LCNB CORP Form 10-Q November 08, 2010

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-O

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TQUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2010

oTRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from______ to _____

Commission File Number 000-26121

LCNB Corp.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Ohio

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

31-1626393

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

2 North Broadway, Lebanon, Ohio 45036 (Address of principal executive offices, including Zip Code)

(513) 932-1414

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

T Yes £ No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

£ Yes £ No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer,

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Accelerated filer T
Smaller reporting company £
ed in Rule 12b-2 of the Act).
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LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Dollars in thousands)

ASSETS:	September 30, 2010 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2009
Cash and due from banks	\$ 21,003	12,626
Interest-bearing demand deposits	19,626	12,020
Total cash and cash equivalents	40,629	12,626
Investment securities:	40,029	12,020
Available-for-sale, at fair value	222,833	201,578
Held-to-maturity, at cost	12,479	13,030
Federal Reserve Bank and Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	3,030	3,031
Loans, net	456,104	457,418
Premises and equipment, net	15,827	15,722
Goodwill	5,915	5,915
Bank owned life insurance	14,098	14,122
Other assets	11,031	10,967
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 781,946	734,409
TOTAL ASSETS	φ 761,9 4 0	734,409
LIABILITIES:		
Deposits –		
Noninterest-bearing	\$ 95,193	93,894
Interest-bearing	577,202	530,285
Total deposits	672,395	624,179
Short-term borrowings	6,797	14,265
Long-term debt	23,467	24,960
Accrued interest and other liabilities	6,997	5,390
TOTAL LIABILITIES	709,656	668,794
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Preferred shares – no par value, authorized 1,000,000 shares, None outstanding	-	-
Common shares – no par value, authorized 12,000,000 shares, issued 7,445,514 share	s	
at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009	11,068	11,068
Surplus	15,437	15,407
Retained earnings	52,705	48,962
Treasury shares at cost, 758,282 shares at September 30, 2010 and December 31,		
2009	(11,737	(11,737)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes	4,817	1,915
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	72,290	65,615
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 781,946	734,409

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

	Three Mon Septem 2010		Nine Mont Septemb 2010	
INTEREST INCOME:				
Interest and fees on loans	\$6,738	6,884	20,347	20,580
Dividends on Federal Reserve Bank and Federal Home Loan				
Bank stock	24	26	99	101
Interest on investment securities –				
Taxable	913	1,050	2,727	3,183
Non-taxable	773	795	2,364	2,129
Other short-term investments	15	13	40	41
TOTAL INTEREST INCOME	8,463	8,768	25,577	26,034
INTEREST EXPENSE:				
Interest on deposits	1,902	2,278	5,806	7,269
Interest on short-term borrowings	6	-	19	-
Interest on long-term debt	173	177	523	440
TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE	2,081	2,455	6,348	7,709
NET INTEREST INCOME	6,382	6,313	19,229	18,325
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	268	664	987	970
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR				
LOAN LOSSES	6,114	5,649	18,242	17,355
NON-INTEREST INCOME:				
Trust income	479	451	1,389	1,365
Service charges and fees	1,027	1,018	3,003	2,956
Net gain on sales of securities	48	60	176	60
Insurance agency income	378	402	1,220	1,160
Bank owned life insurance income	148	162	1,245	478
Gains from sales of mortgage loans	195	46	243	377
Other operating income	42	37	173	121
TOTAL NON-INTEREST INCOME	2,317	2,176	7,449	6,517
NON INTERPRET EXPENSE				
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE:	2.522	2.270	7.270	7 100
Salaries and wages	2,522	2,378	7,370	7,102
Pension and other employee benefits	614	503	1,846	1,779
Equipment expenses	227	262	661	749
Occupancy expense, net	456	418	1,421	1,280
State franchise tax	176	152	537	470
Marketing	124	112	335	353
Intangible amortization	27	28	81	83
FDIC insurance premiums	269	317	716	926
Write-off of pension asset	-	-	-	722

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Other non-interest expense	1,447	1,024	3,955	3,414
TOTAL NON-INTEREST EXPENSE	5,862	5,194	16,922	16,878
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	2,569	2,631	8,769	6,994
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	580	588	1,816	1,548
NET INCOME	1,989	2,043	6,953	5,446
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDENDS AND DISCOUNT				
ACCRETION	-	206	-	514
NET INCOME AVAILABLE TOCOMMON				
SHAREHOLDERS	\$1,989	1,837	6,953	4,932
Dividends declared per common share	\$0.16	0.16	0.48	0.48
Earnings per common share:				
Basic	\$0.30	0.27	1.04	0.74
Diluted	0.30	0.27	1.03	0.74
Average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	6,687,232	6,687,232	6,687,232	6,687,232
Diluted	6,740,884	6,707,746	6,737,965	6,693,032

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			onths Ended mber 30,
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net Income	\$1,989	2,043	6,953	5,446
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Net unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities (net of taxes of \$719 and \$1,194 for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$1,554 and \$1,440 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively)	1,396	2,310	3,017	2,795
Reclassification adjustment for net realized gain on sale of available-for-sale securities included in net income (net of taxes of \$17 and \$20 for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$61 and \$20 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively)	(31) (40)	(115) (40)
Reversal of pension plan unrecognized net loss (net of taxes of \$1,564)	-	-	-	3,037
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$3,354	4,313	9,855	11,238

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Common Shares Outstanding	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Surplus	Retained Earnings	Treasury Shares	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income S (Loss)	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance January 1, 2010 Net income	6,687,232	\$-	11,068	15,407	48,962 6,953	(11,737) 1,915	65,615 6,953
Net unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities, net of tax and reclassification					0,733		2.002	
adjustment Compensation expense relating to							2,902	2,902
stock options Common stock dividends, \$0.48 per				30	(0.010-)			30
share Balance September 30, 2010	6,687,232	\$-	11,068	15,437	(3,210) 52,705	(11,737) 4,817	(3,210) 72,290
Balance January 1, 2009	6,687,232	\$-	11,068	14,792	46,584	(11,737) (2,591)	58,116
Net income Issuance of preferred stock and related		10.017		502	5,446			5,446
warrants Net unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities, net of tax and reclassification		12,817		583				13,400
adjustment Reversal of pension plan unrecognized							2,755	2,755
net loss, net of tax Compensation expense relating to							3,037	3,037
stock options Preferred stock				23				23
dividends and discount accretion Common stock dividends, \$0.48 per		112			(514) (3,210)			(402) (3,210)

share

Balance September

30, 2009 6,687,232 \$12,929 11,068 15,398 48,306 (11,737) 3,201 79,165

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands) (unaudited)

			hs Ended ber 30, 2009	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net income	\$6,953		5,446	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows from operating activities-				
Depreciation, amortization, and accretion	2,007		1,734	
Provision for loan losses	987		970	
Increase in cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance	(453)	(478)
Bank owned life insurance death benefits in excess of cash surrender value	(792)	-	
Realized (gain) loss on sales of securities available-for-sale	(176)	(60)
Realized (gain) loss on sale of premises and equipment	16		(17)
Origination of mortgage loans for sale	(12,512)	(26,033)
Realized gains from sales of mortgage loans	(243)	(377)
Proceeds from sales of mortgage loans	12,624		26,151	
Compensation expense related to stock options	30		23	
Write-down of other real estate owned	389		-	
Increase (decrease) due to changes in assets and liabilities:				
Income receivable	(366)	(945)
Other assets	(81)	(1,139)
Other liabilities	111		2,414	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	8,494		7,689	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from sales of securities available-for-sale	12,591		210	
Proceeds from maturities and calls of investment securities				
Available-for-sale	46,839		46,421	
Held-to-maturity	3,989		235	
Purchases of investment securities				
Available-for-sale	(77,025)	(110,212)
Held-to-maturity	(3,435)	(10,447)
Purchase of Federal Reserve Bank stock	-		(3)
Proceeds from redemption of Federal Reserve Bank stock	1		-	
Net (increase) decrease in loans	1		(9,435)
Proceeds from bank owned life insurance death benefits	1,269		-	
Proceeds from sale of repossessed assets	137		72	
Purchases of premises and equipment	(919)	(1,263)
Proceeds from sales of premises and equipment	16		18	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(16,536)	(84,404)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Net increase (decrease) in deposits	48,216		61,459	
Net increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	(7,468)	(1,889)
Proceeds from long-term debt	-		21,000	

Principal payments on long-term debt	(1,493)	(691)
Proceeds from issuance of preferred stock	-		13,400	
Cash dividends paid on common stock	(3,210)	(3,210)
Cash dividends paid on preferred stock	-		(402)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	36,045		89,667	
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	28,003		12,952	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	12,626		18,020	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$40,629		30,972	
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:				
CASH PAID DURING THE YEAR FOR:				
Interest	\$6,385		7,813	
Income taxes	2,331		1,560	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Investment securities transferred from available-for-sale to held-to-maturity	-		1,944	
Transfer from loans to other real estate owned and repossessed assets	170		2,392	

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

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LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

Substantially all of the assets, liabilities and operations of LCNB Corp. ("LCNB") are attributable to its wholly-owned subsidiaries, LCNB National Bank (the "Bank") and Dakin Insurance Agency, Inc. ("Dakin"). The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of LCNB, the Bank, and Dakin.

