EUROWEB INTERNATIONAL CORP Form 10QSB May 15, 2006

United States
Securities and Exchange Commission
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-OSB

(Mark One)

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2006

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____ to ____

EUROWEB INTERNATIONAL CORP.

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

Delaware 13-3696015

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Vaci ut 141, 1138 Budapest, Hungary (Address of principal executive offices)

+36-1-8897000 Issuer's telephone number +36-1-8897100 Issuer's facsimile number

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15\,(d)$ of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirement for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No [_]

Indicate by check mark whether the $\mbox{registrant}$ is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of Exchange Act). Yes $[\mbox{\ }]$ No $[\mbox{\ }X]$

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date:

Common Stock, \$.001 par value 5,843,067 (Class) (Outstanding at May 10, 2006)

Transitional Small Business Disclosures Format (Check one): Yes [_] No [X]

EUROWEB INTERNATIONAL CORP.

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EUROWEB INTERNATIONAL CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Unaudited)

	Ма	rch 31, 2006
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	691 , 021
Trade accounts receivable, net of allowance for		
doubtful accounts of \$201,223		1,430,263
Unbilled receivables		113,713
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		281,545
Total current assets of continuing operations		2,516,542
Total assets of discontinued operations		19,179,425
Total current assets		21,695,967
	===	
Property and equipment, net		1,072,305
Intangibles - customer contracts, net		2,784,810
Goodwill		8,150,672
Total assets	•	33,703,754

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Current Liabilities Trade accounts payable Current portion of bank loan and overdraft Other current liabilities Accrued expenses	\$ 1,278,462 789,206 202,462 701,946
Total current liabilities of continuing operations Total liabilities of discontinued operations	2,972,076 12,905,537
Total current liabilities	 15,877,613
Deferred tax liability Bank loan Commitments and contingencies	445,570 393,476
Stockholders' Equity Common stock, \$.001 par value - authorized 35,000,000 shares; 5,843,067 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit Accumulated other comprehensive income	 25,307 51,900,890 (35,332,003) 392,901
Total stockholders' equity	 16,987,095
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	33,703,754

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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EUROWEB INTERNATIONAL CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (Unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31,		
		2006	2005
Revenues	\$	1,792,286	
Cost of revenues (Exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown separately below)		662,218	
Operating expenses			
Compensation and related costs		761,766	97,89
Consulting, director and professional fees		421,676	178,53
Other selling, general and administrative expenses		279,433	116,13

Depreciation and amortization		455 , 220		
Total operating expenses		1,918,095		392 , 57
Operating loss		(788,027)		(392,57
Interest expense		(31,182)		
Loss from continuing operatings before income taxes		(819,209)		(392,57
Income tax expense, current Income tax benefit, deferred		(21,075) 55,598		
Income tax benefit		34,523		
Loss from continuing operations (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax		(784,686) (244,886)		
Net loss		(1,029,572)		(225,41
Other comprehensive income		293,220		170 , 02
Comprehensive loss	\$ ===	(736 , 352)		(55 , 39
Loss per share, from continuing operations, basic and diluted Loss per share from discontinued operations, basic and diluted Net loss per share, basic and diluted	\$ \$	(0.14) (0.04) (0.18)	\$ \$	(0.0 0.0 (0.0
Weighted average number of shares outstanding, basic and diluted		5,839,136		5,342,53

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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options and warrants issued to consultants

EUROWEB INTERNATIONAL CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

	Common	5	
	Number of shares	Amount	Paid-in Capital
Balances, January 1, 2005	24,807	\$ 5,342,533	\$ 50,780,084
Foreign currency translation loss Compensation charge on share			

			192,294
Issuance of shares (Navigator Rt. acquisition) Cancellation of treasury stock	441	441 , 566	1,681,693 (1,115,412)
Net income for the period			
Balances, December 31, 2005	25 , 248	5,784,099	51,538,659
Foreign currency translation gain Compensation charge on share options and warrants issued to employees,			
directors and consultants			185,207
Issuance of shares to the President Net loss for the period	59 	58 , 968 	177 , 024
Balances, March 31, 2006	25 , 307	\$ 5,843,067	\$ 51,900,890 ======
	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Gains(Losses)	Treasury Stock =======	Equity
Balances, January 1, 2005 Foreign currency translation loss Compensation charge on share	\$ 108,266 (8,585)	\$ (1,115,412)	
options and warrants issued to consultants			192,294
Issuance of shares (Navigator Rt. acquisition)		 1,115,412	1,682,134
Cancellation of treasury stock			1,680,295
Net income for the period Balances, December 31, 2005	99,681		17,361,157
Foreign currency translation gain Compensation charge on share options and warrants issued to employees,	293,220		293,220
directors and consultants			185,207
Issuance of shares to the President			177,083
Net loss for the period			(1,029,572)

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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EUROWEB INTERNATIONAL CORP.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

Three Months Ended March 31,

	2006	2005
Operating activities from continuing operations	\$(1,249,255)	\$ (295,833)
Operating activities from discontinued operations	1,104,849	563,597
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(144,406)	267 , 764
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchase of property and equipment Investing activities from discontinued operations	(108,046) (502,865)	 (511,964)
Net cash used in investing activities	(610,911)	(511,964)
Cash flows from financing activities: Repayment of bank loans Utilization of bank overdraft Principal payments under capital lease obligations Financing activities from discontinued operation Net cash used in financing activities	(77,658) 194,577 (13,761) (226,626) (123,468)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	1,116	(2,326)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	(383,602) 1,568,690	2,379,552
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 691,021 =======	\$ 1,995,950 =======
Supplemental disclosure: Cash paid for interest	\$ 30,114	
Summary of non-cash transactions Shares issued to the President	\$ 177 , 083	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Euroweb International Corp.
Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Organization and Business

Euroweb International Corp. ("Euroweb") is a Delaware corporation, which was incorporated on November 9, 1992. Euroweb and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to herein as the "Company". The Company was a development stage company

through December 31, 1993.

