

CorMedix Inc.  
Form 424B5  
May 24, 2013

**Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(5)**

**Registration No. 333-185737**

**Prospectus Supplement**

(To prospectus dated January 10, 2013)

**\$1,500,000 of**

**8% Secured Convertible Notes**

**Common Stock Issuable Upon Conversion of the Notes**

We are offering to existing institutional investors secured convertible notes in the principal amount of \$1,500, individually referred to as a Note or collectively as the Notes, as well as the shares of common stock issuable from time to time upon conversion of the Notes and any interest thereon that has been added to the principal amount, referred to as Capitalized Interest.

The Notes are being offered at a discount of 5% of the principal amount of each Note, for a per Note purchase price of \$1,425. The maximum aggregate principal amount of the Notes is \$1,500,000, which, after the 5% discount, is an aggregate purchase price of \$1,425,000. There is no minimum amount of Notes that we are required to sell.

The Notes will be senior, secured obligations, guaranteed by all of our assets and the stock and assets of our subsidiary, CorMedix Europe GmbH. The principal amount of the Notes will accrue interest at the rate of 8.0% per annum and will be subject to a "make-whole" premium upon conversion of the Notes into common stock. Unless a holder of Notes, referred to as a Noteholder, requests otherwise, we are required to redeem the Notes at par value in eight equal monthly installments beginning on September 1, 2013 and continuing thereafter on the first business day of each month, ending on April 1, 2014. The outstanding Notes, if any, will mature on April 1, 2016. The Noteholders may convert the Notes at any time into shares of common stock at an initial conversion price of \$1.10, subject to adjustment, provided that any such Noteholder will be prohibited from converting its Note(s) if, as a result of such conversion, such holder, together with its affiliates, would own more than 4.99% or 9.99%, at the election of the initial holder, of the total number of shares of our common stock then issued and outstanding.

The Notes contain a prohibition on their conversion if, as a result of such conversion, we would have issued shares of our common stock in an aggregate amount equal to 2,640,528 shares, which is 20% of our shares of common stock outstanding on May 1, 2013, unless we have received the approval of our stockholders for such overage, which approval we are required to seek by July 30, 2013.

For a more detailed description of the Notes, see “Description of Securities We Are Offering” on page S-32.

Our common stock trades on the NYSE MKT under the trading symbol “CRMD.” The closing price of our common stock on May 23, 2013 was \$0.59. There is no established public trading market for the Notes and we do not expect a market to develop. In addition, we do not intend to apply for listing of the Notes on any national securities exchange or any other market.

**Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk. These risks are described under the caption “Risk Factors” beginning on page S-8 of this prospectus supplement and in the accompanying prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference therein.**

	Principal Amount of Note	Discount	Proceeds, before expenses, to us
Per Note	\$ 1,500.00	5.00 %	\$ 1,425.00
Maximum Amount of Notes	\$ 1,500,000	5.00 %	\$ 1,425,000

We expect that delivery of the securities being offered pursuant to this prospectus supplement will be made to the purchasers on or about May 30, 2013. All costs associated with this offering will be borne by us.

As of May 23, 2013, the aggregate market value of our outstanding common stock held by non-affiliates was \$11,659,082, based on 13,282,665 shares of our common stock outstanding on May 23, 2013, of which 12,954,535 shares were held by non-affiliates, and a price of \$0.90 per share, the closing price for our common stock on April 4, 2013. During the 12 calendar months prior to and including the date of this prospectus, we have offered securities with an aggregate market value of \$2,426,885 pursuant to General Instruction I.B.6 of Form S-3.

**Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.**

**Prospectus Supplement dated May 24, 2013**

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

About This Prospectus Supplement	S-1
Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements	S-2
Prospectus Supplement Summary	S-3
The Offering	S-5
Risk Factors	S-8
Use Of Proceeds	S-27
Dilution	S-28
Capitalization	S-30
Description Of Securities We Are Offering	S-32
Plan Of Distribution	S-38
Private Placement Transaction	S-39
Legal Matters	S-40
Experts	S-40
Where You Can Find Additional Information About Us	S-40
Incorporation Of Documents By Reference	S-41
About This Prospectus	1
Prospectus Summary	2
Risk Factors	6
Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements	22
Use of Proceeds	23
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges	23
Plan of Distribution	23
Description of Common Stock	25
Description of Preferred Stock	25
Description of Debt Securities	27
Description of Warrants	29
Description of Units	30
Certain Provisions of Delaware Law and of Our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Our Amended and Restated Bylaws	30
Executive Compensation	31
Legal Matters	38
Experts	38
Where You Can Find More Information	38
Incorporation of Documents By Reference	39

You should rely only on the information incorporated by reference or provided in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to purchase, the securities offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus in any jurisdiction where it is unlawful to

make such offer or solicitation. You should not assume that the information contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, or any document incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front cover of the applicable document. Neither the delivery of this prospectus supplement nor any distribution of securities pursuant to this prospectus supplement shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the information set forth or incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or in our affairs since the date of this prospectus supplement. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

## **ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT**

This prospectus supplement is part of a registration statement (No. 333-185737) that we filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, using a “shelf” registration process. Under the registration statement, we registered the offering by us of our common stock and preferred stock, various series of debt securities and/or warrants to purchase any of such securities, either individually or in units, from time to time in one or more offerings. This prospectus supplement provides specific information about the offering by us of the Notes and the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes and any Capitalized Interest under the shelf registration statement. This document is in two parts. The first part is the prospectus supplement, which adds to and updates information contained in the accompanying prospectus. The second part, the accompanying prospectus, provides more general information, some of which may not apply to this offering. Generally, when we refer to this prospectus, we are referring to both parts of this document combined. To the extent there is a conflict between the information contained in this prospectus supplement, on the one hand, and the information contained in the accompanying prospectus, on the other hand, you should rely on the information in this prospectus supplement.

In making your investment decision, you should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with any other information. If you receive any information not authorized by us, you should not rely on it. We are not making an offer to sell the securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should not assume that the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is accurate as of any date other than its respective date.

It is important for you to read and consider all of the information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus in making your investment decision. We include cross-references in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus to captions in these materials where you can find additional related discussions. The table of contents in this prospectus supplement provides the pages on which these captions are located.

We are offering to sell, and seeking an offer to buy, the Notes and the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes and Capitalized Interest only in jurisdictions where offers and sales are permitted. The distribution of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and the offering of the Notes and the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes and any Capitalized Interest in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. Persons outside the United States who come into possession of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus must inform themselves about, and observe any restrictions relating to, the offering of the Notes and the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes and any Capitalized Interest, and the distribution of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus outside the United States. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not constitute, and may not be used in connection with, an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, any securities offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such an offer or solicitation.

Before purchasing any securities, you should carefully read both this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, together with the additional information described under the heading, “Where You Can Find More Information,” in the accompanying prospectus.

Unless the context otherwise requires, “CorMedix,” the “company,” “we,” “us,” “our” and similar names refer to CorMedix Inc.

S-1

## **SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

The SEC encourages companies to disclose forward-looking information so that investors can better understand a company's future prospects and make informed investment decisions. This prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the documents we have filed with the SEC that are incorporated herein by reference contain such "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Words such as "may," "might," "should," "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "projects," "intends," "plans," "believes" and words of similar substance used in connection with any discussion of future operating or financial performance, identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements represent management's current judgment regarding future events and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements. These risks include, but are not limited to: our ability to obtain FDA and foreign approval of our product candidates, especially Neutrolin®; our need to obtain additional funding and our ability to obtain future funding on acceptable terms, or at all; our ability to maintain the listing of our common stock on the NYSE MKT; the unpredictability of the market acceptance of any of our products, including Neutrolin; our ability to sell any approved products and the prices we are able to realize; our ability to retain and hire necessary employees and to staff our operations appropriately; our ability to compete in our industry and innovation by our competitors; and our ability to stay abreast of and comply with new or modified laws and regulations that currently apply or become applicable to our business. Please also see the discussion of risks and uncertainties under "Risk Factors" below, and contained in the accompanying prospectus and otherwise incorporated by reference herein, and in our most recent annual report on Form 10-K, as revised or supplemented by our most recent quarterly report on Form 10-Q, as well as any amendments thereto, as filed with the SEC and which are incorporated herein by reference.

In light of these assumptions, risks and uncertainties, the results and events discussed in the forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus or in any document incorporated herein by reference might not occur. Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the respective dates of this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus or the date of the document incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. We expressly disclaim any obligation to update or alter any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by federal securities laws.



## PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT SUMMARY

*The following summary is qualified in its entirety by, and should be read together with, the more detailed information and financial statements and related notes thereto appearing elsewhere or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Before you decide to invest in our securities, you should read the entire prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus carefully, including the risk factors and the financial statements and related notes incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.*

### Overview

We are a development stage pharmaceutical and medical device company that seeks to in-license, develop and commercialize therapeutic products for the treatment of cardiac and renal dysfunction, specifically in the dialysis and non-dialysis areas. Specifically, our goal is to treat kidney disease by reducing the commonly associated cardiovascular and metabolic complications - in effect, “treating the kidney to treat the heart.” As of the date of this prospectus, we have licensed all of the product candidates in our pipeline.

We have the worldwide rights to develop and commercialize our product candidates, CRMD003 (Neutrolin®) and CRMD004, that we believe address potentially large market opportunities in the instances in which a central venous catheter is used, such as hemodialysis, intensive care units, oncology and total parenteral nutrition patients.

Our primary product candidate in development is Neutrolin for the prevention of catheter-related infections in the dialysis and non-dialysis markets, which we believe addresses a medical need and a potentially large market opportunity. Neutrolin is a liquid formulation designed to prevent central venous catheter infection as well as catheter obstruction, also referred to as maintenance of catheter patency, in central venous catheters, which we initially plan for use in hemodialysis catheters. There are approximately 780,000 hemodialysis patients in the United States and the European Union. We believe the patients undergoing hemodialysis using a tunneled central vein catheter will be our initial target market. We project 91,000 patients in the European Union and 104,000 patients in the United States. These patients represent nearly 30 million hemodialysis sessions per year, which we believe represents a market potential of approximately \$300 - \$400 million.

During the third quarter of 2011, we received a notice from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, or FDA, that Neutrolin had been assigned to the Center for Drug Evaluation and Research, or CDER, for review as a drug rather than a device. As a result of this, and given our limited resources, we decided to change our business strategy and focus the majority of our resources on the research and development of Neutrolin rather than CRMD004 and to seek regulatory and commercialization approval for Neutrolin in Europe through a CE Mark application rather than pursue

FDA approval at this time. During the first half of 2011, we submitted our design dossier to TÜV SÜD, the European notified body managing our CE Mark application. In the fourth quarter of 2011, we successfully completed our stage 1 audit with TÜV SÜD.

On October 10, 2012, we received ISO 13485:2003 certification from TÜV SÜD upon the successful completion of our stage 2 audit. This certification, which is a stand-alone standard developed by the International Organization for Standardization, is the globally recognized standard that outlines consistent international processes for the design and manufacturing of medical devices, including many supply chain functions such as assembly, packaging, warehousing and distribution. Compliance with ISO 13485 is often seen as a step towards achieving compliance with European regulatory requirements. The conformity of medical devices and in-vitro diagnostic medical devices according to applicable European Union, or EU, standards must be assessed before sale is permitted. The preferred method to prove conformity is the certification by a notified body of the quality management system according to ISO 9001 and/or ISO 13485 and ISO 14971. The result of a positive assessment is the issuance of a certificate of conformity allowing the CE Mark and the permission to sell the medical device in the European Union.

We have successfully completed the stage 2 audit with TÜV SÜD. We anticipate receiving a CE Mark approval in the second quarter of 2013. If we obtain CE Mark approval in Europe, we intend to launch Neutrolin for the prevention of catheter-related bloodstream infections, or CRBI, and maintenance of catheter patency in hemodialysis patients in Europe during 2013. However, we cannot be assured of CE Mark approval of Neutrolin on that timeline or at all.

In anticipation of receiving CE Marking approval, on January 10, 2013, we entered into an agreement with MKM Co-Pharma GmbH, or MKM, regarding Neutrolin, pursuant to which, MKM hired a national sales manager, Joachim Petrak, to market Neutrolin in Germany, as described in more detail below. Assuming the receipt of a CE Mark and the launch of Neutrolin in Europe, we intend to meet with the FDA to determine the pathway for U.S. approval of Neutrolin, which we expect will entail a Phase 3 trial.

## **Recent Developments**

On April 18, 2013, we received notice from the NYSE MKT that it granted us an extension until June 30, 2013 to regain compliance with continued listing standards of Section 1003(a)(iv) of the NYSE MKT, during which time the NYSE MKT will continue our listing. The NYSE MKT previously notified us on April 20, 2012 that we are not in compliance with Section 1003(a)(iv) of the NYSE MKT Company Guide in that we had sustained losses which are so substantial in relation to our overall operations or our existing financial resources, or our financial condition had become so impaired that it appeared questionable, in the opinion of the NYSE MKT, as to whether we will be able to continue operations and/or meet our obligations as they mature. We were afforded an opportunity to submit a plan of compliance to the NYSE MKT and, on May 17, 2012, we presented a plan to the NYSE MKT. On June 27, 2012, the NYSE MKT accepted our plan to regain compliance with its continued listing standards and granted an extension until August 22, 2012. On September 21, 2012, the NYSE MKT notified us that it granted us another extension to January 31, 2013 and on February 1, 2013, NYSE MKT notified that we were further granted extension until April 15, 2013 to regain compliance with the continued listing standards of the NYSE MKT.

Separately, the NYSE MKT notified us on April 5, 2013, that, based on our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, filed on March 27, 2013, we did not meet an additional continued listing standard of the NYSE MKT as set forth in Part 10 of the NYSE MKT Company Guide, or the Company Guide. Specifically, we are not in compliance with Section 1003(a)(i) of the Company Guide because we reported stockholders' equity of less than \$2 million as of December 31, 2012, and losses from continuing operations and/or net losses in two of our three most recent fiscal years viewed prospectively from the date of our initial listing. As a result, we again became subject to the procedures and requirements of Section 1009 of the Company Guide. We had to submit to the NYSE MKT no later than May 6, 2013, which we did, a plan of compliance to address how we intend to regain compliance with Section 1003(a)(i) of the Company Guide by October 20, 2013. If that plan is accepted by NYSE MKT, we may be able to continue our listing through October 20, 2013, during which time we will be subject to periodic review to determine whether we are making progress consistent with the Plan.

We remain subject to the conditions set forth in the NYSE MKT's letters dated April 20, 2012 and April 5, 2013. If we are not in compliance with all of the NYSE MKT's continued listing standards of both Section 1003(a)(i) and Section 1003(a)(iv) within the respective timeframes provided, or do not make progress consistent with either plan during the respective plan period, the NYSE MKT will initiate delisting proceedings.

## **Corporate History and Information**

We were organized as a Delaware corporation on July 28, 2006 under the name “Picton Holding Company, Inc.” and we changed our corporate name to “CorMedix Inc.” on January 18, 2007. Our operations to date have been primarily limited to organizing and staffing, licensing product candidates, developing clinical trials for our product candidates, establishing manufacturing for our product candidates and maintaining and improving our patent portfolio.

Our executive offices are located at 745 Route 202-206, Suite 303, Bridgewater, NJ 08807. Our telephone number is (908) 517-9500. Our website address is [www.cormedix.com](http://www.cormedix.com). Information contained in, or accessible through, our website does not constitute part of this prospectus supplement or accompanying prospectus.

S-4

## THE OFFERING

The following is a summary of certain terms of this offering and does not purport to be complete. For a more complete description of the Notes issued in this offering, see “Description of Securities We Are Offering” beginning on page S-32 of this prospectus supplement and “Description of Common Stock” beginning on page 25 of the accompanying prospectus.

**Convertible Notes** Senior, secured convertible notes in the aggregate original principal amount of \$1,500,000. Each Note has a principal amount of \$1,500. The Notes will be offered at a price equal to 95% of the principal amount of the Note, or \$1,425. The maximum aggregate principal amount of the Notes is \$1,500,000. The Notes accrue interest at the rate of 8% per annum and mature on April 1, 2016. The Notes are secured by all of our assets and the stock and assets of our subsidiary, CorMedix Europe GmbH.

**Conversion** The Notes are convertible, at any time, into shares of common stock at an initial conversion price of \$1.10, subject to adjustment, provided that any Noteholder will be prohibited from converting its Note(s) if, as a result of such conversion, such Noteholder, together with its affiliates, would own more than 4.99% or 9.99%, at the election of the initial holder (the “Beneficial Ownership Limitation”), of the total number of shares of our common stock then issued and outstanding. The Notes are also subject to a “make-whole” premium in the event they are converted prior to April 1, 2014, in which event interest will be due and owing as if the converted Note had been outstanding until April 1, 2014.

**Mandatory Redemption** We are required to redeem the Notes in cash at par value or in shares of stock which are priced in accordance with a pricing formula described herein in eight equal monthly installment payments beginning on September 1, 2013 and continuing thereafter on the first business day of each month, ending on April 1, 2014. However, any Noteholder may defer payment of some or all of any installment payment, as described herein. In addition, we may not pay an installment amount in shares of our common stock if it would cause the holder to exceed the Beneficial Ownership Limitation.

**Proceeds as Collateral** The proceeds from the issuance of the Notes will be held in a cash collateral account subject to a first priority security interest in favor of the Noteholders, and such proceeds will be released to us upon our receipt of CE mark approval in Europe for our primary product candidate, CRMD003 (Neutrolin®).

**Anti-Dilution** The Notes will contain full-ratchet anti-dilution protection such that, if we issue shares of common stock at a price per share lower than the conversion price then in effect, the conversion price will be automatically lowered to such issuance price.

**Participation Rights** Each purchaser of a Note will, for a period of two years after the closing of the offering, have the right to participate in any subsequent equity or debt financing we undertake up to an amount equal to 50% of that subsequent financing, on the same terms, conditions and price provided for in that subsequent financing.

**Registered Securities** This prospectus supplement also relates to the offering of the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes and any Capitalized Interest.

**Common stock to be outstanding after this offering** 13,282,665 shares<sup>(1)</sup>

**NYSE Required Stockholder Approval** The Notes contain a prohibition on their conversion if, as a result of such conversion, we would have issued shares of our common stock in an aggregate amount equal to 2,640,528 shares, which is 20% of our shares of common stock outstanding on May 1, 2013, unless we have received the approval of our stockholders for such overage. We are required to hold a meeting of our stockholders for that purpose by July 30, 2013.

**Use of proceeds** We estimate that the net proceeds from this offering, after deducting offering expenses, will be approximately \$1,225,000. We intend to use the net proceeds for general corporate purposes, including the development and commercialization of Neutrolin, research and development of other product candidates, potential product acquisitions and/or potential acquisitions of complementary businesses, and working capital and capital expenditures. See "Use of Proceeds" on page S-27 of this prospectus supplement.

**Risk Factors** See "Risks Factors" beginning on page S-8 of this prospectus supplement or otherwise incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus for a discussion of the factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in our securities.

**NYSE MKT common stock symbol** CRMD

### **Warrant Offering**

Concurrently with this offering, we are offering warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 1,000,000 shares of our common stock, referred to as the Warrants, to existing institutional investors in a private placement. Each Warrant has a five-year term from the date of first exercisability, with an initial exercise price of \$1.10, subject to adjustment, provided that any such holder will be prohibited from exercising its Warrant(s) if, as a result of such exercise, such holder, together with its affiliates, would own more than 4.99% or 9.99%, at the election of the initial holder, of the total number of shares of our common stock then issued and outstanding. The Warrants will be exercisable following the first anniversary of their issuance and will provide for cashless exercise to the extent that, at the time of exercise,

a registration statement registering the resale of the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise is not effective. The Warrants will contain full-ratchet anti-dilution protection such that, if we issue shares of common stock at a price per share lower than the exercise price then in effect, the exercise price will be automatically lowered to such issuance price. In addition, the exercise price of the Warrants is subject to a one-time downward adjustment on the second anniversary of the issuance of the Warrants if on such date 90% of the average of the 10 lowest volume weighted average prices during the 20 consecutive trading days immediately prior to that date is lower than the exercise price of the Warrant then in effect, in which case the exercise price will be decreased to such price. The number of shares issuable upon exercise of the Warrants will not change even if the exercise price is decreased. We will act as our own transfer agent and registrar for the Warrants.

The number of shares of our common stock that will be issued and outstanding immediately after this offering as (1) shown above is the 13,282,665 shares of common stock issued and outstanding as of May 17, 2013 and excludes the following:

S-6

4,000,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the Warrants being offered concurrently;

1,363,637 shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes being offered hereby at a conversion price of \$1.10;

any shares issuable upon the conversion of any Capitalized Interest;

any shares issuable upon conversion of the Notes and any Capitalized Interest as a result of any decrease in the exercise price due to anti-dilution protection;

400,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the February 2012 warrant issued pursuant to that certain prospectus supplement filed with the SEC on February 19, 2013;

287,324 shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the Series A Preferred Stock;

2,300,000 shares of our common stock reserved for issuance under our 2006 Stock Plan, of which 1,898,297 shares were issuable upon exercise of outstanding options with a weighted-average exercise price of \$1.22;

5,000,000 shares of our common stock reserved for issuance under our 2013 Stock Plan, of which 1,400,000 shares were issuable upon exercise of outstanding options with a weighted-average exercise price of \$0.90;

warrants for 4,043,569 shares of our common stock issued in connection with our IPO with an exercise price of \$3.4375 per share and that expire on March 24, 2015;

a warrant to purchase 2,406 units with an exercise price of \$7.80 per unit issued to the underwriters of our IPO that, if exercised, would result in the issuance of an additional 4,812 shares of common stock and warrants to purchase an additional 2,406 shares of common stock;

warrants for 503,034 shares of our common stock issued in our 2009 private placement, which warrants have an exercise price of \$3.4375 per share and expire on October 29, 2014;

warrants for 18,250 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$7.84 per share issued to co-placement agents in connection with our previous convertible note financings;

outstanding Senior Convertible Notes issued in our 2012 private placement with an aggregate face value of \$886,400, convertible into an aggregate of 2,532,571 shares of our common stock;



- warrants issued to investors in our 2012 private placement to purchase an aggregate of 3,160,000 shares of our common stock with an exercise price of \$0.40 per share; and

- warrants issued to the placement agent for our 2012 private placement to purchase an aggregate of 331,000 shares of our common stock with an exercise price of \$0.40 per share.

S-7

## **RISK FACTORS**

*An investment in our securities involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks, uncertainties and assumptions discussed under the heading “Risk Factors” included in our most recent annual report on Form 10-K, as revised or supplemented by our most recent quarterly report on Form 10-Q, each of which are on file with the SEC and are incorporated herein by reference, and which may be amended, supplemented or superseded from time to time by other reports we file with the SEC in the future. You should also consider the risks described below and all of the other information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, and incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, including our financial statements and related notes, before investing in our securities. If any of the possible events described in those sections actually occur, our business, business prospects, cash flow, results of operations or financial condition could be harmed. In this case, the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you might lose all or part of your investment in our securities.*

### **Risks Related to Our Financial Position and Need for Additional Capital**

*Our independent registered public accounting firm expressed substantial doubt as to our ability to continue as a going concern in its audit report for the year ended December 31, 2012 and may do so again in the future.*

In their report accompanying our audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012, our independent registered public accounting firm expressed substantial doubt as to our ability to continue as a going concern. A “going concern” opinion could impair our ability to finance our operations through the sale of debt or equity securities or through bank financing. We believe our recent decision to focus the majority of our resources, including our research and development efforts, primarily on the CE Mark approval and commercialization of Neutrolin in Europe will result in our currently available capital resources being sufficient to meet our operating needs only through the second quarter of 2013, after giving effect to our receipt of approximately \$1,324,000 in aggregate gross proceeds from the sale of our Senior Convertible Notes in September and November 2012 and the gross proceeds of \$533,000 received from the private placement of our preferred stock during the first quarter of 2013. Our ability to continue as a going concern will depend on our ability to obtain additional financing. Thereafter, our ability to generate positive cash flow from operations will depend on our ability to receive a CE Mark for and launch Neutrolin in Europe. None of these undertakings are certain. Additional capital may not be available on reasonable terms, or at all. If adequate financing is not available, we would be required to terminate or significantly curtail our operations, or enter into arrangements with collaborative partners or others that may require us to relinquish rights to certain aspects of our technologies, or potential markets that we would not otherwise relinquish. If we are unable to achieve these goals, our business would be jeopardized and we may not be able to continue operations.

***We have a limited operating history and a history of operating losses, and expect to incur significant additional operating losses.***

We were established in July 2006 and have only a limited operating history. Therefore, there is limited historical financial information upon which to base an evaluation of our performance. Our prospects must be considered in light of the uncertainties, risks, expenses, and difficulties frequently encountered by companies in the early stages of operation. We incurred a net loss of approximately \$1.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and approximately \$3.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2012. As of March 31, 2013, we had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$47.8 million. We expect to incur substantial additional operating expenses over the next several years as our research, development, pre-clinical testing, clinical trial and commercialization activities increase. The amount of future losses and when, if ever, we will achieve profitability are uncertain. We have no products that have generated any commercial revenue, do not expect to generate revenues from the commercial sale of products unless and until we receive a CE Mark for and launch Neutrolin in Europe, and might never generate revenues from the sale of products. Our ability to generate revenue and achieve profitability will depend on, among other things, the following: successful completion of the development of our product candidates, particularly Neutrolin; obtaining necessary regulatory approvals for Neutrolin from the applicable European agencies, other foreign agencies and the FDA and from the FDA and international regulatory agencies for any other products; establishing manufacturing, sales, and marketing arrangements, either alone or with third parties; and raising sufficient funds to finance our activities. We might not succeed at any of these undertakings. If we are unsuccessful at some or all of these undertakings, our business, prospects, and results of operations may be materially adversely affected.

***We are not currently profitable and may never become profitable.***

We have a history of losses and expect to incur substantial losses and negative operating cash flow for the foreseeable future, and we may never achieve or maintain profitability. Even if we succeed in developing and commercializing Neutrolin or other product candidates, we expect to incur substantial losses for the foreseeable future and may never become profitable. We also expect to continue to incur significant operating and capital expenditures and anticipate that our expenses will increase substantially in the foreseeable future as we continue to undertake development of Neutrolin and our other product candidates, undertake clinical trials of our product candidates, seek regulatory approvals for product candidates, implement additional internal systems and infrastructure, and hire additional personnel.

We also expect to experience negative cash flow for the foreseeable future as we fund our operating losses and capital expenditures. As a result, we will need to generate significant revenues in order to achieve and maintain profitability. We may not be able to generate these revenues or achieve profitability in the future. Our failure to achieve or maintain profitability would negatively impact the value of our securities.

***We will need to finance our future cash needs through public or private equity offerings, debt financings or corporate collaboration and licensing arrangements. Any additional funds that we obtain may not be on terms favorable to us or our stockholders and may require us to relinquish valuable rights.***

We have no approved product on the market and have generated no product revenues. Unless and until we receive applicable regulatory approval for Neutrolin and any other product candidates, we cannot sell our products and will not have product revenues. Therefore, for the foreseeable future, we will have to fund all of our operations and capital expenditures from cash on hand, licensing fees and grants.

We believe that existing cash will be sufficient to enable us to fund our projected operating requirements only through the second quarter of 2013, based upon our recent decision to focus the majority of our resources, including our research and development efforts, primarily on the CE Marking approval and commercialization of Neutrolin in Europe. However, we may need to raise additional funds more quickly if one or more of our assumptions prove to be incorrect or if we choose to expand our product development efforts more rapidly than we presently anticipate, and we may decide to raise additional funds even before we need them if the conditions for raising capital are favorable.

