CREDIT SUISSE GROUP Form 6-K November 04, 2003

FORM 6-K

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Report of Foreign Private Issuer

Dated November 4, 2003

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the month of November 4, 2003

Commission File Number 001-15244

CREDIT SUISSE GROUP

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

Paradeplatz 8, P.O. Box 1, CH-8070 Zurich, Switzerland (Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):____

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submitted solely to provide an attached annual report to security holders.

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):____

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submitted to furnish a report or other document that the registrant foreign private issuer must furnish and make public under the laws of the jurisdiction in which the registrant is incorporated, domiciled or legally organized (the registrant's "home country"), or under the rules of the home country exchange on which the registrant's securities are traded, as long as the report or other document is not a press release, is not required to be and has not been distributed to the registrant's security holders, and, if discussing a material event, has already been the subject of a Form 6-K submission or other Commission filing on EDGAR.

Indicate by check mark whether by furnishing the information contained in this Form, the registrant is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes No

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-____

Media Relations

CREDIT SUISSE GROUP P.O. Box 1 CH-8070 Zurich

Telephone +41-1-333 8844 Fax +41-1-333 8877

e-mail media.relations@credit-suisse.com

CREDIT SUISSE GROUP REPORTS NET PROFIT OF CHF 2.0 BILLION FOR THE THIRD OUARTER OF 2003

Private Banking Reports Net New Assets of CHF 8.4 Billion

Both Business Units Further Reduced Costs

Financial Highlights

in CHF million	3Q2003	2Q2003	Change in % vs 2Q2003	9 months 2003	Change in % vs 9m 2002
Operating income	6,531	7,549	-13	21,104	-2
Operating expenses	4,387	5,071	-13	14,478	-21
Net profit	2,045	1,346	52	4,043	-
Return on equity in %	26.3	18.5	42	18.2	_
Earnings per share (in CHF)	1.66	1.09	52	3.29	_

Zurich, November 4, 2003 ☐ Credit Suisse Group today announced a net profit of CHF 2.0 billion for the third quarter of 2003, including a gross after-tax gain of CHF 1.6 billion, or CHF 1.3 billion net of related provisions, from divestitures at Winterthur. Additionally, the Group's third quarter 2003 net profit includes the strengthening by CHF 383 million after tax of certain provisions related to Winterthur's current and former international business portfolio. Private Banking reported a strong net new asset inflow of CHF 8.4 billion. Credit Suisse Financial Services posted strong third quarter results in banking. Credit Suisse First Boston reported lower results compared with the second quarter of 2003, primarily reflecting dampened Fixed Income trading revenue, but continued to achieve significant progress on cost reduction.

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Oswald J. Gruebel, Co-CEO of Credit Suisse Group and Chief Executive Officer of Credit Suisse Financial Services, stated, "I am especially pleased by the good results in Private Banking, where the increase in operating income is all the more significant given the seasonally lower revenue trends usually expected in the third quarter. At the same time, the strong growth in net new assets reflects our clients' confidence in our company."

John J. Mack, Co-CEO of Credit Suisse Group and Chief Executive Officer of Credit Suisse First Boston, said, "The sound profit reported by Credit Suisse First Boston in the third quarter, in spite of lower results in Fixed Income, demonstrates that we are continuing to make progress towards our goal of sustained profitability. Although our strict cost management over the last two years has provided us with a more competitive cost structure, our overall profitability is still not satisfactory as we continue to work through historical issues. I am confident that if we continue to focus on clients and their needs while building a unified culture, we will have consistently strong financial results in addition to a strong franchise."

Group Results

Credit Suisse Group reported a net profit of CHF 2.0 billion in the third quarter of 2003, compared with a net profit of CHF 1.3 billion in the second quarter of 2003 and a net loss of CHF 2.1 billion in the third quarter of 2002. For the first nine months of 2003, the Group reported a net profit of CHF 4.0 billion, compared with a net loss of CHF 2.4 billion for the first nine months of 2002. The net profit of CHF 2.0 billion in the third quarter of 2003 includes a gross after-tax gain of CHF 1.6 billion, or CHF 1.3 billion net of related provisions, from the divestitures of Winterthur's Republic operations in the US, its Churchill operations in the UK and

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Winterthur Italy. Additionally, the Group's net profit in the third quarter of 2003 includes the strengthening by CHF 383 million after tax of certain provisions related to Winterthur's current and former international business portfolio. Earnings per share were CHF 1.66 for the third quarter of 2003, compared with earnings of CHF 1.09 per share for the second quarter of 2003. The Group's return on equity was 26.3% in the third quarter of 2003, compared with 18.5% in the second quarter of 2003.

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The Group's operating income totaled CHF 6.5 billion in the third quarter of 2003, down 13% from the second quarter of 2003 but up 15% from the third quarter of 2002. The decrease compared with the second quarter of 2003 was mainly attributable to a decline in trading income at Credit Suisse First Boston, which was partially offset by improved results within Private Banking.

The Group's operating expenses in the third quarter of 2003 decreased 13% from the second quarter of 2003 and 18% from the third quarter of 2002, to CHF 4.4 billion. Personnel expenses declined 18% overall compared with the second quarter of 2003, reflecting lower incentive compensation accruals at Credit Suisse First Boston [] in line with reduced operating income [] and the impact of reversing the first six months of 2003 accrual for stock compensation in the third quarter of 2003 due to the previously announced change in the vesting of stock awards.

The Group's total valuation adjustments, provisions and losses were CHF 215 million in the third quarter of 2003, compared with CHF 131 million in the second quarter of 2003. In the third quarter of 2003, net credit-related valuation allowances and provisions decreased slightly to CHF 96 million from the already low level of CHF 99 million in the second quarter of 2003. Compared with the third quarter of 2002, valuation adjustments, provisions and losses decreased CHF 758 million, or 78%, due primarily to lower credit valuation allowances and provisions reflecting an improvement in the credit environment, loan repayments and loan sales.

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The Group's consolidated BIS tier 1 ratio was 11.1% as of September 30, 2003, an increase from 10.3% as of June 30, 2003. Winterthur's capital base was strengthened during the third quarter of 2003 as a result of earnings generation and the divestitures referred to above. In isolation, these divestitures increased Winterthur's EU solvency surplus capital by approximately CHF 3.5 billion, due to the combination of lower required capital and higher available capital.

