PROSPECT CAPITAL CORP Form 497 March 11, 2013

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Filed pursuant to Rule 497 File No. 333-183530

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT (To Prospectus dated October 29, 2012)

\$250,000,000

Prospect Capital Corporation

5.875% Senior Notes due 2023

This is an offering by Prospect Capital Corporation of \$250,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of its 5.875% Senior Notes due 2023, which we refer to in this prospectus supplement as the Notes. The Notes will mature on March 15, 2023. We will pay interest on the Notes on September 15 and March 15 of each year, beginning September 15, 2013. The Notes will be issued in minimum denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof. We may offer other debt securities from time to time other than the notes under our Registration Statement or in private placements.

The Notes will be our direct senior unsecured obligations and rank pari passu with all outstanding and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by Prospect Capital Corporation.

Prospect Capital Corporation is a financial services company that lends to and invests in middle market, privately-held companies. We are organized as an externally-managed, non-diversified closed-end management investment company that has elected to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Prospect Capital Management LLC manages our investments and Prospect Administration LLC provides the administrative services necessary for us to operate.

Investing in the Notes involves risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-10 of this prospectus supplement and page 11 of the accompanying prospectus.

	Per Note	Total
Public offering price(1)	99.07%	\$247,675,000
Underwriting discounts and commissions (sales loads)	1.50%	\$ 3,750,000
Proceeds to Prospect Capital Corporation (before expenses)(2)	97.57%	\$243,925,000

The public offering price set forth above does not include accrued interest, if any.

(2) Expenses payable by us related to this offering are estimated to be \$400,000.

THE NOTES ARE NOT DEPOSITS OR OTHER OBLIGATIONS OF A BANK AND ARE NOT INSURED BY THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCY.

Delivery of the Notes in book-entry form only through The Depository Trust Company will be made on or about March 15, 2013.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain important information you should know before investing in our securities. Please read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus before you invest and keep it for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information about us with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the "SEC". This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 10 East 40th Street, 44th Floor, New York, NY 10016 or by telephone at (212) 448-0702. The SEC maintains a website at www.sec.gov where such information is available without charge upon written or oral request. Our internet website address is www.prospectstreet.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed on the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Barclays

Prospectus Supplement dated March 8, 2013

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the "Exchange Act," which involve substantial risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements predict or describe our future operations, business plans, business and investment strategies and portfolio management and the performance of our investments and our investment management business. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about our industry, our beliefs, and our assumptions. Words such as "intends," "intended," "goal," "estimate," "estimates," "expects," "expect," "expected," "project," "projected," "projections," "plans," "seeks," "anticipates," "anticipated," "should," "could," "may," "will," "designed to," "foreseeable future," "believe," "believes" and "scheduled" and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Our actual results or outcomes may differ materially from those anticipated. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statement was made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation:



the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies,

the ability of our investment adviser to locate suitable investments for us and to monitor and administer our investments,

authoritative generally accepted accounting principles or policy changes from such standard-setting bodies as the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the SEC, Internal Revenue Service,

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the NASDAQ Global Market, the New York Stock Exchange, and other authorities that we are subject to, as well as their counterparts in any foreign jurisdictions where we might do business, and

the risks, uncertainties and other factors we identify in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and in our filings with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate, and as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could be inaccurate. Important assumptions include our ability to originate new loans and investments, ability to obtain certain margins and levels of profitability and the availability of additional capital. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, respectively, should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. These risks and uncertainties include those described or identified in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, respectively. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, as applicable. These forward-looking statements do not meet the safe harbor for forward-looking statements pursuant to Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the "Securities Act."

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We have not, and the underwriter has not, authorized any other person to provide you with information that is different from that contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not, and the underwriter is not, making an offer of these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is accurate only as of their respective dates and we assume no obligation to update any such information. Our business, financial condition and results of operations may have changed since those dates. Although we undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, you are advised to consult any additional disclosures that we make directly to you or through reports that we have filed with the SEC, including annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

This prospectus supplement supersedes the accompanying prospectus to the extent it contains information that is different from or in addition to the information in the prospectus.

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PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights some of the information contained elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. It is not complete and may not contain all of the information that you may want to consider. You should read carefully the more detailed information set forth under "Risk Factors" in this prospectus supplement and in the accompanying prospectus and the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

The terms "we", "us", "our" and "Company" refer to Prospect Capital Corporation; "Prospect Capital Management" and "Investment Adviser" refer to Prospect Capital Management LLC, our investment adviser; and "Prospect Administration" and the "Administrator" refer to Prospect Administration LLC, our administrator.

The Company

Prospect Capital Corporation is a financial services company that primarily lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. In this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, we use the term "middle-market" to refer to companies with annual revenues between \$50 million and \$2 billion. We are a closed-end investment company that has filed an election to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, or the 1940 Act. We invest primarily in senior and subordinated debt and equity of companies in need of capital for acquisitions, divestitures, growth, development and recapitalization. We work with the management teams or financial sponsors to seek investments with historical cash flows, asset collateral or contracted pro-forma cash flows.

We invest primarily in first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt, which in some cases includes an equity component. First and second lien senior loans generally are senior debt instruments that rank ahead of subordinated debt of a given portfolio company. These loans also have the benefit of security interests on the assets of the portfolio company, which may rank ahead of or be junior to other security interests. Mezzanine debt and CLO (as defined below) investments are subordinated to senior loans and are generally unsecured. Our investments have generally ranged between \$5 million and \$75 million each, although the investment size may be more or less than this range. Our investment sizes are expected to grow as our capital base expands.

We also acquire controlling interests in companies in conjunction with making secured debt investments in such companies. In most cases, companies in which we invest are privately held at the time we invest in them. We refer to these companies as "target" or "middle market" companies and these investments as "middle market investments."

We seek to maximize total returns to our investors, including both current yield and equity upside, by applying rigorous credit analysis and asset-based and cash-flow based lending techniques to make and monitor our investments. Many of our investments to date have been in energy-related industries, which consist of companies in the discovery, production, transportation, storage and use of energy resources as well as companies that sell products and services to, or acquire products and services from, these companies.

We are currently pursuing multiple investment opportunities, including purchases of portfolios from private and public companies, as well as originations and secondary purchases of particular securities, control investments and CLO investments. There can be no assurance that we will successfully consummate any investment opportunity we are currently pursuing. Motivated sellers, including commercial finance companies, hedge funds, other business development companies, total return swap counterparties, banks, collateralized loan obligation funds, and other entities, are suffering from excess leverage, and we believe we are well positioned to capitalize as potential buyers of such assets at attractive prices. If any of these opportunities are consummated, there can be no assurance

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that investors will share our view of valuation or that any assets acquired will not be subject to future write downs, each of which could have an adverse effect on our stock price.

As of December 31, 2012, we held investments in 106 portfolio companies. The aggregate fair value as of December 31, 2012 of investments in these portfolio companies held on that date is approximately \$3.0 billion. Our portfolio across all our interest bearing investments had an annualized current yield of 14.7% as of December 31, 2012.

Recent Developments

Dividends

On February 7, 2013, we announced the declaration of monthly dividends in the following amounts and with the following dates:

\$0.110050 per share for February 2013 to holders of record on February 28, 2013 with a payment date of March 21, 2013;

\$0.110075 per share for March 2013 to holders of record on March 29, 2013 with a payment date of April 18, 2013; and

\$0.110100 per share for April 2013 to holders of record on April 30, 2013 with a payment date of May 23, 2013.

Recent Investment Activity

On January 11, 2013, we provided \$27.1 million of debt financing to CHC Companies, Inc., a national provider of correctional medical and behavioral healthcare solutions.

On January 17, 2013, we made a \$30.3 million follow-on investment in APH Property Holdings, LLC, to acquire 5100 Live Oaks Blvd, LLC, a multi-family residential property located in Tampa, Florida. We invested \$2.7 million of equity and \$27.6 million of debt in APH Property Holdings, LLC.

On January 24, 2013, we made an investment of \$24.3 million to purchase 56.14% of the subordinated notes in Cent 17 CLO Limited.

On January 24, 2013, we made an investment of \$25.7 million to purchase 50.12% of the subordinated notes in Octagon Investment Partners XV, Ltd.

On January 29, 2013 we provided \$8.0 million of secured second lien financing to TGG Medical Transitory, Inc., a developer of technologies for extracorporeal photopheresis treatments.

On January 31, 2013, we funded an acquisition of the subsidiaries of Nationwide Acceptance Corporation, which operate a specialty finance business based in Chicago, Illinois, a \$25.2 million of combined debt and equity financing.

On February 4, 2013, we received a distribution of \$3.3 million related to our investment in NRG Manufacturing, Inc., for which we realized a gain of the same amount. This is a partial release of the total amounts held in escrow with a fair value of \$8.1 million as of December 31, 2012.

On February 5, 2013, we made a secured debt investment of \$2.0 million in Healogics, Inc., a provider of outpatient wound care management services located in Jacksonville, Florida. On the same day we fully exited the deal and realized a gain of \$60,000 on this investment.

On February 13, 2013, we made an investment of \$35.0 million to purchase 50.34% of the subordinated notes in Galaxy XV CLO, Ltd.

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On February 14, 2013, we made a \$2.0 million secured first-lien debt investment in JGWPT Holdings, LLC, the parent holding company of JG Wentworth, the largest purchaser of structured settlement and annuity payments in the United States.

On February 14, 2013, we provided \$15.0 million of senior secured financing to Speedy Group Holdings Corp., a leading provider of short-term loans and financial services in the United States, the United Kingdom and Canada.

On February 15, 2013, we made a \$6.0 million secured second-lien debt investment in SESAC HoldCo II LLC, a performing rights organization based in Nashville, TN.

On February 21, 2013, we provided \$47.0 million of senior secured first-lien financing to support the acquisition of a leading owner and operator of dialysis stations.

On February 25, 2013, we made a \$10.0 million secured second lien loan and a \$2.0 million secured first-lien debt investment in TNS, Inc., an international data communications company that provides networking, data communications and other value added services. On the same day we sold the \$2.0 million secured first lien debt instrument and realized a gain of \$0.020 million on this investment.

On March 1, 2013, we made a \$70.0 million secured term loan investment in a subsidiary of Cinedigm Digital Cinema Corp., the leading provider of digital cinema services, software and content marketing and distribution.

On March 6, 2013, we purchased an additional \$5.0 million of secured second-lien financing in a leading global infrastructure software company.

On March 7, 2013, we made a secured second-lien follow-on investment of \$60.0 million to support the recapitalization of a national distributor of hunting, outdoor, marine and tackle products.

On March 8, 2013, we made an investment of \$40.4 million to purchase 78.60% of the subordinated notes in Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2013-1 Ltd.

Equity Issuance

During the period from January 7, 2013 to February 5, 2013, we sold 10,248,051 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$11.25 per share, and raised \$115.3 million of gross proceeds, under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$114.0 million net of commissions to the broker-dealer on shares sold and offering costs.

During the period from February 11, 2013 to March 7, 2013 (with settlement dates from February 14, 2013 to March 12, 2013), we sold 7,402,325 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$11.23 per share, and raised \$83.1 million of gross proceeds, under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$82.1 million net of commissions to the broker-dealer on shares sold and offering costs.

Debt Issuance

During the period from January 4, 2013 to March 7, 2013, we issued \$26.3 million in aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$25.5 million.

On March 4, 2013, we entered into a Second Amended and Restated Selling Agent Agreement which continued our issuance of Prospect Capital Internotes® on substantially the same terms and provides for our issuance of floating rate notes in addition to fixed rate notes.

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SPECIFIC TERMS OF THE NOTES AND THE OFFERING

This prospectus supplement sets forth certain terms of the Notes that Prospect Capital Corporation is offering pursuant to this prospectus supplement and supplements the accompanying prospectus that is attached to the back of this prospectus supplement. This section outlines the specific legal and financial terms of the Notes. You should read this section together with the more general description of the Notes under the heading "Description of the Notes" in this prospectus supplement and in the accompanying prospectus under the heading "Description of Our Debt Securities" before investing in the Notes. Capitalized terms used in this prospectus supplement and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the accompanying prospectus or in the indenture governing, or the supplemental indenture establishing, the terms of the Notes (collectively, the indenture and the supplemental indenture is referred to as the "Indenture").

Issuer Prospect Capital Corporation
Title of securities 5.875% Senior Notes due 2023

Initial aggregate principal amount being

offered \$250,000,000

Initial public offering price 99.07% of the aggregate principal amount of Notes.

Principal payable at maturity 100% of the aggregate principal amount; the principal amount of each Note will be payable on

its stated maturity date at the office of the Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer Agent for the

Notes or at such other office in The City of New York as we may designate.

Type of Note Fixed rate note
Interest rate 5.875% per year
Original issue date March 15, 2013
Stated maturity date March 15, 2023
Date interest starts accruing March 15, 2013

Interest payment dates Every September 15 and March 15, commencing September 15, 2013. If an interest payment

date falls on a non-business day, the applicable interest payment will be made on the next business day and no additional interest will accrue as a result of such delayed payment.

Interest periods

The initial interest period will be the period from and including March 15, 2013, to, but

excluding, the initial interest payment date, and the subsequent interest periods will be the periods from and including an interest payment date to, but excluding, the next interest payment

date or the stated maturity date, as the case may be.

Specified currency U.S. Dollars
Place of payment New York City

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Ranking of Notes

with all of our existing and future senior, unsecured indebtedness (including, but not limited to, our \$150 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.25% Convertible Senior Notes due 2015 (the "2015 Notes"), our \$167.5 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.5% Convertible Senior Notes due 2016 (the "2016 Notes"), our \$130 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.375% Senior Convertible Notes due 2017 (the "2017 Notes"), our \$200 million aggregate principal amount of 5.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2018 (the "2018 Notes"), our \$200 million aggregate principal amount of 5.875% Convertible Senior Notes due 2019 (the "2019 Notes"), our \$100 million aggregate principal amount of 6.95% Senior Notes due 2022 (the "2022 Notes") and the Prospect Capital InterNotes®) and senior in right of payment to any of our subordinated indebtedness. As a result, the Notes will be effectively subordinated to our existing and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and structurally subordinated to any existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of our subsidiary.

The Notes will be our general, unsecured obligations and will rank equal in right of payment

As of March 7, 2013, we and our subsidiary had approximately \$1,139 million of senior indebtedness outstanding, all of which was unsecured indebtedness.

We will issue the Notes in denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof

Each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday that is not a day on which banking institutions in New York City are authorized or required by law or executive order to close. The Notes will not be subject to any sinking fund.

Holders will not have the option to have the Notes repaid prior to the stated maturity date unless we undergo a fundamental change (as defined in this prospectus supplement). See "Fundamental Change Repurchase Right of Holders."

The Notes are subject to defeasance by us.

The Notes are subject to covenant defeasance by us.

The Notes will be represented by global securities that will be deposited and registered in the name of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") or its nominee. This means that, except in limited circumstances, you will not receive certificates for the Notes. Beneficial interests in the Notes will be represented through book-entry accounts of financial institutions acting on behalf of beneficial owners as direct and indirect participants in DTC. Investors may elect to hold interests in the Notes through either DTC, if they are a participant, or indirectly through organizations which are participants in DTC.

Denominations

Business day

Sinking fund

Repayment at option of Holders

Defeasance Covenant defeasance Form of Notes

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Trustee, Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer

Fundamental Change Repurchase Right of

Holders

Events of Default

Other covenants

No Established Trading Market

U.S. Bank National Association

If we undergo a fundamental change (as defined in this prospectus supplement) prior to maturity, you will have the right, at your option, to require us to repurchase for cash some or all of your Notes at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes being repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the repurchase date. See "Description of the Notes Purchase of Notes by Us for Cash at the Option of Holders upon a Fundamental Change."

If an event of default on the Notes occurs, the principal amount of the Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest, if any) may be declared immediately due and payable, subject to certain conditions set forth in the Indenture. These amounts automatically become due and payable in the case of certain types of bankruptcy or insolvency events of default involving the Company or a significant subsidiary of the Company as defined in the Indenture.

In addition to the covenants described in the prospectus attached to this prospectus supplement, the following covenants shall apply to the Notes:

We agree that for the period of time during which the Notes are outstanding, we will not violate Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act or any successor provisions.

If, at any time, we are not subject to the reporting requirements of Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act to file any periodic reports with the SEC, we agree to furnish to holders of the Notes and the Trustee, for the period of time during which the Notes are outstanding, our audited annual consolidated financial statements, within 90 days of our fiscal year end, and unaudited interim consolidated financial statements, within 45 days of our fiscal quarter end. All such financial statements will be prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with applicable United States generally accepted accounting principles.

The Notes are a new issue of securities with no established trading market. The Notes will not be listed on any securities exchange or on any automated dealer quotation system. Although the underwriter has informed us that it intends to make a market in the Notes, it is not obligated to do so, and may discontinue any such market making at any time without notice. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that a liquid market for the Notes will develop or be maintained.

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Global Clearance and Settlement Procedures
Interests in the Notes will trade in DTC's Same Day Funds Settlement System, and any

permitted secondary market trading activity in such Notes will, therefore, be required by DTC to be settled in immediately available funds. None of the Company, the Trustee or the paying agent will have any responsibility for the performance by DTC or its participants or indirect participants of their respective obligations under the rules and procedures governing their

operations.

Governing Law The Notes and the Indenture shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws

of the State of New York.

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SELECTED CONDENSED FINANCIAL DATA

You should read the condensed consolidated financial information below with the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Financial information below for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, 2010, 2009 and 2008 has been derived from the financial statements that were audited by our independent registered public accounting firm. The selected consolidated financial data at and for the three and six months ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 has been derived from unaudited financial data. Interim results for the three and six months ended December 31, 2012 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending June 30, 2013. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period financial information to conform to the current period presentation. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" starting on page S-15 for more information.

	Fo	r the Thi End Decem	ded		For the Six Months Ended December 31,					For the Year/Period Ended June 30,								
	2	012		2011		2012		2011		2012		2011		2010		2009	2	2008
						(in	th	ousands exc	ep	ot data relati	ng	g to shares,						
						per	sh	are and nun	nb	er of portfoli	io	companies)						
Performance Data:						P	~			F								
Interest income	\$	116,866	\$	46,136	\$	195,176	\$	88,523	\$	219,536	\$	134,454	\$	86,518	\$	62,926 \$		59,033
Dividend income	Ψ	31,955	Ψ.	19,029	Ψ.	68,163	Ψ.	26,079	Ť	64,881		15,092	Ψ	15,366	Ψ	22,793		12,033
Other income		17,214		2,098		26,332		8,003		36,493		19,930		12,675		14,762		8,336
Total investment																		
income		166,035		67,263		289,671		122,605		320,910		169,476		114,559		100,481		79,402
Interest and credit																		
facility expenses		(16,414)		(9,759)		(29,925)		(18,719)		(38,534))	(17,598)		(8,382)		(6,161)		(6,318)
Investment		(41 110)		(17.050)		(72.045)		(22.122)		(92.507)		(46.051)		(20.727)		(06.705)		(20.100)
advisory expense		(41,110)		(17,952)		(72,845)		(33,132)		(82,507)		(46,051)		(30,727)		(26,705)		(20,199)
Other expenses		(9,295)		(3,044)		(13,658)		(6,369)		(13,185)		(11,606)		(8,260)		(8,452)		(7,772)
Total expenses		(66,819)		(30,755)		(116,428)		(58,220)		(134,226))	(75,255)		(47,369)		(41,318)		(34,289)
Net investment income		99,216		36,508		173,243		64,385		186,684		94,221		67,190		59,163		45,113
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		(52,727)		27,984		(79,505)		40,007		4,220		24,017		(47,565)		(24,059)		(17,522)
Net increase in net assets from operations	\$	46,489	\$	64,492	\$	93,738	\$	104,392	\$	190,904	\$	5 118,238	\$	19,625	\$	35,104 \$		27,591
Per Share Data:																		
Net increase in net assets from	\$	0.24	¢	0.59	¢	0.52	¢	0.96	¢	1.67	ď	5 1.38	¢	0.22	ď	1.11 \$		1.17
operations(1) Distributions	\$	0.24	Ъ	0.59	Э	0.52	Ъ	0.96	3	1.6/	\$	1.38	Þ	0.33	Ф	1.11 \$		1.17
declared per share	\$	0.31	\$	0.31	¢	0.61	\$	0.61	¢	(1.22)	, ¢	(1.21)	\$	(1.33)	\$	(1.62) \$		(1.59)
Average weighted	φ	0.51	φ	0.31	Ψ	0.01	φ	0.01	ψ	(1.22)	, Ф	(1.21)	φ	(1.55)	ψ	(1.02) \$		(1.59)
shares outstanding																		
for the period	195	585,502	1	09,533,742		179,039,198	1	109,246,616		114,394,554		85,978,757	5	9,429,222	3	1,559,905	23	626,642
Assets and Liabilities Data:	170,	,		,,2		, ,		. , , = . 0, 0 1 0		,			J.	. , .=> ,==		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	
Investments	\$ 3,	038,808	\$	1,716,603	\$	3,038,808	\$	1,716,603	\$	2,094,221	\$	1,463,010	\$	748,483	\$	547,168 \$		497,530
Other assets		490,913		85,619		490,913		85,619		161,033		86,307		84,212		119,857		44,248

Total assets	3,529,721	1,802,222	3,529,721	1,802,222	2,255,254	1,549,317	832,695	667,025	541,778
Amount drawn on									
credit facility		252,000		252,000	96,000	84,200	100,300	124,800	91,167
Senior Convertible									
Notes	847,500	322,500	847,500	322,500	447,500	322,500			
2022 Notes	100,000		100,000		100,000				
InterNotes®	164,993		164,993		20,638				
Amount owed to									
related parties	2,392	18,087	2,392	18,087	8,571	7,918	9,300	6,713	6,641
Other liabilities	88,201	37,151	88,201	37,151	70,571	20,342	11,671	2,916	14,347
Total liabilities	1,203,086	629,738	1,203,086	629,738	743,280	434,960	121,271	134,429	112,155
Net assets	\$ 2,326,635 \$	1,172,484 \$	2,326,635 \$	1,172,484 \$	1,511,974	\$ 1,114,357 \$	711,424 \$	532,596 \$	429,623

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	For the Three Months Ended December 31,		For the Six Months Ended December 31,			For the Year/Period Ended June 30,												
		2012		2011		2012 (in t	tho	2011 ousands ex	сер	2012 t data relat	in	2011 g to shares	,	2010		2009		2008
						per s	ha	re and nu	nbe	er of portfo	lio	companie	s)					
Investment Activity Data:																		
No. of portfolio companies at period end		106		75		106		75		82		72		58		30		29(2)
Acquisitions	\$	772,125	\$	154,697	\$	1,520,062	\$	377,272	\$	1,120,659	\$	953,337	\$	364,788(3)	\$	98,305	\$	311,947
Sales, repayments, and other disposals	\$	349,269	\$	120,206	\$	507,392	\$	166,261	\$	500,952	\$	285,562	\$	136,221	\$	27,007	\$	127,212
Weighted-Average Yield at end of period(4)		14.7%	,	12.2%)	14.7%)	12.2%	,	13.9%	,	12.8%		16.2%		14.6%		15.5%

- (1) Per share data is based on average weighted shares for the period.
- (2) Includes a net profits interest in Charlevoix Energy Trading LLC ("Charlevoix"), remaining after loan was paid.
- (3) Includes \$207,126 of acquired portfolio investments acquired from Patriot Capital Funding, LLC.
- (4) Excludes equity investments and non-performing loans.

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RISK FACTORS

Your investment in the Notes will involve certain risks. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not describe all of those risks.

You should, in consultation with your own financial and legal advisors, carefully consider the following discussion of risks before deciding whether an investment in the Notes is suitable for you. The Notes will not be an appropriate investment for you if you are not knowledgeable about significant features of the Notes or financial matters in general. You should not purchase the Notes unless you understand, and know that you can bear, these investment risks.

Our amount of debt outstanding will increase as a result of this offering. Our current indebtedness could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the Notes and our other debt.

As of March 7, 2013, we and our subsidiary had no secured indebtedness outstanding and approximately \$1,139 million of senior indebtedness outstanding.

The use of debt could have significant consequences on our future operations, including:

making it more difficult for us to meet our payment and other obligations under the Notes and our other outstanding debt;

resulting in an event of default if we fail to comply with the financial and other restrictive covenants contained in our debt agreements, which event of default could result in substantially all of our debt becoming immediately due and payable;

reducing the availability of our cash flow to fund investments, acquisitions and other general corporate purposes, and limiting our ability to obtain additional financing for these purposes;

subjecting us to the risk of increased sensitivity to interest rate increases on our indebtedness with variable interest rates, including borrowings under our credit facility; and

limiting our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, and increasing our vulnerability to, changes in our business, the industry in which we operate and the general economy.

Any of the above-listed factors could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the Notes and our other debt.

Our ability to meet our payment and other obligations under our debt instruments depends on our ability to generate significant cash flow in the future. This, to some extent, is subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative and regulatory factors as well as other factors that are beyond our control. We cannot assure you that our business will generate cash flow from operations, or that future borrowings will be available to us under our credit facility or otherwise, in an amount sufficient to enable us to meet our payment obligations under the Notes and our other debt and to fund other liquidity needs. If we are not able to generate sufficient cash flow to service our debt obligations, we may need to refinance or restructure our debt, including the Notes, sell assets, reduce or delay capital investments, or seek to raise additional capital. If we are unable to implement one or more of these alternatives, we may not be able to meet our payment obligations under the Notes and our other debt.

A downgrade, suspension or withdrawal of the rating assigned by a rating agency to us or the Notes, if any, could cause the liquidity or market value of the Notes to decline significantly.

Our credit ratings are an assessment by rating agencies of our ability to pay our debts when due. Consequently, real or anticipated changes in our credit ratings will generally affect the market value of the Notes. These credit ratings may not reflect the potential impact of risks relating to the structure or

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marketing of the Notes. Credit ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, and may be revised or withdrawn at any time by the issuing organization in its sole discretion. Neither we nor the underwriter undertakes any obligation to maintain the ratings or to advise holders of Notes of any changes in ratings.

The Notes will be rated by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, or "S&P." There can be no assurance that their rating will remain for any given period of time or that such rating will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by S&P if in S&P's judgment future circumstances relating to the basis of the rating, such as adverse changes in our company, so warrant.

The Notes will be effectively subordinated to any existing and future secured indebtedness and structurally subordinated to existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of our subsidiary, and are due after our other outstanding notes.

The Notes will be our general, unsecured obligations and will rank equally in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsubordinated, unsecured senior indebtedness, including without limitation, the 2015 Notes, the 2016 Notes, the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes, the 2022 Notes and any Prospect Capital InterNotes. As a result, the Notes will be effectively subordinated to our existing and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and structurally subordinated to any existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of our subsidiary. These liabilities may include indebtedness, trade payables, guarantees, lease obligations and letter of credit obligations. The Notes do not restrict us or our subsidiary from incurring indebtedness, including senior secured indebtedness in the future, nor do they limit the amount of indebtedness we can issue that is equal in right of payment to the Notes. As of March 7, 2013, we had no borrowings under our credit facility. Our credit facility is secured by certain of our assets and the indebtedness thereunder is therefore effectively senior to the Notes to the extent of the value of such assets.

Each of the 2015 Notes, the 2016 Notes, the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes, the 2022 Notes and \$126.7 million aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® are due prior to the Notes. We do not currently know whether we will be able to replace any such notes upon their respective maturities, or if we do, whether we will be able to do so on terms that are as favorable as such notes. In the event that we are not able to replace the 2015 Notes, the 2016 Notes, the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes, the 2022 Notes or any of \$126.7 million aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at the time of their respective maturities, this could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and ability to fund new investments, our ability to make distributions to our stockholders, our ability to repay the Notes and our ability to qualify as a regulated investment company, or "RIC."

The Indenture under which the Notes will be issued will contain limited protection for holders of the Notes.

The Indenture under which the Notes will be issued will offer limited protection to holders of the Notes. The terms of the Indenture and the Notes do not restrict our or any of our subsidiary's ability to engage in, or otherwise be a party to, a variety of corporate transactions, circumstances or events that could have an adverse impact on your investment in the Notes. In particular, the terms of the Indenture and the Notes will not place any restrictions on our or our subsidiary's ability to:

issue securities or otherwise incur additional indebtedness or other obligations, including (1) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be equal in right of payment to the Notes, (2) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be secured and therefore rank effectively senior in right of payment to the Notes to the extent of the values of the assets securing such debt, (3) indebtedness of ours that is guaranteed by one or more of our subsidiary and which therefore is structurally senior to the Notes and (4) securities, indebtedness or obligations issued or incurred by our subsidiary that would be senior to our equity interests in our subsidiary and

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therefore rank structurally senior to the Notes with respect to the assets of our subsidiary, in each case other than an incurrence of indebtedness or other obligation that would cause a violation of Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act or any successor provisions;

pay dividends on, or purchase or redeem or make any payments in respect of, capital stock or other securities ranking junior in right of payment to the Notes;

sell assets (other than certain limited restrictions on our ability to consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets);

enter into transactions with affiliates;

create liens (including liens on the shares of our subsidiary) or enter into sale and leaseback transactions;

make investments; or

create restrictions on the payment of dividends or other amounts to us from our subsidiary.

Furthermore, the terms of the Indenture and the Notes do not protect holders of the Notes in the event that we experience changes (including significant adverse changes) in our financial condition, results of operations or credit ratings, as they do not require that we or our subsidiary adhere to any financial tests or ratios or specified levels of net worth, revenues, income, cash flow, or liquidity other than certain limited restrictions on dividends and certain board structures or default provisions mandated by the 1940 Act.

Our ability to recapitalize, incur additional debt and take a number of other actions that are not limited by the terms of the Notes may have important consequences for you as a holder of the Notes, including making it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to the Notes or negatively affecting the trading value of the Notes.

Certain of our current debt instruments include more protections for their holders than the Indenture and the Notes. See in the accompanying prospectus "Risk Factors In addition to regulatory restrictions that restrict our ability to raise capital, our credit facility contains various covenants which, if not complied with, could accelerate repayment under the facility, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations." In addition, other debt we issue or incur in the future could contain more protections for its holders than the Indenture and the Notes, including additional covenants and events of default. The issuance or incurrence of any such debt with incremental protections could affect the market for and trading levels and prices of the Notes.

We may be subject to certain corporate-level taxes which could adversely affect our cash flow and consequently adversely affect our ability to make payments on the Notes.

We may be subject to certain corporate-level taxes regardless of whether we continue to qualify as a RIC. Additionally, should we fail to qualify as a RIC, we would be subject to corporate-level taxes on all of our taxable income. The imposition of corporate-level taxes could adversely affect our cash flow and consequently adversely affect our ability to make payments on the Notes.

There is currently no public market for the Notes, and an active trading market may not develop for the Notes. The failure of a market to develop for the Notes could adversely affect the liquidity and value of your Notes.

The Notes are a new issue of securities, and there is no existing market for the Notes. We do not intend to apply for listing of the Notes on any securities exchange or for quotation of the Notes on any automated dealer quotation system. We have been advised by the underwriter that following the completion of the offering, the underwriter currently intends to make a market in the Notes. However,

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the underwriter is not obligated to do so and any market-making activities with respect to the Notes may be discontinued by it at any time without notice. In addition, any market-making activity will be subject to limits imposed by law. A market may not develop for the Notes, and there can be no assurance as to the liquidity of any market that may develop for the Notes. If an active, liquid market does not develop for the Notes, the market price and liquidity of the Notes may be adversely affected. If any of the Notes are traded after their initial issuance, they may trade at a discount from their initial discounted offering price. The liquidity of the trading market, if any, and future trading prices of the Notes will depend on many factors, including, among other things, prevailing interest rates, our operating results, financial performance and prospects, the market for similar securities and the overall securities market, and may be adversely affected by unfavorable changes in these factors.

The Indenture governing the Notes will not contain restrictive covenants and will provide only limited protection in the event of a change of control.

The Indenture under which the Notes will be issued will not contain any financial or operating covenants or any other restrictive covenants that would limit our ability to engage in certain transactions that may adversely affect you. In particular, the Indenture will not contain covenants that limit our ability to pay dividends or make distributions on or redeem our capital stock or that limit our ability to incur additional indebtedness, including in a highly leveraged transaction or other similar transaction. We will only be required to offer to repurchase the Notes upon a change of control in the case of the transactions specified in the definition of a "fundamental change" under "Description of the Notes Purchase of Notes by Us for Cash at the Option of Holders upon a Fundamental Change."

Accordingly, subject to restrictions contained in our other debt agreements, we will be permitted to engage in certain transactions, such as acquisitions, refinancings or recapitalizations, that could affect our capital structure and the value of the Notes but would not constitute a fundamental change under the Notes.

We may be unable to repurchase the Notes following a fundamental change.

Holders of the Notes have the right to require us to repurchase the Notes prior to their maturity upon the occurrence of a fundamental change as described under "Description of the Notes Purchase of Notes by Us for Cash at the Option of Holders upon a Fundamental Change." Any of our future debt agreements may contain similar provisions. We may not have sufficient funds or the ability to arrange necessary financing on acceptable terms at the time we are required to make repurchases of tendered Notes. In addition, our ability to repurchase the Notes may be limited by law or the terms of other agreements relating to our debt outstanding at the time, including our credit facility. If we fail to repurchase the Notes as required by the Indenture, it would constitute an event of default under the Indenture governing the Notes, which, in turn, would constitute an event of default under our credit facility.

Some significant restructuring transactions may not constitute a fundamental change, in which case we would not be obligated to offer to repurchase the Notes.

Upon the occurrence of a fundamental change, you have the right to require us to offer to repurchase the Notes. However, the fundamental change provisions will not afford protection to holders of the Notes in the event of certain transactions. For example, transactions such as leveraged recapitalizations, refinancings, restructurings or acquisitions initiated by us would not constitute a fundamental change requiring us to repurchase the Notes. In the event of any such transaction, the holders would not have the right to require us to repurchase the Notes, even though each of these transactions could increase the amount of our indebtedness, or otherwise adversely affect our capital structure or any credit ratings, thereby adversely affecting the holders of the Notes.

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Provisions of the Notes could discourage an acquisition of us by a third party.

Certain provisions of the Notes could make it more difficult or more expensive for a third party to acquire us. Upon the occurrence of certain transactions constituting a fundamental change, holders of the Notes will have the right, at their option, to require us to repurchase all of their Notes or any portion of the principal amount of such Notes in integral multiples of \$1,000.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(All figures in this item are in thousands except share, per share and other data)

References herein to "we," "us" or "our" refer to Prospect Capital Corporation and its subsidiary unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. Historical results set forth are not necessarily indicative of our future financial position and results of operations.

Overview

We are a financial services company that primarily lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. We are a closed-end investment company that has filed an election to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, or the 1940 Act. We invest primarily in first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt, which in some cases includes an equity component. First and second lien senior loans generally are senior debt instruments that rank ahead of subordinated debt of a given portfolio company. These loans also have the benefit of security interests on the assets of the portfolio company, which may rank ahead of or be junior to other security interests. Mezzanine debt and our investments in collateralized loan obligation ("CLOs") are subordinated to senior loans and are generally unsecured. We invest in debt and equity positions of CLOs which are a form of securitization in which the cash flows of a portfolio of loans are pooled and passed on to different classes of owners in various tranches. Our CLO investments are derived from portfolios of corporate debt securities which are generally risk rated from BB to B depending on the tranche.

We seek to be a long-term investor with our portfolio companies. The aggregate value of our portfolio investments was \$3,038,808 and \$2,094,221 as of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, respectively. During the six months ended December 31, 2012, our net cost of investments increased by \$1,017,744, or 48.5%, as a result of 38 new investments, twelve follow-on investments and two revolver advances of \$1,491,741, accrued of payment-in-kind interest of \$4,048, structuring fees of \$24,273 and amortization of discounts and premiums of \$11,422, while we received full repayment on sixteen investments, sold three investments, impaired one investment, and received several partial prepayments, amortization payments and a revolver repayment totaling \$501,542.

Compared to the end of last fiscal year (ended June 30, 2012), net assets increased by \$814,661 or 53.9% during the six months ended December 31, 2012, from \$1,511,974 to \$2,326,635. This increase resulted from the issuance of new shares of our common stock (less offering costs) in the amount of \$827,989, dividend reinvestments of \$7,027, and \$93,738 from operations. These increases, in turn, were offset by \$114,093 in dividend distributions to our stockholders. The \$93,738 increase in net assets resulting from operations is net of the following: net investment income of \$173,243, net realized loss on investments of \$6,348, and a decrease in net assets due to changes in net unrealized depreciation of investments of \$73,157.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reported period. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets and any other parameters used in determining these estimates could cause actual results to differ, and these differences could be material.

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Second Quarter Highlights

Investment Transactions

On October 3, 2012, we made a senior secured investment of \$21,500 to support the acquisition of CP Well Testing, LLC ("CP Well"), a leading provider of flowback services to oil and gas companies operating in Western Oklahoma and the Texas Panhandle. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 13.5% or Libor plus 11.0% and has a final maturity of October 3, 2017.

On October 5, 2012, Northwestern Management Services, LLC ("Northwestern") repaid the \$15,092 loan receivable to us and we sold our 50 shares of Northwestern common stock for total proceeds of \$2,233, realizing a gain of \$1,862.

On October 11, 2012, we made a secured second lien investment of \$12,000 in Deltek, Inc. ("Deltek"), an enterprise software and information solutions provider for professional services firms, government contractors, and government agencies. The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.0% or Libor plus 8.75% and has a final maturity of October 10, 2019.

On October 12, 2012, we made a senior secured investment of \$42,000 to support the acquisition of Gulf Coast Machine and Supply Company ("Gulf Coast"), a preferred provider of value-added forging solutions to energy and industrial end markets. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 8.5% and has a final maturity of October 12, 2017.

On October 16, 2012, Blue Coat Systems, Inc. ("Blue Coat") repaid the \$25,000 loan receivable to us.

On October 18, 2012, we made a follow-on senior secured debt investment of \$20,000 in First Tower Holdings of Delaware LLC ("First Tower Delaware"), to support seasonal growth in finance receivables due to increased holding borrowing activity among its customer base. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 20.0% or Libor plus 18.5% and has a final maturity of June 30, 2022.

On October 18, 2012, Hi-Tech Testing Service, Inc. and Wilson Inspection X-Ray Services, Inc. ("Hi-Tech") repaid the \$7,200 loan receivable to us.

On October 19, 2012, Mood Media Corporation ("Mood Media") repaid the \$15,000 loan receivable to us.

On October 24, 2012, we made an investment of \$7,809 in APH Property Holdings, LLC ("APH"), to acquire an industrial real estate property occupied by Filet-of-Chicken, a chicken processor in Georgia. We invested \$1,809 of equity and \$6,000 of debt in APH. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 8.50% and interest in kind of 2.0% and has a final maturity of October 24, 2020.

On October 31, 2012, Shearer's Foods, Inc. ("Shearer's") repaid the \$37,999 loan receivable to us.

On November 5, 2012, we made an investment of \$39,475 to purchase 95.0% of the income notes in ING IM CLO 2012-IV, LTD.

On November 7, 2012, we redeemed our membership interests in Mistral Chip Holdings, LLC, Mistral Chip Holdings 2, LLC and Mistral Chip Holdings 3, LLC in connection with the sale of Shearer's, receiving \$6,022 of net proceeds and realizing a gain of approximately \$2,027 on the redemption.

On November 8, 2012, Potters Holdings II, L.P. ("Potters") repaid the \$15,000 loan receivable to us.

On November 9, 2012 we made a secured second lien investment of \$22,000 to support the recapitalization of EIG Investors Corp ("EIG"). Concurrent with the financing, we received a

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repayment of the \$12,000 loan previously outstanding. The new note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.25% or Libor plus 9.0% and has a final maturity of May 9, 2020.

On November 15, 2012, Renaissance Learning, Inc. ("Renaissance") repaid the \$6,000 loan receivable to us.

On November 26, 2012 we made a secured second lien investment of \$22,000 in The Petroleum Place, Inc. ("Petroleum"), a provider of enterprise resource planning software focused on the oil & gas industry. The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.0% or Libor plus 8.75% and has a final maturity of May 20, 2019.

On November 30, 2012 we made a secured second lien investment of \$9,500 to support the recapitalization of R-V Industries, Inc. ("R-V"). The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 12.0% or Libor plus 9.0% and has a final maturity of May 30, 2018. As part of the recapitalization, we received a dividend of \$11,073 for our investment in R-V's common stock.

On December 3, 2012, VanDeMark Chemicals, Inc. ("VanDeMark") repaid the \$29,658 loan receivable to us.

On December 6, 2012, we made an investment of \$38,291 to purchase 90% of the subordinated notes in Apidos CLO XI, LLC ("Apidos XI").

On December 7, 2012, Hudson Products Holdings, Inc. ("Hudson") repaid the \$6,267 loan receivable to us.

On December 13, 2012, we completed a \$33,921 recapitalization of CCPI, Inc. ("CCPI"), an international manufacturer of refractory materials and other consumable products for industrial applications. Through the recapitalization, Prospect acquired a controlling interest in CCPI for \$28,334 in cash and 467,928 unregistered shares of our common stock. The first lien note issued to CCPI bears interest in cash at a fixed rate of 10.0% and has a final maturity of December 31, 2017. The first lien note issued to CCPI Holdings Inc. ("CCPI Holdings") bears interest in cash at a fixed rate of 12.0% and interest in kind of 7.0%, and has a final maturity of June 30, 2018.

On December 14, 2012, we provided \$10,000 of first-lien financing to support the recapitalization of Prince Mineral Holding Corp. ("Prince Mineral"), a leading global specialty mineral processor and consolidator. The first lien note bears interest in cash at a fixed rate of 11.5% and has a final maturity of December 15, 2019.

On December 14, 2012, we made a \$3,000 follow-on investment in Focus Brands, Inc. ("Focus Brands"). The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.25% or Libor plus 9.0% and has a final maturity of August 21, 2018.

On December 17, 2012, we made a \$39,800 first-lien investment in Coverall Health-Based Cleaning Systems ("Coverall"), a leading franchiser of commercial cleaning businesses. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.5% or Libor plus 8.5% and has a final maturity of December 17, 2017.

On December 17, 2012, we made a \$38,150 first-lien follow-on investment in Material Handling Services, LLC, d/b/a/ Total Fleet Solutions ("TFS"), to support the acquisition of Miner Holding Company, Inc. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.0% or Libor plus 8.0% and has a final maturity of December 21, 2017.

On December 17, 2012, we made a secured debt investment of \$30,000 to support the recapitalization of BNN Holdings Corp ("Biotronic"). After the financing, we received payment of the \$26,227 loan that was previously outstanding. The new note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.0% or Libor plus 8.0% and has a final maturity of December 17, 2017.

On December 19, 2012, we provided \$17,500 of senior secured second-lien financing to Grocery Outlet, Inc. ("Grocery"), to support the recapitalization of a retailer of food, beverages and general

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merchandise. The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 9.25% and has a final maturity of June 17, 2019.

On December 19, 2012, we provided \$23,200 of senior secured second-lien financing to support the recapitalization of TB Corp. ("Taco Bueno"), a Mexican restaurant chain. The second lien note bears interest in cash at a fixed rate of 12.0% and interest in kind of 1.5%, and has a final maturity of December 18, 2018.

On December 20, 2012, we made an additional follow-on senior secured debt investment of \$19,500 to support the recapitalization of Progrexion Holdings, Inc ("Progrexion"). After the financing, we now hold \$154,500 of senior secured debt of Progrexion. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 8.5% and has a final maturity of September 14, 2017.

On December 21, 2012, ST Products, LLC ("STP") repaid the \$23,162 loan receivable to us.

On December 21, 2012, SG Acquisition, Inc. ("Safe-Guard") repaid the \$83,242 loan receivable to us.

On December 21, 2012, we made a \$10,000 senior secured second-lien follow-on investment in Seaton Corp ("Seaton"). The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 12.5% or Libor plus 9.0% and interest in kind of 2.0%, and has a final maturity of March 14, 2015.

On December 21, 2012, we made a \$37,500 senior secured first-lien investment in Lasership, Inc. ("Lasership"), a leading provider of regional same day and next day distribution services for premier e-commerce and product supply businesses. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.25% or Libor plus 8.25% and has a final maturity of December 21, 2017.

On December 21, 2012, we made a \$12,000 senior secured first-lien follow-on investment in FPG, LLC ("FPG"), a supplier of branded consumer and commercial products sold to the retail, foodservice, and hospitality sectors. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 12.0% or Libor plus 11.0% and has a final maturity of January 20, 2017.

On December 24, 2012, we made a follow-on secured debt investment of \$5,000 in New Star Metals, Inc. ("New Star"). The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.5% or Libor plus 8.5% and interest in kind of 1.0%, and has a final maturity of February 2, 2018.

On December 24, 2012, we made a \$7,000 second-lien secured investment in Aderant North America, Inc. ("Aderant"), a leading provider of enterprise software solutions to professional services organizations. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.0% or PRIME plus 7.75% and has a final maturity of June 20, 2019.

On December 28, 2012, we made a \$9,593 second-lien secured investment in APH, to acquire Abbington Pointe, Inc., a multi-family property in Marietta, Georgia. We invested \$3,193 of equity and \$6,400 of debt in APH. The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 8.5% and interest in kind of 2.0% and has a final maturity of October 24, 2020.

On December 28, 2012, we made a \$5,000 second-lien secured investment in TransFirst Holdings, Inc. ("TransFirst"), a payments processing firm that provides electronic credit card authorization to merchants located throughout the United States. The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.0% or Libor plus 9.75% and has a final maturity of June 27, 2018.

On December 28, 2012, we completed a \$47,900 recapitalization of Credit Central Holdings, LLC ("Credit Central") a branch-based provider of installment loans. Through the recapitalization, we acquired a controlling interest in Credit Central for \$38,082 in cash and 897,906 unregistered shares of our common stock. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 20.0% or Libor plus 18.50% and has a final maturity of December 31, 2020.

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On December 28, 2012, we made a \$3,600 follow-on subordinated unsecured debt investment in Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, Inc. ("Ajax"). The unsecured note bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.5% or Libor plus 8.50% and interest in kind of 6.0% and has a final maturity of December 31, 2017.

On December 28, 2012, we made a \$30,000 first-lien senior secured investment to support the recapitalization of Spartan Energy Services, LLC ("Spartan"), a leading provider of thru tubing and flow control services to oil and gas companies. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 9.0% and has a final maturity of December 28, 2017.

On December 31, 2012, we provided \$32,000 senior secured loan to support the acquisition of System One Holdings, LLC ("System One"), a leading provider of professional staffing services, by investment funds managed by MidOcean Partners. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.0% or Libor plus 9.50% and has a final maturity of December 31, 2018.

On December 31, 2012, we funded a recapitalization of Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. ("Valley") with \$52,098 of combined debt and equity financing. Through the recapitalization, we acquired a controlling interest in Valley for \$7,449 in cash and 4,141,547 unregistered shares of our common stock. The first lien note issued to Valley bears interest in cash at the greater of 8.0% or Libor plus 5.0% and interest in kind of 2.5%, and has a final maturity of December 31, 2017. The first lien note issued to Valley Electric Holdings I, Inc. ("Valley Electric Holdings") bears interest in cash at the greater of 9.0% or Libor plus 6.0% and interest in kind of 9.0%, and has a final maturity of December 31, 2018.

On December 31, 2012, we provided \$70,000 of secured send-lien debt financing for the acquisition of Thomson Reuters Property Tax Services by Ryan, LLC ("Ryan"). The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 12.0% or Libor plus 9.0% and interest in kind of 3%, and has a final maturity of June 30, 2018.

Equity Issuance

On September 10, 2012, we entered into a second equity distribution agreement with KeyBanc Capital Markets Inc. ("KeyBanc") relating to sales by us through KeyBanc, by means of at-the-market offerings from time to time, of up to 9,750,000 shares of our common stock. During the period from October 1, 2012 to October 9, 2012, we sold 1,245,655 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$11.53 per share, and raised \$14,361 of gross proceeds, under this program. Net proceeds were \$14,217 net of commissions to the broker-dealer on shares sold and offering costs.

On October 24, 2012, November 22, 2012 and December 20, 2012, we issued shares of our common stock in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan of 83,200, 84,904 and 100,552, respectively.

On October 29, 2012, our Registration Statement on Form N-2 was declared effective by the SEC. Under this Shelf Registration Statement, as of December 31, 2012 we can issue up to \$2,546,746 of additional debt and equity securities in the public market.

On November 7, 2012, we issued 35,000,000 shares of our common stock at \$11.10 per share (or \$10.96 per share net proceeds excluding expenses), raising \$383,600 of net proceeds.

On December 21, 2012, we entered into a third ATM Program with KeyBanc through which we could sell, by means of at-the-market offerings from time to time, of up to 17,500,000 shares of our common stock. (See *Recent Developments*.) No sales were made under this program prior to December 31, 2012.

On December 13, 2012, December 28, 2012 and December 31, 2012, we issued 467,928, 897,906 and 4,141,547 shares of our common stock, respectively, in conjunction with investments in controlled portfolio companies.

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Dividend

On December 7, 2012, we announced the declaration of revised monthly dividends in the following amounts and with the following dates:

\$0.110000 per share for December 2012 (record date of December 31, 2012 and payment date of January 23, 2013); and

\$0.110025 per share for January 2013 (record date of January 31, 2013 and payment date of February 20, 2013).

These distributions replace the dividends for December 2012 and January 2013 that were previously announced on November 7, 2012.

Credit Facility

On December 19, 2012, we closed an increase of \$35,000 to our commitments to our credit facility. The commitments to the credit facility now stand at \$552,500.

Debt Issuance

During the period from October 4, 2012 to December 28 2012, we issued approximately \$76,476 in aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$74,210, as follows:

	Principal	Interest	
Date of Issuance	Amount	Rate	Maturity Date
October 4, 2012	7,172	5.70%	October 15, 2019
November 23, 2012	10,018	5.13%	November 15, 2019
November 23, 2012	10,171	6.63%	November 15, 2042
November 29, 2012	3,736	5.00%	November 15, 2019
November 29, 2012	1,979	5.75%	November 15, 2032
November 29, 2012	6,266	6.50%	November 15, 2042
December 6, 2012	3,859	4.88%	December 15, 2019
December 6, 2012	1,127	5.63%	December 15, 2032
December 6, 2012	8,203	6.38%	December 15, 2042
December 13, 2012	1,822	4.75%	December 15, 2019
December 13, 2012	916	5.25%	December 15, 2030
December 13, 2012	3,474	6.25%	December 15, 2042
December 20, 2012	1,678	4.63%	December 15, 2019
December 20, 2012	1,314	5.13%	December 15, 2030
December 20, 2012	6,449	6.13%	December 15, 2042
December 28, 2012	1,980	4.50%	December 15, 2019
December 28, 2012	1,472	5.00%	December 15, 2030
December 28, 2012	4,840	6.00%	December 15, 2042

On December 21, 2012, we issued \$200,000 in aggregate principal amount of 5.875% senior convertible notes due 2019 (the "2019 Notes") for net proceeds following underwriting and other expenses of approximately \$193,600. Interest on the 2019 Notes is paid semi-annually in arrears on January 15 and July 15, at a rate of 5.875% per year, commencing July 15, 2013. The 2019 Notes mature on January 15, 2019 unless converted earlier. The 2019 Notes are convertible into shares of common stock at an initial conversion rate and conversion rate at December 31, 2012 of 79.7766 shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of 2019 Notes, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$12.54 per share of common stock, subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. The conversion rate for the 2019 Notes will be increased when monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the monthly dividend rate of \$0.110025 per share.

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Investment Holdings

As of December 31, 2012, we continue to pursue our diversified investment strategy. At December 31 2012, approximately \$3,038,808 or 130.6% of our net assets are invested in 106 long-term portfolio investments and CLOs and 18.5% of our net assets are invested in money market funds.

During the six months ended December 31, 2012, we originated \$1,531,484 of new investments. Our origination efforts are focused primarily on secured lending, to reduce the risk in the portfolio, investing primarily in first lien loans, and subordinated notes in CLOs, though we also continue to close selected junior debt and equity investments. In addition to targeting investments senior in corporate capital structures with our new originations, we have also increased our origination business mix of third party private equity sponsor owned companies, which tend to have more third party equity capital supporting our debt investments than non-sponsor transactions. Our annualized current yield increased from 13.9% as of June 30, 2012 to 14.7% as of December 31, 2012 across all performing interest bearing investments. This increase is due to the acquisition of First Tower and increased investments in CLOs. Monetization of equity positions that we hold is not included in this yield calculation. In many of our portfolio companies we hold equity positions, ranging from minority interests to majority stakes, which we expect over time to contribute to our investment returns. Some of these equity positions include features such as contractual minimum internal rates of returns, preferred distributions, flip structures and other features expected to generate additional investment returns, as well as contractual protections and preferences over junior equity, in addition to the yield and security offered by our cash flow and collateral debt protections.

We classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, control investments are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally deemed to exist when a company or individual possesses or has the right to acquire within 60 days or less, a beneficial ownership of 25% or more of the voting securities of an investee company. Affiliated investments and affiliated companies are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are deemed to exist through the possession outright or via the right to acquire within 60 days or less, beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of another person.

As of December 31, 2012, we own controlling interests in AIRMALL USA, Inc. ("AIRMALL"), Ajax, APH, AWCNC, LLC, Borga, Inc., CCPI, Credit Central, Energy Solutions Holdings, Inc. (f/k/a Gas Solutions Holdings, Inc.) ("Energy Solutions"), First Tower Delaware, Manx Energy, Inc. ("Manx"), NMMB Holdings, Inc. ("NMMB"), R-V, The Healing Staff, Inc. ("THS"), Valley and Wolf Energy Holdings, Inc. ("Wolf"). We also own an affiliated interest in Biotronic, Boxercraft Incorporated and Smart, LLC.

The following is a summary of our investment portfolio by level of control at December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, respectively:

		December 31, 2012													
		Perce	ent	_			cent				cent			Perce	nt
Level of Control	Cost	of Portf	olio	_	air alue		of folio	(Cost		of tfolio		Fair Value	of Portfo	olio
Control	\$ 666,360	2	1.4% \$	\$ 6	49,380		21.4% 5	\$:	518,015		24.7%	\$	564,489	27	7.0%
Affiliate	48,659		1.6%		48,266		1.6%		44,229		2.1%)	46,116	2	2.2%
Non-control/Non-affiliate	2,402,038	7	7.0%	2,3	41,162		77.0%	1,:	537,069		73.2%)	1,483,616	70	0.8%
Total Portfolio	\$ 3,117,057	10	0.0%	\$ 3,0	38,808	1	00.0%	\$ 2,0	099,313	1	00.0%	\$	2,094,221	100	0.0%

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The following is our investment portfolio presented by type of investment at December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, respectively:

		December 31 Percent	,	Percent		June 30, 2 Percent		Percent
Type of Investment	Cost	of Portfolio	Fair Value	of Portfolio	Cost	of Portfolio	Fair Value	of Portfolio
Revolving Line of								
Credit	\$ 7,195	0.2% \$	6,872	0.2% \$	1,145	0.1% \$	868	0.0%
Senior Secured Debt	1,574,781	50.5%	1,508,131	49.6%	1,146,454	54.6%	1,088,019	52.0%
Subordinated Secured								
Debt	801,771	25.7%	755,831	24.9%	536,900	25.6%	480,147	22.9%
Subordinated								
Unsecured Debt	173,241	5.6%	173,781	5.7%	72,617	3.5%	73,195	3.5%
CLO Debt	27,459	0.9%	29,389	1.0%	27,258	1.3%	27,717	1.3%
CLO Residual Interest	405,300	13.0%	408,050	13.4%	214,559	10.2%	218,009	10.4%
Preferred Stock	31,323	1.0%	18,276	0.6%	31,323	1.5%	29,155	1.4%
Common Stock	92,384	3.0%	106,731	3.5%	61,459	2.9%	137,198	6.6%
Membership Interests	1,442	0.0%	8,798	0.3%	5,437	0.2%	13,844	0.7%
Overriding Royalty								
Interests		%	1,552	0.1%		%	1,623	0.1%
Escrows Receivable		%	14,427	0.5%		%	17,686	0.8%
Warrants	2,161	0.1%	6,970	0.2%	2,161	0.1%	6,760	0.3%
Total Portfolio	\$ 3,117,057	100.0% \$	3,038,808	100.0% \$	2,099,313	100.0% \$	2,094,221	100.0%

The following is our investments in interest bearing securities presented by type of security at December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, respectively:

		December 31	012					
		Percent		Percent		Percent		Percent
Level of Control	Cost	of Debt Securities	Fair Value	of Debt Securities	Cost	of Debt Securities	Fair Value	of Debt Securities
First Lien	\$ 1,581,976	52.9% \$	1,515,003	52.5% \$	1,147,599	57.4% \$	1,088,887	57.6%
Second Lien	801,771	26.8%	755,831	26.2%	536,900	26.9%	480,147	25.4%
Unsecured	173,241	5.8%	173,781	6.0%	72,617	3.6%	73,195	3.9%
CLO Residual								
Interest	405,300	13.6%	408,050	14.2%	214,559	10.7%	218,009	11.6%
CLO Debt	27,459	0.9%	29,389	1.0%	27,258	1.4%	27,717	1.5%
Total Debt	¢ 2 000 747	100.00% \$	2 992 954	100.00%	1 000 022	100.00%	1 007 055	100.00
Securities	\$ 2,989,747	100.0% \$	2,882,054	100.0% \$	1,998,933	100.0% \$	1,887,955	100.0%

The following is our investment portfolio presented by geographic location of the investment at December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, respectively:

		December 31	, 2012			June 30, 20	012			
		Percent	.	Percent		Percent		Percent		
Geographic Location	Cost	of Portfolio	Fair Value	of Portfolio	Cost	of Portfolio	Fair Value	of Portfolio		
Canada	\$ 86,118	2.8% \$	86,118	2.8% \$	15,134	0.7% \$	17,040	0.8%		
Cayman Islands	432,759	13.9%	437,439	14.4%	241,817	11.5%	245,726	11.7%		
Ireland	14,922	0.5%	15,000	0.5%	14,918	0.7%	15,000	0.7%		
Midwest US	599,959	19.2%	553,373	18.2%	427,430	20.4%	377,139	18.0%		
The Netherlands		%	3	0.0%		%		%		
Northeast US	401,001	12.9%	416,084	13.7%	293,181	14.0%	313,437	15.0%		
Southeast US	759,717	24.4%	751,514	24.7%	642,984	30.6%	634,945	30.4%		
Southwest US	277,047	8.9%	254,442	8.4%	193,627	9.2%	234,433	11.2%		
Western US	545,534	17.4%	524,835	17.3%	270,222	12.9%	256,501	12.2%		

Total Portfolio \$ 3,117,057 100.0% \$ 3,038,808 100.0% \$ 2,099,313 100.0% \$ 2,094,221 100.0%

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The following is our investment portfolio presented by industry sector of the investment at December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, respectively:

		December 31 Percent of	, 2012 Fair	Percent of		June 30, 2 Percent of	012 Fair	Percent of
Industry	Cost	Portfolio	Value	Portfolio	Cost	Portfolio	Value	Portfolio
Aerospace and Defense	\$ 56			<i>%</i> \$	56	0.0% \$		%
Automobile / Auto Finance	28,034	0.9%	28,255	0.9%	32,806	1.6%	32,478	1.6%
Business Services	181,084	5.8%	181,175	6.0%	3,164	0.2%	3,288	0.2%
Chemicals	28,084	0.9%	28,087	0.9%	58,104	2.8%	58,104	2.8%
Commercial Services	124,366	4.0%	124,255	4.1%	80,418	3.8%	80,407	3.8%
Construction and								
Engineering	52,098	1.7%	52,098	1.7%		%		%
Consumer Finance	373,184	12.0%	375,640	12.5%	305,521	14.6%	305,521	14.6%
Consumer Services	258,768	8.3%	260,650	8.6%	146,335	7.0%	147,809	7.1%
Contracting		%		%	15,949	0.8%		%
Diversified Financial								
Services	451,302	14.4%	455,982	15.0%	260,219	12.3%	264,128	12.6%
Diversified / Conglomerate								
Service		%		%		%	35	0.0%
Durable Consumer								
Products	299,838	9.6%	299,116	9.8%	153,327	7.3%	152,862	7.3%
Ecological	141	0.0%	282	0.0%	141	0.0%	240	0.0%
Electronics		%	151	0.0%		%	144	0.0%
Energy	72,770	2.3%	69,900	2.3%	63,245	3.0%	126,868	6.1%
Food Products	144,215		137,056	4.5%	101,975	4.9%	96,146	4.5%
Healthcare	204,415		201,530	6.7%	141,990	6.8%	143,561	6.9%
Insurance	20 1,110	%	201,000	%	83,461	4.0%	83,461	4.0%
Machinery	1,271		3,351	0.1%	4,684	0.2%	6,485	0.3%
Manufacturing	139,756		160,807	5.3%	95,191	4.5%	127,127	6.1%
Media	146,335		140,335	4.6%	165,866	7.9%	161,843	7.7%
Metal Services and	110,555	1.7 70	110,555	1.0 %	105,000	1.570	101,015	7.770
Minerals	41.997	1.3%	41,997	1.4%		%		%
Oil and Gas Equipment	71,777	1.5 //	71,777	1.470		70		70
Services		%		%	7,188	0.3%	7,391	0.4%
Oil and Gas Production	152,124		55,385	1.8%	130,928	6.2%	38,993	1.9%
Personal and Nondurable	132,124	7.970	33,363	1.0 //	130,920	0.270	30,993	1.970
Consumer Products	39,351	1.3%	40,426	1.3%	39,351	1.8%	39,968	1.9%
Production Services	39,331	%	40,420	1.5 N	268	0.0%	2,040	0.1%
	51,470		49,752	1.6%	51,770	2.5%	47,982	2.2%
Property Management Real Estate	17,420		17,420	0.6%	31,770	2.5%	47,962	2.2%
Retail	17,420		17,420	0.6%	63	0.0%	129	0.0%
	17,213	0.6%	17,391	0.0%	03	0.0%	129	0.0%
Software & Computer	106 491	2 407	106 062	2.507	52.000	2.607	54711	2 601
Services	106,481		106,963	3.5%	53,908	2.6%	54,711	2.6%
Specialty Minerals	38,500		43,536	1.4%	37,732	1.8%	44,562	2.1%
Textiles and Leather	15,930		15,732	0.5%	15,123	0.7%	17,161	0.8%
Transportation	130,854	4.2%	131,336	4.3%	50,530	2.4%	50,777	2.4%
Total Portfolio	\$ 3,117,057	100.0% \$	3,038,808	100.0% \$	2,099,313	100.0% \$	2,094,221	100.0%

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Portfolio Investment Activity

During the six months ended December 31, 2012, we acquired \$1,368,378 of new investments, completed follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies, totaling approximately \$140,486, funded \$7,150 of revolver advances, recorded PIK interest of \$4,048 and amortization of discounts and premiums of \$11,422, resulting in gross investment originations of \$1,531,484. The more significant of these investments are described briefly in the following:

On July 5, 2012, we made a senior secured debt investment of \$28,000 to support the acquisition of TFS, a provider of forklift and other material handling equipment fleet management and procurement services, by funds managed by CI Capital Partners, LLC. The senior secured term loan bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 8.50% and has a final maturity of July 5, 2017.

On July 16, 2012, we provided \$15,000 of secured second lien financing to Pelican Products, Inc., a leading provider of unbreakable, watertight protective cases and technically advanced professional lighting equipment. The second lien term loan bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.5% or Libor plus 10.0% and has a final maturity of June 14, 2019.

On July 20, 2012, we provided \$12,000 of senior secured financing to EIG, a provider of an array of online services such as web presence, domain hosting, e-commerce, e-mail and other related services to small- and medium-sized businesses. The second lien term loan bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.0% or Libor plus 9.5% and has a final maturity of October 22, 2018.

On July 20, 2012, we provided \$10,000 of senior secured financing to FPG, a supplier of branded consumer and commercial products sold to the retail, foodservice, and hospitality sectors. The note payable bears interest in cash at the greater of 12.0% or Libor plus 11.0% and has a final maturity of January 20, 2017.

On July 27, 2012, we provided \$85,000 of subordinated financing to support the acquisition of substantially all the assets of Arctic Glacier Income Funds by funds affiliated with H.I.G. Capital, LLC ("H.I.G."). The new company, Arctic Glacier U.S.A., Inc. ("Arctic"), will continue to conduct business under the "Arctic Glacier" name and be a leading producer, marketer, and distributor of high-quality packaged ice to consumers in Canada and the United States. The unsecured subordinated term loan bears interest in cash at 12.0% and interest in kind of 3.0% and has a final maturity of July 27, 2019.

On August 2, 2012, we provided a \$27,000 secured loan to support the acquisition of New Star, a provider of specialized processing services to the steel industry, by funds managed by Insight Equity Management Company. The senior subordinated note bears interest in cash at greater of 11.5% or Libor plus 8.5% and interest in kind of 1.0% and has a final maturity of February 2, 2018.

On August 3, 2012, we provided \$120,000 senior secured financing, of which \$110,000 was funded at closing, to support the acquisition of InterDent, Inc. ("InterDent"), a leading provider of dental practice management services to dental professional corporations and associations in the United States, by funds managed by H.I.G. The Term Loan A note bears interest in cash at the greater of 8.0% or Libor plus 6.5% and has a final maturity of August 3, 2017. The Term Loan B note bears interest in cash at the greater of 13.0% or Libor plus 10.0% and has a final maturity of August 3, 2017. The \$10,000 senior secured revolver bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 8.25% and has a final maturity of February 3, 2013.

On August 3, 2012, we provided \$44,000 of secured subordinated financing to support the refinancing of New Century Transportation, Inc. ("New Century"), a leading transportation and

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logistics company. The senior subordinated loan bears interest in cash at the greater of 12.0% or Libor plus 10.0% and interest in kind of 3.0% and has a final maturity of February 3, 2018.

On August 3, 2012, we provided \$10,000 of senior secured financing to Pinnacle (US) Acquisition Co Limited, the largest multi-national software company focused on the delivery of analytical and information management solutions for the discovery and extraction of subsurface natural resources. The second lien term loan bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 8.25% and has a final maturity of August 3, 2020.

On August 6, 2012, we made an investment of \$22,210 to purchase 62.9% of the subordinated notes in Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2012-I, Ltd.

On August 7, 2012, we made an investment of \$36,798 to purchase 95.0% of the subordinated notes in ING IM CLO 2012-II, Ltd.

On August 17, 2012, we made a secured second lien investment of \$38,500 to support the recapitalization of American Gilsonite Company. The secured note bears interest in cash at 11.5% and has a final maturity of September 1, 2017. After the financing, we received repayment of the \$37,732 loan previously outstanding on August 28, 2012.

On September 14, 2012, we invested an additional \$10,000 in Hoffmaster Group, Inc. The second lien term loan bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.0% or Libor plus 9.5% and has a final maturity of January 3, 2019.

On September 14, 2012, we made a secured investment of \$135,000 to support the recapitalization of Progrexion. Concurrent with the financing, we received repayment of the \$62,680 loans that were previously outstanding. The senior secured loan bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 8.5% and has a final maturity of September 14, 2017.

On September 27, 2012, we made an investment of \$45,746 to purchase 95% of the subordinated notes in ING IM CLO 2012-III, Ltd.

On September 28, 2012, we made an unsecured investment of \$10,400 to support the acquisition of Evanta Ventures, Inc., a diversified event management company. The subordinated note bears interest in cash at 12.0% and interest in kind of 1.0% and has a final maturity of September 28, 2018.

On September 28, 2012, we made a secured second lien investment of \$100,000 to support the recapitalization of United Sporting Companies, Inc. ("USC"), a national distributor of hunting, outdoor, marine and tackle products. The secured loan bears interest in cash at the greater of 12.75% or Libor plus 11.0% and has a final maturity of May 16, 2018.

On October 3, 2012, we made a senior secured investment of \$21,500 to support the acquisition of CP Well, a leading provider of flowback services to oil and gas companies operating in Western Oklahoma and the Texas Panhandle. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 13.5% or Libor plus 11.0% and has a final maturity of October 3, 2017.

On October 11, 2012, we made a secured second lien investment of \$12,000 in Deltek, Inc., an enterprise software and information solutions provider for professional services firms, government contractors, and government agencies. The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.0% or Libor plus 8.75% and has a final maturity of October 10, 2019.

On October 12, 2012, we made a senior secured investment of \$42,000 to support the acquisition of Gulf Coast, a preferred provider of value-added forging solutions to energy and industrial end markets. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 8.5% and has a final maturity of October 12, 2017.

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On October 18, 2012, we made a follow-on senior secured debt investment of \$20,000 in First Tower Delaware, to support seasonal growth in finance receivables due to increased holiday borrowing activity among its customer base. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 20.0% or Libor plus 18.5% and has a final maturity of June 30, 2022.

On October 24, 2012, we made an investment of \$7,800 in APH, to acquire an industrial real estate property occupied by Filet-of-Chicken, a chicken processor in Georgia. We invested \$1,809 of equity and \$6,000 of debt in APH. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 8.5% and interest in kind of 2.0% and has a final maturity of October 24, 2020.

On November 5, 2012, we made an investment of \$39,475 to purchase 95.0% of the income notes in ING IM CLO 2012-IV, LTD.

On November 9, 2012 we made a secured second lien investment of \$22,000 to support the recapitalization of EIG. Concurrent with the financing, we received a repayment of the \$12,000 loan previously outstanding. The new note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.25% or Libor plus 9.0% and has a final maturity of May 9, 2020.

On November 26, 2012 we made a secured second lien investment of \$22,000 in Petroleum, a provider of enterprise resource planning software focused on the oil & gas industry. The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.0% or Libor plus 8.75% and has a final maturity of May 20, 2019.

On November 30, 2012 we made a secured second lien investment of \$9,500 to support the recapitalization of R-V. The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 12.0% or Libor plus 9.0% and has a final maturity of May 30, 2018. As part of the recapitalization, we received a dividend of \$11,073 for our investment in R-V's common stock.

On December 6, 2012, we made an investment of \$38,291 to purchase 90% of the subordinated notes in Apidos XI.

On December 13, 2012, we completed a \$33,921 recapitalization of CCPI, an international manufacturer of refractory materials and other consumable products for industrial applications. Through the recapitalization, Prospect acquired a controlling interest in CCPI for \$28,334 in cash and 467,928 unregistered shares of our common stock. The first lien note issued to CCPI bears interest in cash at a fixed rate of 10.0% and has a final maturity of December 31, 2017. The first lien note issued to CCPI Holdings bears interest in cash at a fixed rate of 12.0% and interest in kind of 7.0%, and has a final maturity of June 30, 2018.

On December 14, 2012, we provided \$10,000 of first-lien financing to support the recapitalization of Prince Mineral, a leading global specialty mineral processor and consolidator. The first lien note bears interest in cash at a fixed rate of 11.5% and has a final maturity of December 15, 2019.

On December 14, 2012, we made a \$3,000 follow-on investment in Focus Brands. The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.25% or Libor plus 9.0% and has a final maturity of August 21, 2018.

On December 17, 2012, we made a \$39,800 first-lien investment in Coverall, a leading franchiser of commercial cleaning businesses. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.5% or Libor plus 8.5% and has a final maturity of December 17, 2017.

On December 17, 2012, we made a \$38,150 first-lien follow-on investment in TFS, to support the acquisition of Miner Holding Company, Inc. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.0% or Libor plus 8.0% and has a final maturity of December 21, 2017.

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On December 17, 2012, we made a secured debt investment of \$30,000 to support the recapitalization of Biotronic. After the financing, we received payment of the \$26,227 loan that was previously outstanding. The new note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.0% or Libor plus 8.0% and has a final maturity of December 17, 2017.

On December 19, 2012, we provided \$17,500 of senior secured second-lien financing to Grocery, to support the recapitalization of a retailer of food, beverages and general merchandise. The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 9.25% and has a final maturity of June 17, 2019.

On December 19, 2012, we provided \$23,200 of senior secured second-lien financing to support the recapitalization of Taco Bueno, a Mexican restaurant chain. The second lien note bears interest in cash at a fixed rate of 12.0% and interest in kind of 1.5%, and has a final maturity of December 18, 2018.

On December 20, 2012, we made an additional follow-on senior secured debt investment of \$19,500 to support the recapitalization of Progrexion. After the financing, we now hold \$154,500 of senior secured debt of Progrexion. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 8.5% and has a final maturity of September 14, 2017.

On December 21, 2012, we made a \$10,000 senior secured second-lien follow-on investment in Seaton. The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 12.5% or Libor plus 9.0% and interest in kind of 2.0%, and has a final maturity of March 14, 2015.

On December 21, 2012, we made a \$37,500 senior secured first-lien investment in Lasership, a leading provider of regional same day and next day distribution services for premier e-commerce and product supply businesses. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.25% or Libor plus 8.25% and has a final maturity of December 21, 2017.

On December 21, 2012, we made a \$12,000 senior secured first-lien follow-on investment in FPG, a supplier of branded consumer and commercial products sold to the retail, foodservice, and hospitality sectors. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 12.0% or Libor plus 11.0% and has a final maturity of January 20, 2017.

On December 24, 2012, we made a follow-on secured debt investment of \$5,000 in New Star. The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.5% or Libor plus 8.5% and interest in kind of 1.0%, and has a final maturity of February 2, 2018.

On December 24, 2012, we made a \$7,000 second-lien secured investment in Aderant, a leading provider of enterprise software solutions to professional services organizations. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.0% or PRIME plus 7.75% and has a final maturity of June 20, 2019.

On December 28, 2012, we made a \$9,500 second-lien secured investment in APH, to acquire Abbington Pointe, Inc., a multi-family property in Marietta, Georgia. We invested \$3,193 of equity and \$6,400 of debt in APH. The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 8.50% and interest in kind of 2.0% and has a final maturity of October 24, 2020.

On December 28, 2012, we made a \$5,000 second-lien secured investment in TransFirst, a payments processing firm that provides electronic credit card authorization to merchants located throughout the United States. The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.0% or Libor plus 9.75% and has a final maturity of June 27, 2018.

On December 28, 2012, we completed a \$47,900 recapitalization of Credit Central, a branch-based provider of installment loans. Through the recapitalization, we acquired a controlling interest in Credit Central for \$38,082 in cash and 897,906 unregistered shares of our common stock. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 20.0% or Libor plus 18.50% and has a final maturity of December 31, 2020.

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On December 28, 2012, we made a \$3,600 follow-on subordinated unsecured investment in Ajax. The unsecured note bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.5% or Libor plus 8.50% and interest in kind of 6.00% and has a final maturity of December 31, 2017.

On December 28, 2012, we made a \$30,000 first-lien senior secured investment to support the recapitalization of Spartan, a leading provider of thru tubing and flow control services to oil and gas companies. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 9.0% and has a final maturity of December 28, 2017.

On December 31, 2012, we provided \$32,000 senior secured loan to support the acquisition of System One, a leading provider of professional staffing services, by investment funds managed by MidOcean Partners. The first lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.0% or Libor plus 9.5% and has a final maturity of December 31, 2018.

On December 31, 2012, we funded a recapitalization of Valley with \$52,098 of combined debt and equity financing. Through the recapitalization, we acquired a controlling interest in Valley for \$7,449 in cash and 4,141,547 unregistered shares of our common stock. The first lien note issued to Valley bears interest in cash at the greater of 8.0% or Libor plus 5.0% and interest in kind of 2.5%, and has a final maturity of December 31, 2017. The first lien note issued to Valley Electric Holdings bears interest in cash at the greater of 9.0% or Libor plus 6.0% and interest in kind of 9.0%, and has a final maturity of December 31, 2018.

On December 31, 2012, we provided \$70,000 of secured second-lien debt financing for the acquisition of Thomson Reuters Property Tax Services by Ryan. The second lien note bears interest in cash at the greater of 12.0% or Libor plus 9.0% and interest in kind of 3.0%, and has a final maturity of June 30, 2018.

During the six months ended December 31, 2012, we closed-out fifteen positions which are briefly described below.

On July 24, 2012, we sold our 3,821 shares of Iron Horse Coiled Tubing, Inc. ("Iron Horse") common stock in connection with the exercise of an equity buyout option, receiving \$2,040 of net proceeds and realizing a gain of approximately \$1,772 on the sale.

On August 3, 2012, Pinnacle Treatment Centers, Inc. repaid the \$17,475 loan receivable to us.

On August 10, 2012, U.S. HealthWorks Holding Company, Inc. repaid the \$25,000 loan receivable to us.

On September 20, 2012, Fischbein, LLC repaid the \$3,425 loan receivable to us.

On October 5, 2012, Northwestern repaid the \$15,092 loan receivable to us and we sold our 50 shares of Northwestern common stock for total proceeds of \$2,233, realizing a gain of \$1,862.

On October 16, 2012, Blue Coat repaid the \$25,000 loan receivable to us.

On October 18, 2012, Hi-Tech repaid the \$7,200 loan receivable to us.

On October 19, 2012, Mood Media Corporation repaid the \$15,000 loan receivable to us.

On October 31, 2012, Shearer's repaid the \$37,999 loan receivable to us.

On November 7, 2012, we redeemed our membership interests in Mistral Chip Holdings, LLC, Mistral Chip Holdings 2, LLC and Mistral Chip Holdings 3, LLC in connection with the sale of Shearer's Foods, Inc., receiving \$6,022 of net proceeds and realizing a gain of approximately \$2,027 on the redemption.

On November 8, 2012, Potters repaid the \$15,000 loan receivable to us.

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On November 15, 2012, Renaissance repaid the \$6,000 loan receivable to us.

On December 3, 2012, VanDeMark repaid the \$29,658 loan receivable to us.

On December 7, 2012, Hudson repaid the \$6,267 loan receivable to us.

On December 21, 2012, STP repaid the \$23,162 loan receivable to us.

On December 21, 2012, Safe-Guard repaid the \$83,242 loan receivable to us.

In addition to the repayments noted above, during the six months ended December 31, 2012 we received principal amortization payments of \$8,698 on several loans, and \$38,175 of partial prepayments primarily related to Byrider Systems Acquisition Corp, Capstone Logistics, LLC ("Capstone"), Cargo Airport Services USA, LLC, Energy Solutions, NMMB and Northwestern.

During the three and six months ended December 31, 2012, we recognized \$655 and \$939 of interest income due to purchase discount accretion from the assets acquired from Patriot Capital Funding, Inc. ("Patriot"). Included in the \$655 recorded during the three months ended December 31, 2012 is \$285 of normal accretion and \$370 of accelerated accretion resulting from the repayment of Hudson. Included in the \$939 recorded during the six months ended December 31, 2012 is \$569 of normal accretion and \$370 of accelerated accretion resulting from the repayment of Hudson.

As of December 31, 2012, \$1,082 of purchase discount from the assets acquired from Patriot remains to be accreted as interest income, of which \$271 is expected to be amortized during the three months ending March 31, 2013.

During the three and six months ended December 31, 2011, we recognized \$1,548 and \$2,385 of interest income due to purchase discount accretion from the assets acquired from Patriot, respectively. Included in the \$1,548 recorded during the three months ended December 31, 2011 is \$854 of normal accretion and \$694 of accelerated accretion resulting from the repayment of Mac & Massey Holdings, LLC ("Mac & Massey"). Included in the \$2,385 recorded during the six months ended December 31, 2011 is \$1,691 of normal accretion and \$694 of accelerated accretion resulting from the repayment of Mac & Massey.

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The following is a quarter-by-quarter summary of our investment activity:

Quarter-End	Aca	uisitions(1)	Dis	positions(2)
December 31, 2012	\$	772,125	\$	349,269
September 30, 2012		747,937		158,123
June 30, 2012		573,314		146,292
March 31, 2012		170,073		188,399
December 31, 2011		154,697		120,206
September 30, 2011		222,575		46,055
June 30, 2011		312,301		71,738
March 31, 2011		359,152		78,571
December 31, 2010		140,933		67,405
September 30, 2010		140,951		68,148
June 30, 2010		88,973		39,883
March 31, 2010		59,311		26,603
December 31, 2009(3)		210,438		45,494
September 30, 2009		6,066		24,241
June 30, 2009		7,929		3,148
March 31, 2009		6,356		10,782
December 31, 2008		13,564		2,128
September 30, 2008		70,456		10,949
June 30, 2008		118,913		61,148
March 31, 2008		31,794		28,891
December 31, 2007		120,846		19,223
September 30, 2007		40,394		17,949
June 30, 2007		130,345		9,857
March 31, 2007		19,701		7,731
December 31, 2006		62,679		17,796
September 30, 2006		24,677		2,781
June 30, 2006		42,783		5,752
March 31, 2006		15,732		901
December 31, 2005				3,523
September 30, 2005		25,342		
June 30, 2005		17,544		
March 31, 2005		7,332		
December 31, 2004		23,771		32,083
September 30, 2004		30,371		
Since inception	\$	4,769,375	\$	1,665,069

⁽¹⁾ Includes new deals, additional fundings, refinancings and PIK interest.

In determining the fair value of our portfolio investments at December 31, 2012 the Audit Committee considered valuations from the independent valuation firms and from management having an aggregate range of \$2,933,332 to \$3,175,164, excluding money market investments.

In determining the range of value for debt instruments, management and the independent valuation firms generally shadow rated the investment and then based upon the range of ratings,

Includes scheduled principal payments, prepayments and refinancings.

⁽³⁾The \$210,438 of acquisitions for the quarter ended December 31, 2009 includes \$207,126 of portfolio investments acquired from Patriot.

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determined appropriate yields to maturity for a loan rated as such. A discounted cash flow analysis was then prepared using the appropriate yield to maturity as the discount rate, yielding the ranges. For equity investments, the enterprise value was determined by applying EBITDA multiples for similar recent investment sales. For stressed equity investments, a liquidation analysis was prepared.

In determining the range of value for our investments in CLOs, management and the independent valuation firms used discounted cash flow models. The valuations were accomplished through the analysis of the CLO deal structures to identify the risk exposures from the modeling point of view. For each security, the most appropriate valuation approach was chosen from alternative approaches to ensure the most accurate valuation for each security. A discounted cash flow model is prepared, utilizing a waterfall engine to store the collateral data, generate collateral cash flows from the assets, and distributes the cash flow to the liability structure based on the payment priorities, and discount them back using proper discount rates that incorporate all the risk factors.

The Board of Directors looked at several factors in determining where within the range to value the asset including: recent operating and financial trends for the asset, independent ratings obtained from third parties, comparable multiples for recent sales of companies within the industry and discounted cash flow models for our investments in CLOs. The composite of all these analysis, applied to each investment, was a total valuation of \$3,044,279, excluding money market investments.

Our portfolio companies are generally lower middle market companies, outside of the financial sector, with less than \$150,000 of annual EBITDA. We believe our market has experienced less volatility than others because we believe there are more buy and hold investors who own these less liquid investments.

Control investments offer increased risk and reward over straight debt investments. Operating results and changes in market multiples can result in dramatic changes in values from quarter to quarter. Significant downturns in operations can further result in our looking to recoveries on sales of assets rather than the enterprise value of the investment. Several control investments in our portfolio are under enhanced scrutiny by our senior management and our Board of Directors and are discussed below.

AIRMALL USA, Inc.

AIRMALL is a leading developer and manager of airport retail operations. AIRMALL has developed and presently manages all or substantially all of the retail operations and food and beverage concessions at Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport (BWI), Boston Logan International Airport (BOS), Cleveland Hopkins International Airport (CLE) and Pittsburgh International Airport (PIT). AIRMALL does so pursuant to long-term, infrastructure-like contracts with the respective municipal agencies that own and operate the airports.

On July 30, 2010, we invested \$52,420 of combined debt and equity as follows: \$30,000 senior term loan, \$12,500 senior subordinated note and \$9,920 preferred equity. We own 100% of AIRMALL's equity securities. AIRMALL's financial performance has been consistent since the acquisition and we continue to monitor the medium to long-term growth prospects for the company.

The Board of Directors increased the fair value of our investment in AIRMALL to \$49,752 as of December 31, 2012, a discount of \$1,718 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$3,788 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2012.

Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, Inc.

Ajax forges large seamless steel rings on two forging mills in the company's York, South Carolina facility. The rings are used in a range of industrial applications, including in construction equipment and power turbines. Ajax also provides machining and other ancillary services.

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We acquired a controlling equity interest in Ajax in a recapitalization of Ajax that was closed on April 4, 2008. We funded \$22,000 of senior secured term debt, \$11,500 of subordinated term debt and \$6,300 of equity as of that closing. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, we funded an additional \$3,530 of secured subordinated debt to refinance a third-party revolver provider and provide working capital. Ajax repaid \$3,461 of this secured subordinated debt during the quarter ended September 30, 2010. During the quarter ended December 31, 2012, we funded an additional \$3,600 of unsecured debt to refinance first-lien debt held by Wells Fargo. As of December 31, 2012, we control 78.01% of the fully-diluted common and preferred equity. The principal balance of our senior debt to Ajax was \$19,910 and our subordinated debt was \$18,635 as of December 31, 2012.

The Board of Directors increased the fair value of our investment in Ajax to \$43,416 as of December 31, 2012, a reduction of \$1,186 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$11,151 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2012.

Energy Solutions Holdings Inc. (f/k/a Gas Solutions Holdings, Inc.)

Energy Solutions owns interests in other companies operating in the energy sector. These include operating offshore supply vessels and ownerships of a non-operating biomass plant and several coal mines. Energy Solutions subsidiaries formerly owned interests in a gas gathering and processing system in east Texas.

In December 2011, we completed a reorganization of Gas Solutions Holdings, Inc. renaming the company Energy Solutions and transferring ownership of other operating companies owned by us and operating within the energy industry with the intent of strategically expanding Energy Solutions operations across energy sectors. As part of the reorganization, we transferred our equity interests in CCEHI, CCEI, Freedom Marine and Yatesville to Energy Solutions. On December 28, 2011, we made a follow-on investment of \$4,750 to support the acquisition of a new vessel by Vessel Holdings LLC, a subsidiary of Freedom Marine.

On January 4, 2012, Energy Solutions sold its gas gathering and processing assets ("Gas Solutions") for a sale price of \$199,805, adjusted for the final working capital settlement, including a potential earnout of \$28,000 that may be paid based on the future performance of Gas Solutions. A portion of our loans to Energy Solutions remains outstanding and Energy Solutions will continue as a portfolio company of Prospect managing other energy-related subsidiaries. During the quarter ended December 31, 2012, Energy Solutions repaid \$20,000 of senior secured debt. We received a \$14,144 make-whole fee for early repayment of the outstanding loan, which was recorded as interest income during the three months ended December 31, 2012. The cash balances of Energy Solutions continue to collateralize our remaining loan positions. As of December 31, 2012, these cash balances were \$32,187, of which \$5,007 is currently held in escrow.

In determining the value of Energy Solutions, we have utilized two valuation techniques to determine the value of the investment. Our Board of Directors has determined the value to be \$39,900 for our debt and equity positions at December 31, 2012 based upon a combination of a current value method for the cash balances of Energy Solutions and a liquidation analysis for our interests in CCEHI, CCEI, Freedom Marine and Yatesville. At December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, Energy Solutions, including the underlying portfolio companies affected by the reorganization, was valued at \$2,870 and \$63,623 above its amortized cost, respectively. We received distributions of \$20,570 and \$53,820 from Energy Solutions that were recorded as dividend income during the three and six months ended December 31, 2012, respectively.

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First Tower Holdings of Delaware LLC

First Tower is a multiline specialty finance company based in Flowood, Mississippi with over 150 branch offices.

On June 15, 2012, we acquired 80.1% of First Tower, LLC ("First Tower") businesses for \$110,200 in cash and 14,518,207 unregistered shares of our common stock. Based on our share price of \$11.06 at the time of issuance, we acquired our 80.1% interest in First Tower for approximately \$270,771. As consideration for our investment, First Tower Delaware, which is 100% owned by us, recorded a secured revolving credit facility to us of \$244,760 and equity of \$43,193. First Tower Delaware owns 80.1% of First Tower Holdings LLC, the holding company of First Tower. The assets of First Tower acquired include, among other things, the subsidiaries owned by First Tower, which hold finance receivables, leaseholds, and tangible property associated with First Tower's businesses. During the three months ended June 30, 2012, we received \$8,075 in structuring fee income. During the three months ended December 31, 2012, we funded an additional \$20,000 of senior secured debt to support seasonally high demand during the holiday season. As of December 31, 2012, First Tower had total assets of approximately \$482,396 including \$435,038 of finance receivables net of unearned charges. As of December 31, 2012, First Tower's total debt outstanding to parties senior to us was \$257,096.

The Board of Directors increased the fair value of our investment in First Tower to \$310,409 as of December 31, 2012, a premium of \$2,456 to its amortized cost, compared to \$287,953 as of June 30, 2012, equal to its amortized cost at that time.

The Healing Staff, Inc.

During the three months ended December 31, 2012, we determined that the impairment of Integrated Contract Services, Inc. ("ICS") was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$12,198 for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair market value. Our remaining investments are in THS and Vets Securing America ("VSA"), wholly owned subsidiaries of ICS with ongoing operations. THS provides outsourced medical staffing and security staffing services to governmental and commercial enterprises. VSA provides out-sourced security guards staffed primarily using retired military and police department veterans.

During September and October 2007, we provided \$1,170 to THS for working capital through our investment in ICS. In January 2009, we foreclosed on the real and personal property of ICS. Through this foreclosure process, we gained 100% ownership of THS. As part of its strategy to diversify its revenues THS started VSA as a new business in the latter part of 2009. During the year ended June 30, 2011 and the six months ended December 31, 2011, we made follow-on secured debt investments of \$1,708 and \$874, respectively, to support the ongoing operations of THS and VSA. In early May 2012, we made short-term secured debt investments of \$118 and \$42, respectively, to support the operations of THS and VSA, which short term debt was repaid in early June 2012. We made no additional fundings during the six months ended June 30, 2012. In May 2012, in connection with the implementation of accounts receivable based funding programs for THS and VSA with a third party provider we agreed to subordinate our first priority security interest in all of the accounts receivable and other assets of THS and VSA to the third party provider of that accounts receivable based funding.

Based upon an analysis of the liquidation value of assets, our Board of Directors determined the fair value of our investment in THS and VSA to be zero at December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, respectively, a reduction of \$3,750 from its amortized cost.

Manx Energy, Inc.

Manx was formed for the purpose of rolling up the assets of two existing Prospect portfolio companies, Coalbed, LLC ("Coalbed") and Appalachian Energy Holdings, LLC ("AEH"), bringing

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them under new management, restructuring the outstanding debt, and infusing additional capital to allow for future growth. Coalbed is the owner of 100% of the outstanding equity interests of Coalbed Pipelines, LLC and Coalbed Operator, LLC. Coalbed was formed in October 2009 to acquire our outstanding senior secured loan and assigned interests in Conquest Cherokee, LLC ("Conquest"). Conquest's assets consisted primarily of coalbed methane reserves in the Cherokee Basin. AEH was formed in 2006 and is the owner of 100% of the outstanding equity interests of East Cumberland L.L.C., a provider of outsourced mine site development and construction services for coal production companies operating in Southern Appalachia, and C&S Oilfield and Pipeline Construction, a provider of support services to companies engaged in the exploration and production of oil and natural gas.

On January 19, 2010, we modified the terms of our senior secured debt in AEH and Coalbed in conjunction with the formation of Manx, a new entity consisting of the assets of AEH, Coalbed and Kinley Exploration LLC. The assets of the three companies were combined under new common management. We funded \$2,800 at closing to Manx to provide for working capital. A portion of our loans to AEH and Coalbed was exchanged for Manx preferred equity, while our AEH equity interest was converted into Manx common stock. There was no change to fair value at the time of restructuring, and we continue to fully reserve any income accrued for Manx. During the year ended June 30, 2011, we made a follow-on secured debt investments of \$750 in Manx to support ongoing operations. On June 30, 2012, Manx assigned the membership interests of Coalbed and AEH to Wolf Energy Holdings, Inc. ("Wolf"), a newly-formed company owned by us.

The Board of Directors decreased the fair value of our investment in Manx to zero as of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, respectively, a reduction of \$11,027 from its amortized cost.

Wolf Energy Holdings, Inc.

Wolf is a holding company formed to hold 100% of the outstanding membership interests of each of Coalbed and AEH. The membership interests of Coalbed and AEH, which were previously owned by Manx, were assigned to Wolf effective June 30, 2012. The purpose of assignment was to remove those activities from Manx deemed non-core by the Manx convertible debt investors who were not interested in funding those operations. In addition, effective June 29, 2012 C&J Cladding Holding Company, Inc. ("C&J") merged with and into Wolf, with Wolf as the surviving entity. At the time of the merger, C&J held the remaining undistributed proceeds from the sale of its membership interests in C&J Cladding, LLC. The merger was effectuated in connection with the broader simplification of our energy investment holdings.

The Board of Directors increased the fair value of our investment in Wolf to \$939 as of December 31, 2012, a reduction of \$7,052 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$7,991 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2012.

Equity positions in the portfolio are susceptible to potentially significant changes in value, both increases as well as decreases, due to changes in operating results. One of our portfolio companies, Ajax, experienced such volatility and experienced meaningful fluctuations in valuation during the six months ended December 31, 2012. The valuation of Ajax decreased due to declining operating results. The value of our equity position in Ajax decreased to \$4,871 as of December 31, 2012, a discount of \$1,186 to its cost, compared to the \$11,151 unrealized gain recorded at June 30, 2012. Seven of the other controlled investments have been valued at discounts to the original investment. Six of the control investments are valued at the original investment amounts or higher. Overall, at December 31, 2012, the control investments are valued at \$16,980 below their amortized cost.

We hold three affiliate investments at December 31, 2012. The affiliate investments reported strong operating results with valuations remaining relatively consistent from June 30, 2012. Overall, at December 31, 2012, affiliate investments are valued at \$393 above their amortized cost.

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With the Non-control/Non-affiliate investments, generally, there is less volatility related to our total investments because our equity positions tend to be smaller than with our control/affiliate investments, and debt investments are generally not as susceptible to large swings in value as equity investments. For debt investments, the fair value is limited on the high side to each loan's par value, plus any prepayment premia that could be imposed. Many of the debt investments in this category have not experienced a significant change in value, as they were previously valued at or near par value. Non-control/Non-affiliate investments did not experience significant changes in valuation and are generally performing as expected or better than expected. As of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, three of our Non-control/Non-affiliate investments, H&M Oil & Gas, LLC ("H&M"), Stryker Energy, LLC ("Stryker") and Wind River Resources Corp. and Wind River II Corp. ("Wind River"), are valued at a significant discount to amortized cost, due to significant decreases in the operating results of the operating companies. Overall, at December 31, 2012, other Non-control/Non-affiliate investments are valued at \$17,784 above their amortized cost, excluding our investments in H&M, Stryker and Wind River, as the remaining companies are generally performing as or better than expected.

Capitalization

Our investment activities are capital intensive and the availability and cost of capital is a critical component of our business. We capitalize our business with a combination of debt and equity. Our debt currently consists of a revolving credit facility availing us of the ability to borrow debt subject to borrowing base determinations and Senior Convertible Notes which we issued in December 2010, February 2011, April 2012, August 2012 and December 2012, Senior Unsecured Notes, and Prospect Capital InterNotes®, which we may issue from time to time, and our equity capital, which is comprised entirely of common equity. The following table shows the Revolving Credit Facility, Senior Convertible Notes, Senior Unsecured Notes and InterNotes® amounts and outstanding borrowings at December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012:

		As of December 31, 2012				As of June 30, 2012					
	Maximum			Amount	M	Iaximum	Amount				
	Dra	w Amount Outstanding		Dra	w Amount	Outstanding					
Revolving Credit Facility	\$	552,500	\$		\$	492,500	\$	96,000			
Senior Convertible Notes	\$	847,500	\$	847,500	\$	447,500	\$	447,500			
Senior Unsecured Notes	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	100,000			
InterNotes®	\$	164,993	\$	164,993	\$	20,638	\$	20,638			

The following table shows the contractual maturity of our Revolving Credit Facility, Senior Convertible Notes, Senior Unsecured Notes and InterNotes® at December 31, 2012:

	Payments Due by Period								
			Less than						After
		Total	1 year	1	-3 Years	3	-5 Years		5 Years
Revolving Credit Facility	\$		\$	\$		\$		\$	
Senior Convertible Notes		847,500			150,000		297,500		400,000
Senior Unsecured Notes		100,000							100,000
InterNotes®		164,993							164,993
Total contractual obligations	\$	1,112,493	\$	\$	150,000	\$	297,500	\$	664,993

We have and expect to continue to fund a portion of our cash needs through borrowings from banks, issuances of senior securities, including secured, unsecured and convertible debt securities, or issuances of common equity. For flexibility, we maintain a universal shelf registration statement that allows for the public offering and sale of our debt securities, common stock, preferred stock and

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warrants to purchase such securities in an amount up to \$3,000,000 less issuances to date. As of December 31, 2012 we can issue up to \$2,546,746 of additional debt and equity securities in the public market under this shelf registration. We may from time to time issue securities pursuant to the shelf registration statement or otherwise pursuant to private offerings. The issuance of debt or equity securities will depend on future market conditions, funding needs and other factors and there can be no assurance that any such issuance will occur or be successful.

Revolving Credit Facility

On June 11, 2010, we closed an extension and expansion of our existing credit facility with a syndicate of lenders through PCF (the "2010 Facility"). The 2010 Facility, which had \$325,000 total commitments as of June 30, 2011, included an accordion feature which allowed the Syndicated Facility to accept up to an aggregate total of \$400,000 of commitments, a limit which was met on September 1, 2011. Interest on borrowings under the 2010 Facility was one-month Libor plus 325 basis points, subject to a minimum Libor floor of 100 basis points. Additionally, the lenders charged a fee on the unused portion of the 2010 Facility equal to either 75 basis points if at least half of the credit facility is used or 100 basis points otherwise.

On March 27, 2012, we renegotiated the Syndicated Facility and closed on an expanded five-year \$650,000 revolving credit facility (the "2012 Facility"). The lenders have extended commitments of \$552,500 under the 2012 Facility as of December 31, 2012. The 2012 Facility includes an accordion feature which allows commitments to be increased up to \$650,000 in the aggregate. The revolving period of the 2012 Facility extends through March 2015, with an additional two year amortization period (with distributions allowed) after the completion of the revolving period. During such two year amortization period, all principal payments on the pledged assets will be applied to reduce the balance. At the end of the two year amortization period, the remaining balance will become due, if required by the lenders.

The 2012 Facility contains restrictions pertaining to the geographic and industry concentrations of funded loans, maximum size of funded loans, interest rate payment frequency of funded loans, maturity dates of funded loans and minimum equity requirements. The 2012 Facility also contains certain requirements relating to portfolio performance, including required minimum portfolio yield and limitations on delinquencies and charge-offs, violation of which could result in the early termination of the 2012 Facility. The 2012 Facility also requires the maintenance of a minimum liquidity requirement. At December 31, 2012, we were in compliance with the applicable covenants.

Interest on borrowings under the 2012 Facility is one-month Libor plus 275 basis points with no minimum Libor floor. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the 2012 Facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least half of the credit facility is drawn or 100 basis points otherwise. The 2012 Facility requires us to pledge assets as collateral in order to borrow under the credit facility. As of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, we had \$277,127 and \$451,252, respectively, available to us for borrowing under our 2012 Facility, of which the amount outstanding was zero and \$96,000, respectively. As additional investments that are eligible are transferred to PCF and pledged under the 2012 Facility, PCF will generate additional availability up to the commitment amount of \$552,500. At December 31, 2012, the investments used as collateral for the 2012 Facility had an aggregate market value of \$642,128, which represents 27.6% of our net assets. These assets have been transferred to PCF, a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, which owns these investments and as such, these investments are not available to our general creditors. PCF, a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity and our wholly-owned subsidiary, holds all of these investments at market value as of December 31, 2012. The release of any assets from PCF requires the approval of the facility agent.

In connection with the origination and amendments of the 2012 Facility, we incurred \$11,126 of fees, including \$1,319 of fees carried over from the previous facility, which are being amortized over

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the term of the facility in accordance with ASC 470-50, Debt Modifications and Extinguishments, of which \$8,646 remains to be amortized.

During the three months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, we recorded \$2,227 and \$4,689 of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Syndicated Facility as interest expense, respectively. During the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, we recorded \$4,395 and \$8,299 of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Syndicated Facility as interest expense, respectively.

Senior Convertible Notes

On December 21, 2010, we issued \$150,000 in aggregate principal amount of our 6.25% senior convertible notes due 2015 ("2015 Notes") for net proceeds following underwriting expenses of approximately \$145,200. Interest on the 2015 Notes is paid semi-annually in arrears on June 15 and December 15, at a rate of 6.25% per year, commencing June 15, 2011. The 2015 Notes mature on December 15, 2015 unless converted earlier. The 2015 Notes are convertible into shares of common stock at an initial conversion rate and conversion rate at December 31, 2012 of 88.0902 and 88.1429 shares of common stock, respectively, per \$1 principal amount of 2015 Notes, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$11.35 per share of common stock, subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. The conversion price in effect at December 31, 2012 was last calculated on the anniversary of the issuance (December 21, 2012) and will next be adjusted on the next anniversary, unless the exercise price shall have changed by more than 1% before the anniversary. The conversion rate for the 2015 Notes is increased if monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the rate of \$0.101125 cents per share, subject to adjustment.

On February 18, 2011, we issued \$172,500 in aggregate principal amount of our 5.50% senior convertible notes due 2016 ("2016 Notes") for net proceeds following underwriting expenses of approximately \$167,325. Between January 30, 2012 and February 2, 2012, we repurchased \$5,000 of our 2016 Notes at a price of 97.5% of par, including commissions. The transactions resulted in our recognizing \$10 of loss in the year ended June 30, 2012. Interest on the remaining \$167,500 of 2016 Notes is paid semi-annually in arrears on February 15 and August 15, at a rate of 5.50% per year, commencing August 15, 2011. The 2016 Notes mature on August 15, 2016 unless converted earlier. The 2016 Notes are convertible into shares of common stock at an initial conversion rate and conversion rate at December 31, 2012 of 78.3699 and 78.3835 shares, respectively, of common stock per \$1 principal amount of 2016 Notes, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$12.76 per share of common stock, subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. The conversion price in effect at December 31, 2012 was last calculated on the anniversary of the issuance (February 14, 2012) and will next be adjusted on the next anniversary, unless the exercise price shall have changed by more than 1% before the anniversary. The conversion rate for the 2016 Notes is increased when monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the monthly dividend rate of \$0.101150 per share.

On April 16, 2012, we issued \$130,000 in aggregate principal amount of our 5.375% senior convertible notes due 2017 ("2017 Notes") for net proceeds following underwriting expenses of approximately \$126,035. Interest on the 2017 Notes is paid semi-annually in arrears on October 15 and April 15, at a rate of 5.375% per year, commencing October 15, 2012. The 2017 Notes mature on October 15, 2017 unless converted earlier. The 2017 Notes are convertible into shares of common stock at an initial conversion rate and conversion rate at December 31, 2012 of 85.8442 shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of 2017 Notes, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$11.65 per share of common stock, subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. The conversion price has not been adjusted since the issuance (April 16, 2012) and will next be adjusted on the first anniversary, unless the exercise price shall have changed by more than 1% before the anniversary. The conversion rate for the 2017 Notes is increased when monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the monthly dividend rate of \$0.101500 per share.

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On August 14, 2012, we issued \$200,000 in aggregate principal amount of our 5.75% senior convertible notes due 2018 ("2018 Notes") for net proceeds following underwriting expenses of approximately \$193,600. Interest on the 2018 Notes is paid semi-annually in arrears on March 15 and September 15, at a rate of 5.75% per year, commencing March 15, 2013. The 2018 Notes mature on March 15, 2018 unless converted earlier. The 2018 Notes are convertible into shares of common stock at an initial conversion rate and conversion rate at December 31, 2012 of 82.3451 shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of 2018 Notes, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$12.14 per share of common stock, subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. The conversion price has not been adjusted since the issuance (August 14, 2012) and will next be adjusted on the first anniversary, unless the exercise price shall have changed by more than 1% before the anniversary. The conversion rate for the 2018 Notes is increased when monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the monthly dividend rate of \$0.101600 per share.

On December 21, 2012, we issued \$200,000 in aggregate principal amount of 5.875% senior convertible notes due 2019 (the "2019 Notes") for net proceeds following underwriting and other expenses of approximately \$193,600. Interest on the 2019 Notes is paid semi-annually in arrears on January 15 and July 15, at a rate of 5.875% per year, commencing July 15, 2013. The 2019 Notes mature on January 15, 2019 unless converted earlier. The 2019 Notes are convertible into shares of common stock at an initial conversion rate and conversion rate at December 31, 2012 of 79.7766 shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of 2019 Notes, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$12.54 per share of common stock, subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. The conversion price has not been adjusted since the issuance (December 21, 2012) and will next be adjusted on the first anniversary, unless the exercise price shall have changed by more than 1% before the anniversary. The conversion rate for the 2019 Notes is increased when monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the monthly dividend rate of \$0.110025 per share.

In no event will the total number of shares of common stock issuable upon conversion exceed 96.8992 per \$1 principal amount of the 2015 Notes (the "conversion rate cap"), except that, to the extent we receive written guidance or a no-action letter from the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Guidance") permitting us to adjust the conversion rate in certain instances without regard to the conversion rate cap and to make the 2015 Notes convertible into certain reference property in accordance with certain reclassifications, business combinations, asset sales and corporate events by us without regard to the conversion rate cap, we will make such adjustments without regard to the conversion rate cap and will also, to the extent that we make any such adjustment without regard to the conversion rate cap pursuant to the Guidance, adjust the conversion rate cap accordingly. We will use our commercially reasonable efforts to obtain such Guidance as promptly as practicable.

Prior to obtaining the Guidance, we will not engage in certain transactions that would result in an adjustment to the conversion rate increasing the conversion rate beyond what it would have been in the absence of such transaction unless we have engaged in a reverse stock split or share combination transaction such that in our reasonable best estimation, the conversion rate following the adjustment for such transaction will not be any closer to the conversion rate cap than it would have been in the absence of such transaction.

Upon conversion, unless a holder converts after a record date for an interest payment but prior to the corresponding interest payment date, the holder will receive a separate cash payment with respect to the Notes surrendered for conversion representing accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including the conversion date. Any such payment will be made on the settlement date applicable to the relevant conversion on the 2015 Notes and 2016 Notes (collectively, "Senior Convertible Notes").

No holder of Senior Convertible Notes will be entitled to receive shares of our common stock upon conversion to the extent (but only to the extent) that such receipt would cause such converting holder to become, directly or indirectly, a beneficial owner (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the

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Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder) of more than 5.0% of the shares of our common stock outstanding at such time. The 5.0% limitation shall no longer apply following the effective date of any fundamental change. We will not issue any shares in connection with the conversion or redemption of the Notes which would equal or exceed 20% of the shares outstanding at the time of the transaction in accordance with NASDAQ rules.

Subject to certain exceptions, holders may require us to repurchase, for cash, all or part of their Notes upon a fundamental change at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes being repurchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the fundamental change repurchase date. In addition, upon a fundamental change that constitutes a non-stock change of control we will also pay holders an amount in cash equal to the present value of all remaining interest payments (without duplication of the foregoing amounts) on such Senior Convertible Notes through and including the maturity date.

In connection with the issuance of the Senior Convertible Notes, we incurred \$27,327 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes in accordance with ASC 470-50, *Debt Modifications and Extinguishments*, of which \$22,753 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the consolidated statements of assets and liabilities.

During the three months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, we recorded \$10,564 and \$5,070 of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Senior Convertible Notes as interest expense. During the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, we recorded \$19,231 and \$10,420 of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Senior Convertible Notes as interest expense, respectively.

Senior Unsecured Notes

On May 1, 2012, we issued \$100,000 in aggregate principal amount of 6.95% senior unsecured notes due 2022 for net proceeds net of offering expenses of \$97,000 (the "2022 Notes"). Interest on the 2022 Notes is paid quarterly in arrears on August 15, November 15, February 15 and May 15, at a rate of 6.95% per year, commencing on August 15, 2012. The 2022 Notes mature on November 15, 2022. These notes will be our direct unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our unsecured senior indebtedness from time to time outstanding.

In connection with the issuance of the 2022 Notes, we incurred \$3,337 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes in accordance with ASC 470-50, *Debt Modifications and Extinguishments*, of which \$3,172 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the consolidated statements of assets and liabilities.

During the three and six months ended December 31, 2012, we recorded \$1,814 and \$3,621 of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the 2022 Notes as interest expense, respectively.

Prospect Capital InterNotes®

On February 16, 2012, we entered into a Selling Agent Agreement (the "Selling Agent Agreement") with Incapital LLC, as purchasing agent for our issuance and sale from time to time of up to \$500,000 of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (the "InterNotes Offering"). Additional agents appointed by the Company from time to time in connection with the InterNotes Offering may become parties to the Selling Agent Agreement.

These notes will be our direct unsecured senior obligations and will rank equally with all of our unsecured senior indebtedness from time to time outstanding. Each series of notes will be issued by a separate trust. These notes bear interest at fixed interest rates and offer a variety of maturities no less than twelve months from the original date of issuance.

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In connection with the issuance of the Prospect Capital InterNotes®, we incurred \$4,566 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes in accordance with ASC 470-50, *Debt Modifications and Extinguishments*, of which \$4,441 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the consolidated statements of assets and liabilities.

During the six months ended December 31, 2012, we issued \$144,355 in aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of approximately \$140,901.

As of December 31, 2012, we have issued \$164,993 in aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of approximately \$161,103. These notes were issued with stated interest rates ranging from 4.50% to 7.00% with a weighted average rate of 6.03%. These notes mature between June 15, 2019 and December 15, 2042. We issued an additional \$18,003 in aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® subsequent to December 31, 2012. (See *Recent Developments*.)

The bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2012 are:

Date of Issuance	Principal Amount	Interest Rate	Maturity Date
March 1, 2012	\$ 4,000	7.00%	March 15, 2022
March 8, 2012	1,465	6.90%	March 15, 2022
April 5, 2012	4,000	6.85%	April 15, 2022
April 12, 2012	2,462	6.70%	April 15, 2022
April 26, 2012	2,054	6.50%	April 15, 2022
June 14, 2012	2,657	6.95%	June 15, 2022
June 28, 2012	4,000	6.55%	June 15, 2019
July 6, 2012	2,778	6.45%	July 15, 2019
July 12, 2012	5,673	6.35%	July 15, 2019
July 19, 2012	6,810	6.30%	July 15, 2019
July 26, 2012	5,667	6.20%	July 15, 2019
August 2, 2012	3,633	6.15%	August 15, 2019
August 9, 2012	2,830	6.15%	August 15, 2019
August 16, 2012	2,681	6.10%	August 15, 2019
August 23, 2012	8,401	6.05%	August 15, 2019
September 7, 2012	5,981	6.00%	September 15, 2019
September 13, 2012	5,879	5.95%	September 15, 2019
September 20, 2012	8,600	5.90%	September 15, 2019
September 27, 2012	8,946	5.85%	September 15, 2019
October 4, 2012	7,172	5.70%	October 15, 2019
November 23, 2012	10,018	5.13%	November 15, 2019
November 23, 2012	10,171	6.63%	November 15, 2042
November 29, 2012	3,736	5.00%	November 15, 2019
November 29, 2012	1,979	5.75%	November 15, 2032
November 29, 2012	6,266	6.50%	November 15, 2042
December 6, 2012	3,859	4.88%	December 15, 2019
December 6, 2012	1,127	5.63%	December 15, 2032
December 6, 2012	8,203	6.38%	December 15, 2042
December 13, 2012	1,822	4.75%	December 15, 2019
December 13, 2012	916	5.25%	December 15, 2030
December 13, 2012	3,474	6.25%	December 15, 2042
December 20, 2012	1,678	4.63%	December 15, 2019
December 20, 2012	1,314	5.13%	December 15, 2030
December 20, 2012	6,449	6.13%	December 15, 2042
December 28, 2012	1,980	4.50%	December 15, 2019
December 28, 2012	1,472	5.00%	December 15, 2030
December 28, 2012	4,840	6.00%	December 15, 2042

\$ 164,993

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Net Asset Value

During the six months ended December 31, 2012, we raised \$827,989 of additional equity, net of offering costs, by issuing 74,915,012 shares of our common stock. The following table shows the calculation of net asset value per share as of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012:

	As of I	December 31, 2012	As o	of June 30, 2012
Net Assets	\$	2,326,635	\$	1,511,974
Shares of common stock outstanding		215,173,410		139,633,870
Net asset value per share	\$	10.81	\$	10.83

At December 31, 2012, we had 215,173,410 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding.

Results of Operations

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations for the three months ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$46,489 and \$64,492, respectively, representing \$0.24 and \$0.59 per weighted average share, respectively. During the three months ended December 31, 2012, we experienced net unrealized and realized losses of \$52,727 or approximately \$0.27 per weighted average share primarily from reductions in the fair value of our investments in Ajax, Energy Solutions, H&M and R-V. Net investment income for the three months ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$99,216 and \$36,508, respectively, representing \$0.51 and \$0.33 per weighted average share, respectively. This increase is primarily due to an increase in dividend income received from Energy Solutions and R-V. During the three months ended December 31, 2011, we experienced net unrealized and realized gains of \$27,984 or approximately \$0.26 per weighted average share primarily from significant write-ups of our investments in Energy Solutions and NRG Manufacturing, Inc. ("NRG"), and our sale of NRG common stock for which we realized a gain of \$12,131. These instances of appreciation were partially offset by unrealized depreciation in Babson CLO Ltd 2011-I ("Babson 2011"), Biotronic, NMMB and Stryker.

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations for the six months ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$93,738 and \$104,392, respectively, representing \$0.52 and \$0.96 per weighted average share, respectively. During the six months ended December 31, 2012, we experienced net unrealized and realized losses of \$79,505 or approximately \$0.44 per weighted average share primarily from reductions in the fair value of our investments in Ajax, Energy Solutions, H&M and R-V. Net investment income for the six months ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$173,243 and \$64,385, respectively, representing \$0.97 and \$0.59 per weighted average share, respectively. This increase is primarily due to an increase in dividend income received from Energy Solutions and R-V. During the six months ended December 31, 2011, we experienced net unrealized and realized gains of \$40,007 or approximately \$0.37 per weighted average share primarily from significant write-ups of our investments in Ajax, Energy Solutions, NRG and R-V, and our sale of NRG common stock for which we realized a gain of \$12,131. These instances of unrealized appreciation were partially offset by unrealized depreciation in Biotronic and Stryker, and the impairment of Deb Shops, Inc. ("Deb Shops") due to bankruptcy for which we recorded a realized loss for the full amount of the amortized cost.

While we seek to maximize gains and minimize losses, our investments in portfolio companies can expose our capital to risks greater than those we may anticipate. These companies are typically not issuing securities rated investment grade, have limited resources, have limited operating history, have concentrated product lines or customers, are generally private companies with limited operating information available and are likely to depend on a small core of management talents. Changes in any of these factors can have a significant impact on the value of the portfolio company.

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Investment Income

We generate revenue in the form of interest income on the debt securities that we own, dividend income on any common or preferred stock that we own, and fees generated from the structuring of new deals. Our investments, if in the form of debt securities, will typically have a term of one to ten years and bear interest at a fixed or floating rate. To the extent achievable, we will seek to collateralize our investments by obtaining security interests in our portfolio companies' assets. We also may acquire minority or majority equity interests in our portfolio companies, which may pay cash or in-kind dividends on a recurring or otherwise negotiated basis. In addition, we may generate revenue in other forms including prepayment penalties and possibly consulting fees. Any such fees generated in connection with our investments are recognized as earned.

Investment income, which consists of interest income, including accretion of loan origination fees and prepayment penalty fees, dividend income and other income, including settlement of net profits interests, overriding royalty interests and structuring fees, was \$166,035 and \$67,263 for the three months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. Investment income was \$289,671 and \$122,605 for the six months ended, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. During the three and six months ended December 31, 2012, the increase in investment income is primarily the result of a larger income producing portfolio and the deployment of additional capital in revenue-producing assets through increased origination and increased dividends received from Energy Solutions and R-V.

The following table describes the various components of investment income and the related levels of debt investments:

]	For The Three Months Ended December 31,				For The Six Months Ended December 31,				
		2012 2011				2012		2011		
Interest income	\$	116,866	\$	46,136	\$	195,176	\$	88,523		
Dividend income		31,955		19,029		68,163		26,079		
Other income		17,214		2,098		26,332		8,003		
Total investment income	\$	166,035	\$	67,263	\$	289,671	\$	122,605		
Average principal of interest bearing investments	\$	2,536,141	\$	1,441,590	\$	2,341,813	\$	1,393,343		
Weighted-average interest rate earned		18.03%	,	12.52%	o o	16.31%	ó	12.43%		

Average interest income producing assets have increased from \$1,441,590 for the three months ended December 31, 2011 to \$2,536,141 for the three months ended December 31, 2012. The average yield on interest bearing assets increased from 12.52% for the three months ended December 31, 2011 to 18.03% for the three months ended December 31, 2012. The increase in annual returns is primarily due to the acquisition of First Tower, an increase in our investment in CLOs and the \$14,144 make-whole fee we received from Energy Solutions. Excluding these adjustments, our annual return would have been 13.47% for the three months ended December 31, 2012.

Average interest income producing assets have increased from \$1,393,343 for the six months ended December 31, 2011 to \$2,341,813 for the six months ended December 31, 2012. The average yield on interest bearing assets increased from 12.43% for the six months ended December 31, 2011 to 16.31% for the six months ended December 31, 2012. The increase in annual returns is primarily due to the acquisition of First Tower, an increase in our investment in CLOs and the \$14,144 make-whole fee we received from Energy Solutions. Excluding these adjustments, our annual return would have been 13.05% for the six months ended December 31, 2012.

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Investment income is also generated from dividends and other income. Dividend income increased from \$19,029 for the three months ended December 31, 2011 to \$31,955 for the three months ended December 31, 2012. Dividend income increased from \$26,079 for the six months ended December 31, 2011 to \$68,163 for the six months ended December 31, 2012. The increase in dividend income is primarily attributed to an increase in the level of dividends received during the respective three and six month periods from our investments in Energy Solutions and R-V. We received dividends from Energy Solutions of \$20,570 and \$10,800 during the three months ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. We received dividends from Energy Solutions of \$53,820 and \$14,300 during the six months ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The sale of Gas Solutions by Energy Solutions has resulted in significant earnings and profits, as defined by the Internal Revenue Code, at Energy Solutions for calendar year 2012. As a result, distributions from Energy Solutions to us will be required to be recognized as dividend income, in accordance with ASC 946, Financial Services Investment Companies, as cash distributions are received from Energy Solutions to the extent there are current year earnings and profits sufficient to support such recognition. We received dividends from R-V of \$11,147 and \$134 during the three months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. The \$11,147 of dividends received from R-V during the three months ended December 31, 2012 include a \$11,073 distribution as part of R-V's recapitalization in November 2012 for which we provided an additional \$9,500 of senior secured financing. There were no dividends received from R-V during the three months ended September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011, respectively. The increases in dividend income from our investments in ESHI and R-V were offset by a reduction in dividends received from NRG. We received dividends from NRG of \$6,711 and \$9,911 during the three and six months ended December 31, 2011, respectively. There were no dividends from NRG received during the three and six months ended December 31, 2012, respectively, as this asset has been sold.

Other income has come primarily from structuring fees, overriding royalty interests, and settlement of net profits interests. Comparing the three months ended December 31, 2011 to the three months ended December 31, 2012, income from other sources increased from \$2,098 to \$17,214. This \$15,116 increase is primarily due to \$15,314 of structuring fees recognized during the three months ended December 31, 2012 primarily from the Credit Central, Ryan and USC originations, in comparison to \$1,837 of structuring fees recognized during the three months ended December 31, 2011.

Comparing the six months ended December 31, 2011 to the six months ended December 31, 2012, income from other sources increased from \$8,003 to \$26,332. This \$18,329 increase is primarily due to \$24,273 of structuring fees recognized during the six months ended December 31, 2012 primarily from the Arctic, InterDent, New Century, Progrexion, Ryan and USC originations, in comparison to \$7,356 of structuring fees recognized during the six months ended December 31, 2011 primarily related to the Capstone and Totes Isotoner Corporation originations.

Operating Expenses

Our primary operating expenses consist of investment advisory fees (base management and income incentive fees), borrowing costs, legal and professional fees and other operating and overhead-related expenses. These expenses include our allocable portion of overhead under the Administration Agreement with Prospect Administration under which Prospect Administration provides administrative services and facilities for us. Our investment advisory fees compensate our Investment Adviser for its work in identifying, evaluating, negotiating, closing and monitoring our investments. We bear all other costs and expenses of our operations and transactions in accordance with our Administration Agreement with Prospect Administration. Operating expenses were \$66,819 and \$30,755 for the three months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. Operating expenses were \$116,428 and \$58,220 for the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

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The base investment advisory expenses were \$16,306 and \$8,825 for the three months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. The base investment advisory expenses were \$29,534 and \$17,036 for the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. This increase is directly related to our growth in total assets. For the three months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, we incurred \$24,804 and \$9,127, respectively, of income incentive fees. For the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, we incurred \$43,311 and \$16,096, respectively, of income incentive fees. The \$15,677 and \$27,215 increase in the income incentive fee for the respective three-month and six-month periods are driven by an increase in pre-incentive fee net investment income of \$78,385 and \$136,073 for the respective three-month and six-month periods primarily due to an increase in interest income from a larger asset base and dividend income from Energy Solutions. No capital gains incentive fee has yet been incurred pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement.

During the three and six months ended December 31, 2012, we incurred \$16,414 and \$29,925, respectively, of expenses related to our Syndicated Facility, InterNotes®, Senior Unsecured Notes and Senior Convertible Notes. This compares with expenses of \$9,759 and \$18,719 incurred during the three and six months ended December 31, 2011, respectively. These expenses are related directly to the leveraging capacity put into place for each of those periods and the levels of indebtedness actually undertaken during those quarters. The table below describes the various expenses of our Syndicated Facility and Senior Convertible Notes and the related indicators of leveraging capacity and indebtedness during these periods.

	For The Three Months Ended December 31,				Fo	or The Six M Decem		
		2012		2011		2012		2011
Interest on borrowings	\$	13,140	\$	7,029	\$	23,610	\$	13,248
Amortization of deferred financing costs		1,950		2,406		3,724		4,494
Commitment and other fees		1,324		324		2,591		977
Total	\$	16,414	\$	9,759	\$	29,925	\$	18,719
Weighted-average debt outstanding	\$	890,902	\$	547,558	\$	800,789	\$	496,998
Weighted-average interest rate including amortization of deferred financing costs		6.78%		6.89%	, D	6.83%	ó	7.14%
Facility amount at beginning of period	\$	517,500	\$	400,000	\$	492,500	\$	325,000

The increase in interest expense for the three and six months ended December 31, 2012 is primarily due to the issuance of the 2022 notes and the Senior Convertible Notes on April 16, 2012, August 14, 2012 and December 21, 2012, for which we incurred \$6,730 and \$11,652 of collective interest expense, respectively.

As our asset base has grown and we have added complexity to our capital raising activities, we have commensurately increased the size of our administrative and financial staff, accounting for a significant increase in the overhead allocation from Prospect Administration. Over the last two years, Prospect Administration has increased staffing levels along with costs passed through. The allocation of overhead expense from Prospect Administration was \$2,139 and \$1,117 for the three months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. The allocation of overhead expense from Prospect Administration was \$4,323 and \$2,233 for the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. As our portfolio continues to grow, we expect to continue to increase the size of our administrative and financial staff. Other allocated expenses from Prospect Administration will continue to increase along with the increase in staffing and asset base.

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Total operating expenses, net of management fees, interest costs, excise tax and allocation of overhead from Prospect Administration ("Other Operating Expenses"), were \$2,656 and \$1,927 for the three months ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Other Operating Expenses were \$4,835 and \$4,136 for the six months ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Net Investment Income

Net investment income represents the difference between investment income and operating expenses. Our net investment income ("NII") was \$99,216 and \$36,508 for the three months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, or \$0.51 per share and \$0.33 per share, respectively. The \$62,708 increase for the three months ended December 31, 2012 is due to increases of \$70,730, \$12,926 and \$15,116 in interest, dividend and other income, respectively, due to the increased size of our portfolio for which we have recognized additional interest income, structuring fees from new originations and an increased level of dividends received from our investments in Energy Solutions and R-V. The \$62,708 increase in investment income is offset by an increase in operating expenses of \$36,064, primarily due to a \$23,158 increase in advisory fees due to the growing size of our portfolio and related income, and \$6,655 of additional interest and credit facility expenses. At December 31, 2012, we have elected to retain a portion of our annual taxable income and have accrued \$4,500 for the excise tax that will be paid with the filing of the return. The per share increase for the three months ended December 31, 2012 is primarily due to an increase in the level of dividends received from our investment in Energy Solutions and R-V of \$9,770 and \$11,013, respectively.

Our NII was \$173,243 and \$64,385 for the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, or \$0.97 per share and \$0.59 per share, respectively. The \$108,858 increase for the six months ended December 31, 2012 is primarily due to increases of \$106,653, \$42,084 and \$18,329 in interest, dividend and other income, respectively, due to the increased size of our portfolio for which we have recognized additional interest income and an increased level of dividends received primarily from our investments in Energy Solutions and R-V. The \$167,066 increase in investment income is offset by an increase in operating expenses of \$58,208, primarily due to a \$39,713 increase in advisory fees due to the growing size of our portfolio and related income, and \$11,206 of additional interest and credit facility expenses. The per share increase for the six months ended December 31, 2012 is primarily due to a \$39,520 increase in the level of dividends received from our investment in Energy Solutions.

Net Realized (Loss) Gain, Increase in Net Assets from Net Changes in Unrealized Appreciation

Net realized (loss) gain was (\$8,123) and \$13,498 for the three months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. Net realized loss was \$6,348 and \$1,109 for the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. The net realized loss for the three months ended December 31, 2012 was due primarily to the impairment of ICS. During the three months ended December 31, 2012, we determined that the impairment of ICS was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$12,198 for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair market value. This loss was offset primarily by the sale of Northwestern common stock for which we realized a gain of \$1,862 and sale of Shearer's membership units for which we realized a gain of \$2,027. The net realized loss for the six months ended December 31, 2012 was primarily due to the impairment of ICS, sale of our equity investments in Northwestern and Shearer's and sale of our common stock in Iron Horse for which we realized a gain of \$1,772.

The net realized gain for the three months ended December 31, 2011 was due primarily to the sale of NRG common stock for which we realized a gain of \$12,131. For the six months ended December 31, 2011 this gain was offset by our impairment of Deb Shops. During the six months ended December 31, 2011, Deb Shops filed for bankruptcy and a plan for reorganization was proposed. The plan, which is expected to be approved by the bankruptcy court, will eliminate our debt position with no payment to us.

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As a result, we determined that the impairment of Deb Shops was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$14,607 for the full amount of the amortized cost.

Net increase in net assets from changes in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation was (\$44,604) and \$14,486 for the three months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. For the three months ended December 31, 2012, the \$44,604 decrease in net assets from the net change in unrealized depreciation was driven by reduction in the fair value of our investments in Ajax and R-V because operating results were down from those of the prior quarter and Energy Solutions for which we received a \$14,144 make-whole fee for early repayment of the outstanding loan and distributions of \$20,570 during the quarter, which were recorded as interest and dividend income, respectively. For the three months ended December 31, 2011, the \$14,486 increase in net assets from the net change in unrealized appreciation was driven by an increase in the fair values of our investments in Energy Solutions and NRG because operating results were up from those of prior quarter. These instances of appreciation were partially offset by unrealized depreciation in Babson 2011, Biotronic, NMMB, and Stryker, due to declining operating results and a reduction in current natural gas prices.

Net increase in net assets from changes in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation was (\$73,157) and \$41,116 for the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. For the six months ended December 31, 2012, the \$73,157 decrease in net assets from the net change in unrealized depreciation was driven by reductions in the fair value of our investments in Ajax and R-V because operating results were down during the six-month period and Energy Solutions for which received a \$14,144 make-whole fee for early repayment of the outstanding loan and distributions of \$53,820 during the six-month period, which were recorded as interest and dividend income, respectively. For the six months ended December 31, 2011, the \$41,116 increase in net assets from the net change in unrealized appreciation was driven by increases in the fair value of our investments in Ajax, Energy Solutions, NRG and R-V, because operating results were up from those of prior quarter. These instances of unrealized appreciation were partially offset by unrealized depreciation in Biotronic and Stryker. Our equity investment in Biotronic experienced a meaningful decrease in valuation as prior to June 30, 2011 we anticipated that the company would be sold at a substantial premium to our cost basis. This sales process was discontinued during the six months ended December 31, 2011 as the buyer and Biotronic could not agree to terms acceptable to each party. The value of our investment in Stryker decreased due primarily to a reduction in natural gas prices.

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

For the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, our operating activities used \$1,102,242 and \$119,765 of cash, respectively. There were no investing activities for the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011. Financing activities provided \$1,101,636 and \$120,134 of cash during the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, which included the payments of dividends of \$97,577 and \$60,932, during the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

Our primary uses of funds have been to continue to invest in portfolio companies, through both debt and equity investments, repay outstanding borrowings and to make cash distributions to holders of our common stock.

Our primary sources of funds have been issuances of debt and equity. We have and may continue to fund a portion of our cash needs through borrowings from banks, issuances of senior securities or secondary offerings. We may also securitize a portion of our investments in mezzanine or senior secured loans or other assets. Our objective is to put in place such borrowings in order to enable us to expand our portfolio. During the six months ended December 31, 2012, we borrowed \$99,000 and made repayments totaling \$195,000 under our revolving credit facility. As of December 31, 2012, we had no outstanding borrowings on our revolving credit facility, \$847,500 outstanding on our Senior Convertible

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Notes, \$100,000 outstanding on our Senior Unsecured Notes and \$164,993 outstanding on InterNotes®. (See Capitalization.)

Undrawn committed revolvers incur commitment fees ranging from 0.50% to 2.00%. As of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, we have \$188,367 and \$180,646 of undrawn revolver commitments to our portfolio companies, respectively.

Our Board of Directors, pursuant to the Maryland General Corporation Law, executed Articles of Amendment to increase the number of shares authorized for issuance from 200,000,000 to 500,000,000 in the aggregate. The amendment became effective July 30, 2012.

On October 29, 2012, our Registration Statement on Form N-2 was declared effective by the SEC. Under this Shelf Registration Statement, we can issue up to \$2,546,746 of additional debt and equity securities in the public market.

We also continue to generate liquidity through public and private stock offerings. (See Recent Developments.)

On June 1, 2012, we entered into an ATM program with KeyBanc through which we could sell, by means of at-the-market offerings from time to time, of up to 9,500,000 shares of our common stock. During the period from July 2, 2012 to July 12, 2012, we sold 2,247,275 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$11.59 per share, and raised \$26,040 of gross proceeds, under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$25,779 net of commissions to KeyBanc on shares sold.

On July 16, 2012, we issued 21,000,000 shares of our common stock at \$11.15 per share (or \$11.05 per share net proceeds excluding expenses), raising \$234,150 of gross proceeds.

On July 27, 2012, we issued 3,150,000 shares in connection with the exercise of an option granted with the July 12, 2012 offering of 21,000,000 shares which were delivered July 16, 2012, raising an additional \$35,123 of gross proceeds and \$34,808 of net proceeds.

On September 10, 2012, we entered into a second ATM Program with KeyBanc through which we could sell, by means of at-the-market offerings from time to time, of up to 9,750,000 shares of our common stock. During the period from October 1, 2012 to October 9, 2012, we sold 1,245,655 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$11.53 per share, and raised \$14,361 of gross proceeds, under this program. Net proceeds were \$14,217 net of commissions to the broker-dealer on shares sold and offering costs.

On November 7, 2012, we issued 35,000,000 shares of our common stock at \$11.10 per share (or \$10.96 per share net proceeds excluding expenses), raising \$383,600 of net proceeds.

On December 21, 2012, we entered into a third ATM Program with KeyBanc through which we could sell, by means of at-the-market offerings from time to time, of up to 17,500,000 shares of our common stock. During the period from January 7, 2013 to February 5, 2013, we sold 10,248,051 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$11.25 per share, and raised \$115,315 of gross proceeds, under this program. Net proceeds were \$113,962 net of commissions to KeyBanc on shares sold. (See *Recent Developments*.)

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

At December 31, 2012, we did not have any off-balance sheet liabilities or other contractual obligations that are reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on our financial condition, other than those which originate from 1) the investment advisory and management agreement and the administration agreement and 2) the portfolio companies.

Recent Developments

During the period from January 4, 2013 to March 7, 2013, we issued \$26,287 in aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$25,464.

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During the period from January 7, 2013 to February 5, 2013, we sold 10,248,051 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$11.25 per share, and raised \$115,315 of gross proceeds, under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$113,962 net of commissions to the broker-dealer on shares sold and offering costs.

On January 11, 2013, we provided \$27,100 of debt financing to CHC Companies, Inc., a national provider of correctional medical and behavioral healthcare solutions.

On January 17, 2013, we made a \$30,348 follow-on investment in APH, to acquire 5100 Live Oaks Blvd, LLC, a multi-family residential property located in Tampa, Florida. We invested \$2,748 of equity and \$27,600 of debt in APH.

On January 23, 2013, we issued 160,182 shares of our common stock in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan.

On January 24, 2013, we made an investment of \$24,288 to purchase 56.14% of the subordinated notes in Cent 17 CLO Limited.

On January 24, 2013, we made an investment of \$25,650 to purchase 50.12% of the subordinated notes in Octagon Investment Partners XV, Ltd.

On January 29, 2013 we provided \$8,000 of secured second lien financing to TGG Medical Transitory, Inc., a developer of technologies for extracorporeal photopheresis treatments.

On January 31, 2013, we funded an acquisition of the subsidiaries of Nationwide Acceptance Corporation, which operate a specialty finance business based in Chicago, Illinois, a \$25,151 of combined debt and equity financing.

On February 4, 2013, we received a distribution of \$3,250 related to our investment in NRG Manufacturing, Inc., for which we realized a gain of the same amount. This is a partial release of the total amounts held in escrow with a fair value of \$8,070 as of December 31, 2012.

On February 5, 2013, we made a secured debt investment of \$2,000 in Healogics, Inc., a provider of outpatient wound care management services located in Jacksonville, Florida. On the same day we fully exited the deal and realized a gain of \$60 on this investment.

On February 7, 2013, we announced the declaration of monthly dividends in the following amounts and with the following dates:

\$0.110050 per share for February 2013 to holders of record on February 28, 2013 with a payment date of March 21, 2013;

\$0.110075 per share for March 2013 to holders of record on March 29, 2013 with a payment date of April 18, 2013; and

\$0.110100 per share for April 2013 to holders of record on April 30, 2013 with a payment date of May 23, 2013.

On February 13, 2013, we made an investment of \$35,000 to purchase 50.34% of the subordinated notes in Galaxy XV CLO, Ltd.

On February 14, 2013, we made a \$2,000 secured first-lien debt investment in JGWPT Holdings, LLC, the parent holding company of JG Wentworth, the largest purchaser of structured settlement and annuity payments in the United States.

On February 14, 2013, we provided \$15,000 of senior secured financing to Speedy Group Holdings Corp., a leading provider of short-term loans and financial services in the United States, the United Kingdom and Canada.

On February 15, 2013, we made a \$6,000 secured second-lien debt investment in SESAC HoldCo II LLC, a performing rights organization based in Nashville, TN.

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On February 21, 2013, we provided \$47,000 of senior secured first-lien financing to support the acquisition of a leading owner and operator of dialysis stations.

On February 25, 2013, we made a \$10,000 secured second lien loan and a \$2,000 secured first-lien debt investment in TNS, Inc., an international data communications company that provides networking, data communications and other value added services. On the same day we sold the \$2,000 secured first lien debt instrument and realized a gain of \$20 on this investment.

On March 1, 2013, we made a \$70,000 secured term loan investment in a subsidiary of Cinedigm Digital Cinema Corp., the leading provider of digital cinema services, software and content marketing and distribution.

On March 4, 2013, we entered into a Second Amended and Restated Selling Agent Agreement which continued our issuance of Prospect Capital InterNotes® on substantially the same terms and provides for our issuance of floating rate notes in addition to fixed rate notes.

On March 6, 2013, we purchased an additional \$5,000 of secured second-lien financing in a leading global infrastructure software company.

On March 7, 2013, we made a secured second-lien follow-on investment of \$60,000 to support the recapitalization of a national distributor of hunting, outdoor, marine and tackle products.

During the period from February 11, 2013 to March 7, 2013 (with settlement dates from February 14, 2013 to March 12, 2013), we sold 7,402,325 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$11.23 per share, and raised \$83,095 of gross proceeds, under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$82,064 net of commissions to the broker-dealer on shares sold and offering costs.

On March 8, 2013, we made an investment of \$40,400 to purchase 78.60% of the subordinated notes in Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2013-1 Ltd.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets and any other parameters used in determining such estimates could cause actual results to differ materially. In addition to the discussion below, our critical accounting policies are further described in the notes to the financial statements.

Basis of Consolidation

Under the 1940 Act rules, the regulations pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation S-X, and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' Audit and Accounting Guide for Investment Companies, we are precluded from consolidating any entity other than another investment company or an operating company which provides substantially all of its services and benefits to us. Our December 31, 2012 financial statements include our accounts and the accounts of Prospect Capital Funding, LLC, our only wholly-owned, closely-managed subsidiary that is also an investment company. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Investment Classification

We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act. We classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, control investments are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally deemed to exist when a company or individual possesses or has the right to acquire within 60 days or less, a beneficial ownership of 25% or more of the voting securities of an investee company. Affiliated investments and affiliated companies are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are

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deemed to exist through the possession outright or via the right to acquire within 60 days or less, beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of another person.

Investments are recognized when we assume an obligation to acquire a financial instrument and assume the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. Investments are derecognized when we assume an obligation to sell a financial instrument and forego the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. Specifically, we record all security transactions on a trade date basis. Investments in other, non-security financial instruments are recorded on the basis of subscription date or redemption date, as applicable. Amounts for investments recognized or derecognized but not yet settled are reported as Receivables for investments sold and Payables for investments purchased, respectively, in the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

Investment Valuation

Our Board of Directors has established procedures for the valuation of our investment portfolio. These procedures are detailed below.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are valued at such market quotations.

For most of our investments, market quotations are not available. With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available or when such market quotations are deemed not to represent fair value, our Board of Directors has approved a multi-step valuation process each quarter, as described below:

- Each portfolio company or investment is reviewed by our investment professionals with the independent valuation firms engaged by our Board of Directors;
- 2) the independent valuation firms conduct independent appraisals and make their own independent assessment;
- 3)
 the audit committee of our Board of Directors reviews and discusses the preliminary valuation with Prospect Capital
 Management (the "Investment Adviser") proposing values within the valuation range presented by the independent valuation
 firms; and
- the Board of Directors discusses valuations and determines the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in good faith based on the input of our Investment Adviser, the respective independent valuation firms and the audit committee.

Investments are valued utilizing a shadow bond approach, a market approach, an income approach, a liquidation approach, or a combination of approaches, as appropriate. The shadow bond and market approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities (including a business). The income approach uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts (for example, cash flows or earnings) to a single present value amount (discounted) calculated based on an appropriate discount rate. The measurement is based on the net present value indicated by current market expectations about those future amounts. In following these approaches, the types of factors that we may take into account in fair value pricing our investments include, as relevant: available current market data, including relevant and applicable market trading and transaction comparables, applicable market yields and multiples, security covenants, call protection provisions, information rights, the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments, its earnings and discounted cash flows, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, comparisons of financial ratios of peer companies that are public, M&A comparables, the principal market and enterprise values, among other factors.

Our investments in collateralized loan obligation funds ("CLOs") are classified as ASC 820 level 3 securities, and are valued using discounted cash flow model. The valuations have been accomplished through the analysis of the CLO deal structures to identify the risk exposures from the modeling point of view. For each security, the most appropriate valuation approach has been chosen from alternative

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approaches to ensure the most accurate valuation for each security. To value a CLO, both the assets and liabilities of the CLO capital structure have been modeled. Our valuation agent uses a waterfall engine to store the collateral data, including the collateral cash flows from the assets, and distributions of the cash flow to the liability structure based on the payment priorities, and discounts them back using proper discount rates that incorporate all the risk factors. The main risk factors are: default risk, interest rate risk, downgrade risk, and credit spread risk.

ASC 820 classifies the inputs used to measure these fair values into the following hierarchy:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, accessible by us at the measurement date.
- Level 2: Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other observable inputs other than quoted prices.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

In all cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls has been determined based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to each investment. The changes to GAAP from the application of ASC 820 relate to the definition of fair value, the framework for measuring fair value, and the expanded disclosures about fair value measurements. ASC 820 applies to fair value measurements already required or permitted by other standards. In accordance with ASC 820, the fair value of our investments is defined as the price that we would receive upon selling an investment in an orderly transaction to an independent buyer in the principal or most advantageous market in which that investment is transacted.

In April 2009, the FASB issued ASC 820-10-65, *Determining Fair Value When the Volume and Level of Activity for the Asset or Liability Have Significantly Decreased and Identifying Transactions That Are Not Orderly"* ("ASC 820-10-65"). This update provides further clarification for ASC 820 in markets that are not active and provides additional guidance for determining when the volume of trading level of activity for an asset or liability has significantly decreased and for identifying circumstances that indicate a transaction is not orderly. ASC 820-10-65 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending after June 15, 2009. The adoption of ASC 820-10-65 did not have any effect on our net asset value, financial position or results of operations for the three and six months ended December 31, 2012, as there was no change to the fair value measurement principles set forth in ASC 820.

In January 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2010-06, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements ("ASC 2010-06"). ASC 2010-06 amends ASC 820-10 and clarifies and provides additional disclosure requirements related to recurring and non-recurring fair value measurements and employers' disclosures about postretirement benefit plan assets. ASC 2010-06 is effective December 15, 2009, except for the disclosure about purchase, sales, issuances and settlements in the roll forward of activity in level 3 fair value measurements. The adoption of ASC 2010-06 for the three and six months ended December 31, 2012, did not have any effect on our financial statements.

Federal and State Income Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company and intend to continue to comply with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"), applicable to regulated investment companies. We are required to distribute at least 90% of our investment company taxable income and intend to distribute (or retain through a deemed distribution) all of our investment company taxable income and net capital gain to stockholders; therefore, we have made no provision for income taxes. The character of income and gains that we will distribute is determined in accordance with income tax regulations that may differ from GAAP. Book and tax basis differences relating to

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stockholder dividends and distributions and other permanent book and tax differences are reclassified to paid-in capital.

If we do not distribute at least 98% of our annual income and 98.2% of our capital gains in the calendar year earned, we will generally be required to pay an excise tax equal to 4% of the amount by which 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains exceeds the distributions from such taxable income for the year. To the extent that we determine that our estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions from such taxable income, we accrue excise taxes, if any, on estimated excess taxable income as taxable income is earned using an annual effective excise tax rate. The annual effective excise tax rate is determined by dividing the estimated annual excise tax by the estimated annual taxable income. At December 31, 2012, we have elected to retain a portion of our annual taxable income and have accrued \$4,500 for the excise tax that will be paid with the filing of the return in March 2013.

If we fail to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement or otherwise fail to qualify as a RIC in any taxable year, we would be subject to tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate rates. We would not be able to deduct distributions to stockholders, nor would we be required to make distributions. Distributions would generally be taxable to our individual and other non-corporate taxable stockholders as ordinary dividend income eligible for the reduced maximum rate to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits, provided certain holding period and other requirements are met. Subject to certain limitations under the Code, corporate distributions would be eligible for the dividends-received deduction. To qualify again to be taxed as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to distribute to our shareholders our accumulated earnings and profits attributable to non-RIC years reduced by an interest charge of 50% of such earnings and profits payable by us as an additional tax. In addition, if we failed to qualify as a RIC for a period greater than two taxable years, then, in order to qualify as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to elect to recognize and pay tax on any net built-in gain (the excess of aggregate gain, including items of income, over aggregate loss that would have been realized if we had been liquidated) or, alternatively, be subject to taxation on such built-in gain recognized for a period of ten years.

We adopted FASB ASC 740, *Income Taxes* ("ASC 740"). ASC 740 provides guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented, and disclosed in the financial statements. ASC 740 requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing our tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold are recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. As of December 31, 2012 and for the quarter then ended, we did not have a liability for any unrecognized tax expense. Management's determinations regarding ASC 740 may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based upon factors including, but not limited to, an on-going analysis of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof.

Valuation of Other Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

ASC Subtopic 820-10-05-1, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities* ("ASC 820-10-05-1") permits an entity to elect fair value as the initial and subsequent measurement attribute for many of assets and liabilities for which the fair value option has been elected and similar assets and liabilities measured using another measurement attribute. We have elected not to value other assets and liabilities at fair value as would be permitted by ASC 820-10-05-1.

Senior Convertible Notes

We have recorded the Senior Convertible Notes (See Note 5) at their contractual amounts. The Senior Convertible Notes were analyzed for any features that would require its accounting to be bifurcated and they were determined to be immaterial.

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Revenue Recognition

Realized gains or losses on the sale of investments are calculated using the specific identification method.

Interest income, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount, is recorded on an accrual basis. Origination, closing and/or commitment fees associated with investments in portfolio companies are accreted into interest income over the respective terms of the applicable loans. Accretion of such purchase discounts or premiums is calculated by the effective interest method as of the purchase date and adjusted only for material amendments or prepayments. Upon the prepayment of a loan or debt security, any prepayment penalties and unamortized loan origination, closing and commitment fees are recorded as interest income. The purchase discount for portfolio investments acquired from Patriot Capital Funding, Inc. ("Patriot") was determined based on the difference between par value and fair market value as of December 2, 2009, and will continue to accrete until maturity or repayment of the respective loans.

Interest income from investments in the "equity" class of security of CLO Funds (typically income notes or subordinated notes) is recorded based upon an estimation of an effective yield to expected maturity utilizing assumed cash flows in accordance with ASC 325-40-35, *Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets*. Adjustments resulting from recording the interest income based on the effective yield are recorded to the cost basis of the investment. We monitor the expected cash inflows from our CLO equity investments, including the expected residual payments and the effective yield is determined and updated periodically.

Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

Structuring fees and similar fees are recognized as income as earned, usually when paid. Structuring fees, excess deal deposits, net profits interests and overriding royalty interests are included in other income.

Loans are placed on non-accrual status when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will not be collected in accordance with the terms of the investment. Accrued interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid and in management's judgment, are likely to remain current.

Dividends and Distributions

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount, if any, to be paid as a dividend or distribution is approved by our Board of Directors each quarter and is generally based upon our management's estimate of our earnings for the quarter. Net realized capital gains, if any, are distributed at least annually.

Financing Costs

We record origination expenses related to our credit facility and the Senior Convertible Notes as deferred financing costs. These expenses are deferred and amortized as part of interest expense using the straight-line method for our revolving credit facility and the effective interest method for our Senior Convertible Notes, over the respective expected life.

We record registration expenses related to shelf filings as prepaid assets. These expenses consist principally of Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") registration fees, legal fees and accounting fees incurred. These prepaid assets will be charged to capital upon the receipt of an equity offering proceeds or charged to expense if no offering completed.

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Guarantees and Indemnification Agreements

We follow ASC 460, *Guarantees* ("ASC 460"). ASC 460 elaborates on the disclosure requirements of a guarantor in its interim and annual financial statements about its obligations under certain guarantees that it has issued. It also requires a guarantor to recognize, at the inception of a guarantee, for those guarantees that are covered by ASC 460, the fair value of the obligation undertaken in issuing certain guarantees.

Per Share Information

Net increase or decrease in net assets resulting from operations per common share are calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period presented. In accordance with ASC 946, *Financial Services Investment Companies*, convertible securities are not considered in the calculation of net assets per share.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-04, *Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs* ("ASU 2011-04"). ASU 2011-04 amends Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements" ("ASC 820") by: (1) clarifying that the highest-and-best-use and valuation-premise concepts only apply to measuring the fair value of non-financial assets; (2) allowing a reporting entity to measure the fair value of the net asset or net liability position in a manner consistent with how market participants would price the net risk position, if certain criteria are met; (3) providing a framework for considering whether a premium or discount can be applied in a fair value measurement; (4) providing that the fair value of an instrument classified in a reporting entity's shareholders' equity is estimated from the perspective of a market participant that holds the identical item as an asset; and (5) expanding the qualitative and quantitative fair value disclosure requirements. The expanded disclosures include, for Level 3 items, a description of the valuation process and a narrative description of the sensitivity of the fair value to changes in unobservable inputs and interrelationships between those inputs if a change in those inputs would result in a significantly different fair value measurement. ASU 2011-4 also requires disclosures about the highest-and-best-use of a non-financial asset when this use differs from the asset's current use and the reasons for such a difference. In addition, this ASU amends Accounting Standards Codification 820, "Fair Value Measurements," to require disclosures to include any transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. These amendments were effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011 and for interim periods within those fiscal years. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2011-04 did not have a significant effect on our financial statements.

In August 2012, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2012-03, *Technical Amendments and Corrections to SEC Sections:*Amendments to SEC Paragraphs Pursuant to SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 114 ("SAB No. 114"), Technical Amendments Pursuant to SEC Release No. 33-9250, and Corrections Related to FASB Accounting Standards Update 2010-22 ("ASU 2012-03"). The update amends various SEC paragraphs pursuant to the issuance of SAB No. 114 and is effective upon issuance. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2012-03 did not have a significant effect on our financial statements.

In October 2012, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2012-04, *Technical Corrections and Improvements* ("ASU 2012-04"). The amendments in this update cover a wide range of Topics in the Accounting Standards Codification. These amendments include technical corrections and improvements to the Accounting Standards Codification and conforming amendments related to fair value measurements. The amendments in this update will be effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The adoption of ASU 2012-04 is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements.

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QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are subject to financial market risks, including changes in interest rates and equity price risk. Some of the loans in our portfolio have floating interest rates.

We may hedge against interest rate fluctuations by using standard hedging instruments such as futures, options and forward contracts subject to the requirements of the 1940 Act. While hedging activities may insulate us against adverse changes in interest rates, they may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of higher interest rates with respect to our portfolio of investments. During the six months ended December 31, 2012, we did not engage in hedging activities.

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DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES

The Notes will be issued under the Indenture referred to in the accompanying prospectus between us and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, and a supplemental indenture establishing the terms of the Notes (collectively, the indenture and supplemental indenture is referred to as the "Indenture"). The following description of particular terms of the Notes supplements the more general description of the debt securities contained in the accompanying prospectus. If there are any inconsistencies between the information in this section and the information in the accompanying prospectus, the information in this section controls. You should read this section together with the section entitled "Description of Our Debt Securities" in the accompanying prospectus beginning on page 141.

Together with the "Description of Our Debt Securities" in the accompanying prospectus, the following description provides a summary of the material provisions of the Notes and the Indenture and does not purport to be complete. We urge you to read the Indenture (including the form of global note contained therein), because it, and not this description, defines your rights as a holder of the Notes.

Brief Description of the Notes

The Notes will:

initially be limited to \$250 million aggregate principal amount;

bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable every September 15 and March 15, commencing on September 15, 2013, in each case having a record date of September 1 and March 1;

will be issued in minimum denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof;

be our general unsecured obligations, ranking equally with all of our other unsecured senior indebtedness (including, but not limited to, the 2015 Notes, the 2016 Notes, the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, 2019 Notes, the 2022 Notes and the Prospect Capital InterNotes®) and senior in right of payment to any of our subordinated indebtedness, effectively subordinated in right of payment to our existing and future secured indebtedness and structurally subordinated to all existing and future debt of our subsidiary;

be subject to repurchase by us at your option if a fundamental change occurs, at a cash repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest, if any) to, but not including, the repurchase date; and

be due March 15, 2023.

Neither we nor our subsidiary will be subject to any financial covenants under the Indenture. In addition, neither we nor our subsidiary will be restricted under the Indenture from paying dividends, incurring debt or issuing or repurchasing our securities. You are not afforded protection under the Indenture in the event of a highly leveraged transaction or a change in control of us, except to the extent described below under " Purchase of Notes by Us for Cash at the Option of Holders upon a Fundamental Change."

No sinking fund is provided for the Notes and the Notes will be subject to defeasance.

The Notes will be represented by global securities that will be deposited and registered in the name of DTC or its nominee. This means that, except in limited circumstances, you will not receive certificates for the Notes. Beneficial interests in the Notes will be represented through book-entry accounts of financial institutions acting on behalf of beneficial owners as direct and indirect participants in DTC. Investors may elect to hold interests in the Notes through either DTC, if they are a participant, or indirectly through organizations which are participants in DTC. For information

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regarding registration of transfer and exchange of the global note held in DTC, see "Registration and Settlement" on page S-66.

Additional Notes

We may, without the consent of the holders of the Notes, increase the principal amount of the Notes by issuing additional Notes in the future on the same terms and conditions, except for any differences in the public offering price and interest accrued prior to the issue date of the additional Notes and the original issue date; provided that such differences do not cause the additional Notes to constitute a different class of securities than the Notes for U.S. federal income tax purposes. The Notes offered by this prospectus supplement and any additional Notes would rank equally and ratably and would be treated as a single class for all purposes under the Indenture. No additional Notes may be issued if any event of default has occurred with respect to the Notes.

Ranking

The Notes will be our general, unsecured obligations and will rank equal in right of payment with all of our existing and future senior, unsecured indebtedness (including, but not limited to, our 2015 Notes, 2016 Notes, 2017 Notes, 2018 Notes, 2019 Notes, 2022 Notes and any Prospect Capital InterNotes®) and senior in right of payment to any of our subordinated indebtedness. As a result, the Notes will be effectively subordinated to our existing and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and structurally subordinated to any existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of our subsidiary. As of March 7, 2013, we and our subsidiary had approximately \$1,139 million of senior indebtedness outstanding, none of which was secured indebtedness and all of which was unsecured indebtedness.

Payment at Maturity

On the maturity date, each holder will be entitled to receive on such date \$1,000 in cash for each \$1,000 in principal amount of Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest, if any) to, but not including, the maturity date. With respect to the global note, principal and interest (including additional interest, if any) will be paid to DTC in immediately available funds.

Purchase of Notes by Us for Cash at the Option of Holders upon a Fundamental Change

If a fundamental change (as defined below) occurs at any time prior to the maturity of the Notes, you will have the right to require us to repurchase, at the repurchase price described below, all or part of your Notes for which you have properly delivered and not withdrawn a written repurchase notice. The Notes submitted for repurchase must be \$1,000 in principal amount or \$1,000 integral multiples in excess thereof.

The repurchase price will be payable in cash and will equal 100% of the principal amount of the Notes being repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest, if any) to, but excluding, the repurchase date. However, if the repurchase date is after a record date and on or prior to the corresponding interest payment date, the interest (including additional interest, if any) will be paid on the repurchase date to the holder of record on the record date.

We may be unable to repurchase your Notes in cash upon a fundamental change. Our ability to repurchase the Notes in cash in the future may be limited by the terms of our then-existing borrowing agreements. In addition, the occurrence of a fundamental change could cause an event of default under the terms of our then-existing borrowing agreements. We cannot assure you that we would have the financial resources, or would be able to arrange financing, to pay the repurchase price in cash. See "Risk Factors" We may be unable to repurchase the Notes following a fundamental change" on page S-13 of this prospectus supplement.

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A "fundamental change" will be deemed to have occurred when any of the following has occurred:

- 1. the consummation of any transaction (including, without limitation, any merger or consolidation other than those excluded under clause (3) below) the result of which is that any "person" becomes the "beneficial owner" (as these terms are defined in Rule 13d-3 and Rule 13d-5 under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of our capital stock that is at the time entitled to vote by the holder thereof in the election of our board of directors (or comparable body); or
 - 2. the adoption of a plan relating to our liquidation or dissolution; or
- 3. the consolidation or merger of us with or into any other person, or the sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition, in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of our assets and those of our subsidiary taken as a whole to any "person" (as this term is used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act), other than:

any transaction that does not result in any reclassification, conversion, exchange or cancellation of all or substantially all of the outstanding shares of our capital stock;

any changes resulting from a subdivision or combination or a change solely in par value;

any transaction pursuant to which the holders of 50% or more of the total voting power of all shares of our capital stock entitled to vote generally in elections of directors immediately prior to such transaction have the right to exercise, directly or indirectly, 50% or more of the total voting power of all shares of capital stock of the continuing or surviving person immediately after giving effect to such transaction entitled to vote generally in elections of directors; or

any merger primarily for the purpose of changing our jurisdiction of incorporation and resulting in a reclassification, conversion or exchange of outstanding shares of common stock solely into shares of common stock of the surviving entity; or

4. the termination of trading of our common stock, which will be deemed to have occurred if our common stock is neither listed for trading on the New York Stock Exchange, the NASDAQ Global Market or the NASDAQ Global Select Market (or any of their respective successors).

The definition of "fundamental change" includes a phrase relating to the sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition, in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of our assets and those of our subsidiary taken as a whole. Although there is a developing body of case law interpreting the phrase "substantially all," there is no precise established definition of the phrase under applicable law. Accordingly, the ability of a holder of Notes to require us to repurchase the Notes as a result of a sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of less than all of our assets and those of our subsidiary taken as a whole to another person or group may be uncertain.

On or before the fifth calendar day after the occurrence of a fundamental change, we will provide to all record holders of the Notes on the date of the fundamental change at their addresses shown in the register of the registrar and to beneficial owners to the extent required by applicable law, the trustee and the paying agent, a written notice of the occurrence of the fundamental change and the resulting repurchase right. Such notice shall state, among other things, the event causing the fundamental change and the procedures you must follow to require us to repurchase your Notes.

The repurchase date will be a date specified by us in the notice of a fundamental change that is not less than 20 nor more than 35 calendar days after the date of the notice of a fundamental change.

To exercise your repurchase right, you must deliver, prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the repurchase date, a written notice to the paying agent of your exercise of your repurchase right

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(together with the Notes to be repurchased, if certificated Notes have been issued). The repurchase notice must state:

if you hold a beneficial interest in a global Note, your repurchase notice must comply with appropriate DTC procedures; if you hold certificated Notes, the Notes certificate numbers;

the portion of the principal amount of the Notes to be repurchased, which must be \$1,000 or \$1,000 integral multiples in excess thereof: and

that the Notes are to be repurchased by us pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Notes and the Indenture.

You may withdraw your repurchase notice at any time prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the repurchase date by delivering a written notice of withdrawal to the paying agent. If a repurchase notice is given and withdrawn during that period, we will not be obligated to repurchase the Notes listed in the repurchase notice. The withdrawal notice must state:

if you hold a beneficial interest in a global Note, your withdrawal notice must comply with appropriate DTC procedures; if you hold certificated Notes, the certificate numbers of the withdrawn Notes;

the principal amount of the withdrawn Notes; and

the principal amount, if any, which remains subject to the repurchase notice.

Payment of the repurchase price for Notes for which a repurchase notice has been delivered and not withdrawn is conditioned upon book-entry transfer or delivery of the Notes, together with necessary endorsements, to the paying agent, as the case may be. Payment of the repurchase price for the Notes will be made promptly following the later of the repurchase date and the time of book-entry transfer or delivery of the Notes, as the case may be.

If the paying agent holds on the business day immediately following the repurchase date cash sufficient to pay the repurchase price of the Notes that holders have elected to require us to repurchase, then, as of the repurchase date:

the Notes will cease to be outstanding and interest (including additional interest, if any) will cease to accrue, whether or not book-entry transfer of the Notes has been made or the Notes have been delivered to the paying agent, as the case may be; and

all other rights of the holders of Notes will terminate, other than the right to receive the repurchase price upon delivery or transfer of the Notes.

In connection with any repurchase, we will, to the extent applicable:

comply with the provisions of Rule 13e-4 and any other tender offer rules under the Exchange Act that may be applicable at the time of the offer to repurchase the Notes;

file a Schedule TO or any other schedule required in connection with any offer by us to repurchase the Notes; and

comply with all other federal and state securities laws in connection with any offer by us to repurchase the Notes.

This fundamental change repurchase right could discourage a potential acquirer of the Company. However, this fundamental change repurchase feature is not the result of management's knowledge of any specific effort to obtain control of us by means of a merger, tender offer, solicitation or otherwise, or part of a plan by management to adopt a series of anti-takeover provisions. See "Risk Factors" Provisions of the Notes could discourage an acquisition of us by a third party" on page S-14 of this prospectus supplement.

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Our obligation to repurchase the Notes upon a fundamental change would not necessarily afford you protection in the event of a highly leveraged or other transaction involving us that may adversely affect holders. We also could, in the future, enter into certain transactions, including certain recapitalizations, that would not constitute a fundamental change but would increase the amount of our (or our subsidiary's) outstanding debt. The incurrence of significant amounts of additional debt could adversely affect our ability to service our then existing debt, including the Notes. See "Risk Factors" Some significant restructuring transactions may not constitute a fundamental change, in which case we would not be obligated to repurchase the Notes" on page S-13 of this prospectus supplement.

Consolidation, Merger and Sale of Assets by the Company

The Indenture will provide that we may not, in a single transaction or a series of related transactions, consolidate with or merge with or into any other person or sell, convey, transfer or lease our property and assets substantially as an entirety to another person, unless:

either (a) we are the continuing corporation or (b) the resulting, surviving or transferee person (if other than us) is a corporation or limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia and such person assumes, by a supplemental indenture in a form reasonably satisfactory to the trustee, all of our obligations under the Notes and the Indenture;

immediately after giving effect to such transaction, no default or event of default has occurred and is continuing; and

we have delivered to the trustee certain certificates and opinions of counsel if so requested by the trustee.

In the event of any transaction described in and complying with the conditions listed in the immediately preceding paragraph in which the Company is not the continuing corporation, the successor person formed or remaining shall succeed, and be substituted for, and may exercise every right and power of, the Company, and the Company shall be discharged from its obligations, under the Notes and the Indenture.

This covenant includes a phrase relating to the sale, conveyance, transfer and lease of the property and assets of the Company "substantially as an entirety." There is no precise, established definition of the phrase "substantially as an entirety" under New York law, which governs the Indenture and the Notes, or under the laws of Maryland, the Company's state of incorporation. Accordingly, the ability of a holder of the Notes to require us to repurchase the Notes as a result of a sale, conveyance, transfer or lease of less than all of the property and assets of the Company may be uncertain.

An assumption by any person of the Company's obligations under the Notes and the Indenture might be deemed for U.S. federal income tax purposes to be an exchange of the Notes for new Notes by the holders thereof, resulting in recognition of gain or loss for such purposes and possibly other adverse tax consequences to the holders. Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of such an assumption.

Events of Default; Notice and Waiver

In addition to the events of default and the other information with respect to events of default, see "Description of Our Debt Securities Events of Default" beginning on page 138 of the accompanying prospectus, the following will be events of default under the Indenture:

we fail to pay the repurchase price payable in respect of any Notes when due;

we fail to provide notice of the effective date or actual effective date of a fundamental change on a timely basis as required in the Indenture;

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we fail to perform or observe any other term, covenant or agreement in the Notes or the Indenture for a period of 60 calendar days after written notice of such failure is given to us by the trustee or to us and the trustee by the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding;

a failure to pay principal when due (whether at stated maturity or otherwise) or an uncured default that results in the acceleration of maturity, of any indebtedness for borrowed money of the Company or any of our "significant subsidiaries," which term shall have the meaning specified in Rule 1-02(w) of Regulation S-X), other than subsidiaries that are non-recourse or limited recourse subsidiaries, bankruptcy remote special purpose vehicles and any subsidiaries that are not consolidated with us for GAAP purposes, in an aggregate amount in excess of \$20,000,000 (or its foreign currency equivalent), unless such indebtedness is discharged, or such acceleration is rescinded, stayed or annulled, within a period of 30 calendar days after written notice of such failure is given to us by the trustee or to us and the trustee by the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding; or

certain events involving our bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization of the Company or any of our "significant subsidiaries," which term shall have the meaning specified in Rule 1-02(w) of Regulation S-X), other than subsidiaries that are non-recourse or limited recourse subsidiaries, bankruptcy remote special purpose vehicles and any subsidiaries that are not consolidated with us for GAAP purposes.

We are required to notify the trustee promptly upon becoming aware of the occurrence of any default under the Indenture known to us. The trustee is then required within 90 calendar days of being notified by us of the occurrence of any default to give to the registered holders of the Notes notice of all uncured defaults known to it. However, the trustee may withhold notice to the holders of the Notes of any default, except defaults in payment of principal or interest (including additional interest, if any) on the Notes, if the trustee, in good faith, determines that the withholding of such notice is in the interests of the holders. We are also required to deliver to the trustee, on or before a date not more than 120 calendar days after the end of each fiscal year, a written statement as to compliance with the Indenture, including whether or not any default has occurred.

If an event of default specified in the last bullet point listed above occurs and continues, the principal amount of the Notes and accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest, if any) on the outstanding Notes will automatically become due and payable. If any other event of default occurs and is continuing, the trustee or the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes may declare the principal amount of the Notes and accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest, if any) on the outstanding Notes to be due and payable. Thereupon, the trustee may, in its discretion, proceed to protect and enforce the rights of the holders of the Notes by appropriate judicial proceedings.

After a declaration of acceleration, but before a judgment or decree for payment of the money due has been obtained by the trustee, the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes outstanding, by written notice to us and the trustee, may rescind and annul such declaration if:

we have paid (or deposited with the trustee a sum sufficient to pay) (1) all overdue interest (including additional interest, if any) on all Notes; (2) the principal amount of any Notes that have become due otherwise than by such declaration of acceleration; (3) to the extent that payment of such interest is lawful, interest upon overdue interest (including additional interest, if any); and (4) all sums paid or advanced by the trustee under the Indenture and the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the trustee, its agents and counsel; and

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all events of default, other than the non-payment of the principal amount and any accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest, if any) that have become due solely by such declaration of acceleration, have been cured or waived.

For more information on remedies if an event of default occurs, see "Description of Our Debt Securities Events of Default" beginning on page 148 of the accompanying prospectus.

Notwithstanding the foregoing and the description in the accompanying prospectus, the Indenture will provide, if we so elect, that the sole remedy for an event of default relating to the failure to comply with the reporting obligations in the Indenture, which are described below under the caption "Reports," and for any failure to comply with the requirements of Section 314(a)(1) of the Trust Indenture Act (which also relates to the provision of reports), will, at our option, for the 365 days after the occurrence of such an event of default consist exclusively of the right to receive additional interest on the Notes at an annual rate equal to 0.50% of the principal amount of the Notes. In the event we do not elect to pay the additional interest upon an event of default in accordance with this paragraph, the Notes will be subject to acceleration as provided above. The additional interest will accrue on all outstanding Notes from and including the date on which an event of default relating to a failure to comply with the reporting obligations in the Indenture first occurs to but not including the 365th day thereafter (or such earlier date on which the event of default relating to the reporting obligations shall have been cured or waived). On such 365th day (or earlier, if the event of default relating to the reporting obligations is cured or waived prior to such 365th day), such additional interest will cease to accrue and the Notes will be subject to acceleration as provided above if the event of default is continuing. The provisions of the Indenture described in this paragraph will not affect the rights of holders of Notes in the event of the occurrence of any other event of default.

Waiver

The holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes outstanding may, on behalf of the holders of all the Notes, waive any past default or event of default under the Indenture and its consequences, except that a holder cannot waive our failure to pay the repurchase price on the repurchase date in connection with a holder exercising its repurchase rights. For other exceptions to a holder's waiver of past default or event of default under the Indenture, see "Description of Our Debt Securities" Events of Default" beginning on page 148 of the accompanying prospectus.

Modification

Changes Requiring Approval of Each Affected Holder

The Indenture (including the terms and conditions of the Notes) may not be modified or amended without the written consent or the affirmative vote of the holder of each Note affected by such change to:

reduce any amount payable upon repurchase of any Notes;

to add to, delete from or revise the conditions, limitations, and restrictions on the authorized amount, terms, or purposes of issue, authentication and delivery of debt securities, as set forth in the indenture;

change our obligation to repurchase any Notes upon a fundamental change in a manner adverse to the rights of the holders; and

change our obligation to maintain an office or agency in New York City.

For other changes requiring approval of each affected holder, see "Description of our Debt Securities Modification or Waiver" on page 150 of the accompanying prospectus.

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Changes Requiring Majority Approval

The Indenture (including the terms and conditions of the Notes) may be modified or amended, except as described above, with the written consent or affirmative vote of the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding. For such changes requiring majority approval, see "Description of Our Debt Securities Modification or Waiver" on page 150 of the accompanying prospectus.

Changes Requiring No Approval

The Indenture (including the terms and conditions of the Notes) may be modified or amended by us and the trustee, without the consent of the holder of any Notes, to, among other things:

provide for our repurchase obligations in connection with a fundamental change in the event of any reclassification of our common stock, merger or consolidation, or sale, conveyance, transfer or lease of our property and assets substantially as an entity;

secure the Notes;

provide for the assumption of our obligations to the holders of the Notes in the event of a merger or consolidation, or sale, conveyance, transfer or lease of our property and assets substantially as an entirety;

surrender any right or power conferred upon us;

add to our covenants for the benefit of the holders of the Notes;

cure any ambiguity or correct or supplement any inconsistent or otherwise defective provision contained in the Indenture;

conform the provisions of the Indenture to the description of the Notes contained in this prospectus supplement;

make any provision with respect to matters or questions arising under the Indenture that we may deem necessary or desirable and that shall not be inconsistent with provisions of the Indenture; provided that such change or modification does not, in the good faith opinion of our board of directors, adversely affect the interests of the holders of the Notes in any material respect;

add guarantees of obligations under the Notes; and

provide for a successor trustee.

Other

The consent of the holders of Notes is not necessary under the Indenture to approve the particular form of any proposed modification or amendment. It is sufficient if such consent approves the substance of the proposed modification or amendment. After a modification or amendment under the Indenture becomes effective, we are required to mail to the holders a notice briefly describing such modification or amendment. However, the failure to give such notice to all the holders, or any defect in the notice, will not impair or affect the validity of the modification or amendment.

Notes Not Entitled to Consent

Any Notes held by us or by any person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by or under direct or indirect common control with us shall be disregarded (from both the numerator and the denominator) for purposes of determining whether the holders of the requisite aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes have consented to a modification, amendment or waiver of the terms of the Indenture.

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Reports

We shall deliver to the trustee, within 30 days after filing with the SEC, copies of the annual reports and of the information, documents and other reports (or copies of such portions of any of the foregoing as the SEC may by rules and regulations prescribe) that we are required to file with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act; provided, that any such information, documents or reports filed electronically with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act shall be deemed filed with and delivered to the trustee and the holders at the same time as filed with the SEC.

Satisfaction and Discharge

The Indenture shall upon the written request or order signed in the name of the Company, or the "Company Request," cease to be of further effect with respect to any series of notes specified in such Company Request (except as to any surviving rights of registration of transfer or exchange of notes of such series expressly provided in the Indenture, any surviving rights of tender for repayment at the option of the holders and any right to receive additional amounts, as provided in the Indenture), and the trustee, upon receipt of a company order, and at the expense of the Company, shall execute proper instruments acknowledging satisfaction and discharge of the Indenture as to such series when (1) either:

- (A) all notes of such series theretofore authenticated and delivered and all coupons, if any, appertaining thereto (other than (i) coupons appertaining to bearer securities surrendered for exchange for registered securities and maturing after such exchange, whose surrender is not required or has been waived as provided in the Indenture, (ii) notes and coupons of such series which have been destroyed, lost or stolen and which have been replaced or paid as provided in the Indenture, (iii) coupons appertaining to the notes called for redemption and maturing after the relevant redemption date, whose surrender has been waived as provided in the Indenture, and (iv) notes and coupons of such series for whose payment money has theretofore been deposited in trust with the trustee or any paying agent or segregated and held in trust by the Company and thereafter repaid to the Company or discharged from such trust), as provided in the Indenture have been delivered to the trustee for cancellation; or
- (B) all notes of such series and, in the case of (i) or (ii) below, any coupons appertaining thereto not theretofore delivered to the Trustee for cancellation
 - (i) have become due and payable, or
 - (ii) will become due and payable at their stated maturity within one year, or
 - (iii) if redeemable at the option of the Company, are to be called for redemption within one year under arrangements satisfactory to the trustee for the giving of notice of redemption by the trustee in the name, and at the expense, of the Company, and the Company, in the case of (i), (ii) or (iii) above, has irrevocably deposited or caused to be deposited with the trustee as trust funds in trust for such purpose, solely for the benefit of the holders, an amount in the currency in which the Notes of such series are payable, sufficient to pay and discharge the entire indebtedness on such notes and such coupons not theretofore delivered to the trustee for cancellation, for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, to the date of such deposit (in the case of Notes which have become due and payable) or to the stated maturity or redemption date, as the case may be;
 - (2) the Company has irrevocably paid or caused to be irrevocably paid all other sums payable under the Indenture by the Company; and

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(3) the Company has delivered to the trustee an officers' certificate and an opinion of counsel, each stating that all conditions precedent in the Indenture provided for relating to the satisfaction and discharge of the Indenture as to such series have been complied with.

Notwithstanding the satisfaction and discharge of the Indenture, the obligations of the Company to the trustee and any predecessor trustee under the Indenture, the obligations of the Company to any authenticating agent under the Indenture and, if money shall have been deposited with the Trustee pursuant to subclause (B) of clause (1), the obligations of the trustee for application of the funds and the notes deposited with the trustee and held in trust for payment shall survive any termination of the Indenture.

Governing Law

The Notes and the Indenture shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York.

Form, Denomination and Registration

The Notes wil	l be issued:
	in fully registered form;
	without interest coupons; and

in denominations of \$1,000 principal amount and integral multiples of \$1,000.

REGISTRATION AND SETTLEMENT

The Depository Trust Company

The Notes will be issued in book-entry only form. This means that we will not issue certificates for the Notes, except in the limited case described below. Instead, we will issue the global note in registered form. The global note will be held through DTC and will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC.

Accordingly, Cede & Co. will be the holder of record of the Notes. The Notes represented by the global note evidences a beneficial interest in the global note.

Beneficial interest in the global note will be shown on, and transfers are effected through, records maintained by DTC or its participants. In order to own a beneficial interest in the Notes, you must be an institution that has an account with DTC or have a direct or indirect account with such an institution. Transfers of ownership interests in the Notes will be accomplished by making entries in DTC participants' books acting on behalf of beneficial owners.

So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered holder of the global note, DTC or its nominee, as the case may be, will be the sole holder and owner of the Notes represented thereby for all purposes, including payment of principal and interest, under the indenture. Except as otherwise provided below, you will not be entitled to receive physical delivery of certificated notes and will not be considered the holder of the Notes for any purpose under the indenture. Accordingly, you must rely on the procedures of DTC and the procedures of the DTC participant through which you own your Note in order to exercise any rights of a holder of a Note under the indenture. The laws of some jurisdictions require that certain purchasers of notes take physical delivery of such notes in certificated form. Those limits and laws may impair the ability to transfer beneficial interests in the Notes.

The global note representing the Notes will be exchangeable for certificated notes of like tenor and terms and of differing authorized denominations in a like aggregate principal amount, only if (1) DTC notifies us that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depositary for the global note or we become aware that DTC has ceased to be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act and, in any such case we fail to appoint a successor to DTC within 60 calendar days, (2) we, in our sole discretion, determine that the global note shall be exchangeable for certificated notes or (3) an event of default has occurred and is continuing with respect to the Notes under the indenture. Upon any such exchange, the certificated notes shall be registered in the names of the beneficial owners of the global note representing the Notes.

The following is based on information furnished by DTC:

DTC will act as securities depositary for the Notes. The Notes will be issued as fully-registered notes registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully registered global note will be issued for all of the principal amount of the Notes.

The global note representing the Notes will be exchangeable for certificated notes of like tenor and terms and of differing authorized denominations in a like aggregate principal amount, only if (1) DTC notifies us that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depositary for the global note or we become aware that DTC has ceased to be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act and, in any such case we fail to appoint a successor to DTC within 60 calendar days, (2) we, in our sole discretion, determine that the global note shall be exchangeable for certificated notes or (3) an event of default has occurred and is continuing with respect to the Notes under the indenture. Upon any such exchange, the certificated notes shall be registered in the names of the beneficial owners of the global note representing the Notes.

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The following is based on information furnished by DTC:

DTC will act as securities depositary for the Notes. The Notes will be issued as fully-registered notes registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully registered global note will be issued for all of the principal amount of the Notes.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Exchange Act. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues and money market instruments from over 100 countries that DTC's direct participants deposit with DTC.

DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among direct participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between direct participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of direct participants of DTC and members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Government Securities Clearing Corporation, MBS Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, as well as by The New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a direct participant, either directly or indirectly. The DTC rules applicable to its participants are on file with the SEC. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of the Notes under the DTC system must be made by or through direct participants, which will receive a credit for the Notes on DTC's records. The beneficial interest of each actual purchaser of the Notes is in turn to be recorded on the direct and indirect participants' records. Beneficial owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the direct or indirect participant through which the beneficial owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of beneficial interests in the Notes are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of direct and indirect participants acting on behalf of beneficial owners. Beneficial owners will not receive certificates representing their beneficial interests in the Notes, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Notes is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Notes deposited by direct participants with DTC will be registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of the Notes with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual beneficial owners of the Notes; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the direct participants to whose accounts such Notes will be credited, which may or may not be the beneficial owners. The direct and indirect participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to direct participants, by direct participants to indirect participants, and by direct participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial owners of the Notes may wish to take

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certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Notes, such as redemption, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the security documents. For example, beneficial owners of the Notes may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Notes for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to beneficial owners. In the alternative, beneficial owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar of the Notes and request that copies of the notices be provided to them directly. Any such request may or may not be successful.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Notes unless authorized by a direct participant in accordance with DTC's procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to us as soon as possible after the regular record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those direct participants to whose accounts the notes are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

We will pay principal and or interest payments on the Notes in same-day funds directly to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit direct participants' accounts on the applicable payment date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information. Payments by participants to beneficial owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of these participants and not of DTC or any other party, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements that may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC, is our responsibility, disbursement of such payments to direct participants is the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the beneficial owners is the responsibility of the direct or indirect participant.

We will send any redemption notices to DTC. If less than all of the Notes are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each direct participant in such issue to be redeemed.

A beneficial owner, or its authorized representative, shall give notice to elect to have its Notes repaid by us, through its direct or indirect participant, to the trustee, and shall effect delivery of such Notes by causing the direct participant to transfer that participant's interest in the global note representing the Notes, on DTC's records, to the trustee. The requirement for physical delivery of the Notes in connection with a demand for repayment will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the global note representing the Notes are transferred by the direct participants on DTC's records.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository for the Notes at any time by giving us reasonable notice. Under such circumstances, if a successor securities depositary is not obtained, we will print and deliver certificated notes. We may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depositary). In that event, we will print and deliver certificated notes.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's system has been obtained from sources that we believe to be reliable, but neither we, the underwriter nor any agent takes any responsibility for its accuracy.

Registration, Transfer and Payment of Certificated Notes

If we ever issue notes in certificated form, those notes may be presented for registration, transfer and payment at the office of the registrar or at the office of any transfer agent designated and maintained by us. We have originally designated U.S. Bank National Association to act in those

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capacities for the Notes. The registrar or transfer agent will make the transfer or registration only if it is satisfied with the documents of title and identity of the person making the request. There will not be a service charge for any exchange or registration of transfer of the Notes, but we may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with the exchange. At any time, we may change transfer agents or approve a change in the location through which any transfer agent acts. We also may designate additional transfer agents for any notes at any time.

We will not be required to: (1) issue, exchange or register the transfer of any Note to be redeemed for a period of 15 days after the selection of the Notes to be redeemed; (2) exchange or register the transfer of any Note that was selected, called or is being called for redemption, except the unredeemed portion of any Note being redeemed in part; or (3) exchange or register the transfer of any Note as to which an election for repayment by the holder has been made, except the unrepaid portion of any Note being repaid in part.

We will pay principal of and interest on any certificated notes at the offices of the paying agents we may designate from time to time. Generally, we will pay interest on a note by check on any interest payment date other than at stated maturity or upon earlier redemption or repayment to the person in whose name the note is registered at the close of business on the regular record date for that payment. We will pay principal and interest at stated maturity or upon earlier redemption or repayment in same-day funds against presentation and surrender of the applicable notes.

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SUPPLEMENT TO MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following summary of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations supplements the discussion set forth under the heading "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus and is subject to the qualifications and assumptions set forth therein.

The following is a general summary of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations relating to the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Notes. This discussion is based upon the Code, Treasury Regulations and judicial decisions and administrative interpretations thereof, all as of the date hereof and all of which are subject to change or differing interpretations, possibly with retroactive effect. No ruling from the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") has been sought regarding any matter discussed herein. No assurance can be given that the IRS would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a position contrary to any of the tax aspects set forth below.

This discussion applies only to a holder of Notes that acquires the Notes pursuant to this offering at the initial offering price and who holds the Notes as a capital asset (generally, property held for investment) under the Code. This discussion does not address any U.S. federal estate or gift tax consequences or any state, local or non-U.S. tax consequences. In addition, this discussion does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be applicable to investors in light of their particular circumstances, or to investors subject to special treatment under U.S. federal income tax law, including, but not limited to:

banks, insurance companies or other financial institutions;
persons subject to the alternative minimum tax;
cooperatives;
tax-exempt organizations;
dealers in securities;
expatriates;
foreign persons or entities (except to the extent set forth below);
persons deemed to sell the Notes under the constructive sale provisions of the Code; or
persons that hold the Notes as part of a straddle, hedge, conversion transaction or other integrated investment.

If a partnership (including any entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) owns Notes, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership will depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. Partners in a partnership that owns the Notes should consult their tax advisors as to the particular U.S. federal income tax consequences applicable to them.

We encourage investors to consult their tax advisors regarding the specific consequences of an investment in our Notes, including tax reporting requirements, the applicability of U.S. federal, state, local and foreign tax laws, eligibility for the benefits of any applicable tax treaty and the effect of any possible changes in the tax laws.

Consequences to U.S. Noteholders

The following is a general summary of certain U.S. federal income tax consequences that will apply to you if you are a U.S. Noteholder. Certain U.S. federal income tax consequences to non-U.S. Noteholders are described under "Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders" below. For purposes of this summary, the term "U.S. Noteholder" means a beneficial owner of a Note that is, for U.S. federal

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income tax purposes (i) an individual who is a citizen or resident of the U.S., (ii) a corporation, or other entity treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, that is created or organized under the laws of the U.S., any of the States or the District of Columbia, (iii) an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source, or (iv) a trust (A) if a court within the U.S. is able to exercise primary supervision over its administration and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of such trust, or (B) that has made a valid election to be treated as a U.S. person for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Stated interest on the Notes

The Notes will not be treated as having original issue discount for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, a U.S. Noteholder generally will be required to recognize stated interest as ordinary income at the time it is paid or accrued on the Notes in accordance with its regular method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of the Notes

Upon the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of a Note, a U.S. Noteholder generally will recognize capital gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between (1) the sum of cash plus the fair market value of all other property received on such disposition (except to the extent such cash or property is attributable to accrued but unpaid interest, which, to the extent not previously included in income, generally will be taxable as ordinary income) and (2) its adjusted tax basis in the Note. A U.S. Noteholder's adjusted tax basis in a Note generally will equal the price the U.S. Noteholder paid for the Note. Such capital gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss if, at the time of such taxable disposition, the U.S. Noteholder has held the Note for more than one year. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Medicare Tax

Certain U.S. Noteholders who are individuals, estates or trusts and whose income exceeds certain thresholds will be required to pay a 3.8% Medicare tax on interest and other income, including interest on the Notes and capital gains from the sale or other disposition of the Notes.

Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders

The following is a general summary of certain U.S. federal income tax consequences that will apply to you if you are a non-U.S. Noteholder. A beneficial owner of a Note that is not a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes or a U.S. Noteholder is referred to herein as a "non-U.S. Noteholder."

Stated interest on the Notes

Stated interest paid or accrued to a non-U.S. Noteholder will generally not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax if the interest is not effectively connected with its conduct of a trade or business within the United States, and the non-U.S. Noteholder:

does not own, actually or constructively, 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our stock entitled to vote;

is not a "controlled foreign corporation" with respect to which we are, directly or indirectly, a "related person";

is not a bank whose receipt of interest on the Notes is described in section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Code; and

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provides its name and address, and certifies, under penalties of perjury, that it is not a U.S. person (on a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or other applicable form), or holds its Notes through certain foreign intermediaries and satisfies the certification requirements of applicable Treasury Regulations.

If a non-U.S. Noteholder does not qualify for an exemption under these rules, interest income from the Notes may be subject to withholding tax at the rate of 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate). Stated interest effectively connected with a non-U.S. Noteholder's conduct of a U.S. trade or business (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, which is attributable to a United States permanent establishment), however, would not be subject to a 30% withholding tax so long as the non-U.S. Noteholder provides us or our paying agent with an adequate certification (currently on IRS Form W-8ECI); such payments of interest generally would be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis at the rates applicable to U.S. persons generally. In addition, if a non-U.S. Noteholder is a foreign corporation and the stated interest is effectively connected with its conduct of a U.S. trade or business, it may also be subject to a 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate) branch profits tax on its effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, subject to adjustments. To claim the benefit of a tax treaty, a non-U.S. Noteholder must provide a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN (or other applicable form) to us or our paying agent before the payment of stated interest and may be required to obtain a U.S. taxpayer identification number and provide documentary evidence issued by foreign governmental authorities to prove residence in the foreign country.

Sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of the Notes

Any gain recognized by a non-U.S. Noteholder on the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of the Notes (except with respect to accrued and unpaid interest, which would be taxed as described under "Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders Stated interest on the Notes" above) generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax unless:

the non-U.S. Noteholder's gain is effectively connected with its conduct of a U.S. trade or business (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, is attributable to a United States permanent establishment); or

the non-U.S. Noteholder is a nonresident alien individual present in the U.S. for 183 or more days in the taxable year within which the sale, exchange, redemption or other disposition takes place and certain other requirements are met.

If a non-U.S. Noteholder is a holder described in the first bullet point above, the net gain derived from the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of its Notes generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis at the rates applicable to U.S. persons generally. In addition, if such non-U.S. Noteholder is a foreign corporation, it may also be subject to a 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate) branch profits tax on its effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, subject to adjustments. If a non-U.S. Noteholder is a holder described in the second bullet point above, it will be subject to a flat 30% U.S. federal income tax on the gain derived from the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of its Notes, which may be offset by U.S. source capital losses, even though it is not considered a resident of the United States.

Non-U.S. Noteholders should consult any applicable income tax treaties that may provide for different rules. In addition, non-U.S. Noteholders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Notes.

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Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

U.S. Noteholders

Payments of interest on, or the proceeds of the sale or other disposition of, a Note are generally subject to information reporting unless the U.S. Noteholder is an exempt recipient (such as a corporation). Such payments, along with principal payments on the Note, may also be subject to U.S. federal backup withholding at the applicable rate if the recipient of such payment fails to supply a taxpayer identification number, certified under penalties of perjury, as well as certain other information or otherwise fails to establish an exemption from backup withholding. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a refund or credit against that U.S. Noteholder's U.S. federal income tax liability *provided* the required information is furnished to the IRS.

Non-U.S. Noteholders

A non-U.S. Noteholder may be required to comply with certain certification procedures to establish that the holder is not a U.S. person in order to avoid backup withholding with respect to our payment of principal and interest on, or the proceeds of the sale or other disposition of, a note. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a refund or a credit against that non-U.S. Noteholder's U.S. federal income tax liability *provided* the required information is furnished to the IRS. In certain circumstances, the name and address of the beneficial owner and the amount of interest paid on a Note, as well as the amount, if any, of tax withheld, may be reported to the IRS. Copies of these information returns may also be made available under the provisions of a specific treaty or agreement to the tax authorities of the country in which the non-U.S. Noteholder resides.

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CERTAIN CONSIDERATIONS APPLICABLE TO ERISA, GOVERNMENTAL AND OTHER PLAN INVESTORS

A fiduciary of a pension plan or other employee benefit plan (including a governmental plan, an individual retirement account or a Keogh plan) proposing to invest in the notes should consider this section carefully.

A fiduciary of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (commonly referred to as "ERISA"), should consider fiduciary standards under ERISA in the context of the particular circumstances of such plan before authorizing an investment in the notes. Such fiduciary should consider whether the investment is in accordance with the documents and instruments governing the plan.

In addition, ERISA and the Code prohibit certain transactions (referred to as "prohibited transactions") involving the assets of a plan subject to ERISA or the assets of an individual retirement account or plan subject to Section 4975 of the Code (referred to as an "ERISA plan"), on the one hand, and persons who have certain specified relationships to the plan ("parties in interest" within the meaning of ERISA or "disqualified persons" within the meaning of the Code), on the other. If we (or an affiliate) are considered a party in interest or disqualified person with respect to an ERISA plan, then the investment in notes by the ERISA plan may give rise to a prohibited transaction. The purchase and holding of notes by an ERISA plan may be subject to one or more statutory or administrative exemptions from the prohibited transaction rules under ERISA and the Code. Even if the conditions for relief under such exemptions were satisfied, however, there can be no assurance that such exemptions would apply to all of the prohibited transactions that may be deemed to arise in connection with a plan's investment in the notes.

By purchasing and holding the notes, the person making the decision to invest on behalf of an ERISA plan is representing that the purchase and holding of the notes will not result in a non-exempt prohibited transaction under ERISA or the Code. Therefore, an ERISA plan should not invest in the notes unless the plan fiduciary or other person acquiring notes on behalf of the ERISA plan determines that neither we nor an affiliate is or (at any time during the term of the investment) will become a party in interest or a disqualified person or, alternatively, that an exemption from the prohibited transaction rules is available. If an ERISA plan engages in a non-exempt prohibited transaction, the transaction may require "correction" and may cause the ERISA plan fiduciary to incur certain liabilities and the parties in interest or disqualified persons to be subject to excise taxes.

Employee benefit plans that are governmental plans and non-U.S. plans are not subject to ERISA requirements. However, non-U.S., federal, state or local laws or regulations governing the investment and management of the assets of governmental or non-U.S. plans may contain fiduciary and prohibited transaction requirements similar to those under ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code discussed above. By purchasing and holding the notes, the person making the decision to invest on behalf of such plans is representing that the purchase and holding of the notes will not violate any law applicable to such governmental or non-U.S. plan that is similar to the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA or the Code.

If you are the fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or ERISA plan and you propose to invest in the notes with the assets of such employee benefit plan or ERISA plan, you should consult your own legal counsel for further guidance. The sale of notes to an employee benefit plan is in no respect a representation by us, the underwriter or any other person that such an investment meets all relevant legal requirements with respect to investments by employee benefit plans generally or any particular plan or that such an investment is appropriate for employee benefit plans generally or any particular plan.

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USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that the net proceeds from this offering will be approximately \$243,525,000 after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses of approximately \$400,000 payable by us.

We expect to use the net proceeds from the sale of the Notes initially to maintain balance sheet liquidity, including investments in high quality short-term debt instruments, and thereafter to make long-term investments in accordance with our investment objective. We anticipate that substantially all of the net proceeds from this offering will be used for the above purposes within six months, depending on the availability of appropriate investment opportunities consistent with our investment objective and market conditions.

As of March 7, 2013, we had no borrowings under our credit facility and, based on the assets currently pledged as collateral on the facility, approximately \$300.0 million was available to us for borrowing under our credit facility. Interest on borrowings under the credit facility is one-month LIBOR plus 275 basis points, with no minimum Libor floor. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the credit facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least half of the credit facility is used or 100 basis points otherwise.

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our capitalization as of December 31, 2012:

on an actual basis;

on an as adjusted basis giving effect to the issuance of 160,182 and 160,941 shares in connection with our dividend reinvestment plan on January 23, 2013 and February 20, 2013, respectively, our issuance of 17,650,376 shares of common stock during the period from January 7, 2013 to March 7, 2013 under our ATM Program and the issuance of \$26.3 million aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® since December 31, 2012; and

on an as further adjusted basis giving effect to the transactions noted above and the assumed sale of \$250 million aggregate principal amount of Notes issued at 99.07% but without giving effect to the use of the cash proceeds from such sale as described in "Use of Proceeds" on page S-75.

As of December 31, 2012 As Adjusted for

This table should be read in conjunction with "Use of Proceeds" and our "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our financial statements and notes thereto included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. The adjusted information is illustrative only.

	Actual	Stock Issuances and Borrowings After December 31, 2012	As further Adjusted for this Offering
	(In thousar	nds, except shares and pe	r share data)
		(Unaudited)	
Long-term debt, including current maturities:			
Borrowings under senior credit facility(1)	\$	\$	\$
2015 Notes	150,000	150,000	150,000
2016 Notes	167,500	167,500	167,500
2017 Notes	130,000	130,000	130,000
2018 Notes	200,000	200,000	200,000
2019 Notes	200,000	200,000	200,000
2022 Notes	100,000	100,000	100,000
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	164,993	191,280	191,280
Notes offered hereby			247,675(2)
Amount owed to affiliates	2,392	2,392	2,392
Total long-term debt	1,114,885	1,141,172	1,388,847
Stockholders' equity:			
Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (500,000,000 common shares authorized; 215,173,410 shares outstanding actual, 233,144,909 shares			
outstanding as adjusted and 233,144,909 shares outstanding as further adjusted)	215	233	233
Paid-in capital in excess of par value	2,379,742	2,579,391	2,579,391
Distributions in excess of net investment income	82,817	82,817	82,817
Accumulated realized losses on investments	(57,890)	(57,890)	(57,890)
Net unrealized appreciation on investments	(78,249)	(78,249)	(78,249)
Total stockholders' equity	2,326,635	2,526,302	2,526,302
	,=,,=00	=,== , 00 =	_,= _ ,= J
Total capitalization	\$ 3,441,520	\$ 3,667,474	\$ 3,915,149

- (1) As of December 31, 2012 and March 7, 2013, we had no borrowings under our credit facility.
- (2) The public offering price is 99.07% of the aggregate principal amount of \$250.0 million of the Notes offered hereby.

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SENIOR SECURITIES

Information about our senior securities is shown in the following table as of each fiscal year ended June 30 since the Company commenced operations and as of December 31, 2012.

		ıl Amount	Co	Asset overage per	Involuntary Liquidating Preference per	Average Market Value per
Credit Facility		tanding(1)		Unit(2)	Unit(3)	Unit(4)
Fiscal 2013 (as of December 31, 2012, unaudited)	\$			N/A		
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)		96,000	\$	22,668		
Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)		84,200		18,065		
Fiscal 2010 (as of June 30, 2010)		100,300		8,093		
Fiscal 2009 (as of June 30, 2009)		124,800		5,268		
Fiscal 2008 (as of June 30, 2008)		91,167		5,712		
Fiscal 2007 (as of June 30, 2007)				N/A		
Fiscal 2006 (as of June 30, 2006)		28,500		4,799		
Fiscal 2005 (as of June 30, 2005)				N/A		
Fiscal 2004 (as of June 30, 2004)				N/A		
2015 Notes						
Fiscal 2013 (as of December 31, 2012, unaudited)	\$	150.000	\$	22,928		
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	Ψ	150,000	Ψ	14,507		
Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)		150,000		10,140		
1 iscar 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)		130,000		10,140		
2016 Notes						
Fiscal 2013 (as of December 31, 2012, unaudited)	\$	167,500	\$	20,532		
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)		167,500		12,992		
Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)		172,500		8,818		
2017 Notes						
Fiscal 2013 (as of December 31, 2012, unaudited)	\$	130,000	\$	26,455		
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)		130,000	•	16,739		
				,,		
2018 Notes		•00	+			
Fiscal 2013 (as of December 31, 2012, unaudited)	\$	200,000	\$	17,196		
2019 Notes						
Fiscal 2013 (as of December 31, 2012, unaudited)	\$	200,000	\$	17,196		
1 15th 2012 (do of December 31, 2012, diludited)	Ψ	S-77	Ψ	17,170		
		5-11				

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2022 Notes			
Fiscal 2013 (as of December 31, 2012, unaudited)	\$ 100,000	\$ 34,391	
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	100,000	21,761	
Prospect Capital InterNotes®			
Fiscal 2013 (as of December 31, 2012, unaudited)	\$ 164,993	\$ 20,844	
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	20,638	105,442	
All Senior Securities(5)			
Fiscal 2013 (as of December 31, 2012, unaudited)	\$ 1,112,493	\$ 3,091	
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	664,138	3,277	
Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)	406,700	3,740	

- (1) Total amount of each class of senior securities outstanding at the end of the period presented (in 000's).
- The asset coverage ratio for a class of senior securities representing indebtedness is calculated as our consolidated total assets, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, divided by senior securities representing indebtedness. This asset coverage ratio is multiplied by \$1,000 to determine the Asset Coverage Per Unit.
- (3) This column is inapplicable.
- (4) This column is inapplicable.
- On February 16, 2012, we entered into the Selling Agent Agreement and began offering notes (the "Prospect Capital InterNotes Program"). On March 4, 2013, we entered into a Second Amended and Restated Selling Agent Agreement which continued the Prospect Capital InterNotes Program on substantially similar terms and provides for our issuance of floating rate notes in addition to fixed rate notes. Through March 7, 2013, we have sold \$191.3 million aggregate principal amount of notes. Amounts sold under the Prospect Capital InterNotes Program after December 31, 2012 are not reflected in the table above.

RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

For the three and six months ended December 31, 2012 and the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, 2010, 2009 and 2008, the ratios of earnings to fixed charges of the Company, computed as set forth below, were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended December 31 2012	For the Six Months Ended December 31, 2012	For the Year Ended June 30, 2012	For the Year Ended June 30, 2011	For the Year Ended June 30, 2010	For the Year Ended June 30, 2009	For the Year Ended June 30, 2008
Earnings to Fixed							
Charges(1)	3.83	4.13	5.95	7.72	3.34	6.78	5.37

For purposes of computing the ratios of earnings to fixed charges, earnings represent net increase in net assets resulting from operations plus (or minus) income tax expense including excise tax expense plus fixed charges. Fixed charges include interest and credit facility fees expense and amortization of debt issuance costs.

Earnings include the net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation can vary substantially from year to year. Excluding the net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation, the earnings to fixed charges ratio would be 6.55 for the three months ended December 31, 2012, 6.58 for the six months ended December 31, 2012, 6.79 for the year ended June 30, 2012, 7.29 for the year ended June 30, 2011, 2.87 for the year ended June 30, 2010, 4.35 for the year ended June 30, 2009 and 5.57 for the year ended June 30, 2008.

UNDERWRITING

Barclays Capital Inc. is acting as the sole underwriter of this offering. Under the terms of an underwriting agreement Barclays Capital Inc. has agreed to purchase from us, the \$250,000,000 principal amount of the Notes.

The underwriting agreement provides that the underwriter's obligation to purchase the Notes depends on the satisfaction of the conditions contained in the underwriting agreement including:

the obligation to purchase all of the Notes offered hereby, if any of the Notes are purchased;

the representations and warranties made by us to the underwriter are true;

there is no material change in our business or the financial markets; and

we deliver customary closing documents to the underwriter.

Commissions and Expenses

The following table shows the underwriting discount that we will pay to the underwriter in connection with this offering, expressed as a percentage of the principal amount of the Notes and in total:

Per Note Total
Underwriting discount 1.5% \$ 3,750,000

We estimate that our share of the total expenses of the offering, excluding the underwriting discount, will be approximately \$400,000.

Indemnification

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriter against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, and to contribute to payments that the underwriter may be required to make in respect of those liabilities.

Stabilization and Short Positions

In connection with this offering, the underwriter may engage in certain transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of the Notes. Specifically, the underwriter may overallot in connection with the offering of the Notes, creating a syndicate short position. In addition, the underwriter may bid for and purchase Notes in the open market to cover syndicate short positions or to stabilize the price of the Notes. Any of these activities may stabilize or maintain the market price of the Notes above what it would be in the absence of such activities. The underwriter is not required to engage in any of these activities, and it may end any of them at any time. We and the underwriter make no representation as to the direction or magnitude of any effect that the transactions described above may have on the price of the Notes. In addition, we and the underwriter make no representation that anyone will engage in such transactions or that such transactions, once commenced, will not be discontinued without notice.

Other Relationships

The underwriter and certain of its affiliates are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include securities trading, commercial and investment banking, financial advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, financing and brokerage activities. The underwriter and certain of its affiliates have, from time to time, performed, and may in the future perform, various commercial and investment banking and financial advisory services for the

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issuer and its affiliates, for which they received or may in the future receive customary fees and expenses.

In the ordinary course of its various business activities, the underwriter and certain of its affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers, and such investment and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of the issuer or its affiliates. If the underwriter or its affiliates have a lending relationship with us, they routinely hedge their credit exposure to us consistent with their customary risk management policies. The underwriter and its affiliates may hedge such exposure by entering into transactions which consist of either the purchase of credit default swaps or the creation of short positions in our securities or the securities of our affiliates, including potentially the Notes offered hereby. Any such short positions could adversely affect future trading prices of the Notes offered hereby. The underwriter and certain of its affiliates may also communicate independent investment recommendations, market color or trading ideas and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

Selling Restrictions

This prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell to, or a solicitation of an offer to buy from, anyone in any country or jurisdiction (i) in which such an offer or solicitation is not authorized, (ii) in which any person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or (iii) in which any such offer or solicitation would otherwise be unlawful. No action has been taken that would, or is intended to, permit a public offer of the Notes or possession or distribution of this prospectus or any other offering or publicity material relating to the Notes in any country or jurisdiction (other than the United States) where any such action for that purpose is required. Accordingly, the underwriter has undertaken that it will not, directly or indirectly, offer or sell any Notes or have in its possession, distribute or publish any prospectus, form of application, advertisement or other document or information in any country or jurisdiction except under circumstances that will, to the best of its knowledge and belief, result in compliance with any applicable laws and regulations and all offers and sales of Notes by it will be made on the same terms.

LEGAL MATTERS

The legality of the Notes will be passed upon for the Company by Joseph Ferraro, our General Counsel. Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP ("Skadden, Arps"), New York, New York, and Venable LLP, as special Maryland counsel, Baltimore, Maryland, will pass on certain matters for the Company. Certain legal matters in connection with the offering will be passed upon for the underwriter by Troutman Sanders LLP. Skadden, Arps and Venable LLP each have from time to time acted as counsel for us and our subsidiary and may do so in the future.

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

BDO USA, LLP is the independent registered public accounting firm for the Company.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the Notes offered by this prospectus supplement. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the Notes being registered by this prospectus supplement. We file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current periodic reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. This information and the information specifically regarding how we voted proxies relating to portfolio securities for the period ended June 30, 2012, are available free of charge by contacting us at 10 East 40th Street, 44th floor, New York, NY 10016 or by telephone at toll-free (888) 748-0702. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street NE, Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at (202) 551-8090. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC which are available on the SEC's Internet site at http://www.sec.gov. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following E-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, Washington, D.C. 20549-0102.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	De	ecember 31, 2012		June 30, 2012
	J)	Jnaudited)	((Audited)
Assets (Note 4)				
Investments at fair value:				
Control investments (amortized cost of \$666,360 and \$518,015, respectively)	\$	649,380	\$	564,489
Affiliate investments (amortized cost of \$48,659 and \$44,229, respectively)		48,266		46,116
Non-control/Non-affiliate investments (amortized cost of \$2,402,038 and \$1,537,069, respectively)		2,341,162		1,483,616
Total investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$3,117,057 and \$2,099,313, respectively, Note 3)		3,038,808		2,094,221
Investments in money market funds		430,945		118,369
investments in money market rands		430,943		110,509
Total investments		3,469,753		2,212,590
Cash		2,219		2,825
Receivables for:		,		·
Interest, net		16,531		14,219
Dividends		11		1
Other		2,409		783
Prepaid expenses		227		421
Deferred financing costs		38,571		24,415
Total Assets		3,529,721		2,255,254
Liabilities				
Credit facility payable (Note 4 and Note 8)				96,000
Senior convertible notes (Note 5 and Note 8)		847,500		447,500
Senior unsecured notes (Note 6 and Note 8)		100,000		100,000
Prospect Capital InterNotes® (Note 7 and Note 8)		164,993		20,638
Due to broker		38,291		44,533
Dividends payable		23,669		14,180
Due to Prospect Administration (Note 12)		373		658
Due to Prospect Capital Management (Note 12)		2,019		7,913
Accrued expenses		16,544		9,648
Other liabilities		9,697		2,210
Total Liabilities		1,203,086		743,280
Net Assets	\$	2,326,635	\$	1,511,974
Components of Net Assets				
Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (500,000,000 common shares authorized; 215,173,410 and				
139,633,870 issued and outstanding, respectively) (Note 9)	\$	215	\$	140
Paid-in capital in excess of par (Note 9)	φ	2,379,742	φ	1,544,801
Undistributed net investment income		82,817		23,667
Accumulated realized losses on investments		(57,890)		(51,542)
Unrealized depreciation on investments				
Omeanized depreciation on investments		(78,249)		(5,092)

Net Assets		\$ 2,326,635	\$ 1,511,974
Net Asset Value Per Share		\$ 10.81	\$ 10.83
See n	otes to consolidated financial statements.		
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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

For The Three and Six Months Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

(Unaudited)

		e Months Ended aber 31,		Months Ended aber 31,
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Investment Income				
Interest Income: (Note 3)				
Control investments	\$ 33,239	\$ 6,415	\$ 51,158	\$ 12,580
Affiliate investments	1,694	2,399	3,345	4,801
Non-control/Non-affiliate investments other than CLO securities	58,513	36,714	103,540	70,034
CLO fund securities	23,420	608	37,133	1,108
Total interest income	116,866	46,136	195,176	88,523
Dividend income:				
Control investments	31,717	17,645	64,967	24,345
Non-control/Non-affiliate investments	230	1,384	3,185	1,733
Money market funds	8	-,	11	1
Total dividend income	31,955	19,029	68,163	26,079
Other income: (Note 10)				
Control investments	5,095	612	5,097	618
Affiliate investments	605	13	613	74
Non-control/Non-affiliate investments	11,514	1,473	20,622	7,311
Total other income	17,214	2,098	26,332	8,003
Total Investment Income	166,035	67,263	289,671	122,605
Operating Expenses				
Investment advisory fees:				
Base management fee (Note 12)	16,306	8,825	29,534	17,036
Income incentive fee (Note 12)	24,804	9,127	43,311	16,096
Total investment advisory fees	41,110	17,952	72,845	33,132
Interest and credit facility expenses	16,414	9,759	29,925	18,719
Legal fees	635	510	1,257	942
Valuation services	371	306	747	608
Audit, compliance and tax related fees	378	525	810	865
Allocation of overhead from Prospect Administration (Note 12)	2,139	1,117	4,323	2,233
Insurance expense	78	20	171	99
Directors' fees	75	63	150	127
Excise tax (Note 2)	4,500		4,500	
Other general and administrative expenses	1,119	503	1,700	1,495

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Total Operating Expenses	66,819	30,755	116,428	58,220
Net Investment Income	99,216	36,508	173,243	64,385
Net realized (loss) gain on investments (Note 3)	(8,123)	13,498	(6,348)	(1,109)
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation on investments (Note 3)	(44,604)	14,486	(73,157)	41,116
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$ 46,489	\$ 64,492	\$ 93,738	\$ 104,392
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations per share: (Note 11 and Note 15)	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.59	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.96
Dividends declared per share	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.61	\$ 0.61

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

For The Six Months Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

	For The Six Months Ended December 31,		
	2012		2011
Increase in Net Assets from Operations:			
Net investment income	\$ 173,243	\$	64,385
Net realized loss on investments	(6,348)		(1,109)
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation on investments	(73,157)		41,116
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	93,738		104,392
Dividends to Shareholders	(114,093)		(66,553)
Capital Share Transactions:			
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock	829,503		15,060
Less: Offering costs of public share offerings	(1,514)		(165)
Reinvestment of dividends	7,027		5,393
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Capital Share Transactions	835,016		20,288
Total Increase in Net Assets	814,661		58,127
Net assets at beginning of period	1,511,974		1,114,357
Net Assets at End of Period	\$ 2,326,635	\$	1,172,484
Capital Share Activity:			
Shares sold	69,407,632		1,500,000
Shares issued to acquire controlled investments	5,507,381		
Shares issued through reinvestment of dividends	624,527		584,361
Net increase in capital share activity	75,539,540		2,084,361
Shares outstanding at beginning of period	139,633,870		107,606,690
Shares Outstanding at End of Period	215,173,410		109,691,051

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For The Six Months Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

	For The Six Months Ended December 31,			
		2012		2011
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$	93,738	\$	104,392
Adjustments to reconcile net increase in net assets resulting from operations to net cash used in operations:				
Net realized loss on investments		6,348		1,109
Net change in unrealized depreciation (appreciation) on investments		73,157		(41,116)
Amortization of discounts and premiums		(11,422)		(2,575)
Amortization of deferred financing costs		3,724		4,494
Payment-in-kind interest		(4,048)		(3,329)
Structuring fees		(24,273)		(7,356)
Change in operating assets and liabilities				
Payments for purchases of investments		(1,432,490)		(366,587)
Proceeds from sale of investments and collection of investment principal		507,392		166,261
Net increase of investments in money market funds		(312,576)		(802)
Increase in interest receivable		(2,312)		(470)
Increase in dividends receivable		(10)		
Increase in other receivables		(1,626)		(250)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses		194		(286)
(Decrease) increase in due to broker		(6,242)		17,339
(Decrease) increase in due to Prospect Administration		(285)		416
(Decrease) increase in due to Prospect Capital Management		(5,894)		9,753
Increase in accrued expenses		6,896		90
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities		7,487		(848)
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities		(1,102,242)		(119,765)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:				
Borrowings under credit facility (Note 4)		99,000		442,300
Principal payments under credit facility (Note 4)		(195,000)		(274,500)
Issuance of Senior Convertible Notes (Note 5)		400,000		
Issuance of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (Note 7)		144,355		
Financing costs paid and deferred		(17,880)		(1,629)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of underwriting costs		770,252		15,060
Offering costs from issuance of common stock		(1,514)		(165)
Dividends paid		(97,577)		(60,932)
Net Cash Provided By Financing Activities		1,101,636		120,134
Total (Decrease) Increase in Cash		(606)		369
Cash balance at beginning of period		2,825		1,492
Cash Balance at End of Period	\$	2,219	\$	1,861

Cash Paid For Interest	\$	17,442	\$	12,777
Non-Cash Financing Activity:				
Amount of shares issued in connection with dividend reinvestment plan	\$	7,027	\$	5,393
Amount of shares issued in connection with controlled investments	\$	59,251	\$	
7 mount of smales issued in connection with controlled investments	Ψ	37,231	Ψ	

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

(in thousands, except share data)

			December 31, 2012 (Un			ndited) % of		
Portfolio Company LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO IN	Locale / Industry NVESTMENTS:	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	Net Assets		
Control Investments (25.00	% or greater of voting conti	rol)						
AIRMALL USA, Inc.(27)	Pennsylvania / Property Management	Senior Secured Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/30/2015)(3),(4) Senior Subordinated Term Loan (12.00% plus 6.00% PIK, due 12/31/2015) Convertible Preferred Stock (9,919.684 shares) Common Stock (100 shares)	\$ 29,050	\$ 29,050	\$ 29,050	1.2%		
			12,500	12,500 9,920	12,500 8,202	0.5% 0.4% 0.0%		
				51,470	49,752	2.1%		
Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, Inc.	South Carolina / Manufacturing	Senior Secured Note Tranche A (10.50% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due	10.040	10.010	10.010	0.0~		
		4/01/2013)(3),(4) Subordinated Secured Note Tranche B (11.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 6.00% PIK, due 4/01/2013)(3), (4) Subordinated Unsecured Note (11.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 6.00% PIK, due 12/31/2017)(4) Convertible Preferred Stock Series A (6,142.6	19,910	19,910	19,910	0.9%		
			15,035	15,035	15,035	0.6%		
			3,600	3,600	3,600	0.2%		
		shares) Unrestricted Common Stock (6 shares)		6,057	4,866 5	0.2% 0.0%		
				44,602	43,416	1.9%		
APH Property Holdings, LLC(32)	Georgia / Real Estate	Senior Secured Note (10.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% PIK, due 10/24/2020)(4) Common Stock (17,400 shares)	12,418	12,418	12,418	0.5%		
			12,410	5,002	5,002	0.2%		
				17,420	17,420	0.7%		
, , ,	North Carolina / Machinery	Members Units Class A (1,800,000 units)				0.0%		
		Members Units Class B-1 (1 unit) Members Units Class B-2 (7,999,999 units)				0.0% 0.0%		
						0.0%		
Borga, Inc.	California / Manufacturing	Revolving Line of Credit \$1,000 Commitment (5.00% (PRIME + 1.75%) plus 3.00% default interest, in non-accrual status effective 03/02/2010,						
		past due)(4),(25) Senior Secured Term Loan B (8.50% (PRIME + 5.25%) plus 3.00% default interest, in	1,000 1,612	945 1,500	622	0.0% 0.0%		

non-accrual status effective 03/02/2010, past due)(4)

Senior Secured Term Loan C (12.00% plus 4.00% PIK plus 3.00% default interest, in non-accrual status effective 03/02/2010, past due) 9,546 707 0.0% Common Stock (100 shares)(21) 0.0% Warrants (33,750 warrants)(21) 3,152 622 0.0%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

			Dece	mber 31, 20	012 (Unaudited) % of	
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO IN						
Control Investments (25.00	0			+		
CCPI Holdings Inc(33)	Ohio / Manufacturing	Senior Secured Note (10.00%, due 12/31/2017) Senior Secured Note (12.00% plus 7.00% PIK, due	\$ 17,888	\$ 17,888	\$ 17,888	0.8%
		6/30/2018) Common Stock (100 shares)	7,526	7,526 8,581	7,526 8,581	0.3% 0.4%
				22.005	22.005	1.50
				33,995	33,995	1.5%
Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC(34)	Ohio / Consumer Finance	Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility \$60,000 Commitment (20.00%(LIBOR + 18.50% with				
		1.50% LIBOR floor), due 12/31/2020)(4), (25) Common Stock (100 shares)	38,082	38,082 9,581	38,082 9,581	1.6% 0.4%
		, ,				• • •
				47,663	47,663	2.0%
Energy Solutions Holdings, Inc.(8)	Texas / Gas Gathering and Processing	Senior Secured Note (18.00%, due 12/11/2016)	5,000	5,000	5,000	0.2%
Holdings, Ilic.(8)	and Frocessing	Junior Secured Note (18.00%, due 12/12/2016)	12,000	12,000	12,000	0.2%
		Senior Secured Note to Vessel Holdings LLC				
		(18.00%, due 12/12/2016) Subordinated Secured Note to Freedom Marine Holdings, LLC (12.00% (LIBOR + 6.11% with 5.89% LIBOR floor) plus 4.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 10/1/2010, due	3,500	3,500	3,500	0.2%
		12/31/2011)(4) Senior Secured Debt to Yatesville Coal Holdings, Inc. (Non-accrual status effective	13,628	12,503	5,896	0.3%
		1/1/2009, past due)	1,449	1,449		0.0%
		Escrow	1,777	1,442	4,997	0.2%
		Common Stock (100 shares)		8,318	8,507	0.4%
				42,770	39,900	1.8%
First Tower Holdings of Delaware, LLC.(22),(29)	Mississippi / Consumer Finance	Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility \$400,000 Commitment (20.00% (LIBOR + 18.50% with				
2011111110, 220.(22),(2))	1	1.50% LIBOR floor), due 6/30/2022)(4), (25)	264,760	264,760	264,760	11.4%
		Common Stock (83,729,323 shares) Net Revenue Interest (5% of Net Revenue &	,,,,,,	43,193	45,649	2.0%
		Distributions)				0.0%
				307,953	310,409	13.4%
Manx Energy, Inc.	Kansas / Oil & Gas	Senior Secured Note (13.00%, in non-accrual status				
("Manx")(12)	Production	effective 1/19/2010, due 6/21/2013)	3,550	3,550		0.0%
		Preferred Stock (6,635 shares)		6,307		0.0%
		Common Stock (17,082 shares)		1,170		0.0%

				11,027		0.0%
NMMB Holdings, Inc.(24)	New York / Media	Senior Term Loan (14.00%, due 5/6/2016) Senior Subordinated Term Loan (15.00%, due	19,000	19,000	18,975	0.8%
		5/6/2016) Series A Preferred Stock (4,400 shares)	2,800	2,800 4,400	1,225	0.1% 0.0%
				26,200	20,200	0.9%
R-V Industries, Inc.	Pennsylvania / Manufacturing	Senior Subordinated Note (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor,) due				
		5/30/2018)	9,500	9,500	9,500	0.4%
		Warrants (200,000 warrants, expiring 6/30/2017)(4)		1,682	6,299	0.3%
		Common Stock (545,107 shares)		5,087	17,167	0.7%
				16,269	32,966	1.4%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

			December 31, 2012 (Unaudited)					
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets		
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO	O INVESTMENTS:	.,	value	Cost	value(2)	1133013		
Control Investments (2) The Healing	5.00% or greater of voting North Carolina /	ng control) Secured Promissory Notes (15.00%, in						
Staff, Inc.(9)	Contracting	non-accrual status effective 12/22/2010, due 3/21/2012 12/18/2013)	\$ 2,581	\$ 2,580	\$	0.0%		
		Senior Demand Note (15.00%, in non-accrual status effective 11/1/2010, past due)	1,170	1,170		0.0%		
		Common Stock (1,000 shares)	1,170	1,170		0.0%		
				3,750		0.0%		
Valley Electric Co. of	Washington /	Senior Secured Note (9.00%						
Mt. Vernon, Inc(35)	Construction & Engineering	(LIBOR + 6.00%, with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 9.00% PIK, due 12/31/2018)(4)	32,572	32,572	32,572	1.4%		
		Senior Secured Note (8.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK,						
		due 12/31/2017)(4)	10,000	10,000	10,000	0.4%		
		Common Stock (50,000 Shares)		9,526	9,526	0.4%		
				52,098	52,098	2.2%		
Wolf Energy Holdings, Inc. (12)	Kansas / Oil & Gas Production	Appalachian Energy Holdings, LLC ("AEH") Senior Secured First Lien Note						
		(8.00%, in non-accrual status effective 1/19/2010, due 6/21/2013) Coalbed, LLC Senior Secured Note (8.00%, in non-accrual status effective 1/19/2010, due	2,540	2,000	235	0.0%		
		6/21/2013)(6) Common Stock (100 Shares)	7,620	5,991	704	0.0% 0.0%		
				7,991	939	0.0%		
		Total Contr	ol Investments	666,360	649,380	27.9%		
Affiliata Investments (F	5.00% to 24.99% voting o	control)						
BNN Holdings Corp., (f/k/a Biotronic	Michigan / Healthcare	Senior Secured Note (10.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor),						
NeuroNetwork)		due 12/17/2017)(4) Preferred Stock Series A (9,925.455	29,850	29,850	29,850	1.3%		
		shares)(13)		2,300	2,144	0.1%		
		Preferred Stock Series B (1,753.64 shares)(13)		579	540	0.0%		
				32,729	32,534	1.4%		
Boxercraft	Georgia / Textiles &	Senior Secured Term Loan A (10.00% plus						
Incorporated(20)	Leather	5.00% PIK, due 9/16/2013) Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.00% plus	1,677	1,626	1,651	0.1%		
		5.00% PIK, due 9/16/2013)	4,792	4,528	4,691	0.2%		
			2,323	2,323	2,274	0.1%		

			Total Affiliate Invo	estments	48,659	48,266	2.1%
							0.0%
		Diversified / Conglomerate Service					0.0%
5	Smart, LLC(14)	New York /	Membership Interest				
					15,930	15,732	0.7%
			Warrants (1 warrant, expiring 8/31/2022)				0.0%
			Preferred Stock (1,000,000 shares) Common Stock (10,000 shares)				0.0% 0.0%
			Senior Secured Term Loan C (10.00% plus 5.00% PIK, due 9/16/2013) due 9/16/2013) Senior Secured Term Loan (10.00% plus 5.00% PIK, due 3/16/2014)	8,153	7,453	7,116	0.3%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

			December 31, 2012 (Unaudited)				
Portfolio Company LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets	
Non-control/Non-affilia	te Investments (less than	5.00% of voting control)					
ADAPCO, Inc.	Florida / Ecological	Common Stock (5,000 shares)		\$ 141	\$ 282	0.0%	
				141	282	0.0%	
Aderant North America, Inc.	Georgia / Software & Computer Services	Second Lien Term Note (11.00%, PRIME + 7.75)%, due 6/20/2019)(4)	\$ 7,000	6,895	6,895	0.3%	
				6,895	6,895	0.3%	
Aircraft Fasteners International, LLC	California / Machinery	Convertible Preferred Stock (32,500 units)		396	517	0.0%	
				396	517	0.0%	
American Gilsonite Company	Utah / Specialty Minerals	Second Lien Term Note (11.50%, due 9/1/2017) Membership Interest in AGC/PEP, LLC	38,500	38,500	38,500	1.7%	
		(99.9999%)(15)			5,036	0.2%	
				38,500	43,536	1.9%	
Apidos CLO	Cayman Islands /	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest)					
VIII, Ltd.(22)	Diversified Financial Services		19,730	18,597	19,347	0.8%	
				18,597	19,347	0.8%	
Amidos CLO	Cayman Islands /	Subandinated Nates (Desidual Interest)					
Apidos CLO IX, Ltd.(22)	Diversified Financial	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest)					
	Services		20,525	19,810	19,357	0.8%	
				19,810	19,357	0.8%	
Apidos CLO	Cayman Islands /	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest)					
XI, Ltd.(22)	Diversified Financial Services		38,340	38,291	38,291	1.6%	
				38,291	38,291	1.6%	
				,	,		
Archipelago Learning, Inc.	Minnesota / Consumer Services	Second Lien Debt (11.25% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due					
<u>.</u>		5/17/2019)(4),(16)	50,000	48,118	50,000	2.1%	
				48,118	50,000	2.1%	

Arctic Glacier U.S.A, Inc.	Canada / Food Products	Subordinated Unsecured (12.00% plus 3.00% PIK, due 7/27/2019)	86,118	86,118	86,118	3.7%
				86,118	86,118	3.7%
Babson CLO Ltd	Cayman Islands / Diversified Financial	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest)				
2011-I.(22)	Services		35,000	34,634	35,470	1.5%
				34,634	35,470	1.5%
Babson CLO Ltd	Cayman Islands / Diversified Financial	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest)				
2012-IA.(22)	Services		29,075	26,199	27,182	1.2%
				26,199	27,182	1.2%
Babson CLO Ltd	Cayman Islands /	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest)				
2012-IIA.(22)	Diversified Financial Services		27,850	29,029	27,072	1.2%
				29,029	27,072	1.2%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

			December 31, 2012 (Unaudited)				
D 40 H G		•	Princ	_	~ .	Fair	% of Net
Portfolio Company LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO	Locale / Industry INVESTMENTS:	Investments(1)	Val	lue	Cost	Value(2)	Assets
		5.00% of voting control)					
Byrider Systems Acquisition Corp(22)	Indiana / Auto Finance	Senior Subordinated Notes (12.00% plus 2.00% PIK, due 11/3/2016)(3)	\$	15,755	\$ 15,755	\$ 15,755	0.7%
					15,755	15,755	0.7%
Caleel + Hayden, LLC (14),(31)	Colorado / Personal & Nondurable Consumer Products	Membership Units (7,500 shares)			351	1,210	0.1%
	Floutets						
					351	1,210	0.1%
Capstone Logistics, LLC(4)	Georgia / Commercial Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor),		20.505	20.505	20.505	
		due 9/16/2016) Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.50% (LIBOR + 11.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor),		30,705	30,705	30,705	1.3%
		due 9/16/2016)(3)		38,434	38,434	38,434	1.7%
					69,139	69,139	3.0%
Cargo Airport Services USA, LLC	New York / Transportation	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor),					
		due 3/31/2016)(3),(4) Common Equity (1.6 units)		47,273	47,273 1,639	47,273 2,121	2.0% 0.1%
					48,912	49,394	2.1%
CIFC Funding 2011-I, Ltd.(4),(22)	Cayman Islands / Diversified Financial	Secured Class D Notes (5.32% (LIBOR + 5.00%), due 1/19/2023)					
2011 1, 21d.(1),(22)	Services Services	Unsecured Class E Notes (7.32%		19,000	14,902	16,097	0.7%
		(LIBOR + 7.00%), due 1/19/2023)		15,400	12,557	13,292	0.6%
					27,459	29,389	1.3%
The Copernicus Group, Inc.	North Carolina / Healthcare	Escrow Receivable				314	0.0%
						314	0.0%
Coverall North America, Inc.	Florida / Commercial Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 3.00% floor), due					
. moneu, me.	551,1005	12/17/2017)(4)		39,800	39,800	39,800	1.7%
					39,800	39,800	1.7%

CP Well Testing, LLC	Oklahoma / Oil & Gas Products	Senior Secured Term Loan (13.50% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 2.50% floor), due 10/03/2017)(4)	21,366	21,366	21,366	0.9%
				21,366	21,366	0.9%
CRT MIDCO, LLC	Wisconsin / Media	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor),	50.55 0		72 7 7 9	2.1%
		due 6/30/2017)(3),(4)	72,750	72,750	72,750	3.1%
				72,750	72,750	3.1%
Deltek, Inc.	Virginia/ Software & Computer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.25% LIBOR floor),				
	Computer Services	due 10/10/2019)(4)	12,000	11,824	11,824	0.5%
				11,824	11,824	0.5%
Diamondback	Oklahoma / Oil & Gas	Net Profits Interest (15.00% payable on Equity				
Operating, LP	Production	distributions)(7)				0.0%
						0.0%
Empire Today, LLC	Illinois / Durable	Senior Secured Note (11.375%, due 2/1/2017)	15 700	15 202	15 700	0.70
	Consumer Products		15,700	15,293	15,700	0.7%
				15,293	15,700	0.7%
EIG Investors Corp.	Massachusetts / Software & Computer	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% floor), due				
	Services Services	5/09/2020)(4),(16)	22,000	21,783	21,783	0.9%
				21,783	21,783	0.9%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

			December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) % of			
Portfolio Company LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO IN	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	Net Assets
	nvestments (less than 5.00% Oregon / Commercial Services	of voting control) Subordinated Unsecured (12.00% plus 1.00% PIK, due 9/28/2018)	\$ 10,427	\$ 10,427	\$ 10,427	0.5%
				10,427	10,427	0.5%
Fairchild Industrial Products, Co.	North Carolina / Electronics	Escrow Receivable			151	0.0%
					151	0.0%
Fischbein, LLC	North Carolina /	Escrow Receivable			520	0.00
	Machinery	Membership Class A (875,000 units)		875	520 2,314	0.0% 0.1%
				875	2,834	0.1%
Focus Brands, Inc.(4)	Georgia / Consumer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 8/21/2018)	18,000	17,713	17,713	0.8%
				17,713	17,713	0.8%
FPG, LLC(4)	Illinois / Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/20/2017) Common Stock (5,638 shares)	21,875	21,875 27	21,875 78	0.9% 0.0%
				21,902	21,953	0.9%
Galaxy XII CLO, Ltd.(22)	Cayman Islands / Diversified Financial Services	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest)	22,000	21,675	22,090	1.0%
				21,675	22,090	1.0%
Grocery Outlet Inc.	California / Retail	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 6/17/2019)	17,500	17,150	17,489	0.8%
				17,150	17,489	0.8%
Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company	Texas / Manufacturing	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/12/2017)	41,738	41,738	41,738	1.8%
		10/12/2017)	11,730	41,738	41,738	1.8%
				71,/30	71,/30	1.070

H&M Oil & Gas, LLC	Texas / Oil & Gas Production	Senior Secured Note (13.00% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 5.50% LIBOR floor) plus 3.00% PIK, plus 2.00% default interest, in non-accrual status effective 1/1/2011, past due)(4) Senior Secured Note (18.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 4/27/2012, past due) Senior Secured Note (8.00% PIK, due 3/31/2013) Net Profits Interest (8.00% payable on Equity distributions)(7)	63,782 4,616 130	60,019 4,130 129	26,785 4,616 127	1.2% 0.2% 0.0% 0.0%
				64,278	31,528	1.4%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2012-I, Ltd.(22)	Cayman Islands / Diversified Financial	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest)				
	Services		23,188	22,905	22,604	1.0%
				22,905	22,604	1.0%
Hoffmaster Group, Inc.(4)	Wisconsin / Durable Consumer Products	Second Lien Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 1/3/2019)	20,000	19,820	19,820	0.9%
	Consumer Products	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 1/3/2019)	1,000	990	990	0.0%
				20,810	20,810	0.9%
ICON Health &	Utah / Durable Consumer	Senior Secured Note (11.875%, due 10/15/2016)(3)				
Fitness, Inc.	Products		43,100	43,335	41,881	1.8%
				43,335	41,881	1.8%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

			December 31, 2012 (Unaudited)			
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO I Non-control/Non-affiliate	INVESTMENTS: Investments (less than 5.00	0% of voting control)				
IDQ Holdings, Inc.	Texas / Automobile	Senior Secured Note (11.50%, due 4/1/2017)	\$ 12,500	\$ 12,279	\$ 12,500	0.5%
				12,279	12,500	0.5%
ING IM CLO 2012-II, Ltd.(22)	Cayman Islands / Diversified Financial	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest)	20.050	25 (50	27 (20	4.60
	Services		38,070	37,670	37,628	1.6%
				37,670	37,628	1.6%
ING IM CLO	Cayman Islands /	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest)				
2012-III, Ltd.(22)	Diversified Financial Services		46,632	46,603	46,738	2.0%
				46,603	46,738	2.0%
INC IM CLO	Cayman Islands /	Income Nation (Decided Internation				
ING IM CLO 2012-IV, Ltd.(22)	Diversified Financial Services	Income Notes (Residual Interest)	40,612	39,672	40,402	1.7%
				39,672	40,402	1.7%
				39,012	40,402	1.7 /0
Injured Workers Pharmacy LLC	Massachusetts / Healthcare	Second Lien Debt (12.00% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 4.50% LIBOR floor) plus 1.00% PIK, due 11/4/2017)(3),(4)	15,177	15,177	15,177	0.7%
		11/1/2017)(3),(1)	13,177	15,177	15,177	0.7%
				13,177	13,177	0.7 /0
Interdent, Inc.	California / Healthcare	Revolving Line of Credit \$10,000 Commitment (10.50% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.25% LIBOR floor), due 2/3/2013)(4),(25) Senior Secured Term Loan A (8.00%	6,250	6,250	6,250	0.3%
		(LIBOR + 6.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/3/2017)(4) Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.00%	54,313	54,313	54,313	2.3%
		(LIBOR + 10.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/3/2017)(3),(4)	55,000	55,000	55,000	2.4%
				115,563	115,563	5.0%
JHH Holdings, Inc.	Texas / Healthcare	Second Lien Debt (12.00% (LIBOR + 10.00% with				
-		2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 1.50% PIK, due 6/23/2018)(3),(4)	15,938	15,938	15,938	0.7%
				15,938	15,938	0.7%

	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.25%					
		(LIBOK + 8.25% WIII 2.00% LIBOK HOOF), due 12/21/2017)	37,500	37,500	37,500	1.6%
				37,500	37,500	1.6%
LHC Holdings Corp.	Florida / Healthcare	Revolving Line of Credit \$750 Commitment (8.50% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 2.50% LIBOR floor), due 5/31/2015)(4),(25),(26) Senior Subordinated Debt (10.50%, due				0.0%
		5/31/2015)(3) Membership Interest (125 units)	3,565	3,498 216	3,498 238	0.2% 0.0%
				3,714	3,736	0.2%
Madison Park Funding IX, Ltd.(22)	Cayman Islands / Diversified Financial	Income Notes (Residual Interest)				
74, Ed.(22)	Services		31,110	27,291	27,510	1.2%
				27,291	27,510	1.2%

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

			December 31, 2012 (Unaudited				
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets	
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO IN	VESTMENTS: nvestments (less than 5.00%	of voting control)					
Material Handling	Ohio / Business Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50%					
Services, LLC		(LIBOR + 8.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/5/2017)(3),(4) Senior Secured Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due	\$ 27,720	\$ 27,720	\$ 27,720	1.2%	
		12/21/2017)(4)	38,150	38,150	38,150	1.6%	
				65,870	65,870	2.8%	
Maverick Healthcare, LLC	Arizona / Healthcare	Preferred Units (1,250,000 units) Common Units (1,250,000 units)		1,252	1,849 127	0.1% 0.0%	
				1,252	1,976	0.1%	
Medical Security Card	Arizona / Healthcare	Revolving Line of Credit \$1,500 Commitment					
Company, LLC(4)		(9.50% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 2.50% LIBOR floor), due 2/1/2016)(25) First Lien Term Loan (11.25% (LIBOR + 8.75%)				0.0%	
		with 2.50% LIBOR floor), due 2/1/2016)(3)	16,292	16,292	16,292	0.7%	
				16,292	16,292	0.7%	
National Bankruptcy	Texas / Diversified	Senior Subordinated Term Loan (12.00%					
Services, LLC(3),(4)	Financial Services	(LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 1.50% PIK, due 7/17/2017)	18,543	18,543	18,543	0.8%	
				18,543	18,543	0.8%	
Naylor, LLC(4)	Florida / Media	Revolving Line of Credit \$2,500 Commitment					
		(11.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/7/2017)(25) Senior Secured Term Loan (11.00%				0.0%	
		(LIBOR + 8.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/7/2017)(3)	47,385	47,385	47,385	2.0%	
				47,385	47,385	2.0%	
New Century	New Jersey /	Senior Subordinated Term Loan (12.00%					
Transportation, Inc.	Transportation	(LIBOR + 10.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 3.00%, PIK due 2/3/2018)(3),(4)	44,442	44,442	44,442	1.9%	
				44,442	44,442	1.9%	
New Meatco Provisions, LLC	California / Food Products	Senior Subordinated Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus	12,696	12,696	4,837	0.2%	

4.00%, PIK due 4/18/2016)(4)

				12,696	4,837	0.2%
New Star Metals, Inc.	Indiana / Metal Services & Minerals	Senior Subordinated Term Loan (11.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 1.00%, PIK due 2/2/2018)(4)	32,114	32,114	32,114	1.4%
				32,114	32,114	1.4%
Nixon, Inc.	California / Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Term Loan (8.75% plus 2.75% PIK, due 4/16/2018)(16)	15,298	15,023	14,780	0.6%
				15,023	14,780	0.6%
Nobel Learning Communities, Inc.	Pennsylvania / Consumer Services	Subordinated Unsecured (11.50% plus 1.50% PIK, due 8/9/2017)	15,225	15,225	15,225	0.7%
				15,225	15,225	0.7%
NRG Manufacturing, Inc.	Texas / Manufacturing	Escrow Receivable			8,070	0.3%
					8,070	0.3%
Out Rage, LLC(4)	Wisconsin / Durable	Revolving Line of Credit \$1,500 Commitment				
	Consumer Products	(11.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/02/2013)(25) Senior Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due				0.0%
		3/2/2015)	10,476	10,476	10,382	0.4%
				10,476	10,382	0.4%

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

			December 31, 2012 (Unaudited)			
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO I	NVESTMENTS: Investments (less than 5.00°	% of voting control)				
Pelican Products, Inc.(16)	California / Durable Consumer Products	Subordinated Secured (11.50% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 6/14/2019)(4)	15,000	\$ 14,714	\$ 15,000	0.6%
				14,714	15,000	0.6%
Pinnacle (US) Acquisition Co Limited(16)	Texas / Software & Computer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.25% LIBOR floor), due 8/3/2020)(4)	10,000	9,807	10,000	0.4%
				9,807	10,000	0.4%
Pre-Paid Legal Services, Inc.(16)	Oklahoma / Consumer Services	Senior Subordinated Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 12/31/2016)(3),(4)	5,000	5,000	4,889	0.2%
			-,	,,,,,,	,,,,,,,	
				5,000	4,889	0.2%
Prince Mineral Holding Corp.	New York / Metal Services & Minerals	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.50%, due 12/15/2019)	10,000	9,883	9,883	0.4%
				9,883	9,883	0.4%
Progrexion Holdings, Inc.(4),(28)	Utah / Consumer Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/14/2017)(3)	154,500	154,500	154,500	6.7%
		<i>3</i> 11112017)(3)	13 1,3 00	154,500	154,500	6.7 %
				10 1,000	101,000	0.7 /c
Rocket Software, Inc.(3),(4)	Massachusetts / Software & Computer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 2/8/2019)	15,000	14,727	14,895	0.7%
				14,727	14,895	0.7%
Royal Adhesives & Sealants, LLC	Indiana / Chemicals	Senior Subordinated Unsecured Term Loan (12.00% plus 2.00% PIK due 11/29/2016)	28,084	28,084	28,084	1.2%
				28,084	28,084	1.2%
.						
Ryan, LLC.(4)	Texas / Business Services	Subordinated Secured (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 3.00% PIK, due 6/30/2018)	70,000	70,000	70,000	3.0%
				70,000	70,000	3.0%
				70,000	70,000	3.0%

Seaton Corp.	Illinois / Business Services	Subordinated Secured (12.50% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.50% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% PIK, due 3/14/2014)(3),(4) Subordinated Secured (12.50% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.50% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% PIK, due	3,305	3,214	3,305	0.1%
		3/14/2015)(4)	10,000	10,000	10,000	0.4%
				13,214	13,305	0.5%
Skillsoft Public Limited Company(22)	Ireland / Software & Computer Services	Subordinated Unsecured (11.125%, due 6/1/2018)	15,000	14,922	15,000	0.6%
				14,922	15,000	0.6%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

			December 31, 2012 (Unaudited)			
Portfolio Company LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO IN	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
	IVESTMENTS: nvestments (less than 5.00%	of voting control)				
Snacks Holding Corporation	Minnesota / Food Products	Senior Subordinated Unsecured Term Loan (12.00% plus 1.00% PIK, due 11/12/2017) Series A Preferred Stock (4,021.45 shares) Series B Preferred Stock (1,866.10 shares)	\$ 15,327	\$ 14,865 56 56	\$ 15,327 79 79	0.7% 0.0% 0.0%
		Warrant (to purchase 31,196.52 voting common shares, expires 11/12/2020)		479	671	0.0%
				15,456	16,156	0.7%
Southern Management Corporation(22),(30)	South Carolina / Consumer Finance	Second Lien Term Loan (12.00% plus 5.00% PIK due 5/31/2017)	17,568	17,568	17,568	0.8%
				17,568	17,568	0.8%
Spartan Energy Services, Inc.(4)	Louisiana / Energy	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due	20,000	20,000	20,000	1 20/
		12/28/2017)	30,000	30,000	30,000	1.3%
				30,000	30,000	1.3%
Sport Helmets Holdings, LLC(14)	New York / Personal & Nondurable Consumer	Escrow Receivable				
	Products				375	0.0%
					375	0.0%
Springs Window Fashions, LLC	Wisconsin / Durable Consumer Products	Second Lien Term Loan (11.25% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/30/2017)(3),(4)	35,000	35,000	34,970	1.5%
				35,000	34,970	1.5%
Stauber Performance	California / Food Products	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50%				
Ingredients, Inc.(3),(4)		(LIBOR + 7.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/21/2016) Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50%	19,576	19,576	19,576	0.8%
		(LIBOR + 7.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/21/2017)	10,369	10,369	10,369	0.4%
				29,945	29,945	1.2%
Stryker Energy, LLC	Ohio / Oil & Gas Production	Subordinated Secured Revolving Credit Facility \$50,300 Commitment (8.50% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor) plus				
		3.75% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 12/1/2011, due 12/1/2015)(4),(25)	34,090	32,712		0.0%

		Overriding Royalty Interests(18)			1,552	0.1%
				32,712	1,552	0.1%
Symphony CLO, IX Ltd.(22)	Cayman Islands / Diversified Financial Services	LP Certificates (Residual Interest)	45,500	42,924	44,359	2.0%
				42,924	44,359	2.0%
System One Holdings, LLC(4)	Pennsylvania / Business Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due				
Holdings, LLC(4)	Scivices	12/31/2018)	32,000	32,000	32,000	1.4%
				32,000	32,000	1.4%
Targus Group International, Inc.(16)	California / Durable Consumer Products	First Lien Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 5/25/2016)(3),(4)	23,640	23,285	23,640	1.0%
				23,285	23,640	1.0%
TB Corp.	Texas / Consumer Services	Senior Subordinated Note (12.00% plus 1.50% PIK, due 12/18/2018)	23,212	23,212	23,212	1.0%
				23,212	23,212	1.0%
The Petroleum Place Inc.	Colorado / Software & Computer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 5/20/2019)	22,000	21,673	21,673	0.9%
				21,673	21,673	0.9%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

			December 31, 2012 (Unaudited)			
Portfolio Company LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO 1	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
Non-control/Non-affiliate	Investments (less than 5.0	9				
TransFirst Holdings, Inc(4)	New York / Software & Computer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (11.00%, (LIBOR + 9.75% with 1.25% floor) due				
(-)		6/27/2018)	\$ 5,000	\$ 4,850	\$ 4,893	0.2%
				4,850	4,893	0.2%
Totes Isotoner	Ohio / Nondurable	Second Lien Term Loan (10.75%,				
Corporation	Consumer Products	(LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.50% LIBOR floor) due 1/8/2018)(3),(4)	39,000	39,000	38,841	1.7%
				39,000	38,841	1.7%
United Sporting	South Carolina / Durable	Second Lien Term Loan (12.75%				
Companies, Inc.(5)	Consumer Products	(LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.75% LIBOR floor), due 5/16/2018)(4)	100,000	100,000	100,000	4.3%
		ddc 5/10/2010)(4)	100,000	100,000	100,000	4.570
				100,000	100,000	4.3%
Wind River Resources Corp. and Wind River II Corp.	Utah / Oil & Gas Production	Senior Secured Note (13.00% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 5.50% LIBOR floor) plus 3.00% default interest on principal, 16.00% default interest on past due interest, in non-accrual status effective				
		12/1/2008, past due)(4) Net Profits Interest (5.00% payable on Equity	14,750	14,750		0.0%
		distributions)(7)				0.0%
				14,750		0.0%
	Total	Non-control/Non-affiliate Investments (Level 3 In	nvestments)	2,401,919	2,341,057	100.6%
		Total Level 3 Portfolio I	Investments	3,116,938	3,038,703	130.6%
	Investments (less than 5.00					
Allied Defense Group, Inc.	Virginia / Aerospace & Defense	Common Stock (10,000 shares)		56		0.0%
				56		0.0%
Dover Saddlery, Inc.	Massachusetts / Retail	Common Stock (30,974 shares)		63	102	0.0%
				63	102	0.0%
		Common Stock (54 shares)			3	0.0%

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Lyondell Basell Industries & The Netherlands / \\ N.V(22) & Chemicals \end{tabular}$

			3	0.0%
Total Non-control/Non-affiliate Investments (Level 1 Investments)		119	105	0.0%
	Total Portfolio Investments	3,117,057	3,038,808	130.6%
SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS: Money Market Funds (Level 2 Investments) Fidelity Institutional Money Market Funds Government Portfolio (Class I) Fidelity Institutional Money Market Funds Government Portfolio (Class I)(3) Victory Government Money Market Funds		310,316 120,628 1	310,316 120,628 1	13.3% 5.2% 0.0%
	Total Money Market Funds	430,945	430,945	18.5%
	Total Investments	3,548,002	3,469,753	149.1%
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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

			June 30, 2012 (Audited)			
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO IN						
Control Investments (25.00°	% or greater of voting contr Pennsylvania / Property	•				
AIRMALL USA, Inc.(27)	Management	Senior Secured Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due				
	Management	6/30/2015)(3),(4) Senior Subordinated Term Loan (12.00% plus	\$ 29,350	\$ 29,350	\$ 29,350	2.0%
		6.00% PIK, due 12/31/2015)	12,500	12,500	12,500	0.8%
		Convertible Preferred Stock (9,919.684 shares)		9,920	6,132	0.4%
		Common Stock (100 shares)				0.0%
				51,770	47,982	3.2%
Ai D-11- 1 Din 0-	Carrello Carrello a /	Carrier Coursed Nata Translate A (10 500)				
Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, Inc.	South Carolina / Manufacturing	Senior Secured Note Tranche A (10.50% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due				
Wiacinne, me.	Manufacturing	4/01/2013)(3),(4)	20,167	20,167	20,167	1.3%
		Subordinated Secured Note Tranche B (11.50%	,	,	,	-10-7-
		(LIBOR + 8.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus				
		6.00% PIK, due 4/01/2013)(3), (4)	15,035	15,035	15,035	1.0%
		Convertible Preferred Stock Series A (6,142.6 shares)		6,057	17,191	1.1%
		Unrestricted Common Stock (6 shares)		0,037	17,191	0.0%
		Cincinical Common Stock (6 shares)			1,	0.070
				41,259	52,410	3.4%
AWCNC, LLC(19)	North Carolina /	Members Units Class A (1,800,000 units)				
	Machinery					0.0%
		Members Units Class B-1 (1 unit)				0.0%
		Members Units Class B-2 (7,999,999 units)				0.0%
						0.0%
Borga, Inc.	California / Manufacturing	Revolving Line of Credit \$1,000 Commitment				
		(5.00% (PRIME + 1.75%) plus 3.00% default				
		interest, in non-accrual status effective 03/02/2010, past due)(4),(25)	1.000	945	668	0.0%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (8.50%	1,000	743	000	0.070
		(PRIME + 5.25%) plus 3.00% default interest, in				
		non-accrual status effective 03/02/2010, past				
		due)(4)	1,612	1,500		0.0%
		Senior Secured Term Loan C (12.00% plus 4.00% PIK plus 3.00% default interest, in non-accrual				
		status effective 03/02/2010, past due)	9,352	707		0.0%
		Common Stock (100 shares)(21)	-,			0.0%
		Warrants (33,750 warrants)(21)				0.0%
				3,152	668	0.0%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

			June 30, 2012 (Audited)			e .
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO II Control Investments (25.0)		entral)				
Energy Solutions	Texas / Gas Gathering	Senior Secured Note (18.00%, due 12/11/2016)(3)				
Holdings, Inc.(8)	and Processing	Semoi Secured Note (18.00%, due 12/11/2010)(3)	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	1.7%
Troidings, me.(0)	and Processing	Junior Secured Note (18.00%, due 12/12/2016)(3) Senior Secured Note to Vessel Holdings LLC	12,000	12,000	12,000	0.8%
		(18.00%, due 12/12/2016) Subordinated Secured Note to Freedom Marine Holdings, LLC (12.00% (LIBOR + 6.11% with 5.89% LIBOR floor) plus 4.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 10/1/2010, due	3,500	3,500	3,500	0.2%
		12/31/2011)(4) Senior Secured Debt to Yatesville Coal Holdings, Inc. (Non-accrual status effective	13,352	12,504	5,603	0.4%
		1/1/2009, past due)	1,449	1,449		0.0%
		Escrow Receivable	1,777	1,442	9,825	0.6%
		Common Stock (100 shares)		8,792	70,940	4.7%
				63,245	126,868	8.4%
First Tower Holdings of Delaware, LLC.(22),(29)	Mississippi / Consumer Finance	Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility \$400,000 Commitment (20.00% (LIBOR + 18.50% with				
		1.50% LIBOR floor), due 6/30/2022)(25) Common Stock (83,729,323 shares) Net Revenue Interest (5% of Net Revenue &	244,760	244,760 43,193	244,760 43,193	16.2% 2.9%
		Distributions)				0.0%
				287,953	287,953	19.1%
Integrated Contract	North Carolina / Contracting	Secured Promissory Notes (15.00%, in non-accrual				
Services, Inc.(9)	Contracting	status effective 12/22/2010, due 3/21/2012 12/18/2013)(10) Senior Demand Note (15.00%, in non-accrual status	2,581	2,580		0.0%
		effective 11/1/2010, past due)(10) Senior Secured Note (7.00% plus 7.00% PIK plus 6.00% default interest, in non-accrual status	1,170	1,170		0.0%
		effective 10/9/2007, past due) Junior Secured Note (7.00% plus 7.00% PIK plus 6.00% default interest, in non-accrual status	300			0.0%
		effective 10/9/2007, past due) Preferred Stock Series A (10 shares)	11,520	11,520		0.0% 0.0%
		Common Stock (49 shares)		679		0.0%
				15,949		0.0%
Manx Energy, Inc.	Kansas / Oil & Gas	Senior Secured Note (13.00%, in non-accrual status				
("Manx")(12)	Production	effective 1/19/2010, due 6/21/2013)	3,550	3,550		0.0%
		Preferred Stock (6,635 shares)		6,307		0.0%
		Common Stock (17,082 shares)		1,170		0.0%

				11,027		0.0%
NMMB Holdings, Inc.(24)	New York / Media	Senior Term Loan (14.00%, due 5/6/2016) Senior Subordinated Term Loan (15.00%, due	21,700	21,700	21,700	1.4%
		5/6/2016)	2,800	2,800	2,800	0.2%
		Series A Preferred Stock (4,400 shares)		4,400	252	0.0%
				28,900	24,752	1.6%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

			June 30, 2012 (Au			
Portfolio Company LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO I	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
Control Investments (25.0 R-V Industries, Inc.	00% or greater of voting con Pennsylvania / Manufacturing	warrants (200,000 warrants, expiring 6/30/2017) Common Stock (545,107 shares)		\$ 1,682 5,087	\$ 6,403 17,453	0.4% 1.2%
				6,769	23,856	1.6%
Wolf Energy Holdings, Inc.(12)	Kansas / Oil & Gas Production	Appalachian Energy Holdings, LLC ("AEH") Senior Secured First Lien Note (8.00%, in non-accrual status effective 1/19/2010, due		2.000		0.00
		6/21/2013) Coalbed, LLC Senior Secured Note (8.00%, in	\$ 2,437	2,000		0.0%
		non-accrual status effective 1/19/2010, due 6/21/2013)(6) Common Stock (100 Shares)	7,311	5,991		0.0% 0.0%
				7,991		0.0%
		Total Control In	nvestments	518,015	564,489	37.3%
Affiliate Investments (5.00 control)	0% to 24.99% voting					
BNN Holdings Corp., (f/k/a Biotronic NeuroNetwork)	Michigan / Healthcare	Senior Secured Note (11.50% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 4.50% LIBOR floor) plus 1.00% PIK, due 2/21/2013)(3),(4) Preferred Stock Series A (9,925.455 shares)(13) Preferred Stock Series B (1,753.64 shares)(13)	26,227	26,227 2,300 579	26,227 2,151 542	1.8% 0.2% 0.0%
				29,106	28,920	2.0%
Boxercraft Incorporated	Georgia / Textiles & Leather	Senior Secured Term Loan A (9.50% (LIBOR + 6.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/16/2013)(3),(4) Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due	1,644	1,532	1,644	0.1%
		9/16/2013)(3),(4) Senior Secured Term Loan C (10.50% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due	4,698	4,265	4,698	0.3%
		9/16/2013)(3),(4) Senior Secured Term Loan (12.00% plus 3.00%	2,277	2,277	2,277	0.2%
		PIK, due 3/16/2014)(3) Preferred Stock (1,000,000 shares) Common Stock (10,000 shares)	7,966	7,049	7,966 576	0.5% 0.0% 0.0%
				15,123	17,161	1.1%
Smart, LLC(14)		Membership Interest			35	0.0%

New York / Diversified / Conglomerate Service

35 0.0%

Total Affiliate Investments 44,229 46,116 3.1%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

			June 30, 2012 (Audited)			
Portfolio Company LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO IN	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
Non-control/Non-affiliate I	nvestments (less than 5.00%	8 /				
ADAPCO, Inc.	Florida / Ecological	Common Stock (5,000 shares)		\$ 141	\$ 240	0.0%
				141	240	0.0%
Aircraft Fasteners International, LLC	California / Machinery	Convertible Preferred Stock (32,500 units)		396	471	0.0%
				396	471	0.0%
American Gilsonite Company	Utah / Specialty Minerals	Senior Subordinated Note (12.00% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due 3/10/2016)(3),(4) Senior Subordinated Note (12.00% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due 3/10/2016)(4) Membership Interest in AGC/PEP, LLC (99.9999%)(15)	\$ 30,232	30,232	30,232	2.0%
			7,500	7,500	7,500	0.5%
					6,830	0.5%
				37,732	44,562	3.0%
Apidos CLO VIII, Ltd.(22)	Cayman Islands / Diversified Financial	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest)				
	Services		19,730	18,056	19,509	1.3%
				18,056	19,509	1.3%
Apidos CLO IX, Ltd.(22)	Cayman Islands / Diversified Financial	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest)				
	Services		20,525	18,723	18,723	1.2%
				18,723	18,723	1.2%
Archipelago Learning, Inc.	Minnesota / Consumer Services	Second Lien Debt (11.25% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 5/17/2019)(4),(16)	50,000	48,022	49,271	3.3%
				48,022	49,271	3.3%
Babson CLO Ltd	Cayman Islands /	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest)				
2011-I.(22)	Diversified Financial Services		35,000	33,080	34,244	2.3%
				33,080	34,244	2.3%
		Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest)	29,075	27,014	27,197	1.8%

Babson CLO Ltd 2012-IA.(22)	Cayman Islands / Diversified Financial Services					
				27,014	27,197	1.8%
Babson CLO Ltd	Cayman Islands / Diversified Financial	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest)				
2012-IIA.(22)	Services		27,850	27,486	27,017	1.8%
				27,486	27,017	1.8%
Blue Coat Systems, Inc.(3),(4)	Massachusetts / Software & Computer	Second Lien Term Loan (11.50% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due				
Systems, Inc.(3),(4)	Services Services	8/15/2018)	25,000	24,279	25,000	1.7%
				24,279	25,000	1.7 %

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

			June 30, 2012 (Audited)			
Portfolio Company LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO IN	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
Non-control/Non-affiliate In		of voting control)				
Byrider Systems Acquisition Corp(22)	Indiana / Auto Finance	Senior Subordinated Notes (12.00% plus 2.00% PIK, due 11/3/2016)(3)	\$ 20,546	\$ 20,546	\$ 19,990	1.3%
				20,546	19,990	1.3%
Caleel + Hayden, LLC(14),(31)	Colorado / Personal & Nondurable Consumer Products	Membership Units (7,500 shares)		351	1.021	0.1%
	Floducts			351	1,031	0.1%
				551	1,001	0.170
Capstone Logistics, LLC.(4)	Georgia / Commercial Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/16/2016) Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.50% (LIBOR + 11.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/16/2016)(3)	33,793	33,793	33,793	2.2%
			41,625	41,625	41,625	2.8%
				75,418	75,418	5.0%
Cargo Airport Services USA, LLC	New York / Transportation	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/31/2016)(3),(4) Common Equity (1.6 units)	48,891	48,891 1,639	48,891 1,886	3.2% 0.1%
				50,530	50,777	3.3%
CIFC Funding	Cayman Islands /	Secured Class D Notes (5.79% (LIBOR + 5.00%), due 1/19/2023)				
2011-I, Ltd.(4)	Diversified Financial Services		19,000	14,778	15,229	1.0%
		Unsecured Class E Notes (7.79% (LIBOR + 7.00%), due 1/19/2023)	15,400	12,480	12,488	0.8%
				27,258	27,717	1.8%
The Copernicus Group, Inc.	North Carolina / Healthcare	Escrow Receivable			315	0.0%
					315	0.0%
CRT MIDCO, LLC.	Wisconsin / Media	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50%				
, -		(LIBOR + 7.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/30/2017)(3),(4)	73,500	73,500	73,491	4.9%
				73,500	73,491	4.9%

Diamondback Operating, LP	Oklahoma / Oil & Gas Production	Net Profits Interest (15.00% payable on Equity distributions)(7)				0.0%
						0.0%
Empire Today, LLC	Illinois / Durable	Senior Secured Note (11.375%, due 2/1/2017)				
	Consumer Products		15,700	15,255	15,700	1.0%
				15,255	15,700	1.0%
Fairchild Industrial	North Carolina /	Escrow Receivable				
Products, Co.	Electronics				144	0.0%
					144	0.0%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

			June 30, 2012 (Audited)			
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO IN Non-control/Non-affiliate I	NVESTMENTS: nvestments (less than 5.00%	of voting control)				
Fischbein, LLC	North Carolina / Machinery	Senior Subordinated Debt (12.00% plus 2.00% PIK, due 10/31/2016)	\$ 3,413	\$ 3,413	\$ 3,413	0.3%
		Escrow Receivable Membership Class A (875,000 units)		875	565 2,036	0.0% 0.1%
				4,288	6,014	0.4%
Focus Brands, Inc.(4)	Georgia / Consumer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 8/21/2018)	15,000	14,711	14,711	1.0%
				14,711	14,711	1.0%
Galaxy XII CLO, Ltd.(22)	Cayman Islands /	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest)				
	Diversified Financial Services		22,000	21,526	21,897	1.4%
				21,526	21,897	1.4%
H&M Oil & Gas, LLC	Texas / Oil & Gas Production	Senior Secured Note (13.00% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 5.50% LIBOR floor) plus 3.00% PIK, plus 2.00% default interest, in non-accrual status effective 1/1/2011, past due)(4) Senior Secured Note (18.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 4/27/2012, past due) Net Profits Interest (8.00% payable on Equity distributions)(7)				
			62,814	60,019	30,524	2.0%
			4,507	4,430	4,507	0.3%
						0.0%
				64,449	35,031	2.3%
Hi-Tech Testing Service, Inc. and Wilson Inspection X-Ray	Texas / Oil & Gas Equipment & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.00%, due 9/26/2016)				
Services, Inc.			7,400	7,188	7,391	0.5%
				7,188	7,391	0.5%
Hoffmaster Group, Inc.(4)	Wisconsin / Durable Consumer Products	Second Lien Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 1/3/2019)	10,000	9,810	9,811	0.6%
		Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 1/3/2019)	1,000	990	951	0.1%
				10,800	10,762	0.7%
Hudson Products Holdings, Inc.(16)	Texas / Manufacturing	Senior Secured Term Loan (9.00% (PRIME + 5.00% with 4.00% PRIME floor), due	6,299	5,880	5,826	0.4%

8/24/2015)(3),(4)

				5,880	5,826	0.4%
ICON Health & Fitness, Inc.	Utah / Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Note (11.875%, due 10/15/2016)(3)	43,100	43,361	43,100	2.9%
				43,361	43,100	2.9%
IDQ Holdings, Inc.	Texas / Automobile	Senior Secured Note (11.50%, due 4/1/2017)	12,500	12,260	12,488	0.8%
				12,260	12,488	0.8%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

			June 30, 2012 (Audited)			
Portfolio Company LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO IN	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
	nvestments (less than 5.00%	9				
Injured Workers Pharmacy LLC	Massachusetts / Healthcare	Second Lien Debt (12.00% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 4.50% LIBOR floor) plus 1.00% PIK, due 11/4/2017)(3),(4)	\$ 15,100	\$ 15,100	\$ 15,100	1.0%
				15,100	15,100	1.0%
Iron Horse Coiled Tubing, Inc.(23)	Alberta, Canada / Production Services	Common Stock (3,821 shares)		268	2,040	0.1%
				268	2,040	0.1%
JHH Holdings, Inc.	Texas / Healthcare	Second Lien Debt (12.00% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due				
		6/23/2016)(3),(4)	15,736	15,736	15,736	1.0%
				15,736	15,736	1.0%
LHC Holdings Corp.	Florida / Healthcare	Revolving Line of Credit \$750 Commitment (8.50% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 2.50% LIBOR floor), due 5/31/2015)(4),(25),(26)				0.0%
		Senior Subordinated Debt (10.50%, due 5/31/2015)(3) Membership Interest (125 units)	4,265	4,125 216	4,125 225	0.3% 0.0%
		1		4,341	4,350	0.3%
Madison Park Funding	Cayman Islands /	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest)				
IX, Ltd.(22)	Diversified Financial Services		31,110	25,810	25,810	1.7%
				25,810	25,810	1.7%
Maverick Healthcare, LLC	Arizona / Healthcare	Preferred Units (1,250,000 units) Common Units (1,250,000 units)		1,252	1,756 95	0.1% 0.0%
				1,252	1,851	0.1%
Medical Security Card Company, LLC(4)	Arizona / Healthcare	Revolving Line of Credit \$1,500 Commitment (9.50% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 2.50% LIBOR floor), dua 2/1/2016(25)				0.0%
		due 2/1/2016)(25) First Lien Term Loan (11.25% (LIBOR + 8.75%	17 217	17 217	17 217	
		with 2.50% LIBOR floor), due 2/1/2016)(3)	17,317	17,317	17,317	1.1%
				17,317	17,317	1.1%

Mood Media Corporation(3),(16),(22)	Canada / Media	Senior Subordinated Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 11/6/2018)(4)	15,000	14,866	15,000	1.0%
				14,866	15,000	1.0%
National Bankruptcy Services, LLC(3),(4)	Texas / Diversified Financial Services	Senior Subordinated Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus				
		1.50% PIK, due 7/16/2017)	18,402	18,402	18,402	1.2%
				18,402	18,402	1.2%
Naylor, LLC(4)	Florida / Media	Revolving Line of Credit \$2,500 Commitment (11.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/7/2017)(25) Senior Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due				0.0%
		6/7/2017)	48,600	48,600	48,600	3.2%
				48,600	48,600	3.2%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

			June 30, 2012 (Audited)			
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO IN Non-control/Non-affiliate I	nvestments (less than 5.00%	of voting control)				
New Meatco Provisions, LLC	California / Food Products	Senior Subordinated Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 4.00%, PIK due 4/18/2016)(4)	\$ 12,438	\$ 12,438	\$ 6,571	0.4%
				12,438	6,571	0.4%
Nixon, Inc.	California / Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Term Loan (8.75% plus 2.75% PIK, due 4/16/2018)(16)	15,085	14,792	14,792	1.0%
				14,792	14,792	1.0%
Nobel Learning Communities, Inc.	Pennsylvania / Consumer Services	Subordinated Unsecured (11.50% plus 1.50% PIK, due 8/9/2017)	15,147	15,147	15,147	1.0%
				15,147	15,147	1.0%
Northwestern Management Services, LLC	Florida / Healthcare	Revolving Line of Credit \$1,500 Commitment (10.50% (PRIME + 6.75% with 3.75% PRIME floor), due 7/30/2015)(4),(25) Senior Secured Term Loan A (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due	200	200	200	0.0%
		7/30/2015)(3),(4) Common Stock (50 shares)	16,092	16,092 371	16,092 1,205	1.1% 0.1%
				16,663	17,497	1.2%
NRG Manufacturing, Inc.	Texas / Manufacturing	Escrow Receivable			6,431	0.4%
					6,431	0.4%
Out Rage, LLC(4)	Wisconsin / Durable Consumer Products	Revolving Line of Credit \$1,500 Commitment (11.0% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/02/2013)(25) Senior Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR floor)), due 3/02/2013 (25)				0.0%
		(LIBOR + 8.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/2/2015)	10,756	10,756	10,686	0.7%
				10,756	10,686	0.7%
Pinnacle Treatment Centers, Inc.(4)	Pennsylvania / Healthcare	Revolving Line of Credit \$1,000 Commitment (8.0% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/10/2016)(25) Senior Secured Term Loan (11.00%				0.0%
		(LIBOR + 8.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/10/2016)(3)	17,475	17,475	17,475	1.2%

				17,475	17,475	1.2%
Potters Holdings II, L.P.(16)	Pennsylvania / Manufacturing	Senior Subordinated Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.75% LIBOR floor), due 11/6/2017)(3),(4)	15,000	14,803	14,608	1.0%
				14,803	14,608	1.0%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

(in thousands, except share data)

			June 30, 2012 (Audited)			e e
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO IN Non-control/Non-affiliate In		of voting control)				
Pre-Paid Legal Services, Inc.(16)	Oklahoma / Consumer Services	Senior Subordinated Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due				
Services, mer(10)	5611665	12/31/2016)(3),(4)	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 4,989	0.3%
				5,000	4,989	0.3%
Progrexion	Utah / Consumer Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (11.25%				
Holdings, Inc.(4),(28)		(LIBOR + 9.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/31/2014)(3)	34,502	34,502	34,502	2.3%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.25% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due				
		12/31/2014)	28,178	28,178	28,178	1.9%
				62,680	62,680	4.2%
Renaissance	Wisconsin / Consumer	Second Lien Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 10.50%	< 000			0.46
Learning, Inc.(16)	Services	with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 10/19/2018)(4)	6,000	5,775	6,000	0.4%
				5,775	6,000	0.4%
Rocket Software, Inc.(3),(4)	Massachusetts /	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.75%				
	Software & Computer Services	with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 2/8/2019)	15,000	14,711	14,711	1.0%
				14,711	14,711	1.0%
Royal Adhesives &	Indiana / Chemicals	Senior Subordinated Unsecured Term Loan (12.00%				
Sealants, LLC	indiana / Chemicais	plus 2.00% PIK due 11/29/2016)	27,798	27,798	27,798	1.8%
				27,798	27,798	1.8%
Seaton Corp.	Illinois / Business	Subordinated Secured (12.50% (LIBOR + 9.00%				
•	Services	with 3.50% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% PIK, due 3/14/2014)(3),(4)	3,288	3,164	3,288	0.2%
		~ / /		3,164	3,288	0.2%
				3,104	3,200	0.270
SG Acquisition, Inc.(4)	Georgia / Insurance	Senior Secured Term Loan A (8.50% (LIBOR + 6.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due				
		3/18/2016) Senior Secured Term Loan B (14.50%	27,469	27,469	27,469	1.8%
		(LIBOR + 12.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/18/2016)(3)	29,625	29,625	29,625	2.0%
		Senior Secured Term Loan C (8.50% (LIBOR + 6.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due	12,686	12,686	12,686	0.8%
		(LIDOK + 0.50 // WIIII 2.00 // LIDOK 11001), due				

3/18/2016) Senior Secured Term Loan D (14.50% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/18/2016) 13,681 13,681 13,681 0.9% 83,461 83,461 5.5% Shearer's Foods, Inc. Ohio / Food Products Junior Secured Debt (12.00% plus 3.75% PIK (3.75% LIBOR floor), due 3/31/2016)(3),(4) 37,639 37,639 37,639 2.5% Membership Interest in Mistral Chip Holdings, LLC Common (2,000 units)(17) 2,000 2,161 0.1% Membership Interest in Mistral Chip Holdings, LLC 2 Common (595 units)(17) 1,322 643 0.0% Membership Interest in Mistral Chip Holdings, LLC 3 Preferred (67 units)(17) 0.1% 673 883 41,634 41,326 2.7%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

(in thousands, except share data)

			June 30, 20	12 (Audited)	<i>a</i> /	
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO I	NVESTMENTS: Investments (less than 5.00	% of voting control)				
Skillsoft Public Limited Company(22)	Ireland / Software & Computer Services	Subordinated Unsecured (11.125%, due 6/1/2018)	\$ 15,000	\$ 14,918	\$ 15,000	1.0%
				14,918	15,000	1.0%
Snacks Holding Corporation	Minnesota / Food Products	Senior Subordinated Unsecured Term Loan (12.00% plus 1.00% PIK, due 11/12/2017) Series A Preferred Stock (4,021.45 shares) Series B Preferred Stock (1,866.10 shares) Warrant (to purchase 31,196.52 voting common shares, expires 11/12/2020)	15,250	14,754 56 56	15,250 42 42 357	1.0% 0.0% 0.0%
		shares, expires 11/12/2020)		15,345	15,691	1.0%
				13,343	13,091	1.0 //
Southern Management Corporation(22),(30)	South Carolina / Consumer Finance	Second Lien Term Loan (12.00% plus 5.00% PIK due 5/31/2017)	17,568	17,568	17,568	1.2%
				17,568	17,568	1.2%
Sport Helmets Holdings, LLC(14)	New York / Personal & Nondurable Consumer	Escrow Receivable			406	0.00
	Products				406	0.0%
					406	0.0%
Springs Window Fashions, LLC	Wisconsin / Durable Consumer Products	Second Lien Term Loan (11.25% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/30/2017)(3),(4)	35,000	35,000	34,062	2.3%
				35,000	34,062	2.3%
				55,000	0.,002	2.0 %
ST Products, LLC	Pennsylvania/ Manufacturing	Senior Secured Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/16/2016)(3),(4)	23,328	23,328	23,328	1.5%
				23,328	23,328	1.5%
Stauber Performance Ingredients, Inc.(4)	California / Food Products	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/21/2016)(3) Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50%	22,058	22,058	22,058	1.5%
		(LIBOR + 7.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/21/2017)	10,500	10,500	10,500	0.7%
				32,558	32,558	2.2%

Stryker Energy, LLC	Ohio / Oil & Gas Production	Subordinated Secured Revolving Credit Facility \$50,300 Commitment (8.50% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor) plus 3.75% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 12/1/2011, due 12/1/2015)(4),(25) Overriding Royalty Interests(18)	33,444	32,711	1,623	0.0% 0.1%
				32,711	1,623	0.1%
Symphony CLO, IX Ltd.(22)	Cayman Islands / Diversified Financial Services	LP Certificates (Residual Interest)	45,500	42,864	43,612	2.9%
				42,864	43,612	2.9%
Targus Group International, Inc.(16)	California / Durable Consumer Products	First Lien Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 5/25/2016)(3),(4)	23,760	23,363	23,760	1.6%
				23,363	23,760	1.6%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

(in thousands, except share data)

				June 30, 201	e .	
Portfolio Company LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO		Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
Non-control/Non-affiliate Totes Isotoner Corporation	Investments (less than 5.00 Ohio / Nondurable Consumer Products	0% of voting control) Second Lien Term Loan (10.75%, (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.50% LIBOR floor) due 1/8/2018)(3),(4)	\$ 39,000	\$ 39,000 39,000	\$ 38,531 38,531	2.5% 2.5%
U.S. HealthWorks Holding Company, Inc.(16)	California / Healthcare	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 6/15/2017)(3),(4)	25,000	25,000 25,000	25,000 25,000	1.7% 1.7 %
VanDeMark Chemicals, Inc.(3)	New York / Chemicals	Senior Secured Term Loan (12.20% (LIBOR + 10.20% with 2.0% LIBOR floor), due 12/31/2014)(4)	30,306	30,306	30,306	2.0%
				30,306	30,306	2.0%
Wind River Resources Corp. and Wind River II Corp.	Utah / Oil & Gas Production	Senior Secured Note (13.00% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 5.50% LIBOR floor) plus 3.00% default interest on principal, 16.00% default interest on past due interest, in non-accrual status effective 12/1/2008, past due)(4) Net Profits Interest (5.00% payable on Equity distributions)(7)	14,750	14,750	2,339	0.2% 0.0%
				14,750	2,339	0.2%
	Total	Non-control/Non-affiliate Investments (Level 3 In	ovestments)	1,536,950	1,483,487	98.1%
		Total Level 3 Portfolio I	nvestments	2,099,194	2,094,092	138.5%
LEVEL 1 PORTFOLIO I	INVESTMENTS: Investments (less than 5.00	0% of voting control)				
Allied Defense Group, Inc.	Virginia / Aerospace & Defense	Common Stock (10,000 shares)		56		0.0%
				56		0.0%
Dover Saddlery, Inc.	Massachusetts / Retail	Common Stock (30,974 shares)		63	129	0.0%
				63	129	0.0%
	Total	Non-control/Non-affiliate Investments (Level 1 In	vestments)	119	129	0.0%

	Total Portfolio Investments	2,099,313	2,094,221	138.5%
SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS: Money Market Funds (Level 2 Investments)				
Fidelity Institutional Money Market Funds Government Portfolio (Class I)		86,596	86,596	5.7%
Fidelity Institutional Money Market Funds Government Portfolio (Class I)(3)		31,772	31,772	2.1%
Victory Government Money Market Funds		1	1	0.0%
	Total Money Market Funds	118,369	118,369	7.8%
	Total Investments	2,217,682	2,212,590	146.3%

Endnote Explanations for the Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012

- (1)

 The securities in which Prospect Capital Corporation ("we", "us" or "our") has invested were acquired in transactions that were exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the "Securities Act." These securities may be resold only in transactions that are exempt from registration under the Securities Act.
- (2) Fair value is determined by or under the direction of our Board of Directors. As of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, two of our portfolio investments, Allied Defense Group, Inc. ("Allied") and Dover Saddlery, Inc. ("Dover") were publicly traded and classified as Level 1 within the

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

(in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations for the Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012 (Continued)

valuation hierarchy established by Accounting Standards Codification 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820"). As of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, the fair value of our remaining portfolio investments was determined using significant unobservable inputs. ASC 820 classifies such inputs used to measure fair value as Level 3 within the valuation hierarchy. Our investments in money market funds are classified as Level 2. See Note 2 and Note 3 within the accompanying consolidated financial statements for further discussion.

- Security, or portion thereof, is held by Prospect Capital Funding LLC, a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, and is pledged as collateral for the revolving credit facility and such security is not available as collateral to our general creditors (See Note 4). The market values of these investments at December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012 were \$642,128 and \$783,384, respectively; they represent 18.5% and 35.4% of total investments at fair value, respectively. Prospect Capital Funding LLC (See Note 1), our wholly-owned subsidiary, holds an aggregate market value of \$642,128 and \$783,384 of these investments as of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, respectively.
- (4) Security, or portion thereof, has a floating interest rate which may be subject to a LIBOR or PRIME floor. Stated interest rate was in effect at December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012.
- (5)
 Ellett Brothers, LLC., Evans Sports, Inc., Jerry's Sports, Inc., Simmons Gun Specialties, Inc., Bonitz Brothers, Inc. and Outdoor Sports Headquarters, Inc., are joint borrowers on our second lien loan. United Sporting Companies, Inc., is a parent guarantor of this debt investment.
- During the quarter ended December 31, 2009, we created two new entities, Coalbed Inc. and Coalbed LLC, to foreclose on the outstanding senior secured loan and assigned rights and interests of Conquest Cherokee, LLC ("Conquest"), as a result of the deterioration of Conquest's financial performance and inability to service debt payments. We own 1,000 shares of common stock in Coalbed Inc., representing 100% of the issued and outstanding common stock. Coalbed Inc., in turn owns 100% of the membership interest in Coalbed LLC.

On October 21, 2009, Coalbed LLC foreclosed on the loan formerly made to Conquest. On January 19, 2010, as part of the Manx rollup, the Coalbed LLC assets and loan were assigned to Manx, the holding company. On June 30, 2012, Manx reassigned our investment in Coalbed to Wolf Energy Holdings, Inc. ("Wolf"), a newly-formed, separately owned holding company. Our Board of Directors set value at zero for the loan position in Coalbed LLC investment as of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012.

- (7) In addition to the stated returns, the net profits interest held will be realized upon sale of the borrower or a sale of the interests.
- (8)

 During the quarter ended December 31, 2011, our ownership of Change Clean Energy Holdings, Inc. ("CCEHI") and Change Clean Energy, Inc. ("CCEI"), Freedom Marine Holding, Inc. ("Freedom Marine") and Yatesville Coal Holdings, Inc. ("Yatesville") was transferred to Energy Solutions Holdings Inc. (f/k/a Gas Solutions Holdings Inc.) ("Energy

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

(in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations for the Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Solutions") to consolidate all of our energy holdings under one management team. We own 100% of Energy Solutions.

(9)
Entity was formed as a result of the debt restructuring of ESA Environmental Specialist, Inc. In early 2009, we foreclosed on the two loans on non-accrual status and purchased the underlying personal and real property. We own 1,000 shares of common stock in The Healing Staff ("THS"), f/k/a Lisamarie Fallon, Inc. representing 100% ownership. We own 1,500 shares of Vets Securing America, Inc. ("VSA"), representing 100% ownership.

During the three months ended December 31, 2012, we determined that the impairment of Integrated Contract Services, Inc. ("ICS") was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$12,198 for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair market value. Our remaining investment in The Healing Staff ("THS"), an affiliate of ICS, was valued at zero as of December 31, 2012 and continues to provide staffing solutions for health care facilities and security staffing.

- (10) Loan is with THS an affiliate of ICS.
- (11) Evanta Ventures, Inc. and Sports Leadership Institute, Inc. are joint borrowers on our investment.
- On January 19, 2010, we modified the terms of our senior secured debt in AEH and Coalbed in conjunction with the formation of Manx Energy, a new entity consisting of the assets of AEH, Coalbed and Kinley Exploration. The assets of the three companies were brought under new common management. We funded \$2,800 at closing to Manx to provide for working capital. A portion of our loans to AEH and Coalbed was exchanged for Manx preferred equity, while our AEH equity interest was converted into Manx common stock. There was no change to fair value at the time of restructuring. On June 30, 2012, Manx reassigned our investments in Coalbed and AEH to Wolf, a newly-formed, separately owned holding company. We continue to fully reserve any income accrued for Manx.
- (13) On a fully diluted basis represents 10.00% of voting common shares.
- (14) A portion of the positions listed were issued by an affiliate of the portfolio company.
- We own 99.9999% of AGC/PEP, LLC. AGC/PEP, LLC owns 2,037.65 out of a total of 83,818.69 shares (including 5,111 vested and unvested management options) of American Gilsonite Holding Company which owns 100% of American Gilsonite Company.
- (16) Syndicated investment which had been originated by another financial institution and broadly distributed.
- At June 30, 2012, Mistral Chip Holdings, LLC owns 44,800 shares of Chip Holdings, Inc. and Mistral Chip Holdings 2, LLC owns 11,975 shares in Chip Holdings, Inc. Chip Holdings, Inc. is the parent company of Shearer's Foods, Inc. and has 67,936 shares outstanding before adjusting for management options. On November 7, 2012, we redeemed our membership interests in Mistral Chip Holdings, LLC, Mistral Chip Holdings 2, LLC and Mistral Chip Holdings 3, LLC in

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

(in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations for the Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012 (Continued)

connection with the sale of Shearer's, receiving \$6,022 of net proceeds and realizing a gain of approximately \$2,027 on the redemption

- (18)

 The overriding royalty interests held receive payments at the stated rates based upon operations of the borrower.
- On December 31, 2009, we sold our investment in Aylward Enterprises, LLC. AWCNC, LLC is the remaining holding company with zero assets. Our remaining outstanding debt after the sale was written off on December 31, 2009 and no value has been assigned to the equity position as of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012.
- (20)
 We own a warrant to purchase 2,650,588 shares of Series A Preferred Stock, 441,176 shares of Series B Preferred Stock, and 30,918 shares of Voting Common Stock in Boxercraft Incorporated.
- (21) We own warrants to purchase 33,750 shares of common stock in Metal Buildings Holding Corporation ("Metal Buildings"), the former holding company of Borga, Inc. Metal Buildings Holding Corporation owned 100% of Borga, Inc.
 - On March 8, 2010, we foreclosed on the stock in Borga, Inc. that was held by Metal Buildings, obtaining 100% ownership of Borga, Inc.
- (22)

 Certain investments that we have determined are not "qualifying" assets under Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Under the 1940 Act, we may not acquire any non-qualifying asset unless, at the time such acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of our total assets. We monitor the status of these assets on an ongoing basis.
- On January 1, 2010, we restructured our senior secured and bridge loans investment in Iron Horse Coiled Tubing, Inc. ("Iron Horse") and we reorganized Iron Horse's management structure. The senior secured loan and bridge loan were replaced with three new tranches of senior secured debt. During the period from June 30, 2011 to June 30, 2012, our fully diluted ownership of Iron Horse decreased from 57.8% to 5.0%, respectively, as we continued to transfer ownership interests to Iron Horse's management as they repaid our outstanding debt. Iron Horse management had an option to repurchase our remaining interest for \$2,040.

As of June 30, 2012, our Board of Directors assessed a fair value in Iron Horse of \$2,040. On July 24, 2012, we sold our 3,821 shares of Iron Horse Coiled Tubing, Inc. common stock in connection with the exercise of an equity buyout option, receiving \$2,040 of net proceeds and realizing a gain of approximately \$1,772 on the sale.

On May 6, 2011, we made a secured first-lien \$24,250 debt investment to NMMB Acquisition, Inc., a \$2,800 secured debt and \$4,400 equity investment to NMMB Holdings, Inc. We own 100% of the Series A Preferred Stock in NMMB Holdings, Inc. NMMB Holdings, Inc. owns 100% of the Convertible Preferred in NMMB Acquisition, Inc. NMMB Acquisition, Inc. has a 5.8% dividend rate which is paid to NMMB Holdings, Inc. Our fully diluted ownership in NMMB Holdings, Inc. is 100% as of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012. Our fully diluted ownership in NMMB Acquisition, Inc. is 83.5% as of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2012 (Audited)

(in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations for the Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012 (Continued)

- Undrawn committed revolvers incur commitment fees ranging from 0.50% to 2.00%. As of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, we have \$188,367 and \$180,646 of undrawn revolver commitments to our portfolio companies, respectively.
- (26)
 Stated interest rates are based on December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012 one month Libor rates plus applicable spreads based on the respective credit agreements. Interest rates are subject to change based on actual elections by the borrower for a Libor rate contract or Base Rate contract when drawing on the revolver.
- On July 30, 2010, we made a secured first-lien \$30,000 debt investment to AIRMALL USA, Inc., a \$12,500 secured second-lien to AMU Holdings, Inc., and 100% of the Convertible Preferred Stock and Common stock of AMU Holdings, Inc. Our Convertible Preferred Stock in AMU Holdings, Inc. has a 12.0% dividend rate which is paid from the dividends received from the underlying operating company, AIRMALL USA Inc. AMU Holdings, Inc. owns 100% of the common stock in AIRMALL USA, Inc.
- (28)

 Progrexion Marketing, Inc., Progrexion Teleservices, Inc., Progrexion ASG, Inc. Progrexion IP, Inc. and Efolks, LLC, are joint borrowers on our senior secured investment. Progrexion Holdings, Inc. and eFolks Holdings, Inc. are the guarantors of this debt investment.
- (29) Our wholly-owned entity, First Tower Holdings of Delaware, LLC, owns 80.1% of First Tower Holdings LLC, the operating company of First Tower, LLC.
- Southern Management Corporation, Thaxton Investment Corporation, Southern Finance of Tennessee, Inc., Covington Credit of Texas, Inc., Covington Credit, Inc., Covington Credit of Alabama, Inc., Covington Credit of Georgia, Inc., Southern Finance of South Carolina, Inc. and Quick Credit Corporation, are joint borrowers on our senior secured investment. SouthernCo, Inc. is the guarantor of this debt investment.
- We own 2.6% of Caleel + Hayden, LLC, which holds 11,662 options in Mineral Fusion Natural, LLC, its subsidiary, which expire February 25, 2019.
- Our wholly-owned entity, APH Property Holdings, LLC, owns 100% of the common equity of American Property Holdings Corp., a REIT which holds investments in several real estate properties.
- Our wholly-owned entity, CCPI Holdings Inc. owns 95.13% of CCPI Inc., the operating company.
- Our wholly-owned entity, Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC owns 75% of Credit Central Holdings, LLC, which owns 100% of each of Credit Central, LLC, Credit Central South, LLC and Credit Central of Tennessee, LLC, the operating companies.
- Our wholly-owned entity, Valley Electric Holdings I, Inc. ("HoldCo"), owns 100% of Valley Electric Holdings, II, Inc. ("Valley II"). Valley II owns 96.3% of Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. ("OpCo"), the operating company. Our debt investments are with

both HoldCo and OpCo.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 1. Organization

References herein to "we", "us" or "our" refer to Prospect Capital Corporation ("Prospect") and its subsidiary unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

We are a closed-end investment company that has filed an election to be treated as a Business Development Company ("BDC"), under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act"). As a BDC, we have qualified and have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company ("RIC"), under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code. We invest primarily in senior and subordinated debt and equity of companies in need of capital for acquisitions, divestitures, growth, development, recapitalizations and other purposes.

Prospect Capital Funding, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, is a wholly-owned subsidiary which holds certain of our portfolio loan investments that are collateral for our credit facility.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

The following are significant accounting policies consistently applied by us:

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-K and Regulation S-X. The financial results of our portfolio investments are not consolidated in the financial statements.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made in the presentation of prior notes to consolidated financial statements to conform to the presentation as of and for the three and six months ended December 31, 2012.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of GAAP financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reported period. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, creditworthiness of our portfolio companies and any other parameters used in determining these estimates could cause actual results to differ, and these differences could be material.

Basis of Consolidation

Under the 1940 Act rules, the regulations pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation S-X and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' Audit and Accounting Guide for Investment Companies, we are precluded from consolidating any entity other than another investment company or an operating company which provides substantially all of its services and benefits to us. Our financial

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

statements include our accounts and the accounts of PCF, our only wholly-owned, closely-managed subsidiary that is also an investment company. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Investment Classification

We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act. We classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, control investments are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally deemed to exist when a company or individual possesses or has the right to acquire within 60 days or less, a beneficial ownership of 25% or more of the voting securities of an investee company. Affiliated investments and affiliated companies are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are deemed to exist through the possession outright or via the right to acquire within 60 days or less, beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of another person.

Investments are recognized when we assume an obligation to acquire a financial instrument and assume the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. Investments are derecognized when we assume an obligation to sell a financial instrument and forego the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. Specifically, we record all security transactions on a trade date basis. Investments in other, non-security financial instruments are recorded on the basis of subscription date or redemption date, as applicable. Amounts for investments recognized or derecognized but not yet settled are reported as receivables for investments sold and payables for investments purchased, respectively, in the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

Investment Risks

Our investments are subject to a variety of risks. Those risks include the following:

Market Risk

Market risk represents the potential loss that can be caused by a change in the fair value of the financial instrument.

Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the risk we would incur if the counterparties failed to perform pursuant to the terms of their agreements with Prospect. Our investments in collateralized loan obligation funds ("CLOs") are subject to default risk of the underlying portfolio of loans.

Prepayment Risk

Many of the our debt investments allow for prepayment of principal without penalty. Downward changes in interest rates may cause prepayments to occur at a faster than expected rate, thereby

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

effectively shortening the maturity of the security and making the security less likely to be an income producing instrument.

Investment Valuation

Our Board of Directors has established procedures for the valuation of our investment portfolio. These procedures are detailed below.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are valued at such market quotations.

For most of our investments, market quotations are not available. With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available or when such market quotations are deemed not to represent fair value, our Board of Directors has approved a multi-step valuation process each quarter, as described below:

- Each portfolio company or investment is reviewed by our investment professionals with the independent valuation firms engaged by our Board of Directors;
- 2) the independent valuation firms conduct independent appraisals and make their own independent assessment;
- 3)
 the audit committee of our Board of Directors reviews and discusses the preliminary valuation with Prospect Capital
 Management (the "Investment Adviser") proposing values within the valuation range presented by the independent valuation
 firms; and
- the Board of Directors discusses valuations and determines the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in good faith based on the input of our Investment Adviser, the respective independent valuation firms and the audit committee.

Investments are valued utilizing a shadow bond approach, a market approach, an income approach, a liquidation approach, or a combination of approaches, as appropriate. The shadow bond and market approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities (including a business). The income approach uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts (for example, cash flows or earnings) to a single present value amount (discounted) calculated based on an appropriate discount rate. The measurement is based on the net present value indicated by current market expectations about those future amounts. In following these approaches, the types of factors that we may take into account in fair value pricing our investments include, as relevant: available current market data, including relevant and applicable market trading and transaction comparables, applicable market yields and multiples, security covenants, call protection provisions, information rights, the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments, its earnings and discounted cash flows, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, comparisons of financial ratios of peer companies that are public, M&A comparables, the principal market and enterprise values, among other factors.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

We invest in debt and equity positions of CLOs which are a form of securitization in which the cash flows of a portfolio of loans are pooled and passed on to different classes of owners in various tranches. Our CLO investments are derived from portfolios of corporate debt securities which are generally risk rated from BB to B depending on the tranche. The investments are classified as ASC 820 level 3 securities, and are valued using discounted cash flow model. The valuations have been accomplished through the analysis of the CLO deal structures to identify the risk exposures from the modeling point of view. For each security, the most appropriate valuation approach has been chosen from alternative approaches to ensure the most accurate valuation for each security. To value a CLO, both the assets and liabilities of the CLO capital structure have been modeled. Our valuation agent uses a waterfall engine to store the collateral data, including the collateral cash flows from the assets, and distributions of the cash flow to the liability structure based on the payment priorities, and discounts them back using proper discount rates that incorporate all the risk factors. The main risk factors are: default risk, interest rate risk, downgrade risk, and credit spread risk.

ASC 820 classifies the inputs used to measure these fair values into the following hierarchy:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, accessible by us at the measurement date.
- Level 2: Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other observable inputs other than quoted prices.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

In all cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls has been determined based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to each investment. The changes to GAAP from the application of ASC 820 relate to the definition of fair value, the framework for measuring fair value, and the expanded disclosures about fair value measurements. ASC 820 applies to fair value measurements already required or permitted by other standards. In accordance with ASC 820, the fair value of our investments is defined as the price that we would receive upon selling an investment in an orderly transaction to an independent buyer in the principal or most advantageous market in which that investment is transacted.

Valuation of Other Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

ASC Subtopic 820-10-05-1, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities* ("ASC 820-10-05-1") permits an entity to elect fair value as the initial and subsequent measurement attribute for many assets and liabilities. We have elected not to value other assets and liabilities at fair value as would be permitted by ASC 820-10-05-1.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Senior Convertible Notes

We have recorded the Senior Convertible Notes (See Note 5) at their contractual amounts. The Senior Convertible Notes were analyzed for any features that would require its accounting to be bifurcated and they were determined to be immaterial.

Revenue Recognition

Realized gains or losses on the sale of investments are calculated using the specific identification method.

Interest income, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount, is recorded on an accrual basis. Origination, closing and/or commitment fees associated with investments in portfolio companies are accreted into interest income over the respective terms of the applicable loans. Accretion of such purchase discounts or premiums is calculated by the effective interest method as of the purchase date and adjusted only for material amendments or prepayments. Upon the prepayment of a loan or debt security, any prepayment penalties and unamortized loan origination, closing and commitment fees are recorded as interest income. The purchase discount for portfolio investments acquired from Patriot Capital Funding, Inc. ("Patriot") was determined based on the difference between par value and fair market value as of December 2, 2009, and will continue to accrete until maturity or repayment of the respective loans.

Interest income from investments in the residual interest class of security of CLO Funds (typically income notes or subordinated notes) is recorded based upon an estimation of an effective yield to expected maturity utilizing assumed cash flows in accordance with ASC 325-40-35, *Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets*. Adjustments resulting from recording the interest income based on the effective yield are recorded to the cost basis of the investment. We monitor the expected cash inflows from our CLO equity investments, including the expected residual payments and the effective yield is determined and updated periodically.

Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

Structuring fees and similar fees are recognized as income as earned, usually when paid. Structuring fees, net profits interests and overriding royalty interests are included in other income.

Loans are placed on non-accrual status when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will not be collected in accordance with the terms of the investment. Accrued interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid and in management's judgment, are likely to remain current.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Federal and State Income Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company and intend to continue to comply with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code, applicable to regulated investment companies. We are required to distribute at least 90% of our investment company taxable income and intend to distribute (or retain through a deemed distribution) all of our investment company taxable income and net capital gains to stockholders; therefore, we have made no provision for income taxes. The character of income and gains that we will distribute is determined in accordance with income tax regulations that may differ from GAAP. Book and tax basis differences relating to stockholder dividends and distributions and other permanent book and tax differences are reclassified to paid-in capital.

If we do not distribute (or are not deemed to have distributed) at least 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains in the calendar year earned, we will generally be required to pay an excise tax equal to 4% of the amount by which 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains exceed the distributions from such taxable income for the year. To the extent that we determine that our estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions from such taxable income, we accrue excise taxes, if any, on estimated excess taxable income as taxable income is earned using an annual effective excise tax rate. The annual effective excise tax rate is determined by dividing the estimated annual excise tax by the estimated annual taxable income. At December 31, 2012, we have elected to retain a portion of our annual taxable income and have accrued \$4,500 for the excise tax that will be paid with the filing of the return.

If we fail to satisfy the annual distribution requirement or otherwise fail to qualify as a RIC in any taxable year, we would be subject to tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate rates. We would not be able to deduct distributions to stockholders, nor would we be required to make distributions. Distributions would generally be taxable to our individual and other non-corporate taxable stockholders as ordinary dividend income eligible for the reduced maximum rate for taxable years beginning before 2013 (but not for taxable years beginning thereafter, unless the relevant provisions are extended by legislation) to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits, provided certain holding period and other requirements are met. Subject to certain limitations under the Internal Revenue Code, corporate distributions would be eligible for the dividends-received deduction. To qualify again to be taxed as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to distribute to our shareholders our accumulated earnings and profits attributable to non-RIC years reduced by an interest charge of 50% of such earnings and profits payable by us as an additional tax. In addition, if we failed to qualify as a RIC for a period greater than two taxable years, then, in order to qualify as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to elect to recognize and pay tax on any net built-in gain (the excess of aggregate gain, including items of income, over aggregate loss that would have been realized if we had been liquidated) or, alternatively, be subject to taxation on such built-in gain recognized for a period of ten years.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

We follow ASC 740, *Income Taxes* ("ASC 740"). ASC 740 provides guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented, and disclosed in the financial statements. ASC 740 requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing our tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold are recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. As of December 31, 2012 and for the three and six months then ended, we did not have a liability for any unrecognized tax expense. Management's determinations regarding ASC 740 may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based upon factors including, but not limited to, an on-going analysis of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof.

Dividends and Distributions

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount, if any, to be paid as a monthly dividend or distribution is approved by our Board of Directors quarterly and is generally based upon our management's estimate of our earnings for the quarter. Net realized capital gains, if any, are distributed at least annually.

Financing Costs

We record origination expenses related to our credit facility and Senior Convertible Notes, Senior Unsecured Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® (collectively, our "Senior Notes"), as deferred financing costs. These expenses are deferred and amortized as part of interest expense using the straight-line method for our revolving credit facility and the effective interest method for our Senior Notes, over the respective expected life.

We record registration expenses related to shelf filings as prepaid assets. These expenses consist principally of Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") registration fees, legal fees and accounting fees incurred. These prepaid assets will be charged to capital upon the receipt of an equity offering proceeds or charged to expense if no offering completed.

Guarantees and Indemnification Agreements

We follow ASC 460, *Guarantees* ("ASC 460"). ASC 460 elaborates on the disclosure requirements of a guarantor in its interim and annual financial statements about its obligations under certain guarantees that it has issued. It also requires a guarantor to recognize, at the inception of a guarantee, for those guarantees that are covered by ASC 460, the fair value of the obligation undertaken in issuing certain guarantees.

Per Share Information

Net increase or decrease in net assets resulting from operations per common share are calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period presented. In

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

accordance with ASC 946, Financial Services Investment Companies, convertible securities are not considered in the calculation of net assets per share.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-04, *Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs* ("ASU 2011-04"). ASU 2011-04 amends Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements" ("ASC 820") by: (1) clarifying that the highest-and-best-use and valuation-premise concepts only apply to measuring the fair value of non-financial assets; (2) allowing a reporting entity to measure the fair value of the net asset or net liability position in a manner consistent with how market participants would price the net risk position, if certain criteria are met; (3) providing a framework for considering whether a premium or discount can be applied in a fair value measurement; (4) providing that the fair value of an instrument classified in a reporting entity's shareholders' equity is estimated from the perspective of a market participant that holds the identical item as an asset; and (5) expanding the qualitative and quantitative fair value disclosure requirements. The expanded disclosures include, for Level 3 items, a description of the valuation process and a narrative description of the sensitivity of the fair value to changes in unobservable inputs and interrelationships between those inputs if a change in those inputs would result in a significantly different fair value measurement. ASU 2011-4 also requires disclosures about the highest-and-best-use of a non-financial asset when this use differs from the asset's current use and the reasons for such a difference. In addition, this ASU amends Accounting Standards Codification 820, "Fair Value Measurements," to require disclosures to include any transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. These amendments were effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011 and for interim periods within those fiscal years. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2011-04 did not have a significant effect on our financial statements. See Note 3 for the disc

In August 2012, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2012-03, *Technical Amendments and Corrections to SEC Sections:*Amendments to SEC Paragraphs Pursuant to SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 114 ("SAB No. 114"), Technical Amendments Pursuant to SEC Release No. 33-9250, and Corrections Related to FASB Accounting Standards Update 2010-22 ("ASU 2012-03"). The update amends various SEC paragraphs pursuant to the issuance of SAB No. 114 and is effective upon issuance. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2012-03 did not have a significant effect on our financial statements.

In October 2012, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2012-04, *Technical Corrections and Improvements* ("ASU 2012-04"). The amendments in this update cover a wide range of Topics in the Accounting Standards Codification. These amendments include technical corrections and improvements to the Accounting Standards Codification and conforming amendments related to fair value measurements. The amendments in this update will be effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The adoption of ASU 2012-04 is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 3. Portfolio Investments

At December 31, 2012, we had invested in 106 long-term portfolio investments, which had an amortized cost of \$3,117,057 and a fair value of \$3,038,808 and at June 30, 2012, we had invested in 85 long-term portfolio investments, which had an amortized cost of \$2,099,313 and a fair value of \$2,094,221.

As of December 31, 2012, we own controlling interests in AIRMALL USA, Inc. ("Airmall"), Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, Inc., APH Property Holdings, LLC ("APH"), AWCNC, LLC, Borga, Inc. ("Borga"), CCPI, Inc., Credit Central, Inc., Energy Solutions Holdings, Inc. (f/k/a Gas Solutions Holdings, Inc.) ("Energy Solutions"), First Tower Holdings of Delaware, LLC, Manx Energy, Inc. ("Manx"), NMMB Holdings, Inc., R-V Industries, Inc., The Healing Staff, Inc. ("THS"), Valley Electric Co. of Mount Vernon, Inc. and Wolf Energy Holdings, Inc. ("Wolf"). We also own an affiliated interest in BNN Holdings Corp. f/k/a Biotronic NeuroNetwork, Boxercraft Incorporated and Smart, LLC.

The composition of our investments and money market funds as of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012 at cost and fair value was as follows:

		December	r 31,	2012		June 3	12			
		Cost]	Fair Value		Cost]	Fair Value		
Revolving Line of Credit	\$	7,195	\$	6,872	\$	1,145	\$	868		
Senior Secured Debt		1,574,781		1,508,131		1,146,454		1,088,019		
Subordinated Secured Debt		801,771		755,831		536,900		480,147		
Subordinated Unsecured Debt		173,241		173,781		72,617		73,195		
CLO Debt		27,459		29,389		27,258		27,717		
CLO Residual Interest		405,300		408,050		214,559		218,009		
Equity		127,310		156,754		100,380		206,266		
Total Investments		3,117,057		3,038,808		2,099,313		2,094,221		
Money Market Funds		430,945		430,945		118,369		118,369		
Total Investments and Money Market Funds	\$	3,548,002	\$	3,469,753	\$	2,217,682	\$	2,212,590		
	F-40									

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 3. Portfolio Investments (Continued)

The fair values of our investments and money market funds as of December 31, 2012 disaggregated into the three levels of the ASC 820 valuation hierarchy are as follows:

	Identical	Prices in arkets for Securities rel 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant nobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Investments at fair value					
Revolving Line of Credit	\$		\$	\$ 6,872	\$ 6,872
Senior Secured Debt				1,508,131	1,508,131
Subordinated Secured Debt				755,831	755,831
Subordinated Unsecured Debt				173,781	173,781
CLO Debt				29,389	29,389
CLO Residual Interest				408,050	408,050
Equity		105		156,649	156,754
Total Investments		105		3,038,703	3,038,808
Money Market Funds			430,945		430,945
Total Investments and Money Market Funds	\$	105	\$ 430,945	\$ 3,038,703	\$ 3,469,753

Fair Value Hierarchy

	Lev	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Investments at fair value								
Control investments	\$		\$		\$	649,380	\$	649,380
Affiliate investments						48,266		48,266
Non-control/non-affiliate investments		105				2,341,057		2,341,162
		105				3,038,703		3,038,808
Investments in money market funds				430,945				430,945
Total investments reported at fair value	\$	105	\$	430,945	\$	3,038,703	\$	3,469,753

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 3. Portfolio Investments (Continued)

The fair values of our investments and money market funds as of June 30, 2012 disaggregated into the three levels of the ASC 820 valuation hierarchy are as follows:

	Quoted I Active Ma Identical S (Lev	arkets for Securities	Signific Othe Observa Input (Level	r Ible U s	Significant Inobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Investments at fair value						
Revolving Line of Credit	\$		\$	\$	868	\$ 868
Senior Secured Debt					1,088,019	1,088,019
Subordinated Secured Debt					480,147	480,147
Subordinated Unsecured Debt					73,195	73,195
CLO Debt					27,717	27,717
CLO Residual Interest					218,009	218,009
Equity		129			206,137	206,266
Total Investments		129			2,094,092	2,094,221
Money Market Funds			118	,369		118,369
Total Investments and Money Market Funds	\$	129	\$ 118	.369 \$	2.094.092	\$ 2,212,590

Fair Value Hierarchy

	Level 1 Level 2		Level 2	Level 3		Total	
Investments at fair value							
Control investments	\$		\$		\$	564,489	\$ 564,489
Affiliate investments						46,116	46,116
Non-control/non-affiliate investments		129				1,483,487	1,483,616
		129				2,094,092	2,094,221
Investments in money market funds				118,369			118,369
Total investments reported at fair value	\$	129	\$	118,369	\$	2,094,092	\$ 2,212,590

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 3. Portfolio Investments (Continued)

The aggregate values of Level 3 portfolio investments changed during the six months ended December 31, 2012 as follows:

	Fair Value Measurements Using Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) Non-Control/ Control Affiliate Non-Affiliate									
	In	vestments	Inv	estments	Iı	vestments		Total		
Fair value as of June 30, 2012	\$	564,489	\$	46,116	\$	1,483,487	\$	2,094,092		
Total realized loss (gain), net		(12,198)				5,727		(6,471)		
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)		(63,454)		(2,279)		(7,400)		(73,133)		
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)		(75,652)		(2,279)		(1,673)		(79,604)		
Purchases of portfolio investments		184,343		30,000		1,301,671		1,516,014		
Payment-in-kind interest		44		360		3,644		4,048		
Amortization of discounts and premiums				446		10,976		11,422		
Repayments and sales of portfolio investments		(23,844)		(26,377)		(457,048)		(507,269)		
Transfers within Level 3										
Transfers in (out) of Level 3										
Fair value as of December 31, 2012	\$	649,380	\$	48,266	\$	2,341,057	\$	3,038,703		

	Fair Value Measurements Using Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)							
		Senior	Subordinated	Subordinated	l	CLO		
		Secured	Secured	Unsecured	CLO	Residual		
	Revolver	Debt	Debt	Debt	Debt	Interest	Equity	Total
Fair value as of June 30, 2012	\$ 868	\$ 1,093,019	\$ 475,147	\$ 73,195	\$ 27,717	\$ 218,009	\$ 206,137	\$ 2,094,092
Total realized loss (gain), net			(11,520)				5,049	(6,471)
Change in unrealized								
(depreciation) appreciation	(46)	(8,215)	10,816	(39)	1,470	(702)	(76,417)	(73,133)
Net realized and unrealized								
(loss) gain	(46)	(8,215)	(704)	(39)	1,470	(702)	(71,368)	(79,604)
Purchases of portfolio	()	(3, 3,		(,	,	(,,,	(, ,, ,, ,,	(11)11
investments	7,150	734,016	460,610	99,000		182,522	32,716	1,516,014
Payment-in-kind interest	·	618	1,843	1,587				4,048
Amortization of discounts and								
premiums		1,169	1,792	38	202	8,221		11,422
Repayments and sales of								
portfolio investments	(1,100)	(312,476)	(182,857)				(10,836)	(507,269)
Transfers within Level 3								
Transfers in (out) of Level 3								

Fair value as of December 31, 2012

\$ 6,872 \$ 1,508,131 \$ 755,831 \$ 173,781 \$ 29,389 \$ 408,050 \$ 156,649 \$ 3,038,703

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 3. Portfolio Investments (Continued)

The aggregate values of Level 3 portfolio investments changed during the six months ended December 31, 2011 as follows:

	Cantanal	U	ir Value Mea nobservable Affiliate	Inpi No			
	Control vestments	-	vestments		on-Affiliate ovestments		Total
Fair value as of June 30, 2011	\$ 310,072	\$	72,337	\$	1,080,421	\$	1,462,830
Total realized loss, net	12,130				(13,239)		(1,109)
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	67,057		(7,119)		(18,798)		41,140
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	79,187		(7,119)		(32,037)		40,031
Purchases of portfolio investments	44,043		2,300		327,600		373,943
Payment-in-kind interest	219		271		2,839		3,329
Accretion of purchase discount	32		1,125		1,418		2,575
Repayments and sales of portfolio investments	(44,961)		(1,042)		(120,258)		(166,261)
Transfers within Level 3	(2,040)				2,040		
Transfers in (out) of Level 3							
Fair value as of December 31, 2011	\$ 386,552	\$	67,872	\$	1,262,023	\$	1,716,447

			Fair Value Measurements Using Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) Senior Subordinate Gubordinated CLO										
	Revolv	70 m		ecured Debt	5	Secured Debt	Ur	nsecured Debt		CLO Debt	Residual Interest	Equity	Total
Fair value as of June 30, 2011	\$ 7,2		\$	789,981	\$	448,675	\$	55,336			\$	\$ 161,560	\$ 1,462,830
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Total realized loss, net				(221)		(14,606)						13,718	(1,109)
Change in unrealized													
(depreciation) appreciation	((32)		(10,796)		(6,503)		(560)			(3,432)	62,463	41,140
Net realized and unrealized													
(loss) gain	((32)		(11,017)		(21,109)		(560)			(3,432)	76,181	40,031
Purchases of portfolio													
investments	1,0	000		219,665		79,761		15,000		14,334	42,794	1,389	373,943
Payment-in-kind interest				219		2,668		442					3,329
Accretion of purchase discount		32		1,003		1,507		33					2,575
Repayments and sales of													
portfolio investments	(6,1	85)	((113,721)		(30,802)						(15,553)	(166,261)
Transfers within Level 3													
Transfers in (out) of Level 3													
	\$ 2,0	93	\$	886,130	\$	480,700	\$	70,251	\$	14,334	\$ 39,362	\$ 223,577	\$ 1,716,447

Fair value as of December 31, 2011

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 3. Portfolio Investments (Continued)

For the six months ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, the net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation on the investments that use Level 3 inputs was (\$67,286) and \$42,165 for assets still held as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The ranges of unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of our Level 3 investments were as follows:

	As of December, 2012	As of June 30, 2012
EBITDA Multiples	3.8x to 13.0x	3.5x to 10.0x
Market Yields	5.7% to 35.0%	6.4% to 30.0%
CLO Discount Rates	9.9% to 17.9%	8.0% to 13.0%

The significant unobservable input used in the market approach of fair value measurement of our investments are the market multiples of earnings before income tax, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") of the comparable guideline public companies. The independent valuation firm selects a population of public companies for each investment with similar operations and attributes of the subject company. Using these guideline public companies' data, a range of multiples of enterprise value to EBITDA is calculated. The independent valuation firm selects percentages from the range of multiples for purposes of determining the subject company's estimated enterprise value based on said multiple and generally the latest twelve months EBITDA of the subject company (or other meaningful measure). Significant increases or decreases in the multiple will result in an increase or decrease in enterprise value, resulting in an increase or decrease in the fair value estimate of the equity investment.

The significant unobservable input used in the income approach of fair value measurement of our investments is the discount rate used to discount the estimated future cash flows expected to be received from the underlying investment, which include both future principal and interest payments. Significant increases or decreases in the discount rate would result in a decrease or increase in the fair value measurement. Included in the consideration and selection of discount rates are the following factors: risk of default, rating of the investment and comparable company investments, and call provisions.

Changes in market yields, discount rates or EBITDA multiples, each in isolation, may change the fair value of certain of our investments. Generally, an increase in market yields or discount rates or decrease in EBITDA multiples may result in a decrease in the fair value of certain of our investments.

Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments may fluctuate from period to period. Additionally, the fair value of our investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments and may differ materially from the values that we may ultimately realize. Further, such investments are generally subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or otherwise are less liquid than publicly traded securities. If we were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, we could realize significantly less than the value at which we have recorded it.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 3. Portfolio Investments (Continued)

In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the unrealized gains or losses reflected in the valuations currently assigned.

As of December 31, 2012, the valuation methodology for Airmall changed to incorporate the income method (discounted cash flow analysis) in addition to the market method (public comparable company analysis) used in previous quarters. Management adopted the income method to incorporate current financial projections in recognition of the time elapsed since the initial acquisition of the company in June 2010. As a result of this change and in recognition of recent company performance we increased the fair value of our investment in AIRMALL to \$49,752 as of December 31, 2012, a discount of \$1,718 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$3,788 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2012.

As of December 31, 2012, the valuation methodology for First Tower changed to incorporate the income method (discounted cash flow analysis) in addition to the market method (public comparable company analysis) used in previous quarters. Management adopted the income method in consideration of management forecasts not previously available. As a result of this change and in recognition of recent company performance we increased the fair value of our investment in First Tower to \$310,409 as of December 31, 2012, a premium of \$2,456 to its amortized cost, compared to \$287,953 as of June 30, 2012, equal to its amortized cost at that time.

In December 2011, we completed a reorganization of Gas Solutions Holdings, Inc. renaming the company Energy Solutions and transferring ownership of other operating companies owned by us and operating within the energy industry. As part of the reorganization, our equity interests in Change Clean Energy Holdings, Inc. and Change Clean Energy, Inc., Freedom Marine Holdings, LLC, a subsidiary of Energy Solutions ("Freedom Marine") and Yatesville Coal Holdings, Inc., a subsidiary of Energy Solutions ("Yatesville"), was transferred to Energy Solutions to consolidate all of our energy holdings under one management team strategically expanding Energy Solutions across energy sectors.

On January 4, 2012, Energy Solutions sold its gas gathering and processing assets ("Gas Solutions") for a sale price of \$199,805, adjusted for the final working capital settlement, including a potential earnout of \$28,000 that will be paid based on the future performance of Gas Solutions. After expenses, including structuring fees of \$9,966 paid to us, Energy Solutions received approximately \$153,687 in cash and an additional \$5,000 is being held in escrow. Currently, a portion of our loans to Energy Solutions remain outstanding and are collateralized by the cash held by Energy Solutions after the sale transaction. The sale of Gas Solutions by Energy Solutions has resulted in significant earnings and profits, as defined by the Internal Revenue Code, at Energy Solutions for calendar year 2012. As a result, distributions from Energy Solutions to us will be required to be recognized as dividend income, in accordance with ASC 946, Financial Services Investment Companies, as cash distributions are received from Energy Solutions to the extent there are current year earnings and profits sufficient to support such recognition. During the quarter ended December 31, 2012, Energy Solutions repaid \$20,000 of senior secured debt. We received a \$14,144 make-whole fee for early repayment of the outstanding loan, which was recorded as interest income during the three months ended December 31,

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 3. Portfolio Investments (Continued)

2012. During the three and six months ended December 31, 2012, we received distributions of \$20,570 and \$53,820 from Energy Solutions which were recorded as dividend income, respectively. Energy Solutions continues to hold \$32,187 of cash for future investment and repayment of debt, of which \$5,007 is currently held in escrow.

At December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, nine loan investments were on non-accrual status: Borga, Freedom Marine, H&M Oil and Gas, LLC, THS, a subsidiary of Integrated Contract Services, Inc. ("ICS"), Manx, Stryker Energy, LLC, Wind River Resources Corp. and Wind River II Corp., Wolf and Yatesville. The loan principal of these loans amounted to \$162,064 and \$171,149 as of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, respectively. The fair value of these loans amounted to \$38,985 and \$43,641 as of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, respectively. The fair values of these investments represent approximately 1.7% and 2.9% of our net assets as of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, respectively. For the three months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the income foregone as a result of not accruing interest on non-accrual debt investments amounted to \$6,629 and \$5,598, respectively. For the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the income foregone as a result of not accruing interest on non-accrual debt investments amounted to \$13,756 and \$12,028, respectively.

During the six months ended December 31, 2011, Deb Shops, Inc. ("Deb Shops") filed for bankruptcy and a plan for reorganization was proposed. The plan was approved by the bankruptcy court and our debt position was eliminated with no payment to us. We determined that the impairment of Deb Shops was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$14,607 during the quarter ended December 31, 2011 for the full amount of the amortized cost. The asset was completely written off when the plan of reorganization was approved.

On December 28, 2011, we made a secured debt investment of \$37,218 to support the recapitalization of NRG Manufacturing, Inc. ("NRG"). After the financing, we received repayment of the \$13,080 loan that was previously outstanding and a dividend of \$6,711 as a result of our equity holdings. In addition, we sold 392 shares of NRG common stock held by us back to NRG for \$13,266, realizing a gain of \$12,131. Our remaining 408 shares of NRG common stock were sold on February 2, 2012.

During the three months ended December 31, 2012, we determined that the impairment of ICS was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$12,198 for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair market value. Our remaining investment in THS, an affiliate of ICS, was valued at zero as of December 31, 2012 and continues to provide staffing solutions for health care facilities and security staffing.

The original cost basis of debt placements and equity securities acquired, including follow-on investments for existing portfolio companies, totaled \$769,950 and \$152,941 during the three months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. These placements and acquisitions totaled \$1,516,014 and \$373,943 during the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. Debt repayments and sales of equity securities with a cost basis of \$345,194 and \$106,708 were received during the three months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011,

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 3. Portfolio Investments (Continued)

respectively. These repayments and sales amounted to \$501,542 and \$152,763 during the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

During the three and six months ended December 31, 2012, we recognized \$655 and \$939 of interest income due to purchase discount accretion from the assets acquired from Patriot. Included in the \$655 recorded during the three months ended December 31, 2012 is \$285 of normal accretion and \$370 of accelerated accretion resulting from the repayment of Hudson Products Holdings, Inc. ("Hudson"). Included in the \$939 recorded during the six months ended December 31, 2012 is \$569 of normal accretion and \$370 of accelerated accretion resulting from the repayment of Hudson.

During the three and six months ended December 31, 2011, we recognized \$1,548 and \$2,385 of interest income due to purchase discount accretion from the assets acquired from Patriot, respectively. Included in the \$1,548 recorded during the three months ended December 31, 2011 is \$854 of normal accretion and \$694 of accelerated accretion resulting from the repayment of Mac & Massey Holdings, LLC ("Mac & Massey"). Included in the \$2,385 recorded during the six months ended December 31, 2011 is \$1,691 of normal accretion and \$694 of accelerated accretion resulting from the repayment of Mac & Massey.

On November 30, 2012 we made a secured second lien investment of \$9,500 to support the recapitalization of R-V. As part of the recapitalization, we received a dividend of \$11,073 for our investment in R-V's common stock.

As of December 31, 2012, \$1,082 of purchase discount from the assets acquired from Patriot remains to be accreted as interest income, of which \$271 is expected to be amortized during the three months ending March 31, 2013.

As of December 31, 2012, \$2,015,636 of our loans bear interest at floating rates, \$1,986,247 of which have Libor floors ranging from 1.25% to 6.00%.

Undrawn committed revolvers incur commitment fees ranging from 0.50% to 2.00%. As of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, we have \$188,367 and \$180,646 of undrawn revolver commitments to our portfolio companies, respectively.

Note 4. Revolving Credit Agreements

On June 11, 2010, we closed an extension and expansion of our existing credit facility with a syndicate of lenders through PCF (the "2010 Facility"). The 2010 Facility, which had \$325,000 total commitments as of June 30, 2011, included an accordion feature which allowed the Syndicated Facility to accept up to an aggregate total of \$400,000 of commitments, a limit which was met on September 1, 2011. Interest on borrowings under the 2010 Facility was one-month Libor plus 325 basis points, subject to a minimum Libor floor of 100 basis points. Additionally, the lenders charged a fee on the unused portion of the 2010 Facility equal to either 75 basis points if at least half of the credit facility is used or 100 basis points otherwise.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 4. Revolving Credit Agreements (Continued)

On March 27, 2012, we renegotiated the Syndicated Facility and closed on an expanded five-year \$650,000 revolving credit facility (the "2012 Facility"). The lenders have extended commitments of \$552,500 under the 2012 Facility as of December 31, 2012. The 2012 Facility includes an accordion feature which allows commitments to be increased up to \$650,000 in the aggregate. The revolving period of the 2012 Facility extends through March 2015, with an additional two year amortization period (with distributions allowed) after the completion of the revolving period. During such two year amortization period, all principal payments on the pledged assets will be applied to reduce the balance. At the end of the two year amortization period, the remaining balance will become due, if required by the lenders.

The 2012 Facility contains restrictions pertaining to the geographic and industry concentrations of funded loans, maximum size of funded loans, interest rate payment frequency of funded loans, maturity dates of funded loans and minimum equity requirements. The 2012 Facility also contains certain requirements relating to portfolio performance, including required minimum portfolio yield and limitations on delinquencies and charge-offs, violation of which could result in the early termination of the 2012 Facility. The 2012 Facility also requires the maintenance of a minimum liquidity requirement. At December 31, 2012, we were in compliance with the applicable covenants.

Interest on borrowings under the 2012 Facility is one-month Libor plus 275 basis points with no minimum Libor floor. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the 2012 Facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least half of the credit facility is drawn or 100 basis points otherwise. The 2012 Facility requires us to pledge assets as collateral in order to borrow under the credit facility. As of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, we had \$277,127 and \$451,252, respectively, available to us for borrowing under our 2012 Facility, of which the amount outstanding was zero and \$96,000, respectively. As additional investments that are eligible are transferred to PCF and pledged under the 2012 Facility, PCF will generate additional availability up to the commitment amount of \$552,500. At December 31, 2012, the investments used as collateral for the 2012 Facility had an aggregate market value of \$642,128, which represents 27.6% of our net assets. These assets have been transferred to PCF, a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, which owns these investments and as such, these investments are not available to our general creditors. PCF, a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity and our wholly-owned subsidiary, holds all of these investments at market value as of December 31, 2012. The release of any assets from PCF requires the approval of the facility agent.

In connection with the origination and amendments of the 2012 Facility, we incurred \$10,757 of fees, including \$1,319 of fees carried over from the previous facility, which are being amortized over the term of the facility in accordance with ASC 470-50, *Debt Modifications and Extinguishments*, of which \$8,206 remains to be amortized as of December 31, 2012.

During the three months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, we recorded \$2,227 and \$4,689 of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Syndicated Facility as interest expense, respectively. During the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, we recorded \$4,395 and \$8,299 of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Syndicated Facility as interest expense, respectively.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

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(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 5. Senior Convertible Notes

On December 21, 2010, we issued \$150,000 in aggregate principal amount of our 6.25% senior convertible notes due 2015 ("2015 Notes") for net proceeds (after deducting underwriting expenses) of approximately \$145,200. Interest on the 2015 Notes is paid semi-annually in arrears on June 15 and December 15, at a rate of 6.25% per year, commencing June 15, 2011. The 2015 Notes mature on December 15, 2015 unless converted earlier. The 2015 Notes are convertible into shares of common stock at an initial conversion rate and conversion rate at December 31, 2012 of 88.0902 and 88.1429 shares, respectively, of common stock per \$1 principal amount of 2015 Notes, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$11.35 per share of common stock, subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. The conversion price in effect at December 31, 2012 was last calculated on the anniversary of the issuance (December 21, 2012) and will next be adjusted on the next anniversary, unless the exercise price shall have changed by more than 1% before the anniversary. The conversion rate for the 2015 Notes is increased when monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the monthly dividend rate of \$0.101125 per share, subject to adjustment.

On February 18, 2011, we issued \$172,500 in aggregate principal amount of our 5.50% senior convertible notes due 2016 ("2016 Notes") for net proceeds following underwriting expenses of approximately \$167,325. Between January 30, 2012 and February 2, 2012, we repurchased \$5,000 of our 2016 Notes at a price of 97.5, including commissions. The transactions resulted in our recognizing \$10 of loss in the year ended June 30, 2012. Interest on the remaining \$167,500 of 2016 Notes is paid semi-annually in arrears on February 15 and August 15, at a rate of 5.50% per year, commencing August 15, 2011. The 2016 Notes mature on August 15, 2016 unless converted earlier. The 2016 Notes are convertible into shares of common stock at an initial conversion rate and conversion rate at December 31, 2012 of 78.3699 and 78.3835 shares, respectively, of common stock per \$1 principal amount of 2016 Notes, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$12.76 per share of common stock, subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. The conversion price in effect at June 30, 2012 was last calculated on the anniversary of the issuance (February 14, 2011) and will next be adjusted on the next anniversary, unless the exercise price shall have changed by more than 1% before the anniversary. The conversion rate for the 2016 Notes is increased when monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the monthly dividend rate of \$0.101150 per share.

On April 16, 2012, we issued \$130,000 in aggregate principal amount of our 5.375% senior convertible notes due 2017 ("2017 Notes") for net proceeds following underwriting expenses of approximately \$126,035. Interest on the 2017 Notes is paid semi-annually in arrears on October 15 and April 15, at a rate of 5.375% per year, commencing October 15, 2012. The 2017 Notes mature on October 15, 2017 unless converted earlier. The 2017 Notes are convertible into shares of common stock at an initial conversion rate and conversion rate at December 31, 2012 of 85.8442 shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of 2017 Notes, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$11.65 per share of common stock, subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. The conversion price has not been adjusted since the issuance (April 16, 2012) and will next be adjusted on the first anniversary, unless the exercise price shall have changed by more than 1% before the anniversary. The conversion rate for the 2017 Notes is increased when monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the monthly dividend rate of \$0.10150 per share.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 5. Senior Convertible Notes (Continued)

On August 14, 2012, we issued \$200,000 in aggregate principal amount of our 5.75% senior convertible notes due 2018 ("2018 Notes") for net proceeds following underwriting expenses of approximately \$193,600. Interest on the 2018 Notes is paid semi-annually in arrears on March 15 and September 15, at a rate of 5.75% per year, commencing March 15, 2013. The 2018 Notes mature on March 15, 2018 unless converted earlier. The 2018 Notes are convertible into shares of common stock at an initial conversion rate and conversion rate at December 31, 2012 of 82.3451 shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of 2018 Notes, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$12.14 per share of common stock, subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. The conversion price has not been adjusted since the issuance (August 14, 2012) and will next be adjusted on the first anniversary, unless the exercise price shall have changed by more than 1% before the anniversary. The conversion rate for the 2018 Notes is increased when monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the monthly dividend rate of \$0.10160 per share.

On December 21, 2012, we issued \$200,000 in aggregate principal amount of 5.875% senior convertible notes due 2019 (the "2019 Notes") for net proceeds following underwriting and other expenses of approximately \$193,600. Interest on the 2019 Notes is paid semi-annually in arrears on January 15 and July 15, at a rate of 5.875% per year, commencing July 15, 2013. The 2019 Notes mature on January 15, 2019 unless converted earlier. The 2019 Notes are convertible into shares of common stock at an initial conversion rate and conversion rate at December 31, 2012 of 79.7766 shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of 2019 Notes, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$12.54 per share of common stock, subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. The conversion price has not been adjusted since the issuance (December 21 2012) and will next be adjusted on the first anniversary, unless the exercise price shall have changed by more than 1% before the anniversary. The conversion rate for the 2019 Notes is increased when monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the monthly dividend rate of \$0.110025 per share.

In no event will the total number of shares of common stock issuable upon conversion exceed 96.8992 per \$1 principal amount of the 2015 Notes (the "conversion rate cap"), except that, to the extent we receive written guidance or a no-action letter from the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Guidance") permitting us to adjust the conversion rate in certain instances without regard to the conversion rate cap and to make the 2015 Notes convertible into certain reference property in accordance with certain reclassifications, business combinations, asset sales and corporate events by us without regard to the conversion rate cap, we will make such adjustments without regard to the conversion rate cap and will also, to the extent that we make any such adjustment without regard to the conversion rate cap pursuant to the Guidance, adjust the conversion rate cap accordingly. We will use our commercially reasonable efforts to obtain such Guidance as promptly as practicable.

Prior to obtaining the Guidance, we will not engage in certain transactions that would result in an adjustment to the conversion rate increasing the conversion rate beyond what it would have been in the absence of such transaction unless we have engaged in a reverse stock split or share combination transaction such that in our reasonable best estimation, the conversion rate following the adjustment for such transaction will not be any closer to the conversion rate cap than it would have been in the absence of such transaction.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 5. Senior Convertible Notes (Continued)

Upon conversion, unless a holder converts after a record date for an interest payment but prior to the corresponding interest payment date, the holder will receive a separate cash payment with respect to the Notes surrendered for conversion representing accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including the conversion date. Any such payment will be made on the settlement date applicable to the relevant conversion on the Senior Convertible Notes.

No holder of Senior Convertible Notes will be entitled to receive shares of our common stock upon conversion to the extent (but only to the extent) that such receipt would cause such converting holder to become, directly or indirectly, a beneficial owner (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder) of more than 5.0% of the shares of our common stock outstanding at such time. The 5.0% limitation shall no longer apply following the effective date of any fundamental change. We will not issue any shares in connection with the conversion or redemption of the Notes which would equal or exceed 20% of the shares outstanding at the time of the transaction in accordance with NASDAQ rules.

Subject to certain exceptions, holders may require us to repurchase, for cash, all or part of their Notes upon a fundamental change at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes being repurchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the fundamental change repurchase date. In addition, upon a fundamental change that constitutes a non-stock change of control we will also pay holders an amount in cash equal to the present value of all remaining interest payments (without duplication of the foregoing amounts) on such Senior Convertible Notes through and including the maturity date.

In connection with the issuance of the Senior Convertible Notes, we incurred \$27,327 of fees which are being amortized over the terms of the notes in accordance with ASC 470-50, *Debt Modifications and Extinguishments*, of which \$22,753 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the consolidated statements of assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2012.

During the three months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, we recorded \$10,564 and \$5,070 of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Senior Convertible Notes as interest expense. During the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, we recorded \$19,230 and \$10,420 of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Senior Convertible Notes as interest expense.

Note 6. Senior Unsecured Notes

On May 1, 2012, we issued \$100,000 in aggregate principal amount of 6.95% senior unsecured notes due 2022 for net proceeds net of offering expenses of \$97,000 (the "2022 Notes"). Interest on the 2022 Notes is paid quarterly in arrears on August 15, November 15, February 15 and May 15, at a rate of 6.95% per year, commencing on August 15, 2012. The 2022 Notes mature on November 15, 2022. These notes will be our direct unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our unsecured senior indebtedness from time to time outstanding.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 6. Senior Unsecured Notes (Continued)

In connection with the issuance of the 2022 Notes, we incurred \$3,337 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes in accordance with ASC 470-50, *Debt Modifications and Extinguishments*, of which \$3,172 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the consolidated statements of assets and liabilities.

During the three and six months ended December 31, 2012, we recorded \$1,814 and \$3,621 of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the 2022 Notes as interest expense, respectively.

Note 7. Prospect Capital InterNotes®

On February 16, 2012, we entered into a Selling Agent Agreement (the "Selling Agent Agreement") with Incapital LLC, as purchasing agent for our issuance and sale from time to time of up to \$500,000 of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (the "InterNotes® Offering"). Additional agents appointed by us from time to time in connection with the InterNotes Offering may become parties to the Selling Agent Agreement.

These notes are direct unsecured senior obligations and will rank equally with all of our unsecured senior indebtedness outstanding. Each series of notes will be issued by a separate trust. These notes bear interest at fixed interest rates and offer a variety of maturities no less than twelve months from the original date of issuance.

During the six months ended December 31, 2012, we issued \$144,355 in aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of approximately \$140,901. These notes were issued with stated interest rates ranging from 4.50% to 6.63% with a weighted average rate of 5.92%. These notes mature between July 15, 2019 and December 15, 2042.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 7. Prospect Capital InterNotes® (Continued)

The bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2012 are:

D / 61	Principal	Interest	N. (1/ D (
Date of Issuance	Amount	Rate	Maturity Date
March 1, 2012	\$ 4,000	7.00%	March 15, 2022
March 8, 2012	1,465	6.90%	March 15, 2022
April 5, 2012	4,000	6.85%	April 15, 2022
April 12, 2012	2,462	6.70%	April 15, 2022
April 26, 2012	2,054	6.50%	April 15, 2022
June 14, 2012	2,657	6.95%	June 15, 2022
June 28, 2012	4,000	6.55%	June 15, 2019
July 6, 2012	2,778	6.45%	July 15, 2019
July 12, 2012	5,673	6.35%	July 15, 2019
July 19, 2012	6,810	6.30%	July 15, 2019
July 26, 2012	5,667	6.20%	July 15, 2019
August 2, 2012	3,633	6.15%	August 15, 2019
August 9, 2012	2,830	6.15%	August 15, 2019
August 16, 2012	2,681	6.10%	August 15, 2019
August 23, 2012	8,401	6.05%	August 15, 2019
September 7, 2012	5,981	6.00%	September 15, 2019
September 13, 2012	5,879	5.95%	September 15, 2019
September 20, 2012	8,600	5.90%	September 15, 2019
September 27, 2012	8,946	5.85%	September 15, 2019
October 4, 2012	7,172	5.70%	October 15, 2019
November 23, 2012	10,018	5.13%	November 15, 2019
November 23, 2012	10,171	6.63%	November 15, 2042
November 29, 2012	3,736	5.00%	November 15, 2019
November 29, 2012	1,979	5.75%	November 15, 2032
November 29, 2012	6,266	6.50%	November 15, 2042
December 6, 2012	3,859	4.88%	December 15, 2019
December 6, 2012	1,127	5.63%	December 15, 2032
December 6, 2012	8,203	6.38%	December 15, 2042
December 13, 2012	1,822	4.75%	December 15, 2019
December 13, 2012	916	5.25%	December 15, 2030
December 13, 2012	3,474	6.25%	December 15, 2042
December 20, 2012	1,678	4.63%	December 15, 2019
December 20, 2012	1,314	5.13%	December 15, 2030
December 20, 2012	6,449	6.13%	December 15, 2042
December 28, 2012	1,980	4.50%	December 15, 2019
December 28, 2012	1,472	5.00%	December 15, 2030
December 28, 2012	4,840	6.00%	December 15, 2042
2000	1,010	0.0070	2 000111001 13, 2012

\$ 164,993

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 7. Prospect Capital InterNotes® (Continued)

In connection with the issuance of the Prospect Capital InterNotes®, we incurred \$4,566 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes in accordance with ASC 470-50, *Debt Modifications and Extinguishments*, of which \$4,441 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the consolidated statements of assets and liabilities.

Note 8. Financial Instruments Disclosed, But Not Carried, At Fair Value

The fair values of our financial liabilities disclosed, but not carried, at fair value as of December 31, 2012 disaggregated into the three levels of the ASC 820 valuation hierarchy are as follows:

Fair Value Hierarchy

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Credit facility payable(1)	\$	\$	\$	\$
Senior convertible notes(2)		859,597		859,597
Senior unsecured notes(2)	103,920			103,920
Prospect Capital InterNotes®(3)		180,790		180,790
Total	\$ 103,920	\$ 1,040,387	\$	\$ 1,144,307

(1) The carrying value of our credit facility payable approximates the fair value.

(2) We use available market quotes to estimate the fair value of the Senior Convertible Notes and Senior Unsecured Notes.

(3)

The fair value of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® is estimated by discounting remaining payments using estimated current market rates

The fair values of our financial liabilities disclosed, but not carried, at fair value as of June 30, 2012 disaggregated into the three levels of the ASC 820 valuation hierarchy are as follows:

Fair V	alue	Hierarchy
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	1	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Credit facility payable(1)	\$		\$ 96,000	\$	\$ 96,000
Senior convertible notes(2)			456,671		456,671
Senior unsecured notes(2)		99,560			99,560
Prospect Capital InterNotes®(3)			20,280		20,280
Total	\$	99,560	\$ 572,951	\$	\$ 672,511

- (1) The carrying value of our credit facility payable approximates the fair value.
- (2) We use available market quotes to estimate the fair value of the Senior Convertible Notes and Senior Unsecured Notes.
- (3)

 The fair value of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® is estimated by discounting remaining payments using estimated current market rates

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 9. Equity Offerings, Offering Expenses, and Distributions

We issued 74,915,012 and 1,500,000 shares of our common stock during the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. The proceeds raised, the related underwriting fees, the offering expenses and the prices at which these shares were issued are as follows:

Issuances of Common Stock	Number of Shares Issued	Proceeds Underv		derwriting Fees	8			verage ffering Price	
During the six months ended December 31, 2012:									
July 2, 2012 July 12, 2012(1)	2,247,275	\$	26,040	\$	260	\$		\$	11.59
July 16, 2012	21,000,000	\$	234,150	\$	2,100	\$	300	\$	11.15
July 27, 2012	3,150,000	\$	35,123	\$	315	\$		\$	11.15
September 13, 2012 October 9, 2012(2)	8,010,357	\$	94,610	\$	946	\$	638	\$	11.81
November 7, 2012	35,000,000	\$	388,500	\$	4,550	\$	814	\$	11.10
December 13, 2012(3)	467,928	\$	5,021	\$		\$		\$	10.73
December 28, 2012(3)	897,906	\$	9,581	\$		\$		\$	10.67
December 31, 2012(3)	4,141,547	\$	44,650	\$		\$		\$	10.78
During the six months ended December 31, 2011:									
July 18, 2011	1,500,000	\$	15,225	\$	165	\$	137	\$	10.15

- On June 1, 2012, we established a fifth at-the-market program through which we may sell, from time to time and at our sole discretion 9,500,000 shares of our common stock. Through this program we issued 5,199,764 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$11.38 per share, raising \$59,170 of gross proceeds, from June 12, 2012 through July 12, 2012.
- On September 10, 2012, we established a sixth at-the-market program through which we may sell, from time to time and at our sole discretion 9,750,000 shares of our common stock. Through this program we issued 8,010,357 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$11.81 per share, raising \$94,610 of gross proceeds, from September 13, 2012 through October 9, 2012.
- On December 13, 2012, December 28, 2012 and December 31, 2012, we issued 467,928, 897,906 and 4,141,547 shares of our common stock, respectively, in conjunction with investments in controlled portfolio companies.

Our shareholders' equity accounts at December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012 reflect cumulative shares issued as of those respective dates. Our common stock has been issued through public offerings, through a registered direct offering, through the exercise of over-allotment options on the part of the underwriters, as payment for investments, and through our dividend reinvestment plan. When our common stock is issued, the related offering expenses have been charged against paid-in capital in excess of par. All underwriting fees and offering expenses were borne by us.

On August 24, 2011, our Board of Directors approved a share repurchase plan under which we may repurchase up to \$100,000 of our common stock at prices below our net asset value. We have not

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 9. Equity Offerings, Offering Expenses, and Distributions (Continued)

made any purchases of our common stock during the period from August 24, 2011 to December 31, 2012 pursuant to this plan. Prior to any repurchase we are required to notify shareholders of our intention to purchase our common stock. This notice lasts for six months after notice is given. Our last notice was delivered with our annual proxy mailing on September 10, 2012.

On December 7, 2012, we announced the declaration of revised monthly dividends in the following amounts and with the following dates:

\$0.110000 per share for December 2012 (record date of December 31, 2012 and payment date of January 23, 2013); and

\$0.110025 per share for January 2013 (record date of January 31, 2013 and payment date of February 20, 2013).

These distributions replace the dividends for December 2012 and January 2013 that had been previously announced on November 7, 2012.

On October 29, 2012, our Registration Statement on Form N-2 was declared effective by the SEC. Under this Shelf Registration Statement, as of December 31, 2012 we can issue up to \$2.546,746 of additional debt and equity securities in the public market.

During the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, we issued 624,527 and 584,361 shares, respectively, of our common stock in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan.

At December 31, 2012, we have reserved 69,983,985 shares of our common stock for issuance upon conversion of the Senior Convertible Notes (See Note 5).

Note 10. Other Investment Income

Other investment income consists of structuring fees, overriding royalty interests, settlement of net profit interests, administrative agent fee, and other miscellaneous and sundry cash receipts. Income from such sources for the three and six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 were as follows:

	For The Three Months Ended December 31,					For The Six Months Ended December 31,					
Income Source		2012		2011		2012		2011			
Structuring and amendment fees	\$	15,697	\$	1,862	\$	24,657	\$	7,456			
Overriding royalty interests		1,326				1,340		117			
Administrative agent fee		191		236		335		430			
Other Investment Income	\$	17,214	\$	2,098	\$	26,332	\$	8,003			
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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 11. Net Increase in Net Assets per Common Share

The following information sets forth the computation of net increase in net assets resulting from operations per common share for the three and six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

	For The Three Decem	 	For The Six Months Ended December 31,				
	2012	2011		2012		2011	
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 46,489	\$ 64,492	\$	93,738	\$	104,392	
Weighted average common shares outstanding	195,585,502	109,533,742		179,039,198		109,246,616	
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations per							
common share	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.59	\$	0.52	\$	0.96	

Note 12. Related Party Agreements and Transactions

Investment Advisory Agreement

We have entered into an investment advisory and management agreement with Prospect Capital Management (the "Investment Advisory Agreement") under which the Investment Advisor, subject to the overall supervision of our Board of Directors, manages the day-to-day operations of, and provides investment advisory services to, us. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, our Investment Adviser: (i) determines the composition of our portfolio, the nature and timing of the changes to our portfolio and the manner of implementing such changes, (ii) identifies, evaluates and negotiates the structure of the investments we make (including performing due diligence on our prospective portfolio companies); and (iii) closes and monitors investments we make.

Prospect Capital Management's services under the Investment Advisory Agreement are not exclusive, and Prospect Capital Management is free to furnish similar services to other entities so long as its services to us are not impaired. For providing these services the Investment Adviser receives a fee from us, consisting of two components: a base management fee and an incentive fee. The base management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 2.00% on our gross assets (including amounts borrowed). For services currently rendered under the Investment Advisory Agreement, the base management fee is payable quarterly in arrears. The base management fee is calculated based on the average value of our gross assets at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters and appropriately adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the current calendar quarter.

The total base management fees incurred to the favor of the Investment Adviser for the three months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 were \$16,306, and \$8,825, respectively. The fees incurred for the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 were \$29,534, and \$17,036, respectively.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 12. Related Party Agreements and Transactions (Continued)

The incentive fee has two parts. The first part, the income incentive fee, is calculated and payable quarterly in arrears based on our pre-incentive fee net investment income for the immediately preceding calendar quarter. For this purpose, pre-incentive fee net investment income means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including any other fees (other than fees for providing managerial assistance), such as commitment, origination, structuring, diligence and consulting fees and other fees that we receive from portfolio companies) accrued during the calendar quarter, minus our operating expenses for the quarter (including the base management fee, expenses payable under the Administration Agreement described below, and any interest expense and dividends paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock, but excluding the incentive fee). Pre-incentive fee net investment income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with payment in kind interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that we have not yet received in cash. Pre-incentive fee net investment income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation. Pre-incentive fee net investment income, expressed as a rate of return on the value of our net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter, is compared to a "hurdle rate" of 1.75% per quarter (7.00% annualized).

The net investment income used to calculate this part of the incentive fee is also included in the amount of the gross assets used to calculate the 2.00% base management fee. We pay the Investment Adviser an income incentive fee with respect to our pre-incentive fee net investment income in each calendar quarter as follows:

no incentive fee in any calendar quarter in which our pre-incentive fee net investment income does not exceed the hurdle rate:

100.00% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income with respect to that portion of such pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than 125.00% of the quarterly hurdle rate in any calendar quarter (8.75% annualized assuming a 7.00% annualized hurdle rate); and

20.00% of the amount of our pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds 125.00% of the quarterly hurdle rate in any calendar quarter (8.75% annualized assuming a 7.00% annualized hurdle rate).

These calculations are appropriately prorated for any period of less than three months and adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the current quarter.

The second part of the incentive fee, the capital gains incentive fee, is determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of the Investment Advisory Agreement, as of the termination date), and equals 20.00% of our realized capital gains for the calendar year, if any, computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation at the end of such year. In determining the capital gains incentive fee payable to the Investment Adviser, we calculate the aggregate realized capital gains, aggregate realized capital losses and aggregate unrealized capital depreciation, as applicable, with respect to each investment that has been in its

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 12. Related Party Agreements and Transactions (Continued)

portfolio. For the purpose of this calculation, an "investment" is defined as the total of all rights and claims which maybe asserted against a portfolio company arising from our participation in the debt, equity, and other financial instruments issued by that company. Aggregate realized capital gains, if any, equal the sum of the differences between the aggregate net sales price of each investment and the aggregate cost basis of such investment when sold or otherwise disposed. Aggregate realized capital losses equal the sum of the amounts by which the aggregate net sales price of each investment is less than the aggregate cost basis of such investment when sold or otherwise disposed. Aggregate unrealized capital depreciation equals the sum of the differences, if negative, between the aggregate valuation of each investment and the aggregate cost basis of such investment as of the applicable calendar year-end. At the end of the applicable calendar year, the amount of capital gains that serves as the basis for our calculation of the capital gains incentive fee involves netting aggregate realized capital gains against aggregate realized capital losses on a since-inception basis and then reducing this amount by the aggregate unrealized capital depreciation. If this number is positive, then the capital gains incentive fee payable is equal to 20.00% of such amount, less the aggregate amount of any capital gains incentive fees paid since inception.

For the three months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, income incentive fees of \$24,804 and \$9,127, respectively, were incurred. For the six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, income incentive fees of \$43,311 and \$16,096, respectively, were incurred. No capital gains incentive fees were incurred for the three or six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011.

Administration Agreement

We have also entered into an Administration Agreement with Prospect Administration, LLC ("Prospect Administration") under which Prospect Administration, among other things, provides (or arranges for the provision of) administrative services and facilities for us. For providing these services, we reimburse Prospect Administration for our allocable portion of overhead incurred by Prospect Administration in performing its obligations under the Administration Agreement, including rent and our allocable portion of the costs of our chief compliance officer and chief financial officer and his staff. For the three months ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, the reimbursement was approximately \$2,139 and \$1,117, respectively. For the six months ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, the reimbursement was approximately \$4,323 and \$2,233, respectively. Under this agreement, Prospect Administration furnishes us with office facilities, equipment and clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services at such facilities. Prospect Administration also performs, or oversees the performance of, our required administrative services, which include, among other things, being responsible for the financial records that we are required to maintain and preparing reports to our stockholders and reports filed with the SEC. In addition, Prospect Administration assists us in determining and publishing our net asset value, overseeing the preparation and filing of our tax returns and the printing and dissemination of reports to our stockholders, and generally oversees the payment of our expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered to us by others. Under the Administration Agreement, Prospect Administration also provides on our behalf legal and managerial

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 12. Related Party Agreements and Transactions (Continued)

assistance to those portfolio companies to which we are required to provide such assistance, for which the fees collected are used to reduce the costs reimbursed by us. The Administration Agreement may be terminated by either party without penalty upon 60 days' written notice to the other party. Prospect Administration is a wholly owned subsidiary of our Investment Adviser.

The Administration Agreement provides that, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith or negligence in the performance of its duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of its duties and obligations, Prospect Administration and its officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons, members and any other person or entity affiliated with it are entitled to indemnification from us for any damages, liabilities, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) arising from the rendering of Prospect Administration's services under the Administration Agreement or otherwise as administrator for us.

Managerial Assistance

As a business development company, we offer, and must provide upon request, managerial assistance to certain of our portfolio companies. This assistance could involve, among other things, monitoring the operations of our portfolio companies, participating in board and management meetings, consulting with and advising officers of portfolio companies and providing other organizational and financial guidance. As of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, \$373 and \$165 of managerial assistance fees remain on the consolidated statements of assets and liabilities as a payable to the Administrator.

Note 13. Litigation

From time to time, we may become involved in various investigations, claims and legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of our business. These matters may relate to intellectual property, employment, tax, regulation, contract or other matters. The resolution of these matters as they arise will be subject to various uncertainties and, even if such claims are without merit, could result in the expenditure of significant financial and managerial resources. We are not aware of any such material litigation as of December 31, 2012.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 14. Financial Highlights

	Ι	For The Three December 31, 2012		ths Ended December 31, 2011	mber 31, December 31,			hs Ended December 31, 2011
Per Share Data(1):								
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$	10.88	\$	10.41	\$	10.83	\$	10.36
Net investment income		0.51		0.33		0.97		0.59
Net realized (loss) gain		(0.04)		0.12		(0.04)		(0.01)
Net unrealized (depreciation) appreciation		(0.23)		0.14		(0.41)		0.38
Net increase (decrease) in net assets as a								
result of public offerings		0.01				0.10		(0.01)
Dividends declared		(0.32)		(0.31)		(0.64)		(0.62)
Net asset value at end of period	\$	10.81	\$	10.69	\$	10.81	\$	10.69
Per share market value at end of period	\$	10.87	\$	9.29	\$	10.87	\$	9.29
Total return based on market value(2)		(2.99)%	6	14.08%	8% 0.71%			(1.67)%
Total return based on net asset value(2)		2.14%		6.05%)	5.33%	,	10.41%
Shares outstanding at end of period		215,173,410		109,691,051		215,173,410		109,691,051
Average weighted shares outstanding for								
period		195,585,502		109,533,742		179,039,198		109,246,616
Ratio / Supplemental Data:								
Net assets at end of period	\$	2,326,635	\$	1,172,484	\$	2,326,625	\$	1,172,484
Annualized ratio of operating expenses to								
average net assets		12.70%		10.65%)	12.21%)	10.20%
Annualized ratio of net operating income to								
average net assets		18.85%		12.64%)	18.17%		11.28%
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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 14. Financial Highlights (Continued)

	Year Ended une 30, 2012	Year Ended une 30, 2011	Year Ended une 30, 2010	_	ear Ended ine 30, 2009		Year Ended une 30, 2008
Per Share Data(1):							
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 10.36	\$ 10.30	\$ 12.40	\$	14.55	\$	15.04
Costs related to the secondary public offering							(0.07)
Net investment income	1.63	1.10	1.13		1.87		1.91
Realized gain (loss)	0.32	0.19	(0.87)		(1.24)		(0.69)
Net unrealized (depreciation) appreciation	(0.28)	0.09	0.07		0.48		(0.05)
Net (decrease) increase in net assets as a result							
of public offering	0.04	(0.08)	(0.85)		(2.11)		
Net increase in net assets as a result of shares							
issued for Patriot acquisition			0.12				
Dividends to shareholders	(1.24)	(1.24)	(1.70)		(1.15)		(1.59)
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 10.83	\$ 10.36	\$ 10.30	\$	12.40	\$	14.55
Per share market value at end of period	\$ 11.39	\$ 10.11	\$ 9.65	\$	9.20	\$	13.18
Total return based on market value(2)	27.21%	17.22%	17.66%		(18.60)%	,	(15.90)%
Total return based on net asset value(2)	18.03%	12.54%	(6.82)%		(0.61)%	,	7.84%
Shares outstanding at end of period	139,633,870	107,606,690	69,086,862		42,943,084		29,520,379
Average weighted shares outstanding for period	114,394,554	85,978,757	59,429,222		31,559,905		23,626,642
Ratio / Supplemental Data:							
Net assets at end of period	\$ 1,511,974	\$ 1,114,357	\$ 711,424	\$	532,596	\$	429,623
Portfolio turnover rate	29.06%	27.63%	21.61%		4.99%		31.07%
Annualized ratio of operating expenses to							
average net assets	10.73%	8.47%	7.54%		9.03%		9.62%
Annualized ratio of net investment income to							
average net assets	14.92%	10.60%	10.69%		13.14%		12.66%

⁽¹⁾ Financial highlights are based on weighted average shares.

Total return based on market value is based on the change in market price per share between the opening and ending market prices per share in each period and assumes that dividends are reinvested in accordance with our dividend reinvestment plan. Total return based on net asset value is based upon the change in net asset value per share between the opening and ending net asset values per share in each period and assumes that dividends are reinvested in accordance with our dividend reinvestment plan.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 15. Selected Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

							Net Increase				
					Net Rea		(Decre	,			
			Net Inve		and Unr		in Net Assets				
	Investmen		Inco		Gains (I	,	from Operations				
		Per		Per		Per	Per				
Quarter Ended	Total	Share(1)	Total	Share(1)	Total	Share(1)	Total	Share(1)			
September 30, 2009	21,517	0.43	12,318	0.25	(18,696)	(0.38)	(6,378)	(0.13)			
December 31,											
2009(2)	31,801	0.55	19,258	0.33	(33,778)	(0.59)	(14,520)	(0.25)			
March 31, 2010	32,005	0.50	18,974	0.30	6,966	0.11)	25,940	0.41			
June 30, 2010	29,236	0.44	16,640	0.25	(2,057)	(0.03)	14,583	0.22			
September 30, 2010	35,212	0.47	20,995	0.28	4,585	0.06	25,580	0.34			
December 31, 2010	33,300	0.40	19,080	0.23	12,861	0.16	31,940	0.38			
March 31, 2011	44,573	0.51	23,956	0.27	9,803	0.11	33,759	0.38			
June 30, 2011	56,391	0.58	30,190	0.31	(3,232)	(0.03)	26,959	0.28			
September 30, 2011	55,342	0.51	27,877	0.26	12,023	0.11	39,900	0.37			
December 31, 2011	67,263	0.61	36,508	0.33	27,984	0.26	64,492	0.59			
March 31, 2012	95,623	0.84	58,072	0.51	(7,863)	(0.07)	50,209	0.44			
June 30, 2012	102,682	0.82	64,227	0.52	(27,924)	(0.22)	36,303	0.29			
September 30, 2012	123,636	0.76	74,027	0.46	(26,778)	(0.17)	47,249	0.29			
December 31, 2012	166,035	0.85	99,216	0.51	(52,727)	(0.27)	46,489	0.24			

Per share amounts are calculated using weighted average shares during period.

Note 16. Subsequent Events

During the period from January 4, 2013 to March 7, 2013, we issued \$26,287 in aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$25,464.

During the period from January 7, 2013 to February 5, 2013, we sold 10,248,051 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$11.25 per share, and raised \$115,315 of gross proceeds, under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$113,962 net of commissions to the broker-dealer on shares sold and offering costs.

On January 11, 2013, we provided \$27,100 of debt financing to CHC Companies, Inc., a national provider of correctional medical and behavioral healthcare solutions.

⁽²⁾ As adjusted for increase in earnings from Patriot.

On January 17, 2013, we made a \$30,348 follow-on investment in APH, to acquire 5100 Live Oaks Blvd, LLC, a multi-family residential property located in Tampa, Florida. We invested \$2,748 of equity and \$27,600 of debt in APH.

On January 23, 2013, we issued 160,182 shares of our common stock in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 16. Subsequent Events (Continued)

On January 24, 2013, we made an investment of \$24,288 to purchase 56.14% of the subordinated notes in Cent 17 CLO Limited.

On January 24, 2013, we made an investment of \$25,650 to purchase 50.12% of the subordinated notes in Octagon Investment Partners XV, Ltd.

On January 29, 2013 we provided \$8,000 of secured second lien financing to TGG Medical Transitory, Inc., a developer of technologies for extracorporeal photopheresis treatments.

On January 31, 2013, we funded an acquisition of the subsidiaries of Nationwide Acceptance Corporation, which operate a specialty finance business based in Chicago, Illinois, a \$25,151 of combined debt and equity financing.

On February 4, 2013, we received a distribution of \$3,250 related to our investment in NRG Manufacturing, Inc., for which we realized a gain of the same amount. This is a partial release of the total amounts held in escrow with a fair value of \$8,070 as of December 31, 2012.

On February 5, 2013, we made a secured debt investment of \$2,000 in Healogics, Inc., a provider of outpatient wound care management services located in Jacksonville, Florida. On the same day we fully exited the deal and realized a gain of \$60 on this investment.

On February 7, 2013, we announced the declaration of monthly dividends in the following amounts and with the following dates:

\$0.110050 per share for February 2013 to holders of record on February 28, 2013 with a payment date of March 21, 2013;

\$0.110075 per share for March 2013 to holders of record on March 29, 2013 with a payment date of April 18, 2013; and

\$0.110100 per share for April 2013 to holders of record on April 30, 2013 with a payment date of May 23, 2013.

On February 13, 2013, we made an investment of \$35,000 to purchase 50.34% of the subordinated notes in Galaxy XV CLO, Ltd.

On February 14, 2013, we made a \$2,000 secured first-lien debt investment in JGWPT Holdings, LLC, the parent holding company of JG Wentworth, the largest purchaser of structured settlement and annuity payments in the United States.

On February 14, 2013, we provided \$15,000 of senior secured financing to Speedy Group Holdings Corp., a leading provider of short-term loans and financial services in the United States, the United Kingdom and Canada.

On February 15, 2013, we made a \$6,000 secured second-lien debt investment in SESAC HoldCo II LLC, a performing rights organization based in Nashville, TN.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 16. Subsequent Events (Continued)

On February 21, 2013, we provided \$47,000 of senior secured first-lien financing to support the acquisition of a leading owner and operator of dialysis stations.

On February 25, 2013, we made a \$10,000 secured second lien loan and a \$2,000 secured first-lien debt investment in TNS, Inc., an international data communications company that provides networking, data communications and other value added services. On the same day we sold the \$2,000 secured first lien debt instrument and realized a gain of \$20 on this investment.

On March 1, 2013, we made a \$70,000 secured term loan investment in a subsidiary of Cinedigm Digital Cinema Corp., the leading provider of digital cinema services, software and content marketing and distribution.

On March 6, 2013, we purchased an additional \$5,000 of secured second-lien financing in a leading global infrastructure software company.

On March 7, 2013, we made a secured second-lien follow-on investment of \$60,000 to support the recapitalization of a national distributor of hunting, outdoor, marine and tackle products.

During the period from February 11, 2013 to March 7, 2013 (with settlement dates from February 14, 2013 to March 12, 2013), we sold 7,402,325 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$11.23 per share, and raised \$83,095 of gross proceeds, under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$82,064 net of commissions to the broker-dealer on shares sold and offering costs.

On March 8, 2013, we made an investment of \$40,400 to purchase 78.60% of the subordinated notes in Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2013-1 Ltd.

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\$3,000,000,000

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION

Common Stock
Preferred Stock
Debt Securities
Subscription Rights
Warrants
Units

We may offer, from time to time, in one or more offerings or series, together or separately, up to \$3,000,000,000 of our common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, subscription rights to purchase our securities, warrants representing rights to purchase our securities or separately tradeable units combining two or more of our securities, collectively, the Securities, to provide us with additional capital. Securities may be offered at prices and on terms to be disclosed in one or more supplements to this prospectus. You should read this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement carefully before you invest in our Securities.

We may offer shares of common stock, subscription rights, units, warrants, options or rights to acquire shares of common stock, at a discount to net asset value per share in certain circumstances. Sales of common stock at prices below net asset value per share dilute the interests of existing stockholders, have the effect of reducing our net asset value per share and may reduce our market price per share. At our 2011 annual meeting, held on December 8, 2011, subject to the condition that the maximum number of shares salable below net asset value pursuant to this authority in any particular offering that could result in such dilution is limited to 25% of our then outstanding common stock immediately prior to each such offering, our stockholders approved our ability to sell or otherwise issue shares of our common stock at any level of discount from net asset value per share for a twelve month period expiring on the anniversary of the date of stockholder approval. We are currently seeking stockholder approval at our 2012 annual meeting, to be held on December 7, 2012, to continue for an additional year our ability to issue shares of common stock below net asset value, subject to the condition that the maximum number of shares salable below net asset value pursuant to this authority in any particular offering that could result in such dilution is limited to 25% of our then outstanding common stock immediately prior to each such offering.

Our Securities may be offered directly to one or more purchasers, or through agents designated from time to time by us, or to or through underwriters or dealers. The prospectus supplement relating to the offering will identify any agents, underwriters or dealers involved in the sale of our Securities, and will disclose any applicable purchase price, fee, commission or discount arrangement between us and our agents, underwriters or dealers, or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. See "Plan of Distribution." We may not sell any of our Securities through agents, underwriters or dealers without delivery of the prospectus and a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of such Securities. Our common stock is traded on The NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "PSEC." As of October 25, 2012, the last reported sales price for our common stock was \$11.93.

Prospect Capital Corporation, or the Company, is a company that lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. Prospect Capital Corporation, a Maryland corporation, has been organized as a closed-end investment company since April 13, 2004 and has filed an election to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, or the 1940 Act, and is a non-diversified investment company within the meaning of the 1940 Act.

Prospect Capital Management LLC, our investment adviser, manages our investments and Prospect Administration LLC, our administrator, provides the administrative services necessary for us to operate.

Investing in our Securities involves a heightened risk of total loss of investment. Before buying any Securities, you should read the discussion of the material risks of investing in our Securities in "Risk Factors"

beginning on page 11 of this prospectus.

This prospectus contains important information about us that you should know before investing in our Securities. Please read it before making an investment decision and keep it for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information about us with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC. You may make inquiries or obtain this information free of charge by writing to Prospect Capital Corporation at 10 East 40th Street, 44th Floor, New York, NY 10016, or by calling 212-448-0702. Our Internet address is http://www.prospectstreet.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website to be a part of this prospectus. You may also obtain information about us from our website and the SEC's website (http://www.sec.gov).

The SEC has not approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus may not b	e used to consummate sales of securities unless accompanied by a prospectus supplement.
	The date of this Prospectus is October 29, 2012.

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we have filed with the SEC, using the "shelf" registration process. Under the shelf registration process, we may offer, from time to time on a delayed basis, up to \$3,000,000,000 of our common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, subscription rights to purchase shares of our securities, warrants representing rights to purchase our securities or separately tradeable units combining two or more of our securities, on the terms to be determined at the time of the offering. The Securities may be offered at prices and on terms described in one or more supplements to this prospectus. This prospectus provides you with a general description of the Securities that we may offer. Each time we use this prospectus to offer Securities, we will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. The prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. Please carefully read this prospectus and any prospectus supplement together with any exhibits and the additional information described under the heading "Available Information" and the section under the heading "Risk Factors" before you make an investment decision.

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PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The following summary contains basic information about this offering. It does not contain all the information that may be important to an investor. For a more complete understanding of this offering, we encourage you to read this entire document and the documents to which we have referred.

Information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus may contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, which are statements about the future that may be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "plans," "anticipate," "estimate" or "continue" or the negative thereof or other variations thereon or comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements do not meet the safe harbor for forward-looking statements pursuant to Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act. The matters described in "Risk Factors" and certain other factors noted throughout this prospectus and in any exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, constitute cautionary statements identifying important factors with respect to any such forward-looking statements, including certain risks and uncertainties, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in such forward-looking statements. The Company reminds all investors that no forward-looking statement can be relied upon as an accurate or even mostly accurate forecast because humans cannot forecast the future.

The terms "we," "us," "our," "Prospect," and "Company" refer to Prospect Capital Corporation; "Prospect Capital Management" or the "Investment Adviser" refers to Prospect Capital Management LLC, our investment adviser; and "Prospect Administration" or the "Administrator" refers to Prospect Administration LLC, our administrator.

The Company

We are a financial services company that lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. In this prospectus, we use the term "middle-market" to refer to companies typically with annual revenues between \$50 million and \$2 billion.

From our inception to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, we invested primarily in industries related to the industrial/energy economy, which consists of companies in the discovery, production, transportation, storage and use of energy resources as well as companies that sell products and services to, or acquire products and services from, these companies. Since then, we have widened our strategy to focus on other sectors of the economy and continue to broaden our portfolio holdings.

We have been organized as a closed-end investment company since April 13, 2004 and have filed an election to be treated as a business development company under the 1940 Act. We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act. Our headquarters are located at 10 East 40th Street, 44th Floor, New York, NY 10016, and our telephone number is (212) 448-0702.

The Investment Adviser

Prospect Capital Management, an affiliate of the Company, manages our investment activities. Prospect Capital Management is an investment adviser that has been registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, or the Advisers Act, since March 31, 2004. Under an investment advisory and management agreement between us and Prospect Capital Management, or the Investment Advisory Agreement, we have agreed to pay Prospect Capital Management investment advisory fees, which will consist of an annual base management fee based on our gross assets, which we define as total assets without deduction for any liabilities (and, accordingly, includes the value of assets acquired with proceeds from borrowings), as well as a two-part incentive fee based on our performance.

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Our Investment Objective and Policies

Our investment objective is to generate both current income and long-term capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We focus on making investments in private companies. We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act.

We invest primarily in first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt, which in some cases includes an equity component. First and second lien senior loans generally are senior debt instruments that rank ahead of subordinated debt of a given portfolio company. These loans also have the benefit of security interests on the assets of the portfolio company, which may rank ahead of or be junior to other security interests. Mezzanine debt is subordinated to senior loans and is generally unsecured. Our investments have generally ranged between \$5 million and \$75 million each, although the investment size may be more or less than this range. Our investment sizes are expected to grow as our capital base expands.

We also acquire controlling interests in companies in conjunction with making secured debt investments in such companies. In most cases, companies in which we invest are privately held at the time we invest in them. We refer to these companies as "target" or "middle market" companies and these investments as "middle market investments."

The Offering

We may offer, from time to time, in one or more offerings or series, together or separately, up to \$3,000,000,000 of our Securities, which we expect to use initially to maintain balance sheet liquidity, involving repayment of debt under our credit facility, investment in high quality short-term debt instruments or a combination thereof, and thereafter to make long-term investments in accordance with our investment objectives.

Our Securities may be offered directly to one or more purchasers, through agents designated from time to time by us, or to or through underwriters or dealers. The prospectus supplement relating to a particular offering will disclose the terms of that offering, including the name or names of any agents, underwriters or dealers involved in the sale of our Securities by us, the purchase price, and any fee, commission or discount arrangement between us and our agents, underwriters or dealers, or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. See "Plan of Distribution." We may not sell any of our Securities through agents, underwriters or dealers without delivery of a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of our Securities.

We may sell our common stock, subscription rights, units, warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below the current net asset value of our common stock upon approval of our directors, including a majority of our independent directors, in certain circumstances. Our stockholders approved our ability to issue warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock at our 2008 annual meeting of stockholders for an unlimited time period and in accordance with the 1940 Act which provides that the conversion or exercise price of such warrants, options or rights may be less than net asset value per share at the date such securities are issued or at the date such securities are converted into or exercised for shares of our common stock. At our 2011 annual meeting, held on December 8, 2011, subject to the condition that the maximum number of shares salable below net asset value pursuant to this authority in any particular offering that could result in such dilution is limited to 25% of our then outstanding common stock immediately prior to each such offering, our stockholders approved our ability to sell or otherwise issue shares of our common stock at any level of discount from net asset value per share for a twelve month period expiring on the anniversary of the date of the stockholder approval. We are currently seeking stockholder approval at our 2012 annual meeting, to be held on December 7, 2012, to continue for an additional year our ability to issue shares of common stock below net asset value, subject to the condition that the maximum number of shares salable below net asset value pursuant to this authority in any particular offering that could result in such dilution is

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limited to 25% of our then outstanding common stock immediately prior to each such offering. See "Sales of Common Stock Below Net Asset Value" in this prospectus and in the prospectus supplement, if applicable. Sales of common stock at prices below net asset value per share dilute the interests of existing stockholders, have the effect of reducing our net asset value per share and may reduce our market price per share. We have no current intention of engaging in a rights offering, although we reserve the right to do so in the future.

Set forth below is additional information regarding the offering of our Securities:

Use of proceeds

Distributions

Unless otherwise specified in a prospectus supplement, we intend to use the net proceeds from selling Securities pursuant to this prospectus initially to maintain balance sheet liquidity, involving repayment of debt under our credit facility, if any, investments in high quality short-term debt instruments or a combination thereof, and thereafter to make long-term investments in accordance with our investment objective. Interest on borrowings under the credit facility is one-month LIBOR plus 275 basis points, with no minimum LIBOR floor. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the credit facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least half of the credit facility is drawn or 100 basis points otherwise. See "Use of Proceeds."

In June 2010, our Board of Directors approved a change in dividend policy from quarterly distributions to monthly distributions. Since that time, we have paid monthly distributions to the holders of our common stock and generally intend to continue to do so. The amount of the monthly distributions is determined by our Board of Directors and is based on our estimate of our investment company taxable income and net short-term capital gains. Certain amounts of the monthly distributions may from time to time be paid out of our capital rather than from earnings for the month as a result of our deliberate planning or accounting reclassifications. Distributions in excess of our current or accumulated earnings or profits constitute a return of capital and will reduce the stockholder's adjusted tax basis in such stockholder's common stock. A return of capital (1) is a return of the original amount invested, (2) does not constitute earnings or profits and (3) while such returns are initially tax free, they will have the effect of reducing the basis such that when a stockholder sells its shares, it may be subject to additional tax even if the shares are sold for less than the original purchase price. After the adjusted basis is reduced to zero, these distributions will constitute capital gains to such stockholders. Certain additional amounts may be deemed as distributed to stockholders for income tax purposes. Other types of Securities will likely pay distributions in accordance with their terms. See "Price Range of Common Stock," "Distributions" and "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations."

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Taxation

We have qualified and elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company, or a RIC, under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or the Code. As a RIC, we generally do not have to pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any ordinary income or capital gains that we distribute to our stockholders as dividends. To maintain our qualification as a RIC and obtain RIC tax treatment, we must satisfy certain source-of-income and asset diversification requirements and distribute annually at least 90% of our ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any. See "Distributions" and "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations."

Dividend reinvestment plan

We have a dividend reinvestment plan for our stockholders. This is an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan. As a result, when we declare a dividend, the dividends are automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, unless a stockholder specifically "opts out" of the dividend reinvestment plan so as to receive cash dividends. Stockholders who receive distributions in the form of stock are subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as stockholders who elect to receive their distributions in cash. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan."

The NASDAQ Global Select Market Symbol

Anti-takeover provisions

PSEC

Our charter and bylaws, as well as certain statutory and regulatory requirements, contain provisions that may have the effect of discouraging a third party from making an acquisition proposal for us. These anti-takeover provisions may inhibit a change in control in circumstances that could give the holders of our common stock the opportunity to realize a premium over the market price of our common stock. See "Description Of Our Capital Stock."

Management arrangements

Prospect Capital Management serves as our investment adviser. Prospect Administration serves as our administrator. For a description of Prospect Capital Management, Prospect Administration and our contractual arrangements with these companies, see "Business Management Services Investment Advisory Agreement," and "Business Management Services Administration Agreement."

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Risk factors

Plan of distribution

Fees and Expenses

Investment in our Securities involves certain risks relating to our structure and investment objective that should be considered by prospective purchasers of our Securities. In addition, as a business development company, our portfolio primarily includes securities issued by privately-held companies. These investments generally involve a high degree of business and financial risk, and are less liquid than public securities. We are required to mark the carrying value of our investments to fair value on a quarterly basis, and economic events, market conditions and events affecting individual portfolio companies can result in quarter-to-quarter mark-downs and mark-ups of the value of individual investments that collectively can materially affect our net asset value, or NAV. Also, our determinations of fair value of privately-held securities may differ materially from the values that would exist if there was a ready market for these investments. A large number of entities compete for the same kind of investment opportunities as we do. Moreover, our business requires a substantial amount of capital to operate and to grow and we seek additional capital from external sources. In addition, the failure to qualify as a RIC eligible for pass-through tax treatment under the Code on income distributed to stockholders could have a materially adverse effect on the total return, if any, obtainable from an investment in our Securities. See "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in our Securities. We may offer, from time to time, up to \$3,000,000,000 of our common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, subscription rights to purchase shares of our securities, warrants representing rights to purchase our securities or separately tradeable units combining two or more of our securities on the terms to be determined at the time of the offering. Securities may be offered at prices and on terms described in one or more supplements to this prospectus directly to one or more purchasers, through agents designated from time to time by us, or to or through underwriters or dealers. The supplement to this prospectus relating to the offering will identify any agents or underwriters involved in the sale of our Securities, and will set forth any applicable purchase price, fee and commission or discount arrangement or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. We may not sell Securities pursuant to this prospectus without delivering a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of such Securities. For more information, see "Plan of Distribution."

The following tables are intended to assist you in understanding the costs and expenses that an investor in this offering will bear directly or indirectly. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. In these tables, we assume that we have borrowed \$1.351 billion. We do not intend to issue preferred stock during the year. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this prospectus contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by "you" or "us" or that "we" will pay fees or expenses, the Company will pay such fees and expenses out of our net assets and, consequently, you will indirectly bear such fees or expenses as an investor in the

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Company. However, you will not be required to deliver any money or otherwise bear personal liability or responsibility for such fees or expenses.

Stockholder transaction expenses:	
Sales load (as a percentage of offering price)(1)	3.00%
Offering expenses borne by the Company (as a percentage of offering price)(2)	0.20%
Dividend reinvestment plan expenses(3)	None
Total stockholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price)(4)	3.20%
Annual expenses (as a percentage of net assets attributable to common stock)(4):	
Management fees(5)	3.63%
Incentive fees payable under Investment Advisory Agreement (20% of realized capital gains and 20% of pre-incentive fee net	
investment income)(6)	3.09%
Total advisory fees	6.72%
Total interest expense(7)	4.30%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses(8)	0.01%
Other expenses(9)	1.43%
•	
Total annual expenses(6)(9)	12.46%

Example

The following table demonstrates the projected dollar amount of cumulative expenses we would pay out of net assets and that you would indirectly bear over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our common stock. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed we would have borrowed \$1.351 billion, that our annual operating expenses would remain at the levels set forth in the table above and that we would pay the costs shown in the table above.

	1	1 Year	3	Years	5	Years	10) Years	
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5% annual									
return	\$	102.68	\$	239.20	\$	369.51	\$	669.92	

While the example assumes, as required by the SEC, a 5% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5%. The income incentive fee under our Investment Advisory Agreement with Prospect Capital Management is unlikely to be material assuming a 5% annual return and is not included in the example. If we achieve sufficient returns on our investments, including through the realization of capital gains, to trigger an incentive fee of a material amount, our distributions to our common stockholders and our expenses would likely be higher. In addition, while the example assumes reinvestment of all dividends and other distributions at NAV, participants in our dividend reinvestment plan will receive a number of shares of our common stock determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to a participant by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of trading on the valuation date for the distribution. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan" for additional information regarding our dividend reinvestment plan.

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This example and the expenses in the table above should not be considered a representation of our future expenses. Actual expenses (including the cost of debt, if any, and other expenses) may be greater or less than those shown.

- (1) In the event that the Securities to which this prospectus relates are sold to or through underwriters, a corresponding prospectus supplement will disclose the estimated applicable sales load.
- (2)

 The related prospectus supplement will disclose the estimated amount of offering expenses, the offering price and the estimated offering expenses borne by us as a percentage of the offering price.
- The expenses of the dividend reinvestment plan are included in "other expenses."
- (4) The related prospectus supplement will disclose the offering price and the total stockholder transaction expenses as a percentage of the offering price.
- Our base management fee is 2% of our gross assets (which include any amount borrowed, i.e., total assets without deduction for any liabilities, including any borrowed amounts for non-investment purposes, for which purpose we have not and have no intention of borrowing). Although we have no intent to borrow the entire amount available under our line of credit, assuming that we borrowed \$1.351 billion, the 2% management fee of gross assets equals approximately 3.62% of net assets. Based on our borrowings as of October 25, 2012 of \$853.2 million, the 2% management fee of gross assets equals approximately 2.97% of net assets. See "Business Management Services Investment Advisory Agreement" and footnote 6 below.
- Based on the incentive fee paid during our fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, all of which consisted of an income incentive fee. The capital gain incentive fee is paid without regard to pre-incentive fee income. For a more detailed discussion of the calculation of the two-part incentive fee, see "Management Services Investment Advisory Agreement" in this prospectus.
- On December 21, 2010, the Company issued \$150 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.25% Convertible Senior Notes due 2015, which we refer to as the 2015 Notes. See "Business General" and "Risk Factors Risks Related to our Business" for more detail on the 2015 Notes. On February 18, 2011, the Company issued \$172.5 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.5% Convertible Senior Notes due 2016, which we refer to as the 2016 Notes. See "Business General" and "Risk Factors Risks Related to our Business" for more detail on the 2016 Notes. On April 16, 2012, the Company issued \$130 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.375% Convertible Senior Notes due 2017, which we refer to as the 2017 Notes. On August 14, 2012, the Company issued \$200 million aggregate principal amount of 5.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2018, which we refer to as the 2018 Notes. The 2015 Notes, 2016 Notes, 2017 Notes and 2018 Notes are referred to collectively as the Senior Convertible Notes. On May 1, 2012, the Company issued \$100 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.95% Senior Notes due 2022, which we refer to as the 2022 Notes. Since February 2012, the Company issued \$95.7 million in aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes®. The Senior Convertible Notes, the 2022 Notes and the Prospect Capital InterNotes® are referred to collectively as the Notes.
- The Company's stockholders indirectly bear the expenses of underlying investment companies in which the Company invests. This amount includes the fees and expenses of investment companies in which the Company is invested in as of June 30, 2012. When applicable, fees and expenses are based on historic fees and expenses for the investment companies and for those investment companies with little or no operating history, fees and expenses are based on expected fees and expenses stated in the investment companies' prospectus or other similar communication without giving effect to any performance. Future fees and expenses for certain investment companies may

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be substantially higher or lower because certain fees and expenses are based on the performance of the investment companies, which may fluctuate over time. The amount of the Company's average net assets used in calculating this percentage was based on net assets of approximately \$1.512 billion as of June 30, 2012.

"Other expenses" are based on estimated amounts for the current fiscal year. The amount shown above represents annualized expenses during our three months ended June 30, 2012 representing all of our estimated recurring operating expenses (except fees and expenses reported in other items of this table) that are deducted from our operating income and reflected as expenses in our Statement of Operations. The estimate of our overhead expenses, including payments under an administration agreement with Prospect Administration, or the Administration Agreement, based on our projected allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by Prospect Administration in performing its obligations under the Administration Agreement. "Other expenses" does not include non-recurring expenses. See "Business Management Services Administration Agreement."

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SELECTED CONDENSED FINANCIAL DATA

You should read the condensed consolidated financial information below with the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in this prospectus. Financial information below for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, 2010, 2009 and 2008 has been derived from the financial statements that were audited by our independent registered public accounting firm. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period financial information to conform to the current period presentation. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" starting on page 36 for more information.

	For the Year/Period Ended June 30,										
		2012		2011		2010		2009		2008	
		(in thousands except data relating to shares,									
			per share and number of portfolio companies)								
Performance Data:						_					
Interest income	\$	219,536	\$	134,454	\$	86,518	\$	62,926	\$	59,033	
Dividend income		64,881		15,092		15,366		22,793		12,033	
Other income		36,493		19,930		12,675		14,762		8,336	
Total investment income		320,910		169,476		114,559		100,481		79,402	
Interest and credit facility expenses		(35,836)		(17,598)		(8,382)		(6,161)		(6,318)	
Investment advisory expense		(46,671)		(46,051)		(30,727)		(26,705)		(20,199)	
Other expenses		(51,719)		(11,606)		(8,260)		(8,452)		(7,772)	
Total expenses		(134,226)		(75,255)		(47,369)		(41,318)		(34,289)	
Net investment income		186,684		94,221		67,190		59,163		45,113	
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		4,220		24,017		(47,565)		(24,059)		(17,522)	
Net increase in net assets from operations	\$	190,904	\$	118,238	\$	19,625	\$	35,104	\$	27,591	
Per Share Data:											
Net increase in net assets from operations(1)	\$	1.67	\$	1.38	\$		\$		\$	1.17	
Distributions declared per share	\$	(1.22)	\$	(1.21)	\$	(1.33)	\$	(1.62)	\$	(1.59)	
Average weighted shares outstanding for the period		114,394,554		85,978,757		59,429,222		31,559,905		23,626,642	
Assets and Liabilities Data:											
Investments	\$	2,094,221	\$,,-	\$		\$	547,168	\$	497,530	
Other assets		161,303		86,307		84,212		119,857		44,248	
Total assets		2,255,524		1,549,317		832,695		667,025		541,778	
Amount drawn on credit facility		96,000		84,200		100,300		124,800		91,167	
Senior Convertible Notes		447,500		322,500							
2022 Notes		100,000									
InterNotes®		20,638									
Amount owed to related parties		8,571		7,918		9,300		6,713		6,641	
Other liabilities		70,571		20,342		11,671		2,916		14,347	
Total liabilities		743,280		434,960		121,271		134,429		112,155	
Net assets	\$	1,511,974	\$	1,114,357	\$	711,424	\$	532,596	\$	429,623	
Investment Activity Data:											

No. of portfolio companies at period end	82	72	58	30	29(2)
Acquisitions	\$ 1,120,659 \$	953,337 \$	364,788(3) \$	98,305 \$	311,947
Sales, repayments, and other disposals	\$ 500,952 \$	285,562 \$	136,221 \$	27,007 \$	127,212
Weighted-Average Yield at end of period(4)	13.6%	12.8%	16.2%	14.6%	15.5%

- (1) Per share data is based on average weighted shares for the period
- (2) Includes a net profits interest in Charlevoix Energy Trading LLC ("Charlevoix"), remaining after loan was paid.
- (3) Includes \$207,126 of acquired portfolio investments acquired from Patriot Capital Funding, LLC.
- (4) Excludes equity investments and non-performing loans.

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RISK FACTORS

Investing in our Securities involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks described below, together with all of the other information included in this prospectus, before you decide whether to make an investment in our Securities. The risks set forth below are not the only risks we face. If any of the adverse events or conditions described below occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected. In such case, our NAV, and the trading price of our common stock could decline, or the value of our preferred stock, debt securities, and warrants, if any are outstanding, may decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

Risks Relating To Our Business

We may suffer credit losses.

Investment in small and middle-market companies is highly speculative and involves a high degree of risk of credit loss. These risks are likely to increase during volatile economic periods, such as the US and many other economies have recently been experiencing. See "Risks Related to Our Investments."

Our financial condition and results of operations will depend on our ability to manage our future growth effectively.

Prospect Capital Management has been registered as an investment adviser since March 31, 2004, and we have been organized as a closed-end investment company since April 13, 2004. Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on our ability to grow, which depends, in turn, on our Investment Adviser's ability to continue to identify, analyze, invest in and monitor companies that meet our investment criteria. Accomplishing this result on a cost-effective basis is largely a function of our Investment Adviser's structuring of investments, its ability to provide competent, attentive and efficient services to us and our access to financing on acceptable terms. As we continue to grow, Prospect Capital Management will need to continue to hire, train, supervise and manage new employees. Failure to manage our future growth effectively could have a materially adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We are dependent upon Prospect Capital Management's key management personnel for our future success.

We depend on the diligence, skill and network of business contacts of the senior management of our Investment Adviser. We also depend, to a significant extent, on our Investment Adviser's access to the investment professionals and the information and deal flow generated by these investment professionals in the course of their investment and portfolio management activities. The senior management team of the Investment Adviser evaluates, negotiates, structures, closes, monitors and services our investments. Our success depends to a significant extent on the continued service of the senior management team, particularly John F. Barry III and M. Grier Eliasek. The departure of any of the senior management team could have a materially adverse effect on our ability to achieve our investment objective. In addition, we can offer no assurance that Prospect Capital Management will remain our investment adviser or that we will continue to have access to its investment professionals or its information and deal flow.

We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities.

A large number of entities compete with us to make the types of investments that we make in target companies. We compete with other business development companies, public and private funds, commercial and investment banks and commercial financing companies. Additionally, because competition for investment opportunities generally has increased among alternative investment vehicles, such as hedge funds, those entities have begun to invest in areas they have not traditionally invested in,

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including investments in middle-market companies. As a result of these new entrants, competition for investment opportunities at middle-market companies has intensified, a trend we expect to continue.

Many of our existing and potential competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial, technical and marketing resources than we do. For example, some competitors may have a lower cost of funds and access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments, which could allow them to consider a wider variety of investments and establish more or fuller relationships with borrowers and sponsors than us. Furthermore, many of our competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a business development company. We cannot assure you that the competitive pressures we face will not have a materially adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Also, as a result of existing and increasing competition and our competitors ability to provide a total package solution, we may not be able to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities from time to time, and we can offer no assurance that we will be able to identify and make investments that are consistent with our investment objective.

We do not seek to compete primarily based on the interest rates that we offer, and we believe that some of our competitors make loans with interest rates that are comparable to or lower than the rates we offer. We may lose investment opportunities if we do not match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure. If we match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure, we may experience decreased net interest income and increased risk of credit loss.

Most of our portfolio investments are recorded at fair value as determined in good faith by our Board of Directors and, as a result, there is uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments.

A large percentage of our portfolio investments consist of securities of privately held companies. Hence, market quotations are generally not readily available for determining the fair values of such investments. The determination of fair value, and thus the amount of unrealized losses we may incur in any year, is to a degree subjective, and the Investment Adviser has a conflict of interest in making the determination. We value these securities quarterly at fair value as determined in good faith by our Board of Directors based on input from our Investment Adviser, our Administrator, third party independent valuation firms and our audit committee. Our Board of Directors utilizes the services of independent valuation firms to aid it in determining the fair value of any securities. The types of factors that may be considered in determining the fair values of our investments include the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments and its earnings, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, comparison to publicly traded companies, discounted cash flow, current market interest rates and other relevant factors. Because such valuations, and particularly valuations of private securities and private companies, are inherently uncertain, the valuations may fluctuate significantly over short periods of time due to changes in current market conditions. The determinations of fair value by our Board of Directors may differ materially from the values that would have been used if an active market and market quotations existed for these investments. Our NAV could be adversely affected if the determinations regarding the fair value of our investments were materially higher than the values that we ultimately realize upon the disposal of such securities.

In addition, decreases in the market values or fair values of our investments are recorded as unrealized depreciation. Unprecedented declines in prices and liquidity in the corporate debt markets experienced during the recent financial crises resulted in significant net unrealized depreciation in our portfolio in the past. The effect of all of these factors on our portfolio reduced our NAV by increasing net unrealized depreciation in our portfolio. Depending on market conditions, we could incur substantial realized losses and may continue to suffer additional unrealized losses in future periods, which could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations. We have no policy regarding holding a minimum level of liquid assets. As such, a high

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percentage of our portfolio generally is not liquid at any given point in time. See " The lack of liquidity may adversely affect our business."

Senior securities, including debt, expose us to additional risks, including the typical risks associated with leverage and could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We currently use our revolving credit facility to leverage our portfolio and we expect in the future to borrow from and issue senior debt securities to banks and other lenders and may securitize certain of our portfolio investments. We also have the Notes outstanding, which are a form of leverage and are senior in payment to our common stock.

With certain limited exceptions, as a business development company, or a BDC, we are only allowed to borrow amounts or otherwise issue senior securities, such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, is at least 200% after such borrowing or other issuance. The amount of leverage that we employ will depend on our Investment Adviser's and our Board of Directors' assessment of market conditions and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing. There is no assurance that a leveraging strategy will be successful. Leverage involves risks and special considerations for stockholders, any of which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations, including the following:

A likelihood of greater volatility in the net asset value and market price of our common stock;

Diminished operating flexibility as a result of asset coverage or investment portfolio composition requirements required by lenders or investors that are more stringent than those imposed by the 1940 Act;

The possibility that investments will have to be liquidated at less than full value or at inopportune times to comply with debt covenants or to pay interest or dividends on the leverage;

Increased operating expenses due to the cost of leverage, including issuance and servicing costs;

Convertible or exchangeable securities, such as the Senior Convertible Notes outstanding or those issued in the future, may have rights, preferences and privileges more favorable than those of our common stock;

Subordination to lenders' superior claims on our assets as a result of which lenders will be able to receive proceeds available in the case of our liquidation before any proceeds are distributed to our stockholders;

Making it more difficult for us to meet our payment and other obligations under the Notes and our other outstanding debt;

The occurrence of an event of default if we fail to comply with the financial and/or other restrictive covenants contained in our debt agreements, including the credit agreement and each indenture governing the Notes, which event of default could result in all or some of our debt becoming immediately due and payable;

Reduced availability of our cash flow to fund investments, acquisitions and other general corporate purposes, and limiting our ability to obtain additional financing for these purposes;

The risk of increased sensitivity to interest rate increases on our indebtedness with variable interest rates, including borrowings under our amended senior credit facility; and

Reduced flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, and increasing our vulnerability to, changes in our business, the industry in which we operate and the general economy.

For example, the amount we may borrow under our revolving credit facility is determined, in part, by the fair value of our investments. If the fair value of our investments declines, we may be forced to sell investments at a loss to maintain compliance with our borrowing limits. Other debt facilities we may enter into in the future may contain similar provisions. Any such forced sales would reduce our

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NAV and also make it difficult for the net asset value to recover. Our Investment Adviser and our Board of Directors in their best judgment nevertheless may determine to use leverage if they expect that the benefits to our stockholders of maintaining the leveraged position will outweigh the risks.

In addition, our ability to meet our payment and other obligations of the Notes and our credit facility depends on our ability to generate significant cash flow in the future. This, to some extent, is subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative and regulatory factors as well as other factors that are beyond our control. We cannot assure you that our business will generate cash flow from operations, or that future borrowings will be available to us under our existing credit facility or otherwise, in an amount sufficient to enable us to meet our payment obligations under the Notes and our other debt and to fund other liquidity needs. If we are not able to generate sufficient cash flow to service our debt obligations, we may need to refinance or restructure our debt, including the Notes, sell assets, reduce or delay capital investments, or seek to raise additional capital. If we are unable to implement one or more of these alternatives, we may not be able to meet our payment obligations under the Notes and our other debt.

Illustration. The following table illustrates the effect of leverage on returns from an investment in our common stock assuming various annual returns, net of interest expense. The calculations in the table below are hypothetical and actual returns may be higher or lower than those appearing below. The calculation assumes (i) \$2.6 billion in total assets, (ii) an average cost of funds of 5.93%, (iii) \$800 million in debt outstanding and (iv) \$1.8 billion of shareholders' equity.

Assumed Return on Our Portfolio (net of expenses)	(10)%	(5)%	0%	5%	10%
Corresponding Return to Stockholder	(17.1)%	(9.9)%	(2.6)%	4 6%	11.8%

The assumed portfolio return is required by regulation of the SEC and is not a prediction of, and does not represent, our projected or actual performance. Actual returns may be greater or less than those appearing in the table.

The Senior Convertible Notes and the 2022 Notes present other risks to holders of our common stock, including the possibility that such Notes could discourage an acquisition of the Company by a third party and accounting uncertainty.

Certain provisions of the Senior Convertible Notes and the 2022 Notes could make it more difficult or more expensive for a third party to acquire us. Upon the occurrence of certain transactions constituting a fundamental change, holders of the Senior Convertible Notes and the 2022 Notes will have the right, at their option, to require us to repurchase all of their Senior Convertible Notes and the 2022 Notes or any portion of the principal amount of such Senior Convertible Notes and the 2022 Notes in integral multiples of \$1,000, in the case of the Senior Convertible Notes, and \$25, in the case of the 2022 Notes. We may also be required to increase the conversion rate or provide for conversion into the acquirer's capital stock in the event of certain fundamental changes with respect to the Senior Convertible Notes. These provisions could discourage an acquisition of us by a third party.

The accounting for convertible debt securities is subject to frequent scrutiny by the accounting regulatory bodies and is subject to change. We cannot predict if or when any such change could be made and any such change could have an adverse impact on our reported or future financial results. Any such impacts could adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

We fund a portion of our investments with borrowed money, which magnifies the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested and may increase the risk of investing in us.

Borrowings and other types of financing, also known as leverage, magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested and, therefore, increase the risks associated with investing in our securities.

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Our lenders have fixed dollar claims on our assets that are superior to the claims of our common stockholders or any preferred stockholders. If the value of our assets increases, then leveraging would cause the net asset value to increase more sharply than it would have had we not leveraged. Conversely, if the value of our assets decreases, leveraging would cause net asset value to decline more sharply than it otherwise would have had we not leveraged. Similarly, any increase in our income in excess of consolidated interest payable on the borrowed funds would cause our net income to increase more than it would without the leverage, while any decrease in our income would cause net income to decline more sharply than it would have had we not borrowed. Such a decline could negatively affect our ability to make common stock dividend payments. Leverage is generally considered a speculative investment technique.

We may in the future determine to fund a portion of our investments with preferred stock, which would magnify the potential for gain or loss and the risks of investing in us in the same way as our borrowings.

Preferred stock, which is another form of leverage, has the same risks to our common stockholders as borrowings because the dividends on any preferred stock we issue must be cumulative. Payment of such dividends and repayment of the liquidation preference of such preferred stock must take preference over any dividends or other payments to our common stockholders, and preferred stockholders are not subject to any of our expenses or losses and are not entitled to participate in any income or appreciation in excess of their stated preference.

In addition to regulatory restrictions that restrict our ability to raise capital, our credit facility contains various covenants which, if not complied with, could accelerate repayment under the facility, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations.

The agreement governing our credit facility requires us to comply with certain financial and operational covenants. These covenants include:

restrictions on the level of indebtedness that we are permitted to incur in relation to the value of our assets;

restrictions on our ability to incur liens; and

maintenance of a minimum level of stockholders' equity.

As of October 25, 2012, we were in compliance with these covenants. However, our continued compliance with these covenants depends on many factors, some of which are beyond our control. Accordingly, there are no assurances that we will continue to comply with the covenants in our credit facility. Failure to comply with these covenants would result in a default under this facility which, if we were unable to obtain a waiver from the lenders thereunder, could result in an acceleration of repayments under the facility and thereby have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Failure to extend our existing credit facility, the revolving period of which is currently scheduled to expire on March 27, 2015, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial position and our ability to pay expenses and make distributions.

The revolving period for our credit facility with a syndicate of lenders is currently scheduled to terminate on March 27, 2015, with an additional two year amortization period (with distributions allowed) after the completion of the revolving period. During such two year amortization period, all principal payments on the pledged assets will be applied to reduce the balance. At the end of the two year amortization period, the remaining balance will become due, if required by the lenders. If the credit facility is not renewed or extended by the participant banks by March 27, 2015, we will not be able to make further borrowings under the facility after such date and the outstanding principal balance on that date will be due and payable on March 27, 2017. At October 25, 2012 we had \$10.0 million of outstanding borrowings under our credit facility. Interest on borrowings under the credit facility is

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one-month LIBOR plus 275 basis points, with no minimum LIBOR floor. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the credit facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least half of the credit facility is drawn or 100 basis points otherwise. The credit facility requires us to pledge assets as collateral in order to borrow under the credit facility. If we are unable to extend our facility or find a new source of borrowing on acceptable terms, we will be required to pay down the amounts outstanding under the facility during the two-year term-out period through one or more of the following: (1) principal collections on our securities pledged under the facility, (2) at our option, interest collections on our securities pledged under the facility and cash collections on our securities not pledged under the facility, or (3) possible liquidation of some or all of our loans and other assets, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial position and may force us to decrease or stop paying certain expenses and making distributions until the facility is repaid. In addition, our stock price could decline significantly, we would be restricted in our ability to acquire new investments and, in connection with our year-end audit, our independent registered accounting firm could raise an issue as to our ability to continue as a going concern.

Failure to refinance our existing Notes, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial position.

Our Notes mature at various dates from December 15, 2015 to November 15, 2022. If we are unable to refinance our Notes or find a new source of borrowing on acceptable terms, we will be required to pay down the amounts outstanding at maturity under the facility during the two-year term-out period through one or more of the following: (1) borrowing additional funds under our then current credit facility, (2) issuance of additional common stock or (3) possible liquidation of some or all of our loans and other assets, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial position. In addition, our stock price could decline significantly; we would be restricted in our ability to acquire new investments and, in connection with our year-end audit, our independent registered accounting firm could raise an issue as to our ability to continue as a going concern.

Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital and net investment income.

A significant portion of the debt investments we make bears interest at fixed rates and the value of these investments could be negatively affected by increases in market interest rates. In addition, as the interest rate on our revolving credit facility is at a variable rate based on an index, an increase in interest rates would make it more expensive to use debt to finance our investments. As a result, a significant increase in market interest rates could both reduce the value of our portfolio investments and increase our cost of capital, which would reduce our net investment income.

We need to raise additional capital to grow because we must distribute most of our income.

We need additional capital to fund growth in our investments. A reduction in the availability of new capital could limit our ability to grow. We must distribute at least 90% of our ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any, to our stockholders to maintain our status as a regulated investment company, or RIC, for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, such earnings are not available to fund investment originations. We have sought additional capital by borrowing from financial institutions and may issue debt securities or additional equity securities. If we fail to obtain funds from such sources or from other sources to fund our investments, we could be limited in our ability to grow, which may have an adverse effect on the value of our common stock. In addition, as a business development company, we are generally required to maintain a ratio of total assets to total borrowings and other senior securities of at least 200%, which may restrict our ability to borrow in certain circumstances.

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The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.

We generally make investments in private companies. Substantially all of these securities are subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or are otherwise less liquid than publicly traded securities. The illiquidity of our investments may make it difficult for us to sell such investments if the need arises. In addition, if we are required to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we have previously recorded our investments. In addition, we may face other restrictions on our ability to liquidate an investment in a portfolio company to the extent that we or our Investment Adviser has material non-public information regarding such portfolio company.

We may experience fluctuations in our quarterly results.

We could experience fluctuations in our quarterly operating results due to a number of factors, including the interest or dividend rates payable on the debt or equity securities we hold, the default rate on debt securities, the level of our expenses, variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized and unrealized gains or losses, the degree to which we encounter competition in our markets, and general economic conditions. As a result of these factors, results for any period should not be relied upon as being indicative of performance in future periods.

Our most recent NAV was calculated as of June 30, 2012 and our NAV when calculated as of September 30, 2012 may be higher or lower.

Our most recently estimated NAV per share is \$10.83 determined by us as of June 30, 2012. NAV per share as of September 30, 2012, may be higher or lower than \$10.83 based on potential changes in valuations, issuances of securities and earnings for the quarter then ended. Our Board of Directors has not yet determined the fair value of portfolio investments at any date subsequent to June 30, 2012. Our Board of Directors determines the fair value of our portfolio investments on a quarterly basis in connection with the preparation of quarterly financial statements and based on input from independent valuation firms, our Investment Adviser, our Administrator and the audit committee of our Board of Directors.

Potential conflicts of interest could impact our investment returns.

Our executive officers and directors, and the executive officers of Prospect Capital Management may serve as officers, directors or principals of entities that operate in the same or related lines of business as we do or of investment funds managed by our affiliates. Accordingly, they may have obligations to investors in those entities, the fulfillment of which might not be in our best interests or those of our stockholders. Nevertheless, it is possible that new investment opportunities that meet our investment objective may come to the attention of one of these entities in connection with another investment advisory client or program, and, if so, such opportunity might not be offered, or otherwise made available, to us. However, as an investment advisor, Prospect Capital Management has a fiduciary obligation to act in the best interests of its clients, including us. To that end, if Prospect Capital Management or its affiliates manage any additional investment vehicles or client accounts in the future, Prospect Capital Management will endeavor to allocate investment opportunities in a fair and equitable manner over time so as not to discriminate unfairly against any client. If Prospect Capital Management chooses to establish another investment fund in the future, when the investment professionals of Prospect Capital Management identify an investment, they will have to choose which investment fund should make the investment.

In the course of our investing activities, under the Investment Advisory Agreement we pay base management and incentive fees to Prospect Capital Management, and reimburse Prospect Capital Management for certain expenses it incurs. As a result of the Investment Advisory Agreement, there may be times when the senior management team of Prospect Capital Management has interests that differ from those of our stockholders, giving rise to a conflict.

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Prospect Capital Management receives a quarterly income incentive fee based, in part, on our pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, for the immediately preceding calendar quarter. This income incentive fee is subject to a fixed quarterly hurdle rate before providing an income incentive fee return to Prospect Capital Management. This fixed hurdle rate was determined when then current interest rates were relatively low on a historical basis. Thus, if interest rates rise, it would become easier for our investment income to exceed the hurdle rate and, as a result, more likely that Prospect Capital Management will receive an income incentive fee than if interest rates on our investments remained constant or decreased. Subject to the receipt of any requisite stockholder approval under the 1940 Act, our Board of Directors may adjust the hurdle rate by amending the Investment Advisory Agreement.

The income incentive fee payable by us is computed and paid on income that may include interest that has been accrued but not yet received in cash. If a portfolio company defaults on a loan that has a deferred interest feature, it is possible that interest accrued under such loan that has previously been included in the calculation of the income incentive fee will become uncollectible. If this happens, Prospect Capital Management is not required to reimburse us for any such income incentive fee payments. If we do not have sufficient liquid assets to pay this incentive fee or distributions to stockholders on such accrued income, we may be required to liquidate assets in order to do so. This fee structure could give rise to a conflict of interest for Prospect Capital Management to the extent that it may encourage Prospect Capital Management to favor debt financings that provide for deferred interest, rather than current cash payments of interest.

We have entered into a royalty-free license agreement with Prospect Capital Management. Under this agreement, Prospect Capital Management agrees to grant us a non-exclusive license to use the name "Prospect Capital." Under the license agreement, we have the right to use the "Prospect Capital" name for so long as Prospect Capital Management or one of its affiliates remains our investment adviser. In addition, we rent office space from Prospect Administration, an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management, and pay Prospect Administration our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by Prospect Administration in performing its obligations as Administrator under the Administration Agreement, including rent and our allocable portion of the costs of our chief financial officer and chief compliance officer and their respective staffs. This may create conflicts of interest that our Board of Directors monitors.

Our incentive fee could induce Prospect Capital Management to make speculative investments.

The incentive fee payable by us to Prospect Capital Management may create an incentive for our Investment Adviser to make investments on our behalf that are more speculative or involve more risk than would be the case in the absence of such compensation arrangement. The way in which the incentive fee payable is determined (calculated as a percentage of the return on invested capital) may encourage the Investment Adviser to use leverage to increase the return on our investments. Increased use of leverage and this increased risk of replacement of that leverage at maturity, would increase the likelihood of default, which would disfavor holders of our common stock. Similarly, because the Investment Adviser will receive an incentive fee based, in part, upon net capital gains realized on our investments, the Investment Adviser may invest more than would otherwise be appropriate in companies whose securities are likely to yield capital gains, as compared to income producing securities. Such a practice could result in our investing in more speculative securities than would otherwise be the case, which could result in higher investment losses, particularly during economic downturns.

The incentive fee payable by us to Prospect Capital Management could create an incentive for our Investment Adviser to invest on our behalf in instruments, such as zero coupon bonds, that have a deferred interest feature. Under these investments, we would accrue interest income over the life of the investment but would not receive payments in cash on the investment until the end of the term. Our net investment income used to calculate the income incentive fee, however, includes accrued interest.

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For example, accrued interest, if any, on our investments in zero coupon bonds will be included in the calculation of our incentive fee, even though we will not receive any cash interest payments in respect of payment on the bond until its maturity date. Thus, a portion of this incentive fee would be based on income that we may not have yet received in cash in the event of default may never receive.

We may be obligated to pay our investment adviser incentive compensation even if we incur a loss.

Our investment adviser is entitled to incentive compensation for each fiscal quarter based, in part, on our pre-incentive fee net investment income if any, for the immediately preceding calendar quarter above a performance threshold for that quarter. Accordingly, since the performance threshold is based on a percentage of our net asset value, decreases in our net asset value make it easier to achieve the performance threshold. Our pre-incentive fee net investment income for incentive compensation purposes excludes realized and unrealized capital losses or depreciation that we may incur in the fiscal quarter, even if such capital losses or depreciation result in a net loss on our statement of operations for that quarter. Thus, we may be required to pay Prospect Capital Management incentive compensation for a fiscal quarter even if there is a decline in the value of our portfolio or we incur a net loss for that quarter.

Changes in the laws or regulations governing our business or the businesses of our portfolio companies and any failure by us or our portfolio companies to comply with these laws or regulations, could negatively affect the profitability of our operations or of our portfolio companies.

We are subject to changing rules and regulations of federal and state governments, as well as the stock exchange on which our common stock is listed. These entities, including the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, the SEC and The NASDAQ Global Select Market, have issued a significant number of new and increasingly complex requirements and regulations over the course of the last several years and continue to develop additional regulations. In particular, changes in the laws or regulations or the interpretations of the laws and regulations that govern BDCs, RICs or non-depository commercial lenders could significantly affect our operations and our cost of doing business. We are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations and are subject to judicial and administrative decisions that affect our operations, including our loan originations, maximum interest rates, fees and other charges, disclosures to portfolio companies, the terms of secured transactions, collection and foreclosure procedures and other trade practices. If these laws, regulations or decisions change, or if we expand our business into jurisdictions that have adopted more stringent requirements than those in which we currently conduct business, we may have to incur significant expenses in order to comply, or we might have to restrict our operations. In addition, if we do not comply with applicable laws, regulations and decisions, we may lose licenses needed for the conduct of our business and be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties, any of which could have a material adverse effect upon our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Foreign and domestic political risk may adversely affect our business.

We are exposed to political risk to the extent that Prospect Capital Management, on its behalf and subject to its investment guidelines, transacts in securities in the U.S. and foreign markets. The governments in any of these jurisdictions could impose restrictions, regulations or other measures, which may have a material adverse impact on our strategy.

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Capital markets have been in a period of disruption and instability for an extended period of time. These market conditions have materially and adversely affected debt and equity capital markets in the United States and abroad, which have had, and may in the future have, a negative impact on our business and operations.

The U.S. and foreign capital markets have been in a period of disruption for an extended period of time as evidenced by a lack of liquidity in the debt capital markets, significant write-offs in the financial services sector, the re-pricing of credit risk in the broadly syndicated credit market and the failure of certain major financial institutions. Despite actions of the United States federal government and foreign governments, these events contributed to worsening general economic conditions that materially and adversely impacted the broader financial and credit markets and reduced the availability of debt and equity capital for the market as a whole and financial services firms in particular. While these conditions appear to be improving, they could continue for a prolonged period of time or worsen in the future. In addition, while these conditions persist, we and other companies in the financial services sector may have to access, if available, alternative markets for debt and equity capital in order to grow. Equity capital may be difficult to raise because subject to some limited exceptions, as a business development company, we are generally not able to issue additional shares of our common stock at a price less than net asset value without first obtaining approval for such issuance from our stockholders and our independent directors. At our annual meeting of stockholders held on December 8, 2011, subject to the condition that the maximum number of shares salable below net asset value pursuant to this authority in any particular offering that could result in such dilution is limited to 25% of our then outstanding common stock immediately prior to each such offering, our stockholders approved our ability to sell or otherwise issue shares of our common stock at a price below its then current net asset value per share for a twelve month period expiring on the anniversary of the date of stockholder approval. In addition, our ability to incur indebtedness or issue other senior securities (including by issuing preferred stock) is limited by applicable regulations such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, must equal at least 200% immediately after each time we incur indebtedness or issue other senior securities. The debt capital that will be available, if at all, may be at a higher cost and on less favorable terms and conditions in the future. Any inability to raise capital could have a negative effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Moreover, recent market conditions have made, and may in the future make, it difficult to extend the maturity of or refinance our existing indebtedness for borrowed money and any failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on our business. The illiquidity of our investments may make it difficult for us to sell such investments if required. As a result, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we have recorded our investments.

Given the recent extreme volatility and dislocation in the capital markets, many business development companies have faced, and may in the future face, a challenging environment in which to raise capital. Recent significant changes in the capital markets affecting our ability to raise capital have affected the pace of our investment activity. In addition, significant changes in the capital markets, including the recent extreme volatility and disruption, has had, and may in the future have, a negative effect on the valuations of our investments and on the potential for liquidity events involving our investments. An inability to raise capital, and any required sale of our investments for liquidity purposes, could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

The instability in the financial markets has led the U.S. federal government to take a number of unprecedented actions and pass legislation designed to regulate and support certain financial institutions and numerous segments of the financial markets that have experienced extreme volatility, and in some cases a lack of liquidity.

On July 21, 2010, the President signed into law major financial services reform legislation in the form of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act").

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The Dodd-Frank Act, among other things, grants regulatory authorities such as the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") and SEC broad rulemaking authority to implement various provisions of the Dodd-Frank Act, including comprehensive regulation of the over-the-counter derivatives market. The regulations adopted to date by these regulators have not had a material adverse effect on our business. However, several significant rulemaking initiatives have not been completed and these could have the effect of reducing liquidity or otherwise adversely affecting us or our investments. There can be no assurance that future regulatory actions authorized by the Dodd-Frank Act will not significantly reduce our profitability. The implementation of the Dodd-Frank Act could also adversely affect us by increasing transaction and/or regulatory compliance costs. In addition, greater regulatory scrutiny may increase our exposure to potential liabilities. Increased regulatory oversight can also impose administrative burdens on us and on PCM, including, without limitation, responding to examinations or investigations and implementing new policies and procedures.

Additionally, federal, state, foreign and other governments, their regulatory agencies or self regulatory organizations may take actions that affect the regulation of the securities in which we invest, or the issuers of such securities, in ways that are unforeseeable. Governments or their agencies may also acquire distressed assets from financial institutions and acquire ownership interests in those institutions. The implications of government ownership and disposition of these assets are unclear, and such a program may have positive or negative effects on the liquidity, valuation and performance of our portfolio companies. Furthermore, volatile financial markets can expose us to greater market and liquidity risk and potential difficulty in valuing securities.

At any time after the date of this prospectus, legislation may be enacted that could negatively affect us or our portfolio companies. Changing approaches to regulation may have a negative impact on the entities in which we invest. Legislation or regulation may also change the way in which we are regulated. There can be no assurance that the Dodd-Frank Act or any future legislation, regulation or deregulation will not have a material adverse effect on us or will not impair our ability to achieve our investment objective.

The recent downgrade of the U.S. credit rating and uncertainty about the financial stability of several countries in the European Union ("EU") could have a significant adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Due to long-term federal budget deficit concerns, on August 5, 2011 S&P downgraded the federal government's credit rating from AAA to AA+ for the first time in history. This downgrade could lead to subsequent downgrades by S&P, as well as to downgrades by the other two major credit rating agencies, Moody's and Fitch Ratings. These developments, and the government's credit concerns in general, could cause interest rates and borrowing costs to rise, which may negatively impact both the perception of credit risk associated with our debt portfolio and our ability to access the debt markets on favorable terms. In addition, a decreased credit rating could create broader financial turmoil and uncertainty, which may weigh heavily on our stock price and our financial performance.

In 2010, a financial crisis emerged in Europe, triggered by high budget deficits and rising direct and contingent sovereign debt in Greece, Ireland, Italy, Portugal and Spain, which created concerns about the ability of these EU "peripheral nations" to continue to service their sovereign debt obligations. Despite assistance packages to Greece, Ireland and Portugal, the creation of a joint EU-IMF European Financial Stability Facility in May 2010, and a recently announced plan to expand financial assistance to Greece, uncertainty over the outcome of the EU governments' financial support programs and worries about sovereign finances persist. Risks and ongoing concerns about the debt crisis in Europe could have a detrimental impact on the global economic recovery, sovereign and non-sovereign debt in these countries and the financial condition of European financial institutions. Market and economic disruptions have affected, and may continue to affect, consumer confidence levels and spending, personal bankruptcy rates, levels of incurrence and default on consumer debt and

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home prices, among other factors. There can be no assurance that the market disruptions in Europe, including the increased cost of funding for certain governments and financial institutions, will not spread, nor can there be any assurance that future assistance packages will be available or, even if provided, will be sufficient to stabilize the affected countries and markets in Europe or elsewhere. To the extent uncertainty regarding the economic recovery continues to negatively impact consumer confidence and consumer credit factors, our business and results of operations could be significantly and adversely affected.

Risks Relating To Our Operation As A Business Development Company

A failure on our part to maintain our status as a business development company would significantly reduce our operating flexibility.

If we do not continue to qualify as a business development company, we might be regulated as a registered closed-end investment company under the 1940 Act; our failure to qualify as a BDC would make us subject to additional regulatory requirements, which may significantly decrease our operating flexibility by limiting our ability to employ leverage and issue common stock.

If we fail to qualify as a RIC, we will have to pay corporate-level taxes on our income, and our income available for distribution would be reduced.

To maintain our qualification for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Code, and obtain RIC tax treatment, we must meet certain source of income, asset diversification and annual distribution requirements.

The source of income requirement is satisfied if we derive at least 90% of our annual gross income from interest, dividends, payments with respect to certain securities loans, gains from the sale or other disposition of securities or options thereon or foreign currencies, or other income derived with respect to our business of investing in such securities or currencies, and net income from interests in "qualified publicly traded partnerships," as defined in the Code.

The annual distribution requirement for a RIC is satisfied if we distribute at least 90% of our ordinary income and net short-term capital gains in excess of net long-term capital losses, if any, to our stockholders on an annual basis. Because we use debt financing, we are subject to certain asset coverage ratio requirements under the 1940 Act and financial covenants that could, under certain circumstances, restrict us from making distributions necessary to qualify for RIC tax treatment. If we are unable to obtain cash from other sources, we may fail to qualify for RIC tax treatment and, thus, may be subject to corporate-level income tax on all of our taxable income.

To maintain our qualification as a RIC, we must also meet certain asset diversification requirements at the end of each quarter of our taxable year. Failure to meet these tests may result in our having to dispose of certain investments quickly in order to prevent the loss of RIC status. Because most of our investments are in private companies, any such dispositions could be made at disadvantageous prices and may result in substantial losses.

If we fail to qualify as a RIC for any reason or become subject to corporate income tax, the resulting corporate taxes would substantially reduce our net assets, the amount of income available for distribution, and the actual amount of our distributions. Such a failure would have a materially adverse effect on us and our stockholders. For additional information regarding asset coverage ratio and RIC requirements, see "Regulation Senior Securities" and "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations".

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We may have difficulty paying our required distributions if we recognize income before or without receiving cash representing such income.

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, we include in income certain amounts that we have not yet received in cash, such as original issue discount or payment-in-kind interest, which represents contractual interest added to the loan balance and due at the end of the loan term. Such amounts could be significant relative to our overall investment activities. We also may be required to include in taxable income certain other amounts that we do not receive in cash. While we focus primarily on investments that will generate a current cash return, our investment portfolio currently includes, and we may continue to invest in, securities that do not pay some or all of their return in periodic current cash distributions.

The income incentive fee payable by us is computed and paid on income that may include interest that has been accrued but not yet received in cash. If a portfolio company defaults on a loan that is structured to provide accrued interest, it is possible that accrued interest previously used in the calculation of the income incentive fee will become uncollectible.

Since in some cases we may recognize taxable income before or without receiving cash representing such income, we may have difficulty distributing at least 90% of our ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any, as required to maintain RIC tax treatment. Accordingly, we may have to sell some of our investments at times we would not consider advantageous, raise additional debt or equity capital or reduce new investment originations to meet these distribution requirements. If we are not able to obtain cash from other sources, we may fail to qualify for RIC treatment and thus become subject to corporate-level income tax. See "Regulation Senior Securities" and "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations".

Regulations governing our operation as a business development company affect our ability to raise, and the way in which we raise, additional capital.

We have incurred indebtedness under our revolving credit facility and through the issuance of the Notes and, in the future, may issue preferred stock and/or borrow additional money from banks or other financial institutions, which we refer to collectively as "senior securities," up to the maximum amount permitted by the 1940 Act. Under the provisions of the 1940 Act, we are permitted, as a BDC, to incur indebtedness or issue senior securities only in amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 200% after each issuance of senior securities. If the value of our assets declines, we may be unable to satisfy this test, which would prohibit us from paying dividends and could prohibit us from qualifying as a RIC. If we cannot satisfy this test, we may be required to sell a portion of our investments or sell additional shares of common stock at a time when such sales may be disadvantageous in order to repay a portion of our indebtedness. In addition, issuance of additional common stock could dilute the percentage ownership of our current stockholders in us.

As a BDC regulated under provisions of the 1940 Act, we are not generally able to issue and sell our common stock at a price below the current net asset value per share without stockholder approval. If our common stock trades at a discount to net asset value, this restriction could adversely affect our ability to raise capital. We may, however, sell our common stock, or warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below the current net asset value of our common stock in certain circumstances, including if (i)(1) the holders of a majority of our shares (or, if less, at least 67% of a quorum consisting of a majority of our shares) and a similar majority of the holders of our shares who are not affiliated persons of us approve the sale of our common stock at a price that is less than the current net asset value, and (2) a majority of our Directors who have no financial interest in the transaction and a majority of our independent Directors (a) determine that such sale is in our and our stockholders' best interests and (b) in consultation with any underwriter or underwriters of the offering,

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make a good faith determination as of a time either immediately prior to the first solicitation by us or on our behalf of firm commitments to purchase such shares, or immediately prior to the issuance of such shares, that the price at which such shares are to be sold is not less than a price which closely approximates the market value of such shares, less any distributing commission or discount or if (ii) a majority of the number of the beneficial holders of our common stock entitled to vote at our annual meeting, without regard to whether a majority of such shares are voted in favor of the proposal, approve the sale of our common stock at a price that is less than the current net asset value per share. At our 2011 annual meeting of stockholders held on December 8, 2011, we obtained the first method of approval from our shareholders to sell subject to the condition that the maximum number of shares salable below net asset value pursuant to this authority in any particular offering that could result in such dilution is limited to 25% of our then outstanding common stock immediately prior to each such offering, an unlimited number of shares of common stock at any discount to net asset value per share for a twelve month period expiring on the anniversary of the date of stockholder approval. We are currently seeking stockholder approval at our 2012 annual meeting, to be held on December 7, 2012, to continue for an additional year our ability to issue shares of common stock below net asset value, subject to the condition that the maximum number of shares salable below net asset value pursuant to this authority in any particular offering that could result in such dilution is limited to 25% of our then outstanding common stock immediately prior to each such offering. We will not sell shares of common stock under a prospectus supplement to the registration statement (the "current registration statement") if the cumulative dilution to our NAV per share from offerings under the current registration statement exceeds 15%. See "If we sell common stock at a discount to our net asset value per share, stockholders who do not participate in such sale will experience immediate dilution in an amount that may be material" discussed below.

To generate cash for funding new investments, we pledged a substantial portion of our portfolio investments under our revolving credit facility. These assets are not available to secure other sources of funding or for securitization. Our ability to obtain additional secured or unsecured financing on attractive terms in the future is uncertain.

Alternatively, we may securitize our future loans to generate cash for funding new investments. See "Securitization of our assets subjects us to various risks."

Securitization of our assets subjects us to various risks.

We may securitize assets to generate cash for funding new investments. We refer to the term securitize to describe a form of leverage under which a company such as us (sometimes referred to as an "originator" or "sponsor") transfers income producing assets to a single-purpose, bankruptcy-remote subsidiary (also referred to as a "special purpose entity" or SPE), which is established solely for the purpose of holding such assets and entering into a structured finance transaction. The SPE then issues notes secured by such assets. The special purpose entity may issue the notes in the capital markets either publicly or privately to a variety of investors, including banks, non-bank financial institutions and other investors. There may be a single class of notes or multiple classes of notes, the most senior of which carries less credit risk and the most junior of which may carry substantially the same credit risk as the equity of the SPE.

An important aspect of most debt securitization transactions is that the sale and/or contribution of assets into the SPE be considered a true sale and/or contribution for accounting purposes and that a reviewing court would not consolidate the SPE with the operations of the originator in the event of the originator's bankruptcy based on equitable principles. Viewed as a whole, a debt securitization seeks to lower risk to the note purchasers by isolating the assets collateralizing the securitization in an SPE that is not subject to the credit and bankruptcy risks of the originator. As a result of this perceived reduction of risk, debt securitization transactions frequently achieve lower overall leverage costs for originators as compared to traditional secured lending transactions.

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In accordance with the above description, to securitize loans, we may create a wholly owned subsidiary and contribute a pool of our assets to such subsidiary. The SPE may be funded with, among other things, whole loans or interests from other pools and such loans may or may not be rated. The SPE would then sell its notes to purchasers who we would expect to be willing to accept a lower interest rate and the absence of any recourse against us to invest in a pool of income producing assets to which none of our creditors would have access. We would retain all or a portion of the equity in the SPE. An inability to successfully securitize portions of our portfolio or otherwise leverage our portfolio through secured and unsecured borrowings could limit our ability to grow our business and fully execute our business strategy, and could decrease our earnings, if any. However, the successful securitization of portions of our portfolio exposes us to a risk of loss for the equity we retain in the SPE and might expose us to greater risk on our remaining portfolio because the assets we retain may tend to be those that are riskier and more likely to generate losses. A successful securitization may also impose financial and operating covenants that restrict our business activities and may include limitations that could hinder our ability to finance additional loans and investments or to make the distributions required to maintain our status as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. The 1940 Act may also impose restrictions on the structure of any securitizations.

Interests we hold in the SPE, if any, will be subordinated to the other interests issued by the SPE. As such, we will only receive cash distributions on such interests if the SPE has made all cash interest and other required payments on all other interests it has issued. In addition, our subordinated interests will likely be unsecured and rank behind all of the secured creditors, known or unknown, of the SPE, including the holders of the senior interests it has issued. Consequently, to the extent that the value of the SPE's portfolio of assets has been reduced as a result of conditions in the credit markets, or as a result of defaults, the value of the subordinated interests we retain would be reduced. Securitization imposes on us the same risks as borrowing except that our risk in a securitization is limited to the amount of subordinated interests we retain, whereas in a borrowing or debt issuance by us directly we would be at risk for the entire amount of the borrowing or debt issuance.

Generally, we would expect the SPE not to be consolidated with us and in that event our only interest will be the value of our retained subordinated interest and the income allocated to us, which may be more or less than the cash we receive from the SPE, and none of the SPE's liabilities will be reflected as our liabilities. If the assets of the SPE are not consolidated with our assets and liabilities, then our interest in the SPE may be deemed not to be a qualifying asset for purposes of determining whether 70% of our assets are qualifying assets and the leverage incurred by such SPE may or may not be treated as borrowings by us for purposes of the requirement that we not issue senior securities in an amount in excess of our net assets.

We may also engage in transactions utilizing SPEs and securitization techniques where the assets sold or contributed to the SPE remain on our balance sheet for accounting purposes. If, for example, we sell the assets to the SPE with recourse or provide a guarantee or other credit support to the SPE, its assets will remain on our balance sheet. Consolidation would also generally result if we, in consultation with the SEC, determine that consolidation would result in a more accurate reflection of our assets, liabilities and results of operations. In these structures, the risks will be essentially the same as in other securitization transactions but the assets will remain our assets for purposes of the limitations described above on investing in assets that are not qualifying assets and the leverage incurred by the SPE will be treated as borrowings incurred by us for purposes of our limitation on the issuance of senior securities.

Our Investment Adviser may have conflicts of interest with respect to potential securitizations in as much as securitizations that are not consolidated may reduce our assets for purposes of determining its investment advisory fee although in some circumstances our investment adviser may be paid certain fees for managing the assets of the SPE so as to reduce or eliminate any potential bias against securitizations.

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Our ability to invest in public companies may be limited in certain circumstances.

As a BDC, we must not acquire any assets other than "qualifying assets" specified in the 1940 Act unless, at the time the acquisition is made, at least 70% of our total assets are qualifying assets (with certain limited exceptions). Subject to certain exceptions for follow-on investments and distressed companies, an investment in an issuer that has outstanding securities listed on a national securities exchange may be treated as qualifying assets only if such issuer has a market capitalization that is less than \$250 million at the time of such investment.

Price declines and illiquidity in the corporate debt markets have adversely affected, and may in the future adversely affect, the fair value of our portfolio investments, reducing our net asset value through increased net unrealized depreciation.

As a BDC, we are required to carry our investments at market value or, if no market value is ascertainable, at fair value as determined in good faith by or under the direction of our Board of Directors. As part of the valuation process, the types of factors that we may take into account in determining the fair value of our investments include, as relevant and among other factors: available current market data, including relevant and applicable market trading and transaction comparables, applicable market yields and multiples, security covenants, call protection provisions, information rights, the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments, its earnings and discounted cash flows, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, comparisons of financial ratios of peer companies that are public, merger and acquisition comparables, our principal market (as the reporting entity) and enterprise values. Decreases in the market values or fair values of our investments are recorded as unrealized depreciation. Unprecedented declines in prices and liquidity in the corporate debt markets resulted in significant net unrealized depreciation in our portfolio in the past. The effect of all of these factors on our portfolio has reduced our net asset value by increasing net unrealized depreciation in our portfolio. Depending on market conditions, we could incur substantial realized losses and may suffer additional unrealized losses in future periods, which could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our common stock may trade at a discount to our net asset value per share.

Common stock of BDCs, like that of closed-end investment companies, frequently trades at a discount to current net asset value, which could adversely affect the ability to raise capital. In the past, our common stock has traded at a discount to our net asset value. The risk that our common stock may continue to trade at a discount to our net asset value is separate and distinct from the risk that our net asset value per share may decline.

If we sell shares of our common stock or securities to subscribe for or are convertible into shares of our common stock at a discount to our net asset value per share, stockholders who do not participate in such sale will experience immediate dilution in an amount that may be material.

At our 2011 annual meeting of stockholders held on December 8, 2011, our stockholders approved our ability, subject to the condition that the maximum number of shares salable below net asset value pursuant to this authority in any particular offering that could result in such dilution is limited to 25% of our then outstanding common stock immediately prior to each such offering, to sell shares of our common stock at any level of discount from net asset value per share during the 12 month period following the December 8, 2011 approval in accordance with the exception described above in "Regulations governing our operation as a business development company affect our ability to raise, and the way in which we raise, additional capital." We are currently seeking stockholder approval at our 2012 annual meeting, to be held on December 7, 2012, to continue for an additional year our ability to issue shares of common stock below net asset value, subject to the condition that the

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maximum number of shares salable below net asset value pursuant to this authority in any particular offering that could result in such dilution is limited to 25% of our then outstanding common stock immediately prior to each such offering. The issuance or sale by us of shares of our common stock or securities to subscribe for or are convertible into shares of our common stock at a discount to net asset value poses a risk of dilution to our stockholders. In particular, stockholders who do not purchase additional shares of common stock at or below the discounted price in proportion to their current ownership will experience an immediate decrease in net asset value per share (as well as in the aggregate net asset value of their shares of common stock if they do not participate at all). These stockholders will also experience a disproportionately greater decrease in their participation in our earnings and assets and their voting power than the increase we experience in our assets, potential earning power and voting interests from such issuance or sale. In addition, such sales may adversely affect the price at which our common stock trades. For additional information and hypothetical examples of these risks, see "Sales of Common Stock Below Net Asset Value" and the prospectus supplement pursuant to which such sale is made. We have sold shares of our common stock at prices below net asset value per share and may continue to do so to the future. For additional information, see "Recent Sales of Common Stock Below Net Asset Value" in the prospectus supplement pursuant to which such sale is made, if applicable.

Our ability to enter into transactions with our affiliates is restricted.

We are prohibited under the 1940 Act from knowingly participating in certain transactions with our affiliates without the prior approval of our independent directors. Any person that owns, directly or indirectly, 5% or more of our outstanding voting securities is our affiliate for purposes of the 1940 Act and we are generally prohibited from buying or selling any security or other property from or to such affiliate, absent the prior approval of our independent directors. The 1940 Act also prohibits "joint" transactions with an affiliate, which could include investments in the same portfolio company (whether at the same or different times), without prior approval of our independent directors. We are prohibited from buying or selling any security or other property from or to our Investment Adviser and its affiliates and persons with whom we are in a control relationship, or entering into joint transactions with any such person, absent the prior approval of the SEC.

Risks Relating To Our Investments

We may not realize gains or income from our investments.

We seek to generate both current income and capital appreciation. However, the securities we invest in may not appreciate and, in fact, may decline in value, and the issuers of debt securities we invest in may default on interest and/or principal payments. Accordingly, we may not be able to realize gains from our investments, and any gains that we do realize may not be sufficient to offset any losses we experience. See "Business Our Investment Objective and Policies."

Our investments in prospective portfolio companies may be risky and we could lose all or part of our investment.

Some of our portfolio companies have relatively short or no operating histories. These companies are and will be subject to all of the business risk and uncertainties associated with any new business enterprise, including the risk that these companies may not reach their investment objective and the value of our investment in them may decline substantially or fall to zero.

In addition, investment in the middle market companies that we are targeting involves a number of other significant risks, including:

these companies may have limited financial resources and may be unable to meet their obligations under their securities that we hold, which may be accompanied by a deterioration in

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the value of their securities or of any collateral with respect to any securities and a reduction in the likelihood of our realizing on any guarantees we may have obtained in connection with our investment;

they may have shorter operating histories, narrower product lines and smaller market shares than larger businesses, which tend to render them more vulnerable to competitors' actions and market conditions, as well as general economic downturns;

because many of these companies are privately held companies, public information is generally not available about these companies. As a result, we will depend on the ability of our Investment Adviser to obtain adequate information to evaluate these companies in making investment decisions. If our Investment Adviser is unable to uncover all material information about these companies, it may not make a fully informed investment decision, and we may lose money on our investments;

they are more likely to depend on the management talents and efforts of a small group of persons; therefore, the death, disability, resignation or termination of one or more of these persons could have a materially adverse impact on our portfolio company and, in turn, on us;

they may have less predictable operating results, may from time to time be parties to litigation, may be engaged in changing businesses with products subject to a risk of obsolescence and may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, finance expansion or maintain their competitive position;

they may have difficulty accessing the capital markets to meet future capital needs;

changes in laws and regulations, as well as their interpretations, may adversely affect their business, financial structure or prospects;

increased taxes, regulatory expense or the costs of changes to the way they conduct business due to the effects of climate change may adversely affect their business, financial structure or prospects.

In addition, our executive officers, directors and our Investment Adviser could, in the ordinary course of business, be named as defendants in litigation arising from proposed investments or from our investments in the portfolio companies.

Economic recessions or downturns could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results.

The U.S. and foreign capital financial markets have been experiencing a high level of volatility, disruption and distress, which was exacerbated by the failure of several major financial institutions in the last few months of 2008. Despite actions of the United States federal government and foreign governments, these events contributed to worsening general economic conditions that materially and adversely impacted the broader financial and credit markets and reduced the availability of debt and equity capital for the market as a whole and financial services firms in particular. While these conditions appear to be improving, they could continue for a prolonged period of time or worsen in the future both in the U.S. and globally. Our portfolio companies will generally be affected by the conditions and overall strength of the national, regional and local economies, including interest rate fluctuations, changes in the capital markets and changes in the prices of their primary commodities and products. These factors also impact the amount of residential, industrial and commercial growth in the energy industry. Additionally, these factors could adversely impact the customer base and customer collections of our portfolio companies.

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Many of our portfolio companies may be susceptible to economic slowdowns or recessions and may be unable to repay our loans or meet other obligations during these periods. Therefore, our non-performing assets are likely to increase, and the value of our portfolio is likely to decrease, during these periods. Adverse economic conditions also may decrease the value of collateral securing some of our loans and the value of our equity investments. Economic slowdowns or recessions could lead to financial losses in our portfolio and a decrease in revenues, net income and assets. Unfavorable economic conditions also could increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. These events could prevent us from increasing investments and harm our operating results.

A portfolio company's failure to satisfy financial or operating covenants imposed by us or other lenders could lead to defaults and, potentially, termination of its loans and foreclosure on its secured assets, which could trigger cross-defaults under other agreements and jeopardize a portfolio company's ability to meet its obligations under the debt or equity securities that we hold. We may incur expenses to the extent necessary to seek recovery upon default or to negotiate new terms, which may include the waiver of certain financial covenants, with a defaulting portfolio company. In addition, if one of our portfolio companies were to go bankrupt, even though we may have structured our interest as senior debt or preferred equity, depending on the facts and circumstances, including the extent to which we actually provided managerial assistance to that portfolio company, a bankruptcy court might re-characterize our debt or equity holding and subordinate all or a portion of our claim to those of other creditors.

Our portfolio contains a limited number of portfolio companies, which subjects us to a greater risk of significant loss if any of these companies defaults on its obligations under any of its debt securities.

A consequence of the limited number of investments in our portfolio is that the aggregate returns we realize may be significantly adversely affected if one or more of our significant portfolio company investments perform poorly or if we need to write down the value of any one significant investment. Beyond our income tax diversification requirements, we do not have fixed guidelines for diversification, and our portfolio could contain relatively few portfolio companies.

Our failure to make follow-on investments in our portfolio companies could impair the value of our portfolio.

Following an initial investment in a portfolio company, we may make additional investments in that portfolio company as "follow-on" investments, in order to: (1) increase or maintain in whole or in part our equity ownership percentage; (2) exercise warrants, options or convertible securities that were acquired in the original or subsequent financing or (3) attempt to preserve or enhance the value of our investment.

We may elect not to make follow-on investments, may be constrained in our ability to employ available funds, or otherwise may lack sufficient funds to make those investments. We have the discretion to make any follow-on investments, subject to the availability of capital resources. The failure to make follow-on investments may, in some circumstances, jeopardize the continued viability of a portfolio company and our initial investment, or may result in a missed opportunity for us to increase our participation in a successful operation. Even if we have sufficient capital to make a desired follow-on investment, we may elect not to make a follow-on investment because we may not want to increase our concentration of risk, because we prefer other opportunities, or because we are inhibited by compliance with BDC requirements or the desire to maintain our tax status.

We may be unable to invest the net proceeds raised from offerings and repayments from investments on acceptable terms, which would harm our financial condition and operating results.

Until we identify new investment opportunities, we intend to either invest the net proceeds of future offerings and repayments from investments in interest-bearing deposits or other short-term

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instruments or use the net proceeds from such offerings to reduce then-outstanding obligations under our credit facility. We cannot assure you that we will be able to find enough appropriate investments that meet our investment criteria or that any investment we complete using the proceeds from an offering will produce a sufficient return.

The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.

We make investments in private companies. A portion of these investments may be subject to legal and other restrictions on resale, transfer, pledge or other disposition or will otherwise be less liquid than publicly traded securities. The illiquidity of our investments may make it difficult for us to sell such investments if the need arises. In addition, if we are required to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we have previously recorded our investments. In addition, we face other restrictions on our ability to liquidate an investment in a business entity to the extent that we or our Investment Adviser has or could be deemed to have material non-public information regarding such business entity.

We may have limited access to information about privately held companies in which we invest.

We invest primarily in privately-held companies. Generally, little public information exists about these companies, and we are required to rely on the ability of our Investment Adviser's investment professionals to obtain adequate information to evaluate the potential returns from investing in these companies. These companies and their financial information are not subject to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and other rules that govern public companies. If we are unable to uncover all material information about these companies, we may not make a fully informed investment decision, and we may lose money on our investment.

We may not be in a position to control a portfolio investment when we are a debt or minority equity investor and its management may make decisions that could decrease the value of our investment.

We make both debt and minority equity investments in portfolio companies. As a result, we are subject to the risk that a portfolio company may make business decisions with which we disagree, and the management of such company, as representatives of the holders of their common equity, may take risks or otherwise act in ways that do not serve our interests. As a result, a portfolio company may make decisions that could decrease the value of our portfolio holdings.

Our portfolio companies may incur debt or issue equity securities that rank equally with, or senior to, our investments in such companies.

We may invest in mezzanine debt and dividend-paying equity securities issued by our portfolio companies. Our portfolio companies usually have, or may be permitted to incur, other debt, or issue other equity securities, that rank equally with, or senior to, the securities in which we invest. By their terms, such instruments may provide that the holders are entitled to receive payment of dividends, interest or principal on or before the dates on which we are entitled to receive payments in respect of the securities in which we invest. Also, in the event of insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of a portfolio company, holders of securities ranking senior to our investment in that portfolio company would typically be entitled to receive payment in full before we receive any distribution in respect of our investment. After repaying the senior security holders, the portfolio company may not have any remaining assets to use for repaying its obligation to us. In the case of securities ranking equally with securities in which we invest, we would have to share on an equal basis any distributions with other security holders in the event of an insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of the relevant portfolio company.

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We may not be able to fully realize the value of the collateral securing our debt investments.

Although a substantial amount of our debt investments are protected by holding security interests in the assets of the portfolio companies, we may not be able to fully realize the value of the collateral securing our investments due to one or more of the following factors:

our debt investments may be in the form of mezzanine loans, therefore our liens on the collateral, if any, are subordinated to those of the senior secured debt of the portfolio companies, if any. As a result, we may not be able to control remedies with respect to the collateral;

the collateral may not be valuable enough to satisfy all of the obligations under our secured loan, particularly after giving effect to the repayment of secured debt of the portfolio company that ranks senior to our loan;

bankruptcy laws may limit our ability to realize value from the collateral and may delay the realization process;

our rights in the collateral may be adversely affected by the failure to perfect security interests in the collateral;

the need to obtain regulatory and contractual consents could impair or impede how effectively the collateral would be liquidated and could affect the value received; and

some or all of the collateral may be illiquid and may have no readily ascertainable market value.

The liquidity and value of the collateral could be impaired as a result of changing economic conditions, competition, and other factors, including the availability of suitable buyers.

Our investments in foreign securities may involve significant risks in addition to the risks inherent in U.S. investments.

Our investment strategy contemplates potential investments in securities of foreign companies including those located in emerging market countries. Investing in foreign companies may expose us to additional risks not typically associated with investing in U.S. companies. These risks include changes in exchange control regulations, political and social instability, expropriation, imposition of foreign taxes, less liquid markets and less available information than is generally the case in the United States, higher transaction costs, less government supervision of exchanges, brokers and issuers, less developed bankruptcy laws, difficulty in enforcing contractual obligations, lack of uniform accounting and auditing standards and greater price volatility. Such risks are more pronounced in emerging market countries.

Although currently all of our investments are, and we expect that most of our investments will be, U.S. dollar-denominated, investments that are denominated in a foreign currency will be subject to the risk that the value of a particular currency will change in relation to one or more other currencies. Among the factors that may affect currency values are trade balances, the level of short-term interest rates, differences in relative values of similar assets in different currencies, long-term opportunities for investment and capital appreciation, and political developments.

We may expose ourselves to risks if we engage in hedging transactions.

We may employ hedging techniques to minimize certain investment risks, such as fluctuations in interest and currency exchange rates, but we can offer no assurance that such strategies will be effective. If we engage in hedging transactions, we may expose ourselves to risks associated with such transactions. We may utilize instruments such as forward contracts, currency options and interest rate swaps, caps, collars and floors to seek to hedge against fluctuations in the relative values of our portfolio positions from changes in currency exchange rates and market interest rates. Hedging against a decline in the values of our portfolio positions does not eliminate the possibility of fluctuations in the

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values of such positions or prevent losses if the values of such positions decline. However, such hedging can establish other positions designed to gain from those same developments, thereby offsetting the decline in the value of such portfolio positions. Such hedging transactions may also limit the opportunity for gain if the values of the portfolio positions should increase. Moreover, it may not be possible to hedge against an exchange rate or interest rate fluctuation that is so generally anticipated that we are not able to enter into a hedging transaction at an acceptable price. Furthermore, our ability to engage in hedging transactions may also be adversely affected by recent rules adopted by the CFTC.

The success of our hedging transactions depends on our ability to correctly predict movements, currencies and interest rates. Therefore, while we may enter into such transactions to seek to reduce currency exchange rate and interest rate risks, unanticipated changes in currency exchange rates or interest rates may result in poorer overall investment performance than if we had not engaged in any such hedging transactions. The degree of correlation between price movements of the instruments used in a hedging strategy and price movements in the portfolio positions being hedged may vary. Moreover, for a variety of reasons, we may not seek to establish a perfect correlation between such hedging instruments and the portfolio holdings being hedged. Any such imperfect correlation may prevent us from achieving the intended hedge and expose us to risk of loss. In addition, it may not be possible to hedge fully or perfectly against currency fluctuations affecting the value of securities denominated in non-U.S. currencies. The Company has no current intention of engaging in any of the hedging transaction described above, although it reserves the right to do so in the future.

Our Board of Directors may change our operating policies and strategies without prior notice or stockholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse to us and could impair the value of our stockholders' investment.

Our Board of Directors has the authority to modify or waive our current operating policies and our strategies without prior notice and without stockholder approval. We cannot predict the effect any changes to our current operating policies and strategies would have on our business, financial condition, and value of our common stock. However, the effects might be adverse, which could negatively impact our ability to pay dividends and cause stockholders to lose all or part of their investment.

Risks Relating To Our Securities

Investing in our securities may involve a high degree of risk and is highly speculative.

The investments we make in accordance with our investment objective may result in a higher amount of risk than alternative investment options and volatility or loss of principal. Our investments in portfolio companies may be speculative and aggressive, and therefore, an investment in our shares may not be suitable for someone with low risk tolerance.

The market price of our securities may fluctuate significantly.

The market price and liquidity of the market for our securities may be significantly affected by numerous factors, some of which are beyond our control and may not be directly related to our operating performance. These factors include:

significant volatility in the market price and trading volume of securities of business development companies or other companies in the energy industry, which are not necessarily related to the operating performance of these companies;

changes in regulatory policies or tax guidelines, particularly with respect to RICs or business development companies;

loss of RIC qualification;

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changes in earnings or variations in operating results;
changes in the value of our portfolio of investments;
any shortfall in revenue or net income or any increase in losses from levels expected by investors or securities analysts;
departure of one or more of Prospect Capital Management's key personnel;
operating performance of companies comparable to us;
changes in prevailing interest rates;
litigation matters;
general economic trends and other external factors; and
loss of a major funding source.

In the past, following periods of volatility in the market price of a company's securities, securities class action litigation has, from time to time, been brought against that company.

If our stock price fluctuates significantly, we may be the target of securities litigation in the future. Securities litigation could result in substantial costs and divert management's attention and resources from our business.

Sales of substantial amounts of our securities in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of our securities.

Sales of substantial amounts of our securities or the availability of such securities for sale could adversely affect the prevailing market price for our securities. If this occurs and continues it could impair our ability to raise additional capital through the sale of securities should we desire to do so.

There is a risk that you may not receive distributions or that our distributions may not grow over time.

We have made and intend to continue to make distributions on a quarterly basis to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. We cannot assure you that we will achieve investment results or maintain a tax status that will allow or require any specified level of cash distributions or year-to-year increases in cash distributions. In addition, due to the asset coverage test applicable to us as a business development company, we may be limited in our ability to make distributions.

Provisions of the Maryland General Corporation Law and of our charter and bylaws could deter takeover attempts and have an adverse impact on the price of our common stock.

Our charter and bylaws and the Maryland General Corporation Law contain provisions that may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a transaction or a change in control that might involve a premium price for our stockholders or otherwise be in their best interest. These provisions may prevent stockholders from being able to sell shares of our common stock at a premium over the current of prevailing market prices.

Our charter provides for the classification of our Board of Directors into three classes of directors, serving staggered three-year terms, which may render a change of control or removal of our incumbent management more difficult. Furthermore, any and all vacancies on our Board

of Directors will be filled generally only by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors in office, even if the remaining directors do not constitute a quorum, and any director elected to fill a vacancy will serve for the remainder of the full term until a successor is elected and qualifies.

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Our Board of Directors is authorized to create and issue new series of shares, to classify or reclassify any unissued shares of stock into one or more classes or series, including preferred stock and, without stockholder approval, to amend our charter to increase or decrease the number of shares of common stock that we have authority to issue, which could have the effect of diluting a stockholder's ownership interest. Prior to the issuance of shares of common stock of each class or series, including any reclassified series, our Board of Directors is required by our governing documents to set the terms, preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends or other distributions, qualifications and terms or conditions of redemption for each class or series of shares of stock.

Our charter and bylaws also provide that our Board of Directors has the exclusive power to adopt, alter or repeal any provision of our bylaws, and to make new bylaws. The Maryland General Corporation Law also contains certain provisions that may limit the ability of a third party to acquire control of us, such as:

The Maryland Business Combination Act, which, subject to certain limitations, prohibits certain business combinations between us and an "interested stockholder" (defined generally as any person who beneficially owns 10% or more of the voting power of the common stock or an affiliate thereof) for five years after the most recent date on which the stockholder becomes an interested stockholder and, thereafter, imposes special minimum price provisions and special stockholder voting requirements on these combinations; and

The Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act, which provides that "control shares" of a Maryland corporation (defined as shares of common stock which, when aggregated with other shares of common stock controlled by the stockholder, entitles the stockholder to exercise one of three increasing ranges of voting power in electing directors, as described more fully below) acquired in a "control share acquisition" (defined as the direct or indirect acquisition of ownership or control of "control shares") have no voting rights except to the extent approved by stockholders by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of all the votes entitled to be cast on the matter, excluding all interested shares of common stock.

The provisions of the Maryland Business Combination Act will not apply, however, if our Board of Directors adopts a resolution that any business combination between us and any other person will be exempt from the provisions of the Maryland Business Combination Act. Our Board of Directors has adopted a resolution that any business combination between us and any other person is exempted from the provisions of the Business Combination Act, *provided* that the business combination is first approved by the Board of Directors, including a majority of the directors who are not interested persons as defined in the 1940 Act. There can be no assurance that this resolution will not be altered or repealed in whole or in part at any time. If the resolution is altered or repealed, the provisions of the Maryland Business Combination Act may discourage others from trying to acquire control of us.

As permitted by Maryland law, our bylaws contain a provision exempting from the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act any and all acquisitions by any person of our common stock. Although our bylaws include such a provision, such a provision may also be amended or eliminated by our Board of Directors at any time in the future, provided that we will notify the Division of Investment Management at the SEC prior to amending or eliminating this provision. However, as noted above, the SEC has recently taken the position that the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act is inconsistent with the 1940 Act and may not be invoked by a BDC. It is the view of the staff of the SEC that opting into the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act would be acting in a manner inconsistent with section 18(i) of the 1940 Act.

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Your interest in us may be diluted if you do not fully exercise your subscription rights in any rights offering. In addition, if the subscription price is less than our net asset value per share, then you will experience an immediate dilution of the aggregate net asset value of your shares.

In the event we issue subscription rights, stockholders who do not fully exercise their subscription rights should expect that they will, at the completion of a rights offering pursuant to this prospectus, own a smaller proportional interest in us than would otherwise be the case if they fully exercised their rights. We cannot state precisely the amount of any such dilution in share ownership because we do not know at this time what proportion of the shares will be purchased as a result of such rights offering.

In addition, if the subscription price is less than the net asset value per share of our common stock, then our stockholders would experience an immediate dilution of the aggregate net asset value of their shares as a result of the offering. The amount of any decrease in net asset value is not predictable because it is not known at this time what the subscription price and net asset value per share will be on the expiration date of a rights offering or what proportion of the shares will be purchased as a result of such rights offering. Such dilution could be substantial. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating To Our Operation As A Business Development Company If we sell shares of our common stock or securities to subscribe for or are convertible into shares of our common stock at a discount to our net asset value per share, stockholders who do not participate in such sale will experience immediate dilution in an amount that may be material." and "Sales of Common Stock Below Net Asset Value."

We may in the future choose to pay dividends in our own stock, in which case our stockholders may be required to pay tax in excess of the cash they receive.

We may distribute taxable dividends that are payable in part in our stock. Under IRS Revenue Procedure 2010-12, up to 90% of any such taxable dividend could be payable in our stock for dividends declared on or before December 31, 2012 with respect to any taxable year ending on or before December 31, 2011. The IRS has also issued (and where Revenue Procedure 2010-12 is not currently applicable, the IRS continues to issue) private letter rulings on cash/stock dividends paid by RICs and real estate investment trusts if certain requirements are satisfied and we have received such a ruling permitting us to declare such taxable cash/stock dividends, up to 80% in stock, with respect to our taxable years ending August 31, 2012 and August 31, 2013. Taxable stockholders receiving such dividends would be required to include the full amount of the dividend as ordinary income (or as long-term capital gain to the extent such distribution is properly designated as a capital gain dividend) to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits for United States federal income tax purposes. As a result, a U.S. Stockholder (as defined in "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations") may be required to pay tax with respect to such dividends in excess of any cash received. If a U.S. Stockholder sells the stock it receives as a dividend in order to pay this tax, it may be subject to transaction fees (e.g. broker fees or transfer agent fees) and the sales proceeds may be less than the amount included in income with respect to the dividend, depending on the market price of our stock at the time of the sale. Furthermore, with respect to Non-U.S. Stockholders (as defined in "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations"), we may be required to withhold U.S. tax with respect to such dividends, including in respect of all or a portion of such dividend that is payable in stock. In addition, if a significant number of our stockholders determine to sell shares of our stock in order to pay taxes owed on dividends, it may put downward pressure on the trading price of our stock. It is unclear whether and to what extent we will be able to pay dividends in cash and our stock (whether pursuant to Revenue Procedure 2010-12, a private letter ruling, or otherwise).

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(All figures in this section are in thousands except share, per share and other data)

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes and other financial information appearing elsewhere in this prospectus or incorporated by reference into this prospectus. In addition to historical information, the following discussion and other parts of this prospectus contain forward-looking information that involves risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated by such forward-looking information due to the factors discussed under "Risk Factors" and "Forward-Looking Statements" appearing elsewhere herein.

Note on Forward Looking Statements

Some of the statements in this section of the prospectus constitute forward-looking statements, which relate to future events or our future performance or financial condition. The forward-looking statements contained herein involve risks and uncertainties, including statements as to:

our future operating results;
our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies;
the impact of investments that we expect to make;
our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties;
the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest;
the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;
our expected financings and investments;
the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital; and
the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies.

We generally use words such as "anticipates," "believes," "expects," "intends" and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements. Our actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements for any reason, including the factors set forth in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus. These forward-looking statements do not meet the safe harbor for forward-looking statements pursuant to Section 27A of the Securities Act.

We have based the forward-looking statements included in herein on information available to us on the date of this document, and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements. Although we undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, you are advised to consult any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you or through reports that we in the future may file with the SEC, including any annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

Overview

We are a financial services company that primarily lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. We are a closed-end investment company that has filed an election to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, or the 1940 Act. We invest primarily in senior and subordinated debt and equity of companies in need of capital for

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acquisitions, divestitures, growth, development and recapitalization. We work with the management teams or financial sponsors to seek investments with historical cash flows, asset collateral or contracted pro-forma cash flows.

We seek to be a long-term investor with our portfolio companies. From our July 27, 2004 inception to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, we invested primarily in industries related to the industrial/energy economy. Since then, we have widened our strategy to focus in other sectors of the economy and continue to reduce our exposure to the energy industry, and our holdings in the energy and energy related industries now represent less than 7% of our investment portfolio.

The aggregate value of our portfolio investments was \$2,094,221 and \$1,463,010 as of June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, our net cost of investments increased by \$663,579, or 46.2%, as a result of thirty-eight new investments, seventeen follow-on investments and revolver advances of \$1,115,012, accrued of payment-in-kind interest of \$5,647 and accretion of purchase discount of \$7,284, while we received full repayment on seventeen investments, sold five investments and received several partial prepayments and revolver repayments totaling of \$500,952, including a net realized gain of \$36,588. During the year ended June 30, 2012, Deb Shops, Inc. ("Deb Shops") filed for bankruptcy and a plan for reorganization was proposed. The plan was approved by the bankruptcy court and our debt position was eliminated with no payment to us. As a result, we determined that the impairment of Deb Shops was other-than-temporary on September 30, 2011 and recorded a realized loss of \$14,607 for the full amount of the amortized cost. The asset was completely written off when the plan of reorganization was approved. This realized loss was primarily offset the sale of our shares in NRG Manufacturing Inc. ("NRG") common stock for which we realized a gain of \$36,940. The remaining net realized gain of \$14,255 is primarily due to the sale of our equity investments in C&J Cladding, LLC ("C&J"), The Copernicus Group, Inc. ("Copernicus"), Nupla Corporation ("Nupla") and Sport Helmets Holdings, LLC ("Sport Helmets").

Compared to the end of last fiscal year (ended June 30, 2011), net assets increased by \$397,617 or 35.7% during the year ended June 30, 2012, from \$1,114,357 to \$1,511,974. This increase resulted from the issuance of new shares of our common stock (less offering costs) in the amount of \$337,562, dividend reinvestments of \$10,530, and another \$190,904 from operations. These increases, in turn, were offset by \$141,379 in dividend distributions to our stockholders. The \$190,904 increase in net assets resulting from operations is net of the following: net investment income of \$186,684, net realized gain on investments of \$36,588, and a decrease in net assets due to changes in net unrealized depreciation of investments of \$32,368.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reported period. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets and any other parameters used in determining these estimates could cause actual results to differ and those differences could be material.

Patriot Acquisition

On December 2, 2009, we acquired the outstanding shares of Patriot Capital Funding, Inc. ("Patriot") common stock for \$201,083. Under the terms of the merger agreement, Patriot common shareholders received 0.363992 shares of our common stock for each share of Patriot common stock, resulting in 8,444,068 shares of common stock being issued by us. In connection with the transaction, we repaid all the outstanding borrowings of Patriot, in compliance with the merger agreement.

The fair value of Patriot's investments was determined by the Board of Directors in conjunction with an independent valuation agent. This valuation resulted in a purchase price of \$207,126 which was \$98,150 below the amortized cost of such investments. During the year ended June 30, 2012, we recognized \$6,613 of interest income due to purchase discount accretion from the assets acquired from

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Patriot. Included in the \$6,613 is \$3,083 of normal accretion and \$3,530 of accelerated accretion resulting from the repayment of Mac & Massey Holdings, LLC ("Mac & Massey"), Nupla, ROM Acquisition Corporation ("ROM") and Sport Helmets.

During the year ended June 30, 2011, we recognized \$22,084 of interest income due to purchase discount accretion from the assets acquired from Patriot. Included in the \$22,084 is \$4,912 of normal accretion, \$12,035 of accelerated accretion resulting from the repayment of Impact Products, LLC ("Impact Products"), Label Corp Holdings Inc ("Label Corp") and Prince Mineral Company, Inc. ("Prince") and \$4,968 of accelerated accretion resulting from the recapitalization of our debt investments in Arrowhead General Insurance Agency, Inc. ("Arrowhead"), Copernicus, Fischbein, LLC ("Fischbein") and Northwestern Management Services, LLC ("Northwestern"). The restructured loans for Arrowhead, Copernicus, Fischbein and Northwestern were issued at market terms comparable to other industry transactions. In accordance with ASC 320-20-35 the cost basis of the new loan was recorded at par value, which precipitated the acceleration of original purchase discount from the loan repayment which was recognized as interest income.

During the period from the acquisition of Patriot on December 2, 2009 to June 30, 2010, we recognized \$18,795 of interest income due to purchase discount accretion from the assets acquired from Patriot. Included in this amount \$4,579 of normal accretion and \$14,216 of accelerated accretion resulting from the early repayments of four loans, three revolving lines of credit, sale of one investment position and restructuring of our loans to Aircraft Fasteners International, LLC ("AFI"), EXL Acquisition Corp. ("EXL"), LHC Holdings Corp. ("LHC"), Prince, and ROM. The revised terms were more favorable than the original terms and increased the present value of the future cash flows. In accordance with ASC 320-20-35 the cost basis of the new loans were recorded at par value, which precipitated the acceleration of original purchase discount from the loan repayment which was recognized as interest income.

Investment Holdings

As of June 30, 2012, we continue to pursue our investment strategy. In May 2007, we changed our name to "Prospect Capital Corporation" and terminated our policy to invest at least 80% of our net assets in energy companies. Since that time, we have reduced our exposure to the energy industry, and our holdings in the energy and energy related industries now represent less than 20% of our investment portfolio.

At June 30 2012, approximately \$2,094,221 or 138.5% of our net assets are invested in 82 long-term portfolio investments and 7.8% of our net assets invested in money market funds.

During the year ended June 30, 2012, we originated \$1,115,012 of new investments. Our origination efforts are focused primarily on secured lending, to reduce the risk in the portfolio, investing primarily in first lien loans, and subordinated notes in CLOs, though we also continue to close selected junior debt and equity investments. In addition to targeting investments senior in corporate capital structures with our new originations, we have also increased our origination business mix of third party private equity sponsor owned companies, which tend to have more third party equity capital supporting our debt investments than non-sponsor transactions. Our performing loan's annualized current yield increased from 12.8% as of June 30, 2011 to 13.6% as of June 30, 2012 across all long-term investments. This increase in yield is primarily due to the acquisition of First Tower. Excluding our loans to First Tower, our annualized current yield would have been 12.5% as of June 30, 2012. We expect Prospect's current asset yield may continue to decline modestly as we continue to reduce credit risk. Generally, we have seen a decrease in interest rates on first lien loans issued during our fiscal years ended June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2012 in comparison to the rates in effect at June 30, 2010 along with the effects from reducing the percentage level of second lien loans. Monetization of other equity positions that we hold is not included in this yield calculation. In many of our portfolio

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companies we hold equity positions, ranging from minority interests to majority stakes, which we expect over time to contribute to our investment returns. Some of these equity positions include features such as contractual minimum internal rates of returns, preferred distributions, flip structures and other features expected to generate additional investment returns, as well as contractual protections and preferences over junior equity, in addition to the yield and security offered by our cash flow and collateral debt protections.

We classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, control investments are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally deemed to exist when a company or individual possesses or has the right to acquire within 60 days or less, a beneficial ownership of 25% or more of the voting securities of an investee company. Affiliated investments and affiliated companies are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are deemed to exist through the possession outright or via the right to acquire within 60 days or less, beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of another person.

As of June, 2012, we own controlling interests in AIRMALL USA, Inc. ("AIRMALL"), Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, Inc. ("Ajax"), AWCNC, LLC, Borga, Inc., Energy Solutions Holdings, Inc. ("Energy Solutions"), First Tower, Integrated Contract Services, Inc. ("ICS"), Manx Energy, Inc. ("Manx"), NMMB Holdings, Inc. ("NMMB"), R-V Industries, Inc. ("R-V") and Wolf Energy Holdings, Inc. ("Wolf"). We also own an affiliated interest in BNN Holdings Corp. f/k/a Biotronic NeuroNetwork ("Biotronic"), Boxercraft Incorporated ("Boxercraft") and Smart, LLC.

The following is a summary of our investment portfolio by level of control at June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively: