

WisdomTree Investments, Inc.  
Form 10-Q  
September 07, 2011  
[Table of Contents](#)

**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

**Form 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2011

or

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_.

Commission File Number 001-10932

**WisdomTree Investments, Inc.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Edgar Filing: WisdomTree Investments, Inc. - Form 10-Q

**Delaware**  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**13-3487784**  
(IRS Employer  
Identification No.)

**380 Madison Avenue, 21<sup>st</sup> Floor**  
**New York, New York**  
(Address of principal executive officers)

**10017**  
(Zip Code)

**212-801-2080**

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). x Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

As of September 1, 2011 there were 115,730,107 shares of the registrant's Common Stock, \$.01 par value per share, outstanding (voting shares).

**Table of Contents**

**WISDOMTREE INVESTMENTS, INC.**

**Form 10-Q**

**For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2011**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	Page Number
<b><u>PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u></b>	4
<b><u>Item 1. Consolidated Financial Statements</u></b>	4
<b><u>Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u></b>	15
<b><u>Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk</u></b>	25
<b><u>Item 4. Controls and Procedures</u></b>	25
<b><u>PART II: OTHER INFORMATION</u></b>	25
<b><u>Item 1. Legal Proceedings</u></b>	25
<b><u>ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS</u></b>	26
<b><u>Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u></b>	36
<b><u>Item 6. Exhibits</u></b>	38

**Table of Contents**

**CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

Certain statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, or this Report, including documents incorporated by reference herein, constitute forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements generally can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as outlook, objective, may, will, expect, intend, estimate, anticipate, believe, should, could, would, plans, or continue, or similar future outcomes or events. Such forward-looking statements reflect our current expectations regarding future events and operating performance and speak only as of the date of this Report. Such forward-looking statements are based on a number of assumptions which may prove to be incorrect, including, but not limited to the assumption that the projects will operate and perform in accordance with our expectations. Forward-looking statements involve significant risks and uncertainties, should not be read as guarantees of future performance or results, and will not necessarily be accurate indications of whether or not or the times at or by which such performance or results will be achieved. A number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, the factors discussed under Risk Factors.

Our business is both competitive and subject to various risks. These risks include, without limitation:

We have only a limited operating history and, as a result, recent historical growth may not provide an accurate representation of the growth we may experience in the future, which will make it difficult to evaluate our future prospects.

Difficult market conditions and declining prices of securities can adversely affect our business by reducing the market value of the assets we manage or causing customers to sell their fund shares and triggering redemptions.

Volatility and disruption of the capital and credit markets, and adverse changes in the global economy, may significantly affect our results of operations and may put pressure on our financial results.

The amount and mix of our assets under management, which impact revenue, are subject to significant fluctuations.

Most of our assets under management are held in ETFs that invest in foreign securities and we have substantial exposure to foreign market conditions and we are subject to currency exchange rate risks.

We derive a substantial portion of our revenue from products invested in emerging markets and are exposed to the market-specific political and economic risks as well as general investor sentiment regarding future growth of those markets.

We derive a substantial portion of our revenue from a limited number of products and, as a result, our operating results are particularly exposed to the performance of those funds, investor sentiment toward investing in the strategies pursued by those funds and our ability to maintain the assets under management of those funds.

The asset management business is intensely competitive and many of our competitors have greater market share, offer a broader range of products and have greater resources than we do.

Other factors, such as general economic conditions, including currency exchange rate fluctuations, also may have an effect on the results of our operations. Many of these risks and uncertainties can affect our actual results and could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking statement made by us or on our behalf. For a description of risks that could cause our actual results to materially differ from our current expectations, please see Item 1A. Risk Factors in this Report.

These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this Report and, except as expressly required by applicable law, we assume no obligation to update or revise them to reflect new events or circumstances, unless required by law.



**Table of Contents****PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****WisdomTree Investments, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

## Consolidated Balance Sheets

*(In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)*

	June 30, 2011 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2010
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,386	\$ 14,233
Investments	299	1,295
Accounts receivable	5,732	4,825
Other current assets	1,523	642
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>23,940</b>	<b>20,995</b>
Fixed assets, net	679	756
Investments	7,876	7,300
Other noncurrent assets	74	91
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 32,569</b>	<b>\$ 29,142</b>
<b>Liabilities and stockholders' equity</b>		
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Fund management and administration payable	\$ 7,465	\$ 5,714
Compensation and benefits payable	2,581	3,638
Accounts payable and other liabilities	2,423	2,263
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>12,469</b>	<b>11,615</b>
Other noncurrent liabilities	220	292
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>12,689</b>	<b>11,907</b>
<b>Stockholders' equity</b>		
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01; 2,000 shares authorized:		
Common stock, par value \$0.01; 250,000 shares authorized; issued: 115,630 and 115,291 outstanding: 114,112 and 113,132		
	1,156	1,152
Additional paid-in capital	160,033	158,236
Accumulated deficit	(141,309)	(142,153)
<b>Total stockholders' equity</b>	<b>19,880</b>	<b>17,235</b>
<b>Total liabilities and stockholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 32,569</b>	<b>\$ 29,142</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements*



**Table of Contents****WisdomTree Investments, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

## Consolidated Statements of Operations

*(In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)**(Unaudited)*

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
<b>Revenues</b>				
ETF advisory fees	\$ 16,514	\$ 9,129	\$ 30,787	\$ 17,596
Other income	202	226	462	473
Total revenues	16,716	9,355	31,249	18,069
<b>Expenses</b>				
Compensation and benefits	4,610	4,600	9,827	9,855
Fund management and administration	5,736	3,306	9,898	6,703
Marketing and advertising	1,357	426	2,329	1,586
Sales and business development	913	746	1,658	1,206
Professional and consulting fees	1,090	707	2,449	1,731
Occupancy, communication and equipment	285	289	558	556
Depreciation and amortization	67	78	132	155
Third party sharing arrangements	1,512	636	2,640	876
Other	457	427	914	853
Total expenses	16,027	11,215	30,405	23,521
Income/(loss) before provision for income taxes	689	(1,860)	844	(5,452)
Provision for income taxes	317		388	
Tax benefit	(317)		(388)	
<b>Net income/(loss)</b>	<b>\$ 689</b>	<b>\$ (1,860)</b>	<b>\$ 844</b>	<b>\$ (5,452)</b>
Net income/(loss) per share basic	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.02)	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.05)
Net income/(loss) per share diluted	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.02)	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.05)
Weighted average common shares basic	113,950	111,765	113,708	111,295
Weighted average common shares diluted	134,887	111,765	134,694	111,295

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements*



**Table of Contents****WisdomTree Investments, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

## Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

*(In Thousands)*

(Unaudited)

	<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net income/(loss)	\$ 844	\$ (5,452)
Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation, amortization and other	132	155
Stock-based compensation	3,624	4,561
Deferred rent	(77)	(47)
Accretion to interest income	46	(9)
(Increase)/decrease in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(907)	(229)
Other assets	(864)	(1)
Fund management and administration payable	1,751	1,134
Compensation and benefits payable	(1,057)	(651)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	165	2
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	3,657	(537)
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Purchase of fixed assets	(55)	(48)
Purchase of investments	(2,893)	(3,416)
Proceeds from the redemption of investments	3,267	5,056
Net cash provided by investing activities	319	1,592
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Shares repurchased	(1,823)	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		1
Net cash (used in)/provided by financing activities	(1,823)	1
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	2,153	1,056
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of period	14,233	11,476
<b>Cash and cash equivalents end of period</b>	<b>\$ 16,386</b>	<b>\$ 12,532</b>
<b>Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information</b>		
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 11	\$ 4
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Cashless exercise of stock options	\$ 391	\$ 55

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements*



---

**Table of Contents**

**WisdomTree Investments, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(In Thousands, Except Share and Per Share Amounts)*

*(unaudited)*

**1. Organization and Description of Business**

WisdomTree Investments, Inc. ( WisdomTree or the Company ) is a New York-based exchange-traded fund sponsor and asset manager. The Company is the eighth largest sponsor of ETFs in the United States based on assets under management ( AUM ). In June 2006, the Company launched 20 ETFs and, as of September 1, 2011, has 47 ETFs with AUM of \$13.1 billion. Through its operating subsidiary, the Company provides investment advisory and other management services to the WisdomTree Trust ( WTT ) and WisdomTree ETFs. The Company also licenses its indexes to third parties and promotes the use of WisdomTree ETFs in 401(k) plans. The Company has the following subsidiaries:

WisdomTree Asset Management, Inc. ( WTAM ) a wholly owned subsidiary formed in February 2005, is an investment advisor registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ). WTAM provides investment advisory and other management services to WTT and the WisdomTree ETFs. In exchange for providing these services, the Company receives advisory fee revenues based on a percentage of the ETFs average daily net assets under management.

WisdomTree Retirement Services, Inc. ( WTRS ) a wholly owned subsidiary formed in August 2007, markets with selected third parties the use of WisdomTree ETFs in 401(k) plans as well as offering a platform that offers ETFs to the 401(k) marketplace.

WTT, a non-consolidated third-party, is a Delaware statutory trust registered with the SEC as an open-end management investment company. The WisdomTree ETFs are issued by the WisdomTree Trust. The WisdomTree Trust offers ETFs across equities, currency, fixed income and alternatives asset classes. The Company has licensed the use of its own fundamentally-weighted indexes on an exclusive basis to the WisdomTree Trust for the WisdomTree ETFs. The Board of the WisdomTree Trust, or the Trustees, is separate from the Board of the Company. The Trustees are primarily responsible for overseeing the management and affairs of the WisdomTree ETFs and the Trust for the benefit of the WisdomTree ETF shareholders and has contracted with the Company to provide for general management and administration services of WisdomTree Trust and the WisdomTree ETFs. The Company, in turn, has contracted with third parties to provide the majority of these administration services. In addition, certain officers of the Company provide general management services for the WTT.

**2. Significant Accounting Policies**

**Basis of Presentation**

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ( GAAP ), and in the opinion of management reflect all adjustments, consisting of only normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair statement of financial condition, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company s wholly owned subsidiaries WTAM and WTRS. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain accounts in the prior periods consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current period s consolidated financial statements presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the previously reported net losses. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and footnotes for the year ended December 31, 2010.

**Use of Estimates**

The preparation of the Company s consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the balance sheet dates and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the periods presented. Actual results could differ from those estimates.



## **Table of Contents**

### **Revenue Recognition**

The Company earns investment advisory fees for ETFs and separately managed accounts as well as licensing fees from third parties. ETF advisory fees are based on a percentage of the ETFs average daily net assets and recognized over the period the related service is provided. Fees for separately managed accounts and licensing are based on a percentage of the average monthly net assets and recognized over the period the related service is provided.

### **Depreciation and Amortization**

Depreciation is provided for using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets as follows:

Equipment	3 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years

Leasehold improvements are amortized over the term of their respective leases or service lives of the improvements, whichever is shorter. Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization.

### **Marketing and Advertising**

Advertising costs, including media advertising and production costs, are expensed when incurred.

### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less at the time of purchase to be classified as cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents are held with one large financial institution.

### **Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts**

Accounts receivable are customers' obligations due under normal trade terms. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not provided because, in the opinion of management, all accounts receivable recorded are deemed collectible.

### **Impairment of Long-Lived Assets**

On a periodic basis, the Company performs a review for the impairment of long-lived assets when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the assets are less than their carrying amounts or when other events occur which may indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable.

### **Earnings/(Loss) per Share**

Basic earnings or loss per share is computed by dividing net income or loss available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential reduction in earnings per share that could occur if options or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock. Options and restricted shares to purchase shares of common stock were included in the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 but not included in the computation of diluted loss per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 as the Company incurred losses during those periods.

### **Investments**

The Company accounts for most of its investments as held-to-maturity, which are recorded at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. For held-to-maturity investments, the Company has the intent and ability to hold investments to maturity and it is not more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell the investments before recovery of their amortized cost bases, which may be maturity.



## **Table of Contents**

On a periodic basis, the Company reviews its portfolio of investments for impairment. If a decline in fair value is deemed to be other-than-temporary, the security is written down to its fair value through earnings.

## **Subsequent Events**

The Company has evaluated subsequent events after the date of the consolidated financial statements to consider whether or not the impact of such events needed to be reflected or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements. Such evaluation was performed through the issuance of these interim consolidated financial statements.

## **Stock-Based Awards**

Accounting for share-based compensation requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all equity awards based on estimated fair values. The Company accounts for stock-based compensation for its employees based on the cost of employee services received in exchange for a stock-based award. Stock-based compensation is measured based on the grant-date fair value of the award and are amortized over the relevant service period.

Stock-based awards granted to non-employees for goods or services are valued at the fair value of the equity instruments issued or the fair value of consideration received, whichever is a more reliable measure of the fair value of the transaction, and recognized when performance obligations are complete.

## **Income Taxes**

The Company accounts for income taxes using the liability method, which requires the determination of deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the differences between the financial and tax basis of assets and liabilities using the enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which differences are expected to reverse. Deferred tax assets are adjusted by a valuation allowance if, based on the weight of available evidence, it is more-likely-than-not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

In order to recognize and measure any unrecognized tax benefits, management evaluates and determines whether any of its tax positions are more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. Once it is determined that a position meets this recognition threshold, the position is measured to determine the amount of benefit to be recognized in the consolidated financial statements. Management does not believe that the Company has any material uncertain tax positions. The Company records interest and penalties, if any, related to income taxes within the provision for income taxes in the consolidated statements of operations.

The Company currently has tax years December 31, 1996 through December 31, 2010 open for examination by federal and state agencies as of June 30, 2011.

## **Related-Party Transactions**

The Company's revenues are derived primarily from investment advisory agreements with WTT and WisdomTree ETFs. Under these agreements, the Company has granted WTT an exclusive license to its own indexes for operation of the WisdomTree ETFs. The Trustees are primarily responsible for overseeing the management and affairs of the WisdomTree ETFs and the Trust for the benefit of the WisdomTree ETF stockholders and has contracted with the Company to provide for general management and administration of WisdomTree Trust and the WisdomTree ETFs. The Company is also responsible for expenses of WTT, including the cost of transfer agency, custody, fund administration and accounting, legal, audit, and other non-distribution services. In exchange, the Company receives fees based on a percentage of the ETF average daily net assets. The advisory agreements may be terminated by WTT upon notice. Certain officers of the Company also provide general management oversight of WTT; however, these officers have no material decision making responsibilities and primarily implement the decisions of the Trustees. At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the balance of accounts receivable from WTT was approximately \$5,613 and \$4,612, respectively. Revenue from advisory services provided to WTT for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was approximately \$16,514 and \$9,129, respectively and for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was approximately \$30,787 and \$17,596, respectively.

**Table of Contents****Third Party Sharing Arrangements**

Included in third party sharing arrangements expense are payments (reimbursements) from/(to) the Company with respect to (i) a collaborative arrangement and (ii) marketing agreements with third parties:

**Collaborative Arrangement** In 2008, the Company entered into a mutual participation agreement with Mellon Capital Management Corporation and The Dreyfus Corporation in which the parties agreed to collaborate in developing currency and fixed income ETFs under the WisdomTree Trust. Under the agreement, the Company is responsible for operating the ETFs and providing sales, marketing and research support at its own cost. Mellon Capital and Dreyfus are responsible for providing sub-advisory, fund administration and accounting services for these collaborated ETFs at its own cost. Any revenues less third party costs, such as marketing, legal, accounting or fund management, related to these collaborative products are shared equally, including any losses ( net profit/(loss) ). The Company is responsible for arranging any third party costs related to this collaborative arrangement. This agreement expires in March 2013. The Company has determined it is the principal participant for transactions under this collaborative arrangement and as such, records these transactions on a gross basis reflecting all of the revenues and third party expenses on its financial statements in accordance with the nature of the revenue or expense. Any net profit/(loss) payments are reflected in Third Party Sharing Arrangement expense on the consolidated financial statements.

Revenues and expenses under this collaborative arrangement included in the Company's financial statement are as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
ETF advisory fee revenue	\$ 3,304	\$ 1,659	\$ 5,771	\$ 2,950
<b>Expenses:</b>				
Fund management and administration	366	226	692	444
Marketing and advertising	167	76	348	661
Sales and business development	27	84	46	91
Other		1		2
Total third party expenses	560	387	1,086	1,198
Net profit	2,744	1,272	4,685	1,752
50% sharing	\$ 1,372	\$ 636	\$ 2,342	\$ 876

**Marketing agreements** In 2010, the Company entered into agreements with two external marketing firms to serve as the external marketing agents for the WisdomTree ETFs in the U.S. independent broker-dealer channel and in Latin America. Under these agreements, the Company will pay a percentage of their advisory fee revenue, subject to caps, to the marketing agents based on incremental growth in assets under management in the respective sales channel. The Company incurred marketing fees for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 of \$140 and \$298, respectively.

**Segment, Geographic and Customer Information**

The Company operates as one business segment, as an ETF sponsor and asset manager providing investment advisory services. Revenues are derived in the U.S. and all of the Company's assets are located in the U.S.

**Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

In January 2010, ASU No. 2010-6, *Improving Disclosures About Fair Value Measurement*, adds required disclosures about items transferring into and out of Levels 1 and 2 in the fair value hierarchy; adding separate disclosures about purchase, sales, issuances, and settlements relative to Level 3 measurements; and clarifying, among other things, the existing fair value disclosures about the level of disaggregation. ASU No. 2010-6 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the requirement to



**Table of Contents**

provide Level 3 purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements on a gross basis, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010. This standard impacts disclosure requirements only and did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2011, FASB issued ASU No. 2011-04 Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). ASU No. 2011-04 includes common requirements for measurement of and disclosure about fair value between U.S. GAAP and IFRS. ASU No. 2011-04 will require reporting entities to disclose the following information for fair value measurements categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy: quantitative information about the unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement, the valuation processes used by the reporting entity and a narrative description of the sensitivity of the fair value measurement to changes in unobservable inputs and the interrelationships between those unobservable inputs. In addition, ASU No. 2011-04 will require reporting entities to make disclosures about amounts and reasons for all transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements. The new and revised disclosures are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. At this time, management is evaluating the implications of ASU No. 2011-04 and its impact on the Company's financial statements.

**3. Investments and Fair Value Measurements**

The following table is a summary of the Company's investments:

	<b>June 30, 2011 Held-to-Maturity</b>	<b>December 31, 2010 Held-to-Maturity</b>
Federal agency debt instruments	\$ 8,175	\$ 8,595
Total	\$ 8,175	\$ 8,595

The following table summarizes unrealized gains, losses, and fair value on investments:

	<b>June 30, 2011 Held-to-Maturity</b>	<b>December 31, 2010 Held-to-Maturity</b>
Cost/amortized cost	\$ 8,175	\$ 8,595
Gross unrealized gains	45	47
Gross unrealized losses	(100)	(151)
Fair value	\$ 8,120	\$ 8,491

The Company's table sets forth the maturity profile of investments:

	<b>June 30, 2011 Held-to-Maturity</b>	<b>December 31, 2010 Held-to-Maturity</b>
Due within one year	\$ 299	\$ 1,295
Due one year through five years	249	249
Due five years through ten years	762	796
Due over ten years	6,865	6,255
Total	\$ 8,175	\$ 8,595

**Fair Value Measurement**

Under the accounting for fair value measurements and disclosures, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability, or the exit price, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The accounting guidance establishes a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or

## Edgar Filing: WisdomTree Investments, Inc. - Form 10-Q

unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Company's market assumptions.

These three types of inputs create the following fair value hierarchy:

**Level 1** Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

**Level 2** Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable.

**Level 3** Instruments whose significant value drivers are unobservable.

This hierarchy requires the use of observable market data when available. The Company's available-for-sale investments and held-to-maturity securities are categorized as Level 1. The amortized cost of the held-to-maturity securities approximates fair value. The Company does not intend to sell its investments held-to maturity before the recovery of their amortized cost bases which may be at maturity.

**Table of Contents**

Some of our financial instruments are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis but are recorded at amounts that approximate fair value due to their liquid or short-term nature. Such financial assets and financial liabilities include: cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, certain other current assets, accounts payable and other liabilities, fund management and administration payable, and compensation and benefits payable.

**4. Commitments and Contingencies****Contractual Obligations**

The Company has entered into obligations under operating leases with initial non-cancelable terms in excess of one year for office space, telephone, and data services. Expenses recorded under these agreements for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 were approximately \$259 and \$258 respectively. Expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 were approximately \$514 and \$513 respectively.

Future minimum lease payments with respect to non-cancelable operating leases at June 30, 2011 are approximately as follows:

Remainder of 2011	\$ 670
2012	1,266
2013	1,229
2014	74
2015 and thereafter	
Total	\$ 3,239

**Letter of Credit**

The Company collateralizes its leased office space through a standby letter credit in the amount of \$700 held as an investment in debt securities, which is included in investments on the consolidated balance sheets at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

**Contingencies**

The Company is subject to various routine regulatory reviews and inspections by the SEC as well as legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. The Company is not currently party to any litigation or other legal proceedings that management believes are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company's operating results, financial condition or cash flows.

**5. Stock-Based Awards****Stock Options and Restricted Stock**

The Company grants stock options to employees, certain directors and non-employee consultants and special advisors for services. Options are issued generally for terms of ten years and vest between two to four years. Options are issued with an exercise price equal to the fair value of the Company on the date of grant. The Company estimated the fair value for options using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model.

The Company grants restricted stock to employees and certain directors. All restricted stock awards require future service as a condition of delivery of the underlying shares of common stock along with certain other requirements outlined in the award agreements. Restricted stock awards generally vest over one to four years.

From time-to-time, the Company also grants restricted and common stock to nonemployee consultants, special advisors and vendors for services. In general, these awards vest over the contractual period of the consulting arrangement. The fair value of these awards is measured at the grant dated fair value and re-measured at each reporting period. Fair value is determined as the closing price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant.



**Table of Contents**

A summary of options and restricted stock activity is as follows:

	<b>Options</b>	<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price of Options</b>	<b>Restricted Stock Awards</b>
Balance at January 1, 2011	21,443,617	\$ 0.60	2,158,509
Granted	615,000	\$ 5.35	410,816
Exercised/vested	(330,234)	\$ 1.15	(1,043,903)
Forfeitures or expirations	(77,191)	\$ 2.90	(8,121)
<b>Balance at June 30, 2011</b>	<b>21,651,192</b>	<b>\$ 0.72</b>	<b>1,517,301</b>

A summary of stock-based compensation expense is as follows:

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>
Employees and directors	\$ 854	\$ 1,772	\$ 2,379	\$ 3,827
Non-employees	651	242	1,245	734
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,505</b>	<b>\$ 2,014</b>	<b>\$ 3,624</b>	<b>\$ 4,561</b>

**6. Earnings and Dividend Per Share**

The following is a reconciliation of the basic and diluted earnings per share computation:

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>
Net income/(loss)	\$ 689	\$ (1,860)	\$ 844	\$ (5,452)

Shares of common stock and common stock equivalents:

Weighted averages shares used in basic computation (in thousands)	113,950	111,765	113,708	111,295
Dilutive effect of stock options and unvested restricted stock (in thousands)	20,937		20,986	
<b>Weighted averages shares used in dilutive computation (in thousands)</b>	<b>134,887</b>	<b>111,765</b>	<b>134,694</b>	<b>111,295</b>

Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.02)	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.05)
Dilutive earnings per share	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.02)	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.05)

Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential reduction in earnings per share that could occur if options or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock. Options and restricted shares to purchase shares of common stock were included in the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 but not included in the computation of diluted loss per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 as the Company incurred losses during those periods. The number of outstanding options and unvested restricted stock excluded for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 were 21,839 and 2,766, respectively.