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Credit Suisse Financial Services

CSFS Business Unit Result

in CHF million	3Q2003	2Q2003	Change in % vs 2Q2003	9 months 2003	Change in % vs 9m 2002
Operating income	4,548	3,544	28	11,594	35
Operating expenses	2,117	2,178	-3	6,524	-9
Net profit	1,778	851	109	3,333	-

Credit Suisse Financial Services posted a net profit of CHF 1.8 billion in the third quarter of 2003, including a gross after-tax gain of CHF 1.6 billion, or CHF 1.3 billion net of related provisions, from divestitures at Winterthur. Additionally, the business unit's third quarter 2003 net profit includes the strengthening by CHF 383 million after tax of certain provisions related to Winterthur's current and former international business portfolio. The third quarter of 2003 net profit of CHF 1.8 billion compares with a net profit of CHF 851 million in the second quarter of 2003 and a net loss of CHF 1.2 billion in the third quarter of 2002.

CSFS Segment Results

in CHF million	3Q2003	2Q2003	Change in % vs 2Q2003	9 months 2003	Change in % vs 9m 2002
Private Banking	519	492	5	1,406	2
Corporate & Retail Banking	169	156	8	445	22
Life & Pensions	126	117	8	354	-
Insurance	991	102	-	1,185	-

In the third quarter of 2003, Credit Suisse Financial Services' banking segments improved their results for the third consecutive quarter. The <u>Private Banking</u> segment reported a 3% increase in operating income in the third quarter of 2003 compared with the second quarter of 2003, due mainly to higher commission and fee income as a result of the higher average asset base and increased client activity. Due to this growth in operating income, together with a 4% decrease in operating expenses compared with the second quarter of 2003, Private Banking's cost/income ratio improved by a further 4.0 percentage points to 55.1%, the lowest ratio

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in the past six quarters. <u>Corporate & Retail Banking</u> continued to improve its overall profitability and efficiency in the third quarter of 2003. The segment reported a further decrease in operating expenses of 4% compared with the second quarter of 2003, due mainly to lower personnel expenses in line with headcount development. The segment's net interest margin rose 3 bp in the third quarter of 2003, to 215 bp. Corporate & Retail Banking's cost/income ratio further improved to 64.4% in the third quarter of 2003, the lowest ratio in the last seven quarters. Additionally, the segment further strengthened its credit portfolio, with a reduction in impaired loans.

The insurance segments reported solid results for the first nine months of 2003, due primarily to the divestiture-related gains, strong investment performance, reduced administration costs and improved underwriting results. Life & Pensions reported a reduction in gross premiums written in the first nine months of 2003 compared with the first nine months of 2002, primarily reflecting its ongoing selective underwriting policy. The segment significantly reduced its administration costs in the first nine months of 2003, and its expense ratio decreased by 0.3 percentage points. Life & Pensions achieved an improved investment performance in the first nine months of 2003, with a total return on invested assets of 5.0%, compared with 1.5% in the first nine months of 2002. Insurance (casualty and property) recorded an increase in net premiums earned in the first nine months of 2003, due primarily to tariff increases across all major markets. The Insurance segment strengthened its net underwriting result before dividends to policyholders by CHF 218 million compared with the first nine months of 2002, reflecting an improvement in the combined ratio of 1.9 percentage points, to 101.6%, mainly as a result of improved pricing and the continued streamlining of its business portfolio. Demonstrating its continued progress in ongoing efficiency measures, the segment reduced

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its administration costs in the first nine months of 2003 compared with the first nine months of 2002. Investment performance improved in the first nine months of 2003, with a total return on invested assets of 3.8% compared with -0.3% in the first nine months of 2002.

Credit Suisse First Boston

CSFB Business Unit Result

in USD million	3Q2003	2Q2003	Change in % vs 2Q2003	9 months 2003	Change in % vs 9m 2002
Operating income	2,422	3,103	-22	8,363	-9
Operating expenses	1,792	2,266	-21	6,167	-15
Net profit	224	282	-21	650	-

Credit Suisse First Boston reported a net profit of USD 224 million (CHF 308 million) for the third quarter of 2003, down USD 58 million (CHF 65 million) compared with the second quarter of 2003. The business unit's net operating profit of USD 358 million (CHF 491 million), which excludes the amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill net of tax, also declined compared with the second quarter 2003 results. The favorable resolution of certain outstanding income tax matters resulted in a 16% effective income tax rate in the third quarter of 2003, compared with 27% in the second quarter of 2003.

CSFB Segment Results

in USD million	3Q2003	2Q2003	Change in % vs 2Q2003	9 months 2003	Change in % vs 9m 2002		
Institutional Securities	348	453	-23	1,134	245		
CSFB Financial Services	34	40	-15	109	-39		

The <u>Institutional Securities</u> segment reported a decrease in operating income in the third quarter of 2003 compared with the second quarter of 2003, as the Fixed Income business was significantly impacted by conservative risk positioning which dampened its trading results but resulted in lower Value-at-Risk. While the Equity and Investment Banking divisions continued to see steady year-to-date improvements in cash trading and M&A activities, revenues in both units declined modestly compared with the second quarter of 2003. As a result of lower compensation accruals ☐ discussed in the Group Results section above ☐ and continued cost management, Institutional Securities reported a 24% decrease in operating expenses in the third quarter of 2003 compared with the second quarter of 2003. Credit Suisse First Boston's franchise continued to benefit from its leading position in the high yield business. Within the <u>CSFB Financial Services</u> segment, Credit Suisse Asset Management's operating income was comparable to the second quarter of 2003 and operating expenses increased marginally.

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Net new assets

Net New Assets and Assets under Management (AuM) in the third quarter of 2003

in CHF billion	Net New Assets	Total AuM	Change in AuM ir % vs 30.6.03	
Private Banking	8.4	505.1	2.3	
Corporate & Retail Banking	1.8	69.4	3.9	
Life & Pensions	-0.7	112.3	-4.0	
Insurance	n/ a	27.1	-16.9	
Credit Suisse Financial Services	9.5	713.9	0.5	
Institutional Securities	0.1	29.1	-6.1	
CSFB Financial Services	-5.6	456.2	0.4	
Credit Suisse First Boston	-5.5	485.3	0.0	
Credit Suisse Group	4.0	1,199.2	0.3	

n/a: not applicable

Credit Suisse Group's net new asset inflow in the third quarter of 2003 was dominated by an inflow from Private Banking of CHF 8.4 billion. Corporate & Retail Banking recorded an inflow of CHF 1.8 billion, whereas Life & Pensions had an outflow of CHF 0.7 billion. CSFB Financial Services recorded an outflow of CHF 5.6 billion. As of September 30, 2003, the Group's total assets under management were CHF 1,199.2 billion, practically unchanged compared with June 30, 2003.

Business transfers

In the third quarter of 2003, the Group completed the transfer of its securities and treasury execution platform in Switzerland from Credit Suisse First Boston to Credit Suisse Financial Services and the transfer of Credit Suisse First Boston's Private Client Services UK business from CSFB Financial Services to Private Banking. All comparative figures have been restated to reflect these business transfers.

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Outlook

Credit Suisse Group is benefiting from the measures taken in 2002 and 2003. Going forward, the Group will continue to concentrate on enhancing efficiency and building its client franchise, and it remains focused on producing sound profitability.

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Enquiries

Credit Suisse Group, Media Relations Telephone +41 1 333 8844

Credit Suisse Group, Investor Relations Telephone +41 1 333 4570

Internet www.credit-suisse.com

Commentary on Results [Non-GAAP Financial Information

For additional information with respect to Credit Suisse Group's results for the third quarter and the first nine months of 2003, we refer you to the Group's Quarterly Report Q3 2003, as well as the Group's slide presentation for analysts and press, posted on the Internet at www.credit-suisse.com/results. This press release may contain non-GAAP financial information. A reconciliation of such non-GAAP financial information to the most directly comparable measures under Swiss Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (as well as other related information) is also included in the Quarterly Report Q3 2003. The operating basis business unit results described above reflect the results of the separate segments constituting the respective business units and certain acquisition-related costs not allocated to the segments.

Credit Suisse Group

Credit Suisse Group is a leading global financial services company headquartered in Zurich. The business unit Credit Suisse Financial Services provides private clients and small and medium-sized companies with private banking and financial advisory services, banking products, and pension and insurance solutions from Winterthur. The business unit Credit Suisse First Boston, an investment bank, serves global institutional, corporate, government and individual clients in its role as a financial intermediary. Credit Suisse Group's registered shares (CSGN) are listed in Switzer-land and Frankfurt, and in the form of American Depositary Shares (CSR) in New York. The Group employs around 61,300 staff worldwide. As of September 30, 2003, it reported assets under management of CHF 1,199.2 billion.

Cautionary statement regarding forward-looking information

This press release contains statements that constitute forward-looking statements. In addition, in the future we, and others on our behalf, may make statements that constitute forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements may include, without limitation, statements relating to our plans, objectives or goals; our future economic performance or prospects; the potential effect on our future performance of certain contingencies; and assumptions underlying any such statements. Words such as "believes," "anticipates," "expects," "intends" and "plans" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. We do not intend to update these forward-looking statements except as may be required by applicable

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laws. By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, and risks exist that predictions, forecasts, projections and other outcomes described or implied in forward-looking statements will not be achieved. We caution you that a number of important factors could cause results to differ materially from the plans, objectives, expectations, estimates and intentions expressed in such forward-looking statements. These factors include (i) market and interest rate fluctuations; (ii) the strength of the global economy in general and the strength of the economies of the countries in which we conduct our operations in particular; (iii) the ability of counterparties to meet their obligations to us; (iv) the effects of, and changes in, fiscal, monetary, trade and tax policies, and currency fluctuations; (v) political and social developments, including war, civil unrest or terrorist activity; (vi) the possibility of foreign exchange controls, expropriation, nationalization or confiscation of assets in countries in which we conduct our operations; (vii) the ability to maintain sufficient liquidity and access capital markets; (viii) operational factors such as systems failure, human error, or the failure to properly implement procedures; (ix) actions taken by regulators with respect to our business and practices in one or more of the countries in which we conduct our operations; (x) the effects of changes in laws, regulations or accounting policies or practices; (xi) competition in geographic and business areas in which we conduct our operations; (xii) the ability to retain and recruit qualified personnel; (xiii) the ability to maintain our reputation and promote our brands; (xiv) the ability to increase market share and control expenses; (xv) technological changes; (xvi) the timely development and acceptance of our new products and services and the perceived overall value of these products and services by users; (xvii) acquisitions, including the ability to integrate successfully acquired businesses; (xviii) the adverse resolution of litigation and other contingencies; and (xix) our success at managing the risks involved in the foregoing. We caution you that the foregoing list of important factors is not exclusive; when evaluating forward-looking statements, you should carefully consider the foregoing factors and other uncertainties and events, as well as the risks identified in our most recently filed Form 20-F and reports on Form 6-K furnished to the US Securities and Exchange Commission.

Cautionary statement regarding non-GAAP financial information

This press release may contain non-GAAP financial information. A reconciliation of such non-GAAP financial information to the most directly comparable measures under generally accepted accounting principles, is posted on our website at http://www.credit-suisse.com/sec.html.

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Presentation of Credit Suisse Group's Third Quarter Results 2003 via Webcast and Telephone Conference

Date Tuesday, November 4, 2003

Time 15.00 CET / 14.00 GMT / 09.00 EST

Speakers Philip K. Ryan, CFO of Credit Suisse Group

Ulrich Koerner, CFO of Credit Suisse Financial Services Barbara Yastine, CFO of Credit Suisse First Boston

All presentations will be held in English.

Telephone Europe: +41 91 610 5600

UK: +44 207 107 0611 USA: +1 866 291 4166

Reference: "Credit Suisse Group quarterly results"

You will have the opportunity to ask the speakers questions via telephone

conference following the presentations.

Video on demand \sqcap available approximately three hours after the event at

www.credit-suisse.com/results

Playback Telephone [] available approximately one hour after the event; please dial:

Europe: +41 91 612 4330 UK: +44 207 866 4300 USA: +1 412 858 1440

Conference ID: 332#

Note We recommend that you dial in approximately ten minutes before the start of

the presentation for the webcast and telephone conference. Further

instructions and technical test functions are now available on our website.

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QUARTERLY REPORT 2003 Q3

Credit Suisse Group is a leading global financial services company headquartered in Zurich. The business unit Credit Suisse Financial Services provides private clients and small and medium-sized companies with private banking and financial advisory services, banking products, and pension and insurance solutions from Winterthur. The business unit Credit Suisse First Boston, an investment bank, serves global institutional, corporate, government and individual clients in its role as a financial intermediary. Credit Suisse Group s registered shares (CSGN) are listed in Switzerland and Frankfurt, and in the form of American Depositary Shares (CSR) in New York. The Group employs around 61,300 staff worldwide.

QUARTERLY REPORT 2003

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- RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING RESULTS TO SWISS GAAP

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- Credit Suisse First Boston business unit
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- LOANS
- INFORMATION FOR INVESTORS

This symbol is used to indicate topics on which further information is available on our website. Go to www.credit-suisse.com/results/bookmarks.html to find links to the relevant information. The additional information -indicated is openly accessible and does not form part of the Quarterly Report. Some areas of Credit Suisse Group s websites are only available in English.

Cautionary statement regarding forward-looking information

This Quarterly Report contains statements that constitute forward-looking statements. In addition, in the future we, and others on our behalf, may make statements that constitute forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements may include, without limitation, statements relating to our plans, objectives or goals; our future economic performance or prospects; the potential effect on our future performance of certain contingencies; and assumptions underlying any such statements.

Words such as "believes," "anticipates," "expects," "intends" and "plans" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. We do not intend to update these forward-looking statements except as may be required by applicable laws.

By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, and risks exist that predictions, forecasts, projections and other outcomes described or implied in forward-looking statements will not be achieved. We caution you that a number of important factors could cause results to differ materially from the plans, objectives, expectations, estimates and intentions expressed in such forward-looking statements. These factors include (i) market and interest rate fluctuations; (ii) the strength of the global economy in general and the strength of the economies of the countries in which we conduct our operations in particular; (iii) the ability of counterparties to meet their obligations to us; (iv) the effects of, and changes in, fiscal, monetary, trade and tax policies, and currency fluctuations; (v) political and social developments, including war, civil unrest or terrorist activity; (vi) the possibility of foreign exchange controls, expropriation, nationalization or confiscation of assets in countries in which we conduct our operations; (vii) the ability to maintain sufficient liquidity and access capital markets; (viii) operational factors such as systems failure, human error, or the failure to properly implement procedures; (ix) actions taken by regulators with respect to our business and practices in one or more of the countries in which we conduct our operations; (x) the effects of changes in laws, regulations or accounting policies or practices; (xi) competition in geographic and business areas in which we conduct our operations; (xii) the ability to retain and recruit qualified personnel; (xiii) the ability to maintain our reputation and promote our brands; (xiv) the ability to increase market share and control expenses; (xv) technological changes; (xvi) the timely development and acceptance of our new products and services and the perceived overall value of these products and services by users; (xvii) acquisitions, including the ability to integrate successfully acquired businesses; (xviii) the adverse resolution of litigation and other contingencies; and (xix) our success at managing the risks involved in the foregoing.

We caution you that the foregoing list of important factors is not exclusive; when evaluating forward-looking statements, you should carefully consider the foregoing factors and other uncertainties and events, as well as the risks identified in our most recently filed Form 20-F and reports on Form 6-K furnished to the US Securities and Exchange

Commission.

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EDITORIAL

Oswald J. Grübel
Co-CEO Credit Suisse Group
Chief Executive Officer
Credit Suisse Financial Services

John J. Mack Co-CEO Credit Suisse Group Chief Executive Officer Credit Suisse First Boston

Dear shareholders

Credit Suisse Group s net profit in the third quarter of 2003 was CHF 2.0 billion. The third quarter net profit includes an after-tax gain of CHF 1.3 billion net of related provisions from divestitures at Winterthur. Additionally, the Group s third quarter of 2003 net profit includes the strengthening by CHF 383 million after tax of certain provisions related to Winterthur s current and former international business portfolio.

The Group made considerable progress during the third quarter of 2003. Most notably, Private Banking generated strong revenues, despite the typical third quarter seasonality. Private Banking s operating income, combined with efficiency gains, resulted in a 79% increase in segment profit compared with the third quarter of 2002. Corporate & Retail Banking also benefited from increased efficiency and low credit provisions. In addition to making good progress in building capital and strengthening its balance sheet, Winterthur made additional improvements in expense reductions and pricing in the first nine months of 2003. Credit Suisse First Boston s conservative risk positioning in light of US interest rate volatility reduced fixed income trading results but resulted in lower Value-at-Risk. The Equity and Investment Banking divisions of Credit Suisse First Boston continued to see modest improvements in client flows and business activity.

At Credit Suisse Financial Services, the focus on cost management remained a priority and the banking segments reported a reduction in operating expenses in the third quarter, while the insurance segments reported a reduction in administration costs in the first nine months of 2003. At Credit Suisse First Boston, expenses declined, reflecting lower incentive bonus accruals and the change in the vesting period of stock awards. Having reduced the guaranteed portion of incentive-based compensation, Credit Suisse First Boston has delivered on its pledge to create a more flexible cost base. All banking segment results benefited from lower credit provisions as a result of the continued improvement in the credit markets.

Going forward, we are concentrating on producing sound profitability and will continue to focus on cost management, efficiency and building our client franchise.

Oswald J. Grübel John J. Mack

November 2003

CREDIT SUISSE GROUP FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS Q3/2003

Consolidated income statement

in CHF m 3Q2003 2Q2003 3Q2002 2Q2003 3Q2002 2003 2002 2003 Operating income 6,531 7,549 5,666 (13) 15 21,104 21,643 (2 Gross operating profit 2,144 2,478 314 (13) 6,626 3,225 103 Net profit/(loss) Return on equity Change Change in % from in % from 9 months Change in % from 9 months	Consolidated income statement				Change	Change			Change
Simple				in	n % from in	n % from			in % from
Operating income Consolidated parameter Change in % from Chang								9 months	
Change	in CHF m	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002	2002
Net profit/(loss)	Operating income	6,531	7,549	5,666	(13)	15	21,104	21,643	(2)
Return on equity Change in % from in CHF m 3Q2003 2Q2003 3Q2002 2Q2003 3Q2002 2003 2002 2002					(13)				105
Note	Net profit/(loss)	2,045	1,346	(2,148)	52		4,043	(2,359)	
Note	Return on equity								
in % 3Q2003 2Q2003 3Q2002 2Q2003 2Q2003 3Q2002 2Q2003 2Q2003 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Change</td> <td>Chang</td> <td>ge</td> <td></td> <td>Change</td>					Change	Chang	ge		Change
Name					in % from	in % from			in % from
Return on equity 26.3 18.5 (26.9) 42 18.2 (9.2)							9 m	onths	
Consolidated balance sheet	in %	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2Q2003	3Q200	2 2003	2002	2002
Name	Return on equity	26.3	18.5	(26.9)	42		18.2	(9.2)	
Name	Consolidated balance sheet								
in CHF m 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 30.06.03 31.12.02 Total assets 994,555 1,016,645 955,656 (2) 4 Shareholders' equity 34,873 33,428 31,394 4 11 Minority interests in shareholders' equity 2,971 2,940 2,878 1 3 Capital data ¹¹ Capital data ¹¹ in CHF m 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 Change in % from in % from in % from in from in % from							Change	;	Change
Total assets 994,555 1,016,645 955,656 (2) 4						i	n % from in		% from
Shareholders' equity 34,873 33,428 31,394 4 11 Minority interests in shareholders' equity 2,971 2,940 2,878 1 3 Capital data ¹¹) Capital data ¹¹) In CHF m 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 30.06.03 31.12.02 BIS risk-weighted assets 197,412 199,108 196,486 (1) 0 BIS tier 1 capital 21,901 20,487 17,613 7 24 of which non-cumulative perpetual preferred securities 2,184 2,167 2,162 1 1 BIS total capital 32,010 31,238 28,311 2 13 Capital ratios ¹¹ 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 BIS tier 1 ratio Credit Suisse 7.6 7.5 7.4 Credit Suisse First Boston ²¹ 11.1 10.3 9.0	in CHF m	3	0.09.03	30.06.0	3 31.12	2.02	30.06.03	3	1.12.02
Shareholders' equity 34,873 33,428 31,394 4 11 Minority interests in shareholders' equity 2,971 2,940 2,878 1 3 Capital data ¹¹) Capital data ¹¹) In CHF m 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 30.06.03 31.12.02 BIS risk-weighted assets 197,412 199,108 196,486 (1) 0 BIS tier 1 capital 21,901 20,487 17,613 7 24 of which non-cumulative perpetual preferred securities 2,184 2,167 2,162 1 1 BIS total capital 32,010 31,238 28,311 2 13 Capital ratios ¹¹ 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 BIS tier 1 ratio Credit Suisse 7.6 7.5 7.4 Credit Suisse First Boston ²¹ 11.1 10.3 9.0	Total assets	g	94,555	1,016,64	5 955.	656	(2))	4
equity 2,971 2,940 2,878 1 3 Capital data ¹) Capital data ¹¹ Change in % from									
Capital data 1) Capital data 1) in CHF m 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 BIS risk-weighted assets 197,412 199,108 196,486 (1) 0 BIS tier 1 capital of which non-cumulative perpetual preferred securities 21,84 2,167 2,162 1 BIS total capital 32,010 31,238 28,311 2 13 Capital ratios 1) in % 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 BIS tier 1 ratio Credit Suisse 7.6 7.5 7.4 Credit Suisse First Boston 2) 11.1 10.3 9.0	Minority interests in shareholders'								
Change in % from in CHF m 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 Change in % from in % from 30.06.03 31.12.02 BIS tier 1 capital capital 21,901 20,487 17,613 7 24 Securities 2,184 2,167 2,162 1 1 1 BIS total capital 32,010 31,238 28,311 2 13 Capital ratios 1) 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 BIS tier 1 ratio Credit Suisse 7.6 7.5 7.4 Credit Suisse First Boston 2) 12.2 11.0 10.3 Credit Suisse Group 3) 11.1 10.3 9.0	equity		2,971	2,94	0 2,	878	1		3
Change in % from in CHF m 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 Change in % from in % from 30.06.03 Change in % from in % from 30.06.03 Change in % from 30.06.03 Change in % from in % from 30.06.03 Change in % from in % from 30.06.03 In % from 30.06.03 31.12.02 BIS risk-weighted assets 197,412 199,108 196,486 (1) 0 BIS tier 1 capital 21,901 20,487 17,613 7 24 of which non-cumulative perpetual preferred securities 2,184 2,167 2,162 1 1 BIS total capital 32,010 31,238 28,311 2 13 Capital ratios ¹) in % 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 BIS tier 1 ratio Credit Suisse 7.6 7.5 7.4 Credit Suisse First Boston ²) 12.2 11.0 10.3 Credit Suisse Group ³) 11.1 10.3 9.0	Capital data 1)								
in CHF m 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 30.06.03 31.12.02 BIS risk-weighted assets 197,412 199,108 196,486 (1) 0 BIS tier 1 capital 21,901 20,487 17,613 7 24 of which non-cumulative perpetual preferred securities 2,184 2,167 2,162 1 1 1 BIS total capital 32,010 31,238 28,311 2 13 Capital ratios ¹) in % 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 BIS tier 1 ratio Credit Suisse Credit Suisse First Boston ²) 12.2 11.0 10.3 Credit Suisse Group ³) 11.1 10.3 9.0	•						Change		Change
BIS risk-weighted assets 197,412 199,108 196,486 (1) 0 BIS tier 1 capital 21,901 20,487 17,613 7 24 of which non-cumulative perpetual preferred securities 2,184 2,167 2,162 1 1 BIS total capital 32,010 31,238 28,311 2 13 Capital ratios 1)						i	n % from	in	% from
BIS tier 1 capital 21,901 20,487 17,613 7 24 of which non-cumulative perpetual preferred securities 2,184 2,167 2,162 1 1 1 BIS total capital 32,010 31,238 28,311 2 13 Capital ratios 1)	in CHF m	3	30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12	2.02	30.06.03	3	1.12.02
BIS tier 1 capital 21,901 20,487 17,613 7 24 of which non-cumulative perpetual preferred securities 2,184 2,167 2,162 1 1 1 BIS total capital 32,010 31,238 28,311 2 13 Capital ratios 1)	BIS risk-weighted assets		197,412	199,108	3 196,	486	(1)		0
preferred securities 2,184 2,167 2,162 1 1 BIS total capital 32,010 31,238 28,311 2 13 Capital ratios ¹⁾ in % 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 BIS tier 1 ratio Credit Suisse First Boston ²⁾ 12.2 11.0 10.3 Credit Suisse Group ³⁾ 11.1 10.3 9.0	The state of the s		21,901	20,487	7 17,	613			24
securities 2,184 2,167 2,162 1 1 BIS total capital 32,010 31,238 28,311 2 13 Capital ratios 1) in % 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 BIS tier 1 ratio Credit Suisse 7.6 7.5 7.4 Credit Suisse First Boston 2) 12.2 11.0 10.3 Credit Suisse Group 3) 11.1 10.3 9.0	of which non-cumulative perpetu	al							
BIS total capital 32,010 31,238 28,311 2 13 Capital ratios 1) 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 BIS tier 1 ratio Credit Suisse 7.6 7.5 7.4 Credit Suisse First Boston 2) 12.2 11.0 10.3 Credit Suisse Group 3) 11.1 10.3 9.0	preferred								
Capital ratios 1) in % 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 BIS tier 1 ratio Credit Suisse (Credit Suisse First Boston 2) 7.6 7.5 7.4 Credit Suisse First Boston 2) 12.2 11.0 10.3 Credit Suisse Group 3) 11.1 10.3 9.0									
in % 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 BIS tier 1 ratio Credit Suisse 7.6 7.5 7.4 Credit Suisse First Boston 2) 12.2 11.0 10.3 Credit Suisse Group 3) 11.1 10.3 9.0	BIS total capital		32,010	31,238	3 28,	311	2		13
BIS tier 1 ratio Credit Suisse 7.6 7.5 7.4 Credit Suisse First Boston 2) 12.2 11.0 10.3 Credit Suisse Group 3) 11.1 10.3 9.0	Capital ratios 1)								
Credit Suisse First Boston 2) 12.2 11.0 10.3 Credit Suisse Group 3) 11.1 10.3 9.0	in %				30.09.0)3 3	0.06.03	31	.12.02
Credit Suisse First Boston 2) 12.2 11.0 10.3 Credit Suisse Group 3) 11.1 10.3 9.0	BIS tier 1 ratio	Credit Su	isse		7	.6	7.5		7.4
		Credit Su							
BIS total capital ratio Credit Suisse Group 16.2 15.7 14.4		Credit Su			11	.1	10.3		9.0
	BIS total capital ratio	Credit Su	isse Grouj	p	16	.2	15.7		14.4

Assets under management/client assets

in CHF bn	30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02	Change in % from 30.06.03	Change in % from 31.12.02
Advisory assets under management	615.1	598.7	577.9	3	6
Discretionary assets under					
management	584.1	596.9	582.1	(2)	0
Total assets under management	1,199.2	1,195.6	1,160.0	0	3
Client assets	1,299.4	1,285.9	1,757.9	1	(26)

Net new assets

				Change	Change			Change
				in % from	in % from			in % from
						9 mc	onths	
in CHF bn	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002	2002
Net new assets	4.0	1.9	(13.6)	110.5		1.9	4.9	(61)

¹⁾ In cooperation with the Swiss Federal Banking Commission, the capital treatment of the Group s investment in Winterthur has been revised. Previously published comparative figures have been restated to reflect the new methodology. The Group s previously published figures under the old methodology were 11.1% as of 30.06.03 and 9.7% as of 31.12.02 for the consolidated BIS tier 1 ratio, and 18.0% as of 30.06.03 and 16.5% as of 31.12.02 for the Group s BIS total capital ratio.

Number of employees (full-time equivalents)

Switzerland banking insurance 20,042 before the solution of the state of the s						Change	Change
Outside Switzerland insurance banking banking insurance 6,649 banking 20,178 banking 20,108 banking 20,178 banking 20,108 banking 20,178 banking			30.09.03	30.06.0	3 31.12.02	in % from 30.06.03	in % from 31.12.02
Outside Switzerland banking insurance 20,178 20,108 25,057 0 (19) Total employees Credit Suisse Group 61,332 72,501 78,457 (15) (22) Share data Change in % from 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 30.06.03 31.12.02 Shares issued 1,194,682,330 1,189,980,152 1,189,891,720 0 0 To be issued upon conversion of MCS ¹⁾ 40,413,838 40,413,838 40,413,838 0 0 Shares outstanding 1,235,096,168 1,230,393,990 1,230,305,558 0 0 Share price in CHF 42.25 35.65 30.00 19 41	Switzerland	banking	20,042	20,54	1 21,270	(2)	(6)
Total employees Credit Suisse 14,463 25,055 25,067 (42) (42) Group 61,332 72,501 78,457 (15) (22) Share data Change in % from 30.09.03 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 30.06.03 31.12.02 Shares issued 1,194,682,330 1,189,980,152 1,189,891,720 0 0 To be issued upon conversion of MCS ¹⁾ 40,413,838 40,413,838 40,413,838 0 0 Shares outstanding 1,235,096,168 1,230,393,990 1,230,305,558 0 0 Share price in CHF 42.25 35.65 30.00 19 41		insurance	6,649	6,79	7,063	(2)	(6)
Total employees Credit Suisse Group 61,332 72,501 78,457 (15) (22) Share data Change in % from 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 30.06.03 31.12.02 Shares issued 1,194,682,330 1,189,980,152 1,189,891,720 0 0 To be issued upon conversion of MCS ¹⁾ 40,413,838 40,413,838 40,413,838 0 0 Shares outstanding 1,235,096,168 1,230,393,990 1,230,305,558 0 0 Share price in CHF 42.25 35.65 30.00 19 41	Outside Switzerland	banking	20,178	20,10	8 25,057	0	(19)
Group 61,332 72,501 78,457 (15) (22) Share data Change in % from 30.09.03 30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 Change in % from in % from 31.12.02 Shares issued 1,194,682,330 1,189,980,152 1,189,891,720 0 0 To be issued upon conversion of MCS ¹⁾ 40,413,838 40,413,838 40,413,838 0 0 Shares outstanding 1,235,096,168 1,230,393,990 1,230,305,558 0 0 Share price in CHF 42.25 35.65 30.00 19 41		insurance	14,463	25,05	5 25,067	(42)	(42)
Shares issued MCS 1) 40,413,838 40,413,838 40,413,838 40,413,838 40,413,838 0 0 Share price in CHF 42.25 35.65 30.00 19 41	* · ·		61,332	72,50	1 78,457	(15)	(22)
30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 in % from 30.06.03 in % from 31.12.02 Shares issued 1,194,682,330 1,189,980,152 1,189,891,720 0 0 To be issued upon conversion of MCS ¹⁾ 40,413,838 40,413,838 40,413,838 0 0 Shares outstanding 1,235,096,168 1,230,393,990 1,230,305,558 0 0 Share price in CHF 42.25 35.65 30.00 19 41	Share data						
30.09.03 30.06.03 31.12.02 30.06.03 31.12.02 Shares issued 1,194,682,330 1,189,980,152 1,189,891,720 0 0 To be issued upon conversion of MCS 1) 40,413,838 40,413,838 40,413,838 0 0 Shares outstanding 1,235,096,168 1,230,393,990 1,230,305,558 0 0 Share price in CHF 42.25 35.65 30.00 19 41						Change	Change
Shares issued 1,194,682,330 1,189,980,152 1,189,891,720 0 0 To be issued upon conversion of MCS ¹⁾ 40,413,838 40,413,838 40,413,838 0 0 Shares outstanding 1,235,096,168 1,230,393,990 1,230,305,558 0 0 Share price in CHF 42.25 35.65 30.00 19 41						in % from	in % from
To be issued upon conversion of MCS ¹⁾ 40,413,838 40,413,838 40,413,838 0 0 Shares outstanding 1,235,096,168 1,230,393,990 1,230,305,558 0 0 Share price in CHF 42.25 35.65 30.00 19 41		30.09.03	30	.06.03	31.12.02	30.06.03	31.12.02
MCS ¹⁾ 40,413,838 40,413,838 40,413,838 0 0 Shares outstanding 1,235,096,168 1,230,393,990 1,230,305,558 0 0 Share price in CHF 42.25 35.65 30.00 19 41	Shares issued	1,194,682,330	1,189,98	30,152	1,189,891,720	0	0
Shares outstanding 1,235,096,168 1,230,393,990 1,230,305,558 0 0 Share price in CHF 42.25 35.65 30.00 19 41	To be issued upon conversion of						
Share price in CHF 42.25 35.65 30.00 19 41	MCS 1)	40,413,838	40,4	13,838	40,413,838	0	0
·	Shares outstanding	1,235,096,168	1,230,39	93,990	1,230,305,558	0	0
Market capitalization in CHF m 52.183 43.864 36.909 19 41	Share price in CHF	42.25		35.65	30.00	19	41
2-120 15,001 50,707 17 11	Market capitalization in CHF m	52,183		13,864	36,909	19	41

²⁾ Ratio is based on a tier 1 capital of CHF 12.1 bn (30.06.03: CHF 11.3 bn; 31.12.02: CHF 10.6 bn), of which non-cumulative perpetual preferred securities is CHF 1.0 bn (30.06.03: CHF 1.0 bn; 31.12.02: CHF 1.0 bn).

³⁾ Ratio is based on a tier 1 capital of CHF 21.9 bn (30.06.03: CHF 20.5 bn; 31.12.02: CHF 17.6 bn), of which non-cumulative perpetual preferred securities is CHF 2.2 bn (30.06.03: CHF 2.2 bn; 31.12.02: CHF 2.2 bn).

Book value per share in CHF 25.83	24.78	23.18	4	11
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¹⁾ Maximum number of shares related to Mandatory Convertible Securities (MCS) issued by Credit Suisse Group Finance (Guernsey) Ltd. in December 2002.

Share price

Share price						ange from i	Change n % from	9 mc	onths		hange from
in CHF		3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q200)2 2Q2	2003	3Q2002	2003	2002		2002
High (closing price	ce)	48.65	39.30	48.8	35	24	0	48.65	73.60		(34)
Low (closing pric	e)	34.75	23.25	26.8	30	49	30	20.70	26.80		(23)
Calculation of ear	nings per share ((EPS)									
					Change in % from	Change in % from	, 2	9 mont	hs		Change in % from
	3Q2003	2Q200	3 30	Q2002	2Q20033	3Q2002	2	2003		002	2002
Net profit/(loss) in CHF m Diluted net	2,045	1,34	6 (1	2,148)	52		4	,043	(2,3	59)	
profit/(loss) in CHF m	2,045	1,34	6 (2,148)	52		4	,043	(2,3	59)	
Weighted average shares outstanding Dilutive impact 2)	1,230,710,9751, 19,673,449	,230,330,67. 4,922,81		41,056 ₁₎	300	3	31,230,450 9,814		89,212,	967 ₁₎	3
Weighted average shares, diluted	1,250,384,4241				1	5	51,240,265		89,212,9		4
Basic earnings per share in CHF	1.66	1.09	9	(1.81)	52			3.29	(1.	.98)	
Diluted earnings											

¹⁾ Adjusted for weighted average shares repurchased.

per share in CHF

1.64

1.09

(1.81)

50

3.26

(1.98)

AN OVERVIEW OF CREDIT SUISSE GROUP

²⁾ The calculation for the diluted loss per share in 3Q2002 and for the 9 months 2002 excludes the effect of the potential exchange of convertible bonds and the potential exercise of options to purchase shares, as the effect would be anti-dilutive.

Credit Suisse Group reported a net profit of CHF 2.0 billion in the third quarter of 2003 compared to CHF 1.3 billion in the previous quarter. The third quarter result includes an after-tax gain of CHF 1.3 billion net of related provisions from divestitures at Winterthur. Additionally, the Group s third quarter result includes the strengthening by CHF 383 million after tax of certain provisions related to Winterthur s current and former international business portfolio. Credit Suisse Financial Services substantially increased its third quarter net profit compared with the previous quarter, with strong results in the banking segments and continued improvements in the insurance segments in the course of the year. Credit Suisse First Boston reported a decrease in its third quarter results compared with the second quarter of 2003.

The Group reported a net profit of CHF 2.0 billion in the third quarter of 2003, a substantial increase from the previous quarter s net profit of CHF 1.3 billion. The net profit of CHF 2.0 billion in the third quarter 2003 includes a gross after-tax gain of CHF 1.6 billion, or CHF 1.3 billion net of related provisions, from the divestitures of Winterthur s Republic operations in the US, its Churchill operations in the UK and Winterthur Italy . Additionally, the Group s net profit in the third quarter of 2003 includes the strengthening by CHF 383 million after tax of certain provisions related to Winterthur s current and former international business portfolio. The Group s third quarter performance was impacted by weaker trading income at Credit Suisse First Boston, which was partially compensated by improved results within the Credit Suisse Financial Services banking segments.

Net profit for the first nine months of 2003 was CHF 4.0 billion, compared to a net loss of CHF 2.4 billion in the same period of 2002. Earnings per share for the third quarter of 2003 were CHF 1.66, compared to CHF 1.09 for the second quarter of 2003. The Group s return on equity was 26.3% in the third quarter of 2003, compared to 18.5% in the second quarter of 2003.

The Group s third quarter result represents continued progress towards achieving sound profitability and restoring the capital base. It also reflects the realization of measures taken to reduce costs, increase the flexibility of the cost base, return Winterthur to profitability, reduce the impact of legacy assets at Credit Suisse First Boston and restructure European onshore Private Banking.

Credit Suisse Financial Services posted a net profit of CHF 1.8 billion in the third quarter of 2003, including the gain from the Winterthur divestitures and the additional provisions described above. This result compares with a net profit of CHF 851 million in the second quarter of 2003 and a net loss of CHF 1.2 billion in the third quarter of 2002. Although the third quarter has often proven to be a seasonally weak quarter, the banking segments in particular had a strong quarter, reflecting continued good margins and improvements in net new asset growth, thus demonstrating efficiency and the strength of the private banking franchise. Winterthur s results reflected the divestitures, as well as lower administration costs and good investment income, which together improved its capital base and strengthened its balance sheet.