The Company operates in Hungary through its subsidiary Navigator Informatika Rt. ("Navigator"), which was acquired on October 7, 2005.

The Company provides a full range of information technology ("IT") outsourcing services through its subsidiary, Navigator. The IT outsourcing services provided by the Company are primarily comprised of IT maintenance, procurement, consultancy and related services.

On April 15, 2005, the Company disposed of Euroweb Slovakia a.s. ("Euroweb Slovakia") for cash of \$2,700,000\$ and, as a result, has ceased operations in Slovakia.

On December 15, 2005, the Board of Directors of the Company decided to sell its entire interest in the wholly owned Euroweb Internet Szolgaltato Rt. ("Euroweb Hungary") and Euroweb Romania S.A. ("Euroweb Romania"). On December 19, 2005, the Company entered into a share purchase agreement with Invitel Tavkozlesi Szolgaltato Rt. ("Invitel"), a Hungarian joint stock company, to sell the entire interest in its two Internet- and telecom-related operating subsidiaries, Euroweb Hungary and Euroweb Romania, subject to various conditions including, but not limited to, shareholders' approval. Euroweb Hungary and Euroweb Romania, in additional to Euroweb Slovakia, are classified in the Company's financial statements as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

Approximately 89% of the consolidated revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2006 was generated from the four most significant customers of the Company as follows:

	Revenue		
	Generated	As a %	
Company 'A':	\$473 , 276	26.41	
Company 'B':	454,819	25.38	
Company 'C':	374 , 695	20.91	
Company 'D':	285,135	15.91	
Other companies:	204,361	11.39	
Total revenue:	\$1,792,286	100.00	

2. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies $\,$

Basis of Presentation. The interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Euroweb and its consolidated subsidiaries included herein have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") regarding interim financial information and, accordingly, do not include all of the information and note disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for complete financial statements. These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2005, appearing in the Annual Report on Form 10-KSB of the Company for the year then-ended.

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All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Prior periods have been reclassified to conform with current period presentation.

Use of Estimates. The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP and reflect all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2006.

In preparing the interim unaudited consolidated financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Stock-based compensation. Prior to January 1, 2006, the Company accounted for its stock-based employee compensation arrangements under the intrinsic value method prescribed by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees (APB No. 25), as allowed by SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-based Compensation (SFAS No. 123), as amended by SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation — Transition and Disclosure (SFAS No. 148). As a result, no expense was recognized for options to purchase its common stock that were granted with an exercise price equal to fair market value at the date of grant and no expense was recognized in connection with purchases under our employee stock purchase plan for the years ended December 31, 2005 or 2004, nor in the three-month ended March 31, 2005.

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004) Share-Based Payment (SFAS No. 123R), which replaces SFAS No. 123 and supersedes APB No. 25. SFAS No. 123R requires all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, to be recognized in the financial statements based on their fair values beginning with the first interim or annual period after December 15, 2005 for small business issuers. Subsequent to the effective date, the pro forma disclosures previously permitted under SFAS No. 123 are no longer an alternative to financial statement recognition. Effective January 1, 2006, the Company have adopted SFAS No. 123R using the modified prospective method. Under this method, compensation cost recognized during the three-month periods ended March 31, 2006, includes: (a) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted prior to, but not yet vested as of March 31, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provisions of SFAS No. 123 amortized on an straight-line basis over the options' vesting period, and (b) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted subsequent to January 1, 2006, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 123R amortized on a straight-line basis over the options' vesting period. The Company utilizes a Black-Scholes option-pricing model to measure the fair value of stock options granted to employees. See Note 5 to the Company's Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for a further discussion on stock-based compensation. Pro forma results for prior periods have not been restated. As a result of adopting SFAS No. 123R on January 1, 2006, the Company's net loss is \$119,037 lower for the three-month period ended March 31, 2006 than had we continued to account for stock-based employee compensation under APB No. 25. Basic and diluted net loss per share for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2006 would have been \$ 0.16 had we not adopted SFAS No. 123R, compared to reported basic and diluted net loss per share of \$0.18 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2006. The adoption of SFAS No. 123R had no impact on cash flows from operations, investing or financing.

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Euroweb International Corp. Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company estimates the fair value of each option award on the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option valuation model. Expected volatilities are based on the historical volatility of the Company's common stock over a period commensurate with the options' expected term. The expected term represents the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding and is calculated in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") guidance provided in the SEC's Staff Accounting Bulletin 107, ("SAB 107"), using a "simplified" method. The risk-free interest rate assumption is based upon observed interest rates appropriate for the expected term of the Company's stock options. The following table summarizes the weighted-average assumptions used in the Black-Scholes model for options granted during the first three months of 2005.

	Three Months		
	Ended March 31, 2005		
Expected volatility	88%		
Expected dividends	_		
Expected term (in years)	6		
Risk-free rate	4%		

No options have been granted or exercised in the three months ended March 31, 2006.

Prior to 2006, the Company accounted for stock-based compensation in accordance with APB 25 using the intrinsic value method, which did not require that compensation cost be recognized for the Company's stock options, provided the option exercise price was not less than the common stock's fair market value on the date of the grant. The Company provided pro-forma disclosure amounts in accordance with SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation -Transition and Disclosure, as if the fair value method defined by SFAS No. 123 had been applied to its stock-based compensation. The net loss amount utilized within the following table illustrates the effect on net loss and net loss per share had the Company applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123 to account for its employee stock option and employee stock purchase plans for the three-month period ended March 31, 2005 because stock-based employee compensation was not accounted for using the fair value recognition method during that period. For purposes of pro forma disclosure, the estimated fair value of the stock awards, as prescribed by SFAS No. 123, is amortized to expense over the vesting period of such awards:

Three months ended	March 31, 2005
Net loss: Net loss, as reported Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based	\$ (225,419)
method for all awards, net of tax effects	(169,322)
Pro forma net loss	\$(394,741) =======

Basic and diluted loss per share:

As reported, basic and diluted	\$ (0.04)
Pro forma, basic and diluted	\$ (0.07)

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Euroweb International Corp. Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

The historical pro forma impact of applying the fair value method prescribed by SFAS No. 123 is not representative of the impact that may be expected in the future due to changes in option grants in future years and changes in assumptions such as volatility, interest rates and expected life used to estimate fair value of future grants.