We may seek to sell additional equity or debt securities, obtain a bank credit facility, or enter into a corporate collaboration or licensing arrangement. The sale of additional equity or debt securities, if convertible, could result in dilution to our stockholders. The incurrence of indebtedness would result in increased fixed obligations and could also result in covenants that would restrict our operations. Raising additional funds through collaboration or licensing

arrangements with third parties may require us to relinquish valuable rights to our technologies, future revenue streams, research programs or product candidates, or to grant licenses on terms that may not be favorable to us or our stockholders.

### **Risks Related to the Development and Commercialization of Our Product Candidates**

#### ***Our product candidates are still in development.***

We are a development stage pharmaceutical and medical device company with product candidates in various stages of development. We have recently changed our strategy to primarily focus on the commercialization of Neutrolin in Europe through the CE Marking process and have elected to delay our other product candidates' development until we have obtained CE Marking approval in Europe for Neutrolin. Our product candidates are currently at the following stages:

• CRMD003 (Neutrolin) - submitted a CE Mark application for approval in Europe; and

• CRMD004 - currently in the pre-clinical phase.

S-9

Our product development efforts may not lead to commercially viable products for any of several reasons. For example, our product candidates may fail to be proven safe and effective in clinical trials, or we may have inadequate financial or other resources to pursue development efforts for our product candidates. Our product candidates will require significant additional development, clinical trials, regulatory clearances and/or investment by us or our collaborators before they can be commercialized. Specifically, if we receive a CE Mark for Neutrolin, we will need to commercially launch it in Europe either on our own or through a third party, which will take time and capital.

*Successful development of our products is uncertain.*

Our development of current and future product candidates is subject to the risks of failure and delay inherent in the development of new pharmaceutical products, including but not limited to the following:

- inability to produce positive data in pre-clinical and clinical trials;
- delays in product development, pre-clinical and clinical testing, or manufacturing;
- unplanned expenditures in product development, clinical testing, or manufacturing;
- failure to receive regulatory approvals;
- emergence of superior or equivalent products;
- inability to manufacture our product candidates on a commercial scale on our own, or in collaboration with third parties; and
- failure to achieve market acceptance.

Because of these risks, our development efforts may not result in any commercially viable products. If a significant portion of these development efforts are not successfully completed, required regulatory approvals are not obtained or any approved products are not commercialized successfully, our business, financial condition, and results of operations will be materially harmed.

*Clinical trials required for our product candidates are expensive and time-consuming, and their outcome is uncertain.*

In order to obtain FDA or foreign approval to market a new drug or device product, we must demonstrate proof of safety and effectiveness in humans. Foreign regulations and requirements are similar to those of the FDA. To meet FDA requirements, we must conduct “adequate and well-controlled” clinical trials. Conducting clinical trials is a lengthy, time-consuming, and expensive process. The length of time may vary substantially according to the type, complexity, novelty, and intended use of the product candidate, and often can be several years or more per trial. Delays associated with products for which we are directly conducting clinical trials may cause us to incur additional operating expenses. The commencement and rate of completion of clinical trials may be delayed by many factors, including, for example:

- inability to manufacture sufficient quantities of qualified materials under the FDA’s current Good Manufacturing Practices requirements, referred to as cGMP, for use in clinical trials;

• slower than expected rates of patient recruitment;

• failure to recruit a sufficient number of patients;

• modification of clinical trial protocols;

• changes in regulatory requirements for clinical trials;

• lack of effectiveness during clinical trials;

• emergence of unforeseen safety issues;

- delays, suspension, or termination of clinical trials due to the institutional review board responsible for overseeing the study at a particular study site; and

• government or regulatory delays or “clinical holds” requiring suspension or termination of the trials.

• changes in regulatory requirements for clinical trials;

• lack of effectiveness during clinical trials;

• emergence of unforeseen safety issues;

- delays, suspension, or termination of clinical trials due to the institutional review board responsible for overseeing the study at a particular study site; and

• government or regulatory delays or “clinical holds” requiring suspension or termination of the trials.

The results from early pre-clinical and clinical trials are not necessarily predictive of results to be obtained in later clinical trials. Accordingly, even if we obtain positive results from early pre-clinical or clinical trials, we may not achieve the same success in later clinical trials.

Our clinical trials may be conducted in patients with serious or life-threatening diseases for whom conventional treatments have been unsuccessful or for whom no conventional treatment exists, and in some cases, our product is expected to be used in combination with approved therapies that themselves have significant adverse event profiles. During the course of treatment, these patients could suffer adverse medical events or die for reasons that may or may not be related to our products. We cannot ensure that safety issues will not arise with respect to our products in clinical development.

Clinical trials may not demonstrate statistically significant safety and effectiveness to obtain the requisite regulatory approvals for product candidates. As an example, in late 2011, we terminated development of CRMD001 due to disappointing data from our Phase II study. The failure of clinical trials to demonstrate safety and effectiveness for the desired indications could harm the development of our product candidates. Such a failure could cause us to abandon a product candidate and could delay development of other product candidates. Any delay in, or termination of, our clinical trials would delay the filing of any New Drug Application, or NDA, or any Premarket Approval Application, or PMA, with the FDA and, ultimately, our ability to commercialize our product candidates and generate product revenues. Any change in, or termination of, our clinical trials could materially harm our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

***Our business is subject to international economic, political and other risks that could negatively affect our results of operations or financial position.***



Due to the establishment of our German subsidiary, and our planned commercialization of Neutrolin in Europe and beyond, our business is subject to risks associated with doing business internationally, including:

• changes in a specific country's or region's political or economic conditions, including Western Europe, in particular;

• potential negative consequences from changes in tax laws affecting our ability to repatriate profits;

• difficulty in staffing and managing operations overseas;

• unfavorable labor regulations applicable to our European operations;

• changes in foreign currency exchange rates; and

• the need to ensure compliance with the numerous regulatory and legal requirements applicable to our business in each of these jurisdictions and to maintain an effective compliance program to ensure compliance.

Our operating results may be impacted by the health of European and other foreign economies. Our business and financial performance may be adversely affected by current and future economic conditions that cause a decline in business and consumer spending, including a reduction in the availability of credit, rising interest rates, financial market volatility and recession.

***If we fail to comply with international regulatory requirements we could be subject to regulatory delays, fines or other penalties.***

Regulatory requirements in foreign countries for international sales of medical devices often vary from country to country. The occurrence and related impact of the following factors would harm our business:

• delays in receipt of, or failure to receive, foreign regulatory approvals or clearances;

• the loss of previously obtained approvals or clearances; or

• the failure to comply with existing or future regulatory requirements.

The CE Mark is a mandatory conformity mark for products to be sold in the European Economic Area. Currently, 30 countries in Europe require products to bear CE Marking. To market in Europe, a product must first obtain the certifications necessary to affix the CE Mark. The CE Mark is an international symbol of adherence to the Medical Device Directives and the manufacturer's declaration that the product complies with essential requirements. Compliance with these requirements is ascertained within a certified Quality Management System (QMS) pursuant to ISO 13485. In order to obtain and to maintain a CE Mark, a product must be in compliance with the applicable quality assurance provisions of the aforementioned ISO and obtain certification of its quality assurance systems by a recognized European Union notified body. We have contracted with TÜV SÜD, a European Union notified body, to handle the CE Marking process for Neutrolin. In October 2012, TÜV SÜD awarded ISO 13485:2003 certification for Neutrolin, an important step in the CE Marking process. However, certain individual countries within the European Union require further approval by their national regulatory agencies. Failure to receive or maintain the right to affix the CE Mark or other requisite approvals could prohibit us from marketing and selling Neutrolin in the European Economic Area or elsewhere.

***We do not have, and may never obtain, the regulatory approvals we need to market our product candidates.***

We have filed a design dossier submission with TÜV SÜD, the European Union notified body, as part of the regulatory CE Marking approval process in Europe for Neutrolin and have received ISO 13485:2003 certification. However, there cannot be any assurance that Neutrolin will receive a CE Mark that would allow it to be sold in Europe.

In the United States, we have no current application for, and have not received the regulatory approvals required for, the commercial sale of any of our products. None of our product candidates has been determined to be safe and effective in the United States, and we have not submitted a NDA or PMA to the FDA for any product.

It is possible that none of our product candidates will be approved for marketing. Failure to obtain regulatory approvals, or delays in obtaining regulatory approvals, especially for Neutrolin in Europe, would adversely affect the successful commercialization of it or any other drugs or biologics that we or our partners develop, impose additional costs on us or our collaborators, diminish any competitive advantages that we or our partners may attain, and/or adversely affect our cash flow.

***Even if approved, our products will be subject to extensive post-approval regulation.***

Once a product is approved, numerous post-approval requirements apply in the United States and abroad. Depending on the circumstances, failure to meet these post-approval requirements can result in criminal prosecution, fines, injunctions, recall or seizure of products, total or partial suspension of production, denial or withdrawal of pre-marketing product approvals, or refusal to allow us to enter into supply contracts, including government contracts. In addition, even if we comply with FDA, foreign and other requirements, new information regarding the safety or effectiveness of a product could lead the FDA or a foreign regulatory body to modify or withdraw product approval.

***The successful commercialization of our products will depend on obtaining coverage and reimbursement for use of these products from third-party payors.***

Sales of pharmaceutical products largely depend on the reimbursement of patients' medical expenses by government health care programs and/or private health insurers, both in the U.S. and abroad. Without the financial support of these government or private third-party payors, the market for our products will be limited. These third-party payors are increasingly challenging the price and examining the cost effectiveness of medical products and services. Recent proposals to change the health care system in the United States have included measures that would limit or eliminate

payments for medical products and services or subject the pricing of medical treatment products to government control. Significant uncertainty exists as to the reimbursement status of newly approved health care products. Third-party payors may not reimburse sales of our products or enable our collaborators to sell them at profitable prices.

***Physicians and patients may not accept and use our products.***

Even if we receive FDA or foreign regulatory approval for one or more of our product candidates, physicians and patients may not accept and use it. Acceptance and use of our products will depend upon a number of factors including the following:

• perceptions by members of the health care community, including physicians, about the safety and effectiveness of our drug or device product;

• cost-effectiveness of our product relative to competing products;

- availability of reimbursement for our product from government or other healthcare payors; and

• effectiveness of marketing and distribution efforts by us and our licensees and distributors, if any.

Because we expect sales of our current product candidates, if approved, to generate substantially all of our product revenues for the foreseeable future, the failure of these products to find market acceptance would harm our business and would require us to seek additional financing.

### **Risks Related to Our Business and Industry**

*Competition and technological change may make our product candidates and technologies less attractive or obsolete.*

We compete with established pharmaceutical and medical device companies that are pursuing other forms of treatment for the same indications we are pursuing and that have greater financial and other resources. Other companies may succeed in developing products earlier than we do, obtaining FDA or any other regulatory agency approval for products more rapidly, or developing products that are more effective than our product candidates. Research and development by others may render our technology or product candidates obsolete or noncompetitive, or result in processes, treatments or cures superior to any therapy we develop. We face competition from companies that internally develop competing technology or acquire competing technology from universities and other research institutions. As these companies develop their technologies, they may develop competitive positions that may prevent, make futile, or limit our product commercialization efforts, which would result in a decrease in the revenue we would be able to derive from the sale of any products.

There can be no assurance that any of our product candidates will be accepted by the marketplace as readily as these or other competing treatments. Furthermore, if our competitors' products are approved before ours, it could be more difficult for us to obtain approval from the FDA or any other regulatory agency. Even if our products are successfully developed and approved for use by all governing regulatory bodies, there can be no assurance that physicians and patients will accept any of our products as a treatment of choice.

Furthermore, the pharmaceutical and medical device industry is diverse, complex, and rapidly changing. By its nature, the business risks associated therewith are numerous and significant. The effects of competition, intellectual property disputes, market acceptance, and FDA or other regulatory agency regulations preclude us from forecasting revenues or income with certainty or even confidence.

*We face the risk of product liability claims and the amount of insurance coverage we hold now or in the future may not be adequate to cover all liabilities we might incur.*

Our business exposes us to the risk of product liability claims that are inherent in the development of drugs. If the use of one or more of our or our collaborators' drugs or devices harms people, we may be subject to costly and damaging product liability claims brought against us by clinical trial participants, consumers, health care providers, pharmaceutical companies or others selling our products.

We currently carry product liability insurance that covers our clinical trials. We cannot predict all of the possible harms or side effects that may result and, therefore, the amount of insurance coverage we hold may not be adequate to cover all liabilities we might incur. Our insurance covers bodily injury and property damage arising from our clinical trials, subject to industry-standard terms, conditions and exclusions. This coverage does not include the sale of commercial products. We intend to expand our insurance coverage to include the sale of commercial products if we obtain marketing approval for our product candidates in development, but we may be unable to obtain commercially reasonable product liability insurance for any products approved for marketing.

If we are unable to obtain insurance at an acceptable cost or otherwise protect against potential product liability claims, we may be exposed to significant liabilities, which may materially and adversely affect our business and financial position. If we are sued for any injury allegedly caused by our or our collaborators' products and do not have sufficient insurance coverage, our liability could exceed our total assets and our ability to pay the liability. A successful product liability claim or series of claims brought against us would decrease our cash and could cause the value of our capital stock to decrease.

***We may be exposed to liability claims associated with the use of hazardous materials and chemicals.***

Our research, development and manufacturing activities and/or those of our third-party contractors may involve the controlled use of hazardous materials and chemicals. Although we believe that our safety procedures for using, storing, handling and disposing of these materials comply with federal, state and local laws and regulations, we cannot completely eliminate the risk of accidental injury or contamination from these materials. In the event of such an accident, we could be held liable for any resulting damages and any liability could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, the federal, state and local laws and regulations governing the use, manufacture, storage, handling and disposal of hazardous or radioactive materials and waste products may require us to incur substantial compliance costs that could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

***Healthcare policy changes, including reimbursement policies for drugs and medical devices, may have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.***

Market acceptance and sales of Neutrolin or any other product candidates that we develop will depend on reimbursement policies and may be affected by health care reform measures in the United States and abroad. Government authorities and other third-party payors, such as private health insurers and health maintenance organizations, decide which drugs they will pay for and establish reimbursement levels. We cannot be sure that reimbursement will be available for Neutrolin or any other product candidates that we develop. Also, we cannot be sure that the amount of reimbursement available, if any, will not reduce the demand for, or the price of, our products. If reimbursement is not available or is available only at limited levels, we may not be able to successfully commercialize Neutrolin or any other product candidates that we develop.

In the United States, there have been a number of legislative and regulatory proposals to change the health care system in ways that could affect our ability to sell our products profitably. The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, or collectively, the Healthcare Reform Act, substantially changes the way healthcare is financed by both governmental and private insurers, and significantly impacts the pharmaceutical industry. The Healthcare Reform Act contains a number of provisions, including those governing enrollment in federal healthcare programs, reimbursement changes and fraud and abuse, which will impact existing government healthcare programs and will result in the development of new programs, including Medicare payment for performance initiatives and improvements to the physician quality reporting system and feedback program. We anticipate that if we obtain approval for our products, some of our revenue may be derived from U.S. government healthcare programs, including Medicare. Furthermore, beginning in 2011, the Healthcare Reform Act imposed a non-deductible excise tax on pharmaceutical manufacturers or importers who sell “branded prescription drugs,” which includes innovator drugs and biologics (excluding orphan drugs or generics) to U.S. government programs. We expect that the Healthcare Reform Act and other healthcare reform measures that may be adopted in the future could have an adverse effect on our industry generally and our products specifically.

In addition to the Healthcare Reform Act, we expect that there will continue to be proposals by legislators at both the federal and state levels, regulators and third-party payors to keep healthcare costs down while expanding individual healthcare benefits. Certain of these changes could impose limitations on the prices we will be able to charge for any products that are approved or the amounts of reimbursement available for these products from governmental agencies or other third-party payors or may increase the tax requirements for life sciences companies such as ours. While it is too early to predict what effect the Healthcare Reform Act or any future legislation or regulation will have on us, such laws could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Health administration authorities in countries other than the United States may not provide reimbursement for Neutrolin or any of our other product candidates at rates sufficient for us to achieve profitability, or at all. Like the United States, these countries could adopt health care reform proposals and could materially alter their government-sponsored health care programs by reducing reimbursement rates.

Any reduction in reimbursement rates under Medicare or private insurers or foreign health care programs could negatively affect the pricing of our products. If we are not able to charge a sufficient amount for our products, then our margins and our profitability will be adversely affected.



***If we lose key management or scientific personnel, cannot recruit qualified employees, directors, officers, or other personnel or experience increases in compensation costs, our business may materially suffer.***

We are highly dependent on the principal members of our management and scientific staff, specifically, Richard Cohen (our former Interim Chief Executive Officer, former Interim Chief Financial Officer and, effective January 1, 2013, our Chief Financial Officer), Randy Milby (our former Chief Operating Officer and, effective January 1, 2013, our Chief Executive Officer) and Dr. Antony Pfaffle (our director and, effective January 1, 2013, our Acting Chief Scientific Officer). While we have a consulting agreement, as amended, with MW Bridges LLC, of which Randy Milby is Managing Partner, consulting and employment agreements cannot ensure our retention of the persons covered by such agreements. Furthermore, our future success will also depend in part on our ability to identify, hire, and retain additional personnel. We experience intense competition for qualified personnel and may be unable to attract and retain the personnel necessary for the development of our business. Moreover, our work force is located in the New Jersey metropolitan area, where competition for personnel with the scientific and technical skills that we seek is extremely high and is likely to remain high. Because of this competition, our compensation costs may increase significantly. In addition, we have only limited ability to prevent former employees from competing with us.

***Recent changes in our management may lead to instability and may negatively affect our business.***

In September 2011, John Houghton, our former President and Chief Executive Officer, left the Company and, in April 2012, Brian Lenz, our former Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer resigned. In May 2012, our board of directors appointed director Richard Cohen to serve as our Interim Chief Executive Officer and Interim Chief Financial Officer. In May 2012, the board of directors also engaged Randy Milby to serve as our Chief Operating Officer. On December 21, 2012, we appointed Mr. Milby as our Chief Executive Officer, effective January 1, 2013. At that time, Mr. Milby's responsibilities as our Chief Operating Officer terminated. Effective January 1, 2013, we also appointed Mr. Cohen as our Chief Financial Officer and one of our directors, Dr. Antony Pfaffle, as our Acting Chief Scientific Officer. Dr. Mark Klausner, our former part-time Chief Medical Officer, ceased employment on February 28, 2013. We cannot be certain that the changes in management will not negatively affect our business in the future or that additional changes in management and in the composition of our board of directors will not occur. Additionally, we may be negatively impacted by a lack of accounting expertise, lack of internal control processes (which include lack of segregation of duties for cash disbursements and cash reconciliations), lack of accuracy and timeliness of financial reporting as a result of the resignation of our former Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer.

***If we are unable to hire additional qualified personnel, our ability to grow our business may be harmed.***

Over time, we expect to hire additional qualified personnel with expertise in clinical testing, clinical research and testing, government regulation, formulation and manufacturing, and sales and marketing. We compete for qualified individuals with numerous pharmaceutical companies, universities and other research institutions. Competition for such individuals is intense, and we cannot be certain that our search for such personnel will be successful. Attracting

and retaining such qualified personnel will be critical to our success.

*We may not successfully manage our growth.*

If we receive CE Mark approval for Neutrolin, our success will depend upon the expansion of our operations to commercialize Neutrolin and the effective management of our growth, which could place a significant strain on our management and our administrative, operational and financial resources. To manage this growth, we may need to expand our facilities, augment our operational, financial and management systems and hire and train additional qualified personnel. If we are unable to manage our growth effectively, our business may be materially harmed.

S-15

### **Risks Related to Our Intellectual Property**

***If we materially breach or default under any of our license agreements, the licensor party to such agreement will have the right to terminate the license agreement, which termination may materially harm our business.***

Our commercial success will depend in part on the maintenance of our license agreements. Each of our license agreements provides the licensor with a right to terminate the license agreement for our material breach or default under the agreement. Additionally, our license agreement with Dr. Hans-Dietrich Polaschegg (referred to herein as the Polaschegg License Agreement) provides for a right of termination for, among other things, our failure to make a product with respect to either of the licensed technologies available to the market within eight years after (i) the effective date of the Polaschegg License Agreement or (ii) the priority date of any new patent, whichever is later. Our intellectual property licensed under the Polaschegg License Agreement serves as a basis for CRMD004. Should the licensor under any of our license agreements exercise such a termination right, we would lose our right to the intellectual property under the respective license agreement, which loss may materially harm our business.

***If we and our licensors do not obtain protection for and successfully defend our respective intellectual property rights, our competitors may be able to take advantage of our research and development efforts to develop competing products.***

Our commercial success will depend in part on obtaining further patent protection for our products and other technologies and successfully defending any patents that we currently have or will obtain against third-party challenges. The patents most material to our business are as follows:

• U.S. Registration No. 7,696,182 (expiring in May 2025) - use of Neutrolin for preventing infection and maintenance of catheter patency in hemodialysis catheters (for CRMD003);

• U.S. Registration No. 6,166,007 (expiring May 2019) - a method of inhibiting or preventing infection and blood coagulation at a medical prosthetic device (for CRMD003); and

• European Registration No. 1442753 (expiring February 2023) - use of a thixotropic gel as a catheter locking composition, and method of locking a catheter (for CRMD004).

We are currently seeking further patent protection for our compounds and methods of treating diseases. However, the patent process is subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, and there can be no assurance that we will be

successful in protecting our products by obtaining and defending patents. These risks and uncertainties include the following:

patents that may be issued or licensed may be challenged, invalidated, or circumvented, or otherwise may not provide any competitive advantage;

our competitors, many of which have substantially greater resources than we have and many of which have made significant investments in competing technologies, may seek, or may already have obtained, patents that will limit, interfere with, or eliminate our ability to make, use, and sell our potential products either in the United States or in international markets;

there may be significant pressure on the United States government and other international governmental bodies to limit the scope of patent protection both inside and outside the United States for treatments that prove successful as a matter of public policy regarding worldwide health concerns; and

countries other than the United States may have less restrictive patent laws than those upheld by United States courts, allowing foreign competitors the ability to exploit these laws to create, develop, and market competing products.

In addition, the United States Patent and Trademark Office, or PTO, and patent offices in other jurisdictions have often required that patent applications concerning pharmaceutical and/or biotechnology-related inventions be limited or narrowed substantially to cover only the specific innovations exemplified in the patent application, thereby limiting the scope of protection against competitive challenges. Thus, even if we or our licensors are able to obtain patents, the patents may be substantially narrower than anticipated.

The patent applications in our patent portfolio are exclusively licensed to us. To support our patent strategy, we have engaged in a review of patentability and freedom to operate issues, including performing certain searches. However, patentability and freedom to operate issues are inherently complex, and we cannot provide assurances that a relevant patent office and/or relevant court will agree with our conclusions regarding patentability issues or with our conclusions regarding freedom to operate issues, which can involve subtle issues of claim interpretation and/or claim liability. Furthermore, we may not be aware of all patents, published applications or published literature that may affect our business either by blocking our ability to commercialize our product candidates, preventing the patentability of our product candidates to us or our licensors, or covering the same or similar technologies that may invalidate our patents, limit the scope of our future patent claims or adversely affect our ability to market our product candidates.

In addition to patents, we also rely on trade secrets and proprietary know-how. Although we take measures to protect this information by entering into confidentiality and inventions agreements with our employees, scientific advisors, consultants, and collaborators, we cannot provide any assurances that these agreements will not be breached, that we will be able to protect ourselves from the harmful effects of disclosure if they are breached, or that our trade secrets will not otherwise become known or be independently discovered by competitors. If any of these events occurs, or we otherwise lose protection for our trade secrets or proprietary know-how, the value of our intellectual property may be greatly reduced.

***Intellectual property disputes could require us to spend time and money to address such disputes and could limit our intellectual property rights.***

The biotechnology and pharmaceutical industries have been characterized by extensive litigation regarding patents and other intellectual property rights, and companies have employed intellectual property litigation to gain a competitive advantage. We may become subject to infringement claims or litigation arising out of patents and pending applications of our competitors, or additional proceedings initiated by third parties or the PTO or applicable foreign bodies to reexamine the patentability of our licensed or owned patents. The defense and prosecution of intellectual property suits, PTO or foreign proceedings, and related legal and administrative proceedings are costly and time-consuming to pursue, and their outcome is uncertain. Litigation may be necessary to enforce our issued patents, to protect our trade secrets and know-how, or to determine the enforceability, scope, and validity of the proprietary rights of others. An adverse determination in litigation or PTO or foreign proceedings to which we may become a party could subject us to significant liabilities, require us to obtain licenses from third parties, restrict or prevent us from selling our products in certain markets, or invalidate or render unenforceable our licensed or owned patents. Although patent and intellectual property disputes might be settled through licensing or similar arrangements, the costs associated with such arrangements may be substantial and could include our paying large fixed payments and ongoing royalties. Furthermore, the necessary licenses may not be available on satisfactory terms or at all.

In February 2007, Geistlich Söhne AG für Chemische Industrie, Switzerland, or Geistlich, brought an action against the Sodemann patent covering our Neutrolin<sup>®</sup> product candidate which is owned by ND Partners, LLC and licensed to us pursuant to the License and Assignment Agreement between us and ND Partners LLC. The action that was brought against the Sodemann patent in Germany at the Board of the European Patent Office opposition division was for lack

of inventiveness in the use of citric acid and a pH value in the range of 4.5 to 6.5 with having the aim to provide an alternative lock solution through having improved anticoagulant characteristics compared to the lock solutions described in the Lehner patent. The Board of the European Patent Office opposition division rejected the opposition by Geistlich. On August 27, 2008, Geistlich appealed the court's ruling, alleging the same arguments as presented during the opposition proceedings. We filed a response to the appeal of Geistlich on March 25, 2009 where we requested a dismissal of the appeal and to maintain the patent as granted. As of March 27, 2013, no further petitions have been filed by ND Partners or Geistlich. On October 10, 2012, we became aware that the Board of Appeals of the European Patent Office issued, on September 4, 2012, a summons for oral proceedings. On November 28, 2012, the Board of Appeals of the European Patent Office held oral proceedings and verbally upheld the Sodemann patent covering Neutrolin<sup>®</sup>, but remanded the proceeding to the lower court to consider restricting certain of the Sodemann patent claims. We received the Appeals Board final written decision on March 28, 2013 which was consistent with the oral proceedings. We intend to continue to vigorously defend the patent. However, we can provide no assurances regarding the outcome of this matter.

S-17

*If we infringe the rights of third parties we could be prevented from selling products and forced to pay damages and defend against litigation.*

If our products, methods, processes and other technologies infringe the proprietary rights of other parties, we could incur substantial costs and we may have to do one or more of the following:

• obtain licenses, which may not be available on commercially reasonable terms, if at all;

• abandon an infringing product candidate;

• redesign our products or processes to avoid infringement;

• stop using the subject matter claimed in the patents held by others;

• pay damages; or

• defend litigation or administrative proceedings, which may be costly whether we win or lose, and which could result in a substantial diversion of our financial and management resources.

### **Risks Related to Dependence on Third Parties**

*If we are not able to develop collaborative marketing relationships with licensees or partners, or create an effective sales, marketing, and distribution capability, we may be unable to market our products or market them successfully.*

Our business strategy for Neutrolin relies on collaborating with larger firms with experience in marketing and selling pharmaceutical products; for other products we may also rely on such marketing collaborations or out-licensing or our product candidates. Specifically, for Neutrolin, assuming we receive applicable regulatory approval, we plan to enter into distribution agreements with one or more third parties for the sale of Neutrolin in various European and other markets. However, there can be no assurance that we will be able to successfully establish marketing, sales, or distribution relationships, that such relationships, if established, will be successful, or that we will be successful in gaining market acceptance for our products. To the extent that we enter into any marketing, sales, or distribution arrangements with third parties, our product revenues will be lower than if we marketed and sold our products directly, and any revenues we receive will depend upon the efforts of such third-parties.

If we are unable to establish such third-party sales and marketing relationships, or choose not to do so, we will have to establish our own in-house capabilities. We currently have no sales, marketing, or distribution infrastructure. To market any of our products directly, we would need to develop a marketing, sales, and distribution force that has both technical expertise and the ability to support a distribution capability. The establishment of a marketing, sales, and distribution capability would take time and significantly increase our costs, possibly requiring substantial additional capital. In addition, there is intense competition for proficient sales and marketing personnel, and we may not be able to attract individuals who have the qualifications necessary to market, sell, and distribute our products. There can be no assurance that we will be able to establish internal marketing, sales, or distribution capabilities. If we are unable to, or choose not to establish these capabilities, or if the capabilities we establish are not sufficient to meet our needs, we will be required to establish collaborative marketing, sales, or distribution relationships with third parties, which we might not be able to do on acceptable terms or at all.

***If we or our collaborators are unable to manufacture our products in sufficient quantities or are unable to obtain regulatory approvals for a manufacturing facility, we may be unable to meet demand for our products and we may lose potential revenues.***

Completion of our clinical trials and commercialization of our product candidates require access to, or development of, facilities to manufacture a sufficient supply of our product candidates. All of our manufacturing processes currently are, and we expect them to continue to be, outsourced to third parties. Specifically, we will rely on one or more manufacturers to supply us and/or our distribution partners with commercial quantities of Neutrolin. If, for any reason, we become unable to rely on our current sources for the manufacture of Neutrolin or any other product candidates, either for clinical trials or for commercial quantities, then we would need to identify and contract with additional or replacement third-party manufacturers to manufacture compounds for pre-clinical, clinical, and commercial purposes. We may not be successful in identifying such additional or replacement third-party manufacturers, or in negotiating acceptable terms with any that we do identify. Such third-party manufacturers must receive FDA or applicable foreign approval before they can produce clinical material or commercial product, and any that are identified may not receive such approval or may fail to maintain such approval. In addition, we may be in competition with other companies for access to these manufacturers' facilities and may be subject to delays in manufacturing if the manufacturers give other clients higher priority than they give to us. If we are unable to secure and maintain third-party manufacturing capacity, the development and sales of our products and our financial performance may be materially affected.



Before we could begin to commercially manufacture our product candidates on our own, we must obtain regulatory approval of the manufacturing facility and process. The manufacture of drugs for clinical and commercial purposes must comply with cGMP and applicable non-U.S. regulatory requirements. The cGMP requirements govern quality control and documentation policies and procedures. Complying with cGMP and non-U.S. regulatory requirements would require that we expend time, money, and effort in production, recordkeeping, and quality control to assure that the product meets applicable specifications and other requirements. We would also have to pass a pre-approval inspection prior to FDA or non-U.S. regulatory agency approval. Failure to pass a pre-approval inspection may significantly delay regulatory approval of our products. If we fail to comply with these requirements, we would be subject to possible regulatory action and may be limited in the jurisdictions in which we are permitted to sell our products. As a result, our business, financial condition, and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

***Corporate and academic collaborators may take actions that delay, prevent, or undermine the success of our products.***

Our operating and financial strategy for the development, clinical testing, manufacture, and commercialization of our product candidates is heavily dependent on our entering into collaborations with corporations, academic institutions, licensors, licensees, and other parties. Our current strategy assumes that we will successfully establish and maintain these collaborations or similar relationships. However, there can be no assurance that we will be successful establishing or maintaining such collaborations. Some of our existing collaborations, such as our licensing agreements, are, and future collaborations may be, terminable at the sole discretion of the collaborator in certain circumstances. Replacement collaborators might not be available on attractive terms, or at all.

In addition, the activities of any collaborator will not be within our control and may not be within our power to influence. There can be no assurance that any collaborator will perform its obligations to our satisfaction or at all, that we will derive any revenue or profits from such collaborations, or that any collaborator will not compete with us. If any collaboration is not pursued, we may require substantially greater capital to undertake on our own the development and marketing of our product candidates and may not be able to develop and market such products successfully, if at all. In addition, a lack of development and marketing collaborations may lead to significant delays in introducing product candidates into certain markets and/or reduced sales of products in such markets.

***Data provided by collaborators and others upon which we rely that has not been independently verified could turn out to be false, misleading, or incomplete.***

We rely on third-party vendors, scientists, and collaborators to provide us with significant data and other information related to our projects, clinical trials, and business. If such third parties provide inaccurate, misleading, or incomplete data, our business, prospects, and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

S-19

**Risks Related to Our Notes and our Common Stock**

*We have identified a material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting, and our internal control over financial accounting and our disclosure controls and procedures may not prevent all possible errors that could occur.*

During the quarter ended March 31, 2013, we identified a material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting process with respect to a lack of accounting expertise related to non-routine, complex accounting matters. This material weakness did not have any impact on our financial statements for the three month period ended March 31, 2013 but did result in a restatement of the financial statements in our September 30, 2012 Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the control system's objectives will be satisfied. Internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures are designed to give a reasonable assurance that they are effective to achieve their objectives. We cannot provide absolute assurance that all of our possible future control issues will be detected. These inherent limitations include the possibility that judgments in our decision making can be faulty, and that isolated breakdowns can occur because of simple human error or mistake. The design of our system of controls is based in part upon assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed absolutely in achieving our stated goals under all potential future or unforeseeable conditions. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost effective control system, misstatements due to error could occur and not be detected. This and any future failures could cause investors to lose confidence in our reported financial information, which could have a negative impact on our financial condition and stock price.

*Our stock price has fluctuated considerably and is likely to remain volatile, in part due to the limited market for our common stock and you could lose all or a part of your investment.*

During the period from the completion of our initial public offering, or IPO, on March 30, 2010 through May 23, 2013, the high and low sales prices for our common stock were \$4.00 and \$0.15, respectively. There is a limited public market for our common stock and we cannot provide assurances that an active trading market will develop. As a result of low trading volume in our common stock, the purchase or sale of a relatively small number of shares could result in significant share price fluctuations.

Additionally, the market price of our common stock may continue to fluctuate significantly in response to a number of factors, some of which are beyond our control, including the following:

our need for additional capital;

the receipt of CE Mark approval for Neutrolin;

results of clinical trials of our product candidates or those of our competitors;

our entry into or the loss of a significant collaboration;

regulatory or legal developments in the United States and other countries, including changes in the healthcare payment systems;

changes in financial estimates or investment recommendations by securities analysts relating to our common stock;

announcements by our competitors of significant developments, strategic partnerships, joint ventures or capital commitments;

changes in key personnel;

variations in our financial results or those of companies that are perceived to be similar to us;

S-20

market conditions in the pharmaceutical and medical device sectors and issuance of new or changed securities analysts' reports or recommendations;

general economic, industry and market conditions;

developments or disputes concerning patents or other proprietary rights;

future sales or anticipated sales of our securities by us or our stockholders; and

any other factors described in this "Risk Factors" section.

In addition, the stock markets in general, and the stock of pharmaceutical and medical device companies in particular, have experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of these companies. Broad market and industry factors may negatively affect the market price of our common stock, regardless of our actual operating performance.

For these reasons and others, you should consider an investment in our securities as risky and invest only if you can withstand a significant loss and wide fluctuations in the value of your investment.

***A significant number of additional shares of our common stock may be issued at a later date, and their sale could depress the market price of our common stock.***

As of May 17, 2013, we had outstanding the following securities that are convertible into or exercisable for shares of our common stock:

warrants for 4,043,569 shares of our common stock issued in connection with our IPO with an exercise price of \$3.4375 per share and that expire on March 24, 2015;

a warrant to purchase 2,406 units with an exercise price of \$7.80 per unit issued to the underwriters of our IPO that, if exercised, would result in the issuance of an additional 4,812 shares of common stock and warrants to purchase an additional 2,406 shares of common stock;

•

Edgar Filing: CorMedix Inc. - Form 424B5

warrants for 503,034 shares of our common stock issued in our 2009 private placement, which warrants have an exercise price of \$3.4375 per share and expire on October 29, 2014;

warrants for 18,250 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$7.84 per share issued to co-placement agents in connection with our previous convertible note financings;

options to purchase an aggregate of 1,898,297 shares of our common stock issued to our officers, directors, employees and non-employee consultants under our Amended and Restated 2006 Stock Incentive Plan, or the 2006 Stock Plan, with a weighted average exercise price of \$1.22 per share;

options to purchase an aggregate of 1,400,000 shares of our common stock issued to our officers, directors and non-employee consultants under our 2013 Stock Plan, with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.90 per share;

outstanding Senior Convertible Notes issued in our 2012 private placement with an aggregate face value of \$886,400, convertible into an aggregate of 2,532,571 shares of our common stock;

warrants issued to investors in our 2012 private placement to purchase an aggregate of 3,160,000 shares of our common stock with an exercise price of \$0.40 per share;

warrants issued to the placement agent for our 2012 private placement to purchase an aggregate of 331,000 shares of our common stock with an exercise price of \$0.40 per share;

- 287,324 shares of our common stock issuable upon the conversion of 287,324 shares of our Series A Non-Voting Convertible preferred stock issued on February 19, 2013; and

400,000 shares of our common stock issuable upon the exercise of a warrant issued on February 19, 2013.

S-21

The possibility of the issuance of these shares, as well as the actual sale of such shares, could substantially reduce the market price for our common stock and impede our ability to obtain future financing.

***We will need additional financing to fund our activities in the future, which likely will dilute our stockholders.***

We anticipate that we will incur operating losses for the foreseeable future. Additionally, we believe we will require substantial funds in the future to support our operations. We expect to seek equity or debt financings in the future to fund our operations. The issuance of additional equity securities, or convertible debt or other derivative securities, likely will dilute some if not all of our then existing stockholders, depending on the financing terms.

***Future sales and issuances of our equity securities or rights to purchase our equity securities, including pursuant to equity incentive plans, would result in additional dilution of the percentage ownership of our stockholders and could cause our stock price to fall.***

To the extent we raise additional capital by issuing equity securities, our stockholders may experience substantial dilution. We may sell common stock, convertible securities or other equity securities in one or more transactions at prices and in a manner we determine from time to time. If we sell common stock, convertible securities or other equity securities in more than one transaction, investors may be further diluted by subsequent sales. Such sales may also result in material dilution to our existing stockholders, and new investors could gain rights superior to existing stockholders.

Pursuant to our 2006 Stock Plan, our Board of Directors is authorized to award up to a total of 2,300,000 shares of common stock or options to purchase shares of common stock to our officers, directors, employees and non-employee consultants. As of May 17, 2013, options to purchase 1,898,297 shares of common stock issued under our 2006 Stock Plan at a weighted average exercise price of \$1.22 per share, and options to purchase 1,400,000 shares of common stock issued under our 2013 Stock Plan at a weighted average exercise price of \$0.90 per share were outstanding. In addition, at May 17, 2013, there were outstanding warrants to purchase an aggregate of 8,460,665 shares of our common stock at prices ranging from \$0.40 to \$7.80, an aggregate of 287,324 shares of Series A Preferred Stock convertible into an aggregate of 287,324 shares of our common stock, and convertible notes convertible into an aggregate of 2,532,571 shares of our common stock. Stockholders will experience dilution in the event that additional shares of common stock are issued under our 2006 Stock Plan, or options issued under our 2006 Stock Plan are exercised, or any warrants are exercised, or shares of Series A Non-Voting Convertible Preferred Stock or convertible notes are converted, to common stock.

***Provisions in our corporate charter documents and under Delaware law could make an acquisition of us, which may be beneficial to our stockholders, more difficult.***

Provisions in our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, and our Amended and Restated Bylaws, as well as provisions of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, or DGCL, may discourage, delay or prevent a merger, acquisition or other change in control of our company, even if such a change in control would be beneficial to our stockholders. These provisions include the following:

- authorizing the issuance of “blank check” preferred stock, the terms of which may be established and shares of which may be issued without stockholder approval;

- prohibiting our stockholders from fixing the number of our directors; and

- establishing advance notice requirements for stockholder proposals that can be acted on at stockholder meetings and nominations to our Board of Directors.

S-22



These provisions may frustrate or prevent any attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our current management by making it more difficult for stockholders to replace members of our board of directors, which is responsible for appointing the members of our management. In addition, we are subject to Section 203 of the DGCL, which generally prohibits a Delaware corporation from engaging in any of a broad range of business combinations with an interested stockholder for a period of three years following the date on which the stockholder became an interested stockholder, unless such transactions are approved by the board of directors. This provision could have the effect of discouraging, delaying or preventing someone from acquiring us or merging with us, whether or not it is desired by, or beneficial to, our stockholders. Any provision of our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, or Amended and Restated Bylaws or Delaware law that has the effect of delaying or deterring a change in control could limit the opportunity for our stockholders to receive a premium for their shares of our common stock and could also affect the price that some investors are willing to pay for our common stock.

***We received notice from the NYSE MKT that we fail to comply with certain of its continued listing standards, which may result in a delisting of our common stock from the exchange.***

Our common stock is currently listed for trading on the NYSE MKT, and the continued listing of our common stock on the NYSE MKT is subject to our compliance with a number of listing standards. These listing standards include the requirement for avoiding sustained losses and maintaining a minimum level of stockholders' equity. On April 20, 2012, the NYSE MKT notified us that we were not in compliance with certain listing standards relating to our financial condition and we had to submit a plan to regain compliance with the listing standards by August 22, 2012, which we submitted on May 17, 2012. On June 27, 2012, the NYSE MKT notified us that it had accepted our plan to regain compliance with the continued listing standards of NYSE MKT by August 22, 2012. On August 20, 2012, we requested an extension of the plan period. On September 21, 2012, NYSE MKT notified us that it was granting us an extension until January 31, 2013 to regain compliance with the continued listing standards of the NYSE MKT. On February 1, 2013, the NYSE MKT notified us that it was granting us an extension until April 15, 2013 and on April 18, 2013 granted us additional extension until June 30, 2013 to regain compliance with the continued listing standards of the NYSE MKT. The NYSE MKT determined that in accordance with Section 109 of the Company Guide, we made reasonable demonstration of our ability to regain compliance with Section 1003(a)(iv) of the Company Guide by the end of the extended plan period. We will be subject to periodic review by the NYSE MKT during the extended plan period.

Separately, the NYSE MKT notified us on April 5, 2013, that, based on our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, filed on March 27, 2013, we did not meet an additional continued listing standard of the NYSE MKT as set forth in Part 10 of the NYSE MKT Company Guide, or the Company Guide. Specifically, we are not in compliance with Section 1003(a)(i) of the Company Guide because we reported stockholders' equity of less than \$2 million as of December 31, 2012, and losses from continuing operations and/or net losses in two of our three most recent fiscal years viewed prospectively from the date of our initial listing. As a result, we again become subject to the procedures and requirements of Section 1009 of the Company Guide. We had to submit to the NYSE MKT no later than May 6, 2013, which we did, a plan of compliance to address how we intend to regain compliance with Section 1003(a)(i) of the Company Guide by October 20, 2013. If that plan is accepted by NYSE MKT, we may be able to continue our listing through October 20, 2013, during which time we will be subject to periodic review to determine whether we are making progress consistent with the plan.

Although we believe that, to date, we are making progress with the plan and that we will be in compliance with the continued listing standards, unless we can raise capital through various potential sources, such as equity, debt financing, strategic relationships, out-licensing or distribution arrangements of our products, we may receive further notice from the NYSE MKT informing us that we are not in compliance with the listing standards. We remain subject to the conditions set forth in the NYSE MKT's letters dated April 20, 2012 and April 5, 2013. If we are not in compliance with all of the NYSE MKT's continued listing standards of both Section 1003(a)(i) and Section 1003(a)(iv) within the respective timeframes provided, or do not make progress consistent with either plan during the respective plan period, the NYSE MKT will initiate delisting proceedings.

S-23

If our common stock were no longer listed on the NYSE MKT, investors might only be able to trade on the OTC Bulletin Board<sup>®</sup> or in the Pink Sheets<sup>®</sup> (a quotation medium operated by Pink Sheets LLC). This would impair the liquidity of our common stock not only in the number of shares that could be bought and sold at a given price, which might be depressed by the relative illiquidity, but also through delays in the timing of transactions and reduction in media coverage.

***Because the average daily trading volume of our common stock is low, the ability to sell our shares in the secondary trading market may be limited.***

Because the average daily trading volume of our common stock on the NYSE MKT is low, the liquidity of our common stock may be impaired. As a result, prices for shares of our common stock may be lower than might otherwise prevail if the average daily trading volume of our common stock was higher. The average daily trading volume of our common stock may be low relative to the stocks of other exchange-listed companies, which could limit investors' ability to sell shares in the secondary trading market.

***Penny stock regulation may impose certain restrictions on marketability of our securities.***

The SEC has adopted regulations which generally define a "penny stock" to be any equity security that has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share or an exercise price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. As a result, our common stock is subject to rules that impose additional sales practice requirements on broker-dealers who sell such securities to persons other than established customers and accredited investors (generally those with assets in excess of \$1,000,000 or annual income exceeding \$200,000, or \$300,000 together with their spouse). For transactions covered by such rules, the broker-dealer must make a special suitability determination for the purchase of such securities and have received the purchaser's written consent to the transaction prior to the purchase. Additionally, for any transaction involving a penny stock, unless exempt, the rules require the delivery, prior to the transaction, of a risk disclosure document mandated by the SEC relating to the penny stock market. The broker-dealer must also disclose the commission payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative, current quotations for the securities and, if the broker-dealer is the sole market maker, the broker-dealer must disclose this fact and the broker-dealer's presumed control over the market. Finally, monthly statements must be sent disclosing recent price information for the penny stock held in the account and information on the limited market in penny stocks. Broker-dealers must wait two business days after providing buyers with disclosure materials regarding a security before effecting a transaction in such security. Consequently, the "penny stock" rules restrict the ability of broker-dealers to sell our securities and affect the ability of investors to sell our securities in the secondary market and the price at which such purchasers can sell any such securities, thereby affecting the liquidity of the market for our common stock.

Stockholders should be aware that, according to the SEC, the market for penny stocks has suffered in recent years from patterns of fraud and abuse. Such patterns include:

- control of the market for the security by one or more broker-dealers that are often related to the promoter or issuer;
- manipulation of prices through prearranged matching of purchases and sales and false and misleading press releases;
- “boiler room” practices involving high pressure sales tactics and unrealistic price projections by inexperienced sales persons;
- excessive and undisclosed bid-ask differentials and markups by selling broker-dealers; and
- the wholesale dumping of the same securities by promoters and broker-dealers after prices have been manipulated to a desired level, along with the inevitable collapse of those prices with consequent investor losses.

Our management is aware of the abuses that have occurred historically in the penny stock market.

*We do not intend to pay dividends on our common stock so any returns on our common stock will be limited to the value of our common stock.*

We have never declared dividends on our common stock, and currently do not plan to declare dividends on shares of our common stock in the foreseeable future. Pursuant to the terms of the subscription agreements executed with the investors in our 2012 convertible note private placement, we agreed not to declare or pay any dividends or make any distributions on any of our shares or other equity securities as long as any of the convertible notes remain unpaid or unconverted and outstanding. We currently expect to retain future earnings, if any, for use in the operation and expansion of our business. The payment of cash dividends in the future, if any, will be at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend upon such factors as earnings levels, capital requirements, our overall financial condition and any other factors deemed relevant by our board of directors. Any return to holders of our common stock will be limited to the value of their common stock.

### **Risks Related To This Offering**

*If you purchase the Notes sold in this offering and assuming their conversion into shares of our common stock, you will experience immediate dilution in your investment.*

Because the conversion price per share of our Notes being offered is substantially higher than the net tangible book value per share of our common stock, you will suffer substantial dilution in the net tangible book value of the Notes you purchase in this offering, assuming conversion of the Notes into shares of our common stock. Based on an initial conversion price of \$1.10, and a net tangible book value per share of our common stock of \$(0.11) as of March 31, 2013, if you purchase Notes in this offering, assuming conversion of the Notes into shares of our common stock, you will suffer immediate and substantial dilution of \$1.10 per share with respect to the net tangible book value of the common stock. See “Dilution” for a more detailed discussion of the dilution you will incur if you purchase Notes in this offering.

*Management will have broad discretion as to the use of the proceeds from this offering, and we may not use the proceeds effectively.*

Our management will have broad discretion in the application of the net proceeds from this offering and could spend the proceeds in ways that do not improve our results of operations or enhance the value of our common stock. Our failure to apply these funds effectively could have a material adverse effect on our business, delay the development of our product candidates and cause the price of our common stock to decline.

*We are required to hold a stockholders' meeting no later than July 30, 2013, to vote on a proposal related to this offering, and if we fail to obtain such approval, we are required to continue to pursue such approval on a periodic basis.*

We have agreed to hold a stockholders' meeting no later than July 30, 2013, to approve the issuance to the purchasers of the Notes of all shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes and any Capitalized Interest. The Notes contain anti-dilution provisions pursuant to which the conversion price could be decreased. A decrease in the conversion price would result in our issuing a number of shares of common stock that is in excess of 19.99% of the total number of shares of our common stock outstanding on May 1, 2013, which, absent stockholder approval, would violate NYSE MKT rules.

S-25

If we are unable to get the required stockholder approval, we would have to repay the Notes using our cash, which would require us to use our working capital to make the repayments. We may not have sufficient working capital to make such payments, or to the extent we are able to make such payments, it will reduce the amount of working capital we have to operate our business, which could have an adverse impact on our business. In addition, if we are unable to obtain the required stockholder approval, the conversion price of the Notes will not be permitted to be reduced below the initial exercise price of \$1.10 per share, which may cause the conversion price to be greater than our market price and cause the conversion feature of the Notes to be worthless.

If our stockholders do not approve the anti-dilution protection of the Notes on July 30, 2013, we are required to continue to seek stockholder approval in each of the next three fiscal quarters and thereafter semi-annually until such approval is received, which would be expensive and have an adverse impact on our available resources.

***There is no public market for the Notes in this offering.***

There is no established public trading market for the Notes being offered in this offering, and we do not expect a market to develop. In addition, we do not intend to apply for listing of the Notes on any national securities exchange or other nationally recognized trading system. Without an active market, the liquidity of the Notes will be limited.

## **USE OF PROCEEDS**

We estimate that the net proceeds from this offering will be approximately \$1,225,000, after deducting our estimated offering expenses.

We intend to use the net proceeds from the sale of our securities by us under this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus for general corporate purposes, including the development and commercialization of Neutrolin, research and development of other product candidates, potential product acquisitions and/or potential acquisitions of complementary businesses, and working capital and capital expenditures.

The proceeds from the issuance of the Notes will be held in a cash collateral account subject to a first priority security interest in favor of the Noteholders, and such proceeds will be released to us upon our receipt of CE mark approval in Europe for our primary product candidate, CRMD003 (Neutrolin®). We will not have access to the proceeds while held in the cash collateral account.

S-27



**DILUTION**

Our net tangible book value on March 31, 2013 was \$(1,276,217), or \$(0.11) per share. “Net tangible book value” is total assets minus the sum of liabilities and intangible assets. “Net tangible book value per share” is net tangible book value divided by the total number of shares outstanding. Dilution with respect to net tangible book value per share represents the difference between the amount per share paid by the purchaser of the Notes in this offering and net tangible book value per share of our common stock immediately after this offering.

In calculating the amounts in the following table, we have assumed that the initial conversion price of the Notes of \$1.10 is the price at which holders of the Notes will convert the outstanding principal amount of the Notes into shares of our common stock. Assuming the conversion of the Notes into 1,363,637 shares of our common stock and after deducting all estimated offering expenses payable by us, our pro forma net tangible book value as of March 31, 2013 would have been approximately \$(51,217), or \$0.00 per share of common stock. This represents an immediate increase in net tangible book value of \$0.11 per share to our existing stockholders and an immediate dilution in net tangible book value of \$1.10 per share to the investors participating in this offering. The following table illustrates this dilution per share to the investors participating in this offering:

Offering price per share (assumed)	\$1.10
Net tangible book value per share as of March 31, 2013	\$(0.11)
Increase in net tangible book value per share attributable to new investors purchasing our securities in this offering	0.11
Pro forma net tangible book value per share after giving effect to the offering	0.00
Dilution per share to new investors purchasing our securities in this offering	\$1.10

The above illustration of dilution per share to the investors participating in this offering assumes no exercise of outstanding options or warrants to purchase shares of our common stock.

The above discussion and table are based on 11,882,379 shares of our common stock outstanding as of March 31, 2013. This number excludes:

• 1,000,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the Warrants being offered concurrently;

• any shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of any Capitalized Interest;

- any shares issuable upon conversion of the Notes and any Capitalized Interest as a result of any decrease in the exercise price due to anti-dilution protection;

• 400,000 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of the warrant issued pursuant to that certain prospectus supplement filed with the SEC on February 19, 2013;

• 287,324 shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of our Series A Preferred Stock;

• warrants for 4,043,569 shares of our common stock issued in connection with our IPO with an exercise price of \$3.4375 per share and that expire on March 24, 2015;

• a warrant to purchase 2,406 units with an exercise price of \$7.80 per unit issued to the underwriters of our IPO that, if exercised, would result in the issuance of an additional 4,812 shares of common stock and warrants to purchase an additional 2,406 shares of common stock;

• warrants for 503,034 shares of our common stock issued in our 2009 private placement, which warrants have an exercise price of \$3.4375 per share and expire on October 29, 2014;

S-28

warrants for 18,250 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$7.84 per share issued to co-placement agents in connection with our previous convertible note financings;

options to purchase an aggregate of 1,898,297 shares of our common stock issued to our officers, directors, employees and non-employee consultants under our 2006 Stock Plan, with a weighted average exercise price of \$1.22 per share;

options to purchase an aggregate of 1,400,000 shares of our common stock issued to our officers, directors and non-employee consultants under our 2013 Stock Plan, with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.90 per share;

outstanding Senior Convertible Notes issued in our 2012 private placement with an aggregate face value of \$1,324,000, convertible into an aggregate of 3,782,858 shares of our common stock;

warrants issued to investors in our 2012 private placement to purchase an aggregate of 3,310,000 shares of our common stock with an exercise price of \$0.40 per share; and

warrants issued to the placement agent for our 2012 private placement to purchase an aggregate of 331,000 shares of our common stock with an exercise price of \$0.40 per share.

To the extent that options or warrants outstanding as of March 31, 2013 have been or may be exercised or other shares issued, the investor purchasing our Notes (including shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes) in this offering may experience further dilution. In addition, we may choose to raise additional capital due to market conditions or strategic considerations even if we believe we have sufficient funds for our current or future operating plans. To the extent that additional capital is raised through the sale of equity or convertible debt securities, the issuance of these securities could result in further dilution to our stockholders.

**CAPITALIZATION**

The following table sets forth our cash and cash equivalents and our capitalization as of March 31, 2013 on:

• an actual basis; and  
 • on a pro forma basis to reflect our receipt of the estimated net proceeds from our sale of the Notes, after deducting estimated offering expenses payable by us.

	At March 31, 2013 (unaudited)	
	Actual	Pro Forma
Cash and cash equivalents	\$692,720	\$1,917,720
Debt:		
9% senior convertible notes, net of \$725,494 debt discount	\$598,506	\$598,506
8% secured convertible notes, net of \$75,000 original issue discount	-	1,425,000 <sup>(1)</sup>
	598,506	2,023,506
Stockholders' deficit:		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value: 2,000,000 shares authorized, actual and pro forma; 287,324 shares issued and outstanding, actual and pro forma	287	287
Common stock, \$0.001 par value: 80,000,000 shares authorized, actual and pro forma; 11,882,379 shares issued and outstanding, actual and pro forma	11,882	11,882
Deferred stock issuances	(146 )	(146 )
Additional paid-in capital	46,522,547	46,522,547
Deficit accumulated during the development stage	(47,810,787)	(47,810,787)
Total stockholders' deficit	\$(1,276,217 )	\$(1,276,217 )
Total capitalization	\$(677,711 )	\$747,289

(1) Does not include debt discount related to the Warrants that will arise when the Warrants are valued or conversion feature, if any, related to the Notes.

