

PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP INC  
Form 10-Q  
November 13, 2015  
**UNITED STATES**

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

**QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d)  
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2015

Commission file number 000-29599

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC.**

**(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)**

Connecticut                      06-1559137  
(State of incorporation) (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

**900 Bedford Street, Stamford, Connecticut 06901**

**(Address of principal executive offices)**

**(203) 324-7500**

**(Registrant's telephone number)**

Check whether the registrant (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports),

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and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days:

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large Accelerated Filer  Accelerated Filer  Non-Accelerated Filer  Smaller Reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act):

Yes  No

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date.

Common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, 3,962,170 shares outstanding as of the close of business October 31, 2015.

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**Table of Contents**

<b>PART I- FINANCIAL INFORMATION</b>	
Item 1: Consolidated Financial Statements	1
Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited)	1
Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited)	2
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited)	3
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity (unaudited)	4
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)	5
Item 2: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	40
Item 3: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	53
Item 4: Controls and Procedures	55
<b>PART II - OTHER INFORMATION</b>	
Item 1: Legal Proceedings	56
Item 1A: Risk Factors	56
Item 6: Exhibits	56
<b>SIGNATURES</b>	<b>58</b>

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**PART I- FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1: Consolidated Financial Statements****PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)**

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
	<i>(in thousands, except shares and per share amounts)</i>	
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Cash and due from banks:		
Noninterest bearing deposits and cash	\$2,429	\$2,095
Interest bearing deposits	56,909	71,163
Total cash and cash equivalents	59,338	73,258
Securities:		
Available for sale securities, at fair value (Note 2)	30,719	33,682
Other investments	4,450	4,450
Federal Reserve Bank stock, at cost	2,048	2,058
Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	6,628	6,628
Total securities	43,845	46,818
Loans receivable (net of allowance for loan losses: 2015: \$5,240, 2014: \$4,924) (Note 3)	491,074	471,984
Accrued interest and dividends receivable	2,107	1,918
Premises and equipment, net	29,193	22,357
Deferred tax asset (Note 6)	13,905	14,926
Other assets	1,263	1,363
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$640,725</b>	<b>\$632,624</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Deposits (Note 4):		
Noninterest bearing deposits	\$75,011	\$63,398
Interest bearing deposits	371,429	379,635
Total deposits	446,440	443,033
Federal Home Loan Bank borrowings (Note 8)	120,000	120,000
Junior subordinated debt owed to unconsolidated trust (Note 8)	8,248	8,248
Note Payable (Note 8)	1,985	-
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	3,156	2,608
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>579,829</b>	<b>573,889</b>

Commitments and Contingencies (Note 10)

**Shareholders' equity (1) (Note 7)**

Preferred stock, no par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding	-	-
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized; 2015 : 3,963,340 shares issued; 3,962,170 shares outstanding. 2014 : 3,952,177 shares issued; 3,951,007 shares outstanding	396	395
Additional paid-in capital (Note 5)	106,091	105,752
Accumulated deficit	(45,364 )	(46,975 )
Less: Treasury stock, at cost: 2015 and 2014, 1,170 shares	(160 )	(160 )
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (Note 9)	(67 )	(277 )
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>	<b>60,896</b>	<b>58,735</b>
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>	<b>\$640,725</b>	<b>\$632,624</b>

(1) All common stock data has been restated for a 1-for-10 reverse stock split which took effect on March 4, 2015.

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

## PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

	Three Months		Nine Months	
	Ended September		Ended September	
	30,	30,	30,	30,
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	<i>(in thousands, except per share amounts)</i>			
<b>Interest and Dividend Income</b>				
Interest and fees on loans	\$5,879	\$4,792	\$17,349	\$14,150
Interest on investment securities	115	130	350	398
Dividends on investment securities	85	39	202	122
Other interest income	30	16	76	42
<b>Total interest and dividend income</b>	<b>6,109</b>	<b>4,977</b>	<b>17,977</b>	<b>14,712</b>
<b>Interest Expense</b>				
Interest on deposits	498	579	1,540	1,823
Interest on Federal Home Loan Bank borrowings	90	41	246	107
Interest on subordinated debt	74	71	218	353
Interest on other borrowings	3	-	3	-
<b>Total interest expense</b>	<b>665</b>	<b>691</b>	<b>2,007</b>	<b>2,283</b>
<b>Net interest income</b>	<b>5,444</b>	<b>4,286</b>	<b>15,970</b>	<b>12,429</b>
<b>Provision for Loan Losses</b>	-	-	250	-
<b>Net interest income after provision for loan losses</b>	<b>5,444</b>	<b>4,286</b>	<b>15,720</b>	<b>12,429</b>
<b>Non-Interest Income</b>				
Loan application, inspection & processing fees	16	44	171	210
Deposit fees and service charges	148	250	469	702
Earnings on cash surrender value of life insurance	-	116	-	353
Rental Income	107	88	305	267
Other income	91	89	262	271
<b>Total non-interest income</b>	<b>362</b>	<b>587</b>	<b>1,207</b>	<b>1,803</b>
<b>Non-Interest Expense</b>				
Salaries and benefits	2,245	2,090	6,984	6,037
Occupancy and equipment expense	814	840	2,678	2,627
Data processing expense	298	312	803	841
Professional and other outside services	322	422	1,282	1,350
Advertising and promotional expenses	329	61	516	185
Loan administration and processing expenses	8	29	37	65
Regulatory assessments	140	233	451	700
Insurance expense	79	88	243	263
Other real estate operations, net	-	-	-	12
Material and communications	95	97	282	274

Other operating expenses	423	252	967	585
<b>Total non-interest expense</b>	<b>4,753</b>	<b>4,424</b>	<b>14,243</b>	<b>12,939</b>
<b>Income before income taxes</b>	1,053	<b>449</b>	<b>2,684</b>	<b>1,293</b>
<b>Provision for income taxes</b>	420	(16,812)	1,073	(16,812)
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$633</b>	<b>\$17,261</b>	<b>\$1,611</b>	<b>\$18,105</b>
<b>Basic income per share (1)</b>	\$0.16	\$4.48	\$0.42	\$4.70
<b>Diluted income per share (1)</b>	\$0.16	\$4.45	\$0.41	\$4.66

(1) All common stock data has been restated for a 1-for-10 reverse stock split which took effect on March 4, 2015.

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)**

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 2014		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 2014	
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Net income	\$633	\$17,261	\$1,611	\$18,105
Other comprehensive income:				
Unrealized holding gains on available for sale securities arising during the period, net of taxes	74	51	210	552
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>	<b>\$707</b>	<b>\$17,312</b>	<b>\$1,821</b>	<b>\$18,657</b>

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.



## PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

<i>(in thousands)</i>	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total
<b>Nine months ended September 30, 2015</b>						
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 395	\$ 105,752	\$ (46,975 )	\$ (160 )	\$ (277 )	\$ 58,735
Net income	-	-	1,611	-	-	1,611
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	210	210
Share-based compensation expense	-	340	-	-	-	340
Issuance of restricted stock	1	(1 )	-	-	-	-
Balance, at September 30, 2015	\$ 396	\$ 106,091	\$ (45,364 )	\$ (160 )	\$ (67 )	\$ 60,896
<b>Nine months ended September 30, 2014</b>						
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$ 388	\$ 105,484	\$ (62,684 )	\$ (160 )	\$ (1,187 )	\$ 41,841
Net Income	-	-	18,105	-	-	18,105
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	552	552
Share-based compensation expense	-	203	-	-	-	203
Issuance of restricted stock	4	(4 )	-	-	-	-
Balance, at September 30, 2014	\$ 392	\$ 105,683	\$ (44,579 )	\$ (160 )	\$ (635 )	\$ 60,701

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)**

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 <i>(in thousands)</i>	2014
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net income	\$ 1,611	\$ 18,105
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Amortization of investment premiums	155	186
Amortization and accretion of purchase loan premiums and discounts, net	190	16
Provision for loan losses	250	-
Earnings on cash surrender value of life insurance	-	(353 )
Depreciation and amortization	776	835
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	133	-
Loss on sale of other real estate owned	-	4
Share-based compensation	340	203
Deferred income taxes	888	(16,812 )
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in net deferred loan costs	216	(36 )
Increase in accrued interest and dividends receivable	(189 )	(83 )
	100	552

Decrease in other assets			
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses and other liabilities	548	(1,764	)
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	<b>5,018</b>	<b>853</b>	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Principal repayments on available for sale securities	3,151	3,496	
Redemptions (purchases) of Federal Reserve Bank stock	10	(97	)
Purchases of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	-	(2,285	)
Increase in loans	(19,746	)	(40,725
Purchase of other real estate owned	-	(264	)
Proceeds from sale of other real estate owned	-	260	
Purchase of bank premises and equipment, net	(7,745	)	(4,425
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(24,330</b>	<b>)</b>	<b>(44,040</b>
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:			
Net increase (decrease) in deposits	3,407	(9,089	)
Increase in FHLB borrowings	-	75,000	
Note payable	2,000	-	
Repayment of Note payable	(15	)	-
<b>Net cash provided by financing activities</b>	<b>5,392</b>	<b>65,911</b>	
<b>Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>(13,920</b>	<b>)</b>	<b>22,724</b>
Cash and Cash Equivalents:			
Beginning	73,258	34,866	

Ending	\$	59,338	\$	57,590
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5

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**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS, Continued (Unaudited)**

	Nine Months Ended Sept 30, 2015 2014 <i>(in thousands)</i>	
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information		
Interest paid	\$ 1,717	\$ 3,580
Income taxes paid	\$ 3	\$ 3

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY**

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

**Note 1: Basis of Financial Statement Presentation**

The Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2014 has been derived from the audited financial statements of Patriot National Bancorp, Inc. (the “Company”) at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements.

The accompanying unaudited financial statements and related notes have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been omitted. The accompanying consolidated financial statements and related notes should be read in conjunction with the previously filed audited financial statements of the Company and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2014.

The information furnished reflects, in the opinion of management, all normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods presented. The results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that may be expected for the remainder of 2015.

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)****Note 2: Investment Securities**

The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses and approximate fair values of available-for-sale securities at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 are as follows:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
<b>September 30, 2015:</b>				
U.S. Government agency bonds	\$ 7,500	\$ 1	\$ -	\$7,501
U. S. Government agency mortgage-backed securities	14,329	-	(127 )	14,202
Corporate bonds	9,000	77	(61 )	9,016
	\$ 30,829	\$ 78	\$ (188 )	\$30,719
 December 31, 2014:				
U. S. Government agency bonds	\$ 7,500	\$ -	\$ (91 )	\$7,409
U. S. Government agency mortgage-backed securities	17,635	-	(298 )	17,337
Corporate bonds	9,000	-	(64 )	8,936
	\$ 34,135	\$ -	\$ (453 )	\$33,682

There were no purchases or sales of available-for-sale securities in 2015 and 2014.

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

The following table presents the gross unrealized loss and fair value of the Company's available-for-sale securities, aggregated by the length of time the individual securities have been in a continuous loss position, at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	<b>Less Than 12 Months</b>		<b>12 Months or More</b>		<b>Total</b>	
	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Unrealized Loss</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Unrealized Loss</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Unrealized Loss</b>
<b><u>September 30, 2015:</u></b>						
U.S. Government agency bonds	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -
U. S. Government agency mortgage - backed securities	3,070	(16 )	11,132	(111 )	14,202	(127 )
Corporate bonds	-	-	5,939	(61 )	5,939	(61 )
Totals	\$3,070	\$ (16 )	\$17,071	\$ (172 )	\$20,141	\$ (188 )
<b><u>December 31, 2014:</u></b>						
U. S. Government agency bonds	\$-	\$ -	\$7,409	\$ (91 )	\$7,409	\$ (91 )
U. S. Government agency mortgage - backed securities	-	-	17,337	(298 )	17,337	(298 )
Corporate bonds	-	-	8,936	(64 )	8,936	(64 )
Totals	\$-	\$ -	\$33,682	\$ (453 )	\$33,682	\$ (453 )

At September 30, 2015, eight of eleven available-for-sale securities had unrealized holding losses with aggregate depreciation of 0.9% from the amortized cost. At December 31, 2014, all eleven securities had unrealized losses with aggregate depreciation of 1.3% from the amortized cost.

The Company performs a quarterly analysis of those securities that are in an unrealized loss position to determine if those losses qualify as other-than-temporary impairments. This analysis considers the following criteria in its determination: the ability of the issuer to meet its obligations, management's plans and ability to maintain its investment in the security, the length of time and the amount by which the security has been in a loss position, the interest rate environment, the general economic environment and prospects or projections for improvement or deterioration.



Management believes that none of the unrealized losses on available-for-sale securities noted above are other than temporary due to the fact that they relate to market interest rate changes on U.S. Government agency debt, corporate debt and mortgage-backed securities issued by U.S. Government agencies. Management considers the issuers of the securities to be financially sound, the corporate bonds are investment grade and the Company expects to receive all contractual principal and interest related to these investments. Because the Company does not intend to sell the investments, and it will not be required to sell the investments before recovery of their amortized cost basis, which may be at maturity, the Company does not consider those investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at September 30, 2015.

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

The amortized cost and fair value of available-for-sale debt securities at September 30, 2015 by contractual maturity are presented below. Actual maturities of mortgage-backed securities may differ from contractual maturities because the mortgages underlying the securities may be prepaid without any penalties. Because mortgage-backed securities are not due at a single maturity date, they are not included in the maturity categories in the following summary:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Unrealized Gain/ (Losses)
Maturity:			
Corporate bonds 5 to 10 years	\$ 9,000	\$9,016	\$ 16
U.S. Government agency bonds < 5 years	2,500	2,500	-
U.S. Government agency bonds 5 to 10 years	5,000	5,001	1
U.S. Government agency mortgage-backed securities	14,329	14,202	(127 )
Total	\$ 30,829	\$30,719	\$ (110 )

At September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, securities of \$5.8 million and \$7.4 million respectively, were pledged with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York primarily to secure municipal deposits.

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)****Note 3: Loans Receivable and Allowance for Loan Losses**

A summary of the Company's loan portfolio at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 is as follows:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Commercial	\$ 61,184	\$ 53,973
Commercial Real Estate	273,715	254,505
Construction	12,386	3,096
Construction to permanent	10,669	10,627
Residential	91,378	108,543
Consumer	46,982	46,164
Total Loans	496,314	476,908
Allowance for loan losses	(5,240 )	(4,924 )
Loans receivable, net	\$ 491,074	\$ 471,984

The Company's lending activities are conducted principally in Fairfield and New Haven Counties in Connecticut, Westchester County in New York, and the five Boroughs of New York City. The Company originates commercial real estate loans, commercial business loans, construction loans and a variety of consumer loans. In addition, the Company previously had originated loans on residential real estate. All residential and commercial mortgage loans are collateralized primarily by first or second mortgages on real estate. The ability and willingness of borrowers to satisfy their loan obligations is dependent to some degree on the status of the regional economy as well as upon the regional real estate market. Accordingly, the ultimate collectability of a substantial portion of the loan portfolio and the recovery of a substantial portion of any resulting real estate acquired is susceptible to changes in market conditions.

The Company has established credit policies applicable to each type of lending activity in which it engages, evaluates the creditworthiness of each customer and, in most cases, extends credit of up to 75% of the market value of the collateral for commercial real estate at the date of the credit extension depending on the Company's evaluation of the borrowers' creditworthiness and type of collateral and up to 80% for multi-family real estate. In the case of construction loans, the maximum loan-to-value is 75% of the "as completed" appraised value. The appraised value of collateral is monitored on an ongoing basis and additional collateral is requested when warranted. Real estate is the

primary form of collateral. Other important forms of collateral are accounts receivable, inventory, other business assets, marketable securities and time deposits.

Risk characteristics of the Company's portfolio classes include the following:

*Commercial Real Estate Loans* – In underwriting commercial real estate loans, the Company evaluates both the prospective borrower's ability to make timely payments on the loan and the value of the property securing the loans. Repayment of such loans may be negatively impacted should there be a substantial decline in the value of the property securing the loan or a decline in general economic conditions. Where the owner occupies the property, the Company also evaluates the businesses ability to repay the loan on a timely basis. In addition, the Company may require personal guarantees, lease assignments and/or the guarantee of the operating company when the property is owner occupied.

## **PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY**

### **Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

*Commercial and Industrial Loans* – The Company’s commercial and industrial loan portfolio consists primarily of commercial business loans and lines of credit to businesses and professionals. These loans are usually made to finance accounts receivable, the purchase of inventory or new or used equipment and for other short or long-term working capital purposes. These loans are generally secured by business assets, but are also occasionally offered on an unsecured basis. In granting this type of loan, the Company primarily looks to the borrower’s cash flow as the source of repayment with collateral and personal guarantees, when obtained, as a secondary source. Payments on such loans are often dependent upon the successful operation of the underlying business. Repayment of such loans may therefore be negatively impacted by adverse changes in economic conditions, management’s inability to effectively manage the business, claims of others against the borrower’s assets which may take priority over the Company’s claims against assets, death or disability of the borrower or loss of market share for the borrower’s products or services.

*Residential Real Estate Loans* – Home equity loans secured by real estate properties are offered by the Company. The Company no longer offers residential mortgages, having exited this business in 2013. Repayment of residential real estate loans may be negatively impacted should the borrower have financial difficulties, should there be a significant decline in the value of the property securing the loan or should there be a decline in general economic conditions.

*Construction Loans* – Construction loans are short-term loans (generally up to 18 months) secured by land for either residential or commercial development. The loans are generally made for acquisition and development. Funds are disbursed as phases of construction are completed. Construction loans are generally personally guaranteed by the principal(s). Repayment of such loans may be negatively impacted by the builders’ inability to complete construction, by a downturn in the new construction market, by a significant increase in interest rates or by a decline in general economic conditions.

*Other/Consumer Loans* – The Company also offers installment loans, credit cards, consumer overdraft and home equity lines of credit to individuals. Repayments of such loans are often dependent on the personal income of the borrower which may be negatively impacted by adverse changes in economic conditions. The Company does not place a high emphasis on originating these types of loans.

The Company does not have any lending programs commonly referred to as subprime lending. Subprime lending generally targets borrowers with weakened credit histories typically characterized by payment delinquencies, previous charge-offs, judgments, bankruptcies, or borrowers with questionable repayment capacity as evidenced by low credit scores or high debt-burdened ratios.



## PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)

The following table sets forth activity in our allowance for loan losses, by loan type, for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2015. The following table also details the amount of loans receivable that are evaluated individually, and collectively, for impairment, and the related portion of the allowance for loan losses that is allocated to each loan portfolio segment.

(in thousands)

Three months ended	Commercial			Construction			Unallocated	Total
	Commercial	Real Estate	Construction	Construction	Residential	Consumer		
<b>September 30, 2015</b>								
Allowance for loan losses:								
Beginning Balance	\$ 982	\$ 2,317	\$ 275	\$ 150	\$ 660	\$ 726	\$ 98	\$5,208
Charge-offs	-	-	-	-	(7 )	(4 )	-	(11 )
Recoveries	7	35	-	-	-	1	-	43
Provision	(219 )	32	119	38	(26 )	(25 )	81	-
Ending Balance	\$ 770	\$ 2,384	\$ 394	\$ 188	\$ 627	\$ 698	\$ 179	\$5,240
<b>Nine months ended</b>								
<b>September 30, 2015</b>								
Allowance for loan losses:								
Beginning Balance	\$ 1,918	\$ 1,419	\$ 63	\$ 215	\$ 831	\$ 478	\$ -	\$4,924
Charge-offs	-	-	-	-	(10 )	(11 )	-	(21 )
Recoveries	37	35	-	5	-	10	-	87
Provision	(1,185 )	930	331	(32 )	(194 )	221	179	250
Ending Balance	\$ 770	\$ 2,384	\$ 394	\$ 188	\$ 627	\$ 698	\$ 179	\$5,240
<b>September 30, 2015</b>								
Ending balance:								
individually evaluated for impairment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ -	\$ 3
Ending balance:								
collectively evaluated for impairment	770	2,384	394	188	627	695	179	5,237
	\$ 770	\$ 2,384	\$ 394	\$ 188	\$ 627	\$ 698	\$ 179	\$5,240

Total Allowance for  
Loan Losses

Total Loans ending balance	\$ 61,184	\$ 273,715	\$ 12,386	\$ 10,669	\$ 91,378	\$ 46,982	\$ -	\$ 496,314
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$ -	\$ 7,809	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,366	\$ 552	\$ -	\$ 11,727
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ 61,184	\$ 265,906	\$ 12,386	\$ 10,669	\$ 88,012	\$ 46,430	\$ -	\$ 484,587



## PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)

The following table sets forth activity in our allowance for loan losses, by loan type, for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2014. The following table also details the amount of loans receivable that are evaluated individually, and collectively, for impairment, and the related portion of the allowance for loan losses that is allocated to each loan portfolio segment.

(in thousands)

Three months ended September 30, 2014	Commercial			Construction			Unallocated	Total
	Commercial	Real Estate	Construction	Permanent	Residential	Consumer		
Allowance for loan losses:								
Beginning Balance	\$ 2,478	\$ 1,125	\$ -	\$ 149	\$ 630	\$ 694	\$ 138	\$5,214
Charge-offs	(25 )	(297 )	-	-	-	(4 )	-	(326 )
Recoveries	-	15	10	-	-	-	-	25
Provision	(263 )	261	66	(27 )	(76 )	-	39	-
Ending Balance	\$ 2,190	\$ 1,104	\$ 76	\$ 122	\$ 554	\$ 690	\$ 177	\$4,913

Nine months ended September 30, 2014	Commercial			Construction			Unallocated	Total
	Commercial	Real Estate	Construction	Permanent	Residential	Consumer		
Allowance for loan losses:								
Beginning Balance	\$ 2,285	\$ 1,585	\$ 260	\$ 25	\$ 795	\$ 534	\$ 197	\$5,681
Charge-offs	(37 )	(297 )	(260 )	-	(195 )	(39 )	-	(828 )
Recoveries	4	45	10	-	-	1	-	60
Provision	(62 )	(229 )	66	97	(46 )	194	(20 )	-
Ending Balance	\$ 2,190	\$ 1,104	\$ 76	\$ 122	\$ 554	\$ 690	\$ 177	\$4,913

September 30, 2014	Commercial			Construction			Unallocated	Total
	Commercial	Real Estate	Construction	Permanent	Residential	Consumer		
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 1,513	\$ 4	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ -	\$ 1,520
Ending balance: collectively	677	1,100	76	122	554	687	177	3,393

evaluated for impairment								
Total Allowance for Loan Losses	\$ 2,190	\$ 1,104	\$ 76	\$ 122	\$ 554	\$ 690	\$ 177	\$ 4,913
Total Loans ending balance	\$ 56,432	\$ 255,556	\$ 8,622	\$ 11,725	\$ 85,942	\$ 45,529	\$ -	\$ 463,806
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 5,827	\$ 8,404	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,978	\$ 558	\$ -	\$ 19,767
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ 50,605	\$ 247,152	\$ 8,622	\$ 11,725	\$ 80,964	\$ 44,971	\$ -	\$ 444,039

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

The following table details for the year ended December 31, 2014 the amount of loans receivable that were evaluated individually, and collectively, for impairment, and the related portion of the allowance for the loans losses that was allocated to each loan portfolio segment:

(in thousands)

December 31, 2014	Commercial		Construction		Residential	Consumer	Total
	Commercial	Real Estate	Construction	Permanent			
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7	\$ 7
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	1,918	1,419	63	215	831	471	4,917
Total Allowance for Loan Losses	\$ 1,918	\$ 1,419	\$ 63	\$ 215	\$ 831	\$ 478	\$ 4,924
Total Loans ending balance	\$ 53,973	\$ 254,505	\$ 3,096	\$ 10,627	\$ 108,543	\$ 46,164	\$ 476,908
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	2	7,398	-	-	3,764	560	11,724
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ 53,971	\$ 247,107	\$ 3,096	\$ 10,627	\$ 104,779	\$ 45,604	\$ 465,184

The Company monitors the credit quality of its loans receivable in an ongoing manner. Credit quality is monitored by reviewing certain credit quality indicators and trends, including but not limited to, loan to value ratios, debt service coverage ratios, debt to worth ratios, profitability ratios, cash flows and credit scores.

Appraisals on properties securing non-performing loans and Other Real Estate Owned (“OREO”) are updated annually. We update our impairment analysis monthly based on the most recent appraisal as well as other factors (such as senior lien positions, property taxes, etc.).

The majority of the Company's impaired loans have been resolved through courses of action other than via liquidations of real estate collateral through OREO. These include normal loan payoffs, the traditional workout process, triggering personal guarantee obligations, and troubled debt restructurings. However, as loan workout efforts progress to a point where the Company's liquidation of real estate collateral is the likely outcome, the impairment analysis is updated to reflect actual recent experience with the Company's sales of OREO properties.

A disposition discount is built into our impairment analysis and reflected in our allowance once a property is determined to be a likely OREO (e.g. foreclosure is probable). To determine the discount we compare the average sales prices of our prior OREO properties to the appraised value that was obtained as of the date when we took title to the property. The difference is the Company owned disposition discount.

The Company has a risk rating system as part of the risk assessment of its loan portfolio. The Company's lending officers are required to assign a risk rating to each loan in their portfolio at origination, which is ratified or modified by the Committee to which the loan is submitted for approval. When the lender learns of important financial developments, the risk rating is reviewed and adjusted if necessary. Similarly, the Loan Committee can adjust a risk rating. The Company employs a system to ensure an independent review of the ratings annually for commercial credits over \$250,000.

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY**

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

The Company uses an independent third party loan reviewer who performs quarterly reviews of a sample of loans, validating the Company's risk ratings assigned to such loans. Any upgrades to classified loans must be approved by the Management Loan Committee.

When assigning a risk rating to a loan, management utilizes the Company's internal eleven-point risk rating system. An asset is considered "special mention" when it has a potential weakness based on objective evidence, but does not currently expose the Company to sufficient risk to warrant classification in one of the following categories:

An asset is considered "substandard" if it is not adequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or the collateral pledged, if any. Substandard assets have well defined weaknesses based on objective evidence, and are characterized by the "distinct possibility" that the Company will sustain "some loss" if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Assets classified as "doubtful" have all of the weaknesses inherent in those classified "substandard" with the added characteristic that the weaknesses present make "collection or liquidation in full," on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, "highly questionable and improbable."

Charge-off generally commences after the loan is classified "doubtful" to reduce the loan to its recoverable balance. If the account is classified as "loss", the full balance is charged off regardless of the potential recovery from the sale of the collateral. That amount is recognized as a recovery after the collateral is sold.

In accordance with FFIEC ("Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council") published policies establishing uniform criteria for the classification of retail credit based on delinquency status, "Open-end" credits are charged-off when 180 days delinquent and "Closed-end" credits are charged-off when 120 days delinquent.

## PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)

Included in loans receivable are loans for which the accrual of interest income has been discontinued due to deterioration in the financial condition of the borrowers. The unpaid principal balances of loans on nonaccrual status and considered impaired were \$383,000 at September 30, 2015 and \$866,000 at December 31, 2014. If non-accrual loans had been performing in accordance with their contractual terms, the Company would have recorded approximately \$3,000 of additional income during the quarter ended September 30, 2015 and \$17,000 during the quarter ended September 30, 2014. If non-accrual loans had been performing in accordance with their contractual terms, the Company would have recorded approximately \$8,000 of additional income during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and \$52,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

The following table sets forth the detail, and delinquency status, of non-accrual loans at September 30, 2015 :

(in thousands)

## Non-Accrual Loans

2015	60-89 Days Past Due		90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Current	Total Non-Accrual Loans
	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due		
Commercial Real Estate						
Substandard	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -
Total Commercial Real Estate	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -
Residential Real Estate						
Substandard	\$-	\$ -	\$ 380	\$380	\$ -	\$ 380
Total Residential Real Estate	\$-	\$ -	\$ 380	\$380	\$ -	\$ 380
Consumer						
Substandard	\$-	\$ -	\$ 3	\$3	\$ -	\$ 3
Total Consumer	\$-	\$ -	\$ 3	\$3	\$ -	\$ 3
<b>Total</b>	\$-	\$ -	\$ 383	\$383	\$ -	\$ 383

Generally, loans are placed on non-accruing status when they become 90 days or more delinquent, and remain on non-accrual status until they are brought current, have at least nine months of performance under the loan terms, and

factors indicating reasonable doubt about the timely collection of payments no longer exist. Therefore, loans may be current in accordance with their loan terms, or may be less than 90 days delinquent and still be on a non-accruing status.

At September 30, 2015, 2 loans were on non-accrual status totaling \$383,000. One of them is a residential real estate loan for \$380,000 and the other one is a \$3,000 consumer auto loan.

## PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)

The following table sets forth the detail, and delinquency status, of non-accrual loans at December 31, 2014:

(in thousands)

## Non-Accrual Loans

2014	31-60 Day Past Due	61-90 Days Past Due	Greater Than 90 Days Past Due	Total Past Due	Current	Total Non-Accrual Loans
Commercial						
Substandard	\$-	\$ -	\$ 2	\$2	\$ -	\$ 2
Total Commercial	\$-	\$ -	\$ 2	\$2	\$ -	\$ 2
Commercial Real Estate						
Substandard	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ 138	\$ 138
Total Commercial Real Estate	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ 138	\$ 138
Residential Real Estate						
Substandard	\$-	\$ -	\$ 719	\$719	\$ -	\$ 719
Total Residential Real Estate	\$-	\$ -	\$ 719	\$719	\$ -	\$ 719
Consumer						
Substandard	\$-	\$ -	\$ 7	\$7	\$ -	\$ 7
Total Consumer	\$-	\$ -	\$ 7	\$7	\$ -	\$ 7
<b>Total</b>	\$-	\$ -	\$ 728	\$728	\$ 138	\$ 866



## PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)

The following table sets forth the detail and delinquency status of loans receivable, by performing and non-performing loans at September 30, 2015.

(in thousands)

2015	Performing (Accruing) Loans				Current	Total Performing Loans	Total Non-Accrual Loans	Total Loans
	30-Days Past Due	60-Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due				
Commercial								
Pass	\$-	\$3,061	\$74	\$3,135	\$52,849	\$55,984	\$-	\$55,984
Special Mention	-	-	-	-	101	101	-	\$101
Substandard	-	-	-	-	5,099	5,099	-	\$5,099
Total Commercial	\$-	\$3,061	\$74	\$3,135	\$58,049	\$61,184	\$-	\$61,184
Commercial Real Estate								
Pass	\$-	\$3,310	\$1,624	\$4,934	\$260,186	\$265,120	\$-	\$265,120
Special Mention	-	1,014	-	1,014	5,887	6,901	-	6,901
Substandard	-	-	-	-	1,694	1,694	-	1,694
Total Commercial Real Estate	\$-	\$4,324	\$1,624	\$5,948	\$267,767	\$273,715	\$-	\$273,715
Construction								
Pass	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$12,386	\$12,386	\$-	\$12,386
Total Construction	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$12,386	\$12,386	\$-	\$12,386
Construction to Permanent								
Pass	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$10,669	\$10,669	\$-	\$10,669
Total Construction to Permanent	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$10,669	\$10,669	\$-	\$10,669
Residential Real Estate								
Pass	\$-	\$1,342	\$1,594	\$2,936	\$88,062	\$90,998	\$-	\$90,998
Substandard	-	-	-	-	-	-	380	380
Total Residential Real Estate	\$-	\$1,342	\$1,594	\$2,936	\$88,062	\$90,998	\$380	\$91,378
Consumer								
Pass	\$12	\$348	\$8	\$368	\$46,611	\$46,979	\$-	\$46,979
Substandard	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
Total Consumer	\$12	\$348	\$8	\$368	\$46,611	\$46,979	\$3	\$46,982
Total								

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Pass	\$12	\$8,061	\$3,300	\$11,373	\$470,763	\$ 482,136	\$ -	\$482,136
Special Mention	-	1,014	-	1,014	5,988	7,002	-	7,002
Substandard	-	-	-	-	6,793	6,793	383	7,176
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>\$12</b>	<b>\$9,075</b>	<b>\$3,300</b>	<b>\$12,387</b>	<b>\$483,544</b>	<b>\$ 495,931</b>	<b>\$ 383</b>	<b>\$496,314</b>

19

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## PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)

The following table sets forth the detail and delinquency status of loans receivable, by performing and non-performing loans at December 31, 2014.

2014	Performing (Accruing) Loans					Current	Total Performing Loans	Total Non- Accrual Loans	Total Loans
	31-60 Days Past Due	61-90 Days Past Due	Greater Than 90 Days	Total Past Due					
Commercial									
Pass	\$ 1,520	\$ -	\$ 279	\$ 1,799	\$ 46,279	\$ 48,078	\$ -	\$ 48,078	
Special Mention	-	-	-	-	121	121	-	121	
Substandard	-	-	-	-	5,772	5,772	2	5,774	
Total Commercial	\$ 1,520	\$ -	\$ 279	\$ 1,799	\$ 52,172	\$ 53,971	\$ 2	\$ 53,973	
Commercial Real Estate									
Pass	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 248,132	\$ 248,132	\$ -	\$ 248,132	
Special Mention	1,041	-	-	1,041	2,887	3,928	-	3,928	
Substandard	-	815	-	815	1,492	2,307	138	2,445	
Total Commercial Real Estate	\$ 1,041	\$ 815	\$ -	\$ 1,856	\$ 252,511	\$ 254,367	\$ 138	\$ 254,505	
Construction									
Pass	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,096	\$ 3,096	\$ -	\$ 3,096	
Total Construction	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,096	\$ 3,096	\$ -	\$ 3,096	
Construction to Permanent									
Pass	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,627	\$ 10,627	\$ -	\$ 10,627	
Total Construction to Permanent	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,627	\$ 10,627	\$ -	\$ 10,627	
Residential Real Estate									
Pass	\$ 172	\$ 87	\$ 1,553	\$ 1,812	\$ 106,012	\$ 107,824	\$ -	\$ 107,824	
Substandard	-	-	-	-	-	-	719	719	
Total Residential Real Estate	\$ 172	\$ 87	\$ 1,553	\$ 1,812	\$ 106,012	\$ 107,824	\$ 719	\$ 108,543	
Consumer									
Pass	\$ -	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ 2	\$ 46,155	\$ 46,157	\$ -	\$ 46,157	
Substandard	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	7	
Total Consumer	\$ -	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ 2	\$ 46,155	\$ 46,157	\$ 7	\$ 46,164	
Total									
Pass	\$ 1,692	\$ 89	\$ 1,832	\$ 3,613	\$ 460,301	\$ 463,914	\$ -	\$ 463,914	
Special Mention	1,041	-	-	1,041	3,008	4,049	-	4,049	

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Substandard	-	815	-	815	7,264	8,079	866	8,945
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>\$2,733</b>	<b>\$904</b>	<b>\$1,832</b>	<b>\$5,469</b>	<b>\$470,573</b>	<b>\$476,042</b>	<b>\$866</b>	<b>\$476,908</b>

20

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**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

The following table summarizes impaired loans by loan portfolio class as of September 30, 2015

<i>(in thousands)</i>	<b>Recorded Investment</b>	<b>Unpaid Principal Balance</b>	<b>Related Allowance</b>
With no related allowance recorded:			
Commercial	\$ -	\$ 97	\$ -
Commercial Real Estate	7,809	8,332	-
Construction	-	287	-
Residential	3,366	3,394	-
Consumer	549	635	-
Total:	\$ 11,724	\$ 12,745	\$ -
With an allowance recorded:			
Commercial	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Commercial Real Estate	-	-	-
Construction	-	-	-
Residential	-	-	-
Consumer	3	3	3
Total:	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 3
Commercial	\$ -	\$ 97	\$ -
Commercial Real Estate	7,809	8,332	-
Construction	-	287	-
Residential	3,366	3,394	-
Consumer	552	638	3
Total:	\$ 11,727	\$ 12,748	\$ 3

Impaired loans consist of non-accrual loans, troubled debt restructurings (“TDRs”), and loans previously classified as TDRs that have been upgraded. The recorded investment of impaired loans at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was \$11.7 million, with related allowances of \$3,000 and \$7,000 respectively.



**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

The following table summarizes impaired loans by loan portfolio class as of December 31, 2014

<i>(in thousands)</i>	<b>Recorded Investment</b>	<b>Unpaid Principal Balance</b>	<b>Related Allowance</b>
With no related allowance recorded:			
Commercial	\$ 2	\$ 104	\$ -
Commercial Real Estate	7,398	8,249	-
Construction	-	732	-
Residential	3,764	3,793	-
Consumer	553	633	-
Total:	\$ 11,717	\$ 13,511	\$ -
With an allowance recorded:			
Commercial	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Commercial Real Estate	-	-	-
Construction	-	-	-
Residential	-	-	-
Consumer	7	7	7
Total:	\$ 7	\$ 7	\$ 7
Commercial	\$ 2	\$ 104	\$ -
Commercial Real Estate	7,398	8,249	-
Construction	-	732	-
Residential	3,764	3,793	-
Consumer	560	640	7
Total:	\$ 11,724	\$ 13,518	\$ 7

Included in the tables above at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 are loans with carrying balances of \$11.7 million for which a specific reserve of \$3,000 and \$7,000 respectively has been established. Loans that did not require specific reserves have sufficient collateral values, less costs to sell, supporting the carrying balances of the loans. In some cases, there may be no specific reserves because the Company already charged-off the specific impairment. Once a borrower is in default, the Company is under no obligation to advance additional funds on unused commitments.





**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

The following tables summarize additional information regarding impaired loans for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

<i>(in thousands)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30			
	2015		2014	
	<b>Average Interest Recorded</b>	<b>Investment Recognized</b>	<b>Average Interest Recorded</b>	<b>Investment Recognized</b>
With no related allowance recorded:				
Commercial	\$-	\$ -	\$434	\$ -
Commercial Real Estate	7,916	94	8,493	104
Construction	-	-	-	-
Residential	3,373	31	4,810	32
Consumer	549	4	573	5
Total:	\$11,838	\$ 129	\$14,310	\$ 141
With an allowance recorded:				
Commercial	\$-	\$ -	\$5,872	\$ -
Commercial Real Estate	-	-	1,073	-
Construction	-	-	-	-
Residential	-	-	253	-
Consumer	1	-	4	-
Total:	\$1	\$ -	\$7,202	
Commercial	\$-	\$ -	\$6,306	\$ -
Commercial Real Estate	7,916	94	9,566	104
Construction	-	-	-	-
Residential	3,373	31	5,063	32
Consumer	550	4	577	5
Total:	\$11,839	\$ 129	\$21,512	\$ 141

## PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30			
	2015		2014	
(in thousands)	Average Investment	Interest Recognized	Average Investment	Interest Recognized
With no related allowance recorded:				
Commercial	\$-	\$ -	\$286	\$ -
Commercial Real Estate	8,079	281	8,365	261
Construction	-	-	263	-
Residential	3,430	95	4,798	97
Consumer	551	13	582	19
Total:	\$12,060	\$ 389	\$14,294	\$ 377
With an allowance recorded:				
Commercial	\$-	\$ -	\$5,989	\$ -
Commercial Real Estate	-	-	772	-
Construction	-	-	144	-
Residential	-	-	436	-
Consumer	1	-	3	-
Total:	\$1	\$ -	\$7,344	\$ -
Commercial	\$-	\$ -	\$6,275	\$ -
Commercial Real Estate	8,079	281	9,137	261
Construction	-	-	407	-
Residential	3,430	95	5,234	97
Consumer	552	13	585	19
Total:	\$12,061	\$ 389	\$21,638	\$ 377

On a case-by-case basis, the Company may agree to modify the contractual terms of a borrower's loan to assist customers who may be experiencing financial difficulty. If the borrower is experiencing financial difficulties and a concession has been made, the loan is classified as a troubled debt restructured loan. No loans were modified in troubled debt restructurings during the twelve months ended September 30, 2015. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2014, the Company modified one loan as a troubled debt restructured loan. The loan was a commercial real estate loan with a pre-modification balance of \$1.3 million. Modification was made to the term of the loan and to the interest rate on the note. Post-modification, the loan balance was \$1.2 million as the result of a principal pay-down required as part of the terms of the modification. Since the modification, the loan has been current and paying in accordance with the terms of the restructuring.

Substantially all of our troubled debt restructured loan modifications involve lowering the monthly payments on such loans through either a reduction in interest rate below market rate, an extension of the term of the loan, or a combination of these two methods. These modifications rarely result in the forgiveness of principal or accrued interest. In addition, we frequently obtain additional collateral or guarantor support when modifying commercial loans. If the borrower had demonstrated performance under the previous terms and our underwriting process shows the borrower has the capacity to continue to perform under the restructured terms, the loan will continue to accrue interest. Non-accruing restructured loans may be returned to accrual status when there has been a sustained period of repayment performance (generally nine consecutive months of payments) and both principal and interest are deemed collectible. All troubled debt restructurings are classified as impaired loans, which are individually evaluated for impairment.

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)****Note 4: Deposits**

The following table is a summary of the Company's deposits at:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Non-interest bearing	\$ 75,011	\$ 63,398
Interest bearing		
NOW	30,771	26,269
Savings	101,061	93,790
Money market	22,029	24,650
Time certificates, less than \$100,000	86,992	106,340
Time certificates, \$100,000 or more	82,449	97,876
Brokered Deposits	48,127	30,710
Total interest bearing	371,429	379,635
Total Deposits	\$ 446,440	\$ 443,033

**Note 5: Share-Based Compensation**

The Company maintains the Patriot National Bancorp, Inc. 2012 Stock Plan to provide an incentive to directors and employees of the Company by the grant of options, restricted stock awards or phantom stock units. The Plan provides for the issuance of up to 3,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock subject to certain Plan limitations. As of September 30, 2015, 2,870,584 shares of stock remain available for issuance under the Plan. The vesting of restricted stock awards and options may be accelerated in accordance with terms of the Plan. The Compensation Committee shall determine the vesting of restricted stock awards and stock options. Restricted stock grants are available to directors and employees and generally vest in annual installments over a three, four or five year period from the date of grant. The Company is expensing the grant date fair value of all share-based compensation over the requisite vesting periods on a prorated straight-line basis. During the three months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014, the Company recorded \$112,000 and \$73,000 of total stock-based compensation, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014, the Company recorded \$340,000 and \$203,000 of total stock-based compensation, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company issued

12,700 shares of restricted stock to directors and employees under the 2012 Stock Plan. In accordance with the terms of the Plan, 1,539 shares were forfeited during the same period.

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

The following is a summary of the status of the Company's restricted shares as of September 30, 2015, and changes therein during the period then ended.

	<b>Number of Shares</b>	<b>Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value (1)</b>
Non-vested at December 31, 2014	79,208	\$ 12.79
Granted	12,700	16.85
Vested	(675 )	17.25
Forfeited	(1,539 )	10.40
Non-vested at September 30, 2015	89,694	\$ 13.37

(1) All common stock data has been restated for a 1-for-10 reverse stock split which took effect on March 4, 2015.

Expected future stock award expense related to the non-vested restricted awards as of September 30, 2015, is \$911,000 over an average period of 2.68 years.

The Company had no outstanding stock options at September 30, 2015.

**Note 6: Income Taxes**

For the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2015, the Company's recorded income tax expense of \$420,000 and \$1.1 million respectively. This compares to income tax benefit of approximately \$16.8 million for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014. The Company began to recognize income tax expense in the quarter ended December 31, 2014 after the reversal of its deferred tax asset valuation allowance. In the third quarter of fiscal year 2014, the Company released 96.7% of its valuation allowance previously recorded on its net deferred tax assets which resulted in a \$16.8 million credit to income tax expense, partially offset by the current

income tax expense for the year. The Company maintains a valuation allowance of \$572,000 related to a capital loss carry forward of \$1.5 million which it may not be able to utilize prior to the expiration date of the tax benefit.

Deferred tax assets decreased \$1.0 million from \$14.9 million at December 31, 2014 to \$13.9 million at September 30, 2015. This decrease was primarily due to deferred taxes being applied to the tax liability on current year taxable income.

The Company will continue to evaluate its ability to realize its net deferred tax asset. If future evidence suggests that it is more likely than not that a portion of the deferred tax asset will not be realized, the valuation allowance may be increased.

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY**

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

**Note 7: Income per share**

The Company is required to present basic income per share and diluted income per share in its consolidated statements of operations. Basic income per share amounts are computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted income per share reflects additional common shares that would have been outstanding if potentially dilutive common shares had been issued, as well as any adjustment to income that would result from the assumed issuance. Potential dilutive common shares that may be issued by the Company relate to restricted stock grants and outstanding stock options. The Company is also required to provide a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator used in the computation of both basic and diluted income per share.



**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

The Company had no outstanding stock options in 2015 and 2014. The following is information about the computation of income per share for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

<b>Three months ended September 30, 2015</b>	<b>Net Income</b>	<b>Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding (1)</b>	<b>Amount (1)</b>
Basic Earnings Per Share	\$633,000	3,872,298	\$ 0.16
Effect of Dilutive Securities Non-vested Restricted Stock Grants	N/A	34,622	N/A
Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$633,000	3,906,920	\$ 0.16

<b>Three months ended September 30, 2014</b>	<b>Net Income</b>	<b>Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding (1)</b>	<b>Amount (1)</b>
Basic Earnings Per Share	\$17,261,000	3,850,206	\$ 4.48
Effect of Dilutive Securities Non-vested Restricted Stock Grants	N/A	28,012	N/A
Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$17,261,000	3,878,218	\$ 4.45

<b>Nine months ended September 30, 2015</b>	<b>Net Income</b>	<b>Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding (1)</b>	<b>Amount (1)</b>
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Basic Earnings Per Share	\$1,611,000	3,872,074	\$ 0.42
Effect of Dilutive Securities			
Non-vested Restricted Stock Grants	N/A	30,699	N/A
Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$1,611,000	3,902,773	\$ 0.41

**Nine months ended September 30, 2014**

	Net Income	Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding (1)	Amount (1)
Basic Earnings Per Share	\$18,105,000	3,849,762	\$ 4.70
Effect of Dilutive Securities			
Non-vested Restricted Stock Grants	N/A	32,647	N/A
Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$18,105,000	3,882,409	\$ 4.66

(1) All common stock data has been restated for a 1-for-10 reverse stock split which took effect on March 4, 2015

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY**

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

**Note 8: Borrowings**

The Company is a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Boston ("FHLB"). The Company has the ability to borrow from the FHLB based on a certain percentage of the value of the Company's qualified collateral, as defined in the FHLB Statement of Products Policy, comprised mainly of mortgage-backed securities and loans segregated as collateral for the FHLB.

At September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, outstanding advances from the FHLB aggregated \$120.0 million. The advances outstanding at September 30, 2015 had maturities ranging from one day to six months with rates ranging from 30 basis points to 50 basis points. Advances are typically entered into at discounted rates during the FHLB "loan sales" and are structured with terms to meet balance sheet management needs.

The subordinated debentures of \$8.2 million are unsecured obligations of the Company and are subordinate and junior in right of payment to all present and future senior indebtedness of the Company. These obligations qualify as Tier 1 capital. The subordinated debentures, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 3.15% (3.46% at September 30, 2015), mature on March 26, 2033. Beginning in the second quarter of 2009, the Company deferred quarterly interest payments on the subordinated debentures for 20 consecutive quarters as permitted under the terms of the debentures. Interest was still being accrued and charged to operations. The Company made a payment of approximately \$1.6 million in June 2014, and brought the debt current as of that date. Interest payments have subsequently been deferred at the Company's option, however, interest expense continued to be recorded. At September 30, 2015 interest owed was \$356,000.

In September 2015 the Company executed a \$2.0 million Note Payable for the purchase of its Fairfield branch, which had formerly been leased. The note has a ten-year term and bears interest at a fixed rate of 1.75%.

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY**

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

**Note 9: Other Comprehensive Income**

Other comprehensive income, which is comprised solely of the change in unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities, is as follows:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30, 2015			Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015		
	Before Tax		Net of Tax	Before Tax		Net of Tax
	Amount	Tax Effect	Amount	Amount	Tax Effect	Amount
Unrealized holding gains arising during the period	\$ 122	\$ (48 )	\$ 74	\$ 343	\$ (133 )	\$ 210

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014			Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014		
	Before Tax	Net of Tax	Net of Tax	Before Tax	Net of Tax	Net of Tax
	Amount	Tax Effect	Amount	Amount	Tax Effect	Amount
Unrealized holding gains arising during the period	\$51	\$ -	\$ 51	\$552	\$ -	\$ 552

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY**

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

**Note 10: Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Risk**

In the normal course of business, the Company is a party to financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit and involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amounts recognized in the balance sheet. The contractual amounts of these instruments reflect the extent of involvement the Company has in particular classes of financial instruments.

The contractual amount of commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit represent the total amount of potential accounting loss should: the contracts be fully drawn upon; the customers default; and the value of any existing collateral becomes worthless. The Company uses the same credit policies in approving commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance-sheet instruments and evaluates each customer's creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis. Management believes that the Company controls the credit risk of these financial instruments through credit approvals, credit limits, monitoring procedures and the receipt of collateral as deemed necessary.

Financial instruments whose contractual amounts represent credit risk at September 30, 2015 are as follows:

Commitments to extend credit:	<i>(in thousands)</i>
Future loan commitments	\$ 8,055
Home equity lines of credit	23,476
Unused lines of credit	25,629
Undisbursed construction loans	22,064
Financial standby letters of credit	1,750
	<b>\$ 80,974</b>

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments to extend credit generally have fixed expiration dates, or other termination

clauses, and may require payment of a fee by the borrower. Since these commitments could expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by the Company upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the customer. Collateral held varies, but may include residential and commercial property, deposits and securities. The Company has established a reserve of \$5,000 as of September 30, 2015 for these commitments which are included in accrued expenses and other liabilities.

Standby letters of credit are written commitments issued by the Company to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to customers. Guarantees that are not derivative contracts are recorded on the Company's consolidated balance sheet at their fair value at inception. Any instruments deemed to be derivatives would be accounted for as a fair value or cash flow hedge as appropriate.

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)****Note 11: Regulatory and Operational Matters**

The Company's and the Bank's capital and capital ratios at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were:

<i>(dollars in thousands)</i>	Actual		Capital Requirements			
	Amount	Ratio	Minimum Amount	Ratio	Well Capitalized Amount	Ratio
<b><u>September 30, 2015</u></b>						
<b><u>The Company:</u></b>						
Tier 1 Leverage Capital (to Average Assets)	\$58,572	9.47 %	\$24,745	4.00 %	\$30,931	5.00 %
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (to Risk Weighted Assets)	50,572	9.83 %	23,146	4.50 %	33,433	6.50 %
Tier 1 Capital (to Risk Weighted Assets)	58,572	11.39 %	30,861	6.00 %	41,148	8.00 %
Total Capital (to Risk Weighted Assets)	63,820	12.41 %	41,148	8.00 %	51,435	10.00 %
<b><u>The Bank:</u></b>						
Tier 1 Leverage Capital (to Average Assets)	\$58,844	9.52 %	\$24,736	4.00 %	\$30,920	5.00 %
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (to Risk Weighted Assets)	58,844	11.48 %	23,057	4.50 %	33,305	6.50 %
Tier 1 Capital (to Risk Weighted Assets)	58,844	11.48 %	30,743	6.00 %	40,991	8.00 %
Total Capital (to Risk Weighted Assets)	64,093	12.51 %	40,991	8.00 %	51,238	10.00 %
<b><u>December 31, 2014</u></b>						
<b><u>The Company:</u></b>						
Tier 1 Leverage Capital (to Average Assets)	\$58,218	9.62 %	\$24,210	4.00 %	\$30,262	5.00 %
Tier 1 Capital (to Risk Weighted Assets)	58,218	12.98 %	17,942	4.00 %	26,913	6.00 %
Total Capital (to Risk Weighted Assets)	63,142	14.08 %	35,884	8.00 %	44,855	10.00 %
<b><u>The Bank:</u></b>						
Tier 1 Leverage Capital (to Average Assets)	\$58,227	9.63 %	\$24,198	4.00 %	\$30,247	5.00 %

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Tier 1 Capital (to Risk Weighted Assets)	58,227	12.98%	17,946	4.00%	26,918	6.00%
Total Capital (to Risk Weighted Assets)	63,151	14.08%	35,891	8.00%	44,864	10.00%

32

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**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY**

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

**Note 12: Fair Value and Interest Rate Risk**

The Company uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures. A fair value hierarchy has been established that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value, requiring entities to maximize the use of observable inputs. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs generally require significant management judgment.

The three levels within the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1- Unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access at the measurement date (such as active exchange-traded equity securities and certain U.S. and government agency debt securities).

Level 2- Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as:  
quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets (such as U.S. agency and government sponsored mortgage-backed securities)  
quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in less active markets (such as certain U.S. and government agency debt securities, and corporate and municipal debt securities that trade infrequently)  
Other inputs that are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability (i.e. interest rates, yield curves, prepayment speeds, default rates, etc.)

Level 3- Valuation techniques that require unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value measurement of the asset or liability (such as pricing and discounted cash flow models that typically reflect management's estimates of the assumptions a market participant would use in pricing the asset or liability).

A description of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities recorded at fair value, and for estimating fair value for financial and non-financial instruments not recorded at fair value, is set forth below.

***Cash and due from banks, federal funds sold, short-term investments and accrued interest receivable and payable:***

The carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value and accordingly these are classified as Level 1. These financial instruments are not recorded at fair value on a recurring basis.

***Available-for-Sale Securities:*** These financial instruments are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis in the financial statements. The prices for these instruments are obtained through an independent pricing service or dealer market participants with whom the Company has historically transacted both purchases and sales of investment securities. Management reviews the data and assumptions used in pricing the securities by its third party provider to ensure the highest level of significant inputs are derived from market observable data.

***Other Investments:*** The Company's investment portfolio includes the Solomon Hess SBA Loan Fund totaling \$4.5 million. This investment is utilized for the purposes of the Company satisfying its CRA lending requirements. As this fund operates as a private fund, shares in the Fund are not publicly traded and therefore have no readily determinable market value. An investment in the Fund is reported in the financial statements at cost, as adjusted for income, losses, and cash distributions attributable to the investment.

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY**

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

**Loans:** For variable rate loans, which reprice frequently and have no significant change in credit risk, carrying values are a reasonable estimate of fair values, adjusted for credit losses inherent in the portfolios. The fair value of fixed rate loans is estimated by discounting the future cash flows using the period end rates, estimated by using local market data, at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining maturities, adjusted for credit losses inherent in the portfolios. As estimates are dependent on management's observations, loans are classified as Level 3. The Company does not record loans at fair value on a recurring basis. However, from time to time, nonrecurring fair value adjustments to collateral-dependent impaired loans are recorded to reflect partial write-downs based on the observable market price or current appraised value of collateral. Fair values estimated in this manner do not fully incorporate an exit-price approach to fair value, but instead are based on a comparison to current market rates for comparable loans.

**Other Real Estate Owned:** The fair value of OREO properties the Company may obtain is based on the estimated current property valuations less estimated selling costs. When the fair value is based on current observable appraised values, OREO is classified within Level 2. The Company classifies the OREO within Level 3 when unobservable adjustments are made to appraised values. The Company does not record other real estate owned at fair value on a recurring basis.

**Deposits:** The fair value of demand deposits, regular savings and certain money market deposits is the amount payable on demand at the reporting date. The fair value of certificates of deposit and other time deposits is estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities, estimated using local market data, to a schedule of aggregated expected maturities on such deposits. The Company does not record deposits at fair value on a recurring basis.

**Junior Subordinated Debt:** Junior subordinated debt reprices quarterly and as a result the carrying amount is considered a reasonable estimate of fair value. The Company does not record junior subordinated debt at fair value on a recurring basis.

**Federal Home Loan Bank Borrowings:** The fair value of the advances is estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies current Federal Home Loan Bank interest rates for advances of similar maturity to a schedule of maturities of such advances. The Company does not record these borrowings at fair value on a recurring basis.

***Off-balance sheet instruments:*** Fair values for the Company's off-balance-sheet instruments (lending commitments) are based on interest rate changes and fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the counterparties' credit standing. The Company does not record its off-balance-sheet instruments at fair value on a recurring basis.

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

The following table details the financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques utilized by the Company to determine fair value:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	<b>Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)</b>	<b>Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)</b>	<b>Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)</b>	<b>Balance as of September 30, 2015</b>
<b>September 30, 2015</b>				
U.S. Government agency mortgage-backed securities	\$ -	\$ 14,202	\$ -	\$ 14,202
U.S. Government agency bonds	-	7,501	-	7,501
Corporate bonds	-	9,016	-	9,016
Securities available for sale	\$ -	\$ 30,719	\$ -	\$ 30,719
	<b>Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)</b>	<b>Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)</b>	<b>Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)</b>	<b>Balance as of December 31, 2014</b>
<b>December 31, 2014</b>				
U.S. Government agency mortgage-backed securities	\$ -	\$ 17,337	\$ -	\$ 17,337
U.S. Government agency bonds	-	7,409	-	7,409
Corporate bonds	-	8,936	-	8,936
Securities available for sale	\$ -	\$ 33,682	\$ -	\$ 33,682

There were no transfers of assets between levels 1, 2 or 3 as of September 30, 2015 or December 31, 2014. Certain financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis; that is, the instruments are not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis but are subject to fair value adjustments in certain circumstances (for example, when there is evidence of impairment).

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

The following reflects financial assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, segregated by the level of the valuation inputs within the fair value hierarchy utilized:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	<b>Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)</b>	<b>Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)</b>	<b>Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)</b>	<b>Balance</b>
<b><u>Asset Description</u></b>				
<b>September 30, 2015</b>				
<b>Impaired loans</b>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 380	\$ 380
December 31, 2014				
Impaired loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 859	\$ 859

<i>(dollars in thousands)</i>	<b>Quantitative Information about Level 3 Fair Value Measurements</b>			
<b><u>Asset Description</u></b>	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Valuation Technique</b>	<b>Unobservable Input</b>	<b>Range (Weighted Average )</b>
<b>September 30, 2015</b>				
<b>Impaired loans</b>	\$ 380	Fair Value of Collateral (1)	Appraised Value (2)	8% - 14% (14%)(3)
December 31, 2014				
Impaired loans	\$ 859	Fair Value of Collateral (1)	Appraised Value (2)	8% - 22% (13%)(3)

(1) Fair value is generally determined through independent appraisals of the underlying collateral, which include Level 3 inputs that are not identifiable.

(2) Appraisals may be adjusted by management for qualitative factors such as economic conditions and estimated liquidation expenses.

(3) The range and weighted average of qualitative factors such as economic conditions and estimated liquidation expenses are presented as a percent of the appraised value.

The Company discloses fair value information about financial instruments, whether or not recognized in the consolidated balance sheet, for which it is practicable to estimate that value. Certain financial instruments are excluded from disclosure requirements and, accordingly, the aggregate fair value amounts presented do not represent the underlying value of the Company.

The estimated fair value amounts have been measured as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and have not been reevaluated or updated for purposes of these financial statements subsequent to those respective dates. As such, the estimated fair value of these financial instruments subsequent to the respective reporting dates may be different than amounts reported on those dates.



**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

The information presented should not be interpreted as an estimate of the fair value of the Company since a fair value calculation is only required for a limited portion of the Company's assets and liabilities. Due to the wide range of valuation techniques and the degree of subjectivity used in making the estimates, comparisons between the Company's disclosures and those of other bank holding companies may not be meaningful.

The following is a summary of the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments not measured and not reported at fair value on the consolidated balance sheets at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	Value Hierarchy	September 30, 2015 Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	December 31, 2014 Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value
<b>Financial Assets:</b>					
Cash and noninterest bearing balances due from banks	Level 1	\$2,429	\$2,429	\$2,095	\$2,095
Interest-bearing deposits due from banks	Level 1	56,909	56,909	71,163	71,163
Other investments	Level 2	4,450	4,450	4,450	4,450
Federal Reserve Bank stock	Level 2	2,048	2,048	2,058	2,058
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	Level 2	6,628	6,628	6,628	6,628
Loans receivable, net	Level 3	491,074	493,933	471,984	476,631
Accrued interest receivable	Level 1	2,107	2,107	1,918	1,918
<b>Financial Liabilities:</b>					
Demand deposits	Level 2	\$75,011	\$75,011	\$63,398	\$63,398
Savings deposits	Level 2	101,061	101,061	93,790	93,790
Money market deposits	Level 2	22,029	22,029	24,650	24,650
NOW accounts	Level 2	30,771	30,771	26,269	26,269
Time deposits	Level 2	169,441	169,281	204,216	204,262
Brokered Deposits	Level 1	48,127	48,127	30,710	30,710
FHLB Borrowings	Level 2	120,000	120,000	120,000	120,000
Subordinated debentures	Level 2	8,248	8,248	8,248	8,248
Note Payable	Level 3	1,985	1,985	-	-
Accrued interest payable	Level 1	457	457	167	167

The Company assumes interest rate risk (the risk that general interest rate levels will change) as a result of its normal operations. As a result, the fair values of the Company's financial instruments will change when interest rate levels

change and that change may be either favorable or unfavorable to the Company. Management attempts to match maturities of assets and liabilities to the extent possible to mitigate interest rate risk. However, borrowers with fixed rate obligations are less likely to prepay in a rising rate environment and more likely to prepay in a falling rate environment. Conversely, depositors who are receiving fixed rates are more likely to withdraw funds before maturity in a rising rate environment and less likely to do so in a falling rate environment. Management monitors rates and maturities of assets and liabilities and attempts to minimize interest rate risk by adjusting terms of new loans and deposits and by investing in securities with terms that mitigate the Company's overall interest rate risk.

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY**

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

Off-balance sheet instruments

Loan commitments on which the committed interest rate is less than the current market rate were insignificant at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014. The estimated fair value of fee income on letters of credit at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was also insignificant.

**Note 13: Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

*Recently Issued Accounting Standards Updates*

ASU 2014-14, “*Receivables - Troubled Debt Restructuring by Creditors (Subtopic 310-40)*” – Classification of Certain Government-Guaranteed Mortgage Loans upon Foreclosure which will require creditors to derecognize certain foreclosed government-guaranteed mortgage loans and to recognize a separate other receivable that is measured at the amount the creditor expects to recover from the guarantor, and to treat the guarantee and the receivable as a single unit of account. ASU 2014-14 is effective for public business entities for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2014. For entities other than public business entities, the ASU is effective for annual periods ending after December 15, 2015, and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015. An entity can elect a prospective or a modified retrospective transition method, but must use the same transition method that it elected under FASB ASU No. 2014-04, *Reclassification of Residential Real Estate Collateralized Consumer Mortgage Loans upon Foreclosure*. Early adoption, including adoption in an interim period, is permitted if the entity already adopted ASU 2014-04. The application of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

ASU No. 2014-12, *Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718) “Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period (a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force).”* – The ASU provides explicit guidance to account for a performance target that could be achieved after the requisite service period as a performance condition. For awards within the scope of this update, the Task Force decided that an entity should apply existing guidance in Topic 718 as it relates to share-based payments with performance conditions that affect vesting. Consistent with that guidance, performance conditions that affect vesting should not be reflected in estimating the fair value of an award at the grant date. Compensation cost should be recognized when it is probable that the performance target will be achieved and

should represent the compensation cost attributable to the period for which the requisite service has already been rendered. If the performance target becomes probable of being achieved before the end of the requisite service period, the remaining unrecognized compensation cost should be recognized prospectively over the remaining requisite service period. The total amount of compensation cost recognized during and after the requisite service period should reflect the number of awards that are expected to vest and should be adjusted to reflect those awards that ultimately vest. The amendments are effective for annual and interim periods beginning after January 1, 2016. The Company does not expect the application of this guidance to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

**PATRIOT NATIONAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY**

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Unaudited)**

ASU No. 2014-04, “*Receivables – Troubled Debt Restructuring by Creditors (Subtopic 310-40): Reclassification of Residential Real Estate Collateralized Consumer Mortgage Loans Upon Foreclosure*,” was issued to clarify that when an in substance repossession or foreclosure occurs, a creditor is considered to have received physical possession of residential real estate property collateralizing a consumer mortgage loan, upon either (1) the creditor obtaining legal title to the residential real estate property upon completion of a foreclosure or (2) the borrower conveying all interest in the residential real estate property to the creditor to satisfy that loan through completion of a deed in lieu of foreclosure or through a similar legal agreement. Additionally, the amendments require interim and annual disclosure of both (1) the amount of foreclosed residential real estate property held by the creditor and (2) the recorded investment in consumer mortgage loans collateralized by residential real estate property that are in the process of foreclosure according to local requirements of the applicable jurisdiction. ASU 2014-04 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2014. The application of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

*Item 2: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*

**"SAFE HARBOR" STATEMENT UNDER PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995**

Certain statements contained in the Company's public statements, including this one, and in particular in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," may be forward looking and subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties. These factors include, but are not limited to: (1) changes in prevailing interest rates which would affect the interest earned on the Company's interest earning assets and the interest paid on its interest bearing liabilities; (2) the timing of repricing of the Company's interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities; (3) the effect of changes in governmental monetary policy; (4) the effect of changes in regulations applicable to the Company and the Bank and the conduct of its business; (5) changes in competition among financial service companies, including possible further encroachment of non-banks on services traditionally provided by banks; (6) the ability of competitors that are larger than the Company to provide products and services which it is impracticable for the Company to provide; (7) the state of the economy and real estate values in the Company's market areas, and the consequent effect on the quality of the Company's loans; (8) recent governmental initiatives that are expected to have a profound effect on the financial services industry and could dramatically change the competitive environment of the Company; (9) other legislative or regulatory changes, including those related to residential mortgages, changes in accounting standards, and Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") premiums that may adversely affect the Company; (10) the application of generally accepted accounting principles, consistently applied; (11) the fact that one period of reported results may not be indicative of future periods; (12) the state of the economy in the greater New York metropolitan area and its particular effect on the Company's customers, vendors and communities and other such factors, including risk factors, as may be described in the Company's other filings with the SEC.

Although the Company believes that it offers the loan and deposit products and has the resources needed for continued success, future revenues and interest spreads and yields cannot be reliably predicted. These trends may cause the Company to adjust its operations in the future. Because of the foregoing and other factors, recent trends should not be considered reliable indicators of future financial results or stock prices.

**CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and to disclose contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Management has identified the accounting for the allowance for loan losses, the analysis and valuation of its investment securities and the valuation of deferred tax assets, as the Company's most critical accounting policies and estimates in that they are important to the portrayal of the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

They require management's most subjective and complex judgment as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. These accounting policies, including the nature of the estimates and types of assumptions used, are described throughout this Management's Discussion and Analysis.

## Summary

The Company reported net income for the third quarter of 2015 of \$633,000 (\$0.16 basic and diluted income per share) compared to net income of \$17.3 million (\$4.48 basic and \$4.45 diluted income per share) for the quarter ended September 30, 2014. In the third quarter of 2014, the Company reversed the valuation allowance on its deferred tax assets and recognized a \$16.8 million benefit to tax expense. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company reported net income of \$1.6 million (\$0.42 basic and \$0.41 diluted income per share) compared to net income of \$18.1 million (\$4.70 basic and \$4.66 diluted income per share) for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. On a pre-tax basis, the Company earned \$1.1 million and \$2.7 million, respectively, for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015. The pre-tax earnings represent increases of \$604,000, or 135%, and \$1.4 million, or 108%, over the comparable three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014. The Company did not recognize income tax expense in the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014. After the Company reversed the valuation allowance in September 2014, it subsequently began to recognize income tax expense.

Total assets increased \$8.1 million, or 1.3%, from \$632.6 million at December 31, 2014 to \$640.7 million at September 30, 2015.

Cash and cash equivalents decreased \$14.0 million from \$73.3 million at December 31, 2014 to \$59.3 million at September 30, 2015.

The net loan portfolio increased \$19.1 million, or 4.0%, from \$472.0 million at December 31, 2014 to \$491.1 million at September 30, 2015.

Premises and equipment, net increased by \$6.8 million. The increase was primarily due to \$5.5 million in owned premises, including the purchase of a branch property previously leased and the construction of a new branch in a town where the Company has leased space historically. Equipment increased by \$1.1 million, net of depreciation and dispositions, as the Company invested in its network infrastructure, its website and communications-related technology. The additional increase was in net furniture and fixtures, as the Company donated the furniture from its leased headquarters and purchased furniture for the headquarters it moved into in an owned branch facility that was renovated.

Total liabilities increased \$5.9 million from \$573.9 million at December 31, 2014 to \$579.8 million at September 30, 2015.

Deposits increased \$3.4 million from \$443.0 million at December 31, 2014 to \$446.4 million at September 30, 2015. Reflective of the Company's efforts to decrease funding costs, non-interest bearing deposits increased \$11.6 million, and interest bearing deposits decreased \$8.2 million.

The Company executed a note payable for \$2.0 million for the purchase of the Fairfield branch.



Equity increased \$2.2 million from \$58.7 million at December 31, 2014 to \$60.9 million at September 30, 2015 due to net income of \$1.6 million, a decrease of \$210,000 in net unrealized loss on securities, and equity compensation of \$340,000.

## **FINANCIAL CONDITION**

### *Cash and Cash Equivalents*

Cash and cash equivalents decreased \$14.0 million, or 19.0%, to \$59.3 million at September 30, 2015 compared to \$73.3 million at December 31, 2014. The decrease was primarily due to an increase in net loans of \$19.1 million.

**Investments**

The following table is a summary of the Company's available-for-sale securities portfolio, at fair value, at the dates shown:

<i>(dollars in thousands)</i>	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	Inc/ (Dec)	Inc/(Dec) %	
U.S. Government Agency bonds	\$ 7,501	\$ 7,409	\$92	1.2	%
U.S. Government Agency mortgage-backed securities	14,202	17,337	(3,135)	(18.1	)
Corporate bonds	9,016	8,936	80	0.9	
Total Available-for-Sale Securities	\$ 30,719	\$ 33,682	\$(2,963)	(8.8%	)

Available-for-sale securities decreased \$3.0 million, or 8.8%, from \$33.7 million at December 31, 2014 to \$30.7 million at September 30, 2015. This decrease was primarily due to principal pay downs of \$3.2 million and premium amortization of \$155,000 on mortgage backed securities partially offset by a decrease of \$343,000 in gross unrealized security losses. At September 30, 2015, both government sponsored agency bonds are at a gain, which is a strong improvement compared to the unrealized loss position of \$71,000 at June 30, 2015.

**Loans**

The following table is a summary of the Company's loan portfolio at the dates shown:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	Inc (Dec)	Inc/(Dec) %	
Commercial	\$ 61,184	\$ 53,973	\$ 7,211	13.4	%
Commercial Real Estate	273,715	254,505	19,210	7.5	
Construction	12,386	3,096	9,290	300.1	
Construction to permanent	10,669	10,627	42	0.4	
Residential	91,378	108,543	(17,165)	(15.8	)
Consumer	46,982	46,164	818	1.8	
Total Loans	496,314	476,908	19,406	4.1	
Allowance for loan losses	(5,240 )	(4,924 )	316	6.4	
Loans receivable, net	\$ 491,074	\$ 471,984	\$ 19,090	4.0	%

The Company's net loan portfolio increased \$19.1 million, or 4.0%, from \$472.0 million at December 31, 2014 to \$491.1 million at September 30, 2015. The increase was primarily due to loan originations in commercial, commercial real estate and construction loans. The Company exited the residential mortgage business in 2013 and does not aggressively market consumer loans.

At September 30, 2015, the net loan to deposit ratio was 110% and the net loan to total assets ratio was 77%. At December 31, 2014, these ratios were 107% and 75%, respectively.

**Allowance for Loan Losses**

The allowance for loan losses increased \$316,000, from December 31, 2014 to September 30, 2015 due to a provision of \$250,000 and net recoveries during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 of \$66,000. The allowance increase was due to the increased loan balances and not deterioration in the credit quality of the loan portfolio.

The changes in the allowance for loan losses for the periods shown are as follows:

<i>(dollars in thousands)</i>	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014
Balance at beginning of period	\$5,208	\$ 5,214	\$4,924	\$ 5,681
(Charge-offs)	(11 )	(326 )	(21 )	(828 )
Recoveries	43	25	87	60
Net Recoveries (Charge-offs)	32	(301 )	66	(768 )
Provision for loan losses	-	-	250	-
Balance at end of period	\$5,240	\$ 4,913	\$5,240	\$ 4,913
Annualized net (recoveries) charge-offs during the period to average loans outstanding	(0.03%)	0.29 %	(0.02%)	0.25 %
Ratio of ALL / Gross Loans	1.06 %	1.06 %	1.06 %	1.06 %
Ratio of ALL / Non-accrual loans	1368.2 %	55.7 %	1368.2 %	55.7 %

Based upon the overall assessment and evaluation of the loan portfolio, management believes the allowance for loan losses of \$5.2 million, at September 30, 2015, which represents 1.06% of gross loans outstanding, is adequate under prevailing economic conditions to absorb existing losses in the loan portfolio.

### ***Non-Accrual, Past Due and Restructured Loans***

The following table presents non-accruing loans and loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing:

<i>(dollars in thousands)</i>	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Loans past due over 90 days and still accruing	\$ 3,300	\$ 1,832
Non-accruing loans	383	866
Total	\$ 3,683	\$ 2,698

% of Total Loans	0.74	%	0.57	%
% of Total Assets	0.57	%	0.43	%

The \$383,000 of non-accrual loans at September 30, 2015 is comprised of 2 loans, for which a specific reserve of \$3,000 has been established. In all cases, the Company has obtained appraisal reports from independent licensed appraisal firms and discounted those values for estimated selling costs to determine estimated impairment.

The \$866,000 of non-accrual loans at December 31, 2014 was comprised of 4 loans, for which a specific reserve of \$7,000 had been established. Subsequent to year end 2014, one loan of \$7,000 which was fully reserved for was charged off and another loan of \$339,000 was paid off.

***Other Real Estate Owned***

There was no real estate owned at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014. During 2014, one OREO property was foreclosed in February, and subsequently sold in May.

***Deferred Taxes***

Deferred tax assets decreased \$1.0 million from \$14.9 million at December 31, 2014 to \$13.9 million at September 30, 2015. This decrease was primarily due to the utilization of net operating loss carry forwards applied to the tax liability on current year taxable income, in addition to a reduction in the deferred taxes on net unrealized security losses.

The Company will continue to evaluate its ability to realize its net deferred tax asset. If future evidence suggests that it is more likely than not that a portion of the deferred tax asset will not be realized, the valuation allowance may be increased.

***Deposits***

The following table is a summary of the Company's deposits at the dates shown:

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	Inc/(Dec)	Inc/(Dec)%	
<i>(dollars in thousands)</i>					
Non-interest bearing	\$ 75,011	\$ 63,398	\$ 11,613	18.3	%
Interest bearing					
NOW	30,771	26,269	4,502	17.1	
Savings	101,061	93,790	7,271	7.8	
Money market	22,029	24,650	(2,621 )	(10.6 )	
Time certificates, less than \$100,000	86,992	106,340	(19,348 )	(18.2 )	
Time certificates, \$100,000 or more	82,449	97,876	(15,427 )	(15.8 )	
Brokered Deposits	48,127	30,710	17,417	56.7	
Total interest bearing	371,429	379,635	(8,206 )	(2.2 )	
Total Deposits	\$ 446,440	\$ 443,033	\$ 3,407	0.8	%

Deposits increased \$3.4 million from \$443.0 million at December 31, 2014 to \$446.4 million at September 30, 2015. This increase was primarily due to increases in brokered deposits of \$17.4 million, non-interest bearing deposits of \$11.6 million and savings and NOW deposits of \$11.8 million offset by a decrease in time and money market deposit balances of \$37.4 million. The weighted average interest rates on the Company's incremental Brokered Deposits were less than that on Time Certificates which have rolled off. Because of this and increased non-interest bearing deposits, the Company has been able to reduce its cost of funds.

### ***Borrowings***

Total borrowings were \$128.2 million at September 30, 2015 and were comprised of \$120.0 million in Federal Home Loan Bank (“FHLB”) advances and \$8.2 million in junior subordinated debentures.

The FHLB advances had a weighted average rate of 0.43%. All had remaining maturities of less than six months.

The subordinated debentures of \$8.2 million are unsecured obligations of the Company and are subordinate and junior in right of payment to all present and future senior indebtedness of the Company. These obligations qualify as Tier 1 capital. The Company has entered into a guarantee, which together with its obligations under the subordinated debentures and the declaration of trust governing the Trust provides a full and unconditional guarantee of the capital securities. The subordinated debentures, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 3.15% (3.48% at September 30, 2015) mature on March 26, 2033. Beginning in the second quarter of 2009, the Company deferred quarterly interest payments on the subordinated debentures for 20 consecutive quarters as permitted under the terms of the debentures. Interest was still being accrued and charged to operations. The Company made a payment of approximately \$1.6 million in June 2014, and brought the debt current as of that date. Interest payments have subsequently been deferred at the Company’s option, however, interest expense continued to be recorded and interest owed was \$356,000 at September 30, 2015.

The trust has an early redemption feature at the Company’s option exercisable on a quarterly basis.

In the third quarter of 2015, the Company entered into note payable in amount of \$2.0 million for purchase of its Fairfield branch which was formally leased. The note has a ten-year term and bears interest at a fixed rate of 1.75%.

### ***Equity***

Equity increased \$2.2 million from \$58.7 million at December 31, 2014 to \$60.9 million at September 30, 2015 due to net income of \$1.6 million, a decrease of \$210,000 in net unrealized loss on securities, and equity compensation of \$340,000.



*Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements*

The Company's off-balance sheet arrangements, which primarily consist of commitments to lend, decreased by \$3.5 million from \$84.5 million at December 31, 2014 to \$81.0 million at September 30, 2015.

**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS****Net Interest Income**

The following table presents average balance sheets (daily averages), interest income, interest expense and the corresponding yields earned and rates paid:

	Three months ended September 30,							
	2015				2014			
	Average Balance	Interest Income/ Expense	Average Rate	%	Average Balance	Interest Income/ Expense	Average Rate	%
	<i>(dollars in thousands)</i>							
Interest earning assets:								
Loans	\$489,164	\$ 5,879	4.77	%	\$418,726	\$ 4,792	4.54	%
Investments	44,249	200	1.79	%	45,568	171	1.49	%
Interest bearing deposits in banks	54,819	30	0.22	%	39,583	14	0.14	%
Total interest earning assets	588,232	6,109	4.12	%	503,877	4,977	3.92	%
Cash and due from banks	2,632				1,922			
Premises and equipment, net	26,178				16,751			
Allowance for loan losses	(5,211 )				(5,488 )			
Other assets	17,057				27,630			
Total Assets	\$628,888				\$544,692			
Interest bearing liabilities:								
Deposits	\$380,769	\$ 498	0.52	%	\$357,792	\$ 579	0.64	%
FHLB advances	100,217	90	0.36	%	73,304	41	0.22	%
Subordinated debt	8,248	74	3.56	%	8,248	71	3.42	%
Note Payable	131	3	1.75	%	-	-	-	%
Total interest bearing liabilities	489,365	665	0.54	%	439,344	691	0.62	%
Demand deposits	75,337				58,885			
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	3,406				2,572			
Shareholders' equity	60,780				43,891			
Total liabilities and equity	\$628,888				\$544,692			
Net interest income		\$ 5,444				\$ 4,286		
Interest margin			3.67	%			3.37	%
Interest spread			3.58	%			3.30	%



	Nine months ended September 30,							
	2015				2014			
	Average	Interest	Average		Average	Interest	Average	
	Balance	Income/ Expense	Rate		Balance	Income/ Expense	Rate	
	<i>(dollars in thousands)</i>							
Interest earning assets:								
Loans	\$495,006	\$17,349	4.69	%	\$416,200	\$14,150	4.55	%
Investments	45,301	552	1.63	%	46,417	522	1.50	%
Interest bearing deposits in banks	48,080	76	0.21	%	38,992	40	0.14	%
Total interest earning assets	588,387	17,977	4.08	%	501,609	14,712	3.92	%
Cash and due from banks	2,611				1,917			
Premises and equipment, net	24,212				15,866			
Allowance for loan losses	(5,116 )				(5,553 )			
Other assets	17,402				26,716			
Total Assets	\$627,496				\$540,555			
Interest bearing liabilities:								
Deposits	\$379,466	\$1,540	0.54	%	\$365,578	\$1,823	0.67	%
FHLB advances	107,033	246	0.31	%	64,154	107	0.22	%
Subordinated debt	8,248	218	3.53	%	8,248	353	5.72	%
Note Payable	44	3	1.75	%	-	-	-	%
Total interest bearing liabilities	494,791	2,007	0.54	%	437,980	2,283	0.70	%
Demand deposits	69,669				56,104			
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	3,018				3,323			
Shareholders' equity	60,018				43,148			
Total liabilities and equity	\$627,496				\$540,555			
Net interest income		\$15,970				\$12,429		
Interest margin			3.63	%			3.31	%
Interest spread			3.54	%			3.22	%

The following table presents the dollar amount of changes in interest income and interest expense for the major categories of our interest-bearing assets and interest-bearing liabilities:

	Three months ended September 30, 2015 vs 2014			Nine months ended September 30, 2015 vs 2014		
	Increase (decrease) due to change in			Increase (decrease) due to change in:		
	Volume	Rate	Total	Volume	Rate	Total
<i>(dollars in thousands)</i>						
Interest earning assets:						
Loans	\$835	\$252	\$1,087	\$2,750	\$449	\$3,199
Investments	(5 )	34	29	(8 )	38	30
Interest bearing deposits in banks	7	9	16	11	25	36
Total interest earning assets	837	295	1,132	2,753	512	3,265
Interest bearing liabilities:						
Deposits	\$40	\$(121)	\$(81 )	\$53	\$(336)	\$(283 )
FHLB advances	20	29	49	87	52	139
Subordinated debt	-	3	3	-	(135)	(135 )
Note Payable	3	-	3	3	-	3
Total interest bearing liabilities	63	(89 )	(26 )	143	(419)	(276 )

For the quarter ended September 30, 2015, net interest income was \$5.4 million, an increase of \$1.1 million or 26% from net interest income of \$4.3 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2014. Interest income increased \$1.1 million and interest expense decreased \$26,000.

The interest income increase was primarily due to an increase in average loan balances of \$70.4 million, which contributed \$835,000 of the increase. Improvement in average loan yields to 4.77% from 4.54% contributed additional interest income of \$252,000.

The interest expense reduction of \$26,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2015 consisted of a decrease in deposit interest expense of \$81,000 which was partially offset by an increase in subordinated debt and other borrowings interest expense of \$3,000 and \$52,000, respectively.

The decrease in interest expense on deposits was primarily due to maturity and roll off of higher rate time deposits and replacement of these with lower rate deposit products. The total quarterly cost of deposits decreased from 0.64% in the quarter ended September 30, 2014 to 0.52% in quarter ended September 30, 2015.

Interest expense on FHLB borrowings increased due to higher average borrowings of \$26.9 million to fund loan growth, in addition to an increase in the average rate of FHLB borrowings.

The Company entered into a note payable for the purchase of its Fairfield property during the third quarter, generating additional interest expense of \$3,000.

Net interest margin for the quarter ended September 30, 2015 was 3.67% as compared to 3.37% for the quarter ended September 30, 2014. The increase in margin was primarily due to an increase of \$34.3 million in average net interest earning assets, increased asset yields and a decrease in the Company's total funding rate.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, net interest income was \$16.0 million, an increase of \$3.6 million or 29% from net interest income of \$12.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. Interest income increased \$3.3 million and interest expense decreased \$276,000.

The interest income increase was primarily due to an increase in average loan balances of \$78.8 million, which accounted for \$2.8 million of the interest income increase. Improvement in average loan yields to 4.69% from 4.55% contributed additional interest income of \$449,000.

The interest expense reduction of \$276,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 included decreases in deposit and subordinated debt interest expense of \$283,000 and \$135,000 respectively, partially offset by an increase in interest expense on borrowings of \$142,000.

The decrease in interest expense on deposits was primarily due to maturity and roll off of higher rate time deposits and replacement of these with lower rate deposit products. The total cost of deposits decreased from 0.67% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to 0.54% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

The decrease in interest expense on subordinated debt was primarily due to increased interest expense of \$117,000 in 2014 for an adjustment related to prior years.

Interest expense on FHLB borrowings increased due to higher average borrowings of \$42.9 million due to the increase in loans, in addition to an increase in average borrowing rate.

The Company entered into a note payable for the purchase of its Fairfield property during the third quarter, generating additional interest expense of \$3,000.

Net interest margin for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was 3.63% as compared to 3.31% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The increase in margin was primarily due to an increase of \$30.0 million in net average interest earning assets, increased asset yields and a decrease in the Company's total funding rate.

### ***Provision for Loan Losses***

No addition to the allowance for loan losses was recorded in the quarter ended September 30, 2015. Provision for loan losses of \$250,000 was recorded in the quarter ended March 31, 2015, based on management's evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses. This increase was due to significant growth in loan balances, not deterioration in asset quality. The lack of additional provision recorded during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was primarily due to the continued improvement in credit conditions and an improvement in the impact of the qualitative factors used in the calculation of the allowance for loan losses. No additional provision for loan losses was recorded in 2014.

An analysis of the changes in the allowance for loan losses is presented under "Allowance for Loan Losses."

*Non-interest income*

Non-interest income decreased \$225,000 from \$587,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 to \$362,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2015. Decrease in Bank Owned Life Insurance (“BOLI”) income due to liquidation of the Company's BOLI policies in December 2014 was responsible for \$116,000 of the decrease. Deposit fees decreased \$102,000 primarily due to lower overdraft fees. The noted decreases were partially offset by an increase in rental income.



Non-interest income decreased \$596,000 from \$1.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$1.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. Decrease in BOLI income was responsible for \$353,000 of the decrease. Deposit fees decreased \$233,000 primarily due to lower overdraft fees.

### *Non-interest expense*

Non-interest expense increased \$329,000 or 7.4%, from \$4.4 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 to \$4.8 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2015. Advertising and promotional expenses increased \$268,000 primarily due to rebranding expenses of \$250,000 as Patriot changed its name and the strategic approach to the way it provides value to its customers, community, and the market place. The quarter ended September 2015 also includes an \$117,000 non-cash charge associated with the abandonment of leasehold improvements in conjunction with the purchase of the Company's Fairfield branch building. These expenses are one-time charges and are not expected to reoccur. Salaries and benefits increased \$155,000 primarily due to personnel increases to support the Company's continued growth. Other increases were related to the Company's initiatives including employee training, strengthening of the information technology infrastructure, moving costs and facility and equipment upgrades. These increases were partially offset by a reduction in regulatory assessments of \$93,000 primarily due to ratings upgrades received in September 2014 from the Company's regulators.

Non-interest expense increased \$1.3 million, or 10.1%, from \$12.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$14.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. Salaries and benefits increased \$947,000 primarily due to the previously noted increase in personnel. Advertising and promotional expenses increased \$331,000 primarily due to one-time rebranding expenses for the Bank name change. Other expense increases were due to previously noted initiatives in addition to expenses incurred for the reverse stock split. These increases were partially offset by reduction of \$249,000 for regulatory assessments.

### **Liquidity**

The Company's liquidity ratio was 13.14% at September 30, 2015 compared to 15.6% at December 31, 2014. The liquidity ratio is defined as the percentage of liquid assets to total assets. The following categories of assets, as described in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, are considered liquid assets: cash and due from banks, federal funds sold, short-term investments and unpledged available-for-sale securities. Liquidity is a measure of the Company's ability to generate adequate cash to meet financial obligations. The principal cash requirements of a financial institution are to cover downward fluctuations in deposit accounts and increases in its loan portfolio. Management believes the Company's short-term assets provide sufficient liquidity to satisfy loan demand, cover

potential fluctuations in deposit accounts and to meet other anticipated and unanticipated cash requirements.

**Capital**

The following table illustrates the Company's regulatory capital ratios at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 respectively:

	September 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
Tier 1 Leverage Capital	9.47	%	9.62	%
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	9.83	%	-	
Tier 1 Risk-based Capital	11.39	%	12.98	%
Total Risk-based Capital	12.41	%	14.08	%

The following table illustrates the Bank's regulatory capital ratios at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 respectively:

	September 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
Tier 1 Leverage Capital	9.52	%	9.63	%
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	11.48	%	-	
Tier 1 Risk-based Capital	11.48	%	12.98	%
Total Risk-based Capital	12.51	%	14.08	%

The implementation of the Basel III final framework commenced on January 1, 2015, for both the Company and the Bank. The new regulations have changed the ratio calculations, resulting in an initial decline upon adoption. Amongst other provisions, Basel III increased some asset risk weightings, introduced a new capital measure "Common Equity Tier 1" and will increase capital ratio requirements during a phase in period from January 1, 2015 to January 1, 2019. The minimum required ratios per Basel III for 2015 and 2019 are:

	January 01, 2015		January 01, 2019	
Tier 1 Leverage Capital	4.00	%	4.00	%
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	4.50	%	7.00	%

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Tier 1 Risk-based Capital	6.00	%	8.50	%
Total Risk-based Capital	8.00	%	10.50	%

Both the Company's and the Bank's current capital ratios exceed the fully phased in minimum capital ratios of Basel III.

## **IMPACT OF INFLATION AND CHANGING PRICES**

The Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared in terms of historical dollars, without considering changes in the relative purchasing power of money over time due to inflation. Unlike most industrial companies, virtually all of the assets and liabilities of a financial institution are monetary in nature. As a result, interest rates have a more significant impact on a financial institution's performance than the effect of general levels of inflation. Interest rates do not necessarily move in the same direction or with the same magnitude as the prices of goods and services. Notwithstanding this, inflation can directly affect the value of loan collateral, in particular, real estate. Inflation, deflation or disinflation could significantly affect the Company's earnings in future periods.

## **MANAGEMENT CHANGES**

There were no changes in executive management during the quarter.

### ***Item 3: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk***

Market risk is defined as the sensitivity of income to fluctuations in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices, commodity prices and other market-driven rates or prices. The Company's market risk is primarily limited to interest rate risk.

The Company's goal is to maximize long term profitability while minimizing its exposure to interest rate fluctuations. The first priority is to structure and price the Company's assets and liabilities to maintain an acceptable interest rate spread while reducing the net effect of changes in interest rates. In order to accomplish this, the focus is on maintaining a proper balance between the timing and volume of assets and liabilities re-pricing. One method of achieving this balance is to originate variable rate loans for the portfolio and purchase short-term investments to offset the increasing short term re-pricing of the liability side of the balance sheet. In fact, a number of the interest-bearing deposit products have no contractual maturity. Therefore, deposit balances may run off unexpectedly due to changing market conditions. Additionally, loans and investments with longer term rate adjustment frequencies can be matched against longer term deposits and borrowings to lock in a desirable spread.

The exposure to interest rate risk is monitored by the Management Asset and Liability Committee consisting of senior management personnel. The Committee reviews the interrelationships within the balance sheet to maximize net interest income within acceptable levels of risk. This Committee reports to the Board of Directors. In addition to the Management Asset and Liability Committee, there is a Board Asset and Liability Committee (“ALCO”), which meets at least quarterly. ALCO monitors the interest rate risk analyses, reviews investment transactions during the period and determines compliance with the Company, ALCO and Liquidity policies.

Management analyzes the Company’s interest rate sensitivity position to manage the risk associated with interest rate movements through the use of interest income simulation and GAP analysis. The matching of assets and liabilities may be analyzed by examining the extent to which such assets and liabilities are “interest sensitive.” An asset or liability is said to be interest sensitive within a specific time period if it will mature or reprice within that time period.

Management’s goal is to manage asset and liability positions to moderate the effects of interest rate fluctuations on net interest income. Interest income simulations are completed quarterly and presented to ALCO. The simulations provide an estimate of the impact of changes in interest rates on net interest income under a range of assumptions. Changes to these assumptions can significantly affect the results of the simulations. The simulation incorporates assumptions regarding the potential timing in the repricing of certain assets and liabilities when market rates change and the changes in spreads between different market rates.

Simulation analysis is only an estimate of the Company's interest rate risk exposure at a particular point in time. Management regularly reviews the potential effect changes in interest rates could have on the repayment of rate sensitive assets and funding requirements of rate sensitive liabilities.

The table below sets forth examples of changes in estimated net interest income and the estimated net portfolio value based on projected scenarios of interest rate increases and decreases. The analyses indicate the rate risk embedded in the Company's portfolio at the dates indicated should all interest rates instantaneously rise or fall. The results of these changes are added to or subtracted from the base case; however, there are certain limitations to these types of analyses. Rate changes are rarely instantaneous and these analyses may therefore overstate the impact of short-term repricings. As a result of the historically low interest rate environment, the calculated effects of the 100 and 200 basis point downward shocks cannot absolutely reflect the risk to earnings and equity since the interest rates on certain balance sheet items have approached their minimums and therefore, it is not possible for the analyses to fully measure the true impact of these downward shocks.

### Net Interest Income and Economic Value Summary Performance

(dollars in thousands)

Projected Interest Rate Scenario	September 30, 2015 Net Interest Income				Net Portfolio Value		
	Estimated	\$	%		Estimated	\$	%
	Value	Change	Change		Value	Change	Change
		from	from		from	from	
		Base	Base		Base	Base	
+ 200	21,710	585	2.8	%	79,056	(4,006 )	(4.82%)
+ 100	21,479	354	1.7	%	80,901	(2,161 )	(2.60%)
BASE	21,125	-	-		83,062	-	-
- 100	21,604	479	2.3	%	88,616	5,554	6.7 %
- 200	21,496	371	1.8	%	93,140	10,078	12.1 %

Projected Interest Rate Scenario	December 31, 2014 Net Interest Income				Net Portfolio Value		
	Estimated	Change	%		Estimated	Change	%
	Value	from	from		Value	from	from
		Base	Base		Base	Base	
+ 200	19,986	(104 )	(0.52%)		74,830	(8,854 )	(10.58%)
+ 100	20,152	62	0.3	%	79,390	(4,294 )	(5.13% )
BASE	20,090	-	-		83,684	-	-
- 100	20,552	462	2.3	%	91,063	7,379	8.8 %
- 200	20,408	318	1.6	%	95,939	12,255	14.6 %





***Item 4: Controls and Procedures***

Based on an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures performed by the Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures have been effective.

As used herein, "disclosure controls and procedures" means controls and other procedures of the Company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There were no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation described in the preceding paragraph that occurred during the Company's fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2015 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

### *Item 1: Legal Proceedings*

Neither the Company nor the Bank has any pending legal proceedings, other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to its business, to which the Company or the Bank is a party or any of its property is subject.

### *Item 1A: Risk Factors*

During the three months ended September 30, 2015, there were no material changes to the risk factors relevant to the Company's operations, which are described in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

### *Item 6: Exhibits*

<u>No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
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3(i)	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation of Patriot National Bancorp Inc.(incorporated by (C) reference to Exhibit 3(i) to the Company's current report Form 8-K dated October 21, 2010).
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3(ii)	Amended and Restated By-laws of Bancorp (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(ii) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 1, 2010 (Commission File No. 000-29599))
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10(a)	2012 Stock Plan of Bancorp (incorporated by reference from Annex A to the Proxy Statement on Form 14C
(2)	filed November 1, 2011).

10(a)(15)	Formal Written Agreement between Patriot National Bank and the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(a)(15) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 9, 2009 (Commission File No. 000-29599)).
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- 10(a) Termination of Formal Written Agreement between Patriot National Bank and the Office of the Comptroller of  
(21) the Currency (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(a)(21) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 3, 2014 (Commission File No. 000-29599)).
- 10(a) Formal Written Agreement between Patriot National Bank and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York  
(16) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(a)(16) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 (Commission File No. 000-29599)).
- 10(a) Termination of Formal Written Agreement between Patriot National Bank and the Federal Reserve Bank of  
(22) New York (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(a)(22) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 27, 2015 (Commission File No. 000-29599)).
- 10(a) Amended Financial Services Agreement, (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(a) (20) to the Company's  
(20) Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 (Commission File No. 000-29599)).

No. Description

14 Code of Conduct for Senior Financial Officers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 14 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10 -KSB for the year ended December 31, 2004 (Commission File No. 000-29599)

21 Subsidiaries of Bancorp (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 21 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 1999 (Commission File No. 000-29599)).

31(1)Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer

31(2)Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer

32Section 1350 Certifications

101.INS#XBRL Instance Document

101.SCH#XBRL Schema Document

101.CAL#XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document

101.LAB#XBRL Labels Linkbase Document

101.PRE#XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document

101.DEF#XBRL Definition Linkbase Document

**SIGNATURES**

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Patriot National Bancorp, inc.  
(Registrant)

By: /s/ Christina L. Maier  
Christina L. Maier  
Executive Vice President  
Chief Financial Officer

(On behalf of the registrant and as  
Chief Financial Officer)

November 13, 2015