

PROQUEST CO  
Form 10-Q  
August 10, 2005  
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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

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**FORM 10-Q**

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**x     QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  
ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended July 2, 2005

**OR**

**..     TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  
ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_.

Commission file number 1-3246

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**ProQuest Company**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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**Delaware**  
(State or Other Jurisdiction of

**36-3580106**  
(I.R.S. Employer

**Incorporation or Organization)**

**Identification No.)**

**777 Eisenhower Parkway, Ann Arbor, Michigan**  
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

**48106-1346**  
(Zip Code)

**Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (734) 761-4700**

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Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). ☒

The number of shares of the Registrant's Common Stock, \$.001 par value, outstanding as of August 8, 2005 was 29,868,120.

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ProQuest Company and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Operations

For the Thirteen and Twenty-Six Week Periods

Ended July 2, 2005, and July 3, 2004

(In thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

	Thirteen Weeks Ended		Twenty-Six Weeks Ended	
	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004
Net sales	\$ 140,345	\$ 112,191	\$ 261,465	\$ 223,041
Cost of sales	(70,338)	(55,168)	(127,503)	(109,133)
Gross profit	70,007	57,023	133,962	113,908
Research and development expense	(3,676)	(4,083)	(8,465)	(8,482)
Selling and administrative expense	(38,902)	(29,257)	(79,283)	(60,899)
Earnings from continuing operations before interest and income taxes	27,429	23,683	46,214	44,527
Net interest expense:				
Interest income	378	628	773	889
Interest expense	(8,709)	(4,501)	(15,857)	(8,898)
Net interest expense	(8,331)	(3,873)	(15,084)	(8,009)
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes	19,098	19,810	31,130	36,518
Income tax expense	(6,771)	(6,919)	(11,045)	(12,753)
Earnings from continuing operations	12,327	12,891	20,085	23,765
Earnings from discontinued operations (less applicable income taxes of \$0, \$121, \$0 and \$470, respectively)		182		792
Gain on sale of discontinued operations (less applicable income taxes of \$0, \$515, \$0 and \$515, respectively)		15,338		15,338
Net earnings	\$ 12,327	\$ 28,411	\$ 20,085	\$ 39,895
Net earnings per common share:				
Basic:				
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 0.42	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.83
Earnings from discontinued operations		0.01		0.03
Gain on sale of discontinued operations		0.54		0.54

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<b>Basic net earnings per common share</b>	<b>\$ 0.42</b>	<b>\$ 1.00</b>	<b>\$ 0.68</b>	<b>\$ 1.40</b>
<b>Diluted:</b>				
<b>Earnings from continuing operations</b>	<b>\$ 0.41</b>	<b>\$ 0.45</b>	<b>\$ 0.67</b>	<b>\$ 0.82</b>
<b>Earnings from discontinued operations</b>		<b>0.01</b>		<b>0.04</b>
<b>Gain on sale of discontinued operations</b>		<b>0.53</b>		<b>0.53</b>
<b>Diluted net earnings per common share</b>	<b>\$ 0.41</b>	<b>\$ 0.99</b>	<b>\$ 0.67</b>	<b>\$ 1.39</b>
<b>Weighted average number of common shares and equivalents outstanding:</b>				
<b>Basic</b>	<b>29,738</b>	<b>28,487</b>	<b>29,528</b>	<b>28,447</b>
<b>Diluted</b>	<b>30,245</b>	<b>28,782</b>	<b>30,013</b>	<b>28,797</b>

The accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

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## ProQuest Company and Subsidiaries

## Consolidated Balance Sheets

As of July 2, 2005, January 1, 2005, and July 3, 2004

(In thousands)

	July 2, 2005 (Unaudited)	January 1, 2005	July 3, 2004 (Unaudited)
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Current assets:</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,692	\$ 4,313	\$ 2,074
Accounts receivable, net	85,559	95,279	82,261
Inventory, net	14,267	5,312	4,867
Other current assets	63,039	50,133	55,964
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>172,557</b>	<b>155,037</b>	<b>145,166</b>
Property, plant, equipment, and product masters, at cost	462,618	422,803	395,495
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(243,212)	(222,806)	(204,148)
<b>Net property, plant, equipment, and product masters</b>	<b>219,406</b>	<b>199,997</b>	<b>191,347</b>
Long-term receivables	9,450	8,084	5,735
Goodwill	598,986	311,279	297,457
Identifiable intangibles, net	22,587	15,379	13,567
Curriculum, net	95,231		
Purchased and developed software, net	39,710	41,699	48,702
Other assets	22,867	21,454	19,274
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,180,794</b>	<b>\$ 752,929</b>	<b>\$ 721,248</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>			
<b>Current liabilities:</b>			
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 168	\$ 5,000	\$
Accounts payable	48,710	49,364	41,157
Accrued expenses	35,557	35,303	37,202
Current portion of monetized future billings	20,635	24,331	25,198
Deferred income	59,733	100,480	82,961
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>164,803</b>	<b>214,478</b>	<b>186,518</b>
<b>Long-term liabilities:</b>			
Long-term debt, less current maturities	551,008	150,000	192,680
Monetized future billings, less current portion	26,542	36,197	43,432
Other liabilities	121,627	82,533	68,550
<b>Total long-term liabilities</b>	<b>699,177</b>	<b>268,730</b>	<b>304,662</b>
<b>Shareholders' equity:</b>			

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<b>Common stock (\$0.001 par value, 50,000 shares authorized, 30,557 shares issued and 29,868 shares outstanding at July 2, 2005, 29,389 shares issued and 28,731 shares outstanding at January 1, 2005, and 29,147 shares issued and 28,524 shares outstanding at July 3, 2004)</b>			
	<b>30</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>29</b>
<b>Capital surplus</b>	<b>354,505</b>	<b>320,033</b>	<b>314,267</b>
<b>Unearned compensation on restricted stock</b>	<b>(3,419)</b>	<b>(236)</b>	<b>(125)</b>
<b>Notes receivable arising from stock purchases</b>	<b>(194)</b>	<b>(194)</b>	<b>(287)</b>
<b>Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)</b>	<b>(15,934)</b>	<b>(36,019)</b>	<b>(63,116)</b>
<b>Treasury stock, at cost (689 shares at July 2, 2005, 658 shares at January 1, 2005 and 623 shares at July 3, 2004)</b>	<b>(17,424)</b>	<b>(16,276)</b>	<b>(15,505)</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss):</b>			
<b>Accumulated foreign currency translation adjustment</b>	<b>1,683</b>	<b>4,562</b>	<b>(3,212)</b>
<b>Unrealized (loss) from derivatives, net of tax</b>	<b>(894)</b>	<b>(536)</b>	<b>(736)</b>
<b>Minimum pension liability, net of tax</b>	<b>(1,970)</b>	<b>(1,970)</b>	<b>(1,247)</b>
<b>Net unrealized gain on securities, net of tax</b>	<b>431</b>	<b>328</b>	
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)</b>	<b>(750)</b>	<b>2,384</b>	<b>(5,195)</b>
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>	<b>316,814</b>	<b>269,721</b>	<b>230,068</b>
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 1,180,794</b>	<b>\$ 752,929</b>	<b>\$ 721,248</b>
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The accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

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ProQuest Company and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the Twenty-Six Week Periods

Ended July 2, 2005, and July 3, 2004

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Twenty-Six Weeks Ended	
	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004
<b>Operating activities:</b>		
Net earnings	\$ 20,085	\$ 39,895
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Gain on sale of discontinued operations, net		(15,338)
Depreciation and amortization	37,624	32,617
Deferred income taxes	5,135	10,901
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:		
Accounts receivable, net	22,283	11,307
Inventory, net	(1,239)	(488)
Other current assets	(10,457)	(8,687)
Long-term receivables	(1,375)	(631)
Other assets	1,570	12
Accounts payable	(3,061)	(7,740)
Accrued expenses	(5,694)	(7,226)
Deferred income	(43,577)	(39,410)
Other long-term liabilities	(2,458)	2,922
Other, net	(524)	504
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	<b>18,312</b>	<b>18,638</b>
<b>Investing activities:</b>		
Expenditures for property, plant, equipment, product masters, curriculum development costs, and software	(47,734)	(39,057)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(351,755)	(11,462)
Purchases of equity investments available for sale	(2,605)	(7,289)
Proceeds from disposals of equity investments available for sale	1,561	4,079
Proceeds from (expenditures associated with) sales of discontinued operations	(74)	33,050
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(400,607)</b>	<b>(20,679)</b>
<b>Financing activities:</b>		
Net decrease in short-term debt	(4,951)	(449)
Proceeds from long-term debt	892,600	233,700
Repayment of long-term debt	(491,904)	(232,020)
Principal payments under capital lease obligations	(66)	



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Cash paid for settlement of treasury locks	(490)	
Debt issuance costs	(2,013)	
Monetized future billings	(13,352)	(3,788)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	8,242	2,667
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Net cash provided by financing activities	388,066	110
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(392)	(18)
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	5,379	(1,949)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	4,313	4,023
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 9,692	\$ 2,074
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

The accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

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**ProQuest Company and Subsidiaries**

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

**(Dollars and shares in thousands, except per share amounts)**

**(Unaudited)**

**Note 1 - Basis of Presentation**

The Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of ProQuest Company and its subsidiaries, including ProQuest Information & Learning ( PQIL ) and ProQuest Business Solutions ( PQBS ), and are unaudited.

As permitted under the Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ) requirements for interim reporting, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been omitted. Certain reclassifications to the 2004 Consolidated Financial Statements have been made to conform to the 2005 presentation. We believe that these financial statements include all necessary and recurring adjustments for the fair presentation of the interim period results. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 1, 2005.

In June 2004, we sold our Dealer Management System ( DMS ) business. For periods prior to June 2004, the operating results of this business have been segregated from our continuing operations in our Consolidated Statements of Operations.

**Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies**

Accounts Receivable. Accounts receivable are stated net of the allowance for doubtful accounts which was \$ 2,001, \$1,452, and \$2,285 at July 2, 2005, January 1, 2005, and July 3, 2004, respectively.

Inventory. Inventory costs include material, labor, and overhead. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (determined using the first-in, first-out ( FIFO ) method) or market, net of reserves.

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The components of inventory are shown in the table below as of the dates indicated:

	July 2, 2005	January 1, 2005	July 3, 2004
<b>Finished products</b>	<b>\$ 12,141</b>	<b>\$ 3,411</b>	<b>\$ 2,691</b>
<b>Products in process and materials</b>	<b>2,126</b>	<b>1,901</b>	<b>2,176</b>
<b>Total inventory, net</b>	<b>\$ 14,267</b>	<b>\$ 5,312</b>	<b>\$ 4,867</b>

**Property, Plant, Equipment, and Product Masters.** Property, plant, equipment, and product masters are recorded at cost. The straight-line method of depreciation is primarily used, except for PQIL product masters (which represent the cost to create electronic and microform master document copies which are subsequently used in the production process to fulfill customers' information requirements), which are depreciated on the double declining balance method. The carrying value of the product masters is \$191,287 (net of \$176,824 of accumulated depreciation), \$171,368 (net of \$161,321 of accumulated depreciation), and \$169,307 (net of \$142,321 of accumulated depreciation) at July 2, 2005, January 1, 2005, and July 3, 2004, respectively.

As of July 2, 2005, fixtures and equipment held under capital leases totaled \$548 (net of \$102 accumulated depreciation). There were no capital leases as of January 1, 2005 or July 3, 2004.

**Curriculum.** Curriculum includes the acquired curriculum in the amount of \$97,000 resulting from the acquisition of Voyager in the first quarter of 2005, as well as additional ongoing curriculum development costs. The curriculum that was acquired with Voyager is being amortized over 10 years on a straight-line basis. New curriculum development costs for programs that have an estimated life of more than one year are capitalized and amortized over the expected lives of the programs, typically 3 years. Curriculum development costs on programs with a one-year shelf life are expensed as incurred. The carrying value of curriculum is \$95,231 (net of \$4,053 of accumulated amortization) at July 2, 2005.

**Stock Option Plan.** As permitted by Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ( SFAS ) No. 123, *Accounting for Stock Based Compensation* , we account for our stock option plan using the intrinsic method prescribed in Accounting Principles Board ( APB ) Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees* and related interpretations. Accordingly, compensation expense is recorded on the date of grant only if the current market price of the underlying stock exceeds the exercise price of the stock option. Pro forma net earnings and earnings per share disclosures for employee stock option

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grants based on the fair value-based method (defined in SFAS No. 123), whereby the fair value of stock-based awards at the date of grant would be subsequently expensed over the related vesting periods, are indicated below:

	Thirteen weeks ended		Twenty-six weeks ended	
	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004
Net earnings, as reported	\$ 12,327	\$ 28,411	\$ 20,085	\$ 39,895
Add: Stock-based compensation, as reported	217	8	326	8
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair-value based method for all awards, net of related tax effects	(1,304)	(1,441)	(2,667)	(3,125)
Pro forma net earnings	\$ 11,240	\$ 26,978	\$ 17,744	\$ 36,778
<b>Earnings per share:</b>				
Basic - as reported	\$ 0.42	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.68	\$ 1.40
Basic - pro forma	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.95	\$ 0.60	\$ 1.29
Diluted - as reported	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.99	\$ 0.67	\$ 1.39
Diluted - pro forma	\$ 0.37	\$ 0.94	\$ 0.59	\$ 1.28

The fair value of restricted stock is based on the market value of those shares at the grant date. The fair value of each option granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model or a binomial model. The assumptions for the Black-Scholes option-pricing model are as follows:

	Thirteen weeks ended		Twenty-six weeks ended	
	July 2, 2005 (1)	July 3, 2004	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004
Expected stock volatility	0.00%	38.13%	37.35%	38.64%
Risk-free interest rate	0.00%	3.66%	3.86%	3.03%
Expected years until exercise		4	4	4
Dividend yield	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

(1) There were no stock option grants during the thirteen weeks ended July 2, 2005.

On February 4, 2004, the Compensation Committee of our Board of Directors granted 1,961.5 nonqualified stock options with an exercise price of \$30.97 to six members of our senior executive team. These stock options are intended to serve as a long-term incentive consistent with the Board's desire that management deliver long-term sustainable stockholder value.

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Based on the complexity of this plan, we have utilized a binomial model to estimate the fair value of the options, utilizing the following assumptions:

<b>Expected stock volatility</b>	<b>31.50%</b>
<b>Risk-free interest rate</b>	<b>3.07%</b>
<b>Expected years until exercise</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Dividend yield</b>	<b>0.00%</b>

We also issue shares of restricted stock to certain employees and non-employees. For the thirteen and twenty-six weeks ended July 2, 2005, we issued one and 109 shares respectively, compared to five and five, respectively, for the thirteen and twenty-six weeks ended July 3, 2004. These shares are valued at the market price at their respective award dates, recorded in Unearned compensation on restricted stock on our Consolidated Balance Sheets, and recognized as expense over the vesting period, typically 3 years.

**Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities.** All derivative instruments are recognized as assets or liabilities in the balance sheet at fair value.

**Net Earnings per Common Share.** Basic net earnings per common share is computed by dividing net earnings by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net earnings per common share is computed by dividing net earnings by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period, and reflects the potential dilution that could occur if all of our outstanding stock options that are in-the-money were exercised and the restricted stock was fully vested, using the treasury stock method. Under the treasury stock method, the proceeds that would be received from the exercise of all in-the-money options are assumed to be used to repurchase shares. A reconciliation of the weighted-average number of common shares and equivalents outstanding in the calculation of basic and diluted net earnings per common share is shown in the table below for the periods indicated:

	<b>Thirteen Weeks Ended</b>		<b>Twenty-Six Weeks Ended</b>	
	<b>July 2, 2005</b>	<b>July 3, 2004</b>	<b>July 2, 2005</b>	<b>July 3, 2004</b>
<b>Basic</b>	<b>29,738</b>	<b>28,487</b>	<b>29,528</b>	<b>28,447</b>
<b>Dilutive effect of stock options and non-vested restricted stock</b>	<b>507</b>	<b>295</b>	<b>485</b>	<b>350</b>
<b>Diluted</b>	<b>30,245</b>	<b>28,782</b>	<b>30,013</b>	<b>28,797</b>

In accordance with SFAS No. 128, *Earnings per Share*, 316 and 2,973 common stock equivalent shares for the thirteen weeks ended July 2, 2005 and July 3, 2004, respectively, and 316 and 2,949 common stock equivalent shares for the twenty-six weeks ended July 2, 2005 and July 3, 2004, respectively, issuable upon the exercise of stock options were excluded from the above computations because the exercise price of such options were greater than the average market prices of the common stock and therefore the impact of these shares was antidilutive.

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In June 2004, we sold our DMS business, which was a component of PQBS. The DMS business was a software business, which did not fit with our core electronic publishing strategy.

Results for discontinued operations are shown in the table below for the periods indicated:

	Thirteen Weeks	Twenty-Six Weeks
	Ended	Ended
	July 3, 2004	July 3, 2004
<b>Net sales</b>	<b>\$ 3,177</b>	<b>\$ 8,567</b>
<b>Earnings before interest and income taxes</b>	<b>422</b>	<b>1,499</b>
<b>Interest expense, net</b>	<b>(119)</b>	<b>(237)</b>
<b>Income tax expense</b>	<b>(121)</b>	<b>(470)</b>
<b>Earnings from discontinued operations</b>	<b>\$ 182</b>	<b>\$ 792</b>

We will continue to provide parts and service products for powersports, recreational vehicles, and marine dealers. In addition, we entered into an exclusive distributor agreement with the DMS buyer. Approximately \$5,100 was recorded as deferred revenue related to this agreement, and will be recognized as revenue over the sixty-month contract. For the thirteen and twenty-six weeks ended July 2, 2005, \$255 and \$510 respectively, were recognized as revenue related to this contract.

**Note 4 - Comprehensive Income**

Comprehensive income or loss includes net earnings, net unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments related to interest rate hedging, foreign currency translation adjustments, minimum pension liability, and net unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities.

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Comprehensive income is shown in the table below for the periods indicated:

	Thirteen Weeks Ended		Twenty-Six Weeks Ended	
	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004
<b>Net earnings</b>	<b>\$ 12,327</b>	<b>\$ 28,411</b>	<b>\$ 20,085</b>	<b>\$ 39,895</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss):</b>				
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments, net of tax	45	35	(358)	70
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(2,232)	(19)	(2,879)	19
Unrealized gain on securities, net of tax	100		103	
<b>Comprehensive income</b>	<b>\$ 10,240</b>	<b>\$ 28,427</b>	<b>\$ 16,951</b>	<b>\$ 39,984</b>

The net unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments, foreign currency translation adjustments, minimum pension liability, and net unrealized gain on securities does not impact our current income tax expense.

**Note 5 - Segment Reporting**

Information concerning our reportable business segments is shown in the tables below for the periods indicated:

	As of and for the thirteen weeks ended July 2, 2005			
	PQIL	PQBS	Corporate	Total
<b>Net sales</b>	<b>\$ 95,111</b>	<b>\$ 45,234</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 140,345</b>
<b>Earnings from continuing operations before interest and income taxes</b>	<b>\$ 19,137</b>	<b>\$ 11,766</b>	<b>\$ (3,474)</b>	<b>\$ 27,429</b>
<b>Expenditures for property, plant, equipment, product masters, curriculum development costs, and software</b>	<b>\$ 22,366</b>	<b>\$ 975</b>	<b>\$ 158</b>	<b>\$ 23,499</b>
<b>Depreciation and amortization</b>	<b>\$ 17,861</b>	<b>\$ 1,325</b>	<b>\$ 77</b>	<b>\$ 19,263</b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,037,555</b>	<b>\$ 113,704</b>	<b>\$ 29,535</b>	<b>\$ 1,180,794</b>

	As of and for the thirteen weeks ended July 3, 2004			
	PQIL	PQBS	Corporate	Total
<b>Net sales</b>	<b>\$ 70,045</b>	<b>\$ 42,146</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 112,191</b>
<b>Earnings from continuing operations before interest and income taxes</b>	<b>\$ 13,654</b>	<b>\$ 13,034</b>	<b>\$ (3,005)</b>	<b>\$ 23,683</b>
<b>Expenditures for property, plant, equipment, product masters, curriculum development costs, and software</b>	<b>\$ 14,710</b>	<b>\$ 3,603</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 18,313</b>
<b>Depreciation and amortization</b>	<b>\$ 14,289</b>	<b>\$ 1,888</b>	<b>\$ 75</b>	<b>\$ 16,252</b>

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Total assets	\$ 590,034	\$ 101,984	\$ 29,230	\$ 721,248
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	As of and for the twenty-six weeks ended July 2, 2005			
	PQIL	PQBS	Corporate	Total
Net sales	\$ 171,884	\$ 89,581	\$	\$ 261,465
Earnings from continuing operations before interest and income taxes	\$ 30,604	\$ 23,414	\$ (7,804)	\$ 46,214
Expenditures for property, plant, equipment, product masters, curriculum development costs, and software	\$ 46,209	\$ 993	\$ 532	\$ 47,734
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 34,846	\$ 2,622	\$ 156	\$ 37,624

	As of and for the twenty-six weeks ended July 3, 2004			
	PQIL	PQBS	Corporate	Total
Net sales	\$ 138,622	\$ 84,419	\$	\$ 223,041
Earnings from continuing operations before interest and income taxes	\$ 27,695	\$ 24,040	\$ (7,208)	\$ 44,527
Expenditures for property, plant, equipment, product masters, curriculum development costs, and software	\$ 34,060	\$ 4,987	\$ 10	\$ 39,057
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 28,414	\$ 4,052	\$ 151	\$ 32,617

**Note 6 - Investments in Affiliates**

On December 4, 2000, we entered into a Limited Liability Company Agreement with DaimlerChrysler Corporation, Ford Motor Company, and General Motors Corporation to form OEConnection ( OEC ).

For reporting purposes, OEC's balance sheet and statement of operations are not consolidated with our results. Beginning January 1, 2003 until December 31, 2007, we earn a royalty on OEC's net revenues, which is recorded in Net sales in our Consolidated Statement of Operations. The royalty recognized was \$362 and \$693 for the thirteen and twenty-six week periods ended July 2, 2005, respectively, compared to \$310 and \$612 for the thirteen and twenty-six weeks ended July 3, 2004, respectively.

**Note 7 - Goodwill, Software, Curriculum, and Other Intangible Assets**

We follow SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*. SFAS No. 142 requires that goodwill no longer be amortized to earnings, but instead be reviewed for impairment on an annual basis. We performed this annual analysis during the second fiscal quarter based on the goodwill balance as of the end of the first fiscal quarter. During the first step of this impairment test, no indication of impairment was evident; therefore, the second step was not required.

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The following table summarizes the changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by segment for the periods indicated:

	PQIL	PQBS	Total
<b>Balance as of January 3, 2004</b>	<b>\$ 255,332</b>	<b>\$ 48,361</b>	<b>\$ 303,693</b>
<b>Goodwill acquired (1)</b>	<b>4,800</b>		<b>4,800</b>
<b>Goodwill disposed</b>		<b>(11,036)</b>	<b>(11,036)</b>
<b>Balance as of July 3, 2004</b>	<b>\$ 260,132</b>	<b>\$ 37,325</b>	<b>\$ 297,457</b>
<b>Goodwill acquired (1)</b>	<b>12,789</b>	<b>1,991</b>	<b>14,780</b>
<b>Reclassification of goodwill to other assets</b>	<b>(958)</b>		<b>(958)</b>
<b>Balance as of January 1, 2005</b>	<b>\$ 271,963</b>	<b>\$ 39,316</b>	<b>\$ 311,279</b>
<b>Goodwill acquired (1)</b>	<b>281,816</b>	<b>5,891</b>	<b>287,707</b>
<b>Balance as of July 2, 2005</b>	<b>\$ 553,779</b>	<b>\$ 45,207</b>	<b>\$ 598,986</b>

- (1) Changes in goodwill consist primarily of current acquisitions and disposals as well as the finalization of our preliminary purchase price allocations for prior acquisitions.

We follow the guidance in Statement of Position ( SOP ) 98-1 *Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software Developed or Obtained for Internal Use* for capitalizing software projects. We follow SFAS No. 86 *Accounting for Costs of Computer Software to be Sold, Leased or Otherwise Marketed* for software projects related to external use. Included in depreciation and amortization expense was \$3,588 and \$7,131 of software amortization expense for the thirteen and twenty-six weeks ended July 2, 2005, respectively and \$3,891 and \$7,940 for the thirteen and twenty-six weeks ended July 3, 2004, respectively.

Curriculum includes the acquired curriculum in the amount of \$97,000 resulting from the acquisition of Voyager in the first quarter of 2005, as well as additional ongoing curriculum development costs. Included in depreciation and amortization expense was \$2,437 and \$4,053 of curriculum amortization expense for the thirteen and twenty-six weeks ended July 2, 2005.

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The following table summarizes our Identifiable intangibles and related accumulated amortization at the dates indicated:

	Balance as of July 2, 2005		
	Gross	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Customer lists	\$ 21,813	\$ (6,626)	\$ 15,187
Trademark	6,240	(990)	5,250
Acquired software	1,795	(360)	1,435
Non-compete agreement	960	(245)	715
<b>Total intangibles</b>	<b>\$ 30,808</b>	<b>\$ (8,221)</b>	<b>\$ 22,587</b>

	Balance as of January 1, 2005		
	Gross	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Customer lists	\$ 17,250	\$ (4,860)	\$ 12,390
Trademark	2,641	(576)	2,065
Acquired software	211	(98)	113
Non-compete agreement	960	(149)	811
<b>Total intangibles</b>	<b>\$ 21,062</b>	<b>\$ (5,683)</b>	<b>\$ 15,379</b>

	Balance as of July 3, 2004		
	Gross	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Customer lists	\$ 13,069	\$ (2,934)	\$ 10,135
Trademark	2,600	(267)	2,333
Acquired software	211	(56)	155
Non-compete agreement	950	(6)	944
<b>Total intangibles</b>	<b>\$ 16,830</b>	<b>\$ (3,263)</b>	<b>\$ 13,567</b>

We recorded \$1,429 and \$2,756 of intangible amortization expense for the thirteen and twenty-six weeks ended July 2, 2005, respectively compared to \$660 and \$1,219 during the thirteen and twenty-six weeks ended July 3, 2004, respectively. Based on the current amount of intangible assets subject to amortization, the estimated amortization expense for each of the succeeding five years is as follows:

Remainder of 2005	\$ 3,862
2006	5,475

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<b>2007</b>	<b>4,822</b>
<b>2008</b>	<b>3,073</b>
<b>2009</b>	<b>1,085</b>
<b>2010 and thereafter</b>	<b>4,270</b>
	<hr/>
	<b>\$ 22,587</b>
	<hr/>

These amounts may vary as acquisitions and dispositions occur in the future, and as purchase price allocations are finalized.

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During the twenty-six weeks ended July 2, 2005, we acquired the following intangible assets:

		Weighted-Average Amortization Period
Customer lists	\$ 4,800	10 years
Trademark	3,600	10 years
Acquired software	1,583	3 years
Total intangibles	\$ 9,983	

**Note 8 - Other Current Assets**

Other current assets at July 2, 2005, January 1, 2005, and July 3, 2004 consisted of the following:

	As of		
	July 2, 2005	January 1, 2005	July 3, 2004
Short-term deferred tax asset	\$ 8,939	\$ 7,705	\$ 9,549
Prepaid taxes		602	5,483
Prepaid royalties	24,093	17,793	17,953
Commissions	9,067	7,472	4,944
Available-for-sale securities	8,307	7,172	6,499
Maintenance agreements	2,512	3,063	2,557
Other prepaids	10,121	6,326	8,979
Total	\$ 63,039	\$ 50,133	\$ 55,964

**Note 9 - Other Assets**

Other assets at July 2, 2005, January 1, 2005, and July 3, 2004 consisted of the following:

As of		
July 2,	January 1,	July 3,

	2005	2005	2004
Long-term deferred tax asset	\$ 4,581	\$ 3,218	\$ 2,195
Licenses, net	6,764	7,728	8,574
Long-term commissions	5,104	4,893	4,550
Deferred financing costs	2,939	1,173	973
Other	3,479	4,442	2,982
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 22,867</b>	<b>\$ 21,454</b>	<b>\$ 19,274</b>

**Table of Contents****Note 10 - Accrued Expenses**

Accrued expenses at July 2, 2005, January 1, 2005, and July 3, 2004 consisted of the following:

	As of		
	July 2, 2005	January 1, 2005	July 3, 2004
Salaries, wages and bonuses	\$ 19,059	\$ 21,861	\$ 15,480
Profit sharing	1,963	2,002	1,287
Discontinued operations reserve	336	409	1,843
Accrued income taxes	980	3,577	10,635
Accrued interest	6,912	2,171	2,123
Other	6,307	5,283	5,834
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 35,557</b>	<b>\$ 35,303</b>	<b>\$ 37,202</b>

**Note 11 - Other Liabilities**

Other liabilities at July 2, 2005, January 1, 2005, and July 3, 2004 consisted of the following:

	As of		
	July 2, 2005	January 1, 2005	July 3, 2004
Deferred compensation and pension benefits	\$ 44,672	\$ 46,503	\$ 43,895
Deferred income taxes	46,336	6,846	110
Other	30,619	29,184	24,545
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 121,627</b>	<b>\$ 82,533</b>	<b>\$ 68,550</b>

**Note 12 - Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans**

Components of net periodic benefit costs are:

	Thirteen Weeks Ended					
	U.S. Plans		Non-U.S. Plans		Other Postretirement	
	Pension Benefits		Pension Benefits		Benefits	
	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004
Service cost	\$	\$ 68	\$ 36	\$ 56	\$ (2)	\$ 21
Interest cost	312	324	837	838	2	29
Expected return on plan assets			(733)	(692)		
Amortization of prior service cost				59		
Amortization of plan amendment					(314)	
Recognized net actuarial gain (loss)	10		152	109	(20)	
Net pension and other postretirement benefit cost	\$ 322	\$ 392	\$ 292	\$ 370	\$ (334)	\$ 50

	Twenty-Six Weeks Ended					
	U.S. Plans		Non-U.S. Plans		Other Postretirement	
	Pension Benefits		Pension Benefits		Benefits	
	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004
Service cost	\$	\$ 136	\$ 81	\$ 112	\$ 5	\$ 42
Interest cost	625	648	1,733	1,676	15	58
Expected return on plan assets			(1,508)	(1,384)		
Amortization of prior service cost			4	118		
Amortization of plan amendment					(548)	
Recognized net actuarial gain (loss)	20		313	218	(20)	
Net pension and other postretirement benefit cost	\$ 645	\$ 784	\$ 623	\$ 740	\$ (548)	\$ 100



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As previously disclosed in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 1, 2005, in November 2004 we announced that effective January 1, 2006 we will no longer offer a retiree medical program. This resulted in a negative plan amendment in the amount of \$937 which is being recognized ratably in 2005. Upon the expiration of the participant option period in June 2005, an additional \$563 negative plan amendment resulted which will be recognized ratably through the remainder of the 2005 fiscal year.

## Note 13 - Acquisitions

On January 31, 2005, we completed our acquisition of all the outstanding ownership interest in Voyager Expanded Learning Inc. ( Voyager ). Voyager is part of our ProQuest Information & Learning segment. The results of Voyager's operations subsequent to the acquisition on January 31, 2005 are included in our Consolidated Financial Statements. Had Voyager been acquired effective on the first day of our 2004 fiscal year, pro forma unaudited consolidated net sales, net earnings, and net earnings per common share would have been as follows:

	Pro Forma for the thirteen weeks ended		Pro Forma for the twenty-six weeks ended	
	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004
<b>Net sales</b>	<b>\$ 140,345</b>	<b>\$ 132,254</b>	<b>\$ 269,150</b>	<b>\$ 249,115</b>
<b>Net earnings</b>	<b>12,327</b>	<b>28,716</b>	<b>20,433</b>	<b>33,898</b>
<b>Net earnings per common share:</b>				
<b>Basic</b>	<b>\$ 0.42</b>	<b>\$ 0.98</b>	<b>\$ 0.69</b>	<b>\$ 1.16</b>
<b>Diluted</b>	<b>\$ 0.41</b>	<b>\$ 0.97</b>	<b>\$ 0.68</b>	<b>\$ 1.15</b>

Voyager provides research-based curriculum and professional development programs for school districts throughout the United States. Voyager's research-based reading intervention programs integrate all of the vital components necessary for teaching every child to read and meet the requirements of the Federal No Child Left Behind Act. Voyager also provides math intervention programs, reading intervention programs for middle school and professional development for teachers.

Growing our kindergarten through twelfth grade educational business ( K-12 ) is an important part of our long-term strategy. The acquisition of Voyager is a major step in advancing that strategy.

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Combining the ProQuest name with the strengths of the Voyager products as well as their market position and strong sales force will allow us to reach more customers in the K-12 market. The acquisition creates opportunities for synergies that will come from offering more products and services across more customer segments.

The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of the acquisition:

	At January 31, 2005
<b>Cash</b>	<b>\$ 7,064</b>
<b>Current assets</b>	<b>25,428</b>
<b>Property, plant, and equipment</b>	<b>1,722</b>
<b>Curriculum</b>	<b>97,000</b>
<b>Other assets</b>	<b>688</b>
<b>Intangibles</b>	<b>8,400</b>
<b>Goodwill</b>	<b>279,281</b>
<b>Total assets acquired</b>	<b>419,583</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 8,562</b>
<b>Capital lease obligations</b>	<b>543</b>
<b>Deferred income</b>	<b>3,236</b>
<b>Long-term deferred taxes</b>	<b>37,195</b>
<b>Total liabilities assumed</b>	<b>49,536</b>
<b>Net assets acquired</b>	<b>\$ 370,047</b>

The total consideration paid for all the issued and outstanding common stock of Voyager was approximately \$370 million which included \$21 million in our restricted common stock which was approximately 683 thousand shares as well as a \$10 million working capital adjustment which was paid in the second quarter of 2005. The number of restricted common stock shares was determined based on the closing price of our common stock on January 31, 2005. We also agreed to pay up to an additional \$20 million in the aggregate to the shareholders of Voyager based upon Voyager's revenue performance during the period from April 1, 2005 through March 31, 2006.

We financed our acquisition of Voyager through a new issuance of private-placement notes and a new revolving line of credit (see Note 14). The 5.38 percent fixed notes mature in January 2015. Our previous revolving credit agreement was replaced with a new agreement with capacity of \$275 million in total borrowings and an expiration of January 2010.

**Table of Contents****Note 14 - Debt and Lines of Credit**

The following table summarizes our debt as of the dates indicated:

	As of		
	July 2, 2005	January 1, 2005	July 3, 2004
<b>Long-term debt:</b>			
5.45% senior notes due 10/01/12	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000
5.38% senior notes due 01/31/15	175,000		
Revolving credit agreement	225,700	5,000	42,680
Capital lease obligations	476		
	<u>551,176</u>	<u>155,000</u>	<u>192,680</u>
<b>Long-term debt</b>	<b>551,176</b>	<b>155,000</b>	<b>192,680</b>
Less: current maturities	(168)	(5,000)	
	<u>\$ 551,008</u>	<u>\$ 150,000</u>	<u>\$ 192,680</u>

*5.45% Senior Notes*

On January 31, 2005, we entered into a first amendment to the 2002 Note Purchase Agreement dated as of October 1, 2002, under and pursuant to which we originally issued and sold our 5.45% senior notes (the "2002 Notes") due October 1, 2012, in an aggregate principal amount of \$150 million. The first amendment, among other things, amended the financial covenants under the 2002 Note Purchase Agreement to give effect to the acquisition of Voyager. Specifically, the consolidated adjusted net worth covenant and the consolidated debt covenants were adjusted to be consistent with the terms of the 2005 Note Purchase Agreement.

*5.38% Senior Notes*

On January 31, 2005, we entered into the 2005 Note Purchase Agreement providing for, among other things, the issue and sale by us to the 2005 Note Purchasers of the Company's 5.38% Senior Notes due January 31, 2015, in the aggregate principal amount of \$175 million (the "2005 Notes"). We are required to make six equal annual principal payments on the 2005 Notes commencing on January 31, 2010. The applicable annual interest on the 2005 Notes will be payable semi-annually in arrears calculated on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months.

*Revolving Credit Agreement*

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On January 31, 2005, we replaced our previous revolving credit agreement with a new variable interest rate facility. The new Credit Agreement is a five-year, unsecured revolving credit facility in an amount up to \$275 million, with a subfacility for letters of credit (in an amount not to exceed \$20 million) and a subfacility for swingline loans (in an amount not to exceed \$15 million). The aggregate maximum principal amount of the revolver may be increased by an amount up to \$75 million during the term of the Credit Agreement, provided that the lenders are willing to grant such increase, no

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default exists, and certain other conditions are satisfied. Borrowings and letters of credit under the Credit Agreement bear interest, at our option, at either the London Interbank Offered Rate plus a spread ranging from 0.75% to 1.75% or 0% to 0.25% over an alternative base rate. The alternative base rate is the greater of the Standard Federal Bank, N.A. prime rate or the Federal Funds rate plus 0.50%.

*Capital Lease Obligations*

With the acquisition of Voyager, we acquired property under capital leases. These capital leases expire in 2008.

**Note 15 - Capital Leases**

We lease certain fixtures and equipment under capital leases. The aggregate future minimum lease payments related to these capital leases at July 2, 2005 are as follows:

<b>Remainder of 2005</b>	<b>\$ 100</b>
<b>2006</b>	<b>201</b>
<b>2007</b>	<b>178</b>
<b>2008</b>	<b>57</b>
	<b>—</b>
<b>Total minimum lease payments</b>	<b>536</b>
<b>Less amounts representing interest</b>	<b>(60)</b>
	<b>—</b>
<b>Present value of minimum lease payments</b>	<b>\$ 476</b>
	<b>—</b>

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**Item 2.**

**Management's Discussion and Analysis of**

**Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

This section should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements of ProQuest Company and Subsidiaries (collectively the Company) and the notes thereto included in the annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 1, 2005, as well as the accompanying interim financial statements for the period ending July 2, 2005.

**Safe Harbor for Forward-looking Statements**

Some of the statements contained herein constitute forward-looking statements. These statements relate to future events or our future financial performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our or our markets' actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and other factors you should specifically consider include, among other things, the company's ability to successfully integrate acquisitions and reduce costs, global economic conditions, product demand, financial market performance, and other risks listed under "Risk Factors" in our regular filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may", "should", "expects", "plans", "anticipates", "believes", "estimates", "potential", "continue", "projects", "intends", "prospects", "priorities", or the negative of such terms or other comparable terminology. These statements are only predictions. Actual events or results may differ materially. We undertake no obligation to update any of these forward-looking statements.

**Table of Contents****Results of Operations****Second Quarter of Fiscal 2005 Compared to the Second Quarter of Fiscal 2004**

	Thirteen Weeks Ended					
	July 2, 2005		July 3, 2004		Inc/(Dec)	
	% of		% of			
(Dollars in millions)	Amount	sales	Amount	sales	\$	%
<b>Net sales</b>	<b>\$ 140.4</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>\$ 112.2</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>\$ 28.2</b>	<b>25.1</b>
<b>Cost of sales</b>	<b>(70.3)</b>	<b>(50.1)</b>	<b>(55.1)</b>	<b>(49.1)</b>	<b>(15.2)</b>	<b>(27.6)</b>
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>70.1</b>	<b>49.9</b>	<b>57.1</b>	<b>50.9</b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>22.8</b>
<b>Research and development expense</b>	<b>(3.7)</b>	<b>(2.6)</b>	<b>(4.1)</b>	<b>(3.7)</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>9.8</b>
<b>Selling and administrative expense</b>	<b>(39.0)</b>	<b>(27.8)</b>	<b>(29.3)</b>	<b>(26.1)</b>	<b>(9.7)</b>	<b>(33.1)</b>
<b>Earnings from continuing operations before interest and income taxes</b>	<b>27.4</b>	<b>19.5</b>	<b>23.7</b>	<b>21.1</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>15.6</b>
<b>Net interest expense</b>	<b>(8.3)</b>	<b>(5.9)</b>	<b>(3.9)</b>	<b>(3.5)</b>	<b>(4.4)</b>	<b>(112.8)</b>
<b>Income tax expense</b>	<b>(6.8)</b>	<b>(4.8)</b>	<b>(6.9)</b>	<b>(6.1)</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>1.4</b>
<b>Net earnings from continuing operations</b>	<b>\$ 12.3</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>\$ 12.9</b>	<b>11.5</b>	<b>(0.6)</b>	<b>(4.7)</b>

*Net Sales.*

	Thirteen Weeks Ended		Inc/(Dec)	
	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004	\$	%
<b>POIL</b>				
<b>Published Products</b>	<b>\$ 35.4</b>	<b>\$ 30.3</b>	<b>\$ 5.1</b>	<b>16.8</b>
<b>General Reference Products</b>	<b>16.1</b>	<b>16.2</b>	<b>(0.1)</b>	<b>(0.6)</b>
<b>Traditional Products</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>21.7</b>	<b>(2.5)</b>	<b>(11.5)</b>
<b>Classroom Products</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>(0.5)</b>	<b>(26.3)</b>
<b>Voyager</b>	<b>23.0</b>		<b>23.0</b>	<b>NM</b>
<b>TOTAL PQIL</b>	<b>\$ 95.1</b>	<b>\$ 70.1</b>	<b>\$ 25.0</b>	<b>35.7</b>
<b>POBS</b>				
<b>Automotive Group</b>	<b>\$ 43.0</b>	<b>\$ 39.8</b>	<b>\$ 3.2</b>	<b>8.0</b>

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<b>Power Equipment-Electronic</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>(0.1)</b>	<b>(5.0)</b>
<b>Other</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>33.3</b>
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>TOTAL PQBS</b>	<b>\$ 45.3</b>	<b>\$ 42.1</b>	<b>\$ 3.2</b>	<b>7.6</b>
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>TOTAL PROQUEST</b>	<b>\$ 140.4</b>	<b>\$ 112.2</b>	<b>\$ 28.2</b>	<b>25.1</b>
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

Our net sales from continuing operations increased \$ 28.2 million, or 25.1%, to \$ 140.4 million in the second quarter of 2005.



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### **ProQuest Information & Learning**

Net sales at PQIL increased \$25.0 million, or 35.7%, to \$95.1 million.

#### **Published Products.**

Our published products continued to show strong demand and revenue increased \$5.1 million, or 16.8%, to \$35.4 million compared to the second quarter of 2004. The increase was driven by a revenue increase of \$1.4 million from our Historical Newspaper products, as well as by sales of our humanities products.

#### **General Reference Products.**

Revenue from our general reference products remained relatively flat. Revenue from aggregated content in higher education and K-12 markets increased \$0.6 million, offset by continued declines in our reseller products.

#### **Traditional Products.**

Revenue from our traditional products decreased \$2.5 million, or 11.5%, to \$19.2 million. This was the result of a decline in revenue of \$2.6 million from newspaper and serial microfilm, and paper dissertations, which was partially offset by an increase in revenue from backfile and collections microfilm.

#### **Classroom Products.**

Revenue from our classroom products decreased \$0.5 million to \$1.4 million. This decline resulted from lower paper coursepack sales in a highly competitive environment. This decrease was partially offset by the continued increase in electronic coursepack sales.

#### **Voyager.**

Revenue from Voyager products was \$23.0 million for the second quarter of fiscal 2005. Revenue was driven by increased penetration with existing customers and strong progress in adding new customers. Revenue at Voyager is seasonal. The first quarter is generally the lowest, with increased revenue shown as the year progresses. Revenue increases in the second quarter from summer school enrollment. The third and fourth quarters have the strongest revenue as a result of the start of the school year. It is expected that at least 70% of Voyager's revenue will occur in the second half of the year.



**Table of Contents****ProQuest Business Solutions**

Net sales at PQBS increased \$3.2 million, or 7.6%, to \$45.3 million.

**Automotive Group.**

Revenue from our automotive products increased \$3.2 million, or 8.0%, to \$43.0 million. This was the result of increased revenue from acquired new products that help automotive dealers solve specific business problems within sales, service, warranty, and dealer management.

**Gross Profit.**

	<b>Thirteen Weeks Ended</b>		<b>% of Sales (1)</b>	
	<b>July 2, 2005</b>	<b>July 3, 2004</b>	<b>July 2, 2005</b>	<b>July 3, 2004</b>
(Dollars in millions)				
<b>PQIL</b>	<b>\$ 42.6</b>	<b>\$ 30.3</b>	<b>44.8</b>	<b>43.2</b>
<b>PQBS</b>	<b>27.5</b>	<b>26.8</b>	<b>60.7</b>	<b>63.7</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 70.1</b>	<b>\$ 57.1</b>	<b>49.9</b>	<b>50.9</b>

(1) Percentages calculated based on each division's sales.

Our gross profit percentage decreased 100 basis points to 49.9% compared to the second quarter of 2004.

At PQIL, the gross profit margin increased from 43.2% to 44.8%, an increase of 160 basis points compared to the second quarter of 2004. This increase is primarily due to the acquisition of Voyager, which has higher gross profit margins, partially offset by the amortization of acquired curriculum costs.

At PQBS, the gross profit margin decreased from 63.7% to 60.7%, a decrease of 300 basis points compared to the second quarter of 2004. This decrease resulted primarily from development costs incurred which include updating an electronic parts catalog for a major OEM (Original Equipment Manufacturer), developing and updating performance management products, and lower margins on Syncata revenues.

**Table of Contents***Research and Development.*

(Dollars in millions)	Thirteen Weeks Ended		Inc/(Dec)	
	July 2,	July 3,		
	2005	2004	\$	%
<b>PQIL</b>	\$ 1.5	\$ 1.8	\$ (0.3)	(16.7)
<b>PQBS</b>	2.2	2.3	(0.1)	(4.3)
<b>Total</b>	\$ 3.7	\$ 4.1	\$ (0.4)	(9.8)

Our research and development expenditures include costs for database and software development, information delivery systems, and other electronic products. Cost improvements at PQIL are a result of outsourcing, offset by increased costs related to Voyager research and development activities.

*Selling and Administrative.*

(Dollars in millions)	Thirteen Weeks Ended		Inc/(Dec)	
	July 2,	July 3,		
	2005	2004	\$	%
<b>PQIL</b>	\$ 22.0	\$ 14.8	\$ 7.2	48.6
<b>PQBS</b>	13.5	11.5	2.0	17.4
<b>Corporate</b>	3.5	3.0	0.5	16.7
<b>Total</b>	\$ 39.0	\$ 29.3	\$ 9.7	33.1

The increase at PQIL is primarily due to the acquisition of Voyager. The increase at PQBS is primarily the result of higher sales volume and additional costs associated with new performance management products. The increase at Corporate is primarily due to restricted stock grants in 2005.

*Net Interest Expense.*

(Dollars in millions)	Thirteen Weeks Ended		Inc/(Dec)	
	July 2,	July 3,		
	2005	2004	\$	%

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<b>Interest income</b>	<b>\$ (0.4)</b>	<b>\$ (0.6)</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>33.3</b>
<b>Debt</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>176.9</b>
<b>Monetized contracts</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>(0.3)</b>	<b>(17.6)</b>
<b>Other</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>(0.1)</b>	<b>(50.0)</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 8.3</b>	<b>\$ 3.9</b>	<b>\$ 4.4</b>	<b>112.8</b>

As a result of the Voyager acquisition, net interest expense increased approximately \$4.4 million.

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*Income Tax Expense.*

For the thirteen weeks ended July 2, 2005, income taxes were recorded at an effective rate of 35.4%, compared to an effective rate of 34.9% for the thirteen weeks ended July 3, 2004. Income tax expense decreased for the thirteen weeks ended July 2, 2005 due to lower operating earnings partially offset by an increase to the effective tax rate. The higher effective tax rate is due to a reduced benefit from tax incentives and foreign tax benefits.

**Table of Contents****Results of Operations****First Half 2005 Compared to the First Half 2004**

	Twenty-Six Weeks Ended					
	July 2, 2005		July 3, 2004		Inc/(Dec)	
(Dollars in millions)						
	Amount	% of sales	Amount	% of sales	\$	%
Net sales	\$ 261.5	100.0	\$ 223.0	100.0	\$ 38.5	17.3
Cost of sales	(127.5)	(48.8)	(109.1)	(48.9)	(18.4)	(16.9)
Gross profit	134.0	51.2	113.9	51.1	20.1	17.6
Research and development expense	(8.5)	(3.3)	(8.5)	(3.8)		
Selling and administrative expense	(79.3)	(30.2)	(60.9)	(27.3)	(18.4)	(30.2)
Earnings from continuing operations before interest and income taxes	46.2	17.7	44.5	20.0	1.7	3.8
Net interest expense	(15.1)	(5.8)	(8.0)	(3.6)	(7.1)	(88.8)
Income tax expense	(11.0)	(4.2)	(12.7)	(5.7)	1.7	13.4
Net earnings from continuing operations	\$ 20.1	7.7	\$ 23.8	10.7	(3.7)	(15.5)

*Net Sales.*

(Dollars in millions)	Twenty-Six Weeks Ended		Inc/(Dec)	
	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004	\$	%
<b><u>POIL</u></b>				
Published Products	\$ 65.6	\$ 55.7	\$ 9.9	17.8
General Reference Products	31.5	32.6	(1.1)	(3.4)
Traditional Products	41.5	45.8	(4.3)	(9.4)
Classroom Products	4.3	4.5	(0.2)	(4.4)
Voyager	29.0		29.0	NM
TOTAL PQIL	\$ 171.9	\$ 138.6	\$ 33.3	24.0
<b><u>POBS</u></b>				
Automotive Group	\$ 85.0	\$ 79.8	\$ 5.2	6.5

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<b>Power Equipment-Electronic</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>(0.1)</b>	<b>(2.5)</b>
<b>Other</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>16.7</b>
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>TOTAL PQBS</b>	<b>\$ 89.6</b>	<b>\$ 84.4</b>	<b>\$ 5.2</b>	<b>6.2</b>
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>TOTAL PROQUEST</b>	<b>\$ 261.5</b>	<b>\$ 223.0</b>	<b>\$ 38.5</b>	<b>17.3</b>
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

Our net sales from continuing operations increased \$38.5 million, or 17.3%, to \$261.5 million in the first half of fiscal 2005.



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**ProQuest Information & Learning**

Net sales at PQIL increased \$33.3 million, or 24.0%, to \$171.9 million.

**Published Products.**

Our published products continued to show strong demand and revenue increased \$9.9 million, or 17.8%, to \$65.6 million compared to the first half of fiscal 2004. The increase was driven by strong revenue from our Historical Newspaper products which increased \$2.1 million, as well as by sales of our humanities products.

**General Reference Products.**

Revenue from our general reference products decreased \$1.1 million, or 3.4%, to \$31.5 million primarily due to a \$1.3 million decline in our reseller business.

**Traditional Products.**

Revenue from our traditional products decreased \$4.3 million, or 9.4%, to \$41.5 million primarily as a result of a decline in revenue of \$3.7 million from microfilm backfiles, newspapers and serials.

**Classroom Products.**

Revenue from our classroom products remained relatively flat as the increase in revenue from electronic coursepacks was offset by declines in paper coursepack sales as a result of the competitive environment.

**Voyager.**

Revenue from Voyager products was \$29.0 million for the five months they were part of ProQuest Company in 2005. Revenue was driven by sales of our Voyager Passport, Summer School and Universal Literacy System programs. Revenue at Voyager is seasonal. The first quarter is generally the lowest, with increased revenue shown as the year progresses. Revenue increases in the second quarter from summer school enrollment. The third and fourth quarters have the strongest revenue as a result of the start of the school year. It is expected that at least 70% of Voyager's revenue will occur in the second half of the year.



**Table of Contents****ProQuest Business Solutions**

Net sales at PQBS increased \$5.2 million, or 6.2%, to \$89.6 million.

**Automotive Group.**

Revenue from our automotive products increased \$5.2 million, or 6.5%, to \$85.0 million. This was the result of increased revenue from acquired new products that help automotive dealers solve specific business problems within sales, service, warranty, and dealer management.

**Gross Profit.**

	<b>Twenty-Six Weeks Ended</b>		<b>% of Sales (1)</b>	
	<b>July 2, 2005</b>	<b>July 3, 2004</b>	<b>July 2, 2005</b>	<b>July 3, 2004</b>
<b>(Dollars in millions)</b>				
<b>PQIL</b>	<b>\$ 78.6</b>	<b>\$ 61.1</b>	<b>45.7</b>	<b>44.1</b>
<b>PQBS</b>	<b>55.4</b>	<b>52.8</b>	<b>61.8</b>	<b>62.6</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 134.0</b>	<b>\$ 113.9</b>	<b>51.2</b>	<b>51.1</b>

(1) These are calculated based on each division's sales.

Our gross profit percentage increased 10 basis points to 51.2% compared to the first half of fiscal 2004.

At PQIL, the gross profit margin increased from 44.1% to 45.7%, an increase of 160 basis points compared to the first half of fiscal 2004. This increase is primarily due to the acquisition of Voyager, which has higher gross profit margins, partially offset by the amortization of acquired curriculum costs.

At PQBS, the gross profit margin decreased from 62.6% to 61.8%, a decrease of 80 basis points compared to the first half of fiscal 2004. This decrease resulted primarily from development costs incurred which include updating an electronic parts catalog for a major OEM (Original Equipment Manufacturer), developing and updating performance management products, as well as developing the solutions we acquired in 2005.

**Table of Contents***Research and Development.*

(Dollars in millions)	Twenty-Six Weeks Ended		Inc/(Dec)	
	July 2,	July 3,		
	2005	2004	\$	%
<b>PQIL</b>	\$ 3.7	\$ 3.8	\$ (0.1)	(2.6)
<b>PQBS</b>	4.8	4.7	0.1	2.1
<b>Total</b>	\$ 8.5	\$ 8.5	\$	

Our research and development expenditures include costs for database and software development, information delivery systems, and other electronic products.

*Selling and Administrative.*

(Dollars in millions)	Twenty-Six Weeks Ended		Inc/(Dec)	
	July 2,	July 3,		
	2005	2004	\$	%
<b>PQIL</b>	\$ 44.3	\$ 29.6	\$ 14.7	49.7
<b>PQBS</b>	27.2	24.1	3.1	12.9
<b>Corporate</b>	7.8	7.2	0.6	8.3
<b>Total</b>	\$ 79.3	\$ 60.9	\$ 18.4	30.2

The increase at PQIL is primarily due to the acquisition of Voyager, which has higher selling and administrative costs combined with lower direct costs, as well as increased direct selling costs from our 2004 acquisitions. The increase at PQBS is primarily due to higher sales volume, additional costs associated with new performance management products and compensation expense related to employee severance. The increase at Corporate is primarily due to restricted stock expense in 2005.

*Net Interest Expense.*

(Dollars in millions)	Twenty-Six Weeks Ended		Inc/(Dec)	
	July 2,	July 3,		
	2005	2004	\$	%

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<b>Interest income</b>	<b>\$ (0.8)</b>	<b>\$ (0.9)</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>11.1</b>
<b>Debt</b>	<b>12.7</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>144.2</b>
<b>Monetized contracts</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>(0.5)</b>	<b>(14.7)</b>
<b>Other</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.3</b>		
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 15.1</b>	<b>\$ 8.0</b>	<b>\$ 7.1</b>	<b>88.8</b>

As a result of the Voyager acquisition, net interest expense increased approximately \$7.2 million.

**Table of Contents***Income Tax Expense.*

For the twenty-six weeks ended July 2, 2005, income taxes were recorded at an effective rate of 35.5%, compared to an effective rate of 35.0% for the twenty-six weeks ended July 3, 2004. Income tax expense decreased for the twenty-six weeks ended July 2, 2005 due to lower operating earnings partially offset by an increase to the effective tax rate. The higher effective tax rate is due to a reduced benefit from tax incentives and foreign tax benefits.

Liquidity

Long-term debt increased by \$358.3 million to \$551.0 million in the first half of fiscal 2005 compared to the first half of fiscal 2004.

In January 2005, we acquired Voyager Expanded Learning Inc. (see Note 13 to the Consolidated Financial Statements). We financed our acquisition through a new \$175 million issuance of private-placement notes and a new revolving line of credit. The 5.38% fixed notes matures in January 2015. Our previous revolving credit agreement was replaced with a new variable interest rate facility with capacity of \$275 million which expires in January 2010 (see Note 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements).

For the first half of fiscal 2005, we generated cash from operations of \$18.3 million compared to generation of \$18.6 million for the first half of 2004, a decrease of \$0.3 million. The decrease in cash provided by continuing operations is primarily due to the following:

	<b>Inc/(Dec) vs. 2004</b>
	<b>(Dollars in millions)</b>
<b>Accounts receivable, net (increased cash collections including additional Voyager receivables)</b>	<b>\$ 11.0</b>
<b>Depreciation &amp; amortization</b>	<b>5.0</b>
<b>Accounts payable (timing of payments and acquisition of Voyager)</b>	<b>4.7</b>
<b>Deferred income taxes (additional tax payments)</b>	<b>(5.8)</b>
<b>Other long-term liabilities (exclusive distributor agreement with the DMS buyer in 2004)</b>	<b>(5.4)</b>
<b>Deferred income (decline in microfilm sales)</b>	<b>(4.2)</b>
<b>Net earnings</b>	<b>(4.5)</b>

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We used \$400.6 million of cash in our investing activities for the first half of fiscal 2005, an increase of \$379.9 million compared to the first half of 2004. This increase is primarily due to the following:

	<b>Inc/(Dec) vs. 2004</b>
	<b>(Dollars in millions)</b>
<b>Acquisitions, net of cash acquired</b>	<b>\$ (340.3)</b>
<b>Proceeds from (expenditures associated with) sales of discontinued operations (sale of DMS in 2004)</b>	<b>(33.1)</b>
<b>Property, plant, equipment, product masters, curriculum development costs, and software (accelerated digitization to meet market demands)</b>	<b>(8.7)</b>

For the first half of fiscal 2005, we generated cash from financing activities of \$388.1 million compared to a generation of \$0.1 million in the first half of fiscal 2004, an increase of \$388.0 million. This increase is primarily due to the following:

	<b>Inc/(Dec) vs. 2004</b>
	<b>(Dollars in millions)</b>
<b>Net increase in debt (financing of Voyager acquisition and proceeds received from 2004 DMS sale)</b>	<b>\$ 394.5</b>
<b>Proceeds from exercise of stock options, net</b>	<b>5.6</b>
<b>Monetized future billings (decreased monetization of PQBS contracts)</b>	<b>(9.6)</b>
<b>Debt issuance costs (new debt issuance and amendment)</b>	<b>(2.0)</b>

We believe that current cash balances, cash generated from operations, and availability under our line of credit will be adequate to fund the growth in working capital and capital expenditures necessary to support planned increases in sales for the foreseeable future and meet our ongoing obligations for at least the next 12 months. Under our \$275.0 million revolving credit facility, \$225.7 million was outstanding as of July 2, 2005.

**Table of Contents****Financial Condition**

*Selected Balance Sheet information - July 2, 2005 compared to January 1, 2005*

(Dollars in millions)	As of		Inc/(Dec)	
	January 1,			
	July 2, 2005	2005	\$	%
<b>Accounts receivable, net</b>	<b>\$ 85.6</b>	<b>\$ 95.3</b>	<b>\$ (9.7)</b>	<b>(10.2)</b>
<b>Other current assets</b>	<b>63.0</b>	<b>50.1</b>	<b>12.9</b>	<b>25.7</b>
<b>Purchased and developed software, net</b>	<b>39.7</b>	<b>41.7</b>	<b>(2.0)</b>	<b>(4.8)</b>
<b>Other assets</b>	<b>22.9</b>	<b>21.5</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>6.5</b>
<b>Accrued expenses</b>	<b>35.6</b>	<b>35.3</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.8</b>
<b>Deferred income</b>	<b>59.7</b>	<b>100.5</b>	<b>(40.8)</b>	<b>(40.6)</b>
<b>Other liabilities</b>	<b>121.6</b>	<b>82.5</b>	<b>39.1</b>	<b>47.4</b>

Accounts receivable decreased \$9.7 million due to the continued collection of year-end receivables related to subscription billings issued during the fourth quarter of 2004 as well as the conclusion of the BHFS financing arrangement. This was partially offset by an increase due to acquisitions in the first half of 2005.

Other current assets increased by \$12.9 million primarily due to the acquisition of Voyager and timing of prepaid royalties and costs related to our mid-year tradeshow.

Net purchased and developed software decreased \$2.0 million primarily due to amortization, partially offset by acquisitions in the first half of 2005.

Other assets increased by \$1.4 million primarily due to deferred financing fees resulting from the debt refinancing related to the Voyager acquisition.

Accrued expenses remained relatively flat due to acquisitions during the first half of the year and an increase in accrued interest as a result of the new debt related to the Voyager acquisition (\$4.7 million). These increases were offset by a decrease in accrued taxes (\$2.6 million) due to tax payments made in the first half of the year, timing of payroll and annual bonuses as well as year-end severance accruals paid in the first quarter of 2005.

Deferred income decreased \$40.8 million primarily due to the seasonal nature of PQIL's deferred revenue. At year end, deferred revenue is at a high level due to the billings that occur late in the third quarter and throughout the fourth quarter. Additionally, deferred income declined due to lower sales of our traditional products.



Other liabilities increased \$39.1 million primarily because of increased deferred income taxes related to the tax basis differences for Voyager intangibles.

