LINCOLN ELECTRIC HOLDINGS INC Form 10-Q April 25, 2014 <u>Table of Contents</u>

| UNITED STATES | |
|---|---|
| SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION | |
| Washington, D.C. 20549 | |
| FORM 10-Q | |
| | 3 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF |
| 1934 | |
| For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014 | |
| or | |
| | 3 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF |
| 1934 | |
| For the transition period from to | |
| Commission File Number: 0-1402 | |
| | |
| LINCOLN ELECTRIC HOLDINGS, INC. | |
| (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) | |
| Ohio | 34-1860551 |
| (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or | |
| organization) | (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) |
| organization) | |
| 22801 St. Clair Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio | 44117 |
| (Address of principal executive offices) | (Zip Code) |
| (216) 481-8100 | |
| (Registrant's telephone number, including area code) | |
| Not applicable | |
| (Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if c | hanged since last report) |
| | unged one instruction of |
| Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed | d all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the |
| Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 | |
| required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to s | |
| 90 days. Yes x No o | |
| | |
| Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitt | ed electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if |
| any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted a | |
| | s (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required |
| to submit and post such files). | , (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required |
| Yes x No o | |
| 105 X 110 0 | |
| Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large ad | ccelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, |
| • | arge accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "small reporting |
| company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. | age accelerated mer, accelerated mer and small reporting |
| Large accelerated filer x | Accelerated filer o |
| Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller report | |
| the accelerated mer of bo not check if a smaller report | |
| Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell co | ompany (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). |

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common shares as of March 31, 2014 was 80,425,365.

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| | Certification of the Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive | <u>0 1</u> |
| EX-31.1 | Officer) pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. | |
| | Certification of the Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer | |
| EX-31.2 | (Principal Financial Officer) pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of | |
| | 1934. | |
| | Certification of the Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive | |
| EX 22.1 | Officer) and Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal | |
| EX-32.1 | Financial Officer) pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 | |
| | of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. | |
| EX-101 | Instance Document | |
| EX-101 | Schema Document | |
| EX-101 | Calculation Linkbase Document | |
| EX-101 | Label Linkbase Document | |
| EX-101 | Presentation Linkbase Document | |
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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LINCOLN ELECTRIC HOLDINGS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED) (In thousands, except per share amounts)

| | Three Months I | Ended March 31, |
|--|----------------|-----------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| Net sales | \$685,062 | \$718,573 |
| Cost of goods sold | 458,726 | 492,001 |
| Gross profit | 226,336 | 226,572 |
| Selling, general & administrative expenses | 145,915 | 136,891 |
| Rationalization and asset impairment (gains) charges | (17) | 1,051 |
| Operating income | 80,438 | 88,630 |
| Other income (expense): | | |
| Interest income | 914 | 1,026 |
| Equity earnings in affiliates | 1,561 | 1,259 |
| Other income | 1,083 | 714 |
| Interest expense | (1,570) | (950) |
| Total other income | 1,988 | 2,049 |
| Income before income taxes | 82,426 | 90,679 |
| Income taxes | 26,002 | 23,836 |
| Net income including non-controlling interests | 56,424 | 66,843 |
| Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries' (loss) earnings | (29) | 37 |
| Net income | \$56,453 | \$66,806 |
| Basic earnings per share | \$0.70 | \$0.81 |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$0.69 | \$0.80 |
| Cash dividends declared per share | \$0.23 | \$0.20 |
| | | |

See notes to these consolidated financial statements.

LINCOLN ELECTRIC HOLDINGS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED) (In thousands)

| | Three Mor | ths Ended Marc | ch |
|---|-----------|----------------|----|
| | 31, | | |
| | 2014 | 2013 | |
| Net income including non-controlling interests | \$56,424 | \$66,843 | |
| Other comprehensive loss, net of tax: | | | |
| Unrealized (loss) gain on derivatives designated and qualifying as cash flow hedges, net of tax of \$94 and \$(113) in the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 | (421 |) 602 | |
| Defined benefit pension plan activity, net of tax of \$1,838 and \$3,068 in the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 | 2,544 | 5,105 | |
| Currency translation adjustment | (12,358 |) (14,239 |) |
| Other comprehensive loss: | (10,235 |) (8,532 |) |
| Comprehensive income | 46,189 | 58,311 | |
| Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests | 652 | 150 | |
| Comprehensive income attributable to shareholders | \$45,537 | \$58,161 | |
| See notes to these consolidated financial statements | | | |

See notes to these consolidated financial statements.

LINCOLN ELECTRIC HOLDINGS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands)

| | March 31, 2014 (UNAUDITED) | December 31, 2013 (NOTE 1) |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current Assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$205,387 | \$299,825 |
| Accounts receivable (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$8,365 in 2014; \$8,398 in 2013) | 405,675 | 367,134 |
| Inventories: | | |
| Raw materials | 103,913 | 112,478 |
| Work-in-process | 39,868 | 38,963 |
| Finished goods | 219,773 | 198,522 |
| Total inventory | 363,554 | 349,963 |
| Other current assets | 110,329 | 113,853 |
| Total Current Assets | 1,084,945 | 1,130,775 |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | | |
| Land | 48,316 | 48,369 |
| Buildings | 375,041 | 373,373 |
| Machinery and equipment | 724,295 | 723,715 |
| | 1,147,652 | 1,145,457 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | 668,365 | 661,452 |
| Property, Plant and Equipment, Net | 479,287 | 484,005 |
| Non-current assets | 549,744 | 537,087 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$2,113,976 | \$2,151,867 |
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | |
| Current Liabilities | | |
| Amounts due banks | \$6,912 | \$14,581 |
| Trade accounts payable | 199,739 | 212,799 |
| Other current liabilities | 224,870 | 228,822 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 391 | 715 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 431,912 | 456,917 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 431,912 | 430,917 |
| Long-Term Liabilities | | |
| Long-term debt, less current portion | 2,678 | 3,791 |
| Accrued pensions | 24,260 | 26,999 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 143,013 | 133,472 |
| Total Long-Term Liabilities | 169,951 | 164,262 |
| Shareholders' Equity | | |
| Common shares | 9,858 | 9,858 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 244,824 | 240,519 |
| Retained earnings | 1,946,414 | 1,908,462 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | | (151,941 |
| ······································ | (| (|

)

| Treasury shares | (530,082) | (480,296 |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Total Shareholders' Equity | 1,508,157 | 1,526,602 |
| Non-controlling interests | 3,956 | 4,086 |
| Total Equity | 1,512,113 | 1,530,688 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | \$2,113,976 | \$2,151,867 |

See notes to these consolidated financial statements.

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LINCOLN ELECTRIC HOLDINGS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (In thousands)

| (In thousands) | | |
|--|----------|--------------------|
| | | ns Ended March 31, |
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Net income | \$56,453 | \$66,806 |
| Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries' (loss) earnings | (29 |) 37 |
| Net income including non-controlling interests | 56,424 | 66,843 |
| Adjustments to reconcile Net income including non-controlling interests to Net cash provided (used) by operating activities: | | |
| Rationalization and asset impairment (gains) charges | (35 |) 114 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 17,931 | 17,397 |
| Equity earnings in affiliates, net | (796 |) (436) |
| Deferred income taxes | 3,726 | 13,237 |
| Stock-based compensation | 2,293 | 2,468 |
| Pension expense | 2,800 | 7,615 |
| Pension contributions and payments | (22,081 |) (55,321) |
| Foreign exchange loss (gain) | 18,150 | (1,162) |
| Other, net | (185 |) (198) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions: | (|) () |
| Increase in accounts receivable | (43,885 |) (66,585) |
| Increase in inventories | (15,157 |) (16,334) |
| (Increase) decrease in other current assets | (1,420 |) 3,654 |
| (Decrease) increase in trade accounts payable | (12,108 |) 8,268 |
| Increase in other current liabilities | 6,967 | 528 |
| Net change in other long-term assets and liabilities | 1,007 | (236) |
| NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES | 13,631 | (20,148) |
| | , | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Capital expenditures | (14,506 |) (15,138) |
| Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired | (892 |) (549) |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment | 1,066 | 105 |
| Other investing activities | 573 | _ |
| NET CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES | (13,759 |) (15,582) |
| | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Proceeds from short-term borrowings | 1,018 | 390 |
| Payments on short-term borrowings | (8,229 |) (1,455) |
| Amounts due banks, net | 590 | (280) |
| Payments on long-term borrowings | (1,435 |) (147) |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | 2,956 | 9,658 |
| Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation | 1,652 | 3,989 |
| Purchase of shares for treasury | (51,021 |) (12,780) |
| Cash dividends paid to shareholders | (18,623 |) — |
| Transactions with non-controlling interests | (2,330 |) — |
| NET CASH USED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES | (75,422 |) (625) |
| | | |

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|--|-------------|-----------|---|
| Effect of exchange rate changes on Cash and cash equivalents DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | (18,888 |) (1,654 |) |
| | (94,438 |) (38,009 |) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 299,825 | 286,464 | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD | \$205,387 | \$248,455 | |
| 6 | | | |

Table of Contents LINCOLN ELECTRIC HOLDINGS, INC. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts

NOTE 1 — BASIS OF PRESENTATION

As used in this report, the term "Company," except as otherwise indicated by the context, means Lincoln Electric Holdings, Inc. and its wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries for which it has a controlling interest. The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, these unaudited consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. However, in the opinion of management, these unaudited consolidated financial statements contain all the adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2014.

The accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2013 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year financial statements to conform to current year classifications.

Venezuela — Highly Inflationary Economy

Venezuela is a highly inflationary economy under GAAP. As a result, the financial statements of the Company's Venezuelan operation are reported under highly inflationary accounting rules as of January 1, 2010. Under highly inflationary accounting, the financial statements of the Company's Venezuelan operation have been remeasured into the Company's reporting currency and exchange gains and losses from the remeasurement of monetary assets and liabilities are reflected in current earnings. On February 8, 2013, the Venezuelan government announced the devaluation of its currency relative to the U.S. dollar. Effective February 13, 2013, the official rate moved from 4.3 to 6.3 bolivars to the U.S. dollar. During the three months ended March 31, 2013, the devaluation of the bolivar resulted in a foreign currency transaction loss of \$8,081 in Selling, general & administrative expenses and higher Cost of goods sold of \$1,579 due to the liquidation of inventory valued at the historical exchange rate.

In January 2014, the Venezuela government announced the formation of the National Center of Foreign Trade ("CENCOEX") to replace the Commission for the Administration of Currency Exchange ("CADIVI"). Effective January 24, 2014, the exchange rate applicable to the settlement of certain transactions through CENCOEX, including payments of dividends and royalties, changed to utilize the Complementary System of Foreign Currency Administration ("SICAD") auction-based exchange rate (the "SICAD I rate") as opposed to the official rate. In February 2014, the government announced a new market based foreign exchange system, the SICAD II. The exchange rate established through SICAD II fluctuates daily and is significantly higher than both the official rate and the SICAD I rate.

While there remains considerable uncertainty as to the nature and volume of transactions that will flow through the various currency exchange mechanisms, the Company has determined that the SICAD I rate is the most appropriate exchange rate for the Company to utilize in remeasuring the Venezuelan operation's financial statements into U.S. dollars. This determination was made as a result of the Company's assertion as of March 31, 2014 that any future remittances for dividend payments could be transacted at the SICAD I rate. As of March 31, 2014, the SICAD I rate was 10.7 bolivars to the U.S. dollar, which resulted in a remeasurement loss on the bolivar-denominated monetary net asset position of \$17,665 which was recorded in Selling, general & administrative expenses in the three months ended March 31, 2014. Additionally, the Company expects higher Cost of goods sold of \$3,468 during the second quarter of 2014, due to the liquidation of inventory valued at the historical exchange rate. As previously discussed, the SICAD I rate is determined by periodic auctions and therefore the rate is likely to fluctuate in future periods which may result

in additional losses or gains on a remeasurement of the bolivar-denominated monetary net asset position. Future impacts to earnings of applying highly inflationary accounting for Venezuela on the Company's consolidated financial statements will be dependent upon the applied currency exchange mechanisms, the movements in the applicable exchange rates between the bolivar and the U.S. dollar and the amount of monetary assets and liabilities included in the Company's Venezuelan operation's balance sheet. The bolivar-denominated monetary net asset position was \$25,294 at March 31, 2014, including \$23,936 of cash and cash equivalents and \$38,633 at December 31, 2013, including \$50,642 of cash and cash equivalents.

Table of Contents LINCOLN ELECTRIC HOLDINGS, INC. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts

NOTE 2 — EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

| | Three Months Ended March 31 | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|--|
| | 2014 | 2013 | |
| Numerator: | | | |
| Net income | \$56,453 | \$66,806 | |
| Denominator: | | | |
| Basic weighted average shares outstanding | 80,648 | 82,719 | |
| Effect of dilutive securities - Stock options and awards | 968 | 1,067 | |
| Diluted weighted average shares outstanding | 81,616 | 83,786 | |
| Basic earnings per share | \$0.70 | \$0.81 | |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$0.69 | \$0.80 | |
| For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, common shares subject | to equity based awa | ords of 263 415 and | |

For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, common shares subject to equity-based awards of 263,415 and 392,390, respectively, were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share because the effect of their exercise would be anti-dilutive.

NOTE 3 — NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

New Accounting Standards Adopted:

In July 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2013-11, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists." ASU 2013-11 requires an entity to present an unrecognized tax benefit in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss or a tax credit carryforward, with limited exceptions. The amendments are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. ASU 2013-11 was adopted by the Company on January 1, 2014 and did not have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In March 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-05, "Foreign Currency Matters (Topic 830): Parent's Accounting for the Cumulative Translation Adjustment upon Derecognition of Certain Subsidiaries or Groups of Assets within a Foreign Entity or of an Investment in a Foreign Entity." ASU 2013-05 clarifies the applicable guidance for the release of the cumulative translation adjustment ("CTA") under current U.S. GAAP by emphasizing that the accounting for the release of the CTA into net income for sales or transfers of a controlling financial interest within a foreign entity is the same irrespective of whether the sale or transfer is of a subsidiary or a group of assets that is a nonprofit activity or business. When a reporting entity ceases to have a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets that is a nonprofit activity or a business within a foreign entity, the parent is required to apply the guidance in Subtopic 830-30 to release any related CTA into net income. The amendments are effective prospectively for fiscal years (and interim reporting periods within those years) beginning after December 15, 2013. ASU 2013-05 was adopted by the Company on January 1, 2014 and did not have an impact on the Company's financial statements.

NOTE 4 — ACQUISITIONS

During 2014, the Company acquired the remaining interest in its majority-owned joint venture, Harris Soldas Especiais S.A. The purchase price was not material.

During November 2013, the Company completed the acquisition of Robolution GmbH ("Robolution"). Robolution, based outside of Frankfurt, Germany, is a leading European provider of robotic arc welding systems. The acquisition added to the Company's growing automation business and will enable the Company to support automation customers across three continents.

Table of Contents LINCOLN ELECTRIC HOLDINGS, INC. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts

During November 2013, the Company acquired an ownership interest in Burlington Automation Corporation ("Burlington"). Burlington, based in Hamilton, Ontario, Canada, is a leader in the design and manufacture of 3D robotic plasma cutting systems whose products are sold under the brand name Python X[®]. The acquisition broadens the Company's portfolio of automated cutting and welding process solutions.

Combined revenues for Robolution and Burlington in 2013 were approximately \$35,000. The Company acquired Robolution and Burlington for approximately \$54,261 in cash, net of cash acquired, and assumed debt and a \$18,943 liability to acquire the remaining financial interest in Burlington. The fair value of net assets acquired was \$30,531, resulting in goodwill of \$42,673. The purchase price allocations are preliminary and subject to final opening balance sheet adjustments. In addition, during 2013 the Company acquired a greater interest in its majority-owned joint venture, Lincoln Electric Heli (Zhengzhou) Welding Materials Company Ltd. The purchase price was not material. Pro forma information related to these acquisitions has not been presented because the impact on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income is not material. Acquired companies are included in the Company's consolidated financial statements as of the date of acquisition.

NOTE 5 — SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company's primary business is the design and manufacture of arc welding and cutting products, manufacturing a broad line of arc welding equipment, consumable welding products and other welding and cutting products. The Company also has a leading global position in the brazing and soldering alloys market. The Company has aligned its business units into five operating segments to enhance the utilization of the Company's worldwide resources and global end user and sourcing initiatives. The operating segments consist of North America Welding, Europe Welding, Asia Pacific Welding, South America Welding and The Harris Products Group. The North America Welding segment includes welding operations in the United States, Canada and Mexico. The Europe Welding segment includes welding operations in Europe, Russia, Africa and the Middle East. The other two welding segments include welding operations in Asia Pacific and South America, respectively. The fifth segment, The Harris Products Group, includes the Company's global cutting, soldering and brazing businesses as well as the retail business in the United States. Segment performance is measured and resources are allocated based on a number of factors, the primary profit measure being earnings before interest and income taxes ("EBIT"), as adjusted. Segment EBIT is adjusted for special items as determined by management such as the impact of rationalization activities, certain asset impairment charges and gains or losses on disposals of assets.

LINCOLN ELECTRIC HOLDINGS, INC. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts

Financial information for the reportable segments follows:

| Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 | North America Welding | Europe Welding | Asia Pacific Welding | South America Welding | The Harris Products Group | Corporate / Eliminations | Consolidated |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Net sales Inter-segment sales Total | \$401,906 32,943 \$434,849 | \$105,406 5,860 \$111,266 | \$61,286 4,449 \$65,735 | \$43,993 29 \$44,022 | \$72,471 2,118 \$74,589 | \$— (45,399) \$(45,399) | \$ 685,062 \$ 685,062 |
| EBIT, as adjusted | \$71,364 | \$9,292 | \$(640) | \$11,765 | \$6,058 | \$2,891 | \$100,730 |
| Special items (gain) charge | (47) | 39 | (9) | 17,665 | — | — | 17,648 |
| EBIT Interest income Interest expense | \$71,411 | \$9,253 | \$(631) | \$(5,900) | \$6,058 | \$2,891 | \$83,082 914 (1,570) |
| Income before income taxes | | | | | | | \$82,426 |
| Total assets | \$1,107,182 | \$404,451 | \$320,776 | \$141,079 | \$170,856 | \$(30,368) | \$2,113,976 |
| Three months ended March 31, 2013 | | | | | | | |
| Net sales | \$419,554 | \$110,491 4 270 | \$70,039 | \$36,374 | \$82,115 | \$— (20.802 | \$718,573 |
| Inter-segment sales Total | 28,985 \$448,539 | 4,279 \$114,770 | 4,384 \$74,423 | 20 \$36,394 | 2,224 \$84,339 | (39,892) \$(39,892) | \$718,573 |
| EBIT, as adjusted | \$76,660 | \$10,701 | \$2,293 | \$5,112 | \$7,151 | \$(603) | \$101,314 |
| Special items (gain) charge | 860 | (6) | 197 | 9,660 | _ | _ | 10,711 |
| EBIT Interest income Interest expense Income before income taxes | \$75,800 | \$10,707 | \$2,096 | \$(4,548) | \$7,151 | \$(603) | \$ 90,603 1,026 (950) \$ 90,679 |

Total assets \$1,014,910 \$434,484 \$364,673 \$121,024 \$196,434 \$(27,998) \$2,103,527 In the three months ended March 31, 2014, special items include net gains of \$47 and \$9 in the North America Welding and Asia Pacific Welding segments, respectively, and a net charge of \$39 in the Europe Welding segment primarily related to employee severance and other costs associated with the consolidation of manufacturing operations. The South America Welding segment special items represent a charge of \$17,665, relating to a Venezuelan remeasurement loss.

In the three months ended March 31, 2013, special items include net charges of \$860 and \$197 in the North America Welding and Asia Pacific Welding segments, respectively, and a net gain of \$6 in the Europe Welding segment primarily related to employee severance and other costs associated with the consolidation of manufacturing operations. The South America Welding segment special items represent charges of \$9,660, relating to the devaluation

of Venezuelan currency.

NOTE 6 — RATIONALIZATION AND ASSET IMPAIRMENTS

The Company recorded net rationalization gains of \$17 for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The net gains include charges of \$18 primarily related to employee severance, offset by gains of \$35 related to the sale and disposal of assets. A description of each restructuring plan and the related costs follows:

North America Welding Plans:

During 2012, the Company initiated various rationalization plans within the North America Welding segment. Plans for the segment include consolidating its Oceanside, California operations and its Reno, Nevada operations to another facility in Reno, Nevada and consolidating its Baltimore, Maryland manufacturing operations into its current manufacturing operations in Cleveland, Ohio. During the three months ended March 31, 2014, the Company recorded gains of \$47 related to these actions. At March 31, 2014, a liability relating to these actions of \$202 was recognized in Other current liabilities, which will be substantially paid in 2014. Additional charges related to the completion of this plan are expected to be immaterial.

Table of Contents LINCOLN ELECTRIC HOLDINGS, INC. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts

Europe Welding Plans:

During 2013, the Company initiated a rationalization plan within the Europe Welding segment to consolidate certain consumable manufacturing operations. During the three months ended March 31, 2014, the Company recorded net charges of \$137, which primarily represents employee severance and other related costs. At March 31, 2014, a liability relating to these actions of \$157 was recognized in Other current liabilities. The Company expects additional charges up to \$140 to be recorded related to the completion of these activities.

During 2012, the Company initiated various rationalization plans within the Europe Welding segment. Plans for the segment include the consolidation of manufacturing facilities in Russia, relocation of its Italian machine manufacturing operations to current facilities in Poland and headcount restructuring at various other manufacturing operations within the segment to better align the cost structure and capacity requirements with current economic needs and conditions. During the three months ended March 31, 2014, the Company recorded net gains of \$98 related to these activities. At March 31, 2014, a liability relating to these actions of \$149 was recognized in Other current liabilities, which will be substantially paid in 2014. Additional charges related to the completion of this plan are expected to be immaterial.

Asia Pacific Welding Plans:

During 2012, the Company initiated various rationalization plans within the Asia Pacific Welding segment. Plans for the segment include the rationalization of its Australian manufacturing operations and headcount restructuring at various other manufacturing operations within the segment to better align the cost structure and capacity requirements with current economic needs and conditions. During the three months ended March 31, 2014, the Company recorded net charges of \$7, related to these actions. At March 31, 2014, a liability relating to these actions of \$349 was recognized in Other current liabilities, which will be substantially paid in 2014. Additional charges related to the completion of this plan are expected to be immaterial.

The Company continues evaluating its cost structure and additional rationalization actions may result in charges in future periods.

The following tables summarize the activity related to the rationalization liabilities by segment for the three months ended March 31, 2014:

| | North America Welding | Europe Welding | Asia Pacific Welding | Consolidated | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------|---|
| Balance, December 31, 2013 | \$466 | \$2,435 | \$375 | \$3,276 | |
| Payments and other adjustments | (217 |) (2,175 |) (45 |) (2,437 |) |
| Charged (credited) to expense | (47 |) 46 | 19 | 18 | |
| Balance, March 31, 2014 | \$202 | \$306 | \$349 | \$857 | |
| | | | | | |

NOTE 7 — COMMON SHARE REPURCHASE PROGRAM

As of March 31, 2014, the Company had a share repurchase program for up to 45 million of the Company's common shares. At management's discretion, the Company repurchases its common shares from time to time in the open market, depending on market conditions, stock price and other factors. During the three month period ended March 31, 2014, the Company purchased an aggregate of 686,392 common shares in the open market under this program. As of March 31, 2014, there remained 14,984,367 common shares available for repurchase under this program. The repurchased common shares remain in treasury and have not been retired.

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NOTE 8 — ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME ("AOCI") The following tables set forth the total changes in AOCI by component, net of taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013:

| | Three Months Unrealized (log gain on derivatives designated and qualifying as cash flow hedg | ss) I | ed March 31, 20 Defined benefi pension plan activity | | Currency translation adjustment | | Total | |
|--|--|-----------------|---|--------|---|------------------|--------------------------------|--------|
| Balance at December 31, 2013 | \$369 | 500 | \$(160,693 |) | \$8,383 | | \$(151,941 |) |
| Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassification | (710 |) | — | | (13,039 |) ³ | (13,749 |) |
| Amounts reclassified from AOCI | 289 | 1 | 2,544 | 2 | | | 2,833 | |
| Net current-period other comprehensive (loss) income | (421 |) | 2,544 | | (13,039 |) | (10,916 |) |
| Balance at March 31, 2014 | \$(52 |) | \$(158,149 |) | \$(4,656 |) | \$(162,857 |) |
| | Three months ended Unrealized (loss) gain on derivatives designated and qualifying as cash flow bedges | | 1. 1. 21. 201 | 2 | | | | |
| | Unrealized (log gain on derivatives designated and qualifying as | ss) I | Defined benefi pension plan activity | | Currency translation adjustment | | Total | |
| Balance at December 31, 2012 | Unrealized (los gain on derivatives designated and | ss) I | Defined benefi pension plan | | translation | | Total \$(235,400 |) |
| Balance at December 31, 2012 Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassification | Unrealized (log gain on derivatives designated and qualifying as cash flow hedg | ss) I | Defined benefi pension plan activity | | translation adjustment |) ³ | |)) |
| Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassification Amounts reclassified from AOCI | Unrealized (log gain on derivatives designated and qualifying as cash flow hedg \$80 | ss) I | Defined benefi pension plan activity | | translation adjustment \$26,364 |) ³ | \$(235,400 |) |
| Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassification Amounts reclassified from AOCI Net current-period other | Unrealized (log gain on derivatives designated and qualifying as cash flow hedg \$80 1,082 | ss) I ges | Defined benefi pension plan activity \$(261,844 — | t) | translation adjustment \$26,364 |) ³) | \$(235,400 (13,270 |)) |
| Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassification Amounts reclassified from AOCI | Unrealized (log gain on derivatives designated and qualifying as cash flow hedg \$80 1,082 (480 | ss) I ges | Defined benefi pension plan activity \$(261,844 5,105 | t) | translation adjustment \$26,364 (14,352 — |) ³) | \$(235,400 (13,270 4,625 |) |

During the 2014 period, this AOCI reclassification is a component of Net sales of \$132 (net of tax of \$20) and Cost of goods sold of \$157 (net of tax of \$86); during the 2013 period, the reclassification is a component of Net sales of

\$101 (net of tax of \$141) and Cost of goods sold of \$(581) (net of tax of \$298). (See Note 17 - Derivatives for additional details.)

This AOCI component is included in the computation of net periodic pension costs (net of tax of \$1,838 and \$3,068 2 during the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively). (See Note 15 - Retirement and

Postretirement Benefit Plans for additional details.)

The Other comprehensive income before reclassifications excludes \$681 and \$113 attributable to Non-controlling 3 interests in the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. (See Note 9 - Equity for additional details.)

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NOTE 9 — EQUITY

Changes in equity for the three months ended March 31, 2014 are as follows:

| Balance, December 31, 2013 Comprehensive income: | Shareholders' Equity \$1,526,602 | Non-controlling Interests \$ 4,086 | Total Equity \$1,530,688 | |
|--|--|--|-----------------------------|---|
| Net income | 56,453 | (29) | 56,424 | |
| Other comprehensive (loss) income | (10,916) | 681 | (10,235 |) |
| Total comprehensive income | 45,537 | 652 | 46,189 | , |
| Cash dividends declared - \$0.23 per share | (18,501) |) | (18,501 |) |
| Issuance of shares under benefit plans | 7,024 | — | 7,024 | |
| Purchase of shares for treasury | (51,021) |) — | (51,021 |) |
| Transactions with non-controlling interests | (1,484) |) (782) | (2,266 |) |
| Balance, March 31, 2014 | \$1,508,157 | \$ 3,956 | \$1,512,113 | |
| Changes in equity for the three months ended March 31, 2013 are a | as follows: | | | |
| | Shareholders' Equity | Non-controlling Interests | Total Equity | |
| Balance, December 31, 2012 Comprehensive income: | \$1,342,373 | \$15,948 | \$1,358,321 | |
| Net income | 66,806 | 37 | 66,843 | |
| Other comprehensive (loss) income | (8,645 | 113 | (8,532 |) |
| Total comprehensive income | 58,161 | 150 | 58,311 | |
| Cash dividends declared - \$0.20 per share Issuance of shares under benefit plans | (16,590) 16,283 |) | (16,590 16,283 |) |
| Purchase of shares for treasury | (12,780) |) | (12,780 |) |
| Balance, March 31, 2013 | \$1,387,447 | \$16,098 | \$1,403,545 | |

NOTE 10 — INVENTORY VALUATION

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market. Fixed manufacturing overhead costs are allocated to inventory based on normal production capacity and abnormal manufacturing costs are recognized as period costs. For most domestic inventories, cost is determined principally by the last-in, first-out ("LIFO") method, and for non-U.S. inventories, cost is determined by the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method. The valuation of LIFO inventories is made at the end of each year based on inventory levels and costs at that time. Accordingly, interim LIFO calculations are based on management's estimates of expected year-end inventory levels and costs. Actual year-end costs and inventory levels may differ from interim LIFO inventory valuations. The excess of current cost over LIFO cost was \$71,946 and \$70,882 at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

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NOTE 11 — ACCRUED EMPLOYEE BONUS

Other current liabilities at March 31, 2014 and 2013 include accruals for year-end bonuses and related payroll taxes of \$33,729 and \$39,174, respectively, related to the Company's employees worldwide. The payment of bonuses is discretionary and subject to approval by the Board of Directors. A majority of annual bonuses are paid in December, resulting in an increasing bonus accrual during the Company's fiscal year.

NOTE 12 — CONTINGENCIES

The Company, like other manufacturers, is subject from time to time to a variety of civil and administrative proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. Such claims and litigation include, without limitation, product liability claims and health, safety and environmental claims, some of which relate to cases alleging asbestos induced illnesses. The claimants in the asbestos cases seek compensatory and punitive damages, in most cases for unspecified amounts. The Company believes it has meritorious defenses to these claims and intends to contest such suits vigorously.

The Company's accrual for contingent liabilities was \$2,626 as of March 31, 2014 and \$2,735 as of December 31, 2013. The accrual is included in Other current liabilities.

The Company accrues its best estimate of the probable costs, after a review of the facts with management and counsel and taking into account past experience. If an unfavorable outcome is determined to be reasonably possible but not probable, or if the amount of loss cannot be reasonably estimated, disclosure is provided for material claims or litigation. Many of the current cases are in differing procedural stages and information on the circumstances of each claimant, which forms the basis for judgments as to the validity or ultimate disposition of such actions, varies greatly. Therefore, in many situations a range of possible losses cannot be made. Reserves are adjusted as facts and circumstances change and related management assessments of the underlying merits and the likelihood of outcomes change. Moreover, reserves only cover identified and/or asserted claims. Future claims could, therefore, give rise to increases to such reserves.

Based on the Company's historical experience in litigating product liability claims, including a significant number of dismissals, summary judgments and defense verdicts in many cases and immaterial settlement amounts, as well as the Company's current assessment of the underlying merits of the claims and applicable insurance, the Company believes resolution of these claims and proceedings, individually or in the aggregate, will not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 13 — PRODUCT WARRANTY COSTS

The Company accrues for product warranty claims based on historical experience and the expected material and labor costs to provide warranty service. Warranty services are generally provided for periods up to three years from the date of sale. The accrual for product warranty claims is included in Other current liabilities.

The changes in the carrying amount of product warranty accruals for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|--|--|--|
| | 2014 | 2013 | | | |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$15,180 | \$15,304 | | | |
| Accruals for warranties | 3,198 | 2,721 | | | |
| Settlements | (2,904 |) (3,301 | | | |
| Foreign currency translation | (44 |) (69 | | | |
| Balance at end of period | \$15,430 | \$14,655 | | | |

)

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NOTE 14 — DEBT

The Company has a line of credit totaling \$300,000 through the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), which was entered into on July 26, 2012. The Credit Agreement contains customary affirmative, negative and financial covenants for credit facilities of this type, including limitations on the Company and its subsidiaries with respect to liens, investments, distributions, mergers and acquisitions, dispositions of assets, transactions with affiliates and a fixed charges coverage ratio and total leverage ratio. As of March 31, 2014, the Company was in compliance with all of its covenants and had no outstanding borrowings under the Credit Agreement. The Credit Agreement has a five-year term and may be increased, subject to certain conditions, by an additional amount up to \$100,000. The interest rate on borrowings is based on either LIBOR or the prime rate, plus a spread based on the Company's leverage ratio, at the Company's election.

NOTE 15 — RETIREMENT AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The components of total pension cost were as follows:

| 2013 | |
|-----------|--|
| \$5,675 | |
| 9,390 | |
|) (15,404 |) |
|) (153 |) |
| 8,111 | |
| 7,619 | |
| 239 | |
| 2,589 | |
| \$10,447 | |
| | 9,390) (15,404) (153 8,111 7,619 239 2,589 |

The Company voluntarily contributed \$20,000 to its defined benefit plans in the United States during the three months ended March 31, 2014. The amortization of net loss decreased due to greater actuarial gains during 2013, attributable to a higher discount rate and higher actual return on plan assets compared with the expected return on assets.

NOTE 16 — INCOME TAXES

The Company recognized \$26,002 of tax expense on pre-tax income of \$82,426, resulting in an effective income tax rate of 31.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The effective income tax rate is lower than the Company's statutory rate primarily due to income earned in lower tax rate jurisdictions, U.S. tax deductions and the utilization of foreign tax loss carry-forwards for which valuation allowances had been previously provided.

The effective income tax rate of 26.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2013 was lower than the Company's statutory rate primarily due to income earned in lower tax rate jurisdictions, reversal of valuation allowance on deferred tax assets more-likely-than-not to be realized, U.S. tax credits and deductions and the utilization of foreign tax loss carry-forwards for which valuation allowances had been previously provided.

As of March 31, 2014, the Company had \$22,440 of unrecognized tax benefits. If recognized, approximately \$12,574 would be reflected as a component of income tax expense.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. and various state, local and foreign jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local or non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2003. The Company is currently subject to various U.S. state audits, an Indian tax audit for 2012 and an Indonesian tax audit for 2003 and 2005-2007.

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Unrecognized tax benefits are reviewed on an ongoing basis and are adjusted for changing facts and circumstances, including progress of tax audits and closing of statutes of limitations. Based on information currently available, management believes that additional audit activity could be completed and/or statutes of limitations may close relating to existing unrecognized tax benefits. It is reasonably possible there could be a reduction of \$4,504 in prior years' unrecognized tax benefits by the end of the first quarter 2015.

In July 2012, the Company received a Notice of Reassessment from the Canada Revenue Agency (the "CRA") for 2004 to 2011, which would disallow the deductibility of inter-company dividends. These adjustments would increase Canadian federal and provincial tax due by \$56,623 plus approximately \$15,422 of interest, net of tax. The Company disagrees with the position taken by the CRA and believes it is without merit. The Company will vigorously contest the assessment through the Tax Court of Canada. A trial date has not yet been scheduled.

In connection with the litigation process, the Company is required to deposit no less than one-half of the tax and interest assessed by the CRA. The Company has elected to deposit the entire amount of the dispute in order to suspend the continuing accrual of a 5% interest charge. Additionally, deposited amounts will earn interest of approximately 1% due upon a favorable outcome. A deposit was made and is recorded as a non-current asset valued at \$80,979 as of March 31, 2014. Any Canadian tax ultimately due will be creditable in the parent company's U.S. federal tax return. The Company expects to be able to utilize the full amount of foreign tax credits generated in the statutorily allowed carry-back and carry-forward periods. Accordingly, should the Company not prevail in this dispute, the income statement charge will approximate the deficiency interest, net of tax.

The Company believes it will prevail on the merits of the tax position. In accordance with prescribed recognition and measurement thresholds, no income tax accrual has been made for any uncertain tax positions related to the CRA reassessment. An unfavorable resolution of this matter could have a material effect on the Company's financial statements in the period in which a judgment is reached.

NOTE 17 — DERIVATIVES

The Company uses derivatives to manage exposures to currency exchange rates, interest rates and commodity prices arising in the normal course of business. Derivative contracts to hedge currency and commodity exposures are generally written on a short-term basis but may cover exposures for up to two years while interest rate contracts may cover longer periods consistent with the terms of the underlying debt. The Company does not enter into derivatives for trading or speculative purposes.

All derivatives are recognized at fair value on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. The accounting for gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value depends on the use of the derivative and whether it is designated and qualifies for hedge accounting. The Company formally documents the relationship of the hedge with the hedged item as well as the risk-management strategy for all designated hedges. Both at inception and on an ongoing basis, the hedging instrument is assessed as to its effectiveness, when applicable. If and when a derivative is determined not to be highly effective as a hedge, the underlying hedged transaction is no longer likely to occur, or the derivative is terminated, hedge accounting is discontinued. The cash flows from settled derivative contracts are recognized in operating activities in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. Hedge ineffectiveness was immaterial in the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.

The Company is subject to the credit risk of the counterparties to derivative instruments. Counterparties include a number of major banks and financial institutions. The Company manages individual counterparty exposure by monitoring the credit rating of the counterparty and the size of financial commitments and exposures between the Company and the counterparty. None of the concentrations of risk with any individual counterparty was considered significant at March 31, 2014. The Company does not expect any counterparties to fail to meet their obligations. Cash Flow Hedges

Certain foreign currency forward contracts were qualified and designated as cash flow hedges. The dollar equivalent gross notional amount of these short-term contracts was \$32,639 and \$36,880 at March 31, 2014 and December 31,

2013, respectively. The effective portions of the fair value gains or losses on these cash flow hedges are recognized in AOCI and subsequently reclassified to Cost of goods sold or Sales for hedges of purchases and sales, respectively, as the underlying hedged transactions affect earnings.

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Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments

The Company has certain foreign exchange forward contracts that are not designated as hedges. These derivatives are held as economic hedges of certain balance sheet exposures. The dollar equivalent gross notional amount of these contracts was \$199,307 and \$186,158 at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The fair value gains or losses from these contracts are recognized in Selling, general and administrative expenses, offsetting the losses or gains on the exposures being hedged.

The Company had short-term silver and copper forward contracts with notional amounts of 315,000 troy ounces and 375,000 pounds, respectively, at March 31, 2014. The notional amount of short-term silver and copper forward contracts was 290,000 troy ounces and 375,000 pounds, respectively, at December 31, 2013. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on these contracts are recognized in Costs of goods sold.

Fair values of derivative instruments in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets follow:

| | March 31, 2014 | | December 31, 2013 | | | |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| Derivatives by hedge designation | Other Current Assets | Other Current Liabilities | Other Current Assets | Other Current Liabilities | | |
| Designated as hedging instruments: | | | | | | |
| Foreign exchange contracts | \$268 | \$360 | \$706 | \$219 | | |
| Not designated as hedging instruments: | | | | | | |
| Foreign exchange contracts | 1,204 | 1,448 | 766 | 228 | | |
| Commodity contracts | 358 | 13 | 262 | 47 | | |
| Total derivatives | \$1,830 | \$1,821 | \$1,734 | \$494 | | |

The effects of undesignated derivative instruments on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income for the three month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 consisted of the following:

| | | Three Months En | ded March 31, | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Derivatives by hedge designation | Classification of gain (loss) | 2014 | 2013 | | | | | | |
| Not designated as hedges: | | | | | | | | | |
| Foreign exchange contracts | Selling, general & administrative expenses | \$39 | \$(398 |) | | | | | |
| Commodity contracts | Cost of goods sold | 4 | 606 | | | | | | |
| The effects of designated hedges on | The effects of designated hedges on AOCI and the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income consisted of the | | | | | | | | |
| following: | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | D 1 21 | | | | | | |

| Total gain (loss) recognized in AOCI, ne | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | |
|--|--|-------------------|---------------|
| Foreign exchange contracts | | \$(52) | \$369 |
| | | Three Months En | ded March 31, |
| Derivative type | Gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI to: | 2014 | 2013 |
| Foreign exchange contracts | Sales | \$132 | \$101 |
| | Cost of goods sold | 157 | 581 |
| | | | |

The Company expects a loss of \$52 related to existing contracts to be reclassified from AOCI, net of tax, to earnings over the next 12 months as the hedged transactions are realized.

<u>Table of Contents</u> LINCOLN ELECTRIC HOLDINGS, INC. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts

NOTE 18 - FAIR VALUE

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (exit price). The following hierarchy is used to classify the inputs used to measure fair value:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, or unadjusted quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The following table provides a summary of assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2014, measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

| Description | Balance as of March 31, 2014 | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets or Liabilities (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Assets: | | | | |
| Foreign exchange contracts | \$1,472 | \$— | \$1,472 | \$— |
| Commodity contracts | 358 | — | 358 | — |
| Total assets | \$1,830 | \$— | \$1,830 | \$— |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Foreign exchange contracts | \$1,808 | \$— | \$1,808 | \$— |
| Commodity contracts | 13 | | 13 | |
| Contingent consideration | 5,502 | | | 5,502 |
| Forward contract | 18,925 | — | — | 18,925 |
| Deferred compensation | 22,018 | _ | 22,018 | |
| Total liabilities | \$48,266 | \$— | \$23,839 | \$24,427 |
| 18 | | | | |

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The following table provides a summary of assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2013, measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

| Description | Balance as of December 31, 2013 | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets or Liabilities (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Assets: | | | | |
| Foreign exchange contracts | \$1,472 | \$— | \$1,472 | \$— |
| Commodity contracts | 262 | — | 262 | — |
| Total assets | \$1,734 | \$— | \$1,734 | \$— |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Foreign exchange contracts | \$447 | \$— | \$447 | \$— |
| Commodity contracts | 47 | | 47 | |
| Contingent consideration | 5,375 | | | 5,375 |
| Forward contract | 16,974 | | | 16,974 |
| Deferred compensation | 20,132 | | 20,132 | |
| Total liabilities | \$42,975 | \$— | \$20,626 | \$22,349 |
| | | | | |

The Company's derivative contracts are valued at fair value using the market approach. The Company measures the fair value of foreign exchange contracts and net investment contracts using Level 2 inputs based on observable spot and forward rates in active markets. The Company measures the fair value of commodity contracts using Level 2 inputs through observable market transactions in active markets provided by financial institutions. During the three months ended March 31, 2014, there were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 or 3.

In connection with an acquisition, the Company recorded a contingent consideration fair valued at \$5,502 as of March 31, 2014, which reflects a \$127 increase in the liability from December 31, 2013. The contingent consideration is based upon estimated sales for the five-year period ending December 31, 2015 and will be paid in 2016 based on actual sales during the five-year period. The fair value of the contingent consideration is a Level 3 valuation and fair valued using a probability weighted discounted cash flow analysis.

In connection with an acquisition, the Company obtained a controlling financial interest in the acquired entity and at the same time entered into a contract to obtain the remaining financial interest in the entity over a three-year period. The amount to be paid to obtain the remaining financial interest will be based upon actual financial results of the entity. A liability was recorded for the contract at a fair value of \$18,925 as of March 31, 2014, which reflects a \$957 increase in the liability from the valuation date. The change in liability is recognized in interest expense in the three months ended March 31, 2014. The fair value of the contract is a Level 3 valuation and is based on the present value of the expected future payments. The expected future payments are based on a multiple of forecast earnings and cash flows over the three-year period ending December 31, 2016, present valued utilizing a risk based discount rate. The present value calculations utilized discount rates of 3.5% reflective of the Company's cost of debt and 15.9% as a risk adjusted cost of capital and annual earnings before interest and taxes with growth rates ranging from 10.6% to 16.8%. The deferred compensation liability is the Company's obligation under its executive deferred compensation plan. The Company measures the fair value of the liability using the market values of the participants' underlying investment fund elections.

The fair value of "Cash and cash equivalents," "Accounts receivable," "Amounts due banks" and "Trade accounts payable" approximated book value due to the short-term nature of these instruments at both March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013. The fair value of long-term debt at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, including the current portion, was

approximately \$2,977 and \$4,212, respectively, which was determined using available market information and methodologies requiring judgment. The carrying value of this debt at such dates was \$3,069 and \$4,506, respectively. Since considerable judgment is required in interpreting market information, the fair value of the debt is not necessarily the amount that could be realized in a current market exchange.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations should be read together with the Company's unaudited consolidated financial statements and other financial information included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The Company is the world's largest designer and manufacturer of arc welding and cutting products, manufacturing a broad line of arc welding equipment, consumable welding products and other welding and cutting products. Welding products include arc welding power sources, wire feeding systems, robotic welding packages, fume extraction equipment, consumable electrodes and fluxes. The Company's product offering also includes computer numeric controlled plasma and oxy-fuel cutting systems and regulators and torches used in oxy-fuel welding, cutting and brazing. In addition, the Company has a leading global position in the brazing and soldering alloys market. The Company's products are sold in both domestic and international markets. In North America, products are sold principally through industrial distributors, retailers and also directly to users of welding products. Outside of North America, the Company has an international sales organization comprised of Company employees and agents who sell products from the Company's various manufacturing sites to distributors and product users.

Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 Compared with Three Months Ended March 31, 2013

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|---|----------|----|-----------|---|----------|----|-----------|---|--------|----|
| | 2014 | | | | 2013 | | | | Change | | | |
| | Amount | | % of Sal | es | Amount | | % of Sal | es | Amount | | % | |
| Net sales | \$685,062 | | 100.0 | % | \$718,573 | | 100.0 | % | \$(33,511 |) | (4.7 | %) |
| Cost of goods sold | 458,726 | | 67.0 | % | 492,001 | | 68.5 | % | (33,275 |) | (6.8 | %) |
| Gross profit | 226,336 | | 33.0 | % | 226,572 | | 31.5 | % | (236 |) | (0.1 | %) |
| Selling, general & administrative expenses | 145,915 | | 21.3 | % | 136,891 | | 19.1 | % | 9,024 | | 6.6 | % |
| Rationalization and asset impairment (gains) charges | (17 |) | | | 1,051 | | 0.1 | % | (1,068 |) | (101.6 | %) |
| Operating income | 80,438 | | 11.7 | % | 88,630 | | 12.3 | % | (8,192 |) | (9.2 | %) |
| Interest income | 914 | | 0.1 | % | 1,026 | | 0.1 | % | (112 |) | (10.9 | %) |
| Equity earnings in affiliates | 1,561 | | 0.2 | % | 1,259 | | 0.2 | % | 302 | | 24.0 | % |
| Other income | 1,083 | | 0.2 | % | 714 | | 0.1 | % | 369 | | 51.7 | % |
| Interest expense | (1,570 |) | (0.2 | %) | (950 |) | (0.1 | %) | (620 |) | (65.3 | %) |
| Income before income taxes | 82,426 | | 12.0 | % | 90,679 | | 12.6 | % | (8,253 |) | (9.1 | %) |
| Income taxes | 26,002 | | 3.8 | % | 23,836 | | 3.3 | % | 2,166 | | 9.1 | % |
| Net income including non-controlling interests | 56,424 | | 8.2 | % | 66,843 | | 9.3 | % | (10,419 |) | (15.6 | %) |
| Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries' (loss) earnings | (29 |) | | | 37 | | | | (66 |) | (178.4 | %) |
| Net income | \$56,453 | | 8.2 | % | \$66,806 | | 9.3 | % | \$(10,353 |) | (15.5 | %) |

Net Sales: Net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2014 decreased 4.7% from the comparable period in 2013. The sales decrease reflects volume decreases of 5.0%, price increases of 0.4%, increases from acquisitions of 1.1% and unfavorable impacts from foreign exchange of 1.2%. Sales volumes decreased as a result of soft demand in both domestic and international markets. Product pricing increased from prior year levels reflecting the highly inflationary environment in Venezuela offset by pricing declines in The Harris Products Group segment due to significant decreases in the costs of silver and copper.

General

Gross Profit: Gross profit decreased 0.1% to \$226,336 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared with \$226,572 in the comparable period in 2013. As a percentage of Net sales, Gross profit increased to 33.0% in the three months ended March 31, 2014 from 31.5% in the comparable period in 2013. The increase was the result of geographic mix and pricing stability in the wake of lower year over year input costs. The prior year period includes incremental costs of \$1,579 due to the devaluation of the Venezuelan currency. Foreign currency exchange rates had a \$3,076 unfavorable translation impact in the three months ended March 31, 2014.

Selling, General & Administrative ("SG&A") Expenses: SG&A expenses were higher by \$9,024, or 6.6%, in the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared with the comparable period in 2013. As a percentage of Net sales, SG&A expenses were 21.3% and 19.1% in the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The increase in SG&A expenses was predominantly due to higher foreign exchange transaction losses of \$9,674, which includes a charge of \$17,665 in the current period relating to a Venezuelan remeasurement loss compared with a charge of \$8,081 in the prior year period due to the devaluation of the Venezuelan currency, higher general and administrative spending of \$2,835 primarily related to additional employee compensation costs and increased SG&A expenses from acquisitions of \$2,045, partially offset by lower bonus expense of \$2,505, lower U.S. retirement costs of \$1,919 and lower foreign currency translation of \$1,662.

Equity Earnings in Affiliates: Equity earnings in affiliates were \$1,561 in the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared with earnings of \$1,259 in the comparable period in 2013. The increase was due to an increase in earnings in Turkey and Chile.

Interest Expense: Interest expense increased to \$1,570 in the three months ended March 31, 2014 from \$950 in the comparable period in 2013. The increase was due to the accretion of interest expense from a liability to acquire additional ownership in a majority owned subsidiary.

Income Taxes: The Company recognized \$26,002 of tax expense on pre-tax income of \$82,426, resulting in an effective income tax rate of 31.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared with an effective income tax rate of 26.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2013. The effective income tax rate was higher in the three months ended March 31, 2014 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2013 due to the effect on the prior year rate from the reversal of a valuation allowance on deferred tax assets more-likely-than-not to be realized and the 2012 U.S. research and development credit that was recognized in the first quarter 2013.

Net Income: Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was \$56,453 compared with Net income of \$66,806 in the three months ended March 31, 2013. Diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was \$0.69 compared with \$0.80 in the comparable period in 2013. Foreign currency exchange rate movements had an unfavorable translation effect of \$863 on Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

Segment Results

Net Sales: The table below summarizes the impacts of volume, acquisitions, price and foreign currency exchange rates on Net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2014:

| | | change m | 1100 | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|------|--------------|---------|---|---------------------|---|-------------------|
| | Net Sales 2013 | Volume | | Acquisitions | Price | | Foreign Exchange | | Net Sales 2014 |
| Operating Segments | | | | | | | | | |
| North America Welding | \$419,554 | \$(23,410 |) | \$7,869 | \$1,240 | | \$(3,347 |) | \$401,906 |
| Europe Welding | 110,491 | (5,487 |) | | (1,550 |) | 1,952 | | 105,406 |
| Asia Pacific Welding | 70,039 | (5,386 |) | | (325 |) | (3,042 |) | 61,286 |
| South America Welding | 36,374 | (2,026 |) | _ | 12,807 | | (3,162 |) | 43,993 |
| The Harris Products Group | 82,115 | 400 | | | (9,204 |) | (840 |) | 72,471 |
| Consolidated % Change | \$718,573 | \$(35,909 |) | \$7,869 | \$2,968 | | \$(8,439 |) | \$685,062 |

Change in Net Sales due to:

| North America Welding | (5.6 | %) 1.9 | % 0.3 | % (0.8 | %) (4.2 | %) |
|------------------------------|------|--------|-------|---------|----------|----|
| Europe Welding | (5.0 | %) — | (1.4 | %) 1.8 | % (4.6 | %) |
| Asia Pacific Welding | (7.7 | %) — | (0.5 | %) (4.3 | %) (12.5 | %) |
| South America Welding | (5.6 | %) — | 35.2 | % (8.7 | %) 20.9 | % |
| The Harris Products Group | 0.5 | % — | (11.2 | %) (1.0 | %) (11.7 | %) |
| Consolidated | (5.0 | %) 1.1 | % 0.4 | % (1.2 | %) (4.7 | %) |
| 21 | | | | | | |

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Net sales volumes for the three months ended March 31, 2014 decreased for all operating segments except for The Harris Products Group segment, as a result of soft demand in both domestic and international markets. Net sales volumes in The Harris Products Group segment increased as a result of improved sales volumes on consumables. Product pricing in the North America Welding segment increased slightly due to the realization of price increases. Product pricing in the Europe Welding segment decreased due to declining raw material costs. Product pricing decreased for the Asia Pacific Welding segment due to lower raw material costs and competitive pricing conditions. Product pricing in the South America Welding segment reflects a highly inflationary environment, particularly in Venezuela, and pricing increases in Brazil. Product pricing decreased for The Harris Products Group segment because of significant decreases in the costs of silver and copper as compared to the prior year period. The increase in Net sales from acquisitions was due to the acquisitions of Robolution GmbH ("Robolution") in November 2013 and Burlington Automation Corporation ("Burlington") in November 2013 (see the "Acquisitions" section below for additional information regarding the acquisitions). With respect to changes in Net sales due to foreign exchange, all segments, except for the Europe Welding segment, decreased due to a stronger U.S. dollar.

Earnings Before Interest and Income Taxes ("EBIT"), as Adjusted: Segment performance is measured and resources are allocated based on a number of factors, the primary profit measure being EBIT, as adjusted. The following table presents EBIT, as adjusted for the three months ended March 31, 2014 by segment compared with the comparable period in 2013:

| | Three Months | s Ende | ed March 31, | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|--------|--------------|---|-----------|---|----------|----|
| | 2014 | | 2013 | | \$ Change | | % Change | |
| North America Welding: | | | | | | | | |
| Net sales | \$401,906 | | \$419,554 | | (17,648 |) | (4.2 | %) |
| Inter-segment sales | 32,943 | | 28,985 | | 3,958 | | 13.7 | % |
| Total Sales | \$434,849 | | \$448,539 | | (13,690 |) | (3.1 | %) |
| EBIT, as adjusted | \$71,364 | | \$76,660 | | (5,296 |) | (6.9 | %) |
| As a percent of total sales | 16.4 | % | 17.1 | % | | | (0.7 | %) |
| Europe Welding: | | | | | | | | |
| Net sales | \$105,406 | | \$110,491 | | (5,085 |) | (4.6 | %) |
| Inter-segment sales | 5,860 | | 4,279 | | 1,581 | | 36.9 | % |
| Total Sales | \$111,266 | | \$114,770 | | (3,504 |) | (3.1 | %) |
| EBIT, as adjusted | \$9,292 | | \$10,701 | | (1,409 |) | (13.2 | %) |
| As a percent of total sales | 8.4 | % | 9.3 | % | | | (0.9 | %) |
| Asia Pacific Welding: | | | | | | | | |
| Net sales | \$61,286 | | \$70,039 | | (8,753 |) | (12.5 | %) |
| Inter-segment sales | 4,449 | | 4,384 | | 65 | | 1.5 | % |
| Total Sales | \$65,735 | | \$74,423 | | (8,688 |) | (11.7 | %) |
| EBIT, as adjusted | \$(640 |) | \$2,293 | | (2,933 |) | (127.9 | %) |
| As a percent of total sales | (1.0 | %) | 3.1 | % | | | (4.1 | %) |
| South America Welding: | | | | | | | | |
| Net sales | \$43,993 | | \$36,374 | | 7,619 | | 20.9 | % |
| Inter-segment sales | 29 | | 20 | | 9 | | 45.0 | % |
| Total Sales | \$44,022 | | \$36,394 | | 7,628 | | 21.0 | % |
| EBIT, as adjusted | \$11,765 | | \$5,112 | | 6,653 | | 130.1 | % |
| As a percent of total sales | 26.7 | % | 14.0 | % | | | 12.7 | % |
| The Harris Products Group: | | | | | | | | |
| Net sales | \$72,471 | | \$82,115 | | (9,644 |) | (11.7 | %) |
| Inter-segment sales | 2,118 | | 2,224 | | (106 |) | (4.8 | %) |
| Total Sales | \$74,589 | | \$84,339 | | (9,750 |) | (11.6 | %) |
| EBIT, as adjusted | \$6,058 | | \$7,151 | | (1,093 |) | (15.3 | %) |
| As a percent of total sales | 8.1 | % | 8.5 | % | | | (0.4 | %) |

EBIT, as adjusted as a percent of total sales decreased for the North America Welding segment in the three months ended March 31, 2014 as compared with the same period of the prior year primarily due to volume decreases of 5.6%. The decrease in the Europe Welding segment is primarily due to volume decreases of 5.0% and higher SG&A expenses. The Asia Pacific Welding segment decrease is due to lower profitability in China due to weaker demand

and higher SG&A expenses. The South America Welding segment increase is a result of pricing increases as a result of the highly inflationary economy in Venezuela. The Harris Products Group segment decrease is primarily a result of lower commodity prices leading to lower margins.

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In the three months ended March 31, 2014, special items include net gains of \$47 and \$9 in the North America Welding and Asia Pacific Welding segments, respectively, and a net charge of \$39 in the Europe Welding segment primarily related to employee severance and other costs associated with the consolidation of manufacturing operations. The South America Welding segment special items represent a charge of \$17,665, relating to a Venezuelan remeasurement loss.

In the three months ended March 31, 2013, special items include net charges of \$860 and \$197 in the North America Welding and Asia Pacific Welding segments, respectively, and a net gain of \$6 in the Europe Welding segment primarily related to employee severance and other costs associated with the consolidation of manufacturing operations. The South America Welding segment special items represent charges of \$9,660, relating to the devaluation of the Venezuelan currency.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The Company reviews Adjusted operating income, Adjusted net income and Adjusted diluted earnings per share, all non-GAAP financial measures, in assessing and evaluating the Company's underlying operating performance. These non-GAAP financial measures exclude the impact of special items on the Company's reported financial results. Non-GAAP financial measures should be read in conjunction with the generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") financial measures, as non-GAAP measures are a supplement to, and not a replacement for, GAAP financial measures.

The following table presents a reconciliation of Operating income as reported to Adjusted operating income:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--|------------------------------|----------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| Operating income as reported | \$80,438 | \$88,630 |
| Special items (pre-tax): | | |
| Rationalization and asset impairment (gains) charges | (17 |) 1,051 |
| Venezuela foreign exchange losses | 17,665 | 9,660 |
| Adjusted operating income | \$98,086 | \$99,341 |

Special items included in Operating income during the three month period ended March 31, 2014 include net rationalization and asset impairment gains of \$17 related to employee severance and other costs associated with the consolidation of manufacturing operations and a charge of \$17,665 relating to a Venezuelan remeasurement loss. Special items included in Operating income during the three month period ended March 31, 2013 include net rationalization and asset impairment charges of \$1,051, primarily related to employee severance and other costs associated with the consolidation of manufacturing operations and charges of \$9,660 related to the devaluation of the Venezuelan currency.

The following table presents reconciliations of Net income and Diluted earnings per share as reported to Adjusted net income and Adjusted diluted earnings per share:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--|------------------------------|----------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| Net income as reported | \$56,453 | \$66,806 |
| Special items (after-tax): | | |
| Rationalization and asset impairment (gains) charges | (7 |) 673 |
| Venezuela foreign exchange losses | 17,665 | 9,660 |
| Adjusted net income | \$74,111 | \$77,139 |
| Diluted earnings per share as reported | \$0.69 | \$0.80 |
| Special items | 0.22 | 0.12 |
| Adjusted diluted earnings per share | \$0.91 | \$0.92 |

Special items included in Net income during the three month period ended March 31, 2014 include net rationalization and asset impairment gains of \$7 related to employee severance and other costs associated with the consolidation of manufacturing operations and a charge of \$17,665 relating to a Venezuelan remeasurement loss.

Special items included in Net income during the three month period ended March 31, 2013 include net rationalization and asset impairment charges of \$673, primarily related to employee severance and other costs associated with the consolidation of manufacturing operations and charges of \$9,660 related to the devaluation of the Venezuelan currency.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's cash flow from operations can be cyclical. Operational cash flow is a key driver of liquidity, providing cash and access to capital markets. In assessing liquidity, the Company reviews working capital measurements to define areas for improvement. Management anticipates the Company will be able to satisfy cash requirements for its ongoing businesses for the foreseeable future primarily with cash generated by operations, existing cash balances and, if necessary, borrowings under its existing credit facilities.

The Company continues to expand globally and periodically looks at transactions that would involve significant investments. The Company can fund its global expansion plans with operational cash flow, but a significant acquisition may require access to capital markets, in particular, the long-term debt market, as well as the syndicated bank loan market. The Company's financing strategy is to fund itself at the lowest after-tax cost of funding. Where possible, the Company utilizes operational cash flows and raises capital in the most efficient market, usually the United States, and then lends funds to the specific subsidiary that requires funding. If additional acquisitions providing appropriate financial benefits become available, additional expenditures may be made.

The following table reflects changes in key cash flow measures:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|-----------|------------|---|--|
| | 2014 | 2013 | Change | | |
| Cash provided (used) by operating activities | \$13,631 | \$(20,148 |) \$33,779 | | |
| Cash used by investing activities | (13,759 |) (15,582 |) 1,823 | | |
| Capital expenditures | (14,506 |) (15,138 |) 632 | | |
| Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired | (892 |) (549 |) (343 |) | |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment | 1,066 | 105 | 961 | | |
| Other investing activities | 573 | | 573 | | |
| Cash used by financing activities | (75,422 |) (625 |) (74,797 |) | |
| Payments on short-term borrowings, net | (6,621 |) (1,345 |) (5,276 |) | |
| Payments on long-term borrowings, net | (1,435 |) (147 |) (1,288 |) | |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | 2,956 | 9,658 | (6,702 |) | |
| Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation | 1,652 | 3,989 | (2,337 |) | |
| Purchase of shares for treasury | (51,021 |) (12,780 |) (38,241 |) | |
| Cash dividends paid to shareholders | (18,623 |) — | (18,623 |) | |
| Transactions with non-controlling interests | (2,330 |) — | (2,330 |) | |
| Decrease in Cash and cash equivalents | (94,438 |) (38,009 |) | | |
| | | | | | |

Cash and cash equivalents decreased 31.5% or \$94,438 during the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$205,387 from \$299,825 as of December 31, 2013. This decrease was predominantly due to capital expenditures of \$14,506, payments on short-term borrowings of \$6,621, purchase of treasury stock of \$51,021 and cash dividends paid to shareholders of \$18,623. The decrease in Cash and cash equivalents during the three months ended March 31, 2014 compares to a decrease of 13.3% or \$38,009 to \$248,455 during the three months ended March 31, 2013. Cash provided by operating activities increased by \$33,779 for the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared with the three months ended March 31, 2013. The increase was predominantly due to a decrease in pension contributions and payments of \$33,240. Net operating working capital is defined as the sum of Accounts receivable and Total inventory less Trade accounts payable. Net operating working capital to sales, defined as net operating working capital divided by annualized rolling three months of Net sales, increased to 20.8% at March 31, 2014 compared with 17.6% at December 31, 2013 and 20.3% at March 31, 2013. Days sales in inventory increased to 99.3 days at March 31, 2014 from 93.2 days at December 31, 2013 and 94.6 days at March 31, 2013. Accounts receivable days increased to 56.1 days at March 31, 2014 from 50.3 days at December 31, 2013 and decreased from 56.4 at

March 31, 2013. Average days in accounts payable decreased to 44.1 days at March 31, 2014 from 45.5 days at December 31, 2013 and remained consistent with 44.1 days at March 31, 2013.

Cash used by investing activities decreased by \$1,823 for the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared with the three months ended March 31, 2013. The decrease is predominantly due to a decrease in capital expenditures of \$632 and an increase in proceeds from property, plant and equipment of \$961. The Company currently anticipates capital expenditures of \$60,000 to \$80,000 in 2014. Anticipated capital expenditures reflect investments for capital maintenance and to improve operational effectiveness. Management critically evaluates all proposed capital expenditures and requires each project to increase efficiency, reduce costs, promote business growth, or improve the overall safety and environmental conditions of the Company's facilities.

Cash used by financing activities increased by \$74,797 to \$75,422 in the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared with the three months ended March 31, 2013. The increase was predominantly due to higher net payments of short-term borrowings of \$5,276, higher cash dividends paid to shareholders of \$18,623 and higher purchases of common shares for treasury of \$38,241.

The Company's debt levels decreased from \$19,087 at December 31, 2013 to \$9,981 at March 31, 2014. Debt to total invested capital decreased to 0.7% at March 31, 2014 from 1.2% at December 31, 2013.

In April 2014, the Company paid a cash dividend of \$0.23 per share, or \$18,497 to shareholders of record on March 31, 2014.

Canada --- Notice of Reassessment

As discussed in Note 16 to the consolidated financial statements, in July 2012, the Company received a Notice of Reassessment from the CRA for 2004 to 2011, which would disallow the deductibility of inter-company dividends. These adjustments would increase Canadian federal and provincial tax due by \$56,623 plus approximately \$15,422 of interest, net of tax. The Company disagrees with the position taken by the CRA and believes it is without merit. The Company will vigorously contest the assessment through the Tax Court of Canada. A trial date has not yet been scheduled.

In connection with the litigation process, the Company is required to deposit no less than one-half of the tax and interest assessed by the CRA. The Company has elected to deposit the entire amount of the dispute in order to suspend the continuing accrual of a 5% interest charge. Additionally, deposited amounts will earn interest of approximately 1% due upon a favorable outcome. A deposit was made in 2012 and is recorded as a non-current asset as of March 31, 2014. Although the Company believes it will prevail on the merits of the tax position, the ultimate outcome of the assessment remains uncertain.

Venezuela — Highly Inflationary Economy

Venezuela is a highly inflationary economy under GAAP. As a result, the financial statements of the Company's Venezuelan operation are reported under highly inflationary accounting rules as of January 1, 2010. Under highly inflationary accounting, the financial statements of the Company's Venezuelan operation have been remeasured into the Company's reporting currency and exchange gains and losses from the remeasurement of monetary assets and liabilities are reflected in current earnings. On February 8, 2013, the Venezuelan government announced the devaluation of its currency relative to the U.S. dollar. Effective February 13, 2013 the official rate moved from 4.3 to 6.3 bolivars to the U.S. dollar. During the three months ended March 31, 2013, the devaluation of the bolivar resulted in a foreign currency transaction loss of \$8,081 in Selling, general & administrative expenses and higher Cost of goods sold of \$1,579 due to the liquidation of inventory valued at the historical exchange rate.

In January 2014, the Venezuela government announced the formation of the National Center of Foreign Trade ("CENCOEX") to replace the Commission for the Administration of Currency Exchange ("CADIVI"). Effective January 24, 2014, the exchange rate applicable to the settlement of certain transactions through CENCOEX, including payments of dividends and royalties, changed to utilize the Complementary System of Foreign Currency Administration ("SICAD") auction-based exchange rate (the "SICAD I rate") as opposed to the official rate. In February 2014, the government announced a new market based foreign exchange system, the SICAD II. The exchange rate established through SICAD II fluctuates daily and is significantly higher than both the official rate and the SICAD I rate.

While there remains considerable uncertainty as to the nature and volume of transactions that will flow through the various currency exchange mechanisms, the Company has determined that the SICAD I rate is the most appropriate exchange rate for the Company to utilize in remeasuring the Venezuelan operation's financial statements into U.S.

dollars. This determination was made as a result of the Company's assertion as of March 31, 2014 that any future remittances for dividend payments could be transacted at the SICAD I rate. As of March 31, 2014, the SICAD I rate was 10.7 bolivars to the U.S. dollar, which resulted in a remeasurement loss on the bolivar-denominated monetary net asset position of \$17,665, which was recorded in Selling, general & administrative expenses in the three months ended March 31, 2014. Additionally, the Company expects higher Cost of goods sold of \$3,468 during the second quarter of 2014, due to the liquidation of inventory valued at the historical exchange rate. As previously discussed, the SICAD I rate is determined by periodic auctions and therefore the rate is likely to fluctuate in future periods which may result in additional losses or gains on a remeasurement of the bolivar-denominated monetary net asset position.

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At March 31, 2014, the amount of bolivar requests awaiting government approval to be paid in U.S. dollars at the SICAD I rate include \$9,472 for dividend payments, of which \$4,919 have been outstanding for more than a year, and \$9,235 to be paid at the official rate, of which \$3,633 have been outstanding for more than a year. In the first quarter 2014, the Company converted an insignificant amount of bolivars to U.S. dollars under any of the exchange mechanisms.

In the first quarter 2014, the Company's Venezuela operations contributed \$24,188 to Net sales for the Company. Net income for the quarter included a loss of \$6,511, or \$(0.08) per diluted share from Venezuela. Adjusted net income for the quarter included \$11,154, or \$0.14 per diluted share, from Venezuela. Future impacts to earnings will be dependent upon several factors including, the effect on earnings resulting from translating financial results at a rate other than the official rate, additional remeasurement losses or gains resulting from the fluctuation of the SICAD I rate or the movement to another rate for remeasurement purposes, the amount of monetary assets and liabilities included in the Company's Venezuela operation's balance sheet and potential compression to profit margins as a result of changes in raw material sourcing. The bolivar-denominated monetary net asset position was \$25,294 at March 31, 2014, including \$23,936 of cash and cash equivalents and \$38,633 at December 31, 2013, including \$50,642 of cash and cash equivalents.

The Company's ability to effectively manage sales and profit levels in Venezuela will be impacted by several factors. In addition to those factors previously mentioned, these include the Company's ability to mitigate the effect of any potential future devaluation and Venezuelan government price or exchange controls. If in the future the Company were to convert bolivars at a rate other than the SICAD I rate or exchange rates are revised, the Company may realize a loss to earnings. For example, a future devaluation in the Venezuelan currency to the SICAD II rate, which was 49.8 as of March 31, 2014, would result in the Company realizing additional charges of approximately \$6,000 to Cost of goods sold based on current inventory levels and \$20,000 to Selling, general and administrative expenses based upon the current bolivar-denominated monetary net asset position. Further, in January 2014, the Venezuelan government also enacted the "Fair Prices Law" limiting prices and establishing a maximum profit margin on goods and services which could further impact future earnings. The various restrictions on the distribution of foreign currency by the Venezuelan government could also affect the Company's ability to pay obligations and maintain normal productions levels in Venezuela.

New Accounting Pronouncements

Refer to Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements for a discussion of accounting standards recently adopted or required to be adopted in the future.

Acquisitions

During 2014, the Company acquired the remaining interest in its majority-owned joint venture, Harris Soldas Especiais S.A. The purchase price was not material.

During November 2013, the Company completed the acquisition of Robolution. Robolution, based outside of Frankfurt, Germany, is a leading European provider of robotic arc welding systems. The acquisition added to the Company's growing automation business and will enable the Company to support automation customers across three continents.

During November 2013, the Company acquired an ownership interest in Burlington. Burlington, based in Hamilton, Ontario, Canada, is a leader in the design and manufacture of 3D robotic plasma cutting systems whose products are sold under the brand name Python $X^{\text{(B)}}$. The acquisition broadens the Company's portfolio of automated cutting and welding process solutions.

Combined revenues for Robolution and Burlington in 2013 were approximately \$35,000. The Company acquired Robolution and Burlington for approximately \$54,261 in cash, net of cash acquired, and assumed debt and a \$18,943 liability to acquire the remaining financial interest in Burlington. The fair value of net assets acquired was \$30,531, resulting in goodwill of \$42,673. The purchase price allocations are preliminary and subject to final opening balance sheet adjustments. In addition, during 2013 the Company acquired a greater interest in its majority-owned joint venture, Lincoln Electric Heli (Zhengzhou) Welding Materials Company Ltd. The purchase price was not material.

Pro forma information related to these acquisitions has not been presented because the impact on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income is not material. Acquired companies are included in the Company's consolidated financial statements as of the date of acquisition.

Debt

The Company has a line of credit totaling \$300,000 through the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), which was entered into on July 26, 2012. The Credit Agreement contains customary affirmative, negative and financial covenants for credit facilities of this type, including limitations on the Company and its subsidiaries with respect to liens, investments, distributions, mergers and acquisitions, dispositions of assets, transactions with affiliates and a fixed charges coverage ratio and total leverage ratio. As of March 31, 2014, the Company was in compliance with all of its covenants and had no outstanding borrowings under the Credit Agreement. The Credit Agreement has a five-year term and may be increased, subject to certain conditions, by an additional amount up to \$100,000. The interest rate on borrowings is based on either LIBOR or the prime rate, plus a spread based on the Company's leverage ratio, at the Company's election.

Forward-looking Statements

The Company's expectations and beliefs concerning the future contained in this report are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements reflect management's current expectations and involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements generally can be identified by the use of words such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "anticipate," "believe," "forecast," "guida words of similar meaning. Actual results may differ materially from such statements due to a variety of factors that could adversely affect the Company's operating results. The factors include, but are not limited to: general economic and market conditions; the effectiveness of operating initiatives; interest rates; currency exchange rates and devaluations, including in highly inflationary countries such as Venezuela; adverse outcome of pending or potential litigation; actual costs of the Company's rationalization plans; possible acquisitions; market risks and price fluctuations related to the purchase of commodities and energy; global regulatory complexity; and the possible effects of events beyond our control, such as political unrest, acts of terror and natural disasters, on the Company or its customers, suppliers and the economy in general. For additional discussion, see "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no material changes in the Company's exposure to market risk since December 31, 2013. See "Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on that evaluation, the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2014.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2014 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is subject, from time to time, to a variety of civil and administrative proceedings arising out of its normal operations, including, without limitation, product liability claims, regulatory claims and health, safety and environmental claims. Among such proceedings are the cases described below.

At March 31, 2014, the Company was a co-defendant in cases alleging asbestos induced illness involving claims by approximately 14,543 plaintiffs, which is a net decrease of 58 claims from those previously reported. In each instance, the Company is one of a large number of defendants. The asbestos claimants seek compensatory and punitive damages, in most cases for unspecified sums. Since January 1, 1995, the Company has been a co-defendant in other similar cases that have been resolved as follows: 41,939 of those claims were dismissed, 22 were tried to defense verdicts, seven were tried to plaintiff verdicts (one of which is being appealed), one was resolved by agreement for an immaterial amount and 643 were decided in favor of the Company following summary judgment motions. In July 2012, the Company received a Notice of Reassessment from the Canada Revenue Agency (the "CRA") for 2004 to 2011, which would disallow the deductibility of inter-company dividends. These adjustments would increase Canadian federal and provincial tax due. The Company disagrees with the position taken by the CRA and believes it is without merit. The Company will vigorously contest the assessment through the Tax Court of Canada. A trial date has not yet been scheduled.

In connection with the litigation process, the Company is required to deposit no less than one-half of the tax and interest assessed by the CRA. The Company has elected to deposit the entire amount of the dispute in order to suspend the continuing accrual of a 5% interest charge. Any Canadian tax ultimately due will be creditable in the parent company's U.S. federal tax return. The Company expects to be able to utilize the full amount of foreign tax credits generated in the statutorily allowed carry-back and carry-forward periods. Accordingly, should the Company not prevail in this dispute, the income statement charge will approximate the deficiency interest, net of tax. The Company believes it will prevail on the merits of the tax position. In accordance with prescribed recognition and measurement thresholds, no income tax accrual has been made for any uncertain tax positions related to the CRA reassessment. An unfavorable resolution of this matter could have a material effect on the Company's financial statements in the period in which a judgment is reached.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, the reader should carefully consider the factors discussed in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, which could materially affect the Company's business, financial condition or future results.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS Issuer purchases of its common shares during the first quarter of 2014 were as follows:

| issuer parenases of its common shares during the first quarter of 2011 were as follows. | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Period | Total Number of Shares Repurchased | Average Price Paid Per Share | Total Number of Shares Repurchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs | Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs ⁽²⁾ | |
| January 1 - 31, 2014 | 188,400 | \$70.46 | 188,400 | 15,482,359 | |
| February 1 - 28, 2014 | 223,068 (1) | 70.65 | 221,400 | 15,260,959 | |
| March 1 - 31, 2014 | 298,370 (1) | 73.69 | 276,592 | 14,984,367 | |
| Total | 709,838 | 71.88 | 686,392 | | |
| | | | | | |

¹The above share repurchases include the surrender of 1,668 and 21,778 shares of the Company's common shares in connection with the exercise of stock options and vesting of restricted awards in February and March, respectively. In July 2013, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a new share repurchase program, which increased the total number the Company's common shares authorized to be repurchased to 45 million shares. Total shares ²purchased through the share repurchase programs were 30,015,633 shares at a total cost of \$644.1 million for a weighted average cost of \$21.46 per share through March 31, 2014.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

(a) Exhibits

- 31.1 Certification of the Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- 31.2 Certification of the Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer) pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Certification of the Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer) pursuant to

18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document
- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
- 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
- 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

LINCOLN ELECTRIC HOLDINGS, INC.

/s/ Vincent K. Petrella Vincent K. Petrella Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (principal financial and accounting officer) April 25, 2014