

SKYWEST INC  
Form S-3/A  
April 04, 2006

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As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 4, 2006

Registration No. 333-129831

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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

**AMENDMENT NO. 1  
TO  
FORM S-3**

**REGISTRATION STATEMENT  
Under the  
Securities Act of 1933**

**SkyWest, Inc.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Utah**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**87-0292166**

(I.R.S. employer  
identification number)

**444 South River Road  
St. George, Utah 84790  
(435) 634-3200**

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

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**Bradford R. Rich  
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer  
SkyWest, Inc.**

**444 South River Road  
St. George, Utah 84790  
(435) 634-3200**

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

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*Copies to:*

**Brian G. Lloyd, Esq.  
Seth R. King, Esq.  
PARR WADDOUPS BROWN GEE & LOVELESS  
185 South State Street, Suite 1300  
Salt Lake City, Utah 84111  
(801) 532-7840**

**Mark C. Smith, Esq.  
Allison R. Schneirov, Esq.  
SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER & FLOM LLP  
Four Times Square  
New York, New York 10036  
(212) 735-3000**

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**Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public:** As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Registration Statement as determined by market conditions.

If the only securities being registered on this Form are being offered pursuant to dividend or interest reinvestment plans, please check the following box:

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered only in connection with dividend or interest reinvestment plans, check the following box:

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering:

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering:

If this Form is a registration statement pursuant to General Instruction I.D. or a post-effective amendment thereto that shall become effective upon filing with the Commission pursuant to Rule 462(e) under the Securities Act, check the following box:

If this Form is a post-effective amendment to registration statement filed pursuant to General Instruction I.D. filed to register additional securities or additional classes of securities pursuant to Rule 413(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box:

### CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of each class of securities to be registered	Amount to be registered(1)	Proposed maximum offering price per share(2)	Proposed maximum aggregate offering price(2)	Amount of registration fee
Common Stock, no par value	4,600,000	\$32.24	\$148,304,000	\$17,456(3)

(1) Includes 600,000 shares which the underwriters have the option to purchase solely to cover overallocments, if any.

(2) Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee in accordance with Rule 457(c) based on the average high and low reported sales prices of our common stock on The Nasdaq National Market on November 17, 2005.

(3) Previously paid.

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

Subject to Completion  
Preliminary Prospectus dated April 4, 2006

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

**PROSPECTUS**

**4,000,000 Shares**

**Common Stock**

SkyWest, Inc. is selling all of the shares.

The shares are quoted on The Nasdaq National Market under the symbol "SKYW." On March 31, 2006, the last sale price of the shares as reported by The Nasdaq National Market was \$29.27 per share.

**Investing in our common stock involves risks that are described in the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page 11 of this prospectus.**

	<b><u>Per Share</u></b>	<b><u>Total</u></b>
Public offering price	\$	\$
Underwriting discount	\$	\$
Proceeds, before expenses, to SkyWest, Inc.	\$	\$

The underwriters may also purchase up to an additional 600,000 shares from us at the public offering price, less the underwriting discount, within 30 days from the date of this prospectus to cover overallotments.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The shares will be ready for delivery on or about April \_\_\_\_\_, 2006.

**Merrill Lynch & Co.**

**Raymond James**

The date of this prospectus is April \_\_\_\_\_, 2006.

We are a holding company that operates two independent, wholly-owned subsidiaries, SkyWest Airlines and Atlantic Southeast Airlines, with a total fleet of approximately 380 aircraft and approximately 13,650 employees as of December 31, 2005. Our fleet consists of Bombardier CRJ200 Regional Jets seating 40 or 50 passengers ("CRJ200s"), Bombardier CRJ700 Regional Jets seating 66 or 70 passengers ("CRJ700s"), Embraer EMB-120 Brasilia turboprops seating 30 passengers ("Brasilia turboprops") and Avions de Transport 72-210 turboprops seating 66 passengers ("ATR-72 turboprops"). We provide on each of these aircraft types flight attendant service, as well as in-flight amenities such as snack and beverage service, lavatory facilities and overhead storage.

We operate approximately 2,350 total daily flights as The Delta Connection® in Atlanta, Salt Lake City and Cincinnati, and as United Express® in Chicago (O'Hare), Denver, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland and Seattle/Tacoma under code-share agreements with Delta Air Lines and United Air Lines. We provide scheduled air service to 218 destinations in the United States, Canada, Mexico and the Caribbean. We have obtained federal registration of the SkyWest®, SkyWest Airlines®, Atlantic Southeast Airlines® and ASA® trademarks. Delta®, Delta Connection® and The Delta Connection® are trademarks of Delta Air Lines, Inc. United® and United Express® are trademarks of United Air Lines, Inc. All other trademarks and service marks appearing in this prospectus are the property of their respective holders.

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You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. We have not, and the underwriters have not, authorized any other person to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not, and the underwriters are not, making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date on the front cover of this prospectus. Our business, financial condition and prospects may have changed since that date.

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## PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

*This summary contains basic information about our company and this offering, but does not contain all of the information that you should consider before investing in our common stock. You should read this summary, together with the entire prospectus, including "Risk Factors" and the information incorporated by reference into this prospectus as described below under "Incorporation Of Certain Information By Reference," for important information regarding our company and the common stock being sold in this offering. Unless otherwise indicated, "we," "us", "our" and similar terms refer to SkyWest, Inc. and our subsidiaries; "SkyWest Airlines" refers to our wholly-owned subsidiary SkyWest Airlines, Inc.; and "ASA" refers to our wholly-owned subsidiary Atlantic Southeast Airlines, Inc. Unless otherwise indicated, all information in this prospectus assumes that the underwriters' overallotment option to purchase up to 600,000 shares from us will not be exercised.*

### Our Company

We are a holding company that operates two independent, wholly-owned subsidiaries, SkyWest Airlines and ASA. SkyWest Airlines and ASA are regional airlines offering scheduled passenger service with approximately 2,350 daily departures to 218 destinations in the United States, Canada, Mexico and the Caribbean. Substantially all of our flights are operated as either Delta Connection or United Express under code-share arrangements with Delta Air Lines, Inc. ("Delta") or United Air Lines, Inc. ("United"), with significant presence in their key domestic hubs and focus cities. SkyWest Airlines and ASA provide regional flying to our partners, primarily under long-term, fixed-fee code-share agreements that we believe improve our ability to accurately forecast our revenue stream. Under this type of agreement, our partners assume many of the most common financial risks inherent to our industry, including those relating to fuel prices, airfares and passenger load factors.

SkyWest Airlines and ASA have developed industry-leading reputations for providing quality, low-cost regional airline service during their long operating histories. SkyWest Airlines has been flying since 1972 and ASA since 1979. As of December 31, 2005, our consolidated fleet consisted of a total of 380 aircraft, of which 224 were in service with Delta and 156 were in service with United. We currently operate one type of regional jet aircraft in two differently sized configurations, the 40- and 50-seat CRJ200s and the 66- and 70-seat CRJ700s, and two types of turboprop aircraft, the 30-seat Brasilia turboprops and the 66-seat ATR-72 turboprops (which we expect to remove from service by August 2007). SkyWest Airlines and ASA have combined firm orders to acquire 15 additional CRJ700s and 17 Bombardier CRJ900 Regional Jets ("CRJ900s"), which can be delivered in configurations ranging between 70 and 90 seats, over the next two years and ASA is committed to sublease six additional CRJ200s from Delta commencing in 2006. We have agreements with Delta or United to place all of these aircraft into service upon their delivery. In addition, we have options to acquire 70 additional CRJ900s. We presently anticipate that delivery dates for these aircraft could start in May 2007 and continue through April 2010; however, actual delivery dates remain subject to final determination as agreed upon by us and our code-share partners. We believe that these option aircraft position us to capitalize on additional growth opportunities with our existing and other potential code-share partners.

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The following table summarizes certain key elements of the SkyWest Airlines and ASA operations as of December 31, 2005.

	<b>SkyWest Airlines</b>	<b>Atlantic Southeast Airlines</b>
<b>Partners</b>	Delta, United	Delta
<b>Contract Terms</b>	Delta Effective through September 2020 Assumed by Delta with Bankruptcy Court approval	Delta Effective through September 2020 Assumed by Delta with Bankruptcy Court approval
	United Expires incrementally in December 2011, 2013 and 2015 Approved in Bankruptcy Court	
<b>Aircraft (number of planes)</b>	66-passenger CRJ700s (42) (all United)	70-passenger CRJ700s (35)
	50-passenger CRJ200s (123) (57 Delta, 66 United)	40- and 50-passenger CRJ200s (106)
	30-passenger Brasilia turboprops (62) (14 Delta, 48 United)	66-passenger ATR-72 turboprops (12) (which we expect to remove from service by August 2007)
<b>Average daily scheduled departures</b>	<b>United:</b> 1,100 <b>Delta:</b> 400 <b>Total:</b> 1,500	<b>Delta:</b> 850 <b>Total:</b> 850
<b>Hubs/Focus Cities</b>	Chicago (O'Hare), Denver, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland, Seattle/Tacoma, Salt Lake City	Atlanta, Salt Lake City, Cincinnati
<b>Employees</b>	Approximately 8,100 employees(1)	Approximately 5,550 employees(1)
<b>Passengers carried in 2005</b>	16.6 million	12.0 million

(1) Full-time equivalent

### Our Acquisition of Atlantic Southeast Airlines

On September 7, 2005, we completed the acquisition of ASA from Delta for \$421.3 million in cash. Additionally, as part of the purchase, we paid \$5.3 million of transaction fees and ASA retained approximately \$1.25 billion in long-term debt. In addition, we returned to Delta \$50 million in deposits that Delta had previously paid on future ASA aircraft deliveries. The combination of SkyWest Airlines and ASA created the largest regional airline in the United States. In addition to the potential benefits of scale that our increased size provides us, the combination of SkyWest Airlines and ASA presents us with new opportunities for growth through our two separate, geographically-focused regional airline platforms SkyWest Airlines in the Western United States and ASA in the Eastern United States. Although we currently intend to operate the two subsidiaries as separate and independent entities, the skills and knowledge built by these organizations over the years will be available to benefit both. We believe the ASA acquisition also established us as Delta's most important regional airline partner,

based on our percentage of Delta's total regional capacity. We now provide the vast majority of regional airline service for Delta in Atlanta, its most important eastern hub, and Salt Lake City, its most important western hub. In connection with the ASA acquisition, we established new, separate, but substantially similar, long-term fixed-fee Delta Connection Agreements with Delta for both SkyWest Airlines and ASA. Under the agreements, which have initial terms of 15 years (subject to certain extension and termination rights), Delta has agreed that ASA will provide at least 80% of all Delta Connection departures from Atlanta and that at least 50% of ASA's Delta Connection departures will be from Atlanta. We also obtained control of 26 gates in the Hartsfield-Jackson International Airport located in Atlanta, from which we currently provide service to Delta. Delta has committed to provide to us opportunities to utilize 28 additional regional jets in our fleet by the end of 2007. Delta has also agreed that, starting in 2008, ASA is guaranteed to maintain its percentage of total Delta Connection flights that it has in 2007, so long as its bid for additional regional flying is competitive with other regional carriers.

### **Our Operating Platforms**

SkyWest Airlines provides regional jet and turboprop service in the Western United States with the exception of flying provided to United out of its Chicago (O'Hare) hub. SkyWest Airlines offered approximately 1,500 daily scheduled departures as of December 31, 2005, of which approximately 1,100 were United Express flights and approximately 400 were Delta Connection flights. SkyWest Airlines' operations are conducted from hubs located in Chicago (O'Hare), Denver, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland, Seattle/Tacoma and Salt Lake City. SkyWest Airlines' fleet as of December 31, 2005 consisted of 42 70-seat CRJ700s, all of which were flown for United; 123 50-seat CRJ200s, of which 66 were flown for United and 57 were flown for Delta, and 62 30-seat Brasilia turboprops, of which 48 were flown for United and 14 were flown for Delta. SkyWest Airlines conducts its Delta code-share operations pursuant to the terms of a Delta Connection Agreement which obligates Delta to compensate SkyWest Airlines for its direct costs associated with operating Delta Connection flights, plus a payment based on block hours flown. SkyWest Airlines' United operations are conducted under a United Express Agreement pursuant to which SkyWest Airlines is paid primarily on a fee-per-completed block hour and departure basis plus a margin based on performance incentives. Under the United Express Agreement, excess margins over certain percentages must be returned or shared with United, depending on various conditions.

ASA largely provides regional jet service in the United States east of the Mississippi River, with the exception of flying provided to Delta out of its Salt Lake City hub. ASA offered more than 850 daily scheduled departures as of December 31, 2005, all of which were Delta Connection flights. ASA's operations are conducted primarily from hubs located in Atlanta, Salt Lake City and Cincinnati. ASA's fleet as of December 31, 2005 consisted of 35 70-seat CRJ700s, 106 40 and 50-seat CRJ200s, and twelve ATR-72 turboprops (which we expect to remove from service by August 2007), all of which were flown for Delta. Under the terms of the ASA Delta Connection Agreement, Delta has agreed to compensate ASA for its direct costs associated with operating Delta Connection flights, plus, if ASA completes a certain minimum percentage of its Delta Connection flights, a specified margin on such costs. Additionally, the ASA Delta Connection Agreement provides for incentive compensation upon satisfaction of certain performance goals. Under the ASA Delta Connection Agreement, excess margins over certain percentages must be returned or shared with Delta, depending on various conditions.

### **We believe our primary strengths are:**

*Largest U.S. Regional Airline with Strong Partner Relationships.* As a result of our acquisition of ASA, we are the largest regional airline in the United States, measured by the number of passengers carried. On a combined pro forma basis for the year ended December 31, 2005, SkyWest Airlines and ASA carried in excess of 28 million passengers and produced more than 18 billion



"available seat miles," which represents the number of seats available for passengers, multiplied by the number of miles those seats are flown ("ASMs"). We believe the increased scale of our operations will enable us to further reduce our unit costs by more efficiently spreading our overhead and leveraging our operations, which in turn will allow us to offer our services to our partners at even more competitive costs going forward. Based on our consistent provision of high-quality, low-cost regional airline services, we have established strong code-share relationships with our current partners Delta and United, who are currently the world's second and third-largest airlines, respectively, measured by the number of passengers carried. SkyWest Airlines has been a code-share partner with Delta since 1987 and with United since 1997, while ASA has been a code-share partner with Delta since 1984. At the end of 2005, we accounted for approximately 50% of Delta's and approximately 58% of United's regional flight departures, which, we believe, makes us the most important regional partner of both airlines. In addition, our dominant position in our partners' hubs and focus cities, including ASA's position in Atlanta, further reinforces our importance as an integral part of our partners' networks.

*Two Strong Operating Platforms with Significant Growth Opportunities.* During more than 30 years of flight operations, SkyWest Airlines has established a strong regional airline platform in the Western United States. ASA has established its operational strength in the Eastern United States, where it holds the largest market share of all regional carriers serving Atlanta's Hartsfield-Jackson International Airport. Concentrating our operations geographically, with one platform serving the Western United States and another serving the Eastern United States, enables us to reduce our unit costs by minimizing our number of crew bases and maintenance and other facilities, and by utilizing our human and capital resources more efficiently. We believe our code-share agreements position us for continued growth of both platforms. For instance, beyond the 38 committed aircraft additions in our contracts, the ASA Delta Connection Agreement contains provisions enabling ASA to maintain its percentage of total Delta Connection flights that it has in 2007, so long as its bid for additional regional flying is competitive with other regional carriers. Moreover, we believe the combination of the two platforms will allow us to capitalize on operational efficiencies in order to reduce costs, which, coupled with our strong financial resources, will provide us with opportunities to expand service to our existing partners or add new partners.

*Long-Term, Fixed-Fee Code-Share Agreements.* We have entered into long-term, fixed-fee code-share agreements with both Delta and United that are subject to us maintaining specified performance levels. Our Delta Connection Agreements provide for minimum aircraft utilization at fixed rates, reimbursement of direct operating costs (such as fuel) and provide a more predictable revenue stream than the historically utilized "pro-rate" revenue-sharing arrangements. Under our code-share agreements, we authorize our partners to identify our flights and fares under their flight designation codes in the central reservation systems, and we are authorized to paint our aircraft in the livery of our partners, to use their service marks and to market ourselves as a code-share carrier for our partners. Notably, our Delta Connection Agreements have been assumed by Delta with U.S. Bankruptcy Court approval, and SkyWest Airlines' United Express Agreement was approved by the U.S. Bankruptcy Court prior to its execution. We believe these court orders significantly reduce the possibility that our code-share agreements will be disrupted by the Delta and United bankruptcy proceedings, and increase our prospects for long-term revenue stability and visibility.

*Experienced Management Team.* The four members of our senior management team possess an average of 26 years of operating experience in the airline industry. Since 1987, SkyWest Airlines' management team has successfully managed through several industry cycles while delivering industry-leading operational performance, consistent profitability and significant value to shareholders.

*High-Quality Service.* We strive to deliver high-quality service in every aspect of our operations. During the year ended December 31, 2005, SkyWest Airlines' average on-time performance ratio was 63.8% and its flight completion ratio was 98.1%. During the year ended December 31, 2005,

SkyWest Airlines' aircraft in revenue service operated an average of 9.45 hours per day, which we believe is among the highest aircraft utilization rates in the regional airline industry. In March 2005, SkyWest Airlines was named the 2004 Regional Airline of the Year by *Regional Airline World Magazine*. In February 2005 and 2006, SkyWest Airlines was named the number one on-time mainland airline in the United States for 2004 and 2005, respectively, by the U.S. Department of Transportation. ASA is committed to high-quality service, and we believe the combination of the SkyWest Airlines and ASA platforms presents an opportunity for both carriers to enhance the quality of their service.

*Financial Resources and Flexibility.* Due in part to our success in implementing our business strategy, we possess financial resources and flexibility which distinguish us from many other regional and major carriers and which constitute a competitive advantage. At December 31, 2005, after giving effect to this offering, we would have had cash and marketable securities of approximately \$320.7 million, which would have represented 16.3% of our revenues during the year ended December 31, 2005. The strength of our balance sheet and credit profile have enabled us to enter into lease and other financing transactions on terms we believe are more favorable than the terms available to many other carriers. Many major carriers currently face significant financial challenges and are experiencing difficulty financing the acquisition and operation of aircraft for themselves and their regional partners. As a result, regional carriers themselves are increasingly financing the expansion and operation of the fleet serving the major carrier's passengers. Our lower aircraft ownership costs can be shared with our partners, which we believe represents a competitive advantage when we seek additional growth. We believe our financial flexibility also allows us to take advantage of growth opportunities such as the acquisition of ASA or placing a large aircraft order that we might otherwise be unable to pursue if we did not possess these financial resources.

**Our business strategy consists of the following elements:**

*Capitalize on the ASA Acquisition to Reduce Operating Costs.* We believe our acquisition of ASA provides a number of significant opportunities to reduce the unit operating costs of both the SkyWest Airlines and ASA platforms without compromising passenger safety, service quality or operational reliability. Among those opportunities, we intend to focus our initial cost reduction efforts in four key areas:

1. improve the utilization of our equipment and facilities through the refinement of operational processes, elimination of redundancies and collaborative identification and implementation of operational best practices;
2. increase employee productivity by incorporating best practices, efficiently utilizing our employees to support both operating platforms, and providing incentive-based compensation and benefits that are competitive with packages offered by other regional carriers with whom we compete;
3. leverage our position as the largest U.S. regional carrier to allocate overhead and administrative expenses over a substantially larger platform, thereby reducing unit costs; and
4. reduce our aircraft acquisition and financing costs by continuing to strengthen our balance sheet through the proceeds raised from this offering and by refinancing our debt and lease obligations where appropriate.

*Expand Existing and Develop New Code-Share Agreements.* We enjoy strong relationships with our existing code-share partners and work closely with these partners to expand service to their existing markets, open new markets and schedule convenient and frequent flights. We view the continued development of our Delta and United relationships as significant opportunities to achieve stable, long-term growth of our business. We believe the principal reason SkyWest Airlines has

attracted multiple code-share partners is its ability to maintain a competitive cost structure while delivering high-quality customer service. We believe that multiple code-share agreements with major carriers diversifies financial and operating risks by reducing reliance on a single major carrier. This diversification may also allow us to grow at a faster rate and not be limited by the rate at which any single partner can, or wishes to, grow. We intend to explore opportunities to develop additional code-share relationships with other carriers to the extent they are consistent with our business strategy.

*Focus on Larger Gauge Aircraft.* We operate a greater number of large gauge regional jets than any other U.S. carrier. Large gauge regional jets, which seat approximately 70 or more passengers, offer significant opportunities for revenue and profitability growth among major and regional carriers. Most major carriers, including Delta and United, have recognized the growth opportunities created by larger regional aircraft and are exploring opportunities to add larger gauge regional jets, flown by themselves or their regional partners, to their flight systems. As of December 31, 2005, we operated a total of 77 CRJ700s, and we believe the expansion of our CRJ700 fleet will create growth opportunities in many markets in which we are the most competitive provider. For us, the operational commonality of CRJ700s and CRJ200s, which we have been flying and maintaining for more than eleven years, offers additional operating efficiencies which we believe will enable us to provide larger gauge services at lower costs than our competitors. SkyWest Airlines and ASA have combined firm orders to acquire 15 additional CRJ700s and 17 CRJ900s over the next two years and ASA is committed to sublease six additional CRJ200s from Delta commencing in 2006. In addition, we have options to acquire 70 additional CRJ900s, which can be configured to seat between 70 and 90 passengers. We believe the strength of our balance sheet has provided us the flexibility to place aircraft orders on a scale and timetable not easily matched by our competitors.

*Operate Limited Fleet Types.* As of December 31, 2005, we operated 380 aircraft, principally of just two types, Bombardier Regional Jets and Brasilia turboprops. By simplifying our fleet, we believe we are able to limit our operating costs due to efficiencies in employee training, aircraft maintenance, lower spare parts inventory requirements and aircraft scheduling. While ASA currently operates twelve ATR-72 turboprops, we expect to remove these aircraft from service by August 2007.

*Maintain a Positive Employee Culture.* We believe our employees have been, and will continue to be, a key to our success. While none of the employees of SkyWest Airlines are represented by a union and ASA's pilots, flight attendants and flight controllers are all unionized, we believe that we offer our employees in both our operating subsidiaries substantially similar compensation and benefits packages that we believe differentiate us from other carriers and make us an attractive place to work and build a career. With the expansion of our operations resulting from our acquisition of ASA, the best efforts of all of our employees will be required to achieve the potential benefits envisioned by the transaction and continue to make our business successful. We believe that these factors, in combination with our historically low employee turnover rate, are a significant reason that neither SkyWest Airlines nor ASA has ever had a work stoppage due to a strike or other labor dispute.

## **Growth Opportunities**

During the four years ended December 31, 2005, our total operating revenues expanded at a compounded annual rate of 34.4% and the number of daily flights we operated increased from approximately 1,000 at the end of 2001 to approximately 2,350 as of December 31, 2005. With the exception of our acquisition of ASA, our growth during that five-year period was internally generated. We believe there are additional opportunities for expansion of our operations, consisting primarily of:

*Delivery of Aircraft Under Firm Order.* We have firm orders to acquire 15 additional CRJ700s and 17 CRJ900s during the two-year period ending December 31, 2007. We have also obtained the right to sublease from Delta six additional CRJ200s. We have agreements with Delta or

United to place all 38 of these aircraft into revenue service, under long-term, fixed-fee contracts, promptly following their delivery.

*Potential Opportunities from Delta's Restructuring.* We believe that as Delta restructures its fleet under bankruptcy protection, there may be new regional flying contracts that become available for qualified regional carriers. ASA holds certain rights to maintain its proportion of overall Delta regional flights, as well as its proportion of Atlanta regional flights. This may help ASA compete for new flying mandates, if any, that come into existence at Delta.

*Scope Clause Relief.* "Scope clauses" are elements of major airlines' labor contracts with their own pilots that place restrictions on the number and size of aircraft, or the amount of flight activity, that can be operated by major airlines' regional airline contractors such as ASA and SkyWest Airlines. Greater liberalization of scope clauses generally creates more business opportunities for regional airlines. Since 2001, five of the six major national airlines (American Airlines, Inc. ("American Airlines"), United, Delta, Northwest Airlines, Inc. ("Northwest") and US Airways, Inc. ("US Airways")) have successfully achieved some scope clause liberalization. If further efforts by major airlines to relax scope clause restrictions are successful, it may create incremental opportunities for regional airlines.

*Narrowbody Replacement Flying.* A meaningful portion of the recent growth of the regional airline industry resulted from the replacement of major airline-operated narrowbody jet aircraft (such as 737s, DC9s, MD80s and A319s) with regional airline-operated jets on the same route. The major airlines have effected this change in equipment in an effort to achieve an advantage in trip costs, unit costs, frequency or a combination of these benefits. At present, the six major national airlines have a significant number of narrowbody aircraft that are more than 15 years old in their fleets. Such older aircraft are frequently less fuel- and maintenance-efficient than new aircraft. If major airlines decide to substitute newer regional airline-operated equipment for any portion of these older narrowbody aircraft upon their retirement, it may create incremental opportunities for regional airlines.

Our executive offices, which also serve as the executive offices of SkyWest Airlines, are located at 444 South River Road, St. George, Utah 84790. Our primary telephone number is (435) 634-3000 and our website address is [www.skywest.com](http://www.skywest.com). ASA's executive offices are located at 100 Hartsfield Centre Parkway, Suite 800, Atlanta, Georgia 30354. ASA's primary telephone number is (404) 766-1400, and its website address is [www.flyasa.com](http://www.flyasa.com). The information on these websites is not part of this prospectus.

**The Offering**

The following information, which is based on the number of shares outstanding as of March 31, 2006, assumes that the underwriters do not exercise their overallotment option to purchase 600,000 additional shares. Please see "Underwriting" for more information concerning this option.

Common stock offered by SkyWest, Inc.	4,000,000 shares
Common stock outstanding after the offering	63,596,298 shares(1)
Use of proceeds	We estimate that our net proceeds from this offering will be approximately \$111 million. We intend to use these net proceeds for repayment of short-term debt, reduction of amounts outstanding under our revolving credit facility, and working capital and general corporate purposes. See "Use of Proceeds" for more information concerning our proposed use of proceeds.
Risk factors	See "Risk Factors" and other information included in this prospectus for discussion of factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in shares of our common stock.
Nasdaq National Market Symbol	"SKYW"
Overallotment option	600,000 shares subject to the underwriters' overallotment option may be sold by us.

(1) The number of shares outstanding after the offering excludes 6,301,002 shares of common stock reserved for issuance upon exercise of outstanding stock options with an estimated weighted average exercise price of \$18.38 per share.

## Summary Consolidated Financial and Operating Data

	Historical		
	Years Ended December 31,		
	2003(1)	2004(1)	2005(2)
(in thousands, except share, per share and airline operating data)			
<b>Consolidated Statements of Income:</b>			
Operating revenues	\$ 888,026	\$ 1,156,044	\$ 1,964,048
Operating income	108,480	144,776	220,408
Net income	66,787	81,952	112,267
Net income per common share:			
Basic	1.16	1.42	1.94
Diluted	1.15	1.40	1.90
Dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.12
Weighted average number of shares outstanding:			
Basic	57,745	57,858	57,851
Diluted	58,127	58,350	58,933
<b>Other Financial Data:</b>			
Net cash from (used in):			
Operating activities	157,743	246,866	207,534
Investing activities	(811,690)	(285,321)	(422,453)
Financing activities	635,394	39,068	242,513
<b>Airline Operating Data:</b>			
Passengers carried	10,738,691	13,424,520	20,343,975
Revenue passenger miles (000s)(3)	4,222,669	5,546,069	9,538,906
Available seat miles (000s)(4)	5,875,029	7,546,318	12,718,973
Passenger load factor(5)	71.9%	73.5%	75.0%
Revenue per available seat mile(6)	15.1¢	15.3¢	15.4¢
Cost per available seat mile(7)	13.4¢	13.6¢	14.1¢
EBITDA(8)	193,797	231,643	348,231
EBITDAR(8)	318,733	377,584	558,462
Average passenger trip length (miles)	393	413	469
Number of aircraft in service (end of period):			
Bombardier Regional Jets:			
Owned	30	32	119
Leased	79	101	187
Brasilia Turboprops:			
Owned	21	21	14
Leased	55	52	48
ATR-72 Turboprops (Leased)	0	0	12
<b>Total Aircraft</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>380</b>

As of December 31, 2005

	Actual	As Adjusted(9)
(in thousands)		
<b>Consolidated Balance Sheet Information:</b>		
Cash and marketable securities	\$ 299,668	\$ 320,687
Aircraft and other equipment, net	2,552,522	2,552,522
Total assets	3,320,646	3,341,665
Long-term debt, including current maturities(10)	1,753,903	1,753,903
Lines of credit	90,000	
Total stockholders equity	\$ 913,198	\$ 1,024,217

- (1) Reflects our operations for periods prior to our acquisition of ASA. Does not reflect the financial or operating performance of ASA.
- (2) Includes financial and operating performance of ASA for the last 115 days of 2005, since the acquisition by SkyWest, Inc.
- (3) Revenue passengers multiplied by miles carried.
- (4) Passenger seats available multiplied by miles flown.
- (5) Revenue passenger miles divided by available seat miles.
- (6) Total airline operating revenues divided by available seat miles.
- (7) Total operating and interest expenses divided by available seat miles. Total operating and interest expenses is not a calculation based on generally accepted accounting principles and should not be considered as an alternative to total operating expenses. Cost per available seat mile utilizing this measurement is included as it is a measurement recognized by the investing public.
- (8) EBITDA represents earnings before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. EBITDAR represents earnings before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation, amortization and aircraft rents. See "Selected Consolidated Financial and Operating Data" herein for a reconciliation of EBITDA and EBITDAR to net cash from operating activities for the periods indicated. EBITDA and EBITDAR are not calculations based on generally accepted accounting principles and should not be considered as alternatives to cash flow as a measure of liquidity. In addition, our calculations may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies. EBITDA and EBITDAR are included as supplemental disclosures because they may provide useful information regarding our ability to service debt and lease payments and to fund capital expenditures. Our ability to service debt and lease payments and to fund capital expenditures in the future, however, may be affected by other operating or legal requirements or uncertainties. Currently, aircraft and engine ownership costs are our most significant cash expenditure. In addition, EBITDA and EBITDAR are well recognized performance measurements in the regional airline industry and, consequently, we have provided this information.
- (9) Adjusted to reflect the sale of shares we are offering hereby at an assumed offering price of \$29.27 per share, and the application of the estimated net proceeds therefrom.
- (10) At December 31, 2005, 247 of the aircraft operated by SkyWest Airlines and ASA were financed through operating leases. In addition to our indebtedness, at December 31, 2005, we had approximately \$3.2 billion of mandatory future minimum payments under operating leases, primarily for aircraft and ground facilities. At a 7% discount factor, the present value of these obligations would be equal to approximately \$2.1 billion.





## RISK FACTORS

*Before you invest in our common stock, you should be aware that such investment involves a high degree of risk, including the risks described below. You should consider carefully these risk factors, together with all of the other information included in this prospectus, before you decide to purchase any shares of our common stock. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently do not deem material may also impair our business operations. If any of the risks we describe below occur, or if any unforeseen risk develops, our operating results may suffer, our financial condition may deteriorate, the trading price of our common stock may decline and you may lose all or part of your investment.*

### Risks Related to Our Operations

#### **We are highly dependent on Delta and United.**

If any of our code-share agreements are terminated pursuant to the terms of those agreements, due to the bankruptcy and restructuring proceedings of Delta and United, or otherwise, we would be significantly impacted and likely would not have an immediate source of revenue or earnings to offset such loss. A termination of any of these agreements would have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, operating revenues and net income unless we are able to enter into satisfactory substitute arrangements for the utilization of the affected aircraft by other code-share partners, or, alternatively, obtain the airport facilities and gates and make the other arrangements necessary to fly as an independent airline. We may not be able to enter into substitute code-share arrangements, and any such arrangements we might secure may not be as favorable to us as our current agreements. Operating our airline independent from major partners would be a significant departure from our business plan, would likely be very difficult and may require significant time and resources, which may not be available to us at that point.

The current terms of the SkyWest Airlines and ASA Delta Connection Agreements are subject to certain early termination provisions. Delta's termination rights include cross-termination rights (meaning that a breach by SkyWest Airlines or ASA of its Delta Connection Agreement could, under certain circumstances, permit Delta to terminate both Delta Connection Agreements), the right to terminate each of the agreements upon the occurrence of certain force majeure events (including certain labor-related events) that prevent SkyWest Airlines or ASA from performance for certain periods and the right to terminate each of the agreements if SkyWest Airlines or ASA, as applicable, fails to maintain competitive base rate costs, subject to certain rights of SkyWest Airlines to take corrective action to reimburse Delta for lost revenues. The current term of our United Express Agreement is subject to certain early termination provisions and subsequent renewals. United may terminate the United Express Agreement due to an uncured breach by SkyWest Airlines of certain operational and performance provisions, including measures and standards related to flight completions, baggage handling and on-time arrivals.

We currently use Delta's and United's systems, facilities and services to support a significant portion of our operations, including airport and terminal facilities and operations, information technology support, ticketing and reservations, scheduling, dispatching, fuel purchasing and ground handling services. If Delta or United were to cease any of these operations or no longer provide these services to us, due to termination of one of our code-share agreements, a strike by Delta or United personnel or for any other reason, we may not be able to replace these services on terms and conditions as favorable as those we currently receive, or at all. Since our revenues and operating profits are dependent on our level of flight operations, we could then be forced to significantly reduce our operations. Furthermore, upon certain terminations of our code-share agreements, Delta and United could require us to sell or assign to them facilities and inventories, including maintenance facilities, we use in connection with the code-share services we provide. As a result, in order to offer airline service after termination of any of our code-share agreements, we may have to replace these airport facilities, assets and services. We may be unable to arrange such replacements on satisfactory terms, or at all.

**We may be negatively impacted by the troubled financial condition, bankruptcy proceedings and restructurings of Delta and United.**

Substantially all of our revenues are attributable to our code-share agreements with Delta, which is currently reorganizing under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code, and United, which recently emerged from bankruptcy proceedings. The U.S. Bankruptcy Courts charged with administration of the Delta and United bankruptcy cases have entered final orders approving the assumption of our code-share agreements. Notwithstanding those approvals, these bankruptcies and restructurings present considerable continuing risks and uncertainties for our code-share agreements and, consequently, for our operations.

Although a plan of reorganization has been confirmed in the United bankruptcy proceedings, which became effective on February 1, 2006 (subject to pending appeal), and Delta reports that it intends to reorganize and emerge from its bankruptcy proceedings, there is no assurance that either of United or Delta will ultimately succeed in its reorganization efforts or that either Delta or United will remain a going concern over the long term. Likewise, even though both Delta and United have assumed our code-share agreements with bankruptcy court approval, there is no assurance that these agreements will survive the Chapter 11 cases. For example, the Delta reorganization could be converted to liquidation, or Delta could liquidate some or all of its assets through one or more transactions with one or more third parties with bankruptcy court approval. In addition, Delta may not be able to confirm and consummate a successful plan of reorganization that provides for continued performance of its obligations under its code-share agreements with us. In the event United is not able to perform successfully under the terms of its plan of reorganization, assumption of our United Express Agreement could be subjected to similar risks.

Other aspects of the Delta and United bankruptcies and reorganizations pose additional risks to our code-share agreements. Delta may not be able to obtain bankruptcy court approval of various motions necessary for it to administer its bankruptcy case. As a consequence, Delta may not be able to maintain normal commercial terms with vendors and service providers, including other code-share partners, that are critical to its operations. Delta also may be unable to reach satisfactory resolutions of disputes arising out of collective bargaining agreements or to obtain sufficient financing to fund its business while it reorganizes. These and other factors not identified here could delay the resolution of the Delta bankruptcy and reorganization significantly and could threaten Delta's operations. As to United, even though a plan of reorganization has been confirmed in the United bankruptcy proceedings, and there is no assurance that United will be able to operate successfully under the terms of its confirmed plan.

In light of the importance of our code-share agreements with Delta and United to our business, the termination of these agreements or the failure of Delta to ultimately emerge from its bankruptcy proceeding could jeopardize our operations. Such events could leave us unable to operate much of our current aircraft fleet and the additional aircraft we are obligated to purchase. As a result, these events could have a material adverse effect on our operations and financial condition.

Even though United has emerged from bankruptcy proceedings and if Delta is ultimately able to emerge from its bankruptcy proceedings, their respective financial positions will continue to pose risks for our operations. Serial bankruptcies are not unprecedented in the commercial airline industry, and Delta and/or United could file for bankruptcy again after emergence from Chapter 11, in which case our code-share agreements could be subject to termination under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code. Regardless of whether subsequent bankruptcy filings prove to be necessary, Delta and United have required, and will likely continue to require, our participation in efforts to reduce costs and improve their respective financial positions. These efforts could result in lower utilization rates of our aircraft, lower departure rates on the contract flying portion of our business, and more volatile operating margins. We believe that any of these developments could have a negative effect on many aspects of our operations and financial performance.

**We may not achieve the potential benefits of the ASA acquisition.**

Our achievement of the potential benefits of the ASA acquisition will depend, in substantial part, on our ability to successfully implement our business strategy, including improving the utilization of equipment and facilities, increasing employee productivity and allocating overhead and administrative expenses over a larger platform. We will be unable to achieve the potential benefits of the ASA acquisition unless we are able to efficiently integrate the SkyWest Airlines and ASA operating platforms in a timely manner. The integration of SkyWest Airlines and ASA may be costly, complex and time-consuming, and the managements of SkyWest Airlines and ASA will have to devote substantial effort to such integration. If we are not able to successfully achieve these objectives, the potential benefits of the ASA acquisition may not be realized fully or at all, or they may take longer to realize than expected. In addition, assumptions underlying estimates of expected cost savings and expected revenues may be inaccurate, or general industry and business conditions may deteriorate. Our combined operations with ASA may experience increased competition that limits our ability to expand our business. We cannot assure you that the ASA acquisition will result in combined results of operations and financial condition consistent with our expectations or superior to what we and ASA could have achieved independently. Nor do we represent to you that any estimates or projections we have developed or presented in connection with the ASA acquisition can or will be achieved.

**The amounts we receive under our code-share agreements may be less than the actual amounts of the corresponding costs we incur.**

Under our code-share agreements with Delta and United, we are compensated for certain costs we incur in providing services. With respect to costs that are defined as "pass-through" costs, our code-share partner is obligated to pay to us the actual amount of the cost (and, with respect to the ASA Delta Connection Agreement, a pre-determined rate of return based upon the actual costs we incur). With respect to other costs, our code-share partner is obligated to pay to us amounts based, in part, on pre-determined rates for certain costs. During the year ended December 31, 2005, approximately 50% of our costs were pass-through costs and 50% of our costs were reimbursable at pre-determined rates. These pre-determined rates may not be based on the actual expenses we incur in delivering the associated services. If we incur expenses that are greater than the pre-determined reimbursement amounts payable by our code-share partners, our financial results will be negatively affected.

**We have a significant amount of contractual obligations.**

As of December 31, 2005, we had a total of approximately \$1.8 billion in total long-term debt obligations. Substantially all of this long-term debt was incurred in connection with the acquisition of aircraft, engines and related spare parts including debt assumed in the ASA acquisition. We also have significant long-term lease obligations primarily relating to our aircraft fleet. These leases are classified as operating leases and therefore are not reflected as liabilities in our condensed consolidated balance sheets. At December 31, 2005, we had 247 aircraft under lease, with remaining terms ranging from one to 18 years. Future minimum lease payments due under all long-term operating leases were approximately \$3.2 billion at December 31, 2005. At a 7% discount factor, the present value of these lease obligations was equal to approximately \$2.1 billion at December 31, 2005. As of December 31, 2005, we had commitments of approximately \$838 million to purchase 15 CRJ700s and 17 CRJ900s and to lease six CRJ200's, together with related flight equipment. We expect to complete these deliveries by April 2007. Our high level of fixed obligations could impact our ability to obtain additional financing to support additional expansion plans or divert cash flows from operations and expansion plans to service the fixed obligations.

**There are risks associated with our regional jet strategy, including potential oversupply and possible passenger dissatisfaction.**

Our selection of Bombardier Regional Jets as the primary aircraft for our existing operations and projected growth involves risks, including the possibility that there may be an oversupply of regional jets available for sale in the foreseeable future, due, in part, to the financial difficulties of regional and major airlines, including Delta, United, Northwest, Comair, Inc. ("Comair"), Mesaba Aviation, Inc., and FLYi, Inc., which is in the process of liquidating its regional jet fleet. A large supply of regional jets may allow other carriers, or even new carriers, to acquire aircraft for unusually low acquisition costs, allowing them to compete more effectively in the industry, which may ultimately harm our operations and financial performance.

Our regional jet strategy also presents the risk that passengers may find the Bombardier Regional Jets to be less attractive than other aircraft, including other regional jets. Recently, several other models of regional jets have been introduced by manufacturers other than Bombardier. If passengers develop a preference for other regional jet models, our results of operation and financial condition could be negatively impacted.

**We may be limited from expanding our flying within the Delta and United flight systems, and there are constraints on our ability to provide airline services to airlines other than Delta and United.**

Additional growth opportunities within the Delta and United flight systems are limited by various factors. Except as currently contemplated by our existing code-share agreements, we cannot assure that Delta or United will contract with us to fly any additional aircraft. We may not receive additional growth opportunities, or may agree to modifications to our code-share agreements that reduce certain benefits to us in order to obtain additional aircraft, or for other reasons. Furthermore, the troubled financial condition, bankruptcies and restructurings of Delta and United may reduce the growth of regional flying within their flight systems. Given the troubled nature of the airline industry, we believe that some of our competitors may be more inclined to accept reduced margins and less favorable contract terms in order to secure new or additional code-share operations. Even if we are offered growth opportunities by our major partners, those opportunities may involve economic terms or financing commitments that are unacceptable to us. Any one or more of these factors may reduce or eliminate our ability to expand our flight operations with our existing code-share partners. Additionally, even if Delta and/or United choose to expand our fleet on terms acceptable to us, they may be allowed at any time to subsequently reduce the number of aircraft covered by our code-share agreements. We also cannot assure you that we will be able to obtain the additional ground and maintenance facilities, including gates and support equipment, to expand our operations. The failure to obtain these facilities and equipment would likely impede our efforts to implement our business strategy and could materially adversely affect our operating results and our financial condition.

Delta and/or United may be restricted in increasing their business with us, due to "scope" clauses in the current collective bargaining agreements with their pilots that restrict the number and size of regional jets that may be operated in their flight systems not flown by their pilots. Delta's scope limitations restrict its partners from operating aircraft with over 70 seats even if those aircraft are operated for an airline other than Delta. We cannot assure that these scope clauses will not become more restrictive in the future. Any additional limit on the number of regional jets we can fly for our code-share partners could have a material adverse effect on our expansion plans and the price of our common stock.

Our business model depends on major airlines, including Delta and United, electing to contract with us instead of operating their own regional jets. Some major airlines, including Delta, American Airlines, US Airways and JetBlue Airways Corporation ("JetBlue"), own their own regional airlines or operate their own regional jets instead of entering into contracts with regional carriers. We have no guarantee that in the future our code-share partners will choose to enter into contracts with us instead

of operating their own regional jets. Our partners are not prohibited from doing so under our code-share agreements. A decision by Delta or United to phase out code-share relationships and instead acquire and operate their own regional jets could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or the price of our common stock.

Additionally, our code-share agreements limit our ability to provide airline services to other airlines in certain major airport hubs of each of Delta and United. Under the SkyWest Airlines Delta Connection Agreement, our growth is contractually restricted in Atlanta, Cincinnati, Orlando and Salt Lake City. Under the ASA Delta Connection Agreement, our growth is restricted in Atlanta, Cincinnati, New York (John F. Kennedy International Airport), Orlando and Salt Lake City. Under SkyWest Airlines' United Express Agreement, growth is restricted in Chicago (O'Hare International Airport), Denver, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Seattle/Tacoma and Washington D.C. (Dulles International Airport).

**Increased labor costs, strikes, labor disputes and increased unionization of our workforces may adversely affect our ability to conduct our business.**

Our business is labor intensive, requiring large numbers of pilots, flight attendants, mechanics and other personnel. Labor costs constitute a significant percentage of our total operating costs. For example, during the year ended December 31, 2005, our labor costs constituted approximately 24.2% of our total operating costs. Increases in our labor costs could result in a material reduction in our earnings and affect our revenue under our code-share agreements. Any new collective bargaining agreements entered into by other regional carriers may also result in higher industry wages and increased pressure on us to increase the wages and benefits of our employees. Future agreements with unionized and non-unionized employees may be on terms that are not as attractive as our current agreements or comparable to agreements entered into by our competitors.

ASA's pilots, flight attendants and flight controllers are represented by the following unions: The Air Line Pilots Association, International, the Association of Flight Attendants CNA and the Professional Airline Flight Control Association. ASA's pilots and flight attendants are currently working under open labor contracts, and ASA has been in negotiations with respect to such contracts since 2002 and 2003, respectively. The contract with ASA's flight controllers becomes amendable in April 2006. Negotiations with unions representing ASA's employees could divert management attention and disrupt operations, which may result in increased operating expenses and lower net income. Moreover, we cannot predict the outcome of any future negotiations relating to union representation or collective bargaining agreements.

SkyWest Airlines' employees are not currently represented by any union; however, collective bargaining group organization efforts among those employees occur from time to time. We recognize that such efforts will likely continue in the future and may ultimately result in some or all of SkyWest Airlines' employees being represented by one or more unions. Moreover, one or more unions representing ASA employees may seek a single carrier determination by the National Mediation Board, which could require SkyWest Airlines to recognize such union or unions as the certified bargaining representative of SkyWest Airlines' employees. One or more unions representing ASA employees may also assert that SkyWest Airlines' employees should be subject to ASA collective bargaining agreements. If SkyWest Airlines' employees were to unionize or be deemed to be represented by one or more unions, negotiations with unions representing SkyWest Airlines' employees could divert management attention and disrupt operations, which may result in increased operating expenses and lower net income. Moreover, we cannot predict the outcome of any future negotiations relating to union representation or collective bargaining agreements. Agreements reached in collective bargaining may increase operating expenses and lower operating results and net income. If unionizing efforts among SkyWest Airlines' employees are successful, we may be subjected to risks of work interruption or stoppage and/or incur additional administrative expenses associated with union representation.

If we are unable to reach labor agreements with any current or future unionized work groups, we may be subject to work interruptions or stoppages, which may adversely affect our ability to conduct our operations and may even allow Delta or United to terminate their respective code-share agreements.

**We may be unable to obtain all of the aircraft, engines, parts or related maintenance and support services we require, which could have a material adverse impact on our business.**

We rely on a limited number of aircraft types, and are dependent on Bombardier as the sole manufacturer of our regional jets. For the quarter ended December 31, 2005, approximately 62% of our available seat miles were flown using CRJ200s, approximately 31% of our available seat miles were flown using CRJ700s, approximately 5% of our available seat miles were flown using Brasilia turboprops and approximately 2% of our available seat miles were flown using ATR-72 turboprops. As of December 31, 2005, we had commitments of approximately \$838 million to purchase 15 CRJ700s and 17 CRJ900s and to sublease six CRJ200's, together with related flight equipment. Additionally, we have obtained options to acquire another 70 regional jets that can be delivered in 70 through 90-seat configurations. Delivery dates for these aircraft remain subject to final determination as agreed upon by us and our major partners.

Any significant disruption or delay in the expected delivery schedule of our fleet would adversely affect our business strategy and overall operations and could have a material adverse impact on our operating results or our financial condition. Certain of Bombardier's aerospace workers are represented by unions and have participated in at least one strike in recent history. Any future prolonged strike at Bombardier or delay in Bombardier's production schedule as a result of labor matters could disrupt the delivery of regional jets to us, which could adversely affect our planned fleet growth. We are also dependent on General Electric as the manufacturer of our aircraft engines. General Electric also provides parts, repair and overhaul services, and other types of support services on our engines. Our operations could be materially and adversely affected by the failure or inability of Bombardier or General Electric to provide sufficient parts or related maintenance and support services to us on a timely or economical basis, or the interruption of our flight operations as a result of unscheduled or unanticipated maintenance requirements for our aircraft or engines. In addition, the issuance of Federal Aviation Administration ("FAA") directives restricting or prohibiting the use of Bombardier aircraft types we operate would have a material adverse effect on our business and operations.

**Maintenance costs will likely increase as the age of our regional jet fleet increases.**

Because the average age of our CRJ700s and CRJ200s is approximately 1.4 and 4.2 years, respectively, our regional jet fleet requires less maintenance now than it will in the future. We have incurred relatively low maintenance expenses on our regional jet fleet because most of the parts on our regional jet aircraft are under multi-year warranties and a limited number of heavy airframe checks and engine overhauls have occurred. Our maintenance costs will increase significantly, both on an absolute basis and as a percentage of our operating expenses, as our fleet ages and these warranties expire. Under our United Express Agreement, specific amounts are included in the rates for future maintenance on CRJ200 engines used in our United Express operations. The actual cost of maintenance on CRJ200 engines may vary from the estimated rates.

**If we incur problems with any of our third-party service providers, our operations could be adversely affected.**

Our reliance upon others to provide essential services on behalf of our operations may limit our ability to control the efficiency and timeliness of contract services. We have entered into agreements with contractors to provide various facilities and services required for our operations, including fuel supply and delivery, aircraft maintenance, services and ground facilities, and expect to

enter into additional similar agreements in the future. These agreements are subject to termination after notice. Any material problems with the efficiency and timeliness of our automated or contract services could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

**Interruptions or disruptions in service at one of our hub airports, due to adverse weather or for any other reason, could have a material adverse impact on our operations.**

We currently operate primarily through hubs in Atlanta, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Salt Lake City, Chicago, Denver, Cincinnati/Northern Kentucky and the Pacific Northwest. Nearly all of our flights will either originate or fly into one of these hubs. Our revenues depend primarily on our completion of flights and secondarily on service factors such as timeliness of departure and arrival. Any interruptions or disruptions could, therefore, severely and adversely affect us. Extreme weather can cause flight disruptions, and during periods of storms or adverse weather, fog, low temperatures, etc., our flights may be canceled or significantly delayed. Hurricanes Katrina and Rita, in particular, caused severe disruption to air travel in the affected areas and adversely affected airlines operating in the region, including ASA. We operate a significant number of flights to and from airports with particular weather difficulties, including Atlanta, Salt Lake City, Chicago and Denver. A significant interruption or disruption in service at one of our hubs, due to adverse weather or otherwise, could result in the cancellation or delay of a significant portion of our flights and, as a result, could have a severe impact on our business, operations and financial performance.

**Fluctuations in interest rates could adversely affect our liquidity, operating expenses and results.**

A substantial portion of our indebtedness bears interest at fluctuating interest rates. These are primarily based on the London interbank offered rate for deposits of U.S. dollars, or LIBOR. LIBOR tends to fluctuate based on general economic conditions, general interest rates, federal reserve rates and the supply of and demand for credit in the London interbank market. We have not hedged our interest rate exposure and, accordingly, our interest expense for any particular period may fluctuate based on LIBOR and other variable interest rates. To the extent these interest rates increase, our interest expense will increase, in which event, we may have difficulty making interest payments and funding our other fixed costs and our available cash flow for general corporate requirements may be adversely affected.

**Our business could be harmed if we lose the services of our key personnel.**

Our business depends upon the efforts of our chief executive officer, Jerry C. Atkin, and our other key management and operating personnel. We may have difficulty replacing management or other key personnel who leave and, therefore, the loss of the services of any of these individuals could harm our business. We do not maintain key-man insurance on any of our executives.

**The Securities and Exchange Commission staff is investigating our accounting treatment of certain maintenance costs.**

Effective January 1, 2002, we changed our method of accounting for certain engine overhaul expenses. In connection with this change, we restated our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2001 and the first and second quarters of the year ended December 31, 2002. The staff of the SEC has been investigating the facts pertaining to this change in accounting method and the related restatements. We have cooperated with this investigation, and have offered to enter into a cease and desist order pursuant to which we would agree not to violate federal securities laws in the future. The SEC is currently reviewing our offer. If our offer is not accepted, we may be required to devote additional time and resources in responding to the investigation, and we could experience other adverse consequences.

### **Risks Related to the Airline Industry**

#### **We may be materially affected by the uncertainty of the airline industry.**

The airline industry has experienced tremendous challenges in recent years and will likely remain volatile for the foreseeable future. Among other factors, the financial challenges faced by major carriers, including Delta, United and Northwest, the slowing U.S. economy and increased hostilities in Iraq, the Middle East and other regions have significantly affected, and are likely to continue to affect, the U.S. airline industry. These events have resulted in declines and shifts in passenger demand, increased insurance costs, increased government regulations and tightened credit markets, all of which have affected, and will continue to affect, the operations and financial condition of participants in the industry, including us, major carriers (including our major partners), competitors and aircraft manufacturers. These industry developments raise substantial risks and uncertainties which will affect us, major carriers (including our major partners), competitors and aircraft manufacturers in ways that we are unable to currently predict.

#### **The airline industry is highly competitive and has undergone a period of consolidation and transition leaving fewer potential code-share partners.**

The airline industry is highly competitive. We not only compete with other regional airlines, some of which are owned by or operated as code-share partners of major airlines, but we also face competition from low cost carriers and major airlines on many of our routes. Low cost carriers such as Southwest Airlines Co. ("Southwest"), JetBlue, US Airways, Frontier Airlines, Inc. ("Frontier") and AirTran Airways, Inc. ("AirTran"), among others, operate at many of our hubs, resulting in significant price competition. Additionally, a large number of other carriers operate at our hubs, creating intense competition. Certain of our competitors are larger and have significantly greater financial and other resources than we do. Moreover, federal deregulation of the industry allows competitors to rapidly enter our markets and to quickly discount and restructure fares. The airline industry is particularly susceptible to price discounting because airlines incur only nominal costs to provide service to passengers occupying otherwise unsold seats. Increased fare competition could adversely affect our operations and the price of our common stock. The airline industry has undergone substantial consolidation, and it may in the future undergo additional consolidation. Recent examples include the merger between America West Airlines and US Airways in September 2005, and American Airlines' acquisition of the majority of Trans World Airlines' assets in 2001. Other developments include domestic and international code-share alliances between major carriers, such as the "SkyTeam Alliance," that includes Delta, Continental and Northwest, among others. Any additional consolidation or significant alliance activity within the airline industry could limit the number of potential partners with whom we could enter into code-share relationships and materially adversely affect our relationship with our code-share partners.

#### **Terrorist activities or warnings have dramatically impacted the airline industry, and will likely continue to do so.**

The terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001 and their aftermath have negatively impacted the airline industry in general, including our operations. The primary effects experienced by the airline industry include a substantial loss of passenger traffic and revenue. Although, to some degree, airline passenger traffic and revenue have recovered since the September 11<sup>th</sup> attacks, additional terrorist attacks could have a similar or even more pronounced effect. Even if additional terrorist attacks are not launched against the airline industry, there will be lasting consequences of the attacks, including increased security and insurance costs, increased concerns about future terrorist attacks, increased government regulation and airport delays due to heightened security. Additional terrorist attacks and the fear of such attacks could negatively impact the airline industry, and result in further decreased passenger traffic and yields, increased flight delays or cancellations associated with new government



mandates, as well as increased security, fuel and other costs. We cannot provide any assurance that these events will not harm the airline industry generally or our operations or financial condition in particular.

**Rapidly increasing fuel costs have adversely affected, and will likely continue to adversely affect, the operations and financial performance of the airline industry.**

The price of aircraft fuel is unpredictable and has increased significantly in recent periods. Higher fuel prices may lead to higher airfares, which would tend to decrease the passenger load of our code-share partners. In the long run, such decrease will have an adverse effect on the number of flights such partner will ask us to provide and the revenues associated with such flights. Additionally, fuel shortages have been threatened. The future cost and availability of fuel to us cannot be predicted, and substantial fuel cost increases or the unavailability of adequate supplies of fuel may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations. During periods of increasing fuel costs, our operating margins have been, and will likely continue to be, adversely affected.

**We are subject to significant governmental regulation.**

All interstate air carriers, including SkyWest Airlines and ASA, are subject to regulation by the Department of Transportation (the "DOT"), the FAA and other governmental agencies. Regulations promulgated by the DOT primarily relate to economic aspects of air service. The FAA requires operating, air worthiness and other certificates; approval of personnel who may engage in flight, maintenance or operation activities; record keeping procedures in accordance with FAA requirements; and FAA approval of flight training and retraining programs. We cannot predict whether we will be able to comply with all present and future laws, rules, regulations and certification requirements or that the cost of continued compliance will not have a material adverse effect on our operations. We incur substantial costs in maintaining our current certifications and otherwise complying with the laws, rules and regulations to which we are subject. A decision by the FAA to ground, or require time-consuming inspections of or maintenance on, all or any of our aircraft for any reason may have a material adverse effect on our operations. In addition to state and federal regulation, airports and municipalities enact rules and regulations that affect our operations. From time to time, various airports throughout the country have considered limiting the use of smaller aircraft, such as our aircraft, at such airports. The imposition of any limits on the use of our aircraft at any airport at which we operate could have a material adverse effect on our operations.

**The occurrence of an aviation accident would negatively impact our operations and financial condition.**

An accident or incident involving one of our aircraft could result in significant potential claims of injured passengers and others, as well as repair or replacement of a damaged aircraft and its consequential temporary or permanent loss from service. In the event of an accident, our liability insurance may not be adequate to offset our exposure to potential claims and we may be forced to bear substantial losses from the accident. Substantial claims resulting from an accident in excess of our related insurance coverage would harm our operational and financial results. Moreover, any aircraft accident or incident, even if fully insured, could cause a public perception that our operations are less safe or reliable than other airlines.

**Risks Related to Our Common Stock**

**We can issue additional shares without shareholder approval.**

Our Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended (the "Restated Articles"), authorize the issuance of up to 120,000,000 shares of common stock, all of which may be issued without any action or approval by our shareholders. As of March 31, 2006, we had 59,596,298 shares outstanding. In addition, we have a stock option plan under which 6,305,564 shares are reserved for issuance, and an employee

stock purchase plan under which 2,500,000 shares are reserved for issuance, both of which may dilute the ownership interests of our shareholders. The issuance of any additional shares of common stock would further dilute the percentage ownership of existing shareholders. Our Restated Articles also authorize the issuance of up to 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock. Our board of directors has the authority to issue preferred stock with the rights and preferences, and at the price, which it determines. Any shares of preferred stock issued would likely be senior to shares of our common stock in various regards, including dividends, payments upon liquidation and voting. The value of our common stock could be negatively affected by the issuance of any shares of preferred stock.

**We issued more shares of common stock than were authorized by our employee stock purchase plan, which could result in administrative sanctions or other adverse consequences.**

During the quarter ended December 31, 2005, we discovered that in January and July 2005 we issued shares of common stock to our employees under the SkyWest, Inc. 1995 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "Employee Stock Purchase Plan") that exceeded the number of shares authorized for issuance under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan. In an effort to address the over issuance, we amended the SkyWest, Inc. Executive Stock Incentive Plan (the "Executive Plan") and the SkyWest, Inc. 2001 Allshare Stock Option Plan (the "Allshare Plan") to reduce the number of shares issuable pursuant to those plans by a number that exceeded the number of shares issued in excess of the number of shares authorized pursuant to the Employee Stock Purchase Plan. On February 8, 2006, after reviewing the issues associated with the over issuance, the staff of The Nasdaq Stock Market notified us that the over issuance violated the shareholder approval rule set forth in Nasdaq Marketplace Rule 4350(i)(1)(A). The Nasdaq staff letter also notified us that the reduction in the number of shares issuable pursuant to the Executive Plan and the Allshare Plan, both of which had been previously approved by our shareholders, had the effect of restoring our compliance with Marketplace Rule 4350(i)(1)(A). The Nasdaq staff letter indicates that, as of the date of the letter, the matter is closed.

The issuances of the shares of common stock that exceeded the number authorized by the Employee Stock Purchase Plan were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). The failure to register those issuances could result in administrative sanctions against us or have other adverse consequences to us.

**Distribution of dividends may decrease or cease.**

Historically, we have paid dividends in varying amounts on our common stock. The future payment and amount of cash dividends will depend upon our financial condition and results of operations, loan covenants and other factors deemed relevant by our board of directors. There can be no assurance that we will continue our practice of paying dividends on our common stock or that we will have the financial resources to pay such dividends.

**Provisions of our charter documents and code-share agreements may affect the ability or desire of others to gain control of our company.**

Our ability to issue preferred and common shares without shareholder approval may have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control and may adversely affect the voting and other rights of the holders of our common stock, even in circumstances where such a change in control would be viewed as desirable by most investors. The provisions of the Utah Control Shares Acquisition Act may also discourage the acquisition of a significant interest in or control of our company. Additionally, our code-share agreements contain termination and extension trigger provisions related to change in control type transactions that may have the effect of deterring a change in control of our company.

**CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

Certain of the statements contained in this registration statement should be considered "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements may be identified by words such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "plan," "project," "could," "should," "hope," "likely," and "continue" and similar terms used in connection with statements regarding our outlook, the revenue environment, our contract relationships, and our expected financial performance. These statements include, but are not limited to, statements about the benefits of our acquisition of ASA, including our future financial and operating results, our plans for SkyWest Airlines and ASA, our objectives, expectations and intentions and other statements that are not historical facts. You should also keep in mind that all forward-looking statements are based on our existing beliefs about present and future events outside of our control and on assumptions that may prove to be incorrect. If one or more risks identified in this prospectus, a prospectus supplement, or any applicable filings materializes, or any other underlying assumptions prove incorrect, our actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated, projected, or intended. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those described below under the heading "Risk Factors" and the following:

our ability to achieve anticipated potential benefits with respect to our acquisition of ASA;

our ability to obtain and maintain financing necessary for operations and other purposes;

our ability to maintain adequate liquidity;

the impact of high fuel prices on the airline industry;

the impact of global instability, including the continued impact of the United States military presence in foreign countries, the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks and the potential impact of future hostilities, terrorist attacks or other global events;

our ability to attract and retain code-share partners;

changes in our code-share relationships;

the cyclical nature of the airline industry;

competitive practices in the airline industry, including significant fare-restructuring activities, capacity reductions and bankruptcy and other airline restructurings by major and regional carriers, including Delta and United;

global and national economic conditions;

labor costs;

security-related and insurance costs;

weather conditions;

government legislation and regulation;

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unfavorable resolution of negotiations with municipalities for the leasing of facilities;

relations with ASA's unionized employees and the impact and outcome of labor negotiations;

unionization efforts among SkyWest Airlines' employees; and

other risks and uncertainties listed from time to time in our reports filed with the SEC.

There may be other factors not identified above of which we are not currently aware that may affect matters discussed in the forward-looking statements, and may also cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed. We assume no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement to reflect actual results, changes in assumptions or changes in other factors affecting these statements other than as required by law.

### USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds we will receive from the sale of the 4,000,000 shares of common stock offered by us, assuming a public offering price of \$29.27 per share and after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and offering expenses, are estimated to be \$111 million (\$127.7 million if the underwriters' overallotment option is exercised in full).

We currently intend to use approximately \$60,000,000 of the proceeds of this offering to repay all outstanding amounts borrowed by SkyWest Airlines from C.I.T. Leasing Corporation and approximately \$30,000,000 of the proceeds of this offering to reduce the outstanding balance on our revolving credit facility with Zions Bank. The C.I.T. debt facility bears interest at an adjustable rate that was equal to 6.87% as of December 31, 2005 and is due in full on September 21, 2006. We have used the loan proceeds primarily for working capital purposes. The Zions Bank revolving credit facility bears interest at a rate equal to the prime rate less 0.25%, which was a net rate of 7.0% as of December 31, 2005. After discharging the outstanding amounts under these debt obligations, we currently intend to use the remainder of the proceeds from this offering for working capital and general corporate purposes.

Pending such utilization, we intend to invest the proceeds in short-term, investment grade, interest-bearing securities.

### PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK AND DIVIDENDS

Our common stock is quoted on The Nasdaq National Market under the symbol "SKYW." The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the high and low closing sale prices per share for our common stock, as reported by The Nasdaq National Market, and the cash dividends we have declared.

	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>	<u>Cash Dividends Declared</u>
<b>Year Ended December 31, 2004:</b>			
First Quarter	\$ 20.51	\$ 17.11	\$ 0.03
Second Quarter	19.91	16.00	0.03
Third Quarter	16.88	13.07	0.03
Fourth Quarter	20.35	14.49	0.03
<b>Year Ended December 31, 2005:</b>			
First Quarter	\$ 20.30	\$ 16.05	\$ 0.03
Second Quarter	19.76	17.35	0.03
Third Quarter	26.82	18.08	0.03
Fourth Quarter	32.84	26.25	0.03
<b>Year Ending December 31, 2006:</b>			
First Quarter	\$ 29.79	\$ 26.02	\$ 0.03

The last reported sale price of our common stock on The Nasdaq National Market on March 31, 2006 was \$29.27 per share. As of March 31, 2006, there were 59,596,298 shares of our common stock outstanding, held by approximately 1,150 shareholders of record, which does not include shares held in securities position listings.

We have historically paid a regular quarterly cash dividend on our common stock. On January 25, 2006, our Board of Directors declared a regular quarterly cash dividend of \$0.03 per share payable on April 6, 2006 to stockholders of record on March 31, 2006. The future payment and amount of cash dividends will depend upon our financial condition and results of operations, applicable loan covenants and other factors deemed relevant by our board of directors.

## CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our capitalization at December 31, 2005 and as adjusted to give effect to the sale of the 4,000,000 shares of common stock offered by us at an assumed offering price of \$29.27 per share pursuant to this offering and the application of the estimated net proceeds therefrom, as described under "Use of Proceeds." The following table should be read in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the consolidated financial statements, including the notes thereto, appearing elsewhere in this prospectus or incorporated herein by reference.

	December 31, 2005	
	Actual	As Adjusted
(in thousands)		
Cash and marketable securities	\$ 299,668	\$ 320,687
Debt:		
Current portion of long-term debt(1)	\$ 331,145	\$ 331,145
Long-term debt, net of current portion(1)	1,422,758	1,422,758
Current line of credit	60,000	
Long-term line of credit	30,000	
Total debt	\$ 1,843,903	\$ 1,753,903
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred Stock, no par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized; None outstanding	\$	\$
Common Stock, no par value; 120,000,000 shares authorized; 58,715,575 shares outstanding; 62,715,575 shares, as adjusted(2)	364,535	475,554
Retained earnings	582,620	582,620
Treasury stock; 6,794,056 shares	(32,551)	(32,551)
Net unrealized depreciation on available-for-sale securities	(1,406)	(1,406)
Total stockholders' equity	913,198	1,024,217
Total capitalization	\$ 2,757,101	\$ 2,778,120

(1) As of December 31, 2005, we had financed 247 of our aircraft and certain of our airport and maintenance facilities through operating leases. In addition to our indebtedness, as of December 31, 2005, we had approximately \$3.2 billion of mandatory future payments under operating leases, primarily for aircraft and ground facilities. At a 7.0% discount factor, the present value of these obligations would be equal to approximately \$2.1 billion. See Note 4 of the notes to our consolidated financial statements incorporated herein by reference.

(2) The total number of our shares of common stock outstanding after this offering is based on 58,715,575 shares issued and outstanding on December 31, 2005. This number of issued and outstanding shares assumes that the underwriters' overallotment option of 600,000 shares is not exercised and excludes 6,301,002 shares of common stock reserved for issuance upon exercise of outstanding stock options we have granted at an estimated weighted average exercise price of \$18.38 per share as of December 31, 2005.

**UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL DATA**

The following unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial data is based upon our historical financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus or incorporated herein, adjusted to give effect to our acquisition of ASA on September 7, 2005.

The pro forma adjustments are based upon available information and certain assumptions that we believe are reasonable. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of income are not necessarily indicative of the future results of our operations, our financial position or the results of our operations which may have occurred had we completed the acquisition of ASA at the beginning of 2005.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto, and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, included elsewhere in this prospectus or incorporated herein.

**PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS****(Unaudited)**

**For the year ended December 31, 2005**  
**(In thousands, except per share amounts)**

	Historical			Pro Forma Adjustments	Pro Forma Combined
	SkyWest, Inc.	January 1, 2005- June 30, 2005 ASA	July 1, 2005- September 7, 2005 ASA		
<b>OPERATING REVENUES:</b>					
Passenger	\$ 1,938,450	\$ 551,323	\$ 224,543	\$ 22,218 (A)	\$ 2,736,534
Ground handling and other	25,598		2,037		27,635
Total operating revenues	1,964,048	551,323	226,580	22,218	2,764,169
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES:</b>					
Flying operations	1,079,292			394,236 (B)	1,473,528
Customer service	271,746			131,964 (C)	403,710
Maintenance	186,675			106,806 (C)	293,481
Depreciation and amortization	115,275	40,633	12,517	(5,449)(D)	162,976
General and administrative	90,652			30,284 (C)	120,936
Salaries & related costs		150,092	56,816	(206,908)(E)	
Aircraft fuel		143,806	69,200	(213,006)(C)	
Aircraft maintenance materials and outside repairs		51,773	18,619	(70,392)(C)	
Aircraft rent		31,914	11,279	(43,193)(C)	
Contracted services		46,441	18,470	(64,911)(C)	
Landing fees and other rents		25,052	10,820	(35,872)(C)	
Other		29,082	13,661	(42,743)(C)	
Total operating expenses	1,743,640	518,793	211,382	(19,184)	2,454,631
OPERATING INCOME	220,408	32,530	15,198	41,402	309,538
<b>OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):</b>					
Interest income	12,943	2,628	579	(5,082)(F)	11,068
Interest expense	(53,330)	(32,017)	(14,276)	5,175 (G)	(94,448)
Other	(395)	101	(150)		(444)
Total other income (expense), net	(40,782)	(29,288)	(13,847)	93	(83,824)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	179,626	3,242	1,351	41,495	225,714
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	67,359	1,308	1,150	16,443 (H)	86,260

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Historical

NET INCOME	\$	112,267	\$	1,934	\$	201	\$	25,052	\$	139,454
BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE	\$	1.94							\$	2.41
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	\$	1.90							\$	2.37
WEIGHTED AVERAGE OF COMMON SHARES:										
Basic		57,851								57,851
Diluted		58,933								58,933



**NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS**  
**(in thousands)**

1.  
Basis of Presentation

On September 7, 2005, we completed the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of ASA from ASA Holdings, Inc., a subsidiary of Delta. In connection with the acquisition of ASA, SkyWest Airlines and Delta entered into the SkyWest Airlines Delta Connection Agreement, and ASA and Delta entered into the ASA Delta Connection Agreement, whereby SkyWest Airlines and ASA have agreed to provide regional airline service in the Delta flight system. The SkyWest Airlines and ASA Delta Connection Agreements became effective September 8, 2005.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005 has been prepared to illustrate the pro forma effects of the ASA acquisition as if it had occurred on January 1, 2005 and as if the ASA Delta Connection Agreement was effective January 1, 2005. The operations of ASA commencing on September 8, 2005 and through December 31, 2005, are included in our historical statement of operations. No pro forma effect has been given to the SkyWest Airlines Delta Connection Agreement prior to the effective date of September 8, 2005, as no significant changes were made to this contract.

2.  
Pro Forma Financial Statements and Adjustments

The pro forma condensed combined information set forth in the preceding table is presented for illustrative purposes only. Such information does not purport to be indicative of the results of operations and financial position that actually would have resulted had the acquisition occurred on the date indicated, nor is it indicative of the results that may be expected in future periods. The pro forma adjustments are based upon information and assumptions available as of the date of this prospectus.

The pro forma condensed combined statement of operations gives effect to the following pro forma adjustments:

(A) Reflects the restatement of ASA revenues from the ASA historical code-share agreement with Delta to the ASA Delta Connection Agreement as if the ASA Delta Connection Agreement was effective January 1, 2005. Under the terms of the ASA Delta Connection Agreement, Delta has agreed to compensate ASA for certain direct costs associated with operating its Delta Connection flights, as defined in the ASA Delta Connection Agreement, plus, if ASA completes a certain minimum percentage of its Delta Connection flights, a specified margin on such costs. Additionally, the ASA Delta Connection Agreement provides for incentive compensation upon satisfaction of certain performance goals. Under the ASA Delta Connection Agreement, excess margins over certain percentages must be returned or shared with Delta, depending on various conditions. The pro forma revenue adjustment assumes no incentive compensation was achieved for the year ended December 31, 2005.

(B) Reflects a reclassification of ASA expenses reported under the ASA financial statement classification to our financial statement classification of \$404,826 for consistency purposes and a reduction of aircraft lease expense on aircraft lease obligations retained by Delta in connection with our acquisition of ASA of \$(10,590).

(C) Reflects a reclassification of ASA expenses reported under the ASA financial statement classifications to our financial statement classifications for consistency purposes.

(D) Reflects an adjustment to ASA depreciation for changes in estimated useful lives for property and equipment using our accounting policies and reflects an adjustment to the depreciable basis of property and equipment and intangible assets resulting from the preliminary valuation and purchase price adjustments of \$(455) and a reduction of depreciation expense on aircraft retained by Delta in connection with our acquisition of ASA of \$(4,994).

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(E) Reflects a reclassification of ASA expenses reported under the ASA financial statement classification to our financial statement classification of \$203,762 for consistency purposes and a reduction of accrued wage expense of \$3,146 to reflect amounts expected to be paid.

(F) Reflects a reduction of interest income resulting from net cash paid to Delta of \$376,912 for the acquisition of ASA.

(G) Reflects the elimination of interest expense on aircraft debt obligations retained by Delta in connection with our acquisition of ASA.

(H) Reflects the income tax effects of the pro forma adjustments.

## SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL AND OPERATING DATA

The following table sets forth our selected consolidated financial and airline operating data with respect to the periods indicated. This information should be read in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our consolidated financial statements, including the notes thereto, appearing elsewhere in this prospectus or incorporated herein by reference. The selected consolidated financial data for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2002, 2003 and 2004 have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements, but does not reflect the operations of ASA. The airline operating data set forth below is unaudited and the airline operating data for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2002, 2003 and 2004, does not reflect the operations of ASA. The airline operating data for the year ended December 31, 2005 reflects the operations of SkyWest Airlines for the entire period and the operations of ASA for the period subsequent to September 7, 2005.

## Selected Consolidated Financial Information

	Years Ended December 31,				
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
<b>Consolidated Statements of Income:</b>					
Operating revenues:					
Passenger	\$ 595,985	\$ 769,427	\$ 882,062	\$ 1,139,580	\$ 1,938,450
Freight and Other	5,880	5,020	5,964	16,464	25,598
<b>Total operating revenues</b>	<b>601,865</b>	<b>774,447</b>	<b>888,026</b>	<b>1,156,044</b>	<b>1,964,048</b>
Operating expenses:					
Flying Operations	252,346	330,198	417,801	577,492	1,079,292
Aircraft, traffic and passenger service	97,827	123,453	139,125	180,578	271,746
Maintenance	87,577	82,786	83,829	113,537	186,675
Depreciation and amortization	45,888	57,535	74,419	76,817	115,275
General and Administrative	60,844	62,358	64,372	62,844	90,652
U.S. Governmental airline assistance	(8,181)	(1,438)			
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>536,301</b>	<b>654,892</b>	<b>779,546</b>	<b>1,011,268</b>	<b>1,743,640</b>
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>65,564</b>	<b>119,555</b>	<b>108,480</b>	<b>144,776</b>	<b>220,408</b>
Other income (expense):					
Interest expense		(3,611)	(9,891)	(18,239)	(53,330)
Interest income	17,249	12,383	10,492	10,050	12,943
Gain on sales of property and equipment			406		175
Loss on sale of marketable securities					(570)
<b>Total other income (expense)</b>	<b>17,249</b>	<b>8,772</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>(8,189)</b>	<b>(40,782)</b>
<b>Income before provision for income taxes</b>	<b>82,813</b>	<b>128,327</b>	<b>109,487</b>	<b>136,587</b>	<b>179,626</b>
<b>Provision for income tax</b>	<b>32,297</b>	<b>50,050</b>	<b>42,700</b>	<b>54,635</b>	<b>67,359</b>
<b>Income before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle</b>	<b>50,516</b>	<b>78,277</b>	<b>66,787</b>	<b>81,952</b>	<b>112,267</b>
<b>Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle, net of tax of \$5,492</b>		<b>8,589</b>			
<b>Net Income</b>	<b>\$ 50,516</b>	<b>\$ 86,866</b>	<b>\$ 66,787</b>	<b>\$ 81,952</b>	<b>\$ 112,267</b>

Years Ended December 31,

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