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*Selected Balance Sheet information - July 2, 2005 compared to July 3, 2004.*

(Dollars in millions)	As of		Inc/(Dec)	
	July 2, 2005	July 3, 2004	\$	%
<b>Accounts receivable, net</b>	<b>\$ 85.6</b>	<b>\$ 82.3</b>	<b>\$ 3.3</b>	<b>4.0</b>
<b>Other current assets</b>	<b>63.0</b>	<b>56.0</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>12.5</b>
<b>Purchased and developed software, net</b>	<b>39.7</b>	<b>48.7</b>	<b>(9.0)</b>	<b>(18.5)</b>
<b>Other assets</b>	<b>22.9</b>	<b>19.3</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>18.7</b>
<b>Accrued expenses</b>	<b>35.6</b>	<b>37.2</b>	<b>(1.6)</b>	<b>(4.3)</b>
<b>Deferred income</b>	<b>59.7</b>	<b>83.0</b>	<b>(23.3)</b>	<b>(28.1)</b>
<b>Other liabilities</b>	<b>121.6</b>	<b>68.6</b>	<b>53.0</b>	<b>77.3</b>

Accounts receivable increased by \$3.3 million primarily due to acquisitions subsequent to the first half of 2004, partially offset by the conclusion of the BHFS financing arrangement (\$7.0 million) and an increase in collections.

Other current assets increased \$7.0 million due to prepaid royalties and the accelerated payment of sales commissions related to year-end 2004 subscription sales.

Net purchased and developed software decreased by \$9.0 million primarily due to annual amortization expense as well as lower software expenditures in the first half of 2005.

Other assets increased by \$3.6 million primarily due to deferred financing fees as a result of the debt refinancing related to the Voyager acquisition (\$2.0 million) as well as an increase in long-term deferred tax assets.

Accrued expenses decreased by \$1.6 million primarily due to a decrease in accrued taxes (\$10.0 million) as a result of tax payments due to the gain on the sale of DMS recorded in the second quarter of 2004. This decrease was offset by an increase in accruals related to acquisitions in the first half of 2005 as well as an increase in accrued interest (\$4.8 million) as a result of the new debt related to the Voyager acquisition and a change in the timing of interest payments.

Deferred income decreased by \$23.3 million primarily due to unit declines in traditional microfilm subscription products and continued pricing pressure on general reference products.

Other liabilities increased by \$53.0 million primarily due to increased deferred income taxes, of which \$37.3 million was related to the tax basis differences for Voyager intangibles.



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**Interest Rate Risk Management**

We have a revolving credit facility, which is variable-rate long-term debt, that exposes us to variability in interest payments due to changes in interest rates. We had \$225.7 million outstanding on the credit facility at July 2, 2005, and the weighted-average interest rate on the credit facility was 4.80% at July 2, 2005. We have decided not to hedge this interest rate risk. Instead, we have limited this risk by maintaining \$150.0 million of our debt in the form of long-term fixed-rate notes with a 5.45% fixed coupon rate and a 5.60% effective rate. These notes have a seven-year average life and are due in seven equal annual payments of \$21.4 million beginning October 1, 2006 and ending October 1, 2012. Additionally, we maintain \$175.0 million of our debt in the form of long-term fixed-rate notes with a 5.38% fixed coupon rate and a 5.42% effective rate. These notes have a ten-year average life and are due in six annual payments of \$29.1 million beginning January 31, 2010 and ending January 31, 2015.

**Recently Issued Financial Accounting Standards**

In May 2005, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ( SFAS ) No. 154, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections ( SFAS 154 ), which replaces Accounting Principles Board Opinion ( APB ) No. 20 Accounting Changes , and SFAS No. 3 Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements . SFAS 154 changes the requirements for the accounting for and reporting of a change in accounting principle, and applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principles, as well as changes required by an accounting pronouncement in the unusual instance that it does not include specific transition provisions. Specifically, SFAS 154 requires retrospective application to prior periods financial statements, unless it is impracticable to determine the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change. SFAS 154 does not change the transition provisions of any existing pronouncement. SFAS 154 is effective for all accounting changes and corrections of errors made beginning January 1, 2006.

In December 2004, the FASB issued Statement No. 123(R), Share-Based Payment . FASB Statement No. 123(R) replaces FASB Statement No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation and supersedes APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees . The revised statement requires that the compensation cost relating to share-based payment transactions be recognized in financial statements and measured at the fair value of the equity instruments issued. Effective April 14, 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued a new rule that amends the compliance dates for companies to implement the revised statement to the beginning of their next fiscal year after June 15, 2005, which for ProQuest is January 1, 2006.

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On October 22, 2004, the President of the United States signed The American Jobs Creation Act of 2004. Among the provisions of the Act is a provision that allows for the exclusion from income of a portion of the remittances of earnings of foreign subsidiaries to U.S. shareholders through December 31, 2005. In December 2004, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position 109-2, *Accounting and Disclosure Guidance for the Foreign Earnings Repatriation Provision within the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004* ( FSP 109-2 ). Under the guidance of FSP 109-2, an enterprise is allowed time beyond the financial reporting period of enactment to evaluate the effect of the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 on its plan for reinvestment or repatriation of foreign earnings for purposes of applying SFAS No. 109. The deduction is subject to a number of limitations. We have not yet decided whether, or to what extent, foreign earnings will be repatriated. Based on our analysis to date, however, it is possible that we may repatriate an amount from \$0 to \$9.6 million. The related range of income tax effects of such repatriation cannot be reasonably estimated at the time of issuance of these financial statements. We expect to be in a position to finalize our assessment by December 31, 2005.

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### **Item 3.**

#### **Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk**

##### **Interest Rate Risk**

As a result of our financing activities, we are exposed to changes in interest rates which may adversely affect our results of operations and financial position. We are not currently hedging this interest rate risk. Instead, we have limited this risk by maintaining \$150.0 million of our debt in the form of long-term fixed-rate notes with a 5.45% fixed coupon rate and a 5.60% effective rate. These notes have a seven-year average life and are due in seven equal annual payments of \$21.4 million beginning October 1, 2006 and ending October 1, 2012. Additionally, we maintain \$175.0 million of our debt in the form of long-term fixed-rate notes with a 5.38% fixed coupon rate and a 5.42% effective rate. These notes have a ten-year average life and are due in six annual payments of \$29.1 million beginning January 31, 2010 and ending January 31, 2015. Our remaining debt is variable-rate long-term debt, which exposes us to variability in interest payments due to changes in interest rates.

##### **Foreign Currency Risk**

As a result of our global operations, we are exposed to changes in foreign currencies. Our practice is to hedge a limited number of significant operating balance sheet exposures to foreign currency rate fluctuations via use of foreign currency forward or option contracts. We do not utilize financial derivatives for trading or other speculative purposes. At July 2, 2005, we had no outstanding foreign currency forward or option contracts. The potential impact on our earnings from a 10% adverse change in quoted foreign currency rates would be immaterial.

### **Item 4.**

#### **Controls and Procedures**

##### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.**

Under the supervision and with the participation of our senior management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report (the Evaluation Date). Based on this evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded as of the Evaluation Date that our disclosure controls and procedures were

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effective such that the information relating to the Company, including consolidated subsidiaries, required to be disclosed in our Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ) reports (i) is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and (ii) is accumulated and communicated to the Company s management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended July 2, 2005 that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

**Table of Contents****Part II. Other Information****Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

We are involved in various legal proceedings incidental to our business. Management believes that the outcome of such proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated operations or financial condition.

**Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders**

On June 15, 2005, our annual meeting of Shareholders was held and the following matters were voted on:

1. The following individuals were elected to the board of directors to serve until the 2006 annual meeting of shareholders and thereafter until successors are duly elected and qualified:

<u>Nominee</u>	<u>Votes for</u>	<u>Votes withheld</u>
Alan W. Aldworth	26,982,305	455,896
Randy Best	26,906,589	531,612
David G. Brown	27,038,543	399,658
Michael S. Geltzeiler	27,264,053	174,148
Todd S. Nelson	20,590,724	6,847,477
William E. Oberndorf	26,351,965	1,086,236
Linda G. Roberts	26,943,023	495,178
James P. Roemer	27,007,007	431,194
Gary L. Roubos	26,430,962	1,007,239
Frederick J. Schwab	27,327,772	110,429

**Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K**

- (a) Exhibits:

<u>Index</u>	
<u>Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
31.1	Section 302 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer
31.2	Section 302 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer
32.1	Certification of Alan W. Aldworth, Chairman, President and CEO of ProQuest Company, Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002



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- 32.2 Certification of Kevin G. Gregory, Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Assistant Secretary of ProQuest Company, Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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(b) Reports on Form 8-K.

The Company filed the following Current Reports on Form 8-K during the quarter ended July 2, 2005:

A current report on Form 8-K was filed on May 4, 2005, under Items 2.02 and 9.01 furnishing our financial results for the quarter ended April 2, 2005.

A current report on Form 8-K was filed on May 6, 2005 under Items 5.02 and 9.01 announcing the intention of Kevin Gregory, the Chief Financial Officer of ProQuest Company, to resign from the company by year-end 2005.

A current report on Form 8-K was filed on June 2, 2005, under Item 4.01 and 9.01 announcing the appointment of Crowe Chizek and Company LLC as the independent auditor for the ProQuest Company Profit Sharing Retirement Plan for the plan year ended December 31, 2004.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

**Date: August 10, 2005**

**PROQUEST COMPANY**

/s/ Alan W. Aldworth

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Chairman, President and CEO

/s/ Kevin G. Gregory

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Senior Vice President,

Chief Financial Officer, and

Assistant Secretary