

DEX MEDIA INC  
Form 10-K  
March 16, 2006

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**UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549**

**Form 10-K**

- p ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)  
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005**
- or**
- o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)  
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
For the transition period from to**

**Commission File Number: 333-131626**

**Dex Media, Inc.**

*(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)*

**Delaware**

*(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)*

**20-4059762**

*(IRS Employer  
Identification No.)*

**1001 Winstead Drive**

**Cary, North Carolina 27513**

*(Address of principal executive offices)*

**(919) 297-1600**

*(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)*

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None**

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None**

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer  Accelerated Filer  Non-Accelerated Filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

The aggregate market value at June 30, 2005, the last day of our most recently completed second quarter, of shares of the Registrant's common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant was approximately \$1,738,302,202.

The registrant is a wholly-owned subsidiary of R.H. Donnelley Corporation. As of March 15, 2006, R.H. Donnelley Corporation owned all 1,000 outstanding shares of the registrant's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share.

**THE REGISTRANT MEETS THE CONDITIONS SET FORTH IN GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS I(1)(a) AND (b) OF FORM 10-K AND IS THEREFORE FILING THIS FORM WITH THE REDUCED DISCLOSURE FORMAT.**

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\* Omitted pursuant to General Instructions I(2)(c) of Form 10-K.

\*\* Omitted pursuant to General Instructions I(2)(a) of Form 10-K.

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Pursuant to General Instructions I(2)(a) of Form 10-K: (i) the information called for by Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial condition and Results of Operations has been omitted and (ii) the registrant is providing a management's narrative analysis of results of operations.

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**PART I.**

**Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

This annual report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act ). These statements relate to Dex Media's expectations as to future events and its future financial performance. In some cases, you can identify these forward-looking statements by terminology such as may, will, should, expects, intends, plans, anticipates, believes, estimates, predicts, potential, continue, or other negative of these terms or other comparable words. These statements are only predictions. Actual events or results may differ materially. In evaluating these statements, you should specifically consider various factors, including the risks described in this annual report. These factors may cause Dex Media's actual results to differ materially from any of Dex Media's forward-looking statements.

These risks and uncertainties are described in detail in Item 1A Risk Factors. In summary, these risks and uncertainties include, without limitation: (i) our substantial indebtedness, which could impair our ability to operate our business; (ii) the terms of our subsidiaries' credit facilities and indentures, which may restrict our access to cash flow and our ability to pursue our business strategies; (iii) the fact that we or our subsidiaries may incur more debt; (iv) the significant competition that we face, which could reduce our market share and harm our financial performance; (v) the loss of any of our key agreements with Qwest; (vi) adverse outcomes resulting from bankruptcy proceedings against Qwest; (vii) possible future changes in Qwest's directory publishing obligations, which may increase our costs; (viii) declining usage of printed yellow page directories; (ix) our inability to renew customer advertising contracts; (x) risks related to the start-up of new print or Internet directories and media services; (xi) our reliance on, and extension of credit to, small and medium-sized enterprises; (xii) our dependence on third-party providers of printing, distribution and delivery services; (xiii) the impact of fluctuations in the price or availability of paper; (xiv) the impact of turnover among sales representatives or the loss of key personnel; (xv) the fact that our sales of advertising to national accounts is coordinated by third parties that we do not control; (xvi) the occurrence of strikes or work stoppages; (xvii) general economic factors and business conditions; (xviii) disruption resulting from our merger with R.H. Donnelley Corporation, making it more difficult to maintain relationships with customers, employees or suppliers; and (xix) uncertainties regarding Donnelley's ability to successfully integrate Dex Media's business. For additional information, see Item 1A Risk Factors.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity or performance. These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this annual report and, except as required under the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC ), we assume no obligation to update or revise them or to provide reasons why actual results may differ.

We do not undertake any responsibility to release publicly any revisions to these forward-looking statements to take into account events or circumstances that occur after the date of this annual report. Additionally, we do not undertake any responsibility to update you on the occurrence of any unanticipated events which may cause actual results to differ from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in this annual report.

We utilize the deferral and amortization accounting method, under which revenue and expenses are recognized over the lives of the directories. See Item 7 Management's Narrative Analysis of Results of Operations. A few of our

competitors may utilize the point of publication accounting method of recognizing revenue and expenses, under which revenue and expenses are recognized when a directory is published. As a result, while we believe that the information presented herein with respect to ourselves and our competitors is comparable, comparisons made beyond the scope of those made in this annual report may be affected by these differing accounting methods.

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The following trademarks referred to in this annual report are registered trademarks of Dex Media, Inc.: DEX®, DexOnline.com® and Dex Knows®. The following trademarks referred to in this annual report are registered trademarks of Qwest Communications International Inc. and are used by us under license: QWEST DEX® and QWEST DEX ADVANTAGE®.

**Certain Definitions**

As used in this annual report, the following terms shall have the following respective meanings, unless the context requires otherwise.

Dex Media, we, our and us refers collectively to Dex Media, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries and their predecessors;

Donnelley refers to R.H. Donnelley Corporation;

Dex Media East refers to Dex Media East LLC, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Dex Media;

Dex Media West refers to Dex Media West LLC, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Dex Media;

Dex East States refers to Colorado, Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, and South Dakota;

Dex West States refers to Arizona, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Utah, Washington and Wyoming;

Dex States refers collectively to the Dex East States and the Dex West States;

Qwest refers to Qwest Communications International Inc. and its subsidiaries, including Qwest Corporation, the local exchange carrier subsidiary of Qwest Communications International Inc.; and

Qwest Dex refers collectively to Qwest Dex, Inc. and its parent, Qwest Dex Holdings, Inc.



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**ITEM 1. BUSINESS**

**Recent Development**

On January 31, 2006, our predecessor, Dex Media, Inc., merged with and into Forward Acquisition Corporation ( FAC ), a wholly owned subsidiary of Donnelley. In the merger, each share of Dex Media, Inc. common stock was converted into the right to receive \$12.30 in cash and 0.24154 of a share of Donnelley common stock. Donnelley also assumed all Dex Media, Inc.'s outstanding indebtedness on January 31, 2006 with a fair value of \$5.7 billion. In connection with the consummation of the merger, the name of FAC was changed to Dex Media, Inc. As a result of the merger, we became a wholly owned subsidiary of Donnelley.

**The Company**

We are the exclusive publisher of the official yellow pages and white pages directories for Qwest in the following states where Qwest is the primary incumbent local exchange carrier: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming. We have been publishing directories for over 100 years. Our contractual agreements with Qwest grant us the right to be the exclusive incumbent publisher of the official yellow pages and white pages directories for Qwest in the Dex States until November 2052 and prevent Qwest from competing with us in the directory products business in the Dex States until November 2042.

We are the largest directory publisher in the Dex States and, together with our parent, Donnelley, the third largest directory publisher in the United States. In 2005 and 2004, we published 293 and 269 directories, respectively, and printed approximately 51.8 and 44.5 million copies of these directories, respectively, for distribution to virtually all business and residential consumers throughout the Dex States. In addition, our Internet-based directory, DexOnline.com, further extends the distribution of our advertisers' content. DexOnline.com, which is offered both bundled with our print directories and on a stand-alone basis, includes approximately 20 million business listings and 124 million residential listings from across the United States. Our other products and services include the sale of direct marketing lists and the sale of Dex directories and other publishers' directories outside the normal delivery schedule.

We seek to bring buyers together with our advertising customers through a cost-effective, bundled advertising solution that includes print, Internet-based and CD-ROM directories. The majority of our advertising customers are local small and medium-sized enterprises ( SMEs ) and national businesses with a local presence. We believe that our advertising customers value: (i) our ability to provide consumers with an authoritative and diverse reference source to search for products and services across multiple platforms; (ii) our broad distribution to potential buyers of our advertisers' products and services; (iii) our lower cost per usage compared with most other directories and a higher return on investment than other forms of local advertising; and (iv) the quality of our client service and support.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, we generated approximately 97% of our total revenue from the sale of bundled print and Internet directory advertising. Our other products and services accounted for the remaining 3% of our total revenue. For the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, we generated \$1,658.4 million and \$1,602.9 million in revenue, respectively. Excluding the effects of purchase accounting, as described in Item 7 Management's Narrative Analysis of Results of Operations, we generated \$1,649.7 million in revenue for the year ended December 31, 2004. For complete information concerning our financial performance, see Item 8 Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

**Our History**

On August 19, 2002, Dex Holdings, LLC ( Dex Holdings ), the former parent of Dex Media, entered into two purchase agreements with Qwest to acquire the directory business of Qwest Dex, the directory services subsidiary of Qwest, in two separate phases, for an aggregate consideration of approximately \$7.1 billion (excluding fees and expenses). In connection with the first phase, Dex Holdings assigned its right to purchase the directory business in the Dex East States to its indirect subsidiary, Dex Media East. Dex Media East consummated the first phase of the acquisition on November 8, 2002 (the Dex East Acquisition ) and

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currently operates the acquired directory business in the Dex East States. In connection with the second phase, Dex Holdings assigned its right to purchase the directory business in the Dex West States to its indirect subsidiary, Dex Media West. Dex Media West consummated the second phase of the acquisition on September 9, 2003 (the Dex West Acquisition and together with the Dex East Acquisition, the Acquisitions ) and currently operates the acquired directory business in the Dex West States. Dex Holdings was dissolved effective January 1, 2005.

In connection with the Acquisitions, we, Dex Media East and Dex Media West entered into a number of contractual agreements with Qwest. For a summary of the principal terms of certain of such agreements, see Agreements Between Us, Dex Media East and/or Dex Media West and Qwest in this Item 1.

On October 3, 2005, our predecessor, Dex Media, Inc., entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger with Donnelley and FAC pursuant to which each issued and outstanding share of Dex Media, Inc. common stock was to be converted into \$12.30 in cash and 0.24154 of a share of Donnelley common stock. On January 31, 2006, that merger was completed and Dex Media, Inc. merged with and into FAC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Donnelley. Donnelley also assumed all Dex Media, Inc.'s outstanding indebtedness on January 31, 2006 with a fair value of \$5.7 billion. In connection with the consummation of the merger, the name of FAC was changed to Dex Media, Inc. As a result of the merger, we became a wholly owned subsidiary of Donnelley.

## **Markets**

In 2005, we published 293 directories and printed approximately 51.8 million copies of these directories for distribution to virtually all business and residential consumers in the metropolitan areas and local communities in the Dex States. Our directories are generally well established in their communities and cover contiguous geographic areas to create a strong local market presence and achieve selling efficiencies.

We derive a significant portion of our directory services revenue from the sale of directory advertising to businesses in large metropolitan areas. For the year ended December 31, 2005, approximately 45% and 62% of our directory services revenue was derived from the sale of directory advertising in our 5 and 10 largest geographic markets, respectively.

## **Products and Services**

We deliver a portfolio of advertising products focused on bringing buyers and sellers together, distributing relevant information across multiple platforms to assist in the buying decision. Our bundled print and Internet directory services generated approximately 97% of our total revenue for the year ended December 31, 2005.

### ***Print Directories***

In almost every market that we serve, Dex Media publishes both a white pages section and a yellow pages section in its print directory products. In 2005, we published 293 print directories, including directories that contained both white and yellow pages, directories that contained only yellow pages and directories that contained only white pages. Whenever practicable, we combine the two sections into one directory. In large markets where it is impractical to combine the two sections into one volume, separate stand-alone white and yellow pages directories are normally published at the same time.

Our print directories are designed to meet the advertising needs of local and national businesses and the informational needs of local consumers. The diversity of advertising options available enables us to create customized advertising programs that are responsive to specific customer needs and financial resources. Our yellow pages and white pages directories are also efficient sources of information for consumers, featuring a comprehensive list of businesses in the

local market that are conveniently organized under thousands of directory headings.

We serve a diverse group of communities in our 14-state region, many of which have a number of consumers for whom English is not their primary language. In order to better serve our diverse base of consumers and further extend the reach of our advertisers, during 2005 we published Spanish language Yellow

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Pages in 22 markets. We expect to continue evaluating the needs of our multi-lingual communities and develop targeted segment products that best serve those communities.

Dex Media has two primary types of printed directories: core directories and community directories. Core directories generally cover large population or regional areas, whereas community directories typically focus on a sub-section of the areas addressed by a corresponding core directory. Most core directories contain yellow pages, white pages and specialty sections. Our print directory advertising products can be broken down into three basic categories: Yellow Pages, White Pages and Awareness Products.

*Yellow Pages Directories.* We offer all businesses a basic listing at no charge in the relevant edition of our yellow pages directories. This listing includes the name, address and telephone number of the business and is included in alphabetical order in the relevant classification. In addition, we offer a range of paid advertising options in our yellow pages directories, as set forth below:

*Listing Options.* An advertiser may enhance its complimentary listing in several ways. It may pay to have its listing highlighted or printed in bold or super bold text, which increases the visibility of the listing. An advertiser may also purchase extra lines of text to convey information such as hours of operation or a more detailed description of its business.

*In-column Advertising Options.* For greater prominence on a page, an advertiser may expand its basic alphabetical listing by purchasing advertising space in the column in which the listing appears. The cost of in-column advertising depends on the size and type of the advertisement purchased and the heading under which it will be placed. In-column advertisements may include such features as bolding, special fonts, color and graphics.

*Display Advertising Options.* A display advertisement allows businesses to include a wide range of information, illustrations, photographs and logos. The cost of display advertisements depends on the size and type of advertisement purchased and the heading under which it will be placed. Display advertisements are usually placed at the front of a heading, and are prioritized first by size and then by advertiser seniority. This process of prioritizing provides a strong incentive to advertisers to increase the size of their advertisements and renew their advertising purchases from year to year to ensure that their advertisements receive priority placement. Display advertisements range in size from a quarter column to as large as two pages (a double truck advertisement) and three pages (a triple truck advertisement). Various levels of color sophistication, including spot-four color, enhanced color, process photo and hi-impact are available for display products.

*White Pages Directories.* State public utilities commissions require Qwest, as the local exchange carrier in its local service area, to have white pages directories published to serve its local service areas. Qwest has contracted with us to publish these directories until November 7, 2052. By virtue of this agreement, we provide a white pages listing to every residence and business in a given area that sets forth the name, address and phone number of each residence or business, unless they have requested to be non-listed.

Advertising options include bolding and highlighting for added visibility, extra lines for the inclusion of supplemental information and in-column and display advertisements.

*Awareness Products.* Our line of awareness products allows businesses to advertise in a variety of highly visible locations on or in a directory. Each directory has a limited inventory of awareness products, which provide high value to advertisers and are priced at a premium to in-column and display advertisements. Our awareness products include:

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*Covers* Premium location advertisements that are available on the front cover, inside front and back cover and the outside back cover of a directory.

*Spines* Premium location advertisements that are available on the spine of yellow and white pages directories.

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*Tabs* A full-page, double-sided, hard stock, full-color insert that is bound inside and that separates key sections of the directory. These inserts enable advertisers to achieve prominence and increase the amount of information displayed to directory users.

*Tip-Ons* Removable paper or magnet coupons that are placed on the front cover of a directory.

*Banners* Advertisements sold at the top margin of a page in the Community or Government section of the directory.

*Delivery Bags* Premium awareness space located on the bags used in the delivery of most print directories, with between one and three advertisers per bag.

*Ride-alongs* Premium insert programs through which businesses deliver messages and promotional offers to customers in conjunction with directories delivered right to the mailbox or doorstep. Advertisers can choose between total market coverage inserts that ride-along with the new edition of directories as they are delivered to users, or new mover delivery inserts reaching the lucrative market of new movers within a few days of their new phone service connection.

## ***Online Products***

During 2003, we began to bundle our print and Internet display advertisements, providing advertisers with an effective means to extend their messages through DexOnline.com for one unified price. With this bundling strategy, we were able to collect and digitize our print directory advertising, making a proprietary structured database of content available to consumers searching for local products and services through DexOnline.com.

We have entered into content agreements and distribution agreements with various search engines, portals and local community destination web sites. These agreements are intended to provide additional distribution of our advertising, thereby enhancing the value proposition offered to advertisers.

*DexOnline.com.* DexOnline.com incorporates free-text ( multi-dimensional ) search capability with a single search box similar in design and functionality to many popular search engines. In addition, DexOnline.com provides a search option based on popular business headings or categories with dynamically generated preferences, providing users the ability to refine their searches using criteria that include such things as specific product and brand names, hours of operation, payment options and locations.

DexOnline.com has grown to include fully searchable content from more than 475,000 Dex Media Yellow Pages advertisements. In addition, we purchase information from other national databases to supply out-of-region listings (although these out-of-region listings are not as rich as our in-region information). DexOnline.com includes approximately 20 million business listings and more than 124 million residential listings from across the United States. DexOnline.com was the number one local search site within our 14-state region for the past eight quarters, as measured by comScore, a market research firm.

*Arrangements with Search Engines and Other Third Parties.* During 2005, our proprietary database of advertising content was made available to a number of popular Internet search engines and portals. These arrangements made our advertisers' marketing messages available to the users of those search engines and portals. In addition, we have entered into distribution agreements with various local community web sites throughout the Dex States to make our structured database of content available to users of those local web sites. These agreements provide us with access to important channels as we enhance our distribution network on behalf of our advertisers. We believe this enhanced distribution

will lead to increased usage among consumers and greater utility to our advertisers.

*Dex Web Clicks*<sup>tm</sup>. In February 2005, we introduced Dex Web Clicks throughout our 14-state region. Designed as an affordable solution for SMEs, Dex Web Clicks allows advertisers to begin participating in auction-based, paid search Internet advertising across multiple search engines and portals at fixed monthly prices. Dex Web Clicks provides advertisers with a guaranteed number of references, or clicks, to their web site over the contract term for a fixed monthly price. In addition, Dex Web Clicks offers web site design and hosting services to advertisers, in case they do not already have a web site. The guaranteed references are provided by a network of search engines and portals.



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### ***Other Services***

We sell direct marketing lists of residents and businesses in the Dex States that allow our customers to purchase accurate lists for their direct mail and telemarketing activities. We also have an extensive New Mover list that provides businesses access to the most current new business and/or residence lists in the Dex States. The lists we sell comply with do-not-call and do-not-mail requirements for the industry. In addition, these lists do not include any private, non-published or non-listed information.

We also have insert programs through which we help businesses deliver messages and promotional offers to users of our directories. Advertisers can choose between Total Market Coverage directory inserts, which go to all households and businesses within the Dex States and New Mover Delivery inserts, which reach the lucrative market of new movers within a few days of their new phone service connection.

### **Business cycle overview**

Our directories usually have a 12-month directory cycle period. A publication process generally takes 15 to 20 months from the beginning of the sales cycle to the end of a directory's life and the sales stage closes approximately 70 days prior to publication.

### **Sales**

We believe that we have one of the most experienced sales forces in the U.S. directory advertising industry. Our sales activities are conducted through a local sales channel and a national sales channel.

#### ***Local Sales Channel***

Our local sales force is comprised of approximately 1,000 quota-bearing sales representatives, who average approximately seven years of employment with us. For the year ended December 31, 2005, approximately 82% of our directory services revenue came through the local sales channel.

We assign our customers among premise representatives and telephone representatives based on a careful assessment of a customer's expected advertising expenditures. This practice allows us to deploy our local sales force in an effective manner. Dex Media's local sales force is decentralized and locally based, operating throughout the Dex States in their local service areas. We believe that our locally based sales force facilitates the establishment of personal, long-term relationships with local advertisers that are necessary to maintain a high rate of customer renewal.

The local sales channel is divided into three sales sub-channels: premise sales, telephone sales and centralized sales.

*Premise sales representatives* conduct sales calls face-to-face at customers' business locations and typically handle higher dollar and more complex accounts.

*Telephone sales representatives* handle lower dollar value accounts and typically interact with customers over the telephone.

*Centralized sales* includes multiple types of sales efforts, including centralized sales representatives, prospector sales representatives and a letter renewal effort. These sales mechanisms are used to contact very low dollar value customers that in many cases have renewed their account for the same product for several years. Some of these centralized efforts are also focused on customer win-back initiatives.

We believe that formal training is important to maintaining a highly productive sales channel. Our sales personnel undergo ongoing training, with new sales representatives receiving approximately eight weeks of training in their first year, including classroom training on sales techniques, our product portfolio, customer care and administration, and standards and ethics. Following classroom training, they are accompanied on sales calls by experienced sales personnel for further training. Ongoing training and our commitment to developing the best sales practices are intended to ensure that sales representatives are able to give advertisers high-quality service and advice on appropriate advertising products and services.

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### ***National Sales Channel***

In addition to its locally based sales personnel, Dex Media utilizes a separate sales channel to serve its national advertisers. For the year ended December 31, 2005, approximately 14% of our directory services revenue came through the national sales channel. National advertisers are typically national or large regional chains such as rental car companies, insurance companies and pizza businesses that purchase advertisements in many yellow pages directories in multiple geographic regions. In order to sell to national advertisers, we contract with third party Certified Marketing Representatives ( CMRs ). CMRs design and create advertisements for national companies and place those advertisements in relevant yellow pages directories nationwide. Some CMRs are departments of general advertising agencies, while others are specialized agencies that focus solely on directory advertising. The national advertiser pays the CMR, which then pays us after deducting its commission. We accept orders from approximately 155 CMRs and employ seven national account managers to manage our selling efforts to national customers. Dex Media relies particularly on one of its CMRs, TMP Worldwide Inc. ( TMP ), whose billings were approximately 24% (excluding Qwest) of Dex Media s national revenue for the year ended December 31, 2005.

### **Marketing**

Our sales and marketing processes are closely related and managed in an integrated manner. We believe that a bifurcated marketing process, composed of both centralized and decentralized strategies and responsibilities, best suits our needs.

Our marketing process includes the functions of market management, product development and management, marketing research, pricing, advertising and public relations. The market management function is decentralized and coordinates with local sales management to develop market plans and products that address the needs of individual local markets. The other marketing functions are centralized and provide support to all markets as needed. Advertising programs are targeted to advertisers and consumers and are determined by specific market and include television, radio, newspaper and outdoor ad placements.

### **Publishing and information services**

Pre-press publishing activities include canvass and assignment preparation, sales order processing, graphics and ad composition, contract processing, white and yellow pages processing, database management and pagination. We provide comprehensive tools and information to effectively conduct sales and marketing planning, sales management, sales compensation and customer service activities. Once an individual sales campaign is complete and final advertisements have been produced, white and yellow pages are paginated, proofed and prepared for printing. Most of these functions are accomplished through an Amdocs® publishing system, a leading industry system considered to be the standard. Dex Media s information technology is managed from facilities in Omaha, Nebraska and Englewood, Colorado, with production and graphics activities located in Aurora, Colorado and six other locations throughout the Dex States.

### **Printing and Distribution**

All our directories are printed by either R.R. Donnelley & Sons Company ( RRD ) or Quebecor World Directory Sales Corporation ( Quebecor ). In general, RRD prints our larger, higher-circulation directories and Quebecor prints those directories that are smaller and have a more limited circulation. Dex Media s agreements with RRD and Quebecor do not contain any volume guarantees, and prices are adjusted annually based on changes to the consumer price index. Our contracts with RRD and Quebecor expire on December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2014, respectively. No common ownership or other business affiliation exists between RRD and Donnelley.

Nearly all copies of our directories are distributed by Product Development Corporation ( PDC ). Although prices under Dex Media s agreement with PDC are fixed, they may be renegotiated under some circumstances, such as new service specifications or to match more favorable prices offered by PDC to other customers. Our contract with PDC expires on May 31, 2009. We rely on Matson Integrated Logistics

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( Matson ) to manage the logistics of transporting our printed directories from our printers' locations to PDC. Our contract with Matson expires on December 31, 2008.

## **Raw Materials**

Paper is our principal raw material. Substantially all the paper that we use (other than for covers) is supplied by Nippon Paper Industries USA, Co., Ltd. ( Nippon ) and Catalyst Paper Corporation ( Catalyst ), formerly Norske Skog Canada (USA), Inc. Prices under these two agreements are negotiated each year based on prevailing market rates, which have been declining consistent with general U.S. market trends for directory paper over the last three years. Since the second half of 2004, pulp prices have been increasing at rates higher than the general inflation rate. This has resulted in upward pressure on Dex Media's paper prices. The effect of such upward price pressure, however, has been moderated due to the fact that prices under both Dex Media's paper agreements are subject to certain price escalation limits. Furthermore, Dex Media purchases paper used for the covers of its directories from Spruce Falls, Inc. ( Spruce Falls ). Pursuant to an agreement between Spruce Falls and Dex Media, Spruce Falls is obligated to provide 100% of Dex Media's annual cover stock paper requirements. Prices under this agreement are negotiated each year. If, in a particular year, the parties are unable to agree on repricing, either party may terminate this agreement. This agreement expires on December 31, 2006.

Fuel is an indirect and minor part of Dex Media's cost structure. However, rising fuel prices could impact the transportation and distribution of Dex Media's print directories at the current service and cost levels. Dex Media's existing transportation contract caps the diesel fuel surcharge well below the spot market diesel fuel surcharges. Although there is no current impact on Dex Media's service levels and transportation/distribution costs, rising fuel costs could have a negative impact on us.

## **Credit Collections and Bad Debt Expense**

Because most directories are published on 12-month cycles and most of our advertising customers are billed over the course of that 12-month period, we effectively extend credit to our customers. Many of these customers are SMEs with default rates that usually exceed those of larger businesses. Our policies toward the extension of credit and collection activities are market-specific and designed to manage the expected level of bad debt while accommodating reasonable sales growth.

Local advertising customers spending above identified levels as determined appropriate by management for a particular market may be subject to a credit review that includes, among other criteria, evaluation of credit or payment history with us, third party credit scoring, credit checks with other vendors along with consideration of credit risks associated with particular headings. Where appropriate, advance payments (in whole or in part) and/or personal guarantees from business owners may be required. Beyond efforts to assess credit risk prior to extending credit to advertising customers, we employ well-developed collection strategies utilizing an integrated system of internal, external and automated means to engage customers concerning payment obligations. In some markets, we charge back commissions to sales representatives when advertisers do not pay their local advertising charges.

Fees for national advertisers are typically billed upon issue of each directory in which advertising is placed by CMRs. Because we do not usually enter into contracts with our national advertisers directly, we are subject to the credit risk of CMRs on sales to those advertisers, to the extent we do not receive fees in advance. Dex has historically achieved favorable credit experience with CMRs.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, bad debt expense for all of our customers amounted to approximately 3.2% of revenue.

**Agreements Between Us, Dex Media East and/or Dex Media West and Qwest**

In connection with the Acquisitions, we, Dex Media East and Dex Media West entered into a number of contractual agreements with Qwest. Certain of these agreements are summarized below.

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*Publishing Agreement.* Pursuant to a publishing agreement, Qwest granted us the right to be the exclusive official directory publisher of listings and classified advertisements of Qwest's telephone customers in the geographic areas in the Dex States in which Qwest provides local telephone service. This agreement granted us the right to identify ourselves (including on our web sites) as Qwest's exclusive official directory publisher for its legally required directories, as well as certain other directories in Qwest's service areas in the Dex States. This agreement will remain in effect for 50 years from November 8, 2002 and will automatically renew for additional one year terms unless either Qwest or we provide 12 months' notice of termination.

*Non-Competition and Non-Solicitation Agreement.* Under a non-competition and non-solicitation agreement, Qwest agreed, for a period of 40 years after November 8, 2002, not to sell directory products consisting principally of listings and classified advertisements for subscribers in the geographic areas in the Dex States in which Qwest provides local telephone service directed primarily at customers in those geographic areas. The non-solicitation provisions contained in this agreement have expired.

*Billing and Collection Services Agreement.* Pursuant to a billing and collection services agreement (which was renewed effective November 1, 2004), Qwest will continue until December 31, 2008 to bill and collect, on our behalf, amounts owed with respect to our directory services by our accounts that are also Qwest local telephone customers. In 2005, Qwest billed approximately 28% of our local revenue on our behalf, and we billed the remaining 72% directly. Qwest bills the account on the same billing statement on which it bills the customer for local telephone service. We have developed and continue to maintain the ability to transition from the Qwest billing and collection system to our own billing and collection system, for those accounts billed by Qwest, within approximately two weeks should we choose to do so.

*Advertising Agreement.* Pursuant to an advertising agreement, Qwest agreed to purchase an aggregate of \$20 million of advertising per year through 2017 from Dex Media East and/or Dex Media West. In the event that Qwest purchases more than \$20 million of advertising from Dex Media East and/or Dex Media West in any one year, up to \$5 million of the excess will be carried over to the subsequent year's minimum advertising purchase requirement. The pricing will be on terms at least as favorable as those offered to similar large customers.

*Master Telecommunications Commitment Agreement.* Under a master telecommunications commitment agreement, we must purchase from Qwest and its affiliates, on an exclusive basis, those telecommunications services and products that we use from time to time. Our obligation to purchase such telecommunications services from Qwest is subject to Qwest's ability to offer pricing and service terms that are not, in the aggregate, materially less favorable than the terms generally available in the market to us from other telecommunications services providers that are nationally or regionally recognized as being highly reputable. Furthermore, Qwest is required to offer the telecommunications services to us on terms and conditions that are no less favorable than the terms and conditions that Qwest provides similar services, at similar volumes and for similar time periods, to other customers in the applicable service area. The term of the master telecommunications commitment agreement extends until November 8, 2017.

Additional agreements with Qwest related to intellectual property are described below in "Intellectual Property" in this Item 1.

## **Competition**

The competitive dynamics in the vast majority of our markets are stable. Most markets have two to three existing publishers. Incumbent publishers benefit from pricing and efficiencies.

We face competition from other yellow pages publishers and from other types of media, including broadcasting, newspaper, radio and emerging technologies (e.g., Internet yellow pages). However, we believe that the preference for directory advertising is due to its relatively low cost, broad demographic and geographic distribution, directional and permission-based nature and high consumer usage rates. Directory advertising is



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attractive because consumers view directories as a free, comprehensive, non-intrusive single source of locally relevant information. Also, while overall advertising tends to track a local economy's business cycle, directory advertising tends to be more stable and does not fluctuate as widely with economic cycles due to this preference by SMEs. Given the mature state of the directory advertising industry and our position in most of its markets, independent competitors are typically focused on aggressive pricing to gain market share.

