MERITOR INC

Form 10-K/A

June 09, 2014

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K/A (Amendment no. 2)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 29, 2013

Commission file number 1-15983

MERITOR, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Indiana 38-3354643
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or or organization) Identification No.)

2135 West Maple Road

Troy, Michigan 48084-7186

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code) Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (248) 435-1000

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(b) OF THE ACT:

Title of each class

Name of each exchange on which registered

Common Stock, \$1 Par Value New York Stock Exchange SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(g) OF THE ACT: None

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

v

Yes X No "

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act.

Yes " No x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding twelve months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "accelerated filer", "large accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one)

Large accelerated "
filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer"

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes " No x

The aggregate market value of the registrant's voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates of the registrant on March 28, 2013 (the last business day of the most recently completed second fiscal quarter) was approximately \$452,642,563.

97,844,611 shares of the registrant's Common Stock, par value \$1 per share, were outstanding on June 6, 2014. DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Certain information contained in the Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Shareowners of the registrant held on January 23, 2014 is incorporated by reference into Part III of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 29, 2013.

EXPLANATORY NOTE - AMENDMENT

Meritor, Inc. (the "company" or "Meritor") is filing this Form 10-K/A (Amendment No. 2) to include in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 29, 2013 (the "Annual Report"), pursuant to Rule 3-09 of Regulation S-X under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, financial statements and related notes of Master Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. ("MSA") and Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. ("SSA"), unconsolidated joint ventures incorporated in Brazil in which the company owns an interest. Meritor owns a 49% interest in MSA (directly) and owned a 50% interest in SSA prior to the sale date of July 30, 2013 (through both direct and indirect interests). Rule 3-09 of Regulation S-X provides that if a 50% or less owned person accounted for by the equity method meets the first or third condition of the significant subsidiary tests set forth in Rule 1-02(w), substituting 20% for 10%, separate financial statements for such 50% or less owned person shall be filed. Such statements are required to be audited only in the years in which such person met such test.

MSA and SSA met the significance test for Meritor's 2013 and 2011 fiscal years. Therefore, Meritor is required to file audited financial statements for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2013 ("2013") and December 31, 2011 ("2011") and the company has included in this Amendment No. 2 on Form 10-K/A the required audited financial statements for the fiscal years ended 2013 and 2011. Both MSA and SSA did not meet such significance test for Meritor's fiscal year 2012. Therefore, Meritor is only required to file unaudited financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 ("2012").

Effective January 1, 2009, Brazil adopted International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). The financial statements of MSA and SSA for 2013, 2012 and 2011 have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB.

The financial statements of MSA and SSA are presented in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB. Reconciliations between local GAAP and U.S. GAAP are not required pursuant to SEC Release numbers 33-8879 and 34-57026 and have been omitted.

Item 15 is the only portion of the Annual Report being supplemented or amended by this Amendment No. 2 on Form 10-K/A. Additionally, in connection with the filing of this Amendment No. 2 on Form 10-K/A and pursuant to SEC rules, except for Exhibit 10-v-1, Meritor is including the consents of the independent auditors of MSA and SSA and currently dated certifications. This Amendment No. 2 on Form 10-K/A does not otherwise update any exhibits as originally filed and does not otherwise reflect events occurring after the original filing date of the Annual Report. Accordingly, this Amendment No. 2 on Form 10-K/A should be read in conjunction with Meritor's filings with the SEC subsequent to the filing of the Annual Report.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

- (a) Financial Statements, Financial Statement Schedules and Exhibits.
- (1) Financial Statements.

Meritor

The following financial statements and related notes were filed as part of the Annual Report filed with the SEC on November 20, 2013 (all financial statements listed below are those of the company and its consolidated subsidiaries):

Consolidated Statement of Operations, years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011.

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss), years ended September 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011.

Consolidated Balance Sheet, September 30, 2013 and 2012.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011.

Consolidated Statement of Equity (Deficit), years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.

Meritor WABCO Vehicle Control Systems

The following financial statements and related notes of Meritor WABCO Vehicle Control Systems were filed as part of Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-K/A to the Annual Report filed with the SEC on December 10, 2013 pursuant to Rule 3-09 of Regulation S-X:

Balance Sheets, September 30, 2013 (Audited) and 2012 (Unaudited).

Statements of Net Income and Cash Flows, years ended September 30, 2013 (Audited), 2012 (Unaudited) and 2011 (Unaudited).

Independent Auditors' Report.

Master Sistemas Automotivos Ltda.

The following financial statements and related notes of Master Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. are included in this Amendment No. 2 on Form 10-K/A pursuant to Rule 3-09 of Regulation S-X:

Balance Sheets, December 31, 2013 (Audited) and 2012 (Unaudited).

Statements of Income, Comprehensive Income, Changes in Shareholders' Equity, and Cash Flows, years ended December 31, 2013 (Audited), 2012 (Unaudited) and 2011 (Audited).

Independent Auditors' Report.

Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda.

The following financial statements and related notes of Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. are included in this Amendment No. 2 on Form 10-K/A pursuant to Rule 3-09 of Regulation S-X:

Balance Sheets, July 31, 2013 (Audited) and December 31, 2012 (Unaudited).

Statements of Income, Comprehensive Income, Changes in Equity, and Cash Flows, seven-month period ended July 31, 2013 (Audited) and years ended December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and 2011 (Audited) Independent Auditors' Report.

Master Sistemas Automotivos Ltda.

Financial Statements

For the Years

Ended December 31, 2013, 2012 (Unaudited) and 2011 and Independent Auditor's Report

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Master Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. Caxias do Sul, RS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Master Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. (the "Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as of December 31, 2013, and the related statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in shareholder's equity, and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2011, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Master Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. as of December 31, 2013, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2011in accordance. with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

April 30, 2014

/s/ DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU
DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU

MASTER SISTEMAS AUTOMOTIVOS LTDA.

BALANCE SHEETS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (UNAUDITED)

(In	thousands	of	Brazilian	reais -	R\$)

Note	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
		Unaudited
4	71 252	64,171
	· ·	47.592
	•	47,582
	•	4,073
	57,210	43,486
13		7,927
	364	294
	1.002	1,735
	•	169,268
	210,070	107,200
7	087	857
14		640
	606	198
9		128,805
	26	26
	26	128,831
10	92,044	90,506
11	•	10,174
	•	231,206
	•	400,474
	510,555	700,777
Note	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
Note	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
Note		Unaudited
	15,593	Unaudited 17,793
Note	15,593 605	Unaudited 17,793 48,523
	15,593 605 3,396	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427
	15,593 605	Unaudited 17,793 48,523
	15,593 605 3,396	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427
	15,593 605 3,396 1,074	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427 1,358
12	15,593 605 3,396 1,074 4,271 42,266	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427 1,358 4,277 13,944
12	15,593 605 3,396 1,074 4,271 42,266 2,997	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427 1,358 4,277 13,944 2,180
12 13 and 18	15,593 605 3,396 1,074 4,271 42,266 2,997 1,743	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427 1,358 4,277 13,944 2,180 719
12	15,593 605 3,396 1,074 4,271 42,266 2,997 1,743 150	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427 1,358 4,277 13,944 2,180 719 150
12 13 and 18	15,593 605 3,396 1,074 4,271 42,266 2,997 1,743 150 1,813	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427 1,358 4,277 13,944 2,180 719 150 1,552
12 13 and 18	15,593 605 3,396 1,074 4,271 42,266 2,997 1,743 150	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427 1,358 4,277 13,944 2,180 719 150
12 13 and 18 13	15,593 605 3,396 1,074 4,271 42,266 2,997 1,743 150 1,813 73,908	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427 1,358 4,277 13,944 2,180 719 150 1,552 93,923
12 13 and 18 13	15,593 605 3,396 1,074 4,271 42,266 2,997 1,743 150 1,813 73,908	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427 1,358 4,277 13,944 2,180 719 150 1,552 93,923 17,424
12 13 and 18 13	15,593 605 3,396 1,074 4,271 42,266 2,997 1,743 150 1,813 73,908	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427 1,358 4,277 13,944 2,180 719 150 1,552 93,923 17,424 903
12 13 and 18 13	15,593 605 3,396 1,074 4,271 42,266 2,997 1,743 150 1,813 73,908 110,078 753 182	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427 1,358 4,277 13,944 2,180 719 150 1,552 93,923 17,424 903 118
12 13 and 18 13	15,593 605 3,396 1,074 4,271 42,266 2,997 1,743 150 1,813 73,908	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427 1,358 4,277 13,944 2,180 719 150 1,552 93,923 17,424 903
12 13 and 18 13	15,593 605 3,396 1,074 4,271 42,266 2,997 1,743 150 1,813 73,908 110,078 753 182	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427 1,358 4,277 13,944 2,180 719 150 1,552 93,923 17,424 903 118
12 13 and 18 13 12 13 15	15,593 605 3,396 1,074 4,271 42,266 2,997 1,743 150 1,813 73,908 110,078 753 182 2,273	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427 1,358 4,277 13,944 2,180 719 150 1,552 93,923 17,424 903 118 2,799
12 13 and 18 13 12 13 15	15,593 605 3,396 1,074 4,271 42,266 2,997 1,743 150 1,813 73,908 110,078 753 182 2,273 4,779 440	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427 1,358 4,277 13,944 2,180 719 150 1,552 93,923 17,424 903 118 2,799 3,956 152
12 13 and 18 13 12 13 15	15,593 605 3,396 1,074 4,271 42,266 2,997 1,743 150 1,813 73,908 110,078 753 182 2,273 4,779	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427 1,358 4,277 13,944 2,180 719 150 1,552 93,923 17,424 903 118 2,799 3,956
12 13 and 18 13 12 13 15	15,593 605 3,396 1,074 4,271 42,266 2,997 1,743 150 1,813 73,908 110,078 753 182 2,273 4,779 440	Unaudited 17,793 48,523 3,427 1,358 4,277 13,944 2,180 719 150 1,552 93,923 17,424 903 118 2,799 3,956 152
	4 5 6 7 8 13	4 71,252 5 34,085 6 45,236 7 6,521 8 57,210 13 — 364 1,002 215,670 7 987 14 451 606 9 — 26 26 26 10 92,044

Earnings reserve	59,492	105,945	
Retained earnings	6,630	15,254	
Total equity	126,122	281,199	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	318,535	400,474	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.			
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MASTER SISTEMAS AUTOMOTIVOS LTDA.

STATEMENTS OF INCOME

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013, 2012 (UNAUDITED), AND 2011

(In thousands of Brazilian reais - R\$)

	Note	2013	2012 Unaudited	2011
NET OPERATING REVENUE	19	518,063	379,419	524,030
COST OF SALES AND SERVICES	20	(422,131)) (316,358) (422,807)
GROSS PROFIT		95,932	63,061	101,223
OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Selling expenses	20	(19,325) (13,034) (18,706)
General and administrative expenses	20	(17,396) (14,922) (15,213)
Equity in associate	9	15,385	22,922	52,946
Other operating expenses, net	20	(4,408) (1,896) (7,264)
		(25,744) (6,930) 11,763
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSES)		70,188	56,131	112,986
FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Finance income	22	13,332	15,054	17,073
Finance costs	22	(9,038) (7,754) (6,441)
Foreign exchange gains	22	699	488	596
		4,993	7,788	11,228
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX AND SOCIAL CONTRIBUTION		75,181	63,919	124,214
INCOME TAX AND SOCIAL CONTRIBUTION				
Current	21	(15,336) (8,743) (21,394)
Deferred	21	•	(1,618) 1,713
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		59,021	53,558	104,533

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MASTER SISTEMAS AUTOMOTIVOS LTDA. STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013, 2012 (UNAUDITED) AND 2011 (In thousands of Brazilian reais - R\$)

	2013		2012 Unaudited	1	2011	
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	59,021		53,558		104,533	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME						
Actuarial gains (losses) on retirement benefit plan	(1)	97		(1)
Deferred income tax and social contribution on other comprehensive income			(33)	1	
Other comprehensive income of associate accounted for under the equity method of accounting	_		46			
	(1)	110		_	
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	59,020		53,668		104,533	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MASTER SISTEMAS AUTOMOTIVOS LTDA. STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013, 2012 (UNAUDITED) AND 2011 (In thousands of Brazilian reais - R\$)

	Note	Share Capital	Earnings reserve		Retained earnings		Total	
BALANCES AT JANUARY 01, 2011		105,000	139,805		19,746		264,551	
Net profit for the year		_	_		104,533		104,533	
Comprehensive income for the year					104,533		104,533	
Capital increase		55,000	(55,000)				
Interest on capital	17		_		(13,943)	(13,943)
Prepaid dividends	18	_	_		(27,088)	(27,088)
Payments of dividends	18	_	(21,477)	_		(21,477)
Earnings reserve		-	65,888		(65,888)		
BALANCES AT DECEMBER 31, 2011		160,000	129,216		17,360		306,576	
Net profit for the year					53,558		53,558	
Other comprehensive income		_	_		110		110	
Comprehensive income for the year		_	_		53,668		53,668	
Prepaid dividends	18	-			(1,205)	(1,205)
Interest on capital	18	-			(14,986)	(14,986)
Payments of dividends		_	(62,854)	_		(62,854)
Earnings Reserve		-	39,583		(39,583)		
BALANCES AT DECEMBER 31, 2012		160,000	105,945		15,254		281,199	
(UNAUDITED)		,	,		,		,	
Net profit for the year		_	_		59,021		59,021	
Other comprehensive income			_		(1)	(1)
Comprehensive income for the year		_	_		59,020		59,020	
Capital reduction	17	(126,003))	(7,048)	(142,700)
Capital increase	17	26,003	(26,003)	_			
Payment of dividends	18	_	(26,522)			(26,522)
Interest on capital	18	_	_		(8,952)	(8,952)
Distribution of dividends	18	_	_		(35,923)	(35,923)
Earnings Reserve		_	15,721		(15,721)	_	
BALANCES AT DECEMBER 31, 2013		60,000	59,492		6,630		126,122	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MASTER SISTEMAS AUTOMOTIVOS LTDA.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013, 2012 (UNAUDITED) AND 2011

(In thousands of Brazilian reais - R\$)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	2013		2012 Unaudited	1	2011	
Net profit before income tax and social contribution		75,181		63,919	1	124,214	
Adjustments to reconcile net profit before income tax and social		73,101		03,717		127,217	
contribution to cash generated by operating activities:							
Gain (loss) from sale of property, plant and equipment		(144	`	(177	`	288	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	10	9,796	,	9,468	,	8,916	
Amortization of intangible assets	11	1,454		1,268		109	
Exchange differences on borrowings	11	3		(118	`	—	
Interest and charges on borrowings and financing		7,147		3,387	,	4,025	
Share of profits of associate	9	(15,385	`	(22,922	`	(52,946	`
Changes in assets and liabilities	9	(13,363)	(22,922	,	(32,940)
(Increase) decrease in trade receivables		2,346		8,675		(17,952	`
(Increase) decrease in trade receivables (Increase) decrease in short-term investments	5	(34,085	`			(17,932)
(Increase) decrease in short-term investments (Increase) decrease in inventories	3)	— 6.422		— (19,551	`
(Increase) decrease in inventories (Increase) decrease in other receivables		(13,724 (2,134	-	6,433 952		(2,682)
Increase (decrease) in trade payables		(2,134) $(2,307)$	-	(6,149	`	12,729)
Increase (decrease) in trade payables Increase (decrease) in payables and provisions		2,062)	(6,597		6,861	
			`	(9,660	-		`
Income tax and social contribution paid	10	(16,912))	(21,394)
Dividends and interest on capital received	18	9,194	`	36,781	`	34,801	`
Interest paid on borrowings Not each generated by energting activities		(5,130)	(4,283 80,977)	(4,691 72,727)
Net cash generated by operating activities		17,362		80,977		12,121	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	10	(11,819)	(10,443)	(14,658)
Purchase of intangible assets	11	(31)	(1,265)	(5,868)
Proceeds of property, plant and equipment		737		242		_	
Net cash used in investing activities		(11,113)	(11,466)	(20,526)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Dividends and interest on capital paid	18	(41,733	-	(74,704		(70,585)
Borrowings from related parties		(151)	(107)	(94)
Third-party borrowings		91,002		3,976		29,917	
Repayment of borrowings and financing		(48,286)	(42,560		(8,657)
Net cash generated by (used in) financing activities		832		(113,395)	(49,419)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH					,		
EQUIVALENTS		7,081		(43,884)	2,782	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	4	64,171		108,055		105,273	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	4	71,252		64,171		108,055	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		. ,		. , . –		,	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MASTER SISTEMAS AUTOMOTIVOS LTDA.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013, 2012 (UNAUDITED) AND 2011 (Amounts in thousands of Brazilian reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Master Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. ("Company") is a limited liability company established in Brazil with its head office and principal place of business at Rua Atílio Andreazza 3520, in Caxias do Sul, RS, and is a jointly controlled entity of Randon S.A. Implementos e Participações ("Randon") and Meritor do Brasil Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. ("Meritor") whereby Randon owns 51% and Meritor owns 49%. The Company was incorporated on April 24, 1986, having started its operations in April 1987, and is engaged in the development, manufacture, sale, assembly, distribution, import and export of movement control systems for buses, trailers and trucks and their parts and components.

On June 18, 2013, pursuant to the 23rd amendment to the articles of organization, the shareholders decided, by unanimous vote, without reserves or restrictions, to reduce the Company's capital by transferring the shares held by the Company in the capital of Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. to the shareholders of Randon S.A. Implementos e Participações and Meritor do Brasil Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. This amendment is detailed in note 17.

Until June 2013, the Company held a 53.177% interest in Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. ("Suspensys"), which has its registered office and principal place of business in Caxias do Sul, RS and is engaged in the manufacture and sale of air and mechanical suspension systems for trucks, buses and trailers, axles for trailers, third axles, hubs and drums for trucks, buses and trailers, and the provision of technical assistance services for its products.

The Company holds a 53.177% interest in Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. ("Suspensys"), which has its registered office and principal place of business in Caxias do Sul, RS and is engaged in the manufacture and sale of air and mechanical suspension systems for trucks, buses and trailers, axles for trailers, third axles, hubs and drums for trucks, buses and trailers, and the provision of technical assistance services for its products.

Although the Company has a 53.177% equity interest in Suspensys, the Company does not have voting control due to the following factors:

Suspensys is jointly controlled as there is an agreement between Suspensys shareholders' (the Company, Randon and Meritor) that Suspensys' Consultative Board (i.e., governing body) is comprised of six members, which makes the significant decisions associated with Suspensys' operations. Three members of the consultative board are elected by Randon and the other three by Meritor and all decisions need to be agreed by at least four board members.

In accordance with the articles of association, each matter discussed in Suspensys' shareholders meeting are approved by at least 80% of the shareholders.

2. PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company's Financial Statements for the years ended on December 31, 2013, 2012 (unaudited) and 2011 have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The Company adopted all rules, revision of rules, and interpretations issued by IASB and that are applicable for the year ended on December 31, 2013.

The summary of the principal accounting policies adopted by the Company is detailed in note 3.

The financial statements were approved by the Company's executive committee and authorized for issue on April 30, 2014.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

3.2. Functional currency and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in thousands of reais, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in thousands of reais was rounded to the closest number.

