ERA GROUP INC.

Form 10-O

May 01, 2018

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UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-O

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF \circ_{1934}

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2018

"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

to

Commission file number 1-35701

Era Group Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware 72-1455213 (State or Other Jurisdiction of (IRS Employer Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

818 Town & Country Blvd., Suite 200

Houston, Texas 77024 (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

713-369-4700

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ý No " Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ý No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Non-accelerated filer Accelerated Large accelerated Smaller reporting Emerging growth filer company filer (Do not check if a company ý smaller ý reporting company)

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes " No \acute{y}

The total number of shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, outstanding as of April 27, 2018 was 21,688,376. The Registrant has no other class of common stock outstanding.

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ERA GROUP INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited, in thousands, except share amounts)

(unaudited, in thousands, except share amounts)	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents (including \$1,768 and \$1,699 from VIEs in 2018 and 2017, respectively) Receivables:	\$16,553	\$ 13,583
Trade, operating, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,058 and \$1,196 in 2018 and 2017, respectively (including \$6,109 and \$5,854 from VIEs in 2018 and 2017, respectively)	34,447	33,840
Trade, dry-leasing Tax receivables (including \$3,465 and \$2,828 from VIEs in 2018 and 2017, respectively) Other (including \$939 and \$257 from VIEs in 2018 and 2017, respectively) Inventories, net (including \$32 and \$39 from VIEs in 2018 and 2017, respectively) Prepaid expenses (including \$66 and \$40 from VIEs in 2018 and 2017, respectively) Escrow deposits Total current assets Property and equipment (including \$977 and \$1,951 from VIEs in 2018 and 2017,	4,253 3,466 4,168 20,830 2,804 — 86,521 949,064	5,124 2,829 1,623 21,112 1,203 3,250 82,564 972,942
respectively) Accumulated depreciation (including \$283 and \$487 from VIEs in 2018 and 2017,	(297,341)	(299,028)
respectively) Property and equipment, net Equity investments and advances Intangible assets Other assets (including \$71 and \$61 from VIEs in 2018 and 2017, respectively) Total assets LIABILITIES, REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTEREST AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	651,723 30,445 1,118 4,798 \$774,605	673,914 30,056 1,122 4,441 \$ 792,097
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses (including \$2,100 and \$1,807 from VIEs in 2018 and 2017, respectively)	\$11,084	\$ 16,421
Accrued wages and benefits (including \$1,629 and \$1,397 from VIEs in 2018 and 2017, respectively)	6,530	8,264
Accrued interest Accrued income taxes Accrued other taxes (including \$481 and \$600 from VIEs in 2018 and 2017, respectively) Accrued contingencies (including \$892 and \$858 from VIEs in 2018 and 2017, respectively) Current portion of long-term debt (including \$772 and \$1,073 from VIEs in 2018 and 2017, respectively)	3,485 46 1,856)892 2,296	606 28 1,810 859 2,736
Other current liabilities (including \$8 and \$8 from VIEs in 2018 and 2017, respectively) Total current liabilities Long-term debt (including \$467 and \$1,903 from VIEs in 2018 and 2017, respectively) Deferred income taxes	3,166 29,355 188,470 105,865	1,720 32,444 202,174 106,598

Other liabilities	1,596	1,434	
Total liabilities	325,286	342,650	
Commitments and contingencies (see Note 8)			
Redeemable noncontrolling interest	3,603	3,766	
Equity:			
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 60,000,000 shares authorized; 21,688,959 and 21,319,150 outstanding in 2018 and 2017, respectively, exclusive of treasury shares	219	215	
Additional paid-in capital	445,174	443,944	
Retained earnings	3,169	4,363	
Treasury shares, at cost, 215,141 and 215,141 shares in 2018 and 2017, respectively	(2,951)	(2,951)
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax	105	110	
Total equity	445,716	445,681	
Total liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling interest and stockholders' equity	\$774,605	\$ 792,097	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

ERA GROUP INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(unaudited, in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2018	2017	
Revenues:			
Operating revenues	\$54,750	\$ 51,134	
Dry-leasing revenues	2,572	3,393	
Total revenues	57,322	54,527	
Costs and expenses:			
Operating	37,660	37,757	
Administrative and general	12,071	10,381	
Depreciation and amortization	10,354	11,554	
Total costs and expenses	60,085	59,692	
Gains on asset dispositions, net	4,414	109	
Operating income (loss)	1,651	(5,056)
Other income (expense):			
Interest income	146	250	
Interest expense	(4,576)	(3,589)
Foreign currency gains, net	74	28	
Gain on debt extinguishment	175		
Other, net	(8)	12	
Total other income (expense)	(4,189)	(3,299))
Loss before income taxes and equity earnings	(2,538)	(8,355)
Income tax benefit	(738)	(2,103)
Loss before equity earnings	(1,800)	(6,252)
Equity earnings, net of tax	443	465	
Net loss	(1,357)	(5,787)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest in subsidiary	163	167	
Net loss attributable to Era Group Inc.	\$(1,194)	\$ (5,620)
Loss per common share, basic and diluted	\$(0.06)	\$ (0.27)

Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic and diluted: 21,003,77720,509,463

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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ERA GROUP INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(unaudited, in thousands)

(undudited; in thousands)			
	Three M	Ionths	
	Ended		
	March 3	31,	
	2018	2017	
Net loss	\$(1,357	\$(5,78)	7)
Other comprehensive loss:			
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(5) (2)
Income tax benefit			
Total other comprehensive loss	(5) (2)
Comprehensive loss	(1,362) (5,789)
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interest in subsidiary	163	167	
Comprehensive loss attributable to Era Group Inc.	\$(1,199) \$(5,622	2)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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ERA GROUP INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTEREST AND EQUITY

(unaudited, in thousands)

Era	Group	Inc.	Stock	khol	lders'	' Eq	uity
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	Redeemable Noncontrollin Interest	Comi ^g Stock	Additional mon Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Treasury Shares	Accumulated Other Comprehens	Total
December 31, 2017	\$ 3,766	\$215	\$443,944	\$4,363	\$(2,951)	Income \$ 110	\$445,681
Issuance of common stock:	. ,		, ,	. ,	, , ,		,
Restricted stock grants		3	(3)	_			_
Employee Stock Purchase Plan	_	1	483			_	484
Share award amortization	_		750	_	_	_	750
Net loss		_		(1,357)			(1,357)
Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	(163)		_	163	_	_	163
Currency translation adjustments, net of tax		_	_	_	_	(5)	(5)
March 31, 2018	\$ 3,603	\$219	\$445,174	\$3,169	\$(2,951)	\$ 105	\$445,716

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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ERA GROUP INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited, in thousands)

(unauditeu, in uiousanus)	Three Mo Ended March 3 2018		
Cash flows from operating activities:	Φ (1. 055)	Φ. 5. 505	
Net loss	\$(1,357)	\$(5,787)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	10.254	11.554	
Depreciation and amortization	10,354	11,554	
Share-based compensation	750	1,198	
Bad debt expense, net		38	
Non-cash penalty and interest expenses	607		
Gains on asset dispositions, net		-)
Debt discount amortization	61	57	
Amortization of deferred financing costs	704	282	
Foreign currency gains, net		(76)
Gain on debt extinguishment, net	,	_	
Deferred income tax benefit		. ,)
Equity earnings, net of tax	(443)	(465)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Increase in receivables	(2,783)	(1,700)
Increase in prepaid expenses and other assets	(1,502))
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	(1,988)	1,897	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(1,030)	4,253	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchases of property and equipment	(3,784)	(1,005)
Proceeds from disposition of property and equipment	19,497	126	
Investments in and advances to equity investees	_	(114)
Principal payments on notes due from equity investees	54	185	
Principal payments on third party notes receivable	76	56	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	15,843	(752)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from Revolving Credit Facility	_	2,000	
Long-term debt issuance costs	(1,295)		
Payments on long-term debt	(14,259)	(6,581)
Proceeds from share award plans	484	463	
Purchase of treasury shares		(51)
Net cash used in financing activities	(15,070)	(4,169)
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		57	
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(280)	(611)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	16,833	30,727	•
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	\$16,553	\$30,116	6
Supplemental cash flow information:	,	*	
Cash paid for interest, net of capitalized interest of \$97 and \$432 in 2018 and 2017, respectively	\$983	\$413	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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ERA GROUP INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICY

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Era Group Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries. Unless the context otherwise indicates, any reference in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to the "Company" refers to Era Group Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries, and any reference to "Era Group" refers to Era Group Inc. without its subsidiaries. The condensed consolidated financial information for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 has been prepared by the Company and has not been audited by its independent registered public accounting firm. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) have been made to fairly present the Company's financial position as of March 31, 2018, its results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, its comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, its changes in equity for the three months ended March 31, 2018, and its cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017. Results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of operating results for the full year or any future periods.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") in the United States ("U.S.") have been condensed or omitted. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. Certain of the Company's operations are subject to seasonal factors. Operations in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico are often at their highest levels from April to September, as daylight hours increase, and are at their lowest levels from November to February, as daylight hours decrease. The Company's Alaskan operations also see an increase during May to September, as its firefighting operations occur during this time and daylight hours are significantly longer. Basis of Consolidation. The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Era Group Inc., its wholly and majority-owned subsidiaries and entities that meet the criteria of Variable Interest Entities ("VIEs") of which the Company is the primary beneficiary. All significant inter-company accounts and transactions are eliminated in consolidation. Aeróleo Taxi Aereo S/A ("Aeróleo") is a VIE of which the Company is the primary beneficiary. Reclassification. Certain amounts reported for prior periods in the consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the current period's presentation.

Supplemental Cash Flow Information. The following table sets forth the company's reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash reported within the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (in thousands):

	March 31	, December 3	1,March 31	, December 31,
	2018	2017	2017	2016
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,553	\$ 13,583	\$ 26,339	\$ 26,950
Restricted cash (1)	_	3,250	3,777	3,777
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash shown in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	\$ 16,553	\$ 16,833	\$30,116	\$ 30,727

(1) Restricted cash represents amounts deposited in Escrow accounts at the end of each period. Escrow deposits are shown as a separate line item in the consolidated balance sheet.

Revenue Recognition. The Company recognizes revenues for flight services and emergency response services with the passing of each day as the Company has the right to consideration from its customers in an amount that corresponds directly with the value to the Company's customer of the performance completed to date. Therefore, the Company has elected to exercise the right to invoice practical expedient in its adoption of ASC 606. The right to invoice represents a method for recognizing revenue over time using the output measure of "value to the customer" which is an objective measure of an entity's performance in a contract. The Company typically invoices its customers on a monthly basis for revenues earned during the prior month with payment terms of 30 days. The Company's customer arrangements do not contain any significant financing component for its customers.

Trade Receivables. Customers are primarily international, independent and major integrated exploration, development and production companies, international helicopter operators and the U.S. government. Customers are typically granted credit on a short-term basis, and related credit risks are considered minimal. The Company routinely reviews its trade receivables and makes provisions for probable doubtful accounts; however, those provisions are estimates and actual results could differ from those estimates and those differences may be material.

New Accounting Standards - Adopted. The Company adopted the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers," and its amendments issued by the provisions of ASU No. 2016-08, "Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net)," ASU No. 2016-10, "Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing," ASU No. 2016-12, "Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients," and ASU No. 2016-20, "Technical Corrections and Improvements to Topic 606, Revenue From Contracts with Customers," collectively Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 606 beginning January 1, 2018. ASC Topic 606 outlines a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from all contracts with customers except where revenues are in scope of another accounting standard. The ASU superseded the revenue recognition requirements in ASC Topic 605, "Revenue Recognition," and most industry-specific guidance. ASC Topic 606 sets forth a five-step model for determining when and how revenue is recognized. Under the model, an entity will be required to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to a customer at an amount reflecting the consideration it expects to receive in exchange for those goods and services. The adoption of ASC Topic 606 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements. See Note 10 - Revenues for additional information relating to Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

The Company adopted the provisions of FASB ASU No. 2016-15, "Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments," beginning January 1, 2018. This ASU clarifies how certain cash receipts and cash payments should be

classified and presented in the statement of cash flows. The Company has made an accounting policy election to classify distributions received from equity method investees using the nature of the distribution approach which classifies distributions received from investees as either cash inflows from operating activities or cash inflows from investing activities based on the nature of the activities of the investee that generated the distribution. Adoption of this ASU did not have a material impact on the Company's historical financial statements. In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-16 - Income Taxes, which requires entities to recognize income tax consequences of intra-entity transfers of assets, other than inventory, when the transfer occurs rather than when the asset is sold to a third party as is the case under current GAAP. ASU 2016-16 will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017 including interim periods within that period. The Company adopted ASU 2016-16 effective January 1, 2018, and such adoption did not have an impact on its consolidated financial statements. The Company adopted the provisions of FASB ASU No. 2016-18, "Restricted Cash," beginning January 1, 2018. This ASU requires amounts deemed restricted cash be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning-of-period and end-of-period total amounts shown on the statement of cash flows, and presentation should permit a reconciliation when cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash are presented in more than one line item on the balance sheet. The Company had amounts deposited in escrow accounts as discussed further below in Note 3. These amounts are deemed restricted cash and are included in the "Escrow deposits" line of our consolidated balance sheet. The impact of adopting this ASU has been included as adjustments in the prior period statement of cash flows. In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-09 - Compensation - Stock Compensation: Scope of Modification Accounting, which is designed to reduce diversity in practice and complexity when accounting for changes in the terms of a share-based payment award. ASU 2017-09 will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that period, and early adoption is permitted for any interim period for which financial statements have not yet been issued. The Company adopted ASU 2017-09 effective January 1, 2018, and such adoption did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements. New Accounting Standards - Not Yet Adopted. In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases" (ASU No. 2016-02), which establishes comprehensive accounting and financial reporting requirements for leasing arrangements. This ASU supersedes the existing requirements in FASB ASC Topic 840, "Leases," and requires lessees to recognize substantially all lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet. The provisions of ASU No. 2016-02 also modify the definition of a lease and outline requirements for recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leasing arrangements by both lessees and lessors. The ASU is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and early adoption of the standard is permitted. Entities are required to adopt the

ASU using a modified retrospective approach, subject to certain optional practical expedients, and apply the provisions of ASU No. 2016-02 to leasing arrangements existing at or entered into after the earliest comparative

period presented in the financial statements. In January 2018, ASU No. 2016-02 was amended by the provisions of ASU No. 2018-01, "Land Easement Practical Expedient for Transition to Topic 842." We plan to adopt ASU No. 2016-02, as amended, effective January 1, 2019, and continue to evaluate the ASU to determine the impact of adoption on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures, accounting policies and systems, business processes, and internal controls. The Company also continues to monitor proposals issued by the FASB to clarify the ASU and certain industry implementation issues. While the Company's evaluation of ASU No. 2016-02 and related implementation activities are ongoing, the Company expects the adoption of the ASU to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments" (ASU No. 2016-13), which sets forth the current expected credit loss model, a new forward-looking impairment model for certain financial

instruments based on expected losses rather than incurred losses. The ASU is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019, and early adoption of the standard is permitted. Entities are required to adopt ASU No. 2016-13 using a modified retrospective approach, subject to certain limited exceptions. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this ASU.

2. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair value of an asset or liability is the price that would be received to sell an asset or transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The Company utilizes a fair value hierarchy that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value and defines three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, or inputs derived from observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company did not have any assets or liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

The estimated fair values of the Company's other financial assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were as follows (in thousands):

Carrying Level Level 2 Level Amount 1 Level 2

March 31, 2018

LIABILITIES

Long-term debt, including current portion \$190,766 \$ \$_\$191,138 \$ \$_\$

December 31, 2017

LIABILITIES

Long-term debt, including current portion \$204,910 \$ -\$203,938 \$ -

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, receivables and accounts payable approximate fair value. The fair value of the Company's long-term debt was estimated using discounted cash flow analysis based on estimated current rates for similar types of arrangements. Considerable judgment was required in developing certain of the estimates of fair value and, accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that the Company could realize in a current market exchange.

3. ESCROW DEPOSITS

From time to time, the Company enters into Qualified Exchange Accommodation Agreements with third parties to meet the like-kind exchange requirements of Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code1986, as amended (the "Code") and the provisions of Revenue Procedure 2000-37. In accordance with these provisions, the Company is permitted to deposit proceeds from the sale of assets into escrow accounts for the purpose of acquiring other assets and qualifying for the temporary deferral of taxable gains realized. Consequently, the Company establishes escrow accounts with financial institutions for the deposit of funds received on sales of equipment, which were designated for replacement property within a specified period of time. As of March 31, 2018, the Company did not have any balances deposited in a like-kind exchange escrow account. As of December 31, 2017, the Company had \$3.3 million deposited in a like-kind exchange escrow account. During the first quarter of 2018, the Company used \$2.8 million of the balance to make a final payment on a S92 heavy helicopter which completed the like-kind exchange transaction, and the remaining \$0.5 million was returned to the Company.

4. ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSITIONS

Capital Expenditures. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, capital expenditures were \$3.8 million and consisted primarily of helicopter acquisitions, spare helicopter parts and capitalized interest. During the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company capitalized interest of \$0.1 million and \$0.4 million, respectively. As

of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, construction in progress, which is a component of property and equipment, included capitalized interest of \$0.7 million and \$1.9 million, respectively. A summary of changes to the Company's operating helicopter fleet is as follows:

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Equipment Additions - During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company placed one S92 heavy helicopter into service. The Company had no helicopter acquisitions during the three months ended March 31, 2017. The Company places helicopters in service once completion work has been finalized and the helicopters are ready for use. Equipment Dispositions - During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company sold or otherwise disposed of twelve helicopters, two operating facilities, and related property and equipment for proceeds of \$19.5 million and recognized gains of \$4.4 million. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company sold or otherwise disposed of property and equipment for proceeds of \$0.1 million and recognized gains of \$0.1 million. 5. VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES

Aeróleo. The Company acquired a 50% economic and 20% voting interest in Aeróleo in 2011. As a result of liquidity issues experienced by Aeróleo, it is unable to adequately finance its activities without additional financial support from the Company, making it a VIE. The Company has the ability to direct the activities that most significantly affect Aeróleo's financial performance, making the Company the primary beneficiary. As a result, the Company consolidates Aeróleo's financial results.

The Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 include assets of Aeróleo totaling \$13.1 million and \$11.5 million, respectively. The distribution of these assets to Era Group and its subsidiaries other than Aeróleo is subject to restrictions. The Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 each include liabilities of Aeróleo of \$6.4 million and \$7.6 million, respectively. The creditors for such liabilities do not have recourse to Era Group or its subsidiaries other than Aeróleo. 6. INCOME TAXES

During the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company recorded income tax benefit of \$0.7 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, resulting in effective tax rates of 29.1% and 25.2%, respectively. The increase in effective tax rates is primarily due to the reversal of a previously reserved deposit following a favorable decision on a Brazilian customs dispute.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, there were no new uncertain tax positions identified. The Company's 2015 federal income tax return is currently under examination by the Internal Revenue Service. Amounts accrued for interest and penalties associated with unrecognized income tax benefits are included in other expense on the condensed consolidated statements of operations. As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the gross amount of liability for accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits was \$0.1 million. As of March 31, 2018, the Company considers the accounting for the transition tax and other items to remain incomplete due to the forthcoming guidance and its ongoing analysis of its tax positions. As of March 31, 2018, the Company has not elected an accounting policy for the newly enacted global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI") at this time. Recent FASB guidance indicates that accounting for GILTI either as part of deferred taxes or as a period cost are both applicable methods. Once further information is gathered and interpretation and analysis of the tax legislation evolves, the Company will make an appropriate accounting election. The Company expects to complete its analysis within the measurement period in accordance with SAB 118.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

The Company's borrowings as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were as follows (in thousands):

	March 31,	December 3	31,
	2018	2017	
7.750% Senior Notes (excluding unamortized discount)	\$144,828	\$ 144,828	
Senior secured revolving credit facility	27,000	39,000	
Promissory notes	21,088	21,642	
Other	1,239	2,976	
Total principal balance on borrowings	194,155	208,446	
Portion due within one year	(2,296)	(2,736)
Unamortized debt issuance costs	(1,981)	(2,067)
Unamortized discount, net	(1,408)	(1,469)
Long-term debt	\$188,470	\$ 202,174	

7.750% Senior Notes. On December 7, 2012, Era Group issued \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of its 7.750% senior unsecured notes due December 15, 2022 (the "7.750% Senior Notes") and received net proceeds of \$191.9 million. Interest on the 7.750% Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on June 15th and December 15th of each year.

Revolving Credit Facility. On March 31, 2014, Era Group entered into the amended and restated senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Facility"). On March 7, 2018, Era Group entered into a Consent and Amendment No. 4 to the Amended and Restated Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility Agreement (the "Amendment No. 4" and the Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Facility, as amended by Amendment No. 4, is referred to herein as the "Revolving Credit Facility") that, among other things, (a) reduced the aggregate principal amount of revolving loan commitments from \$200.0 million to \$125.0 million, (b) extended the agreement's maturity until March 31, 2021, (c) revised the definition of EBITDA to permit an add-back for certain litigation expenses related to the H225 helicopters, and (d) adjusted the maintenance covenant requirements to maintain an interest coverage ratio of not less than 1.75:1:00 and a senior secured leverage ratio of not more than 3.25:100.

The Revolving Credit Facility provides Era Group with the ability to borrow up to \$125.0 million, with a sub-limit of up to \$50.0 million for letters of credit, and matures in March 2021. Subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions precedent and the agreement by the lenders, the Revolving Credit Facility includes an "accordion" feature which, if exercised, will increase total commitments by up to \$50.0 million.

Borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility bear interest at a rate per annum equal to, at Era Group's election, either a base rate or LIBOR, each as defined in the Revolving Credit Facility, plus an applicable margin. The applicable margin is based on the Company's ratio of funded debt to EBITDA, as defined in the Revolving Credit Facility, and ranges from 1.25% to 2.50% on the base rate margin and 2.25% to 3.50% on the LIBOR margin and has increased by 50 basis points at each tier from the previous amendment. The applicable margin as of March 31, 2018 was 2.50% on the base rate margin and 3.50% on the LIBOR margin. In addition, the Company is required to pay a quarterly commitment fee based on the average unfunded portion of the committed amount at a rate based on the Company's ratio of funded debt to EBITDA, as defined in the Revolving Credit Facility, that ranges from 0.375% to 0.500%. As of March 31, 2018, the commitment fee was 0.500%.

The obligations under the Revolving Credit Facility are secured by a portion of the Company's helicopter fleet and the Company's other tangible and intangible assets and are guaranteed by Era Group's wholly owned U.S. subsidiaries. The Revolving Credit Facility contains various restrictive covenants including an interest coverage ratio, a senior secured leverage ratio and an asset coverage ratio, each as defined in the Revolving Credit Facility, as well as other customary covenants including certain restrictions on the Company's ability to enter into certain transactions, including those that could result in the incurrence of additional indebtedness and liens, the making of loans, guarantees or investments, sales of assets, payments of dividends or repurchases of capital stock, and entering into transactions with affiliates. As of March 31, 2018, Era Group had \$27.0 million of outstanding borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility and issued letters of credit of \$1.3 million. In connection with Amendment No. 4 entered into in 2018, the Company

wrote off previously incurred debt issuance costs of \$0.4 million and incurred additional debt issuance costs of \$1.3 million. Such costs are included in other assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheets and are amortized to interest expense in the condensed consolidated statements of operations over the life of the Revolving Credit Facility. Aeróleo Debt. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company did not settle any tax disputes in Brazil. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company settled certain tax disputes in Brazil totaling \$0.2 million. Such

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amounts are included in other debt in the table above and bear interest at a rate equal to the overnight rate as published by the Central Bank of Brazil.

During 2017, the Company settled certain tax disputes in Brazil under the Tax Regularization Settlement Special Program (known as Programa Especial de Regularização Tributária or "PERT") and has agreed to make installment payments on the amounts due to the applicable taxing authorities. The installments are payable in Brazilian reals and bear interest at a rate equal to the overnight rate as published by the Central Bank of Brazil and will be paid over the next 16 to 56 months as of March 31, 2018. Such amounts are included in other debt in the table above.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company made payments, including scheduled payments, of \$1.7 million.

Promissory Notes. During the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company made scheduled payments on other long-term debt of \$0.6 million and \$0.4 million, respectively.

8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Fleet. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company cancelled two helicopter purchase agreements and recognized \$0.5 million of penalties on cancellation.

The Company's unfunded capital commitments as of March 31, 2018 consisted primarily of agreements to purchase helicopters and totaled \$87.1 million, of which \$11.5 million is payable in 2018 with the balance payable through 2019. The Company also had \$1.3 million of deposits paid on options not yet exercised. The Company may terminate \$88.4 million of its total commitments, inclusive of deposits paid on options not yet exercised, without further liability other than liquidated damages of \$2.2 million in the aggregate.

Included in these commitments are orders to purchase three AW189 heavy helicopters and five AW169 light twin helicopters. The AW189 helicopters are scheduled to be delivered in 2019. Delivery dates for the AW169 helicopters have yet to be determined. In addition, the Company had outstanding options to purchase up to ten additional AW189 helicopters. If these options are exercised, the helicopters would be scheduled for delivery in 2019 and 2020. Brazilian Tax Disputes. The Company is disputing assessments of approximately \$7.2 million in taxes, penalties and interest levied by the municipal authorities of Rio de Janeiro (for the period between 2000 to 2005) and Macaé (for the period between 2001 to 2006) (collectively, the "Municipal Assessments"). The Company believes that, based on its interpretation of tax legislation supported by clarifying guidance provided by the Supreme Court of Brazil with respect to the issue in a 2006 ruling, it is in compliance with all applicable tax legislation, has paid all applicable taxes, penalties and interest and plans to defend these claims vigorously at the administrative levels in each jurisdiction. In the event the Municipal Assessments are upheld at the last administrative level, it may be necessary for the Company to deposit the amounts at issue as security to pursue further appeals. In 2015, the Company received a final, unfavorable ruling with respect to a similar assessment levied by the Rio de Janeiro State Treasury for the periods between 1994 to 1998 (the "1998 Assessments"). The 1998 Assessments were upheld without taking into consideration the benefit of the clarifying guidance issued by the Supreme Court following the assertion of the claims. The final adjudication of the 1998 Assessments requires payment of amounts that are within the established accruals, will be paid in multiple installments over time and are not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations. At March 31, 2018, it is not possible to determine the outcome of the Municipal Assessments, but the Company does not expect that the outcome would have a material adverse effect on its business, financial position or results of operations. In addition, it is not possible to reasonably estimate the likelihood or potential amount of assessments that may be issued for any subsequent periods.

The Company is disputing responsibility for \$3.0 million of employer social security contributions required to have been remitted by one of its customers relating to the period from 1995 to 1998. Although the Company may be deemed co-responsible for such remittances under the local regulatory regime, the customer's payments to the Company against presented invoices were made net of the specific remittances required to have been made by the customer and at issue in the claim. As such, the Company plans to defend this claim vigorously. At March 31, 2018, it is not possible to determine the outcome of this matter, but the Company does not expect that the outcome would have a material adverse effect on its business, financial position or results of operations.

The Company is disputing certain penalties that are being assessed by the State of Rio de Janeiro in respect of the Company's alleged failure to submit accurate documentation and to fully comply with filing requirements with respect

to certain value-added taxes. The Company elected to make payment of \$0.2 million in installments over time to satisfy a portion of these penalties. Upon confirming with the asserting authority that the originally proposed penalties of \$1.6 million with respect to the balance of the assessments were calculated based on amounts containing a typographical error, the aggregate penalties that remain in dispute total \$0.5 million. At March 31, 2018, it is not possible to determine the outcome of this matter, but the Company does not expect that the outcome would have a material adverse effect on its business, financial position or results of operations.

The Company is disputing the imposition of \$1.1 million in fines levied by the Brazilian customs authorities. These fines relate to the Company's alleged failure to comply with certain deadlines under the temporary regime pursuant to which it imports helicopters into Brazil. In order to dispute such fines and pursue its legal remedies within the judicial system, the Company deposited certain amounts at issue as security into an escrow account with the presiding judge in the matters who controls the release of such funds pending the outcome. The Company believes its documentation evidences its timely compliance with the relevant deadlines. As such, the Company plans to defend these claims vigorously. At March 31, 2018, it is not possible to determine the outcome of these matters, but the Company does not expect that the outcome would have a material adverse effect on its business, financial position or results of operations.

The Company is disputing fines of \$0.3 million sought by taxing authorities in Brazil following the final adjudication to disallow certain tax credits applied by the Company to offset certain social tax liabilities. The fine is calculated as 50% of the incremental tax liability resulting from the disallowance of the tax credits and has been applied without taking into account the circumstances relating to the disallowance of such tax credits. The constitutionality of such fines is under review by the Supreme Court in Brazil. There are a number of cases in which taxpayers have received favorable rulings due to the lack of constitutionality of the law. As such, the Company plans to defend this claim vigorously. At March 31, 2018, it is not possible to determine the outcome, but the Company does not expect that it would have a material adverse impact on its business, financial position or results of operations.

The Company is disputing contingent fees of \$0.6 million sought by its former tax consultant that have been calculated based on unrealized tax savings attributed to the consultant's suggested tax strategies. The Company contends that fees are due only upon realized tax savings. At March 31, 2018, it is not possible to determine the outcome of these matters, but the Company does not expect that the outcome would have a material adverse effect on its business, financial position or results of operations.

In the normal course of business, the Company may become involved in various employment-related litigation matters. At March 31, 2018, it is not possible to determine the outcome of several of these claims wherein an aggregate of \$0.2 million above the Company's established accrual is being sought. The Company does not expect that the outcome with respect to such claims would have a material adverse effect on its business, financial position or results of operations.

The Company is also disputing claims from the Brazilian tax authorities with respect to federal customs taxes levied upon the helicopters leased by the Company and imported into Brazil under a temporary regime and subject to reexport. In order to dispute such assessments and pursue its available legal remedies within the judicial system, the Company deposited the amounts at issue as security into an escrow account that serves as security and with the presiding judge in the matters controlling the release of such funds. The Company believes that, based on its interpretation of tax legislation and well established aviation industry practice, it is not required to pay such taxes and plans to defend these claims vigorously. At March 31, 2018, it is not possible to determine the outcome of this matter, but the Company does not expect that the outcome would have a material adverse effect on its business, financial position or results of operations.

As it relates to the specific cases referred to above, the Company currently anticipates that any administrative fine or penalty ultimately would not have a material effect on its financial position or results of operations. The Company has deposited \$9.8 million into escrow accounts controlled by the court with respect to certain of the cases described above and has fully reserved such amounts subject to final determination and the judicial release of such escrow deposits. These estimated liabilities are based on the Company's assessment of the nature of these matters, their progress toward resolution, the advice of legal counsel and outside experts as well as management's intentions and experience.

Other. On November 21, 2016, the Company filed a lawsuit in the District Court of Dallas County, Texas against Airbus Helicopters, Inc. and Airbus Helicopters S.A.S. (collectively, "Airbus") alleging breaches of various contracts between us, fraudulent inducement and unjust enrichment in connection with the sale by Airbus of H225 model helicopters to the Company. On October 26, 2017, the Company added claims against Airbus for fraud and negligent misrepresentation, and on December 28, 2017, the Company amended its complaint to seek damages attributable to the impact of Airbus' unlawful acts on the value of an H225 that the Company purchased from another helicopter

operator. The Company seeks compensation for monetary damages in an amount to be determined. The Company cannot predict the ultimate outcome of the litigation.

From time to time, the Company is involved in various legal actions incidental to its business, including actions relating to employee claims, actions relating to medical malpractice claims, various tax issues, grievance hearings before labor regulatory agencies, and miscellaneous third party tort actions. The outcome of these proceedings is not predictable. However, based on current circumstances, the Company does not believe that the ultimate resolution of these proceedings, after considering available defenses and any insurance coverage or indemnification rights, will have a material adverse effect on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

9. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE

Basic earnings per common share of the Company are computed based on the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the relevant periods. Diluted earnings per common share of the Company are computed based on the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding plus the effect of potentially dilutive securities through the application of the if-converted method and/or treasury method. Dilutive securities for this purpose assume all common shares have been issued and outstanding during the relevant periods pursuant to the exercise of outstanding stock options.

Computations of basic and diluted earnings per common share of the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 were as follows (in thousands, except share and per share data):

	Ended March 31,
	2018 2017
Net loss attributable to Era Group Inc.	\$(1,194) \$(5,620)
Net income attributable to participating securities	
Net loss attributable to fully vested common stock	\$(1,194) \$(5,620)
Shares:	
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic	21,003,77 2 0,509,463
Net effect of dilutive stock options and restricted stock awards based on the treasury stock method ⁽¹⁾	
Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted	21,003,77 2 0,509,463
Loss per common share, basic and diluted	\$(0.06) \$(0.27)

⁽¹⁾ Excludes weighted average common shares of 235,900 and 284,546 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, for certain share awards as the effect of their inclusion would have been antidilutive. 10. REVENUES

The Company derives its revenues primarily from oil and gas flight services, emergency response services and leasing activities. Revenue is recognized when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

The following table presents the Company's operating revenues disaggregated by geographical region in which services are provided:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 2017

Operating revenues:

United States \$39,133 \$33,967 Foreign 15,617 17,167 Total operating revenues \$54,750 \$51,134

The following table presents the Company's revenues earned by service line:

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Three Months

Three Months

Ended March 31, 2018 2017

Revenues:

Oil and gas flight services:

U.S. \$36,536 \$30,287 International 15,617 17,167 Total oil and gas 52,153 47,454 Emergency response services 2,597 3,680 Total operating revenues \$54,750 \$51,134

Dry-leasing revenues:

U.S. 571 234 International 2,001 3,159 Total revenues \$57,322 \$54,527

The Company determines revenue recognition by applying the following steps:

- 1. Identify the contract with a customer;
- 2. Identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- 3. Determine the transaction price;
- 4. Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations; and
- 5. Recognize revenue as the performance obligations are satisfied.

The Company earns the majority of its revenue through master service agreements or subscription agreements, which typically include a fixed monthly or daily fee, incremental fees based on hours flown and fees for ancillary items such as fuel, security, charter services, etc. The Company's arrangements to serve its customers represent a promise to stand-ready to provide services the Company has at the customer's discretion.

The Company recognizes revenue for flight services and emergency response services with the passing of each day as the Company has the right to consideration from its customers in an amount that corresponds directly with the value to the customer of performance completed to date. Therefore, the Company has elected to exercise the right to invoice practical expedient in its adoption of ASC 606. The right to invoice represents a method for recognizing revenue over time using the output measure of "value to the customer" which is an objective measure of an entity's performance in a contract. The Company typically invoices customers on a monthly basis for revenues earned during the prior month, with payment terms of 30 days. The Company's customer arrangements do not contain any significant financing component for customers. Amounts for taxes collected from customers and remitted to governmental authorities are reported on a net basis.

Practical Expedients and Exemptions

The Company does not incur any material incremental costs to obtain or fulfill customer contracts that require capitalization under the new revenue standard and has elected the practical expedient afforded by the new revenue standard to expense such costs as incurred upon adoption. These costs are included as operating expenses in the consolidated statements of operations.

The Company does not disclose the value of unsatisfied performance obligations for (i) contracts with an original expected length of one year or less and (ii) contracts for which it recognizes revenue at the amount to which it has the right to invoice for services performed.

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company leases office space from SEACOR Holdings Inc. ("SEACOR") whose CEO is Chairman of our board. During each of the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company incurred \$0.1 million in rent and utilities. Such costs are included in administrative and general expense in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The Company purchased products from its Dart Holding Company Ltd. ("Dart") joint venture totaling \$0.7 million and \$0.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The Company also has a note receivable from Dart which had balances of \$2.7 million and \$2.8 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. Purchases from Dart are included in operating expenses on the consolidated statements of income, and the note receivable is included in equity investments and advances on the consolidated balance sheets.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company incurred fees of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, for simulator services from its Era Training Center, LLC ("ETC") joint venture, and during each of the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company provided helicopter, management and other services to ETC of less than \$0.1 million. Revenues from ETC are recorded in operating revenues, and expenses incurred are recorded in operating expenses on the consolidated statements of operations. The Company also has a note receivable from ETC which had a balance of \$3.8 million and \$3.7 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, which is recorded in equity investments and advances on the consolidated balance sheets.

12. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Restricted Stock Awards. The number of shares and weighted average grant price of restricted stock awards during the three months ended March 31, 2018 were as follows:

,	Number	U
	of Shares	Grant Price
Non-vested as of December 31, 2017	382,873	\$ 12.68
Restricted stock awards granted:		
Non-employee directors	37,272	\$ 9.66
Employees	269,099	\$ 9.66
Vested	(195,827)	\$ 14.20
Non-vested as of March 31, 2018	493,417	\$ 10.20

The total fair value of shares vested during the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, determined using the closing price on the grant date, was \$2.8 million and \$4.1 million, respectively.

Stock Options. The Company did not grant any stock options during the three months ended March 31, 2018. Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP"). During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company issued 63,438 shares under the ESPP. As of March 31, 2018, 273,325 shares remain available for issuance under the ESPP. Total share-based compensation expense, which includes stock options, restricted stock and the ESPP, was \$0.8 million and \$1.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

13. GUARANTORS OF SECURITIES

On December 7, 2012, Era Group issued the 7.750% Senior Notes. Era Group's payment obligations under the 7.750% Senior Notes are jointly and severally guaranteed by all of its existing 100% owned U.S. subsidiaries that guarantee the Revolving Credit Facility and any future U.S. subsidiaries that guarantee the Revolving Credit Facility or other material indebtedness Era Group may incur in the future (the "Guarantors"). All the Guarantors currently guarantee the Revolving Credit Facility, and the guarantees of the Guarantors are full and unconditional and joint and several. As a result of the agreement by these subsidiaries to guarantee the 7.750% Senior Notes, the Company is presenting the following condensed consolidating balance sheets and statements of operations, comprehensive income and cash flows for Era Group ("Parent"), the Guarantors and the Company's other subsidiaries ("Non-guarantors"). These statements should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company. The supplemental condensed consolidating financial information has been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations for condensed financial information and does not include all disclosures included in annual financial statements.

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Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2018

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Dalance Sik					. Camaalidatad
	Parent Guarantors Non-guarantors Eliminations Consolidated (in thousands, except share data)				
ASSETS	(in thousa	ands, except	snare data)		
Current assets:	¢ 1 / 105	¢	¢ 2.250	c	¢ 16 552
Cash and cash equivalents	\$14,195	\$ —	\$ 2,358	\$ —	\$ 16,553
Receivables:					
Trade, operating, net of allowance for doubtful		28,008	6,439		34,447
accounts of \$1,058		4.252			4.052
Trade, dry-leasing	_	4,253			4,253
Tax receivable	1		3,465		3,466
Other	_	2,997	1,171	_	4,168
Inventories, net	_	20,437	393		20,830
Deferred income taxes	21,136			(21,136) —
Prepaid expenses	677	1,929	198	_	2,804
Total current assets	36,009	57,624	14,024	(21,136	86,521
Property and equipment	_	932,951	16,113		949,064
Accumulated depreciation	—	(294,628)			(297,341)
Property and equipment, net		638,323	13,400		651,723
Equity investments and advances	_	30,445	_	_	30,445
Investments in consolidated subsidiaries	167,177		_	(167,177) —
Intangible assets		_	1,118	_	1,118
Intercompany receivables	408,068		_	(408,068) —
Other assets	1,688	3,040	70		4,798
Total assets	\$612,942	\$729,432	\$ 28,612	\$(596,381)	\$774,605
LIABILITIES, REDEEMABLE					
NONCONTROLLING INTEREST AND					
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$871	\$7,778	\$ 2,435	\$—	\$ 11,084
Accrued wages and benefits		4,859	1,671		6,530
Accrued interest	3,485			_	3,485
Accrued income taxes		24	22		46
Accrued other taxes	_	1,375	481		1,856
Accrued contingencies	_		892		892
Current portion of long-term debt	_	1,524	772		2,296
Other current liabilities	2,536	600	30	_	3,166
Total current liabilities	6,892	16,160	6,303		29,355
Long-term debt	160,439	27,564	467		188,470
Deferred income taxes	_	125,751	1,250	(21,136	105,865
Intercompany payables	_	358,320	49,748	(408,068) —
Other liabilities		1,590	6		1,596
Total liabilities	167,331	529,385	57,774	(429,204	325,286
Redeemable noncontrolling interest		4	3,599		3,603
Equity:		•	2,277		2,002
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 60,000,000 shares					
authorized; 21,688,959 outstanding, exclusive of	219		_		219
treasury shares	41)	_ _	_		21)
Additional paid-in capital	445,174	100,306	4,562		
Auditional paid-in Capital	773,1/4	100,500	7,504		