IHS Inc. Form 10-Q September 28, 2007

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

X

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended August 31, 2007

OR

0

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 001-32511

IHS INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) 13-3769440 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

15 Inverness Way East Englewood, CO 80112

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(303) 790-0600

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

x YES o NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer O

Accelerated filer X

Non-accelerated filer O

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act).

o YES x NO

As of August 31, 2007, there were 48,904,247 shares of our Class A Common Stock outstanding and 13,750,000 shares of our Class B Common Stock outstanding.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

Item 1. Financial Statements

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

PART II

<u>Item 1.</u> <u>Legal Proceedings</u>

<u>Item 2.</u> <u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>

Item 6. Exhibits

SIGNATURE

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

IHS INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands except share data)

	As of August 31, 2007 (Unaudited)			As of November 30, 2006		
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	132,366	\$	180,034		
Short-term investments		16,870		2,076		
Accounts receivable, net		142,009		151,300		
Deferred subscription costs		32,240		33,293		
Deferred income taxes		15,242		7,758		
Other		14,296		6,461		
Total current assets		353,023		380,922		
Non-current assets:						
Property and equipment, net		58,614		53,096		
Intangible assets, net		196,381		65,962		
Goodwill, net		534,257		350,896		
Prepaid pension asset		94,510		92,488		
Other		1,251		937		
Total non-current assets		885,013		563,379		
Total assets	\$		\$	944,301		
Liabilities and stockholders equity	•	,,		, , , ,		
Current liabilities:						
Short-term debt	\$	3,062	\$	500		
Accounts payable	_	20,652	Ť	45,622		
Accrued compensation		25,290		30,788		
Accrued royalties		13,184		22,801		
Other accrued expenses		42,282		36,047		
Income tax payable		15,650		11,484		
Deferred subscription revenue		230,736		191,229		
Total current liabilities		350,856		338,471		
Long-term debt				74		
Accrued pension liability		13,774		12,309		
Accrued post-retirement benefits		16,020		18,200		
Deferred income taxes		48,326		2,788		
Other liabilities		7,887		6,891		
Minority interests		172		377		
Commitments and contingencies		1/2		377		
Stockholders equity:						
Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, 80,000,000 shares authorized, 49,750,527						
and 45,265,794 shares issued, 48,904,247 and 45,042,232 shares outstanding at August 31,						
2007 and November 30, 2006, respectively		498		453		
Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, 13,750,000 shares authorized, issued and		170		155		
outstanding at August 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006		138		138		
Additional paid in capital		369,572		175,027		
Treasury stock, at cost: 846,280 and 223,562 shares at August 31, 2007 and November 30,		307,372		175,027		
2006, respectively		(32,960)		(7.551)		
Retained earnings		458,719		(7,551) 400,029		
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		5,034		(2,905)		
Total stockholders equity		801,001		565,191		
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$		¢			
Total habilities and stockholders equity	Ф	1,238,036	Ф	944,301		

See accompanying notes.

IHS INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands except per-share amounts)

	Three Months Ended August 31, 2007 2006 (Una						Nine Months Ended August 31, 2007 2006 audited)					
Revenue:												
Products	\$	154,959	\$	117,200	\$	407,074	\$	334,265				
Services		28,397		22,723		83,803		68,379				
Total revenue		183,356		139,923		490,877		402,644				
Operating expenses:												
Cost of revenue:												
Products		64,259		47,871		163,266		141,395				
Services		18,790		16,435		53,274		46,956				
Total cost of revenue (includes stock-based												
compensation expense of \$383, \$392, \$839 and												
\$2,558 for the three and nine months ended												
August 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively)		83,049		64,306		216,540		188,351				
Selling, general and administrative (includes												
stock-based compensation expense of \$8,759;												
\$4,048; \$21,684 and \$9,907 for the three and												
nine months ended August 31, 2007 and 2006,												
respectively)		66,479		50,494		180,977		143,338				
Depreciation and amortization		7,118		4,218		16,619		10,930				
Restructuring and other charges								2				
Gain on sales of assets, net				53		(756)		53				
Net periodic pension and post-retirement benefits		257		(1,081)		(365)		(2,626)				
Earnings in unconsolidated subsidiaries		(44)		(50)		(208)		(180)				
Other expense (income), net		(2,975)		204		(3,171)		1,024				
Total operating expenses		153,884		118,144		409,636		340,892				
Operating income		29,472		21,779		81,241		61,752				
Interest income		1,970		1,789		5,318		4,161				
Interest expense		(99)		(120)		(308)		(272)				
Non-operating income, net		1,871		1,669		5,010		3,889				
Income from continuing operations before income taxes		24 242		22.440		0 < 0.71						
and minority interests		31,343		23,448		86,251		65,641				
Provision for income taxes		(9,580)		(6,987)		(27,532)		(21,079)				
Income from continuing operations before minority		21.762		16.461		50.510		44.560				
interests		21,763		16,461		58,719		44,562				
Minority interests		(32)		(89)		(29)		(170)				
Income from continuing operations		21,731		16,372		58,690		44,392				
Discontinued operations:				(200)				(1.020)				
Loss from discontinued operations, net	φ	21.721	¢	(298)	ф	59.600	φ	(1,920)				
Net income Income from continuing operations per share:	\$	21,731	\$	16,074	\$	58,690	\$	42,472				
Basic (Class A and Class B common stock)	Ф	0.36	Ф	0.29	\$	1.00	\$	0.79				
Diluted (Class A and Class B common stock)	\$ \$	0.35	\$ \$	0.29	\$	0.98	\$	0.79				
Loss from discontinued operations per share:	Ф	0.55	Ф	0.29	Ф	0.96	Ф	0.79				
Basic (Class A and Class B common stock)	\$		\$	(0.01)	\$		\$	(0.04)				
Diluted (Class A and Class B common stock)	\$		\$	(0.01)	\$		\$	(0.04)				
Net income per share:	Ψ		Ψ	(0.01)	Ψ		Ψ	(0.04)				
Basic (Class A and Class B common stock)	\$	0.36	\$	0.28	\$	1.00	\$	0.75				
Diluted (Class A and Class B common stock)	\$	0.35	\$	0.28	\$	0.98	\$	0.75				
Weighted average shares:	ψ	0.55	ψ	0.20	Ψ	0.96	Ψ	0.73				
Basic (Class A common stock)		47,367		43,299		44,954		42,568				
Basic (Class B common stock)		13,750		13,750		13,750		13,750				
Diluted (Class A common stock)		62,197		57,090		59,616		56,433				
Diluted (Class B common stock)		13,750		13,750		13,750		13,750				
Dirace (Class D common stock)		13,730		13,730		13,730		13,730				

See accompanying notes.

4

IHS INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

		Nine Months Ended August 31, 2007 2006					
		2007	2007 (Unaudited)				
Operating activities		(Cliau)	uiteu)				
Net income	\$	58,690	\$	42,472			
Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	·	,		,			
Depreciation and amortization		16,619		10,930			
Stock-based compensation expense		22,523		12,720			
(Gain) loss on sales of assets, net		(756)		53			
Impairment of assets of discontinued operations		, ,		1,012			
Non-cash net periodic pension and post-retirement benefits		(2,988)		(3,212)			
Undistributed earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries, net		96					
Minority interests		(203)		49			
Deferred income taxes		7,715		569			
Change in assets and liabilities:							
Accounts receivable, net		25,312		51,148			
Other current assets		1,384		3,273			
Accounts payable		(28,477)		(26,679)			
Accrued expenses		(18,828)		(10,772)			
Income taxes		841		(971)			
Deferred subscription revenue		6,832		13,560			
Net cash provided by operating activities		88,760		94,152			
Investing activities							
Capital expenditures on property and equipment		(7,173)		(8,047)			
Intangible assets acquired				(3,300)			
Change in other assets		(3,409)		289			
Purchase of investments		(83,675)		(5,353)			
Sales and maturities of investments		68,833		26,671			
Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired		(87,343)		(84,454)			
Proceeds from sales of assets		2,461		400			
Net cash used in investing activities		(110,306)		(73,794)			
Financing activities							
Net payments on debt		(500)		(210)			
Excess tax benefit from equity compensation plans		715		7,383			
Repurchases of common stock		(25,409)					
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(25,194)		7,173			
Foreign exchange impact on cash balance		(928)		1,735			
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(47,668)		29,266			
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		180,034		132,365			
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$	132,366	\$	161,631			

See accompanying notes.

IHS INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

(In thousands)

	Shares of Class A Common Stock	Co	lass A mmon Stock	Shares of Class B Common Stock	Co	lass B mmon stock]	dditional Paid-In Capital (Unaudite		reasury Stock	Retained Earnings																																																						Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		Other Comprehensive Income			Total
Balance at	45.040	ф	450	12.750	ф	100	ф	155.025	ф	(7.551)	ф	400.020	ф	(2.005)	Φ.	565 101																																																						
November 30, 2006	45,042	\$	453	13,750	\$	138	\$	175,027	\$	(7,551)	\$	400,029	\$	(2,905)	\$	565,191																																																						
Stock-based award activity	44		1					22,489		(1,999)						20,491																																																						
Excess tax benefit on																																																																						
vested shares								715								715																																																						
Repurchases of common	.=																																																																					
stock	(581)									(23,410)						(23,410)																																																						
Shares issued for Jane s Information Group																																																																						
acquisition	4,399		44					171,341								171,385																																																						
Net income	·							,				58,690				58,690																																																						
Other comprehensive																																																																						
income:																																																																						
Foreign currency translation adjustments														7,939		7,939																																																						
Comprehensive income, net of tax																66,629																																																						
Balance at August																30,027																																																						
31, 2007	48,904	\$	498	13,750	\$	138	\$	369,572	\$	(32,960)	\$	458,719	\$	5,034	\$	801,001																																																						

See accompanying notes.

IHS INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

IHS Inc. (IHS, the Company, we, our, or us) is a publicly traded Delaware corporation. We are one of the leading global providers of critical technical information, decision-support tools and services to customers in the energy, defense, aerospace, construction, electronics, and automotive industries.

Consolidation Policy

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of all wholly owned and majority-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, which are necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include our accounts and the accounts of our majority-owned domestic and foreign subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended November 30, 2006. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended August 31, 2007, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be achieved for the full fiscal year and cannot be used to indicate financial performance for the entire year.

The year-end condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from the audited November 30, 2006, balance sheet.

Results Subject to Seasonal Variations

Historically, our business has had seasonal aspects. However, with the continued organic growth in our subscription-based business model combined with several acquisitions in recent years, our seasonal aspects have diminished. Our first quarter does benefit from the inclusion of the results from CERAWeek, an annual energy executive gathering.

Subscriptions are generally paid in full within one to two months after the subscription period commences. As a result, the timing of our cash flows generally precedes the recognition of revenue and income. Due to the historical timing and alignment of our sales to correspond to certain of our customers budget and funding cycles, our cash flow provided by operating activities tends to be higher in our first fiscal quarter as we receive subscription payments.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates have been made in areas that include revenue recognition, useful lives of fixed and intangible assets, allocation of purchase price to acquired assets and liabilities, the recoverability of intangible assets and goodwill, income and other taxes, pension and post-retirement benefits, and stock-based compensation. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

7

Reclassification

Certain prior-year balances have been reclassified to conform to current-year presentation.

Income Taxes

Our effective quarterly tax rate is estimated based upon the effective tax rate expected to be applicable for the full fiscal year.

Our effective tax rate for the third quarter of 2007 was 30.6% compared to 29.8% for the prior-year period. Our effective tax rate for the nine months ended August 31, 2007, was 31.9% compared to 32.1% for the nine months ended August 31, 2006.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* (FIN 48), which provides clarification related to the process associated with accounting for uncertain tax positions recognized in consolidated financial statements. FIN 48 prescribes a more-likely-than-not threshold for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken, or expected to be taken, in a tax return. FIN 48 also provides guidance related to, among other things, classification, accounting for interest and penalties associated with tax positions, and disclosure requirements. We are required to adopt FIN 48 on December 1, 2007, the first day of our 2008 fiscal year. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting FIN 48 on our financial position and results of operations.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (SFAS No. 157). Among other requirements, SFAS No. 157 defines fair value and establishes a framework for measuring fair value and also expands disclosure about the use of fair value to measure assets and liabilities. SFAS No. 157 is effective beginning the first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. We are required to adopt SFAS No. 157 on December 1, 2007, although earlier adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact of SFAS No. 157 on our financial position and results of operations.

In September 2006, FASB issued SFAS No. 158, *Employer s Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans - an Amendment of FASB Statements No.* 87, 88, 106 and 132(R) (SFAS No. 158). SFAS No. 158 requires an employer that is a business entity and sponsors one or more single employer benefit plans to (1) recognize the funded status of the benefit in its statement of financial position, (2) recognize as a component of other comprehensive income, net of tax, the gains or losses and prior service costs or credits that arise during the period but are not recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost, (3) measure defined benefit plan assets and obligations as of the date of the employer s fiscal year end statement of financial position and (4) disclose in the notes to financial statements additional information about certain effects on net periodic benefit cost for the next fiscal year that arise from delayed recognition of the gains or losses, prior service costs on credits, and transition asset or obligations. We plan to adopt SFAS No. 158 effective at the end of our fiscal year ending November 30, 2007. If SFAS No. 158 had been effective as of November 30, 2006, total assets would have been approximately \$22 million lower, total liabilities would have been approximately \$5 million lower and shareholders—equity would have been approximately \$17 million lower. Because our net pension liabilities are dependent upon future events and circumstances, the impact at the time of adoption of SFAS No. 158 may differ from these amounts. Adoption of SFAS No. 158 is not expected to have any effect on our compliance with our debt covenants.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities* (SFAS No. 159). SFAS No. 159 expands the use of fair value measurement by permitting entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value that are not currently required to be measured at fair value. SFAS No. 159 is effective beginning the first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. We are required to adopt SFAS No. 159 on December 1, 2007, although earlier adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact of SFAS No. 159 on our financial position and results of operations.

2. Business Combinations

All acquisitions are accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. The consolidated financial statements include all the assets and liabilities acquired and the results of operations from the respective dates of acquisition. Pro forma results related to the acquired businesses have not been presented as they did not have a material impact on our results of operations. Notable transactions for the nine months ended August 31, 2007, are discussed below.

Acquisitions

PCNAlert. On August 27, 2007, we announced we acquired the assets of PCNAlert from SupplyEdge, Inc., of Pasadena, Calif., for \$10 million in an all-cash transaction. PCNAlert delivers leading component event management solutions, including product change notifications and end-of-life notifications for the electronic components industry.

John S. Herold, Inc. (Herold). On August 16, 2007, we announced the acquisition of Norwalk, CT-based Herold, an independent research firm that provides in-depth analyses and key financial and operational data on more than 400 global oil and gas companies. We acquired Herold for approximately \$47.1 million, net of acquired cash, using existing cash on hand.

Strategic Decision Group Corporation s Oil & Gas Consulting Practice (SDG). On July 17, 2007, we announced we acquired the assets of SDG, a provider of strategic consulting services to leading enterprises in the global oil and gas industry, for \$8.4 million using \$5.3 million of existing cash on-hand and a \$3.1 million note payable. SDG will be managed as a service within Cambridge Energy Research Associates (CERA), an IHS company.

Jane s Information Group (Jane s). On June 12, 2007, we executed an agreement with Woodbridge International Holdings S.A. (Woodbridge) for the purchase of Jane s, a leading provider of information to the defense industry and governments. The parties completed the transaction on the same date. Terms of the transaction included delivery of 4,399,000 shares of our Class A Common Stock valued at \$171.4 million and less than \$0.1 million in cash in exchange for all of the outstanding equity and debt of Jane s. Woodbridge has agreed to a three-year lock-up agreement that restricts its ability to sell any IHS shares.

Geological Consulting Services (GCS). On June 6, 2007, we announced we acquired the inventory and assets of GCS of Houston a provider of formation tops data files in electronic and other media covering South Texas, East Texas, North Louisiana, South Arkansas, Mississippi, Alabama and Florida for \$8.2 million using existing cash on hand.

RapiData. On March 21, 2007, we announced we acquired certain assets including the RapiData product, well known for its comprehensive well test, pressure and completions data for the Western Canadian Sedimentary Basin. IHS purchased RapiData from Rapid Technology Corporation of Calgary, Alberta, Canada, for approximately \$6.3 million using existing cash on hand.

Geological Data Services Inc. (GDS). On January 11, 2007, we announced we acquired the majority of the assets of GDS of Addison, Texas, a provider of interpreted subsurface data formation-tops covering the Permian Basin, U.S. mid-continent and Rocky Mountain regions. We acquired GDS for \$8.0 million using existing cash on hand.

The purchase prices for these 2007 acquisitions, excluding acquired cash and including acquisition-related costs, were initially allocated as follows (in thousands):

	Jane s	Herold	All others	Total
Assets:				
Current assets	\$ 16,100 \$	3,597 \$	2,517 \$	22,214
Property and equipment	4,685	285	320	5,290
Intangible assets	94,500	29,200	16,135	139,835
Goodwill	115,545	30,285	24,813	170,643
Other long-term assets	223			223
Total assets	231,053	63,367	43,785	338,205
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities	29,573	6,913	2,797	39,283
Deferred taxes	27,002	9,314		36,316
Other long-term liabilities	1,841	44		1,885
Total liabilities	58,416	16,271	2,797	77,484
Purchase price	\$ 172,637 \$	47,096 \$	40,988 \$	260,721

3. Restructuring and Offering Charges

During the fourth quarter of 2006, we executed a restructuring initiative principally affecting our Engineering segment. This initiative was undertaken to facilitate continued growth through the focus on a narrower group of products and services, exit non-core legacy applications and improve our operational effectiveness. During the course of the restructuring, we reduced our aggregate workforce by approximately 40 employees.

The restructuring charge was incurred in its entirety during the fourth quarter of 2006. Approximately \$1.9 million of the charge related to our Engineering segment, \$0.4 million pertained to our Energy segment, and \$0.1 million related to Shared Services. The restructuring charge was comprised entirely of employee severance and other termination benefits costs.

A reconciliation of the related accrued restructuring liability as of August 31, 2007 was as follows:

	Employee
	Severance and
	Other
	Termination
	Benefits
	(In thousands)
Balance at November 30, 2006	\$ 2,046
Less: Amount paid during the period ended August 31, 2007	(1,627)
Balance at August 31, 2007	\$ 419

4. Discontinued Operations

During the third quarter of 2005, a business in our Energy segment was classified as being held for sale. We continually evaluate opportunities to align our business activities within core operations. The business held for sale was a manufacturing operation, which is not a part of our core operations.

During the first quarter of 2006, we revised our estimate and wrote down the value of the assets of the discontinued operation \$1.0 million based on what we had experienced to date in the sales process. During the third quarter of 2006, we sold the business to an unrelated third party for approximately \$0.3 million and recognized a loss of less than \$0.1 million on the sale of the business.

10

For all of the periods presented, the related results of operations are shown as a discontinued operation, net of tax, in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and cash flows.

Operating results of the discontinued operations for the three and nine months ended August 31, 2007 and 2006 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended August 31,			Nine Months Ended August 31,			
	2007	20	006	2007		2006	
			(In thou	isands)			
Revenue	\$	\$	5	\$	\$	399	
Loss from discontinued operations	\$	\$	(309)	\$	\$	(2,766)	
Tax benefit			11			846	
Loss from discontinued operations, net	\$	\$	(298)	\$	\$	(1,920)	

5. Commitments and Contingencies

We are a party to various legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, none of these actions, either individually or in the aggregate, is expected to have a material adverse affect on our financial condition, liquidity or results of operations.

6. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The following table presents details of our intangible assets, other than goodwill, as of August 31, 2007:

	Useful Life (Years)	Gross	A	ccumulated mortization 1 thousands)	Net
Intangible assets subject to amortization:					
Information databases	5-15	\$ 132,590	\$	(10,854)	\$ 121,736
Customer relationships	2-11	42,643		(6,907)	35,736
Non-compete agreements	5	5,297		(2,625)	2,672
Developed computer software	5	7,435		(2,158)	5,277
Other	3-11	1,355		(1,155)	200
Total		189,320		(23,699)	165,621
Intangible assets not subject to amortization:					
Trademarks		29,252			29,252
Perpetual licenses		1,508			1,508
Total		30,760			30,760
Total intangible assets		\$ 220,080	\$	(23,699)	\$ 196,381

The following table presents details of our intangible assets, other than goodwill, as of November 30, 2006:

	Useful Life (Years)	Gross	A	ccumulated mortization n thousands)	Net
Intangible assets subject to amortization:					
Information databases	5-15	\$ 24,600	\$	(5,535)	\$ 19,065
Customer relationships	2-5	28,664		(1,904)	26,760
Non-compete agreements	5	3,844		(809)	3,035
Developed computer software	5	6,824		(1,244)	5,580
Other	3-11	2,042		(1,499)	543
Total		65,974		(10,991)	54,983
Intangible assets not subject to amortization:					
Trademarks		9,509			9,509
Perpetual licenses		1,470			1,470
Total intangible assets		\$ 76,953	\$	(10,991)	\$ 65,962

The estimated future amortization expense of intangible assets is as follows:

Year	Amount (In thousands)
Remainder 2007	\$ 5,066
2008	19,633
2009	17,811
2010	15,828
2011	13,941

Amortization expense of intangible assets was \$3.2 million and \$2.7 million for the three months ended August 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Amortization expense of intangible assets was \$9.1 million and \$6.0 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Changes in our goodwill from November 30, 2006, to August 31, 2007 were the result of acquisitions (see Note 2) and foreign-currency exchange-rate fluctuations.

7. Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Our comprehensive income (loss) for the three and nine months ended August 31, 2007 and 2006 was as follows:

	Three Months E	Ended A	ugust 31,	Nine Months I	Ended A	ugust 31,
	2007		2006	2007		2006
			(In thousand	ds)		
Net income	\$ 21,731	\$	16,074 \$	58,690	\$	42,472
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Foreign currency translation adjustment	4,160		(159)	7,939		8,648
Minimum pension liability adjustment						(323)
Unrealized gains on foreign currency hedges, net of						
tax			809			2,597
Unrealized gains on short-term investments, net of tax			5			25
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax	\$ 25,891	\$	16,729 \$	66,629	\$	53,419

8. Stock-based Compensation

On August 31, 2007, we had one share-based compensation plan: the Amended and Restated IHS Inc. 2004 Long-Term Incentive Plan (LTIP). The LTIP provides for the grant of non-qualified stock options, incentive stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance units and performance shares, cash-based awards, other stock based awards and covered employee annual incentive awards. Certain option and share awards provide for accelerated vesting if there is a change in control (as defined in the plans). The 2004 Directors Stock Plan, a sub-plan under the LTIP, provides for the grant of restricted stock and restricted stock units to non-employee directors as defined in that plan. We believe that such awards better align the interests of our employees and non-employee directors with those of our shareholders.

We have authorized a maximum of 7 million shares, minus the number of shares relating to any award granted and outstanding as of, or subsequent to, the effective date under any other of our equity compensation plans, unless shares used to satisfy such award are shares repurchased from the open market.

Stock-based compensation expense that has been charged against income for those plans was as follows:

	T	ree Months F	Ended Au	igust 31,]	Nine Months E	nded Au	gust 31,
		2007		2006		2007		2006
				(In tho	usands)			
Cost of revenue	\$	383	\$	392	\$	839	\$	2,558
Selling, general and administrative		8,759		4,048		21,684		9,907
Stock-based compensation expense	\$	9,142	\$	4,440	\$	22,523	\$	12,465

Total income tax benefit recognized in the income statement for share-based compensation arrangements for the three and nine months ended August 31 was as follows:

	T	hree Months I	Ended A	ugust 31,	1	Nine Months E	ided Au	igust 31,
		2007		2006		2007		2006
					(In t	housands)		
Income tax benefit	\$	3,383	\$	1,643	\$	8,334	\$	4,612

No compensation cost was capitalized during the three and nine months ended August 31, 2007 and 2006.

SFAS 123(R) requires forfeitures to be estimated at the grant date. Accordingly, compensation cost is recognized based on the number of awards expected to vest. There may be adjustments in future periods if actual forfeitures differ from our estimates. Our forfeiture rate is based upon historical experience as well as anticipated employee turnover considering certain qualitative factors.

Total compensation expense related to nonvested awards, both share awards and stock options, not yet recognized was \$57.8 million as of August 31, 2007, with a weighted-average recognition period of approximately 1¾ years. Total compensation expense related to nonvested awards, both share awards and stock options, not yet recognized was \$34.6 million as of August 31, 2006, with a weighted-average recognition period of approximately two years.

Nonvested Stock. Share awards generally vest from one to four years. Share awards are generally subject to graded vesting but we do have a limited number of share awards subject to cliff vesting. The fair value of nonvested stock is based on the fair value of our common stock on the date of grant. We amortize the value of share awards to expense over the vesting period on a straight-line basis. For awards with performance conditions, an evaluation is made each quarter as to the likelihood of the performance criteria being met and the expected number of share to vest. Certain of our performance grants allow for incremental shares to be issued if stretch targets are met. Compensation expense is then adjusted to reflect the number of shares expected to vest and the cumulative vesting period met to date.

A summary of the status of our nonvested shares as of August 31, 2007, and changes during the nine months ended August 31, 2007, was as follows:

	Shares (in thousands)	Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value
Balances, November 30, 2006	1,721	18.57
Granted	1,439	38.59
Vested	(212) 5	23.56
Forfeited	(109) 5	27.64
Balances, August 31, 2007	2,839	28.01

The total fair value of nonvested stock that vested during the nine months ended August 31, 2007, was \$9.5 million based on the weighted-average fair value on the vesting date and \$5.0 million based on the weighted-average fair value on the date of grant.

Stock Options. Option awards are granted with an exercise price equal to the fair market value of our stock at the date of grant. Options outstanding as of August 31, 2007, vest in accordance with terms over a period of 3-to-4 years of continuous service and have 8-year contractual terms.

The fair value of each option award was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes pricing model that used the assumptions noted in the following table:

	Nine Months	s Ended Augus	st 31,
	2007		2006
Dividend yield	0.0	%	0.0%
Expected volatility	30.66	%	27.83%
Risk-free interest rate	4.92	%	5.00%
Expected term (in years)	5.0		6.0
Weighted average fair value of stock options granted	\$ 13.57	\$	11.77

Our dividend yield is 0.0% since we have no history of paying dividends and currently have no plan to do so. Our expected volatility is determined periodically using a basket of peer company historical volatility rates until such time

our stock history is equal to our contractual terms. Our risk-free interest rate is the treasury-bill rate for the period equal to the expected term based on the Treasury note strip principal rates as reported in well-known and widely used financial sources. Our expected term is the average of the contractual term of the option and the vesting period (i.e., the shortcut method, which is an acceptable method under Staff Accounting Bulletin 107).

The following table summarized changes in outstanding stock options during the nine months ended August 31, 2007, as well as options that are vested and expected to vest and stock options exercisable at August 31, 2007:

	Shares (in thousands)	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)
Outstanding at November 30, 2006	99	\$ 30.80		
Granted	193	\$ 37.65		
Exercised				
Forfeited	(3)	\$ 37.65		
Outstanding at August 31, 2007	289	\$ 35.31	2.5	\$ 4,386
Vested and expected to vest at August 31, 2007	285	\$ 35.31	2.5	\$ 4,386
Exercisable at August 31, 2007				\$

The aggregate intrinsic value amounts in the table above represent the difference between the closing price of our common stock on August 31, 2007, which was \$50.47, and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money stock options as of the same date. This represents the amount that would have been received by the stock option holders if they had all exercised their stock options on August 31, 2007. In future periods, this amount will change depending on fluctuations in our stock price. The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the three and nine months ended August 31, 2007 was \$0.

9. Pensions and Postretirement Benefits

We have defined-benefit plans and defined-contribution plans. Our defined-benefit plans consist of a non-contributory retirement plan for all of our U.S. employees with at least one year of service (U.S. RIP), a pension plan that covers certain employees of one of our United Kingdom-based subsidiaries (U.K. RIP), and a supplemental income plan (SIP) for certain company executives.

Our net periodic pension (income) expense was comprised of the following:

	Thre	e M	onths End	ed A	august 31,	2007	7		Three	e Mo	nths End	ed A	ugust 31,	2006)
	U.S.		U.K.						U.S.	1	U.K.				
	RIP		RIP		SIP		Total		RIP		RIP		SIP		Total
							(In tho	usan	ds)						
Service costs incurred	\$ 1,569	\$	293	\$	48	\$	1,910	\$	1,269	\$	234	\$	32	\$	1,535
Interest costs on projected benefit															
obligation	2,720		530		86		3,336		2,651		410		97		3,158
Expected return on plan assets	(5,077)		(458)				(5,535)		(5,071)		(391)				(5,462)
Amortization of prior service cost															
(benefit)	(119)				12		(107)		(118)				23		(95)
Amortization of actuarial loss	375		307		20		702		224		157		25		406
Amortization of transitional															
obligation/(asset)	(142)				11		(131)		(142)				10		(132)
Settlement expense					570		570								
Net periodic pension benefit															
(income) expense	\$ (674)	\$	672	\$	747	\$	745	\$	(1,187)	\$	410	\$	187	\$	(590)

Edgar Filing: IHS Inc. - Form 10-Q

	Nine	e Mo	onths Ende	d A	ugust 31, 2	2007			Nine	Мо	nths Ende	d Au	gust 31, 2	2006	
	U.S. RIP		U.K. RIP		SIP		Total (In thou	ısan	U.S. RIP (ds)		U.K. RIP		SIP		Total
Service costs incurred	\$ 4,707	\$	867	\$	144	\$	5,718	\$	3,483	\$	661	\$	105	\$	4,249
Interest costs on projected benefit															
obligation	8,159		1,569		272		10,000		8,013		1,155		295		9,463
Expected return on plan assets	(15,232)		(1,356)				(16,588)		(15,181)		(1,101)				(16,282)
Amortization of prior service cost															
(benefit)	(355)				34		(321)		(262)				82		(180)
Amortization of actuarial loss	1,124		909		80		2,113		699		441		74		1,214
Amortization of transitional															
obligation/(asset)	(426)				31		(395)		(426)				30		(396)
Settlement expense					570		570								
Net periodic pension benefit															
(income) expense	\$ (2,023)	\$	1,989	\$	1,131	\$	1,097	\$	(3,674)	\$	1,156	\$	586	\$	(1,932)

Our net periodic post-retirement benefit (income) expense was comprised of the following for the three and nine months ended August 31:

	Three Months E	nded A	August 31,		Nine Months En	ded A	ugust 31,
	2007		2006		2007		2006
			(In thou	sands	s)		
Service costs incurred	\$ 34	\$	38	\$	103	\$	254
Interest costs	148		145		444		583
Amortization of prior service amounts	(808)		(807)		(2,422)		(1,883)
Amortization of net actuarial loss	138		133		413		352
Net periodic post-retirement benefit (income) expense	\$ (488)	\$	(491)	\$	(1,462)	\$	(694)

10. Earnings per Share

Earnings per common share (EPS) are computed in accordance with SFAS No. 128, *Earnings per Share*. Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the

period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common shares.

Our authorized capital stock consists of 80,000,000 shares of Class A common stock and 13,750,000 shares of Class B common stock. These classes have equal dividend rights and liquidation rights. However, the holders of our Class A common stock are entitled to one vote per share and holders of our Class B common stock are entitled to ten votes per share on all matters to be voted upon by the stockholders. Each share of Class B common stock is convertible at any time at the option of the holder into one share of Class A common stock and will automatically convert, without any action by the holder, upon the earlier of the occurrence of specified events or November 16, 2009. On June 12, 2007, we issued 4,399,000 shares of our Class A common stock valued at \$171.4 million and less than \$0.1 million in cash in exchange for all of the outstanding equity and debt of Jane s Information Group.

We use the two-class method for computing basic and diluted EPS amounts. We calculated undistributed earnings as follows:

	Three Months	Ended A	ugust 31,		Nine Months E	nded Au	gust 31,
	2007		2006		2007		2006
			(In tho	usands)			
Net income	\$ 21,731	\$	16,074	\$	58,690	\$	42,472
Less: dividends							
Undistributed earnings	\$ 21,731	\$	16,074	\$	58,690	\$	42,472

Weighted average common shares outstanding are calculated as follows:

		Three Months En	ded August 31,	
	200	07	200	16
	Class A	Class B	Class A	Class B
		(In thou	sands)	
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Shares used in basic per-share calculation	47,367	13,750	43,299	13,750
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Deferred stock units	20		9	
Restricted shares	1,039		31	
Options	21		1	
Assumed conversion of Class B shares	13,750		13,750	
Shares used in diluted per-share calculation	62,197	13,750	57,090	13,750

		Nine Months En	ded August 31,	
	200	7	200	6
	Class A	Class B	Class A	Class B
		(In thou	sands)	
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Shares used in basic per-share calculation	44,954	13,750	42,568	13,750
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Deferred stock units	5		68	
Restricted shares	899		46	
Options	8		1	
Assumed conversion of Class B shares	13,750		13,750	
Shares used in diluted per-share calculation	59,616	13,750	56,433	13,750

Undistributed earnings and calculated basic and diluted EPS amounts are calculated as follows:

	Three Months Ended August 31, 2007 2006							
		2007 Class A Class B				Class A		Class B
	`	C1033 11		(In tho				Class D
Basic				Ì		<i></i>		
Weighted average shares outstanding		47,367		13,750		43,299		13,750
Divided by: Total weighted average shares outstanding (Class A and								
Class B)		61,117		61,117		57,049		57,049
Multiplied by: Undistributed earnings	\$	21,731	\$	21,731	\$	16,074	\$	16,074
Subtotal	\$	16,842	\$	4,889	\$	12,200	\$	3,874
Divided by: Weighted average shares outstanding		47,367		13,750		43,299		13,750
Earnings per share	\$	0.36	\$	0.36	\$	0.28	\$	0.28
Diluted								
Weighted average shares outstanding		62,197		13,750		57,090		13,750
Divided by: Total weighted average shares outstanding (Class A and								
Class B)		62,197		62,197		57,090		57,090
Multiplied by: Undistributed earnings	\$	21,731	\$	21,731	\$	16,074	\$	16,074
Subtotal	\$	21,731	\$	4,804	\$	16,074	\$	3,871
Divided by: Weighted average shares outstanding		62,197		13,750		57,090		13,750
Earnings per share	\$	0.35	\$	0.35	\$	0.28	\$	0.28

	Nine Months Ended August 31,							
	2007					20	06	
	(Class A		Class B		Class A		Class B
				(In tho	ısand	s)		
Basic								
Weighted average shares outstanding		44,954		13,750		42,568		13,750
Divided by: Total weighted average shares outstanding (Class A and								
Class B)		58,704		58,704		56,318		56,318
Multiplied by: Undistributed earnings	\$	58,690	\$	58,690	\$	42,472	\$	42,472
Subtotal	\$	44,943	\$	13,747	\$	32,102	\$	10,370
Divided by: Weighted average shares outstanding		44,954		13,750		42,568		13,750
Earnings per share	\$	1.00	\$	1.00	\$	0.75	\$	0.75
Diluted								
Weighted average shares outstanding		59,616		13,750		56,433		13,750
Divided by: Total weighted average shares outstanding (Class A and								
Class B)		59,616		59,616		56,433		56,433
Multiplied by: Undistributed earnings	\$	58,690	\$	58,690	\$	42,472	\$	42,472
Subtotal	\$	58,690	\$	13,536	\$	42,472	\$	10,348
Divided by: Weighted average shares outstanding		59,616		13,750		56,433		13,750
Earnings per share	\$	0.98	\$	0.98	\$	0.75	\$	0.75

11. Segment Information

We have two reportable segments: Energy and Engineering. Our Energy segment develops and delivers critical oil and gas industry data on exploration, development, production, and transportation activities to major global energy producers and national and independent oil companies. Our Energy segment also provides operational, research, and strategic advisory services to these customers, as well as to utilities and transportation, petrochemical, coal, and power companies. Our Engineering segment provides solutions incorporating technical specifications and standards, regulations, parts data, design guides, and other information to customers in its targeted industries. Both segments primarily derive their revenue from subscriptions.

Information as to the operations of our two segments is set forth below based on the nature of the offerings. Our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and his direct reports represent our chief operating decision maker as defined by SFAS No. 131, *Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information*, and they evaluate segment performance based primarily on revenue and operating profit. The accounting policies of our segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies (see Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements included in our 2006 Form 10-K).

No single customer accounted for 10% or more of our total revenue for the three and nine months ended August 31, 2007 or 2006. There are no material inter-segment revenues for any period presented.

We are in the process of consolidating back-office functions and moving to a shared-services model. Consequently, we are changing our internal structure causing the composition of our internal segments to change. Previously, we allocated certain shared costs, such as general and administrative expenses and depreciation and amortization expense, to our two segments. Starting in the first quarter of 2007, we no longer allocate shared costs to our two segments. Accordingly, the following prior-year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current-year presentation.

	I	Energy		gineering (In thou	Shared Services housands)		Co	onsolidated Total
Three Months Ended August 31, 2007								
Revenue	\$	93,484	\$	89,872	\$		\$	183,356
Segment operating income		30,859		15,482		(16,869)		29,472
Depreciation and amortization		3,116		3,403		599		7,118
Three Months Ended August 31, 2006								
Revenue	\$	75,848	\$	64,075	\$		\$	139,923
Segment operating income		20,815		11,986		(11,022)		21,779
Depreciation and amortization		2,583		1,301		334		4,218

	Energy Engineering (In thou		Shared Services ousands)		Co	onsolidated Total	
Nine Months Ended August 31, 2007							
Revenue	\$ 269,058	\$	221,819	\$		\$	490,877
Segment operating income	86,777		40,292		(45,828)		81,241
Depreciation and amortization	8,711		6,215		1,693		16,619
Nine Months Ended August 31, 2006							
Revenue	\$ 214,461	\$	188,183	\$		\$	402,644
Segment operating income	59,943		32,070		(30,261)		61,752
Depreciation and amortization	6,090		4,027		813		10,930

19

12. Subsequent Event

On September 7, 2007, we entered into an amended and restated credit agreement (the Revolver). The \$385 million unsecured revolving credit agreement allows us, under certain conditions, to increase the facility to a maximum of \$500 million. The agreement expires in September 2012.

The interest rates for borrowing under the Revolver are based upon our Leverage Ratio, which is the ratio of Consolidated Funded Indebtedness to rolling four quarter Consolidated Earnings Before Interest Expense, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA), as defined in the Revolver. The rate ranges from the applicable LIBOR plus 50 basis points to 125 basis points or the agent bank s base rate. A commitment fee is payable periodically and ranges from 10 to 25 basis points based upon our Leverage Ratio. The Revolver contains certain financial and other covenants, including limitations on capital lease obligations and maximum Leverage and Interest Coverage Ratios, as defined in the Revolver.

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward-Looking Statements

This discussion contains statements that relate to IHS s future plans, objectives, expectations, performance, events and the like that may constitute forward-looking statements within the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Words such as may, could, should, would, believe, anticipate, estimate, intend, seeks, plan, project, continue, predict and other words or expressions of similar meaning are intended to forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. These statements are based on our current expectations about future events or results and information that is currently available to us, involve assumptions, risks and uncertainties, and speak only as of the date on which such statements are made. Our actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in these forward-looking statements. Those factors include, but are not limited to, our ability to obtain content from third parties (including Standards Development Organizations) on commercially reasonable terms, changes in demand for IHS s products and services, changes in the energy industry, our ability to develop new products and services, pricing and other competitive pressures, risks associated with the integration of acquisitions, changes in laws and regulations governing our business and certain other factors discussed under the caption Risk Factors in the MD&A section of our 2006 Form 10-K, and in our other filings with the SEC. IHS undertakes no duty to update, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless required by law.

\sim		
U١	erview	V

Results of Operations

IHS is one of the leading global providers of critical technical information, decision-support tools, and related services to customers in the energy, defense, aerospace, construction, electronics, and automotive industries. We have developed a comprehensive collection of technical information that is highly relevant to the industries we serve. Our decision-support tools enable our customers to quickly and easily search and analyze this information and integrate it into their work flows. Our operational, research, and strategic advisory services combine this information and these tools with our extensive industry expertise to meet the needs of our customers.

Our customers rely on these offerings to facilitate decision making, support key processes, and improve productivity. For example, major global oil companies use our offerings to support a broad range of decision-making processes that identify attractive exploration investments, assess the likelihood of successful oil production projects, and develop detailed planning scenarios. We also, for example, provide some of the largest aerospace companies with desktop access to industry specifications and standards; parts, logistics, and procurement data; engineering methods; and related analytical tools.

We sell our offerings primarily through subscriptions. As a result of our subscription-based business model and historically high renewal rates, we generate recurring revenue and cash flow. We generally recognize revenue from subscriptions (which are usually for one-year periods) ratably over the term of the subscription. Historically, our business has had seasonal aspects. However, with the continued organic growth in our subscription-based business model combined with several acquisitions in recent years, our seasonal aspects have diminished. Our first quarter does benefit from the inclusion of the results from CERAWeek, an annual energy executive gathering.

Subscriptions are generally paid in full within one to two months after the subscription period commences. As a result, the timing of our cash flows generally precedes the recognition of revenue and income. Due to the historical timing and alignment of our sales to correspond to certain of our customers budget and funding cycles, our cash flow provided by operating activities tends to be higher in the first quarter of our fiscal year as we receive subscription payments.

We serve some of the world s largest corporations across multiple industries, as well as governments and other organizations, in more than 100 countries. We generate approximately half of our total revenue from outside the United States. Our primary operations outside the United States are in the United Kingdom, Canada, and Switzerland. Our

operating profit outside the United States has historically exceeded our domestic operating profit. We manage our business through our Energy and Engineering operating segments.

Acquisitions

Acquisitions for the nine months ended August 31, 2007, are discussed below.

PCNAlert. On August 27, 2007, we announced we acquired the assets of PCNAlert from SupplyEdge, Inc., of Pasadena, Calif., for \$10 million in an all-cash transaction. PCNAlert delivers leading component event management solutions, including product change notifications and end-of-life notifications for the electronic components industry.

John S. Herold, Inc. (Herold). On August 16, 2007, we announced the acquisition of Norwalk, CT-based Herold, an independent research firm that provides in-depth analyses and key financial and operational data on more than 400 global oil and gas companies. We acquired Herold for approximately \$47.1 million, net of acquired cash, using existing cash on hand.

Strategic Decision Group Corporation s Oil & Gas Consulting Practice (SDG). On July 17, 2007, we announced we acquired the assets of SDG, a provider of strategic consulting services to leading enterprises in the global oil and gas industry, for \$8.4 million using \$5.3 million of existing cash on-hand and a \$3.1 million note payable. SDG will be managed as a service within Cambridge Energy Research Associates (CERA), an IHS company.

Jane s Information Group (Jane s). On June 12, 2007, we executed an agreement with Woodbridge International Holdings S.A. (Woodbridge) for the purchase of Jane s, a leading provider of information to the defense industry and governments. The parties completed the transaction on the same date. Terms of the transaction included delivery of 4,399,000 shares of our Class A Common Stock valued at \$171.4 million and less than \$0.1 million in cash in exchange for all of the outstanding equity and debt of Jane s. Woodbridge has agreed to a three-year lock-up agreement that restricts its ability to sell any IHS shares.

Geological Consulting Services (GCS). On June 6, 2007, we announced we acquired the inventory and assets of GCS of Houston a provider of formation tops data files in electronic and other media covering South Texas, East Texas, North Louisiana, South Arkansas, Mississippi, Alabama and Florida for \$8.2 million using existing cash on hand.

RapiData. On March 21, 2007, we announced we acquired certain assets including the RapiData product, well known for its comprehensive well test, pressure and completions data for the Western Canadian Sedimentary Basin. IHS

purchased RapiData from Rapid Technology Corporation of Calgary, Alberta, Canada, for approximately \$6.3 million using existing cash on hand.

Geological Data Services Inc. (GDS). On January 11, 2007, we announced we acquired the majority of the assets of GDS of Addison, Texas, a provider of interpreted subsurface data formation-tops covering the Permian Basin, U.S. mid-continent and Rocky Mountain regions. We acquired GDS for \$8.0 million using existing cash on hand.

The purchase prices for these 2007 acquisitions, excluding acquired cash and including acquisition-related costs, were initially allocated as follows (in thousands):

	Jane s	Herold	All others	Total
Assets:				
Current assets	\$ 16,100 \$	3,597 \$	2,517 \$	22,214
Property and equipment	4,685	285	320	5,290
Intangible assets	94,500	29,200	16,135	139,835
Goodwill	115,545	30,285	24,813	170,643
Other long-term assets	223			223
Total assets	231,053	63,367	43,785	338,205
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities	29,573	6,913	2,797	39,283
Deferred taxes	27,002	9,314		36,316
Other long-term liabilities	1,841	44		1,885
Total liabilities	58,416	16,271	2,797	77,484
Purchase price	\$ 172,637 \$	47,096 \$	40,988 \$	260,721

Segment Information

	Three Months E	ugust 31,		Nine Months E	ıded Aı	igust 31,	
	2007 2006		2007			2006	
		(In thous			s)		
Energy revenue	\$ 93,484	\$	75,848	\$	269,058	\$	214,461
Engineering revenue	89,872		64,075		221,819		188,183
Total consolidated revenue	\$ 183,356	\$	139,923	\$	490,877	\$	402,644
Energy operating income	\$ 30,859	\$	20,815	\$	86,777	\$	59,943
Engineering operating income	15,482		11,986		40,292		32,070
Shared services expenses	(16,869)		(11,022)		(45,828)		(30,261)
Consolidated operating income	\$ 29,472	\$	21,779	\$	81,241	\$	61,752

Three Months Ended August 31, 2007 Compared to the Three Months Ended August 31, 2006

Revenue. Revenue was \$183.4 million for the three months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$139.9 million for the three months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$43.4 million or 31%. Revenue increased primarily due to organic growth, which contributed \$20.5 million. Acquisitions grew revenue by \$19.4 million and the impact of foreign currency added \$3.6 million.

Revenue for our Energy segment was \$93.5 million for the three months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$75.8 million for the three months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$17.6 million or 23%. The increase was principally due to organic growth, which contributed \$12.3 million. Additionally, acquisitions added \$3.6 million. Favorable foreign currency rates contributed \$1.7 million of revenue growth. Organic growth during the third quarter of 2007 was primarily driven by price increases, growth in certain critical information subscription products, and higher demand for services.

Revenue for our Engineering segment was \$89.9 million for the three months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$64.1 million for the three months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$25.8 million or 40%. Acquisitions added \$15.7 million, organic growth contributed \$8.2 million

and foreign currency movements added \$1.9 million. The majority of the organic growth was caused by sales from the once-every-three-year release of a certain engineering standard, the Boiler Pressure Vessel Code.

Cost of Revenue. Cost of revenue was \$83.0 million for the three months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$64.3 million for the three months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$18.7 million or 29%. As a percentage of revenue, cost of revenue decreased to 45.3% from 46.0%. Margins within our Energy segment increased

principally due to the additional revenue discussed above coupled with our ability to leverage a relatively fixed-cost structure. Margins from our Engineering segment decreased slightly principally due to the once-every-three-year release of a certain engineering standard, the Boiler Pressure Vessel Code, which carries a lower gross margin than our overall Engineering offerings.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) were \$66.5 million for the three months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$50.5 million for the three months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$16.0 million or 32%. Stock-based compensation expense included in SG&A increased \$4.7 million. As a percentage of revenue and excluding stock-based compensation expense, SG&A was 31.5% for the three months ended August 31, 2007, down from 33.2% for the three months ended August 31, 2006. Acquisitions contributed \$7.4 million of the increase. SG&A increased organically due to several reasons, including increased selling expense because of higher sales and a revised commission structure, costs associated with our ongoing transformational initiatives, and merit increases. Foreign-currency movements also increased SG&A by \$1.0 million.

Depreciation and Amortization Expenses. Depreciation and amortization expenses were \$7.1 million for the three months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$4.2 million for the three months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$2.9 million or 69%. The increase was primarily due to acquisitions.

Operating Income. Operating income was \$29.5 million for the three months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$21.8 million for the three months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$7.7 million or 35%. As a percentage of revenue, operating income increased to 16.1% for the three months ended August 31, 2007, from 15.6% for the three months ended August 31, 2006.

Operating income for our Energy segment was \$30.9 million for the three months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$20.8 million for the three months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$10.0 million or 48%. The increase was principally due to the additional revenue discussed above coupled with our ability to leverage a relatively fixed-cost structure. Acquisitions contributed \$1.0 million.

Operating income for our Engineering segment was \$15.5 million for the three months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$12.0 million for the three months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$3.5 million or 29%. Operating income increased due to the once-every-three-year release of a certain engineering standard, the Boiler Pressure Vessel Code, and increased sales in our subscriptions-based business partially offset by lower services revenue, which decreased due to our fourth-quarter-2006 restructuring, and lower sales of retail products. Costs were relatively flat as reduced headcount and cost savings from our fourth-quarter-2006 restructuring offset merit increases.

Operating expenses for our shared services were \$16.9 million for the three months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$11.0 million for the three months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$5.8 million or 53%. Increased stock-based compensation expense contributed \$4.7 million. Costs associated with our ongoing transformational initiatives and merit-based salary increases also contributed to the increase. These increases were partially offset by a \$2.8 million foreign-exchange transactional gain; the underlying transaction has since been hedged.

Revenue. Revenue was \$490.9 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$402.6 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$88.2 million or 22%. Revenue increased primarily due to organic growth, which contributed \$50.4 million. Acquisitions grew revenue by \$28.3 million and the impact of foreign currency added \$9.6 million.

Revenue for our Energy segment was \$269.1 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$214.5 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$54.6 million or 25%. The increase was principally due to organic growth, which contributed \$38.7 million. Additionally, acquisitions added \$12.0 million. Favorable foreign currency movements grew revenue by \$3.9 million. Organic growth during the first nine months

of 2007 was primarily driven by price increases, growth in certain critical-information subscription products and our decision-support tools, stronger results from CERAWeek, and higher demand for services.

Revenue for our Engineering segment was \$221.8 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$188.2 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$33.6 million or 18%. Acquisitions added \$16.3 million. Organic growth contributed \$11.6 million. Also, foreign currency movements grew revenue \$5.7 million. Organic growth was partially driven by sales from the once-every-three-year release of a certain engineering standard, the Boiler Pressure Vessel Code. Also, increased sales in our specifications-and-standards and parts-management offerings were partially offset by lower services revenue, which decreased due to our fourth-quarter-2006 restructuring.

Cost of Revenue. Cost of revenue was \$216.5 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$188.4 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$28.2 million or 15%. As a percentage of revenue, cost of revenue decreased to 44.1% from 46.8%. Margins within our Energy segment increased principally due to the additional revenue discussed above coupled with our ability to leverage a relatively fixed-cost structure. Similarly, margins within our Engineering segment improved slightly, principally due to increased revenue, discussed above, and relatively flat expenses.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) were \$181.0 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$143.3 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$37.6 million or 26%. Stock-based compensation expense increased \$11.8 million. As a percentage of revenue and excluding stock-based compensation expense, SG&A was 32.5% for the nine months ended August 31, 2007, down from 33.1% for the nine months ended August 31, 2006. SG&A increased due to several reasons, including increased selling expense because of higher sales and a revised commission structure, costs associated with our human resources information system implementation and our ongoing transformational initiatives, and merit-based salary increases. Acquisitions contributed \$8.6 million of the increase. Foreign-currency movements also increased SG&A by \$2.8 million.

Depreciation and Amortization Expenses. Depreciation and amortization expenses were \$16.6 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$10.9 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$5.7 million or 52%. The increase was primarily due to acquisitions.

Operating Income. Operating income was \$81.2 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$61.8 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$19.5 million or 32%. As a percentage of revenue, operating income increased to 16.6% for the nine months ended August 31, 2007 from 15.3% for the nine months ended August 31, 2006.

Operating income for our Energy segment was \$86.8 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$59.9 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$26.8 million or 45%. The increase was primarily attributable to increased revenue discussed above coupled with our ability to leverage a relatively fixed-cost structure. Acquisitions contributed \$5.0 million, and foreign exchange

movements added \$0.7 million.

Operating income for our Engineering segment was \$40.3 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$32.1 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$8.2 million or 26%. Operating income increased due to sales from the once-every-three-year release of a certain engineering standard, the Boiler Pressure Vessel Code. Additionally, increased sales in our subscriptions-based business were partially offset by lower services revenue, due to our fourth-quarter-2006 restructuring. Costs were relatively flat as reduced headcount and cost savings from our fourth-quarter-2006 restructuring offset merit-based salary increases.

Operating expenses for our shared services were \$45.8 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$30.3 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2006, an increase of \$15.6 million or 51%. Increased stock-based compensation expense contributed \$10.0 million. Costs associated with our human resources information system implementation and our ongoing transformational initiatives and merit-based salary increases also contributed to the increase.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of August 31, 2007, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$132.4 million, short-term investments of \$16.9 million, and virtually no debt. We have generated strong cash flows from operations over the last few years. As a result of these factors, as well as the availability of funds under our credit facility, we believe we will have sufficient cash to meet our working capital and capital expenditure needs.

Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including the timing and extent of spending to support product development efforts, the expansion of sales and marketing activities, the timing of introductions of new products, changing technology, and the continued market acceptance of our offerings. We could be required, or could elect, to seek additional funding through public or private equity or debt financing for any possible future acquisitions. Additional funds may not be available on terms acceptable to us or at all. We expect our capital expenditures, excluding potential acquisitions, to be less than \$11 million for 2007.

Share Repurchase Program

As announced last year, our board of directors approved a plan allowing us to acquire up to one million of our Class A common shares per year in the open market to help offset the dilutive effect of our employee equity programs. We purchased 580,862 shares during the first nine months of 2007 for approximately \$23.4 million, or an average price of \$40.30 per share.

Cash Flows

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$88.8 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$94.2 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2006, a decrease of \$5.4 million. The decrease was generated by several factors. Net operating cash flow in 2007 includes one additional U.S. payroll versus the prior year accounting for a \$4.1 million decrease. Net operating cash flow in 2007 was adversely affected by approximately \$2.5 million due to cash used to purchase the entire Boiler Pressure Vessel Code, a once-every-three-year product release, inventory in the third quarter while a portion of the customer receipts will be collected in the fourth quarter. Our annual bonus payments, which are paid in the first quarter each year, were approximately \$7 million higher in 2007 than in 2006. Receivable collections were robust at the end of 2006, enhancing 2006 cash flow at the expense of 2007. The effective rate of our cash paid for tax has increased slightly in 2007, adversely affecting cash flow in 2007.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$110.3 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2007, compared to \$73.8 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2006. The change is driven primarily by purchases and sales of short-term investments. During the third quarter of 2007, we began purchasing short-term tax-exempt municipal securities.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$25.2 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2007. Net cash provided by financing activities was \$7.2 million during the nine months ended August 31, 2006. Beginning first quarter 2007, we started purchasing our own common stock in the open market. We repurchased 580,862 shares for approximately \$23.4 million.

Credit Facility

On September 7, 2007, we entered into an amended and restated credit agreement (the Revolver). The \$385 million unsecured revolving credit agreement allows us, under certain conditions, to increase the facility to a maximum of \$500 million. The agreement expires in September 2012.

The interest rates for borrowing under the Revolver are based upon our Leverage Ratio, which is the ratio of Consolidated Funded Indebtedness to rolling four quarter Consolidated Earnings Before Interest Expense, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA), as defined in the Revolver. The rate ranges from the applicable LIBOR plus 50 basis points to 125 basis points or the agent bank s base rate. A commitment fee is payable periodically and ranges from 10 to 25 basis points based upon our Leverage Ratio. The Revolver contains certain financial and other covenants,

including limitations on capital lease obligations and maximum Leverage and Interest Coverage Ratios, as defined in the Revolver.

As of August 31, 2007, we were in compliance with all of the covenants in the agreement and had no outstanding borrowings. However, we had letters of credit totaling approximately \$1.8 million as of August 31, 2007, which serve to reduce the amount available for borrowing.

Off-Balance Sheet Transactions

We have no off-balance sheet transactions.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our management makes a number of significant estimates, assumptions and judgments in the preparation of our financial statements. See Management s Discussion and Analysis and Results of Operations Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates in our 2006 Form 10-K for a discussion of the estimates and judgments necessary in our accounting for revenue recognition, valuation of long-lived and intangible assets and goodwill, income taxes, pension and post-retirement benefits, and stock-based compensation.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

For information regarding our exposure to certain market risk, see Item 7A, Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk, in our 2006 Form 10-K. There were no material changes to our market risk exposure during the first nine months of 2007.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

Under the supervision and with the participation of the Company s management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the Company has evaluated the effectiveness of its disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company s disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, are effective in ensuring that all material information required to be filed in this quarterly report has been made known to them in a timely fashion.

(b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this Form 10-Q that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we are involved in litigation, most of which is incidental to our business. In our opinion, no litigation to which we currently are a party is likely to have a material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Items 2(a) and (b) are inapplicable.

(c) The following table provides a month-to-month summary of the share repurchase activity under the current stock repurchase program during the nine months ended August 31, 2007:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Fair Market Value per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
December 1 December 31, 2006		\$		1,000,000
January 1 January 31, 2007	54,000	\$ 37.59	54,000	946,000
February 1 February 28, 2007	146,000	\$ 38.01	146,000	800,000
March 1 March 31, 2007	96,762	\$ 37.56	96,762	703,238
April 1 April 30, 2007	103,238	\$ 40.64	103,238	600,000
May 1 May 31, 2007		\$		600,000
June 1 June 30, 2007	93,500	\$ 42.47	93,500	506,500
July 1 July 31, 2007	7,900	\$ 45.94	7,900	498,600
August 1 August 31, 2007	79,462	\$ 46.13	79,462	419,138
Total	580,862	\$ 40.30	580,862(1)	419,138(1)

Item 6. Exhibits

⁽¹⁾ During 2006, our board of directors authorized the repurchase of up to one million shares of IHS Class A common stock to offset the dilutive effect of our employee equity programs. Repurchases will be made from time to time in the open market. This table does not include the surrender of common shares by employees to the company to cover taxes due by employees upon the vesting of employee-equity awards.

(a) Index of Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed as part of this report:

Exhibit	
Number	Description
31.1*	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act.
31.2*	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act.
32.1*	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted Pursuant
	to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

* Filed electronically herewith.

30

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on September 28, 2007.

IHS INC.

By: /s/ Heather Matzke-Hamlin

Name: Heather Matzke-Hamlin

Title: Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
31.1*	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act.
31.2*	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act.
32.1*	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted Pursuant to
	Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

* Filed electronically herewith.