

Ryman Hospitality Properties, Inc.
Form 10-Q
August 08, 2018
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2018

or

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934**

Commission file number 1-13079

RYMAN HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

73-0664379
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

One Gaylord Drive

Nashville, Tennessee 37214

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(Zip Code)

(615) 316-6000

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, smaller reporting company and emerging growth company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Outstanding as of July 31, 2018
Common Stock, par value \$.01	51,322,460 shares

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RYMAN HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES, INC.

FORM 10-Q

For the Quarter Ended June 30, 2018

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Table of Contents**Part I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.****RYMAN HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS****(Unaudited)****(In thousands)**

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
ASSETS:		
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,121,165	\$ 2,065,657
Cash and cash equivalents unrestricted	61,779	57,557
Cash and cash equivalents restricted	32,181	21,153
Notes receivable	113,789	111,423
Investment in Gaylord Rockies joint venture	88,993	88,685
Trade receivables, less allowance of \$762 and \$651, respectively	79,694	57,520
Deferred income tax assets, net	43,056	50,117
Prepaid expenses and other assets	66,645	72,116
Total assets	\$ 2,607,302	\$ 2,524,228
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY:		
Debt and capital lease obligations	\$ 1,674,792	\$ 1,591,392
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	176,145	179,649
Dividends payable	44,552	42,129
Deferred management rights proceeds	175,541	177,057
Other liabilities	162,578	155,845
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 100,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding		
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 400,000 shares authorized, 51,322 and 51,198 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	513	512
Additional paid-in capital	897,185	896,759
Treasury stock of 579 and 567 shares, at cost	(14,195)	(13,253)
Accumulated deficit	(483,279)	(479,170)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(26,530)	(26,692)
Total stockholders equity	373,694	378,156
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 2,607,302	\$ 2,524,228

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**RYMAN HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS****AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME****(Unaudited)****(In thousands, except per share data)**

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues:				
Rooms	\$ 121,745	\$ 110,674	\$ 229,309	\$ 214,043
Food and beverage	141,053	128,441	273,992	254,610
Other hotel revenue	28,958	24,258	53,566	48,874
Entertainment	42,178	35,405	65,437	57,293
Total revenues	333,934	298,778	622,304	574,820
Operating expenses:				
Rooms	30,059	28,359	58,987	56,387
Food and beverage	72,394	68,285	144,372	137,442
Other hotel expenses	76,733	73,536	152,615	147,774
Management fees, net	8,635	6,178	15,765	11,709
Total hotel operating expenses	187,821	176,358	371,739	353,312
Entertainment	30,254	22,135	49,620	38,986
Corporate	7,640	7,468	15,969	14,877
Preopening costs	1,525	494	3,672	710
Depreciation and amortization	29,995	27,679	58,661	55,316
Total operating expenses	257,235	234,134	499,661	463,201
Operating income	76,699	64,644	122,643	111,619
Interest expense	(19,625)	(17,155)	(36,354)	(33,019)
Interest income	2,766	2,969	5,519	5,917
Income (loss) from joint ventures	1,346	(943)	(1,242)	(1,717)
Other gains and (losses), net	36	(1,324)	204	(1,396)
Income before income taxes	61,222	48,191	90,770	81,404
Provision for income taxes	(5,676)	(899)	(7,885)	(1,492)
Net income	\$ 55,546	\$ 47,292	\$ 82,885	\$ 79,912
Basic income per share	\$ 1.08	\$ 0.92	\$ 1.62	\$ 1.56

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Fully diluted income per share	\$ 1.08	\$ 0.92	\$ 1.61	\$ 1.56
Dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.85	\$ 0.80	\$ 1.70	\$ 1.60
Comprehensive income, net of taxes	\$ 55,630	\$ 47,326	\$ 83,047	\$ 79,957

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**RYMAN HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****(Unaudited)****(In thousands)**

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net income	\$ 82,885	\$ 79,912
Amounts to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Provision (benefit) for deferred income taxes	7,065	(129)
Depreciation and amortization	58,661	55,316
Amortization of deferred financing costs	2,841	2,567
Write-off of deferred financing costs	1,956	925
Stock-based compensation expense	3,929	3,213
Changes in:		
Trade receivables	(22,074)	(17,758)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(4,268)	(11,390)
Other assets and liabilities	720	1,252
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	131,715	113,908
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(95,353)	(79,472)
Investment in Gaylord Rockies joint venture		(16,309)
Investment in other joint ventures	(2,199)	(1,969)
Purchase of remaining interest in Opry City Stage	(3,948)	
Other investing activities	(4,687)	(3,654)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(106,187)	(101,404)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Net borrowings (repayments) under revolving credit facility	80,500	(241,900)
Borrowings under term loan A		200,000
Borrowings under term loan B		500,000
Repayments under term loan B	(1,250)	(391,250)
Deferred financing costs paid	(637)	(12,220)
Payment of dividends	(85,110)	(79,788)
Payment of tax withholdings for share-based compensation	(3,771)	(3,769)
Other financing activities	(10)	18
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(10,278)	(28,909)

Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	15,250	(16,405)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period	78,710	81,190
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of period	\$ 93,960	\$ 64,785
Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash to balance sheet:		
Cash and cash equivalents unrestricted	\$ 61,779	\$ 49,610
Cash and cash equivalents restricted	32,181	15,175
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of period	\$ 93,960	\$ 64,785

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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RYMAN HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

On January 1, 2013, Ryman Hospitality Properties, Inc. (Ryman) and its subsidiaries (collectively with Ryman, the Company) began operating as a real estate investment trust (REIT) for federal income tax purposes, specializing in group-oriented, destination hotel assets in urban and resort markets. The Company s owned assets include a network of upscale, meetings-focused resorts that are managed by Marriott International, Inc. (Marriott) under the Gaylord Hotels brand. These resorts, which the Company refers to as the Gaylord Hotels properties, consist of the Gaylord Opryland Resort & Convention Center in Nashville, Tennessee (Gaylord Opryland), the Gaylord Palms Resort & Convention Center near Orlando, Florida (Gaylord Palms), the Gaylord Texan Resort & Convention Center near Dallas, Texas (Gaylord Texan) and the Gaylord National Resort & Convention Center near Washington D.C. (Gaylord National). The Company s other owned hotel assets managed by Marriott include the Inn at Opryland, an overflow hotel adjacent to Gaylord Opryland, and the AC Hotel at National Harbor, Washington D.C. (AC Hotel), an overflow hotel adjacent to Gaylord National. The Company also owns a 35% interest in a joint venture that is developing and owns Gaylord Rockies Resort & Convention Center near Denver, Colorado (Gaylord Rockies), which is scheduled to open in late 2018 and will be managed by Marriott.

The Company also owns a number of media and entertainment assets, including the Grand Ole Opry, the legendary weekly showcase of country music s finest performers; the Ryman Auditorium, the storied live music venue and former home of the Grand Ole Opry; WSM-AM, the Opry s radio home; Ole Red, a brand of Blake Shelton-themed bar, music venue and event spaces, with a flagship location in Nashville that opened in May 2018; Opry City Stage, a four-level entertainment complex in Times Square that opened in December 2017 under a joint venture agreement and of which the Company acquired the remaining 50% joint venture interest in the second quarter of 2018 for a combination of \$3.9 million in cash and the forgiveness of a note receivable previously due to the Company from the other joint venture partner of \$7.9 million; and three Nashville-based assets managed by Marriott Gaylord Springs Golf Links, the Wildhorse Saloon, and the General Jackson Showboat.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Ryman and its subsidiaries and have been prepared by the Company, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted from this report pursuant to such rules and regulations. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the results of operations for the interim periods have been included. All adjustments are of a normal, recurring nature. The results of operations for such interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year because of seasonal and short-term variations.

The Company conducts its business through an umbrella partnership REIT, in which all of its assets are held by, and all of its operations are conducted through, RHP Hotel Properties, LP, a subsidiary operating partnership (the Operating Partnership) that the Company formed in connection with its REIT conversion. Ryman is the sole limited partner of the Operating Partnership and currently owns, either directly or indirectly, all of the partnership units of the Operating Partnership. RHP Finance Corporation, a Delaware corporation (Finco), was formed as a wholly-owned

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subsidiary of the Operating Partnership for the sole purpose of being a co-issuer of debt securities with the Operating Partnership. Neither Ryman nor Finco has any material assets, other than Ryman's investment in the Operating Partnership and its 100%-owned subsidiaries. As 100%-owned subsidiaries of Ryman, neither the Operating Partnership nor Finco has any business, operations, financial results or other material information, other than the business, operations, financial results and other material information described in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Ryman's other reports, documents or other information filed with the SEC pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

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The Company principally operates, through its subsidiaries and its property managers, as applicable, in the following business segments: Hospitality, Entertainment, and Corporate and Other.

Newly Issued Accounting Standards

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, the core principle of which is that a company will recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Under this guidance, companies will need to use more judgment and make more estimates than under previous guidance. These judgments may include identifying performance obligations in the contract, estimating the amount of variable consideration to include in the transaction price and allocating the transaction price to each separate performance obligation. Due to the short-term, day-to-day nature of the Company's hospitality and entertainment segment revenues, the pattern of revenue recognition did not change significantly upon adoption. The Company adopted this ASU in the first quarter of 2018 using the modified retrospective approach and has applied the standard to all contracts at the date of initial application. As such, prior period amounts have not been restated, and the Company recorded a transition adjustment to retained earnings of \$0.1 million, which is reflected in the condensed consolidated balance sheet for June 30, 2018 included herein. See Note 2 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases*, that requires lessees to record most leases on their balance sheet, but recognize expenses on their income statements in a manner similar to previous accounting. The ASU also eliminates the required use of bright-line tests for determining lease classification. The ASU is effective for the Company in the first quarter of 2019, and the Company plans to adopt this standard at that time using the modified retrospective approach, with a cumulative-effect adjustment, if any, to retained earnings in the period of adoption. Prior period amounts will not be restated. The Company is creating an inventory of its leases, and the primary impact of the adoption is estimated to be the inclusion of the Company's 75-year ground lease at Gaylord Palms on its balance sheet. See Note 12 in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 for a further disclosure of the Company's outstanding leases.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, *Financial Instruments - Credit Losses - Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*, which will change how entities measure credit losses for most financial assets and certain other instruments that are not measured at fair value through net income. The ASU will replace the current incurred loss approach with an expected loss model for instruments measured at amortized cost. For trade and other receivables, held-to-maturity debt securities, loans and other instruments, entities will be required to use a new forward-looking expected loss model that generally will result in the earlier recognition of allowances for losses. The ASU is effective for the Company in the first quarter of 2020. The Company is currently evaluating the effects of this ASU on its financial statements, and such effects have not yet been determined.

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-18, *Restricted Cash*, which requires entities to disclose changes in the total of cash and restricted cash in the statement of cash flows. As a result, entities no longer present transfers between cash and restricted cash in the statement of cash flows, and present a reconciliation of the totals in the statement of cash flows to the related captions on the balance sheet. The Company adopted this ASU in the first quarter of 2018, and this adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements. The prior period presentation has been updated to conform to the current year presentation.

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In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-07, *Compensation – Retirement Benefits: Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost*, which changes how employers that sponsor defined benefit pension and/or other postretirement benefit plans present the cost of benefits in the income statement. Under the new guidance, the service cost component of net periodic benefit cost is presented in the same income statement line items as other employee compensation costs. In addition, the other components of net periodic benefit cost are presented separately from service cost and outside of operating income, which the Company has included in other gains and (losses), net in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. The Company adopted this ASU in the first quarter of 2018, and this adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements. The prior period presentation has been updated to conform to the current year presentation.

2. REVENUES:

Revenues from occupied hotel rooms are recognized over time as the daily hotel stay is provided to hotel groups and guests. Revenues from concessions, food and beverage sales, and group meeting services are recognized over the period or at the point in time those goods or services are delivered to the hotel group or guest. Revenues from ancillary services at the Company's hotels, such as spa, parking, and transportation services, are generally recognized at the time the goods or services are provided. Cancellation fees and attrition fees, which are charged to groups when they do not fulfill the minimum number of room nights or minimum food and beverage spending requirements originally contracted for, are recognized as revenue in the period the Company determines it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of revenue recognized will not occur, which is the period these fees are collected. The Company generally recognizes revenues from the Entertainment segment at the point in time that services are provided or goods are delivered or shipped to the customer, as applicable. Almost all of the Company's revenues are either cash-based or, for meeting and convention groups who meet the Company's credit criteria, billed and collected on a short-term receivables basis. The Company is required to collect certain taxes from customers on behalf of government agencies and remit these to the applicable governmental entity on a periodic basis. These taxes are collected from customers at the time of purchase, but are not included in revenue. The Company records a liability upon collection of such taxes from the customer and relieves the liability when payments are remitted to the applicable governmental agency.

The Company's revenues disaggregated by major source are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Hotel group rooms	\$ 89,329	\$ 80,488	\$ 172,546	\$ 161,364
Hotel transient rooms	32,416	30,186	56,763	52,679
Hotel food and beverage – banquets	101,719	90,342	197,987	181,542
Hotel food and beverage – outlets	39,334	38,099	76,005	73,068
Hotel other	28,958	24,258	53,566	48,874
Entertainment admissions/ticketing	21,207	18,678	32,067	28,298
Entertainment food and beverage	11,813	8,394	18,394	14,518
Entertainment retail and other	9,158	8,333	14,976	14,477
Total revenues	\$ 333,934	\$ 298,778	\$ 622,304	\$ 574,820

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The Company's Hospitality segment revenues disaggregated by location are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Gaylord Opryland	\$ 94,915	\$ 80,260	\$ 177,660	\$ 155,222
Gaylord Palms	50,274	48,184	108,170	102,381
Gaylord Texan	58,611	52,772	116,968	109,517
Gaylord National	79,687	73,995	140,443	136,452
AC Hotel	3,511	3,679	5,882	6,138
Inn at Opryland and other	4,758	4,483	7,744	7,817
Total Hospitality segment revenues	\$ 291,756	\$ 263,373	\$ 556,867	\$ 517,527

Almost all of the Company's Entertainment segment revenues are concentrated in Nashville, Tennessee.

The Company records deferred revenues when cash payments are received in advance of its performance obligations, primarily related to advanced deposits on hotel rooms in its Hospitality segment and advanced ticketing in its Entertainment segment. At June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company had \$54.5 million and \$51.2 million, respectively, in deferred revenues, which are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. Of the amount outstanding at December 31, 2017, approximately \$41.4 million was recognized in revenue during the six months ended June 30, 2018.

3. INCOME PER SHARE:

The weighted average number of common shares outstanding is calculated as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic	51,303	51,154	51,259	51,100
Effect of dilutive stock-based compensation	173	180	200	216
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	51,476	51,334	51,459	51,316

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The Company's balance in accumulated other comprehensive loss is comprised of amounts related to the Company's minimum pension liability and amounts related to an other-than-temporary impairment of a held-to-maturity investment with respect to the notes receivable discussed in Note 6 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. Changes in accumulated other comprehensive loss by component for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Minimum Pension Liability	Other-Than- Temporary Impairment of Investment	Total
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$ (20,149)	\$ (6,543)	\$ (26,692)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	(9)	166	157
Income tax benefit	5		5
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	(4)	166	162
Balance, June 30, 2018	\$ (20,153)	\$ (6,377)	\$ (26,530)

	Minimum Pension Liability	Other-Than- Temporary Impairment of Investment	Total
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$ (22,268)	\$	\$ (22,268)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	45		45
Income tax benefit			
Net other comprehensive income	45		45
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$ (22,223)	\$	\$ (22,223)

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:

Property and equipment at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 is recorded at cost and summarized as follows (in thousands):

June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
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Land and land improvements	\$ 268,316	\$ 267,051
Buildings	2,547,565	2,440,471
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	707,836	647,988
Construction-in-progress	80,555	138,702
	3,604,272	3,494,212
Accumulated depreciation	(1,483,107)	(1,428,555)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 2,121,165	\$ 2,065,657

6. NOTES RECEIVABLE:

As further discussed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, in connection with the development of Gaylord National, the Company is currently holding two issuances of governmental bonds and receives debt service and principle payments thereon, payable from property tax increments, hotel taxes and special hotel rental taxes generated from Gaylord National through the maturity dates of July 1, 2034 and September 1, 2037, respectively. The Company records interest income over the life of the notes using the effective interest method.

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During the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Company recorded interest income of \$2.7 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, on these bonds. During the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Company recorded interest income of \$5.3 million and \$5.9 million, respectively, on these bonds. The Company received payments of \$3.1 million and \$3.2 million during the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, relating to these notes receivable.

7. DEBT:

The Company's debt and capital lease obligations at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 consisted of (in thousands):

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
\$700 Million Revolving Credit Facility, interest at LIBOR plus 1.55%, maturing May 23, 2021, less unamortized deferred financing costs of \$7,828 and \$9,076	\$ 243,672	\$ 161,924
\$200 Million Term Loan A, interest at LIBOR plus 1.50%, maturing May 23, 2022, less unamortized deferred financing costs of \$1,390 and \$1,557	198,610	198,443
\$500 Million Term Loan B, interest at LIBOR plus 2.00%, maturing May 11, 2024, less unamortized deferred financing costs of \$5,743 and \$7,595	489,257	488,655
\$350 Million Senior Notes, interest at 5.0%, maturing April 15, 2021, less unamortized deferred financing costs of \$2,862 and \$3,340	347,138	346,660
\$400 Million Senior Notes, interest at 5.0%, maturing April 15, 2023, less unamortized deferred financing costs of \$4,513 and \$4,929	395,487	395,071
Capital lease obligations	628	639
Total debt	\$ 1,674,792	\$ 1,591,392

The majority of amounts due within one year consist of the amortization payments for the \$500 million term loan B of 1.0% of the original principal balance, as described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

At June 30, 2018, the Company was in compliance with all of its covenants related to its outstanding debt.

\$500 Million Term Loan B

On June 26, 2018, the Company entered into an Amendment No. 2 (the "Amendment") to the Company's Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (as amended, the "Credit Agreement"). The Amendment reduces the applicable interest rate margins for borrowings under the term loan B to, at the Company's option, either (i) LIBOR plus 2.00% or (ii) a base rate as set in the Credit Agreement. In addition, the Amendment extends the date of commencement of any excess cash flow payments by one year to December 31, 2019. The Amendment did not change the maturity dates existing under the Credit Agreement or result in any increase or decrease in outstanding borrowings.

As a result of the repricing of the term loan B, the Company wrote off \$2.0 million of deferred financing costs during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2018, which is included in interest expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations.

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For descriptions of the Company's other outstanding debt obligations, see "Principal Debt Agreements" within "Liquidity and Capital Resources" in Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

8. DEFERRED MANAGEMENT RIGHTS PROCEEDS:

On October 1, 2012, the Company consummated its agreement to sell the Gaylord Hotels brand (the "IP Rights") and rights to manage the Gaylord Hotels properties (the "Management Rights") to Marriott for \$210.0 million in cash. Effective October 1, 2012, Marriott assumed responsibility for managing the day-to-day operations of the Gaylord Hotels properties pursuant to a management agreement for each Gaylord Hotel property. The Company allocated \$190.0 million of the purchase price to the Management Rights and \$20.0 million to the IP Rights.

For financial accounting purposes, the amount related to the Management Rights was deferred and is amortized on a straight line basis over the 65-year term of the hotel management agreements, including extensions, as a reduction in management fee expense. The amount related to the IP Rights was recognized into income as other gains and losses during 2012.

9. STOCK PLANS:

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company granted 0.1 million restricted stock units with a weighted-average grant date fair value of \$71.34 per award. There were 0.4 million restricted stock units outstanding at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

The compensation expense that has been charged against pre-tax income for all of the Company's stock-based compensation plans was \$2.0 million and \$1.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and \$3.9 million and \$3.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

10. PENSION AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION PLANS:

Net periodic pension (income) expense reflected in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations included the following components for the respective periods (in thousands):

	Three Months		Six Months Ended	
	Ended		June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Interest cost	\$ 803	\$ 901	\$ 1,614	\$ 1,815
Expected return on plan assets	(1,070)	(1,011)	(2,172)	(2,047)
Amortization of net actuarial loss	264	297	519	579
Total net periodic pension (income) expense	\$ (3)	\$ 187	\$ (39)	\$ 347

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Net postretirement benefit income reflected in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations included the following components for the respective periods (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Interest cost	\$ 24	\$ 28	\$ 48	\$ 54
Amortization of net actuarial loss	65	66	129	123
Amortization of prior service credit	(329)	(329)	(657)	(657)
Total net postretirement benefit income	\$ (240)	\$ (235)	\$ (480)	\$ (480)

11. INCOME TAXES:

The Company has elected to be taxed as a REIT effective January 1, 2013, pursuant to the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. As a REIT, generally the Company will not be subject to federal corporate income taxes on ordinary taxable income and capital gains income from real estate investments that it distributes to its stockholders. The Company will continue to be required to pay federal and state corporate income taxes on earnings of its taxable REIT subsidiaries (TRSs).

The Company recorded an income tax provision of \$5.7 million and \$0.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and \$7.9 million and \$1.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, related to the current period operations of the Company. These results differ from the statutory rate primarily due to the REIT dividends paid deduction in both periods and the change in valuation allowance required at the TRSs for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2017.

On December 22, 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJA) was enacted and included a reduction to the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate from 35% to 21% for tax years beginning after December 31, 2017. The Company has not fully completed its accounting for the income tax effects of the TCJA. As discussed in SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118, the accounting for the TCJA should be completed within one year from enactment. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company has made no adjustments to the provisional amounts recorded at December 31, 2017. Any adjustments to the provisional amounts recorded at December 31, 2017 will be reflected upon the completion of the Company s accounting for the TCJA.

At June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company had no unrecognized tax benefits.

12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

The Company owns a 35% interest in a joint venture that is developing and owns Gaylord Rockies, which is expected to open in late 2018. In connection with the joint venture, the Company agreed to provide guarantees of the hotel s construction loan, including a principal repayment guarantee of up to \$21 million of the total \$500 million principal amount of the construction loan previously obtained from a consortium of eight banks, with such amount reducing to \$14 million and further reducing to \$8.75 million upon the hotel s satisfaction of designated debt service coverage requirements following completion and opening of the hotel. The Company has also provided a completion guarantee under the construction loan capped at its pro rata share of all costs necessary to complete the project within the time specified in the joint venture s loan documents. Further, the Company has agreed to a guarantee capped at its pro rata

share of the joint venture's obligations under the construction loan prior to the hotel's opening related to interest accruing under the construction loan and the operating expenses of the property (estimated pro rata share of interest prior to the hotel opening is \$9.8 million). In addition to guarantees related to the construction loan, the Company agreed to provide a guarantee of the mezzanine debt related to the hotel including a payment guarantee capped at \$8.75 million for which the Company is only liable in the event there is a casualty or condemnation event at the hotel and the construction lenders elect to apply those

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proceeds to the construction loan balance and release the construction loan guarantees and liens. The guarantee related to the mezzanine debt also includes an uncapped completion guarantee and an uncapped guarantee of the joint venture's obligations under the mezzanine loan prior to the hotel's opening related to interest accruing under the mezzanine loan and the operating expenses of the property to the extent not already satisfied by the parties under the guarantees related to the construction loan. As of June 30, 2018, the Company had not recorded any liability in the consolidated balance sheet associated with these guarantees.

