

Springleaf Holdings, Inc.  
Form 10-Q  
November 14, 2014

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2014

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 001-36129

SPRINGLEAF HOLDINGS, INC.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware  
(State of Incorporation)

27-3379612  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

601 N.W. Second Street, Evansville, IN  
(Address of principal executive offices)

47708  
(Zip Code)

(812) 424-8031  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

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Large accelerated filer       Accelerated filer       Non-accelerated filer       Smaller reporting company   
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

At November 14, 2014, there were 114,832,895 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$.01 par value, outstanding.

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## PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements.

SPRINGLEAF HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

(dollars in thousands)	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,970,512	\$431,409
Investment securities	1,723,381	582,090
Net finance receivables:		
Personal loans (includes loans of consolidated VIEs of \$1.8 billion in 2014 and \$1.6 billion in 2013)	3,607,209	3,171,704
SpringCastle Portfolio (includes loans of consolidated VIEs of \$2.1 billion in 2014 and \$2.5 billion in 2013)	2,083,145	2,505,349
Real estate loans (includes loans of consolidated VIEs of \$0 in 2014 and \$5.7 billion in 2013)	655,299	7,982,349
Retail sales finance	56,900	98,911
Net finance receivables	6,402,553	13,758,313
Allowance for finance receivable losses (includes allowance of consolidated VIEs of \$67.8 million in 2014 and \$153.7 million in 2013)	(163,636	) (333,325
Net finance receivables, less allowance for finance receivable losses	6,238,917	13,424,988
Finance receivables held for sale	493,196	—
Restricted cash (includes restricted cash of consolidated VIEs of \$295.7 million in 2014 and \$522.8 million in 2013)	312,825	536,005
Other assets	523,987	428,194
Total assets	\$11,262,818	\$15,402,686
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Long-term debt (includes debt of consolidated VIEs of \$3.1 billion in 2014 and \$7.3 billion in 2013)	\$7,858,037	\$12,769,036
Insurance claims and policyholder liabilities	430,052	394,168
Deferred and accrued taxes	153,873	145,520
Other liabilities	310,738	207,334
Total liabilities	8,752,700	13,516,058
Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 13)		
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock, par value \$.01 per share; 2,000,000,000 shares authorized, 114,832,895 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013	1,148	1,148
Additional paid-in capital	528,177	524,087
Accumulated other comprehensive income	34,289	28,095

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Retained earnings	1,538,153	986,690
Springleaf Holdings, Inc. shareholders' equity	2,101,767	1,540,020
Non-controlling interests	408,351	346,608
Total shareholders' equity	2,510,118	1,886,628
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$11,262,818	\$15,402,686

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

(dollars in thousands except earnings (loss) per share)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised
Interest income:				
Finance charges	\$435,445	\$583,926	\$1,513,590	\$1,577,561
Finance receivables held for sale originated as held for investment	47,679	—	54,921	—
Total interest income	483,124	583,926	1,568,511	1,577,561
Interest expense	180,142	229,157	576,863	700,868
Net interest income	302,982	354,769	991,648	876,693
Provision for finance receivable losses	102,971	162,264	379,196	339,061
Net interest income after provision for finance receivable losses	200,011	192,505	612,452	537,632
Other revenues:				
Insurance	44,010	38,277	125,116	107,144
Investment	11,251	6,532	31,334	27,254
Net loss on repurchases and repayments of debt	—	(33,572	) (6,615	) (33,809
Net gain (loss) on fair value adjustments on debt	1,352	6,586	(15,033	) 7,097
Net gain on sales of real estate loans and related trust assets	641,328	—	731,314	—
Other	(11,975	) 1,603	(7,403	) 6,986
Total other revenues	685,966	19,426	858,713	114,672
Other expenses:				
Operating expenses:				
Salaries and benefits	94,702	214,552	278,504	371,842
Other operating expenses	75,117	72,478	192,889	194,457
Insurance losses and loss adjustment expenses	20,141	16,550	57,173	47,650
Total other expenses	189,960	303,580	528,566	613,949
Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes	696,017	(91,649	) 942,599	38,355
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes	234,322	(30,698	) 309,594	(1,998
Net income (loss)	461,695	(60,951	) 633,005	40,353
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	34,945	31,643	81,542	86,383

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Net income (loss) attributable to Springleaf Holdings, Inc.	\$426,750	\$(92,594	) \$551,463	\$(46,030	)
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Share Data:

Weighted average number of shares outstanding:

Basic	114,788,439	100,000,000	114,788,439	100,000,000
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Diluted	115,316,314	100,000,000	115,212,398	100,000,000
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Earnings (loss) per share:

Basic	\$3.72	\$(0.93	) \$4.80	\$(0.46	)
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Diluted	\$3.70	\$(0.93	) \$4.79	\$(0.46	)
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See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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## SPRINGLEAF HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Unaudited)

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised
Net income (loss)	\$461,695	\$(60,951 )	\$633,005	\$40,353
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Net unrealized gains (losses) on:				
Investment securities on which other-than-temporary impairments were taken	(8 )	(17 )	(357 )	(135 )
All other investment securities	(3,844 )	(429 )	15,498	(10,989 )
Foreign currency translation adjustments	761	(2,056 )	267	38
Income tax effect:				
Net unrealized (gains) losses on:				
Investment securities on which other-than-temporary impairments were taken	3	6	125	47
All other investment securities	1,346	149	(5,426 )	3,844
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, before reclassification adjustments	(1,742 )	(2,347 )	10,107	(7,195 )
Reclassification adjustments included in net income (loss):				
Net realized (gains) losses on investment securities	(2,750 )	355	(6,019 )	(2,253 )
Cash flow hedges	—	—	—	(160 )
Income tax effect:				
Net realized gains (losses) on investment securities	962	(124 )	2,106	789
Cash flow hedges	—	—	—	56
Reclassification adjustments included in net income (loss), net of tax	(1,788 )	231	(3,913 )	(1,568 )
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(3,530 )	(2,116 )	6,194	(8,763 )
Comprehensive income (loss)	458,165	(63,067 )	639,199	31,590
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	34,945	31,643	81,542	86,383
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Springleaf Holdings, Inc.	\$423,220	\$(94,710 )	\$557,657	\$(54,793 )

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.



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## SPRINGLEAF HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## Condensed Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited)

(dollars in thousands)	Springleaf Holdings, Inc. Shareholders' Equity						
	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings	Springleaf Holdings, Inc. Shareholders' Equity	Non-controlling Interests	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance, January 1, 2014	\$ 1,148	\$ 524,087	\$ 28,095	\$ 986,690	\$ 1,540,020	\$ 346,608	\$ 1,886,628
Share-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures	—	4,090	—	—	4,090	—	4,090
Change in non-controlling interests:							
Distributions declared to joint venture partners	—	—	—	—	—	(19,799 )	(19,799 )
Change in net unrealized gains:							
Investment securities	—	—	5,927	—	5,927	—	5,927
Foreign currency translation adjustments	—	—	267	—	267	—	267
Net income	—	—	—	551,463	551,463	81,542	633,005
Balance, September 30, 2014	\$ 1,148	\$ 528,177	\$ 34,289	\$ 1,538,153	\$ 2,101,767	\$ 408,351	\$ 2,510,118
Balance, January 1, 2013 - Revised	\$ 1,000	\$ 147,459	\$ 26,472	\$ 1,005,991	\$ 1,180,922	\$ —	\$ 1,180,922
Share-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures	—	131,250	—	—	131,250	—	131,250
Change in non-controlling interests:							
Contributions from joint venture partners	—	—	—	—	—	438,081	438,081
Distributions declared to joint venture partners	—	—	—	—	—	(204,516 )	(204,516 )
Change in net unrealized losses:							
Investment securities	—	—	(8,697 )	—	(8,697 )	—	(8,697 )
Cash flow hedges	—	—	(104 )	—	(104 )	—	(104 )
Foreign currency translation adjustments	—	—	38	—	38	—	38
Net income (loss)	—	—	—	(46,030 )	(46,030 )	86,383	40,353
Balance, September 30, 2013 - Revised	\$ 1,000	\$ 278,709	\$ 17,709	\$ 959,961	\$ 1,257,379	\$ 319,948	\$ 1,577,327

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.



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Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

(dollars in thousands)

Nine Months Ended September 30,	2014	2013 Revised
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$633,005	\$40,353
Reconciling adjustments:		
Provision for finance receivable losses	379,196	339,061
Depreciation and amortization	(43,342	) (39,138 )
Deferred income tax charge (benefit)	14,970	(88,476 )
Net loss (gain) on fair value adjustments on debt	15,033	(7,097 )
Net gain on sales of real estate loans and related trust assets	(731,314	) —
Net charge-offs on finance receivables held for sale	10,713	—
Net loss on repurchases and repayments of debt	6,615	33,809
Share-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures	4,090	131,250
Other	852	(707 )
Cash flows due to changes in:		
Other assets and other liabilities	63,004	91,943
Insurance claims and policyholder liabilities	35,884	14,917
Taxes receivable and payable	(27,456	) (24,732 )
Accrued interest and finance charges	(7,900	) (30,566 )
Restricted cash not reinvested	(18,765	) 33,885
Other, net	892	(828 )
Net cash provided by operating activities	335,477	493,674
Cash flows from investing activities		
Finance receivables originated or purchased, net of deferred origination costs	(1,914,270	) (1,688,630 )
Principal collections on finance receivables	2,294,057	2,386,086
Purchase of SpringCastle Portfolio	—	(2,963,547 )
Sales and principal collections on finance receivables held for sale originated as held for investment	3,437,430	—
Available-for-sale investment securities purchased	(273,972	) (442,686 )
Trading investment securities purchased	(1,085,187	) (6,295 )
Available-for-sale investment securities called, sold, and matured	226,658	721,042
Trading investment securities called, sold, and matured	32,415	7,492
Change in restricted cash	24,502	(395,552 )
Proceeds from sale of real estate owned	51,386	88,346
Other, net	(4,571	) (4,749 )
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	2,788,448	(2,298,493 )
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt, net of commissions	672,440	5,990,565
Repayment of long-term debt	(2,237,362	) (4,723,188 )
Contributions from joint venture partners	—	438,081
Distributions to joint venture partners	(19,799	) (204,516 )
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities	(1,584,721	) 1,500,942

## Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) (Continued)

(dollars in thousands)

Nine Months Ended September 30,	2014	2013 Revised
Effect of exchange rate changes	(101	) (835
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	1,539,103	(304,712
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	431,409	1,554,348
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$1,970,512	\$1,249,636
Supplemental non-cash activities		
Transfer of finance receivables to real estate owned	\$46,982	\$70,004
Transfer of finance receivables held for investment to finance receivables held for sale (prior to deducting allowance for finance receivable losses)	\$6,901,755	\$—
Unsettled investment security purchases and sales	\$28,684	\$—

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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SPRINGLEAF HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

September 30, 2014

1. Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Springleaf Holdings, Inc. (“SHI” or, collectively with its subsidiaries, whether directly or indirectly owned, “Springleaf,” the “Company,” “we,” “us,” or “our”) is a Delaware corporation, primarily owned by Springleaf Financial Holdings, LLC (the “Initial Stockholder”).

On October 21, 2013, SHI completed the initial public offering of its common stock. At September 30, 2014, the Initial Stockholder owned approximately 75% of SHI’s common stock. The Initial Stockholder is owned primarily by a private equity fund managed by an affiliate of Fortress Investment Group LLC (“Fortress”) and AIG Capital Corporation, a subsidiary of American International Group, Inc. (“AIG”).

SHI is a financial services holding company whose principal subsidiary is Springleaf Finance, Inc. (“SFI”). SFI’s principal subsidiary is Springleaf Finance Corporation (“SFC”), a financial services holding company with subsidiaries engaged in the consumer finance and credit insurance businesses.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

We prepared our condensed consolidated financial statements using generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”). These statements are unaudited. The year-end condensed balance sheet data was derived from our audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP. The statements include the accounts of SHI, its subsidiaries (all of which are wholly owned, except for certain indirect subsidiaries associated with a joint venture in which we own a 47% equity interest), and variable interest entities (“VIEs”) in which we hold a controlling financial interest as of the financial statement date.

We eliminated all material intercompany accounts and transactions. We made judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect amounts reported in our condensed consolidated financial statements and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. In management’s opinion, the condensed consolidated financial statements include the normal, recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of results. Ultimate results could differ from our estimates. We evaluated the effects of and the need to disclose events that occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date. These statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 (“2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K”). We follow the same significant accounting policies for our interim reporting.

In connection with SHI’s initial public offering of its common stock previously discussed, SFI became a wholly owned subsidiary of SHI. As a result, the financial statements of SFI have been adjusted on a retrospective basis, as appropriate, as financial statements of SHI.

Prior Period Revisions

As disclosed in our 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K, we identified certain out-of-period errors in preparing our annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013. In addition to these errors, we had previously recorded and disclosed out-of-period adjustments in prior reporting periods when the errors were discovered. As a result, we revised all previously reported periods included in our 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Similarly, we have revised all previously reported periods included in this report. We corrected the errors identified in the fourth quarter of 2013 and included these corrections in the appropriate prior periods. In addition, we reversed all

out-of period adjustments previously recorded and disclosed, and included the adjustments in the appropriate periods. After evaluating the quantitative and qualitative aspects of these corrections, we have determined that our previous applicable quarterly condensed financial statements and our annual consolidated financial statements were not materially misstated.

See Note 17 for further information on the prior period revisions.

In addition, during the first quarter of 2014, we identified that the disclosure of the allowance for finance receivable losses related to our securitized finance receivables at December 31, 2013, was previously incorrectly overstated by \$26.8 million. The parenthetical disclosure of the allowance of consolidated VIEs as of December 31, 2013 on our condensed consolidated balance sheet and the related VIE disclosures in Notes 3 and 8 have been revised in this report to \$153.7 million.

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During the first quarter of 2014, we also discovered that our long-term debt associated with securitizations that were issued at a discount and which had embedded derivatives, was incorrectly excluded from the fair value disclosure of our financial instruments measured on a recurring basis. The affected fair value amount has been corrected in Note 18 in this report to include the fair value of our long-term debt measured on a recurring basis of \$363.7 million at December 31, 2013.

During the second quarter of 2014, we discovered that we incorrectly disclosed the carrying values at the date of sale of the real estate loans associated with the 2009-1 securitization and certain additional real estate loans sold on March 31, 2014. The affected carrying values have been corrected in Notes 1, 3, and 4 in this report as follows: (i) the carrying value of real estate loans associated with the 2009-1 securitization that were sold on March 31, 2014, was previously reported as \$742.0 million but has been corrected to be \$724.9 million and (ii) the carrying value of additional real estate loans sold on March 31, 2014, was previously reported as \$93.3 million but has been corrected to be \$89.9 million.

After evaluating the quantitative and qualitative aspects of these corrections (individually and in the aggregate), management has determined that our previously issued interim and annual consolidated financial statements were not materially misstated.

### Fortress Acquisition

Due to the significance of the ownership interest acquired by FCFI Acquisition LLC, an affiliate of Fortress, (the “Fortress Acquisition”), the nature of the transaction, and at the direction of our acquirer, we applied push-down accounting to SFI as an acquired business. We revalued our assets and liabilities based on their fair values at the date of the Fortress Acquisition, November 30, 2010, in accordance with business combination accounting standards (“push-down accounting”).

### SIGNIFICANT REAL ESTATE LOAN TRANSACTIONS

In the third quarter of 2014, we entered into a series of transactions relating to the sales of our beneficial interests in our non-core real estate loans, the related servicing of these loans, and the sales of certain performing and non-performing real estate loans. The 2006-1 Securitization Assets Sale, the Securitization Assets Sale, the MSR Sale, and the September Whole Loan Sales are each defined below and are collectively referred to as the “Asset Sale.” The Asset Sale, along with the real estate transactions that were completed in the first half of 2014 (the “Prior Dispositions”) substantially complete the Company’s previously disclosed plan to liquidate its non-core real estate loans.

In conjunction with these real estate loan transactions, we have closed our servicing centers in Dallas, Texas, Rancho Cucamonga, California, and Wesley Chapel, Florida, and have eliminated certain staff positions in our Evansville, Indiana, location. In total, approximately 300 staff positions were eliminated. However, the total reduction in workforce was approximately 170 employees, as 130 employees have been transferred into other positions at Springleaf. We recorded restructuring costs of \$4.3 million in the third quarter of 2014 due to the workforce reductions and the closings of the servicing facilities.

Our insurance subsidiaries have written certain insurance policies on properties collateralizing the loans that have been deconsolidated or disposed of as a result of these sales. As part of the disposition, the insurance policies associated with the sold loans have been or will be cancelled.

### The “2006-1 Securitization Assets Sale”

On July 31, 2014, Second Street Funding LLC (“Second Street”), an indirect subsidiary of SHI, entered into an agreement to sell certain mortgage-backed notes and trust certificates issued by American General Mortgage Loan Trust 2006-1 to an unaffiliated third party, for a purchase price of \$9.5 million subject to customary closing conditions. On August 1, 2014, the real estate loans included in the transaction were transferred from held for investment to held for sale, due to management’s intent to no longer hold these finance receivables for the foreseeable future. Second Street completed this transaction on September 30, 2014, at which time, the real estate loans included in the transaction had a carrying value of \$87.8 million (after the basis adjustment for the related allowance for finance receivable losses). As a result of the sale, we deconsolidated the securitization trust holding the underlying real estate loans and previously issued securitized interests which were reported in long-term debt, as we no longer were considered the primary beneficiary.

The “Securitization Assets Sale”

On August 6, 2014, SFC and Eighth Street Funding, LLC, Eleventh Street Funding, LLC, Twelfth Street Funding, LLC, Fourteenth Street Funding, LLC, Fifteenth Street Funding, LLC, Seventeenth Street Funding, LLC, and Nineteenth Street Funding, LLC (each a wholly owned subsidiary of SFC and collectively, the “Depositors”) entered into an agreement to sell,

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subject to certain closing conditions, certain notes and trust certificates (collectively, the “Securities”) backed by mortgage loans of the Springleaf Mortgage Loan Trust (“SMLT”) 2011-1, SMLT 2012-1, SMLT 2012-2, SMLT 2012-3, SMLT 2013-1, SMLT 2013-2, and SMLT 2013-3 (each, a “Trust”, and the issuance of the Securities by each Trust, a “Springleaf Transaction”) to Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC and its affiliates (“Credit Suisse”). The agreement also included the sale of the rights to receive any funds remaining in the reserve account established for each Springleaf Transaction, and certain related rights, representing substantially all of the Company’s remaining interests in the Trusts, to Credit Suisse.

On August 1, 2014, the real estate loans included in the transaction were transferred from held for investment to held for sale, due to management’s intent to no longer hold these finance receivables for the foreseeable future. The Depositors completed this transaction on August 29, 2014, at which time, the real estate loans included in the transaction had a carrying value of \$4.0 billion (after the basis adjustment for the related allowance for finance receivable losses). The purchase price for the Securitization Asset Sale was \$1.6 billion. As a result of the sale, we deconsolidated the securitization trusts holding the underlying real estate loans and previously issued securitized interests which were reported in long-term debt, as we no longer were considered the primary beneficiary.

### The “MSR Sale”

Additionally, in a separate transaction on August 6, 2014, SFC and its wholly owned subsidiary, MorEquity, Inc. (“MorEquity”) (collectively, the “Sellers”), entered into a Mortgage Servicing Rights Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated and effective as of August 1, 2014, with Nationstar Mortgage LLC (“Nationstar”), pursuant to which the Sellers agreed to sell to Nationstar all of their rights and responsibilities as servicer, primary servicer, and/or master servicer of the mortgage loans primarily underlying the Sellers’ securitizations completed in 2011, 2012 and 2013 (each a “Pool” and collectively, the “Pools”) with an aggregate unpaid principal balance (“UPB”) of approximately \$5 billion. Additionally, Nationstar agreed to assume on and after the effective date, all of the Sellers’ rights and responsibilities as servicer, primary servicer and/or master servicer, as applicable, for each Pool arising and to be performed on and after the sale date, which include, among other things, the right to receive the related servicing fee on a monthly basis.

The purchase price for the MSR Sale was \$38.8 million. Approximately 50% of the proceeds of the MSR Sale were received on August 29, 2014, the closing date, and 40% of the proceeds of the MSR Sale were received on October 23, 2014. The remaining 10% is subject to a holdback for resolution of missing documentation and other customary conditions, and is expected to be received no later than 120 days after the date of transfer of servicing upon resolution of those conditions. See Note 20 for further information on the subsequent payment received from Nationstar on October 23, 2014. Investment funds managed by affiliates of Fortress indirectly own a majority interest in Nationstar.

The servicing for each Pool was transferred on September 30, 2014. From the closing of the MSR Sale on August 29, 2014, until the servicing transfer on September 30, 2014, the Company continued to service certain loans on behalf of Nationstar under an interim servicing agreement.

### The “September Whole Loan Sales”

On August 6, 2014, SFC and Credit Suisse agreed to the terms of sale of certain performing and non-performing mortgage loans by certain indirect subsidiaries of SHI (referred to herein as the “Probable Whole Loan Sales”). On August 1, 2014, the real estate loans included in the Probable Whole Loan Sales were transferred from held for investment to held for sale, due to management’s intent to no longer hold these finance receivables for the foreseeable future. We completed the sale of a portion of the Probable Whole Loan Sales on September 30, 2014 (the “September Whole Loan Sales”) at which time, the real estate loans included in the September Whole Loan Sales had a carrying value of \$768.6 million (after the basis adjustment for the related allowance for finance receivable losses).

The aggregate purchase price of \$795.1 million for the September Whole Loan Sales included a holdback provision of \$120 million of which \$40 million was subject to finalization of the terms and conditions of administering the holdback and the remainder was subject to our ability to cure certain documentation deficiencies within the 60 day period (subject to extension under certain circumstances) subsequent to the closing of the sale. See Note 20 for further information on the subsequent payments received from Credit Suisse on October 16 and November 7, 2014.

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### Prior Dispositions

The “Prior Dispositions” included the following transactions:

The “Sixth Street Disposition”. On May 23, 2014, Sixth Street Funding LLC (“Sixth Street”), a wholly owned subsidiary of SFC, agreed to sell and transfer its beneficial interests in the mortgage-backed retained certificates related to a securitization transaction completed in 2010 to Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated (“MLPFS”) for a purchase price of \$263.7 million. On June 1, 2014, the real estate loans included in the transaction were transferred from held for investment to held for sale, due to management’s intent to no longer hold these finance receivables for the foreseeable future. Sixth Street completed this transaction on June 30, 2014, at which time, the real estate loans included in the transaction had a carrying value of \$444.4 million (after the basis adjustment for the related allowance for finance receivable losses). As a result of the sale, we deconsolidated the securitization trust holding the underlying real estate loans and previously issued securitized interests which were reported in long-term debt, as we no longer were considered the primary beneficiary.

The “Third Street Disposition”. On March 6, 2014, Third Street Funding LLC (“Third Street”), a wholly owned subsidiary of SFC, agreed to sell and transfer its beneficial interests in the mortgage-backed retained certificates related to a securitization transaction completed in 2009 to MLPFS for a purchase price of \$737.2 million. On March 1, 2014, the real estate loans included in the transaction were transferred from held for investment to held for sale, due to management’s intent to no longer hold these finance receivables for the foreseeable future. Third Street completed this transaction on March 31, 2014, at which time, the real estate loans included in the transaction had a carrying value of \$724.9 million (after the basis adjustment for the related allowance for finance receivable losses). As a result of the sale, we deconsolidated the securitization trust holding the underlying real estate loans and previously issued securitized interests which were reported in long-term debt, as we no longer were considered the primary beneficiary.

The “MorEquity Disposition”. On March 7, 2014, MorEquity entered into an agreement to sell, subject to certain closing conditions, certain performing and non-performing real estate loans for a purchase price of \$79.0 million. On March 1, 2014, these loans were transferred from held for investment to held for sale, due to management’s intent to no longer hold these finance receivables for the foreseeable future. MorEquity completed this sale on March 31, 2014, at which time, the real estate loans included in the transaction had a carrying value of \$89.9 million (after the basis adjustment for the related allowance for finance receivable losses).

### ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS ADOPTED

#### Income Taxes

In July 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued an accounting standards update (“ASU”), ASU 2013-11, Income Taxes (Topic 740), which clarifies the presentation requirements of unrecognized tax benefits when a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward exists at the reporting date. The amendments in this ASU became effective prospectively for the Company for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material effect on our consolidated statements of financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

### ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS TO BE ADOPTED

#### Troubled Debt Restructurings

In January 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-04, Reclassification of Residential Real Estate Collateralized Consumer Mortgage Loans upon Foreclosure, which clarifies when an in substance repossession or foreclosure occurs — that is,

when a creditor should be considered to have received physical possession of residential real estate property collateralizing a consumer mortgage loan such that the loan receivable should be derecognized and the real estate property recognized. The ASU requires a creditor to reclassify a collateralized consumer mortgage loan to real estate property upon obtaining legal title to the real estate collateral, or the borrower voluntarily conveying all interest in the real estate property to the lender to satisfy the loan through a deed in lieu of foreclosure or similar legal agreement. The ASU is effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2014. We are currently evaluating whether the adoption of this ASU will have a material effect on our consolidated statements of financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

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### Revenue from Contracts

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which provides a consistent revenue accounting model across industries. The ASU is effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2016. Many of our revenue sources are not within the scope of this new standard and we are currently evaluating whether the adoption of this ASU for those revenue sources that are in scope will have a material effect on our consolidated statements of financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

### Share-based Payments

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-12, Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period, which clarifies that performance targets within share-based payment awards that can be met after the requisite service period should be considered performance conditions that affect vesting. The ASU is effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. We have evaluated this ASU and concluded that it is not applicable to the Company at this time.

### Going Concern

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-15, Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern, which requires management to assess a company's ability to continue as a going concern for each annual and interim reporting period, and disclose in its financial statements whether there is substantial doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued. The new standard applies to all companies and is effective for the annual period ending after December 15, 2016, and all annual and interim periods thereafter. The new standard can also be early adopted. Upon adoption, we will perform the going concern assessment in accordance with the requirements of the new ASU.

## ACCOUNTING POLICY ELECTIONS

We made certain policy elections with regard to the issuance of long-term debt related to a consumer loan securitization completed on March 26, 2014 (the "2014-A securitization") and have updated our long-term debt policy previously disclosed in our 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K to reflect these elections going forward. The updated long-term debt policy is presented below:

### Long-term Debt

We generally report our long-term debt issuances at the face value of the debt instrument, which we adjust for any unaccreted discount or unamortized premium associated with the debt. We make policy elections on a security by security basis with regard to the methodology used to accrete discounts and premiums. Other than securitized products, we generally accrete discounts and premiums over the contractual life of the security using contractual payment terms. With respect to securitized products, we have historically elected to use estimated prepayment patterns adjusted for changes in estimate over the estimated life of the debt. However, in certain circumstances, including our policy election for the 2014-A securitization, we elect to amortize deferred items over the contractual life of the security. Under either treatment, such accretion is recorded to interest expense. Additionally, we generally accrete other deferred amounts (e.g. issuance costs) following the same method elected on the associated unaccreted discount or premium.

## 2. Finance Receivables

Our finance receivable types include personal loans, the SpringCastle Portfolio, real estate loans, and retail sales finance as defined below:

Personal loans — are secured by consumer goods, automobiles, or other personal property or are unsecured, generally have maximum original terms of four years, and are usually fixed-rate, fixed-term loans. At September 30, 2014, \$1.7 billion of personal loans, or 48%, were secured by collateral consisting of titled personal property (such as automobiles), \$1.3 billion, or 37%, were secured by consumer household goods or other items of personal property, and the remainder was unsecured.

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SpringCastle Portfolio — are loans jointly acquired from HSBC Finance Corporation and certain of its affiliates (collectively, “HSBC”) on April 1, 2013 through a joint venture in which we own a 47% equity interest. These loans include unsecured loans and loans secured by subordinate residential real estate mortgages (which we service as unsecured loans due to the fact that the liens are subordinated to superior ranking security interests). The SpringCastle Portfolio includes both closed-end accounts and open-end lines of credit. These loans are in a liquidating status and vary in substance and form from our originated loans.

Real estate loans — are secured by first or second mortgages on residential real estate, generally have maximum original terms of 360 months, and are considered non-conforming. At September 30, 2014, \$233.8 million of real estate loans, or 36%, were secured by first mortgages and \$421.5 million, or 64%, were secured by second mortgages. Real estate loans may be closed-end accounts or open-end home equity lines of credit and are primarily fixed-rate products.

Retail sales finance — includes retail sales contracts and revolving retail accounts. Retail sales contracts are closed-end accounts that represent a single purchase transaction. Revolving retail accounts are open-end accounts that can be used for financing repeated purchases from the same merchant. Retail sales contracts are secured by the personal property designated in the contract and generally have maximum original terms of 60 months. Revolving retail accounts are secured by the goods purchased and generally require minimum monthly payments based on the amount financed calculated after the most recent purchase or outstanding balances. In January 2013, we ceased purchasing retail sales contracts and revolving retail accounts.

Components of net finance receivables by type were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Personal Loans	SpringCastle Portfolio	Real Estate Loans	Retail Sales Finance	Total
September 30, 2014					
Gross receivables*	\$4,209,056	\$2,067,719	\$652,839	\$62,342	\$6,991,956
Unearned finance charges and points and fees	(696,696 )	—	(3,260 )	(5,922 )	(705,878 )
Accrued finance charges	52,688	15,426	5,625	480	74,219
Deferred origination costs	42,161	—	95	—	42,256
Total	\$3,607,209	\$2,083,145	\$655,299	\$56,900	\$6,402,553

December 31, 2013

Gross receivables*	\$3,644,030	\$2,484,719	\$7,940,500	\$108,457	\$14,177,706
Unearned finance charges and points and fees	(560,104 )	—	(1,115 )	(10,444 )	(571,663 )
Accrued finance charges	48,179	20,630	42,690	898	112,397
Deferred origination costs	39,599	—	274	—	39,873
Total	\$3,171,704	\$2,505,349	\$7,982,349	\$98,911	\$13,758,313

\*Gross receivables are defined as follows:

finance receivables purchased as a performing receivable — gross finance receivables equal the UPB for interest bearing accounts and the gross remaining contractual payments for precompute accounts; additionally, the remaining unearned discount, net of premium established at the time of purchase is included in both interest bearing and precompute accounts to reflect the finance receivable balance at its fair value;

finance receivables originated subsequent to the Fortress Acquisition — gross finance receivables equal the UPB for interest bearing accounts and the gross remaining contractual payments for precompute accounts; and

purchased credit impaired finance receivables — gross finance receivables equal the remaining estimated cash flows less the current balance of accretable yield on the purchased credit impaired accounts.

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Included in the table above are personal loans with a carrying value of \$1.8 billion at September 30, 2014 and \$1.6 billion at December 31, 2013 and SpringCastle Portfolio loans with a carrying value of \$2.1 billion at September 30, 2014 and \$2.5 billion at December 31, 2013 associated with securitizations that remain on our balance sheet. Also included in the table above are real estate loans with a carrying value of \$5.7 billion at December 31, 2013 associated with mortgage securitizations that have been sold or transferred to finance receivables held for sale during the nine months ended September 30, 2014. See Note 1 for further information on these sales. The carrying value of consolidated long-term debt associated with securitizations totaled \$3.1 billion at September 30, 2014 and \$7.3 billion at December 31, 2013. See Note 8 for further discussion regarding our securitization transactions. Also included in the table above are finance receivables with a carrying value of \$1.0 billion at December 31, 2013, which were pledged as collateral for our secured term loan that we fully repaid in March 2014. See Note 7 for further discussion of the repayment of our secured term loan.

Unused lines of credit extended to customers by the Company were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Personal loans	\$1,462	\$4,996
SpringCastle Portfolio	357,914	366,060
Real estate loans	30,437	32,338
Total	\$389,813	\$403,394

Unused lines of credit on our personal loans can be suspended if one of the following occurs: the value of the collateral declines significantly; we believe the borrower will be unable to fulfill the repayment obligations; or any other default by the borrower of any material obligation under the agreement. Unused lines of credit on our real estate loans and the SpringCastle Portfolio secured by subordinate residential real estate mortgages can be suspended if one of the following occurs: (1) the value of the real estate declines significantly below the property's initial appraised value; (2) we believe the borrower will be unable to fulfill the repayment obligations because of a material change in the borrower's financial circumstances; or (3) any other default by the borrower of any material obligation under the agreement occurs. Unused lines of credit on home equity lines of credit, including the SpringCastle Portfolio secured by subordinate residential real estate mortgages, can be terminated for delinquency. Unused lines of credit on the unsecured loans of the SpringCastle Portfolio can be terminated at our discretion.

**CREDIT QUALITY INDICATORS**

We consider the delinquency status and nonperforming status of the finance receivable as our credit quality indicators.

We accrue finance charges on revolving retail finance receivables up to the date of charge-off at 180 days past due. We had \$0.1 million of revolving retail finance receivables that were more than 90 days past due and still accruing finance charges at September 30, 2014, compared to \$0.4 million at December 31, 2013. Our personal loans, SpringCastle Portfolio, and real estate loans do not have finance receivables that were more than 90 days past due and still accruing finance charges.

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## Delinquent Finance Receivables

We consider the delinquency status of the finance receivable as our primary credit quality indicator. We monitor delinquency trends to manage our exposure to credit risk. We consider finance receivables 60 days or more past due as delinquent and consider the likelihood of collection to decrease at such time.

The following is a summary of net finance receivables by type and by days delinquent:

(dollars in thousands)	Personal Loans	SpringCastle Portfolio	Real Estate Loans	Retail Sales Finance	Total
September 30, 2014					
Net finance receivables:					
60-89 days past due	\$32,384	\$33,379	\$13,151	\$770	\$79,684
90-119 days past due	25,688	20,955	7,842	429	54,914
120-149 days past due	21,132	15,826	5,629	558	43,145
150-179 days past due	16,727	13,102	5,557	303	35,689
180 days or more past due	1,088	4,946	11,947	46	18,027
Total delinquent finance receivables	97,019	88,208	44,126	2,106	231,459
Current	3,456,829	1,932,945	588,796	53,522	6,032,092
30-59 days past due	53,361	61,992	22,377	1,272	139,002
Total	\$3,607,209	\$2,083,145	\$655,299	\$56,900	\$6,402,553
December 31, 2013					
Net finance receivables:					
60-89 days past due	\$28,504	\$60,669	\$97,567	\$1,290	\$188,030
90-119 days past due	22,804	47,689	68,190	1,017	139,700
120-149 days past due	18,780	33,671	55,222	757	108,430
150-179 days past due	14,689	26,828	45,158	740	87,415
180 days or more past due	938	3,579	356,766	173	361,456
Total delinquent finance receivables	85,715	172,436	622,903	3,977	885,031
Current	3,038,307	2,232,965	7,183,437	92,093	12,546,802
30-59 days past due	47,682	99,948	176,009	2,841	326,480
Total	\$3,171,704	\$2,505,349	\$7,982,349	\$98,911	\$13,758,313

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## Nonperforming Finance Receivables

We also monitor finance receivable performance trends to evaluate the potential risk of future credit losses. At 90 days or more past due, we consider our finance receivables to be nonperforming. Once the finance receivables are considered as nonperforming, we consider them to be at increased risk for credit loss.

Our performing and nonperforming net finance receivables by type were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Personal Loans	SpringCastle Portfolio	Real Estate Loans	Retail Sales Finance	Total
September 30, 2014					
Performing	\$3,542,574	\$2,028,316	\$624,324	\$55,564	\$6,250,778
Nonperforming	64,635	54,829	30,975	1,336	151,775
Total	\$3,607,209	\$2,083,145	\$655,299	\$56,900	\$6,402,553
December 31, 2013					
Performing	\$3,114,493	\$2,393,582	\$7,457,013	\$96,224	\$13,061,312
Nonperforming	57,211	111,767	525,336	2,687	697,001
Total	\$3,171,704	\$2,505,349	\$7,982,349	\$98,911	\$13,758,313

## PURCHASED CREDIT IMPAIRED FINANCE RECEIVABLES

As a result of the Fortress Acquisition, we applied push-down accounting and adjusted the carrying value of our finance receivables (the “FA Loans”) to their fair value on November 30, 2010.

In connection with the acquisition of the SpringCastle Portfolio (the “SCP Loans”), we recorded the acquired loans at their fair value of \$748.9 million on April 1, 2013, the day of purchase, and determined at this date that these loans with contractually required principal and interest of \$1.9 billion and expected undiscounted cash flows of \$1.2 billion were credit impaired.

We include the carrying amount (which initially was the fair value) of our purchased credit impaired finance receivables in net finance receivables, less allowance for finance receivable losses. Prepayments reduce the outstanding balance, contractual cash flows, and cash flows expected to be collected.

We report finance receivables held for sale of \$493.2 million at September 30, 2014, which consist of our non-core real estate loans. See Note 4 for further information on our finance receivables held for sale. At September 30, 2014, finance receivables held for sale include purchased credit impaired real estate loans, as well as troubled debt restructured (“TDR”) real estate loans. Therefore, we are presenting the financial information for the purchased credit impaired finance receivables and the TDR finance receivables by finance receivables held for investment and finance receivables held for sale in the tables below.

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Information regarding these purchased credit impaired finance receivables held for investment and held for sale were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	SCP Loans	FA Loans	Total
September 30, 2014			
Carrying amount, net of allowance (a)	\$370,967	\$191,725	\$562,692
Outstanding balance (b)	\$682,389	\$300,128	\$982,517
Allowance for purchased credit impaired finance receivable losses	\$—	\$4,513	\$4,513
December 31, 2013			
Carrying amount, net of allowance	\$530,326	\$1,257,047	\$1,787,373
Outstanding balance	\$851,211	\$1,791,882	\$2,643,093
Allowance for purchased credit impaired finance receivable losses	\$—	\$57,334	\$57,334

(a) The carrying amount of purchased credit impaired finance receivables at September 30, 2014 includes \$165.5 million of purchased credit impaired finance receivables held for sale.

(b) The outstanding balance of purchased credit impaired finance receivables at September 30, 2014 includes \$246.1 million of purchased credit impaired finance receivables held for sale.

The allowance for purchased credit impaired finance receivable losses at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, reflected the net carrying value of these purchased credit impaired finance receivables being higher than the present value of the expected cash flows.

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Changes in accretible yield for purchased credit impaired finance receivables held for investment and held for sale were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	SCP Loans	FA Loans	Total
At or for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2014			
Balance at beginning of period	\$267,251	\$627,125	\$894,376
Accretion (a)	(15,791	) (20,771	) (36,562
Transfers due to finance receivables sold	—	(563,891	) (563,891
Disposals of finance receivables (b)	(5,039	) (3,640	) (8,679
Balance at end of period	\$246,421	\$38,823	\$285,244

At or for the Three Months Ended  
September 30, 2013

Balance at beginning of period	\$407,237	\$849,153	\$1,256,390
Accretion	(25,887	) (32,224	) (58,111
Reclassifications from nonaccretable difference (c)	—	2,741	2,741
Disposals of finance receivables (b)	(19,078	) (8,471	) (27,549
Balance at end of period	\$362,272	\$811,199	\$1,173,471

At or for the Nine Months Ended  
September 30, 2014

Balance at beginning of period	\$325,201	\$771,491	\$1,096,692
Accretion (a)	(53,514	) (76,326	) (129,840
Reclassifications to nonaccretable difference (c)	(527	) —	(527
Transfers due to finance receivables sold	—	(641,559	) (641,559
Disposals of finance receivables (b)	(24,739	) (14,783	) (39,522
Balance at end of period	\$246,421	\$38,823	\$285,244

At or for the Nine Months Ended  
September 30, 2013

Balance at beginning of period	\$—	\$629,200	\$629,200
Additions	437,604	—	437,604
Accretion	(54,190	) (97,616	) (151,806
Reclassifications from nonaccretable difference (c)	—	304,575	304,575
Disposals of finance receivables (b)	(21,142	) (24,960	) (46,102
Balance at end of period	\$362,272	\$811,199	\$1,173,471

(a) Accretion on our purchased credit impaired finance receivables for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 includes \$11.2 million and \$11.4 million, respectively, of accretion on purchased credit impaired finance receivables held for sale, which is reported as interest income on finance receivables held for sale originated as held for investment.

(b) Disposals of finance receivables represent finance charges forfeited due to purchased credit impaired finance receivables charged-off during the period.

(c) Reclassifications from (to) nonaccretable difference represent the increases (decreases) in accretion resulting from higher (lower) estimated undiscounted cash flows.

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## TROUBLED DEBT RESTRUCTURED FINANCE RECEIVABLES

Information regarding TDR finance receivables held for investment and held for sale were as follows:

(dollars in thousands) Real Estate Loans

September 30, 2014

TDR gross finance receivables (a) (b)	\$ 334,141
TDR net finance receivables (c)	\$ 335,512
Allowance for TDR finance receivable losses	\$ 31,205

December 31, 2013

TDR gross finance receivables (a)	\$ 1,375,230
TDR net finance receivables	\$ 1,380,223
Allowance for TDR finance receivable losses	\$ 176,455

(a) As defined earlier in this Note.

(b) TDR gross finance receivables at September 30, 2014 include \$230.7 million of TDR finance receivables held for sale.

(c) TDR net finance receivables at September 30, 2014 includes \$231.6 million of TDR finance receivables held for sale.

We have no commitments to lend additional funds on our TDR finance receivables.

TDR average net receivables held for investment and held for sale and finance charges recognized on TDR finance receivables held for investment and held for sale were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised
Real Estate Loans				
TDR average net receivables (a)	\$ 799,353	\$ 1,206,729	\$ 1,194,193	\$ 1,055,652
TDR finance charges recognized (b)	\$ 10,071	\$ 16,736	\$ 44,896	\$ 45,792

TDR average net receivables for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 include \$411.1 million of (a) TDR average net receivables held for sale, which reflect a two-month average since the real estate loans were transferred to finance receivables held for sale on August 1, 2014.

(b) TDR finance charges recognized for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 include \$3.1 million of interest income on TDR finance receivables held for sale.

The impact of the transfers of finance receivables held for investment to finance receivables held for sale and the subsequent sales of finance receivables held for sale during the first half of 2014 was immaterial since the loans were

transferred and sold within the same months.

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Information regarding the new volume of the TDR finance receivables held for investment and held for sale were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised
Real Estate Loans				
Number of TDR accounts (a)	405	1,621	2,301	5,773
Pre-modification TDR net finance receivables (b)	\$28,665	\$131,865	\$211,088	\$451,697
Post-modification TDR net finance receivables (b)	\$29,348	\$140,333	\$200,154	\$483,233

(a) Number of new TDR accounts for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 includes 89 new TDR accounts that were held for sale.

(b) TDR net finance receivables for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 include \$6.0 million of pre-modification and \$6.5 million of post-modification TDR net finance receivables held for sale.

Net finance receivables held for investment and held for sale that were modified as TDR finance receivables within the previous 12 months and for which there was a default during the period to cause the TDR finance receivables to be considered nonperforming (90 days or more past due) were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised
Real Estate Loans				
Number of TDR accounts (a)	54	370	488	797
TDR net finance receivables (a) (b)	\$2,788	\$25,848	\$31,465	\$59,809

Number and amount of TDR net finance receivables for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 that (a) defaulted during the previous 12 month period include 30 TDR accounts that were held for sale totaling \$1.8 million.

(b) Represents the corresponding balance of TDR net finance receivables at the end of the month in which they defaulted.

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## 3. Allowance for Finance Receivable Losses

Changes in the allowance for finance receivable losses by finance receivable type were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Personal Loans	SpringCastle Portfolio	Real Estate Loans	Retail Sales Finance	Consolidated Total
Three Months Ended September 30, 2014					
Balance at beginning of period	\$107,030	\$710	\$259,182	\$1,350	\$368,272
Provision for finance receivable losses (a)	57,990	28,330	15,982	669	102,971
Charge-offs	(47,625)	(31,533)	(13,159)	(1,199)	(93,516)
Recoveries	7,094	2,812	962	374	11,242
Reduction in the carrying value of real estate loans transferred to finance receivables held for sale (b)	—	—	(225,333)	—	(225,333)
Balance at end of period	\$124,489	\$319	\$37,634	\$1,194	\$163,636
Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 - Revised					
Balance at beginning of period	\$60,250	\$—	\$180,565	\$920	\$241,735
Provision for finance receivable losses (a)	39,747	60,662	60,012	1,843	162,264
Charge-offs	(32,528)	(61,470)	(33,384)	(2,032)	(129,414)
Recoveries	2,136	2,210	1,326	294	5,966
Balance at end of period	\$69,605	\$1,402	\$208,519	\$1,025	\$280,551
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014					
Balance at beginning of period	\$94,880	\$1,056	\$235,549	\$1,840	\$333,325
Provision for finance receivable losses (a)	151,445	121,680	103,408	2,663	379,196
Charge-offs	(139,450)	(133,044)	(67,099)	(4,310)	(343,903)
Recoveries (c)	17,614	10,627	5,788	1,001	35,030
Reduction in the carrying value of real estate loans transferred to finance receivables held for sale (b)	—	—	(240,012)	—	(240,012)
Balance at end of period	\$124,489	\$319	\$37,634	\$1,194	\$163,636
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 - Revised					
Balance at beginning of period	\$66,580	\$—	\$113,813	\$2,260	\$182,653
Provision for finance receivable losses (a)	64,344	78,459	200,492	(4,234)	339,061
Charge-offs (d)	(106,162)	(79,267)	(121,398)	(7,338)	(314,165)

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Recoveries (e)	44,843	2,210	15,612	10,337	73,002
Balance at end of period	\$69,605	\$1,402	\$208,519	\$1,025	\$280,551

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(a) Components of provision for finance receivable losses on our real estate loans were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised
Real estate loans				
Provision for finance receivable losses				
Non-credit impaired finance receivables	\$6,246	\$17,946	\$32,266	\$63,037
Purchased credit impaired finance receivables	3,009	21,191	28,785	60,708
TDR finance receivables	6,727	20,875	42,357	76,747
Total	\$15,982	\$60,012	\$103,408	\$200,492

(b) During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, we reduced the carrying value of certain real estate loans to \$5.4 billion and \$6.7 billion, respectively, as a result of the transfers of these loans from finance receivables held for investment to finance receivables held for sale due to management's intent to no longer hold these finance receivables for the foreseeable future.

(c) Recoveries during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 included \$2.2 million of real estate loan recoveries resulting from a sale of previously charged-off real estate loans in March 2014, net of a \$0.2 million reserve for subsequent buybacks.

(d) Effective March 31, 2013, we charge off to the allowance for finance receivable losses personal loans that are 180 days past due. Previously, we charged-off to the allowance for finance receivable losses personal loans on which payments received in the prior six months totaled less than 5% of the original loan amount. As a result of this change, we recorded \$13.3 million of additional charge-offs in March 2013.

(e) Recoveries during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 included \$39.6 million (\$23.8 million of personal loan recoveries, \$9.9 million of real estate loan recoveries, and \$5.9 million of retail sales finance recoveries) resulting from a sale of previously charged-off finance receivables in June 2013, net of a \$1.6 million adjustment for the subsequent buyback of certain finance receivables.

Included in the allowance for finance receivable losses are allowances associated with securitizations that totaled \$67.8 million at September 30, 2014 and \$153.7 million at December 31, 2013. See Note 8 for further discussion regarding our securitization transactions.

The carrying value charged-off for purchased credit impaired loans was as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013
Charged-off against provision for finance receivable losses:				
SCP Loans	\$7,837	\$31,544	\$39,368	\$48,717

FA Loans gross charge-offs*	\$2,017	\$10,074	\$14,944	\$31,737
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\* Represents additional impairment recognized, subsequent to the establishment of the pools of purchased credit impaired loans, related to loans that have been foreclosed and transferred to real estate owned status.

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The allowance for finance receivable losses and net finance receivables by type and by impairment method were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Personal Loans	SpringCastle Portfolio	Real Estate Loans	Retail Sales Finance	Total
September 30, 2014					
Allowance for finance receivable losses for finance receivables:					
Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ 124,489	\$ 319	\$ 1,916	\$ 1,194	\$ 127,918
Acquired with deteriorated credit quality (purchased credit impaired finance receivables)	—	—	4,513	—	4,513
Individually evaluated for impairment (TDR finance receivables)	—	—	31,205	—	31,205
Total	\$ 124,489	\$ 319	\$ 37,634	\$ 1,194	\$ 163,636
Finance receivables:					
Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ 3,607,209	\$ 1,712,178	\$ 520,712	\$ 56,900	\$ 5,896,999
Purchased credit impaired finance receivables	—	370,967	30,697	—	401,664
TDR finance receivables	—	—	103,890	—	103,890
Total	\$ 3,607,209	\$ 2,083,145	\$ 655,299	\$ 56,900	\$ 6,402,553
December 31, 2013					
Allowance for finance receivable losses for finance receivables:					
Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ 94,880	\$ 1,056	\$ 1,760	\$ 1,840	\$ 99,536
Purchased credit impaired finance receivables	—	—	57,334	—	57,334
TDR finance receivables	—	—	176,455	—	176,455
Total	\$ 94,880	\$ 1,056	\$ 235,549	\$ 1,840	\$ 333,325
Finance receivables:					
Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ 3,171,704	\$ 1,975,023	\$ 5,287,745	\$ 98,911	\$ 10,533,383
Purchased credit impaired finance receivables	—	530,326	1,314,381	—	1,844,707
TDR finance receivables	—	—	1,380,223	—	1,380,223
Total	\$ 3,171,704	\$ 2,505,349	\$ 7,982,349	\$ 98,911	\$ 13,758,313

## 4. Finance Receivables Held for Sale

We report finance receivables held for sale of \$493.2 million at September 30, 2014, which are carried at lower of cost or fair value. We used the aggregate basis to determine the lower of cost or fair value of the finance receivables held for sale since the underlying real estate loans were presented to the buyers on a portfolio basis. We also separately present the interest income on our finance receivables held for sale as interest income on finance receivables held for sale originated as held for investment on our interim consolidated statements of operations, which totaled \$47.7 million and \$54.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.

On August 1, 2014, we transferred real estate loans with a carrying value of \$5.4 billion (after the basis adjustment for the related allowance for finance receivable losses) from finance receivables held for investment to held for sale due to management's intent to no longer hold these finance receivables for the foreseeable future. On August 29, 2014, we sold finance receivables held for sale with a carrying value of \$4.0 billion and related trust assets and recorded a net gain at the time of sale of \$604.9 million primarily resulting from the reversal of the remaining unaccreted push-down accounting basis for these finance receivables, less allowance for finance receivable losses that we established at the date of the Fortress Acquisition. The net gain on this sale included proceeds of \$38.8 million from the related MSR Sale. On September 30, 2014,

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we sold finance receivables held for sale with a carrying value of \$856.4 million and related trust assets and recorded a net gain at the time of sale of \$36.5 million primarily resulting from the reversal of the remaining unaccreted push-down accounting basis for these finance receivables, less allowance for finance receivable losses that we established at the date of the Fortress Acquisition.

On June 1, 2014, we transferred real estate loans with a carrying value of \$451.2 million (after the basis adjustment for the related allowance for finance receivable losses) from finance receivables held for investment to held for sale due to management's intent to no longer hold these finance receivables for the foreseeable future. On June 30, 2014, we sold finance receivables held for sale with a carrying value of \$444.4 million and related trust assets and recorded a net gain at the time of sale of \$34.8 million primarily resulting from the reversal of the remaining unaccreted push-down accounting basis for these finance receivables, less allowance for finance receivable losses that we established at the date of the Fortress Acquisition.

On March 1, 2014, we transferred real estate loans with a carrying value of \$825.2 million (after the basis adjustment for the related allowance for finance receivable losses) from finance receivables held for investment to held for sale due to management's intent to no longer hold these finance receivables for the foreseeable future. On March 31, 2014, we sold finance receivables held for sale with a carrying value of \$814.8 million and related trust assets and recorded a net gain at the time of sale of \$55.2 million primarily resulting from the reversal of the remaining unaccreted push-down accounting basis for these finance receivables, less allowance for finance receivable losses that we established at the date of the Fortress Acquisition.

See Note 1 for further information on these sales. We did not have any transfer activity between finance receivables held for investment to finance receivables held for sale during the first nine months of 2013.

**LOAN REPURCHASES**

We repurchased four loans for \$0.6 million during the three months ended September 30, 2014 and nine loans for \$1.5 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2014. We repurchased two loans for \$0.3 million during the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 19 loans for \$2.8 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2013. In each period, we repurchased the loans that were previously sold to HSBC because these loans were reaching the defined delinquency limits or had breached the contractual representations and warranties under the loan sale agreements. At September 30, 2014, there were no unresolved recourse requests.

During the third quarter of 2014, we established a reserve for sales recourse obligations of \$9.9 million related to the sales of real estate loans with a total carrying value of \$6.1 billion during the first nine months of 2014. As of September 30, 2014, we had no repurchase activity or recourse losses associated with these sales. However, we will continue to monitor any repurchase activity in the future and will adjust the reserve accordingly.

The activity in our reserve for sales recourse obligations associated with the real estate loan sales during the first nine months of 2014 and the loans that were previously sold to HSBC were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	At or for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	At or for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013	At or for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	At or for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013
Balance at beginning of period	\$4,724	\$4,766	\$4,702	\$4,863
Provision for recourse obligations	8,543	—	8,706	322

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Recourse losses	(70	) (42	) (211	) (461	)
Balance at end of period	\$13,197	\$4,724	\$13,197	\$4,724	

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## 5. Investment Securities

## AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE SECURITIES

Cost/amortized cost, unrealized gains and losses, and fair value of available-for-sale securities by type were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Cost/ Amortized Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
September 30, 2014				
Fixed maturity available-for-sale securities:				
Bonds:				
U.S. government and government sponsored entities	\$55,427	\$930	\$(159)	) \$56,198
Obligations of states, municipalities, and political subdivisions	115,916	2,618	(82)	) 118,452
Corporate debt	258,172	11,466	(1,200)	) 268,438
Mortgage-backed, asset-backed, and collateralized:				
Residential mortgage-backed securities ("RMBS")	77,845	2,379	(42)	) 80,182
Commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS")	23,231	83	(149)	) 23,165
Collateralized debt obligations ("CDO")/Asset-backed securities ("ABS")	21,582	34	(51)	) 21,565
Total	552,173	17,510	(1,683)	) 568,000
Preferred stock	7,163	84	(204)	) 7,043
Other long-term investments*	1,306	131	(7)	) 1,430
Common stocks	850	—	—	850
Total	\$561,492	\$17,725	\$(1,894)	) \$577,323

December 31, 2013

Fixed maturity available-for-sale securities:

Bonds:

U.S. government and government sponsored entities	\$59,800	\$565	\$(681)	) \$59,684
Obligations of states, municipalities, and political subdivisions	101,913	1,703	(80)	) 103,536
Corporate debt	247,793	6,143	(2,191)	) 251,745
Mortgage-backed, asset-backed, and collateralized:				
RMBS	82,406	1,931	(559)	) 83,778
CMBS	10,931	77	(32)	) 10,976
CDO/ABS	10,200	23	(26)	) 10,197
Total	513,043	10,442	(3,569)	) 519,916
Preferred stock	7,844	—	(39)	) 7,805
Other long-term investments*	1,394	—	(125)	) 1,269
Common stocks	850	—	—	850
Total	\$523,131	\$10,442	\$(3,733)	) \$529,840

\* Excludes interest in a limited partnership that we account for using the equity method (\$0.5 million at September 30, 2014 and \$0.6 million at December 31, 2013).

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As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we had no available-for-sale securities with other-than-temporary impairments recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income or loss.

Fair value and unrealized losses on investment securities by type and length of time in a continuous unrealized loss position were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Less Than 12 Months		12 Months or Longer		Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
September 30, 2014						
Bonds:						
U.S. government and government sponsored entities	\$17,827	\$(53)	\$13,468	\$(106)	\$31,295	\$(159)
Obligations of states, municipalities, and political subdivisions	17,917	(54)	1,053	(28)	18,970	(82)
Corporate debt	34,154	(358)	15,356	(842)	49,510	(1,200)
RMBS	12,310	(19)	2,635	(23)	14,945	(42)
CMBS	18,605	(149)	166	—	18,771	(149)
CDO/ABS	7,440	(51)	223	—	7,663	(51)
Total	108,253	(684)	32,901	(999)	141,154	(1,683)
Preferred stock	6,019	(204)	—	—	6,019	(204)
Other long-term investments	—	—	104	(7)	104	(7)
Total	\$114,272	\$(888)	\$33,005	\$(1,006)	\$147,277	\$(1,894)
December 31, 2013						
Bonds:						
U.S. government and government sponsored entities	\$45,264	\$(681)	\$—	\$—	\$45,264	\$(681)
Obligations of states, municipalities, and political subdivisions	14,756	(80)	—	—	14,756	(80)
Corporate debt	71,312	(1,539)	11,772	(652)	83,084	(2,191)
RMBS	18,322	(559)	—	—	18,322	(559)
CMBS	5,517	(32)	—	—	5,517	(32)
CDO/ABS	5,123	(26)	—	—	5,123	(26)
Total	160,294	(2,917)	11,772	(652)	172,066	(3,569)
Preferred stock	7,805	(39)	—	—	7,805	(39)
Other long-term investments	1,269	(125)	—	—	1,269	(125)
Total	\$169,368	\$(3,081)	\$11,772	\$(652)	\$181,140	\$(3,733)

We continue to monitor unrealized loss positions for potential impairments. During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we did not recognize any other-than-temporary impairment credit loss write-downs to investment revenues. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, we recognized other-than-temporary impairment credit loss write-downs to investment revenues on RMBS totaling \$26 thousand.

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Changes in the cumulative amount of credit losses (recognized in earnings) on other-than-temporarily impaired available-for-sale securities were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	At or for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	At or for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013	At or for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	At or for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013
Balance at beginning of period	\$1,318	\$1,523	\$1,523	\$1,650
Additions:				
Due to other-than-temporary impairments: Impairment previously recognized	—	—	—	26
Reductions:				
Realized due to dispositions with no prior intention to sell	—	—	(205	) (153
Balance at end of period	\$1,318	\$1,523	\$1,318	\$1,523

The fair values of available-for-sale securities sold or redeemed and the resulting realized gains, realized losses, and net realized gains (losses) were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised
Fair value	\$107,327	\$51,241	\$214,811	\$491,188
Realized gains	\$4,619	\$174	\$7,217	\$3,203
Realized losses	(71	) (270	) (343	) (665
Net realized gains (losses)	\$4,548	\$(96	) \$6,874	\$2,538

Contractual maturities of fixed-maturity available-for-sale securities at September 30, 2014 were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Fair Value	Amortized Cost
Fixed maturities, excluding mortgage-backed, asset-backed, and collateralized securities:		
Due in 1 year or less	\$29,862	\$29,267
Due after 1 year through 5 years	182,638	178,633
Due after 5 years through 10 years	94,638	93,428
Due after 10 years	135,950	128,187
Mortgage-backed, asset-backed, and collateralized securities	124,912	122,658
Total	\$568,000	\$552,173

Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities since borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations. We may sell investment securities before maturity to achieve corporate requirements and investment strategies.



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## TRADING SECURITIES

The fair value of trading securities by type was as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Fixed maturity trading securities:		
Bonds:		
U.S. government and government sponsored entities	\$ 136,681	\$—
Obligations of states, municipalities, and political subdivisions	88,407	—
Corporate debt	449,104	1,837
Mortgage-backed, asset-backed, and collateralized:		
RMBS	65,103	10,671
CMBS	107,937	29,897
CDO/ABS	298,342	9,249
Total	\$ 1,145,574	\$ 51,654

The net unrealized and realized gains (losses) on our trading securities were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised
Net unrealized losses on trading securities held at period end	\$(2,044)	) \$(224)	) \$(1,128)	) \$(433)
Net realized gains on trading securities sold or redeemed	246	63	273	174
Total	\$(1,798)	) \$(161)	) \$(855)	) \$(259)

## 6. Transactions with Affiliates of Fortress or AIG

## SUBSERVICING AND REFINANCE AGREEMENTS

Nationstar subservices the real estate loans of certain indirect subsidiaries (collectively, the “Owners”). Investment funds managed by affiliates of Fortress indirectly own a majority interest in Nationstar.

The Owners paid Nationstar fees for its subservicing and to facilitate the repayment of our real estate loans through refinancings with other lenders as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013
Subservicing fees	\$ 1,221	\$ 2,132	\$ 4,922	\$ 6,556
Refinancing concessions	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$ 265

As a result of the recent sales of our real estate loans, some of which were serviced by Nationstar, and the MSR Sale our exposure to these affiliated services is reduced.

#### INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

Logan Circle Partners, L.P. (“Logan Circle”) provides investment management services for our investments. Logan Circle is a wholly owned subsidiary of Fortress. Costs and fees incurred for these investment management services totaled \$0.3 million and \$0.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, compared to \$0.2 million and \$0.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively.

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## REINSURANCE AGREEMENTS

Merit Life Insurance Co. (“Merit”), our indirect wholly owned subsidiary, enters into reinsurance agreements with subsidiaries of AIG, for reinsurance of various group annuity, credit life, and credit accident and health insurance where Merit reinsures the risk of loss. The reserves for this business fluctuate over time and, in some instances, are subject to recapture by the insurer. Reserves recorded by Merit for reinsurance agreements with subsidiaries of AIG totaled \$43.9 million at September 30, 2014 and \$45.6 million at December 31, 2013.

## JOINT VENTURE

Certain subsidiaries of New Residential Investment Corp. (“NRZ”), own a 30% equity interest in the joint venture established in conjunction with the purchase of the SpringCastle Portfolio on April 1, 2013. NRZ is managed by an affiliate of Fortress.

## THIRD STREET DISPOSITION

As discussed in Note 1, on March 6, 2014, we entered into an agreement to sell, subject to certain closing conditions, all of our interest in the mortgage-backed retained certificates related to a securitization transaction completed in 2009 to MLPFS for a price of \$737.2 million. Concurrently, NRZ and MLPFS entered into an agreement pursuant to which NRZ agreed to purchase approximately 75% of these retained certificates. NRZ is managed by an affiliate of Fortress. See Note 1 for further information on this sale.

## MSR SALE

As discussed in Note 1, on August 6, 2014, SFC and MorEquity entered into an agreement, dated and effective August 1, 2014, to sell the servicing rights of the mortgage loans primarily underlying the mortgage securitizations completed during 2011 through 2013 to Nationstar for a purchase price of \$38.8 million. Approximately 50% of the proceeds of the MSR Sale were received on August 29, 2014, the closing date, and 40% were received on October 23, 2014. See Note 1 and Note 20 for further information on the MSR Sale. Investment funds managed by affiliates of Fortress indirectly own a majority interest in Nationstar.

## 7. Long-term Debt

Principal maturities of long-term debt (excluding projected securitization repayments by period) by type of debt at September 30, 2014 were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Retail Notes	Medium Term Notes	Securitizations	Junior Subordinated Debt	Total
Interest rates (a)	6.00%-7.50%	5.40%-8.25%	1.76%-5.00%	6.00	%
Fourth quarter 2014	\$335,486	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$335,486
First quarter 2015	16,575	—	—	—	16,575
Second quarter 2015	7,092	—	—	—	7,092
Third quarter 2015	23,544	—	—	—	23,544
Remainder of 2015	—	750,000	—	—	750,000
2016	—	375,000	—	—	375,000
2017	—	2,360,837	—	—	2,360,837
2018	—	—	—	—	—

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2019-2067	—	1,250,000	—	350,000	1,600,000
Securitized (b)	—	—	3,055,588	—	3,055,588
Total principal maturities	\$382,697	\$4,735,837	\$3,055,588	\$350,000	\$8,524,122
Total carrying amount (c)	\$379,585	\$4,253,867	\$3,052,972	\$171,613	\$7,858,037

(a) The interest rates shown are the range of contractual rates in effect at September 30, 2014.

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- (b) Securitizations are not included in above maturities by period due to their variable monthly repayments. See Note 8 for further information on our long-term debt associated with securitizations.

- (c) The net carrying amount of our long-term debt associated with certain securitizations that were either 1) issued at a premium or discount or 2) revalued at a premium or discount based on its fair value at the time of the Fortress Acquisition or 3) recorded at fair value on a recurring basis in circumstances when the embedded derivative within the securitization structure cannot be separately accounted for at fair value.

## GUARANTY AGREEMENTS

On December 30, 2013, SHI entered into Guaranty Agreements whereby it agreed to fully and unconditionally guarantee the payments of principal, premium (if any), and interest on approximately \$5.2 billion aggregate principal amount of senior notes on a senior basis and \$350.0 million aggregate principal amount of a junior subordinated debenture (collectively, the “notes”) on a junior subordinated basis issued by SFC. The notes consist of the following: 8.250% Senior Notes due 2023; 7.750% Senior Notes due 2021; 6.00% Senior Notes due 2020; a 60-year junior subordinated debenture; and all senior notes outstanding on December 30, 2013, issued pursuant to the Indenture dated as of May 1, 1999 (the “1999 Indenture”), between SFC and Wilmington Trust, National Association (the successor trustee to Citibank N.A.). As of December 30, 2013, approximately \$3.9 billion aggregate principal amount of senior notes were outstanding under the 1999 Indenture. The 60-year junior subordinated debenture underlies the trust preferred securities sold by a trust sponsored by SFC. On December 30, 2013, SHI entered into a Trust Guaranty Agreement whereby it agreed to fully and unconditionally guarantee the related payment obligations under the trust preferred securities. As of September 30, 2014, approximately \$5.1 billion aggregate principal amount of senior notes, including \$3.9 billion aggregate principal amount of senior notes under the 1999 Indenture, and \$350.0 million aggregate principal amount of a junior subordinated debenture were outstanding.

## REPURCHASE OR REPAYMENT OF DEBT

In connection with our liability management efforts, we or our affiliates from time to time have purchased, or may in the future purchase, portions of our outstanding indebtedness. Any such purchases may be made through open market or privately negotiated transactions with third parties or pursuant to one or more tender or exchange offers or otherwise, upon such terms and at such prices, as well as with such consideration as we or any such affiliates may determine. Our plans are dynamic and we may adjust our plans in response to changes in our expectations and changes in market conditions.

On March 31, 2014, Springleaf Financial Funding Company (“SFFC”) prepaid, without penalty or premium, the entire \$750.0 million outstanding principal balance of the secured term loan, plus accrued and unpaid interest. Effective upon the prepayment, all obligations of SFFC, SFC, and most of the consumer finance operating subsidiaries of SFC under the secured term loan (other than contingent reimbursement obligations and indemnity obligations) were terminated and all guarantees and security interests were released.

## 8. Variable Interest Entities

As part of our overall funding strategy and as part of our efforts to support our liquidity from sources other than our traditional capital market sources, we have transferred certain finance receivables to VIEs for securitization transactions. Since these transactions involve securitization trusts required to be consolidated, the securitized assets and related liabilities are included in our condensed consolidated financial statements and are accounted for as secured borrowings. As a result of the sales of the Company’s beneficial interests in the mortgage-backed retained certificates related to its previous mortgage securitization transactions, we deconsolidated the underlying real estate loans and previously issued securitized interests which were reported in long-term debt.

## CONSOLIDATED VIES

We evaluated the securitization trusts and determined that these entities are VIEs of which we are the primary beneficiary; therefore, we consolidate such entities. We are deemed to be the primary beneficiaries of these VIEs because we have the ability to direct the activities of each VIE that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance and the obligation to absorb losses and the right to receive benefits that are potentially significant to the VIE. Such ability stems from SHI's and/or its affiliates' contractual right to service the securitized finance receivables. Our retained subordinated notes and residual interest trust certificates expose us to potentially significant losses and potentially significant returns.

The remaining asset-backed securities issued by the securitization trusts are supported by the expected cash flows from the underlying securitized finance receivables. Cash inflows from these finance receivables are distributed to investors and service

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providers in accordance with each transaction’s contractual priority of payments (“waterfall”) and, as such, most of these inflows must be directed first to service and repay each trust’s senior notes or certificates held principally by third-party investors. After these senior obligations are extinguished, substantially all cash inflows will be directed to the subordinated notes until fully repaid and, thereafter, to the residual interest that we own in each trust. We retain interests in these securitization transactions, including senior and subordinated securities issued by the VIEs and residual interests. We retain credit risk in the securitizations because our retained interests include the most subordinated interest in the securitized assets, which are the first to absorb credit losses on the securitized assets. We expect that any credit losses in the pools of securitized assets will likely be limited to our subordinated and residual retained interests. We have no obligation to repurchase or replace qualified securitized assets that subsequently become delinquent or are otherwise in default.

The carrying amounts of consolidated VIE assets and liabilities associated with our securitization trusts were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Assets		
Finance receivables:		
Personal loans	\$1,841,139	\$1,572,070
SpringCastle Portfolio	\$2,083,145	\$2,505,349
Real estate loans	\$—	\$5,694,176
Allowance for finance receivable losses	\$67,800	\$153,657
Restricted cash	\$295,693	\$522,752
Liabilities		
Long-term debt	\$3,052,972	\$7,288,535

## 2014 Consumer Loan Securitizations

**Whitford Brook 2014-VFN1 Securitization.** On June 26, 2014, we established a private securitization facility in which Whitford Brook Funding Trust 2014-VFN1 (the “Whitford Brook 2014-VFN1 Trust”), a wholly owned special purpose vehicle of SFC, may issue variable funding notes with a maximum principal balance of \$300 million to be backed by personal loans acquired from subsidiaries of SFC. The notes will be funded over a three-year period, subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions precedent. During this period, the notes can also be paid down to the required minimum balance of \$100 million and then redrawn. Following the three-year funding period, the principal amount of the notes will be reduced as cash payments are received on the underlying personal loans and will be due and payable in full in July 2018, unless an option to prepay is elected between July 2017 and July 2018. At September 30, 2014, the required minimum balance of \$100 million was drawn under the notes.

**2014-A Securitization.** On March 26, 2014, we completed a private securitization transaction in which a wholly owned special purpose vehicle of SFC sold \$559.3 million of notes backed by personal loans held by Springleaf Funding Trust 2014-A (the “2014-A Trust”), at a 2.62% weighted average yield. We sold the asset-backed notes for \$559.2 million, after the price discount but before expenses and a \$6.4 million interest reserve requirement. We initially retained \$32.9 million of the 2014-A Trust’s subordinate asset-backed notes.

## Sales of Previously Retained Notes

As discussed in Note 1, the Company’s remaining beneficial interests in the mortgage-backed retained certificates related to its previous mortgage securitization transactions were sold in four separate transactions on March 31, June

30, August 29, and September 30, 2014. As a result of these sales, we deconsolidated the securitization trusts holding the underlying real estate loans and previously issued securitized interests which were reported in long-term debt, as we no longer were considered the primary beneficiary.

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During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, we sold the following previously retained mortgage-backed and asset-backed notes:

(dollars in thousands)	Principal Amount of Previously Retained Notes Issued	Carrying Amount of Additional Debt Recorded
Mortgage Securitizations		
SLFMT 2012-2	\$20,000	\$20,675
SLFMT 2012-3	\$7,500	\$7,753
SLFMT 2013-2	\$157,517	\$148,559
Consumer Securitizations		
SLFMT 2013-B	\$114,000	\$111,578
SpringCastle Securitizations		
SCFT 2013-1	\$372,000	\$357,120

## Renewal of Midbrook 2013-VFN1 Securitization

On September 26, 2013, we established a private securitization facility in which Midbrook Funding Trust 2013-VFN1 (the "Midbrook 2013-VFN1 Trust"), a wholly owned special purpose vehicle of SFC, could issue variable funding notes with a maximum principal balance of \$300 million to be backed by personal loans acquired from subsidiaries of SFC from time to time. No amounts were funded at closing, but could be funded from time to time over a one-year period, subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions precedent. During this period, the notes could also be paid down in whole or in part and then redrawn. Following the one-year funding period, the principal amount of the notes, if any, would amortize and would be due and payable in full in October 2017.

On June 13, 2014, we amended the note purchase agreement with Midbrook 2013-VFN1 Trust to extend the one-year funding period to a two-year funding period. Following the two-year funding period, the principal amount of the notes, if any, will be reduced as cash payments are received on the underlying personal loans and will be due and payable in full in July 2019. The maximum principal balance of variable funding notes that can be issued remained at \$300 million. No amounts have been funded.

## Repayment of 2013-BAC Trust Notes

On September 25, 2013, we completed a private securitization transaction in which Springleaf Funding Trust 2013-BAC, a wholly owned special purpose vehicle of SFC, issued \$500 million of notes backed by an amortizing pool of personal loans acquired from subsidiaries of SFC. On March 27, 2014, we repaid the entire \$231.3 million outstanding principal balance of the notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest.

## VIE Interest Expense

Other than our retained subordinate and residual interests in the remaining consolidated securitization trusts, we are under no obligation, either contractually or implicitly, to provide financial support to these entities. Consolidated interest expense related to our VIEs for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 totaled \$50.8 million and \$180.3 million, respectively, compared to \$64.0 million and \$153.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively.

## DECONSOLIDATED VIES

As a result of the sales of the mortgage-backed retained certificates during the first nine months of 2014, we deconsolidated the securitization trusts holding the underlying real estate loans and previously issued securitized interests which were reported in long-term debt. The total carrying value of these real estate loans as of the sale dates was \$5.2 billion. We have certain representations and warranties associated with these sales that may expose us to future losses. During the third quarter of 2014, we established a reserve for sales recourse obligations of \$6.7 million related to these sales. As of September 30, 2014, we had no repurchase activity associated with these sales. However, we will continue to monitor any repurchase activity in the future and will adjust the reserve accordingly.

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## 9. Derivative Financial Instruments

Our principal borrowing subsidiary is SFC. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, SFC did not have any derivative activity.

In January 2013, we reclassified \$0.2 million of deferred net gain from accumulated other comprehensive income or loss to interest expense related to SFC's election to discontinue and terminate one of its cash flow hedges in 2012. On August 5, 2013, SFC terminated its remaining cross currency interest rate swap agreement with AIG Financial Products Corp., a subsidiary of AIG, and recorded a loss of \$1.9 million in other revenues — other. Immediately following this termination, we had no derivative financial instruments.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, we recognized \$1.0 million of net gains and \$3.4 million of net losses, respectively, on SFC's non-designated hedging instruments in other revenues — other.

Derivative adjustments included in other revenues — other consisted of the following:

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013	
Mark to market gains (losses)	\$6,260	\$(8,244	)
Net interest income	1,701	9,161	
Credit valuation adjustment gains	11	50	
Other	(292	) (292	)
Total	\$7,680	\$675	

SFC was exposed to credit risk if counterparties to its swap agreement did not perform. SFC regularly monitored counterparty credit ratings throughout the term of the agreement. SFC's exposure to market risk was limited to changes in the value of its swap agreement offset by changes in the value of the hedged debt. While SFC's cross currency interest rate swap agreement mitigated economic exposure of related debt, it did not qualify as a cash flow or fair value hedge under U.S. GAAP.

## 10. Earnings Per Share

The computation of earnings per share was as follows:

(dollars in thousands except earnings (loss) per share)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised	
Numerator (basic and diluted):					
Net income (loss) attributable to Springleaf Holdings, Inc.	\$426,750	\$(92,594	) \$551,463	\$(46,030	)
Denominator:					
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (basic)	\$114,788,439	\$100,000,000	\$114,788,439	\$100,000,000	
Effect of dilutive securities	527,875	—	423,959	—	
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (diluted)	\$115,316,314	\$100,000,000	\$115,212,398	\$100,000,000	

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Earnings (loss) per share:

Basic	\$3.72	\$(0.93	) \$4.80	\$(0.46	)
Diluted	\$3.70	\$(0.93	) \$4.79	\$(0.46	)

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income or loss by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during each period. Diluted earnings per share is computed based on the weighted-average number of common shares plus the effect of dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method. Dilutive potential common shares represent outstanding unvested restricted stock units (“RSUs”) and awards.

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## 11. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

Changes in accumulated other comprehensive income were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Unrealized Gains (Losses) Investment Securities	Unrealized Gains (Losses) Cash Flow Hedges	Retirement Plan Liabilities Adjustments	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	
<b>Three Months Ended September 30, 2014</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 14,580	\$ —	\$ 20,153	\$ 3,086	\$ 37,819	
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(2,503	) —	—	761	(1,742	)
Reclassification adjustments from accumulated other comprehensive income	(1,788	) —	—	—	(1,788	)
Balance at end of period	\$ 10,289	\$ —	\$ 20,153	\$ 3,847	\$ 34,289	
<b>Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 - Revised</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 5,484	\$ —	\$ 8,120	\$ 6,221	\$ 19,825	
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	(291	) —	—	(2,056	) (2,347	)
Reclassification adjustments from accumulated other comprehensive income	231	—	—	—	231	
Balance at end of period	\$ 5,424	\$ —	\$ 8,120	\$ 4,165	\$ 17,709	
<b>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 4,362	\$ —	\$ 20,153	\$ 3,580	\$ 28,095	
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	9,840	—	—	267	10,107	
Reclassification adjustments from accumulated other comprehensive income	(3,913	) —	—	—	(3,913	)
Balance at end of period	\$ 10,289	\$ —	\$ 20,153	\$ 3,847	\$ 34,289	
<b>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 - Revised</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 14,121	\$ 104	\$ 8,120	\$ 4,127	\$ 26,472	
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(7,233	) —	—	38	(7,195	)

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Reclassification adjustments from accumulated other comprehensive income	(1,464	) (104	) —	—	(1,568	)
Balance at end of period	\$ 5,424	\$—	\$8,120	\$4,165	\$17,709	

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Reclassification adjustments from accumulated other comprehensive income to the applicable line item on our condensed consolidated statements of operations were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Revised
Unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities:				
Reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to investment revenues, before taxes	\$2,750	\$(355	) \$6,019	\$2,253
Income tax effect	(962	) 124	(2,106	) (789
Reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to investment revenues, net of taxes	1,788	(231	) 3,913	1,464
Unrealized gains on cash flow hedges:				
Reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to interest expense, before taxes	—	—	—	160
Income tax effect	—	—	—	(56
Reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to interest expense, net of taxes	—	—	—	104
Total	\$1,788	\$(231	) \$3,913	\$1,568

## 12. Income Taxes

At September 30, 2014, we had a net deferred tax liability of \$146.4 million, compared to \$128.3 million at December 31, 2013. The increase in the net deferred tax liability was primarily due to the sales of the mortgage securitizations during the first nine months of 2014. We have a valuation allowance on our gross state deferred tax assets, net of a deferred federal tax benefit of \$24.9 million, at September 30, 2014 compared to \$23.8 million at December 31, 2013. We also had a valuation allowance against our United Kingdom and Puerto Rico operations of \$22.2 million at September 30, 2014 and \$21.4 million at December 31, 2013. The impact to our uncertain tax positions was immaterial.

The effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 was 32.8% compared to (5.2)% for the same period in 2013. The effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 differed from the federal statutory rate primarily due to the effect of the non-controlling interest in our joint venture, which decreased the effective tax rate by 3.6%, partially offset by the effect of our state income taxes, which increased the effective tax rate by 1.4%. The effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 differed from the federal statutory rate primarily due to the effect of the non-controlling interest in our joint venture.

## 13. Contingencies

## LEGAL CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business, the Company has been named, from time to time, as a defendant in various legal actions, including arbitrations, class actions and other litigation arising in connection with its activities. Some of the actual or threatened legal actions include claims for substantial compensatory and/or punitive damages or claims for indeterminate amounts of damages. While we will continue to identify certain legal actions where we believe a material loss to be reasonably possible and reasonably estimable, there can be no assurance that material losses will not be incurred from claims that we have not yet been notified of or are not yet determined to be probable or reasonably possible and reasonably estimable.

We contest liability and/or the amount of damages, as appropriate, in each pending matter. Where available information indicates that it is probable that a liability had been incurred at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and we can reasonably estimate the amount of that loss, we accrue the estimated loss by a charge to income. In many actions, however, it is inherently difficult to determine whether any loss is probable or even reasonably possible or to estimate the amount of any loss. In addition, even where loss is reasonably possible or an exposure to loss exists in excess of the liability already accrued with respect to a previously recognized loss contingency, it is not always possible to reasonably estimate the size of the possible loss or range of loss.

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For certain legal actions, we cannot reasonably estimate such losses, particularly for actions that are in their early stages of development or where plaintiffs seek substantial or indeterminate damages. Numerous issues may need to be resolved, including through potentially lengthy discovery and determination of important factual matters, and by addressing novel or unsettled legal questions relevant to the actions in question, before a loss or additional loss or range of loss or additional loss can be reasonably estimated for any given action.

For certain other legal actions, we can estimate reasonably possible losses, additional losses, ranges of loss or ranges of additional loss in excess of amounts accrued, but do not believe, based on current knowledge and after consultation with counsel, that such losses will have a material adverse effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements as a whole.

## PAYMENT PROTECTION INSURANCE

Our United Kingdom subsidiary provides payments of compensation to its customers who have made claims concerning Payment Protection Insurance (“PPI”) policies sold in the normal course of business by insurance intermediaries. On April 20, 2011, the High Court in the United Kingdom handed down judgment supporting the Financial Services Authority (now known as the Financial Conduct Authority) (“FCA”) guidelines on the treatment of PPI complaints. In addition, the FCA issued a guidance consultation paper in March 2012 on the PPI customer contact letters. As a result, we have concluded that there are certain circumstances where customer contact and/or redress is appropriate; therefore, this activity is ongoing. The total reserves related to the estimated PPI claims were \$22.1 million at September 30, 2014 and \$33.5 million at December 31, 2013.

## 14. Benefit Plans

## PENSION AND POSTRETIREMENT PLANS

Effective December 31, 2012, the Springleaf Financial Services Retirement Plan (the “Retirement Plan”) and the CommoLoCo Retirement Plan (a defined benefit pension plan for our employees in Puerto Rico) were frozen. Our current and former employees will not lose any vested benefits in the Retirement Plan or the CommoLoCo Retirement Plan that accrued prior to January 1, 2013.

The following table presents the components of net periodic benefit cost with respect to our defined benefit pension plans and other postretirement benefit plans:

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013
Pension				
Components of net periodic benefit cost:				
Interest cost	\$3,805	\$3,589	\$11,441	\$10,769
Expected return on assets	(4,107)	) (3,874	) (12,326	) (11,622
Amortization of net loss	2	12	4	35
Net periodic benefit cost	\$(300	) \$(273	) \$(881	) \$(818

## Postretirement

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Components of net periodic benefit cost:

Service cost	\$20	\$81	\$64	\$242
Interest cost	21	64	73	193
Amortization of net gain	(81	) —	(215	) —
Net periodic benefit cost	\$(40	) \$145	\$(78	) \$435

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### 15. Share-Based Compensation

Total share-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures, for all stock-based awards during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 was \$0.5 million and \$4.1 million, respectively, compared to \$131.3 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013.

### 16. Segment Information

Our segments coincide with how our businesses are managed. At September 30, 2014, our four segments include: Consumer, Insurance, Acquisitions and Servicing, and Real Estate. The Acquisitions and Servicing segment was added effective April 1, 2013, as a result of our co-investment in the SpringCastle Portfolio.

Management considers Consumer, Insurance, and Acquisitions and Servicing as our “Core Consumer Operations” and Real Estate as our “Non-Core Portfolio.”

Our segments are managed as follows:

#### Core Consumer Operations

**Consumer** — We originate and service personal loans (secured and unsecured) through two business divisions: branch operations and centralized internet lending. Branch operations primarily conduct business in 26 states, which are our core operating states. Our Centralized Internet Group (“CIG”) processes and underwrites loan applications that we receive through an internet portal. If the applicant is located near an existing branch (“in footprint”), CIG makes the credit decision regarding the application and then refers the customer to a nearby branch for closing, funding and servicing. If the applicant is not located near a branch (“out of footprint”), CIG originates the loan.

**Insurance** — We offer credit insurance (life insurance, accident and health insurance, and involuntary unemployment insurance), non-credit insurance, and ancillary products, such as warranty protection.

**Acquisitions and Servicing** — On April 1, 2013, we acquired the SpringCastle Portfolio through a joint venture in which we own a 47% equity interest. The SpringCastle Portfolio consists of unsecured loans and loans secured by subordinate residential real estate mortgages (which we service as unsecured loans due to the fact that the liens are subordinated to superior ranking security interests). These loans vary in form and substance from our typical branch serviced loans and are in a liquidating status with no anticipation of significant renewal activity. Future strategic portfolio or business acquisitions will also be a part of this segment.

#### Non-Core Portfolio

**Real Estate** — We service and hold real estate loans secured by first or second mortgages on residential real estate. Real estate loans previously originated through our branch offices or previously acquired or originated through centralized distribution channels are either serviced by: (i) MorEquity, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary, all of which are subserviced by Nationstar or (ii) our centralized servicing operation. Investment funds managed by affiliates of Fortress indirectly own a majority interest in Nationstar.

The remaining components (which we refer to as “Other”) consist of our other non-core, non-originating legacy operations, which are isolated by geographic market and/or distribution channel from our Core Consumer Operations and our Non-Core Portfolio. These operations include our legacy operations in 14 states where we have also ceased branch-based personal lending, our liquidating retail sales finance portfolio (including our retail sales finance accounts from our dedicated auto finance operation), our lending operations in Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the

operations of our United Kingdom subsidiary. Effective June 1, 2014, we also report (on a prospective basis) certain real estate loans with equity capacity in Other. These short equity loans, which have liquidated down to an immaterial level, were previously included in our Core Consumer Operations. At June 1, 2014, the transfer date, the carrying value of these loans totaled \$16.3 million.

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Due to the nature of the Fortress Acquisition, we applied push-down accounting. However, we report the operating results of our Core Consumer Operations, Non-Core Portfolio, and Other using the same accounting basis that we employed prior to the Fortress Acquisition, which we refer to as “historical accounting basis,” to provide a consistent basis for both management and other interested third parties to better understand the operating results of these segments. The historical accounting basis (which is a basis of accounting other than U.S. GAAP) also provides better comparability of the operating results of these segments to our competitors and other companies in the financial services industry. The historical accounting basis is not applicable to the Acquisitions and Servicing segment since this segment resulted from the purchase of the SpringCastle Portfolio on April 1, 2013 and therefore, was not affected by the Fortress Acquisition.

The “Push-down Accounting Adjustments” column in the following tables primarily consists of:

- the accretion or amortization of the valuation adjustments on the applicable revalued assets and liabilities;
- the difference in finance charges on our purchased credit impaired finance receivables compared to the finance charges on these finance receivables on a historical accounting basis;
- the elimination of accretion or amortization of historical based discounts, premiums, and other deferred costs on our finance receivables and long-term debt;
- the difference in provision for finance receivable losses required based upon the differences in historical accounting basis and push-down accounting basis of the finance receivables;
- the acceleration of the accretion of the net discount or amortization of the net premium applied to long-term debt that we repurchase or repay;
- the reversal of the remaining unaccreted push-down accounting basis for net finance receivables, less allowance for finance receivable losses established at the date of the Fortress Acquisition on finance receivables held for sale that we sold; and
- the difference in the fair value of long-term debt based upon the differences between historical accounting basis where certain long-term debt components are marked-to-market on a recurring basis, and push-down accounting basis where long-term debt is no longer marked-to-market on a recurring basis.

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The following tables present information about the Company's segments as well as reconciliations to the condensed consolidated financial statement amounts.

(dollars in thousands)	Consumer	Insurance	Acquisitions and Servicing	Real Estate	Other	Elimination	Push-down Accounting Adjustments	Consolidated Total
Three Months Ended September 30, 2014								
Interest income:								
Finance charges	\$236,190	\$—	\$ 130,981	\$ 53,568	\$ 3,850	\$—	\$ 10,856	\$ 435,445
Finance receivables held for sale originated as held for investment	—	—	—	41,468	—	—	6,211	47,679
Total interest income	236,190	—	130,981	95,036	3,850	—	17,067	483,124
Interest expense	40,466	—	17,685	83,795	1,837	—	36,359	180,142
Net interest income	195,724	—	113,296	11,241	2,013	—	(19,292 )	302,982
Provision for finance receivable losses	56,087	—	28,332	37,192	1,290	—	(19,930 )	102,971
Net interest income (loss) after provision for finance receivable losses	139,637	—	84,964	(25,951 )	723	—	638	200,011
Other revenues:								
Insurance	—	43,997	—	—	14	—	(1 )	44,010
Investment	—	13,723	—	(954 )	45	—	(1,563 )	11,251
Intersegment - insurance commissions	19,540	(19,759 )	—	220	(1 )	—	—	—
Portfolio servicing fees from SpringCastle	—	—	16,006	—	—	(16,006 )	—	—
Net gain (loss) on fair value adjustments on debt	—	—	1,522	—	—	—	(170 )	1,352
Net gain on sales of real estate loans and related trust assets *	—	—	—	279,889	—	—	361,439	641,328
Other	618	2,428	264	(2,593 )	8	—	(12,700 )	(11,975 )
Total other revenues	20,158	40,389	17,792	276,562	66	(16,006 )	347,005	685,966
Other expenses:								
Operating expenses:								
Salaries and benefits	64,015	4,791	6,837	17,186	1,915	—	(42 )	94,702
Other operating expenses	44,554	3,758	5,493	18,984	1,365	—	963	75,117

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Portfolio servicing fees to Springleaf	—	—	16,006	—	—	(16,006 )	—	—
Insurance losses and loss adjustment expenses	—	20,451	—	—	—	—	(310 )	20,141
Total other expenses	108,569	29,000	28,336	36,170	3,280	(16,006 )	611	189,960
Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes	51,226	11,389	74,420	214,441	(2,491 )	—	347,032	696,017
Income before provision for income taxes attributable to non-controlling interests	—	—	34,945	—	—	—	—	34,945
Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes attributable to Springleaf Holdings, Inc.	\$51,226	\$11,389	\$39,475	\$214,441	\$(2,491 )	\$—	\$347,032	\$661,072

For purposes of our segment reporting presentation, we have combined the lower of cost or fair value adjustments \*recorded on the date the real estate loans were transferred to finance receivables held for sale with the final gain (loss) on the sale of these loans.

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(dollars in thousands)	Consumer	Insurance	Acquisitions and Servicing	Real Estate	Other	Eliminations	Push-down Accounting Adjustments	Consolidated Total
Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 - Revised								
Interest income	\$188,601	\$—	\$162,918	\$170,772	\$10,000	\$—	\$51,635	\$583,926
Interest expense	38,241	—	22,418	131,699	3,323	—	33,476	229,157
Net interest income	150,360	—	140,500	39,073	6,677	—	18,159	354,769
Provision for finance receivable losses	38,174	—	60,662	52,645	2,361	—	8,422	162,264
Net interest income (loss) after provision for finance receivable losses	112,186	—	79,838	(13,572)	4,316	—	9,737	192,505
Other revenues:								
Insurance	—	38,266	—	—	18	—	(7)	38,277
Investment	—	8,314	—	—	(1)	—	(1,781)	6,532
Intersegment - insurance commissions	15,131	(15,142)	—	36	(25)	—	—	—
Portfolio servicing fees from SpringCastle	—	—	9,565	—	—	(9,565)	—	—
Net loss on repurchases and repayments of debt	(2,890)	—	—	(15,818)	(706)	—	(14,158)	(33,572)
Net gain (loss) on fair value adjustments on debt	—	—	6,619	12,217	—	—	(12,250)	6,586
Other	910	2,426	279	(2,047)	—	—	35	1,603
Total other revenues	13,151	33,864	16,463	(5,612)	(714)	(9,565)	(28,161)	19,426
Other expenses:								
Operating expenses:								
Salaries and benefits	62,318	4,481	4,006	7,551	136,249	—	(53)	214,552
Other operating expenses	30,421	3,115	21,488	14,313	2,038	—	1,103	72,478
Portfolio servicing fees to Springleaf	—	—	9,565	—	—	(9,565)	—	—
Insurance losses and loss adjustment expenses	—	16,849	—	—	—	—	(299)	16,550

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Total other expenses	92,739	24,445	35,059	21,864	138,287	(9,565 )	751	303,580
Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes	32,598	9,419	61,242	(41,048 )	(134,685 )	—	(19,175 )	(91,649 )
Income before provision for income taxes attributable to non-controlling interests	—	—	31,643	—	—	—	—	31,643
Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes attributable to Springleaf Holdings, Inc.	\$32,598	\$9,419	\$29,599	\$(41,048 )	\$(134,685 )	\$—	\$(19,175 )	\$(123,292 )

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(dollars in thousands)	Consumer	Insurance	Acquisitions and Servicing	Real Estate	Other	Eliminations	Push-down Accounting Adjustments	Consolidated Total
At or for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014								
Interest income:								
Finance charges	\$666,281	\$—	\$413,952	\$338,121	\$13,265	\$—	\$81,971	\$1,513,590
Finance receivables held for sale originated as held for investment	—	—	—	48,598	—	—	6,323	54,921
Total interest income	666,281	—	413,952	386,719	13,265	—	88,294	1,568,511
Interest expense	122,097	—	57,986	291,084	5,810	—	99,886	576,863
Net interest income	544,184	—	355,966	95,635	7,455	—	(11,592 )	991,648
Provision for finance receivable losses	149,238	—	121,681	118,992	6,557	—	(17,272 )	379,196
Net interest income (loss) after provision for finance receivable losses	394,946	—	234,285	(23,357 )	898	—	5,680	612,452
Other revenues:								
Insurance	—	125,075	—	—	46	—	(5 )	125,116
Investment	—	35,652	—	(954 )	69	—	(3,433 )	31,334
Intersegment - insurance commissions	51,504	(51,936 )	—	442	(10 )	—	—	—
Portfolio servicing fees from SpringCastle	—	—	51,274	—	—	(51,274 )	—	—
Net gain (loss) on repurchases and repayments of debt	(1,429 )	—	—	(10,023 )	(47 )	—	4,884	(6,615 )
Net gain (loss) on fair value adjustments on debt	—	—	(14,810 )	8,298	—	—	(8,521 )	(15,033 )
Net gain on sales of real estate loans and related	—	—	—	194,894	—	—	536,420	731,314

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trust assets *								
Other	1,742	6,103	856	(4,022	) 618	—	(12,700	) (7,403
Total other revenues	51,817	114,894	37,320	188,635	676	(51,274)	16,645	858,713
Other expenses:								
Operating expenses:								
Salaries and benefits	195,778	14,501	24,612	34,559	9,183	—	(129	) 278,504
Other operating expenses	112,668	10,745	17,763	43,616	5,190	—	2,907	192,889
Portfolio servicing fees to Springleaf	—	—	51,274	—	—	(51,274)	—	—
Insurance losses and loss adjustment expenses	—	57,923	—	—	—	—	(750	) 57,173
Total other expenses	308,446	83,169	93,649	78,175	14,373	(51,274)	4,028	528,566
Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes	138,317	31,725	177,956	87,103	(12,799	) —	520,297	942,599
Income before provision for income taxes attributable to non-controlling interests	—	—	81,542	—	—	—	—	81,542
Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes attributable to Springleaf Holdings, Inc.	\$138,317	\$31,725	\$96,414	\$87,103	\$(12,799)	\$—	\$520,297	\$861,057
Assets	\$3,651,365	\$1,060,074	\$2,261,704	\$3,656,616	\$624,921	\$—	\$8,138	\$11,262,818

For purposes of our segment reporting presentation, we have combined the lower of cost or fair value adjustments \*recorded on the dates the real estate loans were transferred to finance receivables held for sale with the final gain (loss) on the sales of these loans.

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(dollars in thousands)	Consumer	Insurance	Acquisitions and Servicing	Real Estate	Other	Eliminations	Push-down Accounting Adjustments	Consolidated Total
At or for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 - Revised								
Interest income	\$519,688	\$—	\$331,288	\$535,280	\$37,631	\$—	\$153,674	\$1,577,561
Interest expense	111,110	—	47,009	427,608	12,164	—	102,977	700,868
Net interest income	408,578	—	284,279	107,672	25,467	—	50,697	876,693
Provision for finance receivable losses	52,188	—	78,459	188,737	(3,385)	—	23,062	339,061
Net interest income (loss) after provision for finance receivable losses	356,390	—	205,820	(81,065)	28,852	—	27,635	537,632
Other revenues:								
Insurance	—	107,114	—	—	58	—	(28)	107,144
Investment	—	31,792	—	—	1,396	—	(5,934)	27,254
Intersegment - insurance commissions	43,341	(43,347)	—	94	(88)	—	—	—
Portfolio servicing fees from SpringCastle	—	—	11,945	—	—	(11,945)	—	—
Net gain (loss) on repurchases and repayments of debt	(4,390)	—	—	(35,418)	(977)	—	6,976	(33,809)
Net gain (loss) on fair value adjustments on debt	—	—	6,619	45,428	—	—	(44,950)	7,097
Other	1,698	6,797	360	(1,645)	(90)	—	(134)	6,986
Total other revenues	40,649	102,356	18,924	8,459	299	(11,945)	44,070	114,672
Other expenses:								
Operating expenses:								
Salaries and benefits	184,077	11,424	6,417	20,648	149,436	—	(160)	371,842
Other operating expenses	87,609	7,993	43,624	42,281	9,532	—	3,418	194,457
Portfolio servicing fees to	—	—	11,945	—	—	(11,945)	—	—

Springleaf Insurance losses and loss adjustment expenses	—	48,373	—	—	—	—	(723	) 47,650	
Total other expenses	271,686	67,790	61,986	62,929	158,968	(11,942,535		613,949	
Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes	125,353	34,566	162,758	(135,535	) (129,817	) —	(18,970	) 38,355	
Income before provision for income taxes attributable to non-controlling interests	—	—	86,383	—	—	—	—	86,383	
Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes attributable to Springleaf Holdings, Inc.	\$ 125,353	\$ 34,566	\$ 76,375	\$ (135,535	) \$ (129,817	) \$ —	\$ (18,970	) \$ (48,028	)
Assets	\$ 3,035,759	\$ 913,440	\$ 2,855,486	\$ 8,901,567	\$ 1,486,783	\$ —	\$ (675,537)	\$ 16,517,498	

#### 17. Prior Period Revisions

As disclosed in our 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K, we identified certain out-of-period errors in preparing our annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013. In addition to these errors, we had previously recorded and disclosed out-of-period adjustments in prior reporting periods when the errors were discovered. As a result, we revised all previously reported periods included in our 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Similarly, we have revised all previously reported periods included in this report. We corrected the errors identified in the fourth quarter of 2013 and included these corrections in the appropriate prior periods. In addition, we reversed all out-of period adjustments previously recorded and disclosed, and included the adjustments in the appropriate periods. After evaluating the quantitative and qualitative aspects

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of these corrections, we have determined that our previous quarterly condensed financial statements and our annual consolidated financial statements were not materially misstated.

The errors identified in the fourth quarter of 2013 related to the following: (1) the accretion of net discount applied to long-term debt that was revalued based on its fair value at the time of the Fortress Acquisition; (2) the accretion of original issue net discount on our long-term debt issued subsequent to the Fortress Acquisition; (3) the carrying values of our tranches of long-term debt that were issued at a discount and which have embedded derivatives, and the related change in fair value; (4) the classification of certain investment securities found to contain embedded derivatives and the accounting treatment of the related change in fair value; and (5) the continued accretion of discounts on loans in non-accrual status.

In addition, we made other corrections during the fourth quarter of 2013, which were isolated to intra-periods in 2013, and revised the appropriate periods of 2013 in our 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K and in this report. These revisions related to the following: (1) servicing fee expenses for the SpringCastle Portfolio pursuant to an interim servicing agreement that was in place between April 1, 2013 and August 31, 2013; (2) accretion of the unearned discount for non-credit impaired loans in the SpringCastle Portfolio and the resulting adjustment to the allowance for finance receivable losses for the SpringCastle Portfolio; (3) finance charge calculation on our internal servicing system for the SpringCastle Portfolio; and (4) charge-offs on certain qualified real estate loans that had not been granted principal forgiveness.

We also recorded the previously disclosed out-of-period adjustments in the appropriate periods. These adjustments primarily related to the following:

- capitalized interest on purchased credit impaired finance receivables serviced by a third party;
- the difference between the hypothetical derivative interest expense and the contractual derivative interest expense;
- the identification of certain bankrupt real estate loan accounts for consideration as TDR finance receivables;
- to correct certain inputs in our model supporting the TDR allowance for finance receivable losses;
- distributions of limited partnerships;
- the calculations of the carrying value for our real estate owned and the net loss on sales of our real estate owned that are externally serviced;
- the calculation of real estate owned expenses;
- payable to former parent related to any refund of (or credit for) taxes, including any interest received;
- benefit reserves related to a closed block of annuities;
- change in estimate for the taxable income related to mortgage securitizations; and
- the correction of current and deferred tax expense.

In addition to the revisions previously discussed, during the fourth quarter of 2013 we identified presentation errors in the classification of certain line items within our consolidated statement of cash flows and revised the appropriate line items in our 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K and in this report. These errors related to the following:

- the income tax effect on the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income related to net unrealized gains and losses on investment securities and cash flow hedges were incorrectly included in “Change in other assets and other liabilities” instead of “Change in taxes receivable and payable” within the same operating activities section;
- certain debt issue costs were incorrectly included in “Change in other assets and other liabilities” within the operating activities section instead of “Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt, net of commissions” within the financing activities section;
- advances on SpringCastle’s revolving loans were incorrectly included as a reduction to “Principal collections on finance receivables” instead of “Finance receivables originated or purchased, net of deferred origination costs” within the same investing activities section;

the deferred costs on the repurchased debt incurred after the Fortress Acquisition were incorrectly included in “Change in other assets and other liabilities” instead of “Net loss on repurchases and repayments of debt” within the same operating activities section;

accrued interest and finance charges on real estate loan modifications were incorrectly included in “Principal collections on finance receivables” within the investing activities section instead of “Change in accrued interest and finance charges” within the operating activities section; and

- “Deferral of finance receivable origination costs” was incorrectly included within the operating activities section instead of the investing activities section.

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## Revised Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations (Unaudited)

The following table reconciles the amounts previously reported in our condensed consolidated statement of operations to the corresponding revised amounts. The “Out-of-Period” column reflects the previously disclosed out-of period adjustments that are now being corrected in the appropriate periods. The “Adjustments” column reflects the corrections of the errors discovered during the fourth quarter of 2013.

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)				Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)			
	As Reported	Out-of-Period	Adjustments	As Revised	As Reported	Out-of-Period	Adjustments	As Revised
(dollars in thousands except earnings (loss) per share)								
Interest income	\$585,300	\$ —	\$(1,374 )	\$583,926	\$1,578,935	\$ —	\$(1,374 )	\$1,577,561
Interest expense	228,439	—	718	229,157	697,365	—	3,503	700,868
Net interest income	356,861	—	(2,092 )	354,769	881,570	—	(4,877 )	876,693
Provision for finance receivable losses	158,785	4,424	(945 )	162,264	341,723	(853 )	(1,809 )	339,061
Net interest income after provision for finance receivable losses	198,076	(4,424 )	(1,147 )	192,505	539,847	853	(3,068 )	537,632
Other revenues:								
Insurance	38,277	—	—	38,277	107,144	—	—	107,144
Investment	6,756	—	(224 )	6,532	27,687	—	(433 )	27,254
Net loss on repurchases and repayments of debt	(34,503 )	—	931	(33,572 )	(34,558 )	—	749	(33,809 )
Net gain on fair value adjustments on debt	—	—	6,586	6,586	—	—	7,097	7,097
Other	1,603	—	—	1,603	6,986	—	—	6,986
Total other revenues	12,133	—	7,293	19,426	107,259	—	7,413	114,672
Other expenses:								
Operating expenses:								
Salaries and benefits	214,552	—	—	214,552	371,842	—	—	371,842
Other operating expenses	69,595	—	2,883	72,478	191,574	—	2,883	194,457
Insurance losses and loss adjustment	16,550	—	—					

expenses