The Internet has also emerged as a medium for advertisers. Although advertising on the Internet still represents only a small part of the total U.S. advertising market, as the Internet grows and high-speed Internet access becomes more mainstream, it has increasingly become important as an advertising medium. Most major yellow pages publishers operate an Internet-based directory business. From 1997 to 2000, overall references to print yellow pages directories in the U.S. declined; however, overall references to print yellow pages directories remained relatively stable from 2000 through 2005. We believe the past decline was primarily a result of demographic shifts among consumers, particularly the increase of households in which English was not the primary language spoken. We also believe that the past decline was attributable to increased usage of Internet-based directory products, particularly in business-to-business and retail categories, as well as the proliferation of very large retail stores for which consumers and businesses may not reference the yellow pages.

Directory publishers, including us, have increasingly bundled online advertising with their traditional print offerings in order to enhance total usage and advertiser value. In this regard, we compete through our Internet site, DexOnline.com. Through DexOnline.com, we compete with the Internet yellow pages directories of independent and other incumbent directory publishers, and with other Internet sites, including those available through wireless applications, that provide classified directory information, such as Switchboard.com, Citysearch.com and Zagat.com, and with search engines and portals, such as Yahoo!®, Google®, MSN® and others, some of which have entered into affiliate agreements with other major directory publishers. We compete with all of these online competitors based on value, local relevance and features.

The yellow pages directory advertising business is subject to changes arising from developments in technology, including information distribution methods and users preferences. The use of the Internet and wireless devices by consumers as a means to transact commerce may result in new technologies being developed and services being provided that could compete with our traditional products and services. National search companies such as Google and Yahoo! are focusing and placing large priorities on local commercial search initiatives. Our growth and future financial performance may depend on our ability to develop and market new products and services and create new distribution channels, while enhancing existing products, services and distribution channels, to incorporate the latest technological advances and accommodate changing user preferences, including the use of the Internet and wireless devices.

## **Intellectual Property**

We own and license a number of patents, copyrights and trademarks in the United States. The only trademarks we consider material to our operations are the DEX, DexOnline.com and Dex Knows trademarks, which are owned by us and are used by Dex Media, Dex Media East and Dex Media West. We do not consider any individual patent or other trademark to be material to our operations.

Pursuant to an intellectual property contribution agreement, Qwest assigned, in certain cases, and licensed, in other cases, to us the Qwest intellectual property used in the Qwest directory services business. We currently own all of Qwest's former right, title and interest in certain Dex trademarks, including DEX and DexOnline.com. We also own specific patents and other intellectual property of Qwest Dex previously owned by Qwest and used in the directory services business, as well as all of Qwest's former right, title and interest in registered copyrights for printed directories in the Qwest service areas in the Dex States and certain non-public data created by Qwest Dex regarding advertising

customers in the Dex States.

Pursuant to a trademark license agreement, Qwest licensed to us the right to use the QWEST DEX and QWEST DEX ADVANTAGE marks until November 2007 in connection with directory products and related marketing materials in the Dex States. Qwest also licensed to us the right to use these marks in connection with DexOnline.com. Each of these licenses is generally exclusive for a period of time with respect to the sale

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of directory products consisting principally of listings and classified advertisements directed primarily at customers in the geographic areas in the Dex States in which Qwest provides local telephone service. We may terminate this agreement upon 30 days notice and Qwest may terminate this agreement in the event of an uncured material breach by us. In addition, this agreement may terminate if we cease using the licensed trademarks for a substantial period of time, or if the publishing agreement terminates before the expiration of the five-year term of this agreement.

Under license agreements for the use of directory publisher lists and directory delivery lists, Qwest granted to each of Dex Media East and Dex Media West a non-exclusive, non-transferable restricted license of listing and delivery information for persons and businesses that order and/or receive local exchange telephone services at prices set forth in the agreements. Dex Media East and Dex Media West may use the listing information solely for publishing directories and the delivery information solely for delivering directories. The initial term of the agreement with Dex Media East expired in November 2005, at which time it was automatically renewed for an additional 18-month term. The agreement with Dex Media West will remain in effect until September 2006. Each agreement is subject to automatic renewal for additional 18-month periods until either Qwest or Dex Media East or Dex Media West, as applicable, terminates the applicable agreement by providing 18 months notice. Our publishing agreement with Qwest, however, requires Qwest to continue to license the listing and delivery information to Dex Media East and Dex Media West for as long as the publishing agreement is in effect. Pursuant to license agreements for the expanded use of subscriber lists, Qwest granted to each of Dex Media East and Dex Media West a non-exclusive, non-transferable restricted license of listing information for persons and businesses that order and/or receive local exchange telephone services at prices set forth in the agreements. Dex Media East and Dex Media West may use this information for the sole purpose of reselling the information to third party entities solely for direct marketing activities, database marketing, telemarketing, market analysis purposes and internal marketing purposes, and for our use in direct marketing activities undertaken on behalf of third parties. Each of these agreements will be in effect until November 2007, subject to automatic renewal for additional one-year terms until either Qwest, on the one hand, or Dex Media East or Dex Media West, as applicable, on the other hand, terminates such agreement by providing six months notice.

## **Employees**

As of December 31, 2005, we employed approximately 2,400 employees, of which approximately 66% were represented by labor unions covered by two collective bargaining agreements. Our collective bargaining agreement with the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (the IBEW), which covered approximately 33% of our unionized workforce as of December 31, 2005, expires in May 2006. Our collective bargaining agreement with the Communications Workers of America (the CWA), which covered approximately 67% of our unionized workforce as of December 31, 2005, expires in October 2006. Dex Media Service LLC, a bankruptcy-remote entity owned 49% by Dex Media East, Inc., 49% by Dex Media West, Inc. and 2% by Dex Media, employs all of our non-senior management employees and makes them available to Dex Media East and Dex Media West. Dex Media Service LLC was formed as a bankruptcy-remote entity pursuant to the terms of Dex Media West's credit facilities and Dex Media East's credit facilities in order to mitigate the risk of not having available to Dex Media West or Dex Media East the services of our non-management employees if the other entity merges, is acquired or files for bankruptcy. Effective January 1, 2005, all non-senior management employees in the state of Washington became employees of Dex Media West.

## **Web Site Access**

Our web site address is [www.dexmedia.com](http://www.dexmedia.com). You may obtain free electronic copies of our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and all amendments to those reports at our investor relations web site, [www.dexmedia.com/investors/overview.html](http://www.dexmedia.com/investors/overview.html), under the heading SEC Filings. These reports are available on our investor relations web site as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file them with

the SEC. Our filings can also be obtained from the SEC web site,

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www.sec.gov. The information on our web site or the SEC web site is not part of this annual report and is not incorporated by reference herein.

We have adopted the Dex Media Code of Business Ethics and Conduct, which applies to all officers, directors and employees. The Code of Business Ethics and Conduct is available on our corporate web site at [www.dexmedia.com](http://www.dexmedia.com) under the heading Code of Conduct.

**ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

*You should carefully consider the risks described below as well as the other information contained in this annual report. Any of the following risks could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations.*

***The loss of any of our key agreements with Qwest could have a material adverse effect on our business.***

We, Dex Media East and Dex Media West are party to several agreements with Qwest, including a publishing agreement, a non-competition agreement and billing and collection services agreements. We also have a hosting agreement with Qwest. The Qwest non-competition agreement prohibits Qwest from selling directory products consisting principally of listings and classified advertisements for subscribers in the geographic areas in the Dex States in which Qwest provides local telephone service that are directed primarily at customers in those geographic areas. However, under state and federal law, a covenant not to compete is only enforceable:

to the extent it is necessary to protect a legitimate business interest of the party seeking enforcement;

if it does not unreasonably restrain the party against whom enforcement is sought; and

if it is not contrary to the public interest.

Enforceability of a non-competition covenant is determined by a court based on all of the facts and circumstances of the specific case at the time enforcement is sought. For this reason, it is not possible for us to predict whether, or to what extent, a court would enforce Qwest's covenants not to compete against us during the term of the non-competition agreement. If a court were to determine that the non-competition agreement is unenforceable, Qwest could compete directly against us in the previously restricted markets. Our inability to enforce the non-competition agreement with Qwest could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

Under the Qwest publishing agreement, Dex Media is the exclusive official publisher of directories for Qwest in the Dex States until November 7, 2052. Under the billing and collection services agreements, as amended, Qwest has agreed until December 31, 2008 to continue to bill and collect, on behalf of Dex Media East and Dex Media West, amounts owed by Dex Media's accounts, which are also Qwest local telephone customers, for Dex Media's directory services. In 2005, Qwest billed approximately 28% of our local revenue on Dex Media's behalf as part of Qwest's telephone bill and held these collections in joint accounts with Qwest's own collections. Under the hosting agreement, Qwest has agreed until October 1, 2009 to provide dedicated hosting services, including backup and recovery of data hosted on Dex Media's servers in Qwest's data centers. The termination of any of these agreements or the failure by Qwest to satisfy its obligations under these agreements could have a material adverse effect on our business.

***Adverse outcomes resulting from bankruptcy proceedings against Qwest could adversely affect our financial results.***

Qwest is currently highly leveraged and has a significant amount of debt service obligations over the near term and thereafter. In addition, Qwest has faced and may continue to face significant liquidity issues as well as issues relating to its compliance with certain covenants contained in the agreements governing its indebtedness. Based on Qwest's public filings and announcements, Qwest has taken measures to improve its near-term liquidity and covenant compliance. However, Qwest still has a substantial amount of indebtedness outstanding and substantial debt service requirements. Consequently, it may be unable to meet its debt service

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obligations without obtaining additional financing or improving operating cash flow. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that Qwest will not ultimately seek protection under U.S. bankruptcy laws. In any such proceeding, our agreements with Qwest, and Qwest's ability to provide the services under those agreements, could be adversely impacted. For example:

Qwest, or a trustee acting on its behalf, could seek to reject our agreements with Qwest as executory contracts under U.S. bankruptcy law, thus allowing Qwest to avoid its obligations under such contracts. Loss of substantial rights under these agreements could effectively require us to operate our business as an independent directory business, which could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Qwest could seek to sell certain of its assets, including the assets relating to Qwest's local telephone business, to third parties pursuant to the approval of the bankruptcy court. In such case, the purchaser of any such assets might be able to avoid, among other things, our publishing agreement and non-competition agreement with Qwest.

We may have difficulties obtaining the funds collected by Qwest on our behalf pursuant to the billing and collection service agreements at the time such proceeding is instituted, although pursuant to such agreements, Qwest prepares settlement statements 10 times per month for each state in the Dex States summarizing the amounts due to Dex Media East and Dex Media West and purchases Dex Media East's and Dex Media West's accounts receivable billed by it within approximately nine business days following such settlement date. Further, if Qwest continued to bill our customers pursuant to the billing and collection services agreement following any such bankruptcy filing, customers of Qwest may be less likely to pay on time, or at all, bills received, including the amount owed to us. Qwest has completed the preparation of its billing and collection system so that we will be able to transition from the Qwest billing and collection system to our own billing and collection system within approximately two weeks should we choose to do so. See "Agreements between Us, Dex Media East and/or Dex Media West and Qwest - Billing and Collection Services Agreements" in Item 1.

***Our substantial indebtedness could adversely affect our financial condition and impair our ability to operate our business.***

We are a highly leveraged company. As of December 31, 2005, our total indebtedness was \$5,292.7 million, including \$1,960.2 million of indebtedness under our subsidiaries' credit facilities, \$1,135.0 million of our subsidiaries' senior notes, \$1,103.1 million of our subsidiaries' senior subordinated notes, \$500.0 million of our 8% notes due 2013 and \$594.5 million (\$750.0 million at maturity) of our 9% discount notes due 2013. For the year ended December 31, 2005, our ratio of total indebtedness to stockholders' equity was 7.7 to 1.0. This level of indebtedness could have important consequences, including the following:

the agreements governing our indebtedness substantially limit our ability to access the cash flow and value of our subsidiaries and, therefore, to pay interest and/or principal on the indebtedness of Dex Media;

our indebtedness limits our ability to borrow money or sell stock to fund our working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions and debt service requirements;

our interest expense could increase if interest rates in general increase because a substantial portion of our indebtedness bears interest at floating rates;

our indebtedness may limit our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and future business opportunities;

we are more highly leveraged than some of our competitors, which may place us at a competitive disadvantage;  
our indebtedness may make us more vulnerable to a downturn in our business or the economy;



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a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations is dedicated to the repayment of our indebtedness, including indebtedness we may incur in the future, and will not be available for other purposes; and

there would be a material adverse effect on our business and financial condition if we were unable to service our indebtedness or obtain additional financing, as needed.

***Despite our substantial indebtedness, we may still incur significantly more debt. This could exacerbate the risks described above.***

Although covenants under: (i) the indentures governing the subsidiary notes limit the ability of our subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness; (ii) our subsidiaries' credit facilities limit our ability and the ability of our subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness; and (iii) the indentures governing our notes limit our ability and the ability of our subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness, the terms of our subsidiaries' credit facilities and the indentures permit Dex Media and our subsidiaries to incur significant additional indebtedness in the future if conditions are satisfied, including indebtedness under our subsidiaries' revolving credit facilities. As of December 31, 2005, our subsidiaries had \$176.9 million available for additional borrowing under our subsidiaries' revolving credit facilities.

***Dex Media has no operations of its own and depends on its subsidiaries for cash.***

We have no operations of our own and derive all of our cash flow and liquidity from our two principal operating subsidiaries, Dex Media East and Dex Media West. Dex Media therefore depends on distributions from Dex Media East and Dex Media West to meet its debt service obligations and to pay dividends on its common stock. Because of the substantial leverage of Dex Media East and Dex Media West, and the dependence of Dex Media upon the operating performance of its subsidiaries to generate distributions to it, there can be no assurance that we will have adequate funds to fulfill our obligations in respect of our indebtedness when due or to pay dividends on its common stock. In connection with our subsidiaries' credit facilities, Dex Media entered into support agreements providing that, upon an acceleration of Dex Media East's or Dex Media West's credit facility, Dex Media is obligated to partially repay such subsidiary's credit facilities using a portion of any proceeds received by Dex Media from certain extraordinary events relating to the other subsidiary, including, for example, certain asset sale proceeds and excess distribution proceeds. A portion of any proceeds received from such extraordinary events from time to time is required to be pledged to secure Dex Media's obligations under the applicable support agreement.

As of December 31, 2005, our subsidiaries had total indebtedness of approximately \$4,198.2 million. Furthermore, \$176.9 million was available to our subsidiaries for additional borrowing under our subsidiaries' revolving credit facilities. In the event of bankruptcy, liquidation or dissolution of a subsidiary, following payment by the subsidiary of its liabilities, such subsidiary may not have sufficient assets to make payments to Dex Media.

***The indentures governing our subsidiaries' notes may restrict Dex Media's access to the cash flow and other assets of our subsidiaries that may be needed to make payments on its indebtedness or the payment of dividends.***

The indentures governing our subsidiaries' notes significantly restrict our subsidiaries from paying dividends and otherwise transferring assets to Dex Media. We cannot assure you that the agreements governing our current and future indebtedness or other agreements will permit us to engage in transactions to fund scheduled interest and principal payments on our indebtedness when due, and no assurances can be given as to the timing or cost of, or our ability to effectuate any refinancing or renegotiation, if such transactions are necessary. If we cannot service our indebtedness, we may have to take actions such as selling assets, seeking additional equity or reducing or delaying capital expenditures, strategic acquisitions, investments and alliances. We cannot assure you that any such actions, if necessary, could be effected on commercially reasonable terms, or at all.



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Specifically, the indentures relating to the senior notes and the senior subordinated notes of Dex Media East prohibit Dex Media East and its restricted subsidiaries from distributing funds to Dex Media if the amount of such distribution, together with all other restricted payments made by Dex Media East since November 8, 2002, would exceed the sum of: (i) 50% of the adjusted consolidated net income accrued by Dex Media East since January 1, 2003; (ii) the aggregate net proceeds from the sale of capital stock of Dex Media East; (iii) the amount of debt issued after the date of the indenture relating to the senior notes or senior subordinated notes that is subsequently converted into capital stock; and (iv) certain amounts of payments received or credited to Dex Media East by its unrestricted subsidiaries. In addition, in order to make any such distributions of funds to Dex Media, Dex Media East would have to meet the leverage tests relating to the issuance of indebtedness under the indentures relating to its senior notes and senior subordinated notes.

The indentures relating to the senior notes and the senior subordinated notes of Dex Media West permit Dex Media West and its restricted subsidiaries to make one or more distributions to Dex Media with an aggregate amount not to exceed \$50.0 million each fiscal year for the sole purpose of paying interest on Dex Media's debt obligations. However, the same indentures prohibit Dex Media West and its restricted subsidiaries from distributing funds to Dex Media in excess of \$50.0 million each fiscal year to service interest on Dex Media's debt obligations or for any other purpose if the amount of such distribution, together with all other restricted payments made by Dex Media West since September 9, 2003, would exceed the sum of: (i) 100% of the adjusted earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization accrued since January 1, 2004 less 1.4 times the consolidated interest expense for the same period; (ii) the aggregate net proceeds from the sale of capital stock of Dex Media West; (iii) the amount of debt issued after the date of the indenture relating to the senior notes or senior subordinated notes that is subsequently converted into capital stock; and (iv) certain amounts of payments received or credited to Dex Media West by its unrestricted subsidiaries. In addition, in order to make any such distributions of funds to Dex Media, Dex Media West would have to meet the leverage tests relating to the issuance of indebtedness under the indentures relating to its senior notes and senior subordinated notes.

***The terms of our subsidiaries' credit facilities may limit our subsidiaries' ability to pay dividends to Dex Media.***

Although the terms of our subsidiaries' credit facilities permit Dex Media East and Dex Media West to pay cash dividends to Dex Media in an amount not to exceed 42% and 58%, respectively, of regularly scheduled cash interest payable on the initial \$250.0 million of our 8% notes due 2013 (provided that no event of default is continuing or would result therefrom), Dex Media East or Dex Media West, as applicable, may not pay dividends on its 42% or 58% portion, as applicable, of the regularly scheduled interest payments on the remaining \$250.0 million of the \$500.0 million of our 8% notes due 2013 unless Dex Media East or Dex Media West, as applicable, meets an interest coverage ratio for the four consecutive fiscal quarters prior to the payment of the dividend. Furthermore, in the event that: (i) Dex Media East or Dex Media West, as the case may be, is unable to pay any dividends to be used for payment of cash interest on our 8% notes due 2013 because an event of default is continuing or would result therefrom or (ii) Dex Media East or Dex Media West is unable to pay dividends in excess of its 42% or 58% portion, respectively, of the interest payments on \$250.0 million of the \$500.0 million of our 8% notes due 2013, the other subsidiary will not be permitted by the terms of its credit facility to pay dividends in excess of its 42% or 58% portion, as applicable, of the cash interest payments to replace the dividends that cannot be paid by the other subsidiary.

Additionally, although the terms of our subsidiaries' credit facilities permitted Dex Media to issue discount notes, such credit facilities do not specifically permit the payment of dividends to Dex Media to pay cash interest on our 9% discount notes due 2013 when cash interest becomes payable on May 15, 2009. Accordingly, any dividend to Dex Media for payment of cash interest on our 9% discount notes due 2013 must be permitted to be paid pursuant to the general dividend basket of each of our subsidiaries' credit facilities, which restricts Dex Media East (including its immediate parent and its subsidiaries) and Dex Media West (including its immediate parent and its subsidiaries), as applicable, from paying dividends to Dex Media in excess of \$5.0 million and \$12.5 million per year, respectively, if

Dex Media East (including its immediate parent and its subsidiaries) or Dex Media West (including its immediate parent and its subsidiaries), as

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applicable, does not comply with a coverage ratio and a leverage ratio test. In any event, any such dividend would be limited to a portion of excess cash flow (as defined in the Dex Media East and Dex Media West credit facilities). If Dex Media East and Dex Media West are not able to pay Dex Media dividends under the general dividend basket of our subsidiaries' credit facilities in amounts sufficient to meet Dex Media's obligations to pay cash interest on our 9% discount notes due 2013 once cash payments become due, we will need to refinance or amend our subsidiaries' credit facilities before such date. We cannot assure you that we will be able to refinance or amend our subsidiaries' credit facilities on commercially reasonable terms or at all.

***Our subsidiaries may enter into additional agreements or financings in the future, which could further limit Dex Media's ability to access the assets and cash flow of our subsidiaries.***

Our subsidiaries are permitted under the terms of our subsidiaries' credit facilities, the indentures governing the subsidiary notes and the terms of other indebtedness to enter into other agreements or incur additional indebtedness that may severely restrict or prohibit the making of distributions, the payment of dividends or the making of loans by such subsidiaries to Dex Media. In addition to these contractual restrictions and prohibitions, the laws of our subsidiaries' jurisdiction of organization may restrict or prohibit the making of distributions, the payment of dividends or the making of loans by our subsidiaries to Dex Media. The indentures governing our notes do not significantly limit our subsidiaries from entering into agreements restricting such distributions, dividends or loans. We cannot assure you that the agreements governing the current and future indebtedness of our subsidiaries, other agreements of our subsidiaries and statutory restrictions will permit our subsidiaries to provide Dex Media with sufficient dividends, distributions or loans to fund scheduled interest and principal payments on our indebtedness when due.

***We may be restricted from paying dividends to Donnelley in the future.***

The terms of our subsidiaries' credit facilities, the indentures governing the subsidiary notes and/or the indentures governing our notes may restrict us from paying cash dividends on our common stock. See The indentures governing our subsidiaries' notes may restrict Dex Media's access to the cash flow and other assets of our subsidiaries that may be needed to make payment on its indebtedness or the payment of dividends, The terms of our subsidiaries' credit facilities may limit our subsidiaries' ability to pay dividends to Dex Media and Our subsidiaries may enter into additional agreements or financings in the future, which could further limit Dex Media's ability to access the assets and cash flow of our subsidiaries in this Item 1. Furthermore, we will be permitted under the terms of our debt agreements to incur additional indebtedness that may severely restrict or prohibit the payment of dividends. There can be no assurance that the agreements governing our current and future indebtedness will permit us to pay dividends to our parent, Donnelley.

***We may experience difficulties integrating with Donnelley.***

Our merger with and into a wholly owned subsidiary of Donnelley was consummated on January 31, 2006. Combining the operations, technologies and personnel of Dex Media and Donnelley, coordinating and integrating our two sales organizations and distribution channels, and implementing appropriate standards, internal controls, processes, procedures, policies and information systems will be time consuming and expensive. Disruption of, or loss of momentum in, the activities of Dex Media's business or loss of key personnel caused by the integration process, diversion of management's attention from our daily operations and any delays or difficulties encountered in connection with the merger and our integration with Donnelley could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations or financial condition. In addition, during the integration process it is possible that some of our assets may be disposed of and a reduction in our workforce may occur, thereby resulting in restructuring charges that could adversely affect our financial results.

Achieving the expected benefits from our merger with Donnelley will depend in large part on successful integration of our operations with Donnelley's operations. Failure to realize these benefits could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations or financial condition.

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***We face significant competition that may reduce our market share and harm our financial performance.***

The U.S. directory advertising industry is highly competitive. Approximately 80% of total U.S. directory advertising sales are attributable to the regional bell operating companies and other incumbent directory publishers, collectively referred to as the incumbent publishers, that typically publish directories where they (or their licensors or affiliates) offer local phone service. In addition, more than 240 independent yellow pages directory publishers operating in the United States compete with those incumbent publishers and represent the remaining market share.

In nearly all markets, we compete with one or more yellow pages directory publishers, which are predominantly independent publishers, such as the U.S. business of Yell Group Ltd and Phone Directories Company. In some markets, we also compete with other incumbent publishers in overlapping and adjacent markets. Some of these independent publishers and other incumbent publishers with which we compete are larger than us and have greater financial resources than we have. We may not be able to compete effectively with these other publishers for advertising sales or acquisitions in the future.

We also compete for advertising sales with other traditional media, including newspapers, magazines, radio, direct mail, telemarketing, billboards and television. Many of these other traditional media competitors are larger than us and have greater financial resources than we have. We may not be able to compete effectively with these companies for advertising sales or acquisitions in the future.

The Internet has emerged as a medium for advertisers. Advances in technology have brought and likely will continue to bring new participants, new products and new channels to the industry, including increasing use of electronic delivery of traditional directory information and electronic search engines/services. The yellow pages directory advertising business is subject to changes arising from developments in technology, including information distribution methods and users' preferences. The use of the Internet and wireless devices by consumers as a means to transact commerce may result in new technologies being developed and services being provided that could compete with our traditional products and services. National search companies such as Google and Yahoo! are focusing and placing large priorities on local commercial search initiatives. Our growth and future financial performance may depend on our ability to develop and market new products and services and create new distribution channels, while enhancing existing products, services and distribution channels, to incorporate the latest technological advances and accommodate changing user preferences, including the use of the Internet and wireless devices. We may not be able to respond successfully to any such developments.

Directory publishers, including Dex Media, have increasingly bundled online advertising with their traditional print offerings in order to enhance total usage and advertiser value. We compete through our Internet site, DexOnline.com with the Internet yellow pages directories of independent and other incumbent directory publishers, and with other Internet sites, including those available through wireless applications, that provide classified directory information, such as Switchboard.com, Citysearch.com and Zagat.com, and with search engines and portals, such as Yahoo!, Google, MSN and others, some of which have entered into affiliate agreements with other major directory publishers. We may not be able to compete effectively with these other companies, some of which may have greater resources than we do, such as private equity firms, for advertising sales or acquisitions in the future.

In addition, the market position of telephone utilities, including those with which we have relationships, may be adversely impacted by the Telecommunications Act of 1996, which effectively opened local telephone markets to increased competition. In addition, Federal Communication Commission rules regarding local number portability, advances in communications technology (such as wireless devices and voice over Internet protocol) and demographic factors (such as potential shifts in younger generations away from wireline telephone communications towards wireless or other communications technologies) may further erode the market position of telephone utilities, including Qwest. As a result, it is possible that Qwest will not remain the primary local telephone service provider in its local

service areas. If Qwest were no longer the primary local telephone service provider in any particular local service area, our license to be the exclusive publisher in that market and to use the Qwest brand name on our directories in that market may not be as valuable as



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we presently anticipate, and we may not realize some of the existing benefits under our commercial arrangement with Qwest.

*We could be materially adversely affected by declining usage of printed yellow pages directories.*

From 1997 to 2000, overall references to print yellow pages directories in the United States declined; however, overall references to print yellow pages directories remained relatively stable from 2000 through 2005. We believe the past decline was primarily a result of demographic shifts among consumers, particularly the increase of households in which English was not the primary language spoken. We also believe that the past decline was attributable to increased usage of Internet-based directory products, particularly in business-to-business and retail categories, as well as the proliferation of very large retail stores for which consumers and businesses may not reference the yellow pages. We believe that over the next several years, references to print yellow pages directories may gradually decline as users may increasingly turn to digital and interactive media delivery devices for local commercial search information.

Any decline in usage could:

impair our ability to maintain or increase our advertising prices;

cause businesses that purchase advertising in our yellow pages directories to reduce or discontinue those purchases; and

discourage businesses that do not purchase advertising in our yellow pages directories from doing so.

Although we believe that any decline in the usage of our printed directories may be offset in part by an increase in usage of our Internet-based directory, we cannot assure you that such increase in usage will result in additional revenue. Any of the factors that may contribute to a decline in usage of our print directories, or a combination of them, could impair our revenues and have a material adverse effect on our business.

The directory advertising industry is subject to changes arising from developments in technology, including information distribution methods and users' technological preferences. The use of the Internet and wireless devices by consumers as a means to transact commerce may result in new technologies being developed and services being provided that could compete with our products and services. As a result of these factors, our growth and future financial performance may depend on our ability to develop and market new products and services and create new distribution channels, while enhancing existing products, services and distribution channels, to incorporate the latest technological advances and accommodate changing user preferences, including the use of the Internet. We may not be able to provide services over the Internet successfully or compete successfully with other Internet-based directory services. In addition, if we fail to anticipate or respond adequately to changes in technology and user preferences or are unable to finance the capital expenditures necessary to respond to such changes, our results of operations or financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

***Restrictive covenants in our subsidiaries' credit facilities and the indentures may restrict our ability to pursue our business strategies.***

Our subsidiaries' credit facilities, the indentures governing the subsidiary notes and/or the indentures governing our notes limit Dex Media's ability and/or the ability of our subsidiaries, among other things, to:

access the cash flow and value of our subsidiaries and, therefore, to pay interest and/or principal on the indebtedness of Dex Media or to pay dividends on its common stock;

incur additional indebtedness;

pay dividends or make distributions in respect of Dex Media's or the applicable subsidiary's capital stock or to make certain other restricted payments or investments;

sell assets, including capital stock of Dex Media's or the applicable subsidiary's future restricted subsidiaries;

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agree to payment restrictions affecting Dex Media's or the applicable subsidiary's future restricted subsidiaries;

consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of Dex Media's or the applicable subsidiary's assets;

enter into transactions with Dex Media's or the applicable subsidiary's affiliates;

incur liens;

designate any of Dex Media's or the applicable subsidiary's future subsidiaries as unrestricted subsidiaries; and

enter into new lines of business.

In addition, our subsidiaries' credit facilities include other and more restrictive covenants and prohibit our subsidiaries from prepaying our other indebtedness while indebtedness under our subsidiaries' credit facilities is outstanding. The agreements governing our subsidiaries' credit facilities also require our subsidiaries to achieve specified financial and operating results and maintain compliance with specified financial ratios. Our subsidiaries' ability to comply with these ratios may be affected by events beyond our control.

The restrictions contained in the indentures governing the subsidiary notes, the indentures governing our notes and the agreements governing our subsidiaries' credit facilities could limit our ability to plan for or react to market conditions or meet capital needs or otherwise restrict our activities or business plans and adversely affect our ability to finance our operations, investments or alliances or other capital needs or to engage in other business activities that would be in our interest.

