MOVE INC Form 10-K February 18, 2011

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# Form 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number: 000-26659

# Move, Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware 95-4438337 (State or Other Jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

910 East Hamilton Avenue 95008 Campbell, California (Zip Code)

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code:

(805) 557-2300

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered

Common Stock, par value \$.001 per share

The NASDAQ Stock Market
Warrants to purchase Common Stock, par value \$.001 per share

The NASDAQ Stock Market

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes o No b Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes o No b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes o No o

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer o Accelerated Filer b Non-Accelerated Filer o Smaller reporting company o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No þ

Aggregate market value of voting common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of June 30, 2010*	\$199,782,234
Number of shares of common stock outstanding as of February 14, 2011	158,541,181

\* Based on the closing price of the common stock of \$2.05 per share on that date, as reported on The NASDAQ Stock Market and, for purposes of this computation only, the assumption that all of the registrant's directors, executive officers and beneficial owners of 10% or more of the registrant's common stock are affiliates.

### DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

In accordance with General Instruction G(3) to Form 10-K, certain information in the registrant's definitive proxy statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission relating to the registrant's 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders is incorporated by reference into Part III.

#### MOVE, INC.

# FORM 10-K For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2010

#### **INDEX**

		Page
PART I		
Item 1.	Business	3
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	8
Item 1B.	Unresolved Staff Comments	17
Item 2.	Properties	17
Item 3.	Legal Proceedings	17
Item 4.	Reserved	18
PART II		
Item 5.	Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases	
	of Equity Securities	19
Item 6.	Selected Financial Data	21
Item 7.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	23
Item 7A.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	38
Item 8.	Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	39
Item 9.	Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure	76
Item 9A.	Controls and Procedures	76
Item 9B.	Other Information	79
PART III		
Item 10.	Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance	79
Item 11.	Executive Compensation	79
Item 12.	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder	
	Matters	79
Item 13.	Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence	79
Item 14.	Principal Accounting Fees and Services	79
PART IV		
Item 15.	Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules	80
SIGNATURES		87

This Annual Report on Form 10-K and the documents incorporated herein by reference contain forward-looking statements based on our current expectations, estimates and projections about our industry, beliefs, and certain assumptions made by us. Words such as "believes," "anticipates," "estimates," "expects," "projections," "may," "potential," "plan," "continue" and words of similar import constitute "forward-looking statements contained in this report involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results to be materially different from those expressed or implied by these statements. These factors include those listed under "Risk Factors," "Business," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and elsewhere in this Form 10-K, and the other documents we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including our reports on Form 8-K and Form 10-Q, and any amendments thereto. Other unknown or unpredictable factors also could have material adverse effects on our future results. The forward-looking statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K are made only as of the date of this Annual Report. We cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. Accordingly, you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Finally, we expressly disclaim any intent or obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect

4				
subsequent	evente	$\alpha$ r	CITCHI	netancee

#### PART I

Item 1. Business.

#### **OVERVIEW**

Move, Inc. and its subsidiaries ("Move", "we", "our" or "us") operate an online network of web sites for real estate search, finance, moving and home enthusiasts and provide an important resource for consumers seeking the online information and connections they need regarding real estate. Our flagship consumer web sites are REALTOR.com®, Move.com and Moving.com. Through our newly acquired ListHub business, we are an online real estate listing syndicator and provider of advanced performance reporting solutions for the purpose of helping to drive an effective online advertising program for brokers, real estate franchises, and individual agents. In December 2010, the MortgageMatch.com website was launched which leverages an online consumer-facing decision and pricing engine designed to allow potential buyers to explore their mortgage options in real time and provides qualified buyers with an electronic pre-qualification letter. We also provide lead management software for real estate agents and brokers through our Top Producer® business.

On our web sites, we display comprehensive real estate property content, with over four million resale, new home and rental listings, as well as extensive move-related information and tools. We hold the leadership position in terms of web traffic and minutes, attracting an average of 11.1 million consumers to our network per month and 224 million minutes per month in 2010 according to comScore Media Metrix, a substantial lead over the next leading real estate site. We also have strong relationships with the real estate industry, including content agreements with approximately 900 Multiple Listing Services ("MLS") across the country and exclusive partnerships with the National Association of REALTORS® ("NAR") and the National Association of Home Builders ("NAHB").

Our vision is to win the hearts and minds of our consumers, customers, and business partners. Move's mission is to connect consumers and real estate professionals to facilitate transactions. In order to do this, we need to lay a platform foundation that includes 3rd party data aggregation from others, robust search capabilities and new core technology platforms to capture user data and provide an engaging user experience. Today, we provide the most up-to-date for sale property listings information among all content aggregators on the web, with more than 75% of the listings updated every 15 minutes. Our property listings are coupled with rich, timely neighborhood information including school data, demographics and crime statistics. In addition, we capture similar information on the approximately 100 million properties that are not for sale. We also provide information about home values, mortgage options, moving solutions and topical data as part of our blogs.

We generate a substantial majority of our revenue from selling advertising and marketing solutions to real estate industry participants, including real estate agents, brokers, and rental property owners, as well as to other local and national advertisers interested in reaching our consumer audience. Most of our revenue is derived from subscription-based services that allow our customers to easily budget for our services. Our sales force consists of a combination of internal phone-based account executives and field sales personnel.

We were incorporated in the State of Delaware in 1993 under the name of InfoTouch Corporation. In February 1999, we changed our corporate name to Homestore.com, Inc. In May 2002, we changed our name to Homestore, Inc. In June 2006, we changed our name to Move, Inc. See Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" for a further description of our history. Our corporate headquarters are located in Campbell, California. Our phone number is (805) 557-2300.

#### PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

### REALTOR.com®

The REALTOR.com® web site offers consumers a comprehensive suite of services, tools and content for all aspects of the residential real estate transaction. We display on REALTOR.com® listing content received from approximately 900 MLSs across the United States, resulting in a searchable database of approximately four million existing properties for sale. Over three-quarters of our listings are updated every fifteen minutes providing the

most comprehensive and timely content currently available among all property listing content aggregators on the Internet. In addition, our searchable database contains approximately 100 million properties that are not for sale, recently sold, newly constructed or rental units.

In addition to property listings and neighborhood profiles, we offer consumers information and tools designed to assist them in understanding the value of their home, preparing the home for sale, listing and advertising the home, home affordability, the offer process, applying for a loan and understanding the mortgage options available, closing the purchase and planning the move.

REALTOR.com® is the official web site of NAR, the largest trade association in the United States that represents residential and commercial real estate professionals, including brokers, agents, property managers, appraisers, counselors and others engaged in all aspects of the real estate industry. NAR had approximately 1.1 million members as of December 31, 2010. Under our agreement with NAR, we operate REALTOR.com®, and, as such, we present basic MLS property listings to consumers on the web site at no charge to real estate professionals.

We offer the following services to enable real estate professionals to manage their online content and branding presence and better connect with home buyers and sellers:

Showcase Listing Enhancements. When an agent or broker purchases the showcase listing product they are then able to promote their listings by adding more photos, virtual tours, video and printable brochures to the basic listing. They can also personalize the listing by adding additional features such as custom copy, text effects, their own personal branding information, links to their personal web site and more. Showcase listings are priced based on the size of a geographic market and the number of historical listing counts for the past twelve months an agent may have, and are sold on an annual subscription basis. We sell showcase listings directly to individual real estate agents as well as to real estate brokers who purchase showcase listings on behalf of their agents. Our showcase listing product represented approximately 42%, 39%, and 39% of our overall revenue from continuing operations for fiscal years 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively;

Display ad products. We provide numerous opportunities for real estate professionals to promote individual properties, themselves or their company brand. These products are priced based on geographic market and are sold as three, six or twelve month subscriptions:

- Featured HomesTM allows agents or brokers to more prominently display a limited number of their property listings on the REALTOR.com® web site by presenting them first in certain searches of their respective zip codes;
- Featured AgentTM, Featured CompanyTM and Featured CommunityTM all provide the opportunity for agents or brokers to promote themselves and their services on REALTOR.com® in the form of banner advertising within a geographically targeted area;
- Featured CMATM allows agents or brokers to present consumers with information about their local market conditions and, in the process, recognize the value of contacting them for professional consultation and assistance; and
- Search Assist allows agents or brokers to present themselves as the neighborhood expert. Consumers who register on the REALTOR.com® web site will be contacted by the agent via email with updated property listings via email in the neighborhood they are searching.

Our Featured Homes product represented approximately 9%, 9%, and 11% of our overall revenue from continuing operations for fiscal years 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively; and

Web sites. We offer a series of template web sites designed specifically for agents and brokers, which are sold on an annual subscription basis. Such websites can display listings for a broker's local market using Internet Data Exchange ("IDX") protocols and technology. We support IDX data feeds in approximately 200 markets.

#### Top Producer®

Our primary Top Producer® product, our 8i® CRM solution, is the leading customer relationship management ("CRM") software designed specifically for real estate agents. Top Producer's 8i® web-based application features client management, appointment and task scheduling, Internet lead distribution and follow-up, prospecting automation, comparative market analysis, customer presentations and mobile data synchronization. Top Producer products are co-branded for some of the country's largest franchise brands, such as RE/MAX, Keller Williams, Coldwell Banker, Century 21, ERA, GMAC and Real Estate One. We believe that our ability to assist real estate professionals in managing relationships with their customers enables us to better distinguish the value of our media properties.

The Top Producer 8i® CRM software is a software as a service model that is purchased through an initial annual subscription. Our 8i product represented approximately 11% of our overall revenue from continuing operations for each of the three fiscal years 2010, 2009 and 2008

We also offer Market Snapshot® and Market BuilderTM products, which allow real estate professionals to effortlessly provide real-time MLS market updates and trend analysis to their online prospects and clients. Market Snapshot® and Market BuilderTM tools are currently purchased through an annual subscription and are available on a standalone basis, or bundled with the 8i® CRM solution and other Top Producer® products.

#### Move® Rentals

We aggregate and display rental listings nationwide. We display these listings at no charge to consumers. We offer the following services to enable rental property owners and managers to enhance and promote their listings:

Showcase Listings. Showcase Listings allow rental property owners and managers to promote their listings by giving them priority placement, adding enhanced property descriptions, highlighting unique property amenities, displaying multiple photos, offering interactive floor plans along with additional features. Showcase Listings are sold on a monthly subscription basis;

Featured Listings. Featured Listings allow rental property owners and managers to obtain priority placement for their listings on the search results page. The Featured Listings displayed in the top positions are based on consumer-defined criteria and the relevancy of listing detail to those criteria. Featured Listings are offered on a cost-per-click basis; and

Display Advertising. Display Advertising allows rentals owners and others to advertise their brand and capabilities, as well as particular apartment communities, on Move.com. Display Advertising ads are published within the Rentals channel of the Move.com website by way of "banner" and "skyscraper" presentations on the Rentals search results pages. Display Ads are sold with respect to specific geographic regions, each of which are limited to, and may be shared by, up to ten advertisers. Display Advertising is sold on a monthly subscription basis.

#### Media

Our Media business provides advertisers such as mortgage companies, home improvement retailers, moving service providers and other consumer product and service companies with an efficient way to target consumers in the move cycle. We offer these advertising customers a variety of products and services across the entire Move network of web sites, particularly in our Finance, Moving and Home & Garden content areas on Move.com. These products and services include graphical display advertisements, text links, sponsorships and directories. Pricing models include cost per thousand impressions ("CPM"), cost-per-click and subscription based sponsorships of specific content areas.

We also provide consumers with quotes from moving companies, truck rental companies and self-storage facilities, as well as other move-related information, on our Moving.com web site. The majority of revenue for Moving.com is derived from cost-per-lead products.

#### Listhub

In the third quarter of 2010, we acquired all of the outstanding shares of Threewide Corporation ("Threewide") and associated ListHub products. ListHub syndicates MLS listing information from the MLS or other reliable data sources and distributes that content to an array of online web sites. Through this newly acquired business, we are an online real estate listing syndicator and provider of advanced performance reporting solutions for the purpose of helping to drive an effective online advertising program for brokers, real estate franchises, and individual agents.

#### BUSINESSES EXITED OR PLACED INTO JOINT VENTURE

In the second quarter of 2009, we sold our Welcome Wagon business and in the second quarter of 2008, we sold our Homeplans business, both of which are classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented. In the third quarter of 2009, we also sold certain products previously produced through our Enterprise business. In the fourth quarter of 2009, we entered into an agreement with Builders Homesite, Inc., to create Builders Digital Experience LLC ("BDX"), a joint venture dedicated to helping new home builders reach buyers with innovative online marketing solutions.

#### **COMPETITION**

We compete with a variety of national and local online companies and web sites providing real estate content that sell classified advertising opportunities to real estate professionals and sell advertising opportunities to other advertisers seeking to reach consumers interested in products and services related to the home and real estate. We also compete with web sites that attract consumers by offering rebates for home purchases or rental leases, and then charge the real estate professional who performed the transaction a referral fee for the introduction. However, these sites generally have a limited amount of real estate content and an even more limited directory of qualified REALTORS®.

Our primary competitors for online real estate advertising dollars include Classified Ventures, LLC (operator of HomeGain.com), Dominion Enterprises (operator of Homes.com), Google Inc., Market Leader, Inc. (formerly HouseValues Inc.), Primedia Inc. (operator of NewHomeGuide.com), Tree.com, Inc. (operator of LendingTree.com and RealEstate.com), Trulia, Inc., Yahoo! Real Estate and Zillow, Inc. In addition, our Move® Rentals web site faces competition from Classified Ventures, LLC (operator of Apartments.com and ApartmentHomeLiving.com), Dominion Enterprises (operator of ForRent.com), Network Communications Inc. (operator of ApartmentFinder.com), Primedia Inc. (operator of ApartmentGuide.com, Rentals.com and RentalHouses.com) and Viva Group, Inc. (an eBay company and operator of Rent.com). Our Move.com web site also faces competition from general interest consumer web sites that offer home, moving and finance content, including Living Choices (a division of Network Communications, Inc.) and ServiceMagic, Inc. (a division of InterActive Corp).

The barriers to entry for web-based services and businesses are low. While we believe we would have an advantage on listing content for some time over other online businesses, we may not be able to maintain that advantage, and existing or future competitors could create other products and services that could be more attractive to consumers than our products and services.

Newspapers and home/apartment guide publications are the two primary offline competitors of our media offerings. We compete with newspapers and home/apartment guide publications for the advertising dollars spent by real estate professionals to advertise their offerings. In addition, newspapers and the publishers of home/ apartments guides, including Classified Ventures, Inc., PRIMEDIA Inc., and Network Communications, Inc., have extended their media offerings to include an Internet presence. We believe that the effectiveness of print publications continues to decline and we will continue to work to demonstrate the value of our online offerings, thereby shifting more real estate advertising dollars online.

Our Top Producer® business faces competition from First American's subsidiary, MarketLinx, Inc., and Fidelity National Information Solutions, Inc. which offers competing solutions to real estate professionals. Top Producer also competes with horizontal customer relationship management offerings such as Microsoft Corporation's Outlook solution, Best Software Inc.'s ACT! solution, Salesforce.com and FrontRange Solution,

Inc.'s GoldMine product. Some providers of real estate web site solutions, such as ALa Mode, Inc., also offer contact management features which compete with products from Top Producer. Certain Internet media companies such as Classified Ventures, LLC (operator of HomeGain.com) and Market Leader, Inc. (formerly HouseValues Inc.) are providing drip marketing solutions that incorporate aspects of lead management, which over time could pose a competitive threat to Top Producer.

Our Moving.com business competes with other web sites that offer comparable products, such as 123movers. com and VanLines.com.

See "Risk Factors — Risks Related to our Business" for additional discussion of factors affecting our competition.

#### **SEASONALITY**

Our traffic generally declines on all our web sites during the fourth quarter due to weather and the holiday season when consumers are less likely to search for real estate. This seasonal decline in traffic can negatively impact revenue from our Media business in the fourth quarter, as this business includes revenue models that are directly tied to traffic levels. This seasonal decline in traffic can also negatively impact the revenue from our "Featured Listings" products in Rentals as that revenue is generated on a cost-per-click basis.

#### GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS

We derive all of our revenue from our operations in North America.

#### INFRASTRUCTURE AND TECHNOLOGY

We seek to maintain and enhance our market position with consumers and real estate professionals by building proprietary systems and consumer features into our web sites, such as search engines for real estate listings and the technologies used to aggregate real estate content. We regard many elements of our web sites and underlying technologies as proprietary, and we attempt to protect these elements and underlying technologies by relying on trademark, service mark, patent, copyright and trade secret laws, restrictions on disclosure and other methods. See "Intellectual Property" below.

Our web sites are designed to provide fast, secure and reliable high-quality access to our services, while minimizing the capital investment needed for our computer systems. We have made, and expect to continue to make, technological improvements designed to reduce costs and increase the attractiveness to the consumer and the efficiency of our systems. We expect that enhancements to our web sites, and our products and services, will come from internally and externally developed technologies.

Our systems supporting our web sites must accommodate a high volume of user traffic, store a large number of listings and related data, process a significant number of user searches and deliver frequently updated information. Significant increases in utilization of these services could potentially strain the capacity of our computers, causing slower response times or outages. Through 2010, our systems have been able to respond to increased content and more frequent updates to the content on the sites as well as higher consumer demand. We host all of our web sites, as well as custom broker web pages and the on-line subscription product for Top Producer® in Phoenix, Arizona. See "Risk Factors — Internet Industry Risks" for a more complete description of the risks related to our computer infrastructure and technology.

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

We regard substantial elements of our web sites and underlying technology as proprietary. We attempt to protect our intellectual property by relying on a combination of trademark, service mark, patent, copyright and trade secret laws, restrictions on disclosure, and other methods.

Despite our precautions, our intellectual property is subject to a number of risks that may materially adversely affect our business, including, but not limited to, the following:

- it may be possible for a third party to copy or otherwise obtain and use our proprietary information without authorization, or to develop similar technology independently;
- we could lose the use of the REALTOR.com® trademark or the REALTOR.com® domain name, or be unable to protect the other trademarks or web site addresses that are important to our business, and therefore would need to devote substantial resources toward developing an independent brand identity;
- we could be subject to litigation with respect to our intellectual property rights or those of third parties providing us with content or other licensed material;
- we may be required to license additional technology and information from others, which could require substantial expenditures by us;
- legal standards relating to the validity, enforceability and scope of protection of proprietary rights in Internet-related businesses are uncertain and continue to evolve, and we can give no assurance regarding our ability to protect our intellectual property and other proprietary rights.

See "Risk Factors — Risks Related to Our Business" for a more complete description of the risks related to our intellectual property.

#### **EMPLOYEES**

As of December 31, 2010, we had 966 active full-time equivalent employees. We consider our relations with our employees to be good. No employee is represented by a collective bargaining agreement and we have never had a work stoppage. We believe that our future success will depend in part on our ability to attract, integrate, retain and motivate highly qualified personnel and upon the continued service of our senior management and key technical personnel.

See "Risk Factors — Risks Related to Our Business."

# AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We file annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports, as well as our proxy statements and other information, with the SEC. In most cases, those documents are available, without charge, on our web site at http://investor.move.com as soon as reasonably practicable after they are filed electronically with the SEC. Copies are also available, without charge, from Move, Inc., Investor Relations, 910 E. Hamilton Ave, Campbell, CA 95008. You may also read and copy these documents at the SEC's public reference room located at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549 under our SEC file number (000-26659), and you may obtain information on the operation of the public reference room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. In most cases, these documents are available over the Internet from the SEC's web site at http://www.sec.gov.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Our business, financial condition, operating results and cash flows may be impacted by a number of factors. A discussion of the risks associated with these factors is included below. You should consider carefully the following risk factors, which are the material risks currently known by us, and other information included or incorporated by reference in this Form 10-K. If any of the following risks actually occur, our business, financial condition and operating results could be materially adversely affected.

#### Risks Related to Our Business

We have had a history of net losses and could incur net losses in the future.

Except for net income of \$20.9 million in 2006, and \$0.5 million in 2005, we have incurred net losses every year since 1993 including net losses of \$15.5 million, \$6.9 million, and \$29.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively. We have an accumulated deficit of approximately \$2.0 billion. Current market conditions around residential real estate make it difficult to project if we will become consistently profitable in the future. Furthermore, we have been making significant changes to our organizational structure and our business models. While these changes are being implemented with the belief that they will strengthen our business and our market position in the long run, there can be no assurance that these changes will generate additional revenue or a more efficient cost structure, which will be needed to return to profitability.

Competition for our services might adversely impact our business.

Our existing and potential competitors include web sites offering real estate related content and services as well as general purpose online services, and traditional media such as newspapers, magazines and television that compete for advertising dollars. The real estate search services market, which is the primary market in which we operate, is becoming increasingly competitive. A number of competitors have emerged or intensified their focus on the real estate market. These competitors include Classified Ventures, LLC (operator of HomeGain.com), Dominion Enterprises (operator of Homes.com), Google Inc., Market Leader, Inc. (formerly HouseValues Inc.), Primedia Inc. (operator of NewHomeGuide.com), Tree.com, Inc. (operator of LendingTree.com and RealEstate. com), Trulia, Inc., Yahoo! Real Estate and Zillow, Inc. In the rentals market these competitors include Classified Ventures, LLC (operator of Apartments.com and ApartmentHomeLiving.com), Dominion Enterprises (operator of ForRent.com), Network Communications Inc. (operator of ApartmentFinder.com), Primedia Inc. (operator of ApartmentGuide.com, Rentals.com and RentalHouses.com) and Viva Group, Inc. (an eBay company and operator of Rent.com). Additional competitors operate general interest consumer web sites that offer home, moving and finance content and include Living Choices (a division of Network Communications, Inc.) and ServiceMagic, Inc. (a division of InterActive Corp).

The barriers to entry for web-based services and businesses are low. In addition, parties with whom we have listing and marketing agreements could choose to develop their own Internet strategies or competing real estate sites. Furthermore, real estate brokers or other website operators, due to evolving policies, rules, regulatory initiatives, conventions and strategies (for example, the NAR's policies concerning virtual office web sites ("VOWs")), might be able to aggregate listing data for display over the Internet in ways comparable to, or more effective than, the REALTOR.com® web site. Developments such as these could impact how consumers and customers value our content and product offerings on the REALTOR.com® web site. Also, developments in the real estate search services market might also encourage additional competitors to enter that market. Some of our existing and potential competitors have longer operating histories in the Internet market, greater name recognition, larger consumer bases and significantly greater financial, technical and marketing resources than we do. The rapid pace of technological change constantly creates new opportunities for existing and new competitors and it can quickly render our existing technologies less valuable.

We cannot predict how, if at all, our competitors or others might respond to our initiatives. We also cannot provide assurance that our offerings will be able to compete successfully against our competitors or new competitors that enter our markets.

We might not be able to obtain more, or more current, listings from MLSs and real estate brokers than other web site operators, and we might not be able to successfully syndicate listings content beyond our own web sites.

We believe that part of the success of REALTOR.com® depends on displaying a larger and more current database of existing homes for sale than other web sites. We obtain these listings through agreements with MLSs and real estate brokers; these agreements normally have fixed terms, typically 12 to 36 months. At the end of the term of each agreement, the MLS or broker could choose not to renew the agreement with us. There are no assurances the MLSs and brokers will continue to renew their agreements to provide listing data to us. If they

choose not to renew their relationship with us, then REALTOR.com® could become less attractive to consumers, and thus less attractive to our advertising customers. Furthermore, due to available technology and evolving policies, rules, regulatory initiatives, conventions and strategies in the real estate industry (as mentioned above), web site operators might be able to aggregate, and keep current, listing data for display over the Internet in ways comparable to, or more effective than, the REALTOR.com® web site.

As we invest time, effort and resources toward developing syndication models for disseminating listing content beyond REALTOR.com® and our other web sites, MLSs, brokers and others could choose to withhold or withdraw listings or cooperation from those initiatives. This could cause us to fail to realize fee, advertising and other revenue from these efforts, or to sufficiently do so, could cause us to fail to realize a return, or an adequate return, on those investments and could prevent us from being able to develop and grow our syndication business.

Poor execution could harm our business, reputation, profitability and growth.

Although we have significant advantages that help us compete effectively, we might fail to plan, execute, integrate, manage and leverage new systems developments, new product launches, new web site features, our partnering ventures, newly-acquired businesses and assets, the building and nurturing of our brands, brand awareness and our general reputation, new resource allocations and other current and new operational initiatives in a savvy, timely, efficient and cost-effective manner. For example, we might fail to achieve effective coordination of various functions and teams within the Company so that projects and initiatives are executed effectively and timely. Failures such as these could harm our competitive position, increase our costs, cause us losses, cause us to fail to realize a return, or a sufficient return, on our investment outlays, cause operational disruptions and difficulties, damage or limit profitability and growth prospects, limit our ability to make needed investments in our business, harm our reputation, limit our ability to attract consumers and customers and limit our ability to sustain and increase revenue.

Although the relative market position of our network of web sites is an advantage, we might be unable to interest a sufficient number of new advertisers to purchase advertising presence on our web sites, or we might fail to retain advertisers who do purchase advertising from us. These circumstances could adversely affect revenue, growth and profitability, could prevent us from effectively monetizing the advertising potential of our web sites, and could limit our ability to make additional investments in our business.

Although our customer support function is a valuable asset to our business, we might make errors in executing, or fail to effectively manage, our customer support function. This could result in negative publicity, damage our reputation, harm customer relationships and diminish interest in, loyalty to and use of our web sites, products and services.

Our quarterly financial results are subject to significant fluctuations.

Our quarterly results of operations have varied in the past and might vary significantly in the future. We have made significant investments in our businesses and incurred restructuring charges as we have made adjustments to our business model. As we modify our business models, we could experience a decline in quarterly revenue. If revenue from our initiatives fall below our expectations, we might not be able to reduce our spending or change our pricing models rapidly in response to the shortfall. Fluctuations in our quarterly results could also adversely affect the price of our common stock.

Other factors that could affect our quarterly operating results include those described elsewhere in this Form 10-K, and include:

- $\bullet \ \, \text{the level at which real estate agents, brokers and rental owners renew the arrangements through which they obtain our services; }$
- a continued, or renewed, downturn in, or a slow (rather than speedy) recovery of, the residential real estate market and the consequent impact on advertising;
- the amount of advertising sold on our web sites and the timing of payments for this advertising; and
- the costs from litigation, including the cost of settlements and any damages awarded against us.

The mortgage, real estate, financial and credit markets have been in, and continue to experience, severe disruption, which have had, and are expected to continue to have, an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

The continuing U.S. and global financial crises affecting the banking system and financial markets has resulted in a severe tightening in the credit markets, a low level of liquidity in many financial markets, and volatility in credit and equity markets. This financial crisis could impact our business in a number of ways.

In addition, changes in governmental participation in the mortgage market could impact the residential real estate industry, which could negatively impact our business.

The U.S. residential real estate market has been in, and remains under, a significant downturn due to downward pressure on housing prices, credit constraints inhibiting home buyers, foreclosures, and an exceptionally large inventory of unsold homes. We cannot predict when the market and related economic forces will return the U.S. residential real estate industry to normal conditions.

Until market conditions improve significantly, our customers' ability and willingness to advertise, or to continue to advertise, on our web sites could be adversely impacted.

We are, and might continue to be, involved in litigation and other disputes.

Our business and operations might subject us to claims, litigation and other proceedings brought by private parties and governmental authorities. We are currently involved in several matters, which are described in Note 21, "Commitments and Contingencies — Legal Proceedings," to our Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 8 in this Form 10-K.

Litigation might also result from other companies owning or obtaining patents or other intellectual property rights that could prevent, limit or interfere with our ability to provide our products and services. In recent years, there has been significant litigation in the United States involving patents and other intellectual property rights, including in the Internet industry, and companies in the Internet market are increasingly making claims alleging infringement of their intellectual property rights. We have been in the past, and are currently, involved in intellectual property-related litigation, and we might be involved in these and other disputes in the future, whether to protect our own intellectual property or as a result of our alleged infringement of the intellectual property rights of others. Lawsuits or claims such as these, including those we are currently defending, might result in significant monetary damages against us that could have an adverse effect on our results of operations and our financial position. Moreover, even those disputes that are ultimately resolved in our favor are time-consuming and expensive to resolve and they divert management's time and attention. In addition to subjecting us to monetary damages, the threat, adjudication or settlement of any intellectual property dispute could force us to do one or more of the following:

- stop making, selling, incorporating or using goods, services or technology that are (or allegedly are) impacted by the relevant intellectual property rights threatening or asserted against us;
- pay significant sums to obtain a license to the relevant intellectual property rights; and
- redesign goods, services or technology that are (or allegedly are) impacted by the intellectual property rights threatening or asserted against us.

If we are forced to take any of the foregoing actions, such actions could have an adverse effect on our results of operations and our financial position. Pursuant to our operating agreement with NAR or to our agreements with others, we might also be required to indemnify NAR and other third parties for costs, damages and other liabilities arising from the infringement or alleged infringement of third parties' actual or asserted intellectual property rights, and these indemnification obligations could have an adverse effect on our results of operations and our financial position.

We rely on intellectual property and proprietary rights.

We regard substantial elements of our web sites and underlying technology as proprietary. Despite our precautionary measures, third parties might copy or otherwise obtain and use our proprietary information, web content or technology without authorization, or to develop similar material independently. Any legal action that we might bring or other steps we might take to protect this property could be unsuccessful, expensive and distract management from day-to-day operations.

Other companies might own, obtain or claim trademarks that could prevent or limit or interfere with use of the brands, names or trademarks we use. The REALTOR.com® web site address and trademark and the REALTOR® trademark are important to our business and are licensed to us by NAR. If we were to lose the REALTOR.com® domain name or the use of either of these trademarks, our business would be harmed and we might need to devote substantial resources toward developing an independent brand identity.

Legal standards relating to the validity, enforceability and scope of protection of intellectual property rights and other proprietary rights in Internet-related businesses and related technology and assets are uncertain and evolving, and we can give no assurance regarding the future strength, weakness, viability or value of any of these rights.

Our Series B Preferred Stock could make it more difficult for us to raise additional capital.

In November 2005, we sold to Elevation Partners, L.P. and Elevation Employee Side Fund, LLC (together, "Elevation") an aggregate of 100,000 shares of our Series B Convertible Participating Preferred Stock (the "Series B Preferred Stock") for an aggregate purchase price of \$100 million. For so long as the holders of Series B Preferred Stock hold at least one-sixth of these 100,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock, we are generally not permitted, without obtaining the consent of holders representing at least a majority of the then outstanding shares of Series B Preferred Stock, to create or issue any equity securities that rank senior or on a parity with the Series B Preferred Stock with respect to dividend rights or rights upon our liquidation. In addition, our stockholders agreement with Elevation limits the amount of debt we can incur. If we need to raise additional capital through public or private financing, strategic relationships or other arrangements to execute our business plan, we would be restricted in the type of equity securities that we could offer and the amount of debt we can incur without the consent of Elevation. We cannot offer any assurances that we would be able to obtain that consent. If we were unable to obtain Elevation's consent, we might not be able to raise additional capital in the amounts needed to fund our business or on terms that are desirable. Although we entered into an agreement to redeem a portion of the Series B Preferred Stock in February 2011 (see the disclosure regarding the redemption in Note 23, "Subsequent Events" to our Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Item 8 of this Form 10-K), Elevation still holds sufficient shares to exercise veto rights.

