov.

The following exhibits are included as part of this report:

TABLE OF CONTENTS CCA INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Exhibit No. Description

31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.Def	Definition Linkbase Document
101.Pre	Presentation Linkbase Document
101.Lab	Labels Linkbase Document
101.Cal	Calculation Linkbase Document
101.Sch	Schema Document
101 1	Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data H

101.Ins Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized. Date: October 14, 2016

CCA INDUSTRIES, INC.

By: /s/ STEPHEN A. HEIT Stephen A. Heit Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer, and duly authorized signatory on behalf of Registrant