The Company has entered into employment agreements with certain officers, which provide for severance payments upon certain events, including certain terminations in connection with a change of control.

The Company, in the ordinary course of business, is involved in certain legal actions and claims on a variety of matters. It is the opinion of management that such legal actions will not have a material effect on the results of operations, financial condition or liquidity of the Company.

13. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:

On February 23, 2018, the Company's board of directors declared the Company's first quarter 2018 cash dividend in the amount of \$0.85 per share of common stock, or an aggregate of approximately \$43.6 million in cash, which was paid on April 16, 2018 to stockholders of record as of the close of business on March 30, 2018.

On June 18, 2018, the Company's board of directors declared the Company's second quarter 2018 cash dividend in the amount of \$0.85 per share of common stock, or an aggregate of approximately \$43.6 million in cash, which was paid on July 16, 2018 to stockholders of record as of the close of business on June 29, 2018.

14. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS:

The Company uses a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include: Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions.

At June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company held certain assets that are required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. These included investments held in conjunction with the Company's non-qualified contributory deferred compensation plan. These investments consist of mutual funds traded in an active market. The Company determined the fair value of these mutual funds based on the net asset value per unit of the funds or the portfolio, which is based upon quoted market prices in an active market. Therefore, the Company has categorized these investments as Level 1.

The Company has consistently applied the above valuation techniques in all periods presented and believes it has obtained the most accurate information available for each type of instrument.

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The Company had no liabilities required to be measured at fair value at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. The Company's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, were as follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2018	Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Deferred compensation plan investments	\$ 25,420	\$ 25,420	\$	\$
Total assets measured at fair value	\$ 25,420	\$ 25,420	\$	\$

	December 31, 2017	Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Deferred compensation plan investments	\$ 25,055	\$ 25,055	\$	\$
Total assets measured at fair value	\$ 25,055	\$ 25,055	\$	\$

The remainder of the assets and liabilities held by the Company at June 30, 2018 are not required to be recorded at fair value, and the carrying value of these assets and liabilities approximate fair value.

15. FINANCIAL REPORTING BY BUSINESS SEGMENTS:

The Company's operations are organized into three principal business segments:

Hospitality, which includes Gaylord Opryland, Gaylord Palms, Gaylord Texan, Gaylord National, the Inn at Opryland, the AC Hotel, and the Company's equity investment in Gaylord Rockies;

Entertainment, which includes the Grand Ole Opry, the Ryman Auditorium, WSM-AM, Ole Red, Opry City Stage, and the Company's Nashville-based attractions; and

Corporate and Other, which includes the Company's corporate expenses.

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The following information is derived directly from the segments' internal financial reports used for corporate management purposes (amounts in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues:				
Hospitality	\$ 291,756	\$ 263,373	\$ 556,867	\$ 517,527
Entertainment	42,178	35,405	65,437	57,293
Corporate and Other				
Total	\$ 333,934	\$ 298,778	\$ 622,304	\$ 574,820
Depreciation and amortization:				
Hospitality	\$ 27,233	\$ 25,547	\$ 53,433	\$ 50,725
Entertainment	2,315	1,592	4,272	3,500
Corporate and Other	447	540	956	1,091
Total	\$ 29,995	\$ 27,679	\$ 58,661	\$ 55,316
Operating income:				
Hospitality	\$ 76,702	\$ 61,468	\$ 131,695	\$ 113,490
Entertainment	9,609	11,678	11,545	14,807
Corporate and Other	(8,087)	(8,008)	(16,925)	(15,968)
Preopening costs	(1,525)	(494)	(3,672)	(710)
Total operating income	76,699	64,644	122,643	111,619
Interest expense	(19,625)	(17,155)	(36,354)	(33,019)
Interest income	2,766	2,969	5,519	5,917
Income (loss) from joint ventures	1,346	(943)	(1,242)	(1,717)
Other gains and (losses), net	36	(1,324)	204	(1,396)
Income before income taxes	\$ 61,222	\$ 48,191	\$ 90,770	\$ 81,404

16. INFORMATION CONCERNING GUARANTOR AND NON-GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES:

The \$350 Million 5% Senior Notes and the \$400 Million 5% Senior Notes were each issued by the Operating Partnership and Finco and are guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by the Company, each of the Company's four wholly-owned subsidiaries that own the Gaylord Hotels properties, and certain other of the Company's subsidiaries, each of which guarantees the Operating Partnership's Credit Agreement (such subsidiary guarantors, together with the Company, the Guarantors). The subsidiary Guarantors are 100% owned, and the guarantees are full and unconditional and joint and several. Not all of the Company's subsidiaries have guaranteed the Company's \$350 Million 5% Senior Notes and the \$400 Million 5% Senior Notes.

The following condensed consolidating financial information includes certain allocations of expenses based on management's best estimates, which are not necessarily indicative of financial position, results of operations and cash

flows that these entities would have achieved on a stand-alone basis.

Table of Contents**RYMAN HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET****June 30, 2018**

(in thousands)	Parent Guarantor	Issuer	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
ASSETS:						
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	\$	\$	\$ 1,647,578	\$ 473,587	\$	\$ 2,121,165
Cash and cash equivalents unrestricted	82	998	30	60,669		61,779
Cash and cash equivalents restricted				32,181		32,181
Notes receivable				113,789		113,789
Investment in Gaylord Rockies joint venture				88,993		88,993
Trade receivables, less allowance				79,694		79,694
Deferred income tax assets, net			(299)	43,355		43,056
Prepaid expenses and other assets		83	3	66,559		66,645
Intercompany receivables, net			1,800,263		(1,800,263)	
Investments	1,010,151	2,890,033	650,582	1,384,814	(5,935,580)	
Total assets	\$ 1,010,233	\$ 2,891,114	\$ 4,098,157	\$ 2,343,641	\$ (7,735,843)	\$ 2,607,302
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY:						
Debt and capital lease obligations	\$	\$ 1,674,163	\$	\$ 629	\$	\$ 1,674,792
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	69	9,758	7,426	158,892		176,145
Dividends payable	44,552					44,552
Deferred management rights proceeds				175,541		175,541
Other liabilities			97,573	65,005		162,578
Intercompany payables, net	591,918	935,823		272,522	(1,800,263)	
Commitments and contingencies						
Stockholders equity:						
Preferred stock						

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Common stock	513	1	1	2,387	(2,389)	513
Additional paid-in-capital	897,185	586,861	2,835,468	2,093,817	(5,516,146)	897,185
Treasury stock	(14,195)					(14,195)
Accumulated deficit	(483,279)	(315,492)	1,157,689	(398,622)	(443,575)	(483,279)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(26,530)			(26,530)	26,530	(26,530)
Total stockholders equity	373,694	271,370	3,993,158	1,671,052	(5,935,580)	373,694
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 1,010,233	\$ 2,891,114	\$ 4,098,157	\$ 2,343,641	\$ (7,735,843)	\$ 2,607,302

Table of Contents**RYMAN HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET****December 31, 2017**

(in thousands)	Parent Guarantor	Issuer	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
ASSETS:						
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	\$	\$	\$ 1,640,274	\$ 425,383	\$	\$ 2,065,657
Cash and cash equivalents unrestricted	38	759	36	56,724		57,557
Cash and cash equivalents restricted				21,153		21,153
Notes receivable				111,423		111,423
Investment in Gaylord Rockies joint venture				88,685		88,685
Trade receivables, less allowance				57,520		57,520
Deferred income tax assets, net			(301)	50,418		50,117
Prepaid expenses and other assets			5	72,111		72,116
Intercompany receivables, net			1,717,157		(1,717,157)	
Investments	1,006,461	2,890,032	651,006	1,364,814	(5,912,313)	
Total assets	\$ 1,006,499	\$ 2,890,791	\$ 4,008,177	\$ 2,248,231	\$ (7,629,470)	\$ 2,524,228
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY:						
Debt and capital lease obligations	\$	\$ 1,590,753	\$	\$ 639	\$	\$ 1,591,392
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	150	11,180	15,795	152,524		179,649
Dividends payable	42,129					42,129
Deferred management rights proceeds				177,057		177,057
Other liabilities			95,078	60,767		155,845
Intercompany payables, net	586,064	895,408		235,685	(1,717,157)	
Commitments and contingencies						

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Stockholders equity:						
Preferred stock						
Common stock	512	1	1	2,387	(2,389)	512
Additional paid-in-capital	896,759	671,875	2,835,468	2,073,818	(5,581,161)	896,759
Treasury stock	(13,253)					(13,253)
Accumulated deficit	(479,170)	(278,426)	1,061,835	(427,954)	(355,455)	(479,170)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(26,692)			(26,692)	26,692	(26,692)
Total stockholders equity	378,156	393,450	3,897,304	1,621,559	(5,912,313)	378,156
Total liabilities and stockholders equity						
	\$ 1,006,499	\$ 2,890,791	\$ 4,008,177	\$ 2,248,231	\$ (7,629,470)	\$ 2,524,228

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RYMAN HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2018

(in thousands)	Parent Guarantor	Issuer	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues:						
Rooms	\$	\$	\$	\$ 121,745	\$	\$ 121,745
Food and beverage				141,053		141,053
Other hotel revenue			76,773	33,376	(81,191)	28,958
Entertainment				42,178		42,178
Total revenues			76,773	338,352	(81,191)	333,934
Operating expenses:						
Rooms				30,059		30,059
Food and beverage				72,394		72,394
Other hotel expenses			11,050	142,341	(76,658)	76,733
Management fees, net				8,635		8,635
Total hotel operating expenses			11,050	253,429	(76,658)	187,821
Entertainment				30,254		30,254
Corporate	62	364	2	7,212		7,640
Preopening costs				1,525		1,525
Corporate overhead allocation	2,495		2,038		(4,533)	
Depreciation and amortization			15,305	14,690		29,995
Total operating expenses	2,557	364	28,395	307,110	(81,191)	257,235
Operating income (loss)	(2,557)	(364)	48,378	31,242		76,699
Interest expense		(19,618)		(7)		(19,625)
Interest income				2,766		2,766
Income from joint ventures				1,346		1,346
Other gains and (losses), net				36		36
Income (loss) before income taxes	(2,557)	(19,982)	48,378	35,383		61,222
Provision for income taxes			(449)	(5,227)		(5,676)
Equity in subsidiaries earnings, net	58,103				(58,103)	
Net income (loss)	\$ 55,546	\$ (19,982)	\$ 47,929	\$ 30,156	\$ (58,103)	\$ 55,546
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 55,630	\$ (19,982)	\$ 47,929	\$ 30,240	\$ (58,187)	\$ 55,630

Table of Contents**RYMAN HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS****AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME****For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017**

(in thousands)	Parent Guarantor	Issuer	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues:						
Rooms	\$	\$	\$	\$ 110,674	\$	\$ 110,674
Food and beverage				128,441		128,441
Other hotel revenue			78,827	28,144	(82,713)	24,258
Entertainment				35,405		35,405
Total revenues			78,827	302,664	(82,713)	298,778
Operating expenses:						
Rooms				28,359		28,359
Food and beverage				68,285		68,285
Other hotel expenses			10,409	141,847	(78,720)	73,536
Management fees, net				6,178		6,178
Total hotel operating expenses			10,409	244,669	(78,720)	176,358
Entertainment				22,134	1	22,135
Corporate	45	396	1	7,026		7,468
Preopening costs				494		494
Corporate overhead allocation	2,233		1,761		(3,994)	
Depreciation and amortization			14,877	12,802		27,679
Total operating expenses	2,278	396	27,048	287,125	(82,713)	234,134
Operating income (loss)	(2,278)	(396)	51,779	15,539		64,644
Interest expense		(17,149)		(6)		(17,155)
Interest income				2,969		2,969
Loss from joint ventures				(943)		(943)
Other gains and (losses), net				(1,324)		(1,324)
Income (loss) before income taxes	(2,278)	(17,545)	51,779	16,235		48,191
Provision for income taxes			(55)	(844)		(899)
Equity in subsidiaries earnings, net	49,570				(49,570)	
Net income (loss)	\$ 47,292	\$ (17,545)	\$ 51,724	\$ 15,391	\$ (49,570)	\$ 47,292
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 47,326	\$ (17,545)	\$ 51,724	\$ 15,425	\$ (49,604)	\$ 47,326

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RYMAN HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2018

(in thousands)	Parent Guarantor	Issuer	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues:						
Rooms	\$	\$	\$	\$ 229,309	\$	\$ 229,309
Food and beverage				273,992		273,992
Other hotel revenue			153,016	62,614	(162,064)	53,566
Entertainment				65,461	(24)	65,437
Total revenues			153,016	631,376	(162,088)	622,304
Operating expenses:						
Rooms				58,987		58,987
Food and beverage				144,372		144,372
Other hotel expenses			22,877	282,528	(152,790)	152,615
Management fees, net				15,765		15,765
Total hotel operating expenses			22,877	501,652	(152,790)	371,739
Entertainment				49,644	(24)	49,620
Corporate	125	725	2	15,117		15,969
Preopening costs				3,672		3,672
Corporate overhead allocation	5,110		4,164		(9,274)	
Depreciation and amortization			30,035	28,626		58,661
Total operating expenses	5,235	725	57,078	598,711	(162,088)	499,661
Operating income (loss)	(5,235)	(725)	95,938	32,665		122,643
Interest expense		(36,341)		(13)		(36,354)
Interest income				5,519		5,519
Loss from joint ventures				(1,242)		(1,242)
Other gains and (losses), net				204		204
Income (loss) before income taxes	(5,235)	(37,066)	95,938	37,133		90,770
Provision for income taxes			(84)	(7,801)		(7,885)
Equity in subsidiaries earnings, net	88,120				(88,120)	
Net income (loss)	\$ 82,885	\$ (37,066)	\$ 95,854	\$ 29,332	\$ (88,120)	\$ 82,885

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Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 83,047	\$(37,066)	\$ 95,854	\$ 29,494	\$ (88,282)	\$ 83,047
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RYMAN HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017

(in thousands)	Parent Guarantor	Issuer	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues:						
Rooms	\$	\$	\$	\$ 214,043	\$	\$ 214,043
Food and beverage				254,610		254,610
Other hotel revenue			158,321	56,577	(166,024)	48,874
Entertainment				57,317	(24)	57,293
Total revenues			158,321	582,547	(166,048)	574,820
Operating expenses:						
Rooms				56,387		56,387
Food and beverage				137,442		137,442
Other hotel expenses			22,356	283,523	(158,105)	147,774
Management fees, net				11,709		11,709
Total hotel operating expenses			22,356	489,061	(158,105)	353,312
Entertainment				39,009	(23)	38,986
Corporate	90	802	2	13,983		14,877
Preopening costs				710		710
Corporate overhead allocation	4,429		3,491		(7,920)	
Depreciation and amortization			29,684	25,632		55,316
Total operating expenses	4,519	802	55,533	568,395	(166,048)	463,201
Operating income (loss)	(4,519)	(802)	102,788	14,152		111,619
Interest expense		(33,006)		(13)		(33,019)
Interest income				5,917		5,917
Loss from joint ventures				(1,717)		(1,717)
Other gains and (losses), net				(1,396)		(1,396)
Income (loss) before income taxes	(4,519)	(33,808)	102,788	16,943		81,404
Provision for income taxes			(37)	(1,455)		(1,492)
Equity in subsidiaries earnings, net	84,431				(84,431)	
Net income (loss)	\$ 79,912	\$ (33,808)	\$ 102,751	\$ 15,488	\$ (84,431)	\$ 79,912