The pro forma number of shares to be outstanding immediately after this offering as shown above is based on 11,882,379 shares outstanding as of March 31, 2013 and excludes:

• 1,000,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the Warrants being offered concurrently;

• 1,363,637 shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes being offered hereby;

• any shares issuable upon conversion of any Capitalized Interest;

Edgar Filing: CorMedix Inc. - Form 424B5

- any shares issuable upon conversion of the Notes and any Capitalized Interest as a result of any decrease in the exercise price due to anti-dilution protection;

• 400,000 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of the warrant issued pursuant to that certain prospectus supplement filed with the SEC on February 19, 2013;

• 287,324 shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of our Series A Preferred Stock;

• 2,300,000 shares of our common stock reserved for issuance under our 2006 Stock Plan, of which 1,898,297 shares were issuable upon exercise of outstanding options with a weighted-average exercise price of \$1.22;

• 5,000,000 shares of our common stock reserved for issuance under our 2013 Stock Plan, of which 1,400,000 shares were issuable upon exercise of outstanding options with a weighted-average exercise price of \$0.90;

S-30

warrants for 4,043,569 shares of our common stock issued in connection with our IPO with an exercise price of \$3.4375 per share and that expire on March 24, 2015;

a warrant to purchase 2,406 units with an exercise price of \$7.80 per unit issued to the underwriters of our IPO that, if exercised, would result in the issuance of an additional 4,812 shares of common stock and warrants to purchase an additional 2,406 shares of common stock;

warrants for 503,034 shares of our common stock issued in our 2009 private placement, which warrants have an exercise price of \$3.4375 per share and expire on October 29, 2014;

warrants for 18,250 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$7.84 per share issued to co-placement agents in connection with our previous convertible note financings;

outstanding Senior Convertible Notes issued in our 2012 private placement with an aggregate face value of \$1,324,000, convertible into an aggregate of 3,782,858 shares of our common stock;

warrants issued to investors in our 2012 private placement to purchase an aggregate of 3,310,000 shares of our common stock with an exercise price of \$0.40 per share; and

warrants issued to the placement agent for our 2012 private placement to purchase an aggregate of 331,000 shares of our common stock with an exercise price of \$0.40 per share.

## **DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES WE ARE OFFERING**

We are offering Notes, in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,500,000. Each Note is in the principal amount of \$1,500, and is convertible into shares of our common stock. This offering also includes an aggregate of 1,363,637 shares of our common stock issuable upon the conversion of the Notes and an aggregate of 276,891 shares of our common stock issuable upon the conversion of any Capitalized Interest (assuming conversion at the initial conversion price of \$1.10).

The common stock offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus upon the conversion of the Notes and any Capitalized Interest is described in the accompanying prospectus under the heading “Description of Common Stock.” The Notes offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are described below. The following description is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by, (a) the securities purchase agreement, (b) the form of senior secured convertible note, and (c) the security agreement, each of which was filed as an exhibit to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 24, 2013. You should review a copy of each of these documents for a complete description of the securities offered hereunder.

### **Common Stock**

The material terms and provisions of our common stock and each other class of our securities which qualifies or limits our common stock are described under the caption “Description of Common Stock” starting on page 25 of the accompanying prospectus.

### **8% Senior Secured Convertible Notes**

*General.* We are offering Notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,500,000, which Notes are convertible into shares of our common stock. The Notes will be senior, secured obligations, guaranteed by all of our assets and the stock and assets of our subsidiary, CorMedix Europe GmbH. The Notes bear interest at the rate of 8.0% per annum and will be subject to a “make-whole” upon any conversion of the Notes into common stock, as if the Notes being converted were outstanding to April 1, 2014. Interest is first payable on September 3, 2013 and on the first trading day of each month thereafter. The Notes mature on April 1, 2016 unless redeemed prior to that date, subject to amortization discussed below. All payments due under the Notes rank pari passu with all other Notes, and are senior to all of our other indebtedness.

*Amortization and Redemption*

**Mandatory Redemption.** We will redeem the Notes at par value in eight equal monthly installment payments beginning on September 1, 2013, and continuing thereafter on the first business day of each month, ending on April 1, 2014, each such date referred to individually as an Installment Date. At our option, and if certain equity conditions are waived or satisfied, we may elect to pay the installment payments in shares of common stock, in cash, or in any combination of shares and cash. To the extent we pay all or any portion of an installment payment in common stock, we will deliver to each Noteholder the amount of shares equal to the applicable installment payment being paid in shares of common stock, divided by the lower of (a) the conversion price then in effect, and (b) 90% of the average of the 10 lowest-volume weighted-average prices of our common stock during the 20 trading day period ending two trading days prior to the applicable payment date, which price we refer to herein as the Company Conversion Price.

All installment payments will be subject to the right of each Noteholder to (a) defer payment of some or all of any installment payment to a subsequent Installment Date or the maturity date, (b) with respect to any Installment Date, convert, at the then-prevailing Company Conversion Price, any amount of principal and Capitalized Interest up to an amount equal to four installment payments, and (c) convert at any time, all or a portion of any deferred installment payment. The Company Conversion Price for any such deferred installment payment shall be the lower of the Company Conversion Price in effect on the date of the original Installment Date and the Company Conversion Price then in effect.

We may not pay any installment payment in shares of common stock if it would cause the holder of a Note to exceed the Beneficial Ownership Limitation.



Redemption upon Event of Default. In the event we default on our obligations under the Notes, each Noteholder may require that we redeem all or any portion of such Noteholder's Note(s) at a price equal to the greater of (i) the product of the Conversion Amount (as defined below) to be redeemed, multiplied by the redemption premium (which is 125%), and (ii) the product of (a) the Conversion Amount divided by the conversion price then in effect, multiplied by (b) the product of the redemption premium multiplied by greatest closing sale price of our common stock on any trading day during the period beginning on the date immediately before our default and ending on the date we make the entire redemption payment required upon our default. Furthermore, until we have fully paid such redemption payment, any Noteholder who has submitted a Conversion Amount for redemption following our default may elect to have such Conversion Amount converted into our common stock in lieu of redemption. In the event our default is due to our bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization, however, the Notes will not be redeemable and all amounts due and owing under the Notes will be immediately due and payable.

An event of default includes the following circumstances:

• the suspension from trading or the failure of our common stock to be trading or listed (as applicable) on an eligible market for a period of five consecutive days or for more than an aggregate of 10 days in any 365-day period;

• our failure to convert or deliver shares of common stock upon conversion of Notes within five trading days after notice or the applicable conversion or exercise date;

- our failure to pay to the Holder any amount of principal, interest, late charges or other amounts when and as due under the Note or any other agreement, document, certificate or other instrument delivered in connection with this offering, except, in the case of a failure to pay interest and late charges when and as due, in which case only if such failure remains uncured for a period of at least five days;

• we fail to remove any restrictive legend on any certificate or any shares of common stock issued to a Holder upon conversion of Notes as and when required, and any such failure remains uncured for at least five days;

• at any time following the 10th consecutive day that we fail to have reserved sufficient shares of common stock to issue upon the conversion of Notes;

• the occurrence of any default under, redemption of or acceleration prior to maturity of any indebtedness, in the aggregate, in excess of \$100,000;

• bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or liquidation proceedings or other proceedings for the relief of debtors are instituted by or against us and are not dismissed within 45 days of their initiation;

a final judgment, award or settlement pursuant to any litigation in excess of \$100,000 is rendered against us and is not discharged within 45 days;

we fail to pay, when due, or within any applicable grace period, any payment with respect to any indebtedness in excess of \$100,000 due to any third party or are otherwise in breach or violation of any agreement for monies owed in excess of \$100,000, which breach or violation permits the other party thereto to declare a default or otherwise accelerate amounts due thereunder, or allow to exist any other circumstance or event that would result in a default under any agreement, which default would or is likely to have a material adverse effect on our business;

we breach any representation, warranty, covenant or other term or condition of any agreement entered into pursuant to this offering, and, if curable, such breach remains uncured for a period of 30 consecutive calendar days;

any material adverse effect against our business occurs; or

our failure to create or maintain a valid and perfected and, except to the extent permitted by the terms of the Notes or the security agreement governing the Notes, first priority lien on the collateral securing the Notes.

Redemption upon Fundamental Transaction. In the event we undergo a fundamental transaction (defined in the Notes and describe below under “Fundamental Transactions”), each Noteholder may require that we redeem all or any portion of such Noteholder’s Note(s) in cash at a price equal to the greatest of:

the product of (x) the change of control redemption premium multiplied by (y) the Conversion Amount being redeemed;

the product of (y) the change of control redemption premium (which is 125%) multiplied by the product of (A) the Conversion Amount being redeemed multiplied by (B) the quotient determined by dividing (I) the greatest closing sale price of our common stock during the period beginning on the date immediately preceding the earlier to occur of (1) the consummation of the applicable change of control and (2) the public announcement of such change of control, and ending on the trading day immediately prior to the trading day during which we pay to the Noteholders the entire redemption payment required upon a change of control by (II) the conversion price then in effect; or

the product of (x) the change of control redemption premium (125%) multiplied by (y) the product of (A) the Conversion Amount being redeemed multiplied by (B) the quotient of (I) the aggregate cash consideration and the aggregate cash value of any non-cash consideration per share of our common stock to be paid to the holders of our common stock upon consummation of the change of control, divided by (II) the conversion price then in effect.

*Conversion.* A Noteholder may convert a Note at any time into shares of common stock at the initial conversion price of \$1.10, provided that if we make certain dilutive issuances (with limited exceptions), the conversion price of the Notes will be lowered to the per share price for the dilutive issuances. The amount to be converted, which we refer to as the Conversion Amount, will include: (i) the outstanding principal for which conversion has been elected; (ii) at the election of the Noteholder, the accrued and unpaid interest with respect to such portion of the principal that is to be converted, provided that only interest due prior to April 1, 2014 may be added to the principal; and (iii) the make-whole premium applicable to the principal and interest to be converted. The foregoing notwithstanding, a Noteholder will be prohibited from converting its Notes if, as a result of such conversion, such holder, together with its affiliates, would beneficially own more than 4.99% or 9.99%, at the election of the initial Noteholder, of the total number of shares of our common stock then issued and outstanding. Any Noteholder may increase or decrease this percentage to an amount not more than 9.99%, provided that such change will not be effective until the 61<sup>st</sup> day following such Noteholder’s request, and such change will only apply to the requesting Noteholder.

*Anti-Dilution Protection.* The conversion price of each Note is \$1.10 per share of common stock being purchased. The conversion price is subject to appropriate adjustment in the event of stock dividends and distributions, stock splits, stock combinations, or reclassifications affecting our common stock. The Notes also contain full-ratchet anti-dilution protection such that, if we issue shares of common stock, or securities exercisable for or convertible into common stock, at a price per share lower than the conversion price then in effect, the conversion price will be automatically decreased to such issuance price.

*NYSE Limitation on Conversion.* We will not issue any shares of our common stock upon conversion of the Notes, or otherwise pursuant to the terms of the Notes, if, as a result of such issuance, we would have issued shares of our common stock in an aggregate amount equal to 2,640,528 shares, which is 20% of our shares of common stock outstanding on May 1, 2013, unless we have received the prior approval of our stockholders for such overage, which approval we are required to seek by July 30, 2013. If our stockholders do not approve the anti-dilution protection of the Notes on July 30, 2013, we are required to continue to seek stockholder approval in each of the next three fiscal quarters and thereafter semi-annually until such approval is received.

*Rank.* The Notes will be senior, secured obligations, guaranteed by our subsidiary, CorMedix Europe GmbH, and secured by all of our assets, and the stock and assets of CorMedix Europe GmbH.

S-34

*Debt and Payment Restrictions.* While the Notes remain outstanding, we are subject to certain restrictions on our ability to incur debt, including the following:

we are prohibited from incurring or guaranteeing, assuming or suffering to exist, any indebtedness not specifically permitted under the Notes;

we must not allow to exist any mortgage, lien, pledge, charge, security interest or other encumbrance upon or in any property or assets (including accounts and contract rights) we, or our subsidiary, own, unless permitted under the Notes;

we must not redeem, defease, repurchase, repay or make any payments in respect of, by the payment of cash or cash equivalents (in whole or in part, whether by way of open market purchases, tender offers, private transactions or otherwise), all or any portion of our indebtedness, whether by way of payment in respect of principal of (or premium, if any) or interest on, such indebtedness if at the time such payment is due or is otherwise made or, after giving effect to such payment, (i) an event constituting an event of default under the Notes has occurred and is continuing or (ii) an event that with the passage of time and without being cured would constitute an event of default under the Notes has occurred and is continuing;

we are prohibited from redeeming, repurchasing or paying any cash dividend or distribution on any of our capital stock, except as permitted under the Notes; and

we must not redeem, repurchase or prepay any indebtedness, or allow the acceleration of any indebtedness, without the prior written express consent of the Noteholders holding at least two-thirds of the principal then outstanding on the Notes.

*Other Restrictions.* While the Notes remain outstanding, we also are subject to operating and other restrictions, including the following:

we must not engage in any material line of business substantially different from those lines of business in which we currently engage, or any business substantially related or incidental thereto, nor may we modify our corporate structure or purpose;

in the event we form or acquire a new subsidiary, we must cause that subsidiary to execute and deliver to each Noteholder, all of the security documents and guaranties pursuant to the securities purchase agreement, as required by any such Noteholder;

we are prohibited from acquiring or forming any new subsidiary if such subsidiary would be other than a wholly owned subsidiary;

we are prohibited from lending money or credit (by way of guarantee or otherwise) or making advances to our subsidiary or purchasing or acquiring any stock, bonds, notes, debentures or other obligations or securities of, or any other interest in, or making any capital contribution to, our subsidiary, without the prior written express consent of the Noteholders holding at least two-thirds of the principal then outstanding on the Notes; and

we must not sell, lease, license, assign, transfer, convey or otherwise dispose of any of our assets or rights, whether now owned or acquired later, whether in a single transaction or series of related transactions, other than (i) sales, leases, licenses, assignments, transfers, conveyances and other dispositions of such assets or rights by us that are in the ordinary course of our business and, after giving effect thereto, would not result in a material adverse change, and (ii) sales of product, inventory or receivables in the ordinary course of business.

*Fundamental Transactions.* We may only enter into, or be a party to, a fundamental transaction if the successor entity assumes, in written agreements in form and substance satisfactory to the Noteholders and approved by such Noteholders prior to the consummation of the fundamental transaction, all of our obligations under the Notes and the other transaction documents pursuant to which the Notes were issued. A fundamental transaction means that (i) we consolidate or merge with or into any other entity (whether or not we are the surviving corporation), (ii) we sell, lease, license or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of our assets, (iii) any person or entity acquires more than 50% of our outstanding shares of voting stock, or (iv) we consummate a business combination (including a reorganization, recapitalization or spin-off) with any entity whereby that entity acquires more than 50% of the outstanding shares of our voting stock.

Upon the consummation of such a fundamental transaction, the successor entity will succeed to, and be substituted for, and may exercise every right and power we possessed under the Notes and the other transaction documents pursuant to which we issued the Notes, and will assume all of our obligations under the Notes and the transaction documents pursuant to which we issued the Notes. The successor entity must deliver confirmation to each holder of then-outstanding Notes that there will be issued upon conversion or redemption of the Notes, in lieu of the shares of common stock (or other securities, cash, assets or other property) issuable upon conversion or redemption of the Notes prior to the fundamental transaction, such shares of common stock, or its equivalent, of the successor entity (including its parent entity, if any) which the Noteholders would have been entitled to receive upon the happening of the fundamental transaction had the Notes been converted immediately prior to the consummation of the fundamental transaction.

*Distributions.* If at any time we declare a distribution to all holders of our common stock, by way of return of capital or otherwise, referred to as an Asset Distribution, then the Noteholders will be entitled to participate in such Asset Distribution to the same extent that such Noteholders would have participated therein if such Noteholders had held the number of shares of common stock acquirable upon complete conversion of the Notes immediately before the date on which a record is taken for such Asset Distribution. The distribution to the Noteholders in an Asset Distribution may be limited to the extent such distribution would result in a Noteholder (together with such Noteholder's affiliates and joint actors) beneficially owning in excess of 4.99% or 9.99%, at the election of the initial Noteholder, of our then-outstanding common stock.

*Transferability.* Subject to applicable laws and any restriction on transfer set forth in the Note, a Note may be transferred at the option of the Noteholder upon surrender of the Note to us together with the appropriate instruments of transfer.

*Rights as a Shareholder.* Except as otherwise provided in the Note, by law or by virtue of the holder's ownership of our common stock, the holder of a Note does not have the rights or privileges of holders of our common stock, including any voting rights, until it exercises its Note.

*Cash Collateral Account.* The gross proceeds from the issuance of the Notes will be deposited into a cash collateral account subject to a first priority security interest evidenced by a control agreement for the benefit of the Noteholders, which proceeds will be released to us upon our receipt of a CE Mark for Neutrolin. If we have not received a CE Mark for Neutrolin prior to July 31, 2013, the Noteholders will have the option to require us to redeem the outstanding Notes at par value, plus accrued interest. Prior to our receipt of a CE Mark for Neutrolin, an amount of cash equal to the principal amount of any Notes converted or redeemed will be released to us from the cash collateral account.

In the event the CE Mark for Neutrolin is received and the funds are released from the cash collateral account, we will be obligated to pay Kingsbrook Partners LP a structuring fee of \$50,000. If the funds have not been released by September 1, 2013, which is the first installment date, the structuring fee will be due on that date.

*Waivers and Amendments.* Any term of a Note may be amended or waived with our written consent and the written consent of the Noteholder.

*Listing.* There is no established public trading market for the Notes, and we do not expect a market to develop. In addition, we do not intend to apply for listing of the Notes on any national securities exchange or trading system.

*Transfer Agent.* We will maintain the ledger for the Notes and serve as the transfer agent for the Notes.

S-36



## **Participation Rights**

Pursuant to the securities purchase agreement, each purchaser of a Note will, for a period of two years after the closing of the offering, have the right to participate in any subsequent equity or debt financing we undertake up to an amount equal to 50% of that subsequent financing, on the same terms, conditions and price provided for in that subsequent financing. We must give at least five business days notice prior to the closing of any subsequent financing, in which we will ask if you want to review the details of such financing. Upon your request, we will, no later than one business day after such request, deliver a description of the proposed terms of such subsequent financing. If you wish to participate in the subsequent financing, you must provide written notice to us by the fifth business day after we have delivered such notices to all interested buyers that you are willing to participate in the subsequent financing, the amount of your participation, and representing and warranting that you have the funds ready and available for investment on the specified terms. If we do not receive such a notice from you by that time, you will be deemed to have elected to not participate. If there is an insufficient amount of securities in the prolated subsequent financing to satisfy all persons with participation rights, your purchase will be prorated.

S-37

## **PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION**

We are offering the Notes (including the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes) directly to the purchasers hereunder. We currently anticipate that the closing of the sale of such securities under this prospectus supplement will take place on or about May 30, 2013. On the closing date, we will issue the Notes to the investors and we will receive funds in the amount of \$1,425 for each Note sold.

We have entered into a securities purchase agreement, dated as of May 23, 2013, with the purchasers relating to the sale of the Notes under this prospectus supplement. Our obligation to issue and sell securities to the purchasers is subject to the conditions set forth in the securities purchase agreement, which may be waived by us in our discretion. The purchasers' obligations to purchase securities is subject to conditions set forth in the securities purchase agreement as well, which also may be waived.

The Notes were offered directly to the purchasers without a placement agent, underwriter, broker or dealer. The expenses of this offering payable by us are estimated to be approximately \$200,000, including the structuring fee and reimbursable expense discussed below.

In the event the CE Mark for Neutrolin is received and the funds are released from the cash collateral account, we will be obligated to pay Kingsbrook Partners LP a structuring fee of \$50,000. If the funds have not been released by September 1, 2013, which is the first installment date, the structuring fee will be due on that date. In addition, we must reimburse Kingsbrook Partners LP their legal fees and have paid \$35,000 toward those fees. If those fees are less than \$35,000, the overpayment will be credited against the net proceeds we received in the offering.

### **Transfer Agent and Registrar**

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is VStock Transfer, LLC. The transfer agent's address is 77 Spruce Street, Suite 201, Cedarhurst, New York 11516 and its telephone number is (212) 828-8436.

We will act as our own transfer agent and registrar for the Notes.

## PRIVATE PLACEMENT TRANSACTION

Concurrently with this offering, we are offering and expect to sell warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 1,000,000 shares of our common stock, referred to as the Warrants, to existing institutional investors in a private placement. The Warrants will be issued and sold without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or state securities laws, in reliance on the exemption provided by Section 4(2) of the Act and/or Regulation D promulgated thereunder and in reliance on similar exemptions under applicable state laws.

Each Warrant has a five-year term from the date of first exercisability, with an initial exercise price of \$1.10, subject to adjustment, provided that any such holder will be prohibited from exercising its Warrant(s) if, as a result of such exercise, such holder, together with its affiliates, would own more than 4.99% or 9.99%, at the election of the initial holder, of the total number of shares of our common stock then issued and outstanding. The Warrants will be exercisable following the first anniversary of their issuance and will provide for cashless exercise to the extent that, at the time of exercise, a registration statement registering the resale of the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise is not effective.

The Warrants will contain full-ratchet anti-dilution protection such that, if we issue shares of common stock at a price per share lower than the exercise price then in effect, the exercise price will be automatically lowered to such issuance price. In addition, the exercise price of the Warrants is subject to a one-time downward adjustment on the second anniversary of the issuance of the Warrants if on such date 90% of the average of the 10 lowest volume weighted average prices during the 20 consecutive trading days immediately prior to that date is lower than the exercise price of the Warrant then in effect, in which case the exercise price will be decreased to such price. The number of shares issuable upon exercise of the Warrants will not change even if the exercise price is decreased.

The Warrants contain a prohibition on their exercise if, as a result of such exercise, we would have issued shares of our common stock in an aggregate amount equal to 2,640,528 shares, which is 20% of our shares of common stock outstanding on May 1, 2013, unless we have received the approval of our stockholders for such overage. We are required to hold a meeting of our stockholders for that purpose by July 30, 2013.

We will act as our own transfer agent and registrar for the Warrants.

## **LEGAL MATTERS**

Certain legal matters with respect to the securities offered hereby have been passed upon by Wyrick Robbins Yates & Ponton LLP, Raleigh, North Carolina.

## **EXPERTS**

The balance sheets of CorMedix Inc. as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity (deficiency), and cash flows for the years then ended and for the period from July 28, 2006 (inception) to December 31, 2012 have been audited by CohnReznick LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report, which includes an explanatory paragraph relating to our ability to continue as a going concern, which is incorporated herein by reference. Such financial statements have been incorporated herein by reference in reliance on the report of CohnReznick LLP given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

## **WHERE YOU CAN FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT US**

We have filed a registration statement on Form S-3 with the SEC for the securities we are offering by this prospectus supplement. This prospectus supplement does not include all of the information contained in the registration statement. You should refer to the registration statement and its exhibits for additional information. We will provide to each person, including any beneficial owner, to whom a prospectus supplement is delivered, a copy of any or all of the information that has been incorporated by reference in the prospectus supplement but not delivered with the prospectus supplement. We will provide this information upon oral or written request, free of charge. Any requests for this information should be made by calling or sending a letter to the Secretary of the Company, c/o CorMedix Inc., at our office located at 745 Route 202-206, Suite 303, Bridgewater, New Jersey 08807.

We are required to file annual and quarterly reports, current reports, proxy statements, and other information with the SEC. We make these documents publicly available, free of charge, on our website at [www.cormedix.com](http://www.cormedix.com) as soon as reasonably practicable after filing such documents with the SEC. You can read our SEC filings, including the registration statement, on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>. You also may read and copy any document we file with the SEC at its public reference facility at:

Public Reference Room

100 F Street N.E.

Washington, DC 20549.

Please call the SEC at 1-800-732-0330 for further information on the operation of the public reference facilities.

S-40

## INCORPORATION OF DOCUMENTS BY REFERENCE

The SEC allows us to “incorporate by reference” information that we file with them. Incorporation by reference allows us to disclose important information to you by referring you to those other documents. The information incorporated by reference is an important part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, and information that we file later with the SEC will automatically update and supersede this information. We filed a registration statement on Form S-3 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, with the SEC with respect to the securities being offered pursuant to this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus omit certain information contained in the registration statement, as permitted by the SEC. You should refer to the registration statement, including the exhibits, for further information about us and the securities being offered pursuant to this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Statements in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus regarding the provisions of certain documents filed with, or incorporated by reference in, the registration statement are not necessarily complete and each statement is qualified in all respects by that reference. Copies of all or any part of the registration statement, including the documents incorporated by reference or the exhibits, may be obtained upon payment of the prescribed rates at the offices of the SEC listed above in “Where You Can Find Additional Information About Us.” The documents we are incorporating by reference into this prospectus supplement are:

our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, filed with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 of the Exchange Act on March 27, 2013;

our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three-month period ended March 31, 2013, filed with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 of the Exchange Act on May 15, 2013; and

our Current Reports on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 of the Exchange Act on January 16, February 7, February 19, March 6, March 22, April 11, April 22, and May 24, 2013.

In addition, all documents subsequently filed by us pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, before the date our offering is terminated or completed are deemed to be incorporated by reference into, and to be a part of, this prospectus supplement.

Any statement contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus or in a document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus will be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus to the extent that a statement contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus or any other subsequently filed document that is deemed to be incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus modifies or supersedes the statement. Any statement so modified or superseded will not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of

this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

We will furnish without charge to you, on written or oral request, a copy of any or all of the documents incorporated by reference, including exhibits to these documents. You should direct any requests for documents to CorMedix, Inc., Attention: Secretary, 745 Route 202-206, Suite 303, Bridgewater, New Jersey 08807, (908) 517-9500.

You should rely only on information contained in, or incorporated by reference into, this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with information different from that contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We are not making offers to sell the securities in any jurisdiction in which such an offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to anyone to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

S-41

## Prospectus

**\$30,000,000 of**

**Common Stock,**

**Preferred Stock,**

**Warrants,**

**Debt Securities and/or**

**Units**

From time to time, we may offer up to \$30,000,000 of any combination of the securities described in this prospectus, either individually or in units, in one or more offerings in amounts, at prices and on the terms that we will determine at the time of offering. We may also offer common stock or preferred stock upon conversion of debt securities, common stock upon conversion of preferred stock, or common stock, preferred stock or debt securities upon the exercise of warrants.

Each time we sell securities, we will provide specific terms of the securities offered in a supplement to this prospectus. The prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. We will specify in any accompanying prospectus supplement the terms of any offering. You should read this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement, as well as any documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus and any prospectus supplement, carefully before you invest in any securities. **This prospectus may not be used by us to consummate a sale of securities unless accompanied by the applicable prospectus supplement.**

We will sell these securities directly to our stockholders or to other purchasers or through agents on our behalf or through underwriters or dealers as designated from time to time. If any agents or underwriters are involved in the sale of any of these securities, the applicable prospectus supplement will provide the names of the agents or underwriters and any applicable fees, commissions or discounts.

Our common stock trades on the NYSE MKT under the trading symbol "CRMD." On January 7, 2013, the last reported sale price of our common stock was \$0.93 per share. We recommend that you obtain current market quotations for our



common stock prior to making an investment decision.

As of January 7, 2013, the aggregate market value of our outstanding common stock held by non-affiliates, or the public float, was approximately \$9,587,095, which was calculated based on 10,308,704 shares of our outstanding common stock held by non-affiliates and on a price of \$0.93 per share, the last reported sale price for our common stock on January 7, 2013. Pursuant to General Instruction I.B.6 of Form S-3, in no event will we sell our common stock in a public primary offering with a value exceeding one-third of our public float in any 12-month period unless our public float subsequently rises to \$75.0 million or more. We have not offered any securities pursuant to General Instruction I.B.6 of Form S-3 during the 12 calendar months prior to and including the date of this prospectus.

