

NEW PLAN EXCEL REALTY TRUST INC  
Form 424B5  
May 16, 2003

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Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(5)  
Registration No. 333-67511

**Prospectus Supplement**  
**May 14, 2003**  
**To Prospectus Dated January 23, 2002**

**\$100,000,000**

## **New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc.**

### **3.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2023**

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The notes will bear interest at the rate of 3.75% per year. Interest on the notes is payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning December 1, 2003. The notes will mature on June 1, 2023. We may redeem some or all of the notes at any time on or after June 9, 2008 at the redemption price discussed under the caption "Description of the Notes - Optional Redemption."

The notes are convertible by holders into shares of our common stock initially at a conversion rate of 40 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (subject to adjustment in certain events) under the following circumstances: (1) if the price of our common stock issuable upon conversion reaches specified thresholds described in this prospectus supplement; (2) if we call the notes for redemption; or (3) upon the occurrence of specified corporate transactions described in this prospectus supplement. The initial conversion rate is equivalent to an initial conversion price of \$25.00 per share of common stock. Upon conversion, we will have the right to deliver, in lieu of our common stock, cash or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock in the amounts described herein. Holders will also have the right to require us to purchase the notes at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes plus accrued and unpaid interest on June 1, 2010, June 1, 2013 and June 1, 2018 or upon a fundamental change as described in this prospectus supplement.

Our common stock, which includes the common stock issuable upon the conversion of the notes, is subject to certain restrictions on ownership designed to preserve our qualification as a real estate investment trust for federal income tax purposes. See "Restrictions on Ownership of Capital Stock" on page 31 of the accompanying prospectus for more information about these restrictions.

The notes will be our senior unsecured obligations and are not subject to a sinking fund. The notes will rank equally with all of our other senior unsecured debt and will effectively rank junior to our secured indebtedness and to all liabilities of our subsidiaries.

We have also granted the underwriter named in this prospectus supplement an option to purchase up to an additional \$15,000,000 principal amount of notes to cover over-allotments, if any.

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "NXL." The last reported sales price of our common stock on the New York Stock Exchange on May 13, 2003 was \$20.68.

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**Investing in the notes involves risks. You should read carefully the risk factors beginning on page S-9 of this prospectus supplement.**

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the notes or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is accurate or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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	<u>Per Senior Note</u>	<u>Total</u>
Public Offering Price (1)	\$ 990.00	\$ 99,000,000
Underwriting Discount	\$ 11.00	\$ 1,100,000
Proceeds to New Plan (before expenses)	\$ 979.00	\$ 97,900,000

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(1) Plus accrued interest from May 19, 2003, if any.

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The underwriter expects to deliver the notes in book-entry only form through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company to purchasers on or about May 19, 2003.

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## Banc of America Securities LLC

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**You should rely only on the information contained in or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different or additional information. We are not making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale of these securities is not permitted. You should not assume that the information appearing in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus or the documents incorporated by reference herein or therein is accurate as of any date other than their respective dates. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since those dates.**

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When used in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, except where the context otherwise requires, the terms "we", "our", "us" and "the company" refer to New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc. and, where appropriate, its subsidiaries.

**A WARNING ABOUT FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

Certain statements in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus (including documents incorporated by reference) may constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such statements are based on assumptions and expectations which may not be realized and are inherently subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which cannot be predicted with accuracy and some of which might not even be anticipated. Future events and actual results, performance, transactions or achievements, financial and otherwise, may differ materially from the results, performance, transactions or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Risks, uncertainties and other factors that might cause such differences, some of which could be material, include, but are not limited to: changes in the global political environment; national and local economic, business and real estate and other market conditions, including the ability of the general economy to recover timely from the current economic downturn; the competitive environment in which we operate; property management risks; financing risks, such as the inability to obtain debt or equity financing on favorable terms; possible future downgrades in our credit rating; the level and volatility of interest rates; financial stability of tenants, including the ability of tenants to pay rent, the decision of tenants to close stores and the effect of bankruptcy laws; the rate of revenue increases versus expense increases; the ability to maintain our status as a REIT for federal income tax purposes; governmental approvals, actions and initiatives; environmental/safety requirements and costs; risks of real estate acquisition and development, including the failure of acquisitions to close and pending developments and redevelopments to be completed on time and within budget; risks of disposition strategies, including the failure to complete sales on a timely basis and the failure to reinvest sale proceeds in a manner that generates favorable returns; risks of joint venture activities; as well as other risks identified in the section titled "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-9 of this prospectus supplement, and, from time to time, in the reports we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002) or in other documents that we publicly disseminate. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise these forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

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**PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT SUMMARY**

*This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Because it is a summary, it may not contain all of the information that is important to you. Before making a decision to invest in the notes, you should read this*

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entire prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus carefully, especially the section entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-9 of this prospectus supplement, as well as the documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Unless otherwise expressly stated or the context requires otherwise, all information in this prospectus supplement assumes that the underwriter does not exercise its over-allotment option.

### The Company

We are one of the nation's largest owners and managers of community and neighborhood shopping centers. As of March 31, 2003, we owned 393 properties in 35 states. Our properties include 354 community and neighborhood shopping centers with approximately 49.5 million square feet of gross leasable area, and 39 other related retail real estate assets with approximately 2.9 million square feet of gross leasable area. The occupancy rate of our properties was approximately 89% as of March 31, 2003.

We are a self-administered and self-managed equity real estate investment trust, which we refer to as a REIT, that is incorporated in Maryland. We maintain our principal executive offices at 1120 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10036, where our telephone number is (212) 869-3000.

### Recent Developments

#### *Series E Preferred Stock Offering*

On April 21, 2003, we completed a public offering of 8,000,000 depository shares (including the partial exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option), each representing a  $\frac{1}{10}$  fractional interest of a share of our 7.625% Series E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock. We received net proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and our offering expenses, of approximately \$193 million. The net proceeds were used to redeem our Series B preferred stock (as described below) and to pay down amounts outstanding under our \$350 million revolving credit facility.

#### *Redemption of Series B Preferred Stock*

On May 5, 2003, we redeemed all of our outstanding 6,300,000 Series B depository shares, each representing a  $\frac{1}{10}$  fractional interest of a share of our 8 $\frac{5}{8}$ % Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, at an aggregate cost of \$158 million.

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### The Offering

Issuer	New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc.
Securities Offered	\$100,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2023. We also have granted the underwriter an option to purchase up to an additional \$15,000,000 aggregate principal amount of notes to cover over-allotments, if any.
Offering Price	Each note will be offered at a price of \$990 per note, plus accrued interest, if any, from May 19, 2003.
Maturity	June 1, 2023, unless earlier redeemed, repurchased or converted.
Interest	3.75% per annum on the principal amount, payable semiannually in arrears on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning December 1, 2003.
Ranking	The notes will be our senior unsecured obligations and will rank equally with all of our other existing and future senior unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. The notes will be effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured

indebtedness and to all liabilities of our subsidiaries.

Conversion Rights

Holders may convert their notes into shares of our common stock (or cash, or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, at our option, as described herein) under any of the following circumstances:

(i) during any calendar quarter (and only during such calendar quarter) if the last reported sale price of our common stock for at least 20 trading days during the period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the previous calendar quarter is greater than or equal to 120% of the applicable conversion price on such last trading day; or

(ii) if the notes have been called for redemption; or

(iii) upon the occurrence of specified corporate transactions described under "Description of the Notes Conversion Rights Conversion Upon Specified Corporate Transactions."

For each \$1,000 principal amount of notes surrendered for conversion, you will receive 40 shares of our common stock (or cash, or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, at our option, as described herein). This represents an initial conversion price of \$25.00 per share of common stock. As described in this prospectus supplement, the conversion rate may be adjusted for certain reasons, but it will not be adjusted for accrued and unpaid interest. You will not receive any payment representing accrued and unpaid interest upon conversion of a note. Notes called for redemption may be surrendered for conversion prior to the close of business on the second business day immediately preceding the redemption date. Upon conversion, we will have the right to deliver, in lieu of our common stock, cash or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock in amounts described under "Description of the Notes Conversion Rights Payment Upon Conversion."

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Sinking Fund

None.

Optional Redemption

Prior to June 9, 2008, the notes will not be redeemable at our option. On or after June 9, 2008, we may redeem for cash all or part of the notes at any time, upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice before the redemption date by mail to the trustee under the indenture under which the notes will be issued, the paying agent and each holder of notes, at amounts described in "Description of the Notes Optional Redemption."

Purchase of Notes by Us at the Option of the Holder

Holders have the right to require us to purchase all or any portion of the notes on June 1, 2010, June 1, 2013 and June 1, 2018. In each case, we will pay a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be purchased plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to such purchase date. We may choose to pay the purchase price in cash, shares of our common stock, or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock. If we elect to pay all or a portion of the repurchase price in common stock, we must notify holders not less than 20 business days prior to the repurchase date. The shares of our common stock will be valued at the average sale price of our common stock for the 20 trading days immediately preceding and including the third business day

	prior to the repurchase date. See "Description of the Notes Purchase of Notes by Us at the Option of the Holder."
Fundamental Change	If we undergo a Fundamental Change (as defined under "Description of the Notes Fundamental Change Requires Purchase of Notes by Us at the Option of the Holder") prior to June 1, 2010, holders will have the right, at their option, to require us to purchase any or all of their notes, or any portion of the principal amount thereof that is equal to \$1,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000. The price we are required to pay is equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be purchased plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the Fundamental Change purchase date. We may choose to pay the repurchase price in cash, shares of our common stock, shares of common stock of the surviving corporation, or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock. If we elect to pay all or a portion of the repurchase price in common stock, the shares of our common stock will be valued at the average sale price of the applicable common stock for the 20 trading days immediately preceding and including the third business day prior to the repurchase date. See "Description of the Notes Fundamental Change Requires Purchase of Notes by Us at the Option of the Holder."
Use of Proceeds	We expect that the net proceeds from this offering will be approximately \$97.4 million after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and our expenses (or approximately \$112.1 million if the underwriter exercises its over-allotment option in full). We expect to use the net proceeds to repay a portion of the borrowings under our \$350 million revolving credit facility. See "Use of Proceeds."
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Trustee, Paying Agent and Conversion Agent	U.S. Bank Trust National Association.
Risk Factors	See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-9 of this prospectus supplement and other information contained or incorporated by reference herein for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in the notes.
Form	The notes will be issued in book-entry form and will be represented by permanent global certificates deposited with, or on behalf of, The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") and registered in the name of a nominee of DTC. Beneficial interests in any of the notes will be shown on, and transfers will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC or its nominee and any such interest may not be exchanged for certificated securities, except in limited circumstances.
Restrictions on Ownership	For us to qualify as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), the transfer of our capital stock, which includes the common stock issuable upon the conversion of the notes, is restricted and not more than 50% in value of our outstanding capital stock may be owned, directly or constructively, by five or fewer individuals, as defined in the Code. As a result, no person or persons acting as a group may own, or be deemed to own by virtue of the attribution rules of the

Code, subject to limited exceptions, more than 9.8% (by value or by number of shares, whichever is more restrictive, except only by value in the case of any outstanding preferred stock) of the outstanding shares of each class or series of our capital stock. See "Restrictions on Ownership of Capital Stock" in the accompanying prospectus. For purposes of these ownership restrictions, ownership of the notes will be treated as ownership of the common stock into which the notes are convertible, on an as-converted basis.

Trading

We have not applied and do not intend to apply for the listing of the notes on any securities exchange. Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "NXL."

For additional information regarding the terms of the notes, see "Description of the Notes" beginning on page S-24 of this prospectus supplement.

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## RISK FACTORS

*You should consider carefully the following risks and the other risks and information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus before deciding to invest in the notes. We have separated certain risks into three separate groups:*

*risks related to purchasing or owning the notes;*

*risks related to our properties and business; and*

*tax risks.*

*If any of the following risks are realized, our business, prospects, financial condition, results of operations, our ability to service debt, including the notes, and our ability to pay expected dividends to our stockholders, including holders of common stock received upon conversion of the notes, could be seriously harmed.*

### **Risk Related to Purchasing or Owning the Notes**

***The absence of a public market for the notes on resale could adversely affect the trading price of the notes.***

Prior to this offering, there has been no trading market for the notes, and the notes will not be listed on any national securities exchange. Any market making activity in the notes will be subject to the limits imposed by the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that any market for the notes will develop or, if one does develop, that it will be liquid or be maintained. If an active market for the notes fails to develop or is not liquid or maintained, the trading price of the notes could be materially adversely affected.

***The market price of the notes could be significantly affected by the market price of our common stock, which may change from time to time.***

We expect that the market price of our notes will be significantly affected by the market price of our common stock, which may change from time to time depending on various market conditions. See "Risks Related to Our Properties and Business Changes in market conditions could adversely affect the market price of our publicly traded securities" below. This may result in greater fluctuation in the market price of the notes than would be expected for nonconvertible debt securities.

***The effective subordination of the notes may limit our ability to satisfy our obligations under the notes.***

We derive a portion of our cash flow from our subsidiaries. We must rely to a significant extent on dividends and other payments from our subsidiaries (or must raise funds in public or private equity or debt offerings or sell assets) to generate the funds necessary to meet our obligations, including the payment of principal and interest on the notes, and to pay dividends to our stockholders. If the dividends and other payments from our subsidiaries were insufficient to meet such obligations or pay such dividends, there could be no assurance that our cash flow would be sufficient to meet such obligations (or that we would be able to obtain such funds on acceptable terms or at all) or pay such dividends.

The notes are unsecured and are effectively subordinated to all of our secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. As of March 31, 2003, our total secured indebtedness was approximately \$530 million (of which \$483 million is secured indebtedness of our subsidiaries). The indenture governing the notes permits us to incur additional secured indebtedness provided certain conditions are met. See "Description of Debt Securities Certain Covenants" in the accompanying prospectus. Consequently, in the event of a bankruptcy, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or similar proceeding with respect to us, the holders of any secured indebtedness will be

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entitled to proceed directly against the collateral that secures such secured indebtedness and such collateral will not be available for satisfaction of any amounts owed under our unsecured indebtedness, including the notes, until such secured indebtedness is satisfied in full. The notes also will be effectively subordinated to all unsecured and secured liabilities of and guarantees issued by our subsidiaries. In the event of a bankruptcy, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or similar proceeding with respect to one of our subsidiaries, the company, as an equity owner of such subsidiary, and therefore holders of our debt, including the notes, will be subject to the prior claims of such subsidiary's creditors. In addition, several of our subsidiaries have guaranteed our \$350 million revolving credit facility and our \$155 million term loan facility. Because our subsidiaries are not guaranteeing the notes, the notes will be effectively subordinated to those facilities.

#### **Risks Related to Our Properties and Business**

*Adverse market conditions and competition may impede our ability to generate sufficient income to pay expenses and maintain properties.*

The economic performance and value of our properties are subject to all of the risks associated with owning and operating real estate, including:

changes in the national, regional and local economic climate, particularly in Texas which, as a result of our recent portfolio acquisition, is the location of properties that represented approximately 18.2% of our total annualized base rental income as of March 31, 2003;

local conditions, including an oversupply of space in properties like those that we own, or a reduction in demand for properties like those that we own;

the attractiveness of our properties to tenants;

the ability of tenants to pay rent;

competition from other available properties;

changes in market rental rates;

the need to periodically pay for costs to repair, renovate and re-let space;

changes in operating costs, including costs for maintenance, insurance and real estate taxes;



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the fact that the expenses of owning and operating properties are not necessarily reduced when circumstances such as market factors and competition cause a reduction in income from the properties; and

changes in laws and governmental regulations, including those governing usage, zoning, the environment and taxes.

***Downturns in the retailing industry likely will have a direct impact on our performance.***

Our properties consist of community and neighborhood shopping centers and other retail properties. Our performance therefore is linked to economic conditions in the market for retail space generally. The market for retail space has been or could be adversely affected by weakness in the national, regional and local economies, the adverse financial condition of some large retailing companies, the ongoing consolidation in the retail sector, the excess amount of retail space in a number of markets, and increasing consumer purchases through catalogues and the Internet. To the extent that any of these conditions occur, they are likely to impact market rents for retail space.

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***Failure by any anchor tenant with leases in multiple locations to make rental payments to us, because of a deterioration of its financial condition or otherwise, could seriously harm our performance.***

Our performance depends on our ability to collect rent from tenants. At any time, our tenants may experience a downturn in their business that may significantly weaken their financial condition. As a result, our tenants may delay a number of lease commencements, decline to extend or renew a number of leases upon expiration, fail to make rental payments when due under a number of leases, close a number of stores or declare bankruptcy. Any of these actions could result in the termination of the tenant's leases and the loss of rental income attributable to the terminated leases. In addition, lease terminations by an anchor tenant or a failure by that anchor tenant to occupy the premises could result in lease terminations or reductions in rent by other tenants in the same shopping centers under the terms of some leases. In that event, we may be unable to re-lease the vacated space at attractive rents or at all. The occurrence of any of the situations described above, particularly if it involves a substantial tenant with leases in multiple locations, could seriously harm our performance. As of March 31, 2003, our largest tenants were The Kroger Co., Kmart Corporation and Wal-Mart Stores, the scheduled annualized base rents for which represented 4.4%, 3.7% and 3.6%, respectively, of our total annualized base rents.

On January 22, 2002, Kmart Corporation, our second largest tenant, filed for bankruptcy protection under Chapter 11 of the federal bankruptcy laws. In connection with that bankruptcy, leases at 13 locations where Kmart is our lessee were rejected. We are in the process of re-leasing the space at the 13 rejected lease locations. In some cases we expect to re-lease the entire space to a single tenant while in other cases we expect to divide the space and lease to multiple tenants. It may take a significant amount of time to re-lease the space at these rejected lease locations and we may not be able to achieve the rental rates that Kmart was previously paying at these locations. In addition, the rejection of the leases at these locations could result in lease terminations or reductions in rent by other tenants in the same shopping centers, although we do not believe the impact of any such lease terminations or rental reductions would be material. Depending on the amount of time it takes to re-lease the space at the rejected lease locations and the rents we are able to achieve from any new leases for these spaces, the overall impact of the lease rejections could materially impact our short-term liquidity. We do not, however, believe the lease rejections will have a material adverse effect on our long-term liquidity.

***We may be unable to collect balances due from any tenants in bankruptcy.***

We cannot assure you that any tenant that files for bankruptcy protection will continue to pay us rent. A bankruptcy filing by or relating to one of our tenants or a lease guarantor would bar all efforts by us to collect pre-bankruptcy debts from that tenant or the lease guarantor, or their property, unless we receive an order permitting us to do so from the bankruptcy court. A tenant or lease guarantor bankruptcy could delay our efforts to collect past due balances under the relevant leases, and could ultimately preclude collection of these sums. If a lease is assumed by the tenant in bankruptcy, all pre-bankruptcy balances due under the lease must be paid to us in full. However, if a lease is rejected by a tenant in bankruptcy, we would have only a general unsecured claim for damages. Any unsecured claim we hold may be paid only to the extent that funds are available and only in the same percentage as is paid to all other holders of unsecured claims, and there are restrictions under bankruptcy laws that limit the amount of the claim we can make if a lease is rejected. As a result, it is likely that we will recover substantially less than the full value of any unsecured claims we hold.

***We face considerable competition in the leasing market and may be unable to renew leases or re-let space as leases expire.***

We compete with a number of other companies in providing leases to prospective tenants and in re-letting space to current tenants upon expiration of their respective leases. If our tenants decide not

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to renew or extend their leases upon expiration, we may not be able to re-let the space. Even if the tenants do renew or we can re-let the space, the terms of renewal or re-letting, including the cost of required renovations, may be less favorable than current lease terms or than expectations for the space. As of March 31, 2003, leases were scheduled to expire on a total of approximately 7.4% of the space at our properties through 2003. We may be unable to promptly renew the leases or re-let this space, or the rental rates upon renewal or re-letting may be significantly lower than expected rates.

***Future acquisitions of properties may not yield the returns we expect, may result in disruptions to our business and may strain management resources.***

We intend to continue acquiring select community and neighborhood shopping centers. Newly acquired properties may fail to perform as expected. Our management may underestimate the costs necessary to bring acquired properties up to standards established for their intended market position.

In particular, in 2002 we acquired two large portfolios of community and neighborhood shopping centers. Large portfolio acquisitions pose risks for our ongoing operations in that:

we may not achieve expected cost savings and operating efficiencies;

management attention may be diverted to the integration of acquired properties;

the acquired properties may not perform as well as we anticipate due to various factors, including changes in macro-economic conditions and the demand for retail space; and

we may experience difficulties and incur expenses related to the assimilation and retention of employees that we have hired or intend to hire to manage and operate acquired properties.

***We face significant competition for acquisitions of real properties, which may increase the costs of these acquisitions.***

We compete for acquisitions of, and investments in, properties and real estate companies with an indeterminate number of investors, including investors with access to significant capital such as domestic and foreign corporations and financial institutions, publicly traded and privately held REITs, private institutional investment funds, investment banking firms, life insurance companies and pension funds. This competition may increase prices for the types of properties in which we invest.

***Current and future development and redevelopment of real estate properties may not yield expected returns and may strain management resources.***

We are actively involved in several ongoing substantial redevelopment projects, including Clearwater Mall and The Mall at 163rd Street, either directly or through joint ventures. We also may invest in development projects in the future.

Redevelopment and new development of properties are subject to a number of risks, including construction delays, cost overruns, financing risks, failure to meet expected occupancy and rent levels, delays in and the inability to obtain zoning, occupancy and other governmental permits, and changes in zoning and land use laws. Overall project costs may significantly exceed the costs that were estimated when the project was originally undertaken, which will result in reduced returns, or even losses, from such investments.

***We do not have exclusive control over our joint venture investments, so we are unable to ensure that our objectives will be pursued.***

We have invested in some cases as a borrower, co-venturer or partner in the development or redevelopment of new properties, instead of developing projects directly. These investments involve risks not present in a wholly owned development or redevelopment project. In these investments, we do

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not have exclusive control over the development, financing, leasing, management and other aspects of the project. As a result, the borrower, co-venturer or partner might have interests or goals that are inconsistent with our interests or goals, take action contrary to our interests or otherwise impede our objectives. The borrower, co-venturer or partner also might become insolvent or bankrupt.

***Real estate property investments are illiquid, and therefore we may not be able to dispose of properties when appropriate or on favorable terms.***

Real estate property investments generally cannot be disposed of quickly. In addition, the federal tax code imposes restrictions on a REIT's ability to dispose of properties that are not applicable to other types of real estate companies. Therefore, we may not be able to vary our portfolio in response to economic or other conditions promptly or on favorable terms.

***Some potential losses are not covered by insurance, so we could lose a significant portion of our investment in a property.***

We carry comprehensive liability, fire, extended coverage, rental loss and acts of terrorism insurance on all of our properties. We believe the policy specifications and insured limits of these policies are adequate and appropriate. There are, however, certain types of losses, including lease and other contract claims, acts of war and acts of God that generally are not insured. Should an uninsured loss or a loss in excess of insured limits occur, we could lose a significant portion of the capital we have invested in a property, as well as the anticipated future revenue from the property. If that happened, we might nevertheless remain obligated for any mortgage debt or other financial obligations related to the property.

***There can be no assurance as to future costs and the scope of coverage that may be available under insurance policies.***

Although we believe our properties are adequately covered by insurance, we cannot predict at this time if in the future we will be able to obtain full coverage at a reasonable cost. The costs associated with property and casualty renewals may be higher than anticipated.

***We have substantial scheduled debt payments and may not be able to refinance debt at maturity.***

Our business is subject to risks normally associated with debt financing. Cash flow could be insufficient to pay expected dividends to stockholders and meet required payments of principal and interest. We may not be able to refinance existing debt, which in virtually all cases requires substantial principal payments at maturity, and, even if we can, the terms of a refinancing might not be as favorable as the terms of existing debt. The total principal amount of our outstanding debt was approximately \$1.8 billion as of March 31, 2003. If principal payments due at maturity cannot be refinanced, extended or paid with proceeds of other capital transactions, including new equity capital, cash flow may not be sufficient in all years to repay all maturing debt at the relevant time(s). Prevailing interest rates, our results of operations and financial condition, our senior debt ratings or other factors at the time of refinancing, including the possible reluctance of lenders to make loans, may result in higher interest rates and increased interest expense.

***Our financial covenants may restrict our operating and acquisition activities.***

Our revolving credit and term loan facilities and the indentures under which our senior unsecured debt is issued contain certain financial and operating covenants, including, among other things, certain coverage ratios, as well as limitations on our ability to incur secured and unsecured debt, make dividend payments, sell all or substantially all of our assets and engage in mergers and consolidations and certain acquisitions. These covenants may restrict our ability to pursue certain business initiatives

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or certain acquisition transactions. In addition, failure to meet any of the financial covenants could cause an event of default under and/or accelerate some or all of our indebtedness, which would have a material adverse effect on us.

***Mortgage debt obligations expose us to the possibility of foreclosure.***

If a property is mortgaged to secure payment of debt and we are unable to meet mortgage payments, the holder of the mortgage or lender could foreclose on the property, resulting in loss of our investment. Also, certain of these mortgages contain customary negative covenants which, among other things, limit our ability, without the prior consent of the lender, to further mortgage the property, to enter into new leases or materially modify existing leases, and to discontinue insurance coverage.

***Our degree of leverage could limit our ability to obtain additional financing.***

Our organizational documents do not contain any limitation on the incurrence of debt. The degree of our leverage could have important consequences, including affecting our ability to obtain additional financing in the future for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions, development or other general corporate purposes and making us more vulnerable to a downturn in business or the economy generally.

***We have substantial variable rate debt obligations, which may impede our operating performance and put us at a competitive disadvantage.***

Increases in interest rates, or the loss of the benefits of any hedging agreements that we might have, would increase our interest expense, which would adversely affect cash flow and our ability to service debt and pay dividends to stockholders. As of March 31, 2003, we had approximately \$421 million of floating rate debt maturing at various times up to September 1, 2011. The rates on this debt increase when interest rates increase.

Hedging agreements enable us to convert floating rate liabilities into fixed rate liabilities or fixed rate liabilities into floating rate liabilities. Hedging agreements expose us to the risk that the counterparties to such agreements may not perform, which could increase our exposure to rising interest rates, even though the counterparties to hedging agreements that we enter into are major financial institutions. As of March 31, 2003, we were a party to one hedging agreement with respect to \$50 million of our fixed rate debt.

We may borrow additional money with floating interest rates in the future. Increases in interest rates, or the loss of the benefits of our existing or future hedging agreements, would increase our interest expense, which would adversely affect cash flow and our ability to service our debt. Future increases in interest rates will increase our interest expense as compared to the fixed rate debt underlying our hedging agreements and could result in our making payments to unwind such agreements.

***A downgrade in our credit rating could negatively impact us.***

The floating rates of interest applicable to much of our debt, including debt under our credit facilities, are determined based on the credit ratings of our debt provided by independent rating agencies. Thus, if these credit ratings are downgraded, our interest expense will be, and our ability to raise additional debt may be, negatively impacted.

***Environmental problems that exist at some of our properties could result in significant unexpected costs.***

Under various federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations, we may be considered an owner or operator of real property or may have arranged for the disposal or treatment of hazardous or

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toxic substances and, therefore, may become liable for the costs of removal or remediation of certain hazardous substances released on or in our property or disposed of by us, as well as certain other potential costs which could relate to hazardous or toxic substances (including governmental fines and injuries to persons and property). Such liability may be imposed whether or not we knew of, or were responsible for, the presence of these hazardous or toxic substances. As is common with community and neighborhood shopping centers, many of our properties had or have on-site dry cleaners and/or on-site gasoline facilities. These operations could potentially result in environmental contamination at the properties.

We are aware that soil and groundwater contamination exists at some of our properties. The primary contaminants of concern at these properties include perchloroethylene and trichloroethylene (associated with the operations of on-site dry cleaners) and petroleum hydrocarbons (associated with the operations of on-site gasoline facilities). We also are aware that asbestos-containing materials exist at some of our properties. While we do not expect the environmental conditions at our properties, considered as a whole, to have a material adverse effect on us, there can be no assurance that this will be the case. Further, no assurance can be given that any environmental studies performed have identified or will identify all material environmental conditions, that any prior owner of the properties did not create a material environmental condition not known to us or that a material environmental condition does not otherwise exist with respect to any of our properties.

***Changes in market conditions could adversely affect the market price of our publicly traded securities.***

As with other publicly traded securities, the market price of our publicly traded securities depends on various market conditions, which may change from time to time. Among the market conditions that may affect the market price of our publicly traded securities are the following:

the extent of institutional investor interest in the company;

the reputation of REITs generally and the reputation of REITs with portfolios similar to ours;

the attractiveness of the securities of REITs in comparison to securities issued by other entities (including securities issued by other real estate companies);

our financial condition and performance;

the market's perception of our growth potential and potential future cash dividends;

an increase in market interest rates, which may lead prospective investors to demand a higher distribution rate in relation to the price paid for our shares; and

general economic and financial market conditions.

Sales of a substantial number of shares of our stock, or the perception that such sales could occur, also could adversely affect prevailing market prices for our stock. In addition to the possibility that we may sell shares of our stock in a public offering at any time, we also may issue shares of common stock upon redemption of units of partnership interest held by third parties in affiliated partnerships that we control, as well as upon exercise of stock options or restricted stock that we grant to our officers and employees. All of these shares will be available for sale in the public markets from time to time.

#### **Tax Risks**

##### ***Proposed change in taxation of corporate dividends may adversely affect the value of our stock.***

The federal income tax laws governing REITs and other corporations or the administrative interpretations of those laws may be amended at any time. For example, on January 7, 2003, the Bush Administration released a proposal intended to eliminate one level of the "double taxation" that is currently imposed on corporate income for regular C corporations by excluding corporate dividends

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from an individual's taxable income to the extent that corporate income tax has been paid on the earnings from which the dividends are paid. REITs currently are tax-advantaged relative to regular C corporations because they are not subject to corporate-level federal income tax on income that they distribute to shareholders, but shareholders do include REIT dividends in taxable income. The tax treatment of REITs generally would not be affected by the Bush Administration's proposal in its current form, except that a REIT that receives dividends from a C corporation that have been subject to corporate income tax could distribute or retain those amounts without a second tax being imposed on the REIT or its shareholders. However, the Bush Administration's proposal, if enacted, could cause individual investors to view stocks of regular C corporations as more attractive relative to stocks of REITs than is the case currently because part or all of the dividends on the stocks of the regular C corporations would be exempt from tax for the individual. It is not possible to predict whether in fact this change in relative perceived value will occur or whether, if it occurs, what the impact will be on the value of our stock. Both Houses of Congress currently are considering alternatives to the Bush Administration proposal that would reduce the taxation of corporate dividends. As with the Bush Administration proposal, these proposals generally would not apply to dividends paid by REITs. In any event, there can be no assurance regarding which, if any, of these proposals ultimately will be enacted or the form in which any change in the taxation of corporate dividends might in fact be enacted and the effects that any such change would have on the value of our stock.

##### ***Failure of the company to qualify as a REIT would have serious adverse consequences to stockholders.***

We believe that the company has qualified for taxation as a REIT for federal income tax purposes since September 28, 1998, the date of the merger of our predecessor companies, New Plan Realty Trust and Excel Realty Trust, Inc., and that our predecessor companies qualified for taxation as REITs for federal income tax purposes since their first elections to be taxed as REITs and for each taxable year where a failure to qualify would adversely affect the company. We plan to continue to operate so that the company meets the requirements for taxation as a REIT.

Many of these requirements, however, are highly technical and complex. The determination that the company is a REIT requires an analysis of various factual matters and circumstances that may not be totally within our control. For example, to qualify as a REIT, at least 95% of our gross income must come from certain sources that are itemized in the REIT tax laws. We are also required to distribute to stockholders at least 90% of our REIT taxable income (excluding any net capital gains). The fact that we hold certain of our assets through partnerships and their subsidiaries further complicates the application of the REIT requirements. Even a technical or inadvertent mistake could jeopardize the company's REIT status. Furthermore, Congress and the Internal Revenue Service might make changes to the tax laws and regulations, and the courts might issue new rulings, that make it more difficult, or impossible, for the company to remain qualified as a REIT.

If the company fails to qualify as a REIT, the company would be subject to federal income tax at regular corporate rates. Also, unless the Internal Revenue Service granted the company relief under certain statutory provisions, the company would remain disqualified as a REIT for four years following the year the company first failed to qualify. If the company failed to qualify as a REIT, the company would have to pay significant income taxes and would therefore have less money available for investments, debt service and dividends to stockholders. This likely would have a significant adverse affect on the value of our securities. In addition, we would no longer be required to pay any dividends to stockholders.

Even if the company qualifies as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we are required to pay certain federal, state and local taxes on our income and property. For example, if we have net income from "prohibited transactions," that income will be subject to a 100% tax. In general, prohibited transactions are sales or other dispositions of property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business. The determination as to whether a particular sale is a prohibited

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transaction depends on the facts and circumstances related to that sale. While we have undertaken a significant number of asset sales in recent years, we do not believe that those sales should be considered prohibited transactions, but there can be no assurance that the Internal Revenue Service would not contend otherwise. In addition, any net taxable income earned directly by our taxable affiliates, including ERT Development Corporation, is subject to federal and state corporate income tax. The taxation of the company at the state and local levels may differ from the federal income tax treatment of the company. To the extent that we and our affiliates are required to pay federal, state and local taxes, we will have less cash available for distributions to our stockholders.

Subject to certain exceptions, including the one discussed in this paragraph, a REIT is generally prohibited from owning securities in any one issuer if the value of those securities exceeds 5% of the value of the REIT's total assets or the securities owned by the REIT represent more than 10% of the issuer's outstanding voting securities or more than 10% of the value of the issuer's outstanding securities. A REIT is permitted to own securities of a subsidiary in an amount that exceeds the 5% value test and the 10% vote or value test if the subsidiary elects to be a "taxable REIT subsidiary," which is taxable as a corporation. However, a REIT may not own securities of taxable REIT subsidiaries that represent in the aggregate more than 20% of the value of the REIT's total assets. We currently own 100% of the outstanding securities of ERT Development Corporation, which elected, effective January 1, 2001, to be a taxable REIT subsidiary of ours. Each corporate subsidiary in which ERT Development Corporation owns more than 35% of the outstanding voting securities or more than 35% of the value of the outstanding securities will also be treated as a taxable REIT subsidiary of ours. While we believe that we have satisfied the limitations on the ownership of securities with regard to our ownership of interests in ERT Development Corporation during each of the taxable years that each such limitation applied to us, given the highly complex nature of the rules governing REITs and the ongoing importance of factual determinations, we cannot provide any assurance that the Internal Revenue Service would not disagree with our determination.

Several provisions of the applicable tax law ensure that a taxable REIT subsidiary will be subject to an appropriate level of federal income taxation. For example, a taxable REIT subsidiary is limited in its ability to deduct interest payments made to an affiliated REIT. In addition, the REIT has to pay a 100% penalty tax if the economic arrangements between the REIT, the REIT's tenants, and a taxable REIT subsidiary are not comparable to similar arrangements between unrelated parties.

***The company could be disqualified as a REIT or have to pay taxes if its predecessor companies did not qualify as REITs.***

If either New Plan Realty Trust or Excel Realty Trust, Inc., whose businesses were combined in a merger transaction on September 28, 1998 to form the company, failed to qualify as a REIT throughout the duration of its existence, we might have had undistributed "C corporation earnings and profits." If that were the case and either of our predecessor companies did not distribute such earnings and profits prior to the merger transaction, the company might not qualify as a REIT. We believe that each of the predecessor companies qualified as a REIT and that, in any event, neither of the predecessor companies had any undistributed "C corporation earnings and profits" at the time of the merger transaction. If New Plan Realty Trust failed to qualify as a REIT, it would have recognized taxable gain at the time of the merger transaction (and we would be liable for the tax on that gain). This would be the case even though the merger transaction qualified as a "tax-free reorganization," unless we made a special election that was available under the law at the time of the merger. We made that election with respect to the assets acquired from New Plan Realty Trust. This election has the effect of requiring us, if New Plan Realty Trust was not qualified as a

REIT, to pay corporate income tax on any gain existing at the time of the merger transaction on assets acquired in the transaction if those assets are sold within 10 years after the transaction. Finally, if either of the predecessor companies did not qualify as a REIT, the company could have been precluded from electing REIT status for up to four years after the year in which that predecessor company failed to qualify if the company were determined to be a "successor" to that predecessor company.

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### USE OF PROCEEDS

We expect the net proceeds from this offering will be approximately \$97.4 million after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and our expenses (or approximately \$112.1 million if the underwriter exercises its over-allotment option in full). The net proceeds will be used to repay a portion of the borrowings under our \$350 million revolving credit facility. As of March 31, 2003, we had drawn approximately \$255 million under this facility. Our \$350 million revolving credit facility, which is led by Fleet National Bank, currently bears interest at LIBOR plus 105 basis points and matures in April 2005, with a one-year extension option. Affiliates of Banc of America Securities LLC, underwriter of this offering, are lenders under our revolving credit facility. These affiliates will receive their proportionate share of the amount of the credit facility to be repaid with the proceeds of this offering. See "Underwriting" beginning on page S-46 of this prospectus supplement.

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### THE COMPANY

#### General

We are one of the nation's largest owners and managers of community and neighborhood shopping centers. As of March 31, 2003, we owned 393 properties in 35 states. Our properties include 354 community and neighborhood shopping centers with approximately 49.5 million square feet of gross leasable area, and 39 other related retail real estate assets with approximately 2.9 million square feet of gross leasable area. The occupancy rate of our properties was approximately 89% as of March 31, 2003.

We are a self-administered and self-managed equity REIT that was formed in 1972 and is incorporated in Maryland.

#### Refocus on Retail Franchise

In November 2000 we announced a long-term business plan designed to leverage our expertise, critical mass and working infrastructure in the community and neighborhood shopping center sector. Our strategy is to own and manage a high quality portfolio of commercial retail properties, a majority of which are community and neighborhood shopping centers, that will provide increasing cash flow while protecting investor capital and providing potential for capital appreciation. We seek to implement this strategy by:

aggressively managing, and where appropriate, redeveloping and upgrading our properties,

making selective acquisitions of well-located community and neighborhood shopping centers, either on an individual basis or in portfolio transactions,

effecting non-strategic asset dispositions and recycling the capital created by those transactions, and

continuing to maintain a strong and flexible financial position to facilitate growth.

By focusing our portfolio on community and neighborhood shopping centers with anchors and other tenants providing "everyday necessities," we believe that our risk from changing shopping patterns due to economic cycles is minimized.

#### Aggressive Management

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We aggressively manage our properties, with an emphasis on maintaining high occupancy rates and a strong base of nationally and regionally recognized anchor tenants. We regularly monitor the physical condition of our retail properties and the financial condition of our retail tenants. We follow a schedule of regular physical maintenance at our retail properties with a view towards tenant expansions, renovations and refurbishing to preserve and increase the value of these properties. In connection with these efforts, we have six regional offices and 14 satellite field offices throughout the country, each of which is responsible for managing the leasing, property management and maintenance of properties in its area, and we are currently improving the general appearance of certain of our properties by upgrading existing facades and roofs, updating signage, resurfacing parking lots and improving parking lot and exterior building lighting. In addition, we remain focused on enhancing our property management skills and our internal capabilities, systems and infrastructure. In this regard, at the beginning of 2002, we implemented JD Edwards One World, a state-of-the-art accounting, financial and property management system.

We seek to increase the cash flow and portfolio value of our existing properties primarily through contractual rent increases during the lease term, re-letting of existing space at higher rents, expansion and redevelopment of existing properties and the minimization of overhead and operating costs. During 2002, we invested \$11 million in deferred maintenance in our properties in order to maintain and improve their competitive market position, which completed our two-year, \$25 million deferred

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maintenance program. We also completed 23 redevelopment projects in 2002 and six redevelopment projects in the first three months of 2003, the aggregate costs of which (including costs incurred in prior years on these projects) were approximately \$38 million and \$13 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2003, our current redevelopment pipeline was comprised of an additional 21 projects (20 community and neighborhood shopping centers and one enclosed regional mall project), the aggregate cost of which (including costs incurred in prior years on these projects) is expected to be approximately \$95 million.

### **Acquisition of Properties**

We intend to focus on retail properties, primarily community and neighborhood shopping centers, that generate stable cash flows and present the opportunity for value appreciation. We may seek to expand our portfolio by making selective, opportunistic acquisitions of individual properties and portfolios of well-located community and neighborhood shopping centers and other retail properties.

An example of the implementation of this strategic focus is our March 2002 acquisition of 92 community and neighborhood shopping centers from CenterAmerica Property Trust, L.P., a private company majority owned by Morgan Stanley Real Estate Fund II, L.P. The 92 shopping centers contain an aggregate of approximately 10.4 million square feet of gross leasable area. As part of the transaction, we also acquired a 10% managing membership interest in a joint venture with a private U.S. pension fund. The joint venture currently owns 14 grocery anchored shopping centers located in six states. The aggregate purchase price for the acquisition was approximately \$654 million, consisting of approximately \$365 million in cash and the assumption of approximately \$289 million of outstanding debt.

In addition, in December 2002, we also acquired a portfolio of 57 community and neighborhood shopping centers from Equity Investment Group, a private retail-focused REIT. The acquisition of one additional shopping center from Equity Investment Group was completed in January 2003. The 58 shopping centers contain an aggregate of approximately 7.9 million square feet of gross leasable area. The aggregate purchase price for the acquisition was approximately \$437 million, consisting of approximately \$263 million in cash, the assumption of approximately \$149 million of outstanding debt and the issuance of approximately \$25 million of units in a partnership that we control.

We also expanded our portfolio by opportunistically acquiring two individual properties in separate transactions during the second half of the year for an aggregate of \$75 million. The two acquired properties were grocery-anchored community shopping centers located in Colorado and Ohio, within our existing regional concentrations.

In January 2003, we acquired a portfolio of seven grocery-anchored neighborhood shopping centers for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$46 million in cash. The seven shopping centers contain an aggregate of approximately 534,386 square feet of gross leasable area and are located in Michigan, primarily in the northern and western suburbs of Detroit and the Grand Rapids area.

### **Disposition of Properties**

We generally hold our properties for investment and the production of rental income and not for sale to customers or other buyers in the ordinary course of our business. However, we continually analyze each asset in our portfolio and identify those properties that can be sold or exchanged for optimal sales prices or exchange values, given prevailing market conditions and the particular characteristics of each property. Through this strategy, we seek to continually update our core property portfolio by disposing of properties that have limited growth potential or are not a strategic fit within our overall portfolio and redeploying capital into newer properties or properties where our aggressive management



techniques may maximize property values. We may engage from time to time in like-kind property exchanges, which allow us to dispose of properties and redeploy proceeds in a tax efficient manner.

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As part of our long-term business plan announced in November 2000, we announced plans to dispose of, over time, certain shopping centers and certain non-strategic assets, including our single tenant and miscellaneous properties, our garden apartment communities and our factory outlets, in order to refocus on our retail franchise. In September 2001, we sold our entire garden apartment portfolio for approximately \$380 million of gross proceeds. The proceeds were used to satisfy existing mortgage debt encumbering the apartment portfolio, pay down other outstanding debt and to fund a portion of the acquisition of the Arapahoe Crossings shopping center in October 2001. In the fourth quarter of 2002, we sold five of our six factory outlets centers for approximately \$195 million of gross proceeds. The proceeds were used to fund a portion of the acquisition of the Equity Investment Group portfolio. We also continue to generate proceeds from certain of our joint venture projects and notes receivable, as well as engage in specific capital transactions within our joint ventures. In total during 2002, excluding the sale of five of our factory outlet centers, we generated proceeds of approximately \$170 million from these transactions.

### Financing Strategy

We intend to finance future acquisitions with the most advantageous sources of capital available to us at the time, which may include the sale of common stock, preferred stock or debt securities through public offerings or private placements, the incurrence of additional indebtedness through secured or unsecured borrowings, and the reinvestment of proceeds from the disposition of properties or joint venture interests. We also may enter into joint ventures with institutions to acquire large properties or portfolios, reducing the amount of capital required by us to make such investments. Our financing strategy is to maintain a strong and flexible financial position by:

maintaining a prudent level of leverage in order to maintain current credit ratings,

maintaining a large pool of unencumbered properties, and

managing our exposure to interest rate risk from our floating rate debt.

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### CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our actual capitalization as of March 31, 2003 on a historical basis, and on an as adjusted basis giving effect to this offering and the application of the net proceeds from this offering (assuming no exercise by the underwriter of its over-allotment option), the Series E preferred stock offering, and the redemption of our Series B preferred stock, as if all such events had occurred on March 31, 2003.

	March 31, 2003	
	Actual	As Adjusted
	(In thousands)	
<b>Debt:</b>		
Mortgages payable, including unamortized premium of \$19,581 at March 31, 2003	\$ 549,213	\$ 549,213
3.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2023, net of unamortized discount of \$1,000 on an as adjusted basis		99,000
Notes payable, net of unamortized discount of \$2,120 at March 31, 2003	784,383	784,383

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	March 31, 2003	
Credit facilities	410,000	276,900
Total debt	1,743,596	1,709,496
Minority interest	39,367	39,367
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 25,000 shares authorized: Series B: 6,300 depositary shares, each representing <sup>1</sup> / <sub>10</sub> of one share of Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, 630 shares outstanding on an actual basis, and none outstanding on an as adjusted basis; Series D: 1,500 depositary shares, each representing <sup>1</sup> / <sub>10</sub> of one share of Series D Cumulative Voting Step-Up Premium Rate Preferred, 150 shares outstanding on an actual and as adjusted basis; Series E: 8,000 depositary shares each representing <sup>1</sup> / <sub>10</sub> of one share of Series E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, none outstanding on an actual basis, and 800 shares outstanding on an as adjusted basis	8	10
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 250,000 shares authorized: 97,053 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2003	970	970
Additional paid-in capital	1,827,565	1,863,263
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(316)	(316)
Accumulated distributions in excess of net income	(263,058)	(263,058)
Total stockholders' equity	1,565,169	1,600,869
Total capitalization	\$ 3,348,132	\$ 3,349,732

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**RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES**

Our historical ratio of earnings to fixed charges for each of the periods indicated were as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2003	Years Ended December 31,				Five Months Ended December 31, 1998	Year Ended July 31, 1998
	2002	2001	2000	1999		
2.3	1.2	1.7	1.8	2.3	2.4	2.4

For purposes of computing these ratios, earnings have been calculated by adding fixed charges, excluding capitalized interest, to income from continuing operations before adjustment for minority interests in consolidated partnerships and undistributed income from equity investees. Fixed charges consist of interest costs, whether expensed or capitalized, the interest component of rental expense, if any, and amortization of debt discounts and issue costs, whether expensed or capitalized.

**PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK AND DIVIDEND POLICY**

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "NXL." As of March 31, 2003, there were approximately 9,750 registered record holders of our common stock, plus those who hold their shares in street name. The following table shows the high and low closing sales prices, as reported by the New York Stock Exchange composite tape, and the cash dividends declared for the fiscal periods indicated for our common stock. The last reported sales price of our common stock on the New York Stock Exchange on May 13, 2003 was \$20.68.

	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>	<u>Cash Dividends Declared</u>
<b>2001:</b>			
First quarter	\$ 16.19	\$ 13.125	\$ 0.4125
Second quarter	17.99	15.05	0.4125
Third quarter	18.19	15.47	0.4125
Fourth quarter	19.59	16.62	0.4125
<b>2002:</b>			
First quarter	\$ 20.49	\$ 17.55	\$ 0.4125
Second quarter	21.00	18.70	0.4125
Third quarter	20.77	15.51	0.4125
Fourth quarter	19.69	15.77	0.4125
<b>2003:</b>			
First quarter	\$ 20.07	\$ 17.68	\$ 0.4125
Second quarter (through May 13)	20.98	19.61	0.4125(1)

- (1) The dividend for the second quarter of 2003 was declared on May 5, 2003 and is payable on July 15, 2003 to common stockholders of record on July 1, 2003.

#### Dividend Policy

Distributions to stockholders are usually taxable as ordinary income, although a portion of the dividend may be designated as capital gain or may constitute a tax-free return of capital. Annually, we provide each of our stockholders a statement detailing distributions paid during the preceding year and their characterization as ordinary income, capital gain or return of capital.

We intend to continue to declare quarterly distributions. However, we cannot provide any assurance as to the amount or timing of future distributions. Under our existing credit facility and term loan, we are restricted from paying common stock dividends that would exceed 95% of our funds from operations during any four-quarter period, except as necessary to protect our REIT status.

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#### DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES

The following description of the particular terms of these notes supplements, and to the extent inconsistent replaces, the description of the general terms and provisions of debt securities set forth under the caption "Description of Debt Securities" beginning on page 4 of the accompanying prospectus. The following summary of certain terms of the notes and the Indenture (as defined below) is not complete. You should refer to the Indenture under which the notes will be issued, a copy of which is included as an exhibit to our Form 8-K filed on February 3, 1999. Capitalized terms used in this prospectus supplement but not defined in this prospectus supplement have the meanings assigned in the accompanying prospectus and/or the Indenture.

The notes will be issued as a part of a single series of senior debt securities under an Indenture, dated as of February 3, 1999, as amended, supplemented or modified from time to time (the "Indenture"), between us and U.S. Bank Trust National Association (as successor to State Street Bank and Trust Company), as trustee (the "Trustee"), and pursuant to resolutions of our board of directors and an officers' certificate, setting forth the principal, interest and other terms of the notes. The Indenture is subject to, and governed by, the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended. The terms of the notes will include those provisions contained in the Indenture and the officers' certificate and those made part of the Indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended.

#### General

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The notes will be our direct senior unsecured obligations and will rank equally with all of our other existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness from time to time outstanding. The notes will be effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness. The notes will also be effectively subordinated to all unsecured and secured liabilities and guarantees issued by our subsidiaries.

The Indenture does not limit the aggregate principal amount of securities that may be issued thereunder, and securities may be issued thereunder from time to time as a single series or in two or more separate series up to the aggregate principal amount from time to time authorized by us for each series. The notes are limited to \$100,000,000 in aggregate principal amount (\$115,000,000 if the underwriter exercises in full its over-allotment option to purchase additional notes). The terms of the notes do not limit the amount of additional liabilities that we or our subsidiaries can create, incur, assume or guarantee.

The notes will mature on June 1, 2023 unless earlier redeemed at our option as described under " Optional Redemption," repurchased by us at a holder's option, on certain dates, as described under " Purchase of Notes by Us at the Option of the Holder" or upon a Fundamental Change (as defined below) as described under " Fundamental Change Requires Purchase of Notes by Us at the Option of the Holder" or converted at a holder's option as described below under " Conversion Rights." The notes will initially be offered at a price to investors of \$990 per note. You have the option, subject to fulfillment of certain conditions described below, to convert your notes into shares of our common stock initially at a conversion rate of 40 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes. This is equivalent to an initial conversion price of \$25.00 per share of common stock. The conversion rate is subject to adjustment if certain events occur as described in " Conversion Rights Conversion Rate Adjustments." Upon conversion, you will not receive any payment for interest accrued to the conversion date nor will the conversion rate be adjusted for accrued and unpaid interest. Upon conversion, we may choose to deliver, in lieu of shares of our common stock, cash or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, as described below.

If any interest payment date, maturity date, redemption date or purchase date (including upon the occurrence of a Fundamental Change, as defined below) of a note falls on a day that is not a business day, the required payment will be made on the next succeeding business day as if made on the date

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that the payment was due and no additional interest will accrue on that payment for the period from and after such interest payment date, maturity date, redemption date or purchase date (including upon the occurrence of a Fundamental Change), as the case may be, to the date of that payment on the next succeeding business day. As used in this prospectus supplement, the term "business day" means, with respect to any note, any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a day on which banking institutions in The City of New York are authorized or required by law, regulation or executive order to close.

Holders of notes will be subject to the ownership restrictions in our charter which provides, with certain exceptions, that no person may own, actually or constructively, more than 9.8% by value of our capital stock. See "Restrictions on Ownership of Capital Stock" in the accompanying prospectus. For this purpose, a holder of notes will be treated as owning the common stock into which the notes could be converted.

### **Interest**

The notes will accrue interest at a rate of 3.75% per year from May 19, 2003 or from the most recent interest payment date to which interest has been paid or duly provided for, payable semiannually in arrears on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning December 1, 2003. The notes will be issued only in denominations of \$1,000 principal amount and integral multiples of \$1,000 principal amount.

Interest will be paid to the person in whose name a note is registered at the close of business on May 15 or November 15, as the case may be, immediately preceding the relevant interest payment date. Interest on the notes will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months. Payments of principal of and premium, if any, and interest on the notes will be made by us through the Trustee to the Depository. See " Book-Entry Notes." Upon conversion, you will not receive any payment for interest accrued to the conversion date nor will the conversion rate be adjusted for accrued and unpaid interest.

### **Optional Redemption**

No sinking fund is provided for the notes. Prior to June 9, 2008, the notes will not be redeemable. On or after June 9, 2008, we may redeem for cash all or part of the notes at any time, upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice before the redemption date by mail to the Trustee, at the redemption prices set forth below if redeemed during the twelve-month period beginning on June 9 of the years indicated below, plus accrued and unpaid interest:

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Year	Percentage of principal amount
2008	101.07%
2009	100.54%
2010 and thereafter	100.00%

If we decide to redeem fewer than all of the outstanding notes, the Trustee will select the notes to be redeemed (in principal amounts of \$1,000 or integral multiples thereof) by lot, or on a pro rata basis or by another method the Trustee considers fair and appropriate.

If the Trustee selects a portion of your note for partial redemption and you convert a portion of the same note, the converted portion will be deemed to be from the portion selected for redemption.

In the event of any redemption in part, we will not be required to:

issue, register the transfer of or exchange any note during a period of 15 days before the mailing of the redemption notice; or

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register the transfer of or exchange any note so selected for redemption, in whole or in part, except the unredeemed portion of any note being redeemed in part.

### Conversion Rights

Subject to the conditions and during the periods described below, holders may convert each of their notes into shares of our common stock initially at a conversion rate of 40 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of \$25.00 per share of common stock based on the issue price of the notes). The conversion rate and the conversion price in effect at any given time are referred to as the "applicable conversion rate" and the "applicable conversion price," respectively, and will be subject to adjustment as described below. A holder may convert fewer than all of such holder's notes so long as the notes converted are an integral multiple of \$1,000 principal amount. Upon conversion, we may choose to deliver, in lieu of shares of our common stock, cash or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, as described below.

Subject to the fourth succeeding paragraph, you will not receive any payment representing accrued and unpaid interest upon conversion of a note and we will not adjust the conversion rate to account for the accrued and unpaid interest. Upon conversion we will deliver to you a fixed number of shares of our common stock (or cash as described below) and any cash payment to account for fractional shares. The cash payment for fractional shares will be based on the last reported sale price of our common stock on the trading day immediately prior to the conversion date. The Trustee will initially act as the conversion agent.

If a holder converts notes, we will pay any documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax due on the issue of any shares of our common stock upon the conversion, unless the tax is due because the holder requests the shares to be issued or delivered to a person other than the holder, in which case the holder will pay that tax.

If a holder wishes to exercise its conversion right, such holder must deliver a conversion notice, together, if the notes are in certificated form, with the certificated security, to the conversion agent along with appropriate endorsements and transfer documents, if required, pay any transfer or similar tax, if required, and pay funds equal to the interest payable on the next interest payment date, if required. The conversion agent will, on the holder's behalf, convert the notes into shares of our common stock (or cash, as described below). Holders may obtain copies of the required form of the conversion notice from the conversion agent. If applicable, a certificate for the number of full shares of our common stock into which any notes are converted, together with any cash payment for fractional shares, will be delivered through the conversion agent as described below.

If a holder has already delivered a purchase notice as described under either "Purchase of Notes by Us at the Option of the Holder" or "Fundamental Change Requires Purchase of Notes by Us at the Option of the Holder" with respect to a note, however, the holder may not surrender that note for conversion until the holder has properly withdrawn the purchase notice.

Holders of notes at the close of business on a regular record date will receive payment of interest payable on the corresponding interest payment date notwithstanding the conversion of such notes at any time after the close of business on such regular record date. However, notes surrendered for conversion by a holder during the period from the close of business on any regular record date to the opening of business on the

corresponding interest payment date, except for notes to be redeemed within this period or on the next interest payment date, must be accompanied by payment of an amount equal to the interest that the holder is to receive on the notes. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, no payment or adjustment will be made for accrued interest on any converted note.

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Holders may surrender their notes for conversion prior to stated maturity only in the circumstances described below under " Conversion Upon Satisfaction of Sale Price Condition," " Conversion Upon Redemption" and " Conversion Upon Specified Corporate Transactions."

*Conversion Upon Satisfaction of Sale Price Condition*

A holder may surrender any of its notes for conversion in any calendar quarter (and only during such calendar quarter) if the last reported sale price of our common stock for at least 20 trading days during the period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the previous calendar quarter is greater than or equal to 120% of the applicable conversion price on such last trading day.

As used in this prospectus supplement, the "last reported sale price" of our common stock on any date means the closing sale price per share (or if no closing sale price is reported, the average of the bid and ask prices or, if more than one in either case, the average of the average bid and the average ask prices) on that date as reported in composite transactions for the principal U.S. securities exchange on which our common stock is traded or, if our common stock is not listed on a U.S. national or regional securities exchange, as reported by the Nasdaq National Market.

If our common stock is not listed for trading on a U.S. national or regional securities exchange and not reported by the Nasdaq National Market on the relevant date, the "last reported sale price" will be the last quoted bid price for our common stock in the over-the-counter market on the relevant date as reported by the National Quotation Bureau or similar organization.

If our common stock is not so quoted, the "last reported sale price" will be the average of the mid-point of the last bid and ask prices for our common stock on the relevant date from each of at least three nationally recognized independent investment banking firms selected by us for this purpose.

*Conversion Upon Redemption*

If we notify holders that we intend to redeem the notes, holders may convert their notes at any time prior to the close of business on the second business day immediately preceding the redemption date, even if the notes are not otherwise convertible at such time.

*Conversion Upon Specified Corporate Transactions*

If we elect to:

distribute to all holders of our common stock certain rights entitling them to purchase, for a period expiring within 60 days after the date of the distribution, shares of our common stock at less than the last reported sale price of a share of our common stock on the trading day immediately preceding the declaration date of the distribution, or

distribute to all holders of our common stock our assets, debt securities or rights to purchase our securities, which distribution has a per share value as determined by our board of directors exceeding 15% of the last reported sale price of a share of our common stock on the trading day immediately preceding the declaration date for such distribution,

we must notify the holders of the notes at least 20 business days prior to the ex-dividend date for such distribution. Once we have given such notice, holders may surrender their notes for conversion at any time until the earlier of the close of business on the business day immediately prior to the ex-dividend date or our announcement that such distribution will not take place, even if the notes are not otherwise convertible at such time; provided, however, that a holder may not exercise this right to convert if the holder, in its capacity as a holder of notes, may participate in the distribution without conversion. The ex-dividend date is the first date upon which a sale of the common stock does not automatically transfer the right to receive the relevant dividend from the seller of the common stock to its buyer.

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In addition, if we are party to a consolidation, merger or binding share exchange pursuant to which our common stock would be converted into cash or property other than securities, a holder may surrender notes for conversion at any time from and after the date which is 15 days prior to the anticipated effective date of the transaction until 15 days after the actual effective date of such transaction. If we engage in certain reclassifications of our common stock or are a party to a consolidation, merger, binding share exchange or transfer of all or substantially all of our assets pursuant to which our common stock is converted into cash, securities or other property, then at the effective time of the transaction, the right to convert a note into our common stock (or cash, as described below) will be changed into the right to convert a note into the kind and amount of cash, securities or other property that the holder would have received if the holder had converted its notes immediately prior to the transaction and received our common stock. If we engage in any transaction described in the preceding sentence, the conversion rate will not be adjusted. If the transaction occurs prior to June 1, 2010 and also constitutes a Fundamental Change, as defined below, a holder can require us to purchase all or a portion of its notes as described below under " Fundamental Change Requires Purchase of Notes by Us at the Option of the Holder."

*Payment Upon Conversion*

*Conversion On or Prior to the Final Notice Date.* In the event that we receive your notice of conversion on or prior to the date that is 20 days prior to maturity or, with respect to notes being redeemed, the applicable redemption date (the "final notice date"), the following procedures will apply:

If we choose to satisfy all or any portion of our obligation to convert the notes (the "conversion obligation") in cash, we will notify you through the Trustee of the dollar amount to be satisfied in cash (which must be expressed either as 100% of the conversion obligation or as a fixed dollar amount) at any time on or before the date that is two business days following receipt of your notice of conversion (the "cash settlement notice period"). If we timely elect to pay cash for any portion of the shares otherwise issuable to you upon conversion, you may retract the conversion notice at any time during the two business days following the final day of the cash settlement notice period (the "conversion retraction period"). No such retraction can be made (and a conversion notice shall be irrevocable) if we do not elect to deliver cash in lieu of shares (other than cash in lieu of fractional shares). Upon the expiration of a conversion retraction period, a conversion notice shall be irrevocable. If the conversion notice has not been retracted, then settlement (in cash and/or shares) will occur on the business day following the final day of the 20 trading day period beginning on the day after the final day of the conversion retraction period (the "cash settlement averaging period").

Settlement amounts will be computed as follows:

If we elect to satisfy the entire conversion obligation in shares, we will deliver to you a number of shares equal to (i) the aggregate principal amount of notes to be converted divided by 1,000, multiplied by (ii) the conversion rate. In addition, we will pay cash for all fractional shares of common stock.

If we elect to satisfy the entire conversion obligation in cash, we will deliver to you cash in an amount equal to the product of:

a number equal to (i) the aggregate principal amount of notes to be converted divided by 1,000, multiplied by (ii) the conversion rate, and

the average last reported sale price of our common stock during the cash settlement averaging period.

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If we elect to satisfy a fixed portion (other than 100%) of the conversion obligation in cash, we will deliver to you the specified cash amount (the "cash amount") and a number of shares of our common stock equal to the greater of (i) zero and (ii) the excess, if any, of the number of shares calculated as if we elected to satisfy the entire

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conversion obligation in shares over the number of shares equal to the sum, for each day of the cash settlement averaging period, of (x) 5% of the cash amount, divided by (y) the last reported sale price of our common stock. In addition, we will pay cash for all fractional shares of common stock. Because, in this case, the number of shares of our common stock that we deliver on conversion will be calculated over a 20 trading day period, holders of notes bear the market risk that our common stock will decline in value between each day of the cash settlement averaging period and the day we deliver the shares of common stock upon conversion.

"Trading day" means a day during which trading in securities generally occurs on the New York Stock Exchange or, if our common stock is not listed on the New York Stock Exchange, on the principal other national or regional securities exchange on which our common stock is then listed or, if our common stock is not listed on a national or regional securities exchange, on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation System or, if our common stock is not quoted on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation System, on the principal other market on which our common stock is then traded.

*Conversion After the Final Notice Date.* With respect to conversion notices that we receive after the final notice date, we will not send individual notices of our election to satisfy all or any portion of the conversion obligation in cash. Instead, at any time on or before the final notice date, if we choose to satisfy all or any portion of the conversion obligation with respect to conversions after the final notice date in cash, we will send a single notice to the Trustee of the dollar amount to be satisfied in cash (which must be expressed either as 100% of the conversion obligation or as a fixed dollar amount).

In the event that we receive your notice of conversion after the final notice date, settlement amounts will be computed and settlement dates will be determined in the same manner as set forth above under "Conversion On or Prior to the Final Notice Date" except that the "cash settlement averaging period" shall be the 20 trading day period beginning on the trading day following receipt of your notice of conversion. If your conversion notice is received after the final notice date, you will not be allowed to retract the conversion notice. Settlement (in cash and/or shares) will occur on the business day following the final day of such cash settlement averaging period.

### *Conversion Rate Adjustments*

The applicable conversion rate will be subject to adjustment upon the following events:

- (1) the payment of dividends and other distributions on our common stock payable exclusively in shares of our common stock or our other capital stock;
- (2) the issuance to all holders of our common stock of rights or warrants that allow the holders to purchase shares of our common stock for a period expiring within 60 days from the date of issuance of the rights or warrants at less than the market price on the record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to receive the rights or warrants;
- (3) subdivisions, combinations, or certain reclassifications of our common stock;
- (4) distributions to all holders of our common stock of our assets, debt securities or rights or warrants to purchase our securities (excluding rights or warrants referred to in clause (2) above, regular dividends paid exclusively in cash and any dividend or distribution referred to in clause (1) above), if these distributions, aggregated on a rolling twelve-month basis, have a per share value exceeding 15% of the market price of our common stock on the trading day

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immediately preceding the declaration of the distribution. In cases where (a) the fair market value per share of common stock of the assets, debt securities or rights or warrants to purchase our securities distributed to shareholders equals or exceeds the market price of our common stock on the record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to receive such distribution, or (b) the market price of our common stock exceeds the fair market value per share of common stock of the assets, debt securities or rights or warrants so distributed by less than \$1.00, rather than being entitled to an adjustment in the conversion rate, the holder will be entitled to receive upon conversion, in addition to the shares of our common stock, the kind and amount of assets, debt securities or rights or warrants comprising the distribution that the holder would have received if the holder had converted the holder's notes immediately prior to the record date for determining the shareholders entitled to receive the distribution; and



(5)

regular cash distributions made during any of our quarterly fiscal periods to all holders of outstanding shares of our common stock exceeding \$0.4125 per share of our common stock (appropriately adjusted for any stock dividends on or subdivisions or combinations of our common stock).

In addition to these adjustments, we may increase the applicable conversion rate as our board of directors considers advisable to avoid or diminish any income tax to holders of our common stock or rights to purchase our common stock resulting from any dividend or distribution of stock (or rights to acquire stock) or from any event treated as such for income tax purposes. We may also, from time to time, to the extent permitted by applicable law, increase the applicable conversion rate by any amount for any period of at least 20 days if our board of directors has determined that such increase would be in our best interests. If our board of directors makes such a determination, it will be conclusive. We will give holders of notes at least 15 days' notice of such an increase in the applicable conversion rate.

As used in this prospectus supplement, "market price" means the average of the last reported sale prices per share of our common stock for the 20 trading day period ending on the third business day prior to the applicable purchase date (including upon the occurrence of a Fundamental Change) or the date of determination (if the third business day prior to the applicable purchase date or the date of determination is a trading day or, if not, then on the last trading day prior to the third business day), appropriately adjusted to take into account the occurrence, during the period commencing on the first of the trading days during the 20 trading day period and ending on the applicable purchase date or the date of determination, of any event that would result in an adjustment of the applicable conversion rate.

For a discussion of the United States federal income tax treatment of an adjustment to the applicable conversion rate, see "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Considerations Adjustment of Conversion Rate."

No adjustment to the applicable conversion rate or the ability of a holder of a note to convert will be made if the holder will otherwise participate in the distribution without conversion.

The applicable conversion price will not be adjusted:

upon the issuance of any shares of our common stock pursuant to any present or future plan providing for the reinvestment of dividends or interest payable on our securities and the investment of additional optional amounts in shares of our common stock under any plan;

upon the issuance of any shares of our common stock or options or rights to purchase those shares pursuant to any present or future employee, director or consultant benefit plan or program of or assumed by us or any of our subsidiaries;

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upon the issuance of any shares of our common stock pursuant to any option, warrant, right or exercisable, exchangeable or convertible security not described in the preceding bullet and outstanding as of the date the notes were first issued;

for a change in the par value of the common stock; or

for accrued and unpaid interest.

To the extent that our rights plan is still in effect, upon any conversion of the notes into common stock, the holders will receive, in addition to the common stock, the rights described in our rights plan, whether or not the rights have separated from the common stock at the time of conversion, subject to certain limited exceptions. See "Description of Common Stock" in the underlying prospectus. If we implement a new rights plan, we will be required under the Indenture to provide that the holders of notes will receive the rights described in the new rights plan upon conversion of the notes, whether or not these rights were separated from the common stock prior to conversion, subject to certain limited exceptions.

No adjustment in the applicable conversion price will be required unless the adjustment would require an increase or decrease of at least 1% of the applicable conversion price. If the adjustment is not made because the adjustment does not change the applicable conversion price by more than 1%, then the adjustment that is not made will be carried forward and taken into account in any future adjustment.

**Purchase of Notes by Us at the Option of the Holder**

Holders have the right to require us to purchase the notes on June 1, 2010, June 1, 2013 and June 1, 2018 (each, a "purchase date"). We will be required to purchase any outstanding notes for which a holder delivers a written purchase notice to the paying agent. This notice must be delivered during the period beginning at any time from the opening of business on the date that is 20 business days prior to the relevant purchase date until the close of business on the fifth business day prior to the purchase date. If the purchase notice is given and withdrawn during such period, we will not be obligated to purchase the related notes. Our purchase obligation will be subject to some additional conditions as described in the Indenture.

The purchase price payable will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be purchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest to such purchase date. We may choose to pay the purchase price in cash, with shares of our common stock valued at the market price, or with a combination of cash and our common stock (valued in that manner). For a discussion of the United States federal income tax treatment of a holder receiving cash, see "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Considerations."

On or before the 20th business day prior to each purchase date, we will provide to the Trustee, the paying agent and to all holders of the notes at their addresses shown in the register of the registrar, and to beneficial owners as required by applicable law, a notice stating, among other things:

the purchase price;

whether we will pay the purchase price of notes in cash or common stock or any combination thereof, specifying the percentage of each;

if we elect to pay in common stock, the method of calculating the market price of the common stock;

the name and address of the paying agent and the conversion agent; and

the procedures that holders must follow to require us to purchase their notes.

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Simultaneously with providing such notice, we will publish a notice containing this information in a newspaper of general circulation in The City of New York or publish the information on our website or through such other public medium as we may use at that time.

A notice electing to require us to purchase your notes must state:

if certificated notes have been issued, the certificate numbers of the notes;

the portion of the principal amount of notes to be purchased, in integral multiples of \$1,000; and

that the notes are to be purchased by us pursuant to the applicable provisions of the notes and the Indenture.

If the notes are not in certificated form, your notice must comply with appropriate DTC procedures.

No notes may be purchased at the option of holders if there has occurred and is continuing an event of default other than an event of default that is cured by the payment of the purchase price of the notes.