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements, which have been reviewed by J.D. Cloud & Co. L.L.P., LCNB's independent registered public accounting firm, in accordance with standards established by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, as indicated by their report included herein and which does not express an opinion on those statements, have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements include all adjustments (consisting of normal, recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation of financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the interim periods, as required by Regulation S-X, Rule 10-01.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2010. These unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements, accounting policies, and financial notes thereto included in LCNB's 2009 Form 10-K filed with the SEC.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

Note 2 - Investment Securities

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of available-for-sale investment securities at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2010			
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury notes	\$20,308	355	-	20,663
U.S. Agency notes	55,675	472	2	56,145
U.S. Agency mortgage-backed securities	38,759	1,737	-	40,496
Corporate securities	9,546	118	-	9,664
Municipal securities:				
Non-taxable	71,240	4,136	2	75,374
Taxable	18,262	733	6	18,989
Other debt securities	556	14	-	570
Trust preferred securities	549	62	1	610
Equity securities	313	13	4	322
	\$215,208	7,640	15	222,833

	December 31, 2009			
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury notes	\$13,288	49	29	13,308
U.S. Agency notes	45,931	207	250	45,888
U.S. Agency mortgage-backed securities	48,650	1,093	119	49,624
Corporate securities	8,450	64	26	8,488
Municipal securities:				
Non-taxable	72,002	2,056	36	74,022
Taxable	9,127	176	2	9,301
Other debt securities	542	-	4	538
Trust preferred securities	298	46	-	344
Equity securities	62	3	-	65
	\$198,350	3,694	466	201,578

The fair value of held-to-maturity investment securities, consisting of non-taxable and taxable municipal securities, approximates amortized cost at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009.

Substantially all investment securities with gross unrealized losses at September 30, 2010 were in continuous loss positions of less than twelve months.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

Note 2 - Investment Securities (continued)

Management has determined that the unrealized losses at September 30, 2010 are primarily due to fluctuations in market interest rates and do not reflect credit quality deterioration of the securities. Because LCNB does not have the intent to sell the investments and it is more likely than not that LCNB will not be required to sell the investments before recovery of their amortized cost bases, which may be at maturity, LCNB does not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired.

Note 3 - Loans Major classifications of loans at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 are as follows (in thousands):

	Sep	otember 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
Commercial and industrial	\$	35,853	42,807
Commercial, secured by real estate		193,422	185,024
Residential real estate		194,703	193,293
Consumer		21,384	26,185
Agricultural		3,191	3,125
Other loans, including deposit overdrafts		9,415	9,422
		457,968	459,856
Deferred net origination costs		426	560
		458,394	460,416
Less allowance for loan losses		2,290	2,998
Loans, net	\$	456,104	457,418

Loans sold to and serviced for others are not included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The unpaid principal balances of those loans at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 were \$63,106,000 and \$57,369,000, respectively. Loans sold to the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 totaled \$9,958,000 and \$12,512,000, respectively, and \$2,481,000 and \$26,033,000 during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, respectively. The amount of mortgage loans sold during the third quarter 2010 and the nine-month period in 2009 is primarily due to an above average number of refinanced loans during those periods resulting from a general decline in market interest rates during the respective periods.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

Note 3 - Loans (continued)

Changes in the allowance for loan losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 were as follows (in thousands):

	Nine Month	ns Ended
	Septemb	er 30,
	2010	2009
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 2,998	2,468
Provision for loan losses	987	970
Charge-offs	(1,863)	(910)
Recoveries	168	271
Balance, end of period	\$ 2,290	2,799

Charge-offs for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 included a charge-off for one commercial real estate borrower totaling \$684,000, charge-offs for two other commercial real estate borrowers totaling \$228,000, and a charge-off on one commercial and industrial loan totaling \$281,000. Charge-offs for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 included charge-offs on three commercial real estate loans totaling \$352,000. The remaining charge-offs for both the 2010 and 2009 periods consisted primarily of residential second mortgage loans, consumer loans, and checking and NOW account overdrafts.

Non-accrual, past-due, and restructured loans as of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 were as follows (in thousands):

	Sep	otember 30 2010	, D	ecember 31 2009	1,
Non-accrual loans	\$	3,071		2,939	
Past-due 90 days or more and still accruing		174		924	
Restructured loans		9,439		7,173	
Total	\$	12,684		11,036	
Percent to total loans		2.77	%	2.40	%

Loans past-due 90 days or more and still accruing interest at September 30, 2010 were approximately \$750,000 less than the balance at December 31, 2009 largely due to the transfer of loans totaling \$618,000 at December 31, 2009 from this classification to non-accrual loans during 2010. Loans in this category at September 30, 2010 are primarily composed of consumer and residential mortgage loans.

The increase in restructured loans is due to two commercial real estate loans that were restructured during 2010, offset by the transfer of two loans totaling \$1,001,000 at December 31, 2009 from restructured to non-accrual.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

Note 3 - Loans (continued)

Non-accrual loans at September 30, 2010 were only \$132,000 greater than at December 31, 2009, despite the transfer of loans into the non-accrual category described above. This is primarily due to loan charge-offs recognized during 2010.

The following is a summary of information pertaining to loans considered to be impaired at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 (in thousands):

	Sep	otember 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
Impaired loans without a valuation allowance	\$	9,368	6,927
Impaired loans with a valuation allowance		2,824	3,249
Total impaired loans	\$	12,192	10,176
Valuation allowance related to impaired loans	\$	210	858

Note 4 – Other Real Estate Owned

Other real estate owned includes property acquired through foreclosure or deed-in-lieu of foreclosure and also includes property deemed to be in-substance foreclosed and are included in "other assets" in the consolidated balance sheets. Changes in other real estate owned for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 were as follows (in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended				
	September 30,				
			2009		
Balance, beginning of period	\$	2,424		39	
Additions		104		2,385	
Reductions due to valuation write downs		(389)	-	
Balance, end of period	\$	2,139		2,424	

Additions for the 2010 period consisted of one single family residential home. Additions for the 2009 period consisted of two commercial real estate properties. Other real estate owned at September 30, 2010 consisted of two commercial properties and two single-family residential homes. Other real estate owned at September 30, 2009 consisted of two commercial properties and one single-family residential home.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

Note 5 – Borrowings

Funds borrowed from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Cincinnati at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Current Interest Rate		ptember 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
Fixed Rate Advances, due at maturity:				
Advance due February 2011	2.10	% \$	5,000	5,000
Advance due August 2012	1.99	%	6,000	6,000
Advance due March 2017	5.25	%	5,000	5,000
Fixed Rate Advances, with monthly principal and				
interest payments:				
Advance due March 2014	2.45	%	3,564	4,288
Advance due March 2019	2.82	%	3,903	4,672
		\$	23,467	24,960

All advances from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Cincinnati are secured by a blanket pledge of LCNB's 1-4 family first lien mortgage loans in the amount of approximately \$151 million and \$149 million at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. Additionally, LCNB was required to hold minimum levels of FHLB stock, based on the outstanding borrowings.

Short-term borrowings at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	September 30, 2010				Decemb	ber 31, 2009	
		Amount	Rate		Amount	Rate	
U.S. Treasury demand note	\$	306	-	% \$	457	-	%
Federal funds purchased		-	-	%	7,000	0.50	%
Line of credit		-	-	%	3,173	1.00	%
Repurchase agreements		6,491	0.40	%	3,635	0.40	%
-	\$	6,797	0.38	% \$	14,265	0.57	%

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

Note 6 - Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

LCNB is a party to financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit. They involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheets. Exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other parties to financial instruments for commitments to extend credit is represented by the contract amount of those instruments.

The Bounce Protection product is offered as a service and does not constitute a contract between the customer and LCNB.

LCNB uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance-sheet instruments. Financial instruments whose contract amounts represent off-balance-sheet credit risk at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 were as follows (in thousands):

	Sep	otember 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
Commitments to extend credit:	ф	0.505	10.000
Commercial loans	\$	9,797	10,020
Other loans			
Fixed rate		3,715	359
Adjustable rate		322	537
Unused lines of credit:			
Fixed rate		2,649	4,168
Adjustable rate		69,018	69,974
Unused overdraft protection amounts on demand and NOW accounts		10,062	10,205
Standby letters of credit		6,976	7,273
	\$	102,539	102,536

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Unused lines of credit include amounts not drawn in line of credit loans. Commitments to extend credit and unused lines of credit generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

Note 6 – Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (continued)

Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. At September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, outstanding guarantees of approximately \$1,446,000 and \$1,744,000, respectively, were issued to various types of businesses. These guarantees generally are fully secured and have varying maturities. In addition, LCNB has a participation in a letter of credit securing payment of principal and interest on a bond issue. The participation amount at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 was approximately \$5.5 million. The agreement has a final maturity date of July 15, 2012.

LCNB evaluates each customer's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary, is based on management's credit evaluation of the borrower. Collateral held varies, but may include stocks, bonds, depository accounts, property, plant and equipment, residential realty, and income-producing commercial properties.

Commitments for capital expenditures outstanding as of September 30, 2010 totaled approximately \$410,000.

Management believes that LCNB has sufficient liquidity to fund its lending and capital expenditure commitments.

LCNB and its subsidiaries are parties to various claims and proceedings arising in the normal course of business. Management, after consultation with legal counsel, believes that the liabilities, if any, arising from such proceedings and claims will not be material to the consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Note 7 – Regulatory Capital

On January 9, 2009, LCNB received \$13.4 million of new equity capital from the U.S. Department of the Treasury's Capital Purchase Program (the "CPP") established under the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008. The investment by the Treasury Department was comprised of \$13.4 million in preferred shares, with a warrant to purchase 217,063 common shares of LCNB at an exercise price of \$9.26, with a term of ten years. The preferred shares were scheduled to pay a dividend of 5% per year for the first five years and 9% thereafter. Participation in the CPP was voluntary and participating institutions were required to comply with a number of restrictions and provisions, including, but not limited to, restrictions on compensation of certain executive officers and limitations on stock repurchase activities and dividend payments.

On October 21, 2009, LCNB entered into a repurchase agreement with the Treasury Department pursuant to which it redeemed all 13,400 shares of its preferred shares. In connection with this redemption, LCNB paid approximately \$13.5 million to the Treasury Department, which included the original investment amount of \$13.4 million plus accrued and unpaid dividends of approximately \$123,000.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

Note 7 – Regulatory Capital (continued)

LCNB did not repurchase the warrant issued to the Treasury Department as part of the CPP. Pursuant to the terms of the repurchase agreement, the warrant has been cancelled and LCNB has issued a substitute warrant to the Treasury Department with the same terms as the original warrant, except that Section 13(H) of the original warrant, which related to the reduction of shares subject to the warrant in the event that LCNB raised \$13.4 million in a qualified stock offering prior to December 31, 2009, has been removed. The substitute warrant remains outstanding at September 30, 2010.

On April 20, 2010, LCNB obtained shareholder approval to increase the number of authorized common shares from 8,000,000 to 12,000,000.

The Bank and LCNB are required by regulators to meet certain minimum levels of capital adequacy. These are expressed in the form of certain ratios. Capital is separated into Tier 1 capital (essentially shareholders' equity less goodwill and other intangibles) and Tier 2 capital (essentially the allowance for loan losses limited to 1.25% of risk-weighted assets). The first two ratios, which are based on the degree of credit risk in LCNB's assets, provide for weighting assets based on assigned risk factors and include off-balance sheet items such as loan commitments and stand-by letters of credit. The ratio of Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets must be at least 4.0% and the ratio of Total capital (Tier 1 capital plus Tier 2 capital) to risk-weighted assets must be at least 8.0%. The capital leverage ratio supplements the risk-based capital guidelines. Banks are required to maintain a minimum ratio of Tier 1 capital to adjusted quarterly average total assets of 3.0%.

For various regulatory purposes, financial institutions are classified into categories based upon capital adequacy. The highest "well-capitalized" category requires capital ratios of at least 10% for total risk-based, 6% for Tier 1 risk-based, and 5% for leverage. As of the most recent notification from their regulators, the Bank and LCNB were categorized as "well-capitalized" under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. Management believes that no conditions or events have occurred since the last notification that would change the Bank's or LCNB's category.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

Note 7 – Regulatory Capital (continued)

A summary of the regulatory capital and capital ratios of LCNB follows (dollars in thousands):

	Sep	At otember 30 2010),	At December 31 2009	
Regulatory Capital:	ф	72 200		(5 (15	
Shareholders' equity	\$	72,290		65,615	
Goodwill and other intangibles		(6,431)	(6,507)
Accumulated other comprehensive (income) loss		(4,817)	(1,915)
Tier 1 risk-based capital		61,042		57,193	
•					
Eligible allowance for loan losses		2,290		2,998	
Total risk-based capital	\$	63,332		60,191	
Capital ratios:					
Total risk-based (required 8.00%)		13.31	%	12.68	%
Tier 1 risk-based (required 4.00%)		12.82	%	12.04	%
Leverage (required 3.00%)		7.99	%	7.77	%

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

Note 8 – Employee Benefits

LCNB has a noncontributory defined benefit retirement plan that covers substantially all regular full-time employees hired before January 1, 2009. Effective January 1, 2009, LCNB redesigned its noncontributory defined benefit retirement plan and merged its single-employer plan into a multiple-employer plan, which is accounted for as a multi-employer plan because assets contributed by an employer are not segregated in a separate account or restricted to provide benefits only to employees of that employer. Accordingly, the assets and obligations of the single-employer plan were transferred to the multiple-employer plan in January 2009. At that time, the pension plan related balance sheet accounts were adjusted resulting in an approximate \$3.0 million increase in other comprehensive income and a \$722,000 charge to non-interest expense in the consolidated statements of income. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2009 are not eligible to participate in this plan.

Effective February 1, 2009, LCNB amended the plan to reduce benefits for those whose age plus vesting service equaled less than 65 at that date. Also effective February 1, 2009, an enhanced Internal Revenue Code 401(k) plan (the "401(k) plan") was made available to those hired on or after January 1, 2009 and to those who received benefit reductions from the amendments to the noncontributory defined benefit retirement plan. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2009 receive a 50% employer match on their contributions into the 401(k) plan, up to a maximum LCNB contribution of 3% of each individual employee's annual compensation. Employees who received a benefit reduction under the retirement plan amendments receive an automatic contribution of 5% or 7% of annual compensation, depending on the sum of an employee's age and vesting service, into the 401(k) plan, regardless of the contributions made by the employees. This contribution is made annually and these employees do not receive any employer matches to their 401(k) contributions.

Funding and administrative costs of the qualified noncontributory defined benefit retirement plan and 401(k) plan charged to pension and other employee benefits in the consolidated statements of income for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 were as follows (in thousands):

		hree Months ptember 30,	For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Qualified noncontributory defined benefit retirement plan	\$71	7	192	124	
401(k) plan	76	58	229	170	

Effective February 1, 2009, LCNB established a nonqualified defined benefit retirement plan for certain highly compensated employees. The nonqualified plan ensures that participants receive the full amount of benefits to which they would have been entitled under the noncontributory defined benefit retirement plan in the absence of limits on benefit levels imposed by certain sections of the Internal Revenue Code.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

Note 8 – Employee Benefits (continued)

The components of net periodic pension cost of the nonqualified defined benefit retirement plan for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	Th	ree Months	S	Nine Months	
		Ended		Ended	
	Sej	otember 30	, ;	September 30),
		2010		2010	
Service cost	\$	44		131	
Interest cost		8		24	
Amortization of unrecognized prior service cost		12		36	
Amortization of unrecognized net gain		(1)	(1)
Net periodic pension cost	\$	63		190	

Note 9 - Stock Based Compensation

Under the Ownership Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), LCNB may grant stock-based awards to eligible employees. The awards may be in the form of stock options, share awards, and/or appreciation rights. The Plan provides for the issuance of up to 200,000 common shares.