**You should carefully read this prospectus, the prospectus supplement relating to any specific offering of securities and all information incorporated by reference herein and therein.**

**Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk. These risks are discussed in this prospectus under “Risk Factors” beginning on page 6 and in the documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus.**

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is January 10, 2013.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

About This Prospectus	1
Prospectus Summary	2
Risk Factors	6
Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements	22
Use of Proceeds	23
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges	23
Plan of Distribution	23
Description of Common Stock	25
Description of Preferred Stock	25
Description of Debt Securities	27
Description of Warrants	29
Description of Units	30
Certain Provisions of Delaware Law and of our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and our Amended and Restated Bylaws	30
Executive Compensation	31
Legal Matters	38
Experts	38
Where You Can Find More Information	38
Incorporation of Documents by Reference	39

## **ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS**

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, utilizing a “shelf” registration process. Under this shelf registration process, we may offer shares of our common stock and preferred stock, various series of debt securities and/or warrants to purchase any of such securities, either individually or in units, in one or more offerings, up to a total dollar amount of \$30,000,000. This prospectus provides you with a general description of the securities we may offer. Each time we offer a type or series of securities under this prospectus, we will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering.

This prospectus does not contain all of the information included in the registration statement. For a more complete understanding of the offering of the securities, you should refer to the registration statement, including its exhibits. Prospectus supplements may also add, update or change information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. However, no prospectus supplement will fundamentally change the terms that are set forth in this prospectus or offer a security that is not registered and described in this prospectus at the time of its effectiveness. This prospectus, together with the applicable prospectus supplements and the documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement, includes all material information relating to this offering. You should carefully read this prospectus, the applicable prospectus supplement, the information and documents incorporated herein and therein by reference and the additional information under the heading “Where You Can Find More Information” before making an investment decision.

You should rely only on the information we have provided or incorporated by reference in this prospectus or any prospectus supplement. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with information different from that contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. No dealer, salesperson or other person is authorized to give any information or to represent anything not contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representation. This prospectus is an offer to sell only the securities offered hereby, but only under circumstances and in jurisdictions where it is lawful to do so. You should assume that the information in this prospectus or any prospectus supplement is accurate only as of the date on the front of the document and that any information we have incorporated herein by reference is accurate only as of the date of the document incorporated by reference, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or any sale of a security.

To the extent there are inconsistencies between any prospectus supplement, this prospectus and any documents incorporated by reference, the document with the most recent date will control.

**This prospectus may not be used to consummate sales of our securities, unless it is accompanied by a prospectus supplement.**

Unless the context otherwise requires, “CorMedix” the “company,” “we,” “us,” “our” and similar names refer to CorMedix Inc.

## PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

*This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. Because it is a summary, it might not contain all of the information that is important to you. Accordingly, you are urged to carefully review this prospectus in its entirety, including “Risk Factors” beginning on page 6 and our financial statements and related notes thereto incorporated by reference herein, before making an investment decision.*

### Overview

We are a development stage pharmaceutical and medical device company that seeks to in-license, develop and commercialize therapeutic products for the treatment of cardiac and renal dysfunction, specifically in the dialysis and non-dialysis areas. Specifically, our goal is to treat kidney disease by reducing the commonly associated cardiovascular and metabolic complications — in effect, “treating the kidney to treat the heart.” As of the date of this prospectus, we have licensed all of the product candidates in our pipeline.

We have the worldwide rights to develop and commercialize our product candidates, CRMD003 (Neutrolin®) and CRMD004, that we believe address potentially large market opportunities in the instances in which a central venous catheter is used, such as hemodialysis, intensive care units, oncology and total parenteral nutrition patients.

Our primary product candidate in development is Neutrolin for the prevention of catheter-related infections in the dialysis and non-dialysis markets, which we believe addresses a medical need and a potentially large market opportunity. Neutrolin is a liquid formulation designed to prevent central venous catheter infection as well as catheter obstruction, also referred to as maintenance of catheter patency, in central venous catheters, which we initially plan for use in hemodialysis catheters. There are approximately 780,000 hemodialysis patients in the United States and the European Union. We believe the patients undergoing hemodialysis using a tunneled central vein catheter will be our initial target market. We project 91,000 patients in the European Union and 104,000 patients in the United States. These patients represent nearly 30 million hemodialysis sessions per year, which we believe represents a market potential of approximately \$300 - \$400 million.

During the third quarter of 2011, we received a notice from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, or FDA, that Neutrolin had been assigned to the Center for Drug Evaluation and Research, or CDER. As a result of this, and given our limited resources, we decided to change our business strategy and focus the majority of our resources on the research and development of Neutrolin rather than CRMD004 and to seek regulatory and commercialization approval for Neutrolin in Europe through a CE Mark application rather than pursue FDA approval at this time. During the first half of 2011, we submitted our design dossier to TÜV SÜD, the European notified body managing our CE Mark application. In the fourth quarter of 2011, we successfully completed our stage 1 audit with TÜV SÜD.

On October 10, 2012, we received ISO 13485:2003 certification from TÜV SÜD. This certification, which is a stand-alone standard developed by the International Organization for Standardization, is the globally recognized standard that outlines consistent international processes for the design and manufacturing of medical devices, including many supply chain functions such as assembly, packaging, warehousing and distribution. Compliance with ISO 13485 is often seen as a step towards achieving compliance with European regulatory requirements. The conformity of medical devices and in-vitro diagnostic medical devices according to applicable EU standards must be assessed before sale is permitted. The preferred method to prove conformity is the certification by a notified body of the quality management system according to ISO 9001 and/or ISO 13485 and ISO 14971. The result of a positive assessment is the issuance of a certificate of conformity allowing the CE Mark and the permission to sell the medical device in the European Union.

We have successfully completed the stage 2 audit with TÜV SÜD. We anticipate receiving a CE Mark approval by the end of the fourth quarter of 2012 or in the first quarter of 2013. If we obtain CE Mark approval in Europe, we intend to launch Neutrolin for the prevention of catheter-related bloodstream infections, or CRBI, and maintenance of catheter patency in hemodialysis patients in Europe in the first half of 2013. However, we cannot be assured of CE Mark approval of Neutrolin or the planned commercialization timeline.

We are currently exploring the various means of launching Neutrolin in Europe, whether through a distributorship or partnership arrangement, or otherwise, and plan to initially launch in Germany. Assuming the receipt of a CE Mark and the launch of Neutrolin, we intend to meet with the FDA to determine the pathway for U.S. approval of Neutrolin, which we expect will entail a Phase 3 trial.

## Recent Developments

On September 20, 2012, we completed an initial closing of our private placement of 850 Units, each Unit consisting of (i) a one-year \$1,000 principal amount 9% Senior Convertible Note, convertible into shares of our common stock at a conversion price of \$0.35 per Note, and (ii) a five-year redeemable Warrant, to purchase 2,500 shares of our common stock at a purchase price of \$0.40 per share. We received gross proceeds of \$850,000 and net proceeds of approximately \$689,000 in the September 20, 2012 initial closing. The maturity date of the Notes issued in the initial closing is September 20, 2013.

On November 13, 2012, we held the second and final closing of the private placement, and issued an additional 474 Units for a total gross amount of \$474,000. The maturity date of the Notes issued in the final closing is November 13, 2013. Together with the sale of 850 Units at the initial closing, we issued and sold in the private placement an aggregate total of 1,324 Units for aggregate gross proceeds of \$1,324,000. The total net proceeds (net of placement agent and legal fees) of the private placement to us were \$1,095,600, including \$689,000 net proceeds previously received by us at the initial closing and \$406,600 net proceeds received by us in the final closing. We issued to the investors Warrants to purchase an aggregate of 3,310,000 shares of our common stock. We paid the placement agent for the private placement a total of \$109,900 in fees and issued it warrants to purchase an aggregate of 331,000 shares. The placement agent warrants have the same terms as those issued to the investors.

We have agreed to file an initial registration statement with the SEC to register the resale of the shares of common stock issuable upon the conversion of the Notes and the exercise of the Warrants within 60 days after the final closing, which is January 11, 2013. Also, we have agreed to use our commercially reasonable efforts to have the registration statement declared effective within 120 days after the date of the final closing, which is March 13, 2013.

On December 24, 2012, we announced the following changes to our executive team.

Randy Milby has been promoted to Chief Executive Officer, effective January 1, 2013. Mr. Milby previously served as our Chief Operating Officer.

Richard M. Cohen will serve as Chief Financial Officer, effective January 1, 2013, and will continue as Executive Chairman and director of CorMedix. Mr. Cohen previously served as our Interim Chief Financial Officer and Interim Chief Executive Officer.

Antony E. Pfaffle, M.D., a director on our board, joins the executive team as Acting Chief Scientific Officer, effective January 1, 2013.

Mark Klausner, M.D., our current Chief Medical Officer, will depart CorMedix effective February 28, 2013 upon expiration of his employment agreement with CorMedix.

Mr. Milby will continue to work with the board and build the management team to drive our strategy forward with respect to the planned receipt of CE Mark approval for Neutrolin and subsequent commercial launch of Neutrolin in Europe and the planned expansion into countries beyond Europe. Dr. Pfaffle in this capacity will provide scientific support and will focus on the development of key opinion leader relationships throughout Europe.

### **Corporate History and Information**

We were organized as a Delaware corporation on July 28, 2006 under the name “Picton Holding Company, Inc.” and we changed our corporate name to “CorMedix Inc.” on January 18, 2007. Our operations to date have been primarily limited to organizing and staffing, licensing product candidates, developing clinical trials for our product candidates, establishing manufacturing for our product candidates and maintaining and improving our patent portfolio.



Our executive offices are located at 745 Route 202-206, Suite 303, Bridgewater, NJ 08807. Our telephone number is (908) 517-9500. Our website address is [www.cormedix.com](http://www.cormedix.com). Information contained in, or accessible through, our website does not constitute part of this prospectus.

### **Offerings Under This Prospectus**

We may offer shares of our common stock and preferred stock, various series of debt securities and/or warrants to purchase any of such securities, either individually or in units, with a total value of up to \$30,000,000 from time to time under this prospectus at prices and on terms to be determined by market conditions at the time of any offering. This prospectus provides you with a general description of the securities we may offer. Each time we offer a type or series of securities under this prospectus, we will provide a prospectus supplement that will describe the specific amounts, prices and other important terms of the securities.

The prospectus supplement also may add, update or change information contained in this prospectus or in documents we have incorporated by reference into this prospectus. However, no prospectus supplement will fundamentally change the terms that are set forth in this prospectus or offer a security that is not registered and described in this prospectus at the time of its effectiveness.

**This prospectus may not be used to consummate a sale of any securities unless it is accompanied by a prospectus supplement.**

We may sell the securities directly to investors or to or through agents, underwriters or dealers. We, and our agents or underwriters, reserve the right to accept or reject all or part of any proposed purchase of securities. If we offer securities through agents or underwriters, we will include in the applicable prospectus supplement:

- the names of those agents or underwriters;
- applicable fees, discounts and commissions to be paid to them;
- details regarding over-allotment options, if any; and
- the net proceeds to us.

Common Stock

We may issue shares of our common stock from time to time. The holders of common stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters to be voted upon by stockholders. Subject to preferences that may be applicable to any outstanding preferred stock, the holders of common stock are entitled to receive ratably any dividends that may be declared from time to time by our board of directors out of funds legally available for that purpose. In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, the holders of common stock are entitled to share ratably in all assets remaining after payment of liabilities, subject to prior distribution rights of any preferred stock then outstanding.

Preferred Stock

We may issue shares of our preferred stock from time to time, in one or more series. Our board of directors will determine the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions of the preferred stock, including dividend rights, conversion rights, voting rights, terms of redemption, liquidation preferences, sinking fund terms and the number of shares constituting any series or the designation of such series, without any further vote or action by stockholders. Convertible preferred stock will be convertible into our common stock or exchangeable for our other securities. Conversion may be mandatory or at your option or both and would be at prescribed conversion rates.

If we sell any series of preferred stock under this prospectus and applicable prospectus supplements, we will fix the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions of the preferred stock of such series in the certificate of designation relating to that series. We will file as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, or will incorporate by reference from reports that we file with the SEC, the form of any certificate of designation that describes the terms of the series of preferred stock we are offering before the issuance of the related series of preferred stock. We urge you to read the applicable prospectus supplement related to the series of preferred stock being offered, as well as the complete certificate of designation that contains the terms of the applicable series of preferred stock.

### Warrants

We may issue warrants for the purchase of common stock, preferred stock and/or debt securities in one or more series. We may issue warrants independently or together with common stock, preferred stock and/or debt securities, and the warrants may be attached to or separate from these securities. We will evidence each series of warrants either by agreements with each investor or warrant certificates that we will issue under a separate agreement. If we issue warrant certificates, we expect to enter into warrant agreements with a bank or trust company that we select to be our warrant agent. We will indicate the name and address of the warrant agent in the applicable prospectus supplement relating to a particular series of warrants.

In this prospectus, we have summarized certain general features of the warrants. We urge you, however, to read the applicable prospectus supplement related to the particular series of warrants being offered, as well as the warrant agreements and warrant certificates that contain the terms of the warrants. We will file as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, or will incorporate by reference from reports that we file with the SEC, the form of warrant agreement or warrant certificate containing the terms of the warrants we are offering before the issuance of the warrants.

### Debt Securities

We may offer debt securities from time to time, in one or more series, as either senior or subordinated debt or as senior or subordinated convertible debt. The senior debt securities will rank equally with any other unsecured and unsubordinated debt. The subordinated debt securities will be subordinate and junior in right of payment, to the extent and in the manner described in the instrument governing the debt, to all of our senior indebtedness. Convertible debt securities will be convertible into or exchangeable for our common stock or our other securities. Conversion may be mandatory or at your option or both and would be at prescribed conversion rates.

With respect to any debt securities that we issue, we will issue such debt securities under an indenture, which we would enter into with the trustee named in the indenture. Any indenture would be qualified under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939.

### Units

We may issue units consisting of common stock, preferred stock, debt securities and/or warrants for the purchase of common stock, preferred stock and/or debt securities in one or more series. In this prospectus, we have summarized

certain general features of the units. We urge you, however, to read the applicable prospectus supplement related to the series of units being offered, as well as the unit agreements that contain the terms of the units. We will file as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, or will incorporate by reference reports that we file with the SEC, the form of unit agreement and any supplemental agreements that describe the terms of the series of units we are offering before the issuance of the related series of units.

## **RISK FACTORS**

*Investing in our securities involves risk. The prospectus supplement applicable to each offering of our securities will contain a discussion of the risks applicable to an investment in our company. Prior to making a decision about investing in our securities, you should carefully consider the specific factors discussed below and under the heading “Risk Factors” in the applicable prospectus supplement, together with all of the other information contained or incorporated by reference in the prospectus supplement or appearing or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. You should also consider the risks, uncertainties and assumptions discussed under the heading “Risk Factors” included in our most recent annual report on Form 10-K and 10-K/A, as revised or supplemented by our most recent quarterly report on Form 10-Q, each of which are on file with the SEC and are incorporated herein by reference, and which may be amended, supplemented or superseded from time to time by other reports we file with the SEC in the future.*

### **Risks Related to Our Financial Position and Need for Additional Capital**

*We have a limited operating history and a history of operating losses, and expect to incur significant additional operating losses.*

We were established in July 2006 and have only a limited operating history. Therefore, there is limited historical financial information upon which to base an evaluation of our performance. Our prospects must be considered in light of the uncertainties, risks, expenses, and difficulties frequently encountered by companies in the early stages of operation. We incurred a net loss of approximately \$2.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and approximately \$6.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2011. As of September 30, 2012, we had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$45.2 million. We expect to incur substantial additional operating expenses over the next several years as our research, development, pre-clinical testing, clinical trial and commercialization activities increase. The amount of future losses and when, if ever, we will achieve profitability are uncertain. We have no products that have generated any commercial revenue, do not expect to generate revenues from the commercial sale of products unless and until we receive a CE Mark for and launch Neutrolin in Europe, and might never generate revenues from the sale of products. Our ability to generate revenue and achieve profitability will depend on, among other things, the following: successful completion of the development of our product candidates, particularly Neutrolin; obtaining necessary regulatory approvals for Neutrolin from the applicable European agencies, other foreign agencies and the FDA and from the FDA and international regulatory agencies for any other products; establishing manufacturing, sales, and marketing arrangements, either alone or with third parties; and raising sufficient funds to finance our activities. We might not succeed at any of these undertakings. If we are unsuccessful at some or all of these undertakings, our business, prospects, and results of operations may be materially adversely affected.

*Our independent registered public accounting firm expressed substantial doubt as to our ability to continue as a going concern in its audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011 and may do so again in the*

*future.*

In their report accompanying our audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011, our independent registered public accounting firm expressed substantial doubt as to our ability to continue as a going concern. A “going concern” opinion could impair our ability to finance our operations through the sale of debt or equity securities or through bank financing. We believe our recent decision to focus the majority of our resources, including our research and development efforts, primarily on the CE Mark approval and commercialization of Neutrolin in Europe will result in our currently available capital resources being sufficient to meet our operating needs only into the first quarter of 2013, after giving effect to our receipt of approximately \$1,324,000 in aggregate gross proceeds from the sale of our Senior Convertible Notes in September and November 2012. Our ability to continue as a going concern will depend, in large part, on our ability to obtain additional financing. Thereafter, our ability to generate positive cash flow from operation will depend on our ability to receive a CE Mark for and launch Neutrolin in Europe. None of these undertakings are certain. Additional capital may not be available on reasonable terms, or at all. If adequate financing is not available, we would be required to terminate or significantly curtail our operations, or enter into arrangements with collaborative partners or others that may require us to relinquish rights to certain aspects of our technologies, or potential markets that we would not otherwise relinquish. If we are unable to achieve these goals, our business would be jeopardized and we may not be able to continue operations.

***We are not currently profitable and may never become profitable.***

We have a history of losses and expect to incur substantial losses and negative operating cash flow for the foreseeable future, and we may never achieve or maintain profitability. Even if we succeed in developing and commercializing Neutrolin or other product candidates, we expect to incur substantial losses for the foreseeable future and may never become profitable. We also expect to continue to incur significant operating and capital expenditures and anticipate that our expenses will increase substantially in the foreseeable future as we continue to undertake development of Neutrolin and our other product candidates, undertake clinical trials of our product candidates, seek regulatory approvals for product candidates, implement additional internal systems and infrastructure, and hire additional personnel.

We also expect to experience negative cash flow for the foreseeable future as we fund our operating losses and capital expenditures. As a result, we will need to generate significant revenues in order to achieve and maintain profitability. We may not be able to generate these revenues or achieve profitability in the future. Our failure to achieve or maintain profitability would negatively impact the value of our securities.

***We will need to finance our future cash needs through public or private equity offerings, debt financings or corporate collaboration and licensing arrangements. Any additional funds that we obtain may not be on terms favorable to us or our stockholders and may require us to relinquish valuable rights.***

We have no approved product on the market and have generated no product revenues. Unless and until we receive applicable regulatory approval for Neutrolin and any other product candidates, we cannot sell our products and will not have product revenues. Therefore, for the foreseeable future, we will have to fund all of our operations and capital expenditures from cash on hand, licensing fees and grants.

We believe that existing cash will be sufficient to enable us to fund our projected operating requirements only into the first quarter of 2013, based upon our recent decision to focus the majority of our resources, including our research and development efforts, primarily on the CE Marking approval and commercialization of Neutrolin in Europe. However, we may need to raise additional funds more quickly if one or more of our assumptions prove to be incorrect or if we choose to expand our product development efforts more rapidly than we presently anticipate, and we may decide to raise additional funds even before we need them if the conditions for raising capital are favorable.

We may seek to sell additional equity or debt securities, obtain a bank credit facility, or enter into a corporate collaboration or licensing arrangement. The sale of additional equity or debt securities, if convertible, could result in dilution to our stockholders. The incurrence of indebtedness would result in increased fixed obligations and could also result in covenants that would restrict our operations. Raising additional funds through collaboration or licensing

arrangements with third parties may require us to relinquish valuable rights to our technologies, future revenue streams, research programs or product candidates, or to grant licenses on terms that may not be favorable to us or our stockholders.

### **Risks Related to the Development and Commercialization of Our Product Candidates**

#### ***Our product candidates are still in development.***

We are a development stage pharmaceutical and medical device company with product candidates in various stages of development. We have recently changed our strategy to primarily focus on the commercialization of Neutrolin in Europe through the CE Marking process and have elected to delay our other product candidates' development until we have obtained CE Marking approval in Europe for Neutrolin. Our product candidates are currently at the following stages:

- CRMD003 (Neutrolin) - submitted a CE Mark application for approval in Europe; and
- CRMD004 - currently in the pre-clinical phase.



Our product development efforts may not lead to commercially viable products for any of several reasons. For example, our product candidates may fail to be proven safe and effective in clinical trials, or we may have inadequate financial or other resources to pursue development efforts for our product candidates. Our product candidates will require significant additional development, clinical trials, regulatory clearances and/or investment by us or our collaborators before they can be commercialized. Specifically, if we receive a CE Mark for Neutrolin, we will need to commercially launch it in Europe either on our own or through a third party, which will take time and capital.

***Successful development of our products is uncertain.***

Our development of current and future product candidates is subject to the risks of failure and delay inherent in the development of new pharmaceutical products, including but not limited to the following:

- delays in product development, pre-clinical and clinical testing, or manufacturing;
- unplanned expenditures in product development, pre-clinical and clinical testing, or manufacturing;
- failure to receive regulatory approvals;
- emergence of superior or equivalent products;
- inability to manufacture our product candidates on a commercial scale on our own, or in collaboration with third parties; and
- failure to achieve market acceptance.

Because of these risks, our development efforts may not result in any commercially viable products. If a significant portion of these development efforts are not successfully completed, required regulatory approvals are not obtained or any approved products are not commercialized successfully, our business, financial condition, and results of operations will be materially harmed.

***Clinical trials required for our product candidates are expensive and time-consuming, and their outcome is uncertain.***

In order to obtain FDA or foreign approval to market a new drug or device product, we must demonstrate proof of safety and effectiveness in humans. Foreign regulations and requirements are similar to those of the FDA. To meet FDA requirements, we must conduct “adequate and well-controlled” clinical trials. Conducting clinical trials is a lengthy, time-consuming, and expensive process. The length of time may vary substantially according to the type, complexity, novelty, and intended use of the product candidate, and often can be several years or more per trial. Delays associated with products for which we are directly conducting clinical trials may cause us to incur additional operating expenses. The commencement and rate of completion of clinical trials may be delayed by many factors, including, for example:

inability to manufacture sufficient quantities of qualified materials under the FDA’s current Good Manufacturing Practices requirements, referred to as cGMP, for use in clinical trials;

- slower than expected rates of patient recruitment;
- failure to recruit a sufficient number of patients;
- modification of clinical trial protocols;
- changes in regulatory requirements for clinical trials;
- lack of effectiveness during clinical trials;

emergence of unforeseen safety issues;

delays, suspension, or termination of clinical trials due to the institutional review board responsible for overseeing the study at a particular study site; and

government or regulatory delays or “clinical holds” requiring suspension or termination of the trials.

The results from early pre-clinical and clinical trials are not necessarily predictive of results to be obtained in later clinical trials. Accordingly, even if we obtain positive results from early pre-clinical or clinical trials, we may not achieve the same success in later clinical trials.

Our clinical trials may be conducted in patients with serious or life-threatening diseases for whom conventional treatments have been unsuccessful or for whom no conventional treatment exists, and in some cases, our product is expected to be used in combination with approved therapies that themselves have significant adverse event profiles. During the course of treatment, these patients could suffer adverse medical events or die for reasons that may or may not be related to our products. We cannot ensure that safety issues will not arise with respect to our products in clinical development.

Clinical trials may not demonstrate statistically significant safety and effectiveness to obtain the requisite regulatory approvals for product candidates. The failure of clinical trials to demonstrate safety and effectiveness for the desired indications could harm the development of our product candidates. Such a failure could cause us to abandon a product candidate and could delay development of other product candidates. Any delay in, or termination of, our clinical trials would delay the filing of any New Drug Application, or NDA, or any Premarket Approval Application, or PMA, with the FDA and, ultimately, our ability to commercialize our product candidates and generate product revenues. Any change in, or termination of, our clinical trials could materially harm our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

***If we fail to comply with international regulatory requirements we could be subject to regulatory delays, fines or other penalties.***

Regulatory requirements in foreign countries for international sales of medical devices often vary from country to country. The occurrence and related impact of the following factors would harm our business:

delays in receipt of, or failure to receive, foreign regulatory approvals or clearances;

the loss of previously obtained approvals or clearances; or

the failure to comply with existing or future regulatory requirements.

The CE Mark is a mandatory conformity mark for products to be sold in the European Economic Area. Currently, 30 countries in Europe require products to bear CE Marking. To market in Europe, a product must first obtain the certifications necessary to affix the CE Mark. The CE Mark is an international symbol of adherence to the Medical Device Directives and the manufacturer's declaration that the product complies with essential requirements. Compliance with these requirements is ascertained within a certified Quality Management System (QMS) pursuant to ISO 13485. In order to obtain and to maintain a CE Mark, a product must be in compliance with the applicable quality assurance provisions of the aforementioned ISO and obtain certification of its quality assurance systems by a recognized European Union notified body. We have contracted with TÜV SÜD, a European Union notified body, to handle the CE Marking process for Neutrolin. In October 2012, TÜV SÜD awarded ISO 13485:2003 certification for Neutrolin, an important step in the CE Marking process. However, certain individual countries within the European Union require further approval by their national regulatory agencies. Failure to receive or maintain the right to affix the CE Mark or other requisite approvals could prohibit us from marketing and selling Neutrolin in the European Economic Area or elsewhere.

***We do not have, and may never obtain, the regulatory approvals we need to market our product candidates.***

We have filed a design dossier submission with TÜV SÜD, the European Union notified body, as part of the regulatory CE Marking approval process in Europe for Neutrolin and have received ISO 13485:2003 certification. However, there cannot be any assurance that Neutrolin will receive a CE Mark that would allow it to be sold in Europe.

In the United States, we have no current application for, and have not received the regulatory approvals required for, the commercial sale of any of our products. None of our product candidates has been determined to be safe and effective in the United States, and we have not submitted a NDA or PMA to the FDA for any product.

It is possible that none of our product candidates will be approved for marketing. Failure to obtain regulatory approvals, or delays in obtaining regulatory approvals, especially for Neutrolin in Europe, would adversely affect the successful commercialization of it or any other drugs or biologics that we or our partners develop, impose additional costs on us or our collaborators, diminish any competitive advantages that we or our partners may attain, and/or adversely affect our cash flow.

***Even if approved, our products will be subject to extensive post-approval regulation.***

Once a product is approved, numerous post-approval requirements apply in the United States and abroad. Depending on the circumstances, failure to meet these post-approval requirements can result in criminal prosecution, fines, injunctions, recall or seizure of products, total or partial suspension of production, denial or withdrawal of pre-marketing product approvals, or refusal to allow us to enter into supply contracts, including government contracts. In addition, even if we comply with FDA, foreign and other requirements, new information regarding the safety or effectiveness of a product could lead the FDA or a foreign regulatory body to modify or withdraw product approval.

***The successful commercialization of our products will depend on obtaining coverage and reimbursement for use of these products from third-party payors.***

Sales of pharmaceutical products largely depend on the reimbursement of patients' medical expenses by government health care programs and/or private health insurers, both in the U.S. and abroad. Without the financial support of these government or private third-party payors, the market for our products will be limited. These third-party payors are increasingly challenging the price and examining the cost effectiveness of medical products and services. Recent proposals to change the health care system in the United States have included measures that would limit or eliminate

payments for medical products and services or subject the pricing of medical treatment products to government control. Significant uncertainty exists as to the reimbursement status of newly approved health care products. Third-party payors may not reimburse sales of our products or enable our collaborators to sell them at profitable prices.

***Physicians and patients may not accept and use our products.***

Even if we receive FDA or foreign regulatory approval for one or more of our product candidates, physicians and patients may not accept and use it. Acceptance and use of our products will depend upon a number of factors including the following:

- perceptions by members of the health care community, including physicians, about the safety and effectiveness of our drug or device product;

- cost-effectiveness of our product relative to competing products;

- availability of reimbursement for our product from government or other healthcare payors; and

- effectiveness of marketing and distribution efforts by us and our licensees and distributors, if any.

Because we expect sales of our current product candidates, if approved, to generate substantially all of our product revenues for the foreseeable future, the failure of these products to find market acceptance would harm our business and would require us to seek additional financing.

### **Risks Related to Our Business and Industry**

*Competition and technological change may make our product candidates and technologies less attractive or obsolete.*

We compete with established pharmaceutical and medical device companies that are pursuing other forms of treatment for the same indications we are pursuing and that have greater financial and other resources. Other companies may succeed in developing products earlier than we do, obtaining FDA or any other regulatory agency approval for products more rapidly, or developing products that are more effective than our product candidates. Research and development by others may render our technology or product candidates obsolete or noncompetitive, or result in processes, treatments or cures superior to any therapy we develop. We face competition from companies that internally develop competing technology or acquire competing technology from universities and other research institutions. As these companies develop their technologies, they may develop competitive positions that may prevent, make futile, or limit our product commercialization efforts, which would result in a decrease in the revenue we would be able to derive from the sale of any products.

There can be no assurance that any of our product candidates will be accepted by the marketplace as readily as these or other competing treatments. Furthermore, if our competitors' products are approved before ours, it could be more difficult for us to obtain approval from the FDA or any other regulatory agency. Even if our products are successfully developed and approved for use by all governing regulatory bodies, there can be no assurance that physicians and patients will accept any of our products as a treatment of choice.

Furthermore, the pharmaceutical and medical device industry is diverse, complex, and rapidly changing. By its nature, the business risks associated therewith are numerous and significant. The effects of competition, intellectual property disputes, market acceptance, and FDA or other regulatory agency regulations preclude us from forecasting revenues or income with certainty or even confidence.

*We face the risk of product liability claims and the amount of insurance coverage we hold now or in the future may not be adequate to cover all liabilities we might incur.*

Our business exposes us to the risk of product liability claims that are inherent in the development of drugs. If the use of one or more of our or our collaborators' drugs or devices harms people, we may be subject to costly and damaging product liability claims brought against us by clinical trial participants, consumers, health care providers, pharmaceutical companies or others selling our products.

We currently carry product liability insurance that covers our clinical trials. We cannot predict all of the possible harms or side effects that may result and, therefore, the amount of insurance coverage we hold may not be adequate to cover all liabilities we might incur. Our insurance covers bodily injury and property damage arising from our clinical trials, subject to industry-standard terms, conditions and exclusions. This coverage does not include the sale of commercial products. We intend to expand our insurance coverage to include the sale of commercial products if we obtain marketing approval for our product candidates in development, but we may be unable to obtain commercially reasonable product liability insurance for any products approved for marketing.

If we are unable to obtain insurance at an acceptable cost or otherwise protect against potential product liability claims, we may be exposed to significant liabilities, which may materially and adversely affect our business and financial position. If we are sued for any injury allegedly caused by our or our collaborators' products and do not have sufficient insurance coverage, our liability could exceed our total assets and our ability to pay the liability. A successful product liability claim or series of claims brought against us would decrease our cash and could cause the value of our capital stock to decrease.



***We may be exposed to liability claims associated with the use of hazardous materials and chemicals.***

Our research, development and manufacturing activities and/or those of our third-party contractors may involve the controlled use of hazardous materials and chemicals. Although we believe that our safety procedures for using, storing, handling and disposing of these materials comply with federal, state and local laws and regulations, we cannot completely eliminate the risk of accidental injury or contamination from these materials. In the event of such an accident, we could be held liable for any resulting damages and any liability could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, the federal, state and local laws and regulations governing the use, manufacture, storage, handling and disposal of hazardous or radioactive materials and waste products may require us to incur substantial compliance costs that could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

***Healthcare policy changes, including reimbursement policies for drugs and medical devices, may have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.***

Market acceptance and sales of Neutrolin or any other product candidates that we develop will depend on reimbursement policies and may be affected by health care reform measures in the United States and abroad. Government authorities and other third-party payors, such as private health insurers and health maintenance organizations, decide which drugs they will pay for and establish reimbursement levels. We cannot be sure that reimbursement will be available for Neutrolin or any other product candidates that we develop. Also, we cannot be sure that the amount of reimbursement available, if any, will not reduce the demand for, or the price of, our products. If reimbursement is not available or is available only at limited levels, we may not be able to successfully commercialize Neutrolin or any other product candidates that we develop.

In the United States, there have been a number of legislative and regulatory proposals to change the health care system in ways that could affect our ability to sell our products profitably. The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, or collectively, the Healthcare Reform Act, substantially changes the way healthcare is financed by both governmental and private insurers, and significantly impacts the pharmaceutical industry. The Healthcare Reform Act contains a number of provisions, including those governing enrollment in federal healthcare programs, reimbursement changes and fraud and abuse, which will impact existing government healthcare programs and will result in the development of new programs, including Medicare payment for performance initiatives and improvements to the physician quality reporting system and feedback program. We anticipate that if we obtain approval for our products, some of our revenue may be derived from U.S. government healthcare programs, including Medicare. Furthermore, beginning in 2011, the Healthcare Reform Act imposed a non-deductible excise tax on pharmaceutical manufacturers or importers who sell “branded prescription drugs,” which includes innovator drugs and biologics (excluding orphan drugs or generics) to U.S. government programs. We expect that the Healthcare Reform Act and other healthcare reform measures that may be adopted in the future could have an adverse effect on our industry generally and our products specifically.

In addition to the Healthcare Reform Act, we expect that there will continue to be proposals by legislators at both the federal and state levels, regulators and third-party payors to keep healthcare costs down while expanding individual healthcare benefits. Certain of these changes could impose limitations on the prices we will be able to charge for any products that are approved or the amounts of reimbursement available for these products from governmental agencies or other third-party payors or may increase the tax requirements for life sciences companies such as ours. While it is too early to predict what effect the Healthcare Reform Act or any future legislation or regulation will have on us, such laws could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Health administration authorities in countries other than the United States may not provide reimbursement for Neutrolin or any of our other product candidates at rates sufficient for us to achieve profitability, or at all. Like the United States, these countries could adopt health care reform proposals and could materially alter their government-sponsored health care programs by reducing reimbursement rates.

Any reduction in reimbursement rates under Medicare or private insurers or foreign health care programs could negatively affect the pricing of our products. If we are not able to charge a sufficient amount for our products, then our margins and our profitability will be adversely affected.

***If we lose key management or scientific personnel, cannot recruit qualified employees, directors, officers, or other personnel or experience increases in compensation costs, our business may materially suffer.***

We are highly dependent on the principal members of our management and scientific staff, specifically, Richard Cohen (our former Interim Chief Executive Officer, former Interim Chief Financial Officer and, effective January 1, 2013, our Chief Financial Officer), Randy Milby (our former Chief Operating Officer and, effective January 1, 2013, our Chief Executive Officer) and Dr. Antony Pfaffle, our director and, effective January 1, 2013, our Acting Chief Scientific Officer. While we have a consulting agreement, as amended, with MW Bridges LLC, of which Randy Milby is Managing Partner, consulting and employment agreements cannot ensure our retention of the persons covered by such agreements. Furthermore, our future success will also depend in part on our ability to identify, hire, and retain additional personnel. We experience intense competition for qualified personnel and may be unable to attract and retain the personnel necessary for the development of our business. Moreover, our work force is located in the New Jersey metropolitan area, where competition for personnel with the scientific and technical skills that we seek is extremely high and is likely to remain high. Because of this competition, our compensation costs may increase significantly. In addition, we have only limited ability to prevent former employees from competing with us.

***Recent changes in our management may lead to instability and may negatively affect our business.***

In September 2011, John Houghton, our former President and Chief Executive Officer, left the Company and, in April 2012, Brian Lenz, our former Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer resigned. In May 2012, our board of directors appointed director Richard Cohen to serve as our Interim Chief Executive Officer and Interim Chief Financial Officer. In May 2012, the board of directors also engaged Randy Milby to serve as our Chief Operating Officer. On December 21, 2012, we appointed Mr. Milby as our Chief Executive Officer, effective January 1, 2013. At that time, Mr. Milby's responsibilities as our Chief Operating Officer terminated. Effective January 1, 2013, we also appointed Mr. Cohen as our Chief Financial Officer and one of our directors, Dr. Antony Pfaffle, as our Acting Chief Scientific Officer. Dr. Mark Klausner, our current part-time Chief Medical Officer, will cease employment on February 28, 2013. We cannot be certain that the changes in management will not negatively affect our business in the future or that additional changes in management and in the composition of our board of directors will not occur. Additionally, we may be negatively impacted by a lack of accounting expertise, lack of internal control processes (which include lack of segregation of duties for cash disbursements and cash reconciliations), lack of accuracy and timeliness of financial reporting as a result of the resignation of our former Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer.

***If we are unable to hire additional qualified personnel, our ability to grow our business may be harmed.***

Over time, we expect to hire additional qualified personnel with expertise in clinical testing, clinical research and testing, government regulation, formulation and manufacturing, and sales and marketing. We compete for qualified individuals with numerous pharmaceutical companies, universities and other research institutions. Competition for

such individuals is intense, and we cannot be certain that our search for such personnel will be successful. Attracting and retaining such qualified personnel will be critical to our success.

*We may not successfully manage our growth.*

If we receive CE Mark approval for Neutrolin, our success will depend upon the expansion of our operations to commercialize Neutrolin and the effective management of our growth, which could place a significant strain on our management and our administrative, operational and financial resources. To manage this growth, we may need to expand our facilities, augment our operational, financial and management systems and hire and train additional qualified personnel. If we are unable to manage our growth effectively, our business may be materially harmed.

### **Risks Related to Our Intellectual Property**

*If we materially breach or default under any of our license agreements, the licensor party to such agreement will have the right to terminate the license agreement, which termination may materially harm our business.*

Our commercial success will depend in part on the maintenance of our license agreements. Each of our license agreements provides the licensor with a right to terminate the license agreement for our material breach or default under the agreement. Additionally, our license agreement with Dr. Hans-Dietrich Polaschegg (referred to herein as the Polaschegg License Agreement) provides for a right of termination for, among other things, our failure to make a product with respect to either of the licensed technologies available to the market within eight years after (i) the effective date of the Polaschegg License Agreement or (ii) the priority date of any new patent, whichever is later. Our intellectual property licensed under the Polaschegg License Agreement serves as a basis for CRMD004. Should the licensor under any of our license agreements exercise such a termination right, we would lose our right to the intellectual property under the respective license agreement, which loss may materially harm our business.

*If we and our licensors do not obtain protection for and successfully defend our respective intellectual property rights, our competitors may be able to take advantage of our research and development efforts to develop competing products.*

Our commercial success will depend in part on obtaining further patent protection for our products and other technologies and successfully defending any patents that we currently have or will obtain against third-party challenges. The patents most material to our business are as follows:

U.S. Registration No. 7,696,182 (expiring in May 2025) - use of Neutrolin for preventing infection and maintenance of catheter patency in hemodialysis catheters (for CRMD003);

U.S. Registration No. 6,166,007 (expiring May 2019) - a method of inhibiting or preventing infection and blood coagulation at a medical prosthetic device (for CRMD003); and

European Registration No. 1442753 (expiring February 2023) - use of a thixotropic gel as a catheter locking composition, and method of locking a catheter (for CRMD004).

We are currently seeking further patent protection for our compounds and methods of treating diseases. However, the patent process is subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, and there can be no assurance that we will be successful in protecting our products by obtaining and defending patents. These risks and uncertainties include the following:

patents that may be issued or licensed may be challenged, invalidated, or circumvented, or otherwise may not provide any competitive advantage;

our competitors, many of which have substantially greater resources than we have and many of which have made significant investments in competing technologies, may seek, or may already have obtained, patents that will limit, interfere with, or eliminate our ability to make, use, and sell our potential products either in the United States or in international markets;

there may be significant pressure on the United States government and other international governmental bodies to limit the scope of patent protection both inside and outside the United States for treatments that prove successful as a matter of public policy regarding worldwide health concerns; and

countries other than the United States may have less restrictive patent laws than those upheld by United States courts, allowing foreign competitors the ability to exploit these laws to create, develop, and market competing products.

In addition, the United States Patent and Trademark Office, or PTO, and patent offices in other jurisdictions have often required that patent applications concerning pharmaceutical and/or biotechnology-related inventions be limited or narrowed substantially to cover only the specific innovations exemplified in the patent application, thereby limiting the scope of protection against competitive challenges. Thus, even if we or our licensors are able to obtain patents, the patents may be substantially narrower than anticipated.

The patent applications in our patent portfolio are exclusively licensed to us. To support our patent strategy, we have engaged in a review of patentability and freedom to operate issues, including performing certain searches. However, patentability and freedom to operate issues are inherently complex, and we cannot provide assurances that a relevant patent office and/or relevant court will agree with our conclusions regarding patentability issues or with our conclusions regarding freedom to operate issues, which can involve subtle issues of claim interpretation and/or claim liability. Furthermore, we may not be aware of all patents, published applications or published literature that may affect our business either by blocking our ability to commercialize our product candidates, preventing the patentability of our product candidates to us or our licensors, or covering the same or similar technologies that may invalidate our patents, limit the scope of our future patent claims or adversely affect our ability to market our product candidates.

In addition to patents, we also rely on trade secrets and proprietary know-how. Although we take measures to protect this information by entering into confidentiality and inventions agreements with our employees, scientific advisors, consultants, and collaborators, we cannot provide any assurances that these agreements will not be breached, that we will be able to protect ourselves from the harmful effects of disclosure if they are breached, or that our trade secrets will not otherwise become known or be independently discovered by competitors. If any of these events occurs, or we otherwise lose protection for our trade secrets or proprietary know-how, the value of our intellectual property may be greatly reduced.

***Intellectual property disputes could require us to spend time and money to address such disputes and could limit our intellectual property rights.***

The biotechnology and pharmaceutical industries have been characterized by extensive litigation regarding patents and other intellectual property rights, and companies have employed intellectual property litigation to gain a competitive advantage. We may become subject to infringement claims or litigation arising out of patents and pending applications of our competitors, or additional proceedings initiated by third parties or the PTO or applicable foreign bodies to reexamine the patentability of our licensed or owned patents. The defense and prosecution of intellectual property suits, PTO or foreign proceedings, and related legal and administrative proceedings are costly and time-consuming to pursue, and their outcome is uncertain. Litigation may be necessary to enforce our issued patents, to protect our trade secrets and know-how, or to determine the enforceability, scope, and validity of the proprietary rights of others. An adverse determination in litigation or PTO or foreign proceedings to which we may become a party could subject us to significant liabilities, require us to obtain licenses from third parties, restrict or prevent us from selling our products in certain markets, or invalidate or render unenforceable our licensed or owned patents. Although patent and intellectual property disputes might be settled through licensing or similar arrangements, the costs associated with such arrangements may be substantial and could include our paying large fixed payments and ongoing royalties. Furthermore, the necessary licenses may not be available on satisfactory terms or at all.

In February 2007, Geistlich Söhne AG für Chemische Industrie, Switzerland, or Geistlich, brought an action against the Sodemann patent covering our Neutrolin product candidate which is owned by ND Partners, LLC and licensed to us pursuant to the License and Assignment Agreement between us and ND Partners LLC. The action that was brought against the Sodemann patent in Germany at the Board of the European Patent Office opposition division was for lack

of inventiveness in the use of citric acid and a pH value in the range of 4.5 to 6.5 with having the aim to provide an alternative lock solution through having improved anticoagulant characteristics compared to the lock solutions described in the Lehner patent. The Board of the European Patent Office opposition division rejected the opposition by Geistlich. On August 27, 2008, Geistlich appealed the court's ruling, alleging the same arguments as presented during the opposition proceedings. We filed a response to the appeal of Geistlich on March 25, 2009 where we requested a dismissal of the appeal and to maintain the patent as granted. As of the date of this Form S-3, no further petitions have been filed by ND Partners or Geistlich. On October 10, 2012, we became aware that the Board of Appeals of the European Patent Office issued, on September 4, 2012, a summons for oral proceedings. On November 28, 2012, the Board of Appeals of the European Patent Office held oral proceedings and verbally upheld the Sodemann patent covering Neutrolin, but remanded the proceeding to the lower court to consider restricting certain of the Sodemann's patent's claims. We believe we will receive the Appeals' Board final written decision sometime in the first quarter of 2013. We intend to continue to vigorously defend the patent. However, we can provide no assurances regarding the outcome of this matter.



*If we infringe the rights of third parties we could be prevented from selling products and forced to pay damages and defend against litigation.*

If our products, methods, processes and other technologies infringe the proprietary rights of other parties, we could incur substantial costs and we may have to do one or more of the following:

- obtain licenses, which may not be available on commercially reasonable terms, if at all;
- abandon an infringing product candidate;
- redesign our products or processes to avoid infringement;
- stop using the subject matter claimed in the patents held by others;
- pay damages; or

defend litigation or administrative proceedings, which may be costly whether we win or lose, and which could result in a substantial diversion of our financial and management resources.

### **Risks Related to Dependence on Third Parties**

*If we are not able to develop collaborative marketing relationships with licensees or partners, or create an effective sales, marketing, and distribution capability, we may be unable to market our products or market them successfully.*

Our business strategy for Neutrolin relies on collaborating with larger firms with experience in marketing and selling pharmaceutical products; for other products we may also rely on such marketing collaborations or out-licensing or our product candidates. Specifically, for Neutrolin, assuming we receive applicable regulatory approval, we plan to enter into distribution agreements with one or more third parties for the sale of Neutrolin in various European and other markets. However, there can be no assurance that we will be able to successfully establish marketing, sales, or distribution relationships, that such relationships, if established, will be successful, or that we will be successful in gaining market acceptance for our products. To the extent that we enter into any marketing, sales, or distribution arrangements with third parties, our product revenues will be lower than if we marketed and sold our products directly, and any revenues we receive will depend upon the efforts of such third-parties.

If we are unable to establish such third-party sales and marketing relationships, or choose not to do so, we will have to establish our own in-house capabilities. We currently have no sales, marketing, or distribution infrastructure. To market any of our products directly, we would need to develop a marketing, sales, and distribution force that has both technical expertise and the ability to support a distribution capability. The establishment of a marketing, sales, and distribution capability would take time and significantly increase our costs, possibly requiring substantial additional capital. In addition, there is intense competition for proficient sales and marketing personnel, and we may not be able to attract individuals who have the qualifications necessary to market, sell, and distribute our products. There can be no assurance that we will be able to establish internal marketing, sales, or distribution capabilities. If we are unable to, or choose not to establish these capabilities, or if the capabilities we establish are not sufficient to meet our needs, we will be required to establish collaborative marketing, sales, or distribution relationships with third parties, which we might not be able to do on acceptable terms or at all.

***If we or our collaborators are unable to manufacture our products in sufficient quantities or are unable to obtain regulatory approvals for a manufacturing facility, we may be unable to meet demand for our products and we may lose potential revenues.***

Completion of our clinical trials and commercialization of our product candidates require access to, or development of, facilities to manufacture a sufficient supply of our product candidates. All of our manufacturing processes currently are, and we expect them to continue to be, outsourced to third parties. Specifically, we will rely on one or more manufacturers to supply us and/or our distribution partners with commercial quantities of Neutrolin. If, for any reason, we become unable to rely on our current sources for the manufacture of Neutrolin or any other product candidates, either for clinical trials or for commercial quantities, then we would need to identify and contract with additional or replacement third-party manufacturers to manufacture compounds for pre-clinical, clinical, and commercial purposes. We may not be successful in identifying such additional or replacement third-party manufacturers, or in negotiating acceptable terms with any that we do identify. Such third-party manufacturers must receive FDA or applicable foreign approval before they can produce clinical material or commercial product, and any that are identified may not receive such approval or may fail to maintain such approval. In addition, we may be in competition with other companies for access to these manufacturers' facilities and may be subject to delays in manufacturing if the manufacturers give other clients higher priority than they give to us. If we are unable to secure and maintain third-party manufacturing capacity, the development and sales of our products and our financial performance may be materially affected.

Before we could begin to commercially manufacture our product candidates on our own, we must obtain regulatory approval of the manufacturing facility and process. The manufacture of drugs for clinical and commercial purposes must comply with cGMP and applicable non-U.S. regulatory requirements. The cGMP requirements govern quality control and documentation policies and procedures. Complying with cGMP and non-U.S. regulatory requirements would require that we expend time, money, and effort in production, recordkeeping, and quality control to assure that the product meets applicable specifications and other requirements. We would also have to pass a pre-approval inspection prior to FDA or non-U.S. regulatory agency approval. Failure to pass a pre-approval inspection may significantly delay regulatory approval of our products. If we fail to comply with these requirements, we would be subject to possible regulatory action and may be limited in the jurisdictions in which we are permitted to sell our products. As a result, our business, financial condition, and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

***Corporate and academic collaborators may take actions that delay, prevent, or undermine the success of our products.***

Our operating and financial strategy for the development, clinical testing, manufacture, and commercialization of our product candidates is heavily dependent on our entering into collaborations with corporations, academic institutions, licensors, licensees, and other parties. Our current strategy assumes that we will successfully establish and maintain these collaborations or similar relationships. However, there can be no assurance that we will be successful establishing or maintaining such collaborations. Some of our existing collaborations, such as our licensing agreements, are, and future collaborations may be, terminable at the sole discretion of the collaborator in certain circumstances. Replacement collaborators might not be available on attractive terms, or at all.

In addition, the activities of any collaborator will not be within our control and may not be within our power to influence. There can be no assurance that any collaborator will perform its obligations to our satisfaction or at all, that we will derive any revenue or profits from such collaborations, or that any collaborator will not compete with us. If any collaboration is not pursued, we may require substantially greater capital to undertake on our own the development and marketing of our product candidates and may not be able to develop and market such products successfully, if at all. In addition, a lack of development and marketing collaborations may lead to significant delays in introducing product candidates into certain markets and/or reduced sales of products in such markets.

***Data provided by collaborators and others upon which we rely that has not been independently verified could turn out to be false, misleading, or incomplete.***

We rely on third-party vendors, scientists, and collaborators to provide us with significant data and other information related to our projects, clinical trials, and business. If such third parties provide inaccurate, misleading, or incomplete data, our business, prospects, and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

**Risks Related to Our Common Stock**

*Our stock price has fluctuated considerably and is likely to remain volatile, in part due to the limited market for our common stock and you could lose all or a part of your investment.*

During the period from the completion of our initial public offering, or IPO, on March 30, 2010 through January 7, 2013, the high and low sales prices for our common stock were \$4.00 and \$0.15, respectively. There is a limited public market for our common stock and we cannot provide assurances that an active trading market will develop. As a result of low trading volume in our common stock, the purchase or sale of a relatively small number of shares could result in significant share price fluctuations.

Additionally, the market price of our common stock may continue to fluctuate significantly in response to a number of factors, some of which are beyond our control, including the following:

- our need for additional capital;

- the receipt of CE Mark approval for Neutrolin;

- results of clinical trials of our product candidates or those of our competitors;

- our entry into or the loss of a significant collaboration;

- regulatory or legal developments in the United States and other countries, including changes in the healthcare payment systems;

- changes in financial estimates or investment recommendations by securities analysts relating to our common stock;

- announcements by our competitors of significant developments, strategic partnerships, joint ventures or capital commitments;

- changes in key personnel;

- variations in our financial results or those of companies that are perceived to be similar to us;

- market conditions in the pharmaceutical and medical device sectors and issuance of new or changed securities analysts' reports or recommendations;

- general economic, industry and market conditions;

- developments or disputes concerning patents or other proprietary rights;

- future sales or anticipated sales of our securities by us or our stockholders; and

- any other factors described in this "Risk Factors" section.

In addition, the stock markets in general, and the stock of pharmaceutical and medical device companies in particular, have experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of these companies. Broad market and industry factors may negatively affect the market price of our common stock, regardless of our actual operating performance.

For these reasons and others, you should consider an investment in our securities as risky and invest only if you can withstand a significant loss and wide fluctuations in the value of your investment.

***A significant number of additional shares of our common stock may be issued at a later date, and their sale could depress the market price of our common stock.***

As of January 7, 2013, we had outstanding the following securities that are convertible into or exercisable for shares of our common stock:

warrants for 4,263,569 shares of our common stock issued in connection with our IPO with an exercise price of \$3.4375 per share and that expire on March 24, 2015;

a warrant to purchase 2,406 units with an exercise price of \$7.80 per unit issued to the underwriters of our IPO that, if exercised, would result in the issuance of an additional 4,812 shares of common stock and warrants to purchase an additional 2,406 shares of common stock;

warrants for 503,034 shares of our common stock issued in our 2009 private placement, which warrants have an exercise price of \$3.4375 per share and expire on October 29, 2014;

warrants for 17,869 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$10.66 per share and an expiration date of January 30, 2013 issued to consultants;

warrants for 18,250 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$7.84 per share issued to co-placement agents in connection with our previous convertible note financings;

options to purchase an aggregate of 2,135,630 shares of our common stock issued to our officers, directors, employees and non-employee consultants under our Amended and Restated 2006 Stock Incentive Plan, or the 2006 Stock Plan, with a weighted average exercise price of \$1.26 per share;

outstanding Senior Convertible Notes issued in our 2012 private placement with an aggregate face value of \$1,324,000, convertible into an aggregate of 3,782,858 shares of our common stock;

warrants issued to investors in our 2012 private placement to purchase an aggregate of 3,310,000 shares of our common stock with an exercise price of \$0.40 per share; and

warrants issued to the placement agent for our 2012 private placement to purchase an aggregate of 331,000 shares of our common stock with an exercise price of \$0.40 per share.

The possibility of the issuance of these shares, as well as the actual sale of such shares, could substantially reduce the market price for our common stock and impede our ability to obtain future financing.

In addition, we have agreed to register the shares issuable upon the conversion of the Senior Convertible Notes and the exercise of the warrants issued in our 2012 private placement under the Securities Act of 1933, or the Securities Act. If those shares are issued, registration of those shares under the Securities Act would result in the shares becoming freely tradable without restriction under the Securities Act, except for shares held by our affiliates as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act. Sales of stock by these stockholders could have a material adverse effect on the trading price of our common stock.

***We will need additional financing to fund our activities in the future, which likely will dilute our stockholders.***

We anticipate that we will incur operating losses for the foreseeable future. Additionally, we believe we will require substantial funds in the future to support our operations. We expect to seek equity or debt financings in the future to fund our operations. The issuance of additional equity securities, or convertible debt or other derivative securities, likely will dilute some if not all of our then existing stockholders, depending on the financing terms.

*Future sales and issuances of our equity securities or rights to purchase our equity securities, including pursuant to equity incentive plans, would result in additional dilution of the percentage ownership of our stockholders and could cause our stock price to fall.*

To the extent we raise additional capital by issuing equity securities, our stockholders may experience substantial dilution. We may sell common stock, convertible securities or other equity securities in one or more transactions at prices and in a manner we determine from time to time. If we sell common stock, convertible securities or other equity securities in more than one transaction, investors may be further diluted by subsequent sales. Such sales may also result in material dilution to our existing stockholders, and new investors could gain rights superior to existing stockholders.

Pursuant to our 2006 Stock Plan, our Board of Directors is authorized to award up to a total of 2,300,000 shares of common stock or options to purchase shares of common stock to our officers, directors, employees and non-employee consultants. As of January 7, 2013, options to purchase 2,135,630 shares of common stock issued under our 2006 Stock Plan at a weighted average exercise price of \$1.26 per share, were outstanding. Stockholders will experience dilution in the event that additional shares of common stock are issued under our 2006 Stock Plan, or options issued under our 2006 Stock Plan are exercised.



***Provisions in our corporate charter documents and under Delaware law could make an acquisition of us, which may be beneficial to our stockholders, more difficult.***

Provisions in our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, and our Amended and Restated Bylaws, as well as provisions of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, or DGCL, may discourage, delay or prevent a merger, acquisition or other change in control of our company, even if such a change in control would be beneficial to our stockholders. These provisions include the following:

authorizing the issuance of “blank check” preferred stock, the terms of which may be established and shares of which may be issued without stockholder approval;

prohibiting our stockholders from fixing the number of our directors; and

establishing advance notice requirements for stockholder proposals that can be acted on at stockholder meetings and nominations to our Board of Directors.

These provisions may frustrate or prevent any attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our current management by making it more difficult for stockholders to replace members of our board of directors, which is responsible for appointing the members of our management. In addition, we are subject to Section 203 of the DGCL, which generally prohibits a Delaware corporation from engaging in any of a broad range of business combinations with an interested stockholder for a period of three years following the date on which the stockholder became an interested stockholder, unless such transactions are approved by the board of directors. This provision could have the effect of discouraging, delaying or preventing someone from acquiring us or merging with us, whether or not it is desired by, or beneficial to, our stockholders. Any provision of our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, or Amended and Restated Bylaws or Delaware law that has the effect of delaying or deterring a change in control could limit the opportunity for our stockholders to receive a premium for their shares of our common stock and could also affect the price that some investors are willing to pay for our common stock.

***We received notice from the NYSE MKT that we fail to comply with certain of its continued listing standards, which may result in a delisting of our common stock from the exchange.***

Our common stock is currently listed for trading on the NYSE MKT, and the continued listing of our common stock on the NYSE MKT is subject to our compliance with a number of listing standards. These listing standards include the requirement for avoiding sustained losses. We incurred a net loss of approximately \$2.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and as of September 30, 2012 we had a deficit accumulated during the development stage of approximately \$45.2 million. On April 20, 2012, the NYSE MKT notified us that we were not in compliance with certain listing standards and we had to submit a plan to regain compliance with the listing standards by August 22,

2012, which we submitted on May 17, 2012. On June 27, 2012, the NYSE MKT notified us that it had accepted our plan to regain compliance with the continued listing standards of NYSE MKT by August 22, 2012. On August 20, 2012, we requested an extension of the plan period. On September 21, 2012, NYSE MKT notified us that it was granting us an extension until January 31, 2013 to regain compliance with the continued listing standards of the NYSE MKT. The NYSE MKT determined that in accordance with Section 109 of the Company Guide, we made reasonable demonstration of our ability to regain compliance with Section 1003(a)(iv) of the Company Guide by the end of the extended plan period. We will be subject to periodic review by the NYSE MKT during the extended plan period. Although we believe that, to date, we are making progress with the plan and that we will be in compliance with the continued listing standards, unless we can raise capital through various potential sources, such as equity, debt financing, strategic relationships, out-licensing or distribution arrangements of our products, we may receive further notice from the NYSE MKT informing us that we are not in compliance with the listing standards. If we are not in compliance with the listing standards at the end of the extended plan period, or if we do not make progress consistent with the plan during the extended plan period, the NYSE MKT staff may initiate delisting proceedings. We may appeal a staff determination to initiate delisting proceedings in accordance with Section 1010 and Part 12 of the NYSE MKT Company Guide.

If our common stock were no longer listed on the NYSE MKT, investors might only be able to trade on the OTC Bulletin Board® or in the Pink Sheets® (a quotation medium operated by Pink Sheets LLC). This would impair the liquidity of our common stock not only in the number of shares that could be bought and sold at a given price, which might be depressed by the relative illiquidity, but also through delays in the timing of transactions and reduction in media coverage.

***Because the average daily trading volume of our common stock is low, the ability to sell our shares in the secondary trading market may be limited.***

Because the average daily trading volume of our common stock on the NYSE MKT is low, the liquidity of our common stock may be impaired. As a result, prices for shares of our common stock may be lower than might otherwise prevail if the average daily trading volume of our common stock was higher. The average daily trading volume of our common stock may be low relative to the stocks of other exchange-listed companies, which could limit investors' ability to sell shares in the secondary trading market.

***Penny stock regulation may impose certain restrictions on marketability of our securities.***

The SEC has adopted regulations which generally define a "penny stock" to be any equity security that has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share or an exercise price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. As a result, our common stock is subject to rules that impose additional sales practice requirements on broker-dealers who sell such securities to persons other than established customers and accredited investors (generally those with assets in excess of \$1,000,000 or annual income exceeding \$200,000, or \$300,000 together with their spouse). For transactions covered by such rules, the broker-dealer must make a special suitability determination for the purchase of such securities and have received the purchaser's written consent to the transaction prior to the purchase. Additionally, for any transaction involving a penny stock, unless exempt, the rules require the delivery, prior to the transaction, of a risk disclosure document mandated by the SEC relating to the penny stock market. The broker-dealer must also disclose the commission payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative, current quotations for the securities and, if the broker-dealer is the sole market maker, the broker-dealer must disclose this fact and the broker-dealer's presumed control over the market. Finally, monthly statements must be sent disclosing recent price information for the penny stock held in the account and information on the limited market in penny stocks. Broker-dealers must wait two business days after providing buyers with disclosure materials regarding a security before effecting a transaction in such security. Consequently, the "penny stock" rules restrict the ability of broker-dealers to sell our securities and affect the ability of investors to sell our securities in the secondary market and the price at which such purchasers can sell any such securities, thereby affecting the liquidity of the market for our common stock.

Stockholders should be aware that, according to the SEC, the market for penny stocks has suffered in recent years from patterns of fraud and abuse. Such patterns include:

- control of the market for the security by one or more broker-dealers that are often related to the promoter or issuer;
- manipulation of prices through prearranged matching of purchases and sales and false and misleading press releases;

“boiler room” practices involving high pressure sales tactics and unrealistic price projections by inexperienced sales persons;

· excessive and undisclosed bid-ask differentials and markups by selling broker-dealers; and

the wholesale dumping of the same securities by promoters and broker-dealers after prices have been manipulated to a desired level, along with the inevitable collapse of those prices with consequent investor losses.

Our management is aware of the abuses that have occurred historically in the penny stock market.

***We do not intend to pay dividends on our common stock so any returns on our common stock will be limited to the value of our common stock.***

We have never declared dividends on our common stock, and currently do not plan to declare dividends on shares of our common stock in the foreseeable future. Pursuant to the terms of the subscription agreements executed with the investors in our 2012 convertible note private placement, we agreed not to declare or pay any dividends or make any distributions on any of our shares or other equity securities as long as any of the convertible notes remain unpaid or unconverted and outstanding. We currently expect to retain future earnings, if any, for use in the operation and expansion of our business. The payment of cash dividends in the future, if any, will be at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend upon such factors as earnings levels, capital requirements, our overall financial condition and any other factors deemed relevant by our board of directors. Any return to holders of our common stock will be limited to the value of their common stock.

## **SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

The SEC encourages companies to disclose forward-looking information so that investors can better understand a company's future prospects and make informed investment decisions. This prospectus and the documents we have filed with the SEC that are incorporated herein by reference contain such "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Words such as "may," "might," "should," "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "projects," "intends," "plans," "believes" and words of similar substance used in connection with any discussion of future operating or financial performance, identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements represent management's current judgment regarding future events and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements. These risks include, but are not limited to: our ability to obtain FDA and foreign approval of our product candidates, especially Neutrolin; our need to obtain additional funding and our ability to obtain future funding on acceptable terms, or at all; the unpredictability of the market acceptance of any of our products, including Neutrolin; our ability to sell any approved products and the prices we are able to realize; our ability to retain and hire necessary employees and to staff our operations appropriately; our ability to compete in our industry and innovation by our competitors; and our ability to stay abreast of and comply with new or modified laws and regulations that currently apply or become applicable to our business. Please also see the discussion of risks and uncertainties under "Risk Factors" above and contained in any supplements to this prospectus, and in our most recent annual report on Form 10-K and 10-K/A, as revised or supplemented by our most recent quarterly report on Form 10-Q, as well as any amendments thereto, as filed with the SEC and which are incorporated herein by reference.

In light of these assumptions, risks and uncertainties, the results and events discussed in the forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus or in any document incorporated herein by reference might not occur. Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this prospectus or the date of the document incorporated by reference in this prospectus. We are not under any obligation, and we expressly disclaim any obligation, to update or alter any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. All subsequent forward-looking statements attributable to us or to any person acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained or referred to in this section.

## USE OF PROCEEDS

We cannot assure you that we will receive any proceeds in connection with securities offered by us pursuant to this prospectus. Unless otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, we intend to use the net proceeds from the sale of our securities by us under this prospectus for general corporate purposes, including the development and commercialization of Neutrolin, research and development of other product candidates, potential product acquisitions and/or potential acquisitions of complementary businesses, and working capital and capital expenditures. We will set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement our intended use for the net proceeds received from the sale of any securities by us. Pending the application of the net proceeds, we intend to invest the net proceeds generally in short-term, investment grade, interest bearing securities.

## RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

If we offer debt securities under this prospectus, then we will, if required at that time, provide a ratio of earnings to fixed charges in the applicable prospectus supplement for such offering

## PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We may sell the securities from time to time pursuant to underwritten public offerings, negotiated transactions, block trades or a combination of these methods. We may sell the securities to or through underwriters or dealers, through agents, or directly to one or more purchasers. We may distribute securities from time to time in one or more transactions:

- at a fixed price or prices, which may be changed;
- at market prices prevailing at the time of sale;
- at prices related to such prevailing market prices; or
- at negotiated prices.

Edgar Filing: CorMedix Inc. - Form 424B5

A prospectus supplement or supplements (and any related free writing prospectus that we may authorize to be provided to you) will describe the terms of the offering of the securities, including, to the extent applicable:

· the name or names of the underwriters, if any;

· the purchase price of the securities or other consideration therefor, and the proceeds, if any, we will receive from the sale;

· any over-allotment options under which underwriters may purchase additional securities from us;

· any agency fees or underwriting discounts and other items constituting agents' or underwriters' compensation;

· any public offering price;

· any discounts or concessions allowed or reallocated or paid to dealers; and

· any securities exchange or market on which the securities may be listed.

Only underwriters named in the prospectus supplement will be underwriters of the securities offered by the prospectus supplement.

If underwriters are used in the sale, they will acquire the securities for their own account and may resell the securities from time to time in one or more transactions at a fixed public offering price or at varying prices determined at the time of sale. The obligations of the underwriters to purchase the securities will be subject to the conditions set forth in the applicable underwriting agreement. We may offer the securities to the public through underwriting syndicates represented by managing underwriters or by underwriters without a syndicate. Subject to certain conditions, the underwriters will be obligated to purchase all of the securities offered by the prospectus supplement, other than securities covered by any over-allotment option. Any public offering price and any discounts or concessions allowed or reallocated or paid to dealers may change from time to time. We may use underwriters with whom we have a material relationship. We will describe in the prospectus supplement, naming the underwriter, the nature of any such relationship.

We may sell securities directly or through agents we designate from time to time. We will name any agent involved in the offering and sale of securities and we will describe any commissions we will pay the agent in the prospectus supplement. Unless the prospectus supplement states otherwise, our agent will act on a best-efforts basis for the period of its appointment.

We may authorize agents or underwriters to solicit offers by certain types of institutional investors to purchase securities from us at the public offering price set forth in the prospectus supplement pursuant to delayed delivery contracts providing for payment and delivery on a specified date in the future. We will describe the conditions to these contracts and the commissions we must pay for solicitation of these contracts in the prospectus supplement.

We may provide agents and underwriters with indemnification against civil liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or contribution with respect to payments that the agents or underwriters may make with respect to these liabilities. Agents and underwriters may engage in transactions with, or perform services for, us in the ordinary course of business.

All securities we may offer, other than common stock, will be new issues of securities with no established trading market. Any underwriters may make a market in these securities, but will not be obligated to do so and may discontinue any market making at any time without notice. We cannot guarantee the liquidity of the trading markets for any securities.

Any underwriter may engage in over-allotment, stabilizing transactions, short-covering transactions and penalty bids in accordance with Regulation M under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. Over-allotment involves sales in excess of the offering size, which create a short position. Stabilizing transactions permit bids to purchase the underlying security so long as the stabilizing bids do not exceed a specified maximum price. Syndicate-covering or other short-covering transactions involve purchases of the securities, either through exercise of the over-allotment option or in the open market after the distribution is completed, to cover short positions. Penalty bids permit the underwriters to reclaim a selling concession from a dealer when the securities originally sold



by the dealer are purchased in a stabilizing or covering transaction to cover short positions. Those activities may cause the price of the securities to be higher than it would otherwise be. If commenced, the underwriters may discontinue any of the activities at any time.

Any underwriters that are qualified market makers on the NYSE MKT may engage in passive market making transactions in the common stock on the NYSE MKT in accordance with Regulation M under the Exchange Act, during the business day prior to the pricing of the offering, before the commencement of offers or sales of the common stock. Passive market makers must comply with applicable volume and price limitations and must be identified as passive market makers. In general, a passive market maker must display its bid at a price not in excess of the highest independent bid for such security; if all independent bids are lowered below the passive market maker's bid, however, the passive market maker's bid must then be lowered when certain purchase limits are exceeded. Passive market making may stabilize the market price of the securities at a level above that which might otherwise prevail in the open market and, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

In compliance with guidelines of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, or FINRA, the maximum consideration or discount to be received by any FINRA member or independent broker-dealer may not exceed 8% of the aggregate amount of the securities offered pursuant to this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement.

## DESCRIPTION OF COMMON STOCK

Pursuant to our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as amended we are authorized to issue 80,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value per share. As of January 7, 2013, we had 11,408,274 shares of common stock outstanding and 184 stockholders of record. In addition, we estimate that there were approximately 550 beneficial owners as of January 7, 2013.

The following summary of certain provisions of our common stock does not purport to be complete. You should refer to our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as amended and our Amended and Restated Bylaws. We filed our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as amended as an exhibit to our definitive proxy statement on Schedule 14A with the SEC on October 17, 2012 and filed our Amended and Restated Bylaws as an exhibit to the registration statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on March 1, 2010. The summary below is also qualified by provisions of applicable law.

### General

The holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters to be voted on by the stockholders, and there are no cumulative voting rights. Generally, all matters to be voted on by stockholders must be approved by a majority (or, in the case of election of directors, by a plurality) of the votes entitled to be cast by all shares of common stock present in person or represented by proxy, subject to any voting rights granted to holders of any preferred stock.

The holders of common stock are entitled to receive ratable dividends, if any, payable in cash, in stock or otherwise if, as and when declared from time to time by our board of directors out of funds legally available for the payment of dividends, subject to any preferential rights that may be applicable to any outstanding preferred stock. Pursuant to the terms of the subscription agreements executed with the investors in our 2012 convertible note private placement, we agreed not to declare or pay any dividends or make any distributions on any of our shares or other equity securities as long as any of the convertible notes remain unpaid or unconverted and outstanding. In the event of a liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of our company, after payment in full of all outstanding debts and other liabilities, the holders of common stock are entitled to share ratably in all remaining assets, subject to prior distribution rights of preferred stock, if any, then outstanding. No shares of common stock have preemptive rights or other subscription rights to purchase additional shares of common stock. There are no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the common stock. All outstanding shares of common stock are fully paid and nonassessable, and the shares of common stock included in this registration statement will be fully paid and nonassessable. The rights, preferences and privileges of holders of our common stock will be subject to, and might be adversely affected by, the rights of holders of any preferred stock that we may issue in the future. All shares of common stock that are acquired by us shall be available for reissuance by us at any time.

### **Transfer Agent and Registrar**

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is VStock Transfer, LLC. The transfer agent's address is 77 Spruce Street, Suite 201, Cedarhurst, New York 11516 and its telephone number is (212) 828-8436.

### **Listing on NYSE MKT**

Our common stock is listed for quotation on the NYSE MKT under the symbol "CRMD." On January 7, 2013, the last reported sale price of our common stock was \$0.93 per share.

### **DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED STOCK**

Our board of directors has the authority, without further action by the stockholders, to issue up to 2,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series and to fix the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions thereof, including dividend rights, conversion rights, voting rights, terms of redemption, liquidation preferences, sinking fund terms and the number of shares constituting any series or the designation of such series, without any further vote or action by our stockholders. As of the date of this prospectus, no shares of preferred stock were outstanding. The issuance of preferred stock could adversely affect the voting power of holders of common stock and the likelihood that such holders will receive dividend payments and payments upon liquidation and could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of our company.

We will fix the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions of the preferred stock of each series in the certificate of designation relating to that series. We will file as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, or will incorporate by reference from reports that we file with the SEC, the form of any certificate of designation that describes the terms of the series of preferred stock we are offering before the issuance of the related series of preferred stock. This description will include any or all of the following, as required:

the title and stated value;

the number of shares we are offering;

the liquidation preference per share;

the purchase price;

the dividend rate, period and payment date and method of calculation for dividends;

whether dividends will be cumulative or non-cumulative and, if cumulative, the date from which dividends will accumulate;

the procedures for any auction and remarketing, if any;

the provisions for a sinking fund, if any;

the provisions for redemption or repurchase, if applicable, and any restrictions on our ability to exercise those redemption and repurchase rights;

any listing of the preferred stock on any securities exchange or market;

whether the preferred stock will be convertible into our common stock, and, if applicable, the conversion price, or how it will be calculated, and the conversion period;

whether the preferred stock will be exchangeable into debt securities, and, if applicable, the exchange price, or how it will be calculated, and the exchange period;

voting rights, if any, of the preferred stock;

preemptive rights, if any;

restrictions on transfer, sale or other assignment, if any;

whether interests in the preferred stock will be represented by depositary shares;

a discussion of any material or special United States federal income tax considerations applicable to the preferred stock;

the relative ranking and preferences of the preferred stock as to dividend rights and rights if we liquidate, dissolve or wind up our affairs;

any limitations on issuance of any class or series of preferred stock ranking senior to or on a parity with the series of preferred stock as to dividend rights and rights if we liquidate, dissolve or wind up our affairs; and

any other specific terms, preferences, rights or limitations of, or restrictions on, the preferred stock.

If we issue shares of preferred stock under this prospectus, the shares will be fully paid and non-assessable.

The General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, the state of our incorporation, provides that the holders of preferred stock will have the right to vote separately as a class on any proposal involving fundamental changes in the rights of holders of that preferred stock. This right is in addition to any voting rights that may be provided for in the applicable certificate of designation.

Our board of directors may authorize the issuance of preferred stock with voting or conversion rights that could adversely affect the voting power or other rights of the holders of our common stock. Preferred stock could be issued quickly with terms designed to delay or prevent a change in control of our company or make removal of management more difficult. Additionally, the issuance of preferred stock may have the effect of decreasing the market price of our common stock.

## **DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES**

The following description, together with the additional information we include in any applicable prospectus supplement, summarizes the material terms and provisions of any debt securities that we may offer under this prospectus. While the terms we have summarized below will apply generally to any future debt securities we may offer, we will describe the particular terms of any debt securities that we may offer in more detail in the applicable prospectus supplement. The terms of any debt securities we may offer under a prospectus supplement may differ from the terms described below. For any debt securities that we may offer, an indenture (and any relevant supplemental indenture) will contain additional important terms and provisions and will be incorporated by reference as an exhibit to the registration statement that includes this prospectus, or as an exhibit to reports that we file with the SEC and incorporated by reference in this prospectus.

With respect to any debt securities that we issue, we will issue such debt securities under an indenture, which we would enter into with the trustee named in the indenture. Any indenture would be qualified under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939.

With respect to any debt securities that we issue, we will describe in each prospectus supplement the following terms relating to a series of debt securities:

· the title;

· the principal amount being offered, and if a series, the total amount authorized and the total amount outstanding;

any limit on the amount that may be issued;

whether or not we will issue the series of debt securities in global form, and if so, the terms and who the depository will be;

the maturity date;

the principal amount due at maturity;

whether and under what circumstances, if any, we will pay additional amounts on any debt securities held by a person who is not a United States person for tax purposes, and whether we can redeem the debt securities if we have to pay such additional amounts;

the annual interest rate, which may be fixed or variable, or the method for determining the rate and the date interest will begin to accrue, the dates interest will be payable and the regular record dates for interest payment dates or the method for determining such dates;

whether or not the debt securities will be convertible into shares of our common stock or our preferred stock and, if so, the terms of such conversion;

whether or not the debt securities will be secured or unsecured by some or all of our assets, and the terms of any secured debt;

the terms of the subordination of any series of subordinated debt;

the place where payments will be payable;

restrictions on transfer, sale or other assignment, if any;

our right, if any, to defer payment or interest and the maximum length of any such deferral period;

the date, if any, after which and the conditions upon which, and the price at which, we may, at our option, redeem the series of debt securities pursuant to any optional or provisional redemption provisions and the terms of those redemptions provisions;

the date, if any, on which, and the price at which we are obligated, pursuant to any mandatory sinking fund or analogous fund provisions or otherwise, to redeem, or at the holder's option to purchase, the series of debt securities and the currency or currency unit in which the debt securities are payable;

whether the indenture will restrict our ability to pay dividends, or will require us to maintain any asset ratios or reserves;

whether we will be restricted from incurring any additional indebtedness, issuing additional securities, or entering into a merger, consolidation or sale of our business;

a discussion of any material or special United States federal income tax considerations applicable to the debt securities;

information describing any book-entry features;

any provisions for payment of additional amounts for taxes;

whether the debt securities are to be offered at a price such that they will be deemed to be offered at an "original issue discount" as defined in paragraph (a) of Section 1273 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;



the denominations in which we will issue the series of debt securities, if other than denominations of \$1,000 and any integral multiple thereof;

events of default;

whether we and/or the debenture trustee may change an indenture without the consent of any holders;

the form of debt security and how it may be exchanged and transferred;

description of the debenture trustee and paying agent, and the method of payments; and

any other specified terms, preferences, rights or limitations of, or restrictions on, the debt securities and any terms that may be required by us or advisable under applicable laws or regulations.

## DESCRIPTION OF WARRANTS

The following description, together with the additional information we may include in any applicable prospectus supplement, summarizes the material terms and provisions of any warrants that we may offer under this prospectus and the related warrant agreements and warrant certificates. While the terms summarized below will apply generally to any warrants that we may offer, we will describe the particular terms of any series of warrants in more detail in the applicable prospectus supplement. The terms of any warrants offered under a prospectus supplement may differ from the terms described below. With respect to any warrants that we offer, specific warrant agreements will contain additional important terms and provisions and will be incorporated by reference as an exhibit to the registration statement that includes this prospectus or as an exhibit to reports that we file with the SEC and incorporated by reference in this prospectus:

- the specific designation and aggregate number of, and the price at which we will issue, the warrants;
- the currency or currency units in which the offering price, if any, and the exercise price are payable;
- if applicable, the exercise price for shares of our common stock or preferred stock and the number of shares of common stock or preferred stock to be received upon exercise of the warrants;

· in the case of warrants to purchase debt securities, the principal amount of debt securities purchasable upon exercise of one warrant and the price at, and currency in which, this principal amount of debt securities may be purchased upon such exercise;

· the date on which the right to exercise the warrants will begin and the date on which that right will expire or, if you may not continuously exercise the warrants throughout that period, the specific date or dates on which you may exercise the warrants;

· whether the warrants will be issued in fully registered form or bearer form, in definitive or global form or in any combination of these forms, although, in any case, the form of a warrant included in a unit will correspond to the form of the unit and of any security included in that unit;

- any applicable material U.S. federal income tax consequences;

· the identity of the warrant agent for the warrants and of any other depositaries, execution or paying agents, transfer agents, registrars or other agents;

the proposed listing, if any, of the warrants or the common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants on any securities exchange;

- if applicable, the date from and after which the warrants and the common stock will be separately transferable;

- if applicable, the minimum or maximum amount of the warrants that may be exercised at any one time;

- information with respect to book-entry procedures, if any;

- the anti-dilution provisions of the warrants, if any;

- any redemption or call provisions;

- whether the warrants are to be sold separately or with other securities as parts of units; and

any additional terms of the warrants, including terms, procedures and limitations relating to the exchange and exercise of the warrants.

Before exercising their warrants, holders of warrants will not have any of the rights of holders of the securities purchasable upon such exercise, including:

in the case of warrants to purchase debt securities, the right to receive payments of principal of, or premium, if any, or interest on, the debt securities purchasable upon exercise or to enforce covenants in the applicable indenture; or

in the case of warrants to purchase common stock or preferred stock, the right to receive dividends, if any, or, payments upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding up or to exercise voting rights, if any.

### **Transfer Agent and Registrar**

The transfer agent and registrar for any warrants will be set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement.

### **DESCRIPTION OF UNITS**

We might issue units comprised of one or more debt securities, shares of common stock, shares of preferred stock and warrants in any combination. Each unit will be issued so that the holder of the unit is also the holder of each security included in the unit. Thus, the holder of a unit will have the rights and obligations of a holder of each included security. The unit agreement under which a unit is issued may provide that the securities included in the unit may not be held or transferred separately, at any time or at any time before a specified date. We will file as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, or will incorporate by reference from reports that we file with the SEC, the form of unit agreement, warrant and any supplemental agreements that describe the terms of the series of units we are offering before the issuance of the related series of units.

We may choose to evidence each series of units by unit certificates that we would issue under a separate agreement. If we choose to evidence the units by unit certificates, we will enter into the unit agreements with a unit agent and will indicate the name and address of the unit agent in the applicable prospectus supplement relating to the particular series of units.

### **CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF DELAWARE LAW AND OF OUR AMENDED AND RESTATED CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION AND AMENDED AND RESTATED BYLAWS**

Certain provisions of DGCL and our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as amended and Amended and Restated Bylaws discussed below may have the effect of making more difficult or discouraging a tender offer, proxy contest or other takeover attempt. These provisions are expected to encourage persons seeking to acquire control of our company to first negotiate with our board of directors. We believe that the benefits of increasing our ability to negotiate with the proponent of an unfriendly or unsolicited proposal to acquire or restructure our company outweigh the disadvantages of discouraging these proposals because negotiation of these proposals could result in an improvement of their terms.

*Delaware Anti-takeover Law*

We are subject to Section 203 of the DGCL, an anti-takeover law. In general, Section 203 prohibits a publicly held Delaware corporation from engaging in a “business combination” with an “interested stockholder” for a period of three years following the date the person became an interested stockholder, unless:

the board of directors approves the transaction in which the stockholder became an interested stockholder prior to the date the interested stockholder attained that status;

when the stockholder became an interested stockholder, he or she owned at least 85% of the voting stock of the corporation outstanding at the time the transaction commenced, excluding shares owned by persons who are directors and also officers and certain shares owned by employee benefits plans; or

on or subsequent to the date the business combination is approved by the board of directors, the business combination is authorized by the affirmative vote of at least 66 2/3% of the voting stock of the corporation at an annual or special meeting of stockholders.

Generally, a “business combination” includes a merger, asset or stock sale, or other transaction resulting in a financial benefit to the interested stockholder. Generally, an “interested stockholder” is a person who, together with affiliates and associates, owns, or is an affiliate or associate of the corporation and within three years prior to the determination of interested stockholder status did own, 15% or more of a corporation’s voting stock.

The existence of Section 203 of the DGCL would be expected to have an anti-takeover effect with respect to transactions not approved in advance by our board of directors, including discouraging attempts that might result in a premium over the market price for the shares of our common stock.

#### *Charter Documents*

Our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as amended and Amended and Restated Bylaws include a number of provisions that may have the effect of deterring hostile takeovers or delaying or preventing changes in control or management of our company. First, our Amended and Restated Bylaws limit who may call special meetings of the stockholders, such meetings may only be called by the chairman of the board, the chief executive officer, the board of directors or holders of an aggregate of at least 15% of our outstanding entitled to vote. Second, our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, does not include a provision for cumulative voting for directors. Under cumulative voting, a minority stockholder holding a sufficient percentage of a class of shares may be able to ensure the election of one or more directors. Third, our Amended and Restated Bylaws provide that the number of directors on our board, which may range from five to nine directors, shall be exclusively fixed by our board, which has set the number of directors at five. Fourth, newly created directorships resulting from any increase in our authorized number of directors and any vacancies in our board resulting from death, resignation, retirement, disqualification or other cause (including removal from office by a vote of the shareholders) will be filled by a majority of our board then in office. Finally, our Amended and Restated Bylaws establish procedures, including 90-day advance notice requirement, with regard to the nomination of candidates for election as directors and stockholder proposals. These and other provisions of our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, and Amended and Restated Bylaws and Delaware law could discourage potential acquisition proposals and could delay or prevent a change in control or management of our company.

## **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

### **Summary Compensation Table**

The following table sets forth information with respect to compensation earned by our named executive officers in the fiscal years ended December 31, 2011 and 2012.

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Option	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
				Awards (1) (\$)		
Richard M. Cohen <sup>(2)</sup> Executive Chairman, Interim Chief Executive Officer and Interim Chief Financial Officer	2012	86,250	-	39,200	-	125,450
	2011	22,500	-	50,900	31,500	104,900
Randy Milby <sup>(3)</sup> Chief Operating Officer	2012	58,800	-	67,750	-	126,550
Mark A. Klausner, M.D. <sup>(4)</sup> Chief Medical Officer	2012	180,833	-	-	7,556	188,389
	2011	258,333	-	453,000	-	711,333
Brian Lenz <sup>(5)</sup> Former Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary	2012	93,750	-	79,200	17,966	190,916
	2011	250,000	-	-	-	250,000

The amounts included in this column are the dollar amounts representing the full grant date fair value of each stock option award, and in the case of Mr. Lenz, the incremental fair value of the modification to an outstanding option in 2012, calculated in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718 and do not represent the actual value that may be recognized by the named executive officers upon option exercise. For information on the valuation (1) assumptions used in calculating this amount, see Note 2 to our audited financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011, as filed with the SEC; for 2012, the assumed risk-free interest rate was 0.27%-1.22% and the assumed expected volatility was 98%-120%.

Mr. Cohen has been a director of CorMedix since December 2009, was appointed Executive Chairman in September 2011, our Interim Chief Executive Officer in November 2011 and our Interim Chief Financial Officer in May 2012. As compensation for serving as a director of CorMedix in 2011, Mr. Cohen received \$31,500 in director fees, which is reflected in the “All Other Compensation” column in the table above, and was granted options to purchase 30,000 shares of our common stock, which is reflected in the “Option Awards” column in the table above. Effective upon his appointment as our Interim Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Cohen no longer received (2) Board fees and Board stock options grants from the date thereof. On December 5, 2012, we granted Mr. Cohen options to purchase 70,000 shares of our common stock under our 2006 Stock Plan, which options vest (i) 50% on the date of issuance of a CE mark approval in Europe for Neutrolin® if the approval is received on or before March 31, 2013, and (ii) 50% on December 31, 2013. Effective January 1, 2013, the Board appointed Mr. Cohen as our Chief Financial Officer.

Mr. Milby became our Chief Operating Officer in May 2012, pursuant to a consulting agreement described below under “Employment Agreements and Arrangements.” On May 14, 2012, we granted Mr. Milby options to purchase 50,000 shares of our common stock under our 2006 Stock Plan, which options vest on the date of issuance of a CE mark approval in Europe for Neutrolin. On December 5, 2012, we granted Mr. Milby options to purchase 100,000 (3) shares of our common stock under our 2006 Stock Plan, which options vest (i) 50% on the date of issuance of a CE mark approval in Europe for Neutrolin if the approval is received on or before March 31, 2013, and (ii) 50% on December 31, 2013. Effective January 1, 2013, the Board appointed Mr. Milby our Chief Executive Officer.

Dr. Klausner became our Chief Medical Officer in March 2011. On March 1, 2011, we granted Dr. Klausner options to purchase 356,000 shares of our common stock under our 2006 Stock Plan with an exercise price of \$1.61 per share. On February 29, 2012, we and Dr. Klausner agreed to amend Dr. Klausner’s employment (4) agreement effective March 1, 2012 which provides for a 50% reduction in both Dr. Klausner’s services to our company and his compensation. The amount reflected in the “All Other Compensation” column represents life, long-term and short-term disability and health insurance premiums. Dr. Klausner will depart CorMedix effective February 28, 2013 upon expiration of his employment agreement.

Mr. Lenz became our Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer in February 2010, our Secretary in January 2011 and our Chief Operating Officer in January 2012. On March 20, 2012, we granted Mr. Lenz options to purchase 180,000 shares of our common stock under our 2006 Stock Plan with an exercise price of \$0.49 per share. The (5) amount reflected in the “All Other Compensation” column represents life, dental, long-term and short-term disability and health insurance premiums. In April 2012, Mr. Lenz resigned all positions. In connection with his resignation, Mr. Lenz and we entered into a Memorandum of Understanding in May 2012, as described below under “Employment Agreements and Arrangements”.

### ***Compensation Objectives and Philosophy***

The Compensation Committee is responsible for reviewing and approving the compensation payable to our named executive officers and other key employees. As part of such process, the Compensation Committee seeks to accomplish the following objectives with respect to our executive compensation programs:



- motivate, recruit and retain executives capable of meeting our strategic objectives; provide incentives to ensure superior executive performance and successful financial results for
- 
- CorMedix; and
- align the interests of the named executive officers with the long-term interests of our stockholders.

The Compensation Committee seeks to achieve these objectives by:

- establishing a compensation structure that is both market competitive and internally fair; linking a substantial portion of compensation to our achievement of financial objectives and the
- 
- individual's contribution to the attainment of those objectives;
- providing upward leverage for overachievement of goals; and
- providing long-term equity-based incentives.

In order to achieve the above goals, our total compensation package includes base salary and annual bonus, all paid in cash, as well as long-term compensation in the form of stock options and/or restricted stock. We believe that appropriately balancing the total compensation package is necessary in order to provide market-competitive compensation.

### *Setting Executive Compensation*

The Compensation Committee oversees the design, development and implementation of the compensation program for the Chief Executive Officer and the other named executive officers. The Compensation Committee evaluates the performance of the Chief Executive Officer and determines the Chief Executive Officer's compensation in light of the goals and objectives of the compensation program. The Chief Executive Officer and the Compensation Committee together assess the performance of the other named executive officers employed by us as of December 31 and determine their compensation, based on initial recommendations from the Chief Executive Officer. Our Interim Chief Executive Officer provided the Compensation Committee with a detailed review of the performance of the other named executive officers and made recommendations to the Compensation Committee with respect to the compensation packages for those officers for 2012.

The other named executive officers do not play a role in their own compensation determination, other than discussing individual performance objectives and results with the Chief Executive Officer.

We did not use the services of any compensation consultant in matters affecting the compensation of named executive officers or directors during 2011 or 2012. In the future, we, or the Compensation Committee, may engage or seek the advice of a compensation consultant.

The Compensation Committee has structured our annual and long-term incentive-based cash and non-cash executive compensation to motivate executives to achieve the business goals set by the Board and reward the executives for achieving such goals. At the end of the year, the Compensation Committee reviews the performance of each named executive officer in achieving the established objectives. These results are included with the overall performance review provided by the Chief Executive Officer, after which the Compensation Committee votes upon any recommendations for salary adjustments, stock option grants and cash incentives. The Chief Executive Officer then executes the actions approved by the Compensation Committee with respect to such matters.

### *Components of Compensation*

The key components of CorMedix's executive compensation package are cash compensation (salary and annual bonuses), long-term equity incentive awards and change in control and other severance agreements. These components are administered with the goal of providing total compensation that recognizes meaningful differences in individual performance, is competitive, varies the opportunity based on individual and corporate performance, and is valued by our named executive officers.

**Base Salary.** It is the Compensation Committee's objective to set a competitive rate of annual base salary for each named executive officer. The Compensation Committee believes competitive base salaries are necessary to attract and retain top quality executives, since it is common practice for public companies to provide their named executive officers with a guaranteed annual component of compensation that is not subject to performance risk. The Compensation Committee, on its own or with outside consultants, may establish salary ranges for the named executive officers, with minimum to maximum opportunities that cover the normal range of market variability. The actual base salary for each named executive officer is then derived from those salary ranges based on his responsibility, tenure and past performance and market comparability. Annual base salaries for the named executive officers are reviewed and approved by the Compensation Committee in the first quarter following the end of the previous performance year. Changes in base salary are based on the scope of an individual's current job responsibilities, individual performance in the previous performance year, target pay position relative to the peer group, and our salary budget guidelines. The Compensation Committee reviews established goals and objectives, and determines an individual's achievement of those goals and objectives and considers the recommendations provided by the Chief Executive Officer to assist it in determining appropriate salaries for the named executive officers other than the Chief Executive Officer. For any given performance year, actual salary increases may range from 0% to 10% of the salary guidelines based on individual performance. This broad range allows for meaningful differentiation on a pay for performance basis.

The base salary information for our named executive officers for 2012 is set forth in the table above. As a result of our financial condition, the Interim Chief Executive Officer and the Compensation Committee recommended to the Board that no merit increases be granted to our named executive officers for 2012 or for 2013 due to changes in our management effective January 1, 2013.

**Annual Bonuses.** As part of their compensation package, our named executive officers generally have the opportunity to earn annual bonuses. Annual bonuses are designed to reward superior executive performance while reinforcing our short-term strategic operating goals. The Compensation Committee establishes each year a target award for each named executive officer based on a percentage of base salary, and based on any applicable terms in any individual employment agreements. Annual bonus targets as a percentage of salary increase with executive rank so that for the more senior executives, a greater proportion of their total cash compensation is contingent upon annual performance.

At the beginning of the performance year, each named executive officer, in conjunction with the Chief Executive Officer, establishes annual goals and objectives. Actual bonus awards are based on an assessment against the pre-established goals for each named executive officer's individual performance, the performance of the business function for which he is responsible, and/or our overall performance for the year. For any given performance year, proposed annual bonuses may range from 0% to 100% of target, or higher under certain circumstances, based on corporate and individual performance. Corporate and individual performance has a significant impact on the annual bonus amounts because the Compensation Committee believes it is a precise measure of how the named executive officer contributed to business results.

As a result of our financial condition, our Interim Chief Executive Officer and the Compensation Committee determined not to grant bonuses to the named executive officers for 2011 or 2012.

**Long-Term Incentive Equity Awards.** We believe that long-term performance is achieved through an ownership culture that encourages high performance by our named executive officers through the use of stock-based awards. Our 2006 Stock Plan was established to provide our employees, including our named executive officers, with incentives to help align employees' interests with the interests of our stockholders. The Compensation Committee believes that the use of stock-based awards offers the best approach to achieving our compensation goals. We have historically elected to use stock options as the primary long-term equity incentive vehicle; however, the Compensation Committee has used restricted stock in the past and may in the future utilize restricted stock as part of our long-term incentive program. We have selected the Black-Scholes method of valuation for share-based compensation effective July 28, 2006. Due to the early stage of our business and our desire to preserve cash, we expect to provide a greater portion of total compensation to our named executive officers through stock options and restricted stock grants than through cash-based compensation.

**Stock Options.** Our 2006 Stock Plan authorizes us to grant options to purchase shares of common stock to our employees, directors and consultants. The Compensation Committee generally oversees the administration of our

2006 Stock Plan.

The Compensation Committee reviews and approves stock option awards to named executive officers based upon a review of competitive compensation data, its assessment of individual performance, a review of each named executive officer's existing long-term incentives, and retention considerations. Periodic stock option grants are made at the discretion of the Compensation Committee to eligible employees and, in appropriate circumstances, the Compensation Committee considers the recommendations of members of management, such as Richard M. Cohen, our Executive Chairman and former Interim Chief Executive Officer, and Randy Milby, our current Chief Executive Officer.

Stock options granted have an exercise price equal to the fair market value of our common stock on the day of grant, typically vest annually over a three-year period or upon the achievement of certain performance-based milestones and are based upon continued employment, and generally expire 10 years after the date of grant. The fair value of the options granted to the named executive officers in the Summary Compensation Table is determined in accordance with the Black-Scholes method of valuation for share-based compensation. Incentive stock options also include certain other terms necessary to ensure compliance with the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

We expect to continue to use stock options as a long-term incentive vehicle because:

Stock options align the interests of our named executive officers with those of our stockholders, supporting a pay-for-performance culture, foster employee stock ownership, and focus the management team on increasing value for our stockholders.

Stock options are performance-based. All of the value received by the recipient of a stock option is based on the growth of the stock price. In addition, stock options can be issued with vesting based on the achievement of specified milestones, such as options granted in December 2012, 50% of which vest if we receive a CE Mark for Neutrolin by March 31, 2013.

Stock options help to provide balance to the overall executive compensation program as base salary and annual bonuses focus on short-term compensation, while the vesting of stock options increases stockholder value over the longer term.

The vesting period of stock options encourages executive retention and the preservation of stockholder value. In determining the number of stock options to be granted to our named executive officers, we take into account the individual's position, scope of responsibility, ability to affect profits and stockholder value and the individual's historic and recent performance and the value of stock options in

relation to other elements of the individual named executive officer's total compensation.

*Restricted Stock.* Our 2006 Stock Plan authorizes us to grant restricted stock. No restricted stock grants were awarded during 2011 or 2012. In order to implement our long-term incentive goals, we may grant shares of restricted stock in the future.

## **Executive Benefits and Perquisites**

Our named executive officers, some of whom may be parties to employment or consulting agreements, will continue to be parties to such agreements in their current form until the expiration or termination of the employment or consulting agreement or until such time as the Compensation Committee determines in its discretion that revisions to such agreements are advisable. In addition, consistent with our compensation philosophy, we intend to continue to maintain our current benefits for our named executive officers, including medical, dental and life insurance and the ability to contribute to a 401(k) plan; however, the Compensation Committee in its discretion may revise, amend or add to the officer's executive benefits if it deems it advisable. We believe these benefits are currently comparable to benefit levels for comparable companies.

## **Employment Agreements and Arrangements**

*Mark A. Klausner*

On February 25, 2011, we entered into an employment agreement with Mark A. Klausner, M.D., our Chief Medical Officer. Pursuant to his employment agreement, on March 1, 2011, we granted Dr. Klausner options to purchase 356,000 shares of our common stock under our 2006 Stock Plan with an exercise price of \$1.61 per share. These options vest in equal installments on each of the first three anniversaries of the grant date.

On February 29, 2012, we and Dr. Klausner agreed to amend Dr. Klausner's employment agreement in order to reduce our overhead expenditures and help achieve our strategic focus of achieving CE Mark approval for Neutrolin. The amendment to the employment agreement, effective as of March 1, 2012, provides for a 50% reduction in both Dr. Klausner's services to our company and his compensation. Pursuant to the amendment, we pay Dr. Klausner an annual base salary equal to \$155,000 and, at the sole discretion of the Board, we may pay Dr. Klausner a cash bonus each calendar year in an amount equal to up to 35% of the aggregate base salary. Dr. Klausner will depart our company on February 28, 2013 upon expiration of his employment agreement.

***Brian Lenz***

On March 20, 2012, the Compensation Committee awarded Brian Lenz, our former Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer, a cash bonus in the amount of \$25,000. Payment of the bonus was contingent upon (i) the closing of a financing by us on or before December 31, 2012 with gross proceeds to us equal to or in excess \$1.5 million, including the issuance by us of equity, debt or any combination thereof; and (ii) Mr. Lenz's continued employment. On April 30, 2012, Mr. Lenz resigned as our Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer. As such, no bonus was paid to Mr. Lenz.

On May 2, 2012, in connection with Mr. Lenz's resignation as our Chief Operating Officer, Treasurer, Secretary and Chief Financial Officer effective April 30, 2012, we and Mr. Lenz entered into a Memorandum of Understanding, or MOU, whereby Mr. Lenz provided certain transition services to us through May 31, 2012, and remained reasonably available to us from and after May 31, 2012. In exchange for providing such services to us, we agreed to compensate Mr. Lenz in the amount of \$10,417, less applicable taxes and withholdings. Additionally, in consideration of Mr. Lenz's execution of the MOU and performance of the undertakings contained therein, on May 1, 2012, the Compensation Committee approved an extension of Mr. Lenz's right to exercise 45,000 of his vested stock options through and including May 31, 2014, which options had been granted to Mr. Lenz on March 20, 2012 and have an exercise price of \$0.49. Mr. Lenz had 90 days from April 30, 2012 to exercise any other remaining vested options, all of which have expired. All unvested options were forfeited and cancelled on April 30, 2012.

***Randy Milby***

On May 2, 2012, we appointed Mr. Milby as Chief Operating Officer pursuant to a three-month consulting agreement with MW Bridges LLC, of which Mr. Milby is Managing Partner. As our Chief Operating Officer, in 2012 Mr. Milby rendered services to us as directed by Richard Cohen, our Executive Chairman, Interim Chief Executive Officer and Interim Chief Financial Officer. MW Bridges LLC receives a consulting fee of \$6,400 per month for Mr. Milby's services. Additionally, MW Bridges LLC was granted stock options to purchase 50,000 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$0.29 per share. Such stock options will vest upon CE Mark approval for Neutrolin. On October 31, 2012, we and MW Bridges LLC entered into an amendment to the consulting agreement, which, among other things, (i) extended the then-current term for an additional three months, and (ii) increased Mr. Milby's monthly retainer to \$12,000, effective October 1, 2012. In addition, either party may terminate the consulting agreement, as amended, upon 30 days' prior written notice.

Effective January 1, 2013, Mr. Milby was appointed our Chief Executive Officer.

**Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End**

The following table presents information regarding unexercised options for each named executive officer as of the end of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012.

Name	Option Awards			
	Number of securities underlying unexercised	Number of securities underlying unexercised	Option exercise price (\$)	Option expiration date



	exercisable	unexercisable	options (#)	options (#)	
Richard M. Cohen <sup>(1)</sup>	20,000	-	3.125	3/30/2020	
	30,000	-	2.10	1/14/2021	
	-	70,000	0.68	12/05/2022	
Randy Milby <sup>(2)</sup>	-	50,000	0.29	5/14/2022	
	-	100,000	0.68	12/05/2022	
Brian Lenz <sup>(3)</sup>	45,000	-	0.49	5/31/2014	
Mark A. Klausner, M.D. <sup>(4)</sup>	118,665	237,335	1.61	3/1/2021	

On December 5, 2012, we granted Mr. Cohen options to purchase 70,000 shares of our common stock under our (1) 2006 Stock Plan, which options vest (i) 50% on the date of issuance of a CE mark approval in Europe for Neutrolin if the approval is received on or before March 31, 2013, and (ii) 50% on December 31, 2013.

On May 14, 2012, we granted Mr. Milby options to purchase 50,000 shares of our common stock under our 2006 Stock Plan, which options vest on the date of issuance of a CE mark approval in Europe for Neutrolin. On (2) December 5, 2012, we granted Mr. Milby options to purchase 100,000 shares of our common stock under our 2006 Stock Plan, which options vest (i) 50% on the date of issuance of a CE mark approval in Europe for Neutrolin if the approval is received on or before March 31, 2013, and (ii) 50% on December 31, 2013.

On March 20, 2012, we granted Mr. Lenz options to purchase shares of our common stock under our 2006 Stock (3) Plan, of which options only 45,000 had vested.

On March 1, 2011, we granted Dr. Klausner options to purchase 356,000 shares of our common stock under our (4) 2006 Stock Plan, which options vest in equal installments on each of the first three anniversaries of the grant date.

**Director Compensation**

The following table sets forth information with respect to compensation earned by or awarded to each of our non-executive directors who served on the Board during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012.

Name	Fees Earned (\$)	Option Awards <sup>(1)</sup> Total	
		(2) (3) (\$)	(\$)
Richard M. Cohen <sup>(4)</sup>	-	-	-
Gary A. Gelbfish, M.D.	48,500	46,100	94,600
Antony E. Pfaffle, M.D.	48,500	146,900	195,400
Steven Lefkowitz	56,083	90,900	146,983
Matthew P. Duffy	30,667	76,900	107,567
Timothy M. Hofer <sup>(5)</sup>	46,083	24,596	70,679

(1) On January 10, 2012, each of our non-executive directors was granted an option to purchase 30,000 shares of our common stock.

The amounts included in this column are the dollar amounts representing the full grant date fair value of each stock option award and in the case of Mr. Hofer, the incremental fair value of modifications to his outstanding options in November 2012, calculated in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718 and do not represent the actual value that (2) may be recognized by the directors upon option exercise. For information on the valuation assumptions used in calculating this amount, see Note 2 to our audited financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011, as filed with the SEC; for 2012, the assumed risk-free interest rate was 0.27%-1.22% and the assumed expected volatility was 98%-120%.

As of December 31, 2012, the number of shares underlying options held by each non-employee director was as (3) follows: 150,000 shares for Dr. Gelbfish; 330,000 shares for Dr. Pfaffle; 210,000 shares for Mr. Lefkowitz; 185,000 shares for Mr. Duffy; and 80,000 shares for Mr. Hofer.

On September 30, 2011 Richard Cohen was appointed our Interim Chief Executive Officer and Executive (4) Chairman in a non-employee capacity, and as such, no longer received Board fees and stock options grants from the date thereof. Mr. Cohen's compensation is set forth in the "Summary Compensation Table" above.

(5) Mr. Hofer's term as a director ended on November 30, 2012.

The Compensation Committee has adopted the following director cash compensation policy. Employee directors do not receive any compensation for their services on the Board. Non-employee directors are entitled to receive the following cash compensation: (i) a \$20,000 annual retainer, except that the Chairman of the Board receives \$30,000, (ii) \$5,000 annually for service on the Audit Committee, except that the Chairman of the Audit Committee receives \$12,000, (iii) \$4,000 annually for service on the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, except that the Chairman of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee receives \$5,000, (iv) \$4,000 annually for service on the Compensation Committee, except that the Chairman of the Compensation Committee receives \$5,000, (v) \$1,000 for each in-person meeting of the Board attended, and (vi) \$500 for each telephonic meeting of the Board attended.

As an equity incentive, upon the consummation of our initial public offering in March 2010, we granted to each of our non-employee directors an option to purchase 20,000 shares of our common stock under our 2006 Stock Plan with an exercise price of \$3.125 per share. These options vest in equal installments on each of the grant date and the first two anniversaries of the grant date.

In addition, the Board has adopted the following equity compensation plan for our non-employee directors: (i) an annual grant to each non-employee director at the first Board meeting of the calendar year of an option to purchase 30,000 shares of our common stock at an exercise price equal to the closing price of the common stock on the grant date, which option vests on the first anniversary of the grant date; and (ii) a one-time grant to each new non-employee director in connection with his or her initial election to the Board of an option to purchase 30,000 shares of our common stock at an exercise price equal to the closing price of the common stock on the grant date, which option vests in equal installments on each of the grant date, the first anniversary of the grant date and the second anniversary of the grant date.

## **LEGAL MATTERS**

The validity of the securities being offered hereby will be passed upon by Wyrick Robbins Yates & Ponton LLP, Raleigh, North Carolina.

## **EXPERTS**

The balance sheets of CorMedix Inc. as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity (deficiency), and cash flows for the years then ended and for the period from July 28, 2006 (inception) to December 31, 2011 have been audited by CohnReznick LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report, which includes an explanatory paragraph relating to our ability to continue as a going concern, which is incorporated herein by reference. Such financial statements have been incorporated herein by reference in reliance on the report of CohnReznick LLP given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

## **WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION**

We are subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act and file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information at the SEC's public reference facilities at 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549. You can request copies of these documents by writing to the SEC and paying a fee for the copying cost. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for more information about the operation of the public reference facilities. SEC filings are also available at the SEC's web site at <http://www.sec.gov>. Our common stock is listed on the NYSE MKT, and you can read and inspect our filings at the offices of the NYSE MKT at 20 Broad Street, New York, NY 10005.

This prospectus is only part of a registration statement on Form S-3 that we have filed with the SEC under the Securities Act and therefore omits certain information contained in the registration statement. We have also filed exhibits and schedules with the registration statement that are excluded from this prospectus, and you should refer to the applicable exhibit or schedule for a complete description of any statement referring to any contract or other document. You may inspect a copy of the registration statement, including the exhibits and schedules, without charge, at the public reference room or obtain a copy from the SEC upon payment of the fees prescribed by the SEC.

## **INCORPORATION OF DOCUMENTS BY REFERENCE**

The SEC allows us to “incorporate by reference” information that we file with them. Incorporation by reference allows us to disclose important information to you by referring you to those other documents. The information incorporated by reference is an important part of this prospectus, and information that we file later with the SEC will automatically update and supersede this information. We filed a registration statement on Form S-3 under the Securities Act with the SEC with respect to the securities being offered pursuant to this prospectus. This prospectus omits certain information contained in the registration statement, as permitted by the SEC. You should refer to the registration statement, including the exhibits, for further information about us and the securities being offered pursuant to this prospectus. Statements in this prospectus regarding the provisions of certain documents filed with, or incorporated by reference in, the registration statement are not necessarily complete and each statement is qualified in all respects by that reference. Copies of all or any part of the registration statement, including the documents incorporated by reference or the exhibits, may be obtained upon payment of the prescribed rates at the offices of the SEC listed above in “Where You Can Find More Information.” The documents we are incorporating by reference are:

our Annual Report on Form 10-K and Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011, filed with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 of the Exchange Act on March 19 and April 26, 2012, respectively;

our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three-month period ended March 31, 2012, filed with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 of the Exchange Act on May 15, 2012;

our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Form 10-Q/A for the six-month period ended June 30, 2012, filed with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 of the Exchange Act on August 13 and September 6, 2012, respectively;

our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2012, filed with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 of the Exchange Act on November 13, 2012;

our Current Reports on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 of the Exchange Act on January 4, January 11, March 5, March 23, April 24, May 3, June 14, July 2, September 25, October 11, October 16, November 6, November 15, December 3, December 7 and December 26, 2012;

Edgar Filing: CorMedix Inc. - Form 424B5

our preliminary proxy statement and definitive proxy statement on Schedule 14A, filed with the SEC pursuant to Section 14 of the Exchange Act, for the 2012 annual meeting of stockholders on September 27 and October 17, 2012, respectively;

the description of our common stock contained in our registration statement on Form 8-A (File No. 333-163380) filed with the SEC on March 19, 2010, including any amendment or report filed for the purpose of updating such description; and

all of the filings pursuant to the Exchange Act after the date of the filing of the original registration statement and prior to the effectiveness of the registration statement.

In addition, all documents subsequently filed, but not furnished, by us pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act before the date our offering is terminated or completed are deemed to be incorporated by reference into, and to be a part of, this prospectus. In no event, however, will any of the information, including exhibits, that we disclose under Item 2.02 and Item 7.01 of any Current Report on Form 8-K that has been or may, from time to time, be furnished to the SEC be incorporated into or otherwise become a part of this Registration Statement.

Any statement contained in this prospectus or in a document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference into this prospectus will be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this prospectus to the extent that a statement contained in this prospectus or any other subsequently filed document that is deemed to be incorporated by reference into this prospectus modifies or supersedes the statement. Any statement so modified or superseded will not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this prospectus.

We will furnish without charge to you, on written or oral request, a copy of any or all of the documents incorporated by reference, including exhibits to these documents. You should direct any requests for documents to CorMedix Inc., Attention: Secretary, 745 Route 202-206, Suite 303, Bridgewater, NJ 08807, (908) 517-9500.

You should rely only on information contained in, or incorporated by reference into, this prospectus and any prospectus supplement. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with information different from that contained in this prospectus or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. We are not making offers to sell the securities in any jurisdiction in which such an offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to anyone to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.