**7. Income Taxes**

## Edgar Filing: WisdomTree Investments, Inc. - Form 10-Q

At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the Company had net operating losses carry forward of \$103,982 and \$101,856, respectively, which it carries as a deferred tax asset which had been completely offset by a valuation allowance. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company has utilized \$317 and \$388, respectively, of its net operating loss by applying a 45.96% rate.

**Table of Contents**

**8. Shares Repurchased**

During the six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company repurchased 345,343 shares of its Company stock for an aggregate price of \$1,823. The shares repurchased related to the vesting of restricted common stock granted to employees.

**9. Subsequent Event**

On July 26, 2011, the Company's common stock began trading on the Nasdaq Global Market under the symbol WETF .

---

**Table of Contents**

**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

*The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes that appear elsewhere in this Report. In addition to historical consolidated financial information, the following discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to these differences include those discussed below. For a more complete description of the risks noted above and other risks that could cause our actual results to materially differ from our current expectations, please see Item 1A. Risk Factors in this Report, below. We assume no obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless required by law.*

*Our Business*

We are the eighth largest sponsor of exchange traded funds, or ETFs, in the United States based on assets under management, or AUM, as of September 1, 2011, with an AUM of approximately \$13.1 billion. An ETF is an investment fund that holds assets such as equities, bonds, currencies or commodities and trades at approximately the same price as the net asset value of its underlying assets. ETFs offer exposure to a wide variety of investment themes, including the broad United States and global equity and fixed income markets, as well as specific sectors, regions, countries and asset classes, such as commodities, real estate or currencies. We currently offer a comprehensive family of 47 ETFs, which includes 34 international and domestic equity ETFs, 9 currency ETFs, two recently launched international fixed income ETFs and two recently launched alternative strategy ETFs.

Through our operating subsidiary, we provide investment advisory and other management services to the WisdomTree ETFs. In exchange for providing these services, we receive advisory fee revenues based on a percentage of the ETFs average daily net assets under management.

Our expenses are predominantly related to selling, operating and marketing our ETFs. We have contracted with third parties to provide certain operational services for the ETFs. We have contracted with BNY Mellon to act as sub-advisor and provide portfolio management services, fund administration, custody, accounting and other related services for the WisdomTree ETFs.

We distribute our ETFs through financial advisors in the major channels in the asset management industry. These channels include brokerage firms, registered investment advisors, institutional investors, private wealth managers and discount brokers. We do not target our ETFs for sale directly to the retail segment but rather to the financial advisor who acts as the intermediary between the end client and us.

Our revenues are highly correlated to the level and relative mix of our assets under management, as well as fees associated with our ETFs. In addition, a significant portion of our assets under management are invested in securities issued outside of the U.S. Therefore, our AUM and our revenues are affected by movements in global capital market levels and the strengthening or weakening of the U.S. dollar against other currencies. These market movements and currency exchange levels, as well as inflows or outflows and changes in the mix of investment products between asset classes can materially affect our operating results from period to period. It is our belief that our ability to gather inflows into our ETFs, coupled with general stock market trends, will have the greatest impact on our business.

*Business Environment*

Our business is affected by macroeconomic factors impacting the world economy as well as factors specific to the equity markets around the world. The major global equity market indexes ended the first half of 2011 above the levels of prior periods with the S&P 500, MSCI EAFE and MSCI Emerging Market indexes increasing approximately 6.0%, 5.0% and 0.9%, respectively, since the beginning of the year. In addition, the U.S. dollar weakened against the broader developed world and emerging market currencies in the first half of 2011. Though



**Table of Contents**

equity markets improved, concerns around unemployment rates and the rate of economic recovery in the United States, the stability of European nations and banks in the developed world, and rising inflation in the emerging market countries continues to challenge the overall global economic environment.

Most recently, the U.S. equity markets experienced significant volatility which affected equity markets worldwide. From June 30, 2011 to September 1, 2011, the S&P 500, MSCI EAFE and MSCI Emerging Market indexes declined 8.5%, 10.6% and 8.9%, respectively. This decline was led by concerns over the U.S. debt ceiling debates in Congress and the subsequent downgrade of U.S. government debt by Standard and Poor's. Our AUM reached a high of \$13.5 billion on July 26, 2011; however, declined to \$13.1 billion as of September 1, 2011 as a result of \$0.9 billion decline in the market value of the securities our ETFs hold, partly offset by a \$0.5 billion in net inflows into our ETFs.

*Our Results*

While we currently operate in a challenging economic environment, we experienced robust growth and expansion in the first half of 2011. Our AUM increased 31% or \$3.0 billion from the beginning of this year to \$12.9 billion at June 30, 2011. Net inflows into our ETFs reached \$3.0 billion for the first half of 2011, nearly the total amount of net inflows we had for the full year of 2010. Our market share of the ETF industry net inflows in the first half of 2011 reached 5.2% compared to 1.8% in the first half of last year.

As a result of strong net inflows and growth in our AUM, our revenues have increased 72.9% to \$31.2 million in the first half of 2011 compared to \$18.1 million in the first half of last year. Our expenses increased 29.3% to \$30.4 million from \$23.5 million over the comparable period. We recorded net income of \$0.8 million in the first half of 2011 compared to a net loss of \$5.5 million in the comparable period last year.

*Key Statistical Information*

The following table presents key statistical information as well as other select data to better understand the revenue and expense drivers for our business:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
<b>Total ETF Assets Under Management (in millions):</b>				
Beginning of period assets	\$ 11,284	\$ 6,713	\$ 9,891	\$ 5,979
Inflows/(outflows)	1,699	121	2,963	703
Market appreciation/(depreciation)	(49)	(594)	80	(442)
End of period assets	\$ 12,934	\$ 6,240	\$ 12,934	\$ 6,240
Average assets during the period	\$ 12,062	\$ 6,760	\$ 11,340	\$ 6,536
<b>International Developed Equity ETFs (in millions):</b>				
Beginning of period assets	\$ 2,613	\$ 1,995	\$ 2,062	\$ 1,953
Inflows/(outflows)	33	(38)	514	(12)
Market appreciation/(depreciation)	(27)	(283)	43	(267)
End of period assets	\$ 2,619	\$ 1,674	\$ 2,619	\$ 1,674
Average assets during the period	\$ 2,596	\$ 1,907	\$ 2,407	\$ 2,038
<b>Emerging Markets Equity ETFs (in millions):</b>				
Beginning of period assets	\$ 3,759	\$ 1,738	\$ 3,780	\$ 1,431
Inflows/(outflows)	344	106	404	336
Market appreciation/(depreciation)	(115)	(116)	(196)	(39)
End of period assets	\$ 3,988	\$ 1,728	\$ 3,988	\$ 1,728
Average assets during the period	\$ 3,863	\$ 1,763	\$ 3,740	\$ 1,536

Edgar Filing: WisdomTree Investments, Inc. - Form 10-Q

<b>International Sector Equity ETFs (in millions):</b>								
Beginning of period assets	\$	252	\$	228	\$	249	\$	358
Inflows/(outflows)		1		(1)		(6)		(125)
Market appreciation/(depreciation)		(5)		(37)		5		(43)
End of period assets	\$	248	\$	190	\$	248	\$	190
Average assets during the period	\$	258	\$	214	\$	252	\$	279

**Table of Contents**

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
<b>U.S. Equity ETFs (in millions):</b>				
Beginning of period assets	\$ 2,218	\$ 1,468	\$ 2,057	\$ 1,330
Inflows/(outflows)	374	85	427	157
Market appreciation/(depreciation)	20	(147)	128	(81)
End of period assets	\$ 2,612	\$ 1,406	\$ 2,612	\$ 1,406
Average assets during the period	\$ 2,364	\$ 1,506	\$ 2,264	\$ 1,456
<b>Currency ETFs (in millions):</b>				
Beginning of period assets	\$ 1,467	\$ 1,284	\$ 1,179	\$ 907
Inflows/(outflows)	382	(31)	653	347
Market appreciation/(depreciation)	47	(11)	64	(12)
End of period assets	\$ 1,896	\$ 1,242	\$ 1,896	\$ 1,242
Average assets during the period	\$ 1,677	\$ 1,370	\$ 1,506	\$ 1,227
<b>International Fixed Income ETFs (in millions):</b>				
Beginning of period assets	\$ 902		\$ 564	
Inflows/(outflows)	442		777	
Market appreciation/(depreciation)	35		38	
End of period assets	\$ 1,379		\$ 1,379	
Average assets during the period	\$ 1,195		\$ 1,094	
<b>Alternative Strategy ETFs (in millions):</b>				
Beginning of period assets	\$ 73			
Inflows/(outflows)	123		194	
Market appreciation/(depreciation)	(4)		(2)	
End of period assets	\$ 192		\$ 192	
Average assets during the period	\$ 109		\$ 77	
<b>Average ETF Asset Mix (during the period):</b>				
International Developed Equity ETFs	21%	29%	21%	31%
Emerging Markets Equity ETFs	32%	26%	33%	24%
International Sector Equity ETFs	2%	3%	2%	4%
U.S. Equity ETFs	20%	22%	20%	22%
Currency ETFs	14%	20%	13%	19%
International Fixed Income ETF	10%		10%	
Alternative Strategy ETFs	1%		1%	
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
<b>Average ETF Advisory Fee (during the period)</b>	<b>0.55%</b>	<b>0.54%</b>	<b>0.56%</b>	<b>0.54%</b>
<b>Number of ETFs (end of the period):</b>				
International Developed Equity ETFs	14	14	14	14
Emerging Markets Equity ETFs	4	4	4	4
International Sector Equity ETFs	4	4	4	4
U.S. Equity ETFs	12	12	12	12
Currency ETFs	9	8	9	8
International Fixed Income ETF	2		2	
Alternative Strategy ETFs	1		1	

Edgar Filing: WisdomTree Investments, Inc. - Form 10-Q

Total	46	42	46	42
<b>Headcount</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>54</b>

**Table of Contents****Results of Operations***Three Months Ended June 30, 2011 compared to June 30, 2010**Overview*

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Change</b>	<b>Percent Change</b>
	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>		
<b>Assets Under Management (in millions)</b>				
Beginning of period assets	\$ 11,284	\$ 6,713		
Net inflows	1,699	121	\$ 1,578	nm
Market appreciation/(depreciation)	(49)	(594)		
End of period assets	\$ 12,934	\$ 6,240	\$ 6,694	107.3%
<b>Financial Results (in thousands)</b>				
Total revenues	\$ 16,716	\$ 9,355	\$ 7,361	78.7%
Total expenses	16,027	11,215	4,812	42.9%
Net income/(loss)	\$ 689	\$ (1,860)	\$ 2,549	nm

Our assets under management more than doubled from \$6.2 billion at June 30, 2010 to \$12.9 billion at June 30, 2011 primarily due to strong net inflows. We reported net income of \$0.7 million in the three months ended June 30, 2011 compared to a loss of \$1.9 million in the comparable period in 2010.