Note that the above pro forma disclosure was not presented for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2006, because stock-based employee compensation has been accounted for using the fair value recognition method under SFAS No. 123R for these periods. As a result of adopting SFAS 123R, the impact to the Consolidated Statement of Operations was to increase expenses and net loss by approximately \$0.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2006. The following table shows total stock-based employee compensation expense (see Note 5 for types of stock-based employee arrangements) included in the condensed consolidated statement of operations for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2006:

Categories of	Three months ended
cost and expenses	March 31, 2006
Compensation and related costs	\$36 , 591
Consulting, directors and professional fees	82,446
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$119,037

There was no capitalized stock-based employee compensation cost as of March 31, 2006. There were no material recognized tax benefits during the first three-month period ended March 31, 2006.

Earnings per Share. The following is a reconciliation from basic earnings per share to diluted earnings per share for the three month periods ended March 31, 2006 and 2005:

	Three months ended March 31, 2006 2005		
Net loss attributable to common stockholders (A)	\$(1,029,572)	\$ (225,419)	
Determination of shares Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic (B)	5,839,136	5,342,533	
Assumed conversion of dilutive stock options and warrants Weighted average common shares			
outstanding - diluted (C)	5,839,136 	5,342,533	

Net income (loss) per common share

Basic (A/B)	\$ (0.18)	\$ (0.04)
Diluted (A/C)	\$ (0.18)	\$ (0.04)

1.0

Euroweb International Corp.
Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company had potentially dilutive common stock equivalents of 788,330 and 1,084,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, which were not included in the computation of diluted net loss per share, because they were antidilutive.

3. Bank Loans and Overdrafts

On April 6, 2005, the Company entered into a long-term loan agreement with Commerzbank Bank Rt (the "Bank") for HUF 201,250,000 (approximately \$918,111 at the March 31, 2006 exchange rate), with an interest rate of three month Budapest Interbank Offered Rate ("BUBOR") +2.5%. Approximately \$655,794 was outstanding at March 31, 2006. The loan is repayable in 14 quarterly instalments of HUF 14,375,000 (approximately \$65,579) plus quarterly interest starting on May 31, 2005. The shares of the Navigator and Euroweb Hungary were pledged as collateral for this loan, as well as a general lien established on all of the assets of these subsidiaries of Euroweb.

In addition to the long-term loan agreement, the Company also entered into an overdraft facility for unlimited period of time with 30 days termination period with the Bank for HUF 130,000,000 (approximately \$593,066 at the March 31, 2006 exchange rate) on July 20, 2005. Approximately \$526,888 was outstanding at March 31, 2006. The interest rate is BUBOR + 1.5%.

Additionally, on September 1, 2005, the Company entered into a two-month loan facility agreement with the Bank for approximately \$140,462\$ (HUF 30,000,000) to fund working capital. The Company did not have outstanding balances under this agreement as of March 31, 2006. The contract expired on March 31, 2006. The interest rate was BUBOR + 1.5%.

$4.\ {\tt Discontinued}$ Operations and Disposal of Subsidiaries

Completed sale of Euroweb Slovakia On April 15, 2005, the Company sold Euroweb Slovakia for cash of \$2,700,000.

Proposed sale of Euroweb Hungary and Euroweb Romania On December 15, 2005, the Board of Directors of the Company decided to sell its interest its wholly-owned subsidiaries in Euroweb Hungary and Euroweb Romania. On December 19, 2005, the Company entered into a share purchase agreement with Invitel Tavkozlesi Szolgaltato Rt., a Hungarian joint stock company, to sell Euroweb Hungary and Euroweb Romania, subject to various conditions including, but not limited to, shareholders' approval.

The Company believes that the sale of Euroweb Slovakia and the proposed sale of Euroweb Hungary and Euroweb Romania meet the criteria for presentation as a discontinued operation under the provisions of "SFAS 144", therefore amounts relating to Euroweb Slovakia, Euroweb Hungary and Euroweb Romania have been reclassified as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

Euroweb International Corp.
Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

The following table shows the details of result of discontinued operation per reporting units for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 as follows:

Country / Three months ended March 31,	2006	2005
Income from discontinued Slovakian operations Loss from discontinued Hungarian operations Income from discontinued Romanian operations	\$ (635,501) 390,615	5,270 (219,518) 381,400
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$ (244,886) ======	\$ 167,152

The following information is a summary of selected items from Euroweb Hungary's consolidated balance sheet as at March 31, 2006:

Description	March 31, 2006
Total assets Total liabilities	\$ 13,104,598 10,299,461
Net assets	\$ 2,805,137

The following information is a summary of selected items from Euroweb Romania's balance sheet as at March 31, 2006:

Description	March 31, 2006
Total assets Total liabilities	\$ 6,074,827 2,606,076
Net assets	\$ 3,468,751

5. Stock-based Compensation

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted SFAS 123R, which requires the Company to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for all equity awards granted based on the fair value of the award as of the grant date. SFAS 123R supersedes Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation ("SFAS 123"), and Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees ("APB 25"). The Company adopted SFAS 123R using the modified prospective transition method, which requires the Company to record compensation cost related to unvested stock awards as of December 31, 2005 by recognizing the unamortized grant date fair value of these awards over the remaining requisite service periods of those awards, with no change in historical reported earnings. Awards granted after December 31, 2005 are valued at fair value in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123R and are recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service periods of each award. The new standard also requires the Company to estimate forfeiture rates for all unvested awards, which it has done for 2006 based on its historical experience.

Euroweb International Corp.
Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

As of March 31, 2006, the Company has one share-based compensation plans: the 2004 Stock Incentive Plan.

Pursuant to the Company's 2004 Stock Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), 800,000 shares have been provided for the grant of stock options to employees, directors, consultants and advisors of the Company. The plan was approved by the Company's Annual Meeting of Stockholders in May 2004. Option awards must be granted with an exercise price at not less than the fair market price of the Company's common stock on the date of the grant; those option awards generally vest over a three or four-year period in equal increments of 33% or 25%, beginning 6 months after the date of the grant. All options granted have contractual terms of six years from the date of the grant and expires 3 months after the holder leaves the Company. The grant date fair value is calculated using the Black-Scholes option valuation model.

The Company has granted the following options under the Plan:

On April 26, 2004, the Company granted 125,000 options to its Chief Executive Officer, an aggregate of 195,000 options to five employees and an aggregate of 45,000 options to two consultants of the Company. The stock options granted to the Chief Executive Officer vest at the rate of 31,250 on November 1, 2004 and each October 1 of 2005, 2006 and 2007. The stock options granted to the other employees and consultants vest at the rate of 80,000 on November 1, 2004 and each October 1 of 2005, 2006. The exercise price of the options (\$4.78) is equal to the market price on the date the grants were made. 60,000 options out of the 195,000 options granted to employees have been expired unexercised due to termination of two employee contracts in 2005.

In accordance with APB No. 25, no compensation expense was recorded for the options granted to the Chief Executive Officer, and the five employees until December 31, 2005. Compensation charge according to SFAS 123R adopted from January 1, 2006 was \$36,591 in the three months period ended March 31, 2006.

In accordance with SFAS 123, the Company will recognize total compensation charges of approximately \$162,000 for the grants made to the two consultants as such consultants do not qualify as employees. Such compensation charges are recognized over the vesting period of three years. Compensation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2006 was \$5,580 (2005: \$15,100).

On March 22, 2005, the Company granted an aggregate of 200,000 options to two of the directors. The stock options granted to the directors on March 22, 2005 vest at the rate of 50,000 on each September 22 of 2005, 2006, 2007 and 2008. The exercise price of the options (\$3.40) is equal to the market price on the date the grants were made. In accordance with APB 25, no compensation charges were accounted in respect of these grants until December 31, 2005. Compensation charge according to SFAS 123R adopted from January 1, 2006 was \$43,244 in the three months period ended March 31, 2006.

On June 2, 2005, the Company granted 100,000 options to a director of the Company, which vest at the rate of 25,000 on each December 2 of 2005, 2006, 2007, and 2008. No compensation charge was accounted in respect of this grant until December 31, 2005. Compensation charge according to SFAS 123R adopted from January 1, 2006 was \$25,644 in the three months period ended March 31, 2006.

Euroweb International Corp.
Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

The following table summarizes the option activity under the Plan as of March 31, 2006 and changes during the quarter then ended:

Stock Options	Number of Shares	Weigh Avera Exero Prio	age cise	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2006	605,000	\$	4.20		
Granted					
Exercised					
Forfeited or expired					
Outstanding at March 31, 2006	605,000	\$	4.20	4.5	\$ 0
Exercisable at March 31, 2006	257 , 500	\$	4.29	4.4	\$ 0

The aggregate intrinsic value in the table above represents the total pretax intrinsic value (the difference between the Company's closing stock price on the last trading day of the first quarter of 2006 and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the money options) that would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised their options on March 31, 2006. The amount of aggregate intrinsic value will change based on the fair market value of the Company's stock. The intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the three months ended March 31, 2006 was \$0.

As of March 31, 2006, there was approximately \$0.4 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested share-based compensation granted under the Plan, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2 years. No options were in money as of March 31, 2006.

Other option outside of the Plan

On October 13 2003, the Company granted one of the Directors 100,000 options at an exercise price (equal to the fair value on that day) of \$4.21 per share, with 25,000 options vesting on each April 13 of 2004-2007. In accordance with APB No. 25, no compensation expense was recorded for the options granted to the Director until December 31, 2005. Compensation charge according to SFAS 123R adopted from January 1, 2006 was \$13,558 in the three months period ended March 31, 2006. The option was not exercised. The intrinsic value of this stock options exercised during the three months ended March 31, 2006 was \$0. As of March 31, 2006, there was approximately \$24,864 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested share-based compensation granted under this grant, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1 year. The option were not in money as of March 31, 2006.

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The President and a Director of the Company is eligible to receive an annual compensation of \$250,000 starting from April 15, 2005, which is payable in Euroweb shares of common stock. The number of shares to be paid is calculated based on the average closing price 10 days prior to each employment year. The number of shares for the year ended April 14, 2006 is 82,781. Compensation expense for the three months period ended March 31, 2006 was \$62,499.

On June 7, 2005, the Company granted 100,000 warrants to a consulting company as compensation for investor relations services at exercise prices as follows: 40,000 warrants at \$3.50 per share, 20,000 warrants at \$4.25 per share, 20,000 warrants at \$4.75 per share and 20,000 warrants at \$5 per shares. The warrants have a term of five years and tranches vest proportionately at a rate of a total 8,333 warrants per month over a one year period. The warrants are being expensed over the performance period of one year. Compensation expense for the three months period ended March 31, 2006 was \$60,590. In February 2006, the Company terminated its contract with the consultant company providing investor relation services. The warrants granted under the contract are reduced time-proportionally to 83,330, based on the time in service by the consultant company.

6. Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Employment Agreements

The Company entered into a six-year agreement with its Chief Executive Officer, Csaba Toro on October 18, 1999, which commenced January 1, 2000, and provided for an annual compensation of \$96,000. The agreement was amended in 2004 and 2005. The amended agreement provides for an annual salary of \$200,000 and a bonus of up to \$150,000 in 2006, 2007 and 2008, as well as an annual car allowance of \$30,000 for the same period.

The Company has entered into a two-year employment agreement with Moshe Schnapp as President and Director of the Company starting from April 15, 2005, which grants an annual compensation of \$250,000 to be paid in the form of Euroweb shares of common stock. The number of shares to be received by Mr. Schnapp is calculated based on the average closing price 10 days prior to the commencement of each employment year. For the year ended April 14, 2007, Mr. Schnapp will receive 76,103 Euroweb shares of common stock.

(b) Lease Agreements

The Company's subsidiary has entered into various capital leases for service equipment, as well as non-cancelable agreement for office premises.

(c) Legal Proceedings

Except as set forth below, there are no known significant legal procedures that have been filed and are outstanding against the Company:

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Euroweb International Corp.
Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

On April 26, 2006, a lawsuit was filed in Delaware Court of Chancery (the "Court") by a stockholder of the Company against the Company, each of the Company's directors and CORCYRA d.o.o., a stockholder of the Company that beneficially owns 39.81% of the Company's outstanding common stock of the

Company. The Complaint is entitled Laurence Paskowitz v. Csaba Toro et al., C.A. No. 2110-N and was brought individually and as a class action on behalf of certain of the Company's common stockholders excluding defendants and their affiliates. The plaintiff alleges the proposed sale of 100% of the Company's interest in the Company's two Internet and telecom related operating subsidiaries (the "Subsidiaries") constitutes a sale of substantially all of the Company's assets and requires approval by a majority of the voting power of the Company's outstanding common stock under Section 271 of the Delaware General Corporation Law. The plaintiff also alleges the defendants breached their fiduciary duties in connection with the sale of the subsidiaries and the disclosures contained in the proxy statement filed on April 24, 2006. The plaintiff applied for a temporary restraining order seeking to enjoin the special meeting on May 15, 2006.

The Company denies any and all allegations of wrongdoing; however, in the interests of conserving resources, on April 28, 2006, the parties to the litigation entered into a Memorandum of Understanding providing for, subject to confirmatory discovery by plaintiff, the negotiation of a formal stipulation of a settlement of the litigation. Pursuant to the proposed settlement, the Board of Directors of the Company has determined to: (i) increase the vote required to approve the sale of 100% of the Company's interest in the Subsidiaries, (ii) revise the disclosure within the proxy statement to eliminate the bonus of up to US \$400,000, which the Compensation Committee of the Company had the option to pay to select members of management, as the Board of Directors had previously elected to terminate the ability to pay such bonus and (iii) provide supplemental disclosure as contained in the Supplemental Proxy Statement to be mailed to stockholders and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 3, 2006. The settlement will provide for dismissal of the litigation with prejudice and is subject to Court approval. As part of the settlement, the Company has agreed to pay an amount of attorneys' fees and expenses that is to be negotiated between the two parties or, lieu of such agreement between the two parties, will be determined by the Court.

(d) Elender Rt. Acquisition

On June 9, 2004 the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of Elender Rt. ("Elender") for \$6,500,000 in cash and 677,201 of the Company's shares of common stock. Under the terms of agreement, the Company has placed 248,111 unregistered shares of common stock, newly issued and in the name of the Company, with an escrow agent as security for approximately \$1.5 million loans payable to former shareholders of Elender. The shares will be returned to the Company from escrow once the outstanding loans have been fully repaid. However, if there is a default on the outstanding loan, then the shares will be issued to the other party and the Company is then obliged to register the shares. As of December 31, 2005, the Company had repaid all of the loans that were outstanding. In January 2006, the Company acquired and subsequently cancelled the shares that were put into escrow.

Pursuant to the registration rights agreement signed on June 1, 2004 with the sellers of Elender, if the shares of the Company's common stock issued to the sellers were not registered within 120 days of Closing (closing was on June 9, 2004) for reasons attributable to the Company, a penalty of \$2,000 per day is payable until the shares are registered. In case of disposal of Euroweb Hungary and Euroweb Romania, the Company will have to re-register the shares issued in connection with the acquisition of Elender. In case of late filing of this registration statement may result penalty payment obligation.

Euroweb International Corp.
Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(e) Navigator Acquisition

The Company entered into a registration rights agreement dated July 21, 2005, whereby it has agreed to file a registration statement registering the 441,566 shares of Euroweb common stock issued in connection with the acquisition within 75 days of the closing of the transaction and have such registration statement declared effective within 150 days from the filing thereof. In the event that Euroweb fails to meet its obligations to register the shares it may be required to pay a penalty equal to 1% of the value of the Shares per month. The Company has obtained a written waiver from the seller stating that the seller will not raise any claims in connection with the filing of registration statement until May 30, 2006.

(f) Euroweb Hungary Rt. Purchase Guarantee

In February 2004, the Company purchased the remaining 51% of Euroweb Hungary from Pantel. The consideration paid by the Company for the 51% interest consisted of EUR 1,650,000 (\$2,105,000) in cash, and a purchase commitment that Euroweb Hungary will purchase at least HUF 600 million (approximately \$3 million) worth of services from Pantel in each year from 2004 to 2006. In the event that Euroweb Hungary and its subsidiaries do not satisfy this commitment, Pantel may charge a penalty equal to 25% of the commitment amount less any services purchased. Purchases in 2004 and 2005 exceeded this amount. If Euroweb Hungary is successfully sold to Invitel, any claim arising from this commitment will from that date be payable by Invitel.

(g) Indemnities Provided Upon Sale of Subsidiaries

On April 15, 2005, the Company sold Euroweb Slovakia. According to the securities purchase contract (the "Contract"), the Company will indemnify the buyer for all damages incurred by the buyer as the result of seller's breach of certain representations, warranties or obligations as set in the Contract up to an aggregate amount of \$540,000. The buyer shall not be entitled to make any claim under the Contract after the fourth anniversary of the date of the Contract. No claims have been made to date. The Company has accrued \$35,000 as the estimated fair value of this indemnity.

(h) Potential Penalty of EUR 400,000

If by June 30, 2006, the Company either fails to comply with the provisions of the share purchase agreement about the disposition of Euroweb Hungary and Euroweb Romania to Invitel, or the Stockholders Meeting of the Company fails to approve the transaction as set forth in the agreement, then the Company shall on demand reimburse to Invitel all costs, expenses and fees (including without limit financial and technical advisors and attorneys fees) in relation to the investigation, and negotiation of the Transaction, and all associated and connected matters up to the maximum amount of EUR 400,000.

(i) Purchase Obligation of 85% Ownership of Navigator

On or before the date of closing of the sale of Euroweb Hungary and Euroweb Romania to Invitel, Euroweb International will purchase 85% ownership of Navigator representing a purchase obligation in a value of \$6,000,000 in cash. At the date of closing at the latest, Euroweb Hungary has to settle all of its bank loans including the \$6,000,000 Commerzbank loan obtained for the acquisition of Navigator.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Operations

Overview

Euroweb International Corp. ("Euroweb" or the "Company") operates in Hungary and Romania, through its subsidiaries Euroweb Internet Szolgaltato Rt. ("Euroweb Hungary"), Navigator Informatika Rt. ("Navigator") and Euroweb Romania S.A. ("Euroweb Romania"). Euroweb Hungary and Euroweb Romania are currently held for sale and are classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented in the Company's financial statements.

On April 15, 2005, the Company disposed of Euroweb Slovakia a.s. ("Euroweb Slovakia") for cash of \$2,700,000\$ and, as a result, has ceased operations in Slovakia.

On December 15, 2005, the Board of Directors of the Company decided to sell 100% of its interest in Euroweb Hungary and Euroweb Romania. On December 19, 2005, the Company entered into a share purchase agreement with Invitel Tavkozlesi Szolgaltato Rt. ("Invitel"), a Hungarian joint stock company, to sell 100% of the Company's interest in Euroweb Hungary and Euroweb Romania, subject to various conditions including, but not limited, to shareholders' approval.

The Company believes that the sale of Euroweb Slovakia and the proposed sale of Euroweb Hungary and Euroweb Romania meet the criteria for presentation as discontinued operations under the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." Accordingly, Euroweb Slovakia, Euroweb Hungary and Euroweb Romania have been reclassified as discontinued operations in the financial statements of the Company for all periods presented.

Through its subsidiary Navigator, the Company provides a full range of information technology ("IT") outsourcing services. The IT outsourcing services provided by the Company primarily comprise IT maintenance, procurement, consultancy and related services.

The Company's revenues come from the following three sources:

- o Full service IT System operation (alias: Complete IT outsourcing), comprising full service support and maintenance with a cost-effective and competitive service desk system, call center, hotline support and remote troubleshooting
- o IT system implementation and IT project management, including: consultancy, system design, development and implementation and training
- o Sale of IT devices

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The Company's discussion and analysis of its financial condition and results of operations are based upon its consolidated financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("US GAAP"). This preparation requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. US GAAP provides the framework from which to make these estimates, assumption and disclosures. The Company chooses accounting policies within US GAAP that management believes are appropriate to accurately and fairly report the Company's operating results and financial position in a consistent manner. Management regularly assesses these policies in light of current and forecasted economic conditions. Accounting policies that management believes to be critical to understanding the results of operations and the effect of the more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are the same as those described in the Annual Report on Form 10-KSB of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2005. (d)

Results of Operations

Three Months $\,$ Period Ended March 31, 2006 $\,$ Compared to Three Months Period Ended March 31, 2005 $\,$

Due to the acquisition of Navigator on October 7, 2005 and the discontinued operation presentation of Euroweb Hungary, Euroweb Romania and Euroweb Slovakia, the condensed consolidated statements of operations for the quarter ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 are not comparable. The financial figures for 2005 only include the corporate expenses of the Company's legal entity registered in the State of Delaware, while Navigator is only consolidated since October 7, 2005.

Three months ended March 31,	2006	2005
Total revenues	\$ 1,792,286	\$ 0

The revenue increase reflects the consolidation of Navigator from October 7, 2005.

Cost of revenues (excluding depreciation and amortization)

The following table summarizes cost of revenues (excluding depreciation and amortization) for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005:

Three months ended March 31,	2006	2005
Total cost of revenues	\$ 662,218	\$ 0

Cost of revenues (excluding depreciation and amortization) principally comprises the cost of fixed assets sold during the course of IT outsourcing projects, the cost of materials required to perform IT outsourcing activities and the cost of project-dedicated sub-contractors consolidated from October 7, 2005.

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Compensation and related costs

The following table summarizes compensation and related costs for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005:

Three months ended March 31, 2006 2005

Compensation	and	related	costs	\$ 761,766	\$ 97,899

Overall, compensation and related costs increased by 678% (approximately \$664,000). The increase is primarily attributable to the acquisition of Navigator in October 2005 (approximately \$567,000) and the compensation for the new president (approximately \$62,000). The remaining increase is due to the increase of compensation charge on options issued to employees in accordance with SFAS 123R.

Consulting, director and professional fees

The following table summarizes consulting and professional fees for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005:

Three months ended March 31,	2006	2005
Consulting, director and		
professional fees	\$ 421,676	\$ 178,538

Overall, consulting, director and professional fees increased by 136% (approximately \$243,000). The increase is primarily attributable to the acquisition of Navigator in October 2005 (approximately \$109,000) and a compensation charge on stock option and warrants to directors and consultants in accordance with SFAS 123R (approximately \$134,000).

Other selling, general and administrative expenses

The following table summarizes other selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005:

Three months ended March 31,	2006	2005
Other selling, general and		
administrative expenses	\$ 279,433	\$ 116,134

Overall other selling, general and administrative expenses increased by 141% (approximately \$163,000) mainly due to the acquisition of Navigator in October 2005.

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Depreciation and amortization

The following table summarizes depreciation and amortization for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005:

Three months ended March 31,	2006	2005
Depreciation Amortization of intangibles	\$ 107,730 \$ 347,490	\$ - -
Total depreciation and amortization	\$ 455,220	 \$ - ======

Depreciation has increased by \$107,730 in the three months ended March 31, 2006. The increase can be attributed exclusively to the acquisition of Navigator.

Amortization of intangibles of \$347,490 in 2006 relates to certain customer contracts of Navigator, which were recognized as intangible assets upon acquisition.

Interest expense

The following table summarizes interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005:

Three months ended March	31,	2006	2005
Interest expense		\$(31,182)	-

The increase in interest expense is due to the consolidation of Navigator. The loan liability of Navigator has increased interest expense by more than \$31,000 due to bank loan and overdraft facility outstanding.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of March 31, 2006, our cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities were approximately \$0.7 million, a decrease of approximately \$0.9 million from the end of fiscal year 2005. Due to cash consumption of losses in the three month period ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, cash flow provided by (used in) operation did not offset the cash used in financing and investing activities neither in the three months ended March 31, 2006 nor in the three months ended March 31, 2005.

Cash flow used in operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2006 was \$0.1 million in opposite to \$0.3 million cash provided by operating activities in the months ended March 31, 2005. The \$0.4 million change is due to the decreased profitability of the subsidiaries of the Company.

Cash used in investing activities included Navigator related \$0.1 million capital expenditures in the three months ended March 31, 2006, while investing activities from discontinued operations were \$0.5 million both in the three months ended 2006 and 2005.

Cash used in financing activities was \$0.1 million in 2005 and 2006. Navigator related cash provided by the financing activity was \$0.1 million mainly due to the utilization of bank overdraft, while Euroweb Hungary and Euroweb Romania related cash used in financial activities as discontinued operation increased by \$0.1 million comparing 2005 is mainly due to partial loan repayment by Euroweb Hungary in connection with \$6 million Navigator related loan provided by Commerzbank Hungary Rt in October 2005.

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The Company currently anticipates that its available cash resources will be sufficient to meet its presently anticipated working capital and capital expenditure requirements for at least the next 12 months if the Company completes the sale of Euroweb Hungary and Euroweb Romania. Unsuccessful disposition of these or one of the subsidiaries and an associated potential penalty of EUR 400,000 may lead to liquidity difficulties without further capital raising or additional indebtedness.

In the event the Company makes future acquisitions in Central and Eastern

Europe, the excess cash on hand, additional bank loans or fund raising may be used to finance such future acquisitions. The Company may consider the sale of non-strategic assets or subsidiaries.

Inflation and Foreign Currency

The Company maintains its books in local currency: Hungarian Forint for Navigator and US Dollars for the Parent Company registered in the State of Delaware.

The Company's operations are primarily outside of the United States through its wholly owned subsidiary. All the Company's customers are in Hungary. As a result, fluctuations in currency exchange rates may significantly affect the Company's sales, profitability and financial position when the foreign currencies, primarily the Hungarian Forint, of its international operations are translated into U.S. dollars for financial reporting. In additional, we are also subject to currency fluctuation risk with respect to certain foreign currency denominated receivables and payables. Although the Company cannot predict the extent to which currency fluctuations may or will affect the Company's business and financial position, there is a risk that such fluctuations will have an adverse impact on the Company's sales, profits and financial position. Because currency, movements could impact our margins by, for example, decreasing our foreign revenues when the dollar strengthens and not correspondingly decreasing our expenses. The Company does not currently hedge its currency exposure. In the future, we may engage in hedging transactions to mitigate foreign exchange risk.

The translation of the Company's subsidiaries forint denominated balance sheets into U.S. dollars, as of March 31, 2006, has been affected by the weakening of the Hungarian forint against the U.S. dollar from 213.58 as of December 31, 2005, to 219.20 as of March 31, 2006, an approximate 3% depreciation in value. The average Hungarian forint/U.S. dollar exchange rates used for the translation of the subsidiaries forint denominated statements of operations into U.S. dollars, for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 were 213.52 and 185.71, respectively.

Effect of Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123R, Share-Based Payment, using the modified prospective transition method and therefore did not restate results for prior periods. Prior to January 1, 2006 the Company accounted for share-based compensation arrangements in accordance with APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees and complied with the disclosure provisions of SFAS 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation. SFAS 123R requires all public entities that used the fair-value method for either recognition or disclosure under SFAS 123 to apply the modified prospective transition method as of the required effective date. As a result, the Company adopted the provisions of SFAS 123R using this method, effective January 1, 2006. Under the modified prospective method, new awards are valued and accounted for prospectively upon adoption. Outstanding prior awards that are unvested as of January 1, 2006 are recognized as compensation cost over the remaining requisite service periods, as prior periods may not be restated. The adoption of SFAS 123R increased our expenses and reported net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2006 by \$0.1 million.

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Management forecasts that the impact of adopting SFAS 123R for the twelve months ending December 31, 2006 will be approximately \$0.4 million. This forecast is

based on the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, the price of our stock at the time of grants, the volatility of our stock price and the expected forfeiture rates. As such, our actual stock option expense may differ from this estimate.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 151, "Inventory Costs - an amendment of ARB No. 43, Chapter 4" ("SFAS 151"). SFAS 151 amends Accounting Research Bulletin No. 43, Chapter 4, "Inventory Pricing" ("ARB 43") to eliminate the "so abnormal" criterion in ARB 43 and requires companies to recognize abnormal freight, handling costs, and amounts of wasted material (spoilage) as current-period charges. Additionally, SFAS 151 clarifies that fixed production overhead cost should be allocated to inventory based on the normal capacity of the production facility. Management adopted this Statement as of January 1, 2006 and will apply its standards after such date. The adoption of SFAS No. 151 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In May 2005, the FASB issued SFAS No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections" which replaces Accounting Principles Board Opinions No. 20 "Accounting Changes" and SFAS No. 3, "Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements." This statement applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principle and changes resulting from adoption of a new accounting pronouncement that does not specify transition requirements. SFAS 154 requires retrospective application to prior periods' financial statements for changes in accounting principle unless it is impracticable to determine either the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change. SFAS 154 also requires that retrospective application of a change in accounting principle be limited to the direct effects of the change. Indirect effects of a change in accounting principle should be recognized in the period of the accounting change. SFAS 154 is effective for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005 with early implementation permitted for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after the date this statement was issued. SFAS 154 is effective for the Company as of January 1, 2006 and is not expected to have a material impact on financial statements.

In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 155, "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments—an amendment of FASB Statements No. 133 and 140" ("SFAS 155"). SFAS 155 amends SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" ("SFAS 133") and SFAS No. 140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities". SFAS 155 resolves issues addressed in SFAS 133 Implementation Issue No. D1, "Application of Statement 133 to Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets." SFAS 155 is effective for the Company for all financial instruments acquired or issued after January 1, 2007 and is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

$\hbox{Forward-Looking Statements}$

When used in this Form 10-QSB, in other filings by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), in the Company's press releases or other public or stockholder communications, or in oral statements made with the approval of an authorized executive officer of the Company, the words or phrases "would be," "will allow," "intends to," "will likely result," "are expected to," "will continue," "is anticipated," "estimate," "project," or similar expressions are intended to identify "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

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The Company cautions readers not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking

statements, which speak only as of the date made, are based on certain assumptions and expectations which may or may not be valid or actually occur, and which involve various risks and uncertainties. In addition, sales and other revenues may not commence and/or continue as anticipated due to delays or otherwise. As a result, the Company's actual results for future periods could differ materially from those anticipated or projected.

Unless otherwise required by applicable law, the Company does not undertake, and specifically disclaims any obligation, to update any forward-looking statements to reflect occurrences, developments, unanticipated events or circumstances after the date of such statement. The Company advises you to review any additional disclosures made in its 10-QSB, 8-K, and 10-KSB reports filed with the SEC.

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Item 3. Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this report, we conducted an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Accounting Officer (principal financial officer) of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act). Based upon this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Accounting Officer (principal financial officer) concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. There was no change in our internal controls or in other factors that could affect these controls during our last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On April 26, 2006, a lawsuit was filed in Delaware Court of Chancery (the "Court") by a stockholder of Euroweb International Corp. (the "Company") against the Company, each of the Company's directors and CORCYRA d.o.o., a stockholder of the Company that beneficially owns 39.81% of the Company's outstanding common stock of the Company. The Complaint is entitled Laurence Paskowitz v. Csaba Toro et al., C.A. No. 2110-N and was brought individually and as a class action on behalf of certain of the Company's common stockholders excluding defendants and their affiliates. The plaintiff alleges the proposed sale of 100% of the Company's interest in the Company's two Internet and telecom related operating subsidiaries (the "Subsidiaries") constitutes a sale of substantially all of the Company's assets and requires approval by a majority of the voting power of the Company's outstanding common stock under Section 271 of the Delaware General Corporation Law. The plaintiff also alleges the defendants breached their fiduciary duties in connection with the sale of the subsidiaries and the disclosures contained in the proxy statement filed on April 24, 2006. The plaintiff

applied for a temporary restraining order seeking to enjoin the special meeting on May 15, 2006.

The Company denies any and all allegations of wrongdoing; however, in the interests of conserving resources, on April 28, 2006, the parties to the litigation entered into a Memorandum of Understanding providing for, subject to confirmatory discovery by plaintiff, the negotiation of a formal stipulation of a settlement of the litigation. Pursuant to the proposed settlement, the Board of Directors of the Company has determined to: (i) increase the vote required to approve the sale of 100% of the Company's interest in the Subsidiaries, (ii) revise the disclosure within the proxy statement to eliminate the bonus of up to US \$400,000, which the Compensation Committee of the Company had the option to pay to select members of management, as the Board of Directors had previously elected to terminate the ability to pay such bonus and (iii) provide supplemental disclosure as contained in the Supplemental Proxy Statement to be mailed to stockholders and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 3, 2006. The settlement will provide for dismissal of the litigation with prejudice and is subject to Court approval. As part of the settlement, the Company has agreed to pay an amount of attorneys' fees and expenses that is to be negotiated between the two parties or, lieu of such agreement between the two parties, will be determined by the Court.

The Company is not involved currently in other legal proceedings that could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on its business, prospects, financial condition or results of operations. (q)

ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES

None

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ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None. ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibits (numbers below reference Regulation S-B, Item 601)

- (3) (a) Certificate of Incorporation filed November 9, 1992(1)
 - (b) Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation filed July 9, 1997(2)
 - (c) Restated Certificate of Incorporation filed May 29, 2003
 - (d) Restated By-laws (filed as an exhibit to the Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended September 30, 2004)
- (31) (a) Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of Euroweb International Corp. pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

- (31) (b) Certification of the Chief Accounting Officer (principal financial officer) of Euroweb International Corp. pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- (32) (a) Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of Euroweb International Corp. pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- (32) (b) Certification of the Chief Accounting Officer (principal financial officer) of Euroweb International Corp. pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

- (1) Exhibits are incorporated by reference to Registrant's Registration Statement on Form SB-2 dated May 12, 1993 (Registration No. 33-62672-NY, as amended)
- (2) Filed with Form 10-QSB for quarter ended June 30, 1998.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Budapest, Hungary, on May 12, 2006.

 $\hbox{\tt EUROWEB INTERNATIONAL CORP.}\\$

By /s/Csaba Toro

Csaba Toro Chief Executive Officer

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