3.3. Critical accounting judgments and key estimates and assumptions

In the application of accounting policies, Management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Significant assets and liabilities subject to these estimates and assumptions include the residual value and useful lives of property, plant and equipment, the allowance for doubtful debts, impairment of inventories, the realization of deferred taxes, and the provision for labor and social security risks. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period. Actual results may differ from these estimates due to uncertainties inherent in such estimates.

3.4. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized on an accrual basis.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when all the following conditions are satisfied:

the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;

the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;

the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;

it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company;

the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably; and

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

3.5. Foreign currency

In preparing the Company's financial statements, transactions in currencies other than the Company's functional currency are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each

reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

3.6. Current and non-current assets

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Include cash on hand and in banks and short-term investments redeemable in up to 90 days from the investment date. Short-term investments are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These investments are carried at cost plus yield accrued through the end of the reporting period, which approximates their fair values.

Short-term investments not immediately redeemable

The classification of short-term investments depends on the purpose for which the investment was acquired and these investments are adjusted to fair value. When applicable, the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of a financial asset are added to the amount originally recognized.

•Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognized at the billed amount, including the related taxes and reduced to their present value at the end of the reporting period, when applicable.

Allowances for doubtful debts are recognized based on estimated irrecoverable amounts determined by reference to the Company's past default experience and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs of inventories are determined under the weighted average cost method. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

The allowances for slow-moving or obsolete inventories are recognized when considered necessary by Management.

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence and that does not qualify as a subsidiary or a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The profit or loss, assets, and liabilities of associates are included in the financial statements by the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method of accounting, investments in associates are initially recognized at cost and subsequently adjusted for purposes of recognition of the Company's share in profit or loss and other comprehensive income of an associate. When the Company's share of losses of an associate exceeds its interest in the associate (including any long-term investment which, in substance, is included in the Company's net investment in the associate), the Company discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. Further losses are recognized only to the extent that the Company has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

When the Company's subsidiary conducts a transaction with an associate, the resulting profits or losses are recognized only proportionately to the interests held in the associate not related to the Company.

As mentioned in note 17, on June 18, 2013 the Company reduced its capital by transferring the shares held in the capital of Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. to the shareholders Randon S.A. Implementos e Participações and Meritor do Brasil Sistemas Automotivos Ltda.

Property, plant and equipment

Carried at cost of acquisition, formation or construction, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Properties in the course of construction are carried at cost. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalized in accordance with the Company's accounting policy (note 3.9). Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property

assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Land is not depreciated. For the other classes of property, plant and equipment, depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method at the rates mentioned in note 10, which take into consideration the estimated useful lives of assets. The estimated useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of a property and equipment item is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost, less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from use. Gain or loss arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

3.7. Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period (or earlier when the need is identified), the Company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible and intangible assets to determine where there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, as long as the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years/periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

3.8. Discount to present value

Monetary assets and liabilities are discounted to present value when the effect is considered material in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole. The discount to present value is calculated based on an interest rate that reflects the timing and risk of each transaction.

Trade receivables are discounted to present value with a corresponding entry in sales revenue in the statements of income, and the difference between the present value of a transaction and the face value of the billing is considered as financial income and will be recognized based on the amortized cost and the effective long-term rate of the transaction.

The discount to present value of purchases is recorded in "trade payables" and "inventories", and its realization has a corresponding entry in line item "financial expenses" over maturity date of trade payables.

3.9. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets.

Income on investments earned on the short-term investment of funds of specific borrowings not yet spent on the qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

3.10. Retirement benefit plan

The Company is the sponsor of a defined contribution plan with minimum guaranteed benefits and the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each reporting period. Actuarial gains and losses are immediately recognized in equity (Other comprehensive income) according to the available option in paragraph 93A IAS 19 - Employee Benefits.

3.11. Financial instruments

(a) Classification and measurement

The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets and liabilities were acquired or contracted.

The Company's management classifies its financial assets and liabilities at the time of initial contracting.

Loans and receivables measured at amortized cost

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables (including trade receivables and cash and cash equivalents) are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost

Borrowings are initially recognized, upon receipt of funds, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortized cost. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument.

3.12. Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Provisions for the expected cost of warranty obligations are recognized at the date of sale of the relevant products, at Management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the Company's obligation.

3.13. Tax incentive (FUNDOPEM)

Government grants are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Subsidized loans, directly or indirectly provided by the Government, obtained at interest rates lower than market, are treated as government grants, measured at the difference between the amounts raised and the fair value of the borrowing calculated using market interest rates.

3.14. Income tax and social contribution

Current taxes

The provision for income and social contribution is based on the taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the income statement because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in

other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The provision for income tax and social contribution

is calculated based on rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period (15% plus a 10% surtax on taxable profit exceeding R\$20 per month for Income Tax and 9% on taxable profit for Social Contribution on Profit).

Deferred taxes

Deferred taxes are recognized on temporary differences at the end of each annual reporting period between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred taxes for the period

Current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, current and deferred taxes are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

3.15. Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards not yet effective and which were not early adopted by the Company

Several standards, amendments to standards and IFRS interpretations issued by the IASB have not yet come into effect for the year ended December 31, 2013, as follows:

Standard	Main requirements	Effective for annual periods
IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments	Financial instruments	beginning on or after January 1, 2018
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 - Date of mandatory adoption of IFRS and Transition Disclosures	Date of mandatory adoption of IERS 0 and	January 1, 2015
IFRS 9 - Regulatory Deferral Accounts	Permits an entity which is a first-time adopter of International Financial Reporting Standards to continue to account, with some limited changes, for 'regulatory deferral account balances' in accordance with its previous GAAP, both on initial adoption of IFRS and in subsequent financial statements	January 1, 2016
Amendments to IAS 32 - Financial Assets	Clarifies aspects and requirements regarding the offset of financial assets Provide 'investment entities' (as defined) an	January 1, 2014
Investment Entities (Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 27)	exemption from the consolidation of particular subsidiaries and instead require that an investment entity measure the investment in each eligible subsidiary at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with Financial Instruments.	January 1, 2014
Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets (Amendments (IAS 36)	Reduce the circumstances in which the recoverable amount of assets or cash-generating units is required to be disclosed, clarify the disclosures required, and to introduce an explicit to requirement to disclose the discount rate used in determining impairment (or reversals) where recoverable amount (based on fair value less costs of disposal) is determined using a present value technique.	January 1, 2014
Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting (Amendments to IAS 39)	Amends Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement to make it clear that there is no need to discontinue hedge accounting if a hedging derivative is novated, provided certain criteria are met.	January 1, 2014
Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions (Amendments to IAS 19) Standard Annual improvements (2010-2012 cy several accounting pronouncements Annual improvements (2011-2013 cy several accounting pronouncements Considering the current operations of	July 1, 2014	after
impact on its financial statements.	the Company, management is sun assessing if these	Changes will have any

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Short-term investments refer to bank certificates of deposit (CDBs), pegged to the interbank certificates of deposit rate (CDI) fluctuation that have original maturities of less than 90 days. The yield on these short-term investments is as follows:

TOHOWS.		
	12/31/2013	12/31/2012 Unaudited
Cash and banks	4,294	393
Cash in transit	1,827	2,040
Short-term investments:	1,027	2,040
CDB - 75.00% to 97.49% of CDI	1,556	
CDB - 97.50% to 99.99% of CDI	4,436	12,612
CDB - 100.00% to 100.99% of CDI	12,613	3,464
CDB - 102.00% to 102.99% of CDI	46,526	6,354
CDB - 103.00% to 103.99% of CDI		36,550
CDB - 105.00% to 105.99% of CDI	_	2,758
	65,131	61,738
Total	71,252	64,171

5. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS NOT IMMEDIATELY REDEEMABLE

Investments in bank certificates of deposit (CDBs) and in local currency (R\$) held in top tier banks, as follows: Short-term investments: 12/31/2013

CDB - 102.00% to 102.99%	34,085
Total	34,085

6.TRADE RECEIVABLES

Trade receivables are as follows:

	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
		Unaudited
Trade receivables from third parties – domestic	24,783	26,889
Trade receivables from third parties – foreign	2,420	439
Trade receivables from related parties – domestic	13,899	15,757
Trade receivables from related parties – foreign	4,134	4,497
Total	45,236	47,582

Trade receivables include amounts that are past due at the end of the reporting period for which the Company has not recognized an allowance for doubtful debts because there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable, through negotiation with customers. The aging of past-due trade receivables for which no allowance for doubtful debts was recognized is as follows:

	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
		Unaudited
1 to 30 days	8,695	12,127
31 to 60 days	668	842
61 to 90 days	106	585
91 to 180 days	346	208
Over 180 days	120	1
Past-due amounts	9,935	13,763
Current amounts	35,301	33,819
Total	45,236	47,582

To determine whether or not trade receivables are recoverable, the Company takes into consideration any change in the customer's creditworthiness from the date the credit was originally granted to the end of the reporting period. The credit risk concentration is limited because the customer base is comprehensive and there is no relationship between customers. The Company does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancement over these receivables.

7. RECOVERABLE TAXES

Recoverable taxes are as follows:

	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
		Unaudited
Federal VAT (IPI)	485	69
State VAT (ICMS)	1,362	907
	28	_
Tax on revenue (COFINS)	143	_
Income Tax (IRPJ)	394	_
Social Contribution on Net Income (CSLL)	146	_
Taxes recoverable on imports	1,862	1,517
ICMS on purchases of property, plant and equipment	1,411	1,254
PIS on purchases of property, plant and equipment	170	211
COFINS on purchases of property, plant and equipment	784	972
Other recoverable taxes	723	_
Total	7,508	4,930
Current	6,521	4,073
Non-current Non-current	987	857

Recoverable taxes in non-current assets comprise ICMS, PIS and COFINS on purchases of property, plant and equipment for which the realization, pursuant to current relevant legislation, occurs in 48 monthly installments.

8. INVENTORIES

Inventories comprise:

	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
		Unaudited
Finished products	4,767	5,462
Work in process	11,277	8,402
Raw materials	23,893	17,440
Inventories in transit	2,328	5,441
Advances to suppliers	947	702
Imports in transit	13,998	6,039
Total	57,210	43,486

The cost of inventories recognized as expense during the year ended December 31, 2013, related to continuing operations, was R\$ 422,131 (R\$ 316,358 for the year ended December 31, 2012 and R\$ 422,807 for the year ended December 31, 2011).

Management expects that these inventories will be recovered in a period shorter than 12 months.

9. INVESTMENTS – INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE

The changes in the investment in associate Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. are as follows:

	12/31/2013	12/31/2012	12/31/2011	
		Unaudited		
Opening balance	128,805	146,126	120,002	
Interest on capital receivable	(1,490) (7,125) (6,457)
Equity in associate	15,385	22,922	52,946	
Dividends receivable	_	(1,871) —	
Dividends received	_	(31,293) (20,363)
Other comprehensive income	_	46	(2)
Distribution of share units to Randon - (see note 17).	(142,700) —		
Closing balance		128,805	146,126	

Reconciliation of the equity investment at Suspensy's net income:

	12/31/2013	12/31/2012 Unaudited	12/31/2011
Suspensys' net income	28,931 (*)	43,106	99,566
Master's ownership on Suspensys	53.177	% 53.177	% 53.177 %
Equity in associate	15,385	22,922	52,946

(*) The equity in associate was calculated through May 31, 2013 due to the amendment to the articles of organization in June 2013, with the transfer of the share units held by the Company in Suspensys to the companies Randon and Meritor, as detailed in note 17.

The summarized financial information on Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos is as follows:

The summarized imancial imormation on Suspensys Sistemas Autor			
	5/31/2013	12/31/2012 Unaudited	12/31/2011
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	94,384	79,719	132,773
Trade receivables	106,048	85,909	141,114
Inventories	63,817	50,176	72,272
Other current assets	12,184	6,850	10,170
Total current assets	276,433	222,654	356,329
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	221,976	207,997	134,610
Other non-current assets	8,593	7,972	17,062
Total non-current assets	230,569	215,969	151,672
Total assets	507,002	438,623	508,001
	5/31/2013	12/31/2012	12/31/2011
LIABILITIES		Unaudited	
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade payables	61,474	37,779	52,139
Borrowings and financing	23,041	24,466	49,528
Dividends and Interest on capital	17,290	14,908	10,321
Other current liabilities	29,108	20,093	32,888
Total current liabilities	130,913	97,246	144,876
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Borrowings and financing	98,560	87,473	78,104
Deferred taxes	3,735	6,436	5,650
Other non-current liabilities	5,445	5,248	4,580
Total non-current liabilities	107,740	99,157	88,334
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	268,349	242,220	274,791
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	507,002	438,623	508,001
Company's share in associate's net assets	142,700	128,805	146,126
Company's share in associate's contingent liabilities	538	490	416
21			

STATEMENTS OF INCOME				5/31/20)13		31/2012 udited	2	12/31/2011	
Net operating revenue				396,639)	730.			1,168,437	
Cost of sales				(324,93)			,150)	(957,958)
GROSS PROFIT				71,707		109.	-	,	210,479	,
Operating expenses, net				(30,386	5)	(60,)	(86,085)
Finance income, net				(1,472		6,88		,	15,953	,
PROFIT BEFORE TAXES				39,849	,	56,0			140,347	
Income tax and social contribution				(10,918	3	(12,)	(40,781)
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR				28,931	, ,	43,1		,	99,566	,
THE THOUGHT ON THE TELM				20,751		15,1			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
10.PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPM	ENT									
					12/31	/2013		12	/31/2012	
								Ur	audited	
Cost					189,4	79		17	8,303	
Accumulated depreciation					(97,4)	35	,	(87	7,797)
					92,04	4		90	,506	
	Annual		12/31/201						12/31/2012	
	depreciation		Cost		ımulate eciation		Net		Unaudited Net	
	rate (%)			depr	eciation				Net	
Land			4,400				4,400)	4,400	
Buildings	2	%	28,223	(6,20)8	,	22,0	15	22,309	
Machinery and equipment	9	%	119,532	(71,0)88	`	48,44	44	46,211	
Molds	16	%	21,518	(14,3)	356	,	7,162	2	4,626	
Furniture and fixtures	11	%	6,542	(3,42)	25	`	3,117	7	3,319	
Vehicles	11	%	1,845	(1,38	30	`) 465		574	
Computer equipment	17	%	1,615	(978		,	637		637	
Advances to suppliers			121				121		1,461	
Property, plant and equipment in progress	S		5,683				5,683		6,969	
Total			189,479	(97,4	135	,	92,04	44	90,506	

a) Movement in cost:

a) Movement in cost.	Balances at 1/1/2013	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Balances at 12/31/2013
Land	4,400	_	_	_	4,400
Buildings	28,056			167	28,223
Machinery and equipment	110,135	4,906	(289)	4,780	119,532
Molds	17,633	2,574	` ,	1,532	21,518
Furniture and fixtures	6,259	260	(53)		6,542
Vehicles	1,894	76	(125)		1,845
Computer equipment	1,496	177	(63)	5	1,615
Advances to suppliers	1,461	219		(1,559)	121
Property, plant and equipment in progress (*)	6,969	3,715		(5,001)	5,683
Total	178,303	11,927	(751)		189,479
	Balance at 01/01/2012	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Balance at 12/31/2012
		Unaudited			
Land	4,400			_	4,400
Buildings	28,015	41			28,056
Machinery and equipment	107,317	3,220	(402)		110,135
Molds	16,808	825			17,633
Furniture and fixtures	6,162	97		_	6,259
Vehicles	1,835	94	(35)		1,894
Computer equipment	1,442	58	(4)		1,496
Advances to suppliers		1,461			1,461
Property, plant and equipment in progress (*)	2,322	4,647			6,969
Total	168,301	10,443	(441)		178,303
	Balance at 01/01/2011	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Balance at 12/31/2011
Land	4,400				4,400
Buildings	26,481	1,015		519	28,015
Machinery and equipment and molds	118,311	9,461		1,112	124,125
Furniture and fixtures	5,295	1,206		` ,	6,162
Vehicles	1,913	32	,	_	1,835
Computer equipment	1,334	567	(459)		1,442
Advances to suppliers	21			,	_
Property, plant and equipment in progress	1,519	2,377			2,322
Total	159,274	14,658	(5,631)		168,301

^{*} The amount of R\$ 5,683 in 2013 (R\$ 6,969 in 2012) recognized in property, plant and equipment in progress refers to machinery and tools acquired for the expansion of the production process that have not been installed at the factory.

b) Movement in accumulated	depreciation:	Balance at 01/01/2013		Additions	Disposals	Transfer	s	Balance at 12/31/201	
Buildings Machinery, equipment and m Furniture and fixtures Vehicles Computer equipment Total	nolds	(5,747 (76,931 (2,940 (1,320 (859 (87,797)))))	(461) (8,548) (504) (107) (176) (9,796)	35 19 47 57 158			(6,208 (85,444 (3,425 (1,380 (978 (97,435)))))
		Balance at 01/01/2012 Unaudited	2	Additions	Disposals	Transfer	S	Balance at 12/31/201	
Buildings		(5,289)	(458)				(5,747)
Machinery, equipment and m	nolds	(69,076)	(8,224)	369			(76,931)
Furniture and fixtures		(2,439)	(501)				(2,940)
Vehicles		(1,219)	(104)	3	_		(1,320)
Computer equipment		(681)	(181)	3			(859)
Total		(78,704)	(9,468)	375			(87,797)
		Balance at 01/01/2011		Additions	Disposals	Transfer	S	Balance at 12/31/201	
Buildings			1		Disposals	Transfer	S	12/31/201	1
Buildings Machinery, equipment, and r	nolds	01/01/2011	1	(451)	•				1
•	nolds	01/01/2011	1	(451)	_	3		12/31/201 (5,289)
Machinery, equipment, and r	nolds	01/01/2011 (4,841 (65,905	1	(451) (7,737)		3 (29		12/31/201 (5,289 (69,076))
Machinery, equipment, and r Furniture and fixtures	nolds	01/01/2011 (4,841 (65,905 (2,260	1	(451) (7,737) (481)	 4,595 276	3 (29		12/31/201 (5,289 (69,076 (2,439)
Machinery, equipment, and r Furniture and fixtures Vehicles	nolds	01/01/2011 (4,841 (65,905 (2,260 (1,146)))	(451) (7,737) (481) (96)	 4,595 276 23	3 (29		12/31/201 (5,289 (69,076 (2,439 (1,219))
Machinery, equipment, and r Furniture and fixtures Vehicles Computer equipment	nolds	01/01/2011 (4,841 (65,905 (2,260 (1,146 (976)))	(451) (7,737) (481) (96) (151)	 4,595 276 23 446	3 (29		12/31/201 (5,289 (69,076 (2,439 (1,219 (681)))
Machinery, equipment, and r Furniture and fixtures Vehicles Computer equipment Total 11.INTANGIBLE ASSETS	nolds Annual amortization rate	01/01/2011 (4,841 (65,905 (2,260 (1,146 (976 (75,128 Balance at 12/31/2012)))	(451) (7,737) (481) (96) (151)	 4,595 276 23 446 5,340	3 (29 26 — —) Ba	12/31/201 (5,289 (69,076 (2,439 (1,219 (681)))
Machinery, equipment, and refurniture and fixtures Vehicles Computer equipment Total 11.INTANGIBLE ASSETS Software:	Annual amortization rate	01/01/2011 (4,841 (65,905 (2,260 (1,146 (976 (75,128 Balance at 12/31/2012 Unaudited)))	(451) (7,737) (481) (96) (151) (8,916)	 4,595 276 23 446 5,340	3 (29 26 — —) Ba 12.	12/31/201 (5,289 (69,076 (2,439 (1,219 (681 (78,704)))
Machinery, equipment, and r Furniture and fixtures Vehicles Computer equipment Total 11.INTANGIBLE ASSETS Software: Cost	Annual	01/01/2011 (4,841 (65,905 (2,260 (1,146 (976 (75,128 Balance at 12/31/2012 Unaudited 12,614	1	(451) (7,737) (481) (96) (151) (8,916)		3 (29 26 — — —) Ba 12.	12/31/201 (5,289 (69,076 (2,439 (1,219 (681 (78,704 dlance at /31/2013	1
Machinery, equipment, and refurniture and fixtures Vehicles Computer equipment Total 11.INTANGIBLE ASSETS Software:	Annual amortization rate	01/01/2011 (4,841 (65,905 (2,260 (1,146 (976 (75,128 Balance at 12/31/2012 Unaudited 12,614 (2,460	1	(451) (7,737) (481) (96) (151) (8,916) Additions		3 (29 26 — —) Ba 12, 12, (3,	12/31/201 (5,289 (69,076 (2,439 (1,219 (681 (78,704 dlance at /31/2013 ,646 ,914)))
Machinery, equipment, and r Furniture and fixtures Vehicles Computer equipment Total 11.INTANGIBLE ASSETS Software: Cost Accumulated amortization	Annual amortization rate	01/01/2011 (4,841 (65,905 (2,260 (1,146 (976 (75,128 Balance at 12/31/2012 Unaudited 12,614 (2,460 10,154	1	(451) (7,737) (481) (96) (151) (8,916) Additions		3 (29 26 — —) Ba 12, 12 (3, 8,7	12/31/201 (5,289 (69,076 (2,439 (1,219 (681 (78,704 dlance at /31/2013 ,646 ,914	1
Machinery, equipment, and r Furniture and fixtures Vehicles Computer equipment Total 11.INTANGIBLE ASSETS Software: Cost	Annual amortization rate	01/01/2011 (4,841 (65,905 (2,260 (1,146 (976 (75,128 Balance at 12/31/2012 Unaudited 12,614 (2,460	1	(451) (7,737) (481) (96) (151) (8,916) Additions		3 (29 26 — — —) Ba 12 (3, 8,7	12/31/201 (5,289 (69,076 (2,439 (1,219 (681 (78,704 dlance at /31/2013 ,646 ,914	1