*Revenues*

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Change</b>	<b>Percent Change</b>
	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>		
Average assets under management (in millions)	\$ 12,062	\$ 6,760	\$ 5,302	78.4%
Average ETF advisory fee	0.55%	0.54%	.01	1.9%
ETF advisory fees (in thousands)	\$ 16,514	\$ 9,129	\$ 7,385	80.9%
Other income (in thousands)	202	226	(24)	(10.6)%
Total revenues (in thousands)	\$ 16,716	\$ 9,355	\$ 7,361	78.7%

*ETF advisory fees*

ETF advisory fee revenues increased 80.9% from \$9.1 million in the three months ended June 30, 2010 to a record \$16.5 million in the comparable period in 2011. This increase was primarily due to higher average asset balances, which increased 78.4% due to strong net inflows as well as a higher average ETF advisory fee. Average ETF advisory fees increased from 0.54% to 0.55% as we had stronger ETF inflows into our higher-priced emerging market equity ETFs, which contributed to the higher average ETF advisory fee we earned.

*Other income*

Other income remained relatively unchanged at \$0.2 million in the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2011 as lower separate account revenues as a result of two pension plans closing two mandates with us were partly offset by higher interest income from our securities investments and larger average cash balances.



**Table of Contents***Expenses*

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,			Percent Change
	2011	2010	Change	
Compensation and benefits	\$ 4,610	\$ 4,600	\$ 10	0.2%
Fund management and administration	5,736	3,306	2,430	73.5%
Marketing and advertising	1,357	426	931	218.5%
Sales and business development	913	746	167	22.4%
Professional and consulting fees	1,090	707	383	54.2%
Occupancy, communications and equipment	285	289	(4)	(1.4)%
Depreciation and amortization	67	78	(11)	(14.1)%
Third-party sharing arrangements	1,512	636	876	137.7%
Other	457	427	30	7.0%
Total expenses	\$ 16,027	\$ 11,215	\$ 4,812	42.9%

As a Percent of Revenues:	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
Compensation and benefits	27.6%	49.2%
Fund management and administration	34.4%	35.2%
Marketing and advertising	8.1%	4.6%
Sales and business development	5.5%	8.0%
Professional and consulting fees	6.5%	7.6%
Occupancy, communications and equipment	1.7%	3.1%
Depreciation and amortization	0.4%	0.8%
Third-party sharing arrangements	9.0%	6.8%
Other	2.7%	4.6%
Total expenses	95.9%	119.9%

*Compensation and benefits*

Compensation and benefits expense remained relatively unchanged at \$4.6 million in the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2011. Stock based compensation expense decreased \$0.9 million as equity awards granted to employees in prior years with higher fair values become fully vested and replaced with a lower number of awards at lower fair values. Offsetting this decrease was an increase of \$0.9 million related to higher accrued incentive compensation due to our strong results and higher headcount related expenses. Our headcount increased from 54 at the end of June 2010 to 61 at the end of June 2011. As of September 1, 2011, we had 64 employees as we increased our salesforce headcount in early July.

*Fund management and administration*

Fund management and administration expense increased 73.5% from \$3.3 million in the three months ended June 30, 2010 to \$5.7 million in the comparable period in 2011. Included in the three months ended June 30, 2011 fund management and administration expense is a one-time charge of \$0.7 million related to reimbursing the WisdomTree India ETF for excess fees we collected as a result of overestimating the operating expense recapture fees for the India ETF's fiscal year ended March 31, 2011. Higher average assets under management lead to an increase of \$1.2 million in portfolio management, fund administration, accounting and index licensing fees. Regulatory fees increased \$0.2 million due to a higher level of net inflows. We had 42 ETFs at the end of June 2010 compared to 46 at the end of June 2011.

*Marketing and advertising*

## Edgar Filing: WisdomTree Investments, Inc. - Form 10-Q

Marketing and advertising expense increased \$0.9 million from \$0.4 million in the three months ended June 30, 2010 to \$1.4 million in the comparable period in 2011 primarily due to higher levels of discretionary television, print and online advertising to support our growth. We expect to have higher annual spending on marketing and advertising for the full year of 2011 as compared to the full year 2010.



**Table of Contents***Sales and business development*

Sales and business development expense increased 22.4% from \$0.7 million in the three months ended June 30, 2010 to \$0.9 million in the comparable period in 2011 primarily due to higher sales and new product development related spending to support our growth.

*Professional and consulting fees*

Professional and consulting fees increased 54.2% from \$0.7 million in the three months ended June 30, 2010 to \$1.1 million in the comparable period in 2011 primarily due to \$0.5 million in higher variable stock based compensation expense, which increased to \$0.7 million from \$0.2 million, due to a higher price in our common stock. Legal and accounting fees associated with the preparation of our registration statement on Form 10 to transfer the listing of our common stock onto the NASDAQ Global Market were \$0.1 million in the three months ended June 30, 2011. We expect to incur additional costs related to the listing of our common stock in the third quarter of 2011.

*Occupancy, communications and equipment*

Occupancy, communications and equipment expense remained relatively unchanged at \$0.3 million in the three months ended June 30, 2010 and the comparable period in 2011.

*Depreciation and amortization*

Depreciation and amortization expense remained relatively unchanged at \$0.1 million in the three months ended June 30, 2010 and the comparable period in 2011.

*Third-party sharing arrangements*

Third-party sharing arrangements increased \$0.9 million from \$0.6 million in the three months ended June 30, 2010 to \$1.5 million in the comparable period in 2011. This increase was primarily due to a \$0.7 million increase in net profits in our currency and fixed income ETFs, which are subject to a profit sharing agreement with Mellon Capital and Dreyfus. Under the agreement, we share revenues and third party costs equally. This expense increased due to the higher average asset balances in these ETFs. In addition, we paid \$0.1 million in fees to third parties for marketing our ETFs in the independent broker-dealer channel and Latin America.

*Other*

Other expense remained relatively unchanged in the three months ended June 30, 2010 and the comparable period in 2011.

**Six Months Ended June 30, 2011 compared to June 30, 2010***Overview*

	<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>			<b>Percent Change</b>
	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>Change</b>	
<b>Assets Under Management (in millions)</b>				
Beginning of period assets	\$ 9,891	\$ 5,979		
Net inflows	2,963	703	\$ 2,260	nm
Market appreciation/(depreciation)	80	(442)		
End of period assets	\$ 12,934	\$ 6,240	\$ 6,694	107.3%

**Financial Results (in thousands)**

Edgar Filing: WisdomTree Investments, Inc. - Form 10-Q

Total revenues	\$ 31,249	\$ 18,069	\$ 13,180	72.9%
Total expenses	30,405	23,521	6,884	29.3%
Net income/(loss)	\$ 844	\$ (5,452)	\$ 6,296	

Our assets under management increased 107.3% from \$6.2 billion at June 30, 2010 to \$12.9 billion at June 30, 2011 primarily due to strong net inflows. We reported net income of \$0.8 million in the six months ended June 30, 2011 compared to a loss of \$5.5 million in the comparable period in 2010.

*Revenues*

	Six Months Ended June 30		Change	Percent Change
	2011	2010		
Average assets under management (in millions)	\$ 11,340	\$ 6,536	\$ 4,804	73.5%
Average ETF advisory fee	0.56%	0.54%	.02	3.7%
ETF advisory fees (in thousands)	\$ 30,787	\$ 17,596	\$ 13,191	75.0%
Other income (in thousands)	462	473	(11)	(2.3)%
Total revenues (in thousands)	\$ 31,249	\$ 18,069	\$ 13,180	72.9%

**Table of Contents***ETF advisory fees*

ETF advisory fee revenues increased 75.0% from \$17.6 million in the six months ended June 30, 2010 to a record \$30.8 million in the comparable period in 2011. This increase was primarily due to higher average asset balances, which increased 73.5% due to strong net inflows, which increased from \$0.7 billion to \$3.0 billion. In addition, our average ETF advisory fees increased from 0.54% in the six months ended June 30, 2010 to 0.56% in the comparable period in 2011 as we experienced stronger ETF inflows into our higher-priced emerging market equity ETFs, which contributed to the higher average ETF advisory fee we earned.

*Other income*

Other income remained relatively unchanged at \$0.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2011 as lower separate account revenues as a result of two pension plans closing two mandates with us partly offset by higher interest income from our securities investments and larger average cash balances.

*Expenses*

(in thousands)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	Percent Change
	2011	2010		
Compensation and benefits	\$ 9,827	\$ 9,855	\$ (28)	(0.3)%
Fund management and administration	9,898	6,703	3,195	47.7%
Marketing and advertising	2,329	1,586	743	46.8%
Sales and business development	1,658	1,206	452	37.5%
Professional and consulting fees	2,449	1,731	718	41.5%
Occupancy, communications and equipment	558	556	2	0.4%
Depreciation and amortization	132	155	(23)	(14.8)%
Third-party sharing arrangements	2,640	876	1,764	201.4%
Other	914	853	61	7.2%
Total expenses	\$ 30,405	\$ 23,521	\$ 6,884	29.3%

**As a Percent of Revenues:**

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
Compensation and benefits	31.4%	54.5%
Fund management and administration	31.8%	37.1%
Marketing and advertising	7.5%	8.8%
Sales and business development	5.3%	6.7%
Professional and consulting fees	7.8%	9.6%
Occupancy, communications and equipment	1.8%	3.1%
Depreciation and amortization	0.4%	0.9%
Third-party sharing arrangements	8.4%	4.8%
Other	2.9%	4.7%
Total expenses	97.3%	130.2%

*Compensation and benefits*

Compensation and benefits expense remained relatively unchanged at approximately \$9.9 million in the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2011. Stock based compensation expense decreased \$1.4 million as equity awards granted to employees in prior years with higher fair values become fully vested and replaced with a lower number of awards at lower fair values. Partly offsetting this decrease was an increase of \$1.4 million related to higher accrued



---

**Table of Contents**

incentive compensation due to our strong results, higher salary and benefit expenses due to increased headcount, and higher payroll tax expense due to vesting of restricted stock awards. Our headcount increased from 54 at the end of June 2010 to 61 at the end of June 2011. As of September 1, 2011, we had 64 employees as we increased our salesforce headcount in early July.

*Fund management and administration*

Fund management and administration expense increased 47.7% from \$6.7 million in the six months ended June 30, 2010 to \$9.9 million in the comparable period in 2011. Included in the six months ended June 30, 2011 is a one-time charge of \$0.7 million related to reimbursing the WisdomTree India ETF for excess fees we collected as a result of overestimating the operating expense recapture fees for the India ETF's fiscal year ended March 31, 2011. Higher average assets under management lead to an increase of \$1.8 million in portfolio management, fund administration, accounting, index licensing and distribution fees. Regulatory fees increased \$0.3 million due to higher level of net inflows. Printing and accounting related fees increased \$0.4 million due to an increase in the number of funds. We had 42 ETFs at the end of June 2010 compared to 46 at the end of June 2011.

*Marketing and advertising*

Marketing and advertising expense increased 46.8% from \$1.6 million in the six months ended June 30, 2010 to \$2.3 million in the comparable period in 2011 primarily due to higher levels of discretionary television, print and online advertising to support our growth. We expect to have higher annual spending on marketing and advertising for the full year of 2011 as compared to the full year 2010.

*Sales and business development*

Sales and business development expense increased 37.5% from \$1.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 2010 to \$1.7 million in the comparable period in 2011 primarily due to higher sales and new product related spending to support our growth.

*Professional and consulting fees*

Professional and consulting fees increased 41.5% from \$1.7 million in the six months ended June 30, 2010 to \$2.4 million in the comparable period in 2011 primarily due to \$0.5 million in higher variable stock based compensation expense, which increased from \$0.7 million to \$1.2 million, due to a higher price in our common stock. Legal and accounting fees associated with the preparation of our registration statement on Form 10 to transfer the listing of our common stock onto the NASDAQ Global Market were \$0.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2011. We expect to incur additional costs related to the listing of our common stock in the third quarter of 2011.

*Occupancy, communications and equipment*

Occupancy, communications and equipment expense remained relatively unchanged at \$0.6 million in the six months ended June 30, 2010 and the comparable period in 2011.

*Depreciation and amortization*

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased 14.8% from \$0.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 2010 to \$0.1 million in the comparable period in 2011 as we completed depreciation on certain of our fixed assets.

*Third-party sharing arrangements*

Third-party sharing arrangements increased \$1.8 million from \$0.9 million in the six months ended June 30, 2010 to \$2.6 million in the comparable period in 2011. This increase was primarily due to a \$1.5 million increase in net profits in our currency and fixed income ETFs, which are subject to a profit sharing agreement with Mellon Capital and Dreyfus. Under the agreement, we share revenues and third party costs equally. This expense increased due to the higher average asset balances in these ETFs. In addition, we paid \$0.3 million in fees to third parties for marketing our ETFs in the independent broker-dealer channel and Latin America.

**Table of Contents***Other*

Other expenses increased 7.2% to \$0.9 million in the six months ended June 30, 2011 primarily due to higher corporate insurance related expenses.

*Liquidity and Capital Resources*

The following table summarizes key data regarding our liquidity, capital resources and use of capital to fund our operations:

	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
<b><u>Balance Sheet Data (in thousands):</u></b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,386	\$ 14,233
Investments	8,175	8,595
Accounts receivable	5,732	4,825
	30,293	27,653
Total liabilities	(12,689)	(11,907)
	\$ 17,604	\$ 15,746

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2011	2010
<b><u>Cash Flow Data (in thousands):</u></b>		
Operating cash flows	\$ 3,657	\$ (537)
Investing cash flows	319	1,592
Financing cash flows	(1,823)	1
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,153	\$ 1,056

*Liquidity*

Liquid assets consist of cash and cash equivalents, current receivables and investments. Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and non-interest-bearing and interest-bearing deposits with financial institutions. Accounts receivable primarily represents advisory fees we earn from the WisdomTree ETFs, which is collected by the fifth business day of the month following the month earned. Investments represent debt instruments of U.S. government and agency securities. Our liabilities consist primarily of payments owed to vendors and third parties in the normal course of business as well as accrued incentive compensation for employees.

Cash and cash equivalents increased \$2.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 2011 primarily due to \$3.7 million of cash flows generated by our operating activities as a result of higher revenues from higher assets under management partly offset by \$1.8 million of cash flows used to repurchase our common stock.

Cash and cash equivalents increased \$1.1 million in six months ended June 30, 2010 primarily due to \$1.6 million of proceeds from net redemptions of our investments.

*Capital Resources*

Our principal source of financing has been through the private placement of our common stock. We believe that current cash flows generated by our operating activities should be sufficient for us to fund our operations for at least the next 12 months and at this time, we do not intend to issue any shares of common stock to fund our operations.

*Use of Capital*

Our business does not require us to maintain a significant cash position. We expect that our main uses of cash will be to fund the ongoing operations of our business, invest in strategic growth initiatives, re-acquire shares of our common stock issued to our employees as incentive compensation as discussed below, or expand our business through strategic acquisitions.

---

## **Table of Contents**

During the first six months of 2011, we repurchased approximately 345,000 shares from our employees at a cost of \$1.8 million in connection with vesting of restricted stock. The amount repurchased represented the estimated tax liability the employees owed to the various taxing authorities related to the income they earned from vested shares. We expect to continue purchasing shares for similar reasons for the remainder of 2011.

### ***Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements***

Other than operating leases, which are included in the table above, we do not have any off-balance sheet financing or other arrangements. We have neither created nor are party to any special-purpose or off-balance sheet entities for the purpose of raising capital, incurring debt or operating our business.

### ***Critical Accounting Policies***

#### ***Stock-Based Compensation***

Stock-based compensation expense reflects the fair value of stock-based awards measured at grant date and is recognized over the relevant service period. The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option valuation model. The Black-Scholes option valuation model we use includes the input of certain variables that are dependent on future expectations, including the expected lives of our options from grant date to exercise date, the volatility of our underlying common shares in the market over that time period, the rate of dividends that we may pay during that time and an appropriate risk-free interest rate. Many of these assumptions require management's judgment. If actual experience differs significantly from these estimates, stock-based compensation expense and our results of operations could be materially affected.

#### ***Income and Deferred Taxes***

We recognize an asset or liability for the deferred tax consequences of temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the financial statements. These temporary differences will result in taxable or deductible amounts in future years when the reported amounts of assets are recovered or liabilities are settled. A valuation allowance is recorded to reduce the carrying values of deferred tax assets and liabilities to the amount that is more likely than not to be realized. As of June 30, 2011, we have net operating loss carry forwards and we have recognized a deferred tax asset for such carry forwards. Given the significant losses we have incurred since we began our operations, a valuation allowance has been recorded for the full amount of the deferred tax asset.

#### ***Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements***

In January 2010, ASU No. 2010-6, *Improving Disclosures About Fair Value Measurement*, adds required disclosures about items transferring into and out of Levels 1 and 2 in the fair value hierarchy; adding separate disclosures about purchase, sales, issuances, and settlements relative to Level 3 measurements; and clarifying, among other things, the existing fair value disclosures about the level of disaggregation. ASU No. 2010-6 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the requirement to provide Level 3 purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements on a gross basis, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010. This standard impacts disclosure requirements only and did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2011, FASB issued ASU No. 2011-04 *Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)*. ASU No. 2011-04 includes common requirements for measurement of and disclosure about fair value between U.S. GAAP and IFRS. ASU No. 2011-04 will require reporting entities to disclose the following information for fair value measurements categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy: quantitative information about the unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement, the valuation processes used by the reporting entity and a narrative description of the sensitivity of the fair value measurement to changes in unobservable inputs and the interrelationships between those unobservable inputs. In addition, ASU No. 2011-04 will require reporting entities to make disclosures about amounts and reasons for all transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements. The new and revised disclosures are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. At this time, management is evaluating the implications of ASU No. 2011-04 and its impact on the Company's financial statements.



---

**Table of Contents**

**ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

In the normal course of business, our financial results are subject to market risk. Market risk to us generally represents the risk of changes in the value of financial instruments held in the portfolios of the WisdomTree ETFs that generally results from fluctuations in equity prices, foreign currency exchange rates against the U.S. dollar, and interest rates. Predominantly all of our revenues are derived from advisory agreements for the WisdomTree ETFs. Under these agreements, the advisory fee we receive is based on the market value of the assets in the WisdomTree ETF portfolios we manage.

Fluctuations in the value of these securities are common and are generated by numerous factors such as market volatility, the overall economy, inflation, changes in investor strategies, availability of alternative investment vehicles, government regulations and others. Accordingly changes in any one or a combination of these factors may reduce the value of investment securities and, in turn, the underlying assets under management on which our revenues are earned. These declines may cause investors to withdraw funds from our ETFs in favor of investments that they perceive as offering greater opportunity or lower risk, thereby compounding the impact on our revenues. Beginning in the second half of 2008 and into 2009, global equity markets experienced unprecedented volatility which caused significant declines in our assets under management and revenues during the quarters in that time period. Challenging and volatile market conditions might continue to be present in the foreseeable future.

In order to maximize yields, we invest our corporate cash in short-term interest earning assets, primarily money market instruments at a commercial bank and U.S. government and agency debt instruments which totaled \$9.3 million, \$8.6 million and \$8.2 million as of December 31, 2009, 2010 and as of June 30, 2011, respectively. We do not anticipate that changes in interest rates will have a material impact on our financial condition, operating results or cash flows.

**ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

**Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

As of June 30, 2011, our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our Executive Vice President Finance and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and our Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of June 30, 2011, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level in ensuring that material information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules, regulations and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, including ensuring that such material information is accumulated by and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Executive Vice President Finance and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

**Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

During the quarter ended June 30, 2011, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

**PART II: OTHER INFORMATION**

**ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

As an investment advisor, we may be subject to routine reviews and inspections by the SEC as well as legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. We are not currently party to any litigation or other legal proceedings that are expected to have a material impact on our business, financial position or results of operations.

---

**Table of Contents**

**ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

*Any investment in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should consider carefully the specific risk factors described below in addition to the other information contained in this Report before making a decision to invest in our common stock. If any of these risks actually occur, our business, operating results, financial condition and prospects could be harmed. This could cause the trading price of our common stock to decline and a loss of all or part of your investment.*

**Risks Relating to our Industry and Business**

*We have only a limited operating history and, as a result, recent historical growth may not provide an accurate representation of the growth we may experience in the future, which will make it difficult to evaluate our future prospects.*

We launched our first 20 ETFs in June 2006 and have only a limited operating history in the asset management business upon which an evaluation of our performance can be made. Since we launched our first ETFs, we have incurred significant losses and we first reported net income in the first quarter of 2011. We only began to generate positive cash flow on a full quarterly basis in the second fiscal quarter of the year ended December 31, 2010 and, as a result, recent historical growth may not provide an accurate representation of the growth we may experience in the future, which will make it difficult to evaluate our future prospects. We have a history of net losses and have not achieved sustained profitability and we may not be able to maintain or increase our level of profitability. Prior to generating net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, we incurred net losses of \$27.0 million, \$21.2 million and \$7.5 million in the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010, respectively. Even though we achieve profitability in one quarter or period, because of the various risks outlined in this Report, we cannot be assured that we will continue to be profitable. As a result, recent historical growth may not provide an accurate representation of the growth we may experience in the future, which will make it difficult to evaluate our future prospects.

*Difficult market conditions and declining prices of securities can adversely affect our business by reducing the market value of the assets we manage or causing customers to sell their fund shares and triggering redemptions.*

We are subject to risks arising from adverse changes in market conditions and the declining price of securities, which may result in a decrease in demand for investment products, a higher redemption rate or a decline in AUM. Our revenue is directly impacted by the value of the securities held by our funds. As a result, our business can be expected to generate lower revenue in declining markets or general economic downturns, such as after the recent U.S. government debt rating downgrade and renewed worry about the economy. Substantially all of our revenue is determined by the amount of our AUM and much of our AUM is represented by equity securities. Under our advisory fee arrangements, the advisory fees we receive are based on the market value of our AUM. A decline in the prices of securities held by the WisdomTree ETFs may cause our revenue to decline by either causing the value of our AUM to decrease, which would result in lower advisory fees, or causing investors in the WisdomTree ETFs to sell their shares in favor of investments they perceive to offer greater opportunity or lower risk, thus triggering redemptions that would also result in decreased AUM and lower fees. The securities markets are highly volatile, and securities prices may increase or decrease for many reasons, including general economic conditions, political events, acts of terrorism and other matters beyond our control.

*Volatility and disruption of the capital and credit markets, and adverse changes in the global economy, may significantly affect our results of operations and may put pressure on our financial results.*

Since our family of ETFs invests in both U.S. and international markets, its investment performance is subject to changing conditions in the global financial markets, and may also be affected by political, social and economic conditions in general. Beginning in the second half of 2007, and particularly during the second half of 2008 through early 2009, the financial markets were characterized by unprecedented levels of volatility and limited liquidity. This materially and adversely affected the capital and credit markets and led to a widespread loss of investor confidence. Although we did not experience significant net outflows of AUM, the effects of the financial crisis on the economy caused a significant decline in the value of equity securities, the market value of our AUM declined substantially and we faced a severe reduction of revenue. A similar disruption in the future, even if of a lesser magnitude, could cause us to experience net outflows of AUM or a decline in the value of equity and debt securities, thus reducing our AUM and revenue.

---

**Table of Contents**

***Fluctuations in the amount and mix of our assets under management may negatively impact revenue and operating margin.***

The level of our revenue depends on the level and mix of assets under management. Our revenue is derived primarily from advisory fees based on a percentage of the value of our AUM and varies with the nature of the ETF, which have different fee levels. Any decrease in the value or amount of our assets under management because of market volatility or other factors negatively impacts our revenue. A decline in the prices of the securities held by our ETFs or in the sales of our investment products would reduce our revenue. Fluctuations in the amount and mix of our assets under management may be attributable in part to market conditions outside of our control that have had, and in the future could have, a negative impact on our revenue and operating margin.

We are subject to an increased risk of asset volatility from changes in the foreign markets as discussed below. Individual markets may be adversely affected by economic, political, financial, or other instabilities that are particular to the country or regions in which a market is located, including without limitation local acts of terrorism, economic crises or other business, social or political crises. Declines in these markets and currency fluctuations have caused in the past, and may cause in the future, a decline in our revenue. Changing market conditions and currency fluctuations may cause a shift in our asset mix between foreign and U.S. assets, potentially resulting in a decline in our revenue since we generally derive higher fee revenue from our ETFs investing in foreign markets, particularly in emerging markets.

***Most of our assets under management are held in ETFs that invest in foreign securities and we have substantial exposure to foreign market conditions and we are subject to currency exchange rate risks.***

Many of our ETFs invest in securities of companies, governments and other organizations located outside the United States and at June 30, 2011, approximately 74% of our AUM was held by these ETFs. Therefore the success of our business is closely tied to market conditions in foreign markets. Investments in non-U.S. issuers are effected by political, social and economic uncertainty effecting a country or region in which we are invested. In addition, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates could reduce the revenue we earn from these foreign invested ETFs. This occurs because an increase in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to non-U.S. currencies may result in a decrease in the dollar value of the AUM in these ETFs, which, in turn, would result in lower revenue. In addition, investors are likely to believe these ETFs, as well as our suite of currency and fixed income ETFs, are a less attractive investment opportunity when the value of the U.S. dollar rises relative to non-U.S. currencies, which could have the effect of reducing investments in these ETFs, thus reducing revenue.

***We derive a substantial portion of our revenue from products invested in emerging markets and are exposed to the market-specific political and economic risks as well as general investor sentiment regarding future growth of those markets.***

At June 30, 2011, approximately 38% of our ETF AUM were concentrated in five of our WisdomTree ETFs that primarily invest in equity or fixed income securities issued by companies in emerging markets. In the year ended December 31, 2010, approximately 44% of our revenue was derived from those five ETFs. As a result, our operating results are particularly exposed to the performance of those funds, economic and market conditions in this region, general investor sentiment regarding future growth in this region and our ability to maintain the assets under management of those funds. In addition, because these funds have a higher expense ratio than our fund family in general, they generate a disproportionate percentage of our total revenue. If the AUM in these funds were to decline, either because of declining market values or because of net outflows from these funds, our revenue would be adversely affected.

***We derive a substantial portion of our revenue from a limited number of products and, as a result, our operating results are particularly exposed to the performance of those funds, investor sentiment toward investing in the strategies pursued by those funds and our ability to maintain the assets under management of those funds.***

At June 30, 2011, approximately 65% of our ETF assets under management were concentrated in 10 of our 46 WisdomTree ETFs. As a result, our operating results are particularly exposed to the performance of those funds, investor sentiment toward investing in the strategies pursued by those funds and our ability to maintain the assets under management of those funds.

---

**Table of Contents**

***The WisdomTree ETFs have a limited track record and poor investment performance could cause our revenue to decline.***

The WisdomTree ETFs have a limited track record upon which an evaluation of their investment performance can be made. The investment performance of our funds is important to our success. While strong investment performance could stimulate sales of our ETFs, poor investment performance, on an absolute basis or as compared to third-party benchmarks or competitive products, could lead to a decrease in sales or stimulate redemptions, thereby lowering the assets under management and reducing our revenue. Our fundamentally-weighted equity ETFs are designed to provide the potential for better risk-adjusted investment returns over full market cycles and are best suited for investors with a longer-term investment horizon. The investment approach of our equity ETFs may not perform well during certain shorter periods of time during different points in the economic cycle 22 of our 34 equity ETFs at June 30, 2011 outperformed their respective market capitalization-weighted competitive benchmarks since their respective inception through June 30, 2011; 19 of our 34 ETFs have outperformed their respective market equalization-weighted benchmarks for the one year period ended June 30, 2011. However, the investment performance of our funds over shorter periods with different market conditions has not been as strong. Past or present performance is not indicative of future performance.

***We depend on BNY Mellon to provide us with critical services to operate our business and the WisdomTree ETFs and the failure of BNY Mellon to adequately provide such services could materially affect our operating business and harm our customers.***

We depend upon BNY Mellon to provide the WisdomTree Trust with portfolio management services. BNY Mellon also provides us with custody services, fund accounting, administration, transfer agency and securities lending services. The failure of BNY Mellon to provide to us and the WisdomTree ETFs with these services could lead to operational issues and could result in financial loss to us and our customers. In addition, because our relationship with BNY Mellon involves a multitude of important services to us and portfolio management for the WisdomTree ETFs covers several different asset classes, changing this vendor relationship would require us to devote a significant portion of management's time to negotiate a similar relationship with a new vendor or to have these services divided and provided by more than one vendor and subsequently to coordinate the transfer of these functions to this new vendor or vendors.

***We depend on other third parties to provide many critical services to operate our business and the WisdomTree ETFs and the failure of key vendors to adequately provide such services could materially affect our operating business and harm our customers.***

In addition to BNY Mellon, we depend on other third-party vendors to provide us with many services that are critical to operating our business, including a third-party provider of index calculation services for our indexes, a distributor of the WisdomTree ETFs and a third-party provider of indicative values of the portfolios of the WisdomTree ETFs. The failure of these key vendors to provide to us and the WisdomTree ETFs with these services could lead to operational issues and could result in financial loss to us and our customers.

***The asset management business is intensely competitive and many of our competitors have greater market share, offer a broader range of products and have greater financial resources than we do. As a result, we may experience pressures on our pricing and market share.***

Our business operates in intensely competitive industry segments. Our competitors include other ETF sponsors as well as mutual fund companies, commercial banks and thrift institutions, insurance companies, hedge funds, asset managers, brokerage and investment banking firms and other financial institutions, including multinational firms and subsidiaries of diversified conglomerates. We compete based on a number of factors, including name recognition, service, investment performance, product features and breadth of product choices, and fees. Many of our competitors have greater market share, offer a broader range of products and have greater financial resources than we do. Some financial institutions operate in a more favorable regulatory environment and have proprietary products and distribution channels which may provide certain competitive advantages to them and their investment products. In addition, over time certain sectors of the financial services industry have become

---

**Table of Contents**

considerably more concentrated, as financial institutions involved in a broad range of financial services have been acquired by or merged into other firms. This convergence could result in our competitors gaining greater resources and we may experience pressures on our pricing and market share as a result of these factors and as some of our competitors seek to increase market share by reducing prices. We believe that competition within the ETF industry will continue to increase as more traditional asset management companies become ETF sponsors.

***Competitive fee pressures could reduce revenue and profit margins.***

The investment management business is highly competitive and has relatively low barriers to entry. Although the ETF industry currently has a higher barrier to entry as a result of the need for ETF sponsors to obtain exemptive relief from the SEC in order to operate ETFs, we expect that additional companies, both new companies and traditional asset managers, many whom are much larger than us, will enter the ETF space. In addition, in 2008, the SEC proposed a rule that, if adopted, would eliminate the need to obtain this exemptive relief. To the extent that we are forced to compete on the basis of price, we may not be able to maintain our current fee structure. Fee reductions on existing or future new products could cause our revenue and profit margins to decline.

***Our revenue could be adversely affected if the WisdomTree Trust determines that the advisory fees we received from the WisdomTree ETFs should be reduced.***

Our advisory agreements with the WisdomTree Trust and the fees we collect from the WisdomTree ETFs are subject to review and approval by the independent trustees of the WisdomTree Trust. The advisory agreements are subject to initial review and approval. After the initial two-year term of the agreement for each ETF, the continuation of such agreement must be reviewed and approved by a majority of the independent trustees at least annually. In determining whether to approve the agreements, the independent trustees consider factors such as (i) the nature and quality of the services provided by us, (ii) the fees charged by us and the costs and profits realized by us in connection with such services, as well as any ancillary or fall-out benefits from such services, (iii) the extent to which economies of scale are shared with the WisdomTree ETFs, and (iv) the level of fees paid by other similar funds. If the independent trustees determine that the advisory fees we charge to any particular fund are too high, we will need to reduce our fees, which could adversely affect our revenue.

***Our risk management policies and procedures, and those of our third-party vendors upon which we rely, may not be fully effective in identifying or mitigating risk exposure, including employee misconduct. If our policies and procedures do not adequately protect us from exposure to these risks, we may incur losses that would adversely affect our financial condition, reputation and market share.***

We have developed risk management policies and procedures and we continue to refine them as we conduct our business. Many of our procedures involve oversight of third-party vendors that provide us with critical services such as portfolio management, custody and fund accounting and administration, and index calculation services. Nonetheless, our policies and procedures to identify, monitor and manage risks may not be fully effective in mitigating our risk exposure. Moreover, we are subject to the risks of errors and misconduct by our employees, including fraud and non-compliance with policies. These risks are difficult to detect in advance and deter, and could harm our business, results of operations or financial condition. Although we maintain insurance and use other traditional risk-shifting tools, such as third-party indemnification, in order to manage certain exposures, they are subject to terms such as deductibles, coinsurance, limits and policy exclusions, as well as risk of counterparty denial of coverage, default or insolvency. If our policies and procedures do not adequately protect us from exposure and our exposure is not adequately covered by insurance or other risk-shifting tools, we may incur losses that would adversely affect our financial condition and could cause a reduction in our revenue as our customers shift their investments to the products of our competitors.

***Compliance with extensive, complex and changing regulation imposes significant financial and strategic costs on our business, and non-compliance could result in fines and penalties.***

We are subject to extensive regulation of our business and operations. As a registered investment adviser, the SEC oversees our activities pursuant to its regulatory authority under the Investment Advisers Act. We also must comply with certain requirements under the Investment Company Act with respect to the WisdomTree ETFs for which we act as investment adviser. In addition, the content and use of our marketing and sales materials and our sales force is subject to the regulatory authority of FINRA. To a lesser extent, we are also subject to foreign

## **Table of Contents**

laws and regulatory authority with respect to operational aspects of our funds that invest in securities of issuers in foreign countries and in the sales of our funds in foreign jurisdictions. Each of the regulatory bodies with jurisdiction over us has regulatory powers dealing with many aspects of our business, including the authority to grant, and, in specific circumstances to cancel, permissions to carry on particular businesses. Our failure to comply with applicable laws or regulations could result in fines, censure, suspensions of personnel or other sanctions, including revocation of our registration as an investment adviser. Even if a sanction imposed against us or our personnel is small in monetary amount, the adverse publicity arising from the imposition of sanctions against us by regulators could harm our reputation and thus result in redemptions from our ETFs and impede our ability to retain customers and develop new customers, all of which may reduce our revenue.

We face the risk of significant intervention by regulatory authorities, including extended investigation activity, adoption of costly or restrictive new regulations and judicial or administrative proceedings that may result in substantial penalties. Among other things, we could be fined or be prohibited from engaging in some of our business activities. The requirements imposed by our regulators are designed to ensure the integrity of the financial markets and to protect customers and other third parties who deal with us, and are not designed to protect our stockholders. Consequently, these regulations often serve to limit our activities, including through customer protection and market conduct requirements.

In addition, the regulatory environment in which we operate is subject to modifications and further regulation. New laws or regulations, or changes in the enforcement of existing laws or regulations, applicable to us and our clients also may adversely affect our business, and our ability to function in this environment will depend on our ability to constantly monitor and react to these changes. For example, in January 2011 the Commodity Futures Trading Commission proposed regulations that, if adopted, would impose upon us additional registration and licensing requirements and subject us to an additional and extensive regulatory structure. If adopted, these regulations would likely cause us to incur additional costs to achieve and maintain compliance.

Specific regulatory changes also may have a direct impact on our revenue. In addition to regulatory scrutiny and potential fines and sanctions, regulators continue to examine different aspects of the asset management industry. New regulation or judicial interpretations regarding the annual approval process for investment advisory agreements may result in the reduction of fees under these agreements. These regulatory changes and other proposed or potential changes may result in a reduction of revenue.

***We may in the future be involved in legal proceedings that could require significant management time and attention and result in significant expense and may result in an unfavorable outcome which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.***

From time to time, we may be subject to litigation. In connection with any litigation in which we are involved, we may be forced to incur costs and expenses in connection with defending ourselves and the payment of any settlement or judgment in connection therewith if there is an unfavorable outcome. The expense of defending litigation may be significant. The amount of time to resolve lawsuits is unpredictable and defending ourselves may divert management's attention from the day-to-day operations of our business, which could adversely affect our business, results of operations and cash flows. In addition, an unfavorable outcome in any such litigation could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and cash flows.

***Damage to our reputation could adversely affect our business.***

We believe we have developed a strong brand and a reputation for innovative, thoughtful products, favorable long-term risk-adjusted investment performance and excellent client services. The WisdomTree name and brand are valuable assets and any damage to either could hamper our ability to maintain and grow our assets under management and attract and retain employees, thereby having a material adverse effect on our revenue. Risks to our reputation may range from regulatory issues to unsubstantiated accusations and managing such matters may be expensive, time-consuming and difficult.

---

**Table of Contents**

***Market disruptions that halt or disrupt trading or create extreme volatility could undermine investor confidence in the ETF investment structure and limit investor acceptance of ETFs.***

The shares of the WisdomTree ETFs, like the shares of all ETFs, trade on exchanges in market transactions that generally approximate the value of the underlying portfolio of securities held by the particular ETF. Market trading involves risks such as the potential lack of an active market for fund shares and losses from trading. This can be exacerbated when markets conditions are extremely volatile or when trading is disrupted. For example, during the so-called flash crash that occurred in May 2010 the shares of some ETFs traded with extreme volatility that was not correspondent with the underlying value of their portfolio investments. Repeated circumstances of this type of market condition could undermine investor confidence in the ETF structure as an investment vehicle and limit further investor acceptance of ETFs. This could result in limited growth or a reduction in the overall ETF market and result in our revenue not growing as rapidly as it has in the recent past or even in a reduction of revenue.

***We have experienced a period of significant growth in recent years, and if we were unable to manage this growth it could have a material adverse effect on our business.***

We have experienced a period of significant growth in recent years, which has placed increased demands on our management and other resources and will continue to do so in the future. We may not be able to maintain or accelerate our current growth rate, manage our expanding operations effectively or achieve planned growth on a timely or profitable basis. Managing our growth effectively will involve, among other things:

continuing to retain, motivate and manage our existing employees and attract and integrate new employees;

developing, implementing and improving our operational, financial, accounting, reporting and other internal systems and controls on a timely basis; and

maintaining and developing our various support functions including human resources, information technology, legal and corporate communications.

If we are unable to manage our growth effectively, there could be a material adverse effect on our ability to maintain or increase revenue and profitability.

Continued growth will require continued investment in personnel, information technology infrastructure, and marketing activities, as well as further development and implementation of financial, operational and compliance systems and controls. We may not be successful in implementing all of the processes that are necessary to support our growth. Unless our growth results in an increase in our revenue that is at least proportionate to the increase in our costs associated with this growth, our gross margins and our future profitability will be adversely affected.

Our growth strategy also involves, among other things, diversifying our product line to include more ETFs in non-equity asset classes, including fixed income and alternative investment strategies. This will require us to develop products in areas in which we do not have significant prior experience. We may not be successful in developing new products and if developed and launched, we may not be successful in marketing these new products.

***Our ability to operate our company effectively could be impaired if we fail to retain or recruit key personnel.***

The success of our business and the implementation of our growth strategy are highly dependent on our ability to attract, retain and motivate highly skilled, and sometimes highly specialized, employees, including in particular, operations, product development, research and sales personnel. The market for these individuals is extremely competitive and is likely to become more so as additional investment management firms enter the ETF industry. We cannot be assured that our compensation methods will enable us to recruit and retain required personnel. In particular, our use of equity grants as a component of total employee compensation may be ineffective if the market price of our common stock declines. Also, we may also need to increase compensation, which would decrease our net income or increase our losses. If we are unable to retain and attract key personnel, it could have an adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.





## **Table of Contents**

### ***Changes in U.S. federal income tax law could make some of our products less attractive to customers.***

Many of the WisdomTree ETFs seek to obtain the investment return achieved by our proprietary indexes that weight index components based upon dividends. Corporate dividends currently enjoy favorable tax treatment under current U.S. federal income tax law. If the tax rates imposed on dividends were to be increased, it may make these WisdomTree ETFs less attractive to our customers.

### ***Our expenses are subject to fluctuations that could materially affect our operating results.***

Our results of operations are also dependent on the level of expenses, which can vary significantly from quarter to quarter. Our expenses may fluctuate primarily as a result of discretionary spending, including marketing, advertising and sales expenses we incur to support our growth initiatives. Accordingly, our results of operation may vary significantly from quarter to quarter.

### ***Any significant limitation or failure of our technology systems that are critical to our operations could materially interrupt or damage our operations and result in material financial loss, regulatory violations, reputational harm or legal liability.***

We are dependent upon the effectiveness of our information security policies, procedures and capabilities to protect the technology systems that we use to operate our business and to protect the data that reside on or are transmitted through them. Although we take protective measures to secure information, our technology systems may still be vulnerable to unauthorized access, computer viruses or other events that could result in inaccuracies in our information or system disruptions or failures, which could materially interrupt or damage our operations. Any inaccuracies, delays or system failures could subject us to client dissatisfaction and losses or result in material financial loss, regulatory violations, reputational harm or legal liability, which, in turn, could cause a decline in the company's earnings or stock price.

### ***Catastrophic and unpredictable events could have a material adverse effect on our business.***

A terrorist attack, war, power failure, cyber-attack, natural disaster or other catastrophic or unpredictable event could adversely affect our future revenue, expenses and operating results by: interrupting our normal business operations; sustaining employee casualties, including loss of our key employees; requiring substantial expenditures and expenses to repair, replace and restore normal business operations; and reducing investor confidence. We have a disaster recovery plan to address certain contingencies, but we cannot be assured that this plan will be sufficient in responding or ameliorating the effects of all disaster scenarios. Similarly, these types of events could also affect the ability of the third-party vendors that we rely upon to conduct our business e.g., BNY Mellon, which provides us with sub-advisory portfolio management services as well as custodial, fund accounting and administration services, or Standard & Poor's, which provide us with index calculation services to continue to provide these necessary services to us, even though they also have disaster recovery plans to address these contingencies. If we or our third-party vendors are unable to respond adequately or in a timely manner, this failure may result in a loss of revenue and/or increased expenses, either of which would have a material adverse effect on our operating results.

### ***A change of control of our company would automatically terminate our investment management agreements relating to the WisdomTree ETFs unless the Board of Trustees of the WisdomTree Trust and stockholders of the WisdomTree ETFs voted to continue the agreements.***

Under the Investment Company Act, an investment management agreement with a fund must provide for its automatic termination in the event of its assignment. The fund's board and stockholders must vote to continue the agreement following its assignment, the cost of which can be significant and which ordinarily would be borne by us in order to avoid dissatisfaction by the stockholders of the WisdomTree ETFs.

Under the Investment Advisers Act, a client's investment management agreement may not be assigned by the investment advisor without the client's consent. An investment management agreement is considered under both acts to be assigned to another party when a controlling block of the advisor's securities is transferred. In our

---

**Table of Contents**

case, an assignment of our investment management agreements may occur if we sell or issue a certain number of additional shares of common stock in the future or if a third party were to acquire a controlling interest in our company. We cannot be certain that the Trustees and the stockholders of the WisdomTree ETFs would consent to assignments of our investment management agreements or approve new agreements with us if a change of control occurs. This restriction may discourage potential purchasers from acquiring a controlling interest in our company.

*We may be subject to claims of infringement of third-party intellectual property rights, which could harm our business.*

Third parties may assert against us alleged patent, copyright, trademark or other intellectual property rights to intellectual property that is important to our business. Any claims that our products or processes infringe the intellectual property rights of others, regardless of the merit or resolution of such claims, could cause us to incur significant costs in responding to, defending and resolving such claims, and may divert the efforts and attention of our management from our business. As a result of such intellectual property infringement claims, we could be required or otherwise decide that it is appropriate to:

pay third-party infringement claims;

discontinue selling the particular funds subject to infringement claims;

discontinue using the processes subject to infringement claims;

develop other intellectual property or products not subject to infringement claims, which could be time-consuming and costly or may not be possible; or

license the intellectual property from the third party claiming infringement, which license may not be available on commercially reasonable terms.

The occurrence of any of the foregoing could result in unexpected expenses, reduce our revenue and adversely affect our business and financial results.

*We have applied for patents, but there is no assurance that they will be issued and we may not be able to enforce or protect our patents and other intellectual property rights, which may harm our ability to compete and harm our business.*

Although we have applied for patents relating to our index methodology and relating to the operation of our equity ETFs, there is no assurance that patents will be issued. In addition, even if issued, our ability to enforce our patents and other intellectual property rights is subject to general litigation risks. While we have been competing without the benefit of these patents being issued, if they are not issued or we cannot successfully enforce them, we may lose the benefit of a future competitive advantage that they would otherwise provide to us. If we seek to enforce our rights, we could be subject to claims that the intellectual property right is invalid or is otherwise not enforceable. Furthermore, our assertion of intellectual property rights could result in the other party seeking to assert alleged intellectual property rights of its own or assert other claims against us, which could harm our business. If we are not ultimately successful in defending ourselves against these claims in litigation, we may be subject to the risks described in the immediately preceding risk factor entitled "We may be subject to claims of infringement of third-party intellectual property rights, which could harm our business."

*Fulfilling our public company financial reporting and other regulatory obligations will be expensive and time consuming.*

As a Company whose common stock was recently registered under the Exchange Act and listed on a national securities exchange, we are required to maintain specific corporate governance practices and adhere to a variety of reporting requirements and complex accounting rules under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ( "SOX" ) and the related rules and regulations of the SEC, as well as the rules of the securities exchange. We anticipate that compliance with these requirements will cause us to continue to incur significant legal and accounting compliance costs, and place significant demands on our accounting and legal staff, and on our accounting and information systems. We expect to hire additional staff with appropriate public company experience and technical knowledge, which is planned to increase our compensation expense.



## **Table of Contents**

Beginning with the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, our management will be required to conduct an annual assessment of the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting and include a report on our internal controls in our annual reports on Form 10-K pursuant to Section 404 of SOX. In addition, we are required to have our independent registered public accounting firm attest to and report on the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting. We will incur significant costs in order to implement and maintain our internal control over financial reporting and comply with Section 404 of SOX, including necessary auditing and legal fees, and costs associated with accounting, internal audit, information technology, compliance and administrative staff.

*We may face risks arising from future acquisitions and our efforts to acquire companies may subject us to significant costs without the realization of the anticipated benefits of those acquisitions.*

We may acquire other companies in the future. Any such acquisition may be effected quickly, may occur at any time and may be significant in size relative to our existing operations. These acquisitions may involve numerous risks, including, among others:

failure to achieve financial or operating objectives;

failure to integrate successfully and in a timely manner any operations, products, services or technology;

diversion of the attention of management and other personnel;

failure to obtain necessary regulatory or other approvals;

failure to retain personnel;

failure to obtain any necessary financing on acceptable terms;

unforeseen liabilities of the acquired entity;

failure of counterparties to indemnify us against liabilities arising from the acquired entities; and

unfavorable market conditions that could negatively impact our growth expectations of the acquired.

These risks and the overall failure to manage successfully any potential acquisition could adversely affect our future profitability and may prevent us from realizing expected benefits from the acquisitions and could result in the impairment of goodwill and/or intangible assets recognized at the time of acquisition.

### **Risks Relating to our Common Stock**

*The market price of our shares may fluctuate.*

The market price of our common stock may fluctuate widely, depending upon many factors, some of which may be beyond our control, including:

decreases in our assets under management;

variations in our quarterly operating results;

differences between our actual financial operating results and those expected by investors and analysts;

publication of research reports about us or the investment management industry;

---

**Table of Contents**

changes in expectations concerning our future financial performance and the future performance of the ETF industry and the asset management industry in general, including financial estimates and recommendations by securities analysts;

our strategic moves and those of our competitors, such as acquisitions;

changes in the regulatory framework of the ETF industry and the asset management industry in general and regulatory action, including action by the SEC to lessen the regulatory requirements or shortening the process to obtain regulatory relief under the Investment Company Act of 1940 that is necessary to become an ETF sponsor; and

changes in general economic or market conditions.

Stock markets in general have experienced volatility that has often been unrelated to the operating performance of a particular company. These broad market fluctuations may adversely affect the trading price of our common stock.

***Future sales of our common stock in the public market by management or our large stockholders could lower our stock price.***

As of August 18, 2011 our two largest stockholders (each of whom has a representative on our Board of Directors), together with the other members of our Board of Directors and our executive officers, beneficially own approximately 57.1% of our outstanding common stock. Sales of a substantial portion of this common stock in the open market, or the perception that such sales could occur, could have an adverse affect on the market price of our common stock and cause it to decline.

Furthermore, these stockholders and management are parties to a registration rights agreement with us. Under that agreement, the holders of a majority of the shares subject to the agreement have the right to cause us to file one or more registration statements for the resale of their respective shares of common stock and cooperate in certain underwritten offerings. These registrations will require us to incur costs and the subsequent sales could have an adverse affect on the market price of our common stock.

***Future issuance of our common stock could lower our stock price and dilute the interests of existing stockholders.***

As part of our growth strategy, we will explore various acquisition opportunities that may be presented to us. In connection with any such acquisition, we may issue our common stock as all or part of the consideration or we may sell our common stock in a public offering or private placement to obtain cash proceeds to finance the acquisition. The issuance of a substantial amount of common stock could have the effect of substantially diluting the interests of our current stockholders. In addition, the sale of a substantial amount of common stock in the public market, either in the initial issuance or in a subsequent resale by the target company or investors in a private placement could have an adverse affect on the market price of our common stock.

***The members of our Board of Directors and our executive officers, as stockholders, control our company.***

As of August 18, 2011, the members of our Board of Directors and our executive officers, as stockholders, collectively beneficially own 57.1% of our outstanding common stock. As a result of this ownership, they are able to control all matters requiring approval by stockholders of our company, including the election of directors. Furthermore, Michael Steinhardt, chairman of our Board of Directors, beneficially owns 29.4% of our outstanding common stock and James D. Robinson, IV, a director of our company, serves as a general partner of the general partner of three venture capital funds that together beneficially own 17.5% of our outstanding common stock. As a result, Messrs. Steinhardt and Robinson beneficially own an aggregate of 46.9% of our outstanding stock and have the ability to control all matters requiring approval by stockholders of our company.

Although our directors and officers have a duty of loyalty to us under Delaware law and our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, transactions that we enter into in which a director or officer has a conflict of interest are generally permissible so long as (1) the material facts relating to the director's or officer's relationship or

## **Table of Contents**

interest as to the transaction are disclosed to our Board of Directors and a majority of our disinterested directors, or a committee consisting solely of disinterested directors, approves the transaction, (2) the material facts relating to the director's or officer's relationship or interest as to the transaction are disclosed to our stockholders and a majority of our disinterested stockholders approves the transaction or (3) the transaction is otherwise fair to us. Under our certificate of incorporation, representatives of our stockholders are not required to offer to us any transaction opportunity of which they become aware and could take any such opportunity for themselves or offer it to other companies in which they have an investment, unless such opportunity is expressly offered to them solely in their capacity as a director of ours.

***A provision in our certificate of incorporation and by-laws may prevent or delay an acquisition of our company, which could decrease the market value of our common stock.***

Provisions of Delaware law and our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated by-laws may discourage, delay or prevent a merger, acquisition or other change in control that stockholders may consider favorable. These provisions may also prevent or delay attempts by stockholders to replace or remove our current management or members of our Board of Directors. These provisions include:

a classified board of directors;

limitations on the removal of directors;

advance notice requirements for stockholder proposals and nominations;

the inability of stockholders to act by written consent or to call special meetings;

the ability of our Board of Directors to make, alter or repeal our amended and restated by-laws; and

the authority of our Board of Directors to issue preferred stock with such terms as our Board of Directors may determine.

In addition, upon the listing on our common stock on a national securities exchange, we will be subject to the provisions of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, which limits business combination transactions with stockholders of 15% or more of our outstanding voting stock that our Board of Directors has not approved. These provisions and other similar provisions make it more difficult for stockholders or potential acquirers to acquire us without negotiation. These provisions may apply even if some stockholders may consider the transaction beneficial to them.

As a result, these provisions could limit the price that investors are willing to pay in the future for shares of our common stock. These provisions might also discourage a potential acquisition proposal or tender offer, even if the acquisition proposal or tender offer is at a premium over the then current market price for our common stock.

***We do not intend to pay dividends in the foreseeable future.***

We have never paid dividends on our common stock and we intend to invest our available cash flow into our growth strategy for the foreseeable future. Thus, the shares of common stock may not realize a return in the form of dividends in the foreseeable future. Investors who anticipate the need for immediate dividends from shares of common stock should refrain from purchasing our common stock. In addition, our Board of Directors is authorized, without stockholder approval, to issue preferred stock with such terms as our Board of Directors may, in its discretion, determine. Our Board of Directors could, therefore, issue preferred stock with dividend rights superior to that of the common stock, which could also limit the payment of dividends on the common stock.

## **ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**

## Edgar Filing: WisdomTree Investments, Inc. - Form 10-Q

Set forth below is information regarding shares of capital stock issued and options granted by us during the second quarter of 2011. Also included is the consideration, if any, received by us for such shares and options and information relating to the section of the Securities Act, or rules of the SEC under which exemption from registration was claimed. No underwriters were involved in any of the following sales of securities.



**Table of Contents****Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities***Issuances to Employees, Consultants and Non-Employee Directors*

We believe employee ownership of common stock is in the best interest of our company and the issuance of stock options and restricted stock is a regular component of overall compensation for our employee and non-employee directors. The issuance of stock options and the common stock issuable upon the exercise of stock options as described below were issued pursuant to written compensatory benefit plans or arrangements with our employees, directors and senior board advisors not involving public offerings in reliance on the exemption provided by Rule 701 promulgated under the Securities Act or Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

During the second quarter of 2011, at various times, we issued an aggregate of 120,000 options to purchase shares of our common stock to our employees at exercise prices ranging from \$6.36 to \$6.82. These options were issued without cash consideration and become exercisable over four years based upon continued employment.

During the second quarter of 2011, we issued 203,434 shares of our common stock pursuant to the exercise of stock options.

**Use of Proceeds**

Not applicable.

**Purchase of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers**

The following table provides information with respect to purchases made by or on behalf of the Company or any affiliated purchaser of shares of the Company's common stock.

Period	(In thousands, except per share data)			Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Average Price Paid Per Share (1)	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	
April 1, 2011 to April 30, 2011	35	\$ 6.23		\$
May 1, 2011 to May 31, 2011	1	\$ 6.45		\$
June 1, 2011 to June 30, 2011		\$		\$
Total	36	\$ 6.24		

- (1) The identified shares reflect restricted shares withheld pursuant to the terms of awards granted to employees to offset tax withholding obligations that occur upon vesting and release of the restricted share. The value of the shares withheld are based upon the volume weighted average price of the common stock on the date of vesting. During the three months ended June 30, 2011, the Company repurchased 35,841 restricted shares of Company stock withheld pursuant to the terms of awards granted to employees to offset tax withholding obligations for an aggregate price of \$224 with an average price per share of \$6.24.



**Table of Contents**

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

<b>Exhibit No.</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Reference Exhibit No.</b>
3.1	(1) Form of Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation.	3.1
3.2	(1) Amended and Restated Bylaws.	3.2
4.1	(1) Specimen Common Stock Certificate.	4.1
4.2	(1) Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement among Registrant and certain investors dated December 21, 2006.	4.2
4.3	(1) Securities Purchase Agreement among Registrant and certain investors dated December 21, 2006.	4.3
4.4	(1) Securities Purchase Agreement among Registrant and certain investors dated October 15, 2009.	4.4
4.5	(1) Third Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement dated October 15, 2009.	4.5
10.1	(2) Amended and Restated Employment Agreement between WisdomTree Asset Management, Inc. and Bruce Lavine dated as of May 24, 2011.	10.31
10.2	(2) Amended and Restated Employment Agreement between WisdomTree Asset Management, Inc. and Peter M. Ziemba dated as of May 24, 2011.	10.32
10.3	(2) Amended and Restated Employment Agreement between WisdomTree Asset Management, Inc. and Amit Muni dated as of May 24, 2011.	10.33
10.34	(2) Form of Indemnification Agreement for Officers and Directors.	10.35
31.1	(3) Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14 of the Exchange Act.	
31.2	(3) Certification of Chief Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14 of the Exchange Act.	
32	(3) Section 1350 Certification.	
101.INS	(4)* XBRL Instance Document	
101.SCH	(4)* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document	
101.CAL	(4)* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document	
101.DEF	(4)* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document	
101.LAB	(4)* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document	
101.PRE	(4)* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document	

- (1) Incorporated by reference from the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form 10, filed with the SEC on March 31, 2011.
- (2) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Registration Statement on Amendment No. 1 to Form 10, filed with the SEC on May 26, 2011.
- (3) Filed herewith
- (4) To be furnished in an amendment to this Report to be filed within 30 days of the filing hereof.

Indicates management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement

\* To be submitted electronically as Exhibits 101 will be the following materials from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2011, formatted in eXtensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL) and tagged as blocks of text: (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010; (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010; (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010; and (iv) related notes, tagged as blocks of text. Pursuant

**Table of Contents**

to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T this data is deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, is deemed not filed for purposes of section 18 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections

**Table of Contents**

**SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized on this 7th day of September, 2011.

WISDOMTREE INVESTMENTS, INC.

By: */S/ Amit Muni*  
Amit Muni

*Executive Vice President Finance and Chief Financial Officer  
(Authorized Officer and Principal Financial Officer)*