Our relationship with the NAR is an important part of our business plan and our business could be harmed if we were to lose the benefits of this relationship.

The REALTOR.com® trademark and web site address and the REALTOR® trademark are owned by NAR. NAR licenses these trademarks to our subsidiary RealSelect under a license agreement, and RealSelect operates the REALTOR.com® web site under an operating agreement (including amendments) with NAR. Our operating agreement with NAR contains restrictions on how we can operate the REALTOR.com® web site. For example, we can only enter into agreements with entities that provide us with real estate listings, such as MLSs, on terms approved by NAR. In addition, NAR can require us to include on REALTOR.com® real estate related content that it has developed.

Our operating agreement with NAR also contains a number of provisions that restrict how we operate our business. For example:

• we would need to obtain the consent of NAR if we want to acquire or develop another service that provides real estate listings on an Internet site or through other electronic means; any consent from NAR, if obtained, could be conditioned on our agreeing to conditions such as paying fees to NAR or limiting the types of content or listings on our web sites or other services or other terms and conditions;

- we are restricted in the type and subject matter of advertisements on the REALTOR.com® web site;
- NAR has the right to approve how we use its trademarks, and we must comply with its quality standards for the use of these marks;
- we must meet performance standards relating to the availability time of the REALTOR.com® web site.

NAR also has significant influence over our corporate governance, including the right to have one representative as a member of our board of directors (out of a current total of eight) and two representatives as members of our RealSelect's subsidiary's board of directors (out of a current total of nine). RealSelect also cannot take certain actions, including amending its certificate of incorporation or bylaws, pledging its assets and making changes in its executive officers or board of directors, without the consent of at least one of NAR's representatives on its board of directors.

Although the REALTOR.com® operating agreement is a perpetual agreement, NAR might terminate it for a variety of reasons. These include:

- the acquisition of us or RealSelect by another party without NAR's consent;
- if traffic on the REALTOR.com® site falls below 500,000 unique users per month;
- a substantial decrease in the number of property listings on our REALTOR.com® site; and
- a breach of any of our other obligations under the agreement that we do not cure within 30 days of being notified by NAR of the breach.

If our operating agreement with NAR were terminated, we would be required to transfer a copy of the software that operates the REALTOR.com® web site and provide copies of our agreements with advertisers and data content providers, such as real estate brokers or MLSs, to NAR. NAR would then be able to operate the REALTOR.com® web site itself or with another third party.

In addition to limitations and risks of the kind set forth above, our business relationship with NAR could erode, become strained or otherwise develop adversely or non-amicably. This could arise from poor management of the relationship, existing or new areas of conflict or potential conflict between our interests and NAR's interests, changes in the real estate industry or from other causes. Adverse circumstances such as these could result in significant erosion of or damage to our business since, among other reasons, many of our customers and data providers are members of, have interests that are closely aligned with or are otherwise influenced by or inclined favorably toward the NAR.

We must dedicate significant resources to market our subscription products and services to real estate professionals.

Real estate agents are generally independent contractors rather than employees of brokerages. As a result, it is often necessary for us to communicate with agents on an individual basis when marketing our services to them. This results in relatively high fixed costs associated with our inside and field-based sales activities. In addition, since we offer services to both real estate brokerages and agents, we are often required to contact brokerages and agents separately when marketing our products and services.

Our future success depends largely on our ability to attract, retain and motivate qualified personnel.

Our future success depends on our ability to attract, retain and motivate highly skilled technical, managerial and sales personnel, senior management and other key personnel. The loss of the services of key employees would likely have a significantly detrimental effect on our business. Several of our key senior management have employment agreements that we believe will assist in our ability to retain them. However, many other key employees do not have employment agreements. Competition for qualified personnel in our industry and geographical locations can be intense. Attracting and retaining qualified personnel with experience in the real estate industry, a complex industry that requires a unique knowledge base, is an additional challenge for us. We can give no assurance that we will be successful in attracting, integrating, retaining and motivating a sufficient number of qualified employees to conduct our business in the future. The loss of services of any of our key

personnel, excessive turnover of our work force, the inability to retain and attract qualified personnel in the future or delays in hiring required personnel might have an adverse effect on our business, operating results or financial condition.

Our net operating loss carry forwards could be substantially limited if we experience an ownership change as defined in the Internal Revenue Code.

At December 31, 2010, we had gross net operating losses carry forwards ("NOLs") for federal and state income tax purposes of approximately \$930.9 million and \$388.8 million, respectively, and we could generate NOLs in future years. The federal NOLs will begin to expire in 2018. Approximately \$2.6 million of the state NOLs expired in 2010 and the state NOLs will continue to expire from 2011 to 2029. Gross net operating loss carry forwards for both federal and state tax purposes might be subject to an annual limitation under relevant tax laws. Currently, the NOLs have a full valuation allowance recorded against them.

Approximately \$150 million of the \$930.9 million federal NOLs may belong to members of our group that cannot be consolidated for federal income tax purposes. Consequently, those NOLs would not be available to us to offset taxable income in the future. The NOLs indicated above are subject to a full valuation allowance.

Utilization of the NOLs may also be subject to an annual limitation due to ownership change limitations that might have occurred, or that could occur in the future, as determined by Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), as well as similar state limitations. These ownership changes may limit the amount of NOLs that can be utilized annually to offset future federal taxable income. Section 382 of the Code contains rules that limit the ability of a company that undergoes an ownership change, which is generally any change in ownership of more than 50 percentage points of its stock over a three-year period, to utilize its NOLs and certain built-in losses recognized in years after the ownership change. These rules impact any ownership changes among stockholders owning directly or indirectly 5% or more of the stock of a company and any change in ownership arising from a new issuance of stock by the company.

If we undergo an ownership change for purposes of Section 382 of the Code as a result of future transactions involving our common stock, including purchases or sales of stock by 5% stockholders, our ability to use our NOLs and to recognize certain built-in losses would be subject to the limitations under Section 382. Depending on the resulting limitation, a significant portion of our NOLs could expire before we would be able to recognize the benefit of using them. Our inability to utilize our NOLs could have a negative impact on our results of operations.

Delaware law, our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, and other agreements contain provisions that could discourage a takeover.

Delaware law, our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, our operating agreement with NAR, other agreements with business partners, and our stockholders agreement with Elevation could have the effect of delaying or preventing a third party from acquiring us, even if a change in control would be beneficial to our stockholders. For example, our stockholders are unable to act by written consent or to fill any vacancy on the Board of Directors. Our stockholders cannot call special meetings of stockholders for any purpose, including removing any director or the entire Board of Directors without cause. Certain terms of the Series B Preferred Stock could also discourage a third party from acquiring us. Upon a change in control, we would be required to make an offer to repurchase all of the outstanding shares of Series B Preferred Stock for total cash consideration generally equal to 101% of the liquidation preference plus, under certain circumstances, 101% of a portion of the dividends which would have accrued had the Series B Preferred Stock remained outstanding. In addition, NAR could terminate the REALTOR.com® operating agreement if we are acquired and they do not consent to the acquisition.

### Real Estate Industry Risks

Our business is dependent on the strength of the real estate industry, which is both cyclical and seasonal and is affected by general economic conditions.

The real estate industry traditionally has been cyclical. Economic swings in the real estate industry might be caused by various factors. When interest rates are high or general national and global economic conditions are or are perceived to be weak, there is typically less sales activity in real estate. A decrease in the current level of sales of real estate and products and services related to real estate could adversely affect demand for our products and services. In addition, reduced traffic on our web sites could cause our subscription and advertising revenue to decline, which would adversely affect our business.

During recessionary periods, there tends to be a corresponding decline in demand for real estate, generally and regionally, that could adversely affect certain segments of our business. Such adverse effects often include a general decline in rents and home values (and thus sales prices), a decline in leasing activity, a decline in the level of investments in, and the value of, real estate, and an increase in defaults by tenants under their respective leases and home-owners on their respective mortgage loans. All of these adverse effects, in turn, adversely affect our customers' revenue from rents, property management fees, brokerage commissions and other fees; and these adverse effects on our customers' revenue can influence our customers to reduce, suspend or stop their purchases of advertising and other products and services from us.

Purchases of real property and related products and services are particularly affected by negative trends in the general economy. The success of our operations depends to a significant extent upon a number of factors relating to discretionary consumer and business spending, and the overall economy, as well as regional and local economic conditions in markets where we operate, including interest rates, taxation policies, governmental programs, availability of credit, employment levels, wage and salary levels and fears of terrorist attacks or threats of war.

We could also experience seasonality in our business as we offer new products and new pricing models. The real estate industry, in most areas of the United States, generally experiences a decrease in activity during the winter months and traffic on our web sites generally declines during the fourth quarter, which can negatively affect revenue from our products that are directly tied to such traffic.

We have risks associated with changing legislation in the real estate industry.

Real estate is a heavily regulated industry in the U.S., including regulation under the Fair Housing Act, the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act and state advertising laws. In addition, Congress and the states could enact legislation or regulatory policies in the future, which could require us to expend significant resources to comply. These laws and related regulations might limit or restrict our activities. As the real estate industry evolves in the Internet environment, legislators, regulators and industry participants might advocate additional legislative or regulatory initiatives. Should existing laws or regulations be amended or new laws or regulations be adopted, we might need to comply with additional legal requirements and incur resulting costs, or we might be precluded from certain activities. For instance, our Move® Rentals business required us to qualify and register as a real estate agent/broker in the State of California. To date, we have not spent significant resources on lobbying or related government issues. Any need to significantly increase our lobbying or related activities could substantially increase our operating costs.

Internet Industry Risks

Systems failures could harm our business.

We might sustain temporary or permanent outages of our computers or software equipment, which could have an adverse effect on our business. Although we have not experienced any catastrophic outages to date, we currently do not have fully redundant systems for our web sites and other services at an alternate site. Therefore, our systems are vulnerable to damage from break-ins, unauthorized access, vandalism, fire, earthquakes, power loss, telecommunications failures and similar events. Although we maintain insurance against fires, earthquakes

and general business interruptions, the amount of coverage, while adequate to replace assets and compensate for losses incurred, might not be adequate to compensate for the disruption it causes our customers and consumers, which could affect our future revenues and traffic. We also might have instances of single points of failure in our networks, processes and systems, and this could result in our sustaining outages, or outages of excessive duration, as well as other disruptions in our web sites or to our business.

Experienced computer programmers seeking to intrude or cause harm, or hackers, might attempt to penetrate our network security from time to time. Although we have not experienced any catastrophic security breaches to date, if a hacker were to penetrate our network security, they could misappropriate proprietary information, cause interruptions in our services, dilute the value of our offerings to customers and damage customer relationships. We might be required to expend significant capital and resources to protect against, or to alleviate, problems caused by hackers. We also might not have a timely remedy against a hacker who is able to penetrate our network security. In addition to purposeful security breaches, the inadvertent transmission of computer viruses or other harmful code or files could expose us to system damage, operational disruption, loss of data, litigation and other risks of loss or harm.

We depend on continued performance of and improvements to our computer network.

We could sustain failures of our computer systems. Such failures could cause interruption or slower response time of our web sites or services and could therefore result in a smaller number of users of our web sites or the web sites that we host for real estate professionals. If sustained or repeated, these performance issues could reduce the attractiveness of our web sites to consumers and our subscription products and services to real estate professionals, providers of real estate-related products and services and other Internet advertisers. Increases in the volume of our web site traffic could also strain the capacity of our existing computer systems, which could lead to slower response times or system failures. This would cause the number of real property search inquiries, advertising impressions, other revenue producing offerings and our informational offerings to decline, any of which could hurt our revenue growth and our brand loyalty. We might need to incur additional costs to upgrade our computer systems in order to accommodate increased demand if our systems cannot handle current or higher volumes of traffic. We might not be able to project accurately the rate, timing or cost of any increases in our business, or to expand and upgrade our systems and infrastructure to accommodate any increases in a timely manner.

We could face liability for information on our web sites and for products and services sold over the Internet.

We provide third-party content on our web sites, particularly real estate listings. We could be exposed to liability with respect to this third-party content. Persons might assert, among other things, that by directly or indirectly carrying such content or providing a link to web sites operated by third parties, we should be liable for patent, copyright or trademark infringement, misappropriation, defamation, fair-housing law violations or other violations of laws, harms or wrongful actions resulting from or associated with such third-party content, links or web sites. They could also assert that such third-party content, links or websites lack needed disclosures or contain false statements, misrepresentations, errors or omissions. Consumers or others could seek damages and other recourse for losses incurred if they rely upon or are injured by such third-party content or websites, and regulators or others could seek fines and other recourse against us.

We enter into agreements with other companies under which we share with them revenue resulting from activities such as advertising or the purchase of services through direct links to or from our web sites. These arrangements might expose us to additional legal risks and uncertainties, including local, state, federal and foreign government regulation and potential liabilities to actual or potential consumers of these activities and services, even if we do not ourselves perform the activities or provide the services. We cannot offer any assurance that any indemnification or other recourse promised to us in our agreements with these parties will be available or adequate.

Even if claims against us arising from or relating to these agreements do not result in liability to us, we could incur significant costs in investigating and defending against these claims. Our general liability insurance might not cover all potential claims to which we are exposed and might not be adequate to indemnify us for all costs and liability that might be imposed or incurred.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.

None.

#### Item 2. Properties:

We maintain the following principal facilities:

		Square	Lease
	Location	Feet	Expiration
Principal executive and corporate office, product development			
and marketing	Campbell, CA	29,767	2013
Sales, engineering, finance, legal and human resources	Westlake Village, CA	76,048	2016
Sales, engineering, product development and marketing	Richmond, Canada	67,229	2014
Operations and customer service center	Scottsdale, AZ	46,182	2013
Datacenter	Phoenix, AZ	8,114	2017
Sales office	Manhattan, NY	6,000	2012
Sales and engineering	Morgantown, WV	4,820	Monthly
Sales office	Alexandria, VA	2,250	2011

We believe that our existing facilities and office space are adequate to meet current requirements.

#### Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

From time to time, we are party to various litigation and administrative proceedings relating to claims arising from our operations in the ordinary course of business. As of the date of this Form 10-K and except as set forth herein, we are not a party to any other litigation or administrative proceedings that management believes will have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition or cash flows. See the disclosure regarding litigation included in Note 21, "Commitments and Contingencies — Legal Proceedings," to our Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Item 8 of this Form 10-K, which are incorporated herein by reference.

On February 28, 2007, in a patent infringement action against a real estate agent, Diane Sarkisian, pending in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania ("the Sarkisian case"), Real Estate Alliance, Limited ("REAL"), moved to certify two classes of defendants: subscribers and members of the multiple listing service of which Sarkisian was a member, and customers of the Company who had purchased enhanced listings from the Company. The U.S. District Court in the Sarkisian case denied REAL's motion to certify the classes on September 24, 2007. On March 25, 2008, the U.S. District Court in the Sarkisian case stayed that case, and denied without prejudice all pending motions, pending the U.S. District Court of California's determination in the Move California Action (see below) of whether the Company's web sites infringe the REAL patents.

On April 3, 2007, in response to REAL's attempt to certify the Company's customers as a class of defendants in the Sarkisian case, the Company filed a complaint in the U.S. District Court for the Central District of California ("District Court") against REAL, and its licensing agent, Equis Technology Development, LLC, and its principal, Scott Tatro ("the Move California Action") seeking a declaratory judgment that the Company does not infringe U.S. Patent Nos. 4,870,576 and 5,032,989 ("the REAL patents"), that the REAL patents are invalid and/or unenforceable, and alleging several business torts and unfair competition. On August 8, 2007, REAL denied the Company's allegations, and asserted counterclaims against the Company for infringement of the REAL patents seeking compensatory damages, punitive damages, treble damages, costs, expenses, reasonable attorneys' fees and pre- and post-judgment interest. On February 28, 2008, REAL filed a motion for leave to amend its counter-claims, and to include NAR and the NAHB as individual defendants, as well as various brokers including RE/Max

International ("RE/Max"), agents, Multiple Listing Services ("MLS"), new home builders, rental property owners, and technology providers and indicated that it intended to seek to certify certain defendant classes. On March 11, 2008, REAL filed a separate suit in the District Court ("the REAL California Action") alleging infringement of the REAL patents against the same defendants it sought to include in its proposed amended counter-claims in the Move California Action, and also indicated that it intended to seek to certify the same defendant classes. The Company is not named as a defendant in the REAL California Action; however, the Company is defending NAR, NAHB and RE/Max in the REAL California Action. In September, 2008, the court coordinated both cases and issued an order dividing the issues into two phases. Phase 1 addresses issues of patent validity and enforceability, whether Move websites infringe the REAL patents, damages, and liability of Move, NAR and NAHB. Phase 2 will address REAL's infringement claims related to the websites owned or operated by the remaining defendants and whether those defendants infringe the Real patents by using the Move websites. The District Court has stayed Phase 2 pending resolution of the issues in Phase 1.

On November 25, 2009, the court entered its claim construction order in the Move California Action. On January 27, 2010, upon joint request of the parties, the District Court entered a final judgment of non-infringement. REAL has appealed the court's claim construction to the Federal Circuit Court of Appeals ("Circuit Court") and oral argument occurred on February 8, 2011. If the Circuit Court overturns all or part of the claim construction, the judgment would be vacated and the Move California Action would be remanded to the District Court for further litigation. If the Circuit Court upholds the District Court's claim construction, the Move California Action would be dismissed with prejudice. At this time, however, the Company is unable to express an opinion on the outcome of these cases.

In March 2010, Smarter Agent, LLC ("Smarter Agent") filed suit against Move, Inc., against our affiliate, RealSelect, Inc. ("RealSelect"), and also against other co-defendants Boopsie, Inc., Classified Ventures, LLC, Hotpads, Inc., IDX, Inc., Multifamily Technology Solutions, Inc., D/B/A MyNewPlace, Primedia, Inc., Consumer Source, Inc., Trsoft, Inc., D/B/A PlanetRE, Trulia, Inc., Zillow, Inc., and ZipRealty, Inc. in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware. The complaint alleges that the Company and RealSelect, Inc. infringe U.S. Patents 6,385,541; 6,496,776; and 7,072,665 ("Patents in Suit") by offering an iPhone application for the REALTOR.com® web site and requested an unspecified amount of damages (including enhanced damages for willful infringement and attorneys' fees) and an injunction. On August 31, 2010, co-defendants Boopsie, Inc., Classified Ventures, LLC, Hotpads, Inc., IDX, Inc., Multifamily Technology Solutions, Inc., Primedia, Inc., Consumer Source, Inc., Trsoft, Inc., Trulia, Inc., Zillow, Inc., and ZipRealty, Inc., filed requests for interpartes reexamination of the Patents in Suit with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office ("PTO"). On September 30, 2010, the Company filed an answer and counter claims on behalf of Move and RealSelect. On October 22, 2010, SmarterAgent filed its answer to such counter claims. The PTO accepted the Patents in Suit for re-examination and on December 21, 2010, issued an office action rejecting all claims in the Patents in Suit. Smarter Agent has two months to respond to the PTO office action. In January 2011, the Company and co-defendants jointly filed a motion to stay the litigation pending the outcome of the re-examination by the PTO. The court has not ruled on this motion. The Company intends to vigorously defend all claims. At this time, however, the Company is unable to express an opinion on the outcome of this case.

In June 2010, BanxCorp filed a lawsuit against Move, Inc., Dow Jones & Company, Inc., The New York Times Company, CNBC Inc., Cable News Network, Inc., MSNBC Interactive News, LLD, Fox News Network, LLC, AOL Inc., ("Media Defendants") and LendingTree LLC in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey. The first amended complaint alleges antitrust violations pursuant to Section 1 of the Sherman Antitrust Act and the New Jersey Antitrust Act, including allegations the Company and other defendants formed a cartel with BankRate to gain market dominance and unfair advantage over BanxCorp and other independent competitors by, among other alleged activities, fixing prices and allocating customers and markets with other BankRate website operators. The first amended complaint seeks a declaratory judgment, injunctive relief and unspecified amount of damages, including treble damages and attorneys' fees and legal costs. On August 3, 2010, motions to dismiss the case were filed jointly by the Company and the other Media Defendants. On February 7, 2011, the court granted the Media Defendants' motion to dismiss. The Company intends to vigorously defend all claims. At this time, however, the Company is unable to express an opinion on the outcome of this case.

Item 4. Reserved.

#### PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

#### Market Information

Our common stock is traded on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "MOVE." The following table shows the high and low sale prices of the common stock as reported for the periods indicated.

	High	Low
2009		
First Quarter	\$1.94	\$1.03
Second Quarter	2.40	1.37
Third Quarter	3.18	1.95
Fourth Quarter	2.79	1.45
2010		
First Quarter	2.23	1.54
Second Quarter	2.47	1.75
Third Quarter	2.44	1.80
Fourth Quarter	2.89	2.13
2011		
First Quarter (up until February 14, 2011)	2.03	2.76

As of February 14, 2011, there were approximately 3,024 record holders of our common stock. Because many of these shares are held by brokers and other institutions on behalf of stockholders, we are unable to estimate the total number of stockholders represented by these record holders.

### Dividends

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock and do not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future, except for an annual dividend of \$0.08 to be paid on the one share of our Series A preferred stock held by NAR. Effective November 29, 2010, we are obligated to pay cash dividends on our Series B Preferred Stock of 3.5% per year, paid quarterly. For the first five years the Series B Preferred Stock was outstanding, the dividend was paid "in-kind" in shares of Series B Preferred Stock. See Note 14, "Series B Convertible Preferred Stock," to our Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Item 8 of this Form 10-K for information regarding restrictions on our ability to pay dividends.

# Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

There were no sales of unregistered equity securities by Move, Inc. during the year ended December 31, 2010 that have not previously been reported in a Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or in a Current Report on Form 8-K.

Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans

The following table provides information as of December 31, 2010 regarding compensation plans (including individual compensation arrangements) under which our equity securities are authorized for issuance.

	Number of Securities	Weighted Average	Number of Securities Remaining Available for
	to	Exercise Price of	Future Issuance Under
	be Issued Upon		<b>Equity Compensation</b>
	Exercise	Outstanding	Plans
	of Outstanding	O-4: W	(F11: C:4:
	Options,	Options, Warrants	(Excluding Securities Reflected in Column
	Warrants and Rights	and Rights	(a))
Plan Category	(a)	(b)	(c)
	(In thousands)		(In thousands)
Equity compensation plans approved by			
security holders	23,845(1)	\$ 2.69	_
Equity compensation plans not approved			
by security holders	11,943	\$ 2.60	4,690(2)
Total	35,788	\$ 2.66	4,690

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes shares to be issued pursuant to the exercise or settlement of awards granted under the Move, Inc. 1999 Stock Incentive Plan.

(2) Includes 1,566 shares available for issuance pursuant to any future grants of full-value stock awards.

Non-Shareholder Approved Plans

The Move, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan is a non-shareholder approved plan established in January 2002 that permits stock option grants intended to attract and retain qualified personnel. No more than 40% of the available securities granted under this plan may be awarded to our directors or executive officers. Option grants under this plan are non-qualified stock options and generally have a four-year vesting schedule and a 10-year life.

In July 2009, we established, in reliance on NASDAQ Listing Rule 5635(c)(4), a reserve of 2,625,000 shares of common stock for future grants of equity awards as inducement to certain individuals entering into employment with us.

Other non-shareholder approved plans include the following plans assumed in connection with prior acquisitions: The 1997-1998 Stock Incentive Plan of Cendant Corporation, the Cendant Corporation Move.com Group 1999 Stock Option Plan, as amended and restated effective as of March 21, 2000, the Move.com, Inc. 2000 Stock Incentive Plan, the HomeWrite Incorporated 2000 Equity Incentive Plan, the ConsumerInfo.com, Inc. 1999 Stock Option Plan, the iPlace 2000 Stock Option Plan, the eNeighborhoods, Inc. 1998 Stock Option Plan, the Qspace, Inc. 1999 Stock Option Plan, the iPlace, Inc. 2001 Equity Incentive Plan and The Hessel Group, Inc. 2000 Stock Option Plan. Each of these plans (i) is intended to attract, retain and motivate employees, (ii) is administered by the Board of Directors or by a committee of the Board of Directors of such entities, and (iii) provides that options granted thereunder are exercisable as determined by such Board of Directors or committee, provided that no option would be exercisable after the expiration of 10 years after the grant date. As of December 31, 2010, all of the compensation plans assumed in connection with prior acquisitions had expired with the exception of the iPlace 2000 Stock Option Plan, which will expire in August 2011. We granted 594,000 and 1,046,000 options under these plans in 2010 and 2009, respectively, but we did not grant any options under these plans in 2008. Options outstanding as of December 31, 2010 pursuant to compensation plans assumed in connection with prior acquisitions, in the aggregate, total 3,352,457 and the weighted average exercise price of those option shares was \$3.58.

For additional information regarding our equity compensation plans, see Note 13, "Stock Plans," to our Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Item 8 of this Form 10-K.

#### Stockholder Return Performance Graph

The following graph compares, for the period beginning December 31, 2005 through December 31, 2010, during which our common stock has been registered under Section 12 of the Exchange Act, the cumulative total stockholder return for our common stock, the NASDAQ Composite Index and the Morningstar Group Index. We are using the NASDAQ Composite Index in this Form 10-K to replace the NASDAQ Market Index (U.S.) previously used because the NASDAQ Composite Index has greater transparency to investors and is generally more accessible. We are using the Morningstar Group Index (Internet Content and Information) in this Form 10-K to replace the Hemscott Group Index (Internet Software and Services) previously used because the Hemscott Group Index is being discontinued by Morningstar as a result of its acquisition of Hemscott and is being replaced by the Morningstar Group Index. For comparative purposes, the performance graph below includes both the newly-selected indices as well as the indices used in our fiscal year 2009 Annual Report. The results reflected in the graph assume the investment of \$100 on December 31, 2004 in our common stock and those indices and reinvestments of dividends by those companies that paid dividends. The information contained in this graph was prepared by Morningstar, Inc.

#### Item 6. Selected Financial Data

Information that has been previously filed or otherwise reported for the periods presented in this Item 6 is superseded by the information in this report, and the previously filed financial statements and related financial information and opinions of our independent registered public accounting firm contained in such reports should no longer be relied upon.

You should read the following selected consolidated financial data together with the Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes included in "Part II — Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" and "Part II — Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" of this Form 10-K.

The consolidated statement of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 and the consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 are derived from our audited Consolidated Financial Statements included in "Part II — Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" of this Form 10-K. The consolidated statement of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 and the consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 have been derived from audited Consolidated Financial Statements not included in this Form 10-K. Our Consolidated Financial Statements for all periods presented reflects the classification of our Welcome Wagon and Homeplans divisions as discontinued operations.

	Year Ended Dec	ember 31,			
	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
	(In thousands, ex	xcept per share amo	ounts)		
Consolidated Statement of Operations Data:					
Revenue	\$197,503	\$212,009	\$242,069	\$248,919	\$238,752
Cost of revenue(1)	43,119	48,498	46,041	42,908	41,154
Gross profit	154,384	163,511	196,028	206,011	197,598
Operating expenses:					
Sales and marketing(1)	73,737	78,062	93,531	89,954	86,765
Product and web site development(1)	34,320	27,832	26,342	34,656	31,969
General and administrative(1)	42,657	64,944	77,571	72,731	70,113
Amortization of intangible assets	696	473	756	761	699
Restructuring charges		(1,192)	4,412		(278)
Impairment of long-lived assets(1)	_	_	1,670	4,824	_
Litigation settlements		4,863		3,900	
Total operating expenses	151,410	174,982	204,282	206,826	189,268
Operating income (loss) from continuing					
operations	2,974	(11,471)	(8,254)	(815)	8,330
Interest income, net	910	847	5,687	9,852	7,250
Earnings of unconsolidated joint venture	1,017	149			
Impairment of auction rate securities	(19,559)	_	_	_	_
Other income (expense), net	(967)	1,749	1,091	1,493	17,274
Income (loss) from continuing operations before					
income taxes	(15,625)	(8,726)	(1,476)	10,530	32,854
Income tax (benefit) expense	(153)	37	549	501	134
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(15,472)	(8,763)	(2,025)	10,029	32,720
Loss from discontinued operations(1)		(486)	(27,165)	(10,345)	(11,863)
Gain on disposition of discontinued operations	_	2,303	_	_	_
Net income (loss)	(15,472)	(6,946)	(29,190)	(316)	20,857
Convertible preferred stock dividend and related					
accretion	(5,383)	(5,244)	(5,108)	(4,977)	(4,859)
Net income (loss) applicable to common					
stockholders	\$ (20,855)	\$ (12,190)	\$ (34,298)	\$ (5,293)	\$ 15,998

	Year Ended December 31,									
	201	0	200	19	200	18	200	)7	200	6
	(In	thousands,	except	per share a	mount	s)				
Basic income (loss) per share applicable to										
common stockholders										
Continuing operations	\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.09)	\$	(0.05)	\$	0.03	\$	0.18
Discontinued operations		_		0.01		(0.18)		(0.07)		(0.08)
Basic income (loss) per share applicable to										
common stockholders	\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.08)	\$	(0.23)	\$	(0.03)	\$	0.11
Diluted income (loss) per share applicable to										
common stockholders										
Continuing operations	\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.09)	\$	(0.05)	\$	0.03	\$	0.17
Discontinued operations		_		0.01		(0.18)		(0.07)		(0.07)
Diluted income (loss) per share applicable to										
common stockholders	\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.08)	\$	(0.23)	\$	(0.03)	\$	0.10
Shares used in calculation of income (loss)										
per share										
Basic	1	55,520	1	53,369	1	51,952	1	54,524	1	51,170
Diluted	1	55,520	1	53,369	1	51,952	1	54,524	1	63,394

<sup>(1)</sup> The following chart summarizes the stock-based compensation and charges that have been included in the following captions for the periods presented:

	Year Ended	l December 31,			
	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
	(In thousan	(In thousands)			
Cost of revenue	\$ 175	\$ 181	\$ 144	\$ 130	\$ 140
Sales and marketing	1,598	1,736	758	1,309	1,765
Product and web site development	1,616	687	566	1,181	1,339
General and administrative	3,901	14,998	10,857	12,380	12,510
Impairment of long-lived assets	_	_	_	- 570	_
Total from continuing operations	7,290	17,602	12,325	15,570	15,754
Total from discontinued operations	_	- 64	135	514	1,169
Total stock-based compensation and charges	\$ 7,290	\$ 17,666	\$ 12,460	\$ 16,084	\$ 16,923
	Year Ended	December 31,			
	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
	(In thousand	s)			
nsolidated Balance Sheet Data:					
h and short-term investments	\$ 158,517	\$ 106,487	\$ 108,9	35 \$ 175,	613 \$ 157
al assets	239,018	291,295	292,0	07 282,	528 285
igation under capital lease	_	_	3:	39 2,	167 4
es B convertible preferred stock	116,564	111,541	106,29	97 101,	189 96
al stockholders' equity	82,774	74,197	67,8	39 104,	477 101

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

You should read the following discussion in conjunction with our audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 and related notes included in "Part II — Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" of this Form 10-K.