You may withdraw any purchase notice in whole or in part by a written notice of withdrawal delivered to the paying agent prior to the close of business on the business day prior to the purchase date. The notice of withdrawal must state:

the principal amount of the withdrawn notes;

if certificated notes have been issued, the certificate numbers of the withdrawn notes; and

the principal amount, if any, which remains subject to the purchase notice.

If the notes are not in certificated form, your notice must comply with appropriate DTC procedures.

We will pay cash based on the market price for all fractional shares of common stock in the event we elect to deliver common stock in payment, in whole or in part, of the purchase price.

Because the market price of the common stock is determined prior to the applicable purchase date, holders of notes bear the market risk with respect to the value of the common stock to be received from the date such market price is determined to such purchase date. We may pay the purchase price or any portion of the purchase price in common stock only if the information necessary to calculate the market price is published in a daily newspaper of national circulation.

You must either effect book-entry transfer or deliver the notes, together with necessary endorsements, to the office of the paying agent after delivery of the purchase notice to receive payment of the purchase price. You will receive payment promptly following the later of the purchase date or the time of book-entry transfer or the delivery of the notes. If the paying agent holds money or securities sufficient to pay the purchase price of the notes on the business day following the purchase date, then:

the notes will cease to be outstanding and interest will cease to accrue (whether or not book-entry transfer of the notes is made or whether or not the note is delivered to the paying agent); and

all other rights of the holder will terminate (other than the right to receive the purchase price upon delivery or transfer of the notes).

#### **Fundamental Change Requires Purchase of Notes by Us at the Option of the Holder**

If a Fundamental Change (as defined below in this section) occurs at any time prior to June 1, 2010, you will have the right, at your option, to require us to purchase any or all of your notes, or any

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portion of the principal amount thereof, that is equal to \$1,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000. The price we are required to pay is equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be purchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest, to the Fundamental Change purchase date. We may choose to pay the purchase price in cash, with shares of our common stock valued at the market price, or with a combination of cash and our common stock (valued in that manner). If a Fundamental Change occurs on or after June 1, 2010, no holder will have a right to require us to purchase any notes, except as described above under "Purchase of Notes by Us at the Option of the Holder." For a discussion of the United States federal income tax treatment of a holder receiving cash, see "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Considerations."

A "Fundamental Change" will be deemed to have occurred at the time after the notes are originally issued that any of the following occurs:

(1)

a "person" or "group" within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 other than us, our subsidiaries or our or their employee benefit plans, files a Schedule TO or any schedule, form or report under the Exchange Act disclosing that such person or group has become the direct or indirect ultimate "beneficial owner," as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act, of our common equity representing more than 50% of the voting power of our common equity entitled to vote generally in the election of directors;

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- (2) consummation of any share exchange, consolidation or merger of us or any sale, lease or other transfer in one transaction or a series of transactions of all or substantially all of the consolidated assets of us and our subsidiaries, taken as a whole, to any person other than us or one or more of our subsidiaries, pursuant to which our common stock will be converted into cash, securities or other property; provided, however, that a transaction where the holders of our common equity immediately prior to such transaction have directly or indirectly, more than 50% of the aggregate voting power of all classes of common equity of the continuing or surviving corporation or transferee entitled to vote generally in the election of directors immediately after such event shall not be a Fundamental Change; or
- (3) continuing directors (as defined below in this section) cease to constitute at least a majority of our board of directors.

A Fundamental Change will not be deemed to have occurred in respect of any of the foregoing, however, if either:

1. the last reported sale price of our common stock for any five trading days within the 10 consecutive trading days ending immediately before the later of the Fundamental Change or the public announcement thereof, equals or exceeds 105% of the conversion price of the notes immediately before the Fundamental Change or the public announcement thereof, or
2. at least 90% of the consideration, excluding cash payments for fractional shares, in the transaction or transactions constituting the Fundamental Change consists of shares of capital stock traded on a national securities exchange or quoted on the Nasdaq National Market or which will be so traded or quoted when issued or exchanged in connection with a Fundamental Change (these securities being referred to as "publicly traded securities") and as a result of this transaction or transactions the notes become convertible into such publicly traded securities, excluding cash payments for fractional shares.

For purposes of the above paragraph the term capital stock of any person means any and all shares (including ordinary shares or American Depositary Shares), interests, participations, or other equivalents however designated of corporate stock or other equity participations, including partnership interests, whether general or limited, of such person and any rights (other than debt securities convertible or exchangeable into an equity interest), warrants or options to acquire an equity interest in such person.

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"Continuing director" means a director who either was a member of our board of directors on the date of this prospectus supplement or who becomes a member of our board of directors subsequent to that date and whose appointment or election or nomination for election by our stockholders is duly approved by a majority of the continuing directors on our board of directors at the time of such approval, either by a specific vote or by approval of the proxy statement issued by us on behalf of the board of directors in which such individual is named as nominee for director.

On or before the 30th day after the occurrence of a Fundamental Change, we will provide to all holders of the notes and the Trustee and paying agent a notice of the occurrence of the Fundamental Change and of the resulting purchase right. Such notice shall state, among other things:

the events causing a Fundamental Change;

the date of the Fundamental Change;

the last date on which a holder may exercise the purchase right;

the Fundamental Change purchase price;

the Fundamental Change purchase date;

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whether we will pay the purchase price in cash or common stock or any combination thereof, specifying the percentages of each;

if we elect to pay in common stock, the method of calculating the market price of the common stock;

the name and address of the paying agent and the conversion agent;

the conversion rate and any adjustments to the conversion rate;

the notes with respect to which a Fundamental Change purchase notice has been given by the holder may be converted only if the holder withdraws the Fundamental Change purchase notice in accordance with the terms of the Indenture; and

the procedures that holders must follow to require us to purchase their notes.

Simultaneously with providing such notice, we will publish a notice containing this information in a newspaper of general circulation in The City of New York or publish the information on our website or through such other public medium as we may use at that time.

To exercise the purchase right, you must deliver, on or before the 35th day after the date of our notice of a Fundamental Change, subject to extension to comply with applicable law, the notes to be purchased, duly endorsed for transfer, together with a written purchase notice and the form entitled "Form of Fundamental Change Purchase Notice" on the reverse side of the notes duly completed, to the paying agent. Your purchase notice must state:

if certificated, the certificate numbers of your notes to be delivered for purchase;

the portion of the principal amount of notes to be purchased, which must be \$1,000 or an integral multiple thereof; and

that the notes are to be purchased by us pursuant to the applicable provisions of the notes and the Indenture.

If the notes are not in certificated form, your notice must comply with appropriate DTC procedures.

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You may withdraw any purchase notice (in whole or in part) by a written notice of withdrawal delivered to the paying agent prior to the close of business on the business day prior to the Fundamental Change purchase date. The notice of withdrawal shall state:

the principal amount of the withdrawn notes;

if certificated notes have been issued, the certificate numbers of the withdrawn notes; and

the principal amount, if any, which remains subject to the purchase notice.

If the notes are not in certificated form, your notice must comply with appropriate DTC procedures.

We will be required to purchase the notes no later than 35 business days after the date of our notice of the occurrence of the relevant Fundamental Change subject to extension to comply with applicable law. You will receive payment of the Fundamental Change purchase price

promptly following the later of the Fundamental Change purchase date or the time of book-entry transfer or the delivery of the notes. If the paying agent holds money or securities sufficient to pay the Fundamental Change purchase price of the notes on the business day following the Fundamental Change purchase date, then:

the notes will cease to be outstanding and interest will cease to accrue (whether or not book-entry transfer of the notes is made or whether or not the note is delivered to the paying agent); and

all other rights of the holder will terminate (other than the right to receive the Fundamental Change purchase price upon delivery or transfer of the notes).

The rights of the holders to require us to purchase their notes upon a Fundamental Change could discourage a potential acquirer of us. The Fundamental Change purchase feature, however, is not the result of management's knowledge of any specific effort to accumulate shares of common stock, to obtain control of us by any means or part of a plan by management to adopt a series of anti-takeover provisions. Instead, the Fundamental Change purchase feature is a standard term contained in other offerings of debt securities similar to the notes that have been marketed by the underwriter. The terms of the Fundamental Change purchase feature resulted from negotiations between the underwriter and us.

Our obligation to make a Fundamental Change offer will be satisfied if a third party makes the Fundamental Change offer in the manner and at the times and otherwise in compliance in all material respects with the requirements applicable to a Fundamental Change offer made by us and purchases all notes properly tendered and not withdrawn under the Fundamental Change offer.

The term Fundamental Change is limited to specified transactions and may not include other events that might adversely affect our financial condition. In addition, the requirement that we offer to purchase the notes upon a Fundamental Change may not protect holders in the event of a highly leveraged transaction, reorganization, merger or similar transaction involving us.

No notes may be purchased at the option of holders upon a Fundamental Change if there has occurred and is continuing an event of default other than an event of default that is cured by the payment of the Fundamental Change purchase price of the notes.

The definition of Fundamental Change includes a phrase relating to the conveyance, transfer, sale, lease or disposition of "all or substantially all" of our consolidated assets. There is no precise, established definition of the phrase "substantially all" under applicable law. Accordingly, the ability of a holder of the notes to require us to purchase its notes as a result of the conveyance, transfer, sale, lease or other disposition of less than all of our assets may be uncertain.

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We have, and may in the future incur, other indebtedness with similar change in control provisions permitting our holders to accelerate or to require us to purchase our indebtedness upon the occurrence of similar events or on some specific dates.

#### **Covenants**

The covenants contained in the Indenture limiting the amount of debt that we may incur, as described in the accompanying prospectus under the heading "Description of Debt Securities Certain Covenants Senior Debt Securities Indenture Limitations on Incurrence of Debt" are deleted for purposes of the notes. Accordingly, as it relates to the notes, the Indenture does not limit the amount of additional liabilities that we or our subsidiaries can create, incur, assume or guarantee.

#### **Mergers and Sales of Assets**

Although the types of transactions described in the accompanying prospectus under the heading "Description of Debt Securities Merger, Consolidation or Sale" are permitted under the Indenture, certain of these transactions occurring prior to June 1, 2010 could constitute a Fundamental Change (as defined above) permitting each holder to require us to purchase the notes of such holder as described above.

#### **Events of Default**

In addition to those events of default described in the accompanying prospectus under the heading "Description of Debt Securities Events of Default, Notice and Waiver," each of the following constitutes an event of default with respect to the notes:

default in our obligation to repurchase notes upon the occurrence of a Fundamental Change or exercise by a holder of its option to require us to repurchase such holder's notes; and

default in our obligation to redeem notes after we have exercised our redemption option.

In addition, the holders of at least a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding notes may waive an existing default as described in the accompanying prospectus under the heading "Description of Debt Securities Events of Default, Notice and Waiver" with respect to the notes and its consequences, other than:

- (i) any default in any payment of redemption price, purchase price or Fundamental Change purchase price with respect to any notes; or
- (ii) any default that constitutes a failure to convert any note in accordance with its terms and the terms of the Indenture.

Our obligations under the Indenture are not intended to provide creditor rights for amounts in excess of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest and redemption premium, if any.

#### **Modification and Waiver**

In addition to those provisions described in the accompanying prospectus under the heading "Description of Debt Securities Modification of the Indentures," the Indenture (including the terms and conditions of the notes) cannot be modified or amended without the consent of the holder of each outstanding note to:

reduce the redemption price, purchase price or Fundamental Change purchase price of the notes; and

make any change that adversely affects the right to convert the notes.

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#### **Calculations in Respect of Notes**

We will be responsible for making all calculations called for under the notes. These calculations include, but are not limited to, determinations of the market prices of our common stock, accrued interest payable on the notes and the conversion price of the notes. We will make all these calculations in good faith and, absent manifest error, our calculations will be final and binding on holders of notes. We will provide a schedule of our calculations to each of the Trustee and the conversion agent, and each of the Trustee and conversion agent is entitled to rely upon the accuracy of our calculations without independent verification. The Trustee will forward our calculations to any holder of notes upon the request of that holder.

#### **Form, Exchange, Registration and Transfer**

We will issue the notes in registered form, without interest coupons. Holders may present notes for conversion, registration of transfer and exchange at the office maintained by us for such purpose, which will initially be 100 Wall Street, 16th Floor, Corporate Trust Department, New York, New York 10005.

#### **Notices**

Except as otherwise described herein, notice to registered holders of the notes will be given by mail to the addresses as they appear in the security register. Notices will be deemed to have been given on the date of such mailing.

#### **Book-Entry Notes**

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Rather than issue the notes in the form of physical certificates, we will generally issue the notes in book-entry form evidenced by one or more global securities. We anticipate that any global securities will be deposited with, or on behalf of DTC and registered in the name of Cede & Co., as DTC's nominee.

DTC holds securities for its participants to facilitate the clearance and settlement of securities transactions, such as transfers and pledges, among participants through electronic book-entry changes to accounts of its participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Participants include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and other organizations. Some of the participants, or their representatives, together with other entities, own DTC.

Purchases of notes under the DTC system must be made by or through participants, which will receive a credit for the notes on DTC's records. Holders who are DTC participants may hold their interests in global securities directly through DTC. Holders who are not DTC participants may beneficially own interests in a global security held by DTC only through DTC participants, or through banks, brokers, dealers, trust companies and other parties that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a participant and have indirect access to the DTC system. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser is recorded on the participant's and indirect participants' records. Purchasers will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase, but should receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the participant or indirect participant through which the purchasers entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the notes are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of participants and indirect participants acting on behalf of beneficial owners.

So long as Cede & Co. is the holder of any global security, Cede & Co. for all purposes will be considered the sole owner of the global security. The deposit of notes with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. will not change the beneficial ownership of the notes. DTC has no knowledge of the actual beneficial owners of the notes. DTC's records reflect only the identity of the

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participants to whose accounts the notes are credited, which may or may not be the beneficial owners. The participants are responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. consents or votes with respect to the notes. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails a proxy to the issuer as soon as possible after the record date. The proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to the participants whose accounts are credited with the notes on the record date. DTC has advised us that it will take any action permitted to be taken by a holder of notes only at the direction of participants whose accounts are credited with DTC interests in the relevant global security.

Unless our use of the book-entry system is discontinued, owners of beneficial interests in a global security will not be entitled to have certificates registered in their names, will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of certificates in definitive form, and will not be considered the holders of the global security. The laws of some jurisdictions require that some purchasers of securities take physical delivery of securities in definitive form. These laws may impair the ability of those holders to transfer their beneficial interests in the global security.

The global securities will be exchangeable for certificated notes only if:

we, in our sole discretion, elect to do so;

DTC is unwilling or unable to continue as depository and a successor depository is not appointed by us within 90 days; or

an event of default has occurred and is continuing with respect to the series of which the notes are a part and beneficial owners representing a majority in aggregate principal amount of that series advises DTC to cease acting as depository.

In any of the foregoing events, certificates for the notes will be printed and delivered in exchange for interests in the global security. Any global security that is so exchanged will be exchanged for notes of equal terms and rank, in authorized denominations and registered as directed by DTC. We expect that DTC's instruction will be based upon directions received by DTC from its participants with respect to ownership of beneficial interests in the global security.

Delivery of notices and other communications by DTC to participants, by participants to indirect participants and by participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements that may be in effect from time to time.



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Redemption notices will be sent to Cede & Co. If less than all of the principal amount of the series of securities of which the notes are a part is being redeemed, DTC will determine the amount of the interest of each direct participant in the notes to be redeemed in accordance with DTC's procedures.

Principal and interest payments on the notes will be made to Cede & Co. by wire transfer of immediately available funds. DTC's practice is to credit participants' accounts on the payment date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records unless DTC believes that it will not receive payment on the payment date. Payments by participants to beneficial owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in a "street name," and will be the responsibility of the participants and indirect participants.

DTC has advised us that it is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the

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Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC is owned by a number of its direct participants and by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to DTC's system is also available to others, such as securities brokers and dealers, banks and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a direct participant, either directly or indirectly.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that we believe to be reliable, but we are not responsible for its accuracy. The rules applicable to DTC and its participants are on file with the SEC. Neither we nor any trustee, registrar or paying agent are responsible for the performance by DTC or their participants or indirect participants under the rules and procedures governing their operations or for any aspect of the records relating to or payments made on account of beneficial ownership interests in the global securities or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to beneficial ownership interests.

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### **CERTAIN UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS**

The following is a general discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations to a holder with respect to the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes. For a description of the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of our common stock upon conversion of the notes, see the discussion under the heading "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus. This summary is generally limited to holders that purchase notes in the offering at the public offering price set forth on the cover of this prospectus supplement and hold the notes as "capital assets" (generally, property held for investment) for U.S. federal income tax purposes. This discussion does not describe all of the U.S. federal income tax consequences that may be relevant to a holder in light of its particular circumstances or to holders subject to special rules, such as tax-exempt organizations, holders subject to the U.S. federal alternative minimum tax, dealers in securities, financial institutions, insurance companies, regulated investment companies, certain former citizens or former long-term residents of the United States, partnerships or other pass-through entities, U.S. holders (as defined below) whose "functional currency" is not the U.S. dollar and persons that hold the notes in connection with a "straddle," "hedging," "conversion" or other risk reduction transaction.

The U.S. federal income tax considerations set forth below are based upon the Code, Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, court decisions, and rulings and pronouncements of the Internal Revenue Service, referred to as the "IRS," now in effect, all of which are subject to change. Prospective investors should particularly note that any such change could have retroactive application so as to result in U.S. federal income tax consequences different from those discussed below. We have not sought any ruling from the IRS with respect to statements made and conclusions reached in this discussion and there can be no assurance that the IRS will agree with such statements and conclusions.

As used herein, the term "U.S. holder" means a beneficial owner of a note that is for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States;

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a corporation or partnership, or other entity taxable as a corporation or partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia, unless, in the case of a partnership, Treasury regulations provide otherwise;

an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source; or

a trust, if a court within the United States is able to exercise primary jurisdiction over its administration and one or more U.S. persons have authority to control all of its substantial decisions, or if the trust has a valid election in effect under applicable Treasury regulations to be treated as a U.S. person. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, to the extent provided in the Treasury regulations, some trusts in existence on August 20, 1996, and treated as U.S. persons prior to this date that elect to continue to be treated as U.S. persons, will be considered U.S. holders.

As used herein, the term "non-U.S. holder" means a beneficial owner of a note that is not a U.S. holder.

If a partnership is a beneficial owner of a note, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership will generally depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. A beneficial owner that is a partnership and partners in such a partnership should consult their tax advisors about the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes.

This discussion does not address the tax consequences arising under any state, local or foreign law. In addition, this summary does not consider the effect of the U.S. federal estate or gift tax laws (except as set forth below with respect to certain U.S. federal estate tax consequences to non-U.S. holders).

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**Investors considering the purchase of the notes should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the application of the U.S. federal income tax laws to their particular situations as well as any tax consequences arising under the U.S. federal estate or gift tax rules or under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction or under any applicable tax treaty.**

### U.S. Holders

#### *Payments of Interest*

A U.S. holder will be required to recognize as ordinary income any interest paid or accrued on the notes, in accordance with the holder's regular method of tax accounting.

#### *Sale, Redemption or Exchange of Notes*

A U.S. holder generally will recognize capital gain or loss if the holder disposes of a note in a sale, redemption or exchange (other than a conversion of the note solely into our common stock). The U.S. holder's gain or loss will equal the difference between the proceeds received by the holder (other than proceeds attributable to accrued interest) and the holder's adjusted tax basis in the note. The proceeds received by a U.S. holder will include the amount of any cash and the fair market value of any other property received for the note. The portion of any proceeds that is attributable to accrued interest will not be taken into account in computing the U.S. holder's capital gain or loss. Instead, that portion will be recognized as ordinary interest income to the extent that the U.S. holder has not previously included the accrued interest in taxable income. The gain or loss recognized by a U.S. holder on a disposition of the note will be long-term capital gain or loss if the holder held the note for more than one year. Long-term capital gains of noncorporate taxpayers are generally taxed at a lower maximum marginal tax rate than the maximum marginal tax rate applicable to ordinary income. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitation.

#### *Conversion of the Notes*

A U.S. holder generally should not recognize income, gain or loss upon conversion of the notes solely into our common stock, except with respect to cash received in lieu of fractional shares. The U.S. holder's tax basis in the common stock received on conversion should be the same as the holder's adjusted tax basis in the notes exchanged therefor at the time of conversion (reduced by any tax basis allocable to a fractional share), and the holding period for the common stock received on conversion should include the holding period of the notes that were converted. Cash received in lieu of a fractional share of common stock upon conversion of the notes into common stock will generally be treated as a

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payment in exchange for the fractional share of common stock. Accordingly, the receipt of cash in lieu of a fractional share of common stock generally will result in capital gain or loss measured by the difference between the cash received for the fractional share and the holder's adjusted tax basis in the fractional share. The gain or loss recognized by a U.S. holder with respect to cash received in lieu of a fractional share of common stock upon conversion of the notes into common stock will be long-term capital gain or loss if the holder held the note for more than one year at the time of such conversion.

If we decide to satisfy the conversion obligation in part cash and part common stock, the holder will recognize gain realized in the exchange to the extent of cash received, but no loss will be recognized on such conversion. The holder's tax basis in the common stock permitted to be received tax-free will equal the holder's tax basis in the corresponding note less the amount of cash received plus the amount of gain recognized on the conversion. The holder's holding period for the common stock received will include the holding period for the corresponding note. Alternatively, in the event that we decide to satisfy the conversion obligation entirely in cash, the holder will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the proceeds received by such holder (excluding amounts allocated to interest) and the holder's adjusted tax basis in the note. See "Sale, Redemption or Exchange of Notes" above.

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### *Adjustment of Conversion Rate*

The conversion rate of the notes is subject to adjustment under certain circumstances (see "Description of the Notes Conversion Rights"). Certain adjustments to (or the failure to make such adjustments to) the conversion rate of the notes that increase a U.S. note holder's proportionate interest in our assets or earnings and profits may result in a taxable constructive distribution to the holder, whether or not the holder ever convert the notes. This could occur, for example, if the conversion rate is adjusted to compensate holders of notes for distributions of cash or property to our stockholders. Such constructive distribution will be treated as a dividend for tax purposes, resulting in ordinary income, to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits. As a result, U.S. holders of notes could have taxable income as a result of an event pursuant to which they receive no cash or property. Generally, a U.S. holder's tax basis in a note will be increased to the extent any such constructive distribution is treated as a dividend. Moreover, if there is an adjustment (or a failure to make an adjustment) to the conversion rate of the notes that increases the proportionate interest of the holders of outstanding common stock in our assets or earnings and profits, then such increase in the proportionate interest of the holders of the common stock generally will be treated as a constructive distribution to such holders of common stock, taxable as described above.

### *Backup Withholding and Information Reporting*

Noncorporate U.S. holders may be subject to IRS information reporting and backup withholding at the applicable rate (currently 30%) on payments of interest on the notes and proceeds from the sale or other disposition of the notes. Backup withholding will be imposed where the noncorporate U.S. holder:

fails to furnish its taxpayer identification number, referred to as a "TIN," or furnishes an incorrect TIN;

is notified by the IRS that he or she has failed to properly report payments of interest or dividends; or

under certain circumstances, fails to certify, under penalties of perjury, that he or she has furnished a correct TIN and has not been notified by the IRS that he or she is subject to backup withholding.

The amount of any backup withholding from a payment to a U.S. holder will be allowed as a credit against the U.S. holder's federal income tax liability and may entitle such holder to a refund, provided that the required information is furnished to the IRS.

### **Non-U.S. Holders**

#### *Payments of Interest*

Generally, payments of interest on the notes to, or on behalf of, a non-U.S. holder will be considered "portfolio interest" and will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax provided such interest is not effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business within the United States by such non-U.S. holder if:

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such non-U.S. holder does not actually or by attribution (including treating the notes owned by such holder as common stock on an as-converted basis) own 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our stock entitled to vote;

such non-U.S. holder is not a controlled foreign corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes that is related to us, actually or by attribution, through stock ownership;

such non-U.S. holder is not a bank receiving interest described in section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Code; and

the certification requirements, as described below, are satisfied.

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See " Adjustment of Conversion Rate" below for certain withholding taxes that might be collected from interest payments on the notes.

To satisfy the certification requirements referred to above, either (1) the beneficial owner of a note must certify, under penalties of perjury, to us or our paying agent, as the case may be, that such owner is a non-U.S. person and must provide such owner's name and address, and TIN, if any, or (ii) a securities clearing organization, bank or other financial institution that holds customer securities in the ordinary course of its trade or business, referred to as a "Financial Institution," and holds the note on behalf of the beneficial owner thereof must certify, under penalties of perjury, to us or our paying agent, as the case may be, that such certificate has been received from the beneficial owner and must furnish the payor with a copy thereof. Such requirement will be fulfilled if the beneficial owner of a note certifies on IRS Form W-8BEN, under penalties of perjury, that it is a non-U.S. person and provides its name and address or any Financial Institution holding the note on behalf of the beneficial owner files a statement with the withholding agent to the effect that it has received such a statement from the beneficial owner (and furnishes the withholding agent with a copy thereof). Special certification rules apply for notes held by foreign partnerships and other intermediaries.

If interest on the note is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States by a non-U.S. holder (and, if certain tax treaties apply, is attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment maintained by the non-U.S. holder in the United States), the non-U.S. holder, although exempt from U.S. federal withholding tax (provided that the certification requirements discussed in the next sentence are met), will generally be subject to U.S. federal income tax on such interest on a net income basis in the same manner as if it were a U.S. holder. In order to claim an exemption from withholding tax, such a non-U.S. holder will be required to provide us with a properly executed IRS Form W-8ECI certifying, under penalties of perjury, that the holder is a non-U.S. person and the interest is effectively connected with the holder's conduct of a U.S. trade or business and is includible in the holder's gross income. In addition, if such non-U.S. holder engaged in a U.S. trade or business is a foreign corporation, it may be subject to a branch profits tax equal to 30% (or such lower rate provided by an applicable treaty) of its effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, subject to certain adjustments.

Interest on notes not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business and not excluded from U.S. federal withholding tax under the "portfolio interest" exception described above generally will be subject to withholding at a 30% rate, except where a non-U.S. holder is entitled to the benefits of an applicable tax treaty to reduce or eliminate such withholding tax and demonstrates such eligibility to us and the IRS.

### *Conversion of the Notes*

A non-U.S. holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax on the conversion of a note into our common stock. To the extent a non-U.S. holder recognizes any gain as a result of the receipt of cash (including the receipt of cash in lieu of a fractional share of common stock upon conversion), such cash may give rise to gain that would be subject to the rules described below with respect to the sale or exchange of a note or common stock. See " Sale, Redemption or Exchange of the Notes" below.

### *Adjustment of Conversion Rate*

The conversion rate of the notes is subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. Any such adjustment could, in certain circumstances, give rise to a deemed distribution to non-U.S. holders of the notes. See " U.S. Holders Adjustment of conversion rate" above. In such case, the deemed distribution would be subject to the rules described in the accompanying prospectus regarding taxation and withholding of U.S. federal tax on dividends in respect of common stock. See "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations Taxation of Non-U.S. Shareholders Distributions" in the accompanying

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prospectus. Any resulting withholding tax attributable to deemed dividends would be collected from interest payments made on the notes.

*Sale, Redemption or Exchange of the Notes*

A non-U.S. holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax on gain realized on the sale or other taxable disposition (including a redemption) of a note unless:

the holder is an individual who was present in the United States for 183 days or more during the taxable year of the disposition and certain other conditions are met;

the gain is effectively connected with the conduct of a U.S. trade or business by the non-U.S. holder (and, if required by a tax treaty, the gain is attributable to a permanent establishment maintained in the United States); or

the notes constitute a U.S. real property interest within the meaning of the Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act, which is referred to as FIRPTA. The notes will not constitute a U.S. real property interest for purposes of FIRPTA if we are a domestically-controlled REIT. We will be a domestically-controlled REIT if at all times during a specified testing period, less than 50% in value of our stock is held directly or indirectly by non-U.S. persons. We believe that currently we are a domestically-controlled REIT and, therefore that the sale of the notes would not be subject to taxation under FIRPTA. Because our common stock is publicly traded, however, we cannot guarantee that we are or will continue to be a domestically-controlled REIT. Even if we do not qualify as a domestically-controlled REIT at the time a non-U.S. holder disposes of the notes, gain arising from such disposition still would not be subject to FIRPTA tax if any class of our interests is considered regularly traded under applicable Treasury regulations on an established securities market, such as the New York Stock Exchange, and either (1) if the notes are not regularly traded, on the date the notes were acquired by the non-U.S. holder, the non-U.S. holder did not own, actually or constructively, notes with a fair market value greater than the fair market value on that date of 5% of our outstanding common stock (or, possibly, of the regularly traded class of our stock with the lowest fair market value) or (2) if the notes are regularly traded, the non-U.S. holder did not own, actually or constructively, more than 5% of the total fair market value of the notes at any time during the five-year period ending on the date of the disposition. If gain on the sale or exchange of notes were subject to taxation under FIRPTA, the non-U.S. shareholder would be subject to regular U.S. income tax with respect to any gain in the same manner as a taxable U.S. shareholder, subject to any applicable alternative minimum tax and special alternative minimum tax in the case of nonresident alien individuals. In that case, withholding tax would apply and any withholding tax withheld pursuant to the rules applicable to dispositions of a U.S. real property interest would be creditable against such non-U.S. holder's U.S. federal income tax liability.

*Backup Withholding and Information Reporting*

We must report annually to the IRS and to each non-U.S. holder the amount of interest or dividends paid to that holder and the tax withheld from those payments of interest or dividends. These reporting requirements apply regardless of whether withholding was reduced or eliminated by any applicable tax treaty. Copies of the information returns reporting those payments of interest or dividends and withholding may also be made available to the tax authorities in the country in which the non-U.S. holder is a resident under the provisions of an applicable income tax treaty or agreement.

A non-U.S. holder generally will not be subject to additional information reporting or to backup withholding at the applicable rate (currently 30%) with respect to payments of interest on the notes or

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to information reporting or backup withholding with respect to proceeds from the sale or other disposition of the notes to or through a U.S. office of any broker, as long as the holder:

has furnished to the payor or broker a valid IRS Form W-8BEN certifying, under penalties of perjury, its status as a non-U.S. person;

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has furnished to the payor or broker other documentation upon which it may rely to treat the payments as made to a non-U.S. person in accordance with Treasury regulations; or

otherwise establishes an exemption.

The payment of the proceeds from the sale or other disposition of the notes to or through a foreign office of a broker generally will not be subject to information reporting or backup withholding. However, a sale or disposition of the notes will be subject to information reporting, but not backup withholding, if it is to or through a foreign office of a broker that is a "U.S. related broker" unless the documentation requirements described above are met or the holder otherwise establishes an exemption. A broker is a "U.S. related broker" if the broker is:

a U.S. person;

a controlled foreign corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes;

a foreign person 50% or more of whose gross income is effectively connected with the conduct of a U.S. trade or business for a specified three-year period; or

a foreign partnership, if at any time during its tax year one or more of its partners are U.S. persons, as defined in Treasury regulations, who in the aggregate hold more than 50% of the income or capital interest in the partnership, or such foreign partnership is engaged in the conduct of a U.S. trade or business.

Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules from a payment to a non-U.S. holder will be allowed as a credit against such holder's U.S. federal income tax liability, if any, or will otherwise be refundable, provided that the requisite procedures are followed and the proper information is filed with the IRS on a timely basis. Non-U.S. holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding their qualification for exemption from backup withholding and the procedure for obtaining such an exemption, if applicable.

### *U.S. Estate Tax*

Notes owned or treated as owned by an individual who is not a citizen or resident (as specifically defined for U.S. federal estate tax purposes) of the United States at the time of death, referred to as a "nonresident decedent," will not be includible in the nonresident decedent's gross estate for U.S. federal estate tax purposes as a result of such nonresident decedent's death, provided that, at the time of death, the nonresident decedent does not own, actually or by attribution, 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our stock entitled to vote and payments with respect to such notes would not have been effectively connected with the conduct of a U.S. trade or business by the nonresident decedent.

Common stock owned or treated as owned by a nonresident decedent will be includible in the nonresident decedent's gross estate for U.S. federal estate tax purposes as a result of the nonresident decedent's death. Subject to applicable treaty limitations, if any, a nonresident decedent's estate may be subject to U.S. federal estate tax on property includible in the estate for U.S. federal estate tax purposes.

**The preceding discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax and certain U.S. estate tax consequences is for general information only and is not tax advice. Accordingly, you should consult your own tax adviser as to particular tax consequences to you of purchasing, holding and disposing of the notes, including the applicability and effect of any state, local or foreign tax laws, and of any proposed changes in applicable laws.**

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## UNDERWRITING

Subject to the terms and conditions stated in the underwriting agreement dated the date of this prospectus supplement, Banc of America Securities LLC, as the underwriter, has agreed to purchase, and we have agreed to sell to the underwriter, \$100,000,000 aggregate principal amount of notes.

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The underwriting agreement provides that the obligations of the underwriter to purchase the notes included in this offering are subject to approval of legal matters by counsel and to other conditions. The underwriter is obligated to purchase all the notes if it purchases any of the notes.

The underwriter proposes to offer some of the notes directly to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus supplement and some of the notes to dealers at the public offering price less a concession not to exceed 1.26% of the principal amount of the notes. After the initial offering of the notes to the public, the underwriter may change the public offering price and concessions.

We have granted to the underwriter an option, exercisable for 30 days from the date of this prospectus supplement, to purchase up to \$15,000,000 additional principal amount of notes at the public offering price less the underwriting discount. The underwriter may exercise the option solely for the purpose of covering over-allotments, if any, in connection with this offering.

We and certain of our executive officers and directors have agreed, subject to certain exceptions, that, for a period of 45 days from the date of this prospectus supplement, we and they will not, without the prior written consent of the underwriter, directly or indirectly:

offer for sale, sell, contract to sell, pledge, hedge, sell or grant options, rights or warrants with respect to, or otherwise dispose of any (i) debt securities issued or guaranteed by the Company which are substantially similar to the notes or (ii) shares of our common stock or securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for or repayable with shares of our common stock, or

enter into any swap or other derivatives transaction that transfers to another, in whole or in part, any of the economic benefits or risks of ownership of such debt securities or shares of common stock,

whether any such transaction described above is to be settled by delivery of debt securities, shares of common stock or other securities, in cash or otherwise.

The following table shows the underwriting discounts and commissions that we are to pay to the underwriter in connection with this offering. These amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriter's option to purchase additional notes.

	Paid by New Plan	
	No Exercise	Full Exercise
Per note	\$ 11.00	\$ 11.00
Total	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 1,265,000

In connection with the offering, the underwriter may purchase and sell notes in the open market. These transactions may include over-allotment, syndicate covering transactions and stabilizing transactions. Over-allotment involves syndicate sales of notes in excess of the principal amount of notes to be purchased by the underwriter in this offering, which creates a syndicate short position. Syndicate covering transactions involve purchases of the notes in the open market after the distribution has been completed in order to cover syndicate short positions. Stabilizing transactions consist of certain bids or purchases of notes made for the purpose of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the notes while this offering is in progress.

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Any of these activities may have the effect of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the notes. They may also cause the price of the notes to be higher than the price that otherwise would exist in the open market in the absence of these transactions. The underwriter may conduct these transactions in the over-the-counter market or otherwise. If the underwriter commences any of these transactions, they may discontinue them at any time.

We estimate that our total expenses for this offering will be \$500,000.

The underwriter and its affiliates have performed, and may in the future perform, investment banking and advisory services for us from time to time for which they have received and expect to receive customary fees. An affiliate of the underwriter is a lender under our \$350 million revolving credit facility and will receive approximately 8.8% of the amount of the credit facility to be repaid with the proceeds of this offering.

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We have agreed to indemnify the underwriter against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, or to contribute to payments the underwriter may be required to make because of any of those liabilities.

### EXPERTS

The financial statements incorporated in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus by reference to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002 have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent accountants, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

### LEGAL MATTERS

Hogan & Hartson L.L.P. will pass upon the legality of the notes offered by this prospectus supplement and as to certain federal income tax matters. Sidley Austin Brown & Wood LLP will act as counsel to the underwriter.

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## PROSPECTUS

\$776,000,000

## NEW PLAN EXCEL REALTY TRUST, INC.

Debt Securities  
Preferred Stock  
Depositary Shares  
Common Stock  
Warrants  
Rights

### Corporate Headquarters:

1120 Avenue of the Americas  
New York, New York 10036  
(212) 869-3000

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We will provide specific terms of these securities in supplements to this prospectus.  
You should read this prospectus and any supplement carefully before you invest.

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*These securities have not been approved by the SEC or any state securities commission, nor have these organizations determined that this prospectus is accurate or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.*

This prospectus is dated January 23, 2002.

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### ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we filed with the SEC utilizing a "shelf" registration process. Under this process, New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc. (which we generally refer to as the "Company" in this prospectus) may offer and sell any combination of the securities described in this prospectus in one or more offerings up to a total dollar amount of \$776,000,000. This prospectus provides you with a



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general description of the securities we may offer. Each time we offer securities, we will provide a prospectus supplement and attach it to this prospectus. The prospectus supplement will contain specific information about the terms of the securities being offered at that time. The prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. You should read both this prospectus and any prospectus supplement, together with any additional information you may need to make your investment decision.

### WHERE TO FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The Company files annual, quarterly and special reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy materials the Company has filed with the SEC at the SEC's public reference room at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of its public reference room. The Company's SEC filings also are available to the public on the SEC's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>. In addition, you may obtain a copy of the Company's SEC filings at no cost by writing or telephoning the Company's General Counsel at:

New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc.  
1120 Avenue of the Americas  
New York, New York 10036  
(212) 869-3000

The SEC allows the Company to "incorporate by reference" in this prospectus certain information it files with the SEC, which means that it may disclose important information in this prospectus by referring the reader to the document that contains the information. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be a part of this prospectus, and

later information filed with the SEC will update and supersede this information. The Company incorporates by reference the documents listed below and any future filings it makes with the SEC under Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, until the offering of securities covered by this prospectus is completed:

the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2000;

the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2001;

the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2001;

the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2001;

the Company's Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 5, 2001, January 14, 2002 (but only with respect to the Item 5 disclosure therein) and January 23, 2002; and

the Company's Proxy Statement with respect to its Annual Meeting of Stockholders held on May 16, 2001.

The Company has filed with the SEC a "shelf" registration statement on Form S-3 under the Securities Act of 1933, relating to the securities that may be offered by this prospectus. This prospectus is a part of that registration statement, but does not contain all of the information in the registration statement. For more detail concerning the Company and any securities offered by this prospectus, you may examine the registration statement and the exhibits filed with it at the locations listed in the first paragraph under this heading.

Readers should rely on the information provided or incorporated by reference in this prospectus or in the applicable supplement to this prospectus. Readers should not assume that the information in this prospectus and the applicable supplement is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front cover of the document.

### ABOUT THE COMPANY

The Company, a self-administered and self-managed equity real estate investment trust

("REIT"), is a Maryland corporation and one of the nation's largest community and neighborhood shopping center companies. As of December 31, 2001, we owned interests in 270 properties in 31 states. Our properties include 213 community and neighborhood shopping centers with approximately 32 million square feet of gross leasable area, and 57 other retail assets with approximately six million square feet of gross leasable area.

The Company's primary objective is to acquire, own and manage a portfolio of commercial retail properties that will provide cash for quarterly distributions to stockholders while protecting investor capital and providing potential for capital appreciation. The Company seeks to achieve this objective by:

aggressively managing and, where appropriate, redeveloping its existing operating properties;

continuing to acquire well-located community and neighborhood shopping centers and other retail properties with tenants that have a national or regional presence and an established credit quality;

disposing of mature properties to continually update its core property portfolio; and

continuing to maintain a strong and flexible financial position to facilitate growth.

As of December 31, 2001, the Company had approximately 375 employees and 22 offices coast-to-coast. Its principal executive offices are located at 1120 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10036, where its telephone number is (212) 869-3000.

#### **USE OF PROCEEDS**

Unless otherwise described in the supplement to this prospectus used to offer specific securities, the Company intends to use the net proceeds from the sale of securities under this prospectus for general business purposes, which may include the acquisition of community and neighborhood shopping centers or other retail properties as suitable opportunities arise, the expansion, redevelopment and improvement of certain properties in the Company's portfolio, and the repayment of outstanding indebtedness.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES**

The following description sets forth certain general provisions of the debt securities that may be offered by means of this prospectus. The particular terms of the debt securities being offered and the extent to which the general provisions described below apply will be described in a prospectus supplement relating to the debt securities.

Any senior debt securities offered by means of this prospectus will be issued under a senior debt securities indenture, dated as of February 3, 1999, as amended or supplemented from time to time (the "Senior Debt Securities Indenture"), between the Company and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as trustee. Subordinated debt securities will be issued under a separate subordinated debt securities indenture, as amended or supplemented from time to time (the "Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture"), between the Company and a trustee to be selected by the Company. The Senior Debt Securities Indenture and the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture are referred to herein individually as the "Indenture" and collectively as the "Indentures." The Senior Debt Securities Indenture and a form of the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture have been filed as exhibits to the Registration Statement of which this prospectus is a part and will be available for inspection at the respective corporate trust offices of the trustees or as described above under "Where to Find Additional Information." The Indentures are and will be subject to and governed by the Trust Indenture Act of 1939. The description of the Indentures set forth below assumes that the Company has entered into both of the Indentures. The Company already has executed and delivered the Senior Debt Securities Indenture

and will execute and deliver the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture when and if it issues subordinated debt securities. The statements made hereunder relating to the Indentures and the debt securities to be issued thereunder are summaries of certain provisions thereof and do not purport to be complete and are subject to, and are qualified in their entirety by reference to, all provisions of the Indentures and such debt securities. Unless otherwise specified, all section references appearing herein are to sections of the Indentures, and capitalized terms used but not defined herein have the meanings set forth in the Indentures.

## General

The debt securities offered by means of this prospectus will be direct, unsecured obligations of the Company. Senior debt securities will rank equally with other senior unsecured and unsubordinated debt of the Company that may be outstanding from time to time, and will rank senior to all subordinated debt securities of the Company that may be outstanding from time to time. Subordinated debt securities will be subordinated in right of payment to the prior payment in full of the senior debt of the Company, as described under " Subordination" below.

Each Indenture provides that debt securities may be issued without limit as to aggregate principal amount, in one or more series, in each case as established from time to time in or pursuant to authority granted by a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Company or as established in one or more indentures supplemental to the Indenture. All debt securities of one series need not be issued at the same time and, unless otherwise provided, a series may be reopened, without the consent of the holders of the debt securities of such series, for issuances of additional debt securities of such series (Section 301 of each Indenture).

Each Indenture provides that there may be more than one trustee thereunder, each with respect to one or more series of debt securities. Any trustee under either Indenture may resign or be removed with respect to one or more series of debt securities, and a successor trustee will be appointed by the Company, by or pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors, to act with respect to such series (Section 608 of each Indenture). In the event that two or more persons are acting as trustee with respect to different series of debt securities, each such trustee will be a trustee of a trust under the applicable Indenture separate and apart from the trust administered by any other trustee thereunder, and, except as otherwise indicated herein or therein, any action described to be taken by the trustee may be taken by each such trustee with respect to, and only with respect to, the one or more series of debt securities for which it is trustee under the Indenture (Section 609 of each Indenture).

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The supplement to this prospectus relating to the series of debt securities being offered will contain information on the specific terms thereof, including:

- (1) the title of such debt securities;
- (2) the classification of such debt securities as senior debt securities or subordinated debt securities;
- (3) the aggregate principal amount of such debt securities and any limit on such aggregate principal amount;
- (4) the percentage of the principal amount of such debt securities that will be issued and, if other than the entire principal amount thereof, the portion of the principal amount thereof payable upon declaration of acceleration of the maturity thereof;
- (5) the terms and conditions, if any, upon which such debt securities may be convertible into other securities of the Company and the terms and conditions upon which such conversion will be effected, including, without limitation, whether such debt securities are convertible into Common Stock or Preferred Stock, the initial conversion price or rate (or manner of calculation thereof), the portion that is convertible or the method by which any such portion shall be determined, the conversion period, provisions as to whether conversion will be at the option of the holders or the Company, the events requiring an adjustment of the conversion price and provisions affecting conversion in the event of the redemption of such debt securities, and any applicable limitations on the ownership or transferability of the Common Stock or Preferred Stock into which such debt securities are convertible;
- (6) the date or dates, or the method for determining such date or dates, on which the principal of such debt securities will be payable;
- (7) the rate or rates (which may be fixed or variable), or the method by which such rate or rates shall be determined, at which such debt securities will bear interest, if any;
- (8) the date or dates, or the method for determining such date or dates, from which any such interest will accrue, the date or dates on which any such interest will be payable, the regular record dates for the interest payment dates, or the method by which the regular record dates are to be determined, the person to whom such interest will be payable, and the basis upon which interest shall be

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calculated if other than that of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months;

(9) the place or places other than or in addition to New York City where the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest and Additional Amounts, if any, on such debt securities will be payable, such debt securities may be surrendered for conversion or registration of transfer or exchange and notices or demands to or upon the Company in respect of such debt securities and the applicable Indenture may be served;

(10) the date or dates on which, or period or periods within which, the price or prices at which and the terms and conditions upon which such debt securities may be redeemed, in whole or in part, at the option of the Company, if the Company is to have such an option;

(11) the obligation, if any, of the Company to redeem, repay or purchase such debt securities pursuant to any sinking fund or analogous provision or at the option of a holder thereof, and the date or dates on which, or period or periods within which, the price or prices at which and the terms and conditions upon which such debt securities will be redeemed, repaid or purchased, in whole or in part, pursuant to such obligation;

(12) if other than U.S. dollars, the currency or currencies in which such debt securities are denominated and payable, which may be a foreign currency or units of two or more foreign currencies or a composite currency or currencies, and the terms and conditions relating thereto;

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(13) whether the amount of payments of principal of (and premium, if any) or interest, if any, on such debt securities may be determined with reference to an index, formula or other method (which index, formula or method may, but need not be, based on a currency, currencies, currency unit or units or composite currency or currencies) and the manner in which such amounts shall be determined;

(14) whether such debt securities will be issued in the form of one or more global securities and whether such global securities are to be issuable in a temporary global form or permanent global form;

(15) any additions to, modifications of or deletions from the terms of such debt securities with respect to the events of default and notice and waiver thereof or covenants set forth in the applicable Indenture;

(16) whether the principal of (and premium, if any) or interest or Additional Amounts, if any, on such debt securities are to be payable, at the election of the Company or a holder, in one or more currencies other than that in which such debt securities are payable in the absence of the making of such an election, the period or periods within which, and the terms and conditions upon which, such election may be made, and the time and manner of, and identity of the exchange rate agent with responsibility for, determining the exchange rate between the currency or currencies in which such debt securities are payable in the absence of making such an election and the currency or currencies in which such debt securities are to be payable upon the making of such an election;

(17) whether such debt securities will be issued in certificated or book-entry form;

(18) whether such debt securities will be in registered or bearer form and, if in registered form, the denominations thereof if other than \$1,000 and any integral multiple thereof and, if in bearer form, the denominations thereof and terms and conditions relating thereto;

(19) the applicability, if any, of the defeasance and covenant defeasance provisions of Article XIV of the applicable Indenture;

(20) if such debt securities are to be issued upon the exercise of warrants, the time, manner and place for such debt securities to be authenticated and delivered;

(21) whether and under what circumstances the Company will pay Additional Amounts as contemplated in the applicable Indenture on such debt securities in respect of any tax, assessment or governmental charge and, if so, whether the Company will have the option to redeem such debt securities in lieu of making such payment;

(22) the name of the applicable trustee and the address of its corporate trust office;

(23) whether and to what extent such debt securities will be guaranteed; and

(24) any other terms of such debt securities not inconsistent with the provisions of the applicable Indenture (Section 301).

Debt securities offered by means of this prospectus may be original issue discount securities, in that they provide for less than the entire principal amount thereof to be payable upon declaration of acceleration of the maturity thereof. If they are original issue discount securities, the special U.S. federal income tax, accounting and other considerations applicable to such securities will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Except as set forth under "Certain Covenants Senior Debt Securities Indenture Limitations on Incurrence of Debt" below, neither Indenture contains any other provisions that would limit the ability of the Company to incur indebtedness or that would afford holders of debt securities protection in the event of a highly leveraged or similar transaction involving the Company or in the event of a change of control. However, restrictions on ownership and transfers of the Company's Common Stock and Preferred Stock

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designed to preserve its status as a REIT may act to prevent or hinder a change of control. See "Description of Common Stock" and "Description of Preferred Stock."

A significant number of the Company's properties are owned through subsidiaries. The rights of the Company and its creditors, including holders of debt securities offered by means of this prospectus, to participate in the assets of such subsidiaries upon the liquidation or recapitalization of such subsidiaries or otherwise will be subject to the prior claims of such subsidiaries' respective secured and unsecured creditors (except to the extent that claims of the Company itself as a creditor may be recognized).

#### **Denominations, Interest, Registration and Transfer**

Unless otherwise described in the applicable prospectus supplement, the debt securities of any series offered by means of this prospectus will be issuable in denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples thereof and those in bearer form will be issuable in denominations of \$5,000 (Section 302 of each Indenture).

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest and any Additional Amounts on any series of debt securities offered by means of this prospectus will be payable at the corporate trust office of the applicable trustee or an office or agency established by the Company in accordance with the Indenture, provided that, at the option of the Company, payment of interest may be made by check mailed to the address of the person entitled thereto as it appears in the security register for the relevant debt securities or by wire transfer of funds to such person at an account maintained within the United States (Sections 301, 305, 306, 307 and 1002 of each Indenture).

Any interest not punctually paid or duly provided for on any interest payment date with respect to a debt security offered by means of this prospectus ("Defaulted Interest") will forthwith cease to be payable to the holder on the applicable regular record date and may either be paid to the person in whose name such debt security is registered at the close of business on a special record date (the "Special Record Date") for the payment of such Defaulted Interest to be fixed by the applicable trustee, notice whereof shall be given to the holder of such debt security not less than 10 days prior to such Special Record Date, or may be paid at any time in any other lawful manner, all as more completely described in the applicable Indenture (Section 307 of each Indenture).

Subject to certain limitations imposed upon debt securities issued in book-entry form, the debt securities of any series offered by means of this prospectus will be exchangeable for other debt securities of the same series and of a like aggregate principal amount and tenor of different authorized denominations upon surrender of such debt securities at the corporate trust office of the applicable trustee or at an office or agency established by the Company in accordance with the Indenture. In addition, subject to certain limitations imposed upon debt securities issued in book-entry form, the debt securities of any series offered by means of this prospectus may be surrendered for conversion or registration of transfer or exchange thereof at the corporate trust office of the trustee referred to above. Every debt security surrendered for conversion, registration of transfer or exchange shall be duly endorsed or accompanied by a written instrument of transfer. No service charge will be made for any registration of transfer or exchange of any debt securities, but the Company may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge payable in connection therewith (Section 305 of each Indenture). If the applicable prospectus supplement refers to any transfer agent (in addition to the trustee) initially designated by the Company with respect to any series of debt securities, the Company may at any time rescind the designation of any such transfer agent or approve a change in the location through which any such transfer agent acts, except that the Company will be required to maintain a transfer agent in each place of payment for such series. The Company may at any time designate additional transfer agents with respect to any series of debt securities offered by means of this prospectus (Section 1002).

Neither the Company nor the trustee for any series of debt securities offered by means of this prospectus will be required to (i) issue, register the transfer of or exchange debt securities of any series during a period beginning at the opening of business 15 days before any selection of debt securities of that

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series to be redeemed and ending at the close of business on the day of mailing of the relevant notice of redemption; (ii) register the transfer of or exchange any debt security, or portion thereof, called for redemption, except the unredeemed portion of any debt security being redeemed in part; or (iii) issue, register the transfer of or exchange any debt security which has been surrendered for repayment at the option of the holder, except the portion, if any, of such debt security not to be so repaid (Section 305 of each Indenture).

#### **Certain Covenants**

*Senior Debt Securities Indenture Limitations on Incurrence of Debt.* Under the Senior Debt Securities Indenture, the Company will not, and will not permit any subsidiary to, incur any Debt (as defined in the Indenture and described below) other than intercompany debt if, immediately after giving effect to the incurrence of such additional Debt and the application of the proceeds thereof, the aggregate principal amount of all outstanding Debt of the Company and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles is greater than 65% of the sum of (i) the Company's Total Assets (as defined in the Indenture and described below) as of the end of the fiscal quarter covered in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K or Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as the case may be, most recently filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (or, if such filing is not permitted under the Exchange Act, with the trustee) prior to the incurrence of such additional Debt, and (ii) the increase in the Company's Total Assets from the end of such quarter including, without limitation, any increase resulting from the incurrence of such additional Debt (such increase, together with the Company's Total Assets, being referred to as "Adjusted Total Assets" herein) (Section 1004 of the Senior Debt Securities Indenture).

In addition to the foregoing limitations on the incurrence of Debt, the Company will not, and will not permit any subsidiary to, incur any Secured Debt if, immediately after giving effect to the incurrence of such additional Secured Debt and the application of the proceeds thereof, the aggregate principal amount of all outstanding Secured Debt of the Company and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis is greater than 40% of Adjusted Total Assets (Section 1004 of the Senior Debt Securities Indenture).

In addition to the foregoing limitations on the incurrence of Debt, the Company will not, and will not permit any subsidiary to, incur any Debt other than intercompany debt if Consolidated Income Available for Debt Service (as defined in the Indenture and described below) for any 12 consecutive calendar months within the 15 calendar months immediately preceding the date on which such additional Debt is to be incurred would have been less than 1.5 times the Maximum Annual Service Charge (as defined in the Indenture and described below) on the Debt of the Company and all subsidiaries to be outstanding immediately after the incurrence of such additional Debt. In determining whether that limit would be exceeded, the Senior Debt Securities Indenture requires that calculations be made on a pro forma basis, assuming that debt incurred, repaid, retired or acquired, and that increases or decreases in Total Assets, occurred at the beginning of the 12-month period (Section 1004 of the Senior Debt Securities Indenture).

The Company will at all times maintain an Unencumbered Total Asset Value in an amount not less than 100% of the aggregate principal amount of all outstanding Debt of the Company and its subsidiaries that is not Secured Debt (Section 1004 of the Senior Debt Securities Indenture).

As used herein,

"Consolidated Income Available for Debt Service" for any period means Consolidated Net Income (as defined in the Indenture and described below) of the Company and its subsidiaries plus amounts which have been deducted for (a) interest on Debt of the Company and its subsidiaries, (b) provision for taxes of the Company and its subsidiaries based on income, (c) amortization of debt discount, (d) property depreciation and amortization, (e) the effect of any noncash charge resulting from a change in accounting principles in determining Consolidated Net Income for such period, (f) provisions for losses from sales or joint ventures, (g) increases in deferred taxes and other non-cash items, and (h) charges for early extinguishment of debt, and less amounts which have been added in determining Consolidated Net

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Income for such period for (i) provisions for gains from sales or joint ventures and (ii) decreases in deferred taxes and other non-cash items.

"Consolidated Net Income" for any period means the amount of net income (or loss) of the Company and its subsidiaries for such period determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

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"Debt" of the Company or any subsidiary means any indebtedness of the Company or any subsidiary, whether or not contingent, in respect of (i) borrowed money or evidenced by bonds, notes, debentures or similar instruments, (ii) indebtedness secured by any mortgage, pledge, lien, charge, encumbrance or any security interest existing on property owned by the Company or any subsidiary, (iii) reimbursement obligations, contingent or otherwise, in connection with letters of credit or amounts representing the balance deferred and unpaid of the purchase price of any property except any such balance that constitutes an accrued expense or trade payable or (iv) any lease of property by the Company or any subsidiary as lessee which is reflected on the Company's consolidated balance sheet as a capitalized lease in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, in the case of items of indebtedness under (i) through (iii) above to the extent that any such items (other than reimbursement obligations in connection with letters of credit) would appear as a liability on the Company's consolidated balance sheet in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and also includes, to the extent not otherwise included, any obligation by the Company or any subsidiary to be liable for, or to pay, as obligor, guarantor or otherwise (other than for purposes of collection in the ordinary course of business), indebtedness of another person (other than the Company or any subsidiary) (it being understood that Debt shall be deemed to be incurred by the Company or any subsidiary whenever the Company or such subsidiary shall create, assume, guarantee or otherwise become liable in respect thereof).

"Maximum Annual Service Charge" as of any date means the maximum amount which may become payable in any period of 12 consecutive calendar months from such date for interest on, and required amortization of, Debt. The amount payable for amortization shall include the amount of any sinking fund or other analogous fund for the retirement of Debt and the amount payable on account of principal on any such Debt which matures serially other than at the final maturity date of such Debt.

"Secured Debt" means, without duplication, Debt that is secured by a mortgage, trust deed, deed of trust, deed to secure Debt, security agreement, pledge, conditional sale or other title retention agreement, capitalized lease, or other like agreement granting or conveying security title to or a security interest in real property or other tangible asset(s).

"Total Assets" as of any date means the sum of (i) Undepreciated Real Estate Assets and (ii) all other assets of the Company and its subsidiaries determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (but excluding accounts receivable and intangibles).

"Undepreciated Real Estate Assets" as of any date means the cost of real estate assets of the Company and its subsidiaries on such date, before depreciation and amortization, determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

"Unencumbered Total Asset Value" as of any date means the sum of Total Assets which are unencumbered by any mortgage, lien, charge, pledge or security interest.

These covenants may not apply to any issuance of Subordinated Debt Securities.

*Existence.* Except as described under " Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets" below, the Company is required to do or cause to be done all things necessary to preserve and keep in full force and effect its corporate existence and franchises; provided, however, that the Company is not obligated to preserve any right or franchise if it determines that the preservation thereof is no longer desirable in the conduct of its business and that the loss thereof is not disadvantageous in any material respect to the holders of the debt securities issued under the Indenture (Section 1005 of each Indenture).

*Maintenance of Properties.* The Company will cause all of its material properties used or useful in the conduct of its business or the business of any subsidiary to be maintained and kept in good condition,

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repair and working order and supplied with all necessary equipment and will cause to be made all necessary repairs, renewals, replacements, betterments and improvements thereof, all as in the judgment of the Company may be necessary so that the business carried on in connection therewith may be properly and advantageously conducted at all times (Section 1006 of each Indenture).

*Insurance.* The Company will, and will cause each of its subsidiaries to, keep all of its insurable properties adequately insured against loss or damage with insurers of recognized responsibility in commercially reasonable amounts and types. (Section 1007 of each Indenture).

*Payment of Taxes and Other Claims.* The Company will pay or discharge or cause to be paid or discharged, before the same shall become delinquent, (i) all material taxes, assessments and governmental charges levied or imposed upon it or any subsidiary or upon the income, profits or property of the Company or any subsidiary, and (ii) all material lawful claims for labor, materials and supplies which, if unpaid, might by law become a lien upon the property of the Company or any subsidiary, unless such lien would not have a material adverse effect upon such property; provided, however, that the Company shall not be required to pay or discharge or cause to be paid or discharged any such tax,

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assessment, charge or claim (i) whose amount, applicability or validity is being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings or (ii) for which the Company has set apart and maintains an adequate reserve (Section 1008 of each Indenture).

*Provision of Financial Information.* If the Company is required to file reports with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the Company will file such reports by the required date and, within 15 days of such date, deliver copies of all such reports to the trustees for and transmit a copy to each holder of debt securities offered by means of this prospectus. If the Company is not required to file reports with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the Company will deliver to the applicable trustee and transmit to each holder of debt securities offered by means of this prospectus reports that contain substantially the same kind of information that would have been included in annual and quarterly reports filed with the SEC had the Company been required to file such reports such information to be delivered or transmitted within 15 days after the same would have been required to be filed with the SEC had the Company been required to file such reports. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Company is not required to file reports with the SEC because information about the Company is contained in the reports filed by another entity with the SEC, the delivery to the trustee for the debt securities offered by means of this prospectus of the reports filed by such entity with the SEC and the transmittal by mail to all holders of such debt securities of each annual and quarterly report filed with the SEC by such entity within the time periods set forth in the preceding sentence shall be deemed to satisfy the obligations of the Company to provide financial information under the applicable provisions of the Indenture.

*Additional Covenants.* Any additional material covenants of the Company contained in an Indenture for a series of debt securities offered by means of this prospectus, or any deletions from or modifications of the covenants described above, will be described in the prospectus supplement relating thereto.

### **Merger, Consolidation or Sale**

The Company may merge with or into, consolidate with, or sell, lease or convey all or substantially all of its assets to, any other corporation, limited partnership, limited liability company, company, real estate investment trust or business trust, provided that (a) either the Company shall be the continuing corporation or other entity, or the successor corporation or other entity (if other than the Company) formed by or resulting from any such merger or consolidation or which shall have received the transfer of such assets shall expressly assume all of the obligations of the Company under the Indentures; (b) immediately after giving effect to such transaction and treating any indebtedness that becomes an obligation of the Company or any subsidiary as a result thereof as having been incurred by the Company or such subsidiary at the time of such transaction, no event of default under the Indentures, and no event that, after notice or the lapse of time, or both, would become such an event of default, shall have occurred

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and be continuing; and (c) an officer's certificate and legal opinion covering such conditions shall be delivered to the trustees (Sections 801 and 803 of each Indenture).

### **Events of Default, Notice and Waiver**

Each Indenture provides that the following events are "Events of Default" with respect to any series of debt securities issued thereunder: (a) default for 30 days in the payment of any installment of interest or Additional Amounts on any debt security of such series; (b) default in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any, on) any debt security of such series when due; (c) default in making any sinking fund payment as required for any debt security of such series; (d) default in the performance of any other covenant of the Company or a guarantor contained in the applicable Indenture (other than a covenant added to such Indenture solely for the benefit of a series of debt securities issued thereunder other than such series), continued for 60 days after written notice as provided in such Indenture; (e) a default in the payment of recourse indebtedness of the Company or a guarantor which results in such indebtedness in an aggregate principal amount exceeding \$5,000,000 becoming or being declared due and payable prior to the date on which it would otherwise have become due and payable, but only if such indebtedness is not discharged or such acceleration is not rescinded or annulled within a specified period of time; (f) certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization, or court appointment of a receiver, liquidator or trustee of the Company, a guarantor, any Significant Subsidiary of the Company or the property of the Company or any such Significant Subsidiary; (g) a default in the conversion of securities of that series, continued for 15 days after written notice as provided in the Indenture; (h) a guarantee of securities of that series ceases to be in full force and effect or enforceable in accordance with its terms; and (i) any other Event of Default provided with respect to a particular series of debt securities (Section 501 of each Indenture). The term "Significant Subsidiary" means each significant subsidiary of the Company as defined in Regulation S-X promulgated under the Securities Act. The prospectus supplement relating to a particular series of debt securities may contain information relating to deletions from, modifications of or additions to this list of events of default.

If an Event of Default under either Indenture with respect to debt securities of any series offered by means of this prospectus at the time outstanding occurs and is continuing, then in every such case the trustee or the holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of that series may declare the principal amount (or, if the debt securities of that series are original issue discount securities, such portion of the principal amount as may be specified in the terms thereof) of all of the outstanding debt securities of that series to



be due and payable immediately by written notice thereof to the Company (and to the applicable trustee if given by the holders). However, at any time after such a declaration of acceleration with respect to debt securities of such series (or of all debt securities then outstanding under the applicable Indenture, as the case may be) has been made, but before a judgment or decree for payment of the money due has been obtained by the applicable trustee, the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of outstanding debt securities of such series (or of all debt securities then outstanding under the applicable Indenture, as the case may be) may rescind and annul such declaration and its consequences if (a) the Company shall have deposited with the applicable trustee all required payments of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, and any Additional Amounts, on the debt securities of such series (or of all debt securities then outstanding under the applicable Indenture, as the case may be), plus certain fees, expenses, disbursements and advances of the trustee and (b) all Events of Default, other than the non-payment of accelerated principal (or specified portion thereof), with respect to debt securities of such series (or of all debt securities then outstanding under the applicable Indenture, as the case may be) have been cured or waived as provided in the applicable Indenture (Section 502 of each Indenture). Each Indenture also provides that the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of any series (or of all debt securities then outstanding under the applicable Indenture, as the case may be) may waive any past default with respect to such series and its consequences, except a default (x) in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest or Additional Amounts on any debt security of such series or (y) in respect of a covenant or provision contained in the applicable Indenture that cannot be modified or amended without

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the consent of the holders of all outstanding debt securities affected thereby (Section 513 of each Indenture).

Each trustee is required to give notice to the holders of debt securities within 90 days of a default under the applicable Indenture; provided, however, that the trustee may withhold notice to the holders of any series of debt securities of any default with respect to such series (except a default in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest payable on any debt security of such series or in the payment of any sinking fund installment in respect of any debt security of such series) if specified responsible officers of the trustee consider such withholding to be in the interest of such holders (Section 601 of each Indenture).

Each Indenture provides that no holders of debt securities of any series offered by means of this prospectus may institute any proceedings, judicial or otherwise, with respect to the applicable Indenture or for any remedy thereunder, except in the case of failure of the trustee thereunder, for 60 days, to act after it has received a written request to institute proceedings in respect of an Event of Default from the holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of such series, as well as an offer of indemnity reasonably satisfactory to it (Section 507 of each Indenture). This provision will not prevent, however, any holder of such debt securities from instituting suit for the enforcement of payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on, and any Additional Amounts payable with respect to, such debt securities at the respective due dates thereof (Section 508 of each Indenture).

Subject to provisions in each Indenture relating to its duties in case of default, each trustee is under no obligation to exercise any of its rights or powers under the applicable Indenture at the request or direction of any holders of any series of debt securities offered by means of this prospectus then outstanding under such Indenture, unless such holders shall have offered to the applicable trustee reasonable security or indemnity (Section 602 of each Indenture). The holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the applicable outstanding debt securities of any series (or of all debt securities then outstanding under the applicable Indenture, as the case may be) shall have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee, or of exercising any trust or power conferred upon the trustee. However, the trustee may refuse to follow any direction which is in conflict with any law or the applicable Indenture, which may involve the trustee in personal liability or which may be unduly prejudicial to the holders of debt securities of such series not joining therein (Section 512 of each Indenture).

Within 120 days after the close of each fiscal year, the Company must deliver to each trustee a certificate, signed by one of several specified officers, as to his or her knowledge of the Company's compliance with all conditions and covenants of the applicable Indenture and, in the event of any noncompliance, specifying such noncompliance and the nature and status thereof (Section 1010 of each Indenture).

### **Modification of the Indentures**

Modifications and amendments of each Indenture may be made with the consent of the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of all debt securities outstanding under the Indenture which are affected by such modification or amendment; provided, however, that no such modification or amendment may, without the consent of the holder of each such debt security affected thereby, (a) change the stated maturity of the principal of (or premium, if any), or any installment of principal of or interest on, any such debt security; (b) reduce the principal amount of, or the rate or amount of interest on, or any Additional Amounts payable in respect of, or any premium payable on redemption of, or change any obligation of the Company to pay any Additional Amounts set forth in the Indenture relating to, any such debt security, or reduce the amount of principal of an original issue discount security or indexed security that would be due and payable upon declaration of acceleration of the maturity thereof or would be provable in bankruptcy, or adversely affect any right of repayment of the holder of any such debt security; (c) change the place of payment, or the coin or currency, for payment of principal of, or premium, if any, or interest on, or any Additional

Amounts payable with respect to any such debt security; (d) impair the

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right to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment on or with respect to any such debt security; (e) reduce the above-stated percentage of outstanding debt securities of any series necessary to modify or amend the applicable Indenture, to waive compliance with certain provisions thereof or certain defaults and consequences thereunder or to reduce the quorum or voting requirements set forth in such Indenture; (f) release any guarantor of such security from its guarantee; or (g) modify any of the foregoing provisions or any of the provisions relating to the waiver of certain past defaults or certain covenants, except to increase the required percentage to effect such action or to provide that certain other provisions may not be modified or waived without the consent of the holder of such debt security (Section 902 of each Indenture).

The holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of debt securities outstanding under either Indenture have the right to waive compliance by the Company with certain covenants in the applicable Indenture (Section 1012 of each Indenture).

Modifications and amendments of each Indenture may be made by the Company and the applicable trustee without the consent of any holder of debt securities issued thereunder for any of the following purposes: (i) to evidence the succession of another person to the Company as obligor under the applicable Indenture; (ii) to add to the covenants of the Company for the benefit of the holders of all or any series of debt securities or to surrender any right or power conferred upon the Company in the Indenture; (iii) to add Events of Default for the benefit of the holders of all or any series of debt securities; (iv) to add or change any provisions of the applicable Indenture to facilitate the issuance of, or to liberalize certain terms of, debt securities in bearer form, or to permit or facilitate the issuance of debt securities in uncertificated form, provided that such action shall not adversely affect the interests of the holders of the debt securities of any series in any material respect; (v) to change or eliminate any provisions of the applicable Indenture, provided that any such change or elimination shall become effective only when there are no debt securities outstanding of any series issued thereunder created prior thereto which are entitled to the benefit of such provision; (vi) to secure the debt securities or provide a guarantee of the securities; (vii) to establish the form or terms of debt securities of any series, including the provisions and procedures, if applicable, for the conversion of such debt securities into Common Stock or Preferred Stock of the Company; (viii) to provide for the acceptance of appointment by a successor trustee or facilitate the administration of the trusts under the applicable Indenture by more than one trustee; (ix) to cure any ambiguity, defect or inconsistency in the applicable Indenture; or (x) to supplement any of the provisions of the applicable Indenture to the extent necessary to permit or facilitate defeasance and discharge of any series of such debt securities, provided that such action will not adversely affect the interests of the holders of the debt securities of any series in any material respect (Section 901 of each Indenture).

Each Indenture provides that in determining whether the holders of the requisite principal amount of outstanding debt securities of a series have given any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent or waiver thereunder or whether a quorum is present at a meeting of holders of debt securities, (i) the principal amount of an original issue discount security that will be deemed to be outstanding will be the amount of the principal thereof that would be due and payable as of the date of such determination upon declaration of acceleration of the maturity thereof, (ii) the principal amount of a debt security denominated in a foreign currency that will be deemed outstanding will be the U.S. dollar equivalent, determined on the issue date for such debt security, of the principal amount (or, in the case of an original issue discount security, the U.S. dollar equivalent on the issue date of such debt security of the amount determined as provided in (i) above), (iii) the principal amount of an indexed security that will be deemed outstanding will be the principal amount of such indexed security on the issue date, unless otherwise provided with respect to such indexed security pursuant to Section 301 of the applicable Indenture, and (iv) debt securities owned by the Company or any other obligor upon the debt securities or any Affiliate of the Company or of such other obligor will be disregarded (Section 101 of each Indenture).

Each Indenture contains provisions for convening meetings of the holders of debt securities of a series (Section 1501 of each Indenture). A meeting may be called by the trustee, by the Company, pursuant to a resolution adopted by its Board of Directors, or by the holders of not less than 10% in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of such series, in any such case upon satisfaction of any conditions and

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upon notice given as provided in the applicable Indenture (Section 1502 of each Indenture). Except for any consent that must be given by the holder of each debt security affected by certain modifications and amendments of the applicable Indenture, any resolution presented at a meeting or adjourned meeting duly reconvened at which a quorum is present may be adopted by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of that series; provided, however, that, except as referred to above, any resolution with respect to any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action that may be made, given or taken by the holders of a specified percentage, which is less than a majority, in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of a series may be adopted at a meeting or adjourned meeting duly reconvened at which a quorum is present by the affirmative vote of the holders of such specified percentage in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of that series. Any resolution passed or decision taken at any meeting of holders of debt securities of any series duly held in accordance with the Indenture will be binding on all holders of debt securities of that series. The quorum at

any meeting called to adopt a resolution, and at any reconvened meeting, will be persons holding or representing a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of a series; provided, however, that if any action is to be taken at such meeting with respect to a consent or waiver which may be given by the holders of not less than a specified percentage in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of a series, the persons holding or representing such specified percentage in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of such series will constitute a quorum (Section 1504 of each Indenture).

Notwithstanding the provisions described above, if any action is to be taken at a meeting of holders of debt securities of any series with respect to any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action that the applicable Indenture expressly provides may be made, given or taken by the holders of a specified percentage in principal amount of all outstanding debt securities affected thereby, or of the holders of such series and one or more additional series: (i) there shall be no minimum quorum requirement for such meeting and (ii) the principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of such series that vote in favor of such request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action shall be taken into account in determining whether such request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action has been made, given or taken under the applicable Indenture (Section 1504 of each Indenture).

#### **Discharge, Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance**

The Company may discharge certain obligations to holders of any series of debt securities that have not already been delivered to the trustee for cancellation and that either have become due and payable or will become due and payable within one year (or scheduled for redemption within one year) by irrevocably depositing with the applicable trustee, in trust, funds in such currency or currencies, currency unit or units or composite currency or currencies in which such debt securities are payable in an amount sufficient to pay the entire indebtedness on such debt securities in respect of principal (and premium, if any) and interest and Additional Amounts payable to the date of such deposit (if such debt securities have become due and payable) or to the stated maturity or date of redemption or repayment, as the case may be (Section 401 of each Indenture).

Each Indenture provides that, if the provisions of Article XIV of such Indenture are made applicable to the debt securities of or within any series pursuant to Section 301 of such Indenture, the Company may elect either (a) to defease and be discharged from any and all obligations with respect to such debt securities (except for the obligation to pay Additional Amounts, if any, upon the occurrence of certain events of tax, assessment or governmental charge with respect to payments on such debt securities and the obligations to register the transfer or exchange of such debt securities, to replace temporary or mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen debt securities, to maintain an office or agency in respect of such debt securities and to hold moneys for payment in trust) ("defeasance") (Section 1402 of each Indenture) or (b) to be released from its obligations with respect to such debt securities under Sections 1004 to 1009, inclusive, of the applicable Indenture (being the restrictions described under " Certain Covenants" above) or, if provided pursuant to Section 301 of such Indenture, its obligations with respect to any other covenant, and

any omission to comply with such obligations will not constitute a default or an Event of Default with respect to such debt securities ("covenant defeasance") (Section 1403 of each Indenture), in either case upon the irrevocable deposit by the Company with the applicable trustee, in trust, of an amount, in such currency or currencies, currency unit or units or composite currency or currencies in which such debt securities are payable at stated maturity, or Government Obligations (as defined in the Indenture and described below), or both, applicable to such debt securities which through the scheduled payment of principal and interest in accordance with their terms will provide money in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on such debt securities, and any mandatory sinking fund or analogous payments thereon, on the scheduled due dates therefor (Section 1404 of each Indenture).

Such a trust may be established only if, among other things, the Company has delivered to the applicable trustee an opinion of counsel (as specified in the applicable Indenture) to the effect that the holders of such debt securities will not recognize income, gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a result of such defeasance or covenant defeasance and will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the same amounts, in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such defeasance or covenant defeasance had not occurred (Section 1404 of each Indenture).

"Government Obligations" means securities which are (i) direct obligations of the United States of America or the government which issued the foreign currency in which the debt securities of a particular series are payable, for the payment of which its full faith and credit is pledged or (ii) obligations of a person controlled or supervised by and acting as an agency or instrumentality of the United States or such government which issued the foreign currency in which the debt securities of such series are payable, the payment of which is unconditionally guaranteed as a full faith and credit obligation by the United States or such other government, which, in either case, are not callable or redeemable at the option of the issuer thereof, and will also include a depository receipt issued by a bank or trust company as custodian with respect to any such Government Obligation or a specific payment of interest on or principal of any such Government Obligation held by such custodian for the account of the holder of a depository receipt, provided that (except as required by law) such custodian is not authorized to make any deduction from the amount payable to the holder of such depository receipt from any amount received by the custodian in respect of

the Government Obligation or the specific payment of interest on or principal of the Government Obligation evidenced by such depository receipt (Section 101 of each Indenture).

Unless otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, if after the Company has deposited funds and/or Government Obligations to effect defeasance or covenant defeasance with respect to debt securities of any series, (a) the holder of a debt security of such series is entitled to, and does, elect pursuant to Section 301 of the applicable Indenture or the terms of such debt security to receive payment in a currency, currency unit or composite currency other than that in which such deposit has been made in respect of such debt security, or (b) a Conversion Event (as defined in the Indenture and described below) occurs in respect of the currency, currency unit or composite currency in which such deposit has been made, the indebtedness represented by such debt security shall be deemed to have been, and will be, fully discharged and satisfied through the payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on such debt security as they become due out of the proceeds yielded by converting the amount so deposited in respect of such debt security into the currency, currency unit or composite currency in which such debt security becomes payable as a result of such election or such cessation of usage based on the applicable market exchange rate (Section 1405 of each Indenture). "Conversion Event" means the cessation of use of (i) a currency, currency unit or composite currency both by the government of the country which issued such currency and for the settlement of transactions by a central bank or other public institutions of or within the international banking community, (ii) the ECU both within the European Monetary System and for the settlement of transactions by public institutions of or within the European Communities or (iii) any currency unit or composite currency other than the ECU for the purposes for which it was established (Section 101 of each Indenture). Unless otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, all payments of principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on any debt security that is payable in a foreign currency that ceases to be used by its government of issuance shall be made in U.S. dollars.

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In the event the Company effects covenant defeasance with respect to any debt securities and such debt securities are declared due and payable because of the occurrence of any Event of Default other than the Event of Default described in clause (d) under "Events of Default, Notice and Waiver" with respect to Sections 1004 to 1009, inclusive, of the applicable Indenture (which Sections would no longer be applicable to such debt securities) or described in clause (g) under "Events of Default, Notice and Waiver" with respect to any other covenant as to which there has been covenant defeasance, the amount in such currency, currency unit or composite currency in which such debt securities are payable, and Government Obligations on deposit with the applicable trustee, will be sufficient to pay amounts due on such debt securities at the time of their stated maturity but may not be sufficient to pay amounts due on such debt securities at the time of the acceleration resulting from such Event of Default. However, the Company would remain liable to make payment of such amounts due at the time of acceleration.

The applicable prospectus supplement may further describe the provisions, if any, permitting such defeasance or covenant defeasance, including any modifications to the provisions described above, with respect to the debt securities of or within a particular series.

### **Subordination**

Upon any distribution to creditors of the Company in a liquidation, dissolution or reorganization, the payment of the principal of and interest on the subordinated debt securities will be subordinated to the extent provided in the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all Senior Debt (as defined in the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture and described below) (Sections 1701 and 1702 of the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture), but the obligation of the Company to make payment of the principal of and interest on the subordinated debt securities will not otherwise be affected (Section 1708 of the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture). No payment of principal or interest may be made on the subordinated debt securities at any time if a default on Senior Debt exists that permits the holders of such Senior Debt to accelerate its maturity and the default is the subject of judicial proceedings or the Company receives notice of the default (Section 1703 of the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture). After all Senior Debt is paid in full and until the subordinated debt securities are paid in full, holders will be subrogated to the rights of holders of Senior Debt to the extent that distributions otherwise payable to holders have been applied to the payment of Senior Debt (Section 1707 of the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture). By reason of such subordination, in the event of a distribution of assets upon insolvency, certain general creditors of the Company may recover more, ratably, than holders of the subordinated debt securities.

Senior Debt is defined in the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture as the principal of and interest on, or substantially similar payments to be made by the Company in respect of, the following, whether outstanding at the date of execution of the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture or thereafter incurred, created or assumed: (a) indebtedness of the Company for money borrowed or represented by purchase-money obligations, (b) indebtedness of the Company evidenced by notes, debentures, or bonds, or other securities issued under the provisions of an indenture, fiscal agency agreement or other instrument, (c) obligations of the Company as lessee under leases of property either made as part of any sale and leaseback transaction to which the Company is a party or otherwise, (d) indebtedness of partnerships and joint ventures that is included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company, (e) indebtedness, obligations and liabilities of others in respect of which the Company is liable contingently or otherwise to pay or advance money or property or as guarantor, endorser or otherwise or which the Company has agreed to purchase or otherwise acquire, and (f) any binding commitment of the Company to fund any real estate investment or to fund any investment in any entity making such real estate investment, in each case other than (1) any such indebtedness, obligation or liability referred to in clauses

(a) through (f) above as to which, in the instrument creating or evidencing the same pursuant to which the same is outstanding, it is provided that such indebtedness, obligation or liability is not superior in right of payment to the subordinated debt securities or ranks *pari passu* with the subordinated debt securities, (2) any such indebtedness, obligation or liability which is subordinated to indebtedness of the Company to substantially the same extent as or to a greater extent than the subordinated debt securities are subordinated, (3) any

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trade accounts payable and (4) the subordinated debt securities (Section 101 of the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture). There are no restrictions in the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture upon the creation of additional Senior Debt. However, the Senior Debt Securities Indenture contains limitations on incurrence of indebtedness by the Company. See " Certain Covenants Senior Debt Securities Indenture Limitations on Incurrence of Debt."

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### DESCRIPTION OF COMMON STOCK

The Company has the authority to issue up to 250,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$.01 per share (the "Common Stock"). On January 23, 2002, the Company had 87,351,604 shares of Common Stock outstanding.

The following description of the Common Stock sets forth certain general terms and provisions of the Common Stock to which any prospectus supplement may relate, including a prospectus supplement providing that Common Stock will be issuable upon conversion or exchange of debt securities or preferred stock of the Company or upon the exercise of warrants to purchase Common Stock issued by the Company. The statements below describing the Common Stock are in all respects subject to and qualified in their entirety by reference to the applicable provisions of the Company's Charter and Bylaws and the Maryland General Corporation Law.

Subject to the preferential rights of any other shares or series of capital stock, holders of the Company's Common Stock will be entitled to receive dividends when, as and if authorized and declared by the Board of Directors of the Company, out of funds legally available therefor. Payment and declaration of dividends on the Common Stock and purchases of shares thereof by the Company may be subject to certain restrictions if the Company fails to pay dividends on any of its Preferred Stock. See "Description of Preferred Stock." Upon the distribution of assets in connection with any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, holders of Common Stock will be entitled to share equally and ratably in any assets available for distribution to them, after payment or provision for payment of all known debts and liabilities of the Company and any preferential amounts owing with respect to any outstanding Preferred Stock. Subject to certain provisions of Maryland law and the Company's Charter and Bylaws, each outstanding share of Common Stock entitles the holder to one vote on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders, including the election of directors, and, except as otherwise required by law or except as provided with respect to any other class or series of stock (such as the Company's Series D Preferred Stock, the holders of which have the right to vote with the holders of the Company's Common Stock as though part of the same class), the holders of such shares will possess the exclusive voting power. Holders of Common Stock will not have cumulative voting rights in the election of directors, which means that holders of a majority of all of the shares of or voting with the Company's Common Stock for the election of directors will be able to elect all of the directors to be elected by such holders if they choose to do so and, accordingly, the holders of the remaining Common Stock will be unable to elect any directors. Holders of shares of Common Stock will not have preemptive rights, which means they have no right to acquire any additional shares of Common Stock that may be issued by the Company at a subsequent date. Holders of Common Stock also will have no conversion, sinking fund, redemption, preference or exchange rights. Subject to the provisions of the Company Charter regarding the restrictions on transfer and limitations on ownership of the Common Stock or the Preferred Stock, shares of the Common Stock will have equal dividend, liquidation and other rights. The Common Stock will, when issued, be fully paid and nonassessable and will not be subject to preemptive or other similar rights.

#### Restrictions on Ownership

With certain exceptions, the Company's Charter provides that no person may own, actually or constructively, more than 9.8% by value of the Company's Common Stock or Preferred Stock. See "Restrictions on Ownership of Capital Stock."

#### Shareholder Rights Plan

The Company has a Shareholder Rights Plan under which one preferred share purchase right (a "Right") is attached to each outstanding share of the Company's Common Stock. When exercisable, each Right entitles the registered holder to purchase from the Company one one-thousandth of a share of the Company's Series C Junior Participating Preferred Stock ("Series C Preferred Stock") for an exercise price of

\$45, subject to certain anti-dilution adjustments. Because of the nature of the dividend, liquidation

and voting rights, the value of one one-thousandth of a share of Series C Preferred Stock purchasable upon exercise of each Right should approximate the value of one share of the Company's Common Stock.

The Rights will become exercisable only if a person or group acquires, obtains the right to acquire or announces a tender offer to acquire 15% or more of the Company's Common Stock. Shares of Series C Preferred Stock purchasable upon exercise of the Rights will be entitled, when, as and if declared, to a minimum preferential quarterly dividend payment of \$1.00 per share but will be entitled to an aggregate dividend of 1,000 times the dividend, if any, declared per share of the Company's Common Stock. In the event of liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, the holders of the Series C Preferred Stock will be entitled to a minimum liquidation payment of \$1,000 per share (plus any accrued but unpaid dividends), preferential to the Company's Common Stock, but junior to the Company's 8<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>% Series A Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock, 8<sup>5</sup>/<sub>8</sub>% Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, 7.8% Series D Cumulative Voting Step-Up Premium Rate Preferred Stock and Preferred Stock ranking on a parity with such Preferred Stock as to distributions or rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Company, but will be entitled to an aggregate payment of 1,000 times the payment made per share of Series C Preferred Stock. Each share of Series C Preferred Stock will have 1,000 votes and will vote together with shares of the Company's Common Stock. Finally, in the event of any merger, consolidation or other transaction in which shares of the Company's Common Stock are exchanged, each share of Series C Preferred Stock will be entitled to receive 1,000 times the amount received per share of the Company's Common Stock. Shares of Series C Preferred Stock are generally not redeemable. The Rights are protected by customary anti-dilution provisions.

Until a person or group acquires or announces a tender offer to acquire 15% or more of the Common Stock, the Rights will be evidenced by the certificates representing shares of Common Stock of the Company and will be transferred with and only with such certificates. The surrender for transfer of any certificate for shares of Common Stock will also constitute the transfer of the Rights associated with the shares represented by such certificate. The Rights will expire on October 8, 2003, unless earlier redeemed or exchanged by the Company or terminated.

In the event that a person becomes an acquiring person or if the Company were the surviving corporation in a merger with an acquiring person or any affiliate or associate of an acquiring person and the Company's Common Stock was not changed or exchanged, each holder of a Right, other than Rights that are or were acquired or beneficially owned by the acquiring person (which Rights will thereafter be void), will thereafter have the right to receive upon exercise that number of shares of the Company's Common Stock having a market value of two times the then current exercise price under the Right. In the event that, after a person has become an acquiring person, the Company were acquired in a merger or other business combination transaction or more than 50% of its assets or earning power were sold, proper provision shall be made so that each holder of a Right shall thereafter have the right to receive, upon the exercise thereof at the then current exercise price under the Right, that number of shares of common stock of the acquiring company which at the time of such transaction would have a market value of two times the then current exercise price under the Right.

At any time after a person becomes an acquiring person and prior to the earlier of one of the events described in the last sentence of the previous paragraph or the acquisition by such acquiring person of 50% or more of the outstanding shares of the Company's Common Stock, the Board of Directors may cause the Company to exchange the Rights (other than Rights owned by an acquiring person which will have become void), in whole or in part, for that number of shares of the Company's Common Stock having an aggregate value equal to the spread (the excess of the value of the adjustment shares issuable upon the exercise of a Right over the exercise price) per Right (subject to adjustment).

The Rights may be redeemed in whole, but not in part, at a price of \$.01 per Right by the Board of Directors at any time before the time that an acquiring person has become such. The redemption of the Rights may be made effective at such time, on such basis and with such conditions as the Board of Directors in its sole discretion may establish. Immediately upon any redemption of the Rights, the right to

exercise the Rights will terminate and the only right of the holders of Rights will be to receive the redemption price.

The Rights may have certain anti-takeover effects. The Rights will cause substantial dilution to a person or group that acquires more than 15% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock of the Company if certain events thereafter occur without the Rights having been redeemed. However, because the Rights are redeemable by the Board of Directors in certain circumstances, the Rights should not interfere with any merger or other business combination approved by the Board of Directors.

#### **Registrar and Transfer Agent**

The registrar and transfer agent for the Company's Common Stock is EquiServe Trust Company, N.A.

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### DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED STOCK

The Company is authorized to issue 25,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock, par value \$.01 per share (the "Preferred Stock"). As of January 23, 2002, approximately 2,287,000 shares of Preferred Stock were issued and outstanding, consisting of approximately 1,507,000 shares of 8<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>% Series A Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock, 630,000 shares of 8<sup>5</sup>/<sub>8</sub>% Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock and 150,000 of 7.8% Series D Cumulative Voting Step-Up Premium Rate Preferred Stock. The latter two series of Preferred Stock are traded as depositary shares, each depositary share representing one-tenth of a share of Preferred Stock. As of the same date, 100,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock had been classified and were reserved for issuance under the Company's shareholder rights plan. See "Description of Common Stock Shareholder Rights Plan."

Under the Company's Charter, shares of Preferred Stock may be issued from time to time, in one or more series as authorized by the Board of Directors. Prior to issuance of shares of each series, the Board of Directors is required by the Maryland General Corporation Law and the Company's Charter to adopt resolutions and file Articles Supplementary (the "Articles Supplementary") with the State Department of Assessments and Taxation of Maryland, fixing for each such series the designations, powers, preferences and rights of the shares of such series and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereon, including, but not limited to, dividend rights, dividend rate or rates, conversion rights, voting rights, rights and terms of redemption (including sinking fund provisions), the redemption price or prices, and the liquidation preferences as are permitted by Maryland law. The Board of Directors could authorize the issuance of shares of Preferred Stock with terms and conditions which could have the effect of discouraging a takeover or other transaction which holders of some, or a majority, of such shares might believe to be in their best interests or in which holders of some, or a majority, of such shares might receive a premium for their shares over the then market price of such shares.

The following description of the Preferred Stock sets forth certain general terms and provisions of the Preferred Stock to which any supplement to this prospectus may relate. The statements below describing the Preferred Stock are in all respects subject to and qualified in their entirety by reference to the applicable provisions of the Company's Charter (including the applicable Articles Supplementary) and Bylaws and the Maryland General Corporation Law.

#### General

Subject to limitations prescribed by Maryland law and the Company's Charter and Bylaws, the Board of Directors is authorized to fix the number of shares constituting each series of Preferred Stock and the designations and powers, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights and qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, including such provisions as may be desired concerning voting, redemption, dividends, dissolution or the distribution of assets, conversion or exchange, and such other subjects or matters as may be fixed by resolution of the Board of Directors or duly authorized committee thereof. The Preferred Stock will, when issued, be fully paid and nonassessable and will not have, or be subject to, any preemptive or similar rights.

The prospectus supplement relating to the series of Preferred Stock offered thereby will describe the specific terms of such securities, including:

- (1) the title and stated value of such Preferred Stock;
- (2) the number of shares of such Preferred Stock offered, the liquidation preference per share and the offering price of such Preferred Stock;
- (3) the dividend rate(s), period(s) and/or payment date(s) or method(s) of calculation thereof applicable to such Preferred Stock;
- (4) whether dividends shall be cumulative or non-cumulative and, if cumulative, the date from which dividends on such Preferred Stock shall accumulate;
- (5) the procedures for any auction and remarketing, if any, for such Preferred Stock;

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- (6) the provisions for a sinking fund, if any, for such Preferred Stock;
- (7) the provisions for redemption, if applicable, of such Preferred Stock;
- (8) any listing of such Preferred Stock on any securities exchange;
- (9) the terms and conditions, if applicable, upon which such Preferred Stock will be convertible into Common Stock of the Company, including the conversion price (or manner of calculation thereof) and conversion period;
- (10) a discussion of federal income tax considerations applicable to such Preferred Stock;
- (11) any limitations on issuance of any series of Preferred Stock ranking senior to or on a parity with such series of Preferred Stock as to dividend rights and rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Company;
- (12) in addition to those limitations described below, any other limitations on actual and constructive ownership and restrictions on transfer, in each case as may be appropriate to preserve the status of the Company as a REIT; and
- (13) any other specific terms, preferences, rights, limitations or restrictions of such Preferred Stock.

### **Rank**

Unless otherwise specified in the prospectus supplement relating to a particular series of Preferred Stock, the Preferred Stock will, with respect to dividend rights and rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, rank (i) senior to all classes or series of Common Stock of the Company, and to all equity securities ranking junior to such Preferred Stock with respect to dividend rights or rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company; (ii) on a parity with all equity securities issued by the Company the terms of which specifically provide that such equity securities rank on a parity with the Preferred Stock with respect to dividend rights or rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company; and (iii) junior to any equity securities issued by the Company the terms of which specifically provide that such equity securities rank senior to the Preferred Stock with respect to dividend rights or rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company. As used in the Company's Charter for these purposes, the term "equity securities" does not include convertible debt securities.

### **Dividends**

Unless otherwise specified in the prospectus supplement, the Preferred Stock will have the rights with respect to payment of dividends set forth below.

Holders of shares of the Preferred Stock of each series shall be entitled to receive, when, as and if declared and authorized by the Board of Directors of the Company, out of assets of the Company legally available for payment, cash dividends at such rates and on such dates as will be set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement. Each such dividend shall be payable to holders of record as they appear on the stock transfer books of the Company on such record dates as shall be fixed by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Dividends on any series of the Preferred Stock may be cumulative or non-cumulative, to be described in the applicable prospectus supplement. Dividends, if cumulative, will accumulate from and after the date set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement. If the Board of Directors of the Company fails to declare a dividend payable on a dividend payment date on any series of the Preferred Stock for which dividends are non-cumulative, then the holders of such series of the Preferred Stock will have no right to receive a dividend in respect of the dividend period ending on such dividend payment date, and the Company will have no obligation to pay the dividend accrued for such period, whether or not dividends on such series are declared payable on any future dividend payment date.

If any shares of the Preferred Stock of any series are outstanding, no full dividends shall be declared or paid or set apart for payment on the Preferred Stock of the Company of any other series ranking, as to dividends, on a parity with or junior to the Preferred Stock of such series for any period unless (i) if such series of Preferred Stock has a cumulative dividend, full cumulative dividends have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for such payment on the Preferred Stock of such series for all past dividend periods and the then current dividend period or (ii) if such series of Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend, full dividends for the then current dividend period have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for such payment on the Preferred Stock of such series. When dividends are not paid in



full (or a sum sufficient for such full payment is not so irrevocably set apart) upon the shares of Preferred Stock of any series and the shares of any other series of preferred stock ranking on a parity as to dividends with the Preferred Stock of such series, all dividends declared upon shares of Preferred Stock of such series and any other series of preferred stock ranking on a parity as to dividends with such Preferred Stock shall be declared pro rata so that the amount of dividends declared per share on the Preferred Stock of such series and such other series of preferred stock shall in all cases bear to each other the same ratio that accrued and unpaid dividends per share on the shares of Preferred Stock of such series (which shall not include any accumulation in respect of unpaid dividends for prior dividend periods if such Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend) and such other series of preferred stock bear to each other. No interest, or sum of money in lieu of interest, shall be payable in respect of any dividend payment or payments on Preferred Stock of such series which may be in arrears.

Except as provided in the immediately preceding paragraph, unless (i) if such series of Preferred Stock has a cumulative dividend, full cumulative dividends on the Preferred Stock of such series have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for payment for all past dividend periods and the then current dividend period and (ii) if such series of Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend, full dividends on the Preferred Stock of such series have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for payment for the then current dividend period, no dividends (other than in Common Stock or other capital stock ranking junior to the Preferred Stock of such series as to dividends and upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company) shall be declared or paid or set aside for payment or other distribution shall be declared or made upon the Common Stock or any other capital stock of the Company ranking junior to or on a parity with the Preferred Stock of such series as to dividends or upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, nor shall any Common Stock or any other capital stock of the Company ranking junior to or on a parity with the Preferred Stock of such series as to dividends or upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company be redeemed, purchased or otherwise acquired for any consideration (or any moneys be paid to or made available for a sinking fund for the redemption of any shares of any such stock) by the Company (except by conversion into or exchange for other capital stock of the Company ranking junior to the Preferred Stock of such series as to dividends and upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, and except for a redemption or purchase or other acquisition of shares of Common Stock made for purposes of an employee benefit plan of the Company or any subsidiary or as provided for under the Company's Charter to protect the Company's status as a REIT).

Any dividend payment made on shares of a series of Preferred Stock shall first be credited against the earliest accrued but unpaid dividend due with respect to shares of such series which remains payable.

If for any taxable year, the Company elects to designate as "capital gains dividends" (as defined in Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code) any portion (the "Capital Gains Amount") of the total dividends (within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code) paid or made available for the year to holders of all classes of capital stock, then the portion of the Capital Gains Amount that will be allocable to the holders of Preferred Stock will be the Capital Gains Amount multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the total dividends paid or made available to the holders of shares of Preferred Stock for the year and the denominator of which shall be the total dividends.

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## Redemption

If so described in the applicable prospectus supplement, the shares of Preferred Stock will be subject to mandatory redemption or redemption at the option of the Company, in whole or in part, in each case upon the terms, at the times and at the redemption prices set forth in such prospectus supplement.

The prospectus supplement relating to a series of Preferred Stock that is subject to mandatory redemption will specify the number of shares of such Preferred Stock that shall be redeemed by the Company in each year commencing after a date to be specified, at a redemption price per share to be specified, together with an amount equal to all accrued and unpaid dividends thereon (which shall not, if such Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend, include any accumulation in respect of unpaid dividends for prior dividend periods) to the date of redemption. The redemption price may be payable in cash or other property, as described in the applicable prospectus supplement. If the redemption price for Preferred Stock of any series is payable only from the net proceeds of the issuance of capital stock of the Company, the terms of such Preferred Stock may provide that, if no such capital stock shall have been issued or to the extent the net proceeds from any issuance are insufficient to pay in full the aggregate redemption price then due, such Preferred Stock shall automatically and mandatorily be converted into shares of the applicable capital stock of the Company pursuant to conversion provisions specified in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, unless (i) if such series of Preferred Stock has a cumulative dividend, full cumulative dividends on all shares of any series of Preferred Stock shall have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for payment for all past dividend periods and the then current dividend period and (ii) if such series of Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend, full dividends on the Preferred Stock of any series have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for payment for the then current dividend period, no shares of any series of Preferred Stock shall be redeemed unless all outstanding shares of Preferred Stock of such series are simultaneously

redeemed; provided, however, that the foregoing shall not prevent the purchase or acquisition of shares of Preferred Stock of such series pursuant to a purchase or exchange offer made on the same terms to holders of all outstanding shares of Preferred Stock of such series, and, unless (i) if such series of Preferred Stock has a cumulative dividend, full cumulative dividends on all outstanding shares of any series of Preferred Stock have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for payment for all past dividend periods and the then current dividend period and (ii) if such series of Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend, full dividends on the Preferred Stock of any series have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for payment for the then current dividend period, the Company shall not purchase or otherwise acquire directly or indirectly any shares of Preferred Stock of such series (except by conversion into or exchange for capital stock of the Company ranking junior to the Preferred Stock of such series as to dividends and upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company).

If fewer than all of the outstanding shares of Preferred Stock of any series are to be redeemed, the number of shares to be redeemed will be determined by the Company and such shares may be redeemed pro rata from the holders of record of such shares in proportion to the number of such shares held by such holders (with adjustments to avoid redemption of fractional shares) or any other equitable method determined by the Company that will not result in violation of the ownership limitations set forth in the Charter.

Notice of redemption will be mailed at least 30 days but not more than 60 days before the redemption date to each holder of record of a share of Preferred Stock of any series to be redeemed at the address shown on the stock transfer books of the Company. Each notice shall state: (i) the redemption date; (ii) the number of shares and series of the Preferred Stock to be redeemed; (iii) the redemption price; (iv) the place or places where certificates for such Preferred Stock are to be surrendered for payment of the redemption price; (v) that dividends on the shares to be redeemed will cease to accrue on

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such redemption date; and (vi) the date upon which the holder's conversion rights, if any, as to such shares shall terminate. If fewer than all the shares of Preferred Stock of any series are to be redeemed, the notice mailed to each such holder thereof shall also specify the number of shares of Preferred Stock to be redeemed from each such holder. If notice of redemption of any shares of Preferred Stock has been given and if the funds necessary for such redemption have been irrevocably set apart by the Company in trust for the benefit of the holders of any shares of Preferred Stock so called for redemption, then from and after the redemption date dividends will cease to accrue on such shares of Preferred Stock, such shares of Preferred Stock shall no longer be deemed outstanding and all rights of the holders of such shares will terminate, except the right to receive the redemption price.

In addition, and the foregoing to the contrary notwithstanding, the shares of Preferred Stock will be issued subject to the terms and provisions of the Charter providing for a purchase option in favor of the Company in respect of those shares, in order to protect the Company's status as a REIT. See "Restrictions on Ownership of Capital Stock."

#### **Liquidation Preference**

Upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Company, then, before any distribution or payment shall be made to the holders of any Common Stock or any other class or series of capital stock of the Company ranking junior to the Preferred Stock in the distribution of assets upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, the holders of each series of Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive out of assets of the Company legally available for distribution to stockholders liquidating distributions in the amount of the liquidation preference per share (set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement and Articles Supplementary), plus an amount equal to all dividends accrued and unpaid thereon (which shall not include any accumulation in respect of unpaid dividends for prior dividend periods if such Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend). After payment of the full amount of the liquidating distributions to which they are entitled, the holders of Preferred Stock will have no right or claim to any of the remaining assets of the Company. In the event that, upon any such voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up, the legally available assets of the Company are insufficient to pay the amount of the liquidating distributions on all outstanding shares of Preferred Stock and the corresponding amounts payable on all shares of other classes or series of capital stock of the Company ranking on a parity with the Preferred Stock in the distribution of assets upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, then the holders of the Preferred Stock and all other such classes or series of capital stock shall share ratably in any such distribution of assets in proportion to the full liquidating distributions to which they would otherwise be respectively entitled.

If liquidating distributions shall have been made in full to all holders of shares of Preferred Stock, the remaining assets of the Company shall be distributed among the holders of any other classes or series of capital stock ranking junior to the Preferred Stock upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, according to their respective rights and preferences and in each case according to their respective number of shares. For such purposes, the consolidation or merger of the Company with or into any other corporation, or the sale, lease, transfer or conveyance of all or substantially all of the property or business of the Company, shall not be deemed to constitute a liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company.

## Voting Rights

Holders of the Preferred Stock will not have any voting rights, except as set forth below or as indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement and Articles Supplementary.

Whenever dividends on any shares of Preferred Stock shall be in arrears for six or more quarterly periods, whether or not consecutive, the number of directors then constituting the Board of Directors of the Company, if not then previously increased by reason of a similar arrearage with respect to any series of Preferred Stock with like rights, will automatically be increased by two and the holders of each series of Preferred Stock (voting separately as a class with all other series of Preferred Stock upon which like

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voting rights have been conferred and are exercisable) will be entitled to vote for the election of two additional directors of the Company at a special meeting of the shares of Preferred Stock of any series so in arrears or at the next annual meeting of stockholders, and at each subsequent annual meeting at which their successors are to be elected, until (i) if such series of Preferred Stock has a cumulative dividend, all dividends accumulated on such shares of Preferred Stock for the past dividend periods and the then current dividend period shall have been fully paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for payment or (ii) if such series of Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend, four consecutive quarterly dividends shall have been fully paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for payment; whereupon, in either such case, either such directors shall resign or their term of office shall expire, and the number of directors constituting the Board of Directors shall be decreased accordingly.

Unless provided otherwise for any series of Preferred Stock, so long as any shares of Preferred Stock remain outstanding, the Company shall not, without the affirmative vote or consent of the holders of at least 66<sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>% of the shares of each series of Preferred Stock outstanding at the time, given in person or by proxy, either in writing or at a meeting (such series voting separately as a class), (i) authorize or create, or increase the authorized or issued amount of, any class or series of capital stock ranking senior to such series of Preferred Stock with respect to payment of dividends or the distribution of assets upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company or reclassify any authorized capital stock of the Company into any such shares, or create, authorize or issue any obligation or security convertible into or evidencing the right to purchase any such shares; or (ii) amend, alter or repeal the provisions of the Company's Charter (including the Articles Supplementary for such series of Preferred Stock), whether by merger, consolidation or otherwise, so as to materially and adversely affect any right, preference, privilege or voting power of such series of Preferred Stock or the holders thereof; provided, however, that any increase in the amount of the authorized Preferred Stock or the creation or issuance of any other series of Preferred Stock, or any increase in the amount of authorized shares of such series or any other series of Preferred Stock, in each case ranking on a parity with or junior to the Preferred Stock of such series with respect to payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, shall not be deemed to materially and adversely affect such rights, preferences, privileges or voting powers.

The foregoing voting provisions will not apply if, at or prior to the time when the act with respect to which such vote would otherwise be required shall be effected, all outstanding shares of such series of Preferred Stock shall have been redeemed or called for redemption upon proper notice and sufficient funds shall have been irrevocably deposited in trust to effect such redemption.

## Conversion Rights

The terms and conditions, if any, upon which shares of any series of Preferred Stock are convertible into Common Stock will be set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement relating thereto. Such terms will include the number of shares of Common Stock into which the Preferred Stock is convertible, the conversion price (or manner of calculation thereof), the conversion period, provisions as to whether conversion will be at the option of the holders of the Preferred Stock or the Company, the events requiring an adjustment of the conversion price and provisions affecting conversion in the event of the redemption of such Preferred Stock.

## Restrictions on Ownership

With certain exceptions, the Company's Charter provides that no person may own, actually or constructively, more than 9.8% by value of the Company's Common Stock or Preferred Stock. See "Restrictions on Ownership of Capital Stock."

## Transfer Agent

The registrar and transfer agent for a particular series of Preferred Stock will be set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement.

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## DESCRIPTION OF DEPOSITARY SHARES

### General

The Company may issue receipts for depositary shares, each of which depositary receipts will represent a fractional interest of a share of a particular series of Preferred Stock, as specified in the applicable prospectus supplement. Shares of Preferred Stock of each series represented by depositary shares will be deposited under a separate Deposit Agreement among the Company, the depositary named therein and the holders from time to time of the depositary receipts. Subject to the terms of the Deposit Agreement, each owner of a depositary receipt will be entitled, in proportion to the fractional interest of a share of a particular series of Preferred Stock represented by the depositary shares evidenced by such depositary receipt, to all the rights and preferences of the Preferred Stock represented by such depositary shares (including dividend, voting, conversion, redemption and liquidation rights).

The depositary shares will be evidenced by depositary receipts issued pursuant to the applicable Deposit Agreement. Immediately following the issuance and delivery of the Preferred Stock by the Company to the preferred stock depositary, the Company will cause the preferred stock depositary to issue, on behalf of the Company, the depositary receipts. Copies of the applicable form of Deposit Agreement and depositary receipt may be obtained from the Company upon request, and the statements made hereunder relating to the Deposit Agreement and the depositary receipts to be issued thereunder are summaries of certain provisions thereof and do not purport to be complete and are subject to, and qualified in their entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the applicable Deposit Agreement and related depositary receipts.

### Dividends and Other Distributions

The preferred stock depositary will distribute all cash dividends or other cash distributions received in respect of the Preferred Stock to the record holders of depositary receipts evidencing the related depositary shares in proportion to the number of such depositary receipts owned by such holders, subject to certain obligations of holders to file proofs, certificates and other information and to pay certain charges and expenses to the preferred stock depositary.

In the event of a distribution other than in cash, the preferred stock depositary will distribute property received by it to the record holders of depositary receipts entitled thereto, subject to certain obligations of holders to file proofs, certificates and other information and to pay certain charges and expenses to the preferred stock depositary, unless the preferred stock depositary determines that it is not feasible to make such distribution, in which case the preferred stock depositary may, with the approval of the Company, sell such property and distribute the net proceeds from such sale to such holders.

No distribution will be made in respect of any depositary share to the extent that it represents any Preferred Stock converted into other securities.

### Withdrawal of Stock

Upon surrender of the depositary receipts at the corporate trust office of the preferred stock depositary (unless the related depositary shares have previously been called for redemption or converted into other securities), the holders thereof will be entitled to delivery at such office, to or upon such holder's order, of the number of whole or fractional shares of the Preferred Stock and any money or other property represented by the depositary shares evidenced by such depositary receipts. Holders of depositary receipts will be entitled to receive whole or fractional shares of the related Preferred Stock on the basis of the proportion of Preferred Stock represented by each depositary share as specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, but holders of such shares of Preferred Stock will not thereafter be entitled to receive depositary shares therefor. If the depositary receipts delivered by the holder evidence a number of depositary shares in excess of the number of depositary shares representing the number of shares of Preferred Stock to be withdrawn, the preferred stock depositary will deliver to such holder at the same time a new depositary receipt evidencing such excess number of depositary shares.

### Redemption of Depositary Shares

Whenever the Company redeems shares of Preferred Stock held by the preferred stock depositary, the preferred stock depositary will redeem as of the same redemption date the number of depositary shares representing shares of the Preferred Stock so redeemed, provided the Company shall have paid in full to the preferred stock depositary the redemption price of the Preferred Stock to be redeemed plus an amount

equal to any accrued and unpaid dividends thereon to the date fixed for redemption. The redemption price per depositary share will be equal to the corresponding proportion of the redemption price and any other amounts per share payable with respect to the Preferred Stock. If fewer than all the depositary shares are to be redeemed, the depositary shares to be redeemed will be selected pro rata (as nearly as may be practicable without creating fractional depositary shares) or by any other equitable method determined by the Company that will not result in a violation of the ownership restrictions in the Company's Charter applicable to owners of the Company's Common Stock and Preferred Stock. See "Restrictions on Ownership of Capital Stock."

From and after the date fixed for redemption, all dividends in respect of the shares of Preferred Stock so called for redemption will cease to accrue, the depositary shares so called for redemption will no longer be deemed to be outstanding and all rights of the holders of the depositary receipts evidencing the depositary shares so called for redemption will cease, except the right to receive any moneys payable upon such redemption and any money or other property to which the holders of such depositary receipts were entitled upon such redemption and surrender thereof to the preferred stock depositary.

#### **Voting of the Preferred Stock**

Upon receipt of notice of any meeting at which the holders of the Preferred Stock are entitled to vote, the preferred stock depositary will mail the information contained in such notice of meeting to the record holders of the depositary receipts evidencing the depositary shares which represent such Preferred Stock. Each record holder of depositary receipts evidencing depositary shares on the record date (which will be the same date as the record date for the Preferred Stock) will be entitled to instruct the preferred stock depositary as to the exercise of the voting rights pertaining to the amount of Preferred Stock represented by such holder's depositary shares. The preferred stock depositary will vote the amount of Preferred Stock represented by such depositary shares in accordance with such instructions, and the Company will agree to take all reasonable action which may be deemed necessary by the preferred stock depositary in order to enable the preferred stock depositary to do so. The preferred stock depositary will abstain from voting the amount of Preferred Stock represented by such depositary shares to the extent it does not receive specific instructions from the holders of depositary receipts evidencing such depositary shares. The preferred stock depositary shall not be responsible for any failure to carry out any instruction to vote, or for the manner or effect of any such vote made, as long as any such action or non-action is in good faith and does not result from negligence or willful misconduct of the preferred stock depositary.

#### **Liquidation Preference**

In the event of the liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, whether voluntary or involuntary, the holders of each depositary receipt will be entitled to the fraction of the liquidation preference accorded each share of Preferred Stock represented by the depositary shares evidenced by such depositary receipt, as set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement.

#### **Conversion of Preferred Stock**

The depositary shares, as such, are not convertible into Common Stock or any other securities or property of the Company. Nevertheless, if so specified in the applicable prospectus supplement relating to an offering of depositary shares, the depositary receipts may be surrendered by holders thereof to the preferred stock depositary with written instructions to the preferred stock depositary to instruct the Company to cause conversion of the Preferred Stock represented by the depositary shares evidenced by such depositary receipts into whole shares of Common Stock, other shares of Preferred Stock of the

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Company or other shares of stock, and the Company has agreed that upon receipt of such instructions and any amounts payable in respect thereof, it will cause the conversion thereof utilizing the same procedures as those provided for delivery of Preferred Stock to effect such conversion. If the depositary shares evidenced by a depositary receipt are to be converted in part only, a new depositary receipt or receipts will be issued for any depositary shares not to be converted. No fractional shares of Common Stock will be issued upon conversion, and if such conversion would result in a fractional share being issued, an amount will be paid in cash by the Company equal to the value of the fractional interest based upon the closing price of the Common Stock on the last business day prior to the conversion.

#### **Amendment and Termination of Deposit Agreement**

The form of depositary receipt evidencing the depositary shares which represent the Preferred Stock and any provision of the Deposit Agreement may at any time be amended by agreement between the Company and the preferred stock depositary. However, any amendment that materially and adversely alters the rights of the holders of depositary receipts or that would be materially and adversely inconsistent with the rights granted to the holders of the related Preferred Stock will not be effective unless such amendment has been approved by the existing holders of at least 66<sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>% of the depositary shares evidenced by the depositary receipts then outstanding. No amendment shall impair the right, subject to certain exceptions in the Depositary Agreement, of any holder of depositary receipts to surrender any depositary receipt with

instructions to deliver to the holder the related Preferred Stock and all money and other property, if any, represented thereby, except in order to comply with law. Every holder of an outstanding depositary receipt at the time any such amendment becomes effective shall be deemed, by continuing to hold such receipt, to consent and agree to such amendment and to be bound by the Deposit Agreement as amended thereby.

The Deposit Agreement may be terminated by the Company upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice to the preferred stock depositary if (i) such termination is necessary to preserve the Company's status as a REIT or (ii) a majority of each series of Preferred Stock affected by such termination consents to such termination, whereupon the preferred stock depositary shall deliver or make available to each holder of depositary receipts, upon surrender of the depositary receipts held by such holder, such number of whole or fractional shares of Preferred Stock as are represented by the depositary shares evidenced by such depositary receipts together with any other property held by the preferred stock depositary with respect to such depositary receipts. The Company has agreed that if the Deposit Agreement is terminated to preserve the Company's status as a REIT, then the Company will use its best efforts to list the Preferred Stock issued upon surrender of the related depositary shares on a national securities exchange. In addition, the Deposit Agreement will automatically terminate if (i) all outstanding depositary shares shall have been redeemed, (ii) there shall have been a final distribution in respect of the related Preferred Stock in connection with any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company and such distribution shall have been distributed to the holders of depositary receipts evidencing the depositary shares representing such Preferred Stock or (iii) each share of the related Preferred Stock shall have been converted into securities of the Company not so represented by depositary shares.

### **Charges of Preferred Stock Depositary**

The Company will pay all transfer and other taxes and governmental charges arising solely from the existence of the Deposit Agreement. In addition, the Company will pay the fees and expenses of the preferred stock depositary in connection with the performance of its duties under the Deposit Agreement. However, holders of depositary receipts will pay the fees and expenses of the preferred stock depositary for any duties requested by such holders to be performed which are outside of those expressly provided for in the Deposit Agreement.

### **Resignation and Removal of Depositary**

The preferred stock depositary may resign at any time by delivering to the Company notice of its election to do so, and the Company may at any time remove the preferred stock depositary, any such

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resignation or removal to take effect upon the appointment of a successor preferred stock depositary. A successor preferred stock depositary must be appointed within 60 days after delivery of the notice of resignation or removal and must be a bank or trust company having its principal office in the United States and having a combined capital and surplus of at least \$50,000,000.

### **Miscellaneous**

The preferred stock depositary will forward to holders of depositary receipts any reports and communications from the Company which are received by the preferred stock depositary with respect to the related Preferred Stock.

Neither the preferred stock depositary nor the Company will be liable if it is prevented from or delayed in, by law or any circumstances beyond its control, performing its obligations under the Deposit Agreement. The obligations of the Company and the preferred stock depositary under the Deposit Agreement will be limited to performing their duties thereunder in good faith and without negligence (in the case of any action or inaction in the voting of Preferred Stock represented by the depositary shares), gross negligence or willful misconduct, and the Company and the preferred stock depositary will not be obligated to prosecute or defend any legal proceeding in respect of any depositary receipts, depositary shares or shares of Preferred Stock represented thereby unless satisfactory indemnity is furnished. The Company and the preferred stock depositary may rely on written advice of counsel or accountants, or information provided by persons presenting shares of Preferred Stock represented thereby for deposit, holders of depositary receipts or other persons believed in good faith to be competent to give such information, and on documents believed in good faith to be genuine and signed by a proper party.

In the event the preferred stock depositary shall receive conflicting claims, requests or instructions from any holders of depositary receipts, on the one hand, and the Company, on the other hand, the preferred stock depositary shall be entitled to act on such claims, requests or instructions received from the Company.

### **Restrictions on Ownership**

Holders of depositary receipts will be subject to the ownership restrictions of the Company's Charter which provides, with certain exceptions, that no person may own, actually or constructively, more than 9.8% by value of the Company's Common Stock or Preferred Stock.

See "Restrictions on Ownership of Capital Stock."

**DESCRIPTION OF WARRANTS**

The Company may offer by means of this prospectus warrants for the purchase of its debt securities, Preferred Stock, depositary shares or Common Stock. The Company may issue warrants separately or together with any other securities offered by means of this prospectus, and the warrants may be attached to&nbsp;