Options granted to date vest ratably over a five year period and expire ten years after the date of grant. Stock options outstanding at September 30, 2010 were as follows:

		Outstanding Stock Option	ons	Exercisable S	Stock Options
Exercise Price Range	Number	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Number	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$9.00 - \$10.99	29,110	9.00	8.3	5,822	9.00
\$11.00 -	27,110	7.00	0.5	3,022	2.00
\$12.99	34,716	11.92	8.6	5,567	12.55
\$13.00 -					
\$14.99	11,056	13.09	2.3	11,056	13.00
\$17.00 -					
\$18.99	24,158	18.16	5.0	19,325	18.14
	99,040	12.71	6.9	41,770	14.78

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

Note 9 - Stock Based Compensation (continued)

The following table summarizes stock option activity for the periods indicated:

	Nine Months ended September 30,				
	20)10	20	009	
	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	
Outstanding, January 1,	78,242	\$ 13.04	49,132	\$ 15.43	
Granted	20,798	11.50	29,110	9.00	
Exercised	-	-	-	-	
Outstanding, September 30,	99,040	\$ 12.71	78,242	\$ 13.04	
Exercisable, September 30,	41,770	\$ 14.78	29,954	\$ 15.73	

The aggregate intrinsic value (the amount by which the current market value of the underlying stock exceeds the exercise price of the option) for options outstanding at September 30, 2010 that were "in the money" (market price greater than exercise price) was \$83,000. The aggregate intrinsic value at that date for only the options that were exercisable was \$16,000. The intrinsic value changes based on changes in the market value of LCNB's stock.

The estimated weighted-average fair value of the options granted in the first quarter of 2010 and 2009 were \$2.27 and \$1.89 per option, respectively. The fair value was estimated at the dates of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model and the following assumptions:

	2010		2009	
Risk-free interest rate	3.34	%	3.49	%
Average dividend yield	4.31	%	4.04	%
Volatility factor of the expected market price of LCNB's common				
stock	28.32	%	27.54	%
Average life in years	7.0		9.0	

Total expense related to options included in salaries and wages in the consolidated statements of income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 were \$11,000 and \$30,000, respectively, and \$9,000 and \$23,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, respectively.

A total of 2,511 restricted shares were granted in February 2010. These shares will vest in November 2010. Until they vest, they are restricted from sale, transfer, or assignment in accordance with the terms of the agreement under which they were issued. Compensation cost for restricted stock grants are calculated using the fair value of LCNB's common stock and the number of shares issued. No restricted shares were granted prior to February 2010.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

Note 10 - Earnings per Common Share

Basic earnings per common share is calculated by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share is adjusted for the dilutive effects of stock options, warrant, and restricted stock. The diluted average number of common shares outstanding has been increased for the assumed exercise of stock options, warrant, and restricted stock with proceeds used to purchase treasury shares at the average market price for the period. The computations were as follows for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 (dollars in thousands, except share and per share data):

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nin Ended Sept	ember 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Net income available to common shareholders	\$1,989	1,837	6,953	4,932	
Weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the					
calculation of basic earnings per common share	6,687,232	6,687,232	6,687,232	6,687,232	
Add dilutive effect of:					
Stock options	3,435	-	3,029	567	
Restricted stock	2,511	-	2,033	-	
Stock warrant	47,706	20,514	45,671	5,233	
Adjusted weighted average number of shares outstanding					
used in the calculation of diluted earnings per common share	6,740,884	6,707,746	6,737,965	6,693,032	
Basic earnings per common share	\$0.30	0.27	1.04	0.74	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$0.30	0.27	1.03	0.74	
20					

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

Note 11 - Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value are assigned to one of three broad levels:

- •Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the reporting date.
- Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs may include quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices (such as interest rates or yield curves) that are observable for the asset or liability, and inputs that are derived from or corroborated by observable market data.
 - Level 3 inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability.

The majority of LCNB's financial debt securities are classified as available-for-sale. The securities are reported at fair value with unrealized holding gains and losses reported net of income taxes in accumulated other comprehensive income.

LCNB utilizes a pricing service for determining the fair values of most of its investment securities. Fair value for U.S. Treasury notes and corporate securities are determined based on market quotations (level 1). Fair value for most of the other investment securities is calculated using the discounted cash flow method for each security. The discount rates for these cash flows are estimated by the pricing service using rates observed in the market (level 2). Cash flow streams are dependent on estimated prepayment speeds and the overall structure of the securities given existing market conditions. In addition, approximately \$570,000 is invested in a mutual fund. LCNB uses the fair value estimate provided by the mutual fund company, which uses market quotations when such quotes are available and good faith judgment when market quotations are not available. Because LCNB does not know the portion of the mutual fund valued using market quotations and the portion valued using good faith judgment, the entire investment in the mutual fund has been measured using level 3 inputs. Additionally, Dakin owns stock in an insurance company and LCNB Corp. owns trust preferred securities in various financial institutions and purchased a small portfolio of stock in non-financial companies during the third quarter 2010. Market quotations (level 1) are used to determine fair value for these investments. Dakin also owns stock in another insurance agency. A market does not exist for the other insurance agency's stock. This stock is considered to have level 3 inputs.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

Note 11 - Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

The following table summarizes the valuation of LCNB's available-for-sale securities by input levels as of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 (in thousands):

			Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical	Date Using Significant Other Observable	Significant Unobservable
		Fair Value	Assets	Inputs	Inputs
Sontombor 20, 2010	IV	leasurements	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
September 30, 2010					
Available-for-sale securities:	Φ	20.662	20.662		
U.S. Treasury notes	Þ	20,663	20,663	- 56 145	-
U.S. Agency most age, healted securities		56,145	-	56,145	-
U.S. Agency mortgage- backed securities		40,496 9,664	9,664	40,496	-
Corporate securities		9,004	9,004	-	-
Municipal securities:		75 274		75 274	
Non-taxable Taxable		75,374 18,989	-	75,374	-
Other debt securities		570	-	18,989	570
Trust preferred securities		610	610	-	370
Equity securities		322	299	-	23
Totals	Ф	222,833	31,236	191,004	593
Totals	Ф	222,033	31,230	191,004	393
December 31, 2009					
Available-for-sale securities:					
U.S. Treasury notes	\$	13,308	13,308	_	_
U.S. Agency notes	Ψ	45,888	-	45,888	_
U.S. Agency mortgage- backed securities		49,624	_	49,624	_
Corporate securities		8,488	8,488	-	_
Municipal securities:		0,100	0,100		
Non-taxable		74,022	_	74,022	_
Taxable		9,301	_	9,301	_
Other debt securities		538	_	-	538
Trust preferred securities		344	344	_	-
Equity securities		65	42	-	23
Totals	\$	201,578	22,182	178,835	561
	4	, 0	,- J _	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

Note 11- Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

The following table is a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances of recurring fair value measurements that use significant unobservable inputs (level 3) for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 (in thousands):

Total	Other Debt Securities	Equity Securities
\$ 561	538	23
-	-	-
14	14	-
18	18	-
\$ 593	570	23
\$	\$ 561 - 14	Total Securities \$ 561 538 - - 14 14 18 18

Assets that may be recorded at fair value on a nonrecurring basis include impaired loans, other real estate owned, and other repossessed assets. A loan is considered impaired when management believes it is probable that payment of interest and principal will not be made in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Impaired loans are carried at the present value of estimated future cash flows using the loan's existing rate or the fair value of collateral if the loan is collateral dependent and if this value is less than the loan balance. When the fair value of the collateral is based on an observable market price or current appraised value, the inputs are considered to be level 2. When an appraised value is not available and there is not an observable market price, the inputs are considered to be level 3.

Other real estate owned is adjusted to fair value upon transfer of the loan to foreclosed assets, usually based on an appraisal of the property. Subsequently, foreclosed assets are carried at the lower of carrying value or fair value. The inputs for a valuation based on current appraised value are considered to be level 2.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

Note 11 - Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

The following table summarizes the valuation of LCNB's assets measured on a nonrecurring basis by the input levels defined by the fair value hierarchy as of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 (000's):

			Fair Value Measurements at Reporting		
			Date Using		
			Quoted		
			Prices in		
			Active		
			Markets	Significant	
			for	Other	Significant
			Identical	Observable	Unobservable
	I	Fair Value	Assets	Inputs	Inputs
	Me	easurements	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
September 30, 2010					
Impaired loans	\$	2,614	-	331	2,283
Other real estate owned		2,139	51	2,088	-
Repossessed assets		19	-	-	19
Totals	\$	4,772	51	2,419	2,302
December 31, 2009					
Impaired loans	\$	2,391	-	-	2,391
Other real estate owned		2,424	-	2,424	-
Repossessed assets		46	-	-	46
Totals	\$	4,861	-	2,424	2,437

The other real estate owned portion classified as level 1 is based on an accepted purchase offer received on one of the single-family residential homes. This sale closed in October 2010.

Carrying amounts and estimated fair values of financial instruments as of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 were as follows (000's):

	September 30, 2010			er 31, 2009
	Carrying	D ' 17 1	Carrying	D ' 1/1
	Amount	Fair Value	Amount	Fair Value
FINANCIAL ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 40,629	40,629	12,626	12,626
Securities available-for-sale	222,833	222,833	201,578	201,578
Securities held-to-maturity	12,479	12,479	13,030	13,030
Federal Reserve Bank and Federal				
Home Loan Bank stock	3,030	3,030	3,031	3,031
Loans, net	456,104	467,533	457,418	467,226

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES:				
Deposits	672,395	675,337	624,179	627,536
Short-term borrowings	6,797	6,797	14,265	14,265
Long-term debt	23,467	24,610	24,960	26,266
-				

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

Note 11 - Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

The fair value of off-balance-sheet financial instruments at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 was not material.

Fair values of financial instruments are based on various assumptions, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. Therefore, the fair values presented may not represent amounts that could be realized in actual transactions. In addition, because the required disclosures exclude certain financial instruments and all nonfinancial instruments, any aggregation of the fair value amounts presented would not represent the underlying value of the Company. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of certain financial instruments:

Cash and cash equivalents

The carrying amounts presented are deemed to approximate fair value.

Investment securities

Fair values for securities, excluding Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal Reserve Bank stock, are based on quoted market prices, if available. If a quoted market price is not available, fair value is estimated using quoted market prices for similar securities and/or discounted cash flow analyses or other methods. The carrying value of Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal Reserve Bank stock approximates fair value based on the respective redemptive provisions.

Loans

Fair value is estimated by discounting the future cash flows using the current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining maturities, incorporating assumptions of current and projected prepayment speeds.

Deposits

The fair value of demand deposits, savings accounts, and certain money market deposits is the amount payable on demand at the reporting date. The fair value of fixed-maturity certificates of deposit is estimated using the rates currently offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities.

Borrowings

The carrying amounts of federal funds purchased, repurchase agreements, and U.S. Treasury demand note borrowings are deemed to approximate fair value of short-term borrowings. For long-term debt, fair values are estimated based on the discounted value of expected net cash flows using current interest rates.

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LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)
(Continued)

Note 12 – Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting Standards Update No. 2010-18, "Effect of a Loan Modification When the Loan is Part of a Pool That Is Accounted for as a Single Asset," was issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") in April 2010. This update applies to the modification of a loan or loans that are part of a pool that is accounted for in the aggregate under the terms of Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 310-30-15-6. As a result of the amendments in the update, modifications of loans that are accounted for within a pool do not result in the removal of the modified loans from the pool, even if the modification is considered a troubled debt restructuring. The amendments in the update are effective for modifications occurring in the first interim or annual period ending on or after July 15, 2010. LCNB does not currently account for any loans on a pooled basis and does not anticipate that adoption of this update will have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

Accounting Standards Update No. 2010-20, "Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses" was issued by the FASB in July 2010. The update significantly expands required disclosures for an entity's allowance for loan losses and the credit quality of its loan portfolio. For public entities, enhanced disclosures as of the end of the reporting period will be effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending on or after December 15, 2010. Enhanced disclosures about activity that occurs during a reporting period are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2010.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders LCNB Corp. and subsidiaries Lebanon, Ohio

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of LCNB Corp. and subsidiaries as of September 30, 2010, and the related consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income for each of the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010 and 2009. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet of LCNB Corp. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2009, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein), and in our report dated February 22, 2010, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2009, is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ J.D. Cloud & Co. L.L.P.

Cincinnati, Ohio November 8, 2010

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain matters disclosed herein may be deemed to be forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements are statements that include projections, predictions, expectations or beliefs about future events or results or otherwise are not statements of historical fact. Such statements are often characterized by the use of qualifying words and their derivatives such as "expects," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "plans," "projects other statements concerning opinions or judgments of LCNB and its management about future events. Factors that could influence the accuracy of such forward looking statements include, but are not limited to, regulatory policy changes, interest rate fluctuations, loan demand, loan delinquencies and losses, general economic conditions and other risks. Such forward-looking statements represent management's judgment as of the current date. Actual strategies and results in future time periods may differ materially from those currently expected. LCNB disclaims, however, any intent or obligation to update such forward-looking statements. LCNB intends such forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Results of Operations

LCNB's net income available to common shareholders was \$1,989,000 or \$0.30 basic and diluted earnings per common share and \$6,953,000 or \$1.04 basic earnings per share and \$1.03 diluted earnings per common share for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010, respectively. Net income available to common shareholders was \$1,837,000 or \$0.27 basic and diluted earnings per common share and \$4,932,000 or \$0.74 basic and diluted earnings per common share for the comparable periods in 2009. The increase in net income available to common shareholders for the nine-month comparative period resulted primarily from increases in net interest income and non-interest income. In addition, preferred stock dividends and discount accretion reduced net income available to common shareholders for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 by \$514,000. LCNB did not have these costs during 2010 because the preferred stock was redeemed from the U.S. Department of the Treasury in October 2009. The increase in net income available to common shareholders for the three-month comparative period resulted primarily from a decrease in the provision for loan losses, the absence of \$206,000 of preferred stock dividends and discount accretion recognized during the 2009 period, and increases in net interest income and non-interest income.

Net interest income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 increased \$69,000 and \$904,000, respectively, over the comparative periods in 2009 primarily due to growth in interest-earning assets and a reduction in general market rates. Non-interest income for the three and nine-month periods in 2010 was \$141,000 and \$932,000 greater than the comparative periods in 2009. The three-month period was greater primarily due to an increase in gains from sales of mortgage loans resulting from a greater volume of sales during the 2010 period. The nine-month period was greater primarily due to death benefits received from bank owned life insurance during the second quarter 2010 and an increase in gains from sales of investment securities.

Net loan charge-offs for the first nine months of 2010 and 2009 totaled \$1,695,000 and \$639,000, respectively. The increase in charge-offs was related to certain commercial loans.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

Non-accrual loans and loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest totaled \$3,245,000 or 0.71% of total loans at September 30, 2010, compared to \$3,863,000 or 0.84% of total loans at December 31, 2009. Other real estate owned (which includes property acquired through foreclosure or deed-in-lieu of foreclosure and also includes property deemed to be in-substance foreclosed) and other repossessed assets totaled approximately \$2,157,000 at September 30, 2010 and \$2,470,000 at December 31, 2009. The reduction was primarily due to valuation write-downs.

Net Interest Income

Three Months Ended September 30, 2010 vs. 2009.

LCNB's primary source of earnings is net interest income, which is the difference between earnings from loans and other investments and interest paid on deposits and other liabilities. The following table presents, for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, average balances for interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, the income or expense related to each item, and the resulting average yields earned or rates paid.

		Thi	ree Months	End	ed September	30,		
		2010			2009			
	Average	Interest	Average		Average	Interest	Averag	ge
	Outstanding	Earned/	Yield/		Outstanding	Earned/	Yield/	/
	Balance	Paid	Rate		Balance	Paid	Rate	
			(Dollars	s in	thousands)			
Loans (1)	\$458,952	6,738	5.82	%	\$457,372	\$6,884	5.97	%
Interest- bearing demand								
deposits	25,698	15	0.23	%	20,014	13	0.26	%
Federal Reserve Bank stock	939	-	-	%	940	-	-	%
Federal Home Loan Bank								
stock	2,091	24	4.55	%	2,091	26	4.93	%
Investment securities:								
Taxable	138,480	913	2.62	%	112,375	1,050	3.71	%
Non-taxable (2)	85,871	1,171	5.41	%	86,662	1,205	5.52	%
Total earnings assets	712,031	8,861	4.94	%	679,454	9,178	5.36	%
Non-earning assets	68,050				64,019			
Allowance for loan losses	(3,017)				(2,678)			
Total assets	\$777,064				\$740,795			
Interest-bearing deposits	\$574,853	1,902	1.31	%	\$548,512	2,278	1.65	%
Short-term borrowings	6,379	6	0.37	%	599	-	-	%
Long-term debt	23,584	173	2.91	%	23,929	177	2.93	%
Total interest-bearing liabilitie	s 604,816	2,081	1.37	%	573,040	2,455	1.70	%
Demand deposits	94,094				84,927			
Other liabilities	6,527				5,342			
Capital	71,627				77,486			
Total liabilities and capital	\$777,064				\$740,795			

Net interest rate spread (3)				3.57	%				3.66	%
Net interest income and net										
interest margin on a										
taxable-equivalent basis (4)			6,780	3.78	%		(\$6,723	3.93	%
Ratio of interest-earning assets										
to interest-bearing liabilities	117.73	%				118.57	%			

- (1) Includes nonaccrual loans, if any.
- (2) Income from tax-exempt securities is included in interest income on a taxable-equivalent basis. Interest income has been divided by a factor comprised of the complement of the incremental tax rate of 34%.
- (3) The net interest spread is the difference between the average rate on total interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities.
- (4) The net interest margin is the taxable-equivalent net interest income divided by average interest-earning assets.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

The following table presents the changes in taxable-equivalent basis interest income and expense for each major category of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and the amount of change attributable to volume and rate changes for the three months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to the same period in 2009. Changes not solely attributable to rate or volume have been allocated to volume and rate changes in proportion to the relationship of absolute dollar amounts of the changes in each.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2010 vs. 2009 Increase (decrease) due to:

Volume Rate Total (In thousands) Interest-earning Assets: \$ Loans 24 (170)(146)Interest-bearing demand 3 2) deposits (1 Federal Reserve Bank stock Federal Home Loan Bank stock (2 (2) Investment securities: Taxable 212 (349)) (137)Nontaxable (23 (11)(34 Total interest income 228 (545)) (317)

105

(3

C		,		,		
Total interest expense		102	(476)	(374)
Net interest income	\$	126	(69)	57	
Net interest income on a f	fully tax-	equivalent basis for the	he three months end	ded Septe	mber 30, 2010 tota	led \$6,
an increase of \$57,000 fro	m the co	mparable period in 2	009. Total interest	expense	decreased \$374,00	0, partia

)

(481

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(1

(376)

6

(4

The decrease in total interest income was due to a 42 basis point (one basis point equals 0.01%) decrease in the average rate earned on earning assets, partially offset by a \$32.6 million increase in average earning assets. The increase in interest earning assets was primarily due to a \$25.3 million increase in average investment securities and a \$5.7 million increase in interest-bearing demand deposits. The decrease in the average rate earned on earning assets was primarily due to general decreases in market interest rates.

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Interest-bearing Liabilities:

offset by a \$317,000 decrease in interest income.

Short-term borrowings

Long-term debt

Deposits

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

The decrease in total interest expense was primarily due to a 33 basis point decrease in the average rate paid, partially offset by a \$31.8 million increase in average interest-bearing liabilities. The decrease in the average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities was primarily due to general decreases in market interest rates. The increase in average interest-bearing liabilities was due to a \$26.3 million increase in average interest-bearing deposits and to a \$5.8 million increase in average short-term borrowings. Average short-term borrowings increased due to the introduction of a new repurchase agreement product during the fourth quarter 2009.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 vs. 2009.

The following table presents, for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, average balances for interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, the income or expense related to each item, and the resultant average yields earned or rates paid.

	Nine Months Ended September 30,							
		2010			-	2009		
	Average Outstanding Balance	Interest Earned/ Paid	Average Yield/ Rate		Average Outstanding Balance	Interest Earned/ Paid	Averag Yield Rate	
			(Dollars	in	thousands)			
Loans (1)	\$459,015	20,347	5.93	%	\$452,047	\$20,580	6.09	%
Interest-bearing demand	, ,	,			,	,		
deposits	22,649	40	0.24	%	21,107	41	0.26	%
Federal Reserve Bank stock	939	28	3.99	%	939	28	3.99	%
Federal Home Loan Bank								
stock	2,091	71	4.54	%	2,091	73	4.67	%
Investment securities:	,				,			
Taxable	125,551	2,727	2.90	%	106,067	3,183	4.01	%
Non-taxable (2)	85,184	3,582	5.62	%	76,217	3,226	5.66	%
Total earnings assets	695,429	26,795	5.15	%	658,468	27,131	5.51	%
Non-earning assets	67,471				60,313			
Allowance for loan losses	(3,013)				(2,555)			
Total assets	\$759,887				\$716,226			
Interest-bearing deposits	\$560,948	5,806	1.38	%	\$531,461	7,269	1.83	%
Short-term borrowings	6,558	19	0.39	%	718	-	-	%
Long-term debt	24,025	523	2.91	%	18,665	440	3.15	%
Total interest-bearing								
liabilities	591,531	6,348	1.43	%	550,844	7,709	1.87	%
Demand deposits	93,633				84,672			
Other liabilities	5,625				4,413			
Capital	69,098				76,297			
Total liabilities and capital	\$759,887				\$716,226			
Net interest rate spread (3)			3.72	%			3.64	%

Net interest income and net							
interest margin on a							
taxable-equivalent basis (4)		20,447	3.93	%	\$19,422	3.94	%
Ratio of interest-earning assets							
to interest-bearing liabilities	117.56	%		119.54	%		

- (1) Includes nonaccrual loans, if any. Income from tax-exempt loans is included in interest income on a tax-equivalent basis, using an incremental rate of 34%.
- (2) Income from tax-exempt securities is included in interest income on a taxable-equivalent basis. Interest income has been divided by a factor comprised of the complement of the incremental tax rate of 34%.
- (3) The net interest spread is the difference between the average rate on total interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities.
- (4) The net interest margin is the taxable-equivalent net interest income divided by average interest-earning assets.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

The following table presents the changes in taxable-equivalent basis interest income and expense for each major category of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and the amount of change attributable to volume and rate changes for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to the same period in 2009.

	Nine M	Ionths Ended September 3 Increase (decrease) du		vs. 2009	
	Volume	Rate (In thousands)		Total	
Interest-earning Assets:		(=== ==================================			
Loans	\$ 314	(547)	(233)
Interest-bearing demand					
deposits	3	(4)	(1)
Federal Reserve Bank stock	-	-		-	
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	-	(2)	(2)
Investment securities:					
Taxable	520	(976)	(456)
Nontaxable	377	(21)	356	
Total interest income	1,214	(1,550)	(336)
Interest-bearing Liabilities:					
Deposits	385	(1,848)	(1,463)
Short-term borrowings	-	19		19	
Long-term debt	119	(36)	83	
Total interest expense	504	(1,865)	(1,361)
Net interest income	\$ 710	315		1,025	

Net interest income on a fully tax-equivalent basis for the first nine months of 2010 totaled \$20,447,000, a \$1,025,000 increase from the first nine months of 2009. Total interest expense decreased \$1,361,000, partially offset by a \$336,000 decrease in total interest income.

The decrease in total interest income was primarily due to a 36 basis point decrease in the average rate earned on earning assets, partially offset by a \$37.0 million increase in average total earning assets. The increase in average earning assets was primarily due to a \$28.5 million increase in average investment securities and a \$7.0 million increase in average loans. The decrease in the average rate earned on earning assets was primarily due to general decreases in market interest rates.

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LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

The decrease in total interest expense was due primarily to a 44 basis point decrease in the average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities, partially offset by a \$40.7 million increase in average interest-bearing liabilities. The decrease in the average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities was primarily due to general decreases in market interest rates. The increase in average interest-bearing liabilities was due to a \$29.5 million increase in average interest-bearing deposits, a \$5.8 million increase in average short-term borrowings, and a \$5.4 million increase in average long-term debt. Average short-term borrowings increased due to the introduction of a new repurchase agreement product during the fourth quarter 2009. Average long-term debt increased due to additional borrowings from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Cincinnati during the first and third quarters of 2009.

Provision and Allowance For Loan Losses

The total provision for loan losses is determined based upon management's evaluation as to the amount needed to maintain the allowance for loan losses at a level considered appropriate in relation to the risk of losses inherent in the portfolio. In addition to historic charge-off percentages, factors taken into consideration to determine the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses include the nature, volume, and consistency of the loan portfolio, overall portfolio quality, a review of specific problem loans, and current economic conditions that may affect borrowers' ability to pay. The provision for loan losses for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$268,000 and \$664,000, respectively, and \$987,000 and \$970,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Charge-offs for the 2010 period included a charge-off for one commercial real estate borrower totaling \$684,000, charge-offs for two other commercial real estate borrowers totaling \$228,000, and a charge-off on one commercial and industrial loan totaling \$281,000. Charge-offs for the 2009 period included charge-offs on three commercial real estate loans totaling \$352,000. The allowance for loan losses at September 30, 2010 was \$509,000 less than at December 31, 2009 because a substantial portion of the 2010 charge-offs described above had previously been provided for and included in the allowance.

Non -Interest Income

Three Months Ended September 30, 2010 vs. 2009.

Non-interest income for the third quarter of 2010 was \$141,000 more than for the same period in 2009 primarily due to a \$149,000 increase in gains from sales of mortgage loans. Gains from sales of mortgage loans increased due to a higher volume of sales to the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation during the 2010 period. Loan sales during the third quarter 2010 totaled \$9,958,000 compared to \$2,481,000 in sales during the third quarter 2009. The increase in the amount of mortgage loans sold is primarily due to an increase in the number of loans being refinanced, reflecting historically low market interest rates for residential mortgage loans during the third quarter 2010.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 vs. 2009.

Non-interest income for the first nine months of 2010 was \$932,000 greater than for the same period in 2009 primarily due to a \$767,000 increase in bank owned life insurance income and a \$116,000 increase in net gains from sales of securities. The increase in bank owned life insurance income was due to death benefits received during the second quarter 2010.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

Despite the increase in gains from sales of mortgage loans during the third quarter 2010, total gains from sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 was \$134,000 less than for the comparable period in 2009. Loan sales for the first nine months of 2010 totaled \$12,512,000, compared to \$26,033,000 of loan sales for the first nine months of 2009.

Non-Interest Expense

Three Months Ended September 30, 2010 vs. 2009.

Total non-interest expense increased \$668,000 during the third quarter 2010 as compared to the third quarter 2009 primarily due to write-downs in other real estate owned properties totaling \$305,000, a \$144,000 increase in salaries and wages, and a \$111,000 increase in pension and other employee benefits.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 vs. 2009.

Total non-interest expense increased \$44,000 during the first nine months of 2010 as compared to the first nine months of 2009 primarily due to write-downs of other real estate owned properties totaling \$389,000, a \$268,000 increase in salaries and wages, and a \$141,000 increase in occupancy expense. Occupancy expense increased partially due to the opening of the new South Lebanon office in June 2009. These increases in non-interest expense were largely offset by the absence of an industry-wide FDIC special assessment of \$325,000 that LCNB recognized during the second quarter 2009 and the absence of a \$722,000 one-time pension plan related charge recognized in the first quarter 2009.

During the first quarter 2009, LCNB redesigned its retirement program to provide competitive benefits to employees and provide more predictable and lower retirement plan costs over the long term. Retirement plan changes include an enhanced 401(k) plan, reduced pension plan benefits for employees whose age and vesting service do not meet certain thresholds, and merging LCNB's single-employer pension plan into a multiple-employer plan. At the time the single-employer pension plan was merged into the multiple-employer plan, pension plan related balance sheet accounts were adjusted, resulting in an approximate \$3.0 million after-tax increase in other comprehensive income and a \$722,000 charge to non-interest expense (\$477,000 on an after-tax basis).

Income Taxes

LCNB's effective tax rates for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 were 20.7% and 22.1%, respectively. The difference between the statutory rate of 34.0% and the effective tax rate is primarily due to tax-exempt interest income from municipal securities and tax-exempt earnings from bank owned life insurance.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

Financial Condition

Total assets at September 30, 2010 were \$47.5 million greater than at December 31, 2009. The growth in total assets was funded by a \$48.2 million increase in total deposits. Much of the deposit growth was placed in cash and cash equivalents and in LCNB's investment securities portfolio. Cash and cash equivalents increased \$28.0 million and investment securities increased \$20.7 million.

Total deposits were greater at September 30, 2010 largely due to a \$27.7 million increase in public fund deposits by local government entities. Public fund deposits can be relatively volatile due to seasonal tax collections and the financial needs of the local entities. LCNB believes that much of the increase at September 30, 2010 was due to seasonal property tax receipts and other tax receipts. The remaining deposit growth resulted from increases in demand deposit, NOW, money fund deposit, and savings account product balances, while time deposits (not including public fund time deposits) decreased by \$1.9 million during this time period.

Net loans at September 30, 2010 were \$1,314,000 less than at December 31, 2009. This decrease was comprised of a \$2,022,000 decrease in total loans resulting in part from charge-offs incurred during the period, partially offset by a \$708,000 net decrease in the allowance for loan losses. Commercial and industrial loans decreased \$6,954,000 and consumer loans decreased \$4,801,000. These decreases were partially offset by an increase of \$8,398,000 in commercial real estate loans and an increase of \$1,410,000 in residential real estate loans. In addition to the increase in residential real estate loans held in LCNB's loan portfolio, another \$12,512,000 of residential real estate loans were originated and sold to the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation during the first nine months of 2010. Consumer loans decreased primarily due to weak demand. Commercial real estate loans increased due to new originations, including refinancings of loans originally held by other lenders, and draws on construction projects.

The investment securities portfolio at September 30, 2010 was \$20.7 million greater than at December 31, 2009. Most of the growth was in U.S. Treasury notes, U.S. Agency notes, and taxable municipal securities. These three categories increased by a combined total of \$27.3 million. These increases were partially offset by a \$9.1 million decrease in U.S. Agency mortgage-backed securities.

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LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

Liquidity

LCNB depends on dividends from its subsidiaries for the majority of its liquid assets, including the cash needed to pay dividends to its shareholders. National banking law limits the amount of dividends the Bank may pay to the sum of retained net income, as defined, for the current year plus retained net income for the previous two years. Prior approval from the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the Bank's primary regulator, would be necessary for the Bank to pay dividends in excess of this amount. In addition, dividend payments may not reduce capital levels below minimum regulatory guidelines. Management believes the Bank will be able to pay anticipated dividends to LCNB without needing to request approval.

Liquidity is the ability to have funds available at all times to meet the commitments of LCNB. Asset liquidity is provided by cash and assets which are readily marketable or pledgeable or which will mature in the near future. Liquid assets include cash and cash equivalents and securities available for sale. At September 30, 2010, LCNB's liquid assets amounted to \$263.5 million or 33.7% of total assets, an increase from \$214.2 million or 29.2% of total assets at December 31, 2009. Most of this growth was due to growth in cash and cash equivalents and securities available for sale.

Liquidity is also provided by access to core funding sources, primarily core depositors in the bank's market area. Approximately 77.0% of total deposits at September 30, 2010 were "core" deposits, compared to 79.8% of deposits at December 31, 2009. Core deposits, for this purpose, are defined as total deposits less public funds and certificates of deposit greater than \$100,000. The percentage of core deposits to total deposits decreased because of the growth in public fund deposits discussed above in relation to total growth in deposits.

Secondary sources of liquidity include LCNB's ability to sell loan participations, borrow funds from the Federal Home Loan Bank, purchase federal funds, issue repurchase agreements, or use a line of credit established with another bank.

Management closely monitors the level of liquid assets available to meet ongoing funding needs. It is management's intent to maintain adequate liquidity so that sufficient funds are readily available at a reasonable cost. LCNB experienced no liquidity or operational problems as a result of the current liquidity levels.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting Standards Update No. 2010-18, "Effect of a Loan Modification When the Loan is Part of a Pool That Is Accounted for as a Single Asset," was issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") in April 2010. This update applies to the modification of a loan or loans that are part of a pool that is accounted for in the aggregate under the terms of Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 310-30-15-6. As a result of the amendments in the update, modifications of loans that are accounted for within a pool do not result in the removal of the modified loans from the pool, even if the modification is considered a troubled debt restructuring. The amendments in the update are effective for modifications occurring in the first interim or annual period ending on or after July 15, 2010. LCNB does not currently account for any loans on a pooled basis and does not anticipate that adoption of this update will have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

Accounting Standards Update No. 2010-20, "Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses" was issued by the FASB in July 2010. The update significantly expands required disclosures for an entity's allowance for loan losses and the credit quality of its loan portfolio. For public entities, enhanced disclosures as of the end of the reporting period will be effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending on or after December 15, 2010. Enhanced disclosures about activity that occurs during a reporting period are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2010.

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risks

Market risk for LCNB is primarily interest rate risk. LCNB attempts to mitigate this risk through asset/liability management strategies designed to decrease the vulnerability of its earnings to material and prolonged changes in interest rates. LCNB does not use derivatives such as interest rate swaps, caps, or floors to hedge this risk. LCNB has not entered into any market risk instruments for trading purposes.

The Bank's Asset and Liability Management Committee ("ALCO") primarily uses a combination of Interest Rate Sensitivity Analysis ("IRSA") and Economic Value of Equity ("EVE") analysis for measuring and managing interest rate risk. IRSA is used to estimate the effect on net interest income during a one-year period of instantaneous and sustained movements in interest rates, also called interest rate shocks, of 100, 200, and 300 basis points. Management considers the results of the down 300 basis points scenario to not be meaningful in the current interest rate environment. The base projection uses a current interest rate scenario. As shown below, the September 30, 2010 IRSA indicates that an increase in interest rates would have a positive effect on net interest income ("NII"), and a decrease in rates would have a negative effect on NII. The changes in NII for all rate assumptions are within LCNB's acceptable ranges.

Rate Shock Scenario in Basis Points	Amount	\$ Change in NII (Dollars in thousands)	% Change i	in
Up 300	\$ 54,027	1,653	3.16	%
Up 200	53,392	1,018	1.94	%
Up 100	52,768	394	0.75	%
Base	52,374	-	-	%
Down 100	52,023	(351)	-0.67	%
Down 200	51,841	(533)	-1.02	%

IRSA shows the effect on NII during a one-year period only. A more long-range model is the EVE analysis, which shows the estimated present value of future cash inflows from interest-earning assets less the present value of future cash outflows for interest-bearing liabilities for the same rate shocks. As shown below, the September 30, 2010 EVE analysis indicates that an increase in interest rates would have a negative effect on the EVE and a decrease in rates would have a positive effect on the EVE. The changes in EVE for all rate assumptions are within LCNB's acceptable ranges.

Rate Shock Scenario in Basis Points	Amount	\$ Change in EVE	% Change in EVE	n
Rate Shock Scenario in Dasis Folits	Amount	(Dollars in thousands)	EVE	
Up 300	\$ 67,225	(16,931)	-20.12	%
Up 200	73,533	(10,623)	-12.62	%
Up 100	78,905	(5,251)	-6.24	%
Base	84,156	-	-	%
Down 100	88,788	4,632	5.50	%
Down 200	94,157	10,001	11.88	%

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LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risks (continued)

The IRSA and EVE simulations discussed above are not projections of future income or equity and should not be relied on as being indicative of future operating results. Assumptions used, including the nature and timing of interest rate levels, yield curve shape, prepayments on loans and securities, deposit decay rates, pricing decisions on loans and deposits, and reinvestment or replacement of asset and liability cash flows, are inherently uncertain and, as a result, the models cannot precisely measure future net interest income or equity. Furthermore, the models do not reflect actions that borrowers, depositors, and management may take in response to changing economic conditions and interest rate levels.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

- a) Disclosure controls and procedures. The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer have carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of LCNB's disclosure controls and procedures that ensure that information relating to LCNB required to be disclosed by LCNB in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to LCNB's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, in order to allow timely decisions to be made regarding required disclosures. Based upon this evaluation, these officers have concluded, that as of September 30, 2010, LCNB's disclosure controls and procedures were effective.
- b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting. During the period covered by this report, there were no changes in LCNB's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, LCNB's internal control over financial reporting.

Item 4T. Controls and Procedures

Not applicable; the registrant is an accelerated filer.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Not applicable

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Act") was signed into law by President Barack Obama on July 21, 2010. The Act includes provisions that will specifically affect financial institutions and other entities providing financial services and other corporate governance and compensation provisions that will affect most public companies.

The Act establishes a new independent regulatory body within the Federal Reserve System that will be known as the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection (the "Bureau"). The Bureau will assume responsibility for most consumer protection laws and will have broad authority, with certain exceptions, to regulate financial products offered by banks and non-banks. The Bureau will have authority to supervise, examine, and take enforcement actions with respect to depository institutions with more than \$10 billion in assets, non-bank mortgage industry participants, and other Bureau-designated non-bank providers of consumer financial services. The primary regulator for depository institutions with \$10 billion or less in assets will continue to have primary examination and enforcement authority for these institutions. The regulations enforced, however, will be the regulations written by the Bureau. The nature or impact of regulations to be written by the Bureau cannot be predicted at this time.

The Act directs federal bank regulators to develop new capital requirements for holding companies and depository institutions that address activities that pose risk to the financial system, such as significant activities in higher risk areas, or concentrations in assets whose reported values are based on models. The exact nature of the new capital requirements to be developed or their impact on LCNB cannot be predicted at this time.

The Act permanently raises the FDIC maximum deposit insurance amount to \$250,000. The maximum amount had been temporarily set at \$250,000 beginning October 3, 2008 and effective until December 31, 2013, as extended, when it would have reverted back to \$100,000. The increase is retroactive to apply to any depositors of financial institutions for which the FDIC had been appointed as receiver or conservator between January 1 and October 3, 2008. In addition, the Act places a floor on the FDIC's reserve ratio at 1.35% of estimated insured deposits or the comparable percentage of the assessment base. The higher insurance amount and reserve ratio floor will most likely impact future insurance premiums to be paid by LCNB and other insured depository institutions.

General corporate governance provisions included in the Act include expanded executive compensation disclosures that are included in the annual proxy statement, requiring non-binding shareholder advisory votes on executive compensation at annual meetings, enhanced independence requirements for compensation committee members and any advisors used by the compensation committee, and requiring the adoption of certain compensation policies including the recovery of executive compensation in the event of a financial statement restatement.

The Act contains many other provisions, the impact of which cannot be determined at this time.

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LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

During the period of this report, LCNB did not sell any of its securities that were not registered under the Securities Act.

During the period covered by this report, LCNB did not purchase any shares of its equity securities.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable

Item 4. (Removed and Reserved)

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable

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LCNB CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Exhibit Description
3.1	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of LCNB Corp., as amended – incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2010, Exhibit 3.1.
3.2	Code of Regulations of LCNB Corp. – incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2005, Exhibit 3(ii).
4.1	Warrant to Purchase Shares of Common Stock of the Registrant, dated January 9, 2009 – incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 9, 2009, Exhibit 4.1.
4.2	Letter Agreement, dated as of January 9, 2009 between the Registrant and the U.S. Department of the Treasury, which includes the Securities Purchase Agreement – Standard Terms – incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 9, 2009, Exhibit 10.1.
4.3	Substitute Warrant to Purchase Shares of Common Stock of the Registrant, dated January 9, 2009 - incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2009, Exhibit 4.3.
4.4	Repurchase Letter Agreement, dated as of October 21, 2009 between the Registrant and the U.S. Department of the Treasury – incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 21, 2009, Exhibit 10.1.
10.1	LCNB Corp. Ownership Incentive Plan – incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form DEF 14A Proxy Statement pursuant to Section 14(a), dated March 15, 2002, Exhibit A (000-26121).
10.2	Form of Option Grant Agreement under the LCNB Corp. Ownership Incentive Plan – incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, Exhibit 10.2.
10.3	Letter Agreement, dated as of January 9, 2009 between the Registrant and the U.S. Department of the Treasury, which includes the Securities Purchase Agreement – Standard Terms – incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 9, 2009, Exhibit 10.1.
10.4	Nonqualified Executive Retirement Plan – incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2009, Exhibit 10.4.

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Exhibit No.	Exhibit Description
10.5	Repurchase Letter Agreement, dated as of October 21, 2009 between the Registrant and the U.S. Department of the Treasury – incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 21, 2009, Exhibit 10.1.
10.6	Restricted Stock Grant Agreement, dated as of February 22, 2010, between the Registrant and Stephen P. Wilson – incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2010, Exhibit 10.6.
<u>31.1</u>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
<u>32</u>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

LCNB Corp.

November 8, 2010 /s/ Stephen P. Wilson

Stephen P. Wilson, Chief Executive Officer

and

Chairman of the Board of Directors

November 8, 2010 /s/ Robert C. Haines, II

Robert C. Haines, II, Executive Vice President

and Chief Financial Officer