#### Overview

#### Our History

We were incorporated in 1993 under the name of InfoTouch Corporation with the objective of establishing an interactive network of real estate "kiosks" for consumers to search for homes. In 1996, we began to develop the technology to build and operate real estate related Internet sites. In 1996, we entered into a series of agreements with NAR and several investors and transferred technology and assets to a newly-formed subsidiary, which ultimately became RealSelect, Inc. RealSelect, Inc. in turn entered into a number of formation agreements with, and issued cash and common stock representing a 15% ownership interest in RealSelect, Inc. to, NAR in exchange for the rights to operate the REALTOR.com® web site and pursue commercial opportunities relating to the listing of real estate on the Internet. Substantially all of NAR's ownership interest in RealSelect, Inc. was exchanged for stock in a new parent company, Homestore.com, Inc., in August 1999. Our initial operating activities primarily consisted of recruiting personnel, developing our web site content and raising our initial capital and we began actively marketing our advertising products and services to real estate professionals in January 1997. We changed our name to Homestore, Inc. in May 2002 and to Move, Inc. in June 2006.

#### Our Business

Move, Inc. and its subsidiaries ("Move", "we", "our" or "us") operate an online network of web sites for real estate search, finance, moving and home enthusiasts and provide an important resource for consumers seeking the online information and connections they need regarding real estate. Our flagship consumer web sites are REALTOR.com®, Move.com and Moving.com. Through our newly acquired ListHub business, we are an online real estate listing syndicator and provider of advanced performance reporting solutions for the purpose of helping to drive an effective online advertising program for brokers, real estate franchises, and individual agents. In December 2010, the MortgageMatch.com website was launched which leverages an online consumer-facing decision and pricing engine designed to allow potential buyers to explore their mortgage options in real time and provides qualified buyers with an electronic pre-qualification letter. We also provide lead management software for real estate agents and brokers through our Top Producer® business.

On our web sites, we display comprehensive real estate property content, with over four million resale, new home and rental listings, as well as extensive move-related information and tools. We hold the leadership position in terms of web traffic and minutes, attracting an average of 11.1 million consumers to our network per month and 224 million minutes per month in 2010 according to comScore Media Metrix, a substantial lead over the next leading real estate site. We also have strong relationships with the real estate industry, including content agreements with approximately 900 Multiple Listing Services ("MLS") across the country and exclusive partnerships with the National Association of REALTORS® ("NAR") and the National Association of Home Builders ("NAHB").

Our vision is to win the hearts and minds of our consumers, customers, and business partners. Move's mission is to connect consumers and real estate professionals to facilitate transactions. In order to do this, we need to lay a platform foundation that includes 3rd party data aggregation from others, robust search capabilities and new core technology platforms to capture user data and provide an engaging user experience. Today, we provide the most up-to-date for sale property listings information among all content aggregators on the web, with more than 75% of the listings updated every 15 minutes. Our property listings are coupled with rich, timely neighborhood information including school data, demographics and crime statistics. In addition, we capture similar information on the approximately 100 million properties that are not for sale. We also provide information about home values, mortgage options, moving solutions and topical data as part of our blogs.

#### **Business Trends and Conditions**

In recent years, our business has been, and we expect may continue to be, influenced by a number of macroeconomic, industry-wide and product-specific trends and conditions:

#### · Market and economic conditions.

In recent years, the U.S. economy has experienced low interest rates, and volatility in the equities markets. Through 2005, housing starts remained strong, while the supply of apartment housing generally exceeded demand. For a number of years prior to 2007, owning a home became much more attainable for the average consumer due to the availability of flexible mortgage options, which required minimal down payments and provided low interest rates. During this period, home builders spent less on advertising, given the strong demand for new houses, and homeowners who were looking to sell a home only had to list it at a reasonable price in most areas of the U.S. to sell in 60 days or less. Conversely, demand for rental units declined and apartment owners did not spend as much money on advertising, as they have sought to achieve cost savings during the difficult market for rentals. These trends had an impact on our ability to grow our business.

Beginning in the second half of 2006, the market dynamics seemed to reverse. Interest rates rose and mortgage options began to decline. The housing market became saturated with new home inventory in many large metropolitan markets and the available inventory of resale homes began to climb as demand softened. The impact of the rise in interest rates caused demand for homes to decline substantially by mid-2007. In the second half of 2007, the availability of mortgage financing became very sparse. The lack of liquidity coupled with increased supply of homes and declining prices had a significant impact on real estate professionals, our primary customers.

Throughout 2008, market conditions continued to decline and in late September of 2008, the stock market declines negatively impacted the liquidity of the markets in general and contributed to the decline in consumer spending. With the exception of very few markets, new home starts came to a halt. In 2009, consumer confidence declined and while mortgage rates declined, the credit standards are perceived to be the tightest they have been in the last 15 years. In addition, there has been a substantial rise in unemployment that has also affected the ability for people to buy properties and significantly increased the number of foreclosures on the market. The combination of these factors has had a negative impact on the demand for homes. These changing conditions resulted in fewer home purchases and forced many real estate professionals to reconsider their marketing spend or even to exit the market. In 2010, these conditions did not significantly change, and continued to affect home prices which declined to mid 2003 levels.

In 2006, we saw many customers begin to shift their dollars from conventional offline channels, such as newspapers and real estate guides, to the Internet. We saw many brokers move their spending online and many home builders increased their marketing spend to move existing inventory, even as they slowed their production and our business grew as a result. However, as the market declined in 2008, the advertising spend by many of the large agents and brokers slowed and some of the medium and smaller brokers and agents reduced expenses to remain in business. This caused us to experience a decline in revenue over the past three years.

As a result of the factors discussed above, the real estate market has been difficult over the past several years and is not expected to improve in the near future. Entering 2011, delinquencies are expected to continue to be double that of foreclosures, causing uncertainty in the price floor within various markets. This coupled with the fact that banks continue to have significantly tighter credit standards for mortgage loans have made home purchases that much more difficult. We believe these market conditions will continue to put pressure on spending by real estate professionals and brokers in the near term.

• Evolution of Our Product and Service Offerings and Pricing Structures.

Realtor.com® services began as a provider of Internet applications to real estate professionals. It became apparent that our customers valued the media exposure that the Internet offered them, but not all of the "technology" that we were offering. Many of our customers objected to our proposition that they purchase our templated web site in order to gain access to our networks. In addition, we were charging a fixed price to all customers regardless of the market they operated in or the size of their business.

We responded to our customers' needs and revamped our service offerings. We began to price our REALTOR.com® services based on the size of the market and the number of properties the customer displayed. For many of our customers this change led to substantial price increases over our former technology pricing. This change was reasonably well-accepted by our customers.

In 2006, we changed the business model for our New Homes and Rentals businesses. Prior to that time, we charged homebuilders and rental owners to list their properties on our HomeBuilder.com® and RENTNET® web sites. When we launched the Move.com web site on May 1, 2006, we replaced our new home site, HomeBuilder. com, and our apartment rental site, RENTNET, with Move.com. In conjunction with this change, we began to crawl the web to display any new home and apartment listing for no charge. We continued to obtain revenue from enhanced listings, including our Showcase Listing and Featured Listing products, as well as other forms of advertising on the sites. Featured Listings, which appear above the algorithmically-generated search results, are priced on a fixed "cost-per-click" basis. When we launched the Move.com web site, existing listing subscription customers were transitioned into our new products having comparable value for the duration of their existing subscription. While the consumer was provided with significantly more content, the number of leads to our paying customers declined.

In today's market, our real estate professional customers are facing a decline in their business and have to balance their marketing needs with their ability to pay. As a result, they are demanding products that perform and provide measurable results for their marketing spend. We are evaluating customer feedback and balancing that with the need for an improved consumer experience and are modifying our products and our pricing to be responsive to both. We are focused on showing our customers measurable results by connecting our traffic from our web site to the revenue we generate.

The decline in consumer confidence and the resulting decline in consumer spending have caused many of our traditional consumer advertisers to reduce their spending. These economic conditions have caused the decline in our display and banner ad revenue. It could take considerable time before this product area yields meaningful growth, if at all. Significant growth will require that we introduce new targeted products that are responsive to advertisers' demands and are presented to consumers much more timely.

#### Acquisitions and Dispositions

In the third quarter of 2010, we acquired all of the outstanding shares of Threewide Corporation ("Threewide") for approximately \$13.1 million in cash. Threewide is the operator of ListHub, an online real estate listing syndicator and provider of advanced performance reporting solutions for the purpose of helping to drive an effective online advertising program for brokers, real estate franchises and individual agents. The total purchase price has been allocated to the assets acquired, including intangible assets and liabilities assumed based on their respective fair values.

In the second quarter of 2008, we decided to divest our Welcome Wagon® business. In the second quarter of 2009, we closed the sale of the business for a sales price of \$2.0 million. We received \$1.0 million in cash and a \$1.0 million promissory note. The principal balance of the note, which was originally due on or before October 1, 2010, was paid in full in July 2010. The outstanding principal bore an interest rate of 7% per annum, with quarterly interest payments due commencing on October 1, 2009. The transaction resulted in a gain on disposition of discontinued operations of \$1.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2009.

As part of the sale in 2002 of our ConsumerInfo division to Experian Holding, Inc. ("Experian"), \$10.0 million of the purchase price was put in escrow to secure our indemnification obligations (the "Indemnity Escrow"). Under the terms of the stock purchase agreement, our maximum potential liability for claims by Experian was capped at \$29.3 million less the balance in the Indemnity Escrow, which amount was approximately \$8.5 million. During 2008, Experian demanded \$29.3 million in indemnity payments. We denied liability and a bifurcated arbitration proceeding ensued to resolve the dispute. Subsequent to the completion of the first phase of the arbitration proceedings, on April 20, 2009, the parties settled the dispute and entered into a full release of all claims under which Experian received \$7.4 million from the Indemnity Escrow and we received the balance of the escrow of \$1.1 million, which is included in gain on disposition of discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2009.

In the fourth quarter of 2007, we decided to divest our Homeplans business. In the second quarter of 2008, we closed the sale of the business for a sales price of \$1.0 million in cash. The transaction did not result in any significant gain or loss on disposition.

Our Consolidated Financial Statements for all periods presented reflects the classification of our Welcome Wagon® and Homeplans divisions as discontinued operations. Accordingly, the revenue, operating expenses, and cash flows of these divisions have been excluded from the respective captions in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and have been reported as "Loss from discontinued operations," net of applicable income taxes of zero; and as "Net cash provided by (used in) discontinued operations." Total revenue and loss from discontinued operations are reflected below (in thousands):

	For the Year Ended December 31,			
	2010	2009	2008	
Revenue	\$	\$ 9,609	\$ 31,452	
Total operating expenses		(9,050)	(41,027)	
Restructuring charges	_	(1,045)	(1,584)	
Impairment of long-lived assets			(16,006)	
Loss from discontinued operations	\$—	\$ (486)	\$ (27,165)	
Gain on disposition of discontinued operations	\$	\$ 2,303	\$ —	

In the third quarter of 2009, we sold certain product lines associated with the Enterprise business for a sale price of approximately \$1.4 million in cash. The transaction resulted in a gain on sale of assets of \$1.3 million which is reflected in other income, net in our Consolidated Statements of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2009.

#### Investment in Joint Ventures

In August 2010, we entered into a joint venture agreement with a national mortgage banker d/b/a Mortgage Match and contributed an initial investment of \$0.5 million in exchange for a 49.9% ownership in the joint venture. We recorded our initial investment in the joint venture at \$0.5 million, reflecting such cash payment. The joint venture has not obtained all of its required licensing to become fully operational, but intends to do so during 2011. In the meantime, the Mortgage Match business is operated by our joint venture partner or one of its affiliates under an Interim Services Agreement, also entered into in August 2010, under which we operate the MortgageMatch. com website, perform various supporting services and receive a fixed monthly fee. In December 2010, the MortgageMatch.com website was launched. MortgageMatch.com leverages an online consumer-facing decision and pricing engine designed to allow potential buyers to explore their mortgage options in real time, and provides qualified buyers with an electronic pre-qualification letter. At December 31, 2010, our carrying value of the joint venture investment was equal to our proportionate share in the underlying assets of the joint venture.

In October 2009, we entered into an agreement with Builder Homesite, Inc. ("BHI") to create Builders Digital Experience LLC ("BDX"), a joint venture dedicated to helping new home builders reach buyers with innovative online marketing solutions. Through this joint venture, and in part through operation of a new web site, www.theBDX.com, BDX will operate the Move.com New Homes Channel, the NewHomeSource.com web site and other websites focused on the new homes market. The BDX joint venture is located in Austin, Texas. Move made cash payments of \$6.5 million, and contributed customer lists and other business assets in exchange for a 50% ownership in the joint venture. We recorded our initial investment in the joint venture at \$6.5 million, reflecting such cash payments and the carrying value of the business assets contributed. Our carrying value of the investment in the joint venture exceeds our proportionate share in the underlying assets of the joint venture by \$2.5 million. This excess primarily relates to differences in the cash payments and carrying value of the net assets contributed by us and BHI upon the formation of the joint venture and represents goodwill.

We account for our investments in the joint ventures under the equity method of accounting. Under this method, we record our proportionate share of the joint venture's net income or loss based on the monthly financial statements of the joint venture. We record our proportionate share of net income or loss one month in arrears. We recorded \$1.0 million and \$0.1 million in undistributed earnings which is included in earnings of unconsolidated joint venture in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. In the fourth quarter of 2010, we received a cash distribution of \$1.0 million from BDX.

#### Critical Accounting Policies, Estimates and Assumptions

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based upon our Consolidated Financial Statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to revenue recognition, uncollectible receivables, valuation of investments, intangibles and other long-lived assets, stock-based compensation and contingencies. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

We believe the following critical accounting policies affect our more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our Consolidated Financial Statements: revenue recognition; valuation allowances, specifically the allowance for doubtful accounts; valuation of investments; valuation of goodwill, identified intangibles and other long-lived assets; stock-based compensation; segment reporting; and legal contingencies.

Management has discussed the development and selection of the following critical accounting policies, estimates and assumptions with the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors and the Audit Committee has reviewed these disclosures.

#### Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognized from services rendered when the following four revenue recognition criteria are met: persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, services have been rendered, the selling price is fixed or determinable, and collectability is reasonably assured. When a revenue agreement involves multiple elements, such as sales of various services in one arrangement or potentially multiple arrangements, the entire fee from the arrangement is allocated to each respective element based on its relative fair value and recognized when the revenue recognition criteria for each element is met. In the absence of fair value for a delivered element, we first allocate revenue to the fair value of the undelivered elements and the residual revenue to the delivered elements. Where the fair value for an undelivered element cannot be determined, we defer revenue recognition for the delivered elements until the undelivered elements are delivered or the fair value is determinable. We evaluate whether payments made to customers or revenues earned from vendors have a separate identifiable benefit and whether they are fairly valued in determining the appropriate classification of the related revenues and expense.

We assess collection based on a number of factors, including past transaction history with the customer and the credit worthiness of the customer. We do not request collateral from our customers. If we determine that collection of a fee is not reasonably assured, we defer the fee and recognize revenue at the time collection becomes reasonably assured, which is generally upon receipt of cash. Cash received in advance is recorded as deferred revenue until earned.

We derive our revenue primarily from two sources: (i) advertising revenue for running online advertising on our web sites and (ii) software revenue, which represents software licenses. As described below, significant management judgments and estimates must be made and used in connection with the revenue recognized in any accounting period.

Advertising Revenue — We primarily sell online advertising. Online advertising revenue includes three revenue streams: (i) impression based, (ii) fixed fee subscriptions and (iii) variable, performance based agreements. The impressions based agreements range from spot purchases to 12 month contracts. The impression based revenue is recognized based upon actual impressions delivered and viewed by a user in a period. The fixed fee subscription revenue is recognized ratably over the period in which the services are provided. We measure performance related to advertising obligations on a monthly basis prior to the recording of revenue.

Software Revenue — We generally license our software product on a monthly subscription basis. Our hosting arrangements require customers to pay a fixed fee and receive service over a period of time, generally one year. Revenue is recognized ratably over the service period.

#### Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Our estimate for the allowance for doubtful accounts related to trade receivables is based on two methods. The amounts calculated from each of these methods are combined to determine the total amount to be reserved. First, we evaluate specific accounts where we have information that the customer may have an inability to meet its financial obligations. In these cases, we use our judgment, based on the best available facts and circumstances, and record a specific reserve for that customer against amounts due to reduce the receivable to the amount that is expected to be collected. These specific reserves are reevaluated and adjusted as additional information is received that impacts the amount reserved. Second, an additional reserve is established for all customers based on a range of percentages applied to aging categories. These percentages are based on historical collection and write-off experience. If circumstances change (i.e., higher than expected defaults or an unexpected material adverse change in a major customer's ability to meet its financial obligation to us) our estimates of the recoverability of amounts due to us could be reduced or increased by a material amount.

Valuation of Goodwill, Identified Intangibles and Other Long-lived Assets

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired in a business combination. Goodwill is not amortized, but is tested for impairment on an annual basis during our fourth fiscal quarter and whenever an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying value amount. Events and circumstances that may indicate that an asset is impaired may include significant decreases in the market value of an asset, a significant decline in actual and projected advertising and software license revenue, loss of key customer relationships or renegotiation of existing arrangements, a change in the extent or manner in which an asset is used, shifts in technology, loss of key management or personnel, changes in the Company's operating model or strategy and competitive forces as well as other factors.

Impairment of goodwill is required to be tested at the reporting unit level which is determined through the use of the management approach. The management approach considers the internal organizational structure used by our chief operating decision maker for making operating decisions and assessing performance. We do not provide the chief operating decision maker with disaggregated data for decision making purposes and report the company's profitability only on a consolidated basis. Therefore, we test goodwill for impairment on a consolidated entity basis.

In testing for a potential impairment of goodwill, we first compare the estimated fair value of the consolidated entity with book value, including goodwill. If the estimated fair value exceeds book value, goodwill is considered not to be impaired and no additional steps are necessary. If, however, the fair value of the consolidated entity is less than book value, then we are required to compare the carrying amount of the goodwill with its implied fair value. The estimate of implied fair value of goodwill may require independent valuations of certain internally generated and unrecognized intangible assets such as our subscriber base, software and technology and patents and trademarks. If the carrying amount of our goodwill exceeds the implied fair value of that goodwill, an impairment loss would be recognized in an amount equal to the excess.

The process of evaluating the potential impairment of goodwill is highly subjective and requires significant judgment. We determined the estimated fair value of the consolidated entity based on the use of a combination of the income approach, based on the present value of estimated future cash flows, and the market approach, using comparable publically traded business interests. The results of our test for goodwill impairment, as of November 30, 2010, showed that the estimated fair value of the consolidated entity exceeded the carrying value by approximately \$272 million, or 114%. The discount rate utilized in performing the analysis was approximately 11% while the terminal growth rate used was approximately 5%. There were no impairment charges recorded for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009.

#### Stock-Based Compensation

We recognize stock-based compensation at an amount equal to the fair value of share-based payments granted under compensation arrangements. We calculate the fair value of stock options by using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The determination of the fair value of share-based awards at the grant date requires judgment

in developing assumptions, which involve a number of variables. These variables include, but are not limited to, the expected stock-price volatility over the term of the awards, the expected dividend yield and the expected stock option exercise behavior. Additionally, judgment is also required in estimating the number of share-based awards that are expected to forfeit. Our computation of expected volatility is based on a combination of historical and market-based implied volatility. The expected term of options granted was derived from an analysis of optionees' historical post-vest exercise behavior.

If any of the assumptions used in the Black-Scholes model change significantly, stock-based compensation expense may differ materially in the future from that recorded in the current period. We believe the accounting for stock-based compensation is a critical accounting policy because it requires the use of complex judgment in its application.

### Segment Reporting

Segment reporting requires the use of the management approach in determining reportable operating segments. The management approach considers the internal organization and reporting used by our chief operating decision maker for making operating decisions and assessing performance. Our organizational structure is aligned functionally with the management team focused and incentivized around the total company performance. We do not provide the chief operating decision maker with disaggregated data for decision making purposes and, as such, we have determined that only one segment exists.

#### Legal Contingencies

We are currently involved in certain legal proceedings, as discussed in Note 21, "Commitments and Contingencies — Legal Proceedings" to our Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 8 of this Form 10-K. For those matters where we have reached agreed-upon settlements, we have estimated the amount of those settlements and accrued the amount of the settlement in our financial statements. Because of the uncertainties related to both the amount and range of loss on the remaining pending litigation, we are unable to make a reasonable estimate of the liability that could result from an unfavorable outcome. As additional information becomes available, we will assess the potential liability related to our pending litigation and revise our estimates. Such revisions in our estimates of the potential liability could materially impact our results of operations and financial position.

### Results of Operations

We have continued to modify our business model over the past three years. In addition, we appointed a new Chief Executive Officer in January 2009. Our prospects should be considered in light of the risks, uncertainties, expenses and difficulties frequently encountered by companies in rapidly evolving markets such as the Internet. To address these risks, we must, among other things, be able to continue to:

- execute our business model, including changes to that model;
- respond to highly competitive developments;
- attract, retain and motivate qualified personnel;
- implement and successfully execute our marketing plans;
- continue to upgrade our technologies;
- develop new distribution channels; and
- improve our operational and financial systems.

Our revenue has declined in the last three years. We have achieved net income in a few quarters in 2010 and 2009, but we did not achieve net income in any quarter of 2008 and we may not be able to do so in the future. A more complete description of other risks relating to our business is set forth in "Part I — Item 1A. Risk Factors" of this Form 10-K. Our Consolidated Financial Statements for all periods presented reflects the classification of our Welcome Wagon® and Homeplans divisions as discontinued operations.

	Yea	Year Ended December 31,				
	201	0	2009		200	8
	(In	thousands)				
Consolidated Statement of Operations Data:						
Revenue	\$	197,503	\$	212,009	\$	242,069
Cost of revenue(1)		43,119		48,498		46,041
Gross profit		154,384		163,511		196,028
Operating expenses:						
Sales and marketing(1)		73,737		78,062		93,531
Product and web site development(1)		34,320		27,832		26,342
General and administrative(1)		42,657		64,944		77,571
Amortization of intangible assets		696		473		756
Restructuring charges		_		(1,192)		4,412
Impairment of long-lived assets		_		_		1,670
Litigation settlements				4,863		
Total operating expenses		151,410		174,982		204,282
Operating income (loss) from continuing operations		2,974		(11,471)		(8,254)
Interest income, net		910		847		5,687
Earnings of unconsolidated joint venture		1,017		149		
Impairment of auction rate securities		(19,559)		_		_
Other (expense) income, net		(967)		1,749		1,091
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes		(15,625)		(8,726)		(1,476)
Income tax (benefit) expense		(153)		37		549
Loss from continuing operations		(15,472)		(8,763)		(2,025)
Loss from discontinued operations				(486)		(27,165)
Gain on disposition of discontinued operations		_		2,303		_
Net loss		(15,472)		(6,946)		(29,190)
Convertible preferred stock dividend and related accretion		(5,383)		(5,244)		(5,108)
Net loss applicable to common stockholders	\$	(20,855)	\$	(12,190)	\$	(34,298)

<sup>(1)</sup> The following chart summarizes the stock-based compensation and charges that have been included in the following captions for the periods presented:

	Year Ende	Year Ended December 31,			
	2010	2009	2008		
	(In thousa	nds)			
Cost of revenue	\$ 175	\$ 181	\$ 144		
Sales and marketing	1,598	1,736	758		
Product and web site development	1,616	687	566		
General and administrative	3,901	14,998	10,857		
Total for continuing operations	7,290	17,602	12,325		
Total for discontinued operations	_	- 64	135		
Total stock-based compensation and charges	\$ 7,290	\$ 17,666	\$ 12,460		

	Year Ended	Year Ended		
	December 3	December 31,		
	2010	2009	2008	
	(In thousan	ds)		
As a Percentage of Revenue:				
Revenue	100%	100%	100%	
Cost of revenue	22	23	19	
Gross profit	78	77	81	
Operating expenses:				
Sales and marketing	37	37	39	
Product and web site development	17	13	11	
General and administrative	22	31	32	
Amortization of intangible assets	_	_	_	
Restructuring charges		(1)	2	
Impairment of long-lived assets	_	_	1	
Litigation settlements		2		
Total operating expenses	76	83	84	
Operating income (loss) from continuing operations	2	(5)	(3)	
Interest income, net	_	_	2	
Earnings of unconsolidated joint venture	1			
Impairment of auction rate securities	(10)	_	_	
Other (expense) income, net	(1)	1		
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(8)	(4)	(1)	
Income tax (benefit) expense				
Loss from continuing operations	(8)	(4)	(1)	
Loss from discontinued operations			(11)	
Gain on disposition of discontinued operations	_	1	_	
Net loss	(8)	(3)	(12)	
Convertible preferred stock dividend and related accretion	(3)	(2)	(2)	
Net loss applicable to common stockholders	(11)%	(6)%	(14)%	

For the Years Ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

### Revenue

Revenue decreased \$14.5 million, or 7%, to \$197.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to \$212.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. The decrease in revenue was primarily due to a decrease in our New Homes and REALTOR.com® products. Our New Homes revenues were transferred to our unconsolidated joint venture in the fourth quarter of 2009 and therefore are not included in revenue for the year ended December 31, 2010. We experienced lower Featured CommunityTM, listing enhancement and Featured HomesTM revenue on REALTOR.com directly related to reduced spending by our agent customers in response to the general economic conditions partially offset by increased revenues generated by our new Search Assist product which was launched in the latter part of 2009. Our Top Producer® 8i subscriber base and associated revenues decreased over the prior year due to reduced spending by real estate professionals but was offset by improved revenues from the Market SnapshotTM product. We also experienced declines in the Rentals showcase listings revenues and in lead generation revenues from our Moving.com web site. Revenue was also impacted by a decrease of \$2.4 million associated with providing product development services to the NAR in the year ended December 31, 2009 which did not recur in the year ended December 31, 2010.

#### Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue decreased \$5.4 million, or 11%, to \$43.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to \$48.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. The decrease was primarily due to decreased personnel related costs of \$1.6 million, a decrease of \$1.5 million associated with development services provided to NAR, decreased product and fulfillment costs of \$1.3 million associated with our featured products, decreased depreciation expense of \$0.8 million and other cost decreases of \$0.2 million.

Gross margin percentage increased to 78% for the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to 77% for the year ended December 31, 2009. The increase is due to the decreased costs described above.

### Operating Expenses

Sales and Marketing. Sales and marketing expenses decreased \$4.4 million, or 6%, to \$73.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to \$78.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in online distribution costs of \$3.0 million, a decrease in personnel related costs of \$1.1 million and other cost decreases of \$0.3 million.

Product and Web Site Development. Product and web site development expenses increased \$6.5 million, or 23%, to \$34.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to \$27.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. The increase was primarily due to an increase in consulting and personnel related costs as a result of incremental investments in our new product and technology platforms.

General and Administrative. General and administrative expenses decreased \$22.2 million, or 34%, to \$42.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to \$64.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. The decrease was primarily due to a \$11.1 million decrease in non-cash stock based compensation primarily due to the acceleration and modification of options upon the termination of three executive officers and restricted stock awards and options granted to our Chief Executive Officer that were immediately vested during the year ended December 31, 2009. Additionally, there was a \$5.8 million decrease in legal fees, a \$4.7 million decrease in personnel related costs, excluding non-cash stock based compensation, a \$1.2 million decrease in bad debt expense, a \$0.6 million decrease in facilities costs due to the new lease in Westlake Village, California and other cost decreases of \$0.1 million. Theses cost decreases were partially offset by an increase in consulting costs of \$1.3 million.

Amortization of Intangible Assets. Amortization of intangible assets was approximately \$0.7 million and \$0.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The increase was due to the amortization of newly acquired intangible assets during the year ended December 31, 2010.

Restructuring Charges. During the year ended December 31, 2008, our Board of Directors approved restructuring and integration plans with the objective of eliminating duplicate resources and redundancies and implementing a new operating structure to lower total operating expenses. As a result of these plans, we incurred a restructuring charge from continuing operations of \$4.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. Included in these charges were lease charges of \$3.0 million related to the consolidation of our operations in Westlake Village, California and the vacancy of a portion of the leased facility. In addition, the charge included severance and other personnel related costs of \$1.4 million associated with a reduction in workforce.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, we entered into a new lease agreement for our Westlake Village facility. Under the terms of the lease, we leased only a portion of the facility but continued to occupy the current space in that facility until construction was completed on the new space. Our obligation under the old lease was terminated and, as a result, the remaining restructuring reserve was reversed resulting in a \$1.2 million reduction to restructuring charges for the year ended December 31, 2009. There were no restructuring charges during the year ended December 31, 2010.

Litigation Settlement. We recorded a litigation settlement charge of approximately \$4.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. There were no litigation settlement charges for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Stock-based Compensation and Charges. The following chart summarizes the stock-based compensation and charges that have been included in the following captions for each of the periods presented (in thousands):

	Year Ende	ed .
	December	31,
	2010	2009
Cost of revenue	\$ 175	\$ 181
Sales and marketing	1,598	1,736
Product and web site development	1,616	687
General and administrative	3,901	14,998
Total from continuing operations	\$ 7,290	\$ 17,602

Stock-based compensation and charges decreased \$10.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to the year ended December 31, 2009, primarily due to the acceleration and modification of options upon termination of former executive officers and restricted stock awards and options granted to our new Chief Executive Officer that were immediately vested during the year ended December 31, 2009. As of December 31, 2010, there was \$8.5 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock option awards granted under our plans. Substantially all of that cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.2 years.

Interest Income, Net

Interest income, net, remained relatively constant for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Impairment of Auction Rate Securities

In April 2010, we completed the sale of our entire portfolio of auction rate securities ("ARS") for \$109.8 million (par value \$129.4 million) to a broker in the secondary market. As a result of the sale, an other-than-temporary loss of \$19.6 million was recorded for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Other (Expense) Income, Net

Other expense, net of \$1.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, consisted primarily of the transaction fees associated with the sale of our portfolio of ARS. Other income, net, of \$1.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, primarily resulted from a \$1.3 million gain on the sale of assets and \$0.6 million in other income related to the revaluation of an embedded derivative liability resulting from the issuance of convertible preferred stock in December 2005, partially offset by other expenses of \$0.2 million.

Income Taxes

We recorded an income tax benefit of \$0.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2010 and income tax expense of less than \$0.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, we recorded an income tax benefit of \$0.3 million as a result of a change in the valuation allowance resulting from the deferred tax liability established for the amortizable intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination partially offset by \$0.1 million of state income tax expenses and a deferred tax provision related to amortization of certain indefinite lived intangible assets. For the year ended December 31, 2009, we recorded a deferred tax provision of \$0.2 million related to amortization of certain indefinite lived intangible assets partially offset by a current tax benefit of \$0.1 million for a federal alternative minimum tax refund resulting from a net operating loss carryback available under new tax laws.

For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

#### Revenue

Revenue decreased \$30.1 million, or 12%, to \$212.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to \$242.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. The decrease in revenue was primarily due to a decrease in our REALTOR.com® and New Homes products. We experienced lower Featured HomesTM and listing enhancement revenue on REALTOR.com directly related to reduced purchasing by one large broker customer. In addition, there was reduced spending on listing enhancement and Featured Homes products by our agent customers due to general economic conditions partially offset by increased revenues generated by our improved Featured CommunityTM product. Our New Homes products experienced a significant decrease in revenue resulting from the downturn in the new construction market and the transfer of that revenue to our unconsolidated joint venture in the fourth quarter of 2009. There was a decline in our online display revenue due to reduced revenue per impression as a result of declining market demand for online advertising. Our Top Producer® 8i subscriber base and associated revenues decreased over the past year due to reduced spending by real estate professionals partially offset by improved revenues from the Market SnapshotTM and Market BuilderTM products that were introduced in the latter part of 2007. We also experienced declines in the Rentals featured listings revenues and the mover lead generation revenues from the Moving.com web site. This was partially offset by increased revenues of \$1.3 million associated with providing product development services to the National Association of Realtors ("NAR").

#### Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue increased \$2.5 million, or 5%, to \$48.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to \$46.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. The increase was primarily due to increased costs of \$1.1 million associated with development services provided to NAR, higher product fulfillment costs of \$1.1 million resulting from improvements made to our feature product lines, increased depreciation expense of \$1.0 million associated with increased storage hardware in the data center, increased mover lead generation costs of \$0.9 million and increased software and hardware maintenance costs of \$0.8 million, partially offset by a decrease in personnel related costs of \$2.1 million and other cost decreases of \$0.3 million.

Gross margin percentage decreased to 77% for the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to 81% for the year ended December 31, 2008. The decrease is due to reduced higher margin advertising revenue; increased product fulfillment and development services costs; and overall fixed overhead expenses being applied against lower revenues.

#### Operating Expenses

Sales and Marketing. Sales and marketing expenses decreased \$15.4 million, or 16%, to \$78.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to \$93.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in online distribution costs of \$13.9 million, a decrease in other marketing costs of \$0.6 million, a decrease in consulting costs of \$0.4 million and other cost decreases of \$0.5 million.

Product and Web Site Development. Product and web site development expenses increased \$1.5 million, or 6%, to \$27.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to \$26.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. The increase was primarily due to increased personnel related costs of \$2.5 million partially offset by decreased consulting costs of \$0.7 million and other cost decreases of \$0.3 million.

General and Administrative. General and administrative expenses decreased \$12.6 million, or 16%, to \$64.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to \$77.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. The decrease was primarily due to a \$6.2 million decrease in personnel related expenses, excluding non-cash stock based compensation, due to our restructuring efforts. Additionally, there was a \$4.2 million decrease in legal fees, a \$1.7 million decrease in depreciation expense, a \$1.6 million decrease in rent expense due to our restructuring efforts, a \$0.7 million decrease in consulting costs and other cost decreases of \$2.3 million. These decreases were partially offset by an increase of \$4.1 million in non-cash stock based compensation primarily due to the acceleration and modification of options upon the termination of former executive officers and restricted stock awards and options granted to our new Chief Executive Officer that were immediately vested.

Amortization of Intangible Assets. Amortization of intangible assets was approximately \$0.5 million and \$0.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Restructuring Charges. During the year ended December 31, 2008, our Board of Directors approved restructuring and integration plans with the objective of eliminating duplicate resources and redundancies and implementing a new operating structure to lower total operating expenses. As a result of these plans, we incurred a restructuring charge from continuing operations of \$4.4 million. Included in these charges were lease charges of \$3.0 million related to the consolidation of our operations in Westlake Village, California and the vacancy of a portion of the leased facility. In addition, the charge included severance and other personnel related costs of \$1.4 million associated with a reduction in workforce.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, we entered into a new lease agreement for our Westlake Village facility. Under the terms of the lease, we are leasing only a portion of the facility but will continue to occupy the current space in that facility until construction is completed on the new space. Our obligation under the old lease was terminated and, as a result, the remaining restructuring reserve was reversed resulting in a \$1.2 million reduction to restructuring charges for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Impairment of long-lived assets. There was a \$1.7 million impairment charge from continuing operations for the year ended December 31, 2008 primarily due to an impairment charge of \$1.8 million associated with previously capitalized costs for software development. In addition, we were able to negotiate a favorable release from certain maintenance obligations related to long-lived assets impaired in 2007 resulting in a reduction to our impairment charges of approximately \$0.1 million. There was no impairment charge for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Litigation Settlement. We recorded a litigation settlement charge of approximately \$4.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. There were no litigation settlement charges for the year ended December 31, 2008. These settlements are discussed in Note 20, "Settlements of Disputes and Litigation" to the audited Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Item 8 of this Form 10-K.

Stock-based Compensation and Charges. The following chart summarizes the stock-based compensation and charges that have been included in the following captions for each of the periods presented (in thousands):

	Year Ended		
	December 31,		
	2009	2008	
Cost of revenue	\$ 181	\$ 144	
Sales and marketing	1,736	758	
Product and web site development	687	566	
General and administrative	14,998	10,857	
Total from continuing operations	\$ 17,602	\$ 12,325	

Stock-based compensation and charges increased \$5.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to the year ended December 31, 2008, primarily due to the acceleration and modification of options upon termination of former executive officers and restricted stock awards and options granted to our new Chief Executive Officer that were immediately vested. These increases were partially offset by lower stock options expense as a result of fewer option grants. As of December 31, 2009, there was \$15.2 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock option awards granted under our plans. Substantially all of that cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.4 years.

Interest Income, Net

Interest income, net, decreased \$4.9 million to \$0.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to \$5.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2008, primarily due to decreases in interest yields on short-term and long-term investments and interest expense related to short-term borrowings under our line of credit.

#### Other Income, Net

Other income, net, increased \$0.6 million to \$1.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to \$1.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2008, primarily due to an increase in income from the sale of assets. We recognized a \$1.3 million gain on the sale of certain product lines associated with the Enterprise business during the year ended December 31, 2009.

#### Income Taxes

As a result of historical net operating losses, we would not generally expect to record a provision for income taxes. However, during the year ended December 31, 2006, we recorded certain indefinite lived intangible assets as a result of a purchase transaction which creates a permanent difference as the amortization can be recorded for tax purposes but not for book purposes. A deferred tax provision in the amount of \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million was recorded during the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, as a result of this permanent difference which cannot be offset against net operating loss carryforwards due to its indefinite life. During the year ended December 31, 2009, we recorded a current tax benefit of \$0.2 million for a federal alternative minimum tax refund resulting from a net operating loss carryback available under new tax laws. During the year ended December 31, 2008, a current tax provision was recorded due to \$0.1 million in federal alternative minimum taxes and \$0.2 million for state and local income taxes. An additional current tax provision of \$0.2 million was recorded for the year ended December 31, 2008 due to the release of acquired net operating loss carryforwards which were recorded against Goodwill.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

Net cash provided by continuing operating activities of \$22.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2010 was attributable to the net loss of \$15.5 million plus non-cash expenses including depreciation, amortization of intangible assets, provision for doubtful accounts, impairment of auction rate securities, stock-based compensation and charges, earnings of unconsolidated joint venture and other non-cash items, aggregating to \$36.5 million, along with changes in operating assets and liabilities of approximately \$1.7 million.

Net cash provided by continuing operating activities of \$9.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 was attributable to net loss from continuing operations of \$8.8 million plus non-cash expenses including depreciation, amortization of intangible assets, provision for doubtful accounts, stock-based compensation and charges, gain on sales of assets, earnings of unconsolidated joint venture, change in market value of embedded derivative liability and other non-cash items, aggregating to \$27.8 million, offset by changes in operating assets and liabilities of approximately \$9.3 million.

Net cash provided by investing activities of continuing operations of \$88.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2010 was primarily attributable to proceeds from the sale of auction rate securities of \$109.8 million, payments received on a note for the sale of business of \$1.0 million, and distributions of earnings from an unconsolidated joint venture of \$1.0 million, partially offset by acquisitions, net of cash acquired of \$12.4 million, capital expenditures of \$10.7 million and an investment in joint ventures of \$0.5 million.

Net cash used in investing activities of continuing operations of \$14.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 was primarily attributable to capital expenditures of \$9.6 million and investment in joint venture of \$6.5 million, partially offset by proceeds from the sale of assets of \$1.4 million.

Net cash used in financing activities of \$59.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2010 was primarily attributable to principal payments on our line of credit of \$129.3 million and other cash uses of \$0.2 million offset by proceeds from our line of credit of \$64.7 million. There were cash proceeds from the exercise of stock options of \$4.7 million, reductions in restricted cash balances of \$0.5 million and proceeds from loans payable of \$0.3 million.

Net cash provided by financing activities of \$3.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 was primarily attributable to reductions in restricted cash balances of \$2.7 million and the exercise of stock options of \$1.9 million, partially offset by tax withholdings related to net share settlements of restricted stock awards of \$1.1 million and payments on capital lease obligations of \$0.3 million.

We have generated positive operating cash flows in each of the last three years. Our material financial commitments consist of those under operating lease agreements, our operating agreement with NAR and various web services and content agreements. Originally, under our Series B Preferred Stock Agreement, beginning in

November 2010, we were obligated to pay quarterly cash dividends of 3.5% per annum of the original price per share of approximately \$4.1 million per annum. However, in February 2011, we entered into an agreement to redeem 70,000 shares of the Series B Preferred Stock at a total redemption price of \$70.4 million, which includes approximately \$0.4 million in associated cash dividends (see the disclosure regarding the redemption in Note 23, "Subsequent Events" to our Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Item 8 of this Form 10-K). Subsequent to such redemption, we will be obligated to pay cash dividends of approximately \$1.7 million per annum.

Additionally, in February 2011, our Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program. The program authorizes, in one or more transactions taking place during a two year period, the repurchase of our outstanding common stock utilizing surplus cash in the amount of up to \$25 million. Under the program, we can purchase shares of common stock in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions. The timing and amount of repurchase transactions under this program will depend upon market conditions, corporate considerations and regulatory requirements. Shares repurchased under the program shall be retired to constitute authorized but unissued shares of our common stock.

We believe that, even after the subsequent events discussed above, our existing cash and any cash generated from operations will be sufficient to fund our working capital requirements, capital expenditures and other obligations for the foreseeable future.

Our contractual obligations as of December 31, 2010 are as follows (in thousands):

#### Payments Due by Period

		Due in	Due in	Due in	
	Total	One Year	One to	Three to	Over
	Payments Due	or Less	Three Years	Five Years	Five Years
Operating lease obligations	\$ 20,730	\$ 4,857	\$ 8,960	\$ 5,164	\$ 1,749
Other purchase obligations	11,904	3,513	4,273	4,118	_
Total	\$ 32,634	\$ 8,370	\$ 13,233	\$ 9,282	\$ 1,749

Other purchase obligations represent payments required under our operating agreement with NAR and agreements with various other web service and content providers. Obligations for the years ending 2011 and beyond under the NAR operating agreement are calculated based on amounts paid in prior years adjusted for the Annual Consumer Price Index for the period ending in the prior calendar year. Obligations disclosed above for the NAR operating agreement and one of the content agreements only include estimated payments over the next five years as these agreements have an indefinite term.

In addition, we have commitments of approximately \$0.8 million to purchase property, plant and equipment and software licenses as of December 31, 2010.

### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have not entered into any transactions with unconsolidated entities whereby we have financial guarantees, subordinated retained interests, derivative instruments or other contingent arrangements that expose us to material continuing risks, contingent liabilities, or any other obligation under a variable interest in an unconsolidated entity that provides financing, liquidity, market risk or credit risk support to us.

#### Recent Accounting Developments

See "Note 2 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" to our consolidated financial statements, regarding the impact of certain recent accounting pronouncements on our consolidated financial statements.

### Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact our financial position, results of operations or cash flows due to adverse changes in financial and commodity market prices and rates. We do not have any material foreign currency or other derivative financial instruments. Under our current policies, we do not use interest rate derivative instruments to manage exposure to interest rate changes. We attempt to increase the safety and preservation of our invested principal funds by limiting default risk, market risk and reinvestment risk. We mitigate default risk by investing our cash only in government treasury bills.

# Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

# INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Page
Move, Inc. Consolidated Financial Statements	
Report of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	40
Consolidated Balance Sheets	41
Consolidated Statements of Operations	42
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity	43
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	44
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	45
30	

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors and Shareholders of Move, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Move, Inc. as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2010. Our audits also included the financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15(a)(2). These financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Move, Inc. at December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2010, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), Move, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010, based on criteria established in Internal Control — Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated February 18, 2011 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Los Angeles, California February 18, 2011

40

# MOVE, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

Current assets:         \$ 158,517         \$ 106,847           Cas and cash equivalents         \$ 158,517         \$ 106,847           Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$700 and         \$ 1,355 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively         9,680         10,782           Other current assets         17,621         12,101           Total current assets         175,818         129,730           Property and equipment, net         21,934         21,139           Long-term investments         7,165         6,649           Goodwill, net         24,450         16,969           Intensified assets, net         8,324         3,460           Other assets         1,327         1,548           Total assets         239,018         \$ 291,295           LLABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY         ***  Current liabilities**         ***  Accounts payable         \$ 6,403         \$ 5,545           Accounts payable         \$ 6,403         \$ 5,545         **           Accurred expenses         16,281         18,335           Deferred revenue         31,369         10,461           Other on-current liabilities         33,00         1,096           Total iabilities         33,00         1,096           Series B		Decei	mber 31,		
Current assets:         \$ 158,517         \$ 106,847           Cas and cash equivalents         \$ 158,517         \$ 106,847           Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$700 and         \$ 1,355 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively         9,680         10,782           Other current assets         175,211         12,101           Total current assets         175,818         129,730           Property and equipment, net         21,934         21,139           Long-term investments         -         111,800           Investment in unconsolidated joint venture         7,165         6,649           Goodwill, net         24,450         16,969           Intangible assets, net         8,324         3,460           Other assets         1,327         1,548           Total assets         \$ 239,018         \$ 291,295           LLABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY         Eurorent liabilities         \$ 6,403         \$ 5,545           Accounts payable         \$ 6,403         \$ 5,545         \$ 5,545           Accounts payable         \$ 6,403         \$ 18,335         16,621         18,335           Deferred revenue         13,696         15,951         16,603         104,610         104,610         104,610         104		2010		2009	)
Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 158,517         \$ 106,847           Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$700 and \$1,355 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively         9,680         10,782           Other current assets         7,621         12,101           Total current assets         175,818         129,730           Property and equipment, net         21,934         21,139           Long-term investments         —         111,800           Investment in unconsolidated joint venture         7,165         6,649           Goodwill, net         24,450         16,969           Intangible assets, net         8,324         3,460           Other assets         1,327         1,548           Total assets         \$ 239,018         \$ 291,295           LLABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY         Eurorent liabilities         \$ 6,403         \$ 5,545           Accounts payable         \$ 6,403         \$ 5,545           Accounts payable         \$ 6,403         \$ 5,545           Accrued expenses         16,281         18,335           Deferred revenue         13,696         15,951           Line of credit         — 64,630         6,6403           Total current liabilities         30,30         1,096	ASSETS				
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$700 and \$1,355 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively         9,680         10,782           Other current assets         7,621         12,101           Total current assets         175,818         129,730           Property and equipment, net         21,934         21,139           Long-term investments         -         111,800           Investment in unconsolidated joint venture         7,165         6,649           Goodwill, net         24,450         16,669           Intagible assets, net         8,324         3,400           Other assets         1,327         1,548           Total assets         \$ 239,018         \$ 29,295           LASHLITES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Current liabilities         \$ 6,403         \$ 5,545           Accounts payable         \$ 6,403         \$ 5,545           Accounts payable         \$ 6,403         \$ 5,545           Accounted expenses         16,281         18,335           Deferred revnue         3,300         10,461           Chier orcetit         \$ 6,403         10,557           Total current liabilities         3,300         10,557           Series & convertible preferred stock, 119,044 and 1	Current assets:				
\$1,355 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively         9,680         10,782           Other current assets         7,621         12,101           Total current assets         175,818         129,730           Property and equipment, net         21,139         21,139           Long-term investments         7,165         6,649           Goodwill, net         24,450         16,669           Goodwill, net         3,340         3,460           Other assets         1,327         1,548           Total assets         3,301         3,958           Total assets         4,450         3,929           LABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY         2         4           Current liabilities         4         4,603         5,545           Accrued expenses         6,403         5,545         5,545           Deferred revenue         13,696         15,951         14,601           Ober endit         4         4,600         10,961           Total current liabilities         3,300         10,962           Total current liabilities         3,300         10,962           Series A convertile preferred stock 119,044 and 15,315 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively         116,564	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	158,517	\$	106,847
Other current assets         7,621         12,101           Total current assets         175,818         129,730           Property and equipment, net         21,934         21,139           Long-term investments         —         111,800           Investment in unconsolidated joint venture         7,165         6,649           Goodwill, net         8,324         3,460           Other assets         1,327         1,548           Total assets         329,018         \$ 291,295           CLABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Current liabilities         \$ 6,403         \$ 5,545           Accounts payable         \$ 6,403         \$ 5,545           Accounte dexpenses         16,281         18,335           Deferred revenue         13,696         15,951           Line of credit         —         64,630           Total current liabilities         36,380         104,461           Other non-current liabilities         3,300         1,056           Total liabilities         39,680         105,557           Commitments and contingencies (Note 21)           Series B convertible preferred stock, 19,044 and 115,315 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and Dec	Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$700 and				
Total current assets   175,818   129,730     Property and equipment, net   21,934   21,139     Long-term investments   7,165   6,649     Goodwill, net   24,450   16,669     Goodwill, net   24,450   16,669     Intangible assets, net   3,324   3,460     Other assets   1,327   1,548     Total assets   339,018   \$ 29,295     Contract   1,327   1,548     Total assets   1,327   1,548     Accrued expenses   16,281   18,335     Deferred revenue   13,696   15,951     Line of credit   1,396   10,461     Other non-current liabilities   3,308   104,461     Other non-current liabilities   3,308   10,557     Other non-current li	\$1,355 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively		9,680		10,782
Property and equipment, net         21,934         21,139           Long-term investments         —         111,800           Investment in unconsolidated joint venture         7,165         6,649           Goodwill, net         24,450         16,969           Intangible assets, net         8,324         3,460           Other assets         1,327         1,548           Total assets         \$ 239,018         \$ 291,295           LABHLITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 6,403         \$ 5,545           Accrued expenses         16,281         18,335           Deferred revenue         13,696         15,951           Line of credit         —         64,630           Other non-current liabilities         3,300         10,96           Total liabilities         39,680         105,557           Commitments and contingencies (Note 21)         Series B convertible preferred stock, 119,044 and 115,315 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively         115,64         111,541           Stockholders' Equity         —         —         —           Common stock, 5,001 par value; 500,000 shares authorized, 158,505 and 155,722 shares issued and outstan	Other current assets		7,621		12,101
Long-term investment in unconsolidated joint venture         —         111,800           Long Goodwill, net in unconsolidated joint venture         24,450         16,969           Goodwill, net in unconsolidated joint venture         8,324         3,600           Littagible assets, net         8,324         3,600           Other assets         1,327         1,548           Total assets         239,018         291,295           LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Current liabilities           Accounts payable         \$6,403         \$5,545           Accounts payable         \$6,403         \$5,545           Accound expenses         16,281         18,335           Deferred expenses         16,281         18,335           Deferred expenses         36,369         105,91           Line of credit         —         64,630         10,96           Total current liabilities         33,300         1,096         10,557           Comminements and contingencies (Note 21)           Series B convertible preferred stock, 119,044 and 115,315 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2009, respectively         116,564         111,541           Series A con	Total current assets		175,818		129,730
Condwill, net   1,24,450   16,969   1	Property and equipment, net		21,934		21,139
Goodwill, net         24,450         16,969           Intangible assets, net         8,324         3,460           Other assets         1,327         1,548           Total assets         \$ 239,018         \$ 291,295           LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 6,403         \$ 5,545           Accrued expenses         16,281         18,335           Deferred revenue         13,696         15,535           Line of credit         —         64,630           Total current liabilities         39,680         105,557           Commitments and contingencies (Note 21)           Series B convertible preferred stock, 119,044 and 115,315 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively         115,564         111,541           Stockholders' Equity:         Series A convertible preferred stock         —         —           Common stock, \$.001 par value; 500,000 shares authorized, 158,505 and 155,722 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively         159         156           Additional paid-in capital         1,214,554         2,112,613         2,112,613           Accumulated other comprehensive income         372         (17	Long-term investments		_		111,800
State   Stat	Investment in unconsolidated joint venture		7,165		6,649
Other assets         1,327         1,548           Total assets         239,018         291,295           LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 6,403         \$ 5,545           Accrued expenses         16,281         18,335           Deferred revenue         13,696         15,951           Line of credit         —         64,630           Total current liabilities         36,380         104,461           Other non-current liabilities         39,680         105,557           Commitments and contingencies (Note 21)           Series B convertible preferred stock, 119,044 and 115,315 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively         116,564         111,541           Stockholders' Equity:         Series A convertible preferred stock         —         —           Common stock, \$.001 par value; 500,000 shares authorized, 158,505 and 155,722 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and 372         156           Additional paid-in capital         2,124,554         2,112,613           Accumulated other comprehensive income         372         (17,116)           Accumulated deficit         (2,021,456) </td <td>Goodwill, net</td> <td></td> <td>24,450</td> <td></td> <td>16,969</td>	Goodwill, net		24,450		16,969
Total assets   \$ 239,018   \$ 291,295	Intangible assets, net		8,324		3,460
Current liabilities:   Secries A convertible preferred stock   11,541   11,541   15,722 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2009, respectively   159   156   Additional paid-in capital   2,124,554   2,112,613   Accumulated deficit   (2,042,311)   (2,021,456)   Accumulated deficit   (2	Other assets		1,327		1,548
Current liabilities:         Accounts payable         \$ 6,403         \$ 5,545           Accrued expenses         16,281         18,335           Deferred revenue         13,696         15,951           Line of credit         —         64,630           Total current liabilities         36,380         104,461           Other non-current liabilities         33,000         1,096           Total liabilities         39,680         105,557           Committments and contingencies (Note 21)         Series B convertible preferred stock, 119,044 and 115,315 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively         116,564         111,541           Stockholders' Equity:         Series A convertible preferred stock         —         —           Common stock, \$.001 par value; 500,000 shares authorized, 158,505 and 155,722 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and 31, 20	Total assets	\$	239,018	\$	291,295
Current liabilities:         Accounts payable         \$ 6,403         \$ 5,545           Accrued expenses         16,281         18,335           Deferred revenue         13,696         15,951           Line of credit         —         64,630           Total current liabilities         36,380         104,461           Other non-current liabilities         33,000         1,096           Total liabilities         39,680         105,557           Committments and contingencies (Note 21)         Series B convertible preferred stock, 119,044 and 115,315 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively         116,564         111,541           Stockholders' Equity:         Series A convertible preferred stock         —         —           Common stock, \$.001 par value; 500,000 shares authorized, 158,505 and 155,722 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and 31, 20	LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Accrued expenses         16,281         18,335           Deferred revenue         13,696         15,951           Line of credit         —         64,630           Total current liabilities         36,380         104,461           Other non-current liabilities         3,300         1,096           Total liabilities         39,680         105,557           Commitments and contingencies (Note 21)         Series B convertible preferred stock, 119,044 and 115,315 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively         116,564         111,541           Stockholders' Equity:         Series A convertible preferred stock         —         —           Common stock, \$.001 par value; 500,000 shares authorized, 158,505 and 155,722 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 201	Current liabilities:				
Accrued expenses         16,281         18,335           Deferred revenue         13,696         15,951           Line of credit         —         64,630           Total current liabilities         36,380         104,461           Other non-current liabilities         3,300         1,096           Total liabilities         39,680         105,557           Commitments and contingencies (Note 21)         Series B convertible preferred stock, 119,044 and 115,315 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively         116,564         111,541           Stockholders' Equity:         Series A convertible preferred stock         —         —           Common stock, \$.001 par value; 500,000 shares authorized, 158,505 and 155,722 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 201	Accounts payable	\$	6.403	\$	5.545
Deferred revenue         13,696         15,951           Line of credit         —         64,630           Total current liabilities         36,380         104,461           Other non-current liabilities         3,300         1,096           Total liabilities         39,680         105,557           Commitments and contingencies (Note 21)         Series B convertible preferred stock, 119,044 and 115,315 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively         116,564         111,541           Stockholders' Equity:         Series A convertible preferred stock         —         —         —           Common stock, \$.001 par value; 500,000 shares authorized, 158,505 and 155,722 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively         159         156           Additional paid-in capital         2,124,554         2,112,613           Accumulated other comprehensive income         372         (17,116)           Accumulated deficit         (2,042,311)         (2,021,456)           Total stockholders' equity         82,774         74,197			16.281		18.335
Total current liabilities         36,380         104,461           Other non-current liabilities         3,300         1,096           Total liabilities         39,680         105,557           Commitments and contingencies (Note 21)         Series B convertible preferred stock, 119,044 and 115,315 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively         116,564         111,541           Stockholders' Equity:         Series A convertible preferred stock         —         —           Common stock, \$.001 par value; 500,000 shares authorized, 158,505 and 155,722 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively         159         156           Additional paid-in capital         2,124,554         2,112,613           Accumulated other comprehensive income         372         (17,116)           Accumulated deficit         (2,042,311)         (2,021,456)           Total stockholders' equity         82,774         74,197					
Total current liabilities         36,380         104,461           Other non-current liabilities         3,300         1,096           Total liabilities         39,680         105,557           Commitments and contingencies (Note 21)         Series B convertible preferred stock, 119,044 and 115,315 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively         116,564         111,541           Stockholders' Equity:         Series A convertible preferred stock         —         —         —           Common stock, \$.001 par value; 500,000 shares authorized, 158,505 and 155,722 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively         159         156           Additional paid-in capital         2,124,554         2,112,613           Accumulated other comprehensive income         372         (17,116)           Accumulated deficit         (2,042,311)         (2,021,456)           Total stockholders' equity         82,774         74,197	Line of credit		<u> </u>		64,630
Total liabilities 39,680 105,557  Commitments and contingencies (Note 21)  Series B convertible preferred stock, 119,044 and 115,315 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively 116,564 111,541  Stockholders' Equity:  Series A convertible preferred stock — — ——  Common stock, \$.001 par value; 500,000 shares authorized, 158,505 and 155,722 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively 159 156  Additional paid-in capital 2,124,554 2,112,613  Accumulated other comprehensive income 372 (17,116)  Accumulated deficit (2,042,311) (2,021,456)  Total stockholders' equity 82,774 74,197	Total current liabilities		36,380		
Total liabilities 39,680 105,557  Commitments and contingencies (Note 21)  Series B convertible preferred stock, 119,044 and 115,315 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively 116,564 111,541  Stockholders' Equity:  Series A convertible preferred stock — — ——  Common stock, \$.001 par value; 500,000 shares authorized, 158,505 and 155,722 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively 159 156  Additional paid-in capital 2,124,554 2,112,613  Accumulated other comprehensive income 372 (17,116)  Accumulated deficit (2,042,311) (2,021,456)  Total stockholders' equity 82,774 74,197	Other non-current liabilities		3,300		1,096
Commitments and contingencies (Note 21)  Series B convertible preferred stock, 119,044 and 115,315 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively  Stockholders' Equity:  Series A convertible preferred stock  Common stock, \$.001 par value; 500,000 shares authorized, 158,505 and 155,722 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively  Additional paid-in capital  Accumulated other comprehensive income  Accumulated deficit  Total stockholders' equity  110,564  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541	Total liabilities				
Series B convertible preferred stock, 119,044 and 115,315 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively  Stockholders' Equity:  Series A convertible preferred stock Common stock, \$.001 par value; 500,000 shares authorized, 158,505 and 155,722 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively  Additional paid-in capital Accumulated other comprehensive income Accumulated deficit Total stockholders' equity  116,564  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541	Commitments and contingencies (Note 21)		·		,
outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively  Stockholders' Equity:  Series A convertible preferred stock  Common stock, \$.001 par value; 500,000 shares authorized, 158,505 and  155,722 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and  December 31, 2009, respectively  Additional paid-in capital  Accumulated other comprehensive income  Accumulated deficit  Total stockholders' equity  116,564  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541  111,541					
Stockholders' Equity:         Series A convertible preferred stock         —			116,564		111,541
Series A convertible preferred stock         —         —         —           Common stock, \$.001 par value; 500,000 shares authorized, 158,505 and         155,722 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and           December 31, 2009, respectively         159         156           Additional paid-in capital         2,124,554         2,112,613           Accumulated other comprehensive income         372         (17,116)           Accumulated deficit         (2,042,311)         (2,021,456)           Total stockholders' equity         82,774         74,197	Stockholders' Equity:				
Common stock, \$.001 par value; 500,000 shares authorized, 158,505 and 155,722 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively       159       156         Additional paid-in capital       2,124,554       2,112,613         Accumulated other comprehensive income       372       (17,116)         Accumulated deficit       (2,042,311)       (2,021,456)         Total stockholders' equity       82,774       74,197			_		_
December 31, 2009, respectively       159       156         Additional paid-in capital       2,124,554       2,112,613         Accumulated other comprehensive income       372       (17,116)         Accumulated deficit       (2,042,311)       (2,021,456)         Total stockholders' equity       82,774       74,197					
Additional paid-in capital       2,124,554       2,112,613         Accumulated other comprehensive income       372       (17,116)         Accumulated deficit       (2,042,311)       (2,021,456)         Total stockholders' equity       82,774       74,197	155,722 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and				
Additional paid-in capital       2,124,554       2,112,613         Accumulated other comprehensive income       372       (17,116)         Accumulated deficit       (2,042,311)       (2,021,456)         Total stockholders' equity       82,774       74,197	<del>-</del>		159		156
Accumulated other comprehensive income372(17,116)Accumulated deficit(2,042,311)(2,021,456)Total stockholders' equity82,77474,197	•		2,124,554		2,112,613
Accumulated deficit         (2,042,311)         (2,021,456)           Total stockholders' equity         82,774         74,197			372		(17,116)
Total stockholders' equity 82,774 74,197			(2,042,311)		
	Total stockholders' equity				
	Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	239,018	\$	291,295

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MOVE, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Year Ended December 31,					
	201	0	20	009	20	08
	(In	thousands, e	хсер	t per share ar	nount	s)
Revenue	\$ 1	.97,503	\$	212,009	\$	242,069
Cost of revenue		43,119		48,498		46,041
Gross profit	1	54,384		163,511		196,028
Operating expenses:						
Sales and marketing		73,737		78,062		93,531
Product and web site development		34,320		27,832		26,342
General and administrative		42,657		64,944		77,571
Amortization of intangible assets		696		473		756
Restructuring charges		_		(1,192)		4,412
Impairment of long-lived assets						1,670
Litigation settlements		_		4,863		_
Total operating expenses	1	51,410		174,982		204,282
Operating income (loss) from continuing operations		2,974		(11,471)		(8,254)
Interest income, net		910		847		5,687
Earnings of unconsolidated joint venture		1,017		149		_
Impairment of auction rate securities	(	(19,559)				
Other (expense) income, net		(967)		1,749		1,091
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(	(15,625)		(8,726)		(1,476)
Income tax (benefit) expense		(153)		37		549
Loss from continuing operations	(	(15,472)		(8,763)		(2,025)
Loss from discontinued operations		_		(486)		(27,165)
Gain on disposition of discontinued operations				2,303		
Net loss	(	(15,472)		(6,946)		(29,190)
Convertible preferred stock dividend and related accretion		(5,383)		(5,244)		(5,108)
Net loss applicable to common stockholders	\$ (	(20,855)	\$	(12,190)	\$	(34,298)
Basic income (loss) per share applicable to common stockholders						
Continuing operations	\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.09)	\$	(0.05)
Discontinued operations				0.01		(0.18)
Basic loss per share applicable to common stockholders	\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.08)	\$	(0.23)
Diluted income (loss) per share applicable to common stockholders						
Continuing operations	\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.09)	\$	(0.05)
Discontinued operations				0.01		(0.18)
Diluted loss per share applicable to common stockholders	\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.08)	\$	(0.23)
Shares used in calculation of income (loss) per share applicable to						
common stockholders:						
Basic	1	.55,520		153,369		151,952
Diluted	1	55,520		153,369		151,952

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# MOVE, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Series A							
	Conver Preferr				Additional	Other		Total
	Stock	cu	Common Sto	ock	Paid-in	Comprehensive	Accumulated	Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Income (loss)	Deficit	Equity
	(In tho	usands)						
Balance at January 1, 2008	_	\$—	151,355	\$ 151	\$ 2,078,619	\$ 675	\$ (1,974,968)	\$ 104,477
Comprehensive income (loss):								
Net loss	_	_	_	_	_	_	(29,190)	(29,190)
Unrealized loss on auction rate								
securities						(17,600)		(17,600)
Unrealized loss on marketable securities	_	_	_	_	_	(18)	_	(18)
Realized gain on marketable securities	_	_	_	_	_	15		15
Foreign currency translation	_	_	_	_	_	(255)	_	(255)
Comprehensive loss	_	_	_	_	_	(17,858)	(29,190)	(47,048)
Issuance of common stock under exercise								
of stock options	_	_	1,576	2	3,056	_	_	3,058
Issuance of restricted stock		_	291					
Forfeitures of restricted stock	_	_	(140)	_	_	_	_	_
Stock-based compensation and charges					12,460	_		12,460
Convertible preferred stock dividend and								
accretion of discount	_	_	_	_	_	_	(5,108)	(5,108)
Balance at December 31, 2008		\$—	153,082	\$ 153	\$ 2,094,135	\$ (17,183)	\$ (2,009,266)	\$ 67,839
Comprehensive income (loss):								
Net loss							(6,946)	(6,946)
Unrealized loss on marketable securities	_	_	_	_	_	(4)	_	(4)
Foreign currency translation						71		71
Comprehensive loss	_	_	_	_	_	67	(6,946)	(6,879)
Issuance of common stock under exercise								
of stock options			1,065	1	1,878			1,879
Issuance of restricted stock	_	_	2,385	2	(2)	_	_	_
Forfeitures of restricted stock			(110)					
Restricted stock surrendered for employee								
tax liability	_	_	(700)	_	(1,064)	_	_	(1,064)
Stock-based compensation and charges					17,666			17,666
Convertible preferred stock dividend and								
accretion of discount	_	_	_	_	_	_	(5,244)	(5,244)
Balance at December 31, 2009		\$—	155,722	\$ 156	\$ 2,112,613	\$ (17,116)	\$ (2,021,456)	\$ 74,197
Comprehensive income (loss):								
Net loss							(15,472)	(15,472)
Reclassification of unrealized loss on								
auction rate securities	_	_	_	_	_	17,600	_	17,600
Unrealized loss on marketable securities					_	(3)		(3)
Foreign currency translation	_	_	_	_	_	(109)	_	(109)
Comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	_	_	_	17,488	(15,472)	2,016

Issuance of common stock under exercise								
of stock options	_	_	2,732	3	4,749	_	_	4,752
Issuance of restricted stock	_	_	162	_			_	
Forfeitures of restricted stock	_	_	(66)	_	_	_	_	_
Restricted stock surrendered for employee								
tax liability			(45)		(98)			(98)
Stock-based compensation and charges	_	_	_	_	7,290	_	_	7,290
Convertible preferred stock dividend and								
accretion of discount	_	_					(5,383)	(5,383)
Balance at December 31, 2010	_	\$—	158,505	\$ 159	\$ 2,124,554	\$ 372	\$ (2,042,311)	\$ 82,774

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# MOVE, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Purchases of property and equipment (10,732) (9,608) (5,935)  Acquisitions, net of cash acquired (12,371) — —  Investment in joint venture (499) (6,500) —  Purchases of short-term investments — — (96,418)  Maturities of short-term investments — — — 96,918  Proceeds from the sale of auction rate securities — — — — 96,918  Principal payments on notes receivable — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		Year Ended December 31,			
Cash flows from continuing operating activities:         \$ (15,472)         \$ (6,946)         \$ (29,199)           Net loss         \$ (15,472)         \$ (6,946)         \$ (29,199)           Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by continuing operating activities:         \$ (15,472)         \$ (6,946)         \$ (29,199)           Loss from discontinued operations         \$ (20,03)         \$ (20,03		2010	2009	2008	
Net loss		(In thousands)			
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by continuing operating activities:   Loss from discontinued operations					
Loss from discontinued operations		\$ (15,472)	\$ (6,946)	\$ (29,190)	
Gain on disposition of discontinued operations         (2,303)           Depreciation         10,077         10,944         11,246           Amortization of intangible assets         696         473         756           Provision for doubtful accounts         80         1,298         823           Stock-based compensation and charges         7,290         17,602         12,325           Impairment of long-lived assets         -         -         1,670           Gain on sales and disposals of assets         -         (1,185)         (687)           Earnings of unconsolidated joint venture         (1,017)         (149)         -           Change in market value of embedded derivative liability         -         (600)         (411)           Other non-cash items         (210)         (171)         651           Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and discontinued operations:         -         (1,000)         (411)           Other assets         3,254         26         (557)           Accounts receivable         1,316         702         1,965           Other assets         3,254         26         (557)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         (386)         (2,016)         (6,067)					
Depreciation         10,077         10,494         11,246           Amortization of intangible assets         696         473         756           Provision for doubtful accounts         80         1,298         823           Stock-based compensation and charges         7,290         17,602         12,325           Impairment of auction rate securities         19,559         —         —           Impairment of long-lived assets         —         (1,185)         (687)           Gain on sales and disposals of assets         —         (1,185)         (687)           Earnings of unconsolidated joint venture         (10,107)         (149)         —           Change in market value of embedded derivative liability         —         (600)         (411)         651           Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and discontinued operations:         4         2         6         657           Accounts receivable         1,316         702         1,965         1         702         1,965           Other assets         3,254         26         (557)         Accounts payable and accrued expenses         3,861         (2,010)         (6,067)           Deferred revenue         2,2697         9,652         8,855 <t< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td>27,165</td></t<>	•			27,165	
Amortization of intangible assets         696         473         756           Provision for doubtful accounts         80         1,298         823           Stock-based compensation and charges         7,290         17,602         12,325           Impairment of auction rate securities         19,559         —         —           Impairment of long-lived assets         —         (1,185)         (687)           Gain on sales and disposals of assets         —         (1,187)         (149)         —           Earnings of unconsolidated joint venture         (1,017)         (149)         —           Change in market value of embedded derivative liability         —         (600)         (411)           Other non-cash items         (210)         (171)         651           Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and discontinued operations:         —         1,316         702         1,655           Other assets         3,254         26         (557)         1,655         Other assets         3,254         26         (557)           Accounts receivable         1,316         702         1,655         Other assets         3,254         26         (557)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         3,254         26		_		_	
Provision for doubtful accounts         80         1,298         823           Stock-based compensation and charges         7,290         17,602         12,325           Impairment of fouction rate securities         19,559         —         —           Impairment of long-lived assets         —         (1,185)         (687)           Gain on sales and disposals of assets         —         (1,185)         (687)           Earnings of unconsolidated joint venture         (1,017)         (149)         —           Change in market value of embedded derivative liability         —         (600)         (411)           Other one-cash items         (210)         (171)         651           Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and discontinued operations:         —         1,316         702         1,965           Other assets         3,254         26         (557)         Accounts receivable         3,254         26         (557)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         (386)         (2,016)         (6,067)         1,065           Deferred revenue         (2,490)         (8,059)         (10,834)         Net cash provided by continuing operating activities         2,2697         7,558         1,521           Cash flows from investing activities		10,077			
Stock-based compensation and charges         7,290         17,602         12,325           Impairment of auction rate securities         19,559         —         —           Impairment of long-lived assets         —         (1,185)         (687)           Gain on sales and disposals of assets         —         (1,187)         (687)           Earnings of unconsolidated joint venture         (1,017)         (149)         —           Change in market value of embedded derivative liability         —         (600)         (411)           Other non-cash items         (210)         (17)         651           Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and discontinued operations:         —         (1,316)         702         1,965           Other assets         3,254         26         (557)         Accounts receivable         1,316         702         1,965           Other assets         3,254         26         (557)         Accounts payable and accrued expenses         (386)         (2,016)         (6,067)           Deferred revenue         (2,490)         (8,059)         (10,334)           Net cash provided by continuing operating activities         22,697         7,758         1,521           Cash flows from investing activities         (1,247)		696	473	756	
Impairment of auction rate securities	Provision for doubtful accounts	80	1,298	823	
Impairment of long-lived assets	Stock-based compensation and charges	7,290	17,602	12,325	
Gain on sales and disposals of assets         — (1,185)         (687)           Earnings of unconsolidated joint venture         (1,017)         (149)         —           Change in market value of embedded derivative liability         — (600)         (411)         651           Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and discontinued operations:         3 (20)         (17)         651           Accounts receivable         1,316         702         1,965           Other assets         3,254         26         (557)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         (386)         (2,016)         (6,067)           Deferred revenue         (2,490)         (8,059)         (10,834)           Net cash provided by continuing operating activities         22,697         9,652         8,855           Net cash provided by operating activities         22,697         7,652         8,855           Net cash provided by operating activities         22,697         9,652         8,855           Net cash provided by operating activities         22,697         1,521         1           Purchases of property and equipment         (10,732)         9,608         5,935           Acquisitions, net of eash acquired         (12,371)         —         —           Inves	Impairment of auction rate securities	19,559			
Earnings of unconsolidated joint venture         (1,017)         (149)         —           Change in market value of embedded derivative liability         — (600)         (411)           Other non-cash items         (210)         (171)         651           Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and discontinued operations:         3.254         26         (557)           Accounts receivable         1,316         702         1,965           Other assets         3,254         26         (557)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         (386)         (2,010)         (6,067)           Deferred revenue         (2,490)         (8,059)         10,834           Net cash provided by continuing operating activities         22,697         9,652         8,855           Net cash provided by operating activities         22,697         7,758         1,521           Cash flows from investing activities         40,909         6,500)         -           Purchases of short-term investi	Impairment of long-lived assets	_	_	1,670	
Change in market value of embedded derivative liability         —         (600)         (411)           Other non-cash items         (210)         (171)         651           Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and discontinued operations:         3         3         8         1.316         702         1.965         1.965         1.316         702         1.965         1.965         1.316         702         1.965         1.965         1.316         702         1.965         1.965         1.316         702         1.965         1.965         1.965         1.316         702         1.965         1.968         1.982         1.982         1.983         1.928         1.982         1.933         1.932 <th< td=""><td>Gain on sales and disposals of assets</td><td></td><td>(1,185)</td><td>(687)</td></th<>	Gain on sales and disposals of assets		(1,185)	(687)	
Other non-cash items         (210)         (171)         651           Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and discontinued operations:         3         3         4         6         1,316         702         1,965         1,965         Other assets         3,254         26         (557)         Accounts peace assets         3,254         26         (557)         4         6         6,067         7         7,58         1,521         1         7         7,58         1,521         1         1         7         7,58         1,521         1         1         1         1         1         1	Earnings of unconsolidated joint venture	(1,017)	(149)	_	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and discontinued operations:           Accounts receivable         1,316         702         1,965           Other assets         3,254         26         (557)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         (386)         (2,016)         (6,067)           Deferred revenue         (2,490)         (8,059)         (10,834)           Net cash provided by continuing operating activities         22,697         9,652         8,855           Net cash used in discontinued operations         —         (1,894)         (7,334)           Net cash provided by operating activities         22,697         7,758         1,521           Cash flows from investing activities:         22,697         7,758         1,521           Cash flows from investing activities:         22,697         7,758         1,521           Cash flows from investing activities:         40,900         (5,935)           Acquisitions, net of cash acquired         (10,732)         (9,608)         (5,935)           Acquisitions, net of cash acquired         (12,371)         —         —           Investment in joint venture         (499)         (6,500)         —           Purchases of short-term investments         —         — <td< td=""><td>Change in market value of embedded derivative liability</td><td></td><td>(600)</td><td>(411)</td></td<>	Change in market value of embedded derivative liability		(600)	(411)	
discontinued operations:           Accounts receivable         1,316         702         1,965           Other assets         3,254         26         (557)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         (386)         (2,016)         (6,067)           Deferred revenue         (2,490)         (8,059)         (10,834)           Net cash provided by continuing operating activities         22,697         9,652         8,855           Net cash used in discontinued operations         —         (1,894)         (7,334)           Net cash provided by operating activities         22,697         7,758         1,521           Cash flows from investing activities:         22,697         7,758         1,521           Cash flows from investing activities:         22,697         7,758         1,521           Cash flows from investing activities:         40,908         (5,935)         (5,935)           Acquisitions, net of cash acquired         (10,732)         (9,608)         (5,935)           Acquisitions, net of cash acquired         (499)         (6,500)         —           Purchases of short-term investments         —         —         (96,418)           Maturities of short-term investments         —         —         96,918	Other non-cash items	(210)	(171)	651	
Accounts receivable         1,316         702         1,965           Other assets         3,254         26         (557)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         (386)         (2,016)         (6,067)           Deferred revenue         (2,490)         (8,059)         (10,834)           Net cash provided by continuing operating activities         22,697         9,652         8,855           Net cash used in discontinued operations         — (1,894)         (7,334)           Net cash provided by operating activities         22,697         7,758         1,521           Cash flows from investing activities:         The cash provided by operating activities         22,697         7,758         1,521           Cash flows from investing activities:         The cash acquired         (10,732)         (9,608)         (5,935)           Acquisitions, net of cash acquired         (10,732)         (9,608)         (5,935)           Acquisitions, net of cash acquired         (10,732)         (9,608)         (5,935)           Acquisitions, net of cash acquired         (10,732)         (9,608)         (5,935)           Muturities of short-term investments         —         (96,418)           Maturities of short-term investments         —         (96,418)           Principa	Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and				
Other assets         3,254         26         (557)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         (386)         (2,016)         (6,067)           Deferred revenue         (2,490)         (8,059)         (10,834)           Net cash provided by continuing operating activities         22,697         9,652         8,855           Net cash used in discontinued operations         -         (1,894)         (7,334)           Net cash provided by operating activities         22,697         7,758         1,521           Cash flows from investing activities:         -         (1,894)         (5,935)           Purchases of property and equipment         (10,732)         (9,608)         (5,935)           Acquisitions, net of cash acquired         (12,371)         -         -           Investment in joint venture         (499)         (6,500)         -           Purchases of short-term investments         -         (96,418)           Maturities of short-term investments         -         (96,918)           Proceeds from the sale of auction rate securities         1,000         -         -           Principal payments on notes receivable         1,000         -         -           Distributions of earnings from unconsolidated joint venture         1,000         - <td>discontinued operations:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	discontinued operations:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses         (386)         (2,016)         (6,067)           Deferred revenue         (2,490)         (8,059)         (10,834)           Net cash provided by continuing operatings activities         22,697         9,652         8,855           Net cash used in discontinued operations         —         (1,894)         (7,334)           Net cash provided by operating activities         22,697         7,758         1,521           Cash flows from investing activities:         —         10,732)         (9,608)         (5,935)           Acquisitions, net of cash acquired         (10,732)         (9,608)         (5,935)           Acquisitions, net of cash acquired         (12,371)         —         —           Investment in joint venture         (499)         (6,500)         —           Purchases of short-term investments         —         —         (96,418)           Maturities of short-term investments         —         —         96,918           Proceeds from the sale of auction rate securities         109,841         —         —           Principal payments on notes receivable         1,000         —         —           Distributions of earnings from unconsolidated joint venture         1,000         —         — <td< td=""><td>Accounts receivable</td><td>1,316</td><td>702</td><td>1,965</td></td<>	Accounts receivable	1,316	702	1,965	
Deferred revenue         (2,490)         (8,059)         (10,834)           Net cash provided by continuing operating activities         22,697         9,652         8,855           Net cash used in discontinued operations         —         (1,894)         (7,334)           Net cash provided by operating activities         22,697         7,758         1,521           Cash flows from investing activities:         —         —         1,521           Purchases of property and equipment         (10,732)         (9,608)         (5,935)           Acquisitions, net of cash acquired         (12,371)         —         —           Investment in joint venture         (499)         (6,500)         —           Purchases of short-term investments         —         —         (96,418)           Maturities of short-term investments         —         —         (96,418)           Maturities of short-term investments         —         —         96,918           Proceeds from the sale of auction rate securities         10,9841         —         —           Principal payments on notes receivable         1,000         —         —           Distributions of earnings from unconsolidated joint venture         1,000         —         —           Proceeds from the sale of marketable equit	Other assets	3,254	26	(557)	
Net cash provided by continuing operating activities         22,697         9,652         8,855           Net cash used in discontinued operations         —         (1,894)         (7,334)           Net cash provided by operating activities         22,697         7,758         1,521           Cash flows from investing activities:         —         —           Purchases of property and equipment         (10,732)         (9,608)         (5,935)           Acquisitions, net of cash acquired         (12,371)         —         —           Investment in joint venture         (499)         (6,500)         —           Purchases of short-term investments         —         —         96,918           Maturities of short-term investments         —         —         96,918           Proceeds from the sale of auction rate securities         109,841         —         —           Principal payments on notes receivable         1,000         —         —           Distributions of earnings from unconsolidated joint venture         1,000         —         —           Proceeds from the sale of marketable equity securities         14         —         27           Proceeds from sale of assets         —         1,370         206           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of	Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(386)	(2,016)	(6,067)	
Net cash used in discontinued operations         —         (1,894)         (7,334)           Net cash provided by operating activities         22,697         7,758         1,521           Cash flows from investing activities:         —         —         1,521           Purchases of property and equipment         (10,732)         (9,608)         (5,935)           Acquisitions, net of cash acquired         (12,371)         —         —           Investment in joint venture         (499)         (6,500)         —           Purchases of short-term investments         —         —         (96,418)           Maturities of short-term investments         —         —         96,918           Proceeds from the sale of auction rate securities         109,841         —         —           Principal payments on notes receivable         1,000         —         —           Distributions of earnings from unconsolidated joint venture         1,000         —         —           Proceeds from the sale of marketable equity securities         14         —         27           Proceeds from the sale of marketable equity securities         88,253         (14,738)         (5,202)           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of discontinued operations         88,253         (12,999)         (4,38	Deferred revenue	(2,490)	(8,059)	(10,834)	
Net cash provided by operating activities  Cash flows from investing activities:  Purchases of property and equipment  Acquisitions, net of cash acquired  Investment in joint venture  Purchases of short-term investments  Acquisitions of short-term investments  Maturities of short-term investments  Proceeds from the sale of auction rate securities  Principal payments on notes receivable  Distributions of earnings from unconsolidated joint venture  Proceeds from the sale of marketable equity securities  Proceeds from the sale of assets  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of continuing operations  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  Cash flows from financing activities:  Logo (10,732)  (9,608)  (5,935)  (4,906)  (6,500)  — (96,418)  — (96,118)  — (96,418)  — (96,118)  — (96,118)  — (96,118)	Net cash provided by continuing operating activities	22,697	9,652	8,855	
Cash flows from investing activities:  Purchases of property and equipment (10,732) (9,608) (5,935)  Acquisitions, net of cash acquired (12,371) — —  Investment in joint venture (499) (6,500) —  Purchases of short-term investments — — (96,418)  Maturities of short-term investments — — 96,918  Proceeds from the sale of auction rate securities 109,841 — —  Principal payments on notes receivable 1,000 — —  Distributions of earnings from unconsolidated joint venture 1,000 — —  Proceeds from the sale of marketable equity securities 14 — 27  Proceeds from sale of assets — 1,370 206  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of continuing operations 88,253 (14,738) (5,202)  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of discontinued operations — 1,739 813  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 88,253 (12,999) (4,389)  Cash flows from financing activities:	Net cash used in discontinued operations	_	(1,894)	(7,334)	
Purchases of property and equipment (10,732) (9,608) (5,935)  Acquisitions, net of cash acquired (12,371) — —  Investment in joint venture (499) (6,500) —  Purchases of short-term investments — — (96,418)  Maturities of short-term investments — — 96,918  Proceeds from the sale of auction rate securities — — — 96,918  Principal payments on notes receivable — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Net cash provided by operating activities	22,697	7,758	1,521	
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired (12,371) — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Cash flows from investing activities:				
Investment in joint venture (499) (6,500) —  Purchases of short-term investments — (96,418)  Maturities of short-term investments — 96,918  Proceeds from the sale of auction rate securities 109,841 — —  Principal payments on notes receivable 1,000 — —  Distributions of earnings from unconsolidated joint venture 1,000 — —  Proceeds from the sale of marketable equity securities 14 — 27  Proceeds from sale of assets — 1,370 206  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of continuing operations 88,253 (14,738) (5,202)  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of discontinued operations — 1,739 813  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of 88,253 (12,999) (4,389)  Cash flows from financing activities:	Purchases of property and equipment	(10,732)	(9,608)	(5,935)	
Purchases of short-term investments — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(12,371)	_	_	
Maturities of short-term investments — — — 96,918 Proceeds from the sale of auction rate securities 109,841 — — Principal payments on notes receivable 1,000 — — Distributions of earnings from unconsolidated joint venture 1,000 — — Proceeds from the sale of marketable equity securities 14 — 27 Proceeds from sale of assets — 1,370 206 Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of continuing operations 88,253 (14,738) (5,202) Net cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operations — 1,739 813 Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of 88,253 (12,999) (4,389) Cash flows from financing activities:	Investment in joint venture	(499)	(6,500)	_	
Maturities of short-term investments——96,918Proceeds from the sale of auction rate securities109,841——Principal payments on notes receivable1,000——Distributions of earnings from unconsolidated joint venture1,000——Proceeds from the sale of marketable equity securities14—27Proceeds from sale of assets—1,370206Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of continuing operations88,253(14,738)(5,202)Net cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operations—1,739813Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities88,253(12,999)(4,389)Cash flows from financing activities:	Purchases of short-term investments	_	_	(96,418)	
Principal payments on notes receivable  1,000 — —  Distributions of earnings from unconsolidated joint venture  1,000 — —  Proceeds from the sale of marketable equity securities  14 — 27  Proceeds from sale of assets  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of continuing operations  Net cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operations  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  206  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of discontinued operations  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  217  228  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of discontinued operations  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  218  229  230  243  251  265  27  27  266  27  27  27  28  29  206  207  208  208  209  209  209  209  209  209	Maturities of short-term investments	_	_	96,918	
Distributions of earnings from unconsolidated joint venture 1,000 — Proceeds from the sale of marketable equity securities 14 — 27  Proceeds from sale of assets — 1,370 206  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of continuing operations 88,253 (14,738) (5,202)  Net cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operations — 1,739 813  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of discontinued operations 88,253 (12,999) (4,389)  Cash flows from financing activities:	Proceeds from the sale of auction rate securities	109,841	_	_	
Proceeds from the sale of marketable equity securities  Proceeds from sale of assets  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of continuing operations  Net cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operations  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  88,253  (12,999)  (4,389)  Cash flows from financing activities:	Principal payments on notes receivable	1,000	_	_	
Proceeds from the sale of marketable equity securities  Proceeds from sale of assets  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of continuing operations  Net cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operations  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  Respectively.	Distributions of earnings from unconsolidated joint venture	1,000	_	_	
Proceeds from sale of assets  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of continuing operations  Net cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operations  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  88,253 (14,738) (5,202)  813  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  88,253 (12,999) (4,389)  Cash flows from financing activities:			_	27	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of continuing operations  Net cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operations  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  88,253 (14,738) (5,202)  813  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  88,253 (12,999) (4,389)  Cash flows from financing activities:	Proceeds from sale of assets	_	1,370		
Net cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operations — 1,739 813  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 88,253 (12,999) (4,389)  Cash flows from financing activities:	Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of continuing operations	88,253			
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 88,253 (12,999) (4,389) Cash flows from financing activities:		<u> </u>			
Cash flows from financing activities:		88,253			
	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i				
	Proceeds from exercise of stock options and share issuances under employee stock				
purchase plans 4,752 1,879 3,058		4.752	1.879	3,058	
	Proceeds from line of credit	,			

Edgar Filing: MOVE INC - Form 10-K

Restricted cash	462	2,747	160
Proceeds from loan payable	316	_	_
Gross principal payments on line of credit	(129,330)	(70)	_
Payments on capital lease obligations	_	(339)	(1,828)
Tax payment related to net share settlements of restricted stock awards	(98)	(1,064)	_
Principal payments on loan payable	(82)	_	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(59,280)	3,153	66,090
Change in cash and cash equivalents	51,670	(2,088)	63,222
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	106,847	108,935	45,713
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 158,517	\$ 106,847	\$ 108,935

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### MOVE, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Business

Move, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company") operate an online network of web sites for real estate search, finance, moving and home enthusiasts and provide an important resource for consumers seeking the online information and connections they need regarding real estate. Our flagship consumer web sites are REALTOR.com®, Move.com and Moving.com. Through its newly acquired ListHub business, the Company is an online real estate listing syndicator and provider of advanced performance reporting solutions for the purpose of helping to drive an effective online advertising program for brokers, real estate franchises, and individual agents. In December 2010, the MortgageMatch.com website was launched which leverages an online consumer-facing decision and pricing engine designed to allow potential buyers to explore their mortgage options in real time and provides qualified buyers with an electronic pre-qualification letter. The Company also provides lead management software for real estate agents and brokers through our Top Producer® business.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation and Basis of Presentation — The accompanying financial statements are consolidated and include the financial statements of Move, Inc. and its majority-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The Company has evaluated all subsequent events through the date the financial statements were issued.

Investments in private entities where the Company holds a 50% or less ownership interest and does not exercise control are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. The investment balance is included in investment in unconsolidated joint venture and the Company's share of the investees' results of operations is included in earnings of unconsolidated joint venture.

Use of Estimates — The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates its estimates, including those related to provisions for doubtful accounts, legal contingencies, income taxes, revenue recognition, stock-based compensation, fair value of investments and the recoverability of goodwill and intangible assets. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents, Short-Term and Long-Term Investments — All highly liquid instruments with an original maturity of three months or less are considered cash and cash equivalents, those with original maturities greater than three months and current maturities less than 12 months from the balance sheet date are considered short-term investments. The Company invests its excess cash in liquid money market and treasury bill investments. The Company also had investments in certain auction rate securities. In February 2008, auctions for the investments in these securities failed to settle on their respective settlement dates. As a result, these affected securities were not currently liquid and were classified as Long-term Investments as of December 31, 2009. See Note 6 for further discussion.

The Company's short-term and long-term investments are classified as available-for-sale and are reported at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses, net of tax, recorded in the comprehensive income (loss) component of stockholders' equity. Realized gains or losses and declines in value that are other than temporary, if any, on available-for-sale securities are calculated using the specific identification method and are reported in other income, net as incurred. For the year ended December 31, 2010, the Company realized an other-than-temporary loss of \$19.6 million as a result of the decision to sell its entire portfolio of Auction Rate Securities ("ARS"). See Note 6 for further discussion. For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, realized gains and losses were immaterial.

#### MOVE, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk — Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The Company's accounts receivable are derived primarily from revenue earned from customers located in the United States. The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts based upon the expected collectability of accounts receivable.

Fair Value — The Company defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the reporting date. The methodology establishes consistency and comparability by providing a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques into three broad levels, which are described below:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (these are observable market inputs).
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability (includes quoted market prices for similar assets or identical or similar assets in markets in which there are few transactions, prices that are not current or prices that vary substantially).
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs that reflect the entity's own assumptions in pricing the asset orliability (used when little or no market data is available).

The Company's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and line of credit are carried at cost, which approximates their fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

The Company's long-term investments, auction rate securities, were not currently trading and therefore did not have a readily determinable market value as of December 31, 2009. The Company used a discounted cash flow model to determine the estimated fair value of those instruments as of December 31, 2009. The assumptions used in preparing the discounted cash flow model included estimates for interest rates, timing and amount of cash flows and expected holding period of the investments (see Note 7). As of December 31, 2010, the Company no longer holds long-term investments.

Prepaid Commissions — The Company prepays commissions to certain of its salespersons on the contract sale date and expenses the commission consistent with the revenue recognition term.

Property and Equipment — Property and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which is generally three to five years for computer software and equipment and three to five years for furniture, fixtures and office equipment. Amortization of assets recorded under capital leases is included in depreciation expense and amortized over the life of the lease. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the estimated useful lives. Construction in progress is primarily related to software licenses and capitalized costs and leasehold improvements not yet deployed. Depreciation for these assets commences once they are placed in service. Upon the sale or retirement of property or equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation and amortization are removed from the Company's financial statements with the resulting gain or loss reflected in the Company's results of operations.

Product and Web Site Development Costs — The Company capitalizes direct costs incurred in the development phase of software developed for internal use, website development costs, and costs to develop its monthly subscription software products ("capitalized software costs"). Costs related to design or maintenance is expensed as incurred. The Company had \$14.7 million and \$12.5 million of capitalized software costs and \$10.6 million and \$8.5 million of accumulated amortization included in computer software and equipment and construction in progress which is included in Property and Equipment, net, at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

#### MOVE, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Identifiable Intangibles, Goodwill and other Long-Lived Assets — The Company has both indefinite and definite lived intangibles. Definite lived identifiable intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, ranging from 3.0 to 15.5 years. The Company assesses the impairment of long-lived assets, which include property and equipment and identifiable intangible assets, on an annual basis or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that such assets might be impaired and the carrying value may not be recoverable. Events and circumstances that may indicate that an asset is impaired may include significant decreases in the market value of an asset, a significant decline in actual and projected advertising and software license revenue, loss of key customer relationships or renegotiation of existing arrangements, a change in the extent or manner in which an asset is used, shifts in technology, loss of key management or personnel, changes in the Company's operating model or strategy and competitive forces as well as other factors.

Impairment of goodwill is required to be tested at the reporting unit level which is determined through the use of the management approach. The management approach considers the internal organizational structure used by the Company's chief operating decision maker for making operating decisions and assessing performance. The Company is aligned functionally with the management team focused and incentivized around the total company performance. The chief operating decision maker is provided with reports that show the company's results on a consolidated basis with additional expenditure information by functional area, but there is no additional financial information provided at any further reporting unit level. Therefore the Company tests goodwill for impairment on a consolidated entity basis.

If events and circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable and the expected undiscounted future cash flows attributable to the asset are less than the carrying amount of the asset, an impairment loss equal to the excess of the asset's carrying value over its fair value is recorded. Fair value is determined based on the present value of estimated expected future cash flows using a discount rate commensurate with the risk involved, quoted market prices or appraised values, depending on the nature of the assets. Goodwill has been recorded in connection with the Company's various acquisitions. In testing for a potential impairment of goodwill, the Company will first compare the estimated fair value of the consolidated entity with book value, including goodwill. If the estimated fair value exceeds book value, goodwill is considered not to be impaired and no additional steps are necessary. If, however, the fair value is less than book value, then the Company is required to compare the carrying amount of the goodwill with its implied fair value. The estimate of implied fair value of goodwill may require independent valuations of certain internally generated and unrecognized intangible assets such as its subscriber base, software and technology and patents and trademarks. If the carrying amount of the goodwill exceeds the implied fair value of that goodwill, an impairment loss would be recognized in an amount equal to the excess.

During the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company recorded impairment charges of \$1.7 million from continuing operations and \$16.0 million from discontinued operations (see Note 8). There were no impairment charges during the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009.

The following table summarizes the Company's useful lives for significant intangible and long-lived assets:

	Weighted Average
	Amortization
	Period
Туре	(In Years)
Purchased technology	7.0
Content syndication agreements	5.0
Other	8.7

#### MOVE, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Revenue Recognition — Revenues are recognized from services rendered when the following four revenue recognition criteria are met: persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, services have been rendered, the selling price is fixed or determinable, and collectability is reasonably assured. When a revenue agreement involves multiple elements, such as sales of various services in one arrangement or potentially multiple arrangements, the entire fee from the arrangement is allocated to each respective element based on its relative fair value and recognized when the revenue recognition criteria for each element is met. In the absence of fair value for a delivered element, the Company first allocates revenue to the fair value of the undelivered elements and the residual revenue to the delivered elements. The Company evaluates whether payments made to customers or revenues earned from vendors have a separate identifiable benefit and whether they are fairly valued in determining the appropriate classification of the related revenues and expense.

The Company assesses collection based on a number of factors, including past transaction history with the customer and the credit worthiness of the customer. The Company does not request collateral from its customers. If the Company determines that collection of a fee is not reasonably assured, the Company defers the fee and recognizes revenue at the time collection becomes reasonably assured, which is generally upon receipt of cash. Cash received in advance is recorded as deferred revenue until earned.

The Company derives its revenue primarily from two sources (i) advertising revenue for running online advertising on the Company's web sites and (ii) software revenue, which represents software licenses. As described below, significant management judgments and estimates must be made and used in connection with the revenue recognized in any accounting period.

Advertising Revenue — The Company primarily sells online advertising. Online advertising revenue includes three revenue streams: (i) impression based, (ii) fixed fee subscriptions, and (iii) variable, performance based agreements. The impression based agreements range from spot purchases to twelve month contracts. The impression based revenue is recognized based upon actual impressions delivered and viewed by a user in a period. The fixed fee subscription revenue is recognized ratably over the period in which the services are provided. The Company measures performance related to advertising obligations on a monthly basis prior to the recording of revenue.

Software Revenue — The Company licenses its software on a monthly subscription basis. The Company's hosting arrangements require customers to pay a fixed fee and receive service over a period of time, generally one year. Revenue is recognized ratably over the service period.

Taxes Collected from Customers — The Company reports taxes collected from customers on a net presentation basis.

Advertising Expense — Advertising costs from continuing operations, which consist primarily of online advertising, portal fees, keyword buys, e-mail campaigns, and other trade advertising, are expensed as incurred and totaled \$13.7 million, \$16.5 million, and \$30.1 million during the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Stock-Based Compensation — The Company typically issues two types of stock-based awards to employees: restricted stock and stock options. Compensation expense associated with restricted stock is based on the fair value of the common stock on the date of grant. Compensation expense associated with stock options granted to employees is based on the estimated grant date fair value method using the Black-Scholes valuation model. Compensation expense is recognized using a straight-line amortization method over the respective vesting period for awards that are ultimate expected to vest. Accordingly, stock-based compensation has been reduced for estimated forfeitures. When estimating forfeitures, the Company considers voluntary termination behaviors as well as trends of actual option forfeitures.

#### MOVE, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

For stock options granted to non-employees, compensation expense is generally recognized over the vesting period of the award. At the end of each financial reporting period prior to vesting, the value of these options (as calculated using the Black-Sholes valuation model) is re-measured using the then-current fair value of the Company's common stock. Stock options granted by the Company to non-employees vest over a four-year service period. The Company accounts for non-employee grants as an expense over the vesting period of the underlying options.

Income Taxes — Income taxes are accounted for using the asset and liability method. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between the financial reporting and tax basis of assets and liabilities, and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred taxes to the amount expected to be realized.

The Company reports a liability, if applicable, for unrecognized tax benefits resulting from uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. Interest and penalties, if any, related to unrecognized tax benefits are recognized in income tax expense.

Net Income (Loss) Per Share — Net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing the net income (loss) applicable to common stockholders for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Shares associated with stock options, warrants and convertible preferred stock are not included to the extent they are anti-dilutive.

Foreign Currency Translation — The financial statements of the Company's foreign subsidiary are measured using the local currency as the functional currency. Assets and liabilities of the subsidiary are translated at the rate of exchange at the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at average monthly rates of exchange prevailing during the year. The resulting translation adjustments are included in accumulated other comprehensive income as a separate component of stockholders' equity.

Comprehensive Income — Comprehensive income is defined as the change in equity of a business enterprise during a period from transactions and other events and circumstances from non-owner sources. For the Company, comprehensive income consists of its reported net income or loss, the change in the foreign currency translation adjustments during a period and the net unrealized gains or losses on short-term and long-term investments and marketable equity securities.

Segments — Segment reporting requires the use of the management approach in determining reportable operating segments. The management approach considers the internal organization and reporting used by the Company's chief operating decision maker for making operating decisions and assessing performance. The Company is aligned functionally with the management team focused and incentivized around the total company performance. The chief operating decision maker is provided with reports that show the company's results on a consolidated basis with additional expenditure information by functional area, but there is no additional financial information provided at any further segment level. Based on this, the Company has determined that only one segment exists.

Recent Accounting Developments — On January 1, 2010 the Company adopted new accounting guidance which amends the evaluation criteria to identify the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity (VIE) and requires ongoing reassessment of whether an enterprise is the primary beneficiary of the VIE. The new guidance significantly changes the consolidation rules for VIEs including the consolidation of common structures, such as joint ventures, equity method investments and collaboration arrangements. The guidance is applicable to all new and existing VIEs. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

#### MOVE, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

In February 2010, the FASB issued an accounting standard that amended certain recognition and disclosure requirements related to subsequent events. The accounting standard requires an entity that is an SEC filer to evaluate subsequent events through the date that the financial statements are issued and removes the requirement that an SEC filer disclose the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated. This guidance was effective upon issuance. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In March 2010, the FASB issued an accounting standard update that clarifies the type of embedded credit derivative that is exempt from embedded derivative bifurcation requirements. Only an embedded credit derivative that is related to the subordination of one financial instrument to another qualifies for exemption. This guidance was effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after February 2, 2010. The adoption of this standard update did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In September 2009, the FASB issued new accounting guidance related to the revenue recognition of multiple element arrangements. The new guidance states that if vendor specific objective evidence or third party evidence for deliverables in an arrangement cannot be determined, companies will be required to develop a best estimate of the selling price to separate deliverables and allocate arrangement consideration using the relative selling price method. The accounting guidance will be applied prospectively and will become effective during the first quarter of 2011. Early adoption is allowed. The Company has not yet determined the effect the adoption of this guidance will have on its consolidated financial statements.

A variety of proposed or otherwise potential accounting standards are currently under study by standard setting organizations and various regulatory agencies. Due to the tentative and preliminary nature of those proposed standards, management has not determined whether implementation of such proposed standards would be material to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

### 3. Acquisitions and Disposals

In the third quarter of 2010, the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of Threewide Corporation ("Threewide") for approximately \$13.1 million in cash. Threewide is the operator of ListHub, an online real estate listing syndicator and provider of advanced performance reporting solutions for the purpose of helping to drive an effective online advertising program for brokers, real estate franchises and individual agents. The total purchase price has been allocated to the assets acquired, including intangible assets and liabilities assumed, based on their respective fair values. The \$13.1 million purchase price was allocated \$0.5 million to net tangible assets (which included \$0.7 million of cash acquired), \$5.1 million to intangible assets with estimated useful lives of five years, \$0.5 million to indefinite lived trade name and trademarks, and the remaining \$7.0 million was allocated to goodwill. In connection with the purchase accounting, the Company recorded a net deferred tax liability of \$0.2 million associated with the indefinite lived intangible and an income tax benefit of \$0.3 million (see Note 19), resulting in additional goodwill of \$0.5 million being recorded. As of December 31, 2010, the Company had goodwill of \$7.5 million and net intangible assets of \$5.3 million associated with the Threewide acquisition. The financial results of Threewide are included in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements from the date of acquisition. Pro forma information for this acquisition has not been presented because the effects were not material to the Company's historical consolidated financial statements.

In the second quarter of 2008, the Company decided to divest its Welcome Wagon® business. In the second quarter of 2009, the Company closed the sale of the business for a sales price of \$2.0 million. The Company received \$1.0 million in cash and a \$1.0 million promissory note. The principal balance of the note, which was originally due on or before October 1, 2010, was paid in full in July 2010. The outstanding principal bore an interest rate of 7% per annum, with quarterly interest payments due commencing on October 1, 2009. The transaction resulted in a gain on disposition of discontinued operations of \$1.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2009.

#### MOVE, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

As part of the sale in 2002 of the Company's ConsumerInfo division to Experian Holding, Inc. ("Experian"), \$10.0 million of the purchase price was put in escrow to secure the Company's indemnification obligations (the "Indemnity Escrow"). Under the terms of the stock purchase agreement, the Company's maximum potential liability for claims by Experian was capped at \$29.3 million less the balance in the Indemnity Escrow, which amount was approximately \$8.5 million. During 2008, Experian demanded \$29.3 million in indemnity payments. The Company denied liability and a bifurcated arbitration proceeding ensued to resolve the dispute. Subsequent to the completion of the first phase of the arbitration proceedings, on April 20, 2009, the parties settled the dispute and entered into a full release of all claims under which Experian received \$7.4 million from the Indemnity Escrow and the Company received the balance of the escrow of \$1.1 million, which is included in gain on disposition of discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2009.

In the fourth quarter of 2007, the Company decided to divest its Homeplans business. In the second quarter of 2008, the Company closed the sale of the business for a sales price of \$1.0 million in cash which is included in net cash provided by discontinued investing activities in the Company's Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended December 31, 2008. The transaction did not result in any significant gain or loss on disposition.

Pursuant to ASC 205-20 "Presentation of Financial Statements — Discontinued Operations" (formerly SFAS No. 144), the consolidated financial statements of the Company for all periods presented reflect the classification of its Welcome Wagon® and Homeplans divisions as discontinued operations. Accordingly, the revenue, operating expenses, and cash flows of these divisions have been excluded from the respective captions in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and have been reported as "Loss from discontinued operations," net of applicable income taxes of zero; and as "Net cash provided by (used in) discontinued operations." Total revenue and loss from discontinued operations are reflected below (in thousands):

	2010 2009	2008
Revenue	\$ — \$ 9,609	\$ 31,452
Total operating expenses	— (9,050)	(41,027)
Restructuring charges	— (1,045)	(1,584)
Impairment of long-lived assets		(16,006)
Loss from discontinued operations	\$ — \$ (486)	\$ (27,165)
Gain on disposition of discontinued operations	\$ — \$ 2,303	\$ —
Total operating expenses  Restructuring charges  Impairment of long-lived assets  Loss from discontinued operations	- (9,050) - (1,045) (486)	(41,027) (1,584) (16,006) \$ (27,165)

In the third quarter of 2009, the Company sold certain product lines associated with the Enterprise business for a sale price of approximately \$1.4 million in cash. The transaction resulted in a gain on sale of assets of \$1.3 million which is reflected in other income, net in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2009.

### 4. Restructuring Charges

During the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company's Board of Directors approved restructuring and integration plans with the objective of eliminating duplicate resources and redundancies and implementing a new operating structure to lower total operating expenses. As a result of these plans, the Company incurred a restructuring charge from continuing operations of \$4.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. Included in these charges were lease obligations and related charges of \$3.0 million for the consolidation of the Company's operations in Westlake Village, California and the vacancy of a portion of the leased facility. In addition, the charge included severance and other payroll-related expenses of \$1.4 million associated with the reduction in workforce of approximately 74 employees whose positions with the Company were eliminated. These workforce reductions affected 27 employees in cost of revenue positions, 31 employees in sales and marketing, 5 employees

For the Year Ended December 31,

#### MOVE, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

in product and web site development and 11 employees in general and administrative positions. The Company incurred a restructuring charge from discontinued operations of \$1.6 million associated with severance and other payroll-related expenses for 199 employees who were terminated.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company entered into a new lease agreement for its Westlake Village facility. Under the terms of the lease, the Company leased only a portion of the facility but continued to occupy its current space in that facility until construction was completed on the new space. The Company's obligation under the old lease was terminated and, as a result, the remaining restructuring reserve was reversed, resulting in a \$1.2 million credit to restructuring charges for the year ended December 31, 2009.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company incurred an additional restructuring charge from discontinued operations of \$1.1 million associated with lease termination charges and additional employee termination costs.

A summary of activity for the year ended December 31, 2009 related to these restructuring plans is as follows (in thousands):

		Lease	
		Obligations	
	Employee	and	
	Termination	Related	
	Benefits	Charges	Total
Restructuring charges incurred from continuing operations at			
December 31, 2008	\$ 1,373	\$ 3,039	\$ 4,412
Restructuring charges incurred from discontinued operations at			
December 31, 2008	1,584		1,584
Cash paid	(1,553)	(895)	(2,448)
Restructuring accrual at December 31, 2008	\$ 1,404	\$ 2,144	\$ 3,548
Restructuring charges incurred from discontinued operations at			
December 31, 2009	45	1,000	1,045
Changes in estimates		(1,192)	(1,192)
Cash paid	(1,449)	(1,952)	(3,401)
Restructuring accrual at December 31, 2009	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —

#### 5. Investments in Joint Ventures

In August 2010, the Company entered into a joint venture agreement with a national mortgage banker d/b/a Mortgage Match and contributed an initial investment of \$0.5 million in exchange for a 49.9% ownership in the joint venture. The Company recorded its initial investment in the joint venture at \$0.5 million, reflecting such cash payment. The joint venture has not obtained all of its required licensing to become fully operational, but intends to do so during 2011. In the meantime, the Mortgage Match business is operated by the Company's joint venture partner or one of its affiliates under an Interim Services Agreement, also entered into in August 2010, under which the Company operates the MortgageMatch.com website, performs various supporting services and receives a fixed monthly fee. In December 2010, the MortgageMatch.com website was launched. MortgageMatch.com leverages an online consumer-facing decision and pricing engine designed to allow potential buyers to explore their mortgage options in real time and provides qualified buyers with an electronic pre-qualification letter. At December 31, 2010, the carrying value of the joint venture investment was equal to the Company's proportionate share in the underlying assets of the joint venture.

### MOVE, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

In October 2009, along with Builder Homesite, Inc. ("BHI") the Company entered into an agreement to create Builders Digital Experience LLC ("BDX"), a joint venture dedicated to helping new home builders reach buyers with innovative online marketing solutions. Through this joint venture, and in part through operation of a new web site, www.theBDX.com, BDX will operate the Move.com New Homes Channel, the NewHomeSource. com web site and other web sites focused on the new homes market. The BDX joint venture is located in Austin, Texas. The Company made cash payments of \$6.5 million and contributed customer lists and other business assets in exchange for a 50% ownership in the joint venture. The Company recorded its initial investment in the joint venture at \$6.5 million.

The carrying value of the investment in the joint venture exceeds the Company's proportionate share in the underlying assets of the joint venture by \$2.5 million. This excess primarily relates to differences in the cash payments and carrying value of the net assets contributed by the Company and BHI upon the formation of the joint venture and represents goodwill.

The Company accounts for its investments in the joint ventures under the equity method of accounting. Under this method, the Company will record its proportionate share of the joint venture's net income or loss based on the monthly financial statements of the joint venture. The Company will record its proportionate share of net income or loss one month in arrears. The Company recorded \$1.0 million and \$0.1 million in undistributed earnings which is included in earnings of unconsolidated joint venture in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. In the fourth quarter of 2010, the Company received a cash distribution of \$1.0 million from BDX.

#### 6. Long-term Investments

The following table summarizes the Company's long-term investments as of December 31, 2009 (in thousands):

		Net		
	Adjusted	Unrealized	Carrying	
	Cost	Gain/(Loss)	Value	
Long-term investments:				
Corporate auction rate securities	\$ 129,400	\$ (17,600)	\$ 111,800	
Total long-term investments	\$ 129,400	\$ (17,600)	\$ 111,800	

The Company's long-term investments as of December 31 2009 consisted of high-grade (primarily AAA rated) student loan auction rate securities issued by student loan funding organizations, which loans are 97% guaranteed under FFELP (Federal Family Education Loan Program). These auction rate securities ("ARS") were intended to provide liquidity via an auction process that reset the interest rate, generally every 28 days, allowing investors to either roll over their holdings or sell them at par. In February 2008, auctions for the Company's investments in these securities failed to settle on their respective settlement dates. Consequently, the investments were not liquid and the Company was not going to be able to access these funds until a future auction of these investments was successful, the securities matured or a buyer was found outside of the auction process. Maturity dates for these ARS investments ranged from 2030 to 2047 with principal distributions occurring on certain securities prior to maturity. As of December 31, 2009, the Company classified \$111.8 million of the ARS investment balance as Long-term Investments because of the Company's inability to determine when these investments in ARS would become liquid.

As of December 31, 2009, the Company had recorded a temporary loss related to the ARS of \$17.6 million that was included in Other Comprehensive Income on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet. At a board meeting on March 24, 2010, the Board of Directors and Management discussed the recent passage of the Health Care Reform Bill that contained a provision eliminating FFELP, a significant change in student loan funding. In management's opinion, this change, along with other market factors, created additional uncertainty in

#### MOVE, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

the student loan auction rate securities market. As a result, the Board of Directors and Management changed its intent, which had been to hold these securities, and decided to sell the entire portfolio of ARS and, thereafter, the Company began to actively market the sale to third parties. The Company reviews its potential investment impairments in accordance with ASC 320 "Investment – Debt and Equity Securities" and the related guidance issued by the FASB and SEC in order to determine the classification of the impairment as "temporary" or "other-than-temporary." A temporary impairment charge results in an unrealized loss being recorded in the other comprehensive income (loss) component of stockholder's equity. An other-than-temporary impairment charge is recorded as a realized loss in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and reduces net income or increases net loss for the applicable accounting period. The differentiating factors between temporary and other-than-temporary impairment are primarily the length of the time and the extent to which the market value has been less than cost, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and the ability and intent of the holder to hold the investment until maturity or it value recovers. Prior to March 24, 2010, the Company had not intended to sell, nor was it not more likely than not that the Company would be required to sell before the recovery of its amortized cost basis and, as such, the loss was considered temporary. On March 24, 2010, as indicated above, the Company changed its intent to hold the ARS and, therefore, the impairment was reclassified to an other-than-temporary loss.

In April 2010, the Company completed a sale of the entire portfolio of ARS for \$109.8 million (par value of \$129.4 million) to a broker in a secondary market. As a result of the sale, an other-than-temporary loss of \$19.6 million was recorded as Impairment of Auction Rate Securities in the Company's Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2010. The transaction costs of approximately \$1.0 million associated with this transaction were recorded as other expenses for the year ended December 31, 2010.

#### 7. Fair Value Measurements

Financial assets and liabilities included in the Company's financial statements and measured at fair value are classified based on the fair value hierarchy in the table below:

	Fair Value Me	asurement						
	December 31,	2010			December 31,	2009		
			Level	Level			Level	
	Total	Level 1	2	3	Total	Level 1	2	Level 3
Description:								
Assets:								
Cash and cash								
equivalents(1)	\$ 158,517	\$ 158,517	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 106,847	\$ 106,847	\$ —	\$
Long-term investments(2)					111,800	_		111,800
Total assets at fair value	\$ 158,517	\$ 158,517	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 218,647	\$ 106,847	\$ —	\$ 111,800

- (1) Cash and cash equivalents consist primarily of treasury bills with original maturity dates of three months or less and money market funds for which the Company determines fair value through quoted market prices.
- (2) Long-term investments consisted of student loan, FFELP-backed, ARS issued by student loan funding organizations. Prior to March 31, 2010, the Company used a discounted cash flow model to determine the estimated fair value of its investment in ARS. The assumptions used in preparing the discounted cash flow model included estimates for interest rates, timing and amount of cash flows and expected holding period of the ARS. As discussed in Note 6, the Company completed the sale of its entire portfolio of ARS in April 2010.

#### MOVE, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The following table provides a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances for the major class of assets and liabilities measured at fair value using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) (in thousands):

		Embedded
	Long-term	Derivative
	Investments	Liability
Balance at January 1, 2009	\$ 111,800	\$ 600
Transfers in and /or out of Level 3		
Total gains/losses realized/unrealized included in earnings	_	(600)
Total losses included in other comprehensive income		
Purchases, sales, issuances and settlements, net	_	_
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$ 111,800	\$ —
Purchases, sales, issuances and settlements, net	(111,800)	_
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$ —	\$ —

Certain assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis. That is, the assets and liabilities are not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis, but are subject to fair value adjustments in certain circumstances (e.g. when there is evidence of impairment). At December 31, 2010, the Company had no significant non-financial assets or liabilities that had been adjusted to fair value subsequent to initial recognition.

#### 8. Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and Contract Termination Costs

During the year ended December 31, 2008, specific events and changes in operations of the business indicated a potential impairment of certain of the Company's long-lived assets. As a result of the Company's 2009 budget and strategic planning, the Company reviewed the status of several projects and it was determined that the Company would not continue to invest in certain projects going forward and, as a result, associated assets would be abandoned. The Company recorded an impairment charge of \$1.8 million associated with certain software and capitalized software development costs for the year ended December 31, 2008. In addition, the Company was able to negotiate a favorable release from certain software maintenance obligations related to long-lived assets impaired in the fourth quarter of 2007. As a result, the Company recorded a reduction to its impairment charges of approximately \$0.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2008.

During the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company decided to divest its Welcome Wagon® business and began to actively market the business for sale. Pursuant to ASC 360-10-35 "Property Plant and Equipment — Subsequent Measurement" ("ASC 360-10-35") (formerly SFAS No. 144), the Company performed an impairment analysis and fair value was determined to be \$0 based on third party proposals received for the business. As a result, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$16.0 million associated with long-lived assets. This impairment charge is reflected in loss from discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2008.

### 9. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following (in thousands):

	December 31,		
	2010	2009	
Computer software and equipment	\$ 58,969	\$ 54,348	
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	3,247	3,207	
Leasehold improvements	9,949	11,172	
Construction in progress	1,368	1,748	
Total	73,533	70,475	
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(51,599)	(49,336)	

Property and equipment, net	\$ 21,934	\$ 21,139
-----------------------------	-----------	-----------

#### MOVE, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Depreciation expense, excluding discontinued operations, was \$10.1 million, \$10.5 million and \$11.2 million, which includes amortization of fixed assets acquired under capital lease obligations of \$0.3 million and \$1.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and amortization of capitalized software costs of \$2.3 million, \$2.4 million and \$2.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively. As of December 31, 2010, there were no assets purchased under capital leases.

#### 10. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill increased \$7.5 million from \$17.0 million as of December 31, 2009 to \$24.5 million as of December 31, 2010 due to the acquisition of Threewide as described in Note 3.

The Company has both indefinite and definite lived intangibles. Indefinite-lived intangibles consist of \$2.5 million of trade name and trademarks. Definite-lived intangible assets consist of certain trade names, trademarks, brand names, content syndication agreements, purchased technology, customer contracts and related customer relationships, non-contractual customer relationships, and other miscellaneous agreements. The definitive-lived intangibles are amortized over the expected period of benefit. There are no expected residual values related to these intangible assets. Intangible assets by category are as follows (in thousands):

	December 31,			
	2010		2009	
	Gross	Accumulated	Gross	Accumulated
	Amount	Amortization	Amount	Amortization
Trade names, trademarks, brand names,				
and domain names	\$ 3,060	\$ 518	\$ 2,530	\$ 516
Content syndication agreements	3,800	211	_	
Purchased technology	1,400	967	1,400	767
NAR operating agreement	1,578	1,352	1,578	1,202
Other	2,680	1,146	1,450	1,013
Total	\$12,518	\$ 4,194	\$ 6,958	\$ 3,498

Amortization expense, excluding discontinued operations, for intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 was \$0.7 million, \$0.5 million and \$0.8 million, respectively. Amortization expense for the next five years is estimated to be as follows (in thousands):

Year Ended December 31,	Amount
2011	\$1,422
2012	1,347
2013	1,105
2014	1,072
2015	780

At December 31, 2010, there are no accumulated impairment losses related to goodwill.

## 11. Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses consist of the following (in thousands):

December 31.

Edgar Filing: MOVE INC - Form 10-K

	2010		2009	
Accrued payroll and related benefits	\$	9,930	\$	8,923
Other		6,351		9,412
Total	\$	16,281	\$	18,335

#### MOVE, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

#### 12. Related-party Transactions

The Company provided product development services to NAR and recognized \$2.4 million and \$1.1 million in revenues for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The Company also makes payments to NAR through its operating agreement and other advertising agreements. Total amounts paid under these agreements were \$1.9 million for each of the three years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008. Additionally, future commitments to NAR are included within the commitment schedule in Note 21.

#### 13. Stock Plans

#### Option Plans

In general, options granted by the Company vest over a four year period and are granted at the fair market value at the date of grant. The life of an option grant cannot exceed ten years. In January 1999, the Board of Directors adopted, and in March 1999 the Company's stockholders approved, the 1999 Equity Incentive Plan ("1999 Plan") to replace a pre-existing stock option plan ("1996 Plan"). The 1999 Plan provides for the issuance of both non-statutory and incentive stock options to employees, officers, directors and consultants of the Company. The initial number of shares of common stock reserved for issuance under the 1999 Plan was 10,000,000. In April 1999 and June 1999, the Board of Directors authorized, and the stockholders approved, an increase in the number of shares reserved for issuance under the 1999 Plan by an additional 3,000,000 shares and 625,000 shares, respectively.

In June 1999, the Board of Directors adopted, and the stockholders approved, the 1999 Stock Incentive Plan ("SIP") which was combined with the previous 1999 Plan. The SIP reserved 4,900,000 shares of common stock for future grants. The SIP contained a provision for an automatic increase in the number of shares available for grant starting January 1, 2000 and each January thereafter by an amount equal to 4.5% of the outstanding shares as of the preceding December 31; provided, however, that the aggregate number of shares that qualify as Incentive Stock Options (as defined in the plan) must not exceed 20.0 million shares. In accordance with the provisions of the SIP, the number of options available for grant was increased by 6,888,682 and 6,813,010 shares in January 2009 and 2008, respectively. Pursuant to the terms of the plan, no person was eligible to receive more than 2 million shares in any calendar year under the plan. This plan expired on July 6, 2009.

In connection with acquisitions prior to 2002, the Company assumed plans with authorized options of 8,013,141. Options outstanding pursuant to these plans were 3,352,457 and 2,816,996 as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and the weighted average exercise price of those option shares was \$3.58 and \$4.08, respectively.

On January 15, 2002, the Board of Directors adopted the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan ("2002 SIP"). The 2002 SIP reserved 15,000,000 shares of common stock for future grants of nonqualified stock options to employees, consultants, contractors and advisors as to be determined by the Management Development and Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. Pursuant to the terms of the plan, options granted to insiders (officers or directors of the Company who are subject to Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) may not exceed in the aggregate forty percent (40%) of all shares that are reserved for grant under the plan. This plan will expire in January 2012.

On July 20, 2009, the Company established, in reliance on NASDAQ Listing Rule 5635(c)(4), a reserve of 2,625,000 shares of common stock for future grants of equity awards as inducement to certain individuals entering into employment with the Company.

#### MOVE, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The following table summarizes the activities under the option plans for the three years ended December 31, 2010 (shares in thousands):

			Weighted
	Number		Average
	of Shares	Price per Share	Exercise Price
Outstanding at December 31, 2007	37,571	\$ 0.30 to 89.25	\$ 3.43
Granted	5,459	1.01 to 5.43	2.06
Exercised	(1,576)	0.30 to 3.00	1.94
Forfeited	(6,157)	0.30 to 54.00	4.05
Outstanding at December 31, 2008	35,297	0.30 to 89.25	3.17
Granted	7,163	1.40 to 3.03	1.92
Exercised	(1,065)	0.30 to 2.54	1.77
Forfeited	(3,093)	0.30 to 89.25	4.48
Outstanding at December 31, 2009	38,302	0.30 to 89.25	2.87
Granted	2,025	1.57 to 2.57	1.78
Exercised	(2,732)	0.30 to 2.45	1.74
Forfeited	(3,632)	0.56 to 89.25	5.10
Outstanding at December 31, 2010	33,963	\$ 0.30 to 31.95	\$ 2.66

Common stock available for issuance upon the exercise of options as of December 31, 2010 was 4.7 million shares. Shares issued to non-employees reflected in the table above include 193,500 shares granted and outstanding as of December 31, 2010.

The weighted-average fair value of options granted during the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 was \$1.27, \$1.37 and \$0.91, respectively. The total number of shares exercisable was 26.5 million, 28.9 million and 26.0 million at December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The weighted average exercise price at those dates was \$2.89, \$3.14 and \$3.23, respectively. The weighted average remaining contractual life of outstanding options as of December 31, 2010 was 4.37 years and exercisable options as of December 31, 2010 was 3.24 years. The aggregate intrinsic value of options vested and expected to vest at December 31, 2010 was \$18.6 million.

Stock-Based Compensation and Charges

### Restricted Stock

The Company grants restricted stock awards to non-employee members of its Board of Directors as compensation (except any director who is entitled to a seat of the Board of Directors on a contractual basis). During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company granted 60,000 shares of restricted stock to the members of the ad hoc Executive Committee of its Board of Directors. Half of these shares vested on the grant date and half of the shares vested one year from the grant date. Additionally, during the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, the Company issued 139,098, 175,420, and 160,793 shares of restricted stock, respectively, to all non-employee members of its Board of Directors (except any director who is entitled to a seat on the Board of Directors on a contractual basis). These shares, subject to certain terms and restrictions, will vest on the third anniversary of their issuance. The total intrinsic value associated with the issuance of these shares was approximately \$0.3 million, \$0.4 million, and \$0.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and is being recognized over their respective vesting period. During each of the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, a member of the Board of Directors resigned and forfeited 66,389, 55,706 and 40,000 shares, respectively, of unvested restricted stock. Total cost recognized was approximately \$0.4 million, \$0.4 million, and

#### MOVE, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

\$0.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and is included in stock-based compensation and charges. There were 365,716, 368,007, and 345,293 unvested shares of restricted stock issued to members of the Company's Board of Directors as of December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company issued 1,800,000 shares of restricted stock to its new Chief Executive Officer as part of his employment agreement with the Company. These shares had a fair value of \$2.7 million, with 700,000 shares vested immediately, and, subject to certain terms and restrictions, 500,000 shares vesting one year from the grant date and 600,000 shares vesting two years from the grant date. The fair value of the first 700,000 shares was recognized as stock-based compensation immediately, with the fair value of the remaining shares being amortized over the respective vesting period. The officer returned 700,000 shares of common stock, with a fair value of \$1.1 million, to reimburse the Company for the officer's share of income tax withholdings due as a result of this transaction. The \$1.1 million payment to the relevant taxing authorities is reflected as a financing activity within the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. Total cost recognized during the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$0.5 million and \$2.2 million, respectively and is included in stock-based compensation and charges.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company issued 350,000 shares of restricted stock to two new executive officers as part of their employment agreements with the Company. These shares had an aggregate fair value of \$0.9 million. These shares vest annually over three years from their grant dates. Total costs recognized during the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$0.5 million and \$0.2 million, respectively.

During the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company issued 232,018 shares of restricted stock to one of its officers as a "sign-on" bonus. These shares had a fair value of \$1.0 million and vested fifty percent immediately with the balance vesting one year from the grant date subject to continued employment with the Company. The fair value of the first fifty percent vesting was recognized as stock based compensation immediately with the remaining fifty percent being amortized over one year. The total costs recognized during the year ended December 31, 2008 related to this award was approximately \$0.2 million and is included in stock-based compensation and charges.

#### Performance Based Restricted Stock Units

During the year ended December 31, 2010, the Board of Directors awarded 750,000 shares of performance-based restricted stock units to members of the management team. These awards will be earned based on the attainment of certain performance goals defined by the Management Development and Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors (the "Compensation Committee") relating to the Company's earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2011. These shares had an aggregate grant date fair value of \$1.7 million. The implied service period is for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2011; therefore, there was no recognition of compensation expense for these units during the year ended December 31, 2010.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Board of Directors awarded 700,000 shares of performance-based restricted stock units to its new Chief Executive Officer. These awards will be earned based on the attainment of certain performance goals relating to the Company's EBITDA for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2011. The performance goals were established on April 9, 2010, however on November 23, 2010, the Company's Board of Directors modified the performance goals establishing a new measurement date. On that date, the shares had an aggregate grant date fair value of \$1.6 million. The implied service period is for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2011; therefore, there was no recognition of compensation expense for these units during the year ended December 31, 2010.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Board of Directors awarded 375,000 shares of performance-based restricted stock units to two other executives newly hired by the Company, as part of their employment agreements. These awards will be earned based on the attainment of certain performance goals relating to the

#### MOVE, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Company's revenues and EBITDA for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2010, 2011 and 2012. The performance goals for fiscal year ending December 31, 2010 were established on March 29, 2010. The shares associated with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2010 had an aggregate grant date fair value of \$0.3 million. Total costs recognized for these units during the year ended December 31, 2010 was \$0.2 million, and is included in stock-based compensation. The performance goals for fiscal year ending December 31, 2011 were established on April 9, 2010, however, on November 23, 2010, the Company's Board of Directors modified the performance goals establishing a new measurement date. The shares associated with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2011 had an aggregate grant date fair value of \$0.3 million. The implied service period is for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2011; therefore, there was no recognition of compensation expense for these units during the year ended December 31, 2010. The performance goals relating to the fiscal year ending December 31, 2012 have not yet been established.

The total fair value of stock awards vested during the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, was \$1.1 million, \$1.3 million and \$0.5 million, respectively. A summary of the Company's non-vested stock awards for the three years ended December 31, 2010 is as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

		Weighted
	Number	Average
	of	Grant Date
	Shares	Fair Value
Non-vested stock awards at December 31, 2008	2,373	\$ 4.42
Granted	3,460	1.77
Vested	(827)	1.90
Forfeited	(2,083)	4.49
Non-vested stock awards at December 31, 2009	2,923	1.96
Granted	889	2.30
Vested	(605)	1.85
Forfeited	(66)	2.38
Non-vested stock awards at December 31, 2010	3,141	\$ 2.06

#### Option Awards

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the fair value recognition provisions of ASC 718 "Compensation — Stock Compensation" (formerly SFAS 123R), using the modified-prospective transition method. Under that transition method, compensation cost recognized in 2006 includes: (a) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted prior to January 1, 2006, but not yet vested, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provisions of SFAS 123; and (b) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted subsequent to December 31, 2005, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of ASC 718. Compensation costs are recognized using a straight-line amortization method over the vesting period.

The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option valuation model that uses the ranges of assumptions in the following table. Our computation of expected volatility is based on a combination of historical and market-based implied volatility. The expected term of stock options granted represents the weighted average period that the stock options are expected to remain outstanding. The risk-free interest rates are based on U.S. Treasury zero-coupon bonds for the periods in which the stock options were granted.

#### MOVE, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010 2009 2008 Risk-free interest rates 1.13-2.43% 0.11-2.54% 0.10-3.41% Expected term (in years) 5.85 5.85 5.85 Dividend yield 0% 0% 0% Expected volatility 80-85% 85% 65-80%

During the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, the Company updated the estimated forfeiture rates it uses in the determination of its stock-based compensation expense; these changes were the result of an assessment that included an analysis of the actual number of equity awards that had been forfeited to date compared to prior estimates and an evaluation of future estimated forfeitures. The Company periodically evaluates its forfeiture rates and updates the rates it uses in the determination of its stock-based compensation expense. The impact of changes to the forfeiture rates on non-cash compensation expense was immaterial.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company modified the vesting and extended the time to exercise certain option awards for several former executive employees. As a result, the Company recorded additional stock-based compensation expense of \$9.1 million. During the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company modified the vesting and extended the time to exercise for several former executive employees as part of their severance agreements. As a result of these modifications, the Company recorded additional stock-based compensation expense of \$0.8 million. There were no such modifications for the year ended December 31, 2010.

The following chart summarizes the stock-based compensation and charges that have been included in the following financial statement captions for each of the periods presented (in thousands):

	For the Year Ended							
	Decemb	er 31,						
	2010		2009		2008			
Cost of revenue	\$	175	\$	181	\$	144		
Sales and marketing		1,598		1,736		758		
Product and web site development		1,616		687		566		
General and administrative		3,901		14,998		10,857		
Total from continuing operations		7,290		17,602		12,325		
Total from discontinued operations				64		135		
Total stock-based compensation and charges	\$	7,290	\$	17,666	\$	12,460		

Stock-based compensation and charges for the year ended December 31, 2010 are comprised of employee-based and non-employee-based stock option expenses and restricted stock amortization. For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, stock-based compensation and charges are comprised of employee-based stock option expense and restricted stock amortization.

The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the year ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 was \$1.1 million, \$1.1 million, and \$1.2 million, respectively. The intrinsic value of options exercisable as of December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 was \$12.4 million, \$0.9 million, and \$0.4 million, respectively. The intrinsic value of a stock option is the amount by which the market value of the underlying stock exceeds the exercise price of the option.

#### MOVE, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

A summary of the Company's non-vested stock options as of and for the three years ended December 31, 2010 is as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Number	Weighted
	of	Average
	Shares	Exercise Price
Non-vested options at December 31, 2007	13,091	\$ 4.13
Granted	5,459	2.06
Vested	(5,458)	3.91
Forfeited	(3,820)	4.18
Non-vested options at December 31, 2008	9,272	\$ 3.02
Granted	7,163	1.92
Vested	(6,059)	3.33
Forfeited	(1,001)	2.30
Non-vested options at December 31, 2009	9,375	\$ 2.06
Granted	2,025	1.78
Vested	(3,515)	2.31
Forfeited	(384)	2.26
Non-vested options at December 31, 2010	7,501	\$ 1.85

As of December 31, 2010, there was \$8.5 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock option awards granted under the Company's plans. Substantially all of that cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.2 years. Non-vested shares relating to non-employees reflected in the table above include 193,500 shares granted and non-vested as of December 31, 2010.

## Options Granted to Non-employees

During the year ended December 31, 2010, the Company granted 193,500 stock options to non-employees. The options vest over four years with an exercise price equal to the market value of the Company's common stock on the grant date and expire after 10 years.

The Company used the Black-Sholes valuation model to estimate the fair value of the unvested shares of these options as of December 31, 2010. The Company used a risk free interest rate of 1.13%, an expected life of 5.85 years, an annual volatility of 80% and no expected dividends to determine the fair value. The Company estimated the fair value of each option granted to be approximately \$1.77. The Company recorded stock-based charges in general and administrative expense of less than \$0.1 million with respect to these options for the year ended December 31, 2010.

#### 14. Series B Convertible Preferred Stock

On November 6, 2005, the Company entered into a Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement ("Agreement") with Elevation Partners, L.P. and such affiliates as Elevation designated (the "Purchasers") to sell to the Purchasers 100,000 shares of its Series B Convertible Participating Preferred Stock ("Series B Preferred Stock") for an aggregate purchase price of \$100 million. The transaction was exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The transaction closed on November 29, 2005. The net proceeds of \$94.1 million from the issuance of the Series B Preferred Stock are net of issuance costs of \$5.9 million, and are classified as mezzanine equity due to certain change of control provisions which provide for redemption outside the control of the Company. The Company determined that due to those change of control provisions, the Series B Preferred Stock should be recorded on the Company's financial statements as though it consisted of two components: (i) convertible preferred stock (the "Host Contract") with a 3.5% annual dividend, and (ii) an embedded derivative

#### MOVE, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(the "Embedded Derivative") which reflected the right of the holders of the Series B Preferred Stock to receive additional guaranteed dividends in the event of a change of control. The Series B Preferred Stock reported on the Company's consolidated balance sheet consists only of the value of the Host Contract (less issuance costs) plus the amount of accretion for issuance costs and accrued dividends. Such discount and issuance costs are being accreted over the life of the Series B Preferred Stock with such accretion being recorded as a reduction in retained earnings. During each of the three years ended December 31, 2010, the Company recorded accretion on the issuance costs of approximately \$1.3 million. The Company determined that the fair value of the Embedded Derivative as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 was zero (see Note 7 related to fair value). As a result of the reduction in fair value of the embedded derivative, the Company recognized other income of \$0.6 million and \$0.4 million during the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

The Series B Preferred Stock has an aggregate liquidation preference of \$100 million plus all accrued and unpaid dividends. The Series B Preferred Stock will be convertible into the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$4.20 per share, subject to certain adjustment upon certain events. Based on the number of shares of common stock outstanding as of December 31, 2010, if all shares of Series B Preferred Stock were converted they would represent approximately 15% of the Company's outstanding common stock. The Series B Preferred Stock pays a quarterly dividend of 3.5% per annum of the original price per share, payable in additional Series B Preferred Stock until November 29, 2010, after which such dividends will be paid only in cash. As of December 31, 2010, the Company had recorded a liability for dividends payable in cash of \$0.4 million which is included in accrued expenses on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet. After the third anniversary of the issuance, the Company may cause all of the Series B Preferred Stock to be converted to the Company's common stock if the closing price per share of the Company's common stock during any 30 consecutive trading days is at least \$7.77. The Company may not redeem the Series B Preferred Stock until after the fifth anniversary of the issuance, and must redeem it on the seventh anniversary if not converted to common stock. In the event of a change of control, the Company will be required to offer to repurchase all of the outstanding shares of Series B Preferred Stock for total cash equal to 100% of the liquidation preference (or, if such change of control occurs after the six month anniversary of the issuance, 101% of the liquidation preference).

The Series B Preferred Stock ranks senior to the common stock of the Company and junior to the Company's Series A Preferred Stock, and votes as a single class with the common stock on any matter to come before the stockholders of the Company, with each share of Series B Preferred Stock being entitled to cast a number of votes equal to the number of shares of Common Stock into which it is then convertible. The Agreement contains customary anti-dilution provisions.

The holders of the Series B Preferred Stock are entitled to elect two Directors to the Company's Board of Directors. The Purchasers are required to vote their shares in the manner recommended by the Board with respect to the election or removal of directors, other than any directors designated by the Purchasers.

The Stockholders Agreement dated November 29, 2005 between the Company and Elevation Partners, L.P. and Elevation Employee Side Fund, LLC ("Stockholders Agreement") requires the consent of the holders of the Series B Preferred Stock before the Company may engage in the following: (i) incurrence of certain additional indebtedness; (ii) certain divestitures, acquisitions or other business reorganizations; (iii) filing for bankruptcy protection; (iv) transactions with affiliates in excess of \$100,000; and (v) payment of any dividend on, or the redemption or repurchase of, common stock in aggregate amounts of \$10 million or more. The Stockholders Agreement also provides the Purchasers with certain rights to register shares of common stock upon conversion of the Series B Preferred Stock. The Purchasers are entitled to three demand registration rights, which may include shelf registration beginning two years from date of issuance, subject to certain dollar and share number thresholds. The Purchasers are also entitled to piggyback registration rights.

#### MOVE, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

A summary of activity related to the Series B Preferred Stock is as follows (in thousands):

Gross Proceeds	\$ 100,000
Costs and expenses of issuance	(5,924)
Embedded derivative liability	(3,137)
Net convertible preferred stock at issuance	90,939
Accretion of discount	99
Dividends	311
Net convertible preferred stock at December 31, 2005	91,349
Accretion of discount	1,302
Dividends	3,557
Costs and expenses of issuance	4
Net convertible preferred stock at December 31, 2006	96,212
Accretion of discount	1,294
Dividends	3,683
Net convertible preferred stock at December 31, 2007	101,189
Accretion of discount	1,294
Dividends	3,814
Net convertible preferred stock at December 31, 2008	106,297
Accretion of discount	1,294
Dividends	3,950
Net convertible preferred stock at December 31, 2009	111,541
Accretion of discount	1,294
Dividends	3,729
Net convertible preferred stock at December 31, 2010	\$ 116,564

In February 2011, the Company entered into an agreement to redeem 70,000 shares of the Series B Preferred Stock at a total redemption price of \$70.4 million, which includes associated cash dividends of \$0.4 million (see Note 23).

### 15. Capitalization

As of December 31, 2004, the Company had authorized the issuance of one share of Series A Preferred Stock. As of December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, one share of Series A Preferred Stock was issued and outstanding and held by NAR. The holder of Series A Preferred Stock has the following rights:

Voting — Except as provided in this paragraph, the Series A preferred stockholder is not entitled to notice of any stockholders' meetings and shall not be entitled to vote on any matters with respect to any question upon which holders of common stock or preferred stock have the right to vote, except as may be required by law (and, in any such case, the Series A Preferred Stock shall have one vote per share and shall vote together with the common stock as a single class). The holder of Series A Preferred Stock is entitled to elect one director of the Company. If there is any vacancy in the office of a director elected by the holder of the Series A Preferred Stock, then a director to hold office for the unexpired term of such directorship may be elected by the vote or written

#### MOVE, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

consent of the holder of the Series A Preferred Stock. The provisions dealing with preferred stockholders rights included in the Certificate of Incorporation may not be amended without the approval of the holder of the Series A Preferred Stock.

Dividends — In each calendar year, the holder of the Series A Preferred Stock is entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by the Board, non-cumulative dividends in an amount equal to \$0.08 per share (as appropriately adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, recapitalizations and the like), prior and in preference to the payment of any dividend on the common stock in such calendar year. If, after dividends in the full preferential amounts specified in this section for the Series A Preferred Stock have been paid or declared and set apart in any calendar year of the Company, the holder of Series A Preferred Stock shall have no further rights to receive any further dividends that the Board may declare or pay in that calendar year.

Liquidation — In the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, whether voluntary or involuntary, the Series A Preferred Stockholder is entitled to receive, prior and in preference to any payment or distribution on any shares of common stock, an amount per share equal to \$1.00 per share of Series A Preferred Stock. After payment of such amount, any further amounts available for distribution shall be distributed among the holders of common stock and the holders of preferred stock other than Series A Preferred Stock, if any, entitled to receive such distributions.

Redemption — Upon the earlier to occur of (i) termination of that certain operating agreement dated November 26, 1996, as the same may be amended from time to time (the "operating agreement"), or (ii) NAR ceases to own at least 149,778 shares of common stock of the Company, or (iii) the existence and continuance of a material breach by NAR of that certain Joint Ownership Agreement, dated as of November 26, 1996, between NAR, and subsidiaries of the Company, or the Trademark License dated as of November 26, 1996, by and between NAR and the Company, at any time thereafter the Company may, at the option of the Board, redeem the Series A Preferred Stock. The redemption price for each share of Series A Preferred Stock shall be \$1.00 per share.

Conversion — Each share of Series A Preferred Stock shall automatically be converted into one share of common stock upon any sale, transfer, pledge, or other disposition of the share of Series A Preferred Stock to any person or entity other than the initial holder of such share of Series A Preferred Stock, or any successor by operation of law that functions as a non-profit trade association for REALTORS® under Section 501(c)(6) of Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, that owns the REALTOR® trademark, or any wholly-owned affiliate of such holder as long as the holder continues to own such affiliate.

Issuance of Common Stock

The Company recognized \$0.4 million, \$0.4 million and \$0.3 million in stock-based charges in connection with the issuance of common stock to members of its Board of Directors for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

65

#### MOVE, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

### 16. Net Income (Loss) per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per share applicable to common stockholders for the periods indicated (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	For The Year Ended December 31,					
	201	.0	200	)9	200	)8
Numerator:						
Loss from continuing operations	\$	(15,472)	\$	(8,763)	\$	(2,025)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations		_		1,817		(27,165)
Net loss		(15,472)		(6,946)		(29,190)
Convertible preferred stock dividend and related accretion		(5,383)		(5,244)		(5,108)
Net loss applicable to common stockholders	\$	(20,855)	\$	(12,190)	\$	(34,298)
Net loss applicable to common stockholders from						
continuing operations	\$	(20,855)	\$	(14,007)	\$	(7,133)
Net income (loss) applicable to common stockholders						
from discontinued operations				1,817		(27,165)
Net loss applicable to common stockholders	\$	(20,855)	\$	(12,190)	\$	(34,298)
Denominator:						
Basic weighted average shares outstanding		155,520		153,369		151,952
Dilutive effect of options, warrants and restricted stock						
Fully diluted weighted average shares outstanding		155,520		153,369		151,952
Basic income (loss) applicable to common stockholders:						
Continuing operations	\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.09)	\$	(0.05)
Discontinued operations				0.01		(0.18)
Net loss	\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.08)	\$	(0.23)
Diluted income (loss) applicable to common stockholders:						
Continuing operations	\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.09)	\$	(0.05)
Discontinued operations				0.01		(0.18)
Net loss	\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.08)	\$	(0.23)

Because their effects would be anti-dilutive for the periods presented, the above computation of diluted income (loss) per share excludes preferred stock, options and warrants of 63,496,359, 67,701,742, and 62,197,701 for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively.

## 17. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

During the year ended December 31, 2010:

- The Company paid \$0.1 million in interest.
- The Company received a trade-in allowance on the purchase of property and equipment of \$0.2 million
- The Company issued 139,098 shares of restricted common stock to the non-employee members of its Board of Directors which vest over three years. The charge associated with these shares was \$0.3 million and is being recognized over the three-year vesting period.

#### MOVE, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

• The Company issued \$3.7 million in additional Series B Preferred Stock as in-kind dividends and declared and accrued \$0.4 million in cash dividends.

During the year ended December 31, 2009:

- The Company paid \$1.9 million in interest.
- The Company issued 1,800,000 shares of restricted common stock to its new Chief Executive Officer with 700,000 shares vested immediately, and subject to certain terms and restrictions, 500,000 shares vesting one year from the grant date and 600,000 shares vesting two years from the grant date. The charge associated with these shares was \$2.7 million and is being recognized over the vesting periods.
- The Company issued 60,000 shares of restricted common stock to the members of the ad hoc Executive Committee of its Board of Directors. Half of the shares vested on the grant date and half of the shares will vest on year from the grant date. The charge associated with these shares was approximately \$0.1 million and is being recognized over the vesting period.
- The Company issued 175,420 shares of restricted common stock to certain members of its Board of Directors. These shares will vest on the third anniversary of their issuance. The charge associated with these shares was \$0.4 million and is being recognized over the three-year vesting period.
- The Company received a \$1.0 million promissory note in conjunction with the sale of its Welcome Wagon division. The principal balance of the note was paid during the year ended December 31, 2010.
- The Company issued 350,000 shares of restricted common stock to two of its new executive officers with shares vesting each year over the next three years on the anniversary of the grant date. The charge associated with these shares was \$0.9 million and is being recognized over the vesting period.
- The Company issued \$3.9 million in additional Series B Preferred Stock as in-kind dividends.

During the year ended December 31, 2008:

- The Company paid \$0.7 million in interest.
- The Company issued 160,793 shares of restricted common stock to certain members of its Board of Directors. These shares will vest on the third anniversary of their issuance. The charge associated with these shares was \$0.5 million and is being recognized over the three-year vesting period.
- The Company issued \$3.8 million in additional Series B Preferred Stock as in-kind dividends.

#### 18. Defined Contribution Plan

The Company has a savings plan ("Savings Plan") that qualifies as a defined contribution plan under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Under the Savings Plan, participating employees may defer a percentage (not to exceed 75%) of their eligible pretax earnings up to the Internal Revenue Service's annual contribution limit. All full-time employees on the payroll of the Company are eligible to participate in the Plan. The Company pays all general and administrative expenses of the plan and may make contributions to the plan. The Company made matching contributions of approximately \$1.1 million, \$1.7 million, and \$1.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

## 19. Income Taxes

For the year ended December 31, 2010, we recorded an income tax benefit of \$0.3 million as a result of a change in the valuation allowance resulting from the deferred tax liability established for the amortizable intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination partially offset by \$0.1 million of state income tax expenses and a deferred tax provision related to amortization of certain indefinite lived intangible

#### MOVE, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

December 31, 2009, we recorded a deferred tax provision of \$0.2 million related to amortization of certain indefinite lived intangible assets partially offset by a current tax benefit of \$0.1 million for a federal alternative minimum tax refund resulting from a net operating loss carryback available under new tax laws. For the year ended December 31, 2008, we recorded a deferred tax provision of \$0.1 million related to amortization of indefinite lived assets and a current tax provision representing federal alternative minimum taxes of \$0.1 million and state and local income taxes of \$0.2 million. In addition, a current tax provision of \$0.2 million was recorded for the year ended December 31, 2008 due to the release of acquired net operating loss carryforwards which were recorded against Goodwill.

Significant components of the provision for income taxes from continuing operations are as follows (in thousands):

	For the Ye		
	December		
	2010	2009	2008
Current:			
Federal	\$ —	\$ (217)	\$ 273
State	67	83	167
Total current provision	67	(134)	440
Deferred:			
Federal	(98)	131	90
State	(122)	40	19
Total deferred provision	(220)	171	109
Income tax (benefit) expense	\$ (153)	\$ 37	\$ 549

The components of the deferred tax assets and liabilities and related valuation allowance are as follows (in thousands):

	For the Y	For the Year Ended				
	Decembe	December 31,				
	2010		2009			
Deferred tax assets:						
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 276,	055	\$ 2	79,034		
Others	44,	443		44,769		
	320,	498	3	23,803		
Valuation allowance	(320,	498)	(3	323,803)		
Net deferred tax assets	\$		\$			
Deferred tax liabilities:						
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	(	895)		(581)		
Net deferred tax liability	\$ (	895)	\$	(581)		

Based on management's assessment, the Company has placed a valuation reserve against its otherwise recognizable deferred tax assets due to the likelihood that the Company may not generate sufficient taxable income during the carryforward period to utilize the net operating loss carryforwards. The deferred tax liability is included in other non-current liabilities on the Company's balance sheet.

#### MOVE, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The valuation reserve for net deferred taxes decreased by approximately \$3.3 million primarily as a result of a revaluation of the deferred tax assets due to a change in the state effective tax rate and changes in net operating losses due to activities in the year ended December 31, 2010.

The Company recognizes excess tax benefits associated with the exercise of stock options directly to stockholders' equity only when realized. Accordingly, deferred tax assets are not recognized for net operating loss carryforwards ("NOL") resulting from excess tax benefits. As of December 31, 2010, deferred tax assets do not include \$61.8 million of these excess tax benefits from employee stock option exercises that are a component of the Company's net operating loss carry forwards. Additional paid in capital will be increased up to an additional \$61.8 million if and when such excess tax benefits are realized.

The reconciliation between the Company's effective tax rate and the federal statutory rate is as follows (in thousands):

	For the Year Ended December 31,										
	2010		2009		2008						
		Tax		Tax							
	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	Tax Rate					
Statutory rate applied to income before											
income taxes	\$ (5,313)	34%	\$ (2,967)	34%	\$ (502)	34%					
State taxes, net of federal tax benefit	(1,025)	7	(514)	6	252	(17)					
Permanent items	(1,146)	7	212	(2)	2,123	(144)					
Change in state effective tax rate	3,811	(24)									
Canadian Tax Credit	_	_	(6,634)	76	_	_					
Change in valuation allowance	3,520	(23)	9,940	(114)	(1,324)	90					
Total tax (benefit) provision	\$ (153)	1%	\$ 37	0%	\$ 549	(37)%					

At December 31, 2010, the Company had gross NOLs for federal and state income tax purposes of approximately \$930.9 million and \$388.8 million, respectively. The federal NOLs will begin to expire in 2018. Approximately \$2.6 million of the state NOLs expired in 2010 and the state NOLs will continue to expire from 2011 until 2029. Gross net operating loss carry forwards for both federal and state tax purposes may be subject to an annual limitation under relevant tax laws. Currently, the NOLs have a full valuation allowance recorded against them. The Company also had approximately \$7.0 million of Canadian tax credit available to offset Canadian tax liabilities. The Canadian tax credit will begin to expire in 2015.

Approximately \$150.0 million of the \$930.9 million federal NOLs may belong to members of the Company's group that cannot be consolidated for federal income tax purposes. Consequently, those NOLs would not be available to the Company to offset taxable income in the future. The NOLs indicated above are subject to a full valuation allowance.

Utilization of the NOLs may be subject to a substantial annual limitation due to ownership change limitations that may have occurred or that could occur in the future, as required by Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), as well as similar state and foreign limitations. These ownership changes may limit the amount of NOLs that can be utilized annually to offset future taxable income and tax, respectively. In general, an "ownership change" as defined by Section 382 of the Code, results from a transaction or series of transactions over a three-year period resulting in an ownership change of more than 50 percentage points of the outstanding stock of a company by certain stockholders or public groups.

The Company has not finalized its study to assess whether an ownership change has occurred that would materially impact the utilization of NOLs. The work performed to date does not indicate a material limitation of any NOLs. There may also be additional ownership changes in the future, and any future change of its current market capitalization would severely limit the annual use of these NOLs going forward. Such limitation could also

#### MOVE, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

result in expiration of a portion of the NOLs before utilization. Further, until the study is completed and any limitations known, no amounts are being considered as an uncertain tax position or disclosed as an unrecognized tax benefit. Due to the existence of the valuation allowance, future changes in the Company's unrecognized tax benefits will not impact its effective tax rate. Any NOLs that expire prior to utilization as a result of such limitations will be removed from deferred tax assets with a corresponding reduction of the valuation allowance.

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Company does not have any uncertain tax positions or accrued interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions. The Company's policy is to recognize interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in provision for income tax. The Company does not have any interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions in provision for income tax during the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008. The tax years 1993-2010 remain open to examination by the major taxing jurisdictions to which the Company is subject.

#### 20. Settlements of Disputes and Litigation

As part of the sale in 2002 of the Company's ConsumerInfo division to Experian Holdings, Inc. ("Experian"), \$10.0 million of the purchase price was put in escrow to secure the Company's indemnification obligations (the "Indemnity Escrow"). Prior to the termination of the Indemnity Escrow, Experian demanded indemnification from the Company for claims made against Experian or its subsidiaries by several parties in civil actions and by the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC"), including allegations of unfair and deceptive advertising in connection with ConsumerInfo's furnishing of credit reports and providing "Advice for Improving Credit" that appeared on its web site both before, during, and after the Company's ownership of ConsumerInfo. On April 20, 2009, the parties settled the dispute and entered into a full release of all claims under which Experian received \$7.4 million from the Indemnity Escrow and the Company received the balance of the escrow of \$1.1 million which was included in Gain on disposition of discontinued operations in the Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2009.

In June 2002, Tren Technologies Holdings LLC., ("Tren") sued the Company, the National Association of REALTORS® ("NAR") and the National Association of Home Builders ("NAHB") in the United States District Court, Eastern District of Pennsylvania for patent infringement based on the Company's operation of the REALTOR.com® and HomeBuilder.com® web sites.

In October 2003, Kevin Keithley ("Keithley") sued the Company, NAR and NAHB in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California (the "District Court") asserting that he was the exclusive licensee of a patent involved in the case brought by Tren, and alleging the same infringement and seeking the same relief as in the Tren action. On May 24, 2006, the court in Pennsylvania dismissed the Tren case without prejudice. On November 19, 2008, the District Court judge issued an order granting the Company's motion for summary judgment and on March 4, 2009, the District Court entered final judgment in favor of the Company. Keithley and Tren appealed the District Court's judgment with the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit and the Company cross-appealed. On May 22, 2009, the parties entered into an agreement resolving the patent infringement claims brought against the Company, NAR and NAHB. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company received a paid up worldwide license to the patent at issue in the case for consideration as recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2009. The District Court dismissed with prejudice all claims against the Company, NAR and NAHB.

In December 2005, CIVIX-DDI, LLC ("CIVIX") filed suit against NAR, the Company, Hotels.com, L.P. and Hotels.com GP LLC in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division. The complaint alleged that the Company and NAR infringed U.S. Patents 6,385,622; 6,408,307; 6,415,291; and 6,473,692 by offering, providing, using and operating location-based searching services through the REALTOR.com® web site and requested an unspecified amount of damages (including treble damages for willful infringement and attorneys' fees) and an injunction. On December 30, 2009, CIVIX and the Company entered into an agreement resolving the patent infringement claims brought against the Company and NAR. Pursuant to

#### MOVE, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

the agreement, the Company received a paid up worldwide license to the patents at issue in the case, and NAR received a sublicense for use of the patents at issue in the case on websites operated by the Company, for consideration as recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2009. The District Court dismissed with prejudice all claims against the Company and NAR.

On November 12, 2008, Patricia Ramirez on behalf of herself and all other similarly situated California account executives filed a purported class action lawsuit in the Los Angeles Superior Court against Move, Inc., and its subsidiary Move Sales, Inc. asserting failure to fully reimburse business expenses, unlawful wage deductions, failure to timely pay wages due at termination, failure to timely furnish accurate itemized wage statements, unfair business practices and declaratory relief. Subsequent to December 31, 2009, the Company and plaintiff's attorneys agreed to a tentative settlement of all claims brought by Ramirez on behalf of herself and all others in the purported class action. The amount of the settlement has been accrued as of December 31, 2009 and was recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2009. On August 24, 2010, the court entered Judgment of Final Approval of Settlement of Class Action Settlement. The settlement did not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2009.

## 21. Commitments and Contingencies

## Operating and Capital Leases

The Company leases certain facilities and equipment under non-cancelable operating leases with various expiration dates through 2016. The leases generally contain renewal options and payments that may be adjusted for increases in operating expenses. Leasehold improvement incentives are recorded as deferred obligations and amortized as a reduction in rent expense through the life of the lease. As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, there were no assets or liabilities arising from capital leases obligations. Future minimum lease payments under operating leases as of December 31, 2010 are as follows (in thousands):

	Operating
Year Ended December 31,	Leases
2011	\$ 4,857
2012	4,980
2013	3,980
2014	3,105
2015 and thereafter	3,808
Total	\$ 20,730

Rental expense from continuing operations for the Company for operating leases was \$5.1 million, \$5.3 million, and \$7.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Rental expense from discontinued operations was \$0.2 million and \$0.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

### Other Commitments

Under the Company's operating agreement with NAR, the Company has an exclusive arrangement to operate REALTOR.com® as well as a license to use the REALTOR.com® domain name and trademark and the REALTORS® trademark in exchange for minimum annual royalty payments. Commitments for the years ending 2010 and beyond will be calculated based on amounts paid in the prior year adjusted for the Annual Consumer Price Index for the period ending in the prior calendar year.

#### MOVE, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The Company also has a data access agreement with Real Estate Business Services, Inc. ("REBS"), which provides the Company with a perpetual license to use data related to California real property included in REBS's database on the Company's websites. In addition, the Company also has various other web services and content agreements providing data for the Company's websites.

The following presents the Company's future minimum commitments under the above agreements (in thousands):

Year Ending December 31,	
2011	\$ 3,513
2012	2,214
2013	2,059
2014	2,059
2015	2,059
Total	\$ 11,904

Commitments for the purchase of property, plant and equipment and software licenses were approximately \$0.8 million as of December 31, 2010.

#### Legal Proceedings

On February 28, 2007, in a patent infringement action against a real estate agent, Diane Sarkisian, pending in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania ("the Sarkisian case"), Real Estate Alliance, Limited ("REAL"), moved to certify two classes of defendants: subscribers and members of the multiple listing service of which Sarkisian was a member, and customers of the Company who had purchased enhanced listings from the Company. The U.S. District Court in the Sarkisian case denied REAL's motion to certify the classes on September 24, 2007. On March 25, 2008, the U.S. District Court in the Sarkisian case stayed that case, and denied without prejudice all pending motions, pending the U.S. District Court of California's determination in the Move California Action (see below) of whether the Company's web sites infringe the REAL patents.

On April 3, 2007, in response to REAL's attempt to certify the Company's customers as a class of defendants in the Sarkisian case, the Company filed a complaint in the U.S. District Court for the Central District of California ("District Court") against REAL, and its licensing agent, Equis Technology Development, LLC, and its principal, Scott Tatro ("the Move California Action") seeking a declaratory judgment that the Company does not infringe U.S. Patent Nos. 4,870,576 and 5,032,989 ("the REAL patents"), that the REAL patents are invalid and/or unenforceable, and alleging several business torts and unfair competition. On August 8, 2007, REAL denied the Company's allegations, and asserted counterclaims against the Company for infringement of the REAL patents seeking compensatory damages, punitive damages, treble damages, costs, expenses, reasonable attorneys' fees and pre- and post-judgment interest. On February 28, 2008, REAL filed a motion for leave to amend its counter-claims, and to include NAR and the NAHB as individual defendants, as well as various brokers including RE/Max International ("RE/Max"), agents, Multiple Listing Services ("MLS"), new home builders, rental property owners, and technology providers and indicated that it intended to seek to certify certain defendant classes. On March 11, 2008, REAL filed a separate suit in the District Court ("the REAL California Action") alleging infringement of the REAL patents against the same defendants it sought to include in its proposed amended counter-claims in the Move California Action, and also indicated that it intended to seek to certify the same defendant classes. The Company is not named as a defendant in the REAL California Action; however, the Company is defending NAR, NAHB and RE/Max in the REAL California Action. In September, 2008, the court coordinated both cases and issued an order dividing the issues into two phases. Phase 1 addresses issues of patent validity and enforceability, whether Move websites infringe, damages, and liability of Mov

#### MOVE, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Phase 2 will address REAL's infringement claims related to the websites owned or operated by the remaining defendants and whether those defendants infringe the Real patents by using the Move websites. The District Court has stayed Phase 2 pending resolution of the issues in Phase 1.

On November 25, 2009, the court entered its claim construction order in the Move California Action. On January 27, 2010, upon joint request of the parties, the District Court entered a final judgment of non-infringement. REAL has appealed the court's claim construction to the Federal Circuit Court of Appeals ("Circuit Court") and oral argument occurred on February 8, 2011. If the Circuit Court overturns all or part of the claim construction, the judgment would be vacated and the Move California Action would be remanded to the District Court for further litigation. If the Circuit Court upholds the District Court's claim construction, the Move California Action would be dismissed with prejudice. At this time, however, the Company is unable to express an opinion on the outcome of these cases.

In March 2010, Smarter Agent, LLC ("Smarter Agent") filed suit against Move, Inc., against our affiliate, RealSelect, Inc. ("RealSelect"), and also against other co-defendants Boopsie, Inc., Classified Ventures, LLC, Hotpads, Inc., IDX, Inc., Multifamily Technology Solutions, Inc., D/B/A MyNewPlace, Primedia, Inc., Consumer Source, Inc., Trsoft, Inc., D/B/A PlanetRE, Trulia, Inc., Zillow, Inc., and ZipRealty, Inc. in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware. The complaint alleges that the Company and RealSelect, Inc. infringe U.S. Patents 6,385,541; 6,496,776; and 7,072,665 ("Patents in Suit") by offering an iPhone application for the REALTOR.com® web site and requested an unspecified amount of damages (including enhanced damages for willful infringement and attorneys' fees) and an injunction. On August 31, 2010, co-defendants Boopsie, Inc., Classified Ventures, LLC, Hotpads, Inc., IDX, Inc., Multifamily Technology Solutions, Inc., Primedia, Inc., Consumer Source, Inc., Trsoft, Inc., Trulia, Inc., Zillow, Inc., and ZipRealty, Inc., filed requests for interpartes reexamination of the Patents in Suit with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office ("PTO"). On September 30, 2010, the Company filed an answer and counter claims on behalf of Move and RealSelect. On October 22, 2010, SmarterAgent filed its answer to such counter claims. The PTO accepted the Patents in Suit for re-examination and on December 21, 2010, issued an office action rejecting all claims in the Patents in Suit. Smarter Agent has two months to respond to the PTO office action. In January, 2011, the Company and co-defendants jointly filed a motion to stay the litigation pending the outcome of the re-examination by the PTO. The court has not ruled on this motion. The Company intends to vigorously defend all claims. At this time, however, the Company is unable to express an opinion on the outcome of this case.

In June, 2010, BanxCorp filed a lawsuit against Move, Inc., Dow Jones & Company, Inc., The New York Times Company, CNBC Inc., Cable News Network, Inc., MSNBC Interactive News, LLD, Fox News Network, LLC, AOL Inc., ("Media Defendants") and LendingTree LLC in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey. The first amended complaint alleges antitrust violations pursuant to Section 1 of the Sherman Antitrust Act and the New Jersey Antitrust Act, including allegations the Company and other defendants formed a cartel with BankRate to gain market dominance and unfair advantage over BanxCorp and other independent competitors by, among other alleged activities, fixing prices and allocating customers and markets with other BankRate website operators. The first amended complaint seeks a declaratory judgment, injunctive relief and unspecified amount of damages, including treble damages and attorneys' fees and legal costs. On August 3, 2010, motions to dismiss the case were filed jointly by the Company and the other Media Defendants. On February 7, 2011, the court granted the Media Defendants' motion to dismiss. The Company intends to vigorously defend all claims. At this time, however, the Company is unable to express an opinion on the outcome of this case.

#### Contingencies

From time to time, the Company is party to various other litigation and administrative proceedings relating to claims arising from its operations in the ordinary course of business. As of the date of this Form 10-K and except as set forth herein, the Company is not a party to any other litigation or administrative proceedings that management believes would have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

# MOVE, INC.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

# 22. Quarterly Financial Data (unaudited)

Provided below is the selected unaudited quarterly financial data for 2010 and 2009:

	Three Month	is Ended						
	Mar. 31,	Mar. 31, June 30, Sept. 30, De		Dec. 31,	Mar. 31,	June 30,	Sept. 30,	Dec. 31,
	2010	2010	2010	2010	2009	2009	2009	2009
	(In thousand	s, except per s	hare amounts)					
Revenue	\$ 48,643	\$ 49,691	\$ 50,256	\$ 48,913	\$ 54,868	\$ 54,637	\$ 52,866	\$ 49,638
Cost of revenue	10,928	11,088	10,766	10,337	12,647	12,804	12,014	11,033
Gross profit	37,715	38,603	39,490	38,576	42,221	41,833	40,852	38,605
Operating expenses:								
Sales and marketing	18,332	18,872	18,631	17,902	20,762	21,387	18,787	17,126
Product and web site development	8,526	8,136	8,855	8,803	6,383	6,425	7,650	7,374
General and administrative	10,689	10,800	10,877	10,291	23,637	11,364	16,226	13,717
Amortization of intangibles	105	104	139	348	151	108	107	107
Restructuring charges	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,192)	_
Litigation settlements						975		3,888
Impairment of long-lived assets	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total operating expenses	37,652	37,912	38,502	37,344	50,933	40,259	41,578	42,212
Operating income (loss) from								
continuing operations	63	691	988	1,232	(8,712)	1,574	(726)	(3,607)
Interest income, net	556	178	33	143	135	314	279	119
Earnings of unconsolidated joint venture	106	193	342	376	_	_	_	149
Impairment of auction rate securities	(19,559)							
Other income (expense)	(33)	(1,069)	(42)	177	105	386	1,250	8
Income (loss) from continuing								
operations before income taxes	(18,867)	(7)	1,321	1,928	(8,472)	2,274	803	(3,331)
Income tax expense (benefit)	63	28	(404)	160	96	81	50	(190)
Income (loss) from continuing								
operations	(18,930)	(35)	1,725	1,768	(8,568)	2,193	753	(3,141)
Income (loss) from discontinued								
operations	_	_	_	_	(356)	107	(196)	(41)
Gain on disposition of discontinued								
operations						2,303		
Net income (loss)	(18,930)	(35)	1,725	1,768	(8,924)	4,603	557	(3,182)
Convertible preferred stock								
dividend	(1,333)	(1,341)	(1,350)	(1,359)	(1,298)	(1,307)	(1,315)	(1,324)
Net income (loss) applicable to common								
stockholders	\$ (20,263)	\$ (1,376)	\$ 375	\$ 409	\$ (10,222)	\$ 3,296	\$ (758)	\$ (4,506)
Basic net income (loss) per share								
applicable to common								
stockholders:								
Continuing operations	\$ (0.13)	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.06)	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.03)
Discontinued operations	_	_	_	_	(0.00)	0.02	(0.00)	(0.00)

Net income (loss)	\$ (0.13)	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.07)	\$ 0.02	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.03)
Diluted net income (loss) per share applicable								
to common stockholders:								
Continuing operations	\$ (0.13)	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.06)	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.03)
Discontinued operations					(0.00)	0.02	(0.00)	(0.00)
Net income (loss)	\$ (0.13)	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.07)	\$ 0.02	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.03)

### MOVE, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

## 23. Subsequent Events

In February 2011, the Company reached an agreement with both Elevation Partners, L.P. and Elevation Side Fund, LLC (together, "Elevation") to redeem 70,000 shares of the Company's Series B Preferred Stock, at a total redemption price of \$70.4 million, including approximately \$0.4 million in associated cash dividends. Immediately after the expected consummation of the redemption, Elevation will continue to be the sole holder of the Company's outstanding Series B Preferred Stock and will hold approximately 49,044 shares of such stock under the same terms as discussed in Note 14, "Series B Convertible Preferred Stock."

Item 9. Changes In and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2010. The term "disclosure controls and procedures," as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, means controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the controls and procedures will meet their objectives.

Our management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this annual report on Form 10-K. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of December 31, 2010, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The management of Move, Inc. (the "Company") is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer and effected by the Company's Board of Directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect all misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may change over time.

Move's management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010. In making this assessment, the Company's management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in Internal Control-Integrated Framework. Based on our assessment, management believes that, as of December 31, 2010, the Company's internal control over financial reporting is effective based on those criteria.

Move's independent registered public accounting firm has issued an attestation report on the Company's internal control over financial reporting. This report appears below.

/s/ STEVEN H. BERKOWITZ February 18, 2011 Steven H. Berkowitz

Steven H. Berkowitz Chief Executive Officer

/s/ ROBERT J. KROLIK February 18, 2011 Robert J. Krolik

Chief Financial Officer

77

# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Board of Directors and Shareholders of Move, Inc.

We have audited Move, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010, based on criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (the COSO criteria). Move, Inc.'s management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Move, Inc. maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of Move, Inc. as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2010 and our report dated February 18, 2011 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Los Angeles, California February 18, 2011

78

Item 9B. Other Information

None.

#### PART III

Information required by Items 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of Part III is omitted from this Annual Report and will be filed in a definitive proxy statement or by an amendment to this Annual Report not later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Annual Report.

Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

We will provide information that is responsive to this item not later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Annual Report, in an amendment to this Annual Report, or in our definitive proxy statement under the captions "Management," "Meetings and Committees of the Board of Directors," "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance," "Code of Conduct and Business Ethics" and possibly elsewhere therein. That information is incorporated in this item by reference.

#### Item 11. Executive Compensation

We will provide information that is responsive to this item not later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Annual Report, in an amendment to this Annual Report, or in our definitive proxy statement under the captions "Compensation Discussion and Analysis," "Executive Compensation," "Director Compensation," "Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation," "Compensation Committee Report," and possibly elsewhere therein. That information is incorporated in this item by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The information under the caption "Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans" in Item 5 of this Annual Report is incorporated in this item by reference. We will provide information that is responsive to this item not later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Annual Report, in an amendment to this Annual Report, or in our definitive proxy statement under the caption "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management" and possibly elsewhere therein. That information is incorporated in this item by reference.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

We will provide information that is responsive to this item not later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Annual Report, in an amendment to this Annual Report, or in our definitive proxy statement under the captions "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions," "Meetings and Committees of the Board of Directors," and possibly elsewhere therein. That information is incorporated in this item by reference.

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

We will provide information that is responsive to this item not later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Annual Report, in an amendment to this Annual Report, or in our definitive proxy statement under the caption "Fees Billed for Services Rendered by Independent Auditors," and possibly elsewhere therein. That information is incorporated in this item by reference.

# PART IV

## Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

- (a) The following documents are filed as part of this report:
- (1) Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Data: See Index to Consolidated Financial Statements at Item 8 of this Annual Report.
  - (2) Schedule II Valuation and Qualifying Accounts, Exhibit Number 99.01.
  - (3) Exhibits

Number	Exhibit Title
2.01	Agreement and Plan of Reorganization dated October 26, 2000 among Homestore.com®, Inc., Metal Acquisition Corp., WW Acquisition Corp., Move.com, Inc., Welcome Wagon® International, Inc., Cendant Membership Services Holdings, Inc. and Cendant Corporation. (Incorporated by reference to Annex A to the definitive proxy statement filed November 29, 2000.)
3.01.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Move, Inc., dated June 23, 2005, as amended by the Certificate of Amendment dated June 22, 2006. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 filed August 7, 2006.)
3.01.2	Certificate of Designation of Series B Convertible Participating Preferred Stock dated November 29, 2005. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.01.2 of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 filed March 13, 2006.)
3.02	Bylaws of Move, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 28, 2006.)
3.03.1	RealSelect, Inc.'s Certificate of Incorporation dated October 25, 1996. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.05.1 to our registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-79689) filed May 28, 1999.)
3.03.2	RealSelect, Inc.'s Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation dated November 25, 1996. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.05.2 to our registration statement on Form S-1/A (File No. 333-79689) filed June 17, 1999.)
4.01	Form of Specimen Certificate for common stock. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.01 of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 filed March 5, 2007.)
10.01.1	Operating Agreement dated November 26, 1996, between REALTORS® Information Network, Inc. and RealSelect, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.02 to our registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-79689) filed May 28, 1999.)
10.01.2	First Amendment to Operating Agreement dated December 27, 1996 between REALTORS® Information Network, Inc. and RealSelect, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.02.2 to our registration statement on Form S-1/A (File No. 333-79689) filed June 17, 1999.)
10.01.3	Amendment No. 2 to Operating Agreement dated May 28, 1999 between REALTORS® Information Network, Inc. and RealSelect, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.02.3 to our registration statement on Form S-1/A (File No. 333-79689) filed June 17, 1999.)
10.02	Joint Ownership Agreement dated November 26, 1996, among National Association of REALTORS®, NetSelect, L.L.C., and NetSelect, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.04 to our registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-79689) filed May 28, 1999.)
10.03	Trademark License dated November 26, 1996, between National Association of REALTORS® and RealSelect, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.05 to our registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-79689) filed May 28, 1999.)

Number	Exhibit Title
10.04	Agreement dated August 21, 1998 among RealSelect, Inc., REALTORS® Information Network, Inc., National Association of REALTORS®, NetSelect, Inc., and NetSelect L.L.C. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.29 to our registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-79689) filed May 28, 1999.)
10.05	Agreement dated May 28, 1999 among NetSelect, Inc., RealSelect, Inc., REALTORS® Information Network, Inc. and National Association of REALTORS®. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.30 to our registration statement on Form S-1/A (File No. 333-79689) filed June 17, 1999.)
10.06	Letter Agreement Regarding Rental Site Acquisition dated May 17, 1999 among National Association of REALTORS®, REALTORS® Information Network, Inc. and RealSelect, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.32 to our registration statement on Form S-1/A (File No. 333-79689) filed June 17, 1999.)(1)
10.07	Stock Purchase Agreement dated March 16, 2002 between Experian Holdings, Inc. and Homestore.com®, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to our current report on Form 8-K filed March 19, 2002.)
10.08	Standard Office Lease executed September 18, 2009, between our subsidiary, Move Sales, Inc., and Arden Realty Limited Partnership, for 30700 Russell Ranch Road, Westlake Village, California. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 24, 2009.)
10.09	NetSelect, Inc. 1996 Stock Incentive Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to our registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-79689) filed May 28, 1999.)(2)
10.10	NetSelect, Inc. 1999 Equity Incentive Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.17 to our registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-79689) filed May 28, 1999.)(2)
10.11	Homestore.com®, Inc. 1999 Stock Incentive Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 to our registration statement on Form S-1/A (File No. 333-79689) filed July 27, 1999.)(2)
10.12	Amendment dated December 10, 2008 to the Homestore.com®, Inc. 1999 Stock Incentive Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.15 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed March 9, 2009.)(2)
10.13	Homestore.com®, Inc. 1999 Employee Stock Purchase Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.19 to our registration statement on Form S-1/A (File No. 333-79689) filed July 27, 1999.)(2)
10.14	Homestore.com®, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.04 to our registration statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-89172) filed May 24, 2002.)(2)
10.15	Amendment dated December 10, 2008 to the Homestore.com®, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed March 9, 2009.)(2)
10.16	InfoTouch Corporation 1994 Stock Incentive Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.20 to our registration statement on Form S-1/A (File No. 333-79689) filed June 17, 1999.)(2)
10.17	Move.com, Inc. 2000 Stock Incentive Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.04 to our registration statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-55828) filed February 16, 2001.)(2)
10.18	Cendant Corporation Move.com Group 1999 Stock Option Plan as assumed by Cendant Corporation from Move.com, Inc. and amended and restated effective as of March 21, 2000. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.05 to our registration statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-55828) filed February 16, 2001.)(2)
	91

Number	Exhibit Title
10.19	1997 Stock Incentive Plan of Cendant Corporation as amended and restated through October 14, 1998. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.06 to our registration statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-55828) filed February 16, 2001.)(2)
10.20	Amendment to Amended and Restated 1997 Stock Incentive Plan of Cendant Corporation dated March 27, 2000. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.07 to our registration statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-55828) filed February 16, 2001.)(2)
10.21	Amendment to Amended and Restated 1997 Stock Incentive Plan of Cendant Corporation dated March 28, 2000. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.08 to our registration statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-55828) filed February 16, 2001.)(2)
10.22	Homestore 401(k) Plan. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.25 to our registration statement on Form S-1/A (File No. 333-79689) filed June 17, 1999.)(2)
10.23	Form of Indemnity Agreement between Move, Inc. and each of its directors and executive officers (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.25 to our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 filed March 15, 2004.)(2)
10.24	Employment Agreement dated March 6, 2002 between Homestore.com®, Inc. and W. Michael Long. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 6.01(A) to our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2002 filed May 14, 2002.)(2)
10.25	Amendment dated December 24, 2008 to Employment Agreement of W. Michael Long dated March 6, 2002. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.28 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed March 9, 2009.)(2)
10.26	Amendment dated January 14, 2009 to Employment Agreement of W. Michael Long dated March 6, 2002. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.29 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed March 9, 2009.)(2)
10.27	W. Michael Long 2007 Executive Bonus Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 filed August 3, 2007.)(2)
10.28	Offer letter to Lorna Borenstein dated April 26, 2007 with form of Executive Retention and Severance Agreement attached as exhibit (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.3 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 2, 2007.)(2)
10.29	Amendment dated December 19, 2008 to Offer letter to Lorna Borenstein dated April 26, 2007. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.33 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed March 9, 2009.)(2)
10.30	Amendment dated December 19, 2008 to Executive Retention and Severance Agreement between Move, Inc. and Lorna Borenstein. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.34 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed March 9, 2009.)(2)
10.31	Lorna Borenstein 2007 Executive Bonus Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 filed August 3, 2007.)(2)
10.32	Employment Agreement dated March 6, 2002 between Homestore.com®, Inc. and Lewis R. Belote III. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 6.02(A) to our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2002 filed May 14, 2002.)(2)
10.33	Amendment dated December 19, 2008 to Employment Agreement dated March 6, 2002 between Homestore.com®, Inc. and Lewis R. Belote III. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.37 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed March 9, 2009.)(2)
	92

Number	Exhibit Title
10.34	Amendment dated April 2, 2009 to Employment Agreement dated March 6, 2002 between Homestore.com®, Inc. and Lewis R. Belote III.(2)(3)
10.35	Lewis R. Belote, III 2007 Executive Bonus Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 filed August 3, 2007.)(2)
10.36	Executive Retention and Severance Agreement dated September 30, 2002 between Homestore.com®, Inc. and Allan D. Dalton. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2002 filed November 14, 2002.)(2)
10.37	Letter Agreement with Allan Dalton dated February 26, 2008 with Exhibit A attached (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 4, 2008.)(2)
10.38	General Release of Claims between Move, Inc. and Allan Dalton (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 4, 2008.)(2)
10.39	Offer Letter dated July 2, 2003 between Homestore, Inc. and Errol Samuelson. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2008 filed May 9, 2008.)(2)
10.40	Compensation Letter dated August 1, 2007 from Move, Inc. to Errol Samuelson. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2008 filed May 9, 2008.)(2)
10.41	Executive Retention and Severance Agreement dated May 6, 2008 between Move, Inc. and Errol Samuelson. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2008 filed May 9, 2008.)(2)
10.42	Amendment dated December 30, 2008 to Executive Retention and Severance Agreement dated May 6, 2008 between Move, Inc. and Errol Samuelson. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.49 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed March 9, 2009.)(2)
10.43	Move, Inc. Offer Letter to Steven H. Berkowitz dated January 21, 2009. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 23, 2009.)(2)
10.44	Executive Retention and Severance Agreement between Steven H. Berkowitz and Move, Inc. dated January 21, 2009. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.3 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 23, 2009.)(2)
10.45	Form of the Move, Inc. Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Agreement.(Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.4 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 23, 2009.)(2)
10.46	Stipulation and Agreement of Settlement between California State Teachers' Retirement System and Homestore, Inc. dated as of August 12, 2003. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2003 filed November 13, 2003.)
10.47	Settlement Agreement and Release dated August 5, 2003 among Homestore, Inc., Welcome Wagon® International, Inc., Cendant Corporation, Cendant Membership Services Holdings, Inc, Century 21 Real Estate Corporation, Coldwell Banker Real Estate Corporation, ERA Franchise Systems, Inc., NRT Incorporated, and Cendant Mortgage Corporation. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2003 filed August 14, 2003.)
10.48	Registration Rights Agreement dated August 5, 2003 among Homestore, Inc., Cendant Corporation and Cendant Membership Services Holdings, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2003 filed August 14, 2003.)

Number	Exhibit Title
10.49	Listings License Agreement dated August 5, 2003 between Cendant Corporation and Homestore, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2003 filed August 14, 2003.)
10.50	Source Code License and Maintenance Services Agreement dated August 5, 2003 between Homestore, Inc. and Cendant Corporation. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2003 filed August 14, 2003.)
10.51	Asset Purchase Agreement dated October 6, 2004 between Homestore, Inc. and Wyld Acquisition Corp. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004 filed November 5, 2004.)
10.52	Exclusivity Termination Agreement between Homestore, Inc., RealSelect, Inc., REALTORS(®) Information Network, Inc. and the National Association of REALTORS® (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our current report on Form 8-K filed April 21, 2005.)
10.53	Form of Certificate of Stock Option Grant to Executive Officers (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2005 filed May 6, 2005.)(2)
10.54	Settlement Agreement and Releases dated September 20, 2005 between the Company and Stuart Wolff (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our current report on Form 8-K filed September 26, 2005.)
10.55	Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement, dated November 6, 2005, by and among Homestore, Inc. and the Purchasers signatory thereto (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our current report on Form 8-K filed November 7, 2005.)
10.56	Stockholders Agreement, dated November 29, 2005, by and among Homestore, Inc., Elevation Partners, L.P. and Elevation Employee Side Fund, LLC. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our current report on Form 8-K filed November 30, 2005.)
10.57	Asset Purchase Agreement dated February 21, 2006 between Homestore, Inc., TMP Directional Marketing, LLC and Moving.com, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2006 filed May 5, 2006.)
10.58	Settlement Agreement and Releases dated February 15, 2006 between Homestore, Inc. and Peter Tafeen (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 22, 2006.)
10.59	Loan Agreement between Move, Inc. and Citigroup Global Markets Inc. dated as of May 8, 2008. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2008 filed May 9, 2008.)
10.60	Amendment No. 1 dated as of May 6, 2009 to Loan Agreement between Move, Inc. and Citigroup Global Markets Inc. dated as of May 8, 2008. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2009 filed May 8, 2009)
10.61	Amendment No. 2 dated May 21, 2009 to Loan Agreement between Move, Inc. and Citigroup Global Markets Inc. dated May 8, 2008. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 28, 2009.)
10.62	Offer Letter dated February 18, 2004 between Homestore, Inc. and James S. Caulfield. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.67 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed March 9, 2009.)(2)
	84

Number	Exhibit Title
10.63	Offer Letter dated October 5, 2006 between Move, Inc. and James S. Caulfield. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.68 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed March 9, 2009.)(2)
10.64	Executive Retention and Severance Agreement dated October 5, 2006 between Move, Inc. and James S. Caulfield. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.69 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed March 9, 2009.)(2)
10.65	Amendment dated December 19, 2008 to Executive Retention and Severance Agreement dated October 5, 2006 between Move, Inc. and James S. Caulfield. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.70 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed March 9, 2009.)(2)
10.66	Move, Inc. Offer Letter to Robert J. Krolik dated June 26, 2009. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 7, 2009.)(2)
10.67	Executive Retention and Severance Agreement between Robert J. Krolik and Move, Inc. dated June 26, 2009. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.3 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 7, 2009.)(2)
10.68	Move, Inc. Performance–Based Restricted Stock Unit Agreement 2012 Performance Period with Robert J. Krolik dated July 20, 2009.(2)(3)
10.69	Move, Inc. Performance–Based Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for the 2011 Performance Period with Robert J. Krolik dated July 20, 2009.(2)(3)
10.70	Move, Inc. Performance–Based Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for the 2010 Performance Period with Robert J. Krolik dated July 20, 2009.(2)(3)
10.71	Move, Inc. Restricted Stock Award Agreement with Robert J. Krolik dated July 20, 2009.(2)(3)
10.72	Move, Inc. Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement with Robert J. Krolik dated July 20, 2009.(2)(3)
10.73	Amendment dated September 10, 2010, to the Operating Agreement dated November 26, 1996, between RealSelect, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, and Realtors Information Network, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the National Association of REALTORS. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 16, 2010.)(1)
10.74	Agreement and Plan of Merger entered into by Move Sales, Inc. (a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company) and MSI TC Merger Sub (a wholly owned subsidiary of Move Sales, Inc.) on September 17, 2010, with Threewide Corporation and, as the Threewide Corporation equity-holders' representatives, both J. Rudy Henley in his capacity as manager of West Virginia Capital Management LLC and William Rice. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.74 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010 filed November 5, 2010.)
10.75	Waiver and Consent agreement dated February 9, 2011, between Move, Inc. and both Elevation Partners, L.P. and Elevation Side Fund, LLC. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 10, 2011.)
10.76	Steve Berkowitz 2010 Management Incentive Plan.(3)
10.77	Rob Krolik 2010 Management Incentive Plan.(3)
10.78	Errol Samuelson 2010 Management Incentive Plan.(3)
10.79	Jim Caulfield 2010 Management Incentive Plan.(3)
10.80	Letter agreement effective January 1, 2011 between Steve Berkowitz and Move, Inc. regarding paid time off.(3)

Numbe	r Exhibit Title
10.81	Letter agreement effective January 1, 2011 between Rob Krolik and Move, Inc. regarding paid time off.(3)
10.00	
10.82	Letter agreement effective January 1, 2011 between Errol Samuelson and Move, Inc. regarding paid time off.(3)
10.83	Letter agreement effective January 1, 2011 between Jim Caulfield and Move, Inc. regarding paid time off.(3)
21.01	Subsidiaries of Move, Inc.(3)
23.01	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.(3)
24.01	Power of Attorney (included on signature pages to this report).(3)
31.01	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.(3)
31.01	Certification of Ciner Executive Officer pursuant to section 302 of the surbanes Oxicy Fee of 2002.(3)
31.02	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.(3)
22.01	
32.01	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.(3)
32.02	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.(3)
=	
99.01	Schedule II — Valuation and Qualifying Accounts.(3)
(1)	Confidential treatment has been granted with respect to certain information in these exhibits pursuant to a confidential treatment request.
(2)	Denotes management contracts and compensatory plans and arrangements.

- (3) Filed herewith.
  - (c) Exhibits

See Item 15(a)(3) above.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

MOVE, INC.

By: /s/ STEVEN H. BERKOWITZ

Steven H. Berkowitz Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ ROBERT J. KROLIK

Robert J. Krolik

Chief Financial Officer

Date: February 18, 2011

#### POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints jointly and severally, Robert J. Krolik and James S. Caulfield, and each one of them, his or her true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents each with full power of substitution, for him or her and in his or her name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any and all amendments to this Annual Report on Form 10-K and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto and all documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorneys-in-fact, and each of them, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he or she might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorneys-in-fact and agents or any of them, or his or her, or their substitute or substitutes, may lawfully do or cause to be done or by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature Title Date

Principal Executive Officer:

/s/ STEVEN H. BERKOWITZ Chief Executive Officer and Director February 18, 2011

Steven H. Berkowitz

Principal Financial Officer and Principal

Accounting Officer:

/s/ ROBERT J. KROLIK Chief Financial Officer February 18, 2011

Robert J. Krolik

87

Signature Additional Directors:	Title	Date
/s/ JOE F. HANAUER Joe F. Hanauer	Chairman of the Board and Director	February 18, 2011
/s/ FRED D. ANDERSON Fred D. Anderson	Director	February 18, 2011
/s/ KENNETH K. KLEIN Kenneth K. Klein	Director	February 18, 2011
/s/ ROGER B. MCNAMEE Roger B. McNamee	Director	February 18, 2011
/s/ V. PAUL UNRUH V. Paul Unruh	Director	February 18, 2011
/s/ CATHERINE WHATLEY Catherine Whatley	Director	February 18, 2011
/s/ BRUCE G. WILLISON Bruce G. Willison	Director	February 18, 2011
	88	