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	Annual amortization rate	n	Balance at 12/31/2011	Additions	Transfers	8	Balance at 12/31/201	
Software:				Unaudited	1			
Cost	12.7	%	1,352	_	11,262		12,614	
Accumulated amortization			(1,192)	(1,268) —		(2,460)
			160	(1,268) 11,262		10,154	
Intangible assets in progress			10,017	1,265	(11,262)	20	
Total			10,177	(3) —		10,174	
	Annual amortization rate	n	Balance at 12/31/2010	Additions	Transfers	S	Balance at 12/31/201	
Software:								
Cost	12.7	%	1,347	5			1,352	
Accumulated amortization			(1,083)	(109) —		(1,192)
			264	(104) —		160	
Intangible assets in progress			2644,154	(1045,863) — —		160 10,017	

The transfer made in the period refers to the completion of the SAP software implementation.

12.BORROWINGS AND FINANCING

Financing obtained was used to fund the construction of the Company's manufacturing facilities, develop quality processes, finance exports and imports, and finance machinery imports. Financing was obtained from several financial institutions by means of funds raised by these institutions with the National Bank for Economic and Social Development (BNDES).

Borrowings and financing are as follows:

Type:	Annual financial charges	Payment frequency	Final maturity	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
Working capital / exports		1 3	•		Unaudited
Working capital-NCE-Brasil	5.498% p.a.	Bullet upon maturity	03/2016	60,152	_
Bank Credit Note - Exin-Votorantim	4.50% p.a.	Bullet upon maturity	06/2013	_	28,035
Bank Credit Note - Exin-Votorantim	9% p.a.	Bullet upon maturity	11/2013		18,019
Bank Credit Note - Exin-Safra	5.50% p.a.	Bullet upon maturity	02/2016	10,064	_
Financing					
BNDES financing	TJLP plus 2.5% to 5%	Monthly	04/2013		1,741
FININP	US dollar plus LIBOR + 1% to 4.4%	Quarterly	12/2013	_	410
BNDES financing	US dollar plus 2.5% p.a.	Monthly 3 years grace	04/2013	_	176
FINEP	3.5% p.a.	period + monthly installments	10/2023	16,768	
FUNDOPEM - ICMS	IPCA plus 3%	51 months grace period + monthly installments	02/2021	23,699	17,566
Total				110,683	65,947
Current Non-current				605 110,078	48,523 17,424
The meturities of the leng	tame nautions of the financine	ura as fallows:			

The maturities of the long-term portions of the financing are as follows:

Maturity	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
		Unaudited
2014		337
2015	1,206	1,123
2016	72,957	2,214
2017	5,160	2,622
2018	5,598	2,637
2019 and thereafter	25,157	8,491
Total	110,078	17,424

Financing from BNDES and BancoVotorantim are collateralized by bonds and a letter of guarantee of shareholder Randon S.A. Implementos e Participações. There are no restrictive clauses (covenants) on these loan agreements.

Refers to ICMS tax incentives granted to the Company through financing of 60% of the ICMS due every month. This incentive is calculated on a monthly basis and is contingent to the generation of direct and indirect jobs, investments made, and the fulfillment of contractual obligations with Banco do Estado do Rio Grande do Sul and Caixa Estadual S.A. - Agência de Fomento (State Development Bank).

The incentive amounts are subject to charges at the effective rates of 3.00% per year or 0.246627% per month plus adjustment for inflation calculated based on the monthly fluctuation of the IPCA/IBGE (consumer price index) or another index defined by the Steering Committee of FUNDOPEM/RS.

The benefit period started in December 2006 and ends in May 2014, and disbursements for Company use totaled 1,479,042.54 FUNDOPEM-RS incentive units (equivalent to R\$ 28,101 as at December 31, 2013, R\$ 26,519 as at December 31, 2012 and R\$ 25,129 as at December 31, 2011). Up to December 31, 2013, the Company utilized R\$ 24,416. The benefit has a grace period of 51 months and settlement is scheduled in 90 months after the end of the grace period, ending February 2021.

13. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The transactions and balances with related parties are as follows:

		Meritor Group (**) 12/31/2013 12/31/2012 Unaudited		Total 12/31/2013	3 12/31/2012 Unaudited				
Trade receivables	s 2,295	2,750		15,738	17,504		18,033	20,254	
Dividends and interest on capita receivable	1—	7,927		_	_		_	7,927	
Other receivables	s —	43					_	43	
Trade payables Dividends and	111	54		3,009	387		3,120	441	
interest on capita payable	121,555	7,111		20,711	6,833		42,266	13,944	
Amounts due to related parties - current	150	150		_	_		150	150	
Amounts due to related parties - non-current	753	903		_	_		753	903	
Profit for the yea		roup (*) 2012 Unaudited	2011	Meritor Gr 2013	oup (**) 2012 Unaudited	2011	Total 2013	2,012 Unaudited	2011
Sales of products and goods	152,830	76,005	111,393	116,238	112,283	153,669	269,068	188,288	265,062
Rental income Purchases of products and services Commission expenses Administrative expenses	351	384	276	_	_	_	351	384	276
	44,918	28,881	48,205	15,897	7,258	4,227	60,815	36,139	52,432
	984	206	601	_			984	206	601
	7,465	5,516	6,059	_	_	_	7,465	5,516	6,059

(*) Randon S.A. Implementos e Participações (parent), Fras-Le S.A., Fras-Le Argentina S.A., Fras-Le Andina Includes: Comercio y Representacion Ltda., Controil., Fras-le Europa., Fras-le Fnai., Fras-le México., Fras-le Pinghu., Fras-le Africa., Fras-le Fasa., Jost Brasil Sistemas Automotivos Ltda., Randon Implementos para Transporte Ltda., Randon Argentina, e Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda., Castertech Fundição e Tecnologia Ltda. e Banco Randon., Randon Brantech Implementos para Transporte Ltda and Epysa Implementos Ltda.

(**)
Includes:

Meritor do Brasil Sistemas Automotivos Ltda., Meritor Automotive Inc., Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems
LLC., Meritor Hvs Ltd, ArvinMeritor Qri,, Meritor Inc. Meritor CVS, Meritor Frankfurt, and Sisamex
Sistemas Automotrices.

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Master is the co-guarantor of vendor financing contracts, limited to R\$ 10,000 for transactions conducted between Company customers and Banco Randon. As at December 31, 2013, there is an outstanding balance of R\$ 1,716 related to these transactions (as at December 31, 2012, the balance is zero).

Trading transactions

Trading transactions carried out with related parties follow specific prices and terms established in the joint venture agreement between the parties, which could be different if carried out with unrelated parties.

Administrative expenses

Refer to administrative advisory services (corporate activities) provided by Randon to the Company.

Management compensation

Management compensation and profit sharing totaled R\$ 1,046 in 2013 (R\$ 590 in 2012 and R\$1,102 in 2011). Borrowings from officers and managers are recorded in 'Other payables', current, and total R\$ 898 as at December 31, 2013 (R\$ 545 as at December 31, 2012). These balances are adjusted using financial market rates ("DI-extra" as released by the Brazilian Association of Financial and Capital Markets Entities, or Anbima). Related borrowing costs totaled R\$ 79 in 2013 (R\$ 67 in 2012 and R\$ 119 in 2011).

14. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN

The Company is the co-sponsor of the pension fund RANDONPREV, together with other Randon companies, whose benefit plan is a defined contribution plan under the financial capitalization regime, with some supplementations of benefits for employees, not covered by the defined benefits. This minimum benefit is defined based on a percentage of the nominal salary per annum worked for the Company, credited in a lump sum at the beneficiary's account with RANDONPREV. The latest valuation of the plan assets and of the present value of the minimum benefit was performed at December 31, 2013 using the projected unit credit method and the determined balance of R\$ 627 as at December 31, 2013 (R\$ 640 as at December 31, 2012), corresponding to the Company's benefit, is recorded in assets. Part of this amount refers to the credit of the special reserves that can be amortized from future contributions, at any time, as from January 2013, without the need for previous analysis and authorization from Previc. In 2013 the amortized amount was R\$ 176, remaining a balance of R\$ 451 recorded in assets.

15. PROVISION FOR TAX, SOCIAL SECURITY AND LABOR RISKS

The position of the provisions and contingent liabilities as at December 31, 2013 is as follows:

Nature of provision	Likelihood of loss Probable Pos		
Tax	_	13,117	
Social security	36	2,534	
Labor	146	846	
Total	182	16,497	

\sim 1		
Changes	ın	provision:

Nature of provision	•	ning balance 1/2013	Addition / (Reversal) of Provision	Closing balance 12/31/2013
Labor Social security Total	61 57 118		85 (21 64	146) 36 182
Nature of provision	Opening balance 01/01/2012	Reversal of Provision	Closing balance 12/31/2012	
Labor Social security Total	265 425 690	Unaudited (204 (368 (572) 61) 57) 118	

The Company is also a party to administrative proceedings for which, based on the opinion of its legal counsel and in conformity IFRS, no provision for tax and social security risks was recognized since they were classified as possible or remote likelihood of loss. The main lawsuits are as follows:

Tax

IPI presumed credit - Refers to notices issued by the Federal Revenue Office in the total amount of R\$ 1,593, a) through which the tax authorities denied the Company's request for refund of presumed credit and required the payment of the corresponding tax. The amount includes principal, fine and interest.

Income tax, social contribution and withholding income tax - assessment notices issued by the Brazilian Federal b) Revenue Service totaling R\$ 3,338 (as adjusted), related to payments made regularly to Company agents abroad as agency commission of sales and services. The related proceedings are being handled at the administrative level.

Administrative proceeding challenging an assessment notice collecting PIS-imports, COFINS-imports, Federal $^{\rm c)}$ VAT (IPI), import duties (II), and fine for alleged noncompliance of Drawback Award Acts, totaling R\$ 1,636.

Disallowance of ICMS presumed credit on purchase of steel - refers to assessment notices issued by the Rio Grande d)do Sul State Department of Finance totaling R\$ 6,550, through which this tax authority confirmed the award of the tax benefit in an amount higher than permitted by the law. The amount includes principal, fine and interest.

Social security

a) Refers to INSS assessment notices totaling R\$ 2,534 for the nonpayment of payroll taxes on the profit sharing bonuses paid to employee.

16.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The estimated fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities were determined based on available market information and appropriate valuation techniques. However, considerable judgment was required in interpreting market data to produce the most adequate estimate of the fair value. As a consequence, the following estimates do not necessarily indicate the amounts that could be realized in a current exchange market. The use of different market methodologies may have a material effect on the estimated fair values.

These instruments are managed by means of operating strategies aimed at liquidity, profitability and security. The control policy consists in ongoing monitoring of contracted rates against market rates. The Company does not make speculative investments in derivatives or any other risk assets.

Balance breakdown

We present below a comparison of the carrying amount and the fair value of the Company's financial instruments (carried at amortized cost) classified as loans and receivables for financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost, included in the balance sheet, are identified below:

	12/31/2013	12/31/2012	12/31/2011	
	Carrying	Carrying	Carrying	
	amount	amount	amount	
Description		Unaudited		
Cash and cash equivalents	71,252	64,171	108,055	
Short-term investments	34,085	_	_	
Trade receivables	45,236	47,582	56,257	
Trade payables	15,593	(17,793) (23,942)
Borrowings and financing				
In local currency	(110,683) (65,361) (99,900)
In foreign currency	_	(586) (5,644)

Financial instruments that are recognized in the financial statements at their carrying amounts are substantially similar to the amounts that would be obtained if they were traded in the market. However, as they do not have an active market, there can be variations if the Company decides to settle them in advance.

The cost of financial instruments approximates fair value, so the disclosure of levels 1, 2 and 3 are not applicable.

Financial risk management

The Company is exposed to the following risks associated to the utilization of its financial instruments:

i.credit risk ii.foreign exchange rate risk iii.interest rate risk iv.price risk v.liquidity risk

The Company, through the shareholder Randon, has a Currency Hedge Policy, prepared by the Planning and Finance Committee and approved by the Executive Officers. The purpose of the policy is to standardize the procedures of the group Companies, in order to define responsibilities and limits in transactions involving currency hedge, reducing the effects of foreign currency exchange rates on the inflows in foreign currency projected by the cash flow, without speculative purposes.

The basis used is the cash flow in foreign currency projected monthly for the following twelve months, based on the Strategic Plan projections or on the current expectation of each group Company. If considered necessary, the instruments used are conservative and previously approved by the same committee. For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011, the Company did not enter into any transactions involving derivative financial instruments.

a. Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility of a counterparty not fulfilling its obligation, which would cause financial loss. In the course of its operations, the Company is exposed to the credit risk as a result of its operating activities, arising mainly on trade receivables.

The Company's sales policies are contingent on the credit policies defined by Management and are intended to minimize possible problems arising from the default of its customers. This objective is achieved by Management by means of a strict selection of the customer portfolio, which considers the ability to pay (credit analysis). A customer's creditworthiness is assessed based on an internal credit rating system. Outstanding trade receivables are frequently monitored. The need for an allowance for impairment losses is analyzed at the end of each reporting

period on an individual basis, for the major customers. Additionally, receivables lower that the allowance are collective tested.

Sales concentration:

In the year ended December 31, 2013, five costumers individually accounted for more than 10% of sales, with shares of 22.19% (22.21% in 2012 and 27.91% in 2011), 15.99% (13.82% in 2012 and 12.54% in 2011), 15.33%(11.19% in 2012 and 14.16% in 2011), 11.77% (5.06% in 2012 and 4.77% in 2011) and 11.16% (12.62% in 2012 and 11.93% in 2011) of the net revenues each, equivalent to R\$115 million (R\$84 million in 2012 and R\$146 million in 2011), R\$83 million (R\$52 million in 2012 and R\$66 million in 2011), R\$79 million (R\$42 million in 2012 and R\$75 million in 2011), R\$61 million (R\$19 million in 2012 and R\$25 million in 2011) and R\$58 million (R\$48 million in 2012 and R\$63 million in 2011). The first and the second amounts refer to related parties. Other Company sales in the domestic and foreign markets are diluted and there is no sales concentration in a percentage above 10% for any other customer.

b. Foreign exchange rate risk

The Company's results are exposed to fluctuations due to the effects of the exchange rate volatility on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, mainly the US dollar, which closed 2013 with a positive fluctuation of 14.64% (positive fluctuation of 8.94% in 2012).

The Company is exposed to currency risk (foreign exchange risk) on sales, purchases and borrowings that are denominated in a currency other than the Company's functional currency, the Brazilian real.

The Company's net exposure to foreign exchange rate risk is as follows:

	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
		Unaudited
A. Borrowings/financing	_	(586)
B. Trade payables	(4,039)	(3,205)
C. Trade receivables	6,554	4,936
D. Net exposure (A+B+C)	2,515	1,145

c. Interest rate risk

The Company's result is exposed to significant fluctuations due to borrowings and financing contracted at floating interest rates.

The Company does not have derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rates.

Pursuant to its financial policies, the Company has not entered into any transactions involving financial instruments for speculative purposes.

The interest rates on the Company's borrowings and financing are disclosed in note 12 - Borrowings and Financing.

d. Price risk

Arises from the possibility of fluctuations in the market prices of products sold or produced by the Company and of other inputs used in the production process. These price fluctuations may cause substantial changes in the Company's revenues and costs. In order to mitigate these risks, the Company conducts an ongoing monitoring of local and foreign markets, seeking to anticipate price movements. The Company has not contracted any financial instruments to hedge against fluctuations in its raw materials' prices.

e. Liquidity risk

The table below details the remaining contractual maturity of the Company's liabilities and the contractual

amortization periods. The table was prepared using the undiscounted cash flows of the financial liabilities based on the nearest date on which the Company can be required to make the related payment. The table includes interest and principal cash flows. As the interest flows refer to floating rates, the undiscounted was obtained based on the interest curves at the end of the reporting period. Contractual maturity is based on the first date the Company can be required to pay the related obligations.

Description	Up to 1 month	From 1 to 3 months	From 3 months to 1 year	From 1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Trade payables	13,383	2,049	161	_	_	15,593
Borrowings and financing	26	52	286	91,776	21,589	113,729
Interest to be incurred on borrowings and financing	55	1,050	3,376	9,908	1,366	15,755
Intragroup Loans	898	_				898
Dividends	_		35,924			35,924
Interest on capital	_	_	6,342		_	6,342
Total	14,362	3,151	46,089	101,684	22,955	188,241

17. CAPITAL

On June 18, 2013, the Company's shareholders approved the 23rd amendment to the articles of organization, reducing the capital as shown below.

Capital reduction (a)	126,003
Decrease in carrying value adjustments account (b)	7,048
Distribution of dividends (c)	9,649
Total - investment in Suspensys at 05/31/2013	142,700

Capital reduction from R\$ 160,000 to R\$ 33,997, through payment of R\$ 126,003 to the shareholders, in the form (a) of shares held by the Company in Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda., in a number equivalent to the amount of the capital reduction.

(b) Decrease of the amount of R\$ 7,048 related to the carrying value adjustments account of the associate Suspensys at May 31, 2013;

Distribution of dividends in the amount of R\$ 9,649, from the Earnings Reserve account, proportionally to the (c) related equity interests, in payment for the assignment and transfer of the remaining share units held by Master in the capital of Suspensys.

As a result of these resolutions, Master withdrew as shareholder from Suspensys, by transferring the 53,177 shares held, (i) to the shareholder Randon, 27,120 shares in the amount of R\$ 72,777 and (ii) to the shareholder Meritor, 26,057 shares in the amount of R\$ 69,923.

As a result of the changes detailed above, the capital subscribed and paid up by the Company went to R\$ 33,997, divided into 33,997 share units with par value of R\$ 1.00 each.

On November 8, 2013, the Company's shareholders approved the 24th amendment to the articles of organization, increasing the capital by R\$ 26,003 through the capitalization of part of the balance of the Earnings Reserve, with the equivalent issue of new share units in the amount of 60,000 share units, with par value of R\$ 1.00, as follows.

Shareholder	Share Units	%
Randon S.A. Implementos e Participações	30,600	51
Meritor do Brasil Sistemas Automotivos Ltda.	29,400	49
Total	60,000	100

18. DIVIDENDS AND INTEREST ON CAPITAL

Dividends

During the year ended December 31, 2013 the Company recorded distribution of dividends and interest on capital of R\$ 35,923 and R\$ 7,462 (R\$ 1,205 and R\$ 14,986 as at December 31, 2012), using as a basis the TJLP for the period January-December of each year, applied to equity, considering the higher of 50% of the profit before income tax and 50% of the balance of retained earnings.

On April 29, 2013 and June 6, 2013, the Annual Shareholders' Meeting approved the proposal for distribution of supplementary dividends related to 2012, in the amount of R\$ 26,522.

On June 6, 2013, the Annual Shareholders' Meeting approved the advance payment of interest on capital in the amount of R\$ 1,490, related to the same portion received from the associate Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. Breakdown of dividends and interest on capital:

Dividends and interest on capital accrued at 12/31/2012	R\$ 16,191
Interest on capital for the period net of income tax - at 12/31/2013	R\$ 7,462
Advance payment of interest on capital	R\$ 1,490
Supplementary dividends related to 2012	R\$ 26,522
Dividends accrued related to 2013	R\$ 35,923

On July 11, 2013, the Company's shareholders approved in the distribution of the entirety profits to be determined for 2013 and 2014, except for the profits arising from eventual equity interests.

As provided for by the tax law, the amount recognized as interest on capital was fully deducted in the calculation of income tax and social contribution, and the tax benefit from this deduction was R\$ 3,044 (R\$ 5,095 as at December 31, 2012). For purposes of conformity of the presentation of the financial statements, such interest was treated as dividends and disclosed as a reduction of retained earnings in equity.

Additionally, the Company recognized finance income related to the interest on capital receivable from associate Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda., totaling R\$ 1,490 as at December 31, 2013 (R\$ 7,125 as at December 31, 2012), which for purposes of disclosure and compliance with accounting principles, was reclassified from line item 'Finance income' to "Investments", in assets.

19. NET OPERATING REVENUE

The reconciliation between the revenue recognized for tax purposes and the revenue presented in the income statement for the year is as follows:

	2013	2012	2011	
		Unaudited		
Gross revenue for tax purposes	682,882	490,013	681,985	
Less:				
Taxes on sales	(156,524) (100,838) (150,560)
Sales returns	(3,798) (6,255) (2,136)
Discount to present value on installment sales	(4,497) (3,501) (5,259)
Net revenue recognized in the statement of income	518,063	379,419	524,030	

20. EXPENSES BY NATURE

As required by corporate law, the Company is required to present the income statement by function. Therefore, the analysis of operating expenses by nature is as follows:

	2013	2012	2011
		Unaudited	
Raw materials and auxiliary materials	334,057	235,145	328,256
Depreciation and amortization	11,250	10,736	9,025
Personnel and benefits	65,019	58,310	69,693
Freight	12,593	9,233	12,364
Rentals	4,469	4,009	2,671
Electric Power	3,923	4,013	4,295
Costs of outside services	16,901	12,118	16,912
Asset upkeep costs	9,283	6,693	10,775
Other expenses, net	5,765	5,953	9,999
Total	463,260	346,210	463,990
These expenses were classified as follows in the statement of income (prese	nted by functi	on):	
1	2013	2012	2011
		Unaudited	
Cost of sales and services	422,131	316,358	422,807
Selling expenses	19,325	13,034	18,706
General and administrative expenses	17,396	14,922	15,213
Other operating expenses, net	4,408	1,896	7,264
Total	463,260	346,210	463,990

21. INCOME TAX AND SOCIAL CONTRIBUTION

Income tax and social contribution expense

The income tax and social contribution expense for the years ended December 31 is reconciled at statutory rates, as follows:

	2013 IRPJ/CSLL	2012 IRPJ/CSLL Unaudited		2011 IRPJ/CSLL	,	
Profit before income tax and social contribution	75,181		63,919		124,214	
Applicable rate	34	%	34	%	34	%
Income tax and social contribution at nominal rates	(25,562)	(21,732)	(42,233)
Effect of taxes on:						
Interest on capital expense (*)	3,044		5,095		4,741	
Interest on capital income (*)	(507)	(2,423)	(2,195)
Equity in subsidiaries	5,231		7,793		18,002	
Other	349		498		1,219	
Income tax and social contribution before deductions	(17,445)	(10,769)	(20,466)
Income tax deductions and other adjustments	1,285		408		785	
Income tax and social contribution expense	(16,160)	(10,361)	(19,681)
Current income tax and social contribution	(15,336)	(8,743)	(21,394)
Deferred income tax and social contribution	(824)	(1,618)	1,713	

^{*} See note 18, Dividends and Interest on Capital.

Analysis of deferred income tax and social contribution

	12/31/2013		12/31/2012		12/31/2011	
Temporary differences	Temporary	Deferred	Temporary	Deferred	Temporary	Deferred
remporary unrerences	differences	taxes	differences	taxes	differences	taxes
		0.5.5	Unaudited			
Provision for profit sharing	2,546	866	2,180	741	4,913	1,670
Provision for officer's profit sharing	451	41	_			
Provision for labor risks	182	62	118	40	690	235
Provision for warranty claims	81	28	221	75	866	294
Provision for collective bargaining	178	61	282	96	152	52
Provision for employee termination	619	210	223	76	126	43
Deferred asset recorded for tax purposes	_	_	_	_	285	97
Other temporary additions	438	149	1,006	342	1,736	590
Total assets		1,417		1,370		2,981
Incentive depreciation, Law	(1,163) (291	(1,725) (431) (2,106) (526)
11,774	(1,103	, (291	(1,723) (431) (2,100) (320)
Tax depreciation	(5,225	(1,777) —	_		_
Deemed cost of property, plant and equipment	(9,661	(3,285	(11,539	(3,923	(13,558	(4,610)
Retirement benefit plan	(451	(153	(640) (218) (441) (150)

Discount to present value - Fundopem Total liabilities Deferred income tax and contribution - net	(2,028) (690 (6,196 (4,779) (2,218) (754 (5,326 (3,956) —))
35						

The Company offsets deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities because it related to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the Company.

Movement in deferred income tax and social contribution:

Temporary differences	Balances at 1/1/2013	Recognized in profit for the year	Recognized in other comprehensive income	Balances at 12/31/2013	
Provision for profit sharing Provision for officer's profit sharing Provision for labor and social security risks Provision for warranty claims Provision for collective bargaining Provision for employee termination Other temporary additions	741 — 40 75 96 76 342 1,370	124 41 22 (47 (35 134 (193 46	— —) —) — —) —	865 41 62 28 61 210 149 1,416	
Incentive depreciation, Law 11,774 Deemed cost of property, plant and equipment Tax depreciation Retirement benefit plan Discount to present value - Fundopem Total recognized in the year	(431 () (3,923) — (218 () (754 () (5,326 () (3,956)	140 638 (1,777 65 64 (870 (824		(291 (3,285 (1,777 (153 (690 (6,196 (4,780)))))
Temporary differences	Balance at 01/01/2012	Recognized in profit for	Recognized in other comprehensive	Balance at 12/31/2012	
		the year	income		
Accrued profit sharing Provision for warranty claims Provision for tax and social security risks Provision for collective bargaining Provision for employee termination Deferred asset recorded for tax purposes Other temporary additions	Unaudited 1,670 294 235 52 43 97 590 2,981	(929) (219) (195) 44 33 (97) (248) (1,611)	income	741 75 40 96 76 — 342 1,370	
Provision for warranty claims Provision for tax and social security risks Provision for collective bargaining Provision for employee termination Deferred asset recorded for tax purposes	Unaudited 1,670 294 235 52 43 97 590 2,981 (526 (4,610 (150 — (5,286	(929) (219) (195) 44 33 (97) (248) (1,611) 95 (687) (35) (754)	income (33 (33 (33	75 40 96 76 — 342))))))

Temporary differences	Balance at 01/01/2011			gnized ofit for ear	othe	prehensive		Balance at 12/31/2011	
Accrued profit sharing	1,322		348		_			1,670	
Provision for warranty claims	49		245		_			294	
Provision for tax and social security risks	151		84					235	
Provision for collective bargaining	39		13		_			52	
Provision for employee termination	96		(53) —			43	
Deferred asset recorded for tax purposes	207		(110) —			97	
Other temporary additions	141		449					590	
	2,005		976		_			2,981	
Incentive depreciation, Law 11774	(570	`	44					(526)
Deemed cost of property, plant and equipment	•	_	721					(4,610)
Retirement benefit plan	•	_	(28) 1			(150)
rectioned concile plan	*	-	737		1			(5,286)
Net effect	(0,02)	,	1,713	3	1			(0,200	
22.FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSES)									
Finance income (expenses) for the years ended Dec	cember 31 are a	as	follo	ws:					
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				2013		2012		2011	
Finance income						Unaudited			
Interest on short-term investments				8,652		7,440		11,670	
Interest received and discounts obtained				259		946		238	
Discount to present value - FUNDOPEM						3,003			
Discount to present value of trade receivables				4,421		3,665		5,165	
				13,332		15,054		17,073	
Finance expenses									
Interest on borrowings and financing				(6,995		(5,545	-	(4,691)
Bank expenses				(620)	(1,427)	(337)
Discount to present value - FUNDOPEM				(190)				
Discount to present value of trade payables				(1,233))	(782	-	(1,413)
				(9,038)	(7,754)	(6,441)
Foreign exchange gains									
Exchange gains on items classified in liabilities				3,852		3,163		4,619	
Exchange losses on items classified in assets				(3,153)	(2,675)	(4,023)
				699		488		596	
Finance income (expenses), net				4,993		7,788		11,228	
37									

23. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

The changes in balance sheet accounts that did not affect the Company's cash flows are purchases of property, plant and equipment in the amount of R\$ 108 and installment purchases with suppliers.

Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda.

Financial Statements
For the Seven-Month Period Ended
July 31, 2013, and For the Years ended December 2012 (Unaudited) and 2011
and Independent Auditor's Report

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. Caxias do Sul, RS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. (the "Company"), which comprise the balance sheets as of July 31, 2013, and the related statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in shareholder's equity, and cash flows for the seven-month period ended July 31, 2013 and for the year ended December 31, 2011, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB); this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. as of July 31, 2013 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the seven-month period ended July 31, 2013 and for the year ended December 31, 2011 in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

April 30, 2014

/s/ DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU Auditores Independentes

SUSPENSYS SISTEMAS AUTOMOTIVOS LTDA.

BALANCE SHEETS AS OF JULY 31, 2013 AND DECEMBER 31, 2012 (UNAUDITED) (In thousands of Brazilian reais - R\$)

(In thousands of Brazilian reais - R\$)			
ASSETS	Note	7/31/2013	12/31/2012
CURRENT ASSETS			Unaudited
Cash and cash equivalents	4	101,147	79,719
Trade receivables	5	109,734	85,909
Recoverable taxes	6	10,363	5,772
Inventories	7	67,361	50,176
Amounts due from parent company	11	1,212	54
Other receivables		2,269	1,024
Total current assets		292,086	222,654
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Recoverable taxes	6	8,709	6,566
Retirement benefit plan	20	886	1,071
Other receivables		675	335
Property, plant and equipment	8	210,447	193,247
Intangible assets	9	14,245	14,750
Total non-current assets		234,962	215,969
TOTAL ASSETS		527,048	438,623
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Note	7/31/2013	12/31/2012
CURRENT LIABILITIES			Unaudited
Trade payables		63,270	37,779
Borrowings and financing	10	13,316	24,466
Advances from customers		2,019	1,791
Taxes and contributions payable		6,848	3,393
Salaries payable		5,519	1,312
Accrued vacation and related taxes		8,851	3,416
Dividends and interest on capital payable	11 / 15	<u> </u>	14,908
Employee and management profit sharing		2,870	3,646
Amounts due to related parties (intragroup loans)	11	2,175	3,437
Other payables		3,046	3,098
Total current liabilities		107,914	97,246
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Borrowings and financing	10	130,443	87,473
Provision for tax, social security and labor risks	12	1,108	922
Contributions payable		4,299	4,132
Deferred taxes	18	4,280	6,436
Other payables		192	194
Total non-current liabilities		140,322	99,157
EQUITY			
Capital	14	228,000	110,000
Earnings reserve		37,810	118,333
Retained earnings		13,002	13,887
Total equity		278,812	242,220
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		527,048	438,623
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.			

SUSPENSYS SISTEMAS AUTOMOTIVOS LTDA.

STATEMENTS OF INCOME

FOR THE SEVEN-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JULY 31, 2013 AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (UNAUDITED) AND 2011

(In thousands of Brazilian reais - R\$)

	Note	2013		2012 Unaudited		2011	
NET OPERATING REVENUE	16	569,919		730,941		1,168,437	
COST OF SALES AND SERVICES	17	(470,929)	(621,150)	(957,958)
GROSS PROFIT		98,990		109,791		210,479	
OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)							
Selling expenses	17	(24,334)	(35,650)	(= = ,= = =)
General and administrative expenses	17	(14,636)	(,)	(22,763)
Other operating expenses, net	17	(3,285		(4,490)	(13,107)
		(42,255)	(60,634)	(86,085)
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE FINANCE INCOME		56,735		49,157		124,394	
(EXPENSES)							
FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSES)							
Finance income	19	7,101		19,136		30,027	
Finance expenses	19	(8,433)	(11,490)	(14,713)
Foreign exchange differences	19	(625)	(758)	639	
		(1,957)	6,888		15,953	
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX AND SOCIAL		54,778		56,045		140,347	
CONTRIBUTION		,		,		•	
INCOME TAX AND SOCIAL CONTRIBUTION							
Current	18	(17,539)	(12,198)	(42,246)
Deferred	18	2,156	_	(741	-	1,465	_
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD/YEAR		39,395		43,106		99,566	
		•		•		•	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SUSPENSYS SISTEMAS AUTOMOTIVOS LTDA.

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE SEVEN-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JULY 31, 2013 AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (UNAUDITED) , AND 2011

(In thousands of Brazilian reais - R\$)

	2013	2012 Unaudited	2011	
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD/YEAR	39,395	43,106	99,566	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
Actuarial gains (losses) on retirement benefit plan	_	132	(4)
Deferred income tax and social contribution on other comprehensive income (loss)		(45)	1	
		87	(3)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD/YEAR	39,395	43,193	99,563	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SUSPENSYS SISTEMAS AUTOMOTIVOS LTDA.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE SEVEN-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JULY 31, 2013 AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (UNAUDITED) AND 2011

(In thousands of Brazilian reais - R\$)

(III thousands of Brazinan reals - Ka)	Note	Share Capital	Capital reserve Tax incentives reserve	Earnings reserve	Retained earnings	Total
BALANCES AT JANUARY 1, 2011		71,291	36,354	100,709	17,311	225,665
Net profit for the year Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income Capital increase Interest on capital Dividends on earnings reserve Dividends paid on profit for the year Earnings reserve BALANCES AT DECEMBER 31, 2011	14 15 15 15			(13,214) (4,189 149,329	99,566 (3) 99,563 — (12,143) — (25,080) (64,189) 15,462	99,566 (3) 99,563 — (12,143) (13,214) (25,080) — 274,791
Net profit for the year Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income Dividends on earnings reserve Dividends paid on profit for 2012 Interest on capital Earnings reserve BALANCES AT DECEMBER 31, 2012 (UNAUDITED)	15 15 15					43,106 87 43,193 (58,846) (3,520) (13,398) — 242,220
Net profit for the period Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income Capital increase Interest on capital Earnings reserve BALANCES AT JULY 31, 2013	14 15					39,395 — 39,395 — (2,803) — 278,812

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SUSPENSYS SISTEMAS AUTOMOTIVOS LTDA.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE SEVEN-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JULY 31, 2013 AND FOR THE YEARS

ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (UNAUDITED) AND 2011

(In thousands of Brazilian reais - R\$)

(III thousands of Diazinan leafs - K\$)					
	Note	2013	2012	2011	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			Unaudited		
Profit before income tax and social contribution		54,778	56,045	140,347	
Adjustments to reconcile profit before income tax and social contribution	n				
to cash generated by operating activities:					
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	8	10,219	16,911	15,703	
Amortization of intangible assets	9	1,216	1,834	310	
(Gain) loss from sale of property, plant and equipment		(2) (672) 146	
Provisions		1,627	282	(1,268)
Exchanges differences on borrowings and financing		1,495	1,121	1,728	
Interest and charges allocated to borrowings and financing		5,991	3,895	6,782	
Changes in assets and liabilities					
Decrease (increase) in trade receivables		(25,112) 55,417	(51,806)
Decrease (increase) in inventories		(17,339) 18,972	(16,526)
Decrease (increase) in other receivables		(9,296) (2,060	(4,641)
(Decrease) increase in trade payables		24,143		16,485	
(Decrease) increase in other payables and provisions		4,319) 21	
Income tax and social contribution paid		(10,874		(39,951)
Interest paid on financing		(4,063		(7,278)
Net cash generated by operating activities		37,102	107,960	60,052	,
		,	,	,	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	8	(26,148) (77,029	(25,744)
Purchase of intangible assets	9	(711	, , , ,	(8,478)
Sale of permanent assets		78	2,153	(29)
Net cash used in investing activities		(26,781	•	(34,251)
		(==,, ==	, (, =,,= = = ,	, (,	,
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Dividends paid	15	(3,520) (58,846	(67,165)
Interest on capital paid	15	(13,770		(8,152)
Financing repaid	_	(18,280		(13,928)
Third-party borrowings		46,677	33,803	18,642	,
Net cash generated by (used in) financing activities		11,107	·	(70,603)
The easil generated by (asea in) intaining activities		11,107	(01,111	(70,003	,
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH					
EQUIVALENTS		21,428	(53,054) (44,802)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	4	79,719	132,773	177,575	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period/year	4	101,147	79,719	132,773	
cash and such equivalents at the end of the period year	•	101,177	17,117	132,113	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SUSPENSYS SISTEMAS AUTOMOTIVOS LTDA.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SEVEN-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JULY 31, 2013 AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (UNAUDITED) AND 2011

(Amounts in thousands of Brazilian reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. ("Company") is a limited liability company established in Brazil with its registered office and principal place of business at Avenida Abramo Randon 1262, in Caxias do Sul, RS, and is controlled by Randon S.A. Implementos e Participações ("Randon"). The Company started its operations on October 1, 2002 and is engaged in the manufacture and sale of air and mechanical suspension systems for trucks, buses and trailers, axles for trailers, third axles, hubs and drums for trucks, buses and trailers, and the provision of technical assistance services for its products.

