DEVRY INC Form 10-Q November 09, 2006

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

#### Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

# RQUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: September 30, 2006

OR

# £TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number: 1-13988

#### DeVry Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

#### **DELAWARE**

36-3150143

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

# ONE TOWER LANE, SUITE 1000, OAKBROOK TERRACE, ILLINOIS

**60181** (*Zip Code*)

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number; including area code: (630) 571-7700

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes R No £

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer R

Accelerated Filer £

Non-Accelerated Filer £

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes £ No R

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:
October 31, 2006 — 70,834,287 shares of Common Stock, \$0.01 par value

## **DEVRY INC.**

# FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

			Page No.
		<b>PART I - Financial Information</b>	
Item 1	_	Financial Statements (Unaudited)	
		Consolidated Balance Sheets at September 30, 2006, June 30,	
		2006 and September 30, 2005	3
		Consolidated Statements of Income for the three months	
		ended September 30, 2006 and September 30, 2005	4
		Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months	
		ended September 30, 2006 and September 30, 2005	5
		Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	6
Item 2	_	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditio	<u>n</u>
		and Results of Operations	16
Item 3	_	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	24
Item 4	_	Controls and Procedures	25
		PART II - Other Information	
Item 1	_	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	26
Item 1A	_	Risk Factors	27
Item 2	_	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	27
Item 6	_	<u>Exhibits</u>	27
<u>Signatures</u>			28
2			

## Table of Contents

# <u>PART I -</u>

# **Financial Information DEVRY INC.**

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

	Sep	tember 30, 2006		June 30, 2006	-	tember 30, 2005
Current Assets:		(Dollars in thousands)				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	168,646	\$	130,583	\$	119,829
Restricted Cash	Ф	30,198	Ф	20,632	Ф	26,217
Accounts Receivable, Net		76,803		46,567		83,585
Inventories		129		133		95
Deferred Income Taxes, Net		15,485		13,700		17,142
Prepaid Expenses and Other		22,463		16,458		16,478
Total Current Assets		313,724		228,073		263,346
Land, Buildings and Equipment:		313,724		220,073		203,340
Land		61,642		67,756		68,015
Buildings		209,668		222,059		222,479
Equipment		248,476		245,360		237,620
Construction In Progress		12,278		9,057		4,105
Construction in Frogress		532,064		544,232		532,219
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		(274,823)		(271,306)		(249,966)
Land, Buildings and Equipment, Net		257,241		272,926		282,253
Other Assets:		237,241		272,920		202,233
Intangible Assets, Net		61,955		63,762		71,118
Goodwill		291,113		291,113		291,308
Perkins Program Fund, Net		13,450		13,450		13,290
Other Assets		2,639		3,158		4,481
Total Other Assets		369,157		371,483		380,197
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	940,122	\$	872,482	\$	925,796
TOTAL ASSETS	φ	940,122	Ψ	072,402	Ψ	923,190
LIABILITIES:						
Current Liabilities:						
Current Portion of Debt	\$	75,000	\$	60,000	\$	50,000
Accounts Payable		34,313		39,677		24,154
Accrued Salaries, Wages and Benefits		34,917		35,600		30,784
Accrued Expenses		45,268		27,639		30,525
Advance Tuition Payments		18,699		16,584		15,664
Deferred Tuition Revenue		103,745		31,769		95,446
Total Current Liabilities		311,942		211,269		246,573
Other Liabilities:						
Revolving Loan		10,000			-	<u> </u>
Senior Notes		_	-	65,000		125,000
Deferred Income Taxes, Net		10,705		12,564		15,963
Accrued Postemployment Agreements		5,565		5,594		6,352
Deferred Rent and Other		14,519		13,448		12,613
Total Other Liabilities		40,789		96,606		159,928

TOTAL LIABILITIES	352,731	307,875	406,501
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:			
Common Stock, \$0.01 Par Value,			
200,000,000 Shares Authorized; 70,823,000; 70,757,000			
and 70,527,000 Shares Issued and Outstanding at			
September 30, 2006, June 30, 2006 and September 30,			
2005, Respectively	709	708	706
Additional Paid-in Capital	126,186	124,550	117,463
Retained Earnings	462,813	441,893	403,572
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	(423)	(424)	(69)
Treasury Stock, at Cost (91,927; 97,770 and 109,767			
Shares, Respectively)	(1,894)	(2,120)	(2,377)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	587,391	564,607	519,295
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS'			
EQUITY	\$ 940,122	\$ 872,482	\$ 925,796

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

#### **Table of Contents**

#### **DEVRY INC.**

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Dollars in Thousands Except Per Share Amounts) (Unaudited)

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2006 2005

	R	EX	Æ	NI	JES	•
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REVENUES:		
Tuition	\$ 202,633	\$ 183,053
Other Educational	16,582	13,308
Interest	1,438	419
Total Revenues	220,653	196,780
COSTS AND EXPENSES:		
Cost of Educational Services	120,304	111,709
Gain on Sale of Assets	(19,855)	_
Student Services and Administrative Expense	85,798	75,890
Interest Expense	2,169	2,655
Total Costs and Expenses	188,416	190,254
Income Before Income Taxes	32,237	6,526
Income Tax Provision	11,317	1,794
NET INCOME	\$ 20,920	\$ 4,732
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE:		
Basic	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.07
Diluted	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.07

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

#### **DEVRY INC.**

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2006 2005 (Dollars in Thousands)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	·			,
Net Income	\$	20,920	\$	4,732
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by				
Operating Activities:				
Stock-Based Compensation Charge		978		1,145
Depreciation		8,392		9,093
Amortization		2,200		2,701
Provision for Refunds and Uncollectible Accounts		13,308		11,264
Deferred Income Taxes		(3,652)		14
(Gain) Loss on Disposals of Land, Buildings and Equipment		(19,724)		10
Changes in Assets and Liabilities, Net of Effects from Acquisitions of				
Businesses:				
Restricted Cash		(9,566)		(12,279)
Accounts Receivable		(43,544)		(55,604)
Inventories		4		77
Prepaid Expenses and Other		(4,837)		(6,418)
Accounts Payable		(5,364)		(6,556)
Accrued Salaries, Wages, Benefits and Expenses		16,946		(7,281)
Advance Tuition Payments		2,115		941
Deferred Tuition Revenue		71,976		72,623
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		50,152		14,462
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Capital Expenditures		(7,761)		(4,564)
Net Proceeds from Sale of Land and Building		34,778		_
Payments for Purchases of Businesses, Net of Cash Acquired				(2,000)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)				
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		27,017		(6,564)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from Exercise of Stock Options		658		328
Proceeds from Stock Issued Under Employee Stock Purchase Plan		227		_
Excess Tax Benefit from Stock-Based Payments		8		42
Repayments Under Senior Notes		(40,000)		_
Repayments Under Revolving Credit Facility		_		(50,000)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(39,107)		(49,630)
Effects of Exchange Rate Differences			520	
Other Operating Expenses	4,577			4,885
TOTAL NON-INTEREST EXPENSE	38,032			38,579
Income before Income Taxes	26,641			20,948
Income Tax Expense	7,246			6,014

NET INCOME	\$	19,395	\$ 14,934
Basic Earnings per Share (1)	\$	0.85	\$ 0.68
Diluted Earnings per Share (1)	\$	0.85	\$ 0.68
Dividends per Share (1)	\$	0.26	\$ 0.24
(1) Per share data has been adjusted to reflect a 3-for-2 stock split	on April 2	1, 2017.	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

## GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (unaudited, dollars in thousands)

	Three Mo Ended June 30, 2017	onths 2016
NET INCOME	\$9,839	\$9,788
Other Comprehensive Income: Unrealized Gains on Securities Unrealized Holding Gain Arising During the Period Reclassification Adjustment for Losses (Gains) Included in Net Income Tax Effect Net of Tax	10,133 — (3,567 ) 6,566	6,134 (968 ) (1,812 ) 3,354
Total Other Comprehensive Income	6,566	3,354
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$16,405	\$13,142

	Six Mont June 30, 2017	hs Ended 2016
NET INCOME	\$19,395	\$14,934
Other Comprehensive Income: Unrealized Gains on Securities Unrealized Holding Gain Arising During the Period Reclassification Adjustment for Losses (Gains) Included in Net Income Tax Effect Net of Tax	16,312 — (5,748 ) 10,564	12,343 (968 ) (3,992 ) 7,383
Total Other Comprehensive Income	10,564	7,383
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$29,959	\$22,317

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited, dollars in thousands)

	Six Mont June 30,	ths Ended	l
	2017	2016	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2017	2010	
Net Income	\$19,395	\$14,934	4
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash from Operating Activities:	+ -> ,=>	7 - 1,5 -	
Net Amortization on Securities	1,669	1,884	
Depreciation and Amortization	2,317	2,227	
Loans Originated for Sale		(53,059	)
Proceeds from Sales of Loans Held-for-Sale	64,286	60,430	
Provision for Loan Losses	850	1,200	
Gain on Sale of Loans, net	(1,646	(1,603	)
Gain on Securities, net			)
Loss (Gain) on Sales of Other Real Estate and Repossessed Assets	(7	) 1	
Loss on Disposition and Donation of Premises and Equipment	2	5	
Increase in Cash Surrender Value of Company Owned Life Insurance	(759	) (502	)
Equity Based Compensation	637	528	
Change in Assets and Liabilities:			
Interest Receivable and Other Assets		5,736	
Interest Payable and Other Liabilities		) (2,307	)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	28,493	28,506	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Other Short-term Investments		(1,000	)
Proceeds from Maturity of Other Short-term Investments		248	,
Proceeds from Maturities, Calls, Redemptions of Securities Available-for-Sale	40,792	46,809	
Proceeds from Sales of Securities Available-for-Sale		105,339	)
Purchase of Securities Available-for-Sale	(56,941)	(91,368	
Proceeds from Maturities of Securities Held-to-Maturity		95	
Purchase of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock		(1,350	)
Purchase of Loans	(59		)
Loans Made to Customers, net of Payments Received		(74,838	)
Proceeds from Sales of Other Real Estate	190	869	
Property and Equipment Expenditures	(3,302)	(1,504	)
Acquisition of River Valley Bancorp		(793	)
Net Cash from Investing Activities	(62,617)	(21,981	)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Change in Deposits	13,909	45,673	
Change in Short-term Borrowings		) (24,888	. )
Advances in Long-term Debt	50,000		,
Repayments of Long-term Debt	•	(20,096	)
Issuance of Common Stock		) 54	,
Dividends Paid		(5,137	)
Net Cash from Financing Activities	13,345		)
N. C. I. C. I. C. I. F. I. I.	(20.770)	. 0 101	
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(20,779)	) 2,131	

Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	64,816 \$44,037	52,009 \$54,140
Cash Paid During the Period for Interest Income Taxes	\$4,913 7,239	\$3,901 5,133
Supplemental Non Cash Disclosures Loans Transferred to Other Real Estate Reclassification of Land to Other Assets	\$1,230 330	\$10 —

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017 (unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

#### NOTE 1 – Basis of Presentation

German American Bancorp, Inc. operates primarily in the banking industry. The accounting and reporting policies of German American Bancorp, Inc. and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Company") conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted. All adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the periods reported have been included in the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements, and all such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. It is suggested that these consolidated financial statements and notes be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. Certain items included in the prior period financial statements were reclassified to conform to the current presentation. There was no effect on net income or total shareholders' equity based on these reclassifications.

#### NOTE 2 - Common Stock Split

On March 27, 2017, the Company declared a 3-for-2 stock split on the Company's authorized and outstanding common shares. The stock split was distributed on April 21, 2017, to shareholders of record as of April 6, 2017. All share and per share data in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q relating to a date or period that precedes April 21, 2017 have been adjusted to retroactively reflect the stock split.

#### NOTE 3 – Per Share Data

The computation of Basic Earnings per Share and Diluted Earnings per Share are as follows:

Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 2016

Basic Earnings per Share:

 Net Income
 \$9,839 \$ 9,788

 Weighted Average Shares Outstanding (1)
 22,929,4226,884,028

 Basic Earnings per Share
 \$0.43 \$ 0.43

Diluted Earnings per Share:

Net Income \$9,839 \$ 9,788

Weighted Average Shares Outstanding (1) 22,929,4226,884,028
Potentially Dilutive Shares, Net — 1,801
Diluted Weighted Average Shares Outstanding (1) 22,929,4226,885,829
Diluted Earnings per Share \$0.43 \$ 0.43

For the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, there were no anti-dilutive shares.

<sup>(1)</sup> Share and per share data has been adjusted to reflect a 3-for-2 stock split on April 21, 2017.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

(unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

#### NOTE 3 - Per Share Data (continued)

	Six Months Ended June 30,
	2017 2016
Basic Earnings per Share:	
Net Income	\$19,395 \$ 14,934
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding (1)	22,919,0924,885,655
Basic Earnings per Share	\$0.85 \$ 0.68
Diluted Earnings per Share: Net Income	\$19,395 \$ 14,934
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding (1)	22,919,0924,885,655
Potentially Dilutive Shares, Net	<del></del>
Diluted Weighted Average Shares Outstanding (1)	22,919,0924,889,613
Diluted Earnings per Share	\$0.85 \$ 0.68
(1) Share and per share data has been adjusted to re	eflect a 3-for-2 stock split on April 21, 2017

Share and per share data has been adjusted to reflect a 3-for-2 stock split on April 21, 2017.

For the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, there were no anti-dilutive shares.

#### NOTE 4 – Securities

The amortized cost, unrealized gross gains and losses recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), and fair value of Securities Available-for-Sale at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, were as follows:

Securities Available-for-Sale:	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
June 30, 2017 Obligations of State and Political Subdivisions MBS/CMO - Residential Equity Securities Total	\$ 258,242 475,440 353 \$ 734,035	\$ 9,337 2,096 — \$ 11,433	(4,298 )	\$266,987 473,238 353 \$740,578
December 31, 2016 Obligations of State and Political Subdivisions MBS/CMO - Residential Equity Securities Total	\$ 247,350 471,852 353 \$ 719,555	\$ 3,847 480 — \$ 4,327	, ,	\$247,519 461,914 353 \$709,786

Equity securities that do not have readily determinable fair values are included in the above totals, are carried at historical cost and are evaluated for impairment on a periodic basis. All mortgage-backed securities in the above table are residential mortgage-backed securities and guaranteed by government sponsored entities.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

(unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

#### NOTE 4 - Securities (continued)

The amortized cost and fair value of securities at June 30, 2017 by contractual maturity are shown below. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because some issuers have the right to call or prepay certain obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. Mortgage-backed and Equity Securities are not due at a single maturity date and are shown separately in the table below.

Securities Available-for-Sale:	Amortized	ed Fair		
Securities Available-101-Sale.	Cost	Value		
Due in one year or less	\$2,282	\$2,303		
Due after one year through five years	22,311	23,357		
Due after five years through ten years	75,810	79,589		
Due after ten years	157,839	161,738		
MBS/CMO - Residential	475,440	473,238		
Equity Securities	353	353		
Total	\$734,035	\$740,578		

Proceeds from the Sales of Securities are summarized below:

Three Months Three Months

Ended Ended

June 30, 2017 June 30, 2016

Proceeds from Sales	\$	<b></b> \$ 42,364
Gross Gains on Sales		968
Income Taxes on Gross Gains		339
	Six	Circ Manualla
	Months	Six Months
	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,
	2017	2016
Proceeds from Sales	\$ -	\$ 105,339
Gross Gains on Sales		968
Income Taxes on Gross Gains		339

The carrying value of securities pledged to secure repurchase agreements, public and trust deposits, and for other purposes as required by law was \$174,047 and \$186,572 as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

Below is a summary of securities with unrealized losses as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, presented by length of time the securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position:

	Less than	12 Months	12 Month	s or More	Total	
Luna 20, 2017	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized
June 30, 2017	Value	Loss	Value	Loss	Value	Loss

Obligations of State and Political Subdivisions	\$35,898	\$ (592	_	\$	\$—		\$35,898	\$ (592	)
MBS/CMO - Residential	241,223	(3,198)	)	45,397	(1,100)	)	286,620	(4,298)	)
Equity Securities					_				
Total	\$277,121	\$ (3,790	)	\$45,397	\$ (1,100	)	\$322,518	\$ (4,890	)
	Less than	12 Months	3 1	12 Month	is or More		Total		
December 31, 2016	Fair	Unrealized	d I	Fair	Unrealize	d	Fair	Unrealize	ed
December 31, 2010	Value	Loss	7	Value	Loss		Value	Loss	
Obligations of State and Political Subdivisions	¢ 100 010	¢ (2, 679	١ ۵	Φ	¢		¢ 100 010	¢ (2 670	`
Obligations of State and Political Subdivisions		\$(3,678			\$— (1.626	,	\$108,918		
MBS/CMO - Residential	356,040	(8,782	) 4	47,271	(1,636	)	403,311	(10,418	)
Equity Securities		_	-		_		_	—	
Total	\$464,958	\$(12,460	) \$	\$47,271	\$ (1,636	)	\$512,229	\$(14,096	5)
11									

GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017 (unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - Securities (continued)

Securities are written down to fair value when a decline in fair value is not considered temporary. In estimating other-than-temporary losses, management considers many factors, including: (1) the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, (2) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, (3) whether the market decline was affected by macroeconomic conditions, and (4) whether the Company has the intent to sell the debt security or more likely than not will be required to sell the debt security before its anticipated recovery. The Company does not intend to sell or expect to be required to sell these securities, and the decline in fair value is largely due to changes in market interest rates. Therefore, the Company does not consider these securities to be other-than-temporarily impaired. All mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations (MBS/CMO - Residential) in the Company's portfolio are guaranteed by government sponsored entities, are investment grade, and are performing as expected.

The Company's equity securities consist of one non-controlling investment in a single banking organization at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. The original investment totaled \$1,350 and other-than-temporary impairment was previously recorded totaling \$997. When a decline in fair value below cost is deemed to be other-than-temporary, the unrealized loss must be recognized as a charge to earnings.

#### NOTE 5 – Derivatives

The Company executes interest rate swaps with commercial banking customers to facilitate their respective risk management strategies. The notional amounts of these interest rate swaps and the offsetting counterparty derivative instruments were \$84.5 million at June 30, 2017 and \$67.9 million at December 31, 2016. These interest rate swaps are simultaneously hedged by offsetting interest rate swaps that the Company executes with a third party, such that the Company minimizes its net risk exposure resulting from such transactions with approved, reputable, independent counterparties with substantially matching terms. The agreements are considered stand alone derivatives and changes in the fair value of derivatives are reported in earnings as non-interest income.

Credit risk arises from the possible inability of counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts. The Company's exposure is limited to the replacement value of the contracts rather than the notional, principal or contract amounts. There are provisions in the agreements with the counterparties that allow for certain unsecured credit exposure up to an agreed threshold. Exposures in excess of the agreed thresholds are collateralized. In addition, the Company minimizes credit risk through credit approvals, limits, and monitoring procedures.

The following table reflects the fair value hedges included in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of:

June 30, 2017 December 31, 2016

Notional Amount Fair Value Amount Fair Value

Included in Other Assets:

Interest Rate Swaps \$84,546 \$ 1,655 \$67,902 \$ 1,291

Included in Other Liabilities:

Interest Rate Swaps \$84,546 \$ 1,736 \$67,902 \$ 1,238

The following table presents the effect of derivative instruments on the Consolidated Statements of Income for the periods presented:

Three

Months Six Months
Ended Ended
June June 30,

30,

202016 2017 2016

Interest Rate Swaps:

Included in Other Operating Income \$\\$104 \\$348 \\$158

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

(unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

#### NOTE 6 – Loans

Loans were comprised of the following classifications at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Commercial:		
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	\$467,754	\$457,372
Commercial Real Estate Loans	870,100	856,094
Agricultural Loans	313,254	303,128
Retail:		
Home Equity Loans	141,377	133,575
Consumer Loans	61,185	59,945
Residential Mortgage Loans	181,477	183,290
Subtotal	2,035,147	1,993,404
Less: Unearned Income	(3,404)	(3,449)
Allowance for Loan Losses	(15,320)	(14,808)
Loans, Net	\$2,016,423	\$1,975,147

The following tables present the activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio class for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Commercial							
	and	Commercial	l Agricultural	Home	Consumar	Residential		
June 30, 2017	Industrial	Real Estate	Loans	Equity	Consumer Loans	Mortgage	Unallocated	Total
	Loans and	Loans	Loans	Loans	Loans	Loans		
	Leases							
Beginning Balance	\$ 3,612	\$ 5,696	\$ 4,361	\$ 299	\$ 244	\$ 348	\$ 606	\$15,166
Provision for Loan Losses	62	(259 )	468	16	54	19	(10 )	350
Recoveries	7	34	_	2	67	8	_	118
Loans Charged-off	(9)	(155)		(17)	(111 )	(22)		(314)
<b>Ending Balance</b>	\$ 3,672	\$ 5,316	\$ 4,829	\$ 300	\$ 254	\$ 353	\$ 596	\$15,320
	Commercial							
	Commercial and	Commercial	l, . , ,	Home	C	Residentia	I	
June 30, 2016	_		Agricultural		Consumer	Residentia Mortgage	l Unallocated	l Total
June 30, 2016	and	Commercia	l Agricultural Loans	Home Equity Loans	Consumer Loans	•		l Total
June 30, 2016	and Industrial	Commercial Real Estate	Agricultural	Equity		Mortgage		l Total
June 30, 2016  Beginning Balance	and Industrial Loans and	Commercial Real Estate	Agricultural	Equity		Mortgage		Total \$15,161
Beginning Balance Provision for Loan	and Industrial Loans and Leases \$ 4,346	Commercia Real Estate Loans	Agricultural Loans	Equity Loans	Loans	Mortgage Loans	Unallocated	
Beginning Balance Provision for Loan Losses	and Industrial Loans and Leases \$ 4,346 (180 )	Commercial Real Estate Loans \$ 6,463	Loans \$ 2,529	Equity Loans \$352	Loans \$ 230 66	Mortgage Loans \$ 531 196	Unallocated \$ 710	\$15,161 350
Beginning Balance Provision for Loan Losses Recoveries	and Industrial Loans and Leases \$ 4,346	Commercial Real Estate Loans \$ 6,463	Loans \$ 2,529	Equity Loans \$ 352 9 —	Loans \$ 230 66 43	Mortgage Loans \$ 531 196 4	Unallocated \$ 710	\$15,161 350 73
Beginning Balance Provision for Loan Losses	and Industrial Loans and Leases \$ 4,346 (180 )	Commercial Real Estate Loans \$ 6,463	Loans \$ 2,529	Equity Loans \$352	Loans \$ 230 66	Mortgage Loans \$ 531 196	Unallocated \$ 710	\$15,161 350

GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017 (unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

NOTE 6 - Loans (continued)

The following tables present the activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio class for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

June 30, 2017	Commercia and Industrial Loans and	l Commercia Real Estate Loans	l Agricultural Loans	Home Equity Loans	Consumer Loans	Residentia Mortgage Loans	l Unallocated	l Total
Beginning Balance Provision for Loan Losses	Leases \$ 3,725 (53 )	\$ 5,452 19	\$ 4,094 735	\$ 283 33	\$ 235 172	\$ 329 38	\$ 690 (94 )	\$14,808 850
Recoveries Loans Charged-off Ending Balance	9 (9 ) \$ 3,672 Commercia	39 (194 ) \$ 5,316	 \$ 4,829	2 (18) \$300	127 (280 ) \$ 254	35 (49 ) \$ 353	 \$ 596	212 (550) \$15,320
June 30, 2016	and Industrial Loans and Leases	Commercia Real Estate Loans	l Agricultural Loans	Home Equity Loans	Consumer Loans	Residentia Mortgage Loans	l Unallocated	l Total
Beginning Balance	\$ 4,242	\$ 6,342	\$ 2,115	\$ 383	\$ 230	\$ 414	\$ 712	\$14,438
Provision for Loan Losses	(75)	188	589	40	93	351	14	1,200
Recoveries Loans Charged-off Ending Balance	28 (5 ) \$ 4,190	3 — \$ 6,533	 \$ 2,704	1 (74) \$350	88 (169 ) \$ 242	9 (215 ) \$ 559	  \$ 726	129 (463 ) \$15,304

In determining the adequacy of the allowance for loan loss, general allocations are made for pools of loans, including non-classified loans, homogeneous portfolios of consumer and residential real estate loans, and loans within certain industry categories believed to present unique risk of loss. General allocations of the allowance are primarily made based on historical averages for loan losses for these portfolios, judgmentally adjusted for current economic factors and portfolio trends.

Loan impairment is reported when full repayment under the terms of the loan is not expected. This methodology is used for all loans, including loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality if such loans perform worse than what was expected at the time of acquisition. For purchased loans, the assessment is made at the time of acquisition as well as over the life of loan. If a loan is impaired, a portion of the allowance is allocated so that the loan is reported net, at the present value of estimated future cash flows using the loan's existing rate, or at the fair value of collateral if repayment is expected solely from the collateral. Commercial and industrial loans, commercial real estate loans, and agricultural loans are evaluated individually for impairment. Smaller balance homogeneous loans are evaluated for impairment in total. Such loans include real estate loans secured by one-to-four family residences and loans to individuals for household, family and other personal expenditures. Individually evaluated loans on non-accrual are generally considered impaired. Impaired loans, or portions thereof, are charged off when deemed uncollectible.

Specific allocations on impaired loans are determined by comparing the loan balance to the present value of expected cash flows or expected collateral proceeds. Allocations are also applied to categories of loans not considered individually impaired but for which the rate of loss is expected to be greater than historical averages, including non-performing consumer or residential real estate loans. Such allocations are based on past loss experience and information about specific borrower situations and estimated collateral values.

#### GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

(unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

#### NOTE 6 - Loans (continued)

The following tables present the balance in the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in loans by portfolio class and based on impairment method as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

June 30, 2017	Total	Commercia and Industrial Loans and Leases	ll Commercia Real Estate Loans	al Agricultura Loans	Home Equity Loans	Consume Loans	Residentia r Mortgage Loans	l Unallocated
Allowance for Loan								
Losses:								
Ending Allowance								
Balance Attributable to								
Loans:								
Individually Evaluated for	\$260	\$10	\$ 180	\$70	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$ —
Impairment Collectively Evaluated for								
Collectively Evaluated for Impairment	15,000	3,659	5,132	4,711	300	249	353	596
Acquired with								
Deteriorated Credit	60	3	4	48	_	5	_	_
Quality						_		
Total Ending Allowance	¢ 15 220	¢ 2.670	¢ 5 216	¢ 4.920	¢200	¢ 254	¢ 252	¢ 506
Balance	\$15,320	\$3,672	\$ 5,316	\$4,829	\$300	\$ 254	\$353	\$ 596
Loans:								
Loans Individually	\$1,413	\$ 187	\$836	\$ 390	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	n/m <sup>(2)</sup>
Evaluated for Impairment	, , -	,	,	,	,	'	,	
Loans Collectively	2,031,844	467,531	864,532	315,691	141,851	61,281	180,958	$n/m^{(2)}$
Evaluated for Impairment Loans Acquired with								
Deteriorated Credit	9,513	1,247	6,602	683	_	53	928	n/m <sup>(2)</sup>
Quality	7,515	1,477	0,002	003		55	/20	11/111
Total Ending Loans	Φ <b>2</b> 0.42 770	Φ 460 06 <b>7</b>	Φ 0 <b>71</b> 0 <b>7</b> 0	Φ 21 C 7 C 1	ф141.0 <b>5</b> 1	Φ.C1.22.4	Φ101 0CC	(2)
Balance <sup>(1)</sup>	\$2,042,770	\$ 468,965	\$ 871,970	\$ 316,764	\$141,851	\$61,334	\$181,886	n/m <sup>(2)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup>Total recorded investment in loans includes \$7,623 in accrued interest.

 $<sup>^{(2)}</sup>$ n/m = not meaningful

December 31, 2016	Total	Commercia and Industrial Loans and Leases	Al Commercia Real Estate Loans	al Agricultura Loans	Home Equity Loans	Consume: Loans	Residential Mortgage Loans	Unallocated
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Allowance for Loan

Losses:

Ending Allowance								
Balance Attributable to								
Loans:								
Individually Evaluated for	\$255	\$ 24	\$ 231	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$ —
Impairment	\$233	Φ 2 <del>4</del>	\$ 231	<b>5</b> —	Φ—	<b>5</b> —	<b>5</b> —	<b>5</b> —
Collectively Evaluated for	14,448	3,698	5,172	4,046	283	230	329	690
Impairment	14,446	3,096	3,172	4,040	203	230	329	090
Acquired with								
Deteriorated Credit	105	3	49	48	_	5	_	_
Quality								
Total Ending Allowance	\$14,808	\$3,725	\$ 5,452	\$4,094	\$283	\$ 235	\$329	\$ 690
Balance	Ψ14,000	Ψ 3,123	Ψ 3, τ32	Ψ +,02+	Ψ203	Ψ 233	Ψ327	ψ 070
Loans:								
Loans Individually	\$1,239	\$ 113	\$832	\$ 294	<b>\$</b> —	\$	<b>\$</b>	n/m <sup>(2)</sup>
Evaluated for Impairment	Ψ1,237	Ψ113	Ψ 032	Ψ 2 2 1	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	11/111
Loans Collectively	1,989,128	456,769	849,510	305,946	134,032	60,046	182,825	n/m <sup>(2)</sup>
Evaluated for Impairment	1,707,120	150,705	012,510	303,710	13 1,032	00,010	102,023	11/111
Loans Acquired with								
Deteriorated Credit	11,048	1,656	7,688	706	_	53	945	n/m <sup>(2)</sup>
Quality								
Total Ending Loans	\$2,001,415	\$ 458 538	\$858,030	\$ 306,946	\$134,032	\$ 60 099	\$183,770	n/m <sup>(2)</sup>
Balance <sup>(1)</sup>	Ψ2,001,413	Ψ 120,230	Ψ 020,030	φ 500,540	Ψ151,052	Ψ 00,0)	Ψ105,770	11/111

 $<sup>^{(1)}</sup>$  Total recorded investment in loans includes \$8,011 in accrued interest.  $^{(2)}$  n/m = not meaningful

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

(unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

#### NOTE 6 - Loans (continued)

The following tables present loans individually evaluated for impairment by class of loans as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

June 30, 2017	Unpaid Principal Balance <sup>(1)</sup>	Recorded Investment	
With No Related Allowance Recorded:			
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	\$ 196	\$ 139	\$ —
Commercial Real Estate Loans	838	450	_
Agricultural Loans	199	162	_
Subtotal	1,233	751	
With An Allowance Recorded:			
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	105	64	13
Commercial Real Estate Loans	800	791	184
Agricultural Loans	806	715	118
Subtotal	1,711	1,570	315
Total	\$ 2,944	\$ 2,321	\$ 315
Loans Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality With No Related Allowance Recorded (Included in the Total Above)	\$ 581	\$ 203	\$ —
Loans Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality With An Additional Allowance Recorded (Included in the Total Above)	\$ 844	\$ 705	\$ 55

<sup>(1)</sup> Unpaid Principal Balance is the remaining contractual payments gross of partial charge-offs and discounts.

December 31, 2016	Unpaid Principal Balance <sup>(1)</sup>	Recorded Investment	
With No Related Allowance Recorded:			
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	\$ 85	\$ 29	\$ —
Commercial Real Estate Loans	1,278	784	_
Agricultural Loans	356	294	_
Subtotal	1,719	1,107	_
With An Allowance Recorded:			
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	148	107	27
Commercial Real Estate Loans	839	827	280
Agricultural Loans	588	497	48
Subtotal	1,575	1,431	355
Total	\$ 3,294	\$ 2,538	\$ 355
	\$ 1,018	\$ 531	\$ —

Loans Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality With No Related Allowance Recorded (Included in the Total Above)

Loans Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality With An Additional Allowance Recorded (Included in the Total Above) \$ 910 \$ 768 \$ 100

<sup>(1)</sup> Unpaid Principal Balance is the remaining contractual payments gross of partial charge-offs and discounts.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

(unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

#### NOTE 6 - Loans (continued)

The following tables present loans individually evaluated for impairment by class of loans for the three month period ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

Y 00 0015	•		erest	Ca	
June 30, 2017	Recorded				sis
W'd. N. D. Lee J. Allerson D. D. Lad. J.	Investmen	tKe	cognize	аке	cognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded:	¢ 150	¢	2	Φ	1
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	\$ 150	\$	2	\$	
Commercial Real Estate Loans	1,124 496	26 19		26 16	
Agricultural Loans Subtotal				43	
With An Allowance Recorded:	1,770	47		43	
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	65	1			
Commercial Real Estate Loans	795	4			
Agricultural Loans	793 727	4			
Subtotal	1,587	5			
Total	\$ 3,357	\$	52	\$	43
Total	\$ 3,337	Ф	32	Ф	43
Loans Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality With No Related Allowance					
Recorded (Included in the Total Above)	\$ 245	\$	25	\$	25
Loans Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality With An Additional Allowance					
Recorded (Included in the Total Above)	\$ 712	\$	4	\$	_
Recorded (meraded in the Total Moove)					
	Average	Int	erest	Ca	ash
June 30, 2016	Average Recorded		erest		ash asis
June 30, 2016	Recorded	Inc	come	Ba	asis
	•	Inc	come	Ba	asis
With No Related Allowance Recorded:	Recorded Investmen	Ind at Re	come cognize	Ba edRe	asis ecognized
	Recorded	Inc	come	Ba	asis
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans	Recorded Investmer \$ 185	Ind nt Re	come cognize	Ba edRe	asis ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	Recorded Investmer \$ 185 3,397	Ind nt Re	come cognize	Ba edRe	asis ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans	Recorded Investmer \$ 185 3,397 845	Ind nt Re \$ 6	come cognize	BaedRe	asis ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal	Recorded Investmer \$ 185 3,397 845	Ind nt Re \$ 6	come cognize	BaedRe	asis ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal With An Allowance Recorded:	Recorded Investmer \$ 185 3,397 845 4,427	Ind nt Re \$ 6	come cognize	BaedRe	asis ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal With An Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	Recorded Investmer \$ 185 3,397 845 4,427	Inc \$ 6 — 9	come cognize	BaedRe	asis ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal With An Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans	Recorded Investmer \$ 185 3,397 845 4,427 86 2,198	Inc \$ 6 — 9	come cognize	BaedReedRee	asis ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal With An Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans	Recorded Investmer \$ 185 3,397 845 4,427 86 2,198 —	Inc \$ 6 — 9	come cognize	BaedRe	asis ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal With An Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal	Recorded Investmer  \$ 185 3,397 845 4,427  86 2,198 — 2,284	\$ 6 — 9 — 1 — 1	come cognize	BaedReedRee	asis ecognized  1
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal With An Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal	Recorded Investmer  \$ 185 3,397 845 4,427  86 2,198 — 2,284 \$ 6,711	\$ 6 — 9 — 1 — 1 \$	come cognize 3	BaedRee \$ 1 2 \$	asis ecognized  1 .
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal With An Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal Total	Recorded Investmer  \$ 185 3,397 845 4,427  86 2,198 — 2,284	\$ 6 — 9 — 1 — 1	come cognize	BaedReedRee	asis ecognized  1
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal With An Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal Total  Loans Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality With No Related Allowance	Recorded Investmer  \$ 185 3,397 845 4,427  86 2,198 — 2,284 \$ 6,711	\$ 6 — 9 — 1 — 1 \$	come cognize 3	BaedRee \$ 1 2 \$	asis ecognized  1 .

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

(unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

#### NOTE 6 - Loans (continued)

The following tables present loans individually evaluated for impairment by class of loans for the six month period ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Average	Inter	rest	Ca	sh
June 30, 2017	Recorded	Inco	me	Ba	sis
	Investmen	t Reco	ognize	dRe	cognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded:					
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	\$ 83	\$ 2	2	\$	2
Commercial Real Estate Loans	823	30		29	
Agricultural Loans	607	24		16	
Subtotal	1,513	56		47	
With An Allowance Recorded:					
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	84	2		1	
Commercial Real Estate Loans	1,609	10		6	
Agricultural Loans	612			_	
Subtotal	2,305	12		7	
Total	\$ 3,818		68	\$	54
1000	Ψ 0,010	Ψ ,		4	
Loans Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality With No Related Allowance					
Recorded (Included in the Total Above)	\$ 311	\$ 2	25	\$	25
Loans Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality With An Additional Allowance					_
Recorded (Included in the Total Above)	\$ 721	\$	11	\$	7
Therefore (Meridee in the Total Hoove)					
	Average	Inter	rest	Ca	sh
June 30, 2016	Average Recorded	Inter		Ca Ba	
June 30, 2016	Recorded	Inco	me	Ba	sis
	_	Inco	me	Ba	sis
With No Related Allowance Recorded:	Recorded Investmen	Inco t Reco	ome ognize	Ba dRe	sis ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	Recorded Investment \$ 133	Inco t Reco	me	Ba dRe	sis
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans	Recorded Investment \$ 133 1,988	Inco t Reco \$ 2 24	ome ognize	Ba dRe \$ 4	sis ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans	Recorded Investment \$ 133 1,988 428	Inco t Reco \$ 2 24 2	ome ognize	BadRed \$	sis ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal	Recorded Investment \$ 133 1,988	Inco t Reco \$ 2 24	ome ognize	Ba dRe \$ 4	sis ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal With An Allowance Recorded:	Recorded Investment \$ 133 1,988 428 2,549	Inco t Reco \$ 2 24 2	ome ognize	BadRed \$	sis ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal With An Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	Recorded Investment \$ 133 1,988 428 2,549 108	Inco   t Reco   \$ 2   24   2   51   —	ome ognize	BadRed \$	sis ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal With An Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans	Recorded Investment \$ 133 1,988 428 2,549 108 2,216	Inco t Reco \$ 2 24 2	ome ognize	BadRed \$	sis ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal With An Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans	Recorded Investment \$ 133 1,988 428 2,549 108 2,216 —	\$ 24 2 51 ————————————————————————————————————	ome ognize	BadRed \$	sis ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal With An Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal	Recorded Investment \$ 133 1,988 428 2,549 108 2,216 2,324	\$ 24 2 51 — 2 — 2	ome ognize 25	BadRed \$ 4 1 17 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal With An Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans	Recorded Investment \$ 133 1,988 428 2,549 108 2,216 —	\$ 24 2 51 — 2 — 2	ome ognize	BadRed \$ 4 1 17 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	sis ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal With An Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal Total	Recorded Investment \$ 133 1,988 428 2,549 108 2,216 2,324	\$ 24 2 51 — 2 — 2	ome ognize 25	BadRed \$ 4 1 17 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal With An Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal Total  Loans Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality With No Related Allowance	Recorded Investment \$ 133 1,988 428 2,549 108 2,216 2,324	\$ 224 2 51 — 2 \$ 5	ome ognize 25	BadRed \$ 4 1 17 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	ecognized
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal With An Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal Total  Loans Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality With No Related Allowance Recorded (Included in the Total Above)	Recorded Investment \$ 133 1,988 428 2,549 108 2,216 2,324 \$ 4,873 \$ 1,697	\$ 224 2 51 — 2 \$ 5	ome ognize 25	BaadRee \$ 4 1 177	sis cognized  12
With No Related Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal With An Allowance Recorded: Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases Commercial Real Estate Loans Agricultural Loans Subtotal Total  Loans Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality With No Related Allowance	Recorded Investment \$ 133 1,988 428 2,549 108 2,216 2,324 \$ 4,873	\$ 224 2 51 — 2 \$ 5	ome ognize 25	BaddRed \$ 4 1 17 \$	sis cognized  12

All classes of loans, including loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality, are generally placed on non-accrual status when scheduled principal or interest payments are past due for 90 days or more or when the borrower's ability to repay becomes doubtful. For purchased loans, the determination is made at the time of acquisition as well as over the life of the loan. Uncollected accrued interest for each class of loans is reversed against income at the time a loan is placed on non-accrual. Interest received on such loans is accounted for on the cash-basis or cost-recovery method, until qualifying for return to accrual. All classes of loans are returned to accrual status when all the principal and interest amounts contractually due are brought current and future payments

#### GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017 (unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

NOTE 6 - Loans (continued)

are reasonably assured. Loans are typically charged-off at 180 days past due, or earlier if deemed uncollectible. Exceptions to the non-accrual and charge-off policies are made when the loan is well secured and in the process of collection.

The following tables present the recorded investment in non-accrual loans and loans past due 90 days or more still on accrual by class of loans as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

			Loans Pa	st Due 90
	Non-A	ccrual	Days	
	Loans		or More	& Still
			Accruing	<u> </u>
	June	December	June	December
	30,	31,	30,	31,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	\$60	\$ 86	\$ —	\$ 2
Commercial Real Estate Loans	982	1,408	32	
Agricultural Loans	878	792	31	
Home Equity Loans	72	73	_	
Consumer Loans	433	85	_	
Residential Mortgage Loans	672	1,349		_
Total	\$3,097	\$ 3,793	\$ 63	\$ 2
Loans Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality (Included in the Total Above)	\$820	\$ 1,264	\$ —	\$ —

The following tables present the aging of the recorded investment in past due loans by class of loans as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

June 30, 2017	Total	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Day Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Past	Loans Not Past Due
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	\$468,965	\$ 51	\$ 3	\$ 53	\$107	\$468,858
Commercial Real Estate Loans	871,970	1,060	52	393	1,505	870,465
Agricultural Loans	316,764	110	_	746	856	315,908
Home Equity Loans	141,851	234	19	72	325	141,526
Consumer Loans	61,334	164	40	433	637	60,697
Residential Mortgage Loans	181,886	2,791	982	382	4,155	177,731
Total <sup>(1)</sup>	\$2,042,770	\$ 4,410	\$ 1,096	\$ 2,079	\$7,585	\$2,035,185
Loans Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality (Included in the Total Above)	\$9,513	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ —	\$ 568	\$568	\$8,945
(1)Total recorded investment in loans includes \$7,62	3 in accrued i	nterest.				
December 31, 2016	Total	Davs	60-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Loans Not Past Due
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	\$458,538	\$ 20	\$ 4	\$ 77	\$ 101	\$458,437
Commercial Real Estate Loans	858,030	1,509	21	330	1,860	856,170

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Agricultural Loans	306,946	84	50	610	744	306,202
Home Equity Loans	134,032	707	16	73	796	133,236
Consumer Loans	60,099	175	147	85	407	59,692
Residential Mortgage Loans	183,770	3,470	1,251	806	5,527	178,243
Total <sup>(1)</sup>	\$2,001,415	\$ 5,965	\$ 1,489	\$ 1,981	\$ 9,435	\$1,991,980
Loans Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality	\$11,048	\$ 130	\$ —	\$ 627	\$ 757	\$10,291
(Included in the Total Above)	\$11,040	\$ 130	<b>5</b> —	\$ 027	\$ 131	\$10,291
Loans Acquired in Current Year	\$262,809	\$ 2,752	\$ 862	\$ 1,126	\$ 4,740	\$258,069
(Included in the Total Above)	\$202,809	φ 4,134	φ 602	\$ 1,120	\$4,740	\$ 230,009

<sup>(1)</sup>Total recorded investment in loans includes \$8,011 in accrued interest.

GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017 (unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

NOTE 6 - Loans (continued)

#### Troubled Debt Restructurings:

In certain instances, the Company may choose to restructure the contractual terms of loans. A troubled debt restructuring occurs when the Bank grants a concession to the borrower that it would not otherwise consider due to a borrower's financial difficulty. In order to determine whether a borrower is experiencing financial difficulty, an evaluation is performed of the probability that the borrower will be in payment default on any of its debt in the foreseeable future without modification. This evaluation is performed under the Company's internal underwriting policy. The Company uses the same methodology for loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality as for all other loans when determining whether the loan is a troubled debt restructuring.

During the three months ended June 30, 2017 there was one loan modified as a troubled debt restructuring. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, there were two loans modified as troubled debt restructurings. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, there were no loans modified as troubled debt restructurings.

The following tables present the recorded investment of troubled debt restructurings by class of loans as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

June 30, 2017	Total	Pe	rforming	Non-Accrual(	1)
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	\$127	\$	127	\$	
Commercial Real Estate Loans	27	27		_	
Total	\$154	\$	154	\$	
December 31, 2016	Total	Pe	rforming	Non-Accrual(	1)
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	\$ 28	\$	28	\$	
Commercial Real Estate Loans	_	_		_	
Total	\$ 28	\$	28	\$	

(1)The non-accrual troubled debt restructurings are included in the Non-Accrual Loan table presented on a previous page.

The Company had not committed to lending any additional amounts as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 to customers with outstanding loans that are classified as troubled debt restructurings. The total allowance associated with the loans modified as troubled debt restructurings as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 was \$16 and \$3, respectively.

The following tables present loans by class modified as troubled debt restructurings that occurred during the three months ending June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Number	Pre-Modification Post-Modification				
Juna 20, 2017	of	Outstanding	Outstanding			
June 30, 2017	_	Recorded	Recorded			
	Loans	Investment	Investment			
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	1	\$ 127	\$ 127			
Commercial Real Estate Loans	_	_	_			
Total	1	\$ 127	\$ 127			

The troubled debt restructurings described above increased the allowance for loan losses by \$8 and resulted in charge-offs of \$0 during the three months ending June 30, 2017.

Pre Modification Post Modification

	Number	Pre-Modification Post-Modific			
June 30, 2016	of	Outstanding	Outstanding		
Julie 30, 2010		Recorded	Recorded		
	Loans	Investment	Investment		
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases		\$	- \$	_	
Commercial Real Estate Loans	_	_	_		
Total	_	\$	- \$		

The troubled debt restructurings described above increased the allowance for loan losses by \$0 and resulted in charge-offs of \$0 during the three months ending June 30, 2016.

GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017

(unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

NOTE 6 - Loans (continued)

The following tables present loans by class modified as troubled debt restructurings that occurred during the six months ending June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Number	Pre-Modification Post-Modification			
June 30, 2017		Outstanding	Outstanding		
	of Loons	Recorded	Recorded		
	Loans	Investment	Investment		
Commercial and Industrial Loans and L	Leases 1	\$ 127	\$ 127		
Commercial Real Estate Loans	1	28	28		
Total	2	\$ 155	\$ 155		

The troubled debt restructurings described above increased the allowance for loan losses by \$10 and resulted in charge-offs of \$0 during the six months ending June 30, 2017.

	Number	Pre-Modification	Post-Modificat	ion
June 30, 2016	Loans	Outstanding	Outstanding	
		Recorded	Recorded	
		Investment	Investment	
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases		\$	- \$	—
Commercial Real Estate Loans		_	_	
Total	_	\$	- \$	_

The troubled debt restructurings described above increased the allowance for loan losses by \$0 and resulted in charge-offs of \$0 during the six months ending June 30, 2016.

Additionally, there were no loans modified as troubled debt restructurings for which there was a payment default within twelve months following the modification during the three and six months ending June 30, 2017 and 2016.

A loan is considered to be in payment default once it is 30 days contractually past due under the modified terms.

#### Credit Quality Indicators:

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. The Company classifies loans as to credit risk by individually analyzing loans. This analysis includes commercial and industrial loans, commercial real estate loans, and agricultural loans with an outstanding balance greater than \$250. This analysis is typically performed on at least an annual basis. The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

Special Mention. Loans classified as special mention have a potential weakness that deserves management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or of the institution's credit position at some future date.

Substandard. Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the institution will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful. Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

# GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017

(unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

## NOTE 6 - Loans (continued)

Loans not meeting the criteria above that are analyzed individually as part of the above described process are considered to be pass rated loans. Based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk category of loans by class of loans is as follows:

June 30, 2017	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	d Doub	tfuľTotal
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	\$449,772	\$8,792	\$ 10,401	\$	-\$468,965
Commercial Real Estate Loans	833,572	23,865	14,533		871,970
Agricultural Loans	287,410	26,230	3,124		316,764
Total	\$1,570,754	\$58,887	\$ 28,058	\$	-\$1,657,699
Loans Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality (Included in the Total Above)	\$1,479	\$3,120	\$ 3,933	\$	<b>-\$</b> 8,532
December 31, 2016	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	d Doub	tfuľTotal
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	\$437,353	\$10,454	\$ 10,731	\$	-\$458,538
Commercial Real Estate Loans	814,033	26,549	17,448		858,030
Agricultural Loans	287,975	14,670	4,301		306,946
Total	\$1,539,361	\$51,673	\$ 32,480	\$	-\$1,623,514
Loans Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality (Included in the Total Above)	\$1,897	\$3,121	\$ 5,032	\$	_\$10,050
Loans Acquired in Current Year (Included in the Total Above)	\$175,915	\$11,638	\$ 8,145	\$	_\$195,698

The Company considers the performance of the loan portfolio and its impact on the allowance for loan losses. For home equity, consumer and residential mortgage loan classes, the Company also evaluates credit quality based on the aging status of the loan, which was previously presented, and by payment activity. The following table presents the recorded investment in home equity, consumer and residential mortgage loans based on payment activity as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

June 30, 2017	Home Equity Loans	Consumer Loans	Residential Mortgage Loans
Performing Nonperforming	\$141,779 72	433	\$ 181,214 672
Total Loans Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality	\$141,851	\$ 61,334	\$ 181,886
(Included in the Total Above)	<b>\$</b> —	\$ 53	\$ 928
December 31, 2016	Home Equity Loans	Consumer Loans	Residential Mortgage Loans
December 31, 2016 Performing	Equity Loans	_	
,	Equity Loans	Loans	Mortgage Loans
Performing	Equity Loans \$133,959	Loans \$ 60,014	Mortgage Loans \$ 182,421

(Included in the Total Above)

# GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

(unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

NOTE 6 - Loans (continued)

The Company has purchased loans, for which there was, at acquisition, evidence of deterioration of credit quality since origination and it was probable, at acquisition, that all contractually required payments would not be collected. The recorded investment of those loans is as follows:

	June 30,	December
	2017	31, 2016
Commercial and Industrial Loans	\$1.247	\$ 1,656
Commercial Real Estate Loans	6,602	7,688
Agricultural Loans	683	706
Consumer Loans	53	53
Residential Mortgage Loans	928	945
Total	\$9,513	\$ 11,048

Carrying Amount, Net of Allowance \$9,453 \$10,943

Accretable yield, or income expected to be collected, is as follows:

	2017	2010
Balance at April 1	\$2,790	\$2,613
New Loans Purchased		
Accretion of Income	(240)	(415)
Reclassifications from Non-accretable Difference	155	
Charge-off of Accretable Yield		
Balance at June 30	\$2,705	\$2,198

For those purchased loans disclosed above, the Company did not increase the allowance for loan losses during the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. The Company reversed allowances for loan losses of \$56 during the three months ended June 30, 2017. No allowance for loan losses were reversed during the three months ended June 30, 2016.

2017

2016

	2017	2016
Balance at January 1	\$2,521	\$1,279
New Loans Purchased		1,395
Accretion of Income	(282)	(476)
Reclassifications from Non-accretable Difference	466	
Charge-off of Accretable Yield	_	_
Balance at June 30	\$2,705	\$2,198

For those purchased loans disclosed above, the Company increased the allowance for loan losses by \$11 and \$0 during the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. The Company reversed allowances for loan losses of \$56 during the six months ended June 30, 2017. No allowance for loan losses was reversed during the six months ended June 30, 2016.

The carrying amount of consumer mortgage loans secured by residential real estate properties for which formal foreclosure proceedings are in process according to local requirements of the applicable jurisdiction totaled \$137 as of June 30, 2017 and \$202 as of December 31, 2016.

GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017 (unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

# NOTE 7 – Repurchase Agreements Accounted for as Secured Borrowings

Repurchase agreements are short-term borrowings included in FHLB Advances and Other Borrowings and mature overnight and continuously. Repurchase agreements, which were secured by mortgage-backed securities, totaled \$43,026 and \$42,412 as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. Risk could arise when the collateral pledged to a repurchase agreement declines in fair value. The Company minimizes risk by consistently monitoring the value of the collateral pledged. At the point in time where the collateral has declined in fair value, the Company is required to provide additional collateral based on the value of the underlying securities.

## NOTE 8 – Segment Information

The Company's operations include three primary segments: core banking, trust and investment advisory services, and insurance operations. The core banking segment involves attracting deposits from the general public and using such funds to originate consumer, commercial and agricultural, commercial and agricultural real estate, and residential mortgage loans, primarily in the Company's local markets. The core banking segment also involves the sale of residential mortgage loans in the secondary market. The trust and investment advisory services segment involves providing trust, investment advisory, and brokerage services to customers. The insurance segment offers a full range of personal and corporate property and casualty insurance products, primarily in the Company's banking subsidiary's local markets.

The core banking segment is comprised by the Company's banking subsidiary, German American Bancorp, which operated through 52 banking offices at June 30, 2017. Net interest income from loans and investments funded by deposits and borrowings is the primary revenue for the core-banking segment. The trust and investment advisory services segment's revenues are comprised primarily of fees generated by the trust operations of the Company's banking subsidiary and by German American Investment Services, Inc. These fees are derived by providing trust, investment advisory, and brokerage services to its customers. The insurance segment primarily consists of German American Insurance, Inc., which provides a full line of personal and corporate insurance products. Commissions derived from the sale of insurance products are the primary source of revenue for the insurance segment.

The following segment financial information has been derived from the internal financial statements of the Company which are used by management to monitor and manage financial performance. The accounting policies of the three segments are the same as those of the Company. The evaluation process for segments does not include holding company income and expense. Holding company amounts are the primary differences between segment amounts and consolidated totals, and are reflected in the column labeled "Other" below, along with amounts to eliminate transactions between segments.

	Core Banking	Investi Adviso Servic	ment ory	Insu	ırance	eOther	Consolidated Totals
Three Months Ended							
June 30, 2017							
Net Interest Income	\$ 24,999	\$	1	\$	2	\$(189	)\$ 24,813
Net Gains on Sales of Loans	959			—			959
Net Gains on Securities	_					_	_
Trust and Investment Product Fees	1	1,350		—		(1	)1,350

Insurance Revenues	12	8	1,724		1,744
Noncash Items:					
Provision for Loan Losses	350	_	_		350
Depreciation and Amortization	1,103	4	19	64	1,190
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	3,615	49	48	(287	)3,425
Segment Profit (Loss)	9,791	66	74	(92	)9,839
Segment Assets at June 30, 2017	3,001,898	81,907	9,774	(8,776)	3,004,803

# GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017 (unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

NOTE 8 - Segment Information (continued)

Three Months Ended	Core Bank	ing	Trust Inves Advi Servi	stmen sory	t Ins	uranc	e Other	Consolidated Totals
June 30, 2016								
Net Interest Income	\$ 24,	873	\$	1	\$	1	\$ (204	3 (4,671)
Net Gains on Sales of Loans	883		—					883
Net Gains on Securities	968		_					968
Trust and Investment Product Fees	2		1,221	1				1,223
Insurance Revenues	4		5		1,5	96		1,605
Noncash Items:								
Provision for Loan Losses	350		_					350
Depreciation and Amortization	1,089	)	1		25		64	1,179
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	4,419	)	50		58		(278	)4,249
Segment Profit (Loss)	9,800	)	76		87		(175	)9,788
Segment Assets at December 31, 20	16 2,958	3,585	1,85	1	8,4	94	(12,93)	362,955,994
		T	rust a	nd				
	Core		vestn		Incu	rance	Other	Consolidated
	Banking	•	dviso	ry	III3U	ance	Other	Totals
		S	ervice	es				
Six Months Ended								
June 30, 2017								
Net Interest Income	\$ 49,908	3 \$	2		\$	4	\$(376	) \$ 49,538
Net Gains on Sales of Loans	1,646	_	_		_		_	1,646
Net Gains on Securities	_	_	_		—			_
Trust and Investment Product Fees	2	2,	594		—		(3	2,593
Insurance Revenues	14	1.	3		4,35	7		4,384
Noncash Items:								
Provision for Loan Losses	850	_	_					850
Depreciation and Amortization	2,144	7			38		128	2,317
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	7,237	83	3		475		(549	7,246
Segment Profit (Loss)	18,756	1	10		747		(218	19,395
Segment Assets at June 30, 2017	3,001,89	98 1,	907		9,77	4	(8,776	3,004,803

GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017 (unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

NOTE 8 - Segment Information (continued)

	Core Banking	Trust and Investment Advisory Services	Insurance	Other	Consolidated Totals
Six Months Ended					
June 30, 2016					
Net Interest Income	\$ 45,771	\$ -	-\$ 3	\$(319)	\$ 45,455
Net Gains on Sales of Loans	1,603		_	_	1,603
Net Gains on Securities	968		_		968
Trust and Investment Product Fees	3	2,241	_		2,244
Insurance Revenues	8	13	4,311	_	4,332
Noncash Items:					
Provision for Loan Losses	1,200		_	_	1,200
Depreciation and Amortization	2,064	2	51	110	2,227
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	6,100	64	568	(718)	6,014
Segment Profit (Loss)	14,881	83	877	(907)	14,934
Segment Assets at December 31, 2016	2,958,585	1,851	8,494	(12,936)	2,955,994

### NOTE 9 – Stock Repurchase Plan

On April 26, 2001, the Company announced that its Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program for up to 911,631 of the outstanding shares of common stock of the Company. Shares may be purchased from time to time in the open market and in large block privately negotiated transactions. The Company is not obligated to purchase any shares under the program, and the program may be discontinued at any time before the maximum number of shares specified by the program are purchased. The Board of Directors established no expiration date for this program. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had purchased 502,447 shares under the program. No shares were purchased under the program during the three or six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

## NOTE 10 – Equity Plans and Equity Based Compensation

The Company maintains three equity incentive plans under which stock options, restricted stock, and other equity incentive awards can be granted. At June 30, 2017, the Company has reserved 412,104 shares of common stock for the purpose of issuance pursuant to outstanding and future grants of options, restricted stock, and other equity awards to officers, directors and other employees of the Company.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company granted no options. The Company recorded no stock compensation expense applicable to options during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 because all outstanding options were fully vested prior to 2007. In addition, there was no unrecognized option expense.

During the periods presented, awards of long-term incentives were granted in the form of restricted stock. Awards that were granted to management under a management incentive plan were granted in tandem with cash credit entitlements (typically in the form of 60% restricted stock grants and 40% cash credit entitlements). The management

and employee restricted stock grants and tandem cash credit entitlements awarded will vest in three equal installments of 33.3% with the first annual vesting on December 5th of the year of the grant and on December 5th of the next two succeeding years. Awards that were granted to directors as additional retainer for their services do not include any cash credit entitlement. These director restricted stock grants are subject to forfeiture in the event that the recipient of the grant does not continue in service as a director of the Company through December 5th of the year after grant or does not satisfy certain meeting attendance requirements, at which time they generally vest 100 percent. For measuring compensation costs, restricted stock awards are valued based upon the market value of the common shares on the date of grant. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, the Company granted awards of 210 shares of restricted stock. The Company granted no shares of restricted stock during the three months ended June 30, 2016. During the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company granted awards of 38,100 and 48,375 shares of restricted stock, respectively. Total unvested restricted stock awards at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 were 91,263 and 53,163, respectively.

GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

(unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

NOTE 10 - Equity Plans and Equity Based Compensation (continued)

The following table presents expense recorded for restricted stock and cash entitlements as well as the related tax information for the periods presented:

Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 2016

2017 2016

Restricted Stock Expense \$342 \$267
Cash Entitlement Expense 181 142
Tax Effect (205 )(165 )
Net of Tax \$318 \$244
Six Months
Ended
June 30.

Restricted Stock Expense \$649 \$855 Cash Entitlement Expense 340 284 Tax Effect (388) (461) Net of Tax \$601 \$678

Unrecognized expense associated with the restricted stock grants and cash entitlements totaled \$2,739 and \$2,411 as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The Company maintains an Employee Stock Purchase Plan whereby eligible employees have the option to purchase the Company's common stock at a discount. The purchase price of the shares under this Plan has been set at 95% of the fair market value of the Company's common stock as of the last day of the plan year. The plan provided for the purchase of up to 750,000 shares of common stock, which the Company may obtain by purchases on the open market or from private sources, or by issuing authorized but unissued common shares. At June 30, 2017, there were 577,426 shares available for future issuance under this plan. Funding for the purchase of common stock is from employee and Company contributions.

There was no expense recorded for the employee stock purchase plan during the three or six months ended June 30, 2017. There was no expense recorded for the employee stock purchase plan during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. There was no unrecognized compensation expense as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 for the Employee Stock Purchase Plan.

NOTE 11 - Fair Value

Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2: Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The Company used the following methods and significant assumptions to estimate the fair value of each type of financial instrument:

Investment Securities: The fair values for investment securities are determined by quoted market prices, if available (Level 1). For securities where quoted prices are not available, fair values are calculated based on market prices of similar securities (Level 2). For securities where quoted prices or market prices of similar securities are not available, fair values are calculated using discounted

GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017 (unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

NOTE 11 - Fair Value (continued)

cash flows or other market indicators (Level 3). Level 3 pricing is obtained from a third-party based upon similar trades that are not traded frequently without adjustment by the Company. At June 30, 2017, the Company held \$6.8 million in Level 3 securities which consist of \$6.5 million of non-rated Obligations of State and Political Subdivisions and \$353 thousand of equity securities that are not actively traded. Absent the credit rating, significant assumptions must be made such that the credit risk input becomes an unobservable input and thus these securities are reported by the Company in a Level 3 classification.

Derivatives: The fair values of derivatives are based on valuation models using observable market data as of the measurement date (Level 2).

Impaired Loans: Fair values for impaired collateral dependent loans are generally based on appraisals obtained from licensed real estate appraisers and in certain circumstances includes consideration of offers obtained to purchase properties prior to foreclosure. Appraisals for commercial real estate generally use three methods to derive value: cost, sales or market comparison and income approach. The cost method bases value in the cost to replace the current property. Value of market comparison approach evaluates the sales price of similar properties in the same market area. The income approach considers net operating income generated by the property and an investor's required return. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Comparable sales adjustments are based on known sales prices of similar type and similar use properties and duration of time that the property has been on the market to sell. Such adjustments made in the appraisal process are typically significant and result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value.

Appraisals for both collateral-dependent impaired loans and other real estate owned are performed by certified general appraisers (for commercial properties) or certified residential appraisers (for residential properties) whose qualifications and licenses have been reviewed and verified by the Company. Once received, a member of the Company's Risk Management Area reviews the assumptions and approaches utilized in the appraisal. In determining the value of impaired collateral dependent loans and other real estate owned, significant unobservable inputs may be used which include: physical condition of comparable properties sold, net operating income generated by the property and investor rates of return.

Other Real Estate: Nonrecurring adjustments to certain commercial and residential real estate properties classified as other real estate (ORE) are measured at the lower of carrying amount or fair value, less costs to sell. Fair values are generally based on third party appraisals of the property utilizing similar techniques as discussed above for Impaired Loans, resulting in a Level 3 classification. In cases where the carrying amount exceeds the fair value, less costs to sell, impairment loss is recognized.

Loan Servicing Rights: On a quarterly basis, loan servicing rights are evaluated for impairment based upon the fair value of the rights as compared to carrying amount resulting in a Level 2 classification. The valuation model utilizes interest rate, prepayment speed, and default rate assumptions that market participants would use in estimating future net servicing income and that can be validated against available market data.

Loans Held-for-Sale: The fair values of loans held for sale are determined by using quoted prices for similar assets, adjusted for specific attributes of that loan resulting in a Level 2 classification.

# GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

(unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

# NOTE 11 - Fair Value (continued)

# Assets and Liabilities Measured on a Recurring Basis

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, including financial assets and liabilities for which the Company has elected the fair value option, are summarized below:

Company has elected the fair value option, are s	•	ig financial asset	s and habilities for
Company has elected the fair value option, are s	Fair Value Measuremer	nts at June 30, 20	17 Using
	Quoted Prices in	,	$\mathcal{E}$
	Active Markets Markets for Observable Inputs for (Level 2) Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Unobservable In (Level 3)	nputs Total
Assets:			
Obligations of State and Political Subdivisions MBS/CMO - Residential	\$ <b>-\$</b> 260,523 <b></b> 473,238	\$ 6,464 —	\$ 266,987 473,238
Equity Securities	— —	353	353
Total Securities	\$ -\$ 733,761	\$ 6,817	\$ 740,578
Loans Held-for-Sale	\$ -\$ 9,844	\$ —	\$ 9,844
Derivative Assets	\$ -\$ 1,655	\$ —	\$ 1,655
Mortgage Servicing Rights	\$ —\$ 575	\$ —	\$ 575
Derivative Liabilities	\$ -\$ 1,736	\$ —	\$ 1,736
	Fair Value Measuremer Quoted Prices in	its at December 3	31, 2016 Using
	Active Markets Observable Inputs for (Level 2) Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Assets:			
Obligations of State and Political Subdivisions MBS/CMO - Residential	\$ <b>—</b> \$ 240,224 <b>—</b> 461,914	\$ 7,295 —	\$ 247,519 461,914
Equity Securities		353	353
Total Securities	\$ —\$ 702,138	\$ 7,648	\$ 709,786
Loans Held-for-Sale	\$ -\$ 15,273	\$ —	\$ 15,273
Derivative Assets	\$ -\$ 1,291	\$ —	\$ 1,291
Mortgage Servicing Rights	\$ -\$ 611	\$ —	\$ 611

Derivative Liabilities \$ -\$ 1,238 \$ - \$ 1,238

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 for the periods ended June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

At June 30, 2017, the aggregate fair value of the Loans Held-for-Sale was \$9,844. Aggregate contractual principal balance was \$9,622 with a difference of \$222. At December 31, 2016, the aggregate fair value of the Loans Held-for-Sale was \$15,273. Aggregate contractual principal balance was \$14,983 with a difference of \$290.

# GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

(unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

## NOTE 11 - Fair Value (continued)

The tables below present a reconciliation of all assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Obligat	ions of Stat	te	
	and Pol			Securities
	Subdivi	sions	1 2	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Balance of Recurring Level 3 Assets at April 1	\$ 6,447	\$ 8,196	\$ 353	\$ 353
Total Gains or Losses Included in Other Comprehensive Income	17	17		
Maturities / Calls				
Purchases				
Balance of Recurring Level 3 Assets at June 30	\$ 6,464	\$ 8,213	\$ 353	\$ 353
	Obligation	ons of State	e	
	and Poli	tical	Equity S	Securities
	Subdivis	sions		
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Balance of Recurring Level 3 Assets at January 1	\$ 7,295	\$ 9,020	\$ 353	\$ 353
Total Gains or Losses Included in Other Comprehensive Income	34	38		
Maturities / Calls	(865	) (845	_	
Purchases		_		
Balance of Recurring Level 3 Assets at June 30	\$ 6,464	\$8,213	\$ 353	\$ 353

Of the total gain/loss for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, \$17 and \$34 was attributable to other changes in fair value. Of the total gain/loss included in other comprehensive income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, \$17 and \$38, respectively, was attributable to other changes in fair value.

# Assets and Liabilities Measured on a Non-Recurring Basis

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis are summarized below:

	Fair Value Measurement	s at June 30, 201	7 Using
	Quoted Prices in		
	Active Markets Observable Inputs for (Level 2) Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Assets:			
Impaired Loans			
Commercial and Industrial Loans	\$ -\$ -	\$ 37	\$ 37
Commercial Real Estate Loans		410	410
Agricultural Loans		158	158

Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2016 Using Quoted Prices in

Active Significant Other Significant Markets Observable Inputs Unobservable Total for Identical Assets (Level 2) Inputs (Level 3)

(Level 1)

Assets:

Impaired Loans

\$ \$ Commercial and Industrial Loans \$ 60 60 Commercial Real Estate Loans 348 348 Agricultural Loans

GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017 (unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

## NOTE 11 - Fair Value (continued)

Impaired loans, which are measured for impairment using the fair value of the collateral for collateral dependent loans, had a carrying amount of \$865 with a valuation allowance of \$260, resulting in a decrease to the provision for loan losses of \$273 for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and an increase to the provision for loan losses of \$5 for the six months ended June 30, 2017. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, impaired loans resulted in a reduction to the provision for loan losses of \$5 and \$8, respectively. Impaired loans, which are measured for impairment using the fair value of the collateral for collateral dependent loans, had a carrying amount of \$663 with a valuation allowance of \$255, resulting in an increase to the provision for loan losses of \$115 for the year ended December 31, 2016.

There was no Other Real Estate carried at fair value less costs to sell at June 30, 2017. No charge to earnings was included in the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. There was no Other Real Estate carried at fair value less costs to sell at December 31, 2016. A charge to earnings through Other Operating Income of \$75 was included in the year ended December 31, 2016.

The following table presents quantitative information about Level 3 fair value measurements for financial instruments measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

June 30, 2017	Fair Value	Valuation Technique(s)	Unobservable Input(s)	Range (Weighted Average)
Impaired Loans - Commercial and Industrial Loans	\$ 37	Sales comparison approach	Adjustment for physical condition of comparable properties sold	0%-100% (95%)
Impaired Loans - Commercial Real Estate Loans	\$ 410	Sales comparison approach	Adjustment for physical condition of comparable properties sold	33%-76% (52%)
Impaired Loans - Agricultural Loans	\$ 158	Sales comparison approach	Adjustment for physical condition of comparable properties sold	35% (35%)
December 31, 2016	Fair Value	Valuation Technique(s)	Unobservable Input(s)	Range (Weighted Average)
Impaired Loans - Commercial and Industrial Loans	\$ 60	Sales comparison approach	Adjustment for physical condition of comparable properties sold	0%-100% (89%)
Impaired Loans - Commercial Real Estate Loans	\$ 348	Sales comparison approach	Adjustment for physical condition of comparable properties sold	33%-77% (56%)

The carrying amounts and estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments not previously presented are provided in the tables below for the periods ending June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. Not all of the Company's assets and liabilities are considered financial instruments, and therefore are not included in the tables. Because no active market exists for a significant portion of the Company's financial instruments, fair value estimates were based on subjective judgments, and therefore cannot be determined with precision.

## GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

(unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

# NOTE 11 - Fair Value (continued)

			e Measure 2017 Using		
	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets:					
Cash and Short-term Investments	\$ 44,037	\$36,833	\$7,204	\$ —	\$44,037
Loans, Net	2,015,818			2,011,522	2,011,522
FHLB Stock and Other Restricted Stock	13,048	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Accrued Interest Receivable	11,287		3,555	7,732	11,287
Financial Liabilities:					
Demand, Savings, and Money Market Deposits	(2,011,047)	(2,011,04)	7—	_	(2,011,047)
Time Deposits	(352,274)		(351,112)	_	(351,112)
Short-term Borrowings	(118,703)		(118,703)	_	(118,703)
Long-term Debt	(144,766 )		(133,346)	(11,11)0	(144,456)
Accrued Interest Payable	(773)		(758)	(15)	(773)
		T . X . 1	3.6		
			e Measure		
	C : VI	Decembe	r 31, 2016	Using	T 1
	Carrying Value	Decembe	r 31, 2016	Using	Total
Financial Assets:		Decembe Level 1	r 31, 2016 Level 2	Using Level 3	
Cash and Short-term Investments	\$ 64,816	Decembe	r 31, 2016	Using Level 3 \$ —	\$ 64,816
Cash and Short-term Investments Loans, Net	\$ 64,816 1,974,074	Decembe Level 1 \$48,467	r 31, 2016 Level 2 \$16,349	Using Level 3 \$ — 1,980,523	\$ 64,816 1,980,523
Cash and Short-term Investments Loans, Net FHLB Stock and Other Restricted Stock	\$ 64,816 1,974,074 13,048	Decembe Level 1	r 31, 2016 Level 2 \$16,349 — N/A	Using Level 3 \$ — 1,980,523 N/A	\$ 64,816 1,980,523 N/A
Cash and Short-term Investments Loans, Net FHLB Stock and Other Restricted Stock Accrued Interest Receivable	\$ 64,816 1,974,074	Decembe Level 1 \$48,467	r 31, 2016 Level 2 \$16,349	Using Level 3 \$ — 1,980,523	\$ 64,816 1,980,523
Cash and Short-term Investments Loans, Net FHLB Stock and Other Restricted Stock Accrued Interest Receivable Financial Liabilities:	\$ 64,816 1,974,074 13,048 11,413	Decembe Level 1 \$48,467 — N/A	\$1, 2016 Level 2 \$16,349 — N/A 3,289	Using Level 3 \$ — 1,980,523 N/A	\$ 64,816 1,980,523 N/A 11,413
Cash and Short-term Investments Loans, Net FHLB Stock and Other Restricted Stock Accrued Interest Receivable Financial Liabilities: Demand, Savings, and Money Market Deposits	\$ 64,816 1,974,074 13,048 11,413 (1,971,370 )	Decembe Level 1 \$48,467	131, 2016 Level 2 \$16,349 - N/A 3,289	Using Level 3 \$ — 1,980,523 N/A 8,124	\$ 64,816 1,980,523 N/A 11,413 (1,971,370)
Cash and Short-term Investments Loans, Net FHLB Stock and Other Restricted Stock Accrued Interest Receivable Financial Liabilities: Demand, Savings, and Money Market Deposits Time Deposits	\$ 64,816 1,974,074 13,048 11,413 (1,971,370 ) (378,181 )	Decembe Level 1 \$48,467 — N/A	r 31, 2016 Level 2 \$16,349 — N/A 3,289 0— (378,000)	Using Level 3 \$ — 1,980,523 N/A 8,124 —	\$ 64,816 1,980,523 N/A 11,413 (1,971,370 (378,000)
Cash and Short-term Investments Loans, Net FHLB Stock and Other Restricted Stock Accrued Interest Receivable Financial Liabilities: Demand, Savings, and Money Market Deposits Time Deposits Short-term Borrowings	\$ 64,816 1,974,074 13,048 11,413 (1,971,370 ) (378,181 ) (137,554 )	Decembe Level 1 \$48,467 — N/A	131, 2016 Level 2 \$16,349 - N/A 3,289 0- (378,000) (137,554)	Using Level 3  \$ — 1,980,523 N/A 8,124 — — —	\$ 64,816 1,980,523 N/A 11,413 (1,971,370 (378,000) (137,554)
Cash and Short-term Investments Loans, Net FHLB Stock and Other Restricted Stock Accrued Interest Receivable Financial Liabilities: Demand, Savings, and Money Market Deposits Time Deposits	\$ 64,816 1,974,074 13,048 11,413 (1,971,370 ) (378,181 )	Decembe Level 1 \$48,467 — N/A	131, 2016 Level 2 \$16,349 - N/A 3,289 0- (378,000) (137,554) (109,709)	Using Level 3  \$ — 1,980,523 N/A 8,124 — — —	\$ 64,816 1,980,523 N/A 11,413 (1,971,370 (378,000)

### Cash and Short-term Investments:

The carrying amount of cash and short-term investments approximate fair values and are classified as Level 1 or Level 2.

#### FHLB Stock and Other Restricted Stock:

It is not practical to determine the fair values of FHLB stock and other restricted stock due to restrictions placed on their transferability.

#### Loans:

Fair values of loans, excluding loans held for sale and collateral dependent impaired loans carried at fair value, are estimated as follows: For variable rate loans that reprice frequently and with no significant change in credit risk, fair values are based on carrying values resulting in a Level 3 classification. Fair values for other loans are estimated using discounted cash flow analysis, using interest rates currently being offered for loans with similar terms to borrowers of

similar credit quality resulting in a Level 3 classification. Impaired loans are valued as described previously. The methods utilized to estimate fair value of loans do not necessarily represent an exit price.

# Accrued Interest Receivable:

The carrying amount of accrued interest approximates fair value resulting in a Level 2 or Level 3 classification consistent with the asset they are associated with.

# GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

(unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

NOTE 11 - Fair Value (continued)

## Deposits:

The fair values disclosed for demand deposits (e.g., interest and non-interest checking, savings and certain types of money market accounts) are, by definition, equal to the amount payable on demand at the reporting date (i.e., their carrying amount) resulting in a Level 1 classification. Fair values for fixed rate time deposits are estimated using a discounted cash flows calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered on certificates to a schedule of aggregated expected monthly maturities on time deposits resulting in a Level 2 classification.

## Short-term Borrowings:

The carrying amounts of federal funds purchased, borrowings under repurchase agreements, and other short-term borrowings, generally maturing within ninety days, approximate their fair values resulting in a Level 2 classification.

## Long-term Debt:

The fair values of the Company's long-term borrowings are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on the current borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements resulting in a Level 2 classification.

The fair values of the Company's subordinated debentures are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on the current borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements resulting in a Level 3 classification.

#### Accrued Interest Payable:

The carrying amount of accrued interest approximates fair value resulting in a Level 2 or Level 3 classification consistent with the liability they are associated with.

NOTE 12 – Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The tables below summarize the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) by component for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, net of tax:

June 30, 2017	Unrealized Gains and Losses on Available-for-Sale Secu	Postretireme Benefit Iten	ent Total ns
Beginning Balance at April 1, 2017	\$ (2,314)	\$ (92)	\$(2,406)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Before Reclassification	6,566	_	6,566
Amounts Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive			
Income (Loss)	_	<del></del>	_
Net Current Period Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	6,566	_	6,566
Ending Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 4,252	\$ (92)	\$4,160
June 30, 2017	Unrealized Gains and Losses on Available-for-Sale Secu	Postretireme Benefit Iten	ent Total ns
Beginning Balance at January 1, 2017	\$ (6,312)	\$ (92)	\$(6,404)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Before Reclassification	10,564	_ ` ′	10,564

Amounts Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Net Current Period Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) 10,564 — 10,564 Ending Balance at June 30, 2017 \$ 4,252 \$ (92 ) \$4,160

# GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

(unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

NOTE 12 - Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (continued)

June 30, 2016	Unrealized Gains and Losses on Available-for-Sale Secur	Postretireme Benefit Item	nt Total s
Beginning Balance at April 1, 2016 Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Before Reclassification	\$ 7,919 3,983	\$ (78 ) —	\$7,841 3,983
Amounts Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(629)	_	(629 )
Net Current Period Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Ending Balance at June 30, 2016	3,354 \$ 11,273	<del>-</del> (78 )	3,354 \$11,195
June 30, 2016	Unrealized Gains and Losses on Available-for-Sale Secur	Postretireme Benefit Item	nt Total s
June 30, 2016  Beginning Balance at January 1, 2016  Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Before Reclassification	Losses on		nt Total \$3,812 8,012
Beginning Balance at January 1, 2016	Losses on Available-for-Sale Secur \$ 3,890	ities	\$3,812

The tables below summarize the classifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) by component for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

for the times and six months chaca same so; 2017 and	2010.		
	Amount Reclassified From		
Details about Accumulated Other	Accumulated	Affected Line Item in the Statement	
Comprehensive Income (Loss) Components	Other	Where Net Income is Presented	
	Comprehensive	Income (Loss)	
Unrealized Gains and Losses on Available-for-Sale Securities	\$ -	—Net Gains on Securities	
	_	Income Tax Expense Net of Tax	
Total Reclassifications for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017	\$ -	_	
Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Components	Amount Reclass Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Affected Line Item in the Statement Where Net Income is Presented	
Unrealized Gains and Losses on Available-for-Sale Securities	\$ -	—Net Gains on Securities	

# GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

(unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

NOTE 12 - Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (continued)

Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Components	Amount Reclassified From Affected Line Item in the Statement Accumulated Other Where Net Income is Presented Comprehensive Income (Loss)
Unrealized Gains and Losses on Available-for-Sale Securities	\$ 968 Net Gains on Securities (339 ) Income Tax Expense 629 Net of Tax
Total Reclassifications for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2016	\$ 629
Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Components	Amount Reclassified From Affected Line Item in the Statement Accumulated Other Where Net Income is Presented Comprehensive Income (Loss)
Unrealized Gains and Losses on Available-for-Sale Securities	\$ 968 Net Gains on Securities (339 ) Income Tax Expense 629 Net of Tax
Total Reclassifications for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016	\$ 629

NOTE 13 - Newly Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") amended existing guidance (ASU 2014-09 Revenue From Contracts With Customers) related to revenue from contracts with customers. This amendment supersedes and replaces nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance, including industry-specific guidance, establishes a new control-based revenue recognition model, changes the basis for deciding when revenue is recognized over time or at a point in time, provides new and more detailed guidance on specific topics and expands and improves disclosures about revenue. In addition, this amendment specifies the accounting for some costs to obtain or fulfill a contract with a customer. These amendments are effective for public business entities for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. The Company does not expect this pronouncement to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations and financial condition as the Company's core revenue does not fall under this guidance.

In January 2016, the FASB amended existing guidance (ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities) that requires equity investments (except those accounted for under the equity method of accounting, or those that result in consolidation of the investee) to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income. Also, it requires public business entities to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes. It requires separate presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and

form of financial asset (i.e., securities or loans and receivables). It eliminates the requirement for public business entities to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value for financial instruments measured at amortized cost. These amendments are effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. The Company notes that the impact of adoption is to carry the equity security at fair value through the income statement or at cost, less impairment when fair value is not readily determinable, with observable price changes being recognized in earnings. The Company doesn't expect the impact to be material. For additional information on this equity security, see Note 4 - Securities.

In February 2016, the FASB amended existing guidance (ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842)) that requires lessees recognize the following for all leases (with the exception of short-term leases) at the commencement date (1) A lease liability, which is a lessee's obligation to make lease payments arising from a lease, measured on a discounted basis; and (2) A right-of-use asset, which is an asset that represents the lessee's right to use, or control the use of, a specified asset for the lease term. Under the new

GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017 (unaudited, dollars in thousands except share and per share data)

NOTE 13 - Newly Issued Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

guidance, lessor accounting is largely unchanged. Certain targeted improvements were made to align, where necessary, lessor accounting with the lessee accounting model and Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. These amendments are effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within that reporting period. Based on our leases outstanding as of June 30, 2017, the Company does not expect this new guidance to have a material impact on the consolidated results of operation. However as a result of this new guidance, the Company anticipates an estimated increase in its Consolidated Balance Sheet of approximately \$6,000. This impact will vary based on the Company's future decisions to enter into new lease agreements or exit/renew current lease agreements prior to the date of implementation.

In June 2016, the FASB issued guidance (ASU No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326)) to replace the incurred loss model with an expected loss model, which is referred to as the current expected credit loss (CECL) model. The CECL model is applicable to the measurement of credit losses on financial assets measured at amortized cost, including loan receivables, held-to-maturity debt securities, and reinsurance receivables. It also applies to off-balance sheet credit exposures not accounted for as insurance (loan commitments, standby letters of credit, financial guarantees, and other similar instruments) and net investments in leases recognized by a lessor. These amendments are effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within that reporting period. The Company anticipates there may be an increase in its allowance for loan losses at the time of adoption of this standard, but can not estimate the amount at this time.

In August 2016, the FASB issued this ASU (ASU No. 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 320): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments) to address the diversity in how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statement of cash flows including the following:

- Debt Prepayment or Debt
- Extinguishment Costs;

Settlement of Zero-Coupon Bonds or Debt with Coupon Interest Rates That Are Insignificant in Relation to the Effective Interest Rate;

Contingent Consideration payments Made Soon After a Business Combination;

Proceeds From the Settlement of Insurance Claims;

Proceeds From the Settlement of BOLI and COLI Policies;

Distributions Received From Equity Method Investees;

Beneficial Interests in Securitization

Transactions: and

Application of the Predominance Principle.

These amendments are effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. This guidance currently has no material impact on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows; however, the Company will continue to monitor it going forward.

In March 2017, the FASB issued this ASU (ASU No. 2017-08, Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities) to align the accounting with the economics of a callable debt security and to align the amortization period with expectations that already are included in market pricing on the callable debt securities. This ASU will shorten the amortization period for premiums on purchased callable debt securities by requiring that premiums be amortized to the first (or earliest) call date instead of as an adjustment to the yield over the contractual life. This guidance is

effective for for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim period within that reporting period. As a result of the Company's analysis, the Company doesn't expect this pronouncement to have a material impact on its consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC.
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF
FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

German American Bancorp, Inc., is a NASDAQ-traded (symbol: GABC) financial services holding company based in Jasper, Indiana. German American Bancorp, Inc., through its banking subsidiary German American Bancorp, operates 52 banking offices in 19 contiguous southern Indiana counties and one northern Kentucky county. The Company also owns an investment brokerage subsidiary (German American Investment Services, Inc.) and a full line property and casualty insurance agency (German American Insurance, Inc.).

Throughout this Management's Discussion and Analysis, as elsewhere in this Report, when we use the term "Company," we will usually be referring to the business and affairs (financial and otherwise) of German American Bancorp, Inc. and its subsidiaries and affiliates as a whole. Occasionally, we will refer to the term "parent company" or "holding company" when we mean to refer to only German American Bancorp, Inc.

This section presents an analysis of the consolidated financial condition of the Company as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 and the consolidated results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and other financial data presented elsewhere herein and with the financial statements and other financial data, as well as the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

## MANAGEMENT OVERVIEW

This updated discussion should be read in conjunction with the Management Overview that was included in our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

On March 1, 2016, the Company completed its acquisition of River Valley Bancorp ("River Valley") and its subsidiaries, including River Valley Financial Bank. This acquisition was consistent with the Company's strategy to build a regional presence in Southern Indiana. The acquisition offers the Company the opportunity to increase profitability by introducing existing products and services to the acquired customer base as well as add new customers in the expanded region.

Net income for the quarter ended June 30, 2017 totaled \$9,839,000, or \$0.43 per diluted share, compared to net income of \$9,788,000, or \$0.43 per diluted share for the quarter ended June 30, 2016. For the first half 2017, earnings improved \$4,461,000, or 30%, to \$19,395,000 as compared to \$14,934,000 for the first six months of 2016. On a per share basis, net income totaled \$0.85 per diluted share during the first six months of 2017 representing a 25% increase from the \$0.68 per diluted share for the first half of 2016. The first half of 2016 included four months of operations of River Valley and was impacted by merger related charges associated with the closing of the River Valley transaction effective March 1, 2016. The merger related charges totaled approximately \$4,129,000, or \$2,612,000 on an after-tax basis, which represented approximately \$0.12 per share during the first half of 2016.

On March 27, 2017, the Company declared a 3-for-2 stock split on the Company's authorized and outstanding common shares. The stock split was distributed on April 21, 2017 to shareholders of record as of April 6, 2017. All share and per share data in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q relating to a date or period that precedes April 21, 2017 have been adjusted and are reflective of the stock split.

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The financial condition and results of operations for the Company presented in the Consolidated Financial Statements, accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, and selected financial data appearing elsewhere within this Report, are, to a large degree, dependent upon the Company's accounting policies. The selection of and application of these policies involve estimates, judgments, and uncertainties that are subject to change. The critical accounting policies and estimates that the Company has determined to be the most susceptible to change in the near term relate to the determination of the allowance for loan losses, the valuation of securities available for sale, income tax expense, and the valuation of goodwill and other intangible assets.

#### Allowance for Loan Losses

The Company maintains an allowance for loan losses to cover probable incurred credit losses at the balance sheet date. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance. Allocations of the allowance may be made for specific loans, but the entire allowance is available for any loan that, in management's judgment, should be charged-off. A provision for loan losses is charged to operations based on management's periodic evaluation of the necessary allowance balance. Evaluations are conducted at least quarterly and more often if deemed necessary. The ultimate recovery of all loans is susceptible to future market factors beyond the Company's control.

The Company has an established process to determine the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses. The determination of the allowance is inherently subjective, as it requires significant estimates, including the amounts and timing of expected future cash flows on impaired loans, estimated losses on other classified loans and pools of homogeneous loans, and consideration of past loan loss experience, the nature and volume of the portfolio, information about specific borrower situations and estimated collateral values, economic conditions, and other factors, all of which may be susceptible to significant change. The allowance consists of two components of allocations, specific and general. These two components represent the total allowance for loan losses deemed adequate to cover losses inherent in the loan portfolio.

Commercial and agricultural loans are subject to a standardized grading process administered by an internal loan review function. The need for specific reserves is considered for credits identified as impaired when: (a) the customer's cash flow or net worth appears insufficient to repay the loan; (b) the loan has been criticized in a regulatory examination; (c) the loan is on non-accrual; or (d) other reasons where the ultimate collectability of the loan is in question, or the loan characteristics require special monitoring. Specific allowances are established in cases where management has identified significant conditions or circumstances related to an individual credit that we believe indicates the loan is impaired.

Specific allocations on impaired loans are determined by comparing the loan balance to the present value of expected cash flows or expected collateral proceeds. Allocations are also applied to categories of loans not considered individually impaired but for which the rate of loss is expected to be greater than historical averages, including non-performing consumer or residential real estate loans. Such allocations are based on past loss experience and information about specific borrower situations and estimated collateral values.

General allocations are made for commercial and agricultural loans that are graded as substandard based on migration analysis techniques to determine historical average losses for similar types of loans. General allocations are also made for other pools of loans, including non-classified loans, homogeneous portfolios of consumer and residential real estate loans, and loans within certain industry categories believed to present unique risk of loss. General allocations of the allowance are primarily made based on historical averages for loan losses for these portfolios, judgmentally adjusted for economic, external and internal factors and portfolio trends. Economic factors include evaluating changes in international, national, regional and local economic and business conditions that affect the collectability of the loan portfolio. Internal factors include evaluating changes in lending policies and procedures; changes in the nature and volume of the loan portfolio; and changes in experience, ability and depth of lending management and staff. In setting our external and internal factors we also consider the overall level of the allowance for loan losses to total loans; our allowance coverage as compared to similar size bank holding companies; and regulatory requirements.

Due to the imprecise nature of estimating the allowance for loan losses, the Company's allowance for loan losses includes a minor unallocated component. The unallocated component of the allowance for loan losses incorporates the Company's judgmental determination of inherent losses that may not be fully reflected in other allocations, including factors such as economic uncertainties, lending staff quality, industry trends impacting specific portfolio segments,

and broad portfolio quality trends. Therefore, the ratio of allocated to unallocated components within the total allowance may fluctuate from period to period.

## Securities Valuation

Securities available-for-sale are carried at fair value, with unrealized holding gains and losses reported separately in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax. The Company obtains market values from a third party on a monthly basis in order to adjust the securities to fair value. Equity securities that do not have readily determinable fair values are carried at cost. Additionally, when securities are deemed to be other than temporarily impaired, a charge will be recorded through earnings; therefore, future changes in the fair value of securities could have a significant impact on the Company's operating results. In determining whether a market value decline is other than temporary, management considers the reason for the decline, the extent of the decline, the duration of the decline and whether the Company intends to sell or believes it will be required to sell the securities prior to recovery. As of June 30, 2017, gross unrealized gains on the securities available-for-sale portfolio totaled approximately \$11,433,000 and gross unrealized losses totaled approximately \$4,890,000.

## Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense involves estimates related to the valuation allowance on deferred tax assets and loss contingencies related to exposure from tax examinations presumed to occur.

A valuation allowance reduces deferred tax assets to the amount management believes is more likely than not to be realized. In evaluating the realization of deferred tax assets, management considers the likelihood that sufficient taxable income of appropriate character will be generated within carry-back and carry-forward periods, including consideration of available tax planning strategies. Tax-related loss contingencies, including assessments arising from tax examinations and tax strategies, are recorded as liabilities when the likelihood of loss is probable and an amount or range of loss can be reasonably estimated. In considering the likelihood of loss, management considers the nature of the contingency, the progress of any examination or related protest or appeal, the views of legal counsel and other advisors, experience of the Company or other enterprises in similar matters, if any, and management's intended response to any assessment.

## Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill resulting from business combinations represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets of businesses acquired. Goodwill resulting from business combinations is generally determined as the excess of the fair value of the consideration transferred, plus the fair value of any noncontrolling interests in the acquiree, over the fair value of the net assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date. Goodwill and intangible assets acquired in a purchase business combination and determined to have an indefinite useful life are not amortized, but tested for impairment at least annually. The Company has selected December 31 as the date to perform the annual impairment test. Intangible assets with definite useful lives are amortized over their estimated useful lives to their estimated residual values. Goodwill is the only intangible asset with an indefinite life on the Company's balance sheet.

Other intangible assets consist of core deposit and acquired customer relationship intangible assets. They are initially measured at fair value and then are amortized over their estimated useful lives, which range from 6 to 10 years.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### Net Income:

Net income for the quarter ended June 30, 2017 totaled \$9,839,000, or \$0.43 per diluted share compared to net income of \$9,788,000, or \$0.43 per diluted share for the quarter ended June 30, 2016. For the first half 2017, earnings improved \$4,461,000, or 30%, to \$19,395,000 as compared to \$14,934,000 for the first six months of 2016. On a per share basis, net income totaled \$0.85 per diluted share during the first six months of 2017 representing a 25% increase from the \$0.68 per diluted share for the first half of 2016. The first half of 2016 included four months of operations of River Valley and was impacted by merger related charges associated with the closing of the River Valley transaction effective March 1, 2016. The merger related charges totaled approximately \$4,129,000, or \$2,612,000 on an after-tax basis, which represented approximately \$0.12 per share during the first half of 2016.

On March 27, 2017, the Company declared a 3-for-2 stock split on the Company's authorized and outstanding common shares. The stock split was distributed on April 21, 2017 to shareholders of record as of April 6, 2017. All share and per share data in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q relating to a date or period that precedes April 21, 2017 have been adjusted and are reflective of the stock split.

### Net Interest Income:

Net interest income is the Company's single largest source of earnings, and represents the difference between interest and fees realized on earning assets, less interest paid on deposits and borrowed funds. Several factors contribute to the determination of net interest income and net interest margin, including the volume and mix of earning assets, interest rates, and income taxes. Many factors affecting net interest income are subject to control by management policies and actions. Factors beyond the control of management include the general level of credit and deposit demand, Federal Reserve Board monetary policy, and changes in tax laws.

The following table summarizes net interest income (on a tax-equivalent basis). For tax-equivalent adjustments, an effective tax rate of 35% was used for all periods presented<sup>(1)</sup>.

	Average Balance Sheet (Tax-equivalent basis / dollars in thousands)						
	Three Months Ended Three Months				hs Ended	hs Ended	
				June 30, 20			
	Principal			/Principal	Income / Yield		
	Balance	Expense	Rate	Balance	Expense	Rate	
ASSETS							
Federal Funds Sold and Other	\$13,268	\$27	0.79%	\$25,918	\$20	0.30%	
Short-term Investments	ψ13,200	Ψ21	0.17 /	φ25,710	Ψ20	0.50 %	
Securities:							
Taxable	481,556	2,702	2.24%	483,465	2,287	1.89%	
Non-taxable	261,798	3,185	4.87%	239,757	2,881	4.81%	
Total Loans and Leases <sup>(2)</sup>	2,011,518	22,780	4.54%	1,935,246	22,791	4.73%	
TOTAL INTEREST EARNING ASSETS	2,768,140	28,694	4.15%	2,684,386	27,979	4.19%	
Other Assets	218,038			216,089			
Less: Allowance for Loan Losses	(15,433	)		(15,310	)		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$2,970,745			\$2,885,165	5		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY							
Interest-bearing Demand, Savings	¢ 1 446 004	¢ 020	0.260	¢1 260 446	¢ 672	0.200	
and Money Market Deposits	\$1,446,994	\$ 939	0.20%	\$1,369,446	\$072	0.20%	
Time Deposits	360,938	687	0.76%	426,917	654	0.62%	
FHLB Advances and Other Borrowings	233,197	962	1.65%	235,435	853	1.46%	
TOTAL INTEREST-BEARING LIABILITIES	2,041,129	2,588	0.51%	2,031,798	2,179	0.43%	
Demand Deposit Accounts	560,763			502,070			
Other Liabilities	21,818			25,543			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,623,710			2,559,411			
Shareholders' Equity	347,035			325,754			
TOTAL LIBABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS'	<b>\$0.070.745</b>			ΦΩ 005 165			
EQUITY	\$2,970,745			\$2,885,165			
COST OF FUNDS			0.37%	)		0.33%	
NET INTEREST INCOME		\$26,106			\$25,800	)	
NET INTEREST MARGIN			3.78%	)		3.86%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Effective tax rates were determined as though interest earned on the Company's investments in municipal bonds and loans was fully taxable.

Net interest income increased \$142,000, or 1% (an increase of \$306,000 or 1% on a tax-equivalent basis), for the quarter ended June 30, 2017 compared with the same quarter of 2016. The net interest margin represents tax-equivalent net interest income expressed as a percentage of average earning assets. The tax equivalent net interest margin was 3.78% for the second quarter of 2017 compared to 3.86% during the second quarter of 2016. The tax equivalent yield on earning assets totaled 4.15% during the quarter ended June 30, 2017 compared to 4.19% in the same period of 2016, while the cost of funds (expressed as a percentage of average earning assets) totaled 0.37% during the quarter ended June 30, 2017 compared to 0.33% in the same period of 2016.

<sup>(2)</sup> Loans held-for-sale and non-accruing loans have been included in average loans.

The decline in the net interest margin during the second quarter of 2017 was primarily attributable to a decrease in the amount of accretion of loan discounts on acquired loans. Accretion of loan discounts on acquired loans contributed approximately 10 basis points to the net interest margin on an annualized basis in the second quarter of 2017 compared with 23 basis points in the second quarter of 2016. The higher level of accretion in the second quarter of 2016 was largely attributable to the pay-off activity on loans acquired in the River Valley transaction.

The Company's cost of funds increased approximately 4 basis points in the second quarter of 2017 compared with the second quarter of 2016. The higher cost of funds was largely attributable to an increase in short-term market interest rates over the past several quarters.

The following table summarizes net interest income (on a tax-equivalent basis). For tax-equivalent adjustments, an effective tax rate of 35% was used for all periods presented<sup>(1)</sup>.

	Average Balance Sheet					
			dollars	in thousands)		
	Six Months			Six Months Ended		
	June 30, 201		<b>3</b> 71 1 1 /	June 30, 201		X7: 11/
	Principal			Principal	Income /	
ACCETC	Balance	Expense	Rate	Balance	Expense	Rate
ASSETS  Fig. 1. Sold and Other						
Federal Funds Sold and Other	\$12,913	\$54	0.83%	\$23,148	\$37	0.32%
Short-term Investments						
Securities:	490 730	5 401	2 26 01	401 447	1 561	1 00 07
Taxable Non-taxable	480,720	5,421 6,300		481,447 228,252	4,564	1.90% 4.85%
Total Loans and Leases <sup>(2)</sup>	256,924	45,220		1,814,944	5,530	4.60%
TOTAL INTEREST EARNING ASSETS	1,993,283 2,743,840	56,995		2,547,791	41,546 51,677	4.00%
Other Assets	219,923	30,993	4.10%	191,077	31,077	4.07%
Less: Allowance for Loan Losses	(15,220)			(14,936)		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$2,948,543	l		\$2,723,932		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$2,940,343			\$2,723,932		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Interest-bearing Demand, Savings		<b>4.65</b>	0.04.00	<b>** ** * * * * * * * *</b>	<b>4.12</b> 6	0.40~
and Money Market Deposits	\$1,416,341	\$1,677	0.24%	\$1,256,441	\$1,136	0.18%
Time Deposits	380,935	1,392	0.74%	413,635	1,345	0.65%
FHLB Advances and Other Borrowings	230,009	1,827	1.60%	239,232	1,594	1.34%
TOTAL INTEREST-BEARING LIABILITIES	2,027,285	4,896	0.49%	1,909,308	4,075	0.43%
Demand Deposit Accounts	559,345			484,793		
Other Liabilities	20,570			24,831		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,607,200			2,418,932		
Shareholders' Equity	341,343			305,000		
TOTAL LIBABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS'	¢2 049 542			¢2.722.022		
EQUITY	\$2,948,543			\$2,723,932		
COST OF FUNDS			0.36%			0.32%
NET INTEREST INCOME		\$52,099			\$47,602	
NET INTEREST MARGIN			3.82%			3.75%

<sup>(1)</sup> Effective tax rates were determined as though interest earned on the Company's investments in municipal bonds and loans was fully taxable.

Net interest income increased \$4,083,000, or 9% (an increase of \$4,497,000 or 9% on a tax-equivalent basis), for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared with the same period of 2016. The increased level of net interest income during the first half of 2017 compared with the first half of 2016 was driven primarily by a higher level of earning assets resulting from the acquisition of River Valley and from organic loan growth excluding River Valley and by an improved net interest margin.

The tax equivalent net interest margin was 3.82% for the first six months of 2017 compared to 3.75% during the same period of 2016. The tax equivalent yield on earning assets totaled 4.18% during the six months ended June 30, 2017

<sup>(2)</sup> Loans held-for-sale and non-accruing loans have been included in average loans.

compared to 4.07% in the same period of 2016, while the cost of funds (expressed as a percentage of average earning assets) totaled 0.36% during the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to 0.32% in the same period of 2016.

The increase in the net interest margin during the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared with the same period of the prior year was primarily attributable to an improved yield on the Company's securities portfolio partially offset by a higher cost of funds. Accretion of loan discounts on acquired loans remained relatively stable during the first half of 2017 compared with the same period of 2016. Accretion of loan discounts on acquired loans contributed approximately 14 basis points to the net interest margin on an annualized basis in the first half of 2017 and 15 basis points in the same period of 2016.

#### Provision for Loan Losses:

The Company provides for loan losses through regular provisions to the allowance for loan losses. The provision is affected by net charge-offs on loans and changes in specific and general allocations of the allowance. During the quarter ended June 30, 2017, the provision for loan losses totaled \$350,000 which remained stable with the second quarter of 2016 provision of \$350,000. The provision for loan loss represented approximately 7 basis points of average loans on an annualized basis in both the second quarter of 2017 and second quarter of 2016.

The provision for loan losses totaled \$850,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2017, a decrease of \$350,000, or 29%, compared to the provision of \$1,200,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2016. During the first half of 2017, the provision for loan loss represented approximately 9 basis points of average loans on an annualized basis compared with 13 basis points of average loans on an annualized basis during the first half of 2016. The level of provision during all periods presented was done in accordance with the Company's standard methodology for determining the adequacy of its allowance for loan loss.

Net charge-offs totaled \$196,000 or 4 basis points on an annualized basis of average loans outstanding during the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared with \$207,000 or 4 basis points on an annualized basis of average loans outstanding during the same period of 2016. The Company realized net charge-offs of \$338,000 or 3 basis points on an annualized basis of average loans outstanding during the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared with net charge-offs of \$334,000 or 4 basis points on an annualized basis of average loans outstanding during the same period of 2016.

The provision for loan losses made during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 was made at a level deemed necessary by management to absorb changes in estimated, probable incurred losses in the loan portfolio. A detailed evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses is completed quarterly by management, the results of which are used to determine provision for loan losses. Management estimates the allowance balance required using past loan loss experience, the nature and volume of the portfolio, information about specific borrower situations and estimated collateral values, economic conditions, and other factors.

#### Non-interest Income:

During the quarter ended June 30, 2017, non-interest income totaled \$7,797,000, a decrease of \$258,000, or 3%, compared with the second quarter of 2016.

Non-interest Income	Three N	Months	Chang	ge Fro	m
(dollars in thousands)	Ended .	June 30	Prior	Period	1
			Amou	ınPerc	ent
	2017	2016	Chang	geCha	nge
Trust and Investment Product Fees	\$1,350	\$1,223	\$127	10	%
Service Charges on Deposit Accounts	1,478	1,534	(56	)(4	)
Insurance Revenues	1,744	1,605	139	9	
Company Owned Life Insurance	480	247	233	94	
Interchange Fee Income	1,156	873	283	32	
Other Operating Income	630	722	(92	)(13	)
Subtotal	6,838	6,204	634	10	
Net Gains on Sales of Loans	959	883	76	9	
Net Gains on Securities	_	968	(968	)(100	))
Total Non-interest Income	\$7,797	\$8,055	\$(258	3)(3	)

Trust and investment product fees increased \$127,000, or 10%, during the second quarter of 2017 compared with the second quarter of 2016. The increase was primarily attributable to fees generated from increased assets under management in the Company's wealth advisory group.

Company owned life insurance revenue increased \$233,000, or 94%, during the quarter ended June 30, 2017, compared with the second quarter of 2016. The increase was largely related to death benefits received from life insurance policies during the quarter ended June 30, 2017.

Interchange fee income increased \$283,000, or 32%, during the second quarter of 2017 compared with the second quarter of 2016. The increase was primarily attributable to increased card utilization by customers.

The Company realized no gains on sales of securities during the second quarter of 2017 compared with a net gain on the sale of securities of \$968,000 in the second quarter of 2016 related to the sale of \$41.4 million of securities.

Six Months		Change	e From
Ended June 30,		Prior P	eriod
		Amou	nPercent
2017	2016	Change	eChange
\$2,593	\$2,244	\$349	16 %
2,962	2,767	195	7
4,384	4,332	52	1
734	462	272	59
2,179	1,661	518	31
1,487	1,235	252	20
14,339	12,701	1,638	13
1,646	1,603	43	3
_	968	(968)	(100)
\$15,985	\$15,272	\$713	5
	2017 \$2,593 2,962 4,384 734 2,179 1,487 14,339 1,646	Ended June 30,  2017 2016 \$2,593 \$2,244 2,962 2,767 4,384 4,332 734 462 2,179 1,661 1,487 1,235 14,339 12,701 1,646 1,603 — 968	Ended June 30, Prior P Amount 2017 2016 Change \$2,593 \$2,244 \$349 2,962 2,767 195 4,384 4,332 52 734 462 272 2,179 1,661 518 1,487 1,235 252 14,339 12,701 1,638 1,646 1,603 43 — 968 (968)

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, non-interest income totaled \$15,985,000, an increase of \$713,000, or 5%, compared with the first half of 2016.

Trust and investment product fees increased \$349,000, or 16%, during the first half of 2017 compared with the first half of 2016. The increase was primarily attributable to fees generated from increased assets under management in the Company's wealth advisory group.

Service charges on deposit accounts increased \$195,000, or 7%, during the first half of 2017 compared with the first half of 2016. The increase was primarily attributable to the inclusion of River Valley for the full first six months of 2017 compared to four months during the first half of 2016.

Company owned life insurance revenue increased \$272,000, or 59%, during the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared with the same period of 2016. The increase was largely related to death benefits received from life insurance policies during 2017.

Interchange fee income increased \$518,000, or 31%, during the first half of 2017 compared with the same period of 2016. The increase was attributable to a full six months of operations from River Valley included in 2017 and increased card utilization by customers.

Other operating income increased \$252,000, or 20%, during the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared with the first half of 2016. The increase in 2017 compared with the first half of 2016 was largely attributable to increased fees and fair value adjustments associated with swap transactions with loan customers.

The Company realized no gains on sales of securities during the first half of 2017 compared with a net gain on the sale of securities of \$968,000 in the first half of 2016 related to the sale of \$41.4 million of securities.

## Non-interest Expense:

During the quarter ended June 30, 2017, non-interest expense totaled \$18,996,000, an increase of \$657,000, or 4%, compared with the second quarter of 2016.

Non-interest Expense	Three Months		Chang	e Fron	n
(dollars in thousands)	Ended June 30,		Prior F	Period	
			Amou	ntPerc	ent
	2017	2016	Chang	e Cha	nge
Salaries and Employee Benefits	\$11,460	\$10,184	\$1,276	5 13	%
Occupancy, Furniture and Equipment Expense	2,224	2,218	6	_	
FDIC Premiums	232	339	(107	)(32	)
Data Processing Fees	1,044	1,181	(137	)(12	)
Professional Fees	913	780	133	17	
Advertising and Promotion	630	629	1	_	
Intangible Amortization	242	312	(70	)(22	)
Other Operating Expenses	2,251	2,696	(445	)(17	)
Total Non-interest Expense	\$18,996	\$18,339	\$657	4	

Salaries and benefits increased \$1,276,000, or 13%, during the quarter ended June 30, 2017 compared with the second quarter of 2016. The increase in salaries and benefits during the second quarter of 2017 compared with the second quarter of 2016 was primarily attributable to an increased number of full-time equivalent employees and higher levels employee benefit costs including incentive compensation plan costs and health insurance costs.

Data processing fees declined \$137,000, or 12%, in the second quarter of 2017 compared with the second quarter of 2016. The decline during 2017 compared with 2016 was primarily attributable to expenses related to the River Valley transaction.

Professional fees increased \$133,000, or 17%, during the quarter ended June 30, 2017 compared with the second quarter of 2016. The increase was largely attributable to costs associated with the three-for-two stock split completed during the second quarter of 2017.

Other operating expenses decreased \$445,000, or 17%, during the quarter ended June 30, 2017 compared with the second quarter of 2016. The decline was primarily attributable to various card and deposit account expenses which were higher in 2016 related to the River Valley transaction, to deposit gathering strategic initiatives and to a lower level of debit card fraud losses in 2017 compared with 2016.

Non-interest Expense	Six Months		Change	From
(dollars in thousands)	Ended June 30,		Prior Pe	riod
			Amount	Percent
	2017	2016	Change	Change
Salaries and Employee Benefits	\$22,904	\$21,785	\$1,119	5 %
Occupancy, Furniture and Equipment Expense	4,406	4,105	301	7
FDIC Premiums	471	667	(196)	(29)
Data Processing Fees	2,055	3,346	(1,291)	(39)
Professional Fees	1,716	2,098	(382)	(18)
Advertising and Promotion	1,408	1,173	235	20
Intangible Amortization	495	520	(25)	(5)
Other Operating Expenses	4,577	4,885	(308)	(6)
Total Non-interest Expense	\$38,032	\$38,579	\$(547)	(1)

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, non-interest expense totaled \$38,032,000, a decrease of \$547,000, or 1%, compared with the first six months of 2016. During the first half of 2016, the Company recorded costs related to the River Valley merger transaction that totaled \$4,129,000.

Salaries and benefits increased \$1,119,000, or 5%, during the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared with the same period of 2016. The increase in 2017 compared with 2016 was primarily attributable to having River Valley's operations included for the entire first six months of 2017 compared with only four months of 2016 combined with an increased number of full-time equivalent

employees and higher levels employee benefit costs including incentive compensation plan costs and health insurance costs. For comparison purposes, the increased salary and benefit costs in 2017 were partially offset by the settlement of various employment and benefit arrangements which totaled \$1,934,000 related to the River Valley merger in the first half of 2016.

Occupancy, furniture and equipment expense increased \$301,000, or 7%, during the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared with the same period of 2016. This increase was related to the operation of River Valley's 15 branch network during all of the first half of 2017 compared with four months in the first half of 2016.

Data processing fees declined \$1,291,000, or 39%, in the first half of 2017 compared with the first half of 2016. The decline during 2017 compared with 2016 was primarily related to expenses totaling \$1,198,000 associated with the acquisition of River Valley that were incurred during the first quarter of 2016.

Professional fees declined \$382,000, or 18%, during the first six months of 2017 compared with the first half of 2016. The decline during 2017 compared with 2016 was attributable to expenses totaling \$724,000 associated with the acquisition of River Valley that were incurred during the first half of 2016 partially offset by fees incurred during 2017 related to the three-for-two stock split completed during the second quarter of 2017.

Advertising and promotion increased \$235,000, or 20%, during the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared with the six months ended June 30, 2016. The increase in advertising and promotion was largely related to charitable contribution activity in the first half of 2017.

#### **Income Taxes:**

The Company's effective income tax rate was 25.8% and 30.3%, respectively, during the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. The Company's effective income tax rate was 27.2% and 28.7%, respectively, during the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. The effective tax rate in all periods presented was lower than the blended statutory rate resulting primarily from the Company's tax-exempt investment income on securities, loans and company-owned life insurance, income tax credits generated from affordable housing projects, and income generated by subsidiaries domiciled in a state with no state or local income tax.

## FINANCIAL CONDITION

Total assets for the Company increased to \$3.005 billion at June 30, 2017, representing an increase of \$48.8 million, or 3% on an annualized basis, compared with December 31, 2016.

Total loans increased \$41.7 million, or 4% on an annualized basis at June 30, 2017 compared with year-end 2016. Included in the first half of 2017 loan growth was an increase of approximately \$24.4 million, or 4% on annualized basis, of commercial real estate and commercial and industrial loans while agricultural loans grew \$10.1 million, or 7% on an annualized basis. Retail loans which include home equity, consumer and residential loans grew by approximately \$7.2 million, or 4% on an annualized basis, during the first half of 2017.

End of Period Loan Balances:	June 30,	December	Current
	•	31,	Period
(dollars in thousands)	2017	2016	Change
Commercial & Industrial Loans and Leases	\$467,754	\$457,372	\$10,382
Commercial Real Estate Loans	870,100	856,094	14,006
Agricultural Loans	313,254	303,128	10,126
Home Equity & Consumer Loans	202,562	193,520	9,042

Residential Mortgage Loans Total Loans 181,477 183,290 (1,813) \$2,035,147 \$1,993,404 \$41,743

The following table indicates the breakdown of the allowance for loan losses for the periods indicated (dollars in thousands):

	June 30,	December
	-	31,
	2017	2016
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	\$3,672	\$ 3,725
Commercial Real Estate Loans	5,316	5,452
Agricultural Loans	4,829	4,094
Home Equity and Consumer Loans	554	518
Residential Mortgage Loans	353	329
Unallocated	596	690
Total Allowance for Loan Loss	\$15,320	\$ 14.808

The Company's allowance for loan losses totaled \$15.3 million at June 30, 2017 compared to \$14.8 million at December 31, 2016 representing an increase of \$512,000, or 7% on an annualized basis. The increase in the allowance for loan loss during the first half of 2017 was primarily related to the down-grade of two agricultural relationships during the first half of 2017 from pass rated credits to special mention credits. The allowance for loan losses represented 0.75% of period-end loans at June 30, 2017 compared with 0.74% of period-end loans at December 31, 2016. Under acquisition accounting treatment, loans acquired are recorded at fair value which includes a credit risk component, and therefore the allowance on loans acquired is not carried over from the seller. The Company held a discount on acquired loans of \$8.2 million as of June 30, 2017 and \$10.0 million at December 31, 2016.

The following is an analysis of the Company's non-performing assets at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

Non-performing Assets: (dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Non-accrual Loans	\$3,097	\$3,793
Past Due Loans (90 days or more)	62	2
Total Non-performing Loans	3,159	3,795
Other Real Estate	1,289	242
Total Non-performing Assets	\$4,448	\$4,037
Restructured Loans	\$154	\$28
Non-performing Loans to Total Loans	0.10 /0	0.19 %
Allowance for Loan Loss to Non-performing Loans	484.96 %	390.20 %

The following tables present non-accrual loans and loans past due 90 days or more still on accrual by class of loans:

			Loans Pa	st Due 90
	Non-Accrual		Days	
	Loans		or More &	& Still
			Accruing	
	June	December	June	December
	30,	31,	30,	31,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases	\$60	\$ 86	\$ —	\$ 2
Commercial Real Estate Loans	982	1,408	32	_
Agricultural Loans	878	792	30	_

Home Equity Loans	72	73		_	
Consumer Loans	433	85		_	
Residential Mortgage Loans	672	1,349		_	
Total	\$3,097	\$ 3,793	\$ 62	\$ 1	2

Non-performing assets totaled \$4.4 million at June 30, 2017 compared to \$4.0 million of non-performing assets at December 31, 2016. Non-performing assets represented 0.15% of total assets at June 30, 2017 compared to 0.14% of total assets at December 31, 2016. Non-performing loans totaled \$3.2 million at June 30, 2017 compared to \$3.8 million at December 31, 2016. Non-performing loans represented 0.16% of total loans at June 30, 2017 compared to 0.19% at December 31, 2016. The increase in

non-performing assets during the first half of 2017 compared with December 31, 2016 levels was attributable to a single commercial real estate credit relationship that was placed on non-accrual status in the first quarter of 2017 and subsequently placed into other real estate owned during the second quarter of 2017.

Loan impairment is reported when repayment under the terms of the loan is not expected. If a loan is impaired, a portion of the allowance is specifically allocated so that the loan is reported net, at the present value of estimated future cash flows using the loan's existing rate, or at the fair value of collateral if repayment is expected solely from the collateral. Commercial and industrial loans, commercial real estate loans, and agricultural loans are evaluated individually for impairment. Smaller balance homogeneous loans are evaluated for impairment in total. Such loans include real estate loans secured by one-to-four family residences and loans to individuals for household, family and other personal expenditures. Individually evaluated loans on non-accrual are generally considered impaired. Impaired loans, or portions thereof, are charged off when deemed uncollectible.

Total deposits increased \$13.8 million, or 1% on an annualized basis, as of June 30, 2017 compared with December 31, 2016.

End of Period Deposit Balances:	June 30,	December	Current
(dollars in thousands)	2017	31,	Period
(donars in thousands)	2017	2016	Change
Non-interest-bearing Demand Deposits	\$557,535	\$571,989	\$(14,454)
Interest-bearing Demand, Savings, & Money Market Accounts	1,453,512	1,399,381	54,131
Time Deposits < \$100,000	203,923	207,824	(3,901)
Time Deposits of \$100,000 or more	148,351	170,357	(22,006)
Total Deposits	\$2,363,321	\$2,349,551	\$13,770

#### Capital Resources:

As of June 30, 2017, shareholders' equity increased by \$24.7 million to \$355.0 million compared with \$330.3 million at year-end 2016. The increase in shareholders' equity was primarily attributable to an increase of \$13.5 million in retained earnings and an increase of \$10.6 million in accumulated other comprehensive income primarily related to the increase in value of the Company's available-for-sale securities portfolio. Shareholders' equity represented 11.8% of total assets at June 30, 2017 and 11.2% of total assets at December 31, 2016. Shareholders' equity included \$56.6 million of goodwill and other intangible assets at June 30, 2017 compared to \$56.9 million of goodwill and other intangible assets at December 31, 2016.

Federal banking regulations provide guidelines for determining the capital adequacy of bank holding companies and banks. These guidelines provide for a more narrow definition of core capital and assign a measure of risk to the various categories of assets. The Company is required to maintain minimum levels of capital in proportion to total risk-weighted assets and off-balance sheet exposures.

As of January 1, 2015, the Company and its subsidiary bank adopted the new Basel III regulatory capital framework. The adoption of this new framework modified the regulatory capital calculations, minimum capital levels and well-capitalized thresholds and added the new Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio. Additionally, under the new rules, in order to avoid limitations on capital distributions, including dividend payments, the Company is required to maintain a capital conservation buffer above the adequately capitalized regulatory capital ratios. The capital conservation buffer is being phased in from 0.00% in 2015 to 2.50% in 2019. For June 30, 2017, the capital conservation buffer was 1.25% and for December 31, 2016, the capital conservation buffer was 0.625%. At June 30, 2017, the capital levels for the Company and its subsidiary bank remained well in excess of of the minimum amounts needed for capital adequacy purposes and the bank's capital levels met the necessary requirements to be considered well-capitalized.

The table below presents the Company's consolidated and the subsidiary bank's capital ratios under regulatory guidelines:

	Minimum							
	6/30/2017 Ratio		12/31/2016 Ratio				Well-Capitalized Guidelines	
Total Capital (to Risk Weighted Assets)					_			
Consolidated	13.56 %	,	13.30	%	8.00	%	N/A	
Bank	12.17 %	9	12.48	%	8.00	%	10.00	%
Tier 1 (Core) Capital (to Risk Weighted Assets)								
Consolidated	12.92 %	,	12.66	%	6.00	%	N/A	
Bank	11.52 %	9	11.84	%	6.00	%	8.00	%
Common Tier 1, (CET 1) Capital Ratio (to Risk Weighted								
Assets)								
Consolidated	12.46 %		12.19	%	4.50	%	N/A	
Bank	11.52 %	9	11.84	%	4.50	%	6.50	%
Tier 1 Capital (to Average Assets)								
Consolidated	10.52 %	9	10.09	%	4.00	%	N/A	
Bank	9.39 %	6	9.46	%	4.00	%	5.00	%

Under the the final rules provided for by Basel III, accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI") was to be included in a banking organization's Common Equity Tier 1 capital. The final rules allowed community banks to make a one-time election not to include the additional components of AOCI in regulatory capital and instead use the existing treatment under the general risk-based capital rules that excludes most AOCI components from regulatory capital. The Company elected, in its March 31, 2015 regulatory filings (Call Report and FR Y-9), to opt-out and continue the existing treatment of AOCI for regulatory capital purposes.

## Liquidity:

The Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows details the elements of changes in the Company's consolidated cash and cash equivalents. Total cash and cash equivalents decreased \$20.8 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017 ending at \$44.0 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, operating activities resulted in net cash inflows of \$28.5 million. Investing activities resulted in net cash outflows of \$62.6 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017. Financing activities resulted in net cash inflows for the six months ended June 30, 2017 of \$13.3 million.

The parent company is a corporation separate and distinct from its bank and other subsidiaries. The Company uses funds at the parent-company level to pay dividends to its shareholders, to acquire or make other investments in other businesses or their securities or assets, to repurchase its stock from time to time, and for other general corporate purposes including debt service. The parent company does not have access at the parent-company level to the deposits and certain other sources of funds that are available to its bank subsidiary to support its operations. Instead, the parent company has historically derived most of its revenues from dividends paid to the parent company by its bank subsidiary. The Company's banking subsidiary is subject to statutory restrictions on its ability to pay dividends to the parent company. The parent company has in recent years supplemented the dividends received from its subsidiaries with borrowings. As of June 30, 2017, the parent company had approximately \$23.0 million of cash and cash equivalents available to meet its cash flow needs.

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS

The Company from time to time in its oral and written communications makes statements relating to its expectations regarding the future. These types of statements are considered "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The Company may include forward-looking statements in filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), such as this Form 10-Q, in other written materials, and in oral statements made by senior management to analysts, investors, representatives of the media, and others. Such forward looking statements can include statements about the Company's net interest income or net interest margin; its adequacy of allowance for loan losses, levels of provisions for loan losses, and the quality of the Company's loans, investment securities and other assets; simulations of changes in interest rates; expected results from mergers with or acquisitions of other businesses; litigation results; tax estimates and recognition; dividend policy; parent company cash resources and cash requirements, and parent company capital resources; estimated cost savings, plans and objectives for future operations; and expectations about the Company's financial and business performance and other business matters as well as economic and market conditions and trends. They often can be identified by the use of words like "expect," "may," "will," "would," "could," "should," "intend," "project," "estimate," "believe" or "anticipate," or similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and the Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which the forward-looking statement is made.

Readers are cautioned that, by their nature, all forward-looking statements are based on assumptions and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors. Actual results may differ materially and adversely from the expectations of the Company that are expressed or implied by any forward-looking statement. The discussions in this Item 2 list some of the factors that could cause the Company's actual results to vary materially from those expressed or implied by any forward-looking statements. Other risks, uncertainties, and factors that could cause the Company's actual results to vary materially from those expressed or implied by any forward-looking statement include the unknown future direction of interest rates and the timing and magnitude of any changes in interest rates; changes in competitive conditions; the introduction, withdrawal, success and timing of asset/liability management strategies or of mergers and acquisitions and other business initiatives and strategies; changes in customer borrowing, repayment, investment and deposit practices; changes in fiscal, monetary and tax policies; changes in financial and capital markets; deterioration in general economic conditions, either nationally or locally, resulting in, among other things, credit quality deterioration; capital management activities, including possible future sales of new securities, or possible repurchases or redemptions by the Company of outstanding debt or equity securities; risks of expansion through acquisitions and mergers, such as unexpected credit quality problems of the acquired loans or other assets, unexpected attrition of the customer base of the acquired institution or branches, and difficulties in integration of the acquired operations; factors driving impairment charges on investments; the impact, extent and timing of technological changes; potential cyber-attacks, information security breaches and other criminal activities; litigation liabilities, including related costs, expenses, settlements and judgments, or the outcome of matters before regulatory agencies, whether pending or commencing in the future; actions of the Federal Reserve Board; changes in accounting principles and interpretations; potential increases of federal deposit insurance premium expense, and possible future special assessments of FDIC premiums, either industry wide or specific to the Company's banking subsidiary; actions of the regulatory authorities under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and the Federal Deposit Insurance Act and other possible legislative and regulatory actions and reforms; and the continued availability of earnings and excess capital sufficient for the lawful and prudent declaration and payment of cash dividends. Such statements reflect our views with respect to future events and are subject to these and other risks, uncertainties and assumptions relating to the operations, results of operations, growth strategy and liquidity of the Company. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.

Investors should consider these risks, uncertainties, and other factors, in addition to those mentioned by the Company in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for its fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, and other SEC filings from time to time, when considering any forward-looking statement.

## Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company's exposure to market risk is reviewed on a regular basis by the Asset/Liability Committee and Boards of Directors of the parent company and its subsidiary bank. Primary market risks which impact the Company's operations are liquidity risk and interest rate risk.

The liquidity of the parent company is dependent upon the receipt of dividends from its subsidiary bank, which is subject to certain regulatory limitations. The Bank's source of funding is predominately core deposits, maturities of securities, repayments of loan principal and interest, federal funds purchased, securities sold under agreements to repurchase and borrowings from the Federal Home Loan Bank.

The Company monitors interest rate risk by the use of computer simulation modeling to estimate the potential impact on its net interest income under various interest rate scenarios, and by estimating its static interest rate sensitivity position. Another method by which the Company's interest rate risk position can be estimated is by computing estimated changes in its net portfolio value ("NPV"). This method estimates interest rate risk exposure from movements in interest rates by using interest rate sensitivity analysis to determine the change in the NPV of discounted cash flows from assets and liabilities. NPV represents the market value of portfolio equity and is equal to the estimated market value of assets minus the estimated market value of liabilities.

Computations for measuring both net interest income and NPV are based on a number of assumptions, including the relative levels of market interest rates and prepayments in mortgage loans and certain types of investments. These computations do not contemplate any actions management may undertake in response to changes in interest rates, and should not be relied upon as indicative of actual results. In addition, certain shortcomings are inherent in the method of computing both net interest income and NPV. Should interest rates remain or decrease below current levels, the proportion of adjustable rate loans could decrease in future periods due to refinancing activity. In the event of an interest rate change, prepayment levels would likely be different from those assumed in the modeling. Lastly, the ability of many borrowers to repay their adjustable rate debt may decline during a rising interest rate environment.

The Company from time to time utilizes derivatives to manage interest rate risk. Management continuously evaluates the merits of such interest rate risk products but does not anticipate the use of such products to become a major part of the Company's risk management strategy.

The table below provides an assessment of the risk to net interest income over the next 12 months in the event of a sudden and sustained 1% and 2% increase and decrease in prevailing interest rates (dollars in thousands).

Interest Rate Sensitivity as of June 30, 2017 - Net Interest Income

Net Interest Income

Changes in Rates	Amount	% Change	
+2%	\$98,356	(3.01	)%
+1%	99,931	(1.46	)%
Base	101,410		
-1%	96,447	(4.89	)%
-2%	92,903	(8.39	)%

The above table is a measurement of the Company's net interest income at risk, assuming a static balance sheet as of June 30, 2017 and instantaneous parallel changes in interest rates. The Company also monitors interest rate risk under other scenarios including a more gradual movement in market interest rates. This type of scenario can at times produce different modeling results in measuring interest rate risk sensitivity.

The table below provides an assessment of the risk to NPV in the event of a sudden and sustained 1% and 2% increase and decrease in prevailing interest rates (dollars in thousands).

Interest Rate Sensitivity as of June 30, 2017 - Net Portfolio Value

	Net Portfolio Value		Net Portfolio Value as a % of				
	Tiet I offic	ono varac	Present Value of				
			Assets				
CI D	A	%	NPV	Change			
Changes in Rates	Amount	Change	Ratio	Change			
+2%	\$366,174	(8.55)%	13.10%	(52) b.p.			
+1%	385,019	(3.84)%	13.43%	(19) b.p.			
Base	400,394	_	13.62%				
-1%	380,287	(5.02)%	12.68%	(94) b.p.			
-2%	318,297	(20.50)%	10.51%	(311) b.p.			

This Item 3 includes forward-looking statements. See "Forward-looking Statements and Associated Risks" included in Part I, Item 2 of this Report for a discussion of certain factors that could cause the Company's actual exposure to market risk to vary materially from that expressed or implied above. These factors include possible changes in economic conditions; interest rate fluctuations, competitive product and pricing pressures within the Company's markets; and equity and fixed income market fluctuations. Actual experience may also vary materially to the extent that the Company's assumptions described above prove to be inaccurate.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

As of June 30, 2017, the Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were, as of that date, effective in timely alerting them to material information required to be included in the Company's periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of systems of disclosure controls and procedures, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of the controls and procedures. Accordingly, even effective systems of disclosure controls and procedures can provide only reasonable assurances of achieving their control objectives.

There was no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's second fiscal quarter of 2017 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 1. Legal Proceedings

There are no pending legal proceedings, other than litigation incidental to the ordinary business of the Company, of a material nature to which the Company is a party or of which any of its properties are subject.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in German American Bancorp, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

## **Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

The following table sets forth information regarding the Company's purchases of its common shares during each of the three months ended June 30, 2017.

Period	Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased	Average Price Paid Per Share (or Unit)	Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased under the Plans or Programs
April 2017	_	_	_	409,184
May 2017	_	_		409,184
June 2017		_		409,184

<sup>(1)</sup> On April 26, 2001, the Company announced that its Board of Directors had approved a stock repurchase program for up to 911,631 of its outstanding common shares, of which the Company had purchased 502,447 common shares through June 30, 2017. The Board of Directors established no expiration date for this program. The Company purchased no shares under this program during the three months ended June 30, 2017.

#### Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits described by the Exhibit Index immediately following the Signature Page of this Report are incorporated herein by reference.

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

## GERMAN AMERICAN BANCORP, INC.

Date: August 4, 2017 By/s/Mark A. Schroeder

Mark A. Schroeder

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 4, 2017 By/s/Bradley M. Rust

Bradley M. Rust

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

#### **INDEX OF EXHIBITS**

Exhibit No.	Description
3.1	Restatement of the Articles of Incorporation of German American Bancorp, Inc., as amended, is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 filed on May 9, 2017 (SEC File No. 001-15877).
3.2	Restated Bylaws of German American Bancorp, Inc., as amended and restated July 27, 2009, is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed March 9, 2015 (SEC File No. 001-15877).
4.1	No long-term debt instrument issued by the Registrant exceeds 10% of consolidated total assets or is registered. In accordance with paragraph 4 (iii) of Item 601(b) of Regulation S-K, the Registrant will furnish the Securities and Exchange Commission copies of long-term debt instruments and related agreements upon request.
4.2	Terms of Common Shares and Preferred Shares of the Registrant (included in Restatement of Articles of Incorporation) are incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 1, 2011 (SEC File No. 001-15877).
4.3	Specimen stock certificate for Common Shares of the Registrant is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed October 21, 2010 (SEC File No. 001-15877).
4.4	Description of Assumed Junior Deferrable Interest Subordinated Debentures of River Valley Bancorp and Agreement to Furnish Copies of Related Instruments and Documents are incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 of the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2016 filed on May 10, 2016 (SEC File No. 001-15877).
10.1*	Description of Director Compensation Arrangements for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2018 is incorporated by reference from the description included in Item 5.02 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 29, 2017 (SEC File No. 001-15877).
31.1**	Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, Section 302 Certification for Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer.
31.2**	Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, Section 302 Certification for Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer.
32.1**	Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, Section 906 Certification for Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer.
32.2**	Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, Section 906 Certification for Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer.
101+	The following materials from German American Bancorp, Inc.'s Form 10-Q Report for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017, formatted in XBRL: (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Income, (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

\*Exhibits that describe or evidence management contracts or compensatory plans or arrangements required to be filed as exhibits to this Report are indicated by an asterisk.

\*\*Exhibits that are filed with this Report (other than through incorporation by reference to other disclosures or exhibits) are indicated by a double asterisk.

+Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the Interactive Data Files on Exhibit 101 hereto are furnished and not deemed filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 and 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and are deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as

amended, and otherwise are not subject to liability under those sections.