A breach of any of these restrictive covenants or our inability to comply with the required financial ratios could result in a default under the agreements governing our subsidiaries' credit facilities. If a default occurs, the lenders under our subsidiaries' credit facilities may elect to declare all borrowings outstanding, together with accrued interest and other fees, to be immediately due and payable or prevent our subsidiaries from making distributions to Dex Media in order for Dex Media to make payments on its indebtedness, either of which could result in an event of default under such indebtedness. The lenders will also have the right in these circumstances to terminate any commitments they have to provide further borrowings. If we are unable to repay outstanding borrowings when due, the lenders under our subsidiaries' credit facilities will also have the right to proceed against the collateral, including our available cash, granted to them to secure the indebtedness. If the indebtedness under our subsidiaries' credit facilities, the subsidiary notes and our notes were to be accelerated, we can make no assurances that our assets would be sufficient to repay in full that indebtedness and our other indebtedness.

***General economic factors could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.***

Our business results could be adversely affected by a prolonged national or regional economic recession. We derive substantially all of our net revenue from the sale of advertising in directories. Typically, our advertising revenues, as well as those of yellow pages publishers in general, do not fluctuate widely with economic cycles. However, a prolonged national or regional economic recession could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results or financial condition. As a result, we may experience lower than expected revenues for our business in the future.

In addition, any residual economic effects of, and uncertainties regarding the following could adversely affect our business:

the general possibility, express threat or future occurrence of terrorist or other related disruptive events; or the United States continuing or expanded involvement in war, especially with respect to the major markets in which we operate that depend heavily upon travel, tourism or the military.

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***Our dependence on third-party providers of printing, delivery and transportation services could materially adversely affect us.***

We depend on third parties for the printing and distribution of our directories. We have contracts with two companies, RRD and Quebecor, for the printing of our directories, which expire on December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2014, respectively. Because of the large print volume and specialized binding of directories, there are only a small number of companies in the printing industry that could service our needs. Accordingly, the inability or unwillingness of RRD or Quebecor to provide printing services to us on acceptable terms or at all could have a material adverse effect on our business.

We have a contract with a single company, PDC, for the delivery of nearly all our directories. Although this contract expires on May 31, 2009, PDC may terminate the contract upon 120 days prior written notice. Only a limited number of companies are capable of serving our delivery needs. We have a contract with Matson to provide logistical support and to transport our printed directories from our printers' locations to PDC. This contract expires on December 31, 2008. We rely on Matson's services extensively for our transportation and logistical needs, and only a limited number of companies could service our transportation needs. Accordingly, the inability or unwillingness of our current vendors to provide delivery or transportation services on acceptable terms or at all could have a material adverse effect on our business.

***Fluctuations in the price or availability of paper could materially adversely affect us.***

The principal raw material that we use is paper. All of the paper that we use is supplied by two companies: Nippon and Catalyst. Pursuant to our agreements with Nippon and Catalyst, they are obligated to provide up to 60% and 40% of our annual paper requirements, respectively. Prices under the two agreements are set each year based on prevailing market rates. If, in a particular year, the parties to either of the agreements are unable to agree on repricing, either party may terminate the agreement. The contract with Nippon expires on December 31, 2009 and the contract with Catalyst expires on December 31, 2008. Furthermore, we purchase paper used for the covers of our directories from Spruce Falls. Pursuant to an agreement between Spruce Falls and us, Spruce Falls is obligated to provide 100% of our annual cover stock paper requirements. Prices under this agreement are negotiated each year. If, in a particular year, Spruce Falls and we are unable to agree on repricing, either party may terminate this agreement. This agreement expires on December 31, 2006.

Changes in the supply of, or demand for, paper could affect market prices or delivery times. Paper is one of our and largest cost items, accounting for approximately 6% of our total operating expenses during the year ended December 31, 2005. We cannot assure you that we will continue to have access to paper in the necessary amounts or at reasonable prices or that any increases in the cost of paper will not have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations or financial condition. See Item 7 Management's Narrative Analysis and Results of Operations.

***We could be materially adversely affected by turnover among sales representatives or loss of key personnel.***

The success of Dex Media's business is dependent on the leadership of its key personnel. The loss of a significant number of experienced sales representatives could adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition and liquidity, as well as our ability to service our debt. Our success will also depend on our ability to identify, hire, train and retain qualified sales personnel. Dex Media currently expends significant resources and management time in identifying and training its sales representatives and sales managers. Our ability to attract and retain qualified sales personnel will depend, however, on numerous factors, including factors outside the combined company's control, such as conditions in the local employment markets in which the combined company will operate.

Furthermore, we depend on the continued services of key personnel, including our senior management and regional sales management personnel. If we fail to retain the necessary key personnel, our results of operations, financial condition and liquidity, as well as our ability to service our debt, could be adversely affected.

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Following our merger with Donnelley, a number of the officers of our predecessor have left Dex Media or notified us of their intention to leave Dex Media. Further loss of key personnel could result from the integration process with Donnelley. Although we believe that we can replace key employees within a reasonable time, the loss of key personnel could have a material adverse effect on our business.

***Our business may be adversely affected by our reliance on, and our extension of credit to, SMEs.***

Approximately 82% of our directory advertising revenue is derived from selling advertising to SMEs. In the ordinary course of our yellow pages publishing business, we extend credit to these advertisers for advertising purchases. SMEs, however, tend to have fewer financial resources and higher failure rates than large businesses. The proliferation of very large retail stores may continue to harm SMEs. We believe these limitations are significant contributing factors to having advertisers in any given year not renew their advertising in the following year. In addition, full or partial collection of delinquent accounts can take an extended period of time. Consequently, we could be adversely affected by our dependence on and our extension of credit to SMEs.

***Our sales of advertising to national accounts is coordinated by third parties that we do not control.***

Approximately 14% of our revenue for the year ended December 31, 2005 was derived from the sale of advertising to national or large regional chains, such as rental car companies, insurance companies and pizza delivery businesses, that purchase advertising in several of the directories that we publish. Substantially all of the revenue derived from national accounts is serviced through the CMRs with whom we contract. CMRs are independent third parties that act as agents for national companies and design their advertisements, arrange for the placement of those advertisements in directories and provide billing services. As a result, our relationships with these national advertisers depend significantly on the performance of these third party CMRs that we do not control. In particular, we rely on one CMR, TMP, whose billings were approximately 24% (excluding Qwest) of Dex Media's national revenue for the year ended December 31, 2005. Although we believe that our respective relationships with these CMRs have been mutually beneficial, if some or all of the CMRs with whom Dex Media has established relationships were unable or unwilling to do business with us on acceptable terms or at all, such inability or unwillingness could materially adversely affect our business. In addition, any decline in the performance of TMP or the other CMRs with whom we contract could harm our ability to generate revenue from our national accounts and could materially adversely affect our business. We are also subject to credit risk with CMRs with whom we contract.

***We may be subject to work stoppages, which could increase our operating costs and disrupt our operations.***

As of December 31, 2005, approximately 66% of our workforce was represented by labor unions covered by two collective bargaining agreements. Our collective bargaining agreement with the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, or IBEW, which covered approximately 33% of our unionized workforce as of December 31, 2005, expires in May 2006. Our collective bargaining agreement with the Communications Workers of America, or CWA, which covered approximately 67% of our unionized workforce as of December 31, 2005, expires in October 2006. If our unionized workers were to engage in a strike, work stoppage or other slowdown in the future, we could experience a significant disruption of our operations and an increase in our operating costs, which could have a material adverse effect on us. We cannot assure you that the collective bargaining agreements with the IBEW and CWA will be renewed on satisfactory terms or at all and upon expiration of such agreements we cannot assure you that a strike or other work stoppage may not ensue. In addition, if a greater percentage of our work force becomes unionized, our business and financial results could be materially adversely affected.

***Future changes in Qwest's directory publishing obligations in the Dex States may increase our costs.***

Pursuant to our publishing agreement with Qwest, we are required to discharge Qwest's regulatory obligation to publish white pages directories covering each service territory in the Dex States where it provides local telephone service as the incumbent service provider. If the staff of a state public utility commission in a



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Dex State were to impose additional or changed legal requirements with respect to Qwest's obligation, we would be obligated to comply with these requirements on behalf of Qwest, even if such compliance were to increase our publishing costs. Pursuant to the publishing agreement, Qwest will only be obligated to reimburse us for one half of any material net increase in our costs of publishing directories that satisfy Qwest's publishing obligations (less the amount of any previous reimbursements) resulting from new governmental legal requirements, and this obligation will expire on November 7, 2009. Our competitive position relative to competing directory publishers could be adversely affected if we are not able to recover from Qwest that portion of our increased costs that Qwest has agreed to reimburse and, moreover, we cannot assure you that we would be able to increase our revenue to cover any unreimbursed compliance costs.

***The loss of important intellectual property rights could adversely affect our competitiveness.***

Some trademarks, such as DEX, DexOnline.com, Dex Knows and other intellectual property rights are important to our business. We rely upon a combination of copyright and trademark laws as well as contractual arrangements to establish and protect our intellectual property rights. We are required from time to time to bring lawsuits against third parties to protect our intellectual property rights. Similarly, from time to time, we may be party to proceedings whereby third parties challenge our rights. We cannot be sure that any lawsuits or other actions brought by us will be successful or that we will not be found to infringe the intellectual property rights of third parties. Although we are not aware of any material infringements of any trademark rights that are significant to our business, any lawsuits, regardless of their outcome, could result in substantial costs and diversion of resources and could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. Furthermore, the loss of important intellectual property rights such as trademarks could have a material adverse effect upon our business, financial condition and results of operations.

**ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS**

None.

**ITEM 2. PROPERTIES**

We lease all our facilities. Our headquarters are located at 1001 Winstead Drive, Cary, North Carolina. We have significant operations at our facility located at 198 Inverness Drive West, Englewood, Colorado. Dex Media East subleases this facility from Qwest. The lease covering this facility expires on October 31, 2008 and Dex Media East has the option to renew it for one additional five-year term. Dex Media West has co-occupancy rights with Dex Media East for the Englewood facility. Dex Media East also has significant operations at its facility located at 3190 South Vaughn Way, Aurora, Colorado, which it leases from a third party. The lease covering this facility expires on October 31, 2008, and Dex Media East has the option to renew it for two additional terms, each for a period of five years. Dex Media West has significant operations at its facilities located at 9300 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, Oregon, which it leases from a third party. The lease covering this facility expires on June 30, 2016, and Dex Media West has the option to renew it for five years. We operate from approximately 57 other facilities and, in the aggregate, utilize approximately 1.0 million square feet.

**ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

From time to time, we are a party to litigation matters arising in connection with the normal course of our business. In many of these matters, plaintiffs allege that they have suffered damages from errors or omissions or improper listings contained in directories published by us. Although we have not had notice of any such claims that we believe to be material, any pending or future claim could have a material adverse effect on our business.

In addition, we are exposed to defamation and breach of privacy claims arising from our publication of directories and our methods of collecting, processing and using personal data. The subjects of our data and users of data that we collect and publish could have claims against us if such data were found to be inaccurate, or if personal data stored by us were improperly accessed and disseminated by unauthorized persons. Although

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to date we have not had notice of any material claims relating to defamation or breach of privacy claims, we may be party to litigation matters that could have a material adverse effect on our business.

**ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS**

Omitted pursuant to General Instructions I(2)(c) of Form 10-K.

**PART II****ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES*****Equity Securities of Dex Media, Inc.***

All outstanding shares of our common stock are owned by Donnelley. There is currently no established trading market for our equity securities. Donnelley's common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol RHD.

Between July 22, 2004, the date of the completion of our predecessor's initial public offering (the IPO), and January 31, 2006, the date on which our merger with Donnelley was consummated, Dex Media's common stock was traded on the New York Stock Exchange. Upon completion of the merger, Dex Media's common stock was delisted from the New York Stock Exchange. The following table sets forth the high and low closing sales prices of our predecessor's common stock for the periods indicated.

	<b>Market Price</b>	
	<b>High</b>	<b>Low</b>
<b>2005</b>		
First quarter	\$ 25.01	\$ 20.65
Second quarter	24.70	20.90
Third quarter	28.90	24.41
Fourth quarter	27.45	26.38
<b>2004</b>		
Third quarter (beginning July 22, 2004)	22.01	17.80
Fourth quarter	25.24	20.60

***Dividends***

On December 15, 2005, we declared a common stock dividend of \$0.09 per common share, which was paid on January 16, 2006 to shareholders of record as of January 3, 2006. On September 22, 2005, we declared a common stock dividend of \$0.09 per common share, which was paid on October 31, 2005 to shareholders of record as of October 13, 2005. On May 19, 2005, we declared a common stock dividend of \$0.09 per common share, which was paid on July 15, 2005 to shareholders of record as of June 16, 2005. On February 17, 2005, we declared a common stock dividend of \$0.09 per common share, which was paid on April 15, 2005 to stockholders of record as of March 18, 2005. On December 14, 2004, we declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.09 per share of common stock, which was paid on January 31, 2005 to stockholders of record as of January 3, 2005.

The terms of our indebtedness and the terms of our subsidiaries' indebtedness include restrictions on cash dividends on our common stock under some circumstances. See Item 1A Risk Factors. The indentures governing our subsidiaries' notes may restrict Dex Media's access to the cash flow and other assets of our subsidiaries that may be needed to make payment on its indebtedness. The terms of our subsidiaries' credit facilities may limit our subsidiaries' ability to pay dividends to Dex Media. Our subsidiaries may enter into additional agreements or financings in the future which could further limit Dex Media's ability to access the assets and cash flow of our subsidiaries and We may be restricted from paying dividends to Donnelley in the future.

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On February 17, 2004, we made a distribution of \$250.5 million to our stockholders with the proceeds received from the issuance of our 9% discount notes due 2013 issued in February 2004.

***Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Compensation Plans***

We have no compensation plans under which our equity securities are authorized for issuance.

***Sales of Unregistered Equity Securities***

During the year ended December 31, 2005, Dex Media did not sell any equity securities that were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

***Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers***

None.

**ITEM 6. *SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA***

Omitted pursuant to General Instructions I(2)(a) of Form 10-K.

**ITEM 7. *MANAGEMENT'S NARRATIVE ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS***

Pursuant to General Instructions I(2)(a) of Form 10-K: (i) the information called for by Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, has been omitted and (ii) we are providing the following management's narrative analysis of results of operations.

**Recent Development**

On January 31, 2006, our predecessor, Dex Media, Inc., merged with and into FAC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Donnelley. In the merger, each share of Dex Media, Inc. common stock was converted into the right to receive \$12.30 in cash and 0.24154 of a share of Donnelley common stock. Donnelley also assumed all of Dex Media, Inc.'s outstanding indebtedness on January 31, 2006 with a fair value of \$5.7 billion. In connection with the consummation of the merger, the name of FAC was changed to Dex Media, Inc. As a result of the merger, we became a wholly owned subsidiary of Donnelley.

**Background**

The following narrative analysis of our results of operations covers periods prior to and subsequent to the consummation of the Dex East Acquisition on November 8, 2002 and the Dex West Acquisition on September 9, 2003. We have operated as a stand-alone company since the Dex East Acquisition. The Dex East Acquisition and the Dex West Acquisition have been accounted for under the purchase method of accounting. Under this method, the pre-acquisition deferred revenue and related deferred costs associated with directories that were published prior to the acquisition dates were not carried over to our balance sheet. The effect of this accounting treatment was to reduce revenue and related costs that would otherwise have been recognized during the twelve months subsequent to the respective acquisition dates.

Our historical consolidated financial statements included in this annual report have been prepared on the basis of the deferral and amortization method of accounting, under which revenue and cost of revenue related to the publication of

directories are initially deferred and then recognized ratably over the life of each directory, commencing in the month of delivery. From time to time, we have determined that the publication dates of certain directories will be extended. These extensions are made to more efficiently manage work and customer flow. The lives of the affected directories are expected to be 12 months following the new publication date. Generally, we are able to bill and collect for additional periods related to directory extensions and under the deferral and amortization method of accounting, our related cost of revenue is amortized over the extended estimated useful life of the directory. As a result, the extensions made through December 31, 2005 did not have a significant impact on our results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2005 or

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2004 and are not expected to have a material effect on revenue or cost of revenue in future periods. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2005 presentation.

### **Overview**

#### ***General***

We are the exclusive publisher of the official yellow pages and white pages directories for Qwest in the following states where Qwest is the primary incumbent local exchange carrier: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming. We have been publishing directories for over 100 years. Our contractual agreements with Qwest grant us the right to be the exclusive incumbent publisher of the official yellow pages and white pages directories for Qwest in the Dex States until November 2052 and prevent Qwest from competing with us in the directory products business in the Dex States until November 2042.

We are the largest directory publisher in the Dex States and, together with our parent, Donnelley, the third largest directory publisher in the U.S. In 2005, we published 293 directories and printed approximately 51.8 million copies of these directories for distribution to virtually all business and residential consumers throughout the Dex States. In addition, our Internet-based directory, DexOnline.com, further extends the distribution of our advertisers' content. DexOnline.com, which is offered both bundled with our print directories and on a stand-alone basis, includes approximately 20 million business listings and 124 million residential listings from across the United States. Our other products and services include the sale of direct marketing lists and the sale of Dex directories and other publishers' directories outside the normal delivery schedule.

We seek to bring buyers together with our advertising customers through a cost-effective, bundled advertising solution that includes print, Internet-based and CD-ROM directories. The majority of our advertising customers are local SMEs and national businesses with a local presence. We believe that our advertising customers value: (i) our ability to provide consumers with an authoritative and diverse reference source to search for products and services across multiple platforms; (ii) our broad distribution to potential buyers of our advertisers' products and services; (iii) our lower cost per usage compared with most other directories and a higher return on investment than other forms of local advertising; and (iv) the quality of our client service and support.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, we generated approximately 97% of our total revenue from the sale of bundled print and Internet directory advertising. Our other products and services account for the remaining 3% of our total revenue. For the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, we generated \$1,658.4 million and \$1,602.9 million in total revenue, respectively. Excluding the effects of purchase accounting, as described in this Item 7 Management's Narrative Analysis of Results of Operations, we generated \$1,649.7 million in total revenue for the year ended December 31, 2004. For complete information concerning our financial performance, see Item 8 Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

### **Results of Operations**

#### ***Revenue***

We derive approximately 97% of our revenue from the sale of advertising in our printed directories, which we refer to as directory services revenue. The sale of advertising in our printed directories also includes the replication of listings and display advertisements in DexOnline.com, our Internet-based directory. We also provide related services, including other Internet-related products, direct marketing lists and the sale of Dex directories and other publishers' directories outside of the normal delivery schedule, which we refer to collectively as other revenue. Directory services

revenue is affected by several factors, including changes in the quantity and size of advertisements sold, defectors and new advertisers as well as the proportion of premium advertisements sold, changes in the pricing of advertising, changes in the quantity and mix of advertising purchased per account and the introduction of additional products which generate incremental revenue. Directory services revenue may also increase through the publication of new print directories.



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Revenue recognized on sales under our Advertising Commitment Agreement with Qwest consists primarily of directory services revenue.

Our revenue and cost of revenue for the twelve months following the consummation of the Acquisitions were lower than they otherwise would have been because the Acquisitions were accounted for under the purchase method of accounting. Under the purchase method of accounting, deferred revenue and deferred directory costs associated with the directories published and distributed prior to the Acquisitions were not carried over to our balance sheet at the time of purchase. The effect of this accounting treatment was to reduce revenue and related costs that would otherwise be recognized in the twelve months subsequent to the Acquisitions. The purchase method of accounting did not affect our revenue and directory costs in periods subsequent to September 2004. These purchase accounting adjustments are non-recurring and have no impact on cash flows.

We enter into transactions such as exclusivity arrangements, sponsorships and other media access transactions where our products and services are promoted by a third party and, in exchange, we carry that party's advertisement. We account for these transactions in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 99-17, *Accounting for Advertising Barter Transactions*. Revenue and expense related to such transactions are included in the consolidated statements of operations consistent with reasonably similar items sold or purchased for cash. These related revenue items are currently included in local directory services revenue. The revenue from such transactions for the year ended December 31, 2005 represented less than 1% of total revenue for the year. The revenue and related expense have no impact on net income or cash flow over the life of the bartered advertisement.

In certain cases, we enter into agreements with accounts that involve the delivery of more than one product or service. We allocate revenue for such arrangements in accordance with EITF Issue No. 00-21, *Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables*.

### ***Cost of Revenue***

We account for cost of revenue under the deferral and amortization method of accounting. Accordingly, our cost of revenue recognized in a reporting period consists of: (i) costs incurred in that period and recognized in that period, principally sales salaries and wages; (ii) costs incurred in a prior period, a portion of which are amortized and recognized in the current period; and (iii) costs incurred in the current period, a portion of which are amortized and recognized in that period and the balance of which are deferred until future periods. Consequently, there will be a difference between the cost of revenue recognized in any given period and the costs incurred in that period. Such differences may be significant.

Costs incurred in the current period and subject to deferral include direct costs associated with the publication of directories, including sales commissions, paper, printing, transportation, distribution and pre-press production, as well as employee and systems support costs relating to each of the foregoing. Sales commissions include commissions paid to employees for sales to local advertisers and to CMRs, which act as our channel to national advertisers. All deferred costs related to the sale and production of directories are recognized ratably over the life of each directory under the deferral and amortization method of accounting, with cost recognition commencing in the month of delivery.

### ***General and Administrative Expense***

Our general and administrative expense consists primarily of the costs of advertising, promotion and marketing, administrative staff, pension and other post-retirement benefits, information technology, training, account billing, corporate management, office and facilities expense and bad debt expense. All our general and administrative expense is recognized in the period in which it is incurred.

***Income Tax Provision***

We account for income taxes under the asset and liability method of accounting. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded to reflect the future tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial

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reporting bases of assets and liabilities and their tax bases at each year end. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted income tax rates in effect for the year in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for future income tax rate changes in the year the changes are enacted. Deferred tax assets are recognized for operating loss and tax credit carry forwards if management believes, based upon existing evidence, that it is more likely than not that the carry forward will be utilized. All deferred tax assets are reviewed for realizability, and valuation allowances are recorded if it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

## **Items Affecting Comparability Between Periods**

Our revenue and cost of revenue for the twelve months following the consummation of the Dex West Acquisition in September 2003 were \$120.6 million and \$31.6 million lower, respectively, than our revenue and cost of revenue would have been otherwise because the Dex West Acquisition was accounted for under the purchase method of accounting. Under the purchase method of accounting, deferred revenue and related deferred directory costs associated with directories that had previously been published and distributed were not carried over to the balance sheet. The effect of this accounting treatment is to reduce revenue and related costs that would otherwise have been recognized in the twelve months subsequent to the Acquisitions. The purchase method of accounting did not affect our revenue and directory costs in periods subsequent to September 2004. These purchase accounting adjustments are non-recurring and have no historical or future cash impact.

Prior to the IPO in July 2004, we were obligated to pay an annual advisory fee of \$2.0 million to each of The Carlyle Group ( Carlyle ) and Welsh Carson Anderson & Stowe ( WCAS ). In connection with the IPO, we made a lump sum payment of \$10.0 million to each of Carlyle and WCAS to terminate our obligation to pay such annual advisory fee. An aggregate of approximately \$2.0 million of such advisory fees is reflected in our historical financial data for the year ended December 31, 2004. Such amount does not include the \$10.0 million paid to each of Carlyle and WCAS at the time of the IPO to terminate our obligation to pay such annual advisory fee.

During the year ended December 31, 2004, we paid and recorded a redemption fee of \$24.1 million to redeem a portion of our senior subordinated notes in conjunction with the IPO in July 2004. The redemption fee was recorded as interest expense in the year ended December 31, 2004. No such fees were incurred during the year ended December 31, 2005.

During the year ended December 31, 2005, we incurred \$11.7 million of costs related to our acquisition by Donnelley. These costs primarily relate to financial advisory, legal and accounting fees and are included in general and administrative expense in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. No such costs were recorded in the year ended December 31, 2004.

During the year ended December 31, 2005, we recorded a pension settlement loss of \$3.3 million as a result of lump sum payments to participants in excess of the sum of the service cost plus the interest cost component of the periodic pension costs for the year. No pension settlement losses were recorded in the year ended December 31, 2004.

During the year ended December 31, 2005, we recorded stock compensation expense of \$11.3 million related to modifications of certain stock options. See Note 9(f) to the consolidated financial statements contained elsewhere in this annual report. No such expense was recorded in the year end December 31, 2004.

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	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
	<b>(Dollars in thousands)</b>	
Revenue:		
Local directory services	\$ 1,359,037	\$ 1,353,229
National directory services	232,223	191,146
Qwest advertising	18,233	23,133
Other revenue	48,923	35,406
Total revenue	1,658,416	1,602,914
Cost of revenue, excluding depreciation and amortization expense	504,453	485,505
Gross profit, excluding depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 1,153,963	\$ 1,117,409
Gross margin, excluding depreciation and amortization expense	69.6%	69.7%
General and administrative expense, including bad debt expense and termination of annual advisory fees	\$ 252,705	\$ 251,566

***Revenue***

Total revenue increased \$55.5 million, or 3.5%, to \$1,658.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2005, from \$1,602.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2004. Total revenue for the year ended December 31, 2004 was \$46.8 million lower than it would have been due to the effects of purchase accounting. Excluding the effects of purchase accounting in 2004, total revenue would have increased \$8.7 million, or 0.5%, for the year ended December 31, 2005. The increase in total revenue, excluding the effects of purchase accounting, was primarily due to increases in national directory services revenue and other revenue, and was partially offset by decreases in local directory services revenue and Qwest advertising revenue.

Local and national directory services revenue is affected by a variety of volume and pricing factors. Volume related factors include quantity of advertisements sold, the change in mix of advertisements among our product families, the proportion of advertisements sold with premium features, the volume of promotional services obtained from our advertisers in exchange for our publication of their advertisements in our directories, the number of local advertisers disconnects and the number of new advertisers obtained during a period. Pricing factors include price increases related to our standard rates that may be made from time to time in varying markets for varying categories, and are offset by discount programs that may be initiated in local markets for certain advertiser headings. Such factors generally affect the dollar volume of orders initiated in a period which are recognized as revenue over the life of a given directory, beginning in the month of delivery. Fluctuations in product mix and pricing are among the multiple factors that contributed to the change in local and national directory services revenue.

Local directory services revenue increased \$5.8 million, or 0.4%, to \$1,359.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2005, compared to \$1,353.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2004. Local directory service revenue for the year ended December 31, 2004 was \$9.6 million lower than it would have been due to the effects of purchase accounting. Excluding the effects of purchase accounting in 2004, local directory services revenue decreased \$3.8 million, or 0.3%, for the year ended December 31, 2005. Local directory services revenue, excluding the effects of purchase accounting in 2004, accounted for 81.9% and 82.6% of revenue for the year ended December 31, 2005

and the year ended December 31, 2004, respectively.

Revenue from national advertisers increased \$41.1 million, or 21.5%, to \$232.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2005, compared to \$191.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2004. Revenue from national advertisers for the year ended December 31, 2004 was \$37.2 million lower than it would have been due to the effects of purchase accounting. Excluding the effects of purchase accounting in 2004, revenue from national advertisers, increased \$3.9 million, or 1.7%, for the year ended December 31, 2005. Revenue from

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national advertisers, excluding the effects of purchase accounting in 2004, accounted for 14.0% and 13.8% of revenue for the year ended December 31, 2005 and the year ended December 31, 2004, respectively.

Revenue from Qwest advertising decreased \$4.9 million, or 21.2%, to \$18.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2005, from \$23.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2004. This decrease in Qwest advertising revenue was a result of the timing of Qwest's purchases under its Advertising Commitment Agreement with us. Under the Advertising Commitment Agreement, Qwest is obligated to purchase \$20.0 million in advertising annually from us. However, if in any given year Qwest exceeds the \$20.0 million of advertising purchases, up to \$5.0 million of the excess may be credited to the following year's purchase commitment. As a result of purchases in excess of the \$20.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2003, Qwest purchased less than \$20.0 million of Dex advertising in 2004, of which a portion is deferred and recognized over the life of the related directory in 2005.

Other revenue increased \$13.5 million, or 38.2%, to \$48.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2005, from \$35.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2004. This increase in other revenue was primarily due to an increase in Internet revenue and an increase in the fees the Company collects from customers who pay their accounts late, and was partially offset by a decrease in our direct marketing revenue.

***Cost of Revenue***

Cost of revenue recognized was \$504.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2005, compared to \$485.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2004. Cost of revenue recognized for the year ended December 31, 2004 was \$10.5 million lower than it would have been due to the effects of purchase accounting. Cost of revenue recognized, excluding the effects of purchase accounting in 2004, represented 30.4% and 30.1% of revenue for the year ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. The cost of revenue recognized does not include any depreciation and amortization expense.

For the year ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, we incurred costs subject to deferral and amortization of \$494.0 million and \$502.2 million, respectively.

Employee costs incurred decreased \$16.6 million, or 7.6%, to \$201.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2005 from \$217.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2004. The decrease primarily resulted from a reduction in the number of our employees, which related primarily to planned workforce reductions.

Direct publishing costs incurred, which primarily include paper, printing and distribution, decreased \$3.4 million, or 2.0%, to \$169.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2005, from \$173.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2004. The decrease is primarily a result of printing costs declining in 2005 due to the implementation of a new printing agreement with one of our two outside providers of printing services, and was partially offset by an increase in the number of directories we published in 2005.

Contracting and professional fees incurred increased \$13.7 million, or 46.0%, to \$43.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2005, from \$29.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2004. This increase was primarily due to costs related to supporting our new production system, which we began to incur in the second quarter of 2004 and incremental costs paid to vendors related to the fulfillment of our new Dex Web Clicks product, which launched in early 2005.

National commissions incurred increased \$4.5 million, or 9.3%, to \$53.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2005 from \$48.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2004 as a result of national directory services revenue growth and commissions on extension billings for directories with extended lives.

Other cost of revenue incurred, which primarily includes systems expense and office and facilities expense, was \$26.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2005, compared to \$32.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2004.

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***Gross Profit***

Our gross profit was \$1,154.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2005, compared to \$1,117.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2004. Excluding the effects of purchase accounting, gross profit for the year ended December 31, 2004 would have been \$1,153.7 million. Gross margin, excluding the effects of purchase accounting in 2004, was 69.6% for the year ended December 31, 2005, compared to 69.9% for the year ended December 31, 2004.

***General and Administrative Expense***

General and administrative expense, including bad debt expense, increased \$1.1 million, or 0.5% to \$252.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2005, compared to \$251.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2004.

Employee costs were \$79.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2005 compared to \$64.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2004. Employee costs include salaries and wages, benefits, including pension expense and employee stock compensation, and other employee costs. Salaries and wages were \$34.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2005 compared to \$36.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2004. Benefits were \$32.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2005 compared to \$17.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2004. The increase in benefits was due primarily to a one-time stock-based compensation charge of \$11.3 million related to the modification of certain stock option terms and a pension settlement loss of \$3.3 million as a result of lump sum payments to participants in excess of the sum of the service cost plus the interest cost component of the periodic pension costs for the year. Other employee costs were \$12.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2005 compared to \$10.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2004, respectively.

Advertising expense decreased \$5.7 million, or 14.7%, to \$33.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2005, from \$38.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2004. The decrease in advertising reflects lower levels of discretionary spending in 2005. Advertising expense as a percentage of revenue, excluding the effects of purchase accounting in 2004, decreased to 2.0% for the year ended December 31, 2005 from 2.4% for the year ended December 31, 2004.

Contracting and professional fees increased \$7.6 million, or 16.6%, to \$53.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2005, from \$45.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2004. The increase in contracting and professional fees was primarily a result of financial advisory, accounting and legal fees incurred in 2005 in connection with our merger with Donnelley. This increase was partially offset by the elimination in 2004 of the \$2.0 million annual advisory fee payable to each of Carlyle and WCAS.

At the time of our IPO in July 2004, we paid \$10.0 million to each of Carlyle and WCAS to eliminate our contractual obligation to pay such annual advisory fee.

Bad debt expense increased \$8.7 million, or 19.9%, to \$52.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2005, from \$43.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2004. Bad debt expense as a percentage of total revenue, excluding the effects of purchase accounting in 2004, was 3.2% for the year ended December 31, 2005, and 2.6% for the year ended December 31, 2004. The increase in bad debt expense reflects the Company's decision to accept higher levels of credit risk.

All other general and administrative expense decreased \$4.2 million, or 10.8%, to \$34.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2005, from \$39.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2004.

***Amortization of Intangibles***



For the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, we recognized \$345.7 million and \$412.4 million, respectively, in amortization expense related to our identifiable intangible assets. The decrease in amortization expense was the result of a declining method used to amortize the value of the acquired accounts in proportion with their estimated retention lives.

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### ***Interest Expense***

Interest expense was \$446.4 million and \$505.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. Interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2005 includes \$37.0 million of amortization of deferred financing costs and \$48.5 million of accretion on discount notes. Interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2004 includes \$63.5 million of amortization of deferred financing costs, including the write off of \$5.6 million of deferred financing costs in conjunction with our subsidiaries' senior note redemption. Interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2004 also includes \$42.3 million of accretion on discount notes and \$24.1 million of early redemption premium paid to redeem a portion of our subsidiaries' senior subordinated notes.

### ***Income Taxes***

Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ( SFAS ) No. 109 requires that we recognize deferred income tax assets on net operating losses to the extent that realization of these assets is more likely than not. As of December 31, 2005, we have recorded \$65.0 million of net deferred income tax assets, of which \$82.9 million is the result of estimated net operating loss carryforwards of \$204.2 million. As of December 31, 2004, we recorded \$98.6 million of deferred income tax assets, of which \$107.3 million resulted from estimated net operating loss carryforwards of \$271.2 million. Net operating loss carryforwards do not begin to expire until 2022. Based on current projections of income and expenses, we have determined that it is more likely than not that we will utilize the deferred tax assets associated with the net operating losses before the expiration of the net operating loss carryforward periods. Accordingly, no valuation allowance has been recorded for this issue.

## **MATERIAL TRENDS, KNOWN FACTS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

### ***Directory Services Revenue***

For the year ended December 31, 2005, approximately 97% of our revenue came from directory services, our bundled advertising solution that includes print, Internet-based and CD-ROM directories. Our ability to increase directory services revenue is dependent on our ability to attract and retain advertisers or increase revenue per advertiser account through a change in advertising volume and/or rates.

### ***Competition***

The U.S. directory advertising industry is highly competitive. In nearly all markets, we compete with one or more yellow pages directory publishers, which are predominantly independent publishers, such as the U.S. business of Yell Group Ltd and Phone Directories Company. In some markets, we also compete with other incumbent publishers in overlapping and adjacent markets. Competition from other yellow pages publishers affects our ability to attract and retain advertisers and to increase advertising rates.

The Internet has emerged as a medium for advertisers. We compete through our Internet site, DexOnline.com with the Internet yellow pages directories of independent and other incumbent directory publishers, and with other Internet sites, including those available through wireless applications, that provide classified directory information, such as Switchboard.com, Citysearch.com and Zagat.com, and with search engines and portals, such as Yahoo!, Google, MSN and others, some of which have entered into affiliate agreements with other major directory publishers. We may not be able to compete effectively with these other companies, some of which may have greater resources than we do, for advertising sales or acquisitions in the future. We also compete for advertising sales with other traditional media, including newspapers, magazines, radio, direct mail, telemarketing, billboards and television. We may not be able to compete effectively with these other companies, some of which may have greater resources than we do, for advertising sales or acquisitions in the future.



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### ***Internet***

We believe that our Internet-based directory, DexOnline.com, is an extension of our printed directories. We believe that any decline in the usage of our printed directories could be offset in part by an increase in usage of our Internet-based directory, DexOnline.com. Additionally, the full roll-out of Dex Web Clicks will serve to provide our advertisers with a simplified solution to their participation in the complex area of auction-based internet advertising and could provide us with incremental revenue growth. However, if we are unsuccessful in monetizing increased usage from our Internet-based directory or are not able to effectively deliver our Dex Web Clicks product, our business could be negatively impacted.

### ***Paper Prices***

Paper is our principal raw material. Substantially all of the paper that we use (other than for covers) is supplied by two companies: Nippon and Catalyst. Prices under these two agreements are negotiated each year based on prevailing market rates, which have been declining consistent with general U.S. market trends for directory paper over the last three years. Since the second half of 2004, pulp prices have been increasing at rates higher than the general inflation rate. This has resulted in upward pressure on our paper prices. The effect of such upward price pressure, however, has been moderated due to the fact that prices under both our paper agreements are subject to certain price escalation limits.

### ***Fuel Prices***

Fuel is an indirect and minor part of our cost structure. However, rising fuel prices could impact the transportation and distribution of our print directories at the current service and cost levels. Our existing transportation agreement caps the diesel fuel surcharge well below the spot market diesel fuel surcharges. Although there is no current impact on our service levels and transportation/distribution costs, rising fuel costs could have a negative impact on us.

### ***Income Taxes***

The Company is subject to income taxes in the United States. The Company recently completed, subject to the Area Director's approval, an audit by the IRS for the tax years ending November 30, 2002 and 2003. In connection with the audit, the Company and the IRS have agreed that approximately \$95 million of costs incurred to consummate the Dex East Acquisition and Dex West Acquisition should be capitalized to the cost of the assets acquired and amortized over 15 years. This settlement is not material to our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

### ***New Accounting Standards***

In November 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ( SFAS ) No. 151 *Inventory Costs – an amendment of ARB No. 43, Chapter 4* . This statement amends the guidance in ARB No. 43, Chapter 4 *Inventory Pricing*, to clarify the accounting for abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling cost and wasted material. This statement is effective for inventory costs incurred during fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005. We do not expect the adoption of SFAS No. 151 to have a material impact on our financial statements.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123R *Share-Based Payment* and has subsequently issued various related FASB Staff Positions ( FSPs ). This statement and FSPs establish standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services, focusing primarily on accounting for transactions in which an entity obtains employee services in share-based payment transactions. It also addresses transactions in which an entity incurs liabilities in exchange for goods or services that are based on the fair value of

the entity's equity instruments or that may be settled by the issuance of those equity instruments. This statement and FSPs are effective for public companies for new awards granted and outstanding awards modified, repurchased or cancelled for periods beginning after the effective date. The statement and FSPs also require that for outstanding options accounted for under APB

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No. 25 or SFAS No. 123, stock-based compensation expense be recognized in earnings for periods beginning after the effective date for the portion of those awards for which the requisite service has not yet been rendered, based upon the grant date fair value of such awards calculated under SFAS 123. The adoption of SFAS 123R and FSPs will not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

On March 29, 2005, the SEC released SAB No. 107, which provides an interpretation of SFAS No. 123R and its interaction with certain SEC rules and regulations and provides the SEC's views regarding the valuation of share-based payment arrangements for public companies. SAB No. 107 provides guidance with regard to share-based payment transactions with non-employees, the transition from nonpublic to public entity status, valuation methods (including assumptions such as expected volatility and expected term), the accounting for certain redeemable financial instruments issued under share-based payment arrangements, the classification of compensation expense, non-GAAP financial measures, first-time adoption of SFAS No. 123R, the modification of employee share options prior to adoptions of SFAS No. 123R and disclosures in Management's Discussion and Analysis subsequent to the adoption of SFAS No. 123R. The adoption of SFAS 123R will not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

On April 14, 2005, the SEC announced the adoption of a new rule that amends the compliance dates for SFAS No. 123R. Under SFAS No. 123R, registrants would have been required to implement the standard as of the beginning of the first interim or annual period that begins after June 15, 2005. The SEC's new rule requires companies to implement SFAS No. 123R at the beginning of their next fiscal year beginning on or after June 15, 2005, instead of the first reporting period that begins after June 15, 2005. As a result, the financial statements of the Company must comply with SFAS No. 123R beginning with the interim financial statements for the first quarter of 2006. The SEC's new rule does not change the accounting required by SFAS No. 123R; it changes only the dates for compliance with the standard.

During May 2005, the FASB issued SFAS No. 154, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - a Replacement of APB Opinion No. 20 and FASB Statement No. 3*. This statement applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principle and requires retrospective application of the new accounting principle to prior accounting periods as if that principle had always been used. In addition, this statement requires that a change in depreciation method be accounted for as a change in estimate. The requirements are effective for changes made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS No. 154 to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

## **Other Items**

In its final review of the Company's financial statements included in this annual report on Form 10-K, management identified and corrected a misclassification that appeared in our press release dated February 22, 2006, which was filed as Exhibit 99.1 to our Current Report on form 8-K furnished to the SEC on February 22, 2006. The misclassification involved outstanding accounts receivable balances that were improperly classified as cash. The result of correcting this misclassification is a decrease in cash and cash provided by operating activities of \$1.0 million (to \$1.8 million and \$569.4 million, respectively) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, and an increase in accounts receivable and accounts payable of \$1.8 million and \$0.8 million, respectively (to \$134.8 million and \$54.2 million, respectively) as of December 31, 2005.

## **ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

### ***Long-Term Debt***

As of December 31, 2005, we had a total outstanding debt balance of \$5,292.7 million, comprised of:  
(i) \$1,960.2 million of variable rate debt drawn under our subsidiaries' credit facilities; (ii) \$1,135.0 million of

unsecured senior notes and \$1,103.1 million of senior unsecured subordinated notes issued by our subsidiaries; (iii) and \$1,094.5 million of cash pay and discount notes issued directly by us. Dex Media East's credit facilities were made up of \$322.0 million of a Tranche A term loan maturing in November 2008, \$433.5 million of a Tranche B term loan maturing in May 2009 and \$17.0 million borrowings on a revolving

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loan. Dex Media West's credit facilities were made up of \$339.4 million of a Tranche A term loan maturing in September 2009, \$843.3 million of a Tranche B term loan maturing in March 2010 and \$5.0 million borrowings on a revolving loan. Due to the variable rate characteristics of the credit facilities, the carrying amounts of the Tranche A term loans, Tranche B term loans and revolving credit facilities approximated fair values.

Dex Media East's \$450.0 million of unsecured senior notes bears a fixed interest rate of 9.875% and matures in November 2009. Dex Media West's \$385.0 million of unsecured senior notes bears a fixed interest rate of 8.5% and matures in August 2010. Dex Media West's \$300.0 million of unsecured senior notes bears a fixed interest rate of 5.875% and matures in November 2011. Due to changes in interest rates and market conditions since the issuance of these fixed rate notes, the fair values of the Dex Media East's and Dex Media West's senior notes were \$487.1 million, \$405.2 million and \$301.5 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2005.

Dex Media East's \$341.3 million of unsecured senior subordinated notes bears a fixed interest rate of 12.125% and matures in November 2012. Dex Media West's \$761.8 million of unsecured senior subordinated notes bears a fixed interest rate of 9.875% and matures in August 2013. Due to changes in interest rates and market conditions since the issuance of these fixed rate notes, the fair values of the Dex Media East's and Dex Media West's senior subordinated notes were \$399.7 million and \$844.6 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2005. Please refer to Note 6 in the consolidated financial statements contained elsewhere in this annual report for details on the required annual principal payments on long-term debt.

The \$500.0 million cash pay notes and the \$594.5 million discount notes issued directly by us all mature in November 2013. The cash pay notes bear a fixed interest rate of 8.0% while the discount notes bear a fixed interest rate of 9%. Interest accrues on the discount notes in the form of an increase in the accreted value between the date of the original issuance and November 15, 2008. Due to changes in interest rates and market conditions since the issuance of these fixed rate notes, the fair values of the cash pay and the discount notes were \$511.3 million and \$597.2 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2005.

***Interest Rate Risk***

As of December 31, 2005, we had \$22.0 million outstanding under our subsidiaries' revolving credit facilities (with an approximate additional \$1.1 million committed under two stand-by letters of credit), \$661.4 million of debt outstanding under our subsidiaries' Tranche A term loan facilities and \$1,276.8 million of debt outstanding under our subsidiaries' Tranche B term loan facilities. Our subsidiaries' revolving credit facilities and term loan facilities are subject to variable rates. Accordingly, our earnings and cash flow are affected by changes in interest rates. We have hedged a portion of our interest rate risk. The Dex Media East interest rate swap agreements became effective May 8, 2003. Currently, Dex Media East has two interest rate swap agreements: an interest rate swap with a notional amount of \$50.0 million and an applicable fixed rate of 3.638% that will expire in November 2007, and an interest rate swap with a notional amount of \$75.0 million and an applicable fixed rate of 4.085% that will expire in May 2008. The Dex Media West fixed interest rate swap agreements, which were entered into in October 2004, have an aggregate notional amount of \$300.0 million, with applicable preset monthly fixed rates ranging from 1.901% to 3.61% and expire in October 2006. Assuming we had incurred this level of borrowings and interest rate swap agreements on January 1, 2005 with interest payable at variable rates and assuming a one percentage point increase in the average interest rate under these borrowings and interest rate swap agreements, our interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2005 would have increased by \$13.4 million, which included a \$2.1 million offset related to the changes in the fair value of the swap agreements. We do not intend to use any financial derivative instruments for speculative purposes.



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**ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA**

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**Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

The Board of Directors and Stockholders  
Dex Media, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Dex Media, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the related consolidated statements of operations, cash flows, and changes in stockholders' equity and comprehensive income (loss) for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2005. We also have audited management's assessment, included in the accompanying Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting, that Dex Media, Inc. and subsidiaries maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2005, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Dex Media, Inc.'s management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements, an opinion on management's assessment, and an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit of financial statements included examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, evaluating management's assessment, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

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In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Dex Media, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2005, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, management's assessment that Dex Media, Inc. and subsidiaries maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2005, is fairly stated, in all material respects, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Furthermore, in our opinion, Dex Media, Inc. and subsidiaries maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2005, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

KPMG LLP

Denver, Colorado  
March 15, 2006

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**Table of Contents****DEX MEDIA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Balance Sheets**

	<b>As of December 31,</b>	
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
	<b>(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)</b>	
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,808	\$ 9,234
Accounts receivable, net	134,816	104,232
Deferred directory costs	293,616	291,237
Current deferred income taxes	21,592	13,438
Other current assets	13,647	13,102
Total current assets	465,479	431,243
Property, plant and equipment, net	106,926	101,471
Goodwill	3,081,446	3,081,446
Intangible assets, net	2,687,957	3,033,659
Deferred income taxes	43,444	85,149
Deferred financing costs	109,033	142,182
Other assets	2,740	2,815
Total Assets	\$ 6,497,025	\$ 6,877,965

**LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY**

Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 54,160	\$ 48,410
Employee compensation	26,190	36,432
Common stock dividend payable	13,645	13,528
Deferred revenue and customer deposits	221,448	207,655
Accrued interest payable	72,230	63,202
Current portion of long-term debt	239,652	189,534
Other accrued liabilities	29,753	18,563
Total current liabilities	657,078	577,324
Long-term debt	5,053,088	5,537,848
Post-retirement and other post-employment benefit obligations	94,311	81,095
Other liabilities	1,608	1,163
Total Liabilities	5,806,085	6,197,430

Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)

Stockholders Equity:

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Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value, 250 million shares authorized, of which 200,000 shares were designated as Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock, none issued and outstanding		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 700 million shares authorized, 150,689,740 and 150,281,662 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively	1,507	1,503
Additional paid-in capital	795,253	833,736
Accumulated deficit	(107,133)	(153,916)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	1,313	(788)
 Total Stockholders' Equity	 690,940	 680,535
 Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	 \$ 6,497,025	 \$ 6,877,965

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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**Table of Contents****DEX MEDIA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statements of Operations**

	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2003</b>
	<b>(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)</b>		
Revenue	\$ 1,658,416	\$ 1,602,914	\$ 883,057
Operating Expenses:			
Cost of revenue	504,453	485,505	265,333
General and administrative expense	200,291	187,849	114,426
Bad debt expense	52,414	43,717	32,054
Termination of annual advisory fees		20,000	
Depreciation and amortization expense	31,529	30,781	15,360
Amortization of intangibles	345,702	412,441	290,060
Total operating expenses	1,134,389	1,180,293	717,233
Operating income	524,027	422,621	165,824
Other (income) expense:			
Interest income	(615)	(666)	(1,095)
Interest expense	446,357	505,470	277,626
Other (income) expense, net	(1,274)	65	12,058
Income (loss) before income taxes	79,559	(82,248)	(122,765)
Income tax provision (benefit)	32,776	(31,472)	(47,729)
Net income (loss)	\$ 46,783	\$ (50,776)	\$ (75,036)
Basic and Diluted income (loss) per common share	\$ 0.31	\$ (0.39)	\$ (1.09)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****DEX MEDIA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2003</b>
	<b>(Dollars in thousands)</b>		
Operating activities:			
Net income (loss)	\$ 46,783	\$ (50,776)	\$ (75,036)
Adjustments to net income (loss):			
Bad debt expense	52,414	43,717	32,054
Depreciation and amortization expense	31,529	30,781	15,360
Amortization of intangibles	345,702	412,441	290,060
Accretion on discount notes	48,484	42,251	3,139
Stock option expense	13,755	1,301	
Realized gain on foreign currency derivative instrument			(3,875)
Realized loss on translation of foreign currency debt			3,908
Amortization of deferred financing costs	36,957	63,479	24,285
Loss on disposition of assets	196	32	
Deferred tax provision (benefit)	32,765	(31,472)	(47,729)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	(80,357)	(31,540)	(11,902)
Deferred directory costs	(2,379)	(20,610)	(34,974)
Other current assets	492	(1,736)	(2,547)
Other long-term assets	1,116	1,894	(1,119)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	4,609	(8,746)	29,810
Accrued interest	9,028	(10,618)	48,885
Other long-term liabilities	1,251	(588)	
Deferred revenue and customer deposits	13,793	39,901	104,657
Employee benefit plan obligations and other, net	13,216	11,714	5,409
Cash provided by operating activities	569,354	491,425	380,385
Investing activities:			
Expenditures for property, plant and equipment	(8,652)	(14,360)	(9,107)
Capitalized software development costs	(28,528)	(40,231)	(31,441)
Acquisition of Dex West		7,871	(4,290,104)
Payment of acquisition expenses			(54,391)
Acquisition of Dex East			(778)
Proceeds from disposition of investment			17,190
Escrow deposits			(2,000)
Escrow funds released			4,000
Cash used for investing activities	(37,180)	(46,720)	(4,366,631)
Financing activities:			
Proceeds from borrowings on revolving credit facilities	288,000	61,000	9,000

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Repayments of borrowings on revolving credit facilities	(266,000)	(61,000)	(9,000)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		550,476	4,288,181
Payments on long-term debt	(505,125)	(962,532)	(405,135)
Cash received on foreign currency swap settlement			4,538
Issuance of preferred stock		62	192,400
Redemption of preferred stock		(125,684)	
Issuance of common stock		375,256	769,600
Common stock offering costs		(21,214)	
Exercise of employee stock options	1,460	4,426	
Payment of financing costs	(3,808)	(10,359)	(125,386)
Distributions to stockholders	(54,127)	(248,148)	(741,865)
Preferred dividends paid		(5,170)	(8,316)
Payment of debt commitment fees			(17,981)
Cash (used for) provided by financing activities	(539,600)	(442,887)	3,956,036
Cash and cash equivalents:			
(Decrease) increase	(7,426)	1,818	(30,210)
Beginning balance	9,234	7,416	37,626
Ending balance	\$ 1,808	\$ 9,234	\$ 7,416
Supplemental cash flow disclosures			
Interest paid	\$ 355,483	\$ 411,236	\$ 200,092

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.



**Table of Contents****DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity and Comprehensive Income (Loss)**

	Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional Paid in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Stock- holders Equity	Com- hens- Inco- (Lo
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital (Dollars in thousands)	Deficit	(Loss)	Equity	(Lo
December 31,	131,000	\$ 1	52,400,000	\$ 524	\$ 654,475	\$ (28,104)	\$ (3,517)	\$ 623,379	
Change of preferred	192,812	2			192,621			192,623	
Change of common			77,125,570	771	769,725			770,496	
Contribution to holder					(741,865)			(741,865)	
Unpaid dividends declared and paid					(8,316)			(8,316)	
Change in comprehensive income						(75,036)		(75,036)	\$ (75,036)
Change in comprehensive loss							(509)	(509)	\$ (75,036)
December 31,	323,812	\$ 3	129,525,570	\$ 1,295	\$ 866,640	\$ (103,140)	\$ (4,026)	\$ 760,772	
Change in compensation expense related to stock option exercise					1,301			1,301	
Change of preferred			953,350	10	4,416			4,426	
Change of common	158				62			62	
Change related to the IPO roll-over purchase			19,736,842	197	374,803			375,000	
Change in common stock from stock offering			65,900	1	255			256	
Change in common stock from stock offering					(21,214)			(21,214)	
Change in common stock from stock offering					(13,528)			(13,528)	
Change in common stock from stock offering	(323,970)	(3)			(125,681)			(125,684)	
Change in common stock from stock offering					(248,148)			(248,148)	
Change in common stock from stock offering					(5,170)			(5,170)	

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ss				(50,776)		(50,776)	\$ (50,776)
comprehensive					3,238	3,238	3,238
e							
prehensive loss							\$ (47,538)
ce, December 31,	\$	150,281,662	\$ 1,503	\$ 833,736	\$ (153,916)	\$ (788)	\$ 680,535
based							
nsation expense				13,755			13,755
ce of restricted							
		93,500	1				1
on stock option							
se		314,578	3	1,457			1,460
mpact of common							
option exercise				550			550
on stock							
nds declared				(54,245)			(54,245)
come					46,783		46,783
comprehensive						2,101	2,101
e							
prehensive income							\$ 48,113
ce, December 31,	\$	150,689,740	\$ 1,507	\$ 795,253	\$ (107,133)	\$ 1,313	\$ 690,940

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**1. Description of business**

***(a) The Company***

Dex Media, Inc. ( Dex Media or the Company ) is the exclusive official directory publisher for Qwest Corporation, the local exchange carrier of Qwest Communications International Inc. ( Qwest ), in Colorado, Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota and South Dakota (collectively the Dex East States ) and Arizona, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Utah, Washington and Wyoming (collectively the Dex West States, and, together with the Dex East States, the Dex States ).

Dex Media is the indirect parent of Dex Media East LLC ( Dex Media East ) and Dex Media West LLC ( Dex Media West ). Dex Media East operates the directory business in the Dex East States and Dex Media West operates the directory business in the Dex West States.

The Company s directory business was acquired from Qwest Dex, Inc. ( Qwest Dex ) in a two phase purchase between Dex Holdings LLC ( Dex Holdings ), the former parent of Dex Media and Qwest Dex. Dex Holdings and Dex Media were formed by two private equity firms: The Carlyle Group ( Carlyle ) and Welsh, Carson, Anderson & Stowe ( WCAS ). In the first phase of the purchase, which was consummated on November 8, 2002, Dex Holdings assigned its right to purchase the directory business of Qwest Dex in the Dex East States ( Dex East or the Predecessor ) to the Company (the Dex East Acquisition ). In the second phase of the purchase, which was consummated on September 9, 2003, Dex Holdings assigned its right to purchase the directory business of Qwest Dex in the Dex West States ( Dex West ) to the Company (the Dex West Acquisition ). Dex Holdings was dissolved effective January 1, 2005.

On January 31, 2006, Dex Media merged with and into Forward Acquisition Corporation ( FAC ), a wholly owned subsidiary of R.H. Donnelley Corporation ( Donnelley ). In the merger, each share of Dex Media, Inc. s common stock was converted into the right to receive \$12.30 in cash and 0.24154 of a share of Donnelley common stock. In connection with the consummation of this merger (the Donnelley Merger ), the name of FAC was changed to Dex Media, Inc. See Note 14 for additional information regarding this transaction.

Unless otherwise noted in this report, the terms Dex Media, we, our and us refers collectively to Dex Media, Inc. and its Consolidated Subsidiaries and their predecessors.

***(b) Operations***

The Company is the largest telephone directory publisher of white and yellow pages directories to businesses and residents in the Dex States. The Company provides directory, Internet and direct marketing solutions to local and national advertisers. Virtually all of the Company s revenue is derived from the sale of advertising in its various directories. Published directories are distributed to residents and businesses in the Dex States through third-party vendors. The Company operates as a single segment.

***(c) Dex Media s Initial Public Offering***

Effective July 21, 2004, the Company consummated its initial public offering of common stock (the IPO ). The Company issued 19,736,842 shares of common stock at an IPO price of \$19.00 per share for net proceeds of \$354.0 million. A portion of the net proceeds was used to redeem all of the Company s outstanding 5% Series A

Preferred Stock, including accrued and unpaid dividends, for \$128.5 million and to pay fees and expenses related to the IPO. On August 26, 2004, the remainder of net proceeds related to the IPO was used to redeem \$183.8 million of Dex Media East's senior subordinated notes at a redemption price of 112.125% along with the accrued and unpaid interest and \$18.2 million of Dex Media West's senior subordinated notes at a redemption price of 109.875% along with the accrued and unpaid interest. Also in connection with the IPO, the Company paid \$10.0 million to each of Carlyle and WCAS to eliminate the

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**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

\$4.0 million aggregate annual advisory fees payable under Dex Media East's and Dex Media West's management consulting agreements. Immediately prior to the IPO, the Company effected a 10-for-1 common stock split. The share and per share data for all periods subsequent to November 8, 2002 have been adjusted to reflect the effects of the stock split.

**2. Basis of Presentation**

***(a) The Company***

The accompanying consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the consolidated statements of operations, cash flows and changes in stockholders' equity for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 reflect the consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company, which includes its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Dex Media East for all periods presented, and Dex Media West from the date of the Dex West Acquisition.

***(b) Reclassifications***

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2005 presentation. During the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company reclassified amounts for late fees received from its customers from interest income to revenue. Late fees received for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 totaling \$3.1 million, \$0.8 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, were recorded in revenue in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

**3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

***(a) Principles of Consolidation***

The consolidated financial statements of the Company include the results of operations, financial position and cash flows of Dex Media and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

***(b) Use of Estimates***

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ( GAAP ) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts and disclosures reported in these consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

***(c) Revenue Recognition***

The sale of advertising in printed directories published by the Company is the primary source of revenue. The Company recognizes revenue ratably over the life of each directory using the deferral and amortization method of accounting, with revenue recognition commencing in the month of delivery. The Company recognizes revenue for advertising on its Internet-based directory, DexOnline.com, ratably over the period the advertisement appears on the

site. Other products and services are recognized as delivered or provided.

The Company publishes white and yellow pages directories with primarily 12-month lives. From time to time, the Company may choose to change the publication dates of certain directories in order to more efficiently manage work and customer flow. The lives of the affected directories are expected to be 12 months thereafter. Such publication date changes do not have a significant impact on the Company's recognized revenue as the Company's sales contracts generally allow for the billing of additional monthly charges in the case of directories with extended lives. For the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, the Company published 293, 269 and 182 directories, respectively.

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**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

The Company enters into transactions such as exclusivity arrangements, sponsorships, and other media access transactions, where the Company's products and services are promoted by a third party and, in exchange, the Company carries the party's advertisement. The Company accounts for these transactions in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 99-17 *Accounting for Advertising Barter Transactions*. Revenue and expense related to such transactions are included in the consolidated statements of operations consistent with reasonably similar items sold or purchased for cash. Such barter transactions were not significant to the Company's financial results for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003.

In certain cases, the Company enters into agreements with customers that involve the delivery of more than one product or service. Revenue for such arrangements is allocated in accordance with EITF Issue No. 00-21 *Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables*.

***(d) Cost of Revenue***

The Company accounts for cost of revenue under the deferral and amortization method of accounting. Accordingly, the Company's cost of revenue recognized in a reporting period consists of: (i) costs incurred in that period and recognized in that period, principally sales salaries and wages; (ii) costs incurred in a prior period, a portion of which are amortized and recognized in the current period; and (iii) costs incurred in the current period, a portion of which are amortized and recognized in that period and the balance of which are deferred until future periods. Consequently, there will be a difference between the cost of revenue recognized in any given period and the costs incurred in the given period. Such difference may be significant.

Costs incurred in the current period and subject to deferral include direct costs associated with the publication of directories, including sales commissions, paper, printing, transportation, distribution and pre-press production and employee and systems support costs relating to each of the foregoing. Sales commissions include commissions paid to employees for sales to local advertisers and to third-party certified marketing representatives, which act as the Company's channel to national advertisers. All deferred costs related to the sale and production of directories are recognized ratably over the life of each directory under the deferral and amortization method of accounting, with cost recognition commencing in the month of delivery. From time to time the Company has changed the publication dates of certain directories to more effectively manage work and customer flow. In such cases, the estimated life of related unamortized deferred cost of revenue is revised to amortize such costs over the new remaining estimated life. Changes in directory publication dates typically do not result in any additional direct incurred costs.

***(e) Deferred Revenue***

Deferred revenue represents amounts billed and advance payments received from customers that have not yet been recognized as revenue.

***(f) Deferred Directory Costs***

Deferred directory costs represent costs incurred in the production of directories prior to publication and incurred costs for directories that have been delivered that have not yet been recognized as cost of revenue. Deferred directory costs are amortized ratably to cost of revenue over the life of each directory beginning in the month of delivery.

***(g) Advertising Costs***

Costs related to advertising are expensed as incurred. Advertising expenses of \$33.2 million, \$38.9 million and \$19.9 million are included in general and administrative expense in the Company's consolidated statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

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**Table of Contents****DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)*****(h) Cash and Cash Equivalents***

The Company considers cash on hand, deposits in banks and investments purchased with original maturities of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

***(i) Accounts Receivable***

The Company has a billing and collection agreement with Qwest. Under that agreement, certain receivables are billed and collected by Qwest on behalf of the Company for customers common between the Company and Qwest within the Dex States. Qwest purchases these accounts receivable from the Company on a full recourse basis, and as such, the Company continues to include its portion of any related bad debt reserves in its consolidated balance sheets.

The Company reports its accounts receivable at the outstanding principal net of the allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts for Company billed local trade receivables is estimated based upon a combination of historical experience of actual sales write-offs and an analysis of amounts past due more than 75 days, as determined by the contractual term of each sale. The allowance for doubtful accounts for national trade receivables includes specifically identified uncollectible accounts. Receivables are charged against the allowance for doubtful accounts when deemed uncollectible by collection managers and any recoveries of previous charges are recorded as a reduction of the allowance for doubtful accounts.

For accounts receivable purchased by Qwest, the Company uses a rolling 12-month average of write-offs compared to the prior 12 months of billings to estimate the allowance for doubtful accounts. When a receivable is deemed to be uncollectible, the Company reduces its receivable against the allowance for doubtful accounts. Any recoveries of amounts previously charged against the allowance for doubtful accounts are recorded as a reduction of the allowance for doubtful accounts.

The Company charges a percentage finance charge on certain past due trade receivables. The Company does not recognize finance charges until the cash is collected from the customer.

The following table presents a breakdown of accounts receivable balances as of December 31, (in thousands):

	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
Trade accounts receivable	\$ 155,420	\$ 114,547
Amounts due from Qwest related to purchased accounts receivable	2,635	13,686
Other accounts receivable		1,132
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(23,239)	(25,133)
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 134,816	\$ 104,232

	<b>Balance at Beginning of Period</b>	<b>Costs and Expenses</b>	<b>Other(1)</b>	<b>Deductions(2)</b>	<b>Balance at End of Period</b>
Allowance for doubtful accounts (in thousands):					
Year ended December 31, 2003	\$ 8,013	\$ 32,054	\$ 13,462	\$ (33,003)	\$ 20,526
Year ended December 31, 2004	20,526	43,717		(39,110)	25,133
Year ended December 31, 2005	25,133	52,414		(54,308)	23,239

(1) Represents the allowance for doubtful accounts related to the Dex West Acquisition on September 9, 2003.

(2) Represents uncollectible accounts charged against the allowance for doubtful accounts.

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**Table of Contents****DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)*****(j) Property, Plant and Equipment***

Assets acquired as part of the acquisitions of Dex East and Dex West (the Acquisitions ) were recorded at fair value as of the acquisition dates and are amortized over their remaining useful life using the straight-line method. For assets purchased after the Acquisitions, property, plant and equipment are carried at cost and are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets except that leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life or remaining life of the lease. The following table presents the estimated useful lives of each asset type:

	<b>Estimated Lives</b>
Computers and equipment	3-7 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years
Capitalized software	9 months-7 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years

The cost of additions and improvements are capitalized and expenditures for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. When property, plant and equipment is sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is included in other (income) expense.

***(k) Computer Software***

Internally used software, whether purchased or internally developed, is capitalized and amortized using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of 18 months to seven years. In accordance with Statement of Position ( SOP ) 98-1, *Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software Developed or Obtained for Internal Use*, certain costs associated with internally developed software such as payroll costs of employees devoting time to the projects and external direct costs for materials and services are capitalized. Subsequent additions, modifications or upgrades to internal-use software are capitalized only to the extent that those modifications enable the software to perform tasks that it was previously incapable of performing. Software maintenance and training costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Gross computer software costs of \$128.0 million and \$97.1 million as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively, are included in property, plant and equipment. Amortization of capitalized computer software costs totaled \$19.8 million, \$20.1 million and \$9.3 million, for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

During 2005, the Company shortened the estimated useful life of certain software projects. The Company accounts for such changes in estimate prospectively from the date of the change.

***(l) Deferred Financing Costs***

Costs incurred in connection with financing activities are deferred and amortized using the effective interest method over the terms of the related debt agreements ranging from six to ten years. Amortization of these costs and a proportionate amount of unamortized costs related to debt prepayments are charged to interest expense in the

accompanying consolidated statements of operations. The carrying values of deferred financing costs in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2005 and 2004 were \$109.0 million and \$142.2 million, respectively.

*(m) Long-Lived Assets*

The impairment of long-lived assets is assessed whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying value may not be recoverable through expected future undiscounted cash flows. If the total expected future undiscounted cash flows are less than the carrying value of the asset, the asset is written down to its estimated fair value. Cash flow projections, although subject to a degree of uncertainty, are based on

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**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

trends of historical performance and management's estimate of future performance, giving consideration to existing and anticipated competitive and economic conditions.

***(n) Goodwill and Intangible Assets***

Goodwill represents the excess purchase price paid by the Company over the fair value of the tangible and identifiable intangible assets and liabilities acquired from Qwest Dex on November 8, 2002, the date of the acquisition of Dex East, and on September 9, 2003, the date of the acquisition of Dex West. In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets are not amortized, but instead are tested for impairment at least annually in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 142. SFAS No. 142 also requires that intangible assets with finite useful lives be amortized over their respective estimated useful lives to their residual values, and reviewed for impairment in accordance with SFAS No. 144, *Accounting for Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets*.

Intangible assets acquired include trademarks, customer relationships, non-compete/publishing agreements and an advertising agreement. The acquired Dex trademark is a perpetual asset and not subject to amortization. Annual amortization for customer relationships is calculated using a declining method in relation to the estimated retention periods of the acquired customers. Other intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated lives of the assets ranging from four to forty years.

The Company's policy is to evaluate the carrying value of goodwill and identified intangibles not subject to amortization at the end of the third quarter of each fiscal year. Under SFAS No. 142, impairment of goodwill may exist if the carrying value of the reporting unit to which it is allocated exceeds the fair value of the reporting unit. The Company has two reporting units, being Dex Media East and Dex Media West, and therefore compares the carrying value of each reporting unit to the fair value of each respective reporting unit. The fair value of Dex Media East and Dex Media West is estimated using a multiple of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA). Under SFAS No. 142, indefinite-lived intangible assets are impaired if the fair value of the asset exceeds its carrying value.

In accordance with SFAS No. 144, the Company assesses its intangible assets subject to amortization for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that its carrying amount may not be recoverable. The Company evaluates at least annually the assumptions utilized by the independent specialist at the time of the Acquisitions to determine the initial value and useful life of the intangible assets to determine if any events or changes in circumstances have occurred that might have caused the intangible assets to be impaired.

If a triggering event has occurred, the Company assesses the ongoing recoverability of its intangible assets subject to amortization by determining whether the intangible balance can be recovered over the remaining amortization period through projected undiscounted future cash flows. If projected undiscounted future cash flows indicate that the unamortized intangible asset balances will not be recovered, an adjustment is made to reduce the net intangible asset to an amount consistent with projected future cash flows discounted at the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Cash flow projections, although subject to a degree of uncertainty, are based on trends of historical performance and management's estimate of future performance, giving consideration to existing and anticipated competitive and economic conditions.

As of December 31, 2005, the Company does not believe any impairment of goodwill or other identified intangible assets has occurred.

*(o) Stock-Based Compensation*

The Company accounts for the Stock Option Plan of Dex Media, Inc., (the 2002 Plan ) and the Dex Media, Inc. 2004 Incentive Award Plan (the 2004 Plan ) as more fully discussed in Note 9(f), under the

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recognition and measurement principles of Accounting Principles Board ( APB ) Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*, and related Interpretations. The Company recognizes compensation expense for its awards with pro rata vesting on a straight-line basis. Had the Company accounted for employee stock option grants under the minimum value method for options issued prior to Dex Media becoming a publicly traded company and the fair value method after Dex Media became a publicly traded company, both of which are prescribed by SFAS No. 123,

*Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, the pro forma results of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 would have been as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

	<b>For the Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2003</b>
Net income (loss):			
As reported	\$ 46,783	\$ (50,776)	\$ (75,036)
Add: Stock-based employee compensation expense included in reported net income (loss), net of related tax effects	7,758	763	
Deduct: Stock-based employee compensation expense determined under minimum value or fair value based method, as applicable, for all awards, net of related tax effects	(1,956)	(1,369)	(256)
Pro forma	\$ 52,585	\$ (51,382)	\$ (75,292)
Basic income (loss) per common share:			
As reported	\$ 0.31	\$ (0.39)	\$ (1.09)
Pro forma	0.35	(0.40)	(1.10)
Diluted income (loss) per common share:			
As reported	\$ 0.31	\$ (0.39)	\$ (1.09)
Pro forma	0.34	(0.40)	(1.10)

**(p) Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities**

The Company follows the provisions of SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities*, SFAS No. 138, *Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities, an Amendment of SFAS 133*, and SFAS No. 149 *Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*. SFAS Nos. 133, 138 and 149 require that all derivative instruments be recorded on the balance sheet at their respective fair values.

On the date a derivative contract is executed, the Company may designate the derivative as a hedge of the variability of cash flows to be received or paid related to a recognized asset or liability or forecasted transaction (cash-flow hedge). For all hedging relationships, the Company formally documents the hedging relationship and its risk-management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge, the hedging instrument, the item, the nature of the risk being hedged, how the hedging instrument's effectiveness in offsetting the hedged risk will be assessed, and a description of the method of measuring ineffectiveness. The Company also formally assesses, both at the hedge's inception and on an ongoing basis, whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in

offsetting changes in cash flows of hedged items.

Changes in the fair value of a derivative that is highly effective and that is designated and qualifies as a cash-flow hedge are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income to the extent that the derivative is effective as a hedge, until earnings are affected by the variability in cash flows of the designated hedged item. The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of a derivative instrument that qualifies as a cash-flow hedge is reported in earnings.

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**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

The Company discontinues hedge accounting prospectively when it is determined that the derivative is no longer effective in offsetting changes in the cash flows of the hedged item, the derivative or hedged item is expired, sold, terminated, exercised, or management determines that designation of the derivative as a hedging instrument is no longer appropriate. In situations in which hedge accounting is discontinued, the Company continues to carry the derivative at its fair value on the balance sheet and recognizes any subsequent changes in its fair value in earnings.

For derivative instruments that are not designated or do not qualify as hedged transactions, the initial fair value, if any, and any subsequent changes in the fair value are reported in earnings as a component of interest expense.

***(q) Income (Loss) Per Common Share***

The Company calculates income (loss) per common share in accordance with SFAS No. 128, *Earning per Share*. Basic income (loss) per common share is calculated by dividing net income (loss) available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted income (loss) per common share reflects the effect, if dilutive, of the assumed exercise of outstanding stock options (see Note 9(d)) and the assumed conversion of Series A Preferred Stock into common stock through the date of its redemption (see Note 9(a)).

***(r) Comprehensive Income (Loss)***

The Company follows the provisions of SFAS No. 130, *Reporting Comprehensive Income*, which establishes standards for reporting and disclosure of comprehensive income (loss) and its components. In addition to net income (loss), comprehensive income (loss) includes all changes in net assets during a period, except those resulting from equity contributions and distributions.

***(s) Income Tax Provision***

The Company files a consolidated Federal income tax return and combined or consolidated state income tax returns, where permitted. Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded to reflect the future tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial reporting bases of assets and liabilities and their tax bases at each year end. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted income tax rates in effect for the year in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for future income tax rate changes in the year the changes are enacted. Deferred tax assets are recognized for operating loss and tax credit carryforwards if management believes, based upon existing evidence, that it is more likely than not that the carryforwards will be utilized. All deferred tax assets are reviewed for realizability and valuation allowances are recorded if it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

***(t) Fair Value of Financial Instruments***

Financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and long-term borrowings. The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their fair values because of their short-term nature. The carrying value of the Company's variable-rate long-term debt approximates fair value because the related interest rates reset to current market interest rates on a short-term basis.

The fair value of the Company's fixed-rate long-term debt is estimated by the current market price as provided by a third party investment bank as of December 31, 2005.

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**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

***(u) New Accounting Standards***

In November 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued SFAS No. 151 *Inventory Costs an amendment of ARB No. 43, Chapter 4* . This statement amends the guidance in ARB No. 43, Chapter 4 *Inventory Pricing*, to clarify the accounting for abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling cost and wasted material. This statement is effective for inventory costs incurred during fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005. We do not expect the adoption of SFAS No. 151 to have a material impact on our financial statements.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123R *Share-Based Payment* and has subsequently issued various related FASB Staff Positions ( FSPs ). This statement and FSPs establish standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services, focusing primarily on accounting for transactions in which an entity obtains employee services in share-based payment transactions. It also addresses transactions in which an entity incurs liabilities in exchange for goods or services that are based on the fair value of the entity's equity instruments or that may be settled by the issuance of those equity instruments. This statement and FSPs are effective for public companies for new awards granted and outstanding awards modified, repurchased or cancelled for periods beginning after the effective date. The statement and FSPs also require that for outstanding options accounted for under APB No. 25 or SFAS No. 123, stock-based compensation expense be recognized in earnings for periods beginning after the effective date for the portion of those awards for which the requisite service has not yet been rendered, based upon the grant date fair value of such awards calculated under SFAS 123. The adoption of SFAS 123R and FSPs will not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

On March 29, 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ) released Staff Accounting Bulletin ( SAB ) No. 107, *Share-based Payment*. SAB No. 107 provides an interpretation of SFAS No. 123R, *Share-based Payment* and its interaction with certain SEC rules and regulations and provides the SEC's views regarding the valuation of share-based payment arrangements for public companies. SAB No. 107 provides guidance with regard to share-based payment transactions with non-employees, the transition from nonpublic to public entity status, valuation methods (including assumptions such as expected volatility and expected term), the accounting for certain redeemable financial instruments issued under share-based payment arrangements, the classification of compensation expense, non-GAAP financial measures, first-time adoption of SFAS No. 123R, the modification of employee share options prior to adoptions of SFAS No. 123R and disclosures in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations subsequent to the adoption of SFAS No. 123R. The adoption of SFAS 123R will not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

On April 14, 2005, the SEC announced the adoption of a new rule that amends the compliance dates for SFAS No. 123R. Originally, registrants would have been required to implement the standard as of the beginning of the first interim or annual period beginning after June 15, 2005. The SEC's new rule requires companies to implement SFAS No. 123R at the beginning of their first fiscal year beginning on or after June 15, 2005, instead of the first reporting period that begins after June 15, 2005. As a result, the financial statements of the Company must comply with SFAS No. 123R beginning with the interim financial statements for the first quarter of 2006. The SEC's new rule does not change the accounting required by SFAS No. 123R; it changes only the dates for compliance with the standard.

During May 2005, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued SFAS No. 154, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections a Replacement of ABP Opinion No. 20 and FASB Statement No. 3*. This statement applies to all

voluntary changes in accounting principle and requires retrospective application of the new accounting principle to prior accounting periods as if that principle had always been used. In addition, this statement requires that a change in depreciation method be accounted for as a change in estimate. The requirements are effective for changes made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005.

**Table of Contents****DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS No. 154 to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

**4. Property, Plant and Equipment**

The following table presents the composition of property, plant and equipment as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
Computers and equipment	\$ 35,202	\$ 30,092
Leasehold improvements	6,664	5,831
Capitalized software	127,988	97,108
Furniture and fixtures	3,512	2,375
Construction in progress	9,885	12,998
Gross property, plant and equipment	183,251	148,404
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(76,325)	(46,933)
Net property, plant and equipment	\$ 106,926	\$ 101,471

Depreciation and amortization expense (excluding amortization of definite-lived intangibles) for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 was \$31.5 million, \$30.8 million and \$15.4 million, respectively.

Included in computers and equipment above is \$0.6 million net book value of equipment obtained under capital lease agreements. The following are the future minimum lease payments required under these capital leases (in thousands):

2006	\$ 401
2007	121
2008	93
2009	58
Total lease obligation	673
Less: interest	(75)
Less: executory costs	(215)
Capital lease obligation	383
Less: current portion	(167)
Long-term capital lease obligation	\$ 216

## **5. Goodwill and Intangible Assets**

The excess purchase price paid by the Company over its estimates of the fair value of the tangible assets and liabilities of Dex East related to the Dex East Acquisition was approximately \$2,681.7 million (\$890.7 million of goodwill and \$1,791.0 million of identifiable intangible assets). The excess purchase price paid by the Company over its estimates of the fair value of the tangible assets and liabilities of Dex West related to the Dex West Acquisition was \$4,167.7 million (\$2,190.7 million of goodwill and \$1,977.0 million of identifiable intangible assets). In order to determine an estimate of the fair value of identifiable intangible assets, the Company utilized an independent valuation specialist to assist in determining the amount at which an asset could be bought or sold between willing parties, other than in a forced liquidation sale. In its analysis, the specialist relied primarily on the market approach, whereby transactions in which similar assets are bought or sold are identified.

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Table of Contents**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

The initial purchase price and fair value estimates recorded upon the September 9, 2003 Dex West Acquisition were adjusted upon settlement of the working capital adjustment with the seller in 2004 pursuant to the provisions of the Dex West Purchase Agreement.

The Company evaluates the carrying value of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets at the end of the third quarter of each fiscal year. Based upon the evaluation performed as of September 30, 2005, goodwill was determined not to be impaired at September 30, 2005. No events have occurred since the date of the Company's evaluation that would indicate the Company's goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets may be impaired as of December 31, 2005.

Intangible assets (other than goodwill), net of amortization, totaled \$2,688.0 million and \$3,033.7 million at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. The gross carrying amount and accumulated amortization of other intangible assets and their estimated useful lives are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	<b>As of December 31, 2005</b>			
	<b>Gross Carrying Value</b>	<b>Accumulated Amortization</b>	<b>Net Book Value</b>	<b>Life</b>
Intangible Assets				
Customer relationships - local	\$ 1,787,000	\$ (786,976)	\$ 1,000,024	20 years <sup>(1)</sup>
Customer relationships - national	493,000	(164,540)	328,460	25 years <sup>(1)</sup>
Non-compete/publishing agreements	610,000	(40,927)	569,073	39-40 years
Dex Trademark	696,000		696,000	Indefinite
Qwest Dex Trademark agreement	133,000	(78,556)	54,444	4-5 years
Advertising agreement	49,000	(9,044)	39,956	14-15 years
Totals	\$ 3,768,000	\$ (1,080,043)	\$ 2,687,957	

	<b>As of December 31, 2004</b>			
	<b>Gross Carrying Value</b>	<b>Accumulated Amortization</b>	<b>Net Book Value</b>	<b>Life</b>
Intangible Assets				
Customer relationships - local	\$ 1,787,000	\$ (542,968)	\$ 1,244,032	20 years <sup>(1)</sup>
Customer relationships - national	493,000	(110,722)	382,278	25 years <sup>(1)</sup>
Non-compete/publishing agreements	610,000	(25,488)	584,512	39-40 years
Dex Trademark	696,000		696,000	Indefinite
Qwest Dex Trademark agreement	133,000	(49,480)	83,520	4-5 years

Advertising agreement	49,000	(5,683)	43,317	14-15 years
Totals	\$ 3,768,000	\$ (734,341)	\$ 3,033,659	

<sup>(1)</sup> Amortization expense is calculated using a declining method in relation to estimated retention lives of acquired customers.

The determination of useful lives for customer relationships was made based on historical and expected customer attrition rates. Useful lives for non-compete/publishing agreements, the Qwest Dex Trademark agreement, and advertising agreements are based upon the remaining life of the related agreements.



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Amortization expense for amortizing intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 were \$345.7 million, \$412.4 million and \$290.1 million, respectively. Estimated amortization expense for the next five years and thereafter is (in thousands):

2006	\$ 291,400
2007	243,341
2008	182,035
2009	152,599
2010	128,696
Thereafter	993,886
	\$ 1,991,957

**6. Long-Term Debt**

Long-term debt is comprised of the following (in thousands):

	<b>December 31,</b>	
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
<b>Dex Media East Notes Payable to Banks (equal right of payment):</b>		
Notes payable to banks, Tranche A term loan, bearing interest at adjusted London Interbank Offering Rate ( LIBOR ) plus the current applicable interest spread of 1.25% (weighted average rate of 5.51% at December 31, 2005), interest payable at various intervals based on interest rate periods, and principal payable quarterly, maturing in November 2008. The notes are secured by substantially all of Dex Media East's assets. Due to the repricing characteristics of the debt, the carrying amount of the debt approximates fair value	\$ 321,981	\$ 474,654
Notes payable to banks, Tranche B term loan, bearing interest at adjusted LIBOR plus the current applicable interest spread of 1.75% (weighted average rate of 5.99% at December 31, 2005), interest payable at various intervals based on interest rate periods, and principal payable quarterly, maturing in May 2009. The notes are secured by substantially all of Dex Media East's assets. Due to the repricing characteristics of the debt, the carrying amount of the debt approximates fair value	433,517	494,630
Revolving loan bearing interest at Alternative Base Rate ( ABR ) plus the current applicable spread of 0.25% or at adjusted LIBOR plus the current applicable interest spread of 1.25% (weighted average interest rate of 6.19% at December 31, 2005). The revolving loan is secured by substantially all of Dex Media East's assets	17,000	



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	<b>December 31,</b>	
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
<b>Dex Media West Notes Payable to Banks (equal right of payment):</b>		
Notes payable to banks, Tranche A term loan, bearing interest at adjusted LIBOR plus the current applicable interest spread of 1.25% (weighted average of 5.55% at December 31, 2005), interest payable at various intervals based on interest rate periods, and principal payable quarterly beginning on June 30, 2005, maturing in September 2009. The notes are secured by substantially all of Dex Media West's assets. Due to the repricing characteristics of the debt, the carrying amount of the debt approximates fair value	339,379	492,848
Notes payable to banks, Tranche B term loan, bearing interest at adjusted LIBOR plus the current applicable interest spread of 1.75% (weighted average of 6.05% at December 31, 2005), interest payable at various intervals based on interest rate periods, and principal payable quarterly beginning on June 30, 2005, maturing in March 2010. The notes are secured by substantially all of Dex Media West's assets. Due to the repricing characteristics of the debt, the carrying amount of the debt approximates fair value	843,282	981,152
Revolving loan bearing interest at ABR plus the current applicable spread of 0.25% or at adjusted LIBOR plus the current applicable interest spread of 1.25% (weighted average interest rate of 7.50% at December 31, 2005). The revolving loan is secured by substantially all of Dex Media West's assets	5,000	
<b>Dex Media East Unsecured Notes Payable (in descending order of right of payment):</b>		
Unsecured senior notes payable, bearing interest at 9.875%, interest payable semi-annually (May and November), principal due in November 2009. At December 31, 2005, the fair value of the notes was \$487.1 million	450,000	450,000
Unsecured senior subordinated notes payable, bearing interest at 12.125%, interest payable semi-annually (May and November), principal due in November 2012. At December 31, 2005, the fair value of the notes was \$399.7 million	341,250	341,250
<b>Dex Media West Unsecured Notes Payable (in descending order of right of payment; senior notes equal right of payment):</b>		
Unsecured senior notes payable, bearing interest at 8.5%, interest payable semi-annually (February and August), principal due in August 2010. At December 31, 2005 the fair value of the notes was \$405.2 million	385,000	385,000
Unsecured senior notes payable, bearing interest at 5.875%, interest payable semiannually (May and November), principal due in November 2011. At December 31, 2005, the fair value of the notes was \$301.5 million	300,000	300,000
Unsecured senior subordinated notes payable, bearing interest at 9.875%, interest payable semi-annually (February and August), principal due in August 2013. At December 31, 2005, the fair value of the notes was \$844.6 million	761,800	761,800

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	<b>December 31,</b>	
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
<b>Dex Media Unsecured Notes Payable (equal right of payment):</b>		
Unsecured senior notes payable, bearing interest at 8%, interest payable semi-annually (May and November), principal due in November 2013. At December 31, 2005, the fair value of the notes was \$511.3 million	500,000	500,000
Unsecured senior discount notes payable, prior to November 2008, interest accrues at the rate of 9% per annum in the form of an increase in the initial accreted value of approximately \$643 per \$1,000 principal amount at maturity of the notes. Thereafter, cash interest on the discount notes will accrue and be payable at the rate of 9% per annum semi-annually (May and November), principal due in November 2013 (\$750.0 million at maturity). At December 31, 2005, the fair value of the notes was \$597.2 million	594,531	546,048
	5,292,740	5,727,382
Less: current portion of long-term debt	(239,652)	(189,534)
	<b>\$ 5,053,088</b>	<b>\$ 5,537,848</b>

At December 31, 2005 the aggregate amounts of required principal payments on long-term debt are as follows (in thousands):

2006	\$ 239,652
2007	239,386
2008	453,348
2009	1,287,320
2010	575,452
Thereafter	2,497,582
	<b>\$ 5,292,740</b>

***Dex Media East Long-Term Debt:***

In connection with the Dex East Acquisition, Dex Media East entered into a syndicated credit facility consisting of (i) a \$100.0 million six year revolving credit facility, (ii) a \$530.0 million six year term loan (Tranche A), (iii) a \$660.7 million six and a half year term loan (Tranche B), and (iv) a \$39.0 million six and a half year term loan payable in Euros (Tranche B-Euros). The entire proceeds from the Tranche A, Tranche B, and Tranche B-Euros term loans, along with \$50.0 million of the revolving credit facility were used to consummate the Dex East Acquisition. In conjunction with the consummation of the Dex West Acquisition on September 9, 2003, Dex Media East borrowed

\$160.0 million under the delayed draw provision of its Tranche A term loan. During the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 Dex Media East repaid \$213.8 million, \$380.3 million and \$230.1 million, respectively, on Tranche A term loan, Tranche B term loan and senior subordinated notes. As of December 31, 2005, Dex Media East had \$81.9 million available for additional borrowing under its revolving credit facility. During the year ended December 31, 2005, Dex Media East borrowed \$170.5 million and repaid \$153.5 million on the revolving credit facility. During the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003 the Dex Media East borrowed and repaid \$38.0 million and \$9.0 million, respectively on the revolving credit facility. The \$50.0 million from the revolving credit facility was repaid in December 2002.

Effective October 31, 2003, Dex Media East amended and restated its credit agreement for the Tranche A, Tranche B, and Tranche B-Euros term loans. In connection with the amendment and restatement, the Tranche B

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**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

and Tranche B-Euros term loans were refinanced on November 10, 2003 with proceeds of a new Tranche B term loan. In addition, the applicable margins on the revolving credit facility, Tranche A term loan and Tranche B term loan were reduced. A one-percent prepayment fee totaling \$6.2 million was paid in conjunction with the refinancing and is included in interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2003.

In connection with the July 2004 amendment and restatement of Dex Media East's credit agreement, the applicable margins on the revolving credit facility, Tranche A term loan and Tranche B term loan have been reduced further. The commitment fee on the unused portion of the revolving credit facility has been reduced to 0.375% from 0.5%. The reductions have been effective since June 11, 2004.

As discussed in Note 1(c), a portion of the net proceeds from the IPO was used to redeem \$183.8 million of Dex Media East's senior subordinated notes at a redemption price of 112.125% plus accrued and unpaid interest.

On November 24, 2004, Dex Media East amended its credit facilities to, among other things, allow for the repricing of the Tranche B term loans on more favorable terms to Dex Media East.

On June 16, 2005, Dex Media East amended its credit agreement, as amended and restated, to, among other things (i) permit Dex Media East to engage in accounts receivable securitization transactions not exceeding \$168.0 million in the aggregate at any time; (ii) increase the restricted payment basket for cash dividends by Dex Media East from \$29.4 million to \$42.0 million annually; and (iii) reduce the applicable margins for Tranche A term loans and revolving loans made under such credit agreement.

Interest rate periods under the bank facility can, at the option of Dex Media East, be for various maturities, ranging from overnight up to six months, and are subject to interest rate options. Interest rate periods greater than three months require quarterly cash interest payments. The interest rate options allow Dex Media East to choose, each time floating interest rates are reset, a LIBOR-based rate or an ABR which shall be the higher of the prime rate or Federal Funds plus 50 basis points. The current applicable interest rate spreads added to LIBOR-based borrowings is 1.25% for Tranche A term loans and 1.75% for Tranche B term loans. The corresponding spreads on ABR borrowings is 0.25% for Tranche A term loans and 0.75% for Tranche B term loans. Dex Media East is required to pay an annual revolving facility commitment fee of 0.375% payable quarterly, on the unused portion of the revolving credit facility, and during the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, Dex Media East paid commitment fees of \$0.3 million, \$0.4 million and \$1.1 million, respectively. Dex Media East uses the revolving credit facility for general corporate purposes. As of December 31, 2005, there were \$17.0 million of borrowings under the revolving credit facility (with an additional approximate \$1.1 million committed under two standby letters of credit). The interest rates on Tranche A term loan and revolving credit facility may be reduced depending on certain financial ratios. The Company paid interest and fees on the bank facility, senior notes, senior subordinated notes and settlements on the interest rate swap (as more fully discussed in Note 7) of \$126.4 million, \$174.4 million and \$182.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

Dex Media East entered into interest rate swaps, an interest rate cap and a foreign currency hedging transaction to mitigate the interest rate and foreign currency exchange rate risk related to the credit facilities mentioned above. Refer to Note 7 for disclosure on these transactions.

The credit agreement related to the revolving credit facility and term loan facilities and the indentures related to Dex Media East's senior notes and senior subordinated notes contain various provisions that limit additional borrowings,

capital expenditures, dividend payments and require the maintenance of certain financial covenants. As of December 31, 2005, Dex Media East was in compliance with these covenants.

The obligations under Dex Media East's revolving credit facility and term loan facilities are guaranteed jointly and severally by Dex Media East, Inc., Dex Media Finance Co. and Dex Media International, Inc. ( East Credit Guarantors ). The East Credit Guarantors shall be responsible for repaying these obligations in

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**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

the event that Dex Media East fails to perform under these facilities, although the East Credit Guarantors had no independent assets or operations as of December 31, 2005.

The obligations under Dex Media East's senior notes and senior subordinated notes are guaranteed by Dex Media International, Inc. Dex Media East and Dex Media International, Inc. are all under the common control of Dex Media. Dex Media East has a principal obligation of \$791.3 million for these notes, for which Dex Media International, Inc. shall be responsible for repaying in the event that Dex Media East and Dex Media East Finance Co., co-issuer of the senior notes and senior subordinated notes, fail to perform under these notes, although the co-issuer had no independent assets or operations as of December 31, 2005.

Dex Media East registered its senior notes and subordinated senior notes with the SEC through an exchange offer completed on May 6, 2003.

***Dex Media West Long-Term Debt:***

In connection with the Dex West Acquisition, Dex Media West entered into a syndicated credit facility consisting of (i) a \$100.0 million six year revolving credit facility, (ii) a \$960.0 million six year term loan (Tranche A), and (iii) a \$1,200.0 million six and a half year term loan (Tranche B). The entire proceeds from the Tranche A and Tranche B term loans along with \$53.0 million from the revolving credit facility were used to finance the Dex West Acquisition. During the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and the period from September 10 to December 31, 2003 Dex Media West repaid \$291.3 million, \$582.2 million and \$175.0 million, respectively, on Tranche A term loan, Tranche B term loan and senior subordinated notes. As of December 31, 2005, Dex Media West had \$95.0 million available for additional borrowing under its revolving credit facility. During the year ended December 31, 2005, Dex Media West borrowed \$117.5 million and repaid \$112.5 million on the revolving credit facility. During the year ended December 31, 2004 Dex Media West borrowed and repaid \$23.0 million on the revolving credit facility. The \$53.0 million from the revolving credit facility was repaid in September 2003.

In connection with the July 2004 amendment and restatement of Dex Media West's Credit Agreement, the applicable margins on the revolving credit facility, Tranche A term loan and Tranche B term loan have been reduced. The commitment fee on the unused portion of the revolving credit facility has been reduced to 0.375% from 0.5%. The reductions have been effective since June 11, 2004.

As discussed in Note 1(c), a portion of the net proceeds from the IPO was used to redeem \$18.2 million of the Dex Media West's senior subordinated notes at a redemption price of 109.875% plus accrued and unpaid interest.

On November 24, 2004, Dex Media West amended its credit facilities to, among other things, allow for a repricing of its Tranche B term loans on terms more favorable to Dex Media West. In connection with the repricing, Dex Media West and Dex Media West Finance Co. issued \$300.0 million 57/8% senior notes due 2011. Dex Media West used the gross proceeds of the offering to repay a portion of its Tranche A term loans under its credit facilities.

On June 16, 2005, Dex Media West amended its credit agreement, as amended and restated, to, among other things: (i) permit Dex Media West to engage in accounts receivable securitization transactions not exceeding \$232.0 million in the aggregate at any time; (ii) increase the restricted payment basket for cash dividends by Dex Media West from \$40.6 million to \$58.0 million annually; and (iii) reduce the applicable margins for Tranche A term loans and revolving loans made under such credit agreement.



Interest rate periods under the bank facility can, at the option of Dex Media West, be for various maturities, ranging from overnight up to six months, and are subject to interest rate options. Interest rate periods greater than three months require quarterly cash interest payments. The interest rate options allow Dex Media West to choose, each time floating interest rates are reset, a LIBOR-based rate or an ABR which shall

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**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

be the higher of the prime rate or Federal Funds rate plus 50 basis points. The current applicable interest rate spreads added to LIBOR-based borrowings are 1.25% for Tranche A term loans and 1.75% for Tranche B term loans. The corresponding spreads on ABR borrowings are 0.25% for Tranche A term loans and 0.75% for Tranche B term loans. Dex Media West is required to pay an annual revolving facility commitment fee of 0.375%, payable quarterly, on the unused portion of the revolving credit facility, and during the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, Dex Media East paid commitment fees of \$0.3 million, \$0.4 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. Dex Media West uses the credit facility for general corporate purposes. As of December 31, 2005, there were \$5.0 million of borrowings under the revolving credit facility. The interest rates on the Tranche A term loan and the revolving facility may be reduced depending on certain financial ratios. The Company paid interest and fees on the bank facility, senior notes, senior subordinated notes and settlements on the interest rate swaps (as more fully discussed in Note 7) of \$186.2 million and \$192.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. The Company paid interest and fees on the bank facility of \$14.3 million for the period from September 10 to December 31, 2003.

Dex Media West entered into fixed interest rate swaps to mitigate the interest rate risk related to the credit facilities mentioned above. Refer to Note 7 for disclosure on these transactions.

The obligations under Dex Media West's revolving credit facility and term loan facilities are guaranteed jointly and severally by Dex Media West, Inc. and Dex Media West Finance Co. (West Credit Guarantors). Dex Media West and these entities are all under the common control of Dex Media. The West Credit Guarantors shall be responsible for repaying these obligations in the event that Dex Media West fails to perform under these facilities, although the West Credit Guarantors had no independent assets or operations as of December 31, 2005.

Dex Media West and Dex Media West Finance Co. have issued \$1,465.0 million of senior notes and senior subordinated notes, of which \$1,446.8 million of principal is outstanding at December 31, 2005. The co-issuer of the senior notes and senior subordinated notes shall be responsible for repaying in the event Dex Media West fails to perform under these notes, although the co-issuer had no independent assets or operations as of December 31, 2005.

The credit agreement related to Dex Media West's revolving credit facility and term loan facilities and the indentures related to Dex Media West's senior notes and senior subordinated notes contain various provisions that limit additional borrowings, capital expenditures, dividend payments and require the maintenance of certain financial covenants. As of December 31, 2005, Dex Media West was in compliance with these covenants.

Dex Media West registered its 8.5% senior notes and 9.875% subordinated senior notes with the SEC through an exchange offer completed on June 20, 2004. Dex Media West registered its 5.875% senior notes with the SEC through an exchange offer completed on March 8, 2005.

***Dex Media Long-Term Debt:***

Dex Media has no operations of its own and derives all of its cash flow and liquidity from its two principal operating subsidiaries, Dex Media East and Dex Media West. The Company therefore depends on distributions from Dex Media East and Dex Media West to meet its debt service obligations, including the interest and principal on the senior notes. Dex Media has a principal obligation of \$1,094.5 million for these notes at December 31, 2005. Since the obligations under Dex Media's senior notes are not guaranteed by the Company's subsidiaries, these notes are effectively subordinated to the prior payment of all obligations (including trade payables) of the subsidiaries. The Company paid interest on the senior notes of \$40.0 million and \$40.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004,

respectively.

Dex Media registered its senior notes and senior subordinated discount notes with the SEC through an exchange offer completed September 17, 2004.

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**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**7. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities**

The Company utilizes a combination of fixed-rate and variable-rate debt to finance its operations. The variable-rate debt exposes the Company to variability in interest payments due to changes in interest rates. Management believes that it is prudent to mitigate the interest rate risk on a portion of its variable-rate borrowings. To meet this objective, the Company entered into fixed interest rate swap agreements and an interest rate cap agreement to manage fluctuations in cash flows resulting from adverse changes in interest rates on variable rate debt. The fixed interest rate swaps effectively change the variable-rate cash flow exposure on the debt obligations, to the extent of the notional amounts of the swaps, to fixed cash flows. Under the terms of the fixed interest rate swaps, the Company receives fluctuating interest rate payments and makes fixed interest rate payments, thereby creating the equivalent of fixed-rate interest payments. The purpose of the interest rate cap agreement is to limit interest payments resulting from materially adverse changes in interest rates made to the extent of the notional amount of the cap agreement.

By using derivative financial instruments to hedge exposures to changes in interest rates, the Company exposes itself to credit risk and market risk. Credit risk is the possible failure of the counterparty to perform under the terms of the derivative contract. When the fair value of a derivative contract is positive, the counterparty owes the Company, which creates credit risk for the Company. When the fair value of a derivative contract is negative, the Company owes the counterparty and, therefore, it does not possess credit risk. The Company minimizes the credit risk in derivative instruments by entering into transactions with high-quality counterparties.

Market risk is the adverse effect on the value of a financial instrument that results from a change in interest rates. The market risk associated with interest-rate contracts is managed by establishing and monitoring parameters that limit the types and degree of market risk that may be undertaken.

The Company assesses interest rate cash flow risk by identifying and monitoring changes in interest rate exposures that may adversely impact expected future cash flows. The Company maintains a risk management model to monitor interest rate cash flow risk attributable to both the Company's outstanding debt obligations as well as the Company's offsetting hedge positions. The risk management model involves the use of analytical techniques, including cash flow sensitivity analysis, to estimate the expected impact of changes in interest rates on the Company's future cash flows.

During November 2002, Dex Media East entered into four interest rate swap agreements to hedge against the effects of increases in the interest rates associated with floating rate debt on Dex Media East's term loan facilities. During November 2004, an interest rate swap with a notional amount of \$120.0 million and an applicable fixed rate of 2.354% expired. During May 2005, an interest rate swap with a notional amount of \$125.0 million and an applicable fixed rate of 3.01% expired. As of December 31, 2005, there were two interest rate swap agreements, an interest rate swap agreement with a notional amount of \$50.0 million, and an applicable fixed rate of 3.638% that will expire in November 2007, and an interest rate swap agreement with a notional amount of \$75.0 million and an applicable fixed rate of 4.085% that will expire in May 2008.

Changes in the fair value of interest rate swaps designated as hedging instruments that effectively offset the variability of cash flows associated with Dex Media East's variable-rate term loan obligations are reported in accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax ( AOCI ). These amounts subsequently are reclassified into interest expense as a yield adjustment of the hedged interest payments in the same period in which the related interest payments affect

earnings. During the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, the Company reclassified \$1.0 million, \$6.2 million and \$4.6 million of hedging losses into earnings, respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, the Company had \$2.1 million and \$3.2 million of unrealized gains, net of tax included in other comprehensive income. For the year ended December 31, 2003 the Company had \$0.5 million of unrealized losses, net of tax included in other comprehensive income. The

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**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Company had \$1.3 million of unrealized gains and \$0.8 million of unrealized losses, net of tax, included in AOCI as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

As of December 31, 2005, \$0.6 million of deferred gains, net of tax, on derivative instruments recorded in other comprehensive income are expected to be reclassified to earnings during the next 12 months. Transactions and events are expected to occur over the next 12 months that will necessitate reclassifying these derivative gains to earnings.

During November 2002, Dex Media East entered into a foreign currency swap agreement to hedge against the effects of foreign currency fluctuations between the U.S. Dollar and the Euro on Dex Media East's Tranche B-Euros. The foreign currency swap agreement did not qualify for hedge accounting treatment and, therefore, all gains and losses resulting from the change in fair value of the foreign currency swap were reported directly in earnings. In conjunction with the refinancing of Tranche B-Euros in November 2003, as more fully discussed in Note 6, the foreign currency swap agreement was settled resulting in a gain of \$3.9 million reported in earnings for the year ended December 31, 2003.

During November 2002, Dex Media East entered into an interest rate cap agreement. The Company has not designated the interest rate cap as a hedging instrument and therefore reports all gains and losses in the change in fair value of the interest rate cap directly in earnings. The losses reported in earnings in the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003 amounted to less than \$0.1 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. The interest rate cap had a notional amount of \$200.0 million and expired in May 2005.

In October 2004, Dex Media West entered into four fixed interest rate swap agreements to hedge against the effects of increases in the interest rates associated with the floating rate debt on Dex Media West term loans facilities. The interest rate swap agreements have an aggregate notional amount of \$300.0 million, applicable preset monthly fixed rates ranging from 1.901% to 3.61% and expire in October 2006. They were not designated as hedging instruments and therefore all gains and losses in the change in fair value were reported directly in earnings as a component of interest expense. For the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, the Company recorded gains of \$3.4 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, as reductions to interest expense.

In May 2005 and June 2005, Dex Media West terminated the six floating interest rate swap agreements entered into in November 2004. Under the terms of the floating interest rate swaps, Dex Media West received fixed interest payments that matched the interest obligations of the 57/8% notes issued in November 2004 and made floating interest payments, thereby converting the fixed interest rate notes into floating rate debt instruments. The floating interest rate swaps had an aggregate notional amount of \$300.0 million, floating rate LIBOR that reset semi-annually in May and November, plus applicable margins ranging from 1.4975% to 1.57%, and were to expire in November 2011. The Company had not designated these interest rate swap agreements as hedged instruments and therefore, reported all gains and losses in the change in fair value directly in earnings as a component of interest expense. For the year ended December 31, 2005, Dex Media West recorded net gains, as a reduction to interest expense, of \$2.2 million. Upon termination of the swaps a cumulative net gain was recognized of \$0.4 million during the life of those swaps. Dex Media West paid \$2.1 million upon termination of the swaps. For the year ended December 31, 2004, Dex Media West recorded a net loss as an increase to interest expense of \$1.8 million.

**8. Comprehensive Income (Loss)**

Components of comprehensive income (loss) are changes in equity other than those resulting from contributions by stockholders and distributions to stockholders. For the Company, the component of comprehensive income (loss) other than net income (loss) is the change in fair value on derivatives designated as hedging instruments, net of tax. For the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, the Company recognized income tax benefit of \$0.4 million, \$2.4 million and \$1.6 million related to hedging losses. For the

**Table of Contents****DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, the Company recognized income tax expense of \$1.7 million, \$4.5 million and \$1.3 million related to changes in fair value of derivatives. The aggregate amounts of such changes to equity that have not yet been recognized in net income are reported in the equity portion of the consolidated balance sheets as accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

For the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, comprehensive income (loss) included the following components (in thousands):

	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2003</b>
Net income (loss)	\$ 46,783	\$ (50,776)	\$ (75,036)
Hedging losses reclassified, net of tax	(586)	(3,752)	(3,018)
Changes in fair value of derivatives, net of tax	2,687	6,990	2,509
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 48,884	\$ (47,538)	\$ (75,545)

**9. Stockholders Equity*****(a) Preferred stock***

As discussed in Note 1(c), all outstanding preferred stock was redeemed on July 27, 2004 for \$128.5 million, including accrued and unpaid dividends of \$2.8 million, in connection with the IPO.

***(b) Common stock***

During the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company issued 314,578 shares of common stock upon the exercise of stock options and issued 93,500 shares of restricted common stock to certain employees and directors. Effective January 25, 2005, the Company consummated a secondary offering of common stock to sell 18 million of the shares of common stock held by Carlyle and WCAS. All of the proceeds were paid to Carlyle and WCAS. As mentioned in Note 1(c), the Company consummated its IPO effective July 21, 2004. As part of the IPO, the Company issued 19,736,842 shares of common stock. Immediately prior to the IPO, the Company completed a 10-for-1 stock split of common shares outstanding.

***(c) Dividends***

As mentioned in Note 9(a), all accrued and unpaid preferred stock dividends were distributed on July 27, 2004 in connection with the IPO. On January 28, 2004, Dex Media declared a distribution to its parent of \$250.5 million which was paid February 17, 2004 and included payment of cumulative undeclared dividends on its Series A Preferred Stock up to February 17, 2004 of \$2.4 million.



On December 15, 2005, Dex Media announced a common stock dividend of \$0.09 per common share, which was paid on January 16, 2006 to shareholders of record as of January 3, 2006. On September 22, 2005, Dex Media announced a common stock dividend of \$0.09 per common share, which was paid on October 31, 2005 to shareholders of record as of October 13, 2005. On May 19, 2005, Dex Media announced a common stock dividend of \$0.09 per common share, which was paid on July 15, 2005 to shareholders of record as of June 16, 2005. On February 17, 2005, Dex Media announced a common stock dividend of \$0.09 per common share, which was paid on April 15, 2005 to stockholders of record as of March 18, 2005. On December 14, 2004, Dex Media announced a common stock dividend of \$0.09 per common share, payable January 31, 2005, to shareholders of record as of January 3, 2005.

The terms of the Company's indebtedness include certain restrictions on the payment of cash dividends on our common stock. The indentures relating to Dex Media's senior notes permit us to make one or more distributions to our shareholders. However, the same indentures prohibit Dex Media from distributing funds to

Table of Contents**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

shareholders if the amount of such distribution, together with all other restricted payments made by Dex Media since November 8, 2002 exceed the sum of: (i) 100% of the adjusted earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization accrued since January 1, 2003, less 1.4 times the consolidated interest expense for the same period; (ii) the aggregate net proceeds from the sale of capital stock of Dex Media; (iii) the amount of debt issued after the date of the indenture relating to the senior notes that is subsequently converted into capital stock; and (iv) certain payments received or credited to Dex Media by its unrestricted subsidiaries. In addition, in order to make any such distribution of funds to shareholders, Dex Media would have to meet the leverage tests relating to the issuance of indebtedness under the indentures relating to its senior notes. In addition, the indentures governing the senior notes and senior subordinated notes of Dex Media East and Dex Media West include restrictions on their ability to pay dividends to Dex Media, which restricts the Company's ability to pay cash dividends on our common stock. These restrictions did not adversely affect the Company's ability to pay such dividends during the year ended December 31, 2005.

*(d) Basic and Diluted Income (Loss) Per Common Share*

	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2003</b>
	<b>(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$ 46,783	\$ (50,776)	\$ (75,036)
Dividend accumulated on Series A Preferred Stock		(3,929)	(8,594)
Income (loss) available to common shareholders	\$ 46,783	\$ (54,705)	\$ (83,630)
Basic and Diluted income (loss) per share	\$ 0.31	\$ (0.39)	\$ (1.09)

The following table reflects the basic and diluted weighted-average shares outstanding used to calculate basic and diluted net income (loss) per share.

	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2003</b>
Denominator for basic net income (loss) per common share weighted-average common shares outstanding	150,389,176	139,097,208	76,436,822
Dilutive impact of options and unvested restricted stock outstanding	2,164,647		
Denominator for diluted net income (loss) per common share weighted-average diluted common shares outstanding	152,553,823	139,097,208	76,436,822

For the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, the effect of 76,984, 4,992,802, and 4,991,460, respectively, of outstanding stock options were excluded from the calculation of diluted loss per common share because the effect of the assumed exercise was anti-dilutive. In addition, for the year ended December 31, 2003, the effect of 323,812 shares of Series A Preferred Stock were excluded from the calculation because the effect of the assumed conversion was anti-dilutive.

*(e) Rights Plan*

In connection with the IPO, we entered into a rights agreement pursuant to which each share of our common stock has one right attached to it. Each right entitles the holder to purchase one one-thousandth of a share of a new series of our preferred stock designated as Series A junior participating preferred stock at an exercise price to be determined by our board of directors. Rights will only be exercisable under limited

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**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

circumstances specified in the rights agreement when there has been a distribution of the rights and such rights are no longer redeemable by us.

If any person or group, other than one involving Carlyle and WCAS, acquires beneficial ownership of 15% or more of the outstanding shares of our common stock, or acquires shares representing 15% or more of the voting power of our outstanding common stock, the flip-in provision of the rights agreement will be triggered and the rights will entitle a holder, other than such person, any member of such group or related person (as to whom such rights will be null and void) to acquire a number of additional shares of our common stock having a market value of twice the exercise price of each right. If we are involved in a merger or other business combination transaction, each right will entitle its holder to purchase, at the right's then-current exercise price, a number of shares of the acquiring or surviving company's common stock having a market value at that time of twice the right's exercise price.

The rights will expire upon the tenth anniversary of the date of the rights agreement unless such date is extended or the rights are earlier redeemed or exchanged by us. At no time will the rights have any voting powers. The provisions of the rights agreement may be amended by our board of directors in some circumstances.

The rights have certain anti-takeover effects. The rights will cause substantial dilution to a person or group that attempts to acquire Dex Media in certain circumstances. Accordingly, the existence of the rights may deter certain acquirers from making takeover proposals or tender offers. However, the rights are not intended to prevent a takeover, but rather are designed to enhance the ability of the board of directors to negotiate with a potential acquirer on behalf of all of the stockholders.

No rights were exercised in connection with the Company's merger on January 31, 2006 with and into FAC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Donnelley. FAC has not established any rights agreement. In connection with the consummation of the merger, the name of FAC was changed to Dex Media, Inc.

***(f) Stock-Based Awards***

On November 8, 2002, Dex Media adopted the Stock Option Plan of Dex Media, Inc. (the 2002 Plan) that permits the grant of nonqualified and incentive stock options to its employees, consultants and independent directors or those of its wholly owned subsidiaries. Effective May 2004, Dex Media adopted the Dex Media, Inc. 2004 Incentive Award Plan (the 2004 Plan). The 2004 Plan provides for a variety of stock-based awards, including non-qualified stock options, incentive stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, restricted stock unit awards, deferred stock awards, dividend equivalents, performance-based awards and other stock-based awards. Effective with the adoption of the 2004 Plan, the Company discontinued grants under the 2002 Plan while the options outstanding under the 2002 Plan remain outstanding pursuant to the terms of that plan. Upon adoption of the 2004 Plan, 210,110 shares available for issuance under the 2002 Plan became available for issuance under the 2004 Plan. As of December 31, 2005, 5,868,572 shares of common stock were available for grant under the 2004 Plan and 2002 Plan. As of December 31, 2004, 6,251,650 shares of common stock were available for grant under the 2004 Plan and 2002 Plan.

The Compensation Committee of Dex Media determines the exercise price for each option. Outstanding options issued pursuant to the 2002 Plan vest in two segments. Subject to the optionee's continued employment with the Company: (i) 25% of the options granted will vest in equal annual installments of 5% each on each December 31 beginning in the year of grant or the following year, depending upon when during the calendar year the options are

granted, and ending five years after and (ii) 75% of the options granted will vest in full on the eighth anniversary of the grant date; however, an installment equal to 15% of the options granted shall become vested following each of the fiscal years beginning in the year of grant or the following year, depending upon when during the calendar year the options are granted, and ending five years after if certain

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**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

EBITDA targets are met with respect to each year. Options outstanding issued pursuant to the 2004 Plan vest in equal annual installments over four years.

On October 5, 2005, Dex Media entered into a Retirement and General Release Agreement with Robert M. Neumeister, Jr. (the Company's then-Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer) and on October 2, 2005, Dex Media entered into a Letter Agreement with Marilyn Neal (the Company's then- Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer). These agreements, among other things, modified the terms of the stock options issued to these officers under the 2002 Plan. These modifications included accelerating the vesting and extending the life of certain options upon these officers' termination. As a result of these modifications, the Company recorded stock-based employee compensation expense of \$11.3 million during the year ended December 31, 2005 under the guidance of APB 25 and related interpretations. On October 5, 2005, Dex Media entered into Letter Agreements with its other officers which, among other things, included terms to accelerate the vesting of certain stock options upon consummation of the Donnelley Merger. There was no impact to the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2005 as a result of these modifications.

On November 10, 2003, Dex Media declared and paid a distribution to its parent of \$750.2 million. As a result of the distribution and as provided under the 2002 Plan, Dex Media adjusted the exercise price of all outstanding options to \$6.00, effective November 2003. On January 28, 2004, Dex Media declared another distribution to its parent of \$250.5 million, which was paid in February 2004. As a result of the distribution and as provided under the 2002 Plan, Dex Media adjusted the exercise price of outstanding options to \$4.64 and increased the number of outstanding options by 9.3587%, effective February 2004. The effect of these changes has been included in the SFAS No. 123 pro forma net income (loss) below.

During the year ended December 31, 2005, 93,500 shares of restricted stock were granted with a weighted average grant date fair value of \$23.34.

**Table of Contents****DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Summarized below is information regarding options granted, exercised or forfeited under the 2004 Plan and 2002 Plan during the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003:

	Number of Options	Number of Shares Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Options outstanding at December 31, 2002	1,587,440		\$ 4.64	
Options:				
Granted below market price	224,480		4.64	\$ 0.68
Granted at market price	3,179,540		4.64	1.37
Options outstanding at December 31, 2003	4,991,460		4.64	
Options exercisable at December 31, 2003		953,350	4.64	
Options:				
Granted below market price	1,115,990		4.64	8.41
Granted at market price	137,300		24.36	6.26
Exercised	(953,350)		4.64	
Forfeited	(298,598)		4.64	
Options outstanding at December 31, 2004	4,992,802		5.19	
Options exercisable at December 31, 2004		1,194,522	4.64	
Options:				
Granted at market price	43,918		22.86	5.35
Exercised	(314,578)		4.64	
Forfeited	(96,682)		5.71	
Options outstanding at December 31, 2005	4,625,460		5.38	
Options exercisable at December 31, 2005		2,341,773	4.93	

Summarized below is information regarding options outstanding under the 2004 Plan and 2002 Plan as of December 31, 2005:

Weighted Average Exercise Price	Options	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price of Options
---------------------------------	---------	--	---------	--

**Life (Years) of  
Options**

<b>Range</b>	<b>of Options Outstanding</b>	<b>Outstanding</b>	<b>Outstanding</b>	<b>Exercisable</b>	<b>Exercisable</b>
\$4.64	\$ 4.64	4,449,492	7.51	2,307,448	\$ 4.64
\$21.43-26.10	\$ 23.99	175,968	9.06	34,325	\$ 24.36
		4,625,460		2,341,773	

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Had the Company accounted for the 2004 Plan and 2002 Plan under the minimum value or fair value method, as applicable, prescribed by SFAS No. 123, the pro forma results of the Company for years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 would have been as follows (in thousands):

	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2003</b>
Net income (loss):			
As reported	\$ 46,783	\$ (50,776)	\$ (75,036)
Add: Stock-based employee compensation expense included in reported net income (loss), net of related tax effects	7,758	763	
Deduct: Stock-based employee compensation expense determined under minimum value or fair value based method, as applicable, for all awards, net of related tax effects	(1,956)	(1,369)	(256)
Pro forma	\$ 52,585	\$ (51,382)	\$ (75,292)
Basic income (loss)per common share:			
As reported	\$ 0.31	\$ (0.39)	\$ (1.09)
Pro forma	0.35	(0.40)	(1.10)
Diluted income (loss) per common share:			
As reported	\$ 0.31	\$ (0.39)	\$ (1.09)
Pro forma	0.34	(0.40)	(1.10)

Following are the weighted-average assumptions used to estimate the fair value of options granted under the 2004 Plan and 2002 Plan during the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003. The assumptions for the year ended December 31, 2004 have been segregated between grants under the minimum value method of SFAS No. 123 prior to the IPO and grants valued utilizing the fair value method of SFAS No. 123 after the IPO.

	<b>2005</b>	<b>7/22/04 - 12/31/04</b>	<b>1/1/04 - 7/21/04</b>	<b>2003</b>
Risk-free interest rate	3.93%	3.53%	3.21%	3.19%
Expected dividend yield	1.50%	1.50%	0%	0%
Expected option life (years)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Expected stock price volatility	22.68%	25.28%	0%	0%

Table of Contents**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****10. Income Taxes**

The composition of the income tax provision (benefit) is as follows (in thousands):

	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2003</b>
Federal:			
Deferred	\$ 26,347	\$ (26,788)	\$ (40,177)
Long-term valuation allowance	3,821		
State rate change		(105)	
Other	(4,507)		
Total Federal	25,661	(26,893)	(40,177)
State and Local:			
Current	10		
Deferred	4,820	(4,879)	(7,552)
Long-term valuation allowance	697		
State rate change		300	
Other	1,588		
Total State and Local	7,115	(4,579)	(7,552)
Total income tax provision (benefit)	\$ 32,776	\$ (31,472)	\$ (47,729)

The effective tax rate differs from the statutory tax rate as follows:

	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2003</b>
Federal statutory rate	35.0%	35.0%	35.0%
State income taxes, net	3.9	3.9	4.3
Permanent differences	0.4		
Valuation allowance	5.6		
Other	(3.7)	(0.6)	(0.4)
Effective tax rate	41.2%	38.3%	38.9%

The Acquisitions (as more fully described in Note 1 (a)) were considered to be taxable asset acquisitions for income tax purposes. As a result, the Company recorded the tax basis of all acquired assets at their fair value at the date of acquisition. In addition, the Company acquired several intangible assets for tax purposes that are amortized on a straight-line basis over a 15-year period beginning with the date of acquisition.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company generated a net operating loss of \$5.3 million pending final tax filing. For the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, the Company generated a loss for tax purposes of \$87.2 million and \$106.8 million, respectively. Because the period from September 10, 2003 to December 31, 2003 for Dex Media West is considered to be a short-period for income tax purposes, certain items included in the computation of the tax loss were adjusted to reflect limitations imposed by existing tax law associated with short-period income tax returns. The net operating loss for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 will expire in the years 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively. No valuation allowance has been provided for the remaining net operating losses as, in management's judgment, it is more likely than not that the net operating loss carryovers will be utilized before the end of the expiration periods. This presumption is based upon the book and taxable income expected to be generated by the Company over the

**Table of Contents****DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

next several years. No significant payments for income taxes were made for the years ending December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003.

The components of the net deferred tax assets are as follows (in thousands):

	<b>As of December 31,</b>	
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
<b>Assets:</b>		
Book/tax difference in amounts owed to related party for employee benefit expenses not currently deductible	\$ 5,218	\$ 2,667
Book/tax difference in post employment benefit expenses not currently deductible	14,392	8,627
Net operating loss carryforward	82,940	107,294
Depreciation	6,080	
Allowance for doubtful accounts	8,992	9,567
Mark-to-market adjustments		502
Other expenses not currently deductible	1,604	2,788
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 119,226</b>	<b>\$ 131,445</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>		
Book/tax difference in employee benefit expenses previously deducted	455	876
Amortization of goodwill and other intangibles	26,446	25,395
Depreciation	20,596	6,438
Mark-to-market adjustments	836	
Other expenses previously deducted	1,339	149
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 49,672</b>	<b>\$ 32,858</b>
<b>Valuation Allowance</b>		
Capitalized merger costs	\$ 4,518	\$

Included in other noncurrent deferred tax (liabilities) assets as of December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 are \$(0.8) million, \$0.5 million and \$2.6 million, respectively in deferred tax (liabilities) assets associated with mark-to-market adjustments for the Company's derivative financial instruments, with the related benefit included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) on the consolidated balance sheets.

The Company was audited by the Internal Revenue Service ( IRS ) in 2005 for the tax years ending November 30, 2002 and 2003. As a result of this audit, \$31.0 million of deferred tax assets was reclassified from net operating loss carryforward to amortization of goodwill and other intangibles.

Management of the Company believes that it is more likely than not that some of the deferred tax assets associated with capitalized merger and stock offering costs will not be realized in the future. Therefore, a valuation allowance has been established in the amount of \$4.5 million to reduce the noncurrent deferred tax asset to realizable value.

Dex Media, Inc. had an ownership change under Internal Revenue Code section 382 upon the consummation of its merger with and into FAC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Donnelley, on January 31, 2006. It is expected that the consummation of the merger will not affect the Company's ability to use its remaining net operating loss carryforwards.

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**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**11. Employee Benefit Plans**

***(a) Pension and other post-retirement benefits***

***(i) General description***

Effective November 8, 2002, Dex Media adopted a pension plan and effective December 1, 2002, Dex Media adopted an other post-retirement benefit plan providing retiree healthcare (together, the Dex Media Plans ). The noncontributory defined benefit pension plan included substantially all management and occupational (union) employees. Post-retirement healthcare and life insurance plans provide medical, dental and life insurance benefits for certain retirees.

Pension costs and other post-retirement costs are recognized over the periods in which the employee renders services and becomes eligible to receive benefits as determined by using the projected unit credit method. Dex Media's funding policy is to make contributions with the objective of accumulating sufficient assets to pay all benefits when due. No pension funding was required for Dex Media for 2005, 2004 or 2003. The other post-retirement benefit plan is pay-as-you go and is funded out of Dex Media's operating cash as the costs are incurred.

On December 8, 2003 the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 ( Medicare Act ) was signed into law. The Medicare Act introduces a prescription drug benefit under Medicare Part D as well as a federal subsidy to sponsors of retiree health care benefit plans that provide a benefit that is at least actuarially equivalent to Medicare Part D. As provided by FASB Staff Position No. FAS 106-1, *Accounting and Disclosure Requirements Related to the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003*, Dex Media elected to defer recognizing the effects of the Medicare Act on its post-retirement benefit plan in 2004. Effects of the Medicare Act are reflected in the measures of accumulated post-retirement obligation and net periodic post-retirement benefit costs in 2005. The impact was not material to the financial statements.

Effective February 1, 2004, Dex Media's pension plan was amended to eliminate the death benefit previously provided to certain management employees. This amendment resulted in \$0.2 million in annual expense savings and a reduction in the projected benefit obligation of \$2.0 million.

Effective January 1, 2004, several changes were made to the Company's retiree health care plan for management and Communications Workers of America ( CWA ) retirees resulting in \$0.6 million in annual expense savings and a reduction in the projected benefit obligation of \$4.5 million. The changes were as follows: (i) elimination of Company-provided post-65 medical coverage for management retirees; (ii) elimination of Medicare Part B reimbursement for management retirees; (iii) implementation of pre-65 retiree medical plan for all management employees with associated employee contributions; (iv) change in dental coverage to a voluntary retiree-paid plan for management and CWA retirees; and (v) a reduction in the life insurance benefit for management and CWA retirees.

Table of Contents**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)***(ii) Obligations and funded status (in thousands)*

	<b>Pension Benefit Year Ended December 31,</b>		<b>Post-Retirement Benefits Year Ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
<b>Change in benefit obligation</b>				
Projected benefit obligation at beginning of period	\$ 218,939	\$ 202,781	\$ 63,206	\$ 55,479
Service cost	9,769	10,467	2,334	2,570
Interest cost	11,959	12,695	3,741	3,581
Amendments				
Actuarial loss (gain)	7,781	15,566	(2,541)	2,294
Benefits paid	(1,053)	(22,570)	(1,631)	(718)
Plan settlements	(52,751)			
Projected benefit obligation at end of period	\$ 194,644	\$ 218,939	\$ 65,109	\$ 63,206
<b>Change in plan assets</b>				
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of period	\$ 198,340	\$ 194,025	\$	\$
Actual return on plan assets	11,345	26,885		
Employer contribution			1,631	718
Benefits paid	(1,053)	(22,570)	(1,631)	(718)
Plan settlements	(52,751)			
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	\$ 155,881	\$ 198,340	\$	\$
Funded status	\$ (38,763)	\$ (20,599)	\$ (65,109)	\$ (63,206)
Unrecognized net actuarial loss	10,584	1,827	4,102	6,687
Unrecognized prior service cost	(1,557)	(1,765)	(3,568)	(4,039)
Total accrued liabilities	\$ (29,736)	\$ (20,537)	\$ (64,575)	\$ (60,558)

The accumulated benefit obligation for the defined benefit pension plan was \$177.3 million and \$196.5 million at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

*(iii) Components of net periodic benefit cost (in thousands)*

<b>Pension Benefit Year Ended</b>	<b>Post-Retirement Benefits Year Ended</b>
---------------------------------------	--

	December 31,			December 31,		
	2005	2004	2003	2005	2004	2003
Service cost	\$ 9,769	\$ 10,467	\$ 6,512	\$ 2,334	\$ 2,570	\$ 1,230
Interest cost	11,959	12,695	8,494	3,741	3,581	2,426
Amortization of prior service costs	(208)	(208)		(470)	(471)	
Expected return on plan assets	(15,629)	(16,246)	(9,700)			
Recognized net actuarial loss				43	96	
Loss from plan settlement	3,307					
Total net periodic benefit cost	\$ 9,198	\$ 6,708	\$ 5,306	\$ 5,648	\$ 5,776	\$ 3,656

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**Table of Contents****DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

To compute its expected return on plan assets, Dex Media applies its expected rate of return to the market-related value of the pension plan assets. In computing the market-related asset value, companies may elect to amortize the difference between the actual return on plan assets and the expected return on plan assets over a period of time, not to exceed five years. In accordance with SFAS No. 87, *Employers Accounting for Pensions*, Dex Media elected to amortize actual returns on its plan assets falling outside a defined corridor over a five year period. Any actual returns falling within the corridor are recognized currently. Dex Media defined the corridor as a range that is 50% higher and 50% lower than the expected return on plan assets. For the year ending December 31, 2005, the corridor is defined as the range from 4.5% to 13.5%, based upon its expected return of 9.0%.

On August 1, 2005, a settlement of the Company's defined benefit pension obligation occurred as defined by SFAS 88 *Employers Accounting for Settlements and Curtailments of Defined Benefit Plans and for Termination Benefits*. At that time, lump sum payments to participants exceeded the sum of the service cost plus interest cost component of the net periodic benefit costs for the year. The settlement resulted in the recognition of \$3.3 million in actuarial losses. In addition, 2005 pension expense was recomputed based on assumptions as of the settlement date, including a decrease in the discount rate from 6.00% to 5.50%. This resulted in an immaterial change to pension expense for the remainder of the year.

*(iv) Assumptions*

The actuarial assumptions used to compute the pension and other post-retirement net periodic benefit costs are based upon information available as of August 2, 2005, January 1, 2005, January 1, 2004 and January 1, 2003, respectively, and are as follows:

	<b>Pension Benefits</b>				<b>Post-Retirement Benefits</b>		
	<b>August 2- December 31, 2005</b>	<b>January 1- August 1, 2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2003</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2003</b>
Weighted average discount rate	5.50%	6.00%	6.25%	6.50%	6.00%	6.25%	6.50%
Weighted average rate of compensation increase	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.65%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Expected long-term rate of return on plan assets	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	8.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Initial healthcare cost trend rate	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.50%	10.00%	10.00%
Ultimate healthcare cost trend rate	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Year ultimate trendrate is reached	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2014	2014	2013

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The actuarial assumptions used to compute the projected benefit obligation for the plans are based upon information available as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively, and are as follows:

	<b>Pension Benefits</b>		<b>Post-Retirement Benefits</b>	
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
Weighted average discount rate	5.75%	6.00%	5.75%	6.00%
Weighted average rate of compensation increase	4.00%	4.00%	N/A	N/A
Initial healthcare cost trend rate	N/A	N/A	9.00%	9.50%
Ultimate healthcare cost trend rate	N/A	N/A	5.00%	5.00%
Year ultimate trend rate is reached	N/A	N/A	2014	2014

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**Table of Contents****DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

The discount rate is the current rate at which the pension and post-retirement obligations can effectively be settled as of the end of the calendar year. To determine this rate for each of the years presented, the Company selected an actuarially computed composite rate based upon high quality (AA-/Aa- rated or better), non-callable corporate bonds whose cash flows match the expected timing of the settlement of the pension and post-retirement obligations. The high quality corporate bond rates were based on information obtained from Standard and Poor's.

Assumed health care cost trend rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the post-retirement plan. A one-percent change in the assumed healthcare cost trend rate would have had the following effects at December 31, 2005 (in thousands):

	<b>One Percent Change</b>	
	<b>Increase</b>	<b>Decrease</b>
Effect on the aggregate of the service and interest cost components of net periodic post-retirement benefit cost (statement of operations)	\$ 214	\$ (184)
Effect on accumulated post-retirement benefit obligation (balance sheet)	\$ 1,819	\$ (1,593)

*(v) Plan assets*

Dex Media's pension plan weighted-average asset allocations at December 31, 2005, by asset category, are as follows:

<b>Asset Category</b>	<b>Plan Assets at December 31, 2005</b>	<b>Asset Allocation Target</b>
Equity Securities	68%	65%
Debt Securities	25%	26%
Real Estate	5%	5%
Cash	2%	4%
Total	100%	100%

The plan's assets are invested in accordance with investment practices that emphasize long-term investment fundamentals. The plan's investment objective is to achieve a positive rate of return over the long-term from capital appreciation and a growing stream of current income that would significantly contribute to meeting the plan's current and future obligations. These objectives can be obtained through a well-diversified portfolio structure in a manner consistent with the plan's investment policy statement.

The plan's assets are invested in marketable equity and fixed income securities managed by professional investment managers. The plan's assets are to be broadly diversified by asset class, investment style, number of issues, issue type and other factors consistent with the investment objectives outlined in the plan's investment policy statement. The plan's assets are to be invested with prudent levels of risk and with the expectation that long-term returns will maintain and contribute to increasing purchasing power of the plan's assets, net of all disbursements, over the long-term.

The plan's assets in separately managed accounts may not be used for the following purposes: short sales, purchases of letter stock, private placements, leveraged transactions, commodities transactions, option strategies, investments in some limited partnerships, investments by the managers in their own securities, their affiliates or subsidiaries, investment in futures, use of margin or investments in any derivative not explicitly permitted in the plan's investment policy statement.

**Table of Contents****DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

In 2003, the Dex Media pension plan assumed an expected long-term rate of return of 8% in computing its net periodic pension cost. The basis used for determining this rate was the historical capital market returns for an asset mix similar to the Pension Plan's 65% equity and 35% fixed income. Dex Media did not begin to manage the trust assets until November 1, 2003, when Qwest transferred assets from its pension trust to the Dex Media pension trust. From January 1, 2003 until the date of transfer, Qwest Asset Management Company managed the Dex Media pension assets as provided for in the Purchase Agreement. In determining the 2004 and 2005 expected long-term rate of return of 9%, Dex Media took into consideration the change in its asset allocation as well as the expectation that there is opportunity for active management of the trust's investments to add value over the long term. The active asset management expectation was supported by calculating historical returns for the eight investment managers who were selected to actively manage the trust's assets.

*(vi) Cash flows*

Dex Media does not expect to make any contributions to its pension plan in 2006.

The pension benefits and post-retirement benefits expected to be paid in each year 2006-2010 and the aggregate benefits expected to be paid 2011-2015 are as follows (in thousands):

	<b>Pension Benefits</b>	<b>Post-Retirement Benefits</b>
2006	\$ 22,509	\$ 2,830
2007	14,995	2,289
2008	15,286	2,821
2009	16,455	3,355
2010	17,276	3,904
2011-2015	89,733	26,069

The expected benefits to be paid are based on the same assumptions used to measure the Company's benefit obligations at December 31, 2005 and include estimated future employee service.

*(vii) Subsequent Events*

As more fully described in Note 14, on January 31, 2006, the Company merged with Donnelley. At this time and for the remainder of 2006, there are no plans to change any of the existing employee benefits.

*(b) 401(k) plan*

Effective November 1, 2002, Dex Media adopted a defined contribution benefit plan covering substantially all management and occupational employees of Dex Media. Under this plan, employees may contribute a percentage of their annual compensation to the plan up to a maximum percentage identified in the plan. The annual pre-tax dollar contribution of the employees is limited to the maximum amount determined by the Internal Revenue Service.

Dex Media matches a percentage of employee contributions, and those matching contributions as recorded by the Company in the statement of operations were \$6.3 million, \$6.7 million, and \$3.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Effective January 1, 2004, Dex Media increased the matching formula for all management employees participating in its defined contribution plan from 100% on the first 3% of employee contributions to 100% on the first 4% of employee contributions and 50% on the next 2% of employee contributions.

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**Table of Contents****DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****12. Commitments and Contingencies*****(a) Lease commitments***

The Company has entered into operating leases for office facilities and equipment with terms ranging up to 15 years. Minimum future lease payments for the operating leases as of December 31, 2005, are as follows (in thousands):

2006	\$ 11,912
2007	10,763
2008	8,591
2009	5,558
2010	3,750
Thereafter	7,097
	\$ 47,671

The Company recorded rent expense under the provisions of SFAS No. 13 *Accounting for Leases* for operating leases of \$20.4 million, \$17.7 million and \$11.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003.

As required by the Dex East Purchase Agreement, Dex Media East has leased its Englewood facility (located at 198 Inverness Drive West in Englewood, Colorado) from Qwest on terms and conditions that are reasonably acceptable to the Company. The aggregate lease commitments disclosed above include the amounts associated with this provision of the agreement.

***(b) Litigation***

The Company is involved, from time to time, in litigation arising in the normal course of business. The outcome of this litigation is not expected to have a material adverse impact on the Company.

***(c) Collective Bargaining Agreement***

As of December 31, 2005, 22% and 44% of the Company's employees were members of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (IBEW) and the Communication Workers of America (CWA), respectively. The collective bargaining agreement covering the IBEW members' employment will expire in May 2006 and the collective bargaining agreement covering the CWA members' employment will expire in October 2006.

**13. Related Party Transactions**

In connection with the Acquisitions, the Company entered into management consulting agreements with each of Carlyle and WCAS. Each agreement allowed the Company access to Carlyle and WCAS's expertise in areas such as corporate management, financial transactions, product strategy, investment, acquisitions and other matters that relate

to the Company's business, administration and policies. Each of Carlyle and WCAS received a one-time transaction fee for structuring the transactions related to the Dex East Acquisition and the Dex West Acquisition of \$15.0 million and \$20.1 million, respectively. In addition, each of Carlyle and WCAS received an annual advisory fee of \$2.0 million for advisory, consulting and other services. The annual advisory fees payable under the agreements were terminated for a one-time fee of \$10.0 million paid to each of Carlyle and WCAS in conjunction with the IPO. Thereafter, Carlyle and WCAS maintained the right to act as Dex Media's financial advisor or investment banker in conjunction with any merger, acquisition, disposition,



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**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

finance or the like in return for additional reasonable compensation and expenses as may be agreed upon by the parties. Pursuant to these management consulting agreements, the Company incurred \$2.0 million and \$2.6 million in annual advisory fees for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The management consulting agreements have been terminated. No amounts were owed to Carlyle or WCAS at December 31, 2005.

During February 2003, Dex Media entered into a five-year agreement with Amdocs, Inc. ( Amdocs ) for the complete modernization of its core production platform. This project is designed to upgrade the Company's existing software system to enhance its functionality. WCAS was a shareholder of Amdocs at the time the Company entered into the agreement and ceased to be a shareholder during 2004. For the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, the Company paid Amdocs \$33.5 million, \$47.6 million and \$15.0 million, respectively, under this agreement and other related on-going support.

**14. Subsequent Events**

As discussed in Note 1(a), Dex Media merged with Donnelley on January 31, 2006. Pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger dated October 3, 2005, each issued and outstanding share of Dex Media common stock was converted into \$12.30 in cash and 0.24154 of a share of Donnelley common stock, resulting in an aggregate cash value of \$1.9 billion and an aggregate stock value of \$2.2 billion, based on 36,547,381 newly issued shares of Donnelley common stock. All outstanding stock options of Dex Media were converted into stock options of Donnelley at a ratio of 1 to 0.43077 and the 2002 Plan and 2004 Plan governing those Dex Media stock options were terminated. Additionally, Donnelley assumed Dex Media's outstanding indebtedness on January 31, 2006 with a fair value of \$5.7 billion. The acquired Dex Media directory business now operates as Dex Media, Inc., one of Donnelley's direct wholly owned subsidiaries.

As a result of the modifications discussed in Note 9(f), stock options to purchase approximately 1.3 million shares of Dex Media common stock became fully exercisable immediately prior to the consummation of the Donnelley Merger. Dex Media expects to recognize additional stock compensation expense in its January 2006 financial statements as a result of these modifications.

Costs of \$11.7 million related to the Donnelley Merger are included in the statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2005. These costs relate primarily to financial advisory, legal and accounting fees and are included in general and administrative expense.

In connection with the Donnelley Merger, on January 31, 2006, Dex Media, as successor to Dex Media, Inc. ( DMI ), entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the Amended West Credit Agreement ), by and among Dex Media West, Inc. ( Dex West ), Dex Media West, the administrative agent and the lenders and other agents parties thereto, relating to the Credit Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2003, as amended (the Original West Credit Agreement ), among DMI, Dex West, the Dex Media West, the administrative agent and the lenders and other agents parties thereto.

The Amended West Credit Agreement amends and restates the Original West Credit Agreement in its entirety, to, among other things: (i) permit the Donnelley Merger; (ii) provide up to \$503 million of Tranche B-1 term loans to redeem certain indebtedness in connection with change in control offers required to be made as a result of the Donnelley Merger and to fund a portion of the cash consideration to be paid to DMI's stockholders in connection with

the Donnelley Merger, and \$50 million of which may also be used for general corporate purposes; (iii) permit certain additional restricted payments to Dex Media; (iv) modify the financial performance covenants contained in the Original West Credit Agreement; and (v) provide for shared service arrangements between R.H. Donnelley Inc., an affiliate of Dex Media, and its subsidiaries (collectively, the RHD Entities ), on the one hand, and Dex Media and its subsidiaries (collectively, the Dex Entities ), on the other hand.

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**DEX MEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

In addition, in connection with the Amended West Credit Agreement, Dex Media, Dex West and its subsidiaries reaffirmed, pursuant to a Reaffirmation Agreement dated as of January 31, 2006 (the West Reaffirmation Agreement ) that the obligations under the Amended West Credit Agreement continue to be secured by: (i) the pledge of the stock of Dex West under that certain Pledge Agreement dated as of November 10, 2003 and (ii) the assets of and guarantee by Dex West and its subsidiaries pursuant to the terms of that certain Amended and Restated Guarantee and Collateral Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2003.

In addition, on January 31, 2006, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the Amended East Credit Agreement ), by and among Dex Media East, Inc. ( Dex East ), Dex Media East, the administrative agent and the lenders and other agents parties thereto, relating to the Credit Agreement, dated as of November 8, 2002, as amended (the Original East Credit Agreement ), among DMI, Dex East, Dex Media East, the administrative agent and the lenders and other agents parties thereto.

The Amended East Credit Agreement amends and restates the Original East Credit Agreement in its entirety, to, among other things: (i) permit the Donnelley Merger; (ii) permit certain additional restricted payments to Dex Media; (iii) modify the financial performance covenants contained in the Original East Credit Agreement; and (iv) provide for shared service arrangements between the RHDI Entities, on the one hand, and the Dex Entities, on the other hand.

In addition, in connection with the Amended East Credit Agreement, Dex Media, Dex East and its subsidiaries reaffirmed, pursuant to a Reaffirmation Agreement dated as of January 31, 2006 (the East Reaffirmation Agreement ) that the obligations under the Amended East Credit Agreement continue to be secured by: (i) the pledge of the stock of Dex East under that certain Pledge Agreement dated as of November 10, 2003 and (ii) the assets of and guarantee by Dex East and its subsidiaries pursuant to the terms of that certain Amended and Restated Guarantee and Collateral Agreement, dated as of November 8, 2002.

In connection with the Donnelley Merger, on January 31, 2006, Dex Media entered into three supplemental indentures (the Supplemental Indentures ) with U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (the Trustee ) to amend: (i) the Indenture, dated as of November 10, 2003, as amended (the 8% Notes Indenture ), between DMI and the Trustee relating to DMI's 8% Notes due 2013 (the 8% Notes ); (ii) the Indenture, dated as of November 10, 2003, as amended (the 2003 Discount Notes Indenture ), between DMI and the Trustee relating to DMI's 9% Discount Notes due 2013 (the 2003 Discount Notes ); and (iii) the Indenture, dated as of February 11, 2004, as amended (the 2004 Discount Notes Indenture ), between DMI and the Trustee relating to DMI's 9% Discount Notes due 2013 (the 2004 Discount Notes ). Pursuant to the Supplemental Indentures, Dex Media assumed DMI's obligations under the 8% Notes, 2003 Discount Notes and 2004 Discount Notes, and agreed to comply with the conditions and covenants under the 8% Notes Indenture, 2003 Discount Notes Indenture and 2004 Discount Notes Indenture.

In connection with the Donnelley Merger and the entry into the Amended West Credit Agreement, on January 31, 2006, the Company and the administrative agent party thereto also entered into a Termination Agreement (the Termination Agreement ) to terminate certain support obligations of Dex Media, as successor to DMI, under the Agreement, dated September 9, 2003, between DMI and the administrative agent (the Support Agreement ). Under the Support Agreement, DMI was required to retain and pledge to the administrative agent a calculated amount of certain dividends or distributions received by DMI with respect to equity interests of Dex East and its subsidiaries to secure the obligations of DMI to purchase subordinated participations in loans or other letters of credit in the event of the acceleration of the obligations of the West Borrower under the Original West Credit Agreement.



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**ITEM 9. *CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE***

None.

**ITEM 9A. *CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES***

**Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Dex Media maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) that are designed to ensure that information that would be required to be disclosed in Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to Dex Media's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

As of the end of the period covered by this report, Dex Media carried out an assessment, under the supervision and with the participation of Dex Media's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, regarding the effectiveness of the design and operation of Dex Media's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that assessment, Dex Media's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that Dex Media's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

**Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

The management of Dex Media is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over the company's financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements in the financial statements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with policies and procedures may deteriorate.

Management assessed the effectiveness of Dex Media's internal controls over its financial reporting as of December 31, 2005. In undertaking this assessment, management used the criteria established by the Committee of the Sponsoring Organizations (COSO) of the Treadway Commission contained in the Internal Control - Integrated Framework.

Based on its assessment, management has concluded that as of December 31, 2005, the Company's internal control over financial reporting is effective based on the COSO criteria.

KPMG LLP, the independent registered accounting firm that audited the financial statements included in this annual report, has issued an attestation report on management's assessment of Dex Media's internal control over financial reporting. Such attestation report is included on pages F-2 and F-3 of this annual report.

**Changes in Internal Controls**

During the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2005, there was no change in Dex Media's internal controls over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, Dex Media's internal

controls over financial reporting.

**ITEM 9B. *OTHER INFORMATION***

None.

**Table of Contents****PART III****ITEM 10. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT**

Omitted pursuant to General Instructions I(2)(c) of Form 10-K.

**ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

Omitted pursuant to General Instructions I(2)(c) of Form 10-K.

**ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS**

Omitted pursuant to General Instructions I(2)(c) of Form 10-K.

**ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS**

Omitted pursuant to General Instructions I(2)(c) of Form 10-K.

**ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES**

KPMG LLP serves as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm. The following table presents fees for professional services rendered by KPMG LLP for the audit of Dex Media's annual financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 and fees billed for other services rendered by KPMG LLP during those periods.

	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
Audit fees <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 1,996,860	\$ 1,997,700
Audit-related fees <sup>(2)</sup>	202,500	
Tax fees <sup>(3)</sup>	27,525	86,158
All other fees		
Total fees	\$ 2,226,885	\$ 2,083,858

(1) Audit fees consisted principally of fees for the audit of financial statements and review of the financial statements included in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, comfort letters, consents and assistance with and review of Dex Media's registration statements filed with the SEC.

(2) Audit-related fees consisted of financial due diligence performed prior to entering into our merger with Donnelley.

(3) Tax fees consisted principally of fees for tax consultation and tax compliance activities.

The Audit Committee is responsible for appointing, setting compensation and overseeing the work of our independent registered public accounting firm. As part of this responsibility, the Audit Committee is required to pre-approve the non-audit services performed by the independent registered public accounting firm in order to ensure their independence of our independent registered public accounting firm. The Audit Committee has adopted a pre-approval process with respect to the provision of non-audit services to be performed by KPMG LLP. This pre-approval process requires the Audit Committee to review and approve all audit services and permitted non-audit services to be performed by KPMG LLP. Pre-approval fee levels for all services to be provided by KPMG LLP are established annually by the Audit Committee. Audit services are subject to specific pre-approval while audit-related services, tax services and all other services may be granted pre-approvals within specified categories. Any proposed services exceeding these levels require specific pre-approval by the Audit committee. Additionally, the Audit Committee may delegate either type of pre-approval authority to one or more of its members.



**Table of Contents****PART IV****ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES**

(a) The following documents are being filed as part of this report:

(1) *Consolidated Financial Statements.* The following consolidated financial statements of Dex Media are filed as part of this report:

	<b>Page</b>
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	F-2
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2005 and 2004	F-4
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003	F-5
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003	F-6
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders Equity and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003	F-7
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	F-8

(2) *Financial Statement Schedules.* All schedules for which provision is made in the applicable accounting regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission are not required under the related instructions, are inapplicable or not material, or the information called for thereby is otherwise included in the financial statements and therefore has been omitted.

(3) *Exhibits*

<b>Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
2.1+	Purchase Agreement, dated as of August 19, 2002, by and between Qwest Dex, Inc., Qwest Services Corporation, and Qwest Communications International Inc., on the one hand, and Dex Holdings LLC, on the other hand.
2.2+	Amendment No. 1 dated September 9, 2003 to Purchase Agreement, dated as of August 19, 2002, by and between Qwest Dex, Inc., Qwest Services Corporation, and Qwest Communications International Inc., on the one hand, and Dex Holdings LLC, on the other hand
2.3	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of October 3, 2005, by and among Dex Media, Inc., R.H. Donnelley Corporation and Forward Acquisition Corp.
2.4	Certificate of Merger of Dex Media, Inc. into Forward Acquisition Corp.
3.1++	Form of Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Dex Media, Inc.
3.2++	Form of Amended and Restated By-laws of Dex Media, Inc.
3.3	Certificate of Incorporation of Forward Acquisition Corp.
3.4	Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of Forward Acquisition Corp.
3.5	Bylaws of Forward Acquisition Corp.
4.1+	Note Indenture with respect to the 8% Notes due 2013, between Dex Media, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, dated November 10, 2003.
4.2+	Form of 8% Notes due 2013 (included in exhibit 4.1).

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- 4.3+ Discount Note Indenture with respect to the 9% Discount Notes due 2013, between Dex Media, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, dated November 10, 2003.
- 4.4+ Form of 9% Discount Notes due 2013 (included in exhibit 4.3).
- 4.5+ Discount Note Indenture with respect to the 9% Discount Notes due 2013, between Dex Media, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, dated February 11, 2004.
- 4.6+ Form of 9% Discount Notes due 2013 (included in exhibit 4.5).
- 4.7+ Senior Note Indenture with respect to the 97/8% Senior Notes due 2009, among Dex Media East LLC, Dex Media East Finance Co. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, dated November 8, 2002.

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<b>Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
4.8+	Form of 97/8% Senior Notes due 2009 (included in exhibit 4.7)
4.9+	Senior Subordinated Note Indenture with respect to the 121/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2012, among Dex Media East LLC, Dex Media East Finance Co. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, dated November 8, 2002.
4.10+	Form of 121/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2012 (included in exhibit 4.9)
4.11+	Senior Note Indenture with respect to the 81/2% Senior Notes due 2010, among Dex Media West LLC, Dex Media West Finance Co. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, dated August 29, 2003.
4.12+	Form of 81/2% Senior Notes due 2010 (included in exhibit 4.11).
4.13+	Senior Subordinated Note Indenture with respect to the 97/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2013, among Dex Media West LLC, Dex Media West Finance Co. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, dated August 29, 2003.
4.14+	Form of 97/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2013 (included in exhibit 4.13)
4.15++	Form of Rights Plan.
4.16++	Specimen common stock certificate.
4.17	Indenture with respect to the 57/8% Senior Notes due 2011, among Dex Media West LLC, Dex Media West Finance Co., and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, dated November 24, 2004 (incorporated by reference to Dex Media West LLC and Dex Media West Finance Co. s Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-121259), declared effective on February 3, 2005).
4.18	Form of 57/8% Senior Notes due 2011 (included in Exhibit 4.20) (incorporated by reference to Dex Media West LLC and Dex Media West Finance Co. s Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-121259), declared effective on February 3, 2005).
4.19	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 31, 2006, between U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, and Dex Media, Inc. (f/k/a Forward Acquisition Corp.) to the Indenture, dated November 10, 2003, between Dex Media, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee related to Dex Media s 8% Notes due 2013 (incorporated by reference to Dex Media, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 6, 2006).
4.20	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 31, 2006, between U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, and Dex Media, Inc. (f/k/a Forward Acquisition Corp.) to the Indenture, dated November 10, 2003, between Dex Media, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee related to Dex Media s 9% Notes due 2013 (incorporated by reference to Dex Media, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 6, 2006).
4.21	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 31, 2006, between U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, and Dex Media, Inc. (f/k/a Forward Acquisition Corp.) to the Indenture, dated November 10, 2003, between Dex Media, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee related to Dex Media s 9% Notes due 2014 (incorporated by reference to Dex Media, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 6, 2006).
10.1+	Second Amendment and Restatement of Credit Agreement, dated as of October 31, 2003, by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East, Inc., Dex Media East LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint bookrunners and joint lead arrangers, J.P. Morgan Europe, Limited, as London Agent, and Bank of America, N.A., Lehman Commercial Paper Inc., Wachovia Bank, National Association and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as co-syndication agents.

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<b>Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
10.2++	Third Amendment, dated as of June 11, 2004, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of November 8, 2002, as amended and restated as of October 31, 2003, by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East, Inc., Dex Media East LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint bookrunners and joint lead arrangers, and Bank of America, N.A., Wachovia Bank, National Association, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as co-syndication agents.
10.3+++	Fourth Amendment, dated as of November 24, 2004, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of November 8, 2002, as amended and restated as of October 31, 2003, by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East, Inc., Dex Media East LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint bookrunners and joint lead arrangers, and Bank of America, N.A., Wachovia Bank, National Association, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as co-syndication agents.
10.4+	Guarantee and Collateral Agreement, dated as of November 8, 2002, by and among Dex Media East, Inc., Dex Media East LLC (f/k/a SGN LLC), Dex Media East Finance Co., LCI International, Inc. (Dex Media International, Inc.) and JPMorgan Chase Bank, as collateral agent.
10.5+	Agreement, dated as of November 8, 2002, between Dex Media, Inc. and JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent under the Credit Agreement (the Parent Support Agreement relating to the Dex Media East Credit Agreement), as amended.
10.6+	Credit Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2003, among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media West, Inc., Dex Media West LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint bookrunners and joint lead arrangers, and Bank of America, N.A., Wachovia Bank, National Association, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as co-syndication agents.
10.7+	First Amendment, dated as of October 31, 2003, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2003, among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media West, Inc., Dex Media West LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint bookrunners and joint lead arrangers, and Bank of America, N.A., Wachovia Bank, National Association, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as co-syndication agents.
10.8++	Second Amendment, dated as of June 11, 2004, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2003, as amended as of October 31, 2003, by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media West, Inc., Dex Media West LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint bookrunners and joint lead arrangers, and Bank of America, N.A., Wachovia Bank, National Association, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as co-syndication agents.
10.9+++	Third Amendment, dated as of November 24, 2004, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2003, among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media West, Inc., Dex Media West LLC JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. (formerly known as JPMorgan Chase Bank), as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint bookrunners and joint lead arrangers, and Bank of America, N.A., Wachovia Bank, National Association, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as co-syndication agents.
10.10+	Guarantee and Collateral Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2003, among Dex Media West, Inc., Dex Media West LLC, Dex Media West Finance Co. and JPMorgan Chase Bank, as collateral agent.
10.11+	Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2003, between Dex Media, Inc. and JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent under the Credit Agreement (the Parent Support Agreement relating to the Dex Media West Credit Agreement).

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- 10.12+ Amended and Restated Billing and Collection Agreement, dated September 1, 2003, by and between Qwest Corporation and Dex Media East LLC (f/k/a SGN LLC).
- 10.13+ Billing and Collection Agreement, dated as of September 1, 2003, by and between Qwest Corporation and Dex Media West LLC (f/k/a GPP LLC).

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<b>Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
10.14+	Non-Competition and Non-Solicitation Agreement, dated November 8, 2002, by and among Dex Media East LLC (f/k/a SGN LLC), Dex Media West LLC (f/k/a GPP LLC), Dex Holdings LLC and Qwest Corporation, Qwest Communications International Inc. and Qwest Dex, Inc.
10.15++	Form of Amended and Restated Management Consulting Agreement among Dex Media East LLC and The Carlyle Group.
10.16++	Form of Amended and Restated Management Consulting Agreement among Dex Media East LLC and Welsh, Carson, Anderson & Stowe.
10.17++	Form of Amended and Restated Management Consulting Agreement among Dex Media West LLC and The Carlyle Group.
10.18++	Form of Amended and Restated Management Consulting Agreement among Dex Media West LLC and Welsh, Carson, Anderson & Stowe
10.19++	Sponsor Stockholders Agreement among Dex Media, Inc., Carlyle Partners III, L.P., CP III Coinvestment L.P., Carlyle-Dex Partners L.P., Carlyle-Dex Partners II, L.P., Carlyle High Yield Partners, L.P., Welsh, Carson, Anderson & Stowe IX, L.P., WD GP Associates LLC, WD Investors LLC and A.S.F. Co-Investment Partners, L.P.
10.20+	Joinder Agreement to the Dex Holdings LLC Equityholders Agreement, effective as of April 30, 2003.
10.21+	Agreement Among Members (Dex Holdings LLC) among Carlyle Partners III, L.P., Carlyle-Dex Partners L.P., Carlyle-Dex Partners II L.P., Welsh, Carson, Anderson & Stowe IX, L.P., WD Investors LLC, Dex Holdings LLC, Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East, Inc. and Dex Media East LLC, dated November 8, 2002.
10.22+	First Amendment to the Agreement Among Members (Dex Holdings LLC) among Carlyle Partners III, L.P., Carlyle-Dex Partners L.P., Carlyle-Dex Partners II L.P., Welsh, Carson, Anderson & Stowe IX, L.P., WD Investors LLC, Dex Holdings LLC, Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East, Inc., Dex Media East LLC, Dex Media West, Inc. and Dex Media West LLC, dated September 8, 2003.
10.23+	Publishing Agreement by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East LLC (f/k/a SGN LLC), Dex Media West LLC (f/k/a/ GPP LLC) and Qwest Corporation, dated November 8, 2002, as amended.
10.24+*	Employment Agreement, effective as of November 8, 2002, by and between George Burnett and Dex Media, Inc.
10.25+*	Employment Agreement, effective as of January 2, 2003, by and between Robert M. Neumeister, Jr. and Dex Media, Inc.
10.26+*	Employment Agreement, effective as of November 8, 2002, by and between Marilyn B. Neal and Dex Media, Inc.
10.27+*	Employment Agreement, effective as of November 8, 2002, by and between Maggie Le Beau and Dex Media, Inc.
10.28+*	Employment Agreement, effective as of January 2, 2003, by and between Linda Martin and Dex Media, Inc.
10.29+*	Employment Agreement, effective as of November 8, 2002, by and between Kristine Shaw and Dex Media, Inc.
10.30+*	Amended and Restated Management Stockholders Agreement of Dex Media, Inc., entered into as of November 11, 2003, by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Holdings LLC, and those members of management who become parties thereto from time to time.
10.31+*	Stock Option Plan of Dex Media, Inc., effective as of November 8, 2002.
10.32+*	First Amendment to Stock Option Plan of Dex Media, Inc., effective as of September 9, 2003.
10.33+*	Second Amendment to Stock Option Plan of Dex Media, Inc., effective as of December 18, 2003.

- 10.34+ Employee Cost Sharing Agreement, by and among Dex Media Service LLC, Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East LLC and Dex Media West LLC, effective as of December 31, 2003.

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<b>Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
10.35+	Shared Services Agreement, by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East LLC, Dex Media West LLC, and any direct or indirect subsidiary of Dex Media that becomes a party thereto, effective as of December 31, 2003.
10.36+	Intercompany License Agreement, by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East LLC and Dex Media West LLC, effective as of September 9, 2003.
10.37*	Dex Media, Inc. 2004 Incentive Award Plan (incorporated by reference to our Registration Statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-120631), filed on November 19, 2004).
10.38*	Dex Media, Inc. Senior Executive Incentive Bonus Plan (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 17, 2005).
10.39*	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement pursuant to the 2004 Incentive Award Plan of Dex Media, Inc. (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 4, 2005).
10.40	Master Agreement for Printing Services dated as of March 31, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc., on behalf of itself and its subsidiaries Dex Media East LLC and Dex Media West LLC, and Quebecor World (USA) Inc. (incorporated by reference to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2005).
10.41*	Dex Media, Inc. Deferred Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 17, 2005).
10.42*	Dex Media, Inc. Corporate Aircraft Policy (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 17, 2005).
10.43*	Dex Media, Inc. Financial Planning Benefit (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 17, 2005).
10.44*	Dex Media, Inc. 2005 Bonus Plan Targets (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 17, 2005).
10.45	Fourth Amendment, dated as of June 16, 2005, to the Credit Agreement dated as of September 9, 2003, as amended and restated as of July 27, 2004, by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media West, Inc., Dex Media West LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint bookrunners and co-lead arrangers, and Bank of America, N.A., Wachovia Bank, National Association, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as co-syndication agents (incorporated by reference to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005).
10.46	Fifth Amendment, dated as of June 16, 2005, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of November 8, 2002, as amended and restated as of October 31, 2003, by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East, Inc., Dex Media East LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint bookrunners and co-lead arrangers, and Bank of America, N.A., Wachovia Bank, National Association, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust company Americas, as co-syndication agents (incorporated by reference to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005).
10.47*	Retirement and General Release Agreement dated October 5, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and Robert M. Neumeister, Jr. (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 2, 2005).
10.48	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of October 3, 2005, by and among Dex Media, Inc., R.H. Donnelley Corporation and Forward Acquisition Corp. (included in Exhibit 2.3).
10.49*	Letter Agreement dated October 2, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and George Burnett (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K/A dated October 18, 2005).
10.50*	Letter Agreement dated October 2, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and Marilyn Neal (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K/A dated October 18, 2005).



- 10.51\* Form of Letter Agreement dated October 2, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and each of its Senior Vice Presidents (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K/A dated October 18, 2005).

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<b>Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
10.52*	Form of Letter Agreement dated October 2, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and each of its Vice Presidents (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K/A dated October 18, 2005).
10.53*	Letter Agreement dated December 19, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and Linda A. Martin (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K/A dated December 21, 2005).
10.54*	Letter Agreement dated December 19, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and George A. Burnett (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 19, 2005).
10.55*	Letter Agreement dated December 19, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and Scott A. Pomeroy (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 19, 2005).
10.56*	Form of Letter Agreement dated December 19, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and each of its Senior Vice Presidents and Vice Presidents (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 19, 2005).
10.57*	Letter Agreement dated December 19, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and Robert M. Neumeister, Jr. (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 19, 2005).
10.58*	Letter Agreement dated December 19, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and Marilyn B. Neal (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 19, 2005).
10.59	Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated January 31, 2006, by and among Dex Media, Inc. (f/k/a Forward Acquisition Corp.), Dex Media East, Inc., Dex Media East LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, and the other entities from time to time parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Dex Media, Inc.'s current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 6, 2006).
10.60	Reaffirmation Agreement, dated January 31, 2006, among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East, Inc., Dex Media East LLC, Dex Media East Finance Co. and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as collateral agent (incorporated by reference to Dex Media, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 6, 2006).
10.61	Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated January 31, 2006, by and among Dex Media, Inc. (f/k/a Forward Acquisition Corp.), Dex Media West, Inc., Dex Media West LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, and the other entities from time to time parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Dex Media, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 6, 2006).
10.62	Reaffirmation Agreement, dated January 31, 2006, among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media West, Inc., Dex Media West LLC, Dex Media West Finance Co., and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as collateral agent (incorporated by reference to Dex Media's Current Report of Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 6, 2006).
12.1	Statement of Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Ratio of Total Debt to Owner's Equity.
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Dex Media, Inc. pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Dex Media, Inc. pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1++++	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Dex Media, Inc. pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

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Incorporated by reference to our Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-114472), declared effective on May 14, 2004.

++ Incorporated by reference to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-115489) and amendments thereto, declared effective on July 21, 2004.

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- +++ Incorporated by reference to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-121859) and amendments thereto, declared effective on January 25, 2005.
- ++++ Exhibit 32.1 is being furnished solely to accompany this report pursuant to U.S.C. § 1350, and is not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not to be incorporated by reference into any of our filings, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.
- \* Identifies each management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

DEX MEDIA, INC.

By: /s/ SCOTT A. POMEROY  
 Scott A. Pomeroy  
*Chief Financial Officer*

Date: March 16, 2006

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, this report has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<b>Signature</b>	<b>Titles</b>	<b>Date</b>
/s/ GEORGE A. BURNETT  George A. Burnett	President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	March 16, 2006
/s/ SCOTT A. POMEROY  Scott A. Pomeroy	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	March 16, 2006
/s/ STEVEN M. BLONDY  Steven M. Blondy	Director	March 16, 2006
/s/ ROBERT J. BUSH  Robert J. Bush	Director	March 16, 2006
/s/ JENNY L. APKER  Jenny L. Apker	Director	March 16, 2006

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**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION TO BE FURNISHED WITH REPORTS FILED PURSUANT  
TO SECTION 15(d) OF THE ACT BY REGISTRANTS WHICH HAVE NOT  
REGISTERED SECURITIES PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THE ACT**

The registrant has not sent to its sole security holder an annual report to security holders covering the registrant's last fiscal year or any proxy statement, form of proxy or other proxy soliciting material with respect to any annual or other meeting of security holders.

Table of Contents**EXHIBIT INDEX**

<b>Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
2.1+	Purchase Agreement, dated as of August 19, 2002, by and between Qwest Dex, Inc., Qwest Services Corporation, and Qwest Communications International Inc., on the one hand, and Dex Holdings LLC, on the other hand.
2.2+	Amendment No. 1 dated September 9, 2003 to Purchase Agreement, dated as of August 19, 2002, by and between Qwest Dex, Inc., Qwest Services Corporation, and Qwest Communications International Inc., on the one hand, and Dex Holdings LLC, on the other hand.
2.3	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of October 3, 2005, by and among Dex Media, Inc., R.H. Donnelley Corporation and Forward Acquisition Corp.
2.4	Certificate of Merger of Dex Media, Inc. into Forward Acquisition Corp.
3.1++	Form of Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Dex Media, Inc.
3.2++	Form of Amended and Restated By-laws of Dex Media, Inc.
3.3	Certificate of Incorporation the Forward Acquisition Corp.
3.4	Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of Forward Acquisition Corp.
3.5	Bylaws of Forward Acquisition Corp.
4.1+	Note Indenture with respect to the 8% Notes due 2013, between Dex Media, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, dated November 10, 2003.
4.2+	Form of 8% Notes due 2013 (included in exhibit 4.1).
4.3+	Discount Note Indenture with respect to the 9% Discount Notes due 2013, between Dex Media, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, dated November 10, 2003.
4.4+	Form of 9% Discount Notes due 2013 (included in exhibit 4.3).
4.5+	Discount Note Indenture with respect to the 9% Discount Notes due 2013, between Dex Media, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, dated February 11, 2004.
4.6+	Form of 9% Discount Notes due 2013 (included in exhibit 4.5).
4.7+	Senior Note Indenture with respect to the 97/8% Senior Notes due 2009, among Dex Media East LLC, Dex Media East Finance Co. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, dated November 8, 2002.
4.8+	Form of 97/8% Senior Notes due 2009 (included in exhibit 4.7)
4.9+	Senior Subordinated Note Indenture with respect to the 121/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2012, among Dex Media East LLC, Dex Media East Finance Co. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, dated November 8, 2002.
4.10+	Form of 121/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2012 (included in exhibit 4.9)
4.11+	Senior Note Indenture with respect to the 81/2% Senior Notes due 2010, among Dex Media West LLC, Dex Media West Finance Co. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, dated August 29, 2003.
4.12+	Form of 81/2% Senior Notes due 2010 (included in exhibit 4.11).
4.13+	Senior Subordinated Note Indenture with respect to the 97/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2013, among Dex Media West LLC, Dex Media West Finance Co. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, dated August 29, 2003.
4.14+	Form of 97/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2013 (included in exhibit 4.13)
4.15++	Form of Rights Plan.
4.16++	Specimen common stock certificate.

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<b>Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
4.17	Indenture with respect to the 57/8% Senior Notes due 2011, among Dex Media West LLC, Dex Media West Finance Co., and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, dated November 24, 2004 (incorporated by reference to Dex Media West LLC and Dex Media West Finance Co. s Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-121259), declared effective on February 3, 2005).
4.18	Form of 57/8% Senior Notes due 2011 (included in Exhibit 4.20) (incorporated by reference to Dex Media West LLC and Dex Media West Finance Co. s Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-121259), declared effective on February 3, 2005).
4.19	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 31, 2006, between U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, and Dex Media, Inc. (f/k/a Forward Acquisition Corp.) to the Indenture, dated November 10, 2003, between Dex Media, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee related to Dex Media s 8% Notes due 2013 (incorporated by reference to Dex Media, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 6, 2006).
4.20	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 31, 2006, between U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, and Dex Media, Inc. (f/k/a Forward Acquisition Corp.) to the Indenture, dated November 10, 2003, between Dex Media, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee related to Dex Media s 9% Notes due 2013 (incorporated by reference to Dex Media, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 6, 2006).
4.21	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 31, 2006, between U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, and Dex Media, Inc. (f/k/a Forward Acquisition Corp.) to the Indenture, dated November 10, 2003, between Dex Media, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee related to Dex Media s 9% Notes due 2014 (incorporated by reference to Dex Media, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 6, 2006).
10.1+	Second Amendment and Restatement of Credit Agreement, dated as of October 31, 2003, by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East, Inc., Dex Media East LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint bookrunners and joint lead arrangers, J.P. Morgan Europe, Limited, as London Agent, and Bank of America, N.A., Lehman Commercial Paper Inc., Wachovia Bank, National Association and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as co-syndication agents.
10.2++	Third Amendment, dated as of June 11, 2004, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of November 8, 2002, as amended and restated as of October 31, 2003, by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East, Inc., Dex Media East LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint bookrunners and joint lead arrangers, and Bank of America, N.A., Wachovia Bank, National Association, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as co-syndication agents.
10.3+++	Fourth Amendment, dated as of November 24, 2004, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of November 8, 2002, as amended and restated as of October 31, 2003, by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East, Inc., Dex Media East LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint bookrunners and joint lead arrangers, and Bank of America, N.A., Wachovia Bank, National Association, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as co-syndication agents.
10.4+	Guarantee and Collateral Agreement, dated as of November 8, 2002, by and among Dex Media East, Inc., Dex Media East LLC (f/k/a SGN LLC), Dex Media East Finance Co., LCI International, Inc. (Dex Media International, Inc.) and JPMorgan Chase Bank, as collateral agent.



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<b>Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
10.5+	Agreement, dated as of November 8, 2002, between Dex Media, Inc. and JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent under the Credit Agreement (the Parent Support Agreement relating to the Dex Media East Credit Agreement), as amended.
10.6+	Credit Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2003, among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media West, Inc., Dex Media West LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint bookrunners and joint lead arrangers, and Bank of America, N.A., Wachovia Bank, National Association, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as co-syndication agents.
10.7+	First Amendment, dated as of October 31, 2003, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2003, among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media West, Inc., Dex Media West LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint bookrunners and joint lead arrangers, and Bank of America, N.A., Wachovia Bank, National Association, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as co-syndication agents.
10.8++	Second Amendment, dated as of June 11, 2004, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2003, as amended as of October 31, 2003, by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media West, Inc., Dex Media West LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint bookrunners and joint lead arrangers, and Bank of America, N.A., Wachovia Bank, National Association, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as co-syndication agents.
10.9+++	Third Amendment, dated as of November 24, 2004, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2003, among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media West, Inc., Dex Media West LLC JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. (formerly known as JPMorgan Chase Bank), as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint bookrunners and joint lead arrangers, and Bank of America, N.A., Wachovia Bank, National Association, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as co-syndication agents.
10.10+	Guarantee and Collateral Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2003, among Dex Media West, Inc., Dex Media West LLC, Dex Media West Finance Co. and JPMorgan Chase Bank, as collateral agent.
10.11+	Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2003, between Dex Media, Inc. and JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent under the Credit Agreement (the Parent Support Agreement relating to the Dex Media West Credit Agreement).
10.12+	Amended and Restated Billing and Collection Agreement, dated September 1, 2003, by and between Qwest Corporation and Dex Media East LLC (f/k/a SGN LLC).
10.13+	Billing and Collection Agreement, dated as of September 1, 2003, by and between Qwest Corporation and Dex Media West LLC (f/k/a GPP LLC).
10.14+	Non-Competition and Non-Solicitation Agreement, dated November 8, 2002, by and among Dex Media East LLC (f/k/a SGN LLC), Dex Media West LLC (f/k/a GPP LLC), Dex Holdings LLC and Qwest Corporation, Qwest Communications International Inc. and Qwest Dex, Inc.
10.15++	Form of Amended and Restated Management Consulting Agreement among Dex Media East LLC and The Carlyle Group.
10.16++	Form of Amended and Restated Management Consulting Agreement among Dex Media East LLC and Welsh, Carson, Anderson & Stowe.
10.17++	Form of Amended and Restated Management Consulting Agreement among Dex Media West LLC and The Carlyle Group.
10.18++	Form of Amended and Restated Management Consulting Agreement among Dex Media West LLC and Welsh, Carson, Anderson & Stowe.



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<b>Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
10.19++	Sponsor Stockholders Agreement among Dex Media, Inc., Carlyle Partners III, L.P., CP III Coinvestment L.P., Carlyle-Dex Partners L.P., Carlyle-Dex Partners II, L.P., Carlyle High Yield Partners, L.P., Welsh, Carson, Anderson & Stowe IX, L.P., WD GP Associates LLC, WD Investors LLC and A.S.F. Co-Investment Partners, L.P.
10.20+	Joinder Agreement to the Dex Holdings LLC Equityholders Agreement, effective as of April 30, 2003.
10.21+	Agreement Among Members (Dex Holdings LLC) among Carlyle Partners III, L.P., Carlyle-Dex Partners L.P., Carlyle-Dex Partners II L.P., Welsh, Carson, Anderson & Stowe IX, L.P., WD Investors LLC, Dex Holdings LLC, Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East, Inc. and Dex Media East LLC, dated November 8, 2002.
10.22+	First Amendment to the Agreement Among Members (Dex Holdings LLC) among Carlyle Partners III, L.P., Carlyle-Dex Partners L.P., Carlyle-Dex Partners II L.P., Welsh, Carson, Anderson & Stowe IX, L.P., WD Investors LLC, Dex Holdings LLC, Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East, Inc., Dex Media East LLC, Dex Media West, Inc. and Dex Media West LLC, dated September 8, 2003.
10.23+	Publishing Agreement by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East LLC (f/k/a SGN LLC), Dex Media West LLC (f/k/a/ GPP LLC) and Qwest Corporation, dated November 8, 2002, as amended.
10.24+*	Employment Agreement, effective as of November 8, 2002, by and between George Burnett and Dex Media, Inc.
10.25+*	Employment Agreement, effective as of January 2, 2003, by and between Robert M. Neumeister, Jr. and Dex Media, Inc.
10.26+*	Employment Agreement, effective as of November 8, 2002, by and between Marilyn B. Neal and Dex Media, Inc.
10.27+*	Employment Agreement, effective as of November 8, 2002, by and between Maggie Le Beau and Dex Media, Inc.
10.28+*	Employment Agreement, effective as of January 2, 2003, by and between Linda Martin and Dex Media, Inc.
10.29+*	Employment Agreement, effective as of November 8, 2002, by and between Kristine Shaw and Dex Media, Inc.
10.30+*	Amended and Restated Management Stockholders Agreement of Dex Media, Inc., entered into as of November 11, 2003, by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Holdings LLC, and those members of management who become parties thereto from time to time.
10.31+*	Stock Option Plan of Dex Media, Inc., effective as of November 8, 2002.
10.32+*	First Amendment to Stock Option Plan of Dex Media, Inc., effective as of September 9, 2003.
10.33+*	Second Amendment to Stock Option Plan of Dex Media, Inc., effective as of December 18, 2003.
10.34+	Employee Cost Sharing Agreement, by and among Dex Media Service LLC, Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East LLC and Dex Media West LLC, effective as of December 31, 2003.
10.35+	Shared Services Agreement, by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East LLC, Dex Media West LLC, and any direct or indirect subsidiary of Dex Media that becomes a party thereto, effective as of December 31, 2003.
10.36+	Intercompany License Agreement, by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East LLC and Dex Media West LLC, effective as of September 9, 2003.
10.37*	Dex Media, Inc. 2004 Incentive Award Plan (incorporated by reference to our Registration Statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-120631), filed on November 19, 2004).



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<b>Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
10.38*	Dex Media, Inc. Senior Executive Incentive Bonus Plan (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 17, 2005).
10.39*	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement pursuant to the 2004 Incentive Award Plan of Dex Media, Inc. (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 4, 2005).
10.40	Master Agreement for Printing Services dated as of March 31, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc., on behalf of itself and its subsidiaries Dex Media East LLC and Dex Media West LLC, and Quebecor World (USA) Inc. (incorporated by reference to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2005).
10.41*	Dex Media, Inc. Deferred Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 17, 2005).
10.42*	Dex Media, Inc. Corporate Aircraft Policy (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 17, 2005).
10.43*	Dex Media, Inc. Financial Planning Benefit (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 17, 2005).
10.44*	Dex Media, Inc. 2005 Bonus Plan Targets (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 17, 2005).
10.45	Fourth Amendment, dated as of June 16, 2005, to the Credit Agreement dated as of September 9, 2003, as amended and restated as of July 27, 2004, by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media West, Inc., Dex Media West LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint bookrunners and co-lead arrangers, and Bank of America, N.A., Wachovia Bank, National Association, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as co-syndication agents (incorporated by reference to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005).
10.46	Fifth Amendment, dated as of June 16, 2005, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of November 8, 2002, as amended and restated as of October 31, 2003, by and among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East, Inc., Dex Media East LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint bookrunners and co-lead arrangers, and Bank of America, N.A., Wachovia Bank, National Association, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust company Americas, as co-syndication agents (incorporated by reference to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005).
10.47*	Retirement and General Release Agreement dated October 5, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and Robert M. Neumeister, Jr. (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 2, 2005).
10.48	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of October 3, 2005, by and among Dex Media, Inc., R.H. Donnelley Corporation and Forward Acquisition Corp. (included in Exhibit 2.3).
10.49*	Letter Agreement dated October 2, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and George Burnett (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K/A dated October 18, 2005).
10.50*	Letter Agreement dated October 2, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and Marilyn Neal (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K/A dated October 18, 2005).
10.51*	Form of Letter Agreement dated October 2, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and each of its Senior Vice Presidents (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K/A dated October 18, 2005).
10.52*	Form of Letter Agreement dated October 2, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and each of its Vice Presidents (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K/A dated October 18, 2005).



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<b>Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
10.53*	Letter Agreement dated December 19, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and Linda A. Martin (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K/A dated December 21, 2005).
10.54*	Letter Agreement dated December 19, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and George A. Burnett (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 19, 2005).
10.55*	Letter Agreement dated December 19, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and Scott A. Pomeroy (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 19, 2005).
10.56*	Form of Letter Agreement dated December 19, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and each of its Senior Vice Presidents and Vice Presidents (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 19, 2005).
10.57*	Letter Agreement dated December 19, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and Robert M. Neumeister, Jr. (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 19, 2005).
10.58*	Letter Agreement dated December 19, 2005, by and between Dex Media, Inc. and Marilyn B. Neal (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 19, 2005).
10.59	Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated January 31, 2006, by and among Dex Media, Inc. (f/k/a Forward Acquisition Corp.), Dex Media East, Inc., Dex Media East LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, and the other entities from time to time parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Dex Media, Inc.'s current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 6, 2006).
10.60	Reaffirmation Agreement, dated January 31, 2006, among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media East, Inc., Dex Media East LLC, Dex Media East Finance Co. and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as collateral agent (incorporated by reference to Dex Media, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 6, 2006).
10.61	Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated January 31, 2006, by and among Dex Media, Inc. (f/k/a Forward Acquisition Corp.), Dex Media West, Inc., Dex Media West LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, and the other entities from time to time parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Dex Media, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 6, 2006).
10.62	Reaffirmation Agreement, dated January 31, 2006, among Dex Media, Inc., Dex Media West, Inc., Dex Media West LLC, Dex Media West Finance Co., and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as collateral agent (incorporated by reference to Dex Media's Current Report of Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 6, 2006).
12.1	Statement of Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Ratio of Total Debt to Owner's Equity.
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Dex Media, Inc. pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Dex Media, Inc. pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1++++	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Dex Media, Inc. pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

+ Incorporated by reference to our Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-114472), declared effective on May 14, 2004.

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Incorporated by reference to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-115489) and amendments thereto, declared effective on July 21, 2004.



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- +++ Incorporated by reference to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-121859) and amendments thereto, declared effective on January 25, 2005.
- ++++ Exhibit 32.1 is being furnished solely to accompany this report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, and is not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not to be incorporated by reference into any of our filings, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.
- \* Identifies each management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.