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Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 79,957	\$(33,808)	\$ 102,751	\$ 15,533	\$(84,476)	\$ 79,957
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Table of Contents**RYMAN HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS****For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2018**

(in thousands)	Parent Guarantor	Issuer	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Elimination	Consolidated
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 88,925	\$ (78,374)	\$ 39,783	\$ 81,381	\$	\$ 131,715
Purchases of property and equipment			(39,789)	(55,564)		(95,353)
Investment in other joint ventures				(2,199)		(2,199)
Purchase of remaining interest in Opry City Stage				(3,948)		(3,948)
Other investing activities				(4,687)		(4,687)
Net cash used in investing activities			(39,789)	(66,398)		(106,187)
Net borrowings under revolving credit facility		80,500				80,500
Repayments under term loan B		(1,250)				(1,250)
Deferred financing costs paid		(637)				(637)
Payment of dividends	(85,110)					(85,110)
Payment of tax withholdings for share-based compensation	(3,771)					(3,771)
Other financing activities				(10)		(10)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(88,881)	78,613		(10)		(10,278)
Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	44	239	(6)	14,973		15,250
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period	38	759	36	77,877		78,710
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of period	\$ 82	\$ 998	\$ 30	\$ 92,850	\$	\$ 93,960

Table of Contents**RYMAN HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS****For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017**

(in thousands)	Parent Guarantor	Issuer	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Elimination	Consolidated
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 83,581	\$ (55,377)	\$ 35,875	\$ 49,829	\$	\$ 113,908
Purchases of property and equipment			(35,871)	(43,601)		(79,472)
Investment in Gaylord Rockies joint venture				(16,309)		(16,309)
Investment in other joint ventures				(1,969)		(1,969)
Other investing activities				(3,654)		(3,654)
Net cash used in investing activities			(35,871)	(65,533)		(101,404)
Net repayments under revolving credit facility		(241,900)				(241,900)
Borrowings under term loan A		200,000				200,000
Borrowings under term loan B		500,000				500,000
Repayments under term loan B		(391,250)				(391,250)
Deferred financing costs paid		(12,220)				(12,220)
Payment of dividends	(79,788)					(79,788)
Payment of tax withholdings for share-based compensation	(3,769)					(3,769)
Other financing activities	28			(10)		18
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(83,529)	54,630		(10)		(28,909)
Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	52	(747)	4	(15,714)		(16,405)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period	28	1,234	23	79,905		81,190
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of period	\$ 80	\$ 487	\$ 27	\$ 64,191	\$	\$ 64,785

Table of Contents**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.**

Ryman Hospitality Properties, Inc. (Ryman) is a Delaware corporation that conducts its operations so as to maintain its qualification as a real estate investment trust (REIT) for federal income tax purposes. The Company conducts its business through an umbrella partnership REIT, in which all of its assets are held by, and operations are conducted through, RHP Hotel Properties, LP, a subsidiary operating partnership (the Operating Partnership). RHP Finance Corporation, a Delaware corporation (Finco), was formed as a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Operating Partnership for the sole purpose of being a co-issuer of debt securities with the Operating Partnership. Neither Ryman nor Finco has any material assets, other than Ryman's investment in the Operating Partnership and its 100%-owned subsidiaries. As 100%-owned subsidiaries of Ryman, neither the Operating Partnership nor Finco has any business, operations, financial results or other material information, other than the business, operations, financial results and other material information described in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Ryman's other reports, documents or other information filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). In this report, we use the terms, the Company, we or our to refer to Ryman Hospitality Properties, Inc. and its subsidiaries unless the context indicates otherwise.

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this report and our audited consolidated financial statements and related notes for the year ended December 31, 2017, included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K that was filed with the SEC on February 27, 2018.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements intended to qualify for the safe harbor from liability established by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements concern our goals, beliefs, expectations, strategies, objectives, plans, future operating results and underlying assumptions, and other statements that are not necessarily based on historical facts. Without limitation, you can identify these statements by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts, and these statements may contain words such as may, will, could, should, might, projects, expects, believes, anticipates, continue, estimate, or pursue, or the negative or other variations thereof or comparable terms. In particular, they include statements relating to, among other things, future actions, strategies, future performance, the outcome of contingencies such as legal proceedings and future financial results. These also include statements regarding (i) the effect of our election to be taxed as a REIT for federal income tax purposes; (ii) the holding of our non-qualifying REIT assets in one or more taxable REIT subsidiaries (TRSs); (iii) our announced dividend policy, including the frequency and amount of any dividend we may pay; (iv) potential growth opportunities, including future expansion of the geographic diversity of our existing asset portfolio through acquisitions and our investment in the Gaylord Rockies joint venture (defined below); (v) Marriott International, Inc.'s (Marriott) ability to effectively manage our hotels and other properties; (vi) our anticipated capital expenditures and investments; (vii) the potential operating and financial restrictions imposed on our activities under existing and future financing agreements and other contractual arrangements with third parties, including management agreements with Marriott; and (viii) any other business or operational matters. We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations and projections about future events.

We caution the reader that forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that cannot be predicted or quantified, and, consequently, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements include, among other things, the risks and uncertainties associated with economic

conditions affecting the hospitality business generally, the geographic concentration of our hotel properties, business levels at our hotels, the effect of our election to be taxed as a REIT for federal income tax purposes

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commencing with the year ended December 31, 2013, our ability to remain qualified as a REIT, our ability to execute our strategic goals as a REIT, our ability to generate cash flows to support dividends, future board determinations regarding the timing and amount of dividends and changes to the dividend policy, our ability to borrow funds pursuant to our credit agreements and to refinance indebtedness, and those factors described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 or described from time to time in our other reports filed with the SEC.

Any forward-looking statement made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q speaks only as of the date on which the statement is made. New risks and uncertainties arise from time to time, and it is impossible for us to predict these events or how they may affect us. We have no duty to, and do not intend to, update or revise the forward-looking statements we make in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, except as may be required by law.

Overview

We operate as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, specializing in group-oriented, destination hotel assets in urban and resort markets. Our owned assets include a network of four upscale, meetings-focused resorts totaling 8,114 rooms that are managed by Marriott under the Gaylord Hotels brand. These four resorts, which we refer to as our Gaylord Hotels properties, consist of the Gaylord Opryland Resort & Convention Center in Nashville, Tennessee (Gaylord Opryland), the Gaylord Palms Resort & Convention Center near Orlando, Florida (Gaylord Palms), the Gaylord Texan Resort & Convention Center near Dallas, Texas (Gaylord Texan) and the Gaylord National Resort & Convention Center near Washington D.C. (Gaylord National). Our other owned hotel assets managed by Marriott include the Inn at Opryland, a 303-room overflow hotel adjacent to Gaylord Opryland, and the AC Hotel at National Harbor, Washington D.C. (AC Hotel), a 192-room overflow hotel adjacent to Gaylord National. We also own a 35% interest in a joint venture that is developing and owns the Gaylord Rockies Resort & Convention Center near Denver, Colorado (Gaylord Rockies), which is scheduled to open in late 2018 and will be managed by Marriott.

We also own and operate media and entertainment assets including the Grand Ole Opry, the legendary weekly showcase of country music's finest performers for over 90 years; the Ryman Auditorium, the storied live music venue and former home of the Grand Ole Opry located in downtown Nashville; WSM-AM, the Opry's radio home; Ole Red, a brand of Blake Shelton-themed bar, music venue and event spaces, with a flagship location in Nashville that opened in May 2018; Opry City Stage, a four-level entertainment complex in Times Square that opened in December 2017 under a joint venture agreement and of which we acquired the remaining 50% joint venture interest in the second quarter of 2018; and three Nashville-based assets managed by Marriott – Gaylord Springs Golf Links, the Wildhorse Saloon, and the General Jackson Showboat.

Each of our award-winning Gaylord Hotels properties incorporates not only high quality lodging, but also at least 400,000 square feet of meeting, convention and exhibition space, superb food and beverage options and retail and spa facilities within a single self-contained property. As a result, our Gaylord Hotels properties provide a convenient and entertaining environment for convention guests. Our Gaylord Hotels properties focus on the large group meetings market in the United States.

See **Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements** in this Item 2 and Item 1A, **Risk Factors**, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 for important information regarding forward-looking statements made in this report and risks and uncertainties we face.

Dividend Policy

Pursuant to our current dividend policy, we plan to continue to pay a quarterly cash dividend to shareholders in an amount equal to an annualized payment of at least 50% of adjusted funds from operations (as defined by us) less

maintenance capital expenditures or 100% of REIT taxable income, whichever is greater. On February 27, 2018, our board of directors declared our first quarter 2018 cash dividend in the amount of \$0.85 per share of common

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stock, or an aggregate of approximately \$43.6 million in cash, which was paid on April 16, 2018 to stockholders of record as of the close of business on March 30, 2018. On June 18, 2018, our board of directors declared our second quarter 2018 cash dividend in the amount of \$0.85 per share of common stock, or an aggregate of approximately \$43.6 million in cash, which was paid on July 16, 2018 to stockholders of record as of the close of business on June 29, 2018. We currently plan to pay a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.85 per share of common stock in October 2018 and January 2019. The declaration, timing and amount of dividends will be determined by action of our board of directors. Our dividend policy may be altered at any time by our board of directors.

Our Strategic Plan

Our goal is to become the nation's premier hospitality REIT for group-oriented meeting hotel assets in urban and resort markets.

Existing Hotel Property Design. Our Gaylord Hotels properties focus on the large group meetings market in the United States and incorporate meeting and exhibition space, signature guest rooms, food and beverage offerings, fitness and spa facilities and other attractions within a large hotel property so attendees' needs are met in one location. This strategy creates a better experience for both meeting planners and guests, and has led to our current Gaylord Hotels properties claiming a place among the leading convention hotels in the country.

Expansion of Hotel Asset Portfolio. While our short-term capital allocation strategy has focused on returning capital to stockholders, part of our long-term growth strategy includes acquisitions of other hotels, particularly in the group meetings sector of the hospitality industry, either alone or through joint ventures or alliances with one or more third parties. We intend to pursue attractive investment opportunities which meet our acquisition parameters, specifically, group-oriented large hotels and overflow hotels with existing or potential leisure appeal. We are interested in highly accessible upper-upscale assets with over 400 hotel rooms in urban and resort group destination markets. We also consider assets that possess or are located near convention centers that present a repositioning opportunity and/or would significantly benefit from capital investment in additional rooms or meeting space. We plan to expand the geographic diversity of our existing asset portfolio through acquisitions. As a REIT, we do not view independent, large-scale development of resort and convention hotels as a part of our long-term growth strategy.

Leverage Brand Name Awareness. We believe the Grand Ole Opry is one of the most recognized entertainment brands in the United States. We promote the Grand Ole Opry name through various media, including our WSM-AM radio station, the Internet and television, and through performances by the Grand Ole Opry's members, many of whom are renowned country music artists. As such, we have alliances in place with multiple distribution partners in an effort to foster brand extension. We are continuously exploring additional products, such as television specials and retail products, through which we can capitalize on our brand affinity and awareness. To this end, we have invested in Opry City Stage, a four-level entertainment complex in Times Square, as well as a Company-owned, Blake Shelton-themed four-level bar, music venue and event space in Nashville named after the Shelton hit "Ole Red." We believe that licensing our brand for products may provide an opportunity to increase revenues and cash flow with relatively little capital investment.

Table of Contents***Our Current Operations***

Our ongoing operations are organized into three principal business segments:

Hospitality, consisting of our Gaylord Hotels properties, the Inn at Opryland, the AC Hotel, and our investment in the Gaylord Rockies joint venture.

Entertainment, consisting of the Grand Ole Opry, the Ryman Auditorium, WSM-AM, Ole Red, Opry City Stage, and our other Nashville-based attractions.

Corporate and Other, consisting of our corporate expenses.

For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, our total revenues were divided among these business segments as follows:

Segment	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Hospitality	87%	88%	89%	90%
Entertainment	13%	12%	11%	10%
Corporate and Other	0%	0%	0%	0%

Key Performance Indicators

The operating results of our Hospitality segment are highly dependent on the volume of customers at our hotels and the quality of the customer mix at our hotels, which are managed by Marriott. These factors impact the price that Marriott can charge for our hotel rooms and other amenities, such as food and beverage and meeting space. The following key performance indicators are commonly used in the hospitality REIT industry:

hotel occupancy a volume indicator;

average daily rate (ADR) a price indicator calculated by dividing room revenue by the number of rooms sold;

Revenue per Available Room (RevPAR) a summary measure of hotel results calculated by dividing room revenue by room nights available to guests for the period;

Total Revenue per Available Room (Total RevPAR) a summary measure of hotel results calculated by dividing the sum of room, food and beverage and other ancillary service revenue by room nights available to

guests for the period; and

Net Definite Group Room Nights Booked a volume indicator which represents, on an aggregate basis, the total number of definite group bookings for future room nights at our Gaylord Hotels properties confirmed during the applicable period, net of cancellations.

Hospitality segment revenue from our occupied hotel rooms is recognized over time as the daily hotel stay is provided to hotel groups and guests. Revenues from concessions, food and beverage sales, and group meeting services are recognized over the period or at the point in time those goods or services are delivered to the group or hotel guest. Revenues from ancillary services at our hotels, such as spa, parking, and transportation services, are generally recognized at the time the goods or services are provided. Cancellation fees, as well as attrition fees that

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are charged to groups when they do not fulfill the minimum number of room nights or minimum food and beverage spending requirements originally contracted for, are recognized as revenue in the period we determine it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of revenue recognized will not occur, which is the period these fees are collected. Almost all of our Hospitality segment revenues are either cash-based or, for meeting and convention groups who meet our credit criteria, billed and collected on a short-term receivables basis. The hospitality industry is capital intensive, and we rely on the ability of our hotels to generate operating cash flow to repay debt financing and fund maintenance capital expenditures.

The results of operations of our Hospitality segment are affected by the number and type of group meetings and conventions scheduled to attend our hotels in a given period. A variety of factors can affect the results of any interim period, including the nature and quality of the group meetings and conventions attending our hotels during such period, which meetings and conventions have often been contracted for several years in advance, the level of attrition our hotels experience, and the level of transient business at our hotels during such period. We rely on Marriott, as the manager of our hotels, to manage these factors and to offset any identified shortfalls in occupancy.

Selected Financial Information

The following table contains our unaudited selected summary financial data for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. The table also shows the percentage relationships to total revenues and, in the case of segment operating income, its relationship to segment revenues (in thousands, except percentages).

	Unaudited Three Months Ended June 30,				Unaudited Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2018	%	2017	%	2018	%	2017	%
Income Statement Data:								
REVENUES:								
Rooms	\$ 121,745	36.5%	\$ 110,674	37.0%	\$ 229,309	36.8%	\$ 214,043	37.2%
Food and beverage	141,053	42.2%	128,441	43.0%	273,992	44.0%	254,610	44.3%
Other hotel revenue	28,958	8.7%	24,258	8.1%	53,566	8.6%	48,874	8.5%
Entertainment	42,178	12.6%	35,405	11.8%	65,437	10.5%	57,293	10.0%
Total revenues	333,934	100.0%	298,778	100.0%	622,304	100.0%	574,820	100.0%
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Rooms	30,059	9.0%	28,359	9.5%	58,987	9.5%	56,387	9.8%
Food and beverage	72,394	21.7%	68,285	22.9%	144,372	23.2%	137,442	23.9%
Other hotel expenses	76,733	23.0%	73,536	24.6%	152,615	24.5%	147,774	25.7%
Hotel management fees, net	8,635	2.6%	6,178	2.1%	15,765	2.5%	11,709	2.0%
Entertainment	30,254	9.1%	22,135	7.4%	49,620	8.0%	38,986	6.8%
Corporate	7,640	2.3%	7,468	2.5%	15,969	2.6%	14,877	2.6%
Preopening costs	1,525	0.5%	494	0.2%	3,672	0.6%	710	0.1%
Depreciation and amortization:								

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Hospitality	27,233	8.2%	25,547	8.6%	53,433	8.6%	50,725	8.8%
Entertainment	2,315	0.7%	1,592	0.5%	4,272	0.7%	3,500	0.6%
Corporate and Other	447	0.1%	540	0.2%	956	0.2%	1,091	0.2%
Total depreciation and amortization	29,995	9.0%	27,679	9.3%	58,661	9.4%	55,316	9.6%
Total operating expenses	257,235	77.0%	234,134	78.4%	499,661	80.3%	463,201	80.6%
OPERATING INCOME:								
Hospitality	76,702	26.3%	61,468	23.3%	131,695	23.6%	113,490	21.9%
Entertainment	9,609	22.8%	11,678	33.0%	11,545	17.6%	14,807	25.8%
Corporate and Other	(8,087)	(A)	(8,008)	(A)	(16,925)	(A)	(15,968)	(A)
Preopening costs	(1,525)	(A)	(494)	(A)	(3,672)	(A)	(710)	(A)
Total operating income	76,699	23.0%	64,644	21.6%	122,643	19.7%	111,619	19.4%
Interest expense	(19,625)	(A)	(17,155)	(A)	(36,354)	(A)	(33,019)	(A)
Interest income	2,766	(A)	2,969	(A)	5,519	(A)	5,917	(A)
Income (loss) from joint ventures	1,346	(A)	(943)	(A)	(1,242)	(A)	(1,717)	(A)
Other gains and (losses), net	36	(A)	(1,324)	(A)	204	(A)	(1,396)	(A)
Provision for income taxes	(5,676)	(A)	(899)	(A)	(7,885)	(A)	(1,492)	(A)
Net income	\$ 55,546	(A)	\$ 47,292	(A)	\$ 82,885	(A)	\$ 79,912	(A)

(A) These amounts have not been shown as a percentage of revenue because they have no relationship to revenue.

Table of Contents***Summary Financial Results******Results of Operations***

The following table summarizes our financial results for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 (in thousands, except percentages and per share data):

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended		
	June 30,			June 30,		
	2018	2017	% Change	2018	2017	% Change
Total revenues	\$ 333,934	\$ 298,778	11.8%	\$ 622,304	\$ 574,820	8.3%
Total operating expenses	257,235	234,134	9.9%	499,661	463,201	7.9%
Operating income	76,699	64,644	18.6%	122,643	111,619	9.9%
Net income	55,546	47,292	17.5%	82,885	79,912	3.7%
Net income per share - fully diluted	1.08	0.92	17.4%	1.61	1.56	3.2%

Total Revenues

The increase in our total revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2018, as compared to the same period in 2017, is attributable to increases in our Hospitality segment and Entertainment segment of \$28.4 million and \$6.8 million, respectively, each as discussed more fully below. The increase in our total revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2018, as compared to the same period in 2017, is attributable to increases in our Hospitality segment and Entertainment segment of \$39.3 million and \$8.1 million, respectively, each as discussed more fully below.

Total Operating Expenses

The increase in our total operating expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2018, as compared to the same period in 2017, is primarily the result of increases in our Hospitality segment and Entertainment segment expenses of \$11.5 million and \$8.1 million, respectively, as well as an increase in depreciation and amortization expenses of \$2.3 million, each as discussed more fully below. The increase in our total operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2018, as compared to the same period in 2017, is primarily the result of increases in our Hospitality segment and Entertainment segment expenses of \$18.4 million and \$10.6 million, respectively, as well as increases in depreciation and amortization expenses and preopening expenses of \$3.3 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, each as discussed more fully below.

Net Income

The increase in our net income to \$55.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018, as compared to \$47.3 million for the same period in 2017, was due to the changes in our revenues and operating expenses reflected above and the following factors, each as described more fully below:

A \$4.8 million increase in the provision for income taxes in the 2018 period.

A \$2.5 million increase in interest expense for the 2018 period.

Income from joint ventures of \$1.3 million in the 2018 period, compared to a loss from joint ventures of \$0.9 million in the 2017 period.

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The increase in our net income to \$82.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018, as compared to \$79.9 million for the same period in 2017, was due to the changes in our revenues and operating expenses reflected above and the following factors, each as described more fully below:

A \$6.4 million increase in the provision for income taxes in the 2018 period.

A \$3.3 million increase in interest expense for the 2018 period.

Factors and Trends Contributing to Performance

The most important factors and trends contributing to our performance during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2018 described herein were:

Increased occupancy (an increase of 8.6 and 6.3 points of occupancy, respectively), ADR (an increase of 7.5% and 7.4%, respectively) and outside-the-room spending (an increase of 16.8% and 12.6%, respectively) at Gaylord Opryland during the 2018 periods, as compared to the 2017 periods, each primarily due to increases in group business partially attributable to a prior year rooms renovation project. The increase in ADR was also influenced by an increase in transient rates.

Increased ADR (an increase of 2.1% and 2.7%, respectively) and outside-the-room spending (an increase of 10.0% and 7.3%, respectively) at Gaylord Texan during the 2018 periods, as compared to the 2017 periods, each primarily due to increases in group business partially attributable to the recent rooms and meeting space expansion.

Increased ADR (an increase of 3.6% and 2.7%, respectively) at Gaylord Palms during the 2018 periods, as compared to the 2017 periods, due primarily to an increase in transient business, as well an increase in outside-the-room spending (an increase of 4.4% and 6.3%, respectively), due primarily to an increase in catering.

Increased ADR (an increase of 5.9% and 1.6%, respectively) and outside-the-room spending (an increase of 11.7% and 4.7%, respectively) at Gaylord National during the 2018 periods, as compared to the 2017 periods, each primarily due to increases in group business.

Increased revenue for our Entertainment segment during the 2018 periods, as compared to the 2017 periods (an increase of 19.1% and 14.2%, respectively), due primarily to the opening of our flagship Ole Red location in Nashville in May 2018.

Increased Net Definite Group Room Nights Booked during the 2018 periods, as compared to the 2017 periods (an increase of 62.0% and 21.3%, respectively).

Table of Contents***Operating Results Detailed Segment Financial Information******Hospitality Segment***

Total Segment Results. The following presents the financial results of our Hospitality segment for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 (in thousands, except percentages and performance metrics):

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended		
	2018	2017	% Change	2018	2017	% Change
Revenues:						
Rooms	\$ 121,745	\$ 110,674	10.0%	\$ 229,309	\$ 214,043	7.1%
Food and beverage	141,053	128,441	9.8%	273,992	254,610	7.6%