On July 31, 2012, the shareholders decided, by unanimous vote, to open a branch at Rua Projetada, 715, Bairro Pólo Industrial, in the city of Resende, state of Rio de Janeiro. This branch started its activities on May 2, 2013 and is engaged in the manufacture of parts and accessories for steering and suspension system of automotive vehicles; sale, import and export of products, components, parts, pieces, systems and materials, directly or indirectly, related to its manufacturing activity; and provision of maintenance and technical assistance services connected to its business line.

In accordance with a significant event disclosed to the market on April 29, 2013, Randon S/A Implementos e Participações entered into an agreement to purchase the shares corresponding to 49.999% of the capital of Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. ("Suspensys"), in which it held a 50.001% interest. This acquisition, approved by the Board of Directors, is part of the strategic plan of expansion and development of the Randon. The total amount of the transaction is US\$ 195 million and was contracted under the suspensive condition of its approval by the Brazilian Competition Defense System. The transaction was concluded on July 30, 2013. These financial statements are being prepared to be included at the 10K filling of Meritor Inc. and are presented for the period and through the date that Meritor had an equity interest in Suspensys.

On June 18, 2013, the capital of Master Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. was reduced through the transfer of shares of Suspensys, amounting to R\$ 142,700, corresponding to the investment value at that date. Master transferred 27,120 shares to Randon corresponding to R\$ 72,777 and 26,057 shares to Meritor Brasil corresponding to R\$ 69,923, withdrawing in this act as shareholder of Suspensys.

On December 31, 2013, was approved by the Extraordinary General Meeting of Randon S.A., the incorporation of the Company by Randon S.A. Implementos e Participações, as of November 30, 2013.

2. PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company's Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The Company adopted all rules, revision of rules, and interpretations issued by IASB that are applicable for the period that begins on or after 1 January 2013.

The summary of the principal accounting policies adopted by the Company is detailed in note 3.

The financial statements were approved by the Company's Board of Directors and authorized for issuance on April 30, 2014.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

3.2 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in thousands of reais, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in thousands of reais was rounded to the closest number.

3.3 Critical accounting judgments and key estimates and assumptions

In the application of accounting policies, Management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Significant assets and liabilities subject to these estimates and assumptions include the residual value and useful lives of property, plant and equipment, the allowance for doubtful debts, impairment of inventories, the realization of deferred taxes, and the provision for labor and social security risks. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period. Actual results may differ from these estimates due to uncertainties inherent in such estimates.

3.4 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized on an accrual basis.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when all the following conditions are satisfied:

the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;

the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;

the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;

it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and

the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

3.5 Foreign currency

In preparing the Company's financial statements, transactions in currencies other than the Company's functional currency are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each

reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

3.6 Current and non-current assets

Cash and cash equivalents

Include cash on hand and in banks and short-term investments redeemable in up to 90 days from the investment date. Short-term investments are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in

value. These investments are carried at cost plus yield accrued through the end of the reporting period, which approximates their fair values.

•Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognized at the billed amount, including the related taxes and reduced to their present value at the end of the reporting period, when applicable.

Allowances for doubtful debts are recognized based on estimated irrecoverable amounts determined by reference to the Company's past default experience and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs of inventories are determined under the weighted average cost method. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

The allowances for slow-moving or obsolete inventories are recognized when considered necessary by Management.

Property, plant and equipment

Carried at cost of acquisition, formation or construction, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Properties in the course of construction are carried at cost. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalized in accordance with the Company's accounting policy (note 3.9). Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Land is not depreciated. For the other classes of property, plant and equipment, depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method at the rates mentioned in note 8, which take into consideration the estimated useful lives of assets. The estimated useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of a property and equipment item is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost, less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from use. Gain or loss arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds

and the carrying amount of the asset, is recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

3.7 Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period (or earlier when the need is identified), the Company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible and intangible assets to determine where there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, as long as the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years/periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

3.8 Discount to present value

Monetary assets and liabilities are discounted to present value when the effect is considered material in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole. The discount to present value is calculated based on an interest rate that reflects the timing and risk of each transaction.

Trade receivables are discounted to present value with a corresponding entry in sales revenue in the statement of income, and the difference between the present value of a transaction and the face value of the billing is considered as financial income and will be recognized based on the amortized cost and the effective long-term rate of the transaction.

The discount to present value of purchases is recorded in "trade payables" and "inventories", and its realization has a corresponding entry in line item "financial expenses" over the maturity date of trade payables.

3.9 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets.

Income on investments earned on the short-term investment of funds of specific borrowings not yet spent on the qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

3.10 Retirement benefit plan

The Company is the sponsor of a defined contribution plan with minimum guaranteed benefits and the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each reporting period. Actuarial gains and losses are immediately recognized in equity (in line item 'Other comprehensive income') according to the available option in paragraph 93A IAS 19 - Employee Benefits.

3.11 Financial instruments

Classification and measurement

The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets and liabilities were acquired or contracted. The Company's management classifies its financial assets and liabilities at the time of initial contracting. Loans and receivables measured at amortized cost

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables (including trade receivables and cash and cash equivalents) are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost

Borrowings are initially recognized, upon receipt of funds, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortized cost. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash

payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument.

3.12 Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Provisions for the expected cost of warranty obligations are recognized at the date of sale of the relevant products, at Management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the Company's obligation.

3.13 Tax incentive (FUNDOPEM)

Government grants are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Subsidized loans, directly or indirectly provided by the Government, obtained at interest rates lower than market, are treated as government grants, measured at the difference between the amounts raised and the fair value of the borrowing calculated using market interest rates.

3.14 Income tax and social contribution Current taxes

The provision for income and social contribution is based on the taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the income statement because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The provision for income tax and social contribution is calculated based on rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period (15% plus a 10% surtax on taxable profit exceeding R\$20 per month for Income Tax and 9% on taxable profit for Social Contribution on Profit). Deferred taxes

Deferred taxes are recognized on temporary differences at the end of each annual reporting period between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred taxes for the period

Current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, current and deferred taxes are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

3.15 Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards not yet effective and which were not early adopted by the Company.

Several standards, amendments to standards and IFRS interpretations issued by the IASB have not yet come into effect for the period that begins on or after 1 January 2013, as follows:

Effective date for annual periods beginning Standard Main requirements

on or after

IFRS 9 - Financial Financial instruments January 1, 2018 Instruments

Amendments to IFRS 9 and

IFRS 7 - Date of mandatory Date of mandatory adoption of IFRS 9 and

adoption of IFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures -

Transition Disclosures

January 1, 2015

Permits an entity which is a first-time adopter

of IFRS to continue to account, with some limited changes, for 'regulatory deferral

IFRS 9 - Regulatory January 1, 2016 **Deferral Accounts** account balances' in accordance with its

> previous GAAP, both on initial adoption of IFRS and in subsequent financial statements

Amendments to IAS 32 -

Clarifies aspects and requirements regarding

Financial Assets the offset of financial assets. January 1, 2014

Provide 'investment entities' (as defined) an exemption from the consolidation of

particular subsidiaries and instead require that **Investment Entities**

an investment entity measure the investment January 1, 2014 (Amendments to IFRS 10,

IFRS 12 and IAS 27) in each eligible subsidiary at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with

Financial Instruments.

Reduce the circumstances in which the

recoverable amount of assets or cash-generating units is required to be

Recoverable Amount disclosed, clarify the disclosures required, and

Disclosures for to introduce an explicit requirement to

January 1, 2014 Non-Financial Assets disclose the discount rate used in determining

impairment (or reversals) where recoverable (Amendments to IAS 36)

> amount (based on fair value less costs of disposal) is determined using a present value

technique.

to IAS 39)

Novation of Derivatives and Amends Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement to make it clear that there is

Continuation of Hedge no need to discontinue hedge accounting if a January 1, 2014 Accounting (Amendments

hedging derivative is novated, provided

certain criteria are met.

Clarify the requirements that relate to how **Defined Benefit Plans:**

contributions from employees or third parties
July 1, 2014 **Employee Contributions** that are linked to service should be attributed

(Amendments to IAS 19) to periods of service.

Standard Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

Annual improvements (2010-2012 cycle) in

several accounting pronouncements

July 1, 2014

Annual improvements (2011-2013 cycle) in

several accounting pronouncements

July 1, 2014

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Short-term investments refer to bank certificates of deposit (CDBs), pegged to the interbank certificates of deposit rate (CDI) fluctuation that have original maturities of less than 90 days. The yield on these short-term investments is as follows:

	7/31/2013	12/31/2012 Unaudited
Cash and banks	5,009	1,169
Short-term investments:		
CDB - 75.00% of CDI	15,659	2,120
CDB - 95.00% of CDI	20,003	11,932
CDB - 98.00% of CDI	4,691	3,459
CDB - 98.50% of CDI		657
CDB - 99.50% of CDI	_	23,100
CDB - 100.00% of CDI	44,029	24,421
CDB - 100.50% of CDI	10,540	10,091
CDB - 100.80% of CDI	1,216	1,163
CDB - 102.00% of CDI		1,607
	96,138	78,550
Total	101,147	79,719
5. TRADE RECEIVABLES Trade receivables are as follows:		
Trade receivables are as ronows.	7/31/2013	12/31/2012 Unaudited
Trade receivables from third parties — domestic	84,855	71,133
Trade receivables from third parties — foreign	1,135	752
Trade receivables from related parties — domestic	22,118	13,426
Trade receivables from related parties — foreign	3,821	1,506
	111,929	86,817
Discount to present value	*) (158
Allowance for doubtful debts	* *) (750
Total	109,734	85,909
52		

Trade receivables include amounts that are past due at the end of the reporting period for which the Company has not recognized an allowance for doubtful debts because there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable, through negotiation with customers. The aging of past-due trade receivables is as follows:

	7/31/2013		12/31/2012 Unaudited	
1 to 30 days	15,241		22,188	
31 to 60 days	2,358		6,931	
61 to 90 days	549		990	
91 to 180 days	860		1,449	
Over 180 days	3,339		5,217	
Past-due amounts	22,347		36,775	
Current amounts	89,582		50,041	
Discount to present value	(456)	(158)
Allowance for doubtful debts	(1,739)	(750)
Total	109,734		85,909	
Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts in the year was as follows:				
·	7/31/2013		12/31/2012 Unaudited	
Opening balance	(750)	(538)
Allowance increase	(989)	(212)
Closing balance	(1,739)	(750)
The change in the discount to present value of trade receivables in the year was	s as follows:			
	7/31/2013		12/31/2012	

7/31/2013 12/31/2012 Unaudited

 Opening balance
 (158
) (582
)

 Increase/(Reversal)
 (298
) 424

 Closing balance
 (456
) (158
)

To determine whether or not trade receivables are recoverable, the Company takes into consideration any change in the customer's creditworthiness from the date the credit was originally granted to the end of the reporting period. The credit risk concentration is limited because the customer base is comprehensive and there is no relationship between customers. The Company has not received any collateral for these receivables.

6.RECOVERABLE TAXES

Recoverable taxes are as follows:

	7/31/2013	12/31/2012
		Unaudited
Federal VAT (IPI)	3,011	2,839
State VAT (ICMS)	2,456	1,830
State VAT (ICMS) on purchases of property, plant and equipment	2,162	2,245
Tax on revenue (PIS) on purchases of property, plant and equipment	1,303	926
Tax on revenue (COFINS) on purchases of property, plant and equipment	6,003	4,264
Recoverable taxes on import	3,697	234
Other	440	
Total	19,072	12,338
Current	10,363	5,772
Non-current	8,709	6,566

Recoverable taxes in non-current assets comprise ICMS, PIS and COFINS on purchases of property, plant and equipment for which the realization, pursuant to current relevant legislation, occurs in 48 monthly installments.

7. INVENTORIES

Inventories comprise:

	7/31/2013	12/31/2012
		Unaudited
Finished products	16,250	8,603
Work in process	17,501	13,197
Raw materials	24,597	24,882
Advances to suppliers	1,047	1,089
Allowance for inventory losses (a)	(354) (200
Imports in transit	8,320	2,605
Total	67,361	50,176

(a) The amount of the allowance for inventory losses refers to probably losses arising on the adjustment of inventories to their realizable amounts. Changes in this allowance were as follows:

	7/31/2013	12/31/2012	
		Unaudited	
Opening balance	(200) (152)
Increase	(154) (48)
Closing balance	(354) (200)

The cost of inventories recognized as expense during the seven-month period ended July 31, 2013, related to continuing operations, was R\$ 470,929 (R\$ 621,150 for the year ended December 31, 2012 and R\$ 957,958 for the year ended December 31, 2011).

Management expects that these inventories will be recovered in a period shorter than twelve (12) months.

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

a) Balance breakdown

Cost Accumulated depreciation								7/31/2013 353,085 (142,638 210,447		12/31/2012 Unaudited 325,687 (132,440 193,247)
	Annual		7/31/2	2013						31/2012 audited	
	depreciation rate (%)		Cost		Accumulated depreciation		Net	Ne	t		
Land Buildings Machinery and equipment Molds and dies Furniture and fixtures Vehicles Computer equipment Advances to suppliers Property, plant and equipment in progress Total b) Movement in cost	1.44% 9.90% 14.13% 9.03% 9.29% 24.80%			3 19 0 9 85	— (7,76) (121) (9,87) (957) (601) (1,76) — (142) tions	679 0)))))))	13,022 38,518 73,740 6,970 735 1,065 405 2,393 73,599 210,447	74, 7,8 798 1,2 555 6,1 61,	924 620 62 3 13	
Land Buildings Machinery and equipment Molds and dies Furniture and fixtures Vehicles Computer equipment Advances to suppliers Property, plant and equipment in progre Total	ess	8,071 40,162 188,01 16,652 1,686 1,743 2,152 6,111 61,093 325,68	7		3 06	- - - - (87 (11 - - (98		4,951 6,121 7,107 188 6) —) 3 (13,076 (5,300) —)	13,022 46,283 195,419 16,840 1,692 1,666 2,171 2,393 73,599 353,085	
55											

	Balance at 01/01/2012	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Balance at 12/31/2012
			Unaudited		
Land	8,071				8,071
Buildings	40,095	67			40,162
Machinery and equipment	180,594	8,619	(1,250) 54	188,017
Molds and dies	15,484	1,954	(786) —	16,652
Furniture and fixtures	1,667	19			1,686
Vehicles	1,308	435			1,743
Computer equipment	2,301	18	(169) 2	2,152
Advances to suppliers	577	18,279		(12,745) 6,111
Property, plant and equipment in progress	766	47,638		12,689	61,093
Total	250,863	77,029	(2,205) —	325,687
	Balance at 01/01/2011	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Balances at 12/31/2011
Land	8,071	_		_	8,071
Buildings	39,260	835			40,095
Machinery and equipment	162,587	16,868	(588) 1,727	180,594
Molds and dies	11,591	4,020	(127) —	15,484
Furniture and fixtures	1,414	254	_	(1) 1,667
Vehicles	641	526	(183) 324	1,308
Computer equipment	1,764	638	(100) (1) 2,301
Advances to suppliers	449	1,585	_	(1,457) 577
Property, plant and equipment in progress	340	1,018	_	(592) 766
Total	226,117	25,744	(998) —	250,863

c) Movement in accumulated depreciation

Buildings Machinery and equipment Molds and dies Furniture and fixtures Vehicles Computer equipment Total	Balances at 01/01/2013 (7,238 (113,397 (8,790 (888 (530 (1,597 (132,440))))))	Additions (527 (8,282 (1,080 (70 (83 (177 (10,219)))))))	Disposals — — 1 12 8 21	Balances at 7/31/2013 (7,765 (121,679 (9,870 (957 (601 (1,766 (142,638)))))
	Balances at 1/01/2012 Unaudited		Additions		Disposals	Balances at 12/31/2012	
Buildings	(6,282)	(956)		(7,238)
Machinery and equipment	(100,119)	(13,572)	294	(113,397)
Molds and dies	(7,253)	(1,840)	303	(8,790)
Furniture and fixtures	(760)	(128)	_	(888))
Vehicles	(396)	(134)	_	(530)
Computer equipment	(1,443)	(281)	127	(1,597)
Total	(116,253)	(16,911)	724	(132,440)
	Balances at 01/01/2011		Additions		Disposals	Balances at 12/31/2011	
Buildings	(5,307)	(975)		(6,282)
Machinery and equipment	(88,100)	(12,586)	567	(100,119)
Molds and dies	(5,657)	(1,632)	36	(7,253)
Furniture and fixtures	(649)	(111)		(760)
Vehicles	(431)	(120)	155	(396)
Computer equipment	(1,259)	(279)	95	(1,443)
Total	(101,403)	(15,703)	853	(116,253)

The amounts recorded in line items "Advances to suppliers", R\$ 2,393 (R\$ 6,111 in 2012), and "Property, plant and equipment in progress", R\$ 73,599 (R\$ 61,093 in 2012), refer to purchases made by the Company for construction of the new plant located in Resende/RJ, that started its operations in May of 2013.

Borrowing costs were capitalized by the Company in the amount of R\$ 1,761 in 2013 (R\$ 638 in 2012) in the line items "Property, plant and equipment in progress".

9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Annual amortization rate	Balance at 12/31/2010	Additions	Balance at 12/31/2011	Additions	Transfers	Balance a 12/31/201	$\frac{t}{2}$ Additions	Balance at 7/31/2013
Software:						Unaudited			
Costs	12.70%	2,547	180	2,727	1,819	14,113	18,659	7	18,666
Accumulated amortization		(1,970)	(310)	(2,280)	(1,834)	_	(4,114	(1,216)	(5,330)

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	577	(130)	447	(15)	14,113	14,545	(1,209	13,336
Intangible assets in progress	5,815	8,298	14,113	205	(14,113)	205	704	909
Total	6,392	8,168	14,560	190		14,750	(505) 14,245
57								

The transfer made in the period refers to the completion of the SAP software implementation.

10. BORROWINGS AND FINANCING

Financing obtained was used to fund the construction of the Company's manufacturing facilities, develop quality processes, finance exports and imports, and finance machinery imports. Financing was obtained from several financial institutions by means of funds raised by these institutions with the National Bank for Economic and Social Development (BNDES).

Type:	Financial charges	Grace period	Payment frequency	Final maturity	7/31/2013	12/31/2012
Financing	C	1	1 7	•		Unaudited
BNDES - subloan A	U.S. dollar (forex) + 1.97% p.a.	24 months	Monthly	4/2020	7,349	
BNDES - subloan B	URTJLP + 1.97% p.a.	24 months	Monthly	4/2020	17,692	
BNDES - subloan C	URTJLP $+ 2.97\%$ p.a.	24 months	Monthly	4/2020	10,620	
BNDES - subloan D	M.U.019 + 3% p.a.	24 months	Monthly	4/2020	1,312	
BNDES - subloan A/C	U.S. dollar (forex) + 2.5%p.a.	17 months	Monthly	4/2013	_	108
BNDES - subloan B	URTJLP + 3% p.a.	17 months	Monthly	4/2013	_	1,000
BNDES - subloan D	URTJLP $+ 2.5\%$ p.a.	17 months	Monthly	4/2013	_	61
BNDES - USD subloan	U.S. dollar (forex) + 1.95% p.a.	18 months	Monthly	7/2017	3,679	3,761
BNDES - BCDEF subloan	URTJLP + 4.5% p.a.	18 months	Monthly	7/2017	24,213	28,557
BRADESCO - FINEP	TJLP + 0.50 p.a.	30 months	Monthly	9/2014	2,941	4,411
BRADESCO - FINEP	5% p.a.	20 months	Monthly	12/2018	12,464	13,806
BANCO DO BRASIL - EXIM	Spread 3% + 4.5% p.a.	36 months	Bullet	6/2013	_	9,345
VOTORANTIN - EXIM	Spread 1.7 % + 3.8% p.a.	36 months	Bullet	3/2016	10,066	_
FUNDOPEM - ICMS	IPCA + 3% p.a.	54 months	Monthly	5/2024	23,347	20,526
BANCO DO BRASIL	average CDI monthly+1.2%	24 41	C	4/2010	20.076	20.264
- NCE	p.a.	24 months	Semiannual	4/2019	30,076	30,364
Total					143,759	111,939
Current					13,316	24,466
Non-current					130,443	87,473

TJLP - Long-term Interest Rate

URTJLP - Long-term interest rate benchmark unit

IPCA - Extended Consumer Price Index

The maturities of the long-term portions of the financing are as follows:

Maturity	7/31/2013	12/31/2012
		Unaudited
2014 (*)	14,660	14,573
2015	21,323	16,697

2016	35,354	18,646
2017	23,373	15,858
2018	11,384	11,997
2019 and thereafter	24,349	9,702
Total	130,443	87,473

^(*) Comprises the period from August 1 to December 31, 2014.

Financing from BNDES, Banco do Brasil and Bradesco are collateralized by bonds and a letter of guarantee of Randon S.A. Implementos e Participações.

The Credit Note to Exportation (NCE) obtained with Banco do Brasil requires that the Company complies annually with certain financial covenants that may require early payment of debt, which are related to the maintenance of financial ratio "Net Debt / EBITDA" of a maximum of 3 (three) times, considering the annual financial statements of the Group Randon.

On July 31, 2013, the Company has no situation of "Default" with respect to these covenants.

FUNDOPEM - ICMS

Refers to ICMS tax incentives granted to the Company through financing of 60% of the ICMS due every month. This incentive is calculated on a monthly basis and is contingent to the generation of direct and indirect jobs, investments made, and the fulfillment of contractual obligations with Banco do Estado do Rio Grande do Sul and Caixa Estadual S.A. - Agência de Fomento (State Development Bank).

The incentive amounts are subject to charges at the effective rates of 3.00% per year or 0.246627% per month, plus adjustment for inflation calculated based on the monthly fluctuation of the IPCA/IBGE (consumer price index) or another index defined by the Steering Committee of FUNDOPEM/RS.

The eight-year benefit period started in December 2006 and ends in November 2014, and disbursements for Company use totaled 1,946,307.15 FUNDOPEM-RS incentive units (equivalent to R\$ 36,415 as at July 31, 2013). Up to July 31, 2013, the Company utilized 1,218,310.11 FUNDOPEM-RS incentive units (equivalent to R\$ 22,795 as at July 31, 2013). The benefit has a grace period of 54 months and settlement is scheduled in 96 months after the end of the grace period, ending May 21, 2019.

11.RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

	Randon (*)	companies		Meritor	companies(**)	Total		
Balance sheet		3 12/31/201 Unaudited		7/31/2013	3 12/3 1/201 Unaudited		7/31/2013	3 12/31/201 Unaudited	
Trade receivables	6,535	2,511		19,404	12,421		25,939	14,932	
Short-term receivables	1,212	54		_	_		1,212	54	
Trade payables	676	_		272	207		948	207	
Dividends and interest on capital payable	_	11,339		_	3,569		_	14,908	
	Randon c	companies (*)	Merito	r companie	s(**)	Total		
Statements of income	7/31/2013	3 12/31/201	212/31/2011	7/31/2013	312/31/201	212/31/2011	7/31/2013	3 12/31/201	212/31/2011
		Unaudited			Unaudited	I		Unaudited	
Sales of products and services	167,068	216,272	245,198	70,682	82,490	128,103	237,750	298,762	373,301
Rentals Purchases of	1,196	_	_	_	_	_	1,196	_	_
products and services	89,489	107,850	140,829	1,679	2,140	_	91,168	109,990	140,829
Purchases with ICMS credits	n	4,513	1,107	_	_	_	_	4,513	1,107
Finance expenses	_	_	503	_	_	_	_	_	503
General and administrative expenses	5,310	7,594	11,581	_	_	_	5,310	7,594	11,581
(*) Includes:	Sister Caste	mas Automertech Funderica, Rando	olementos e Pa otivos Ltda., F ição e Tecnolo n Adm.Conso	Randon Im ogia Ltda, I rcio, Rand	plementos p Master Siste on Middle l	para o Transp emas Automo East, Randon	oorte, Rand otivos Ltda Automoti	lon Argentin , Randon N ve Pty, Ran	na, Iorth

Investimentos, Randon Maghreb, Randon Brantech, Banco Randon, Fras Le Europe, Fras Le Mexico, Fras Le Andima, Fras Le North América, Fras Le Friction Mat. Pinghu, Fras Le Africa Automotive.

Meritor do Brasil Sistemas Automotivos Ltda., Meritor Automotive Inc., Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems (**) LLC., Meritor Hvs Ltd, ArvinMeritor Qri, Meritor Inc., Meritor CVS, Meritor Frankfurt, and Sisamex Sistemas Automotrices through July 30, 2013, date of the conclusion of the agreement for purchase and share of share units of Suspensys Sistemas Automotivos Ltda.

Suspensys is the co-guarantor of vendor financing contracts, limited to R\$ 20,000 for transactions conducted between Company customers and Banco Randon. As of July 31, 2013, there was an outstanding balance of R\$ 2,171 related to these operations.

Amounts due from and to Randon S.A. Implementos e Participações bear interest equivalent to DI-extra, a rate released by the Brazilian Association of Financial and Capital Markets Entities, or Anbima.

General and administrative expenses refer to the apportionment of corporate costs and administrative assistance services incurred by Randon S.A. Implementos e Participações.

Trading transactions

Trading transactions carried out with related parties follow specific prices and terms established in the joint venture agreement between the parties. The trading agreement takes into consideration the term, volume and specificity of the products acquired by the related parties, which are not comparable to those sold to unrelated parties.

Management compensation

Management compensation is distributed as follows: nominal salary of R\$ 751 as of July 31, 2013 (R\$ 1,518 as at December 31, 2012, R\$ 1,324 in 2011) and profit sharing of R\$ 270 as at July 31, 2013 (R\$ 1,622 as at December 31, 2012).

Borrowings from officers and managers are recorded in 'Amounts due to related parties', in current liabilities, and total R\$ 2,175 as at July 31, 2013 (R\$ 3,437 as at December 31, 2012). These balances are adjusted using the rate DI-extra, as released by the Brazilian Association of Financial and Capital Markets Entities, or Anbima. Related borrowing costs, as disclosed in the income statement at July 31, 2013, totaled R\$ 104 (R\$ 359 as of December 31, 2012 and R\$ 503 as of December 31, 2011).

12. PROVISION FOR TAX, SOCIAL SECURITY AND LABOR RISKS

The Company has challenged, through its legal counsel, labor lawsuits and civil and tax proceedings at the administrative and judicial levels. Based on the opinion of its legal counsel, the Company recognized a provision of R\$ 1,108 to cover probable losses that might result from the outcome of these lawsuits.

The position of contingent liabilities as at July 31, 2013 is as follows:

Opening

Nature of	Likelihood of loss		
provision	Probable	Possible	
Tax	_	15,292	
Labor	1,108	1,270	
Civil	_	687	
Social security	_	4,994	
Total	1,108	22,243	

Changes in provision:

Nature of provision	Balance 1/1/2013	Increase in provision	balance 7/31/2013	
Labor	922	186	1,108	
Total	922	186	1,108	
Nature of provision		01/01/2012 Unaudited	Increase in provision	12/31/2012
Labor		782	140	922
Total		782	140	922

Closing

The Company is also a party to administrative proceedings for which, based on the opinion of its legal counsel and in conformity with IFRS, no provision for contingencies was recognized since they were classified as possible or remote likelihood of loss.

The main lawsuits are as follows:

Tax

a) State VAT (ICMS) - The Company was assessed by the Rio Grande do Sul Department of Finance, in the original amount of R\$ 7,801, due to the alleged irregularity in the calculation of the ICMS relief benefit under the "FUNDOPEM/Nosso Emprego" program. The amount includes principal, fine and interest. On January 24, 2007, due to the objection filed by the Company, the debts were recalculated by the tax authority. The amount of the cause was reduced in 2008 due to the judgment of the action for annulment filed by the Company, and the new amount

attributed to the cause was R\$ 2,837, including fine and interest. On December 10, 2010, the authority converted the tax assessment penalty, initially typified

as basic, applied at the percentage of 60%, into a qualified penalty at the percentage of 120%, thus generating a supplementary assessment of R\$ 470, totaling R\$ 3,307. The Company filed an objection and is awaiting a decision.

The Company was assessed in the inflation adjusted amount of R\$ 8,241, for an alleged import duties (II) and b)Federal VAT (IPI) debt, for alleged noncompliance with award acts provided for by the Drawback special regime. Awaiting expert evidence.

Disallowance of ICMS presumed credit on purchase of steel - refers to assessment notices issued by the Rio Grande c)do Sul State Department of Finance totaling R\$ 3,744, through which this tax authority confirmed the award of the tax benefit in an amount higher than permitted by the law.

Lahor

Several labor lawsuits mostly consisting of compensation claims.

Social security

The Company received INSS assessment notices for alleged nonpayment of social security taxes on profit sharing, against which the Company filed objections currently being at the judgment stage at the Federal Revenue Service, assessed as possible losses. The inflation adjusted amount under litigation of these assessments totals R\$ 4,994. Civil

Refer to lawsuits for recovery of credits (collection), which already have an allowance for losses; however, the lawsuits are still being judged by the courts and if the court decision is favorable to the Company the allowance will be reversed.

13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The estimated fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities were determined based on available market information and appropriate valuation techniques. However, considerable judgment was required in interpreting market data to produce the most adequate estimate of the fair value. As a consequence, the following estimates do not necessarily indicate the amounts that could be realized in a current exchange market. The use of different market methodologies may have a material effect on the estimated fair values.

These instruments are managed by means of operating strategies aimed at liquidity, profitability and security. The control policy consists in ongoing monitoring of contracted rates against market rates. The Company does not make speculative investments in derivatives or any other risk assets.

Balance breakdown

The carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments, all measured at amortized cost, included in the balance sheet are identified below:

	7/31/2013	12/31/2012	
Description		Unaudited	
Cash and cash equivalents	101,147	79,719	
Trade receivables	109,734	85,909	
Trade payables	(63,270) (37,779)
Borrowings and financing:			
In local currency	(132,731) (108,070)
In foreign currency	(11,028) (3,869)
Amounts due to related parties (intragroup loans)	(2,175) (3,437)

Financial instruments that are recognized in the financial statements at their carrying amounts are substantially similar to the amounts that would be obtained if they were traded in the market. However, as they do not have an active market, there can be variations if the Company decides to settle them in advance.

The cost of financial instruments approximates fair value, so the disclosure of levels 1, 2 and 3 are not applicable.

Financial risk management

The Company is exposed to the following risks associated to its operating and financing activities, including the utilization of its financial instruments:

i.credit risk
ii.foreign exchange rate risk
iii.interest rate risk
iv.price risk
v.liquidity risk

The Company, through Randon, has a Currency Hedge Policy, prepared by the Planning and Finance Committee and approved by the Executive Officers. The purpose of the policy is to standardize the procedures of the group Companies, in order to define responsibilities and limits in transactions involving currency hedge, reducing the effects of foreign currency exchange rates on the inflows in foreign currency projected by the cash flow, without speculative purposes.

The basis used is the cash flow in foreign currency projected monthly for the following twelve months, based on the Strategic Plan projections or on the current expectation of each group Company. If considered necessary, the instruments used are conservative and previously approved by the same committee. During the seven-month period ended July 31, 2013 and for the years ended December 31, 2012, and 2011 the Company did not enter into any transactions involving derivative financial instruments.

a. Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility of a counterparty not fulfilling its obligation, which would cause financial loss. In the course of its operations, the Company is exposed to the credit risk as a result of its operating activities, arising mainly on trade receivables.

The Company's sales policies are contingent on the credit policies defined by Management and are intended to minimize possible problems arising from the default of its customers. This objective is achieved by Management by means of a strict selection of the customer portfolio, which considers the ability to pay (credit analysis). A customer's creditworthiness is assessed based on an internal credit rating system. Outstanding trade receivables are frequently monitored. The need for an allowance for impairment losses is analyzed at the end of each reporting period on an individual basis, for the major customers. Additionally, receivables lower that the allowance are collective tested.

Sales concentration

In the seven-month period ended July 31, 2013, three customers individually accounted for more than 10% of sales, with shares of 28.1% (27.2 % in 2012 and 26.1% in 2011), 22.3% (26.4% in 2012 and 20.6% in 2011), and 12.4% (11.3% in 2012 and 10.7% in 2011) of the net revenues each, equivalent to R\$ 160,090 (R\$ 198,921 in 2012 and R\$ 304,924 in 2011), R\$ 127,373 (R\$ 192,717 in 2012 and R\$ 240,180 in 2011), and R\$ 70,682 (R\$ 82,490 in 2012 and R\$ 124,732 in 2011). The first and third customers are related parties. Other Company sales in domestic and foreign markets are diluted and there is no sales concentration in a percentage above 10% for any other customer.

b. Foreign exchange rate risk

The Company's results are exposed to fluctuations due to the effects of the exchange rate volatility on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, mainly the US dollar, which closed the seven-month period ended July 31, 2013 with a negative fluctuation of 12.08% (positive fluctuation of 8.9% as at December 31, 2012).

The Company is exposed to currency risk (foreign exchange risk) on sales, purchases and borrowings that are denominated in a currency other than the Company's functional currency, the Brazilian real.

The Company's net exposure to foreign exchange rate risk at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	7/31/2013	12/31/2012	
		Unaudited	
A.Borrowings and financing	(11,028) (3,869)
B. Trade receivables	4,956	2,258	
C. Trade payables	(7,735) (3,715)
D. Net exposure (A+B+C)	(13,807) (5,326)

c. Interest rate risk

The Company's results are exposed to significant fluctuations due to borrowings and financing contracted at floating interest rates.

The Company does not have derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rates.

Pursuant to its financial policies, the Company has not entered into any transactions involving financial instruments for speculative purposes.

The interest rates on the Company's borrowings and financing are disclosed in note 10-Borrowings and Financing.

d. Price risk

Arises from the possibility of fluctuations in the market prices of products sold or produced by the Company and of other inputs used in the production process. These price fluctuations may cause substantial changes in the Company's revenues and costs. In order to mitigate these risks, the Company conducts an ongoing monitoring of local and foreign markets, seeking to anticipate price movements. The Company has not contracted any financial instruments to hedge against fluctuations in its raw materials' prices.

e. Liquidity risk

The table below details the remaining contractual maturity of the Company's liabilities and the contractual amortization periods. The table was prepared using the undiscounted cash flows of the financial liabilities based on the nearest date on which the Company can be required to make the related payment. The table includes interest and principal cash flows. As the interest flows refer to floating rates, the undiscounted was obtained based on the interest curves at the end of the reporting period. Contractual maturity is based on the first date the Company can be required to pay the related obligations.

Description	7/31/2013 Up to 1 month	1 to 3 months	3 months to 1 year	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Trade payables	54,274	8,968	28	_		63,270
Borrowings and financing	1,268	2,549	9,499	100,809	29,634	143,759
Interest to be incurred on borrowings ar financing	^{1d} 96	1,186	3,611	12,729	1,129	18,751
Intragroup loans	2,175	_	_	_		2,175

14. CAPITAL

On August 1, 2011, the Company's shareholders approved the 19^{th} amendment to the Articles of Organization which increases capital to R\$110,000 (without the issuance of new shares), by capitalizing R\$36,354 from the tax incentives reserve and R\$2,355 from the earnings reserve.

On May 2, 2013, the Company's shareholders approved the 21st amendment to the articles of organization which increased capital to R\$ 228,000 (without the issuance of new shares), by capitalizing R\$ 118,000 from earnings reserve. In view of this increase, the subscribed and fully paid-up capital is held as follows:

Shareholder	Share Units	R\$	%
Master Sistemas Automotivos Ltda.	53,177	121,243	53.177
Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems, LLC.	23,942	54,588	23.942
Randon S.A. Implementos e Participações	22,881	52,169	22.881
Total	100,000	228,000	100.00

On June 18, 2013, the capital of Master Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. was reduced through the transfer of shares of Suspensys, amounting to R\$ 142,700, corresponding to the book value of the investment at that date. Master transferred 27,120 shares to Randon corresponding to R\$ 72,777 and 26,057 shares to Meritor Brasil corresponding to R\$ 69,923, withdrawing in this act as shareholder of Suspensys.

Also as a result of the assignment and transfer of shares of Suspensys to Randon and Meritor Brasil, with the express authorization of the shareholder Meritor: (i) in this act the company Meritor Brasil, holding 26,057 share units transferred by Master, is admitted as shareholder of Suspensys, and (ii) Randon has its interest in Suspensys increased from 22,881 share units to 50,001 share units, as a result of the 27,120 share units transferred by Master. In view of these changes, the capital of Suspensys is held as follows:

Shareholder	Share Units	R\$	%
Meritor do Brasil Sistemas Automotivos Ltda	26,057	59,410	26.057
Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems, LLC.	23,942	54,588	23.942
Randon S.A. Implementos e Participações	50,001	114,002	50.001
Total	100,000	228,000	100.00

On July 29, 2013, the Company's shareholders approved the 23rd amendment to the articles of organization, whereby the shareholders Meritor do Brasil and Meritor assigned and transferred to the shareholder Randon, which accepts such assignment and transfer, the ownership of all the 49,999 share units held in the capital of Suspensys, fully paid-up, representing 49.999% of the share capital of Suspensys, as well as its respective social rights and obligations, withdrawing from Suspensys and clearly stating that it has nothing more to receive from or claim against this company.

The assignment of shares and social rights was made upon a remuneration, pursuant to the Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Shares between Suspensys, Randon, Meritor, Meritor do Brasil and Master, entered into on April 29, 2013, with subrogation by Randon, from that date on, to all rights and obligations related to the share units then acquired. Considering the assignment mentioned in this item, the share capital of Suspensys is held as follows:

Shareholder	Share Units	R\$	%
Randon S.A. Implementos e Participações	100,000	228,000	100.00
Total	100 000	228 000	100 00

With the assignment mentioned above, Randon remained as the sole shareholder and with the purpose of resuming the plurality of the shareholders, in this act assigns and transfers to the admitted shareholder Dramd a share unit held by it, as well as its respective social rights and obligations.

The assignment is made upon a remuneration, from the assignor Randon to the assignee Dramd, for the book value of R\$ 2,726.60, determined in the balance sheet as at June 30, 2013, the assignee subrogating from this date on to all rights and obligations related to the share units hereby acquired and duly settled. As a consequence, the share capital of Suspensys is held as follows:

Shareholder	Share Units	R\$	%
Randon S.A. Implementos e Participações	99,999	227,998	99.999
Dramd Participações e Administração Ltda	1	2	0.001
Total	100,000	228,000	100.00

15. DIVIDENDS AND INTEREST ON CAPITAL

Dividends

The articles of organization determine the distribution of 33.3% of the profit for the year as mandatory minimum dividend. After excluding the amounts already credited as interest on capital during the year, the amount of R\$ 3,520 was accrued in December 2012 as mandatory minimum dividends.

On April 29, 2013, the Shareholders' Meeting approved the proposal for distribution of dividends and payment of interest on capital and dividends occurred on July 25, 2013 totaling R\$ 19,721 (R\$ 70,988 as at December 31, 2012), as follows:

Interest on capital accrued at 12/31/2012:	13,398
Interest on capital accrued at 03/31/2013:	2,803
Allocation of dividends on profit for 2012:	3,520
Total	19,721

Interest on Capital

The Company recorded for the seven-month period ended July 31, 2013 interest on capital of R\$ 2,803 (R\$ 13,398 in 2012 and R\$ 12,143 in 2011), using as a basis the TJLP for the period January-December of each year, applied to equity, considering the higher of 50% of the profit for the year before income tax or 50% of the retained earnings. As provided for by the tax law, the amount recognized as interest on capital was fully deducted in the calculation of income tax and social contribution, and the tax benefit from this deduction was R\$ 953(R\$ 4,555 in 2012 and R\$ 4,131 in 2011). For purposes of conformity of the presentation of the financial statements, such interest was treated as dividends and disclosed as a reduction of retained earnings in equity.

16.NET OPERATING REVENUE

The reconciliation between the revenue recognized for tax purposes and the revenue presented in the income statement for the year is as follows:

	7/31/2013	12/31/2012 Unaudited	12/31/2011
Gross revenue for tax purposes	754,543	975,966	1,557,378
Less:			
Taxes on sales	(176,052)	(228,429)	(360,297)
Sales returns	(4,709)	(10,668)	(17,177)
Discount to present value on installment sales	(3,863)	(5,928)	(11,467)
Net revenue recognized in the income statement	569,919	730,941	1,168,437

17. EXPENSES BY NATURE

As required by corporate law, the Company is required to present the income statement by function. Therefore, the analysis of operating expenses by nature is as follows:

	7/31/2013	12/31/2012	12/31/2011
		Unaudited	
Raw materials and auxiliary materials	401,440	511,022	819,847
Depreciation and amortization	11,436	18,745	16,013
Personnel	53,234	84,730	102,782
Production freight	1,848	3,126	5,402
Freight on sales	13,525	18,446	33,300
Costs of outside services	14,095	21,825	28,120
Repairs	7,645	7,562	15,504
Rentals	3,102	4,731	5,780
Electric power	2,295	4,424	4,707
Other expenses	4,564	7,173	12,588
Total	513,184	681,784	1,044,043

These expenses were classified as follows in the statement of income (presented by function):

	7/31/2013	12/31/2012	12/31/2011
		Unaudited	
Cost of sales and services	470,929	621,150	957,958
Selling expenses	24,334	35,650	50,215
General and administrative expenses	14,636	20,494	22,763
Other operating expenses, net	3,285	4,490	13,107
Total	513,184	681,784	1,044,043

18. INCOME TAX AND SOCIAL CONTRIBUTION

Income tax and social contribution expense

The income tax and social contribution expense for the seven-month period ended July 31, 2013 and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 is reconciled at statutory rates, as follows:

	7/13/2013 IRPJ/CSL	L	12/31/2012 IRPJ/CSLL Unaudited		12/31/2011 IRPJ/CSLL	,
Profit before income tax and social contribution	54,778		56,045		140,347	
Applicable rate	34	%	34	%	34	%
Income tax and social contribution at nominal rates	18,625		19,055		47,718	
Effect of taxes on:						
Interest on capital expense (*)	(953)	(4,555)	(4,131)
Industrial development program	(1,792)	(802)	(2,225)
Other	184		(183)	768	
Income tax and social contribution before deductions	16,064		13,515		42,130	
Income tax deductions and other adjustments	(681)	(576)	(1,349)
Income tax and social contribution expense	15,383		12,939		40,781	
Current income tax and social contribution	17,539		12,198		42,246	
Deferred income tax and social contribution	(2,156)	741		(1,465)
*C . 15 T						

^{*} See note 15, Interest on Capital

Breakdown of deferred income tax and social contribution

	7/31/2013				12/31/2012				12/31/2011		
Temporary differences	Temporary differences		Deferred taxes	d	Temporary differences		Deferre taxes	d	Temporary differences	Deferred taxes	l
	differences		taxes		Unaudited		шлов		differences	tuxes	
Accrued profit sharing:											
- Employees	206		70		1,373	4	467		3,397	1,155	
- Officers	1,163		105		1,601		544		3,683	1,252	
- Directors	1,502		511		672	(60		1,794	161	
Provision for labor risks	1,108		377		922	(314		782	266	
Provision for warranty claims	2,083		708		2,010	(684		1,885	641	
Provision for employee termination	193		66		193	(65		274	93	
Deferred asset recorded for tax purposes						-			471	160	
Allowance for inventory losses	354		120		200	(68		152	52	
Provision for freight on sales	1,106		376		763	2	259				
Allowance for doubtful debts	1,739		591		750	2	255		538	183	
Revenue recognition	1,307		444		184	(63		999	340	
Discount to present value Fundopem/Trade receivables and payables	(722)	(245)	(2,575) ((876)	_		
Other temporary additions	431		147		613	2	209		491	167	
Total assets	10,470		3,270		6,706	4	2,112		14,466	4,470	
Incentive depreciation, Law 11,774	(3,075)	(769)	(4,999) ((1,250)	(8,306)	(2,076)
Deemed cost of property, plant and equipment	(19,055)	(6,479)	(20,395) ((6,934)	(22,914)	(7,791)
Retirement benefit plan	(887)	(302)	(1,071) ((364)	(743)	(253)
Total liabilities	(23,017)	(7,550)	(26,465) ((8,548)	(31,963)	(10,120))
Net Effect			(4,280)		((6,436)		(5,650)

Movement in deferred income tax and social contribution

Movement in deferred income tax and social contrib	ution				
Temporary differences	Balances at 1/1/2013	Recognized in profit for the year	Recognized in other comprehensive income	Balances at 7/31/2013	
Accrued profit sharing		(20=		=0	
- Employees	467	(397)	_	70	
- Officers	544	(34)	_	510	
- Directors	60	44	_	104	
Provision for labor risks	314	63	_	377	
Provision for warranty claims	684	25	_	709	
Provision for employee termination	65	_	_	65	
Deferred asset recorded for tax purposes	_	_	_	_	
Allowance for inventory losses	68	52	_	120	
Provision for freight on sales	259	117		376	
Allowance for doubtful debts	255	336	_	591	
Revenue recognition	63	382	_	445	
Discount to present value Fundopem/Trade	(876)	630		(246	`
receivables and payables	(870)	030		(246)
Other temporary additions	209	(62)		147	
Total assets	2,112	1,156		3,268	
Incentive depreciation, Law 11,774	(1,250)	481	_	(769)
Deemed cost of property, plant and equipment	(6,934)	456	_	(6,478)
Retirement benefit plan	(364)	63		(301)
Total liabilities	(8,548)	1,000		(7,548)
Net effect	(6,436)			(4,280)
Total recognized in the year		2,156			
Temporary differences	Balances at 1/1/2012	Recognized in profit for the year	Recognized in other comprehensive income	Balances at 12/31/2012	
		Unaudited			
Accrued profit sharing					
- Employees	1,155	(688)	_	467	
- Officers	1,252	(708)	_	544	
- Directors	161	(101)	_	60	
Provision for labor risks	266	48	_	314	
Provision for warranty claims	641	43	_	684	
Provision for employee termination	93	(28)	_	65	
Deferred asset recorded for tax purposes	160	(160)	_		
Allowance for inventory losses	52	16	_	68	
Provision for freight on sales	_	259	_	259	
Allowance for doubtful debts	183	72		255	
Revenue recognition	340	(277)		63	
Discount to present value Fundopem/Trade receivables and payables	_	(876)	_	(876)
Other temporary additions	167	42	_	209	
•					

Total assets 4,470 (2,358) — 2,112

Incentive depreciation, Law 11,774 Deemed cost of property, plant and equipment Retirement benefit plan Total liabilities Net effect Total recognized in the year	(2,077 (7,791 (253 (10,121 (5,651))))	827 856 (66 1,617 (741))	(1,250 (6,935 (364 (8,549 (6,437))))
Temporary differences	Balances at 1/1/2011	-	Recognized in profit for the year	1	Recognized in other comprehensive income		Balances at 12/31/2011	
Accrued profit sharing								
- Employees	1,016		139		_		1,155	
- Officers	1,022		230		_		1,252	
- Directors	151		10		_		161	
Provision for labor risks	51		215		_		266	
Provision for warranty claims	726		(85)	_		641	
Provision for employee termination	69		24		_		93	
Deferred asset recorded for tax purposes	422		(262)	_		160	
Allowance for inventory losses	886		(834)	_		52	
Allowance for doubtful debts	52		131		_		183	
Revenue recognition	18		322				340	
Other temporary additions	110		57		_		167	
Total assets	4,523		(53)	_		4,470	
Incentive depreciation, Law 11,774	(2,680)	604		_		(2,076)
Deemed cost of property, plant and equipment	(8,742)	951		_		(7,791)
Retirement benefit plan	(217)	(37)	1		(253)
Total liabilities	(11,639)	1,518		1		(10,120)
Net effect	(7,116)					(5,650)
Total recognized in the year			1,465		1			

The Company offsets deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities because it related to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the Company. The Company understands such presentation reflects better financial position as a standalone legal entity.

19. FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSES)

Net finance income (expenses) are as follows:

	7/31/2013	12/31/2012	12/31/2011	
Finance income		Unaudited		
Yield on short-term investments	3,388	8,977	18,337	
Interest received and discounts obtained	148	427	555	
Discount to present value - FUNDOPEN	_	3,381		
Discount to present value of trade receivables	3,565	6,351	11,135	
	7,101	19,136	30,027	
Finance expenses				
Interest on borrowings and financing	(4,810) (7,907	(8,820)
Bank expenses	(96) (343	(129)
Other	(234) (734	(586)
Discount to present value of trade payables	(1,846) (2,506)	(5,178)
Discount to present value - FUNDOPEM	(1,447) —	_	
	(8,433) (11,490)	(14,713)
Foreign exchange differences				
Exchange gains	1,933	2,449	3,417	
Exchange losses	(2,558) (3,207	(2,778)
	(625) (758	639	
Finance income (expenses), net	(1,957	6,888	15,953	

20. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN

The Company is the co-sponsor of the pension fund RANDONPREV, together with other Randon companies, whose benefit plan is a defined contribution plan under the financial capitalization regime, with some supplementations of benefits for employees, not covered by the defined benefits. This minimum benefit is defined based on a percentage of the nominal salary per annum worked for the Company, credited in a lump sum at the beneficiary's account with RANDONPREV. The latest valuation of the plan assets and of the present value of the minimum benefit was performed at December 31, 2012 using the projected unit credit method and the determined balance of R\$ 1,071 as at December 31, 2012 (R\$ 761 as at December 31, 2011), corresponding to the Company's benefit, is recorded in assets. Part of this amount refers to the credit of the special reserves that can be amortized from future contributions, at any time, as from January 2013, without the need for previous analysis and authorization from Previc. In the seven-month period ended July 31, 2013, the amortized amount was R\$ 185, remaining a balance of R\$ 886 recorded in assets.

21. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

The changes in balance sheet accounts in the seven-month period ended July 31, 2013 that did not affect the Company's cash flows are purchases of property, plant and equipment in the amount of R\$ 1,348 through installment purchase with suppliers.

(2) Financial Statement Schedule for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011. The following schedule was filed as part of the Annual Report filed with the SEC on November 20, 2013:

Schedule II - Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

Schedules not filed with this Amendment No.2 on Form 10-K/A are omitted because of the absence of conditions under which they are required or because the information called for is shown in the financial statements or related notes.

(3) Exhibits

- Restated Articles of Incorporation of Meritor, filed as Exhibit 4.01 to Meritor's Registration Statement on Form S-4, as amended (Registration Statement No. 333-36448) ("Form S-4"), is incorporated by reference.
- Articles of Amendment of Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Company filed as Exhibit 3-a-1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 3, 2011, in incorporated by reference.
- By-laws of Meritor, filed as Exhibit 3 to Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 29, 2003 (File No. 1-15983), is incorporated by reference.
- Indenture, dated as of April 1, 1998, between Meritor and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to BNY Midwest Trust Company as successor to The Chase Manhattan Bank), as trustee, filed as Exhibit 4 to Meritor's Registration Statement on Form S-3 (Registration No. 333- 49777), is incorporated herein by reference.
- First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 7, 2000, to the Indenture, dated as of April 1, 1998, between Meritor and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to BNY Midwest Trust Company as successor to The Chase Manhattan Bank), as trustee, filed as Exhibit 4-b-1 to Meritor's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2000 (File No. 1-15983) ("2000 Form 10-K"), is incorporated herein by reference.
- Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 23, 2006, to the Indenture, dated as of April 1, 1998, between Meritor and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to BNY Midwest Trust Company as successor to The Chase Manhattan Bank), as trustee (including Subsidiary Guaranty dated as of June 23, 2006), filed as Exhibit 4.2 to Meritor's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated June 23, 2006 and filed on June 27, 2006 (File No. 1-15983) ("June 23, 2006 Form 8-K"), is incorporated herein by reference.
- Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 3, 2010, to the Indenture, dated as of April 1, 1998, between Meritor and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to BNY Midwest Trust Company as successor to The Chase Manhattan Bank), as trustee (including form of the Company's 10.625% Notes due 2018 and form of subsidiary guaranty), filed as Exhibit 4 to Meritor's Form 8-K filed on March 3, 2010 is incorporated herein by reference.
- Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 23, 2013, to the Indenture, dated as of April 1, 1998, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to BNY Midwest Trust Company as successor to The Chase Manhattan Bank), as trustee, filed as Exhibit 4 to Meritor's Report on Form 8-K dated May 23, 2013, is incorporated herein by reference.

Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 31, 2013 between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to BNY Midwest Trust Company as successor to the Chase Manhattan Bank), as trustee filed as Exhibit 4 to Meritor's Report on Form 8-K dated May 31, 2013 is incorporated herein by reference.

- Indenture dated as of July 3, 1990, as supplemented by a First Supplemental Indenture dated as of March 31, 1994, between Meritor and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to BNY Midwest Trust Company as successor to Harris Trust and Savings Bank), as trustee, filed as Exhibit 4-4 to Arvin's Registration Statement on Form S-3 (Registration No. 33-53087), is incorporated herein by reference.
- Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 7, 2000, to the Indenture dated as of July 3, 1990, between Meritor and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to BNY Midwest Trust Company as successor to Harris Trust and Savings Bank), as trustee, filed as Exhibit 4-c-1 to the 2000 Form 10-K, is incorporated herein by reference.
- Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 23, 2006, to the Indenture, dated as of July 3, 1990, between Meritor and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to BNY Midwest Trust Company as successor to Harris Trust and Savings Bank), as trustee (including Subsidiary Guaranty dated as of June 23, 2006), filed as Exhibit 4.3 to the June 23, 2006 Form 8-K, is incorporated herein by reference.
- Indenture, dated as of March 7, 2006, between Meritor and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust
 Company, N.A. (as successor to BNY Midwest Trust Company), as trustee, filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Meritor's
 Current Report on Form 8-K, dated March 7, 2006 and filed on March 9, 2006 (File No. 1-15983), is
 incorporated herein by reference.
- First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 23, 2006, to the Indenture, dated as of March 7, 2006, between Meritor and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to BNY Midwest Trust Company), as trustee (including Subsidiary Guaranty dated as of June 23, 2006), filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the June 23, 2006 Form 8-K, is incorporated herein by reference.
- Indenture, dated as of February 8, 2007, between Meritor and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A.), as trustee (including form of Subsidiary Guaranty dated as of February 8, 2007), filed as Exhibit 4-a to Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 1, 2007 (File No. 1-15983), is incorporated herein by reference.
- Credit Agreement, dated as of June 23, 2006, by and among Meritor, Meritor Finance Ireland, the institutions from time to time parties thereto as lenders, JP Morgan Chase Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, Citicorp North America, Inc. and UBS Securities LLC, as Syndication Agents, ABN AMRO Bank N.V., BNP Paribas and Lehman Commercial Paper Inc., as Documentation Agents, and J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Citigroup Global Markets, as Joint Lead Arrangers and Joint Book Runners, filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the June 23, 2006 Form 8-K, is incorporated herein by reference.
- Amendment and Restatement Agreement relating to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of April 23, 2012, among Meritor, AFI, the financial institutions party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, filed as Exhibit 10a to Meritor's Report on Form 8-K filed on April 24, 2012, is incorporated herein by reference.
- Amended and Restated Subsidiary Guaranty, dated as of April 23, 2012, by and among the subsidiary guarantors and JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, filed as Exhibit 10b to Meritor's Report on Form 8-K filed on April 24, 2012, is incorporated herein by reference.

Amended and Restated Pledge and Security Agreement, dated as of April 23, 2012, by and among Meritor, the subsidiaries named therein and JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, filed as Exhibit 10c to Meritor's Report on Form 8-K filed on April 24, 2012, is incorporated herein by reference

- *10-b-1 1997 Long-Term Incentives Plan, as amended and restated, filed as Exhibit 10 to Meritor's Current Report on Form 8-K dated and filed on April 20, 2005 (File No. 1-15983), is incorporated herein by reference.
- Form of Option Agreement under the 1997 Long-Term Incentives Plan, filed as Exhibit 10(a) to Meritor's *10-b-2 Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 1998 (File No. 1-13093), is incorporated herein by reference.

Description of Performance Goals for fiscal years 2014-2016 Established in connection with Performance *10-b-3 Plans under Long Term Incentive Plans, filed as Exhibit 10-b-3 to Meritor 2013 Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 29, 2013 (the "2013 10-K) is incorporated herein by reference. Description of Annual Incentive Goals Established for Fiscal year 2014 under the Incentive Compensation *10-b-4 Plan, filed as Exhibit 10-b-4 to the 2013 10-K is incorporated herein by reference. 2007 Long-Term Incentive Plan, as amended, filed as Exhibit 10-a to Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form *10-c 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 1, 2007 (File No. 1-15983), is incorporated herein by reference. Form of Restricted Stock Agreement under the 2007 Long-Term Incentive Plan, filed as Exhibit 10-c-1 to Meritor's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007 is incorporated herein *10-c-1 by reference. Description of Compensation of Non-Employee Directors filed as Exhibit 10-d to Meritor's Annual Report *10-d on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 is incorporated herein by reference. 2004 Directors Stock Plan, filed as Exhibit 10-a to Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the *10-е quarterly period ended March 28, 2004 (File No. 1-15983), is incorporated herein by reference. Form of Restricted Share Unit Agreement under the 2004 Directors Stock Plan, filed as Exhibit 10-c-3 to Meritor's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 3, 2004 (File No. 1-15983), is *10-e-1 incorporated herein by reference. Form of Restricted Stock Agreement under the 2004 Directors Stock Plan, filed as Exhibit 10-c-4 to *10-e-2 Meritor's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 2, 2005 (Filed No. 1-15983), is incorporated herein by reference. Option Agreement under the 2007 Long-Term Incentive Plan between Meritor and Charles G. McClure *10-e-3 filed as Exhibit 10-c to Meritor's Quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2008 is incorporated herein by reference. Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for Employees under 2010 Long-Term Incentive Plan filed as *10-e-4 Exhibit 10.2 to Meritor's Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended January 3, 2009 is incorporated herein by reference. Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for Directors under 2010 Long-Term Incentive Plan filed as *10-e-5 Exhibit 10.3 to Meritor's Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended January 3, 2009 is incorporated herein by reference. Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for Directors under 2010 Long-term Incentive Plan filed as Exhibit 10.4 to Meritor's Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended January 3, 2009 is incorporated herein *10-e-6 by reference. 2010 Long-Term Incentive Plan, as amended and Restated as of January 20, 2011, filed as Exhibit 10.d to Meritor's Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended January 2, 2011 is incorporated herein by *10-e-7 reference.

Form of Performance Share Agreement under 2010 Long-term Incentive Plan, as amended, filed as Exhibit

10-e-8 to the 2013 10-K is incorporated herein by reference.

*10-e-8

Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for grants on or after December 1, 2013 under 2010 Long-term Incentive Plan, as amended, filed as Exhibit 10-e-9 to the 2013 10-K is incorporated herein by reference.

*10-f Incentive Compensation Plan, as amended and restated, filed as Exhibit 10.6 to Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2010 is incorporated herein by reference.

- *10-f-1 Form of Deferred Share Agreement, filed as Exhibit 10-a to Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended January 2, 2005 (File No. 1-15983), is incorporated herein by reference.
- Copy of resolution of the Board of Directors of Meritor, adopted on July 6, 2000, providing for its

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 Deferred Compensation Policy for Non-Employee Directors, filed as Exhibit 10-f to the 2000 Form 10-K, is incorporated herein by reference.
- *10-h Deferred Compensation Plan, filed as Exhibit 10-e-1 to Meritor's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 1998 (File No. 1-13093), is incorporated herein by reference.
- Receivables Purchase Agreement dated as of October 29, 2010, by and among ArvinMeritor Mascot, LLC, Meritor Heavy Vehicle Braking Systems (USA), Inc., Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems, LLC, Viking Asset Purchaser No 7 IC, an incorporated cell of Viking Global Finance ICC, an incorporated cell company incorporated under the laws of Jersey, as purchaser, and Citicorp Trustee Company Limited, as programme trustee, filed as Exhibit 10-c to Meritor's Current report on Form 8-K dated October 29, 2010 and filed November 2, 2010, is incorporated herein by reference.
- Amendment dated as of June 28, 2011 to Receivables Purchase Agreement dated as of October 29, 2010, by and among Meritor Heavy Vehicle Braking Systems (USA), Inc., Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems, LLC and Meritor Aftermarket USA, LLC (formerly known as ArvinMeritor Mascot, LLC) as sellers, Viking Asset Purchaser No 7 IC, an incorporated cell of Viking Global Finance ICC, an incorporated cell company incorporated under the laws of Jersey, as purchaser, and Citicorp Trustee Company Limited, as programme trustee filed as exhibit 10-a to Meritor's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 3, 2011 is incorporated herein by reference.
- Receivables Purchase Agreement dated as of June 28, 2011, by and among Meritor HVS A.B., as seller, Viking Asset Purchaser No 7 IC, an incorporated cell of Viking Global Finance ICC, an incorporated cell company incorporated under the laws of Jersey, as purchaser, and Citicorp Trustee Company Limited, as programme trustee filed as exhibit 10-b to Meritor's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 3, 2011 is incorporated herein by reference.
- Receivable Purchase Agreement dated March 15, 2012 between Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems Cameri S.P.A. as Seller and Viking Asset Purchaser No. 7IC, an incorporated cell of Viking Global Finance ICC, as Purchaser and Citicorp Trustee Company Limited, as Programme Trustee filed as exhibit 10-a to Meritor's Quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the period ended April 1, 2012, is incorporated herein by reference.
- Receivable Purchase Agreement dated February 2, 2012 between Meritor Heavy Vehicle Braking Systems (UK) Limited as Seller and Viking Asset Purchaser No. 7IC, an incorporated cell of Viking Global Finance ICC, as Purchaser and Citicorp Trustee Company Limited, as Programme Trustee filed as exhibit 10-b to Meritor's Quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the period ended April 1, 2012, is incorporated herein by reference.
- Fourth Amended and Restated Purchase and Sale Agreement dated June 18, 2012 among Meritor Heavy Vehicle Braking Systems (USA), LLC, and Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems, LLC, as originators, Meritor, Inc., as initial servicer, and ArvinMeritor Receivables Corporation, as Buyer, filed as Exhibit 10-a to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended July 1, 2012, is incorporated herein by reference.
- 10-m-2 Receivables Purchase Agreement dated June 18, 2012 among ArvinMeritor Receivables Corporation, as Seller, Meritor, Inc., as initial servicer, the various Conduit Purchasers, Related Committed Purchasers, LC Participants and Purchaser Agents from time to time party thereto, and PNC Bank, National Association, as

issuers of Letters of Credit and as Administrator filed as Exhibit 10-b to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended July 1, 2012, is incorporated herein by reference.

Termination of Receivables Purchase Agreement dated June 18, 2012 between Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems Cameri S.P.A., as Seller, and Viking Asset Purchaser No. 7IC, an incorporated cell of Viking Global Finance ICC, as Purchaser, and Citicorp Trustee Company Limited, as Programme Trustee filed as Exhibit 10-c to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended July 1, 2012, is incorporated herein by reference.

Receivables Purchase Agreement dated June 18, 2012 between Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems Cameri S.P.A., a company incorporated under the laws of Italy (the "Seller") and Nordea Bank AB (pbl), a 10-m-4 company incorporated under the laws of Sweden (the "Purchaser") filed as Exhibit 10-d to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended July 1, 2012, is incorporated herein by reference. First Amendment dated as of December 6, 2010 to Purchase and Sale Agreement dated as of August 3, 2010 among Meritor France (as Seller), Meritor, Inc. (as Seller Guarantor) and 81 Acquisition LLC (as 10-m-5 Buyer), filed as Exhibit 10 to Meritor's Form 8-K dated December 6, 2010 and filed December 8, 2010, is incorporated herein by reference. Second Amendment dated as of January 3, 2011 to Purchase and Sale Agreement dated as of August 3, 2010 among Meritor France (as Seller), Meritor, Inc. (as Seller Guarantor) and Inteva Products Holding 10-m-6 Coöperatieve U.A., as assignee of 81 Acquisition LLC (as Buyer), as amended, filed as Exhibit 10 to Meritor's Form 8-K dated and filed on January 3, 2011, is incorporated herein by reference. Amendment No. 3 effective as of September 28, 2012 to the Receivables Purchase Agreement dated as of October 29, 2010, as amended (as so amended, the "Receivables Purchase Agreement), with an affiliate of Nordea Bank AB known as Viking Asset Purchaser No 7 IC, an incorporated cell of Viking Global 10-m-7 Finance ICC, an incorporated cell company incorporated under the laws of Jersey, as purchaser ("Viking"), and Citicorp Trustee Company Limited, as programme trustee, filed as Exhibit 10 -m-9 to Meritor's Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 is incorporated herein by reference. Receivables Purchase Agreement dated November 19, 2007 between Meritor CVS Axles France and 10-m-8 Viking Asset Purchaser and CitiCorp Trustee Company Limited, filed as Exhibit 10-t to Meritor's Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008 is incorporated herein by reference. Receivables Purchase Agreement dated March 13, 2006 between Meritor HVS AB and Nordic Finance 10-m-9 Limited and CitiCorp Trustee Company Limited filed as Exhibit 10-u to Meritor's Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008 is incorporated herein by reference Amendment, dated July 25, 2007, to Receivables Purchase Agreement dated March 13, 2006 between Meritor HVS AB and Nordic Finance Limited and CitiCorp Trustee Company Limited filed as Exhibit 10-m-10 10-v to Meritor's Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008 is incorporated herein by reference. Purchase and Sale Agreement dated August 4, 2009 among Meritor, Iochpe-Maxion, S.A. and the other parties listed therein, filed as Exhibit 10 to Meritor's Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarter ended June 28, 10-m-11 2009 is incorporated by reference. First Amendment to the Receivables Purchase Agreement dated as of December 14, 2012 among ArvinMeritor Receivables Corporation, Meritor, Inc., PNC Bank, National Association and Market Street 10-m-12 Funding, LLC filed as Exhibit 10-a to Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended December 30, 2012 is incorporated herein by reference. Letter Agreement relating to Fourth Amended and Restated Purchase Agreement dated as of December 14, 2012 among Meritor Heavy Vehicle Braking Systems (U.S.A.), Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems, L.L.C., ArvinMeritor Receivables Corporation, Meritor, Inc. and PNC Bank, National Association filed as Exhibit 10-m-13 10-b to Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended December 30, 2012 is incorporated herein by reference.

Extension dated January 24, 2013 of Receivable Purchase Agreement dated February 2, 2012 between Meritor Heavy Vehicle Braking Systems (UK) Limited as Seller and Viking Asset Purchaser No. 7IC, an

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incorporated cell of Viking Global Finance ICC, as Purchaser and Citicorp Trustee Company Limited, as Programme Trustee filed as Exhibit 10-d to Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended December 30, 2012 is incorporated herein by reference.

- Second Amendment to Receivables Purchase Agreement dated June 21, 2013 among ArvinMeritor Receivables Corporation, as Seller, Meritor, Inc., as initial servicer, PNC Bank, National Association, as a 10-m-15 Related Committed Purchaser, as an LC Participant, as a Purchaser Agent, as LC Bank and as Administrator, and Market Street Funding LLC, as a Conduit Purchaser, filed as Exhibit 10 to Meritor's Report on Form 8-K dated June 21, 2013 is incorporated herein by reference.
- ArvinMeritor Receivables Corporation, as Seller, Meritor, Inc., as servicer, PNC Bank, National 10-m-16 Association, as a Related Committed Purchaser, as an LC Participant, as a Purchaser Agent, as LC Bank, as Administrator and as Assignee and Market Street Funding LLC as Conduit Purchaser and as Assignor, filed as Exhibit 10-m-16 to the 2013 10-K is incorporated herein by reference.

Third Amendment to the Receivables Purchase Agreement dated as of October 11, 2013 among

- Extension Letter dated June 10, 2013 from Meritor HVS AB to Viking Asset Purchaser No. 7 IC and 10-m-17 Citicorp Trustee Company Limited filed as Exhibit 10-d to Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2013 is incorporated herein by reference.
- Amendment No. 4 effective as of October 29, 2013 to the Receivables Purchase Agreement dated as of October 29, 2010, as amended (as so amended, the "Receivables Purchase Agreement), with an affiliate of Nordea Bank AB known as Viking Asset Purchaser No 7 IC, an incorporated cell of Viking Global Finance ICC, an incorporated cell company incorporated under the laws of Jersey, as purchaser ("Viking"), and Citicorp Trustee Company Limited, as programme trustee, filed as Exhibit 10-m-18 to the 2013 10-K is incorporated herein by reference.
- Letter Agreement dated as of December 3, 2012 between Joseph Mejaly and Meritor, Inc filed as Exhibit 10-n* 10-c to Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended December 30, 2012 is incorporated herein by reference.
- Employment Agreement between Meritor, Inc. and Charles McClure dated May 1, 2013 filed as Exhibit 10-o* 10-a to Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2013 is incorporated herein by reference.
- Employment Agreement between Meritor, Inc. and Vernon Baker, II dated May 1, 2013 filed as Exhibit 10-p* 10-b to Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2013 is incorporated herein by reference.
- Employment Agreement between Meritor, Inc. and Jeffrey Craig dated May 1, 2013 filed as Exhibit 10-c to Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2013 is incorporated herein by reference.
- Employment Agreement between Meritor, Inc. and Pedro Ferro dated May 1, 2013 filed as Exhibit 10-d to 10-r* Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2013 is incorporated herein by reference.
- Employment Agreement between Meritor, Inc. and Barbara Novak dated May 1, 2013 filed as Exhibit 10-e to Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2013 is incorporated herein by reference.
- Employment Agreement between Meritor, Inc. and Kevin Nowlan dated May 1, 2013 filed as Exhibit 10-f to Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2013 is incorporated herein by reference.

- Employment Agreement between Meritor, Inc. and Larry Ott dated May 1, 2013 filed as Exhibit 10-g to 10-u* Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2013 is incorporated herein by reference.
- Quota Purchase and Sale Agreement by and among Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems, LLC, Meritor Do
 Brasil Sistemas Automotivos LTDA. and Randon S.A. Implementos E Participacoes dated as of April 29,
 2013 filed as Exhibit 10-h to Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March
 31, 2013 is incorporated herein by reference.

First Amendment dated June 24, 2013 to the Ouota Purchase and Sale Agreement dated as of April 29, 2013 among Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems, LLC, Meritor Do Brasil Sistemas Automotivos LTDA. and *10-v-1 Randon S.A. Implementos E Participcoes., filed as Exhibit 10-b to Meritor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended December 29, 2013 is incorporated herein by reference. Letter Agreement dated as of June 4, 2013 between Meritor, Inc. and Charles McClure filed as Exhibit 10a 10-w* to Meritor's Report on Form 8-K dated June 4, 2013 is incorporated herein by reference. Letter Agreement dated as of June 5, 2013 between Meritor, Inc. and Ivor J. Evans filed as Exhibit 10-a to 10-x*Meritor's Report on Form 8-K dated June 5, 2013, is incorporated herein by reference. Letter Agreement dated as of September 11, 2013 between Meritor, Inc. and Ivor J. Evans filed as Exhibit 10-y* 10-a to Meritor's Report on Form 8-K dated September 11, 2013, is incorporated herein by reference. Option Grant agreement dated as of September 11, 2013 between Meritor, Inc. and Ivor J. Evans, filed as 10-z* Exhibit 10-z to the 2013 10-K is incorporated herein by reference. Form of Performance Share Agreement for grant from Meritor, Inc. to Jeffrey Craig on December 1, 2013, 10-zz* filed as Exhibit 10-zz to the 2013 10-K is incorporated herein by reference. Computation of ratio of earnings to fixed charges, filed as Exhibit 12 to the 2013 10-K is incorporated 12 herein by reference. List of Subsidiaries of Meritor, Inc., filed as Exhibit 21 to the 2013 10-K is incorporated herein by 21 reference. Consent of Vernon G. Baker, II, Esq., Senior Vice President and General Counsel, filed as Exhibit 23-a to 23-a the 2013 10-K is incorporated herein by reference. Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, filed as Exhibit 23-b to 23-b the 2013 10-K is incorporated herein by reference. 23-с Consent of Bates White LLC, filed as Exhibit 23-c to the 2013 10-K is incorporated herein by reference. Consent of Deloitte & Touche Independent Auditors relating to the financial statements of Meritor 23-d WABCO Vehicle Control Systems, filed as Exhibit 23-d to the 2013 10-K/A (Amendment No. 1) is incorporated herein by reference. Consent of Deloitte & Touche Independent Auditors relating to the financial statements of Master Sistemas 23-e** Automotivos Ltda. Consent of Deloitte & Touche Independent Auditors relating to the financial statements of Suspensys 23-f** Sistemas Automotivos Ltda. Power of Attorney authorizing certain persons to sign this Annual Report on Form 10-K on behalf of certain directors and officers of Meritor, filed as Exhibit 24 to the 2013 10-K is incorporated herein by 24 reference. 31-a** Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Exchange Act.

31-b** Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Exchange Act.
 32-a** Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) under the Exchange Act and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) under the Exchange Act and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
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Commitment and Acceptance, dated as of March 31, 2011, by and among Meritor, Inc. (formerly known as ArvinMeritor, Inc.), ArvinMeritor Finance Ireland (together with Meritor, Inc. the "Borrowers"), Deutsche Bank AG New York Branch, as Accepting Lender and JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent relating to that certain Credit Agreement, dated as of June 23, 2006 (as amended by Amendment No.1, Amendment No. 2, Amendment No. 3, Amendment No. 4, and Amendment No. 5 thereto) among the Borrowers, each lender from time to time a party thereto, and JP Morgan Chase Bank, National Association, as administrative agent filed as exhibit 99-a to Meritor's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended April 3, 2011 is incorporated herein by reference.

Commitment and Acceptance, dated as of April 13, 2011, by and among Meritor, Inc. (formerly known as ArvinMeritor, Inc.), ArvinMeritor Finance Ireland (together with Meritor, Inc. the "Borrowers"), The Huntington National Bank, as Accepting Lender and JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent relating to that certain Credit Agreement, dated as of June 23, 2006 (as amended by Amendment No.1, Amendment No. 2, Amendment No. 3, Amendment No. 4, Amendment No. 5 thereto and the Commitment and Acceptance dated as of March 31, 2011, relating to Deutsche Bank AG New York Branch becoming a Lender) among the Borrowers, each lender from time to time a party thereto, and JP Morgan Chase Bank, National Association, as administrative agent filed as exhibit 99-b to Meritor's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended April 3, 2011 is incorporated herein by reference.

Third Amendment dated as of May 9, 2011 to Credit Agreement dated as of November 18, 2010 among Meritor, Inc. (formerly named ArvinMeritor, Inc.), Citicorp USA, Inc., as administrative agent and issuing bank, the other lenders party thereto, and the Bank of New York Mellon, as paying agent filed as exhibit 99-a to Meritor's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 3, 2011 is incorporated herein by reference.

101.INS XBRL INSTANCE DOCUMENT

101.SCH XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION SCHEMA

101.PRE XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION PRESENTATION LINKBASE

101.LAB XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION LABEL LINKBASE

101.CAL XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION CALCULATION LINKBASE

101.DEF XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION DEFINITION LINKBASE

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^{*} Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

^{**} Filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

MERITOR, INC.

Date: June 9, 2014 By: /s/ Kevin A. Nowlan

Kevin A. Nowlan

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer