

GENERAL ELECTRIC CAPITAL CORP
Form 10-Q
July 29, 2011

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2011

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 001-06461

GENERAL ELECTRIC CAPITAL CORPORATION
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

13-1500700
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

901 Main Avenue, Norwalk, Connecticut
(Address of principal executive offices)

06851-1168
(Zip Code)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code) (203) 840-6300

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year,
if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Edgar Filing: GENERAL ELECTRIC CAPITAL CORP - Form 10-Q

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

At July 29, 2011, 3,985,404 shares of voting common stock, which constitute all of the outstanding common equity, with a par value of \$14 per share were outstanding.

REGISTRANT MEETS THE CONDITIONS SET FORTH IN GENERAL INSTRUCTION H(1)(a) AND (b) OF FORM 10-Q AND IS THEREFORE FILING THIS FORM 10-Q WITH THE REDUCED DISCLOSURE FORMAT.

(1)

General Electric Capital Corporation

Part I – Financial Information		Page
Item 1.	Financial Statements	
	Condensed Statement of Current and Retained Earnings	3
	Condensed Statement of Financial Position	4
	Condensed Statement of Cash Flows	5
	Summary of Operating Segments	6
	Notes to Condensed, Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)	7
Item 2.	Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	48
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	69
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	69
Part II – Other Information		
Item 6.	Exhibits	70
Signatures		71

Forward-Looking Statements

This document contains “forward-looking statements” – that is, statements related to future, not past, events. In this context, forward-looking statements often address our expected future business and financial performance and financial condition, and often contain words such as “expect,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “plan,” “believe,” “seek,” “see,” or “will.” Forward-looking statements by their nature address matters that are, to different degrees, uncertain. For us, particular uncertainties that could cause our actual results to be materially different than those expressed in our forward-looking statements include: current economic and financial conditions, including volatility in interest and exchange rates, commodity and equity prices and the value of financial assets; potential market disruptions or other impacts arising in the United States or Europe from sovereign debt issues, including developments in connection with the U.S. indebtedness cap; the impact of conditions in the financial and credit markets on the availability and cost of our funding and on our ability to reduce our asset levels as planned; the impact of conditions in the housing market and unemployment rates on the level of commercial and consumer credit defaults; changes in Japanese consumer behavior that may affect our estimates of liability for excess interest refund claims (Grey Zone); potential financial implications from the Japanese natural disaster; our ability to maintain our current credit rating and the impact on our funding costs and competitive position if we do not do so; the level of demand and financial performance of the major industries we serve, including, without limitation, air transportation, real estate and healthcare; the impact of regulation and regulatory, investigative and legal proceedings and legal compliance risks, including the impact of financial services regulation; strategic actions, including acquisitions, joint ventures and dispositions and our success in completing announced transactions and integrating acquired businesses; and numerous other matters of national, regional and global scale, including those of a political, economic, business and competitive nature. These uncertainties may cause our actual future results to be materially different than those expressed in our forward-looking statements. We do not undertake to update our forward-looking statements.

Part I. Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements.

General Electric Capital Corporation and consolidated affiliates

Condensed Statement of Current and Retained Earnings

(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Revenues				
Revenues from services (a)	\$ 11,638	\$ 11,667	\$ 23,868	\$ 23,252
Other-than-temporary impairment on investment securities:				
Total other-than-temporary impairment on investment securities	(112)	(95)	(177)	(247)
Less: Portion of other-than-temporary impairment recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income	58	42	62	121
Net other-than-temporary impairment on investment securities recognized in earnings	(54)	(53)	(115)	(126)
Revenues from services (Note 9)	11,584	11,614	23,753	23,126
Sales of goods	42	168	84	449
Total revenues	11,626	11,782	23,837	23,575
Costs and expenses				
Interest	3,583	3,638	7,164	7,327
Operating and administrative	3,319	3,471	6,671	6,980
Cost of goods sold	38	154	78	419
Investment contracts, insurance losses and insurance annuity benefits	30	38	54	73
Provision for losses on financing receivables	811	2,007	1,968	4,187
Depreciation and amortization	1,792	1,848	3,567	3,762
Total costs and expenses	9,573	11,156	19,502	22,748
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes	2,053	626	4,335	827
Benefit (provision) for income taxes	(378)	95	(824)	459
Earnings from continuing operations	1,675	721	3,511	1,286
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes (Note 2)	218	(100)	275	(450)
Net earnings	1,893	621	3,786	836

Edgar Filing: GENERAL ELECTRIC CAPITAL CORP - Form 10-Q

Less net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	20	(22)	51	(27)
Net earnings attributable to GECC	1,873	643	3,735	863
Dividends	—	1	—	—
Retained earnings at beginning of period	49,829	45,863	47,967	45,644
Retained earnings at end of period	\$ 51,702	\$ 46,507	\$ 51,702	\$ 46,507
Amounts attributable to GECC				
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 1,655	\$ 743	\$ 3,460	\$ 1,313
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes	218	(100)	275	(450)
Net earnings attributable to GECC	\$ 1,873	\$ 643	\$ 3,735	\$ 863

(a) Excluding net other-than-temporary impairment on investment securities.

See accompanying notes.

(3)

General Electric Capital Corporation and consolidated affiliates

Condensed Statement of Financial Position

(In millions)	June 30, 2011 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2010
Assets		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 77,258	\$ 59,538
Investment securities (Note 3)	18,372	17,952
Inventories	52	66
Financing receivables – net (Notes 4 and 12)	300,749	312,234
Other receivables	13,657	13,674
Property, plant and equipment, less accumulated amortization of \$24,961 and \$25,390	55,307	53,747
Goodwill (Note 5)	28,173	27,508
Other intangible assets – net (Note 5)	1,843	1,874
Other assets	74,410	79,045
Assets of businesses held for sale (Note 2)	895	3,127
Assets of discontinued operations (Note 2)	6,407	12,375
Total assets(a)	\$ 577,123	\$ 581,140
Liabilities and equity		
Short-term borrowings (Note 6)	\$ 118,599	\$ 113,646
Accounts payable	7,739	6,839
Non-recourse borrowings of consolidated securitization entities (Note 6)	29,075	30,018
Bank deposits (Note 6)	41,548	37,298
Long-term borrowings (Note 6)	268,830	284,346
Investment contracts, insurance liabilities and insurance annuity benefits	5,054	5,779
Other liabilities	22,283	20,287
Deferred income taxes	1,717	6,109
Liabilities of businesses held for sale (Note 2)	527	592
Liabilities of discontinued operations (Note 2)	1,706	2,181
Total liabilities(a)	497,078	507,095
Capital stock	56	56
Accumulated other comprehensive income – net(b)		
Investment securities	(376)	(337)
Currency translation adjustments	986	(1,541)
Cash flow hedges	(1,606)	(1,347)
Benefit plans	(381)	(380)
Additional paid-in capital	28,463	28,463
Retained earnings	51,702	47,967
Total GECC shareowner's equity	78,844	72,881
Noncontrolling interests(c)	1,201	1,164
Total equity	80,045	74,045
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 577,123	\$ 581,140

- (a) Our consolidated assets at June 30, 2011 include total assets of \$43,797 million of certain variable interest entities (VIEs) that can only be used to settle the liabilities of those VIEs. These assets include net financing receivables of \$36,387 million and investment securities of \$4,927 million. Our consolidated liabilities at June 30, 2011 include liabilities of certain VIEs for which the VIE creditors do not have recourse to GECC. These liabilities include non-recourse borrowings of consolidated securitization entities (CSEs) of \$28,556 million. See Note 13.
- (b) The sum of accumulated other comprehensive income – net was \$(1,377) million and \$(3,605) million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.
- (c) Included accumulated other comprehensive income – net attributable to noncontrolling interests of \$(128) million and \$(137) million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

See accompanying notes.

(4)

General Electric Capital Corporation and consolidated affiliates
Condensed Statement of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
Cash flows – operating activities		
Net earnings	\$ 3,786	\$ 836
Less net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	51	(27)
Net earnings attributable to GECC	3,735	863
(Earnings) loss from discontinued operations	(275)	450
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings attributable to GECC to cash provided from operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment	3,567	3,762
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	955	2,325
Provision for losses on financing receivables	1,968	4,187
All other operating activities	(743)	(498)
Cash from (used for) operating activities – continuing operations	9,207	11,089
Cash from (used for) operating activities – discontinued operations	683	339
Cash from (used for) operating activities	9,890	11,428
Cash flows – investing activities		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(5,118)	(2,177)
Dispositions of property, plant and equipment	3,488	2,279
Increase in loans to customers	(153,755)	(150,337)
Principal collections from customers – loans	166,514	160,233
Investment in equipment for financing leases	(4,386)	(4,522)
Principal collections from customers – financing leases	6,813	8,372
Net change in credit card receivables	1,575	1,578
Proceeds from sale of discontinued operations	4,371	–
Proceeds from principal business dispositions	2,077	825
Payments for principal businesses purchased	(93)	–
All other investing activities	4,118	11,976
Cash from (used for) investing activities – continuing operations	25,604	28,227
Cash from (used for) investing activities – discontinued operations	(623)	(102)
Cash from (used for) investing activities	24,981	28,125
Cash flows – financing activities		
Net increase (decrease) in borrowings (maturities of 90 days or less)	(2,932)	(2,247)
Net increase (decrease) in bank deposits	2,464	619
Newly issued debt (maturities longer than 90 days)		
Short-term (91 to 365 days)	10	10,628
Long-term (longer than one year)	26,860	17,138
Non-recourse, leveraged lease	–	–
Repayments and other debt reductions (maturities longer than 90 days)		
Short-term (91 to 365 days)	(44,379)	(63,476)
Long-term (longer than one year)	(273)	(1,163)

Edgar Filing: GENERAL ELECTRIC CAPITAL CORP - Form 10-Q

Non-recourse, leveraged lease	(520)	(454)
Dividends paid to shareowner	—	—
All other financing activities	(728)	(1,270)
Cash from (used for) financing activities – continuing operations	(19,498)	(40,225)
Cash from (used for) financing activities – discontinued operations	(42)	(305)
Cash from (used for) financing activities	(19,540)	(40,530)
Effect of currency exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents	2,407	(1,598)
Increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents	17,738	(2,575)
Cash and equivalents at beginning of year	59,679	63,880
Cash and equivalents at June 30	77,417	61,305
Less cash and equivalents of discontinued operations at June 30	159	1,903
Cash and equivalents of continuing operations at June 30	\$ 77,258	\$ 59,402

See accompanying notes.

(5)

Summary of Operating Segments

(In millions)	Three months ended June 30, (Unaudited)		Six months ended June 30, (Unaudited)	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Revenues				
CLL	\$ 4,666	\$ 4,506	\$ 9,274	\$ 9,100
Consumer	4,176	4,317	9,003	8,743
Real Estate	992	991	1,899	1,935
Energy Financial Services	365	595	710	1,386
GECAS	1,327	1,259	2,652	2,498
Total segment revenues	11,526	11,668	23,538	23,662
GECC corporate items and eliminations	100	114	299	(87)
Total revenues in GECC	\$ 11,626	\$ 11,782	\$ 23,837	\$ 23,575
Segment profit				
CLL	\$ 701	\$ 312	\$ 1,255	\$ 544
Consumer	1,020	649	2,239	1,204
Real Estate	(335)	(524)	(693)	(927)
Energy Financial Services	139	126	251	279
GECAS	321	288	627	605
Total segment profit	1,846	851	3,679	1,705
GECC corporate items and eliminations	(191)	(108)	(219)	(392)
Earnings from continuing operations attributable to GECC	1,655	743	3,460	1,313
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes, attributable to GECC	218	(100)	275	(450)
Total net earnings attributable to GECC	\$ 1,873	\$ 643	\$ 3,735	\$ 863

See accompanying notes.

(6)

Notes to Condensed, Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

All of the outstanding common stock of General Electric Capital Corporation (GECC) is owned by General Electric Capital Services, Inc. (GECS), all of whose common stock is owned by General Electric Company (GE Company or GE). Our financial statements consolidate all of our affiliates – companies that we control and in which we hold a majority voting interest. We also consolidate the economic interests we hold in certain businesses within companies in which we hold a voting equity interest and are majority owned by our ultimate parent, but which we have agreed to actively manage and control. See Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 (2010 consolidated financial statements), which discusses our consolidation and financial statement presentation. GECC includes Commercial Lending and Leasing (CLL), Consumer, Real Estate, Energy Financial Services and GE Capital Aviation Services (GECAS).

As a wholly-owned subsidiary, GECC enters into various operating and financing arrangements with GE. Transactions between related companies are made on an arms-length basis, are eliminated and consist primarily of capital contributions from GE to GECC; GE customer receivables sold to GECC; GECC services for trade receivables management and material procurement; buildings and equipment (including automobiles) leased between GE and GECC; information technology (IT) and other services sold to GECC by GE; aircraft engines manufactured by GE that are installed on aircraft purchased by GECC from third-party producers for lease to others; and various investments, loans and allocations of GE corporate overhead costs.

Beginning January 1, 2011, GE allocates service costs related to its principal pension plans and GE no longer allocates the retiree costs of postretirement healthcare benefits to its segments. This revised allocation methodology better aligns segment operating costs to active employee costs that are managed by the segments. This change did not significantly affect our reported segment results.

We have reclassified certain prior-period amounts to conform to the current-period presentation. Unless otherwise indicated, information in these notes to the condensed, consolidated financial statements relates to continuing operations.

Interim Period Presentation

The condensed, consolidated financial statements and notes thereto are unaudited. These statements include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) that we considered necessary to present a fair statement of our results of operations, financial position and cash flows. The results reported in these condensed, consolidated financial statements should not be regarded as necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the entire year. It is suggested that these condensed, consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in our 2010 consolidated financial statements. We label our quarterly information using a calendar convention, that is, first quarter is labeled as ending on March 31, second quarter as ending on June 30, and third quarter as ending on September 30. It is our longstanding practice to establish interim quarterly closing dates using a fiscal calendar, which requires our businesses to close their books on either a Saturday or Sunday, depending on the business. The effects of this practice are modest and only exist within a reporting year. The fiscal closing calendar from 1993 through 2013 is available on our website, www.ge.com/secreports.

2. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF BUSINESSES HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Assets and Liabilities of Businesses Held for Sale

In the second quarter of 2011, we committed to sell our Consumer business banking operations in Latvia.

In 2010, we committed to sell our Consumer businesses in Argentina, Brazil, and Canada, a CLL business in South Korea, and our Interpark business in Real Estate. The Consumer Canada disposition was completed during the first quarter of 2011. The Consumer Brazil and our Interpark business in Real Estate dispositions were completed during the second quarter of 2011 for proceeds of \$22 million and \$704 million, respectively.

Summarized financial information for businesses held for sale is shown below.

(In millions)	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Assets		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 149	\$ 54
Financing receivables – net	576	1,917
Property, plant and equipment – net	100	103
Other intangible assets – net	31	187
Other assets	9	841
Other	30	25
Assets of businesses held for sale	\$ 895	\$ 3,127
Liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	\$ 399	\$ 146
Accounts payable	56	46
Long-term borrowings	19	228
Other liabilities	53	172
Liabilities of businesses held for sale	\$ 527	\$ 592

Discontinued Operations

Discontinued operations primarily comprised BAC Credomatic GECF Inc. (BAC) (our Central American bank and card business), GE Money Japan (our Japanese personal loan business, Lake, and our Japanese mortgage and card businesses, excluding our investment in GE Nissen Credit Co., Ltd.), our U.S. mortgage business (WMC), our U.S. recreational vehicle and marine equipment financing business (Consumer RV Marine), Consumer Mexico, Consumer Singapore and our Consumer home lending operations in Australia and New Zealand (Australian Home Lending). Associated results of operations, financial position and cash flows are separately reported as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

Edgar Filing: GENERAL ELECTRIC CAPITAL CORP - Form 10-Q

Summarized financial information for discontinued operations is shown below.

(In millions)	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Operations				
Total revenues	\$ 121	\$ 513	\$ 324	\$ 1,050
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations				
before income taxes	\$ (13)	\$ 104	\$ 11	\$ 123
Benefit (provision) for income taxes	35	(19)	29	(7)
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes	\$ 22	\$ 85	\$ 40	\$ 116
Disposal				
Gain (loss) on disposal before income taxes	\$ (52)	\$ (185)	\$ (41)	\$ (566)
Benefit for income taxes	248	–	276	–
Gain (loss) on disposal, net of taxes	\$ 196	\$ (185)	\$ 235	\$ (566)
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes	\$ 218	\$ (100)	\$ 275	\$ (450)

(In millions)	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Assets		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 159	\$ 142
Financing receivables - net	4,966	10,589
Other assets	17	168
Other	1,265	1,476
Assets of discontinued operations	\$ 6,407	\$ 12,375

(In millions)	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 16	\$ 110
Deferred income taxes	171	238
Other	1,519	1,833
Liabilities of discontinued operations	\$ 1,706	\$ 2,181

Assets at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, primarily comprised cash, financing receivables and a deferred tax asset for a loss carryforward, which expires principally in 2015 and in part in 2017, related to the sale of our GE Money Japan business.

BAC Credomatic GECF Inc. (BAC)

During the fourth quarter of 2010, we classified BAC as discontinued operations and completed the sale of BAC for \$1,920 million. Immediately prior to the sale, and in accordance with terms of a previous agreement, we increased our ownership interest in BAC from 75% to 100% for a purchase price of \$633 million. As a result of the sale of our interest in BAC, we recognized an after-tax gain of \$780 million in 2010.

BAC revenues from discontinued operations were \$248 million and \$508 million in the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively. In total, BAC earnings from discontinued operations, net of taxes, were \$20 million and \$37 million in the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively.

(9)

GE Money Japan

During the third quarter of 2007, we committed to a plan to sell our Japanese personal loan business, Lake, upon determining that, despite restructuring, Japanese regulatory limits for interest charges on unsecured personal loans did not permit us to earn an acceptable return. During the third quarter of 2008, we completed the sale of GE Money Japan, which included Lake, along with our Japanese mortgage and card businesses, excluding our investment in GE Nissen Credit Co., Ltd. In connection with the sale, we reduced the proceeds from the sale for estimated interest refund claims in excess of the statutory interest rate. Proceeds from the sale were to be increased or decreased based on the actual claims experienced in accordance with loss-sharing terms specified in the sale agreement, with all claims in excess of 258 billion Japanese Yen (approximately \$3,000 million) remaining our responsibility. The underlying portfolio to which this obligation relates is in runoff and interest rates were capped for all designated accounts by mid-2009. In the third quarter of 2010, we began making reimbursements under this arrangement.

Our overall claims experience developed unfavorably through 2010. We believe that the level of excess interest refund claims has been impacted by the challenging global economic conditions, in addition to Japanese legislative and regulatory changes. In September 2010, a large independent personal loan company in Japan filed for bankruptcy, which precipitated a significant amount of publicity surrounding excess interest refund claims in the Japanese marketplace, along with substantial legal advertising. We observed an increase in claims during September 2010 and higher average daily claims in the fourth quarter of 2010 and the first two months of 2011. While we have experienced a decline in claims following the February 2011 claims filing deadline related to the bankruptcy filing of the personal loan company, it continues to be unclear whether excess interest refund claims activity will be also affected by the March 11, 2011 earthquake and subsequent tsunami in Japan. As of June 30, 2011, our reserve for reimbursement of claims in excess of the statutory interest rate was \$1,037 million.

The amount of these reserves is based on analyses of recent and historical claims experience, pending and estimated future excess interest refund requests, the estimated percentage of customers who present valid requests, and our estimated payments related to those requests. Our estimated liability for excess interest refund claims at June 30, 2011 assumes the pace of incoming claims will decelerate, average exposure per claim remains consistent with historical experience, and we continue to see further impact of our loss mitigation efforts. Estimating the pace of decline in incoming claims can have a significant effect on the total amount of our liability. Average daily claims have been higher than expected, which we believe is primarily attributable to the bankruptcy filing of the large independent personal loan company described above and claims activity has declined substantially following that period. We believe that continued evaluation of claims activity will be important in order to fully assess the potential impact of this bankruptcy or other events on our overall claim reserve estimate. Holding all other assumptions constant, if claims declined at a rate of one percent higher or lower than assumed, our liability estimate would change by approximately \$250 million.

Uncertainties around the impact of laws and regulations, challenging economic conditions, the runoff status of the underlying book of business, the effects of the March 11, 2011 earthquake and subsequent tsunami in Japan and the effects of our mitigation efforts make it difficult to develop a meaningful estimate of the aggregate possible claims exposure. Recent trends, including the effect of governmental actions, market activity regarding other personal loan companies and consumer activity, may continue to have an adverse effect on claims development.

GE Money Japan losses from discontinued operations, net of taxes, were \$0 million and \$188 million in the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$0 million and \$571 million in the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

WMC

During the fourth quarter of 2007, we completed the sale of WMC, our U.S. mortgage business. WMC substantially discontinued all new loan originations by the second quarter of 2007, and is not a loan servicer. In connection with the sale, WMC retained certain obligations related to loans sold prior to the disposal of the business, including WMC's contractual obligations to repurchase previously sold loans as to which there was an early payment default or with respect to which certain contractual representations and warranties were not met. All claims received for early payment default have either been resolved or are no longer being pursued.

(10)

Pending claims for unmet representations and warranties were \$783 million at December 31, 2009, \$347 million at December 31, 2010 and \$469 million at June 30, 2011. Reserves related to these contractual representations and warranties were \$101 million at both June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010. The amount of these reserves is based upon pending and estimated future loan repurchase requests, the estimated percentage of loans validly tendered for repurchase, and our estimated losses on loans repurchased. Based on our historical experience, we estimate that a small percentage of the total loans WMC originated and sold will be tendered for repurchase, and of those tendered, only a limited amount will qualify as “validly tendered,” meaning the loans sold did not satisfy specified contractual obligations. WMC’s current reserve represents our best estimate of losses with respect to WMC’s repurchase obligations. Actual losses could exceed the reserve amount if actual claim rates, investigative or litigation activity, valid tenders or losses WMC incurs on repurchased loans are higher than we have historically observed with respect to WMC.

WMC revenues (loss) from discontinued operations were \$0 million and \$(3) million in the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$0 million and \$(3) million in the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. In total, WMC’s earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes, were \$(2) million and \$1 million in the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$(3) million in both the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010.

Other

In the second quarter of 2011, we entered into an agreement to sell our Australian Home Lending operations for approximately \$4,700 million. As a result, we recognized an after-tax loss of \$150 million in the second quarter of 2011. Australian Home Lending revenues from discontinued operations were \$101 million and \$131 million in the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$215 million and \$268 million in the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Australian Home Lending earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes, were \$(118) million and \$24 million in the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$(80) million and \$37 million in the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

In the first quarter of 2011, we entered into an agreement to sell our Consumer Singapore business for \$692 million. The sale was completed in the second quarter of 2011 and resulted in the recognition of a gain on disposal, net of taxes, of \$319 million. Consumer Singapore revenues from discontinued operations were \$2 million and \$26 million in the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$31 million and \$52 million in the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Consumer Singapore earnings from discontinued operations, net of taxes, were \$319 million and \$8 million in the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$326 million and \$16 million in the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

In the fourth quarter of 2010, we entered into agreements to sell our Consumer RV Marine portfolio and Consumer Mexico business. The Consumer RV Marine and Consumer Mexico dispositions were completed during the first quarter and the second quarter of 2011, respectively, for proceeds of \$2,365 million and \$1,943 million, respectively. Consumer RV Marine revenues from discontinued operations were \$6 million and \$54 million in the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$11 million and \$108 million in the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Consumer RV Marine earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes, were \$2 million and \$17 million in the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$2 million and \$(1) million in the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Consumer Mexico revenues from discontinued operations were \$12 million and \$56 million in the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$67 million and \$117 million in the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Consumer Mexico earnings from discontinued operations, net of taxes, were \$17 million in both the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, and \$33 million and \$35 million in the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

(11)

3. INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Substantially all of our investment securities are classified as available-for-sale. These comprise mainly investment grade debt securities supporting obligations to holders of guaranteed investment contracts (GICs) in Trinity, and investment securities at our treasury operations. We do not have any securities classified as held to maturity.

(In millions)	At							
	June 30, 2011				December 31, 2010			
	Amortized cost	Gross unrealized gains	Gross unrealized losses	Estimated fair value	Amortized cost	Gross unrealized gains	Gross unrealized losses	Estimated fair value
Debt								
U.S. corporate	\$ 2,897	\$ 95	\$ (10)	\$ 2,982	\$ 3,490	\$ 169	\$ (14)	\$ 3,645
State and municipal	915	10	(228)	697	918	4	(232)	690
Residential mortgage-backed(a)	1,887	23	(302)	1,608	2,099	14	(355)	1,758
Commercial mortgage-backed	1,523	38	(173)	1,388	1,619	-	(183)	1,436
Asset-backed	3,708	25	(143)	3,590	3,242	7	(190)	3,059
Corporate – non-U.S.	1,441	44	(84)	1,401	1,478	39	(111)	1,406
Government – non-U.S.	2,197	7	(84)	2,120	1,804	8	(58)	1,754
U.S. government and federal agency	2,597	9	-	2,606	2,663	3	(5)	2,661
Retained interests	32	16	(3)	45	55	10	(26)	39
Equity								
Available-for-sale	1,287	204	(31)	1,460	902	194	(9)	1,087
Trading	475	-	-	475	417	-	-	417
Total	\$ 18,959	\$ 471	\$ (1,058)	\$ 18,372	\$ 18,687	\$ 448	\$ (1,183)	\$ 17,952

(a) Substantially collateralized by U.S. mortgages. Of our total residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS) portfolio at June 30, 2011, \$788 million relates to securities issued by government sponsored entities and \$820 million relates to securities of private label issuers. Securities issued by private label issuers are collateralized primarily by pools of individual direct mortgage loans of individual financial institutions.

The fair value of investment securities increased to \$18,372 million at June 30, 2011, from \$17,952 million at December 31, 2010, primarily driven by improved market conditions and purchases.

The following tables present the estimated fair values and gross unrealized losses of our available-for-sale investment securities.

(In millions)	In loss position for			
	Less than 12 months	Gross unrealized losses (a)	12 months or more	Gross unrealized losses(a)
	Estimated fair value		Estimated fair value	
June 30, 2011				
Debt				
U.S. corporate	\$ 151	\$ (6)	\$ 169	\$ (4)
State and municipal	93	(15)	447	(213)
Residential mortgage-backed	282	(7)	853	(295)
Commercial mortgage-backed	767	(123)	621	(50)
Asset-backed	58	(4)	875	(139)
Corporate – non-U.S.	116	(4)	731	(80)
Government – non-U.S.	1,105	(3)	128	(81)
U.S. government and federal agency	–	–	–	–
Retained interests	–	–	6	(3)
Equity	69	(31)	–	–
Total	\$ 2,641	\$ (193)	\$ 3,830	\$ (865)
December 31, 2010				
Debt				
U.S. corporate	\$ 357	\$ (5)	\$ 337	\$ (9)
State and municipal	137	(16)	443	(216)
Residential mortgage-backed	166	(3)	920	(352)
Commercial mortgage-backed	779	(103)	652	(80)
Asset-backed	111	(5)	902	(185)
Corporate – non-U.S.	123	(2)	673	(109)
Government – non-U.S.	642	(6)	105	(52)
U.S. government and federal agency	1,613	(5)	–	–
Retained interests	–	–	34	(26)
Equity	46	(9)	–	–
Total	\$ 3,974	\$ (154)	\$ 4,066	\$ (1,029)

(a) At June 30, 2011, other-than-temporary impairments previously recognized through other comprehensive income (OCI) on securities still held amounted to \$(439) million, of which \$(350) million related to RMBS. Gross unrealized losses related to those securities at June 30, 2011 amounted to \$(603) million, of which \$(545) million related to RMBS.

We regularly review investment securities for impairment using both qualitative and quantitative criteria. We presently do not intend to sell the vast majority of our debt securities and believe that it is not more likely than not that we will be required to sell these securities that are in an unrealized loss position before recovery of our amortized cost. We believe that the unrealized loss associated with our equity securities will be recovered within the foreseeable future. The methodologies and significant inputs used to measure the amount of credit loss for our investment

securities during the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 have not changed from those described in our 2010 consolidated financial statements. See Note 3 in our 2010 consolidated financial statements for additional information regarding these methodologies and inputs.

During the second quarter of 2011, we recorded other-than-temporary impairments of \$112 million, of which \$54 million was recorded through earnings (\$5 million relates to equity securities) and \$58 million was recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI). At April 1, 2011, cumulative impairments recognized in earnings associated with debt securities still held were \$368 million. During the second quarter, we recognized first time impairments of \$19 million and incremental charges on previously impaired securities of \$23 million. These amounts included \$18 million related to securities that were subsequently sold.

During the second quarter of 2010, we recorded other-than-temporary impairments of \$95 million, of which \$53 million was recorded through earnings and \$42 million was recorded in AOCI. At April 1, 2010, cumulative impairments recognized in earnings associated with debt securities still held were \$200 million. During the second quarter of 2010, we recognized first time impairments of \$35 million and incremental charges on previously impaired securities of \$16 million. These amounts included \$2 million related to securities that were subsequently sold.

(13)

During the six months ended June 30, 2011, we recorded other-than-temporary impairments of \$177 million, of which \$115 million was recorded through earnings (\$10 million relates to equity securities) and \$62 million was recorded in AOCI. At January 1, 2011, cumulative impairments recognized in earnings associated with debt securities still held were \$316 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, we recognized first time impairments of \$19 million and incremental charges on previously impaired securities of \$79 million. These amounts included \$21 million related to securities that were subsequently sold.

During the six months ended June 30, 2010, we recorded other-than-temporary impairments of \$247 million, of which \$126 million was recorded through earnings (\$1 million relates to equity securities) and \$121 million was recorded in AOCI. At January 1, 2010, cumulative impairments recognized in earnings associated with debt securities still held were \$140 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2010, we recognized first time impairments of \$90 million and incremental charges on previously impaired securities of \$33 million. These amounts included \$15 million related to securities that were subsequently sold.

Contractual Maturities of our Investment in Available-for-Sale Debt Securities (Excluding Mortgage-Backed and Asset-Backed Securities)

(In millions)	Amortized cost	Estimated fair value
Due in		
2011	\$ 2,791	\$ 2,797
2012-2015	4,548	4,609
2016-2020	1,791	1,682
2021 and later	909	710

We expect actual maturities to differ from contractual maturities because borrowers have the right to call or prepay certain obligations.

Supplemental information about gross realized gains and losses on available-for-sale investment securities follows.

(In millions)	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Gains	\$ 43	\$ 28	\$ 155	\$ 106
Losses, including impairments	(56)	(55)	(124)	(129)
Net	\$ (13)	\$ (27)	\$ 31	\$ (23)

Although we generally do not have the intent to sell any specific securities at the end of the period, in the ordinary course of managing our investment securities portfolio, we may sell securities prior to their maturities for a variety of reasons, including diversification, credit quality, yield and liquidity requirements and the funding of claims and obligations to policyholders. In some of our bank subsidiaries, we maintain a certain level of purchases and sales volume principally of non-U.S. government debt securities. In these situations, fair value approximates carrying value for these securities.

Proceeds from investment securities sales and early redemptions by the issuer totaled \$4,722 million and \$3,334 million in the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$9,762 million and \$6,930 million in the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, principally from the sales of short-term securities in our bank

subsidiaries and treasury operations.

We recognized net pre-tax gains on trading securities of \$52 million and \$4 million in the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$55 million and \$19 million in the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

(14)

4. FINANCING RECEIVABLES AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOSSES ON FINANCING RECEIVABLES

(In millions)	At	
	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Loans, net of deferred income(a)	\$266,704	\$275,877
Investment in financing leases, net of deferred income	41,099	44,390
	307,803	320,267
Less allowance for losses	(7,054)	(8,033)
Financing receivables – net(b)	\$300,749	\$312,234

(a) Deferred income was \$2,274 million and \$2,351 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

(b) Financing receivables at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 included \$1,389 million and \$1,503 million, respectively, relating to loans that had been acquired in a transfer but have been subject to credit deterioration since origination per Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 310, Receivables.

The following tables provide additional information about our financing receivables and related activity in the allowance for losses for our Commercial, Real Estate and Consumer portfolios.

(15)

Financing Receivables – net

The following table displays our financing receivables balances.

(In millions)	At June 30, 2011	At December 31, 2010
Commercial		
CLL		
Americas	\$ 79,614	\$ 86,596
Europe	37,897	37,498
Asia	11,759	11,943
Other	2,489	2,626
Total CLL	131,759	138,663
Energy Financial Services	6,143	7,011
GECAS	11,952	12,615
Other	1,517	1,788
Total Commercial financing receivables	151,371	160,077
Real Estate		
Debt	27,750	30,249
Business Properties	9,057	9,962
Total Real Estate financing receivables	36,807	40,211
Consumer		
Non-U.S. residential mortgages	40,731	40,011
Non-U.S. installment and revolving credit	21,047	20,132
U.S. installment and revolving credit	42,178	43,974
Non-U.S. auto	7,141	7,558
Other	8,528	8,304
Total Consumer financing receivables	119,625	119,979
Total financing receivables	307,803	320,267
Less allowance for losses	(7,054)	(8,033)
Total financing receivables – net	\$ 300,749	\$ 312,234

Allowance for Losses on Financing Receivables

The following tables provide a roll-forward of our allowance for losses on financing receivables.

(In millions)	Balance at January 1, 2011	Provision charged to operations	Other(a)	Gross write-offs(b)	Recoveries(b)	Balance at June 30, 2011
Commercial						
CLL						
Americas	\$ 1,287	\$ 219	\$ (72)	\$ (366)	\$ 55	\$ 1,123
Europe	429	73	30	(133)	34	433
Asia	222	77	10	(147)	18	180
Other	7	–	–	–	–	7
Total CLL	1,945	369	(32)	(646)	107	1,743
Energy Financial Services	22	11	(1)	(4)	7	35
GECAS	20	(2)	–	(3)	–	15
Other	58	11	1	(17)	1	54
Total Commercial	2,045	389	(32)	(670)	115	1,847
Real Estate						
Debt	1,292	122	9	(341)	10	1,092
Business Properties	196	54	1	(70)	3	184
Total Real Estate	1,488	176	10	(411)	13	1,276
Consumer						
Non-U.S. residential mortgages	803	66	40	(150)	31	790
Non-U.S. installment and revolving credit	937	311	64	(664)	286	934
U.S. installment and revolving credit	2,333	941	1	(1,688)	259	1,846
Non-U.S. auto	168	26	12	(126)	63	143
Other	259	59	4	(152)	48	218
Total Consumer	4,500	1,403	121	(2,780)	687	3,931
Total	\$ 8,033	\$ 1,968	\$ 99	\$ (3,861)	\$ 815	\$ 7,054

(a) Other primarily included transfers to held for sale and the effects of currency exchange.

(b) Net write-offs (write-offs less recoveries) in certain portfolios may exceed the beginning allowance for losses as our revolving credit portfolios turn over more than once per year or, in all portfolios, can reflect losses that are

incurred subsequent to the beginning of the fiscal year due to information becoming available during the current year, which may identify further deterioration on existing financing receivables.

(17)

Edgar Filing: GENERAL ELECTRIC CAPITAL CORP - Form 10-Q

(In millions)	Balance at December 31, 2009	Adoption of ASU 2009- 16 & 17(a)	Balance at January 1, 2010	Provision charged to operations	Other(b)	Gross write-offs(c)	Recoveries(c)	Balance at June 30, 2010
Commercial								
CLL								
Americas	\$ 1,179	\$ 66	\$ 1,245	\$ 630	\$ (10)	\$ (558)	\$ 55	\$ 1,362
Europe	575	–	575	137	(70)	(288)	28	382
Asia	244	(10)	234	108	(23)	(94)	9	234
Other	11	–	11	(1)	(2)	–	–	8
Total CLL	2,009	56	2,065	874	(105)	(940)	92	1,986
Energy Financial Services	28	–	28	24	1	–	–	53
GECAS	104	–	104	35	–	(89)	–	50
Other	34	–	34	18	–	(3)	1	50
Total Commercial	2,175	56	2,231	951	(104)	(1,032)	93	2,139
Real Estate								
Debt	1,358	(3)	1,355	548	(4)	(310)	1	1,590
Business Properties	136	45	181	97	(7)	(64)	–	207
Total Real Estate	1,494	42	1,536	645	(11)	(374)	1	1,797
Consumer								
Non-U.S. residential mortgages	892	–	892	170	(103)	(180)	49	828
Non-U.S. installment and revolving credit	1,106	–	1,106	615	(113)	(935)	281	954
U.S. installment and revolving credit	1,551	1,602	3,153	1,570	(1)	(2,320)	233	2,635
Non-U.S. auto	292	–	292	73	(43)	(191)	92	223
Other	292	–	292	163	(35)	(217)	43	246
Total Consumer	4,133	1,602	5,735	2,591	(295)	(3,843)	698	4,886
Total	\$ 7,802	\$ 1,700	\$ 9,502	\$ 4,187	\$ (410)	\$ (5,249)	\$ 792	\$ 8,822

(a) Reflects the effects of our adoption of ASU 2009-16 & 17 on January 1, 2010.

(b) Other primarily included the effects of currency exchange.

(c) Net write-offs (write-offs less recoveries) in certain portfolios may exceed the beginning allowance for losses as our revolving credit portfolios turn over more than once per year or, in all portfolios, can reflect losses that are incurred subsequent to the beginning of the fiscal year due to information becoming available during the current

year, which may identify further deterioration on existing financing receivables.

See Note 12 for supplemental information about the credit quality of financing receivables and allowance for losses on financing receivables.

(18)

5. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill and other intangible assets – net, consisted of the following.

(In millions)	At	
	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Goodwill	\$ 28,173	\$ 27,508
Other intangible assets		
Intangible assets subject to amortization	\$ 1,843	\$ 1,874

Changes in goodwill balances follow.

(In millions)	Balance at		Acquisitions	Dispositions, currency exchange and other		Balance at	
	January 1, 2011			June 30, 2011		June 30, 2011	
CLL	\$ 13,893	\$ –	\$ 308	\$ 14,201			
Consumer	10,817	–	359	11,176			
Real Estate	1,089	–	(2)	1,087			
Energy Financial Services	1,562	–	–	1,562			
GECAS	147	–	–	147			
Total	\$ 27,508	\$ –	\$ 665	\$ 28,173			

Goodwill balances increased \$665 million during the six months ended June 30, 2011, primarily as a result of the weaker U.S. dollar (\$700 million). Our reporting units and related goodwill balances are CLL (\$14,201 million), Consumer (\$11,176 million), Real Estate (\$1,087 million), Energy Financial Services (\$1,562 million) and GECAS (\$147 million) at June 30, 2011.

Intangible Assets Subject to Amortization

(In millions)	June 30, 2011			At December 31, 2010		
	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Net	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Net
Customer-related	\$ 1,213	\$ (661)	\$ 552	\$ 1,112	\$ (588)	\$ 524
	385	(322)	63	599	(532)	67

Edgar Filing: GENERAL ELECTRIC CAPITAL CORP - Form 10-Q

Patents, licenses and
trademarks

Capitalized software	2,249	(1,726)	523	2,016	(1,522)	494
Lease valuations	1,655	(989)	666	1,646	(917)	729
All other	297	(258)	39	326	(266)	60
Total	\$ 5,799	\$ (3,956)	\$ 1,843	\$ 5,699	\$ (3,825)	\$ 1,874

Amortization related to intangible assets subject to amortization was \$134 million and \$179 million in the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$271 million and \$324 million in the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

(19)

6. BORROWINGS AND BANK DEPOSITS

Borrowings are summarized in the following table.

(In millions)	At	
	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Short-term borrowings		
Commercial paper		
U.S.	\$ 25,618	\$ 27,398
Non-U.S.	9,862	9,497
Current portion of long-term borrowings(a)(b)(c)(e)	72,947	65,610
GE Interest Plus notes(d)	8,544	9,058
Other(c)	1,628	2,083
Total short-term borrowings	\$ 118,599	\$ 113,646
Long-term borrowings		
Senior unsecured notes(a)(b)	\$ 243,565	\$ 263,043
Subordinated notes(e)	4,362	2,276
Subordinated debentures(f)(g)	7,591	7,298
Other(c)(h)	13,312	11,729
Total long-term borrowings	\$ 268,830	\$ 284,346
Non-recourse borrowings of consolidated securitization entities(i)	\$ 29,075	\$ 30,018
Bank deposits(j)	\$ 41,548	\$ 37,298
Total borrowings and bank deposits	\$ 458,052	\$ 465,308

(a) GECC had issued and outstanding \$45,045 million and \$53,495 million of senior, unsecured debt that was guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) under the Temporary Liquidity Guarantee Program at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. Of the above amounts, \$28,095 million and \$18,455 million is included in current portion of long-term borrowings at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

(b) Included in total long-term borrowings were \$2,073 million and \$2,395 million of obligations to holders of guaranteed investment contracts at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. If the long-term credit rating of GECC were to fall below AA-/Aa3 or its short-term credit rating were to fall below A-1+/P-1, GECC could be required to provide up to \$1,961 million as of June 30, 2011, to repay holders of GICs.

(c) Included \$10,635 million and \$11,117 million of funding secured by real estate, aircraft and other collateral at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, of which \$4,442 million and \$4,653 million is non-recourse to GECC at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

(d) Entirely variable denomination floating rate demand notes.

(e)

Included \$117 million of subordinated notes guaranteed by GE included in current portion of long-term borrowings at June 30, 2011 and in long-term borrowings at December 31, 2010.

- (f) Subordinated debentures receive rating agency equity credit and were hedged at issuance to the U.S. dollar equivalent of \$7,725 million.
- (g) Includes \$3,054 million of subordinated debentures, which constitute the sole assets of wholly-owned trusts who have issued trust preferred securities. Obligations associated with these trusts are unconditionally guaranteed by GECC.
- (h) Included \$2,126 million and \$1,984 million of covered bonds at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. If the short-term credit rating of GECC were reduced below A-1/P-1, GECC would be required to partially cash collateralize these bonds in an amount up to \$825 million at June 30, 2011.
- (i) Included at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, were \$11,590 million and \$10,499 million of current portion of long-term borrowings, respectively, and \$17,485 million and \$19,519 million of long-term borrowings, respectively. See Note 13.
- (j) Included \$20,864 million and \$18,781 million of deposits in non-U.S. banks at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, and \$13,869 million and \$11,606 million of certificates of deposits with maturities greater than one year at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

(20)

7. INCOME TAXES

The balance of “unrecognized tax benefits,” the amount of related interest and penalties we have provided and what we believe to be the range of reasonably possible changes in the next 12 months were:

(In millions)	At	
	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Unrecognized tax benefits	\$ 3,030	\$ 2,949
Portion that, if recognized, would reduce tax expense and effective tax rate(a)	1,451	1,330
Accrued interest on unrecognized tax benefits	548	577
Accrued penalties on unrecognized tax benefits	79	73
Reasonably possible reduction to the balance of unrecognized tax benefits in succeeding 12 months	0-1,300	0-1,200
Portion that, if recognized, would reduce tax expense and effective tax rate(a)	0-250	0-250

(a) Some portion of such reduction may be reported as discontinued operations.

The IRS is currently auditing the GE consolidated income tax returns for 2006-2007, a substantial portion of which include our activities. In addition, certain other U.S. tax deficiency issues and refund claims for previous years were unresolved. It is reasonably possible that the 2006-2007 U.S. audit cycle will be completed during the next 12 months, which could result in a decrease in our balance of “unrecognized tax benefits” – that is, the aggregate tax effect of differences between tax return positions and the benefits recognized in our financial statements. We believe that there are no other jurisdictions in which the outcome of unresolved issues or claims is likely to be material to our results of operations, financial position or cash flows. We further believe that we have made adequate provision for all income tax uncertainties.

GE and GECC file a consolidated U.S. federal income tax return. This enables GE to use GECC tax deductions and credits to reduce the tax that otherwise would have been payable by GE. The GECC effective tax rate for each period reflects the benefit of these tax reductions in the consolidated return. GE makes cash payments to GECC for these tax reductions at the time GE’s tax payments are due. The effect of GECC on the amount of the consolidated tax liability from the formation of the GE NBC Universal joint venture will be settled in cash when it otherwise would have reduced the liability of the group absent the tax on formation.

(21)

8. SHAREOWNER'S EQUITY

A summary of increases (decreases) in GECC shareowner's equity that did not result directly from transactions with the shareowner, net of income taxes, follows.

(In millions)	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Net earnings attributable to GECC	\$ 1,873	\$ 643	\$ 3,735	\$ 863
Investment securities – net	38	41	(39)	(26)
Currency translation adjustments – net	985	(2,618)	2,527	(3,978)
Cash flow hedges – net	(195)	63	(259)	476
Benefit plans – net	–	23	(1)	65
Total	\$ 2,701	\$ (1,848)	\$ 5,963	\$ (2,600)

Changes to noncontrolling interests are as follows.

(In millions)	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Beginning balance	\$ 1,178	\$ 2,158	\$ 1,164	\$ 2,204
Net earnings	20	(22)	51	(27)
Dividends	–	(5)	(3)	(8)
Dispositions	–	(979)	–	(979)
AOCI and other (a)	3	(54)	(11)	(92)
Ending balance	\$ 1,201	\$ 1,098	\$ 1,201	\$ 1,098

(a) The amount of change related to AOCI and other for the six months ended June 30, 2010 includes the impact of our adoption of ASC 810, Consolidations, of \$(32) million. Changes to other individual components of AOCI attributable to noncontrolling interests were insignificant.

(22)

9. REVENUES FROM SERVICES

Revenues from services are summarized in the following table.

(In millions)	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Interest on loans	\$ 5,005	\$ 5,192	\$ 10,134	\$ 10,488
Equipment leased to others	2,852	2,769	5,674	5,530
Fees	1,159	1,169	2,304	2,374
Associated companies(a)(b)	526	460	1,608	1,057
Financing leases	618	686	1,283	1,427
Real estate investments	430	354	832	631
Investment income	318	105	610	257
Other items	676	879	1,308	1,362
Total	\$ 11,584	\$ 11,614	\$ 23,753	\$ 23,126

- (a) During the first quarter of 2011, we sold an 18.6% equity interest in Garanti Bank and recorded a pre-tax gain of \$690 million. Following the sale, we hold a 2.25% equity ownership interest which is classified as an available-for-sale security.
- (b) Aggregate summarized financial information for significant associated companies assuming a 100% ownership interest included total assets at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 of \$98,628 million and \$180,015 million, respectively. Assets were primarily financing receivables of \$53,492 million and \$97,447 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. Total liabilities were \$72,874 million and \$143,957 million, consisted primarily of bank deposits of \$22,349 million and \$75,661 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, and debt of \$43,106 million and \$53,696 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. Revenues in the second quarters of 2011 and 2010 totaled \$3,951 million and \$4,750 million, respectively, and net earnings in the second quarters of 2011 and 2010 totaled \$628 million and \$1,153 million, respectively. Revenues in the first six months of 2011 and 2010 totaled \$7,668 million and \$9,716 million, respectively, and net earnings in the first six months of 2011 and 2010 totaled \$1,088 million and \$2,032 million, respectively.

10. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

For a description on how we estimate fair value, see Note 1 in our 2010 consolidated financial statements.

The following tables present our assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Included in the tables are investment securities of \$4,927 million and \$5,706 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, primarily supporting obligations to holders of GICs in Trinity (which ceased issuing new investment contracts beginning in the first quarter of 2010), and investment securities held at our treasury operations. Such securities are mainly investment grade.

Edgar Filing: GENERAL ELECTRIC CAPITAL CORP - Form 10-Q

(In millions)	Level 1(a)	Level 2(a)	Level 3(b)	Netting adjustment(c)	Net balance
June 30, 2011					
Assets					
Investment securities					
Debt					
U.S. corporate	\$ 424	\$ 1,028	\$ 1,530	\$ -	\$ 2,982
State and municipal	-	531	166	-	697
Residential mortgage-backed	-	1,579	29	-	1,608
Commercial mortgage-backed	-	1,388	-	-	1,388
Asset-backed	-	504	3,086	-	3,590
Corporate - non-U.S.	76	293	1,032	-	1,401
Government - non-U.S.	804	1,073	243	-	2,120
U.S. government and federal agency	-	2,606	-	-	2,606
Retained interests	-	-	45	-	45
Equity					
Available-for-sale	946	500	14	-	1,460
Trading	475	-	-	-	475
Derivatives(d)	-	9,875	146	(3,309)	6,712
Other(e)	-	-	595	-	595
Total	\$ 2,725	\$ 19,377	\$ 6,886	\$ (3,309)	\$ 25,679
Liabilities					
Derivatives	\$ -	\$ 5,544	\$ 36	\$ (3,302)	\$ 2,278
Other	-	28	-	-	28
Total	\$ -	\$ 5,572	\$ 36	\$ (3,302)	\$ 2,306
December 31, 2010					
Assets					
Investment securities					
Debt					
U.S. corporate	\$ 588	\$ 1,360	\$ 1,697	\$ -	\$ 3,645
State and municipal	-	508	182	-	690
Residential mortgage-backed	47	1,666	45	-	1,758
Commercial mortgage-backed	-	1,388	48	-	1,436
Asset-backed	-	563	2,496	-	3,059
Corporate - non-U.S.	89	356	961	-	1,406
Government - non-U.S.	776	850	128	-	1,754
U.S. government and federal agency	-	2,661	-	-	2,661
Retained interests	-	-	39	-	39
Equity					
Available-for-sale	569	500	18	-	1,087
Trading	417	-	-	-	417
Derivatives(d)	-	10,319	330	(3,644)	7,005
Other(e)	-	-	450	-	450
Total	\$ 2,486	\$ 20,171	\$ 6,394	\$ (3,644)	\$ 25,407

Liabilities							
Derivatives	\$	–	\$ 6,228	\$	102	\$ (3,635)	\$ 2,695
Other		–	31		–	–	31
Total	\$	–	\$ 6,259	\$	102	\$ (3,635)	\$ 2,726

- (a) The fair value of securities transferred between Level 1 and Level 2 was \$67 million during the six months ended June 30, 2011.
- (b) Level 3 investment securities valued using non-binding broker quotes totaled \$677 million and \$711 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, and were classified as available-for-sale securities.
- (c) The netting of derivative receivables and payables is permitted when a legally enforceable master netting agreement exists. Included fair value adjustments related to our own and counterparty credit risk.
- (d) The fair value of derivatives included an adjustment for non-performance risk. At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the cumulative adjustment was a loss of \$7 million and \$9 million, respectively. See Note 11 for additional information on the composition of our derivative portfolio.
- (e) Included private equity investments and loans designated under the fair value option.

(24)

The following tables present the changes in Level 3 instruments measured on a recurring basis for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010. The majority of our Level 3 balances consist of investment securities classified as available-for-sale with changes in fair value recorded in shareowner's equity.

Changes in Level 3 Instruments for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2011

(In millions)	Net realized/Net unrealized gains (losses) included in comprehensive earnings		Purchases	Sales	Settlements	Transfers		June 30, 2011	Net change in unrealized gains (losses) relating to instruments still held at June 30, 2011(c)
	April 1, 2011	income				into Level 3(b)	out of Level 3(b)		
Investment securities									
Debt									
U.S. corporate	\$ 1,586	\$ 8	\$ (23)	\$ 6	\$ (41)	\$ (6)	\$ —	\$ 1,530	\$ —
State and municipal	168	—	(1)	—	—	(1)	—	166	—
Residential mortgage-backed	30	—	(1)	—	—	—	—	29	—
Commercial mortgage-backed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asset-backed	2,780	(3)	(20)	409	(43)	—	(37)	3,086	—
Corporate – non-U.S.	953	(6)	21	4	—	(1)	61	1,032	—
Government – non-U.S.	133	(17)	7	13	—	—	107	243	—
U.S. government and federal agency	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Retained interests	52	1	(4)	—	(2)	(2)	—	45	—
Equity									
Available-for-sale	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	—
Trading	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Derivatives(d)(e)	75	37	—	1	—	(2)	—	111	12
Other	472	3	11	114	—	(5)	—	595	1
Total	\$ 6,263	\$ 23	\$ (10)	\$ 547	\$ (86)	\$ (17)	\$ 168	\$ 6,851	\$ 13

Edgar Filing: GENERAL ELECTRIC CAPITAL CORP - Form 10-Q

- (a) Earnings effects are primarily included in the “Revenues from services” and “Interest” captions in the Condensed Statement of Current and Retained Earnings.
- (b) Transfers in and out of Level 3 are considered to occur at the beginning of the period. Transfers out of Level 3 were a result of increased use of quotes from independent pricing vendors based on recent trading activity.
- (c) Represented the amount of unrealized gains or losses for the period included in earnings.
- (d) Represented derivative assets net of derivative liabilities and included cash accruals of \$1 million not reflected in the fair value hierarchy table.
- (e) Gains (losses) included in net realized/unrealized gains (losses) included in earnings were offset by the earnings effects from the underlying items that were economically hedged. See Note 11.

(25)

Changes in Level 3 Instruments for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2010

(In millions)	Net realized/ unrealized		Net realized/ unrealized		Purchases, Transfers sales in and/or and out of Level 3(b)		June 30, 2010	Net change in unrealized gains (losses) relating to instruments still held at June 30, 2010(c)
	April 1, 2010	Net realized/ unrealized gains(losses) included in earnings(a)	gains (losses) included in accumulated other comprehensive income				June 30, 2010	June 30, 2010(c)
Investment securities								
Debt								
U.S. corporate	\$ 1,442	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 173	(3)	\$ 1,632	\$	–
State and municipal	243	–	(5)	–	–	238		–
Residential								
mortgage-backed	47	–	(7)	–	6	46		–
Commercial								
mortgage-backed	115	–	(6)	(61)	–	48		–
Asset-backed	1,447	4	3	78	(71)	1,461		–
Corporate -	953	–	(48)	(6)	(58)	841		–
non-U.S.								
Government								
- non-U.S.	136	–	(21)	–	–	115		(7)
U.S. government								
and								
federal agency	–	–	–	–	–	–		–
Retained interests	43	(1)	1	(2)	–	41		–
Equity								
Available-for-sale	16	–	(1)	–	–	15		–
Trading	–	–	–	–	–	–		–
Derivatives(d)	171	40	5	8	–	224		42
Other	428	1	(43)	5	28	419		(1)
Total	\$ 5,041	\$ 54	\$ (112)	\$ 195	(98)	\$ 5,080	\$	34