Credit Suisse First Boston reported a net profit of CHF 308 million for the third quarter of 2003, which was below the previous quarter s net profit of CHF 373 million, but significantly improved compared to a net loss of CHF 668 million reported in the third quarter of 2002. Credit Suisse First Boston continues to reduce expenses and focus on its client franchise. Its third quarter result, however, reflects a lower fixed income trading result, which was impacted by conservative risk positioning in light of US interest rate volatility, thus resulting in reduced Value-at-Risk. While both the Equity and Investment Banking divisions continued to see steady improvements in client flows and M&A activity, operating income in both divisions declined compared with the second quarter of 2003. CSFB Financial

Services operating income increased slightly compared with the previous quarter, with modest improvements in both Credit Suisse Asset Management and Private Client Services. Credit Suisse Asset Management launched an alternative investment initiative in the third quarter of 2003.

Equity capital

The Group s consolidated BIS tier 1 ratio was 11.1% as of September 30, 2003, up from 10.3% as of June 30, 2003. These ratios reflect the new methodology for the BIS capital calculations as revised in cooperation with the Swiss Federal Banking Commission.

Winterthur s capital base was strengthened during the third quarter of 2003 as a result of earnings generation and the sale of Winterthur s Republic operations in the US, its Churchill operations in the UK and Winterthur Italy. In isolation, these divestitures increased Winterthur s EU Group solvency surplus capital by approximately CHF 3.5 billion, due to the combination of lowered required capital and higher available capital.

Net new assets

Credit Suisse Group s net new asset inflow in the third quarter of 2003 was dominated by an inflow from Private Banking of CHF 8.4 billion. Corporate & Retail Banking recorded an inflow of CHF 1.8 billion, whereas Life & Pensions had an outflow of CHF 0.7 billion. CSFB Financial Services recorded an outflow of CHF 5.6 billion, only slightly compensated by a net asset inflow of CHF 0.1 billion from the Institutional Securities segment. For Credit Suisse Group, a net new asset inflow of CHF 4.0 billion resulted in the third quarter of 2003, more than twice the net new asset inflow in the previous quarter. As of September 30, 2003, the Group s total assets under management amounted to CHF 1,199.2 billion, practically unchanged compared to June 30, 2003.

Operating income and expenses

The Group s operating income was CHF 6.5 billion in the third quarter of 2003, a decline of 13% from the previous quarter, but up 15% from the third quarter of 2002. The decrease compared with the second quarter of 2003 was mainly due to a decline in trading income, partially offset by increases in net interest and commission and service fee income.

The Group s operating expenses in the third quarter of 2003 decreased 13% from the previous quarter and 18% from the third quarter of 2002 to CHF 4.4 billion, reflecting continued progress on cost management. Personnel expenses declined 18% overall compared with the previous quarter. This decrease reflects lower incentive compensation accruals at Credit Suisse First Boston, in line with lower operating income, and the impact of reversing the first six months of 2003 accrual for stock compensation in the third quarter of 2003 due to the previously announced change in vesting of stock awards. At Credit Suisse Financial Services, the continued focus on cost reduction resulted in a decrease in operating expenses in the banking segments in the third quarter of 2003 and in a decline in administration costs in the insurance segments in the first nine months of 2003.

Valuation adjustments, provisions and losses

The Group s total valuation adjustments, provisions and losses were CHF 215 million in the third quarter of 2003, compared to CHF 131 million in the second quarter of 2003. In the third quarter of 2003, net credit-related valuation allowances and provisions decreased slightly to CHF 96 million from the already low level of CHF 99 million in the second quarter of 2003. Compared with the third quarter of 2002, valuation adjustments, provisions and losses decreased CHF 758 million, or 78%, primarily due to lower credit valuation allowances and provisions reflecting an improved credit environment, loan repayments and loan sales.

Business transfers

In the third quarter of 2003, the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform in Switzerland from Credit Suisse First Boston to Credit Suisse Financial Services and the transfer of Credit Suisse First Boston s Private Client

Services UK business from CSFB Financial Services to Private Banking were completed. All comparative figures have been restated to reflect these business transfers. The consolidated financial statements were not affected. Since September 1, 2003, Credit Suisse Financial Services has been executing securities and treasury transactions in Switzerland for its private banking, retail and corporate clients under its own name. Credit Suisse First Boston s investment banking and Swiss institutional coverage businesses in Switzerland remain unaffected by these changes.

Swiss GAAP accounting changes

Reported earnings in the fourth quarter will be affected by mandatory changes in Swiss GAAP for banks that are required to be applied at the end of the year. The changes of significance for Credit Suisse Group relate to the accounting for own shares and for derivatives. If these changes in accounting principles were to be applied in the current reporting period, the estimated impact on net profit (including the cumulative effect) for the first nine months of 2003 would be a decrease of approximately CHF 110 million, and the estimated impact on reported shareholders equity would be a decrease of CHF 0.6 billion. These changes have no impact on the Group s regulatory capital adequacy ratios.

Outlook

Credit Suisse Group is benefiting from the measures taken in 2002 and 2003. Going forward, the Group will continue to concentrate on enhancing efficiency and building its client franchise and remains focused on producing sound profitability.

In the Overview of Credit Suisse Group, the business unit results are presented in accordance with Swiss GAAP. Elsewhere in this Quarterly Report, business unit results are presented on an operating basis.

Overview of Credit Suisse Group 1)													
		Suisse Fin Services		Credit S	Credit Suisse First Boston			porate Ce	enter	Cred	Credit Suisse Group		
in CHF m	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	3Q2003	3 2Q2003	3Q20	
Operating income	3,387	3,544	2,497	3,113	3,886	3,408	31	. 119	(239)	6,531	7,549	5,6	
Personnel expenses	1,385	1,434	1,533	1,681	2,306	2,231	59	84	29	3,125	3,824	3,7	
Other operating expenses	732	744	923	594	615	723	(64)	(112)	(87)	1,262	2 1,247	1,5	
Operating expenses	2,117	2,178	2,456	2,275	2,921	2,954	(5)	(28)	(58)	4,387	5,071	5,3	
Gross operating profit	1,270	1,366	41	838	965	454	. 36	5 147	(181)	2,144	2,478	3	
Depreciation of non-current assets ²⁾	279	194	291	125	136	207	67	145	94	471	475	5	
Amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill	25	27	31	211	201	308	2	(5)	(2)	238	3 223	3	
Valuation adjustments, provisions and								(-)					
losses	104	63	122	111	63	867	0	5	(16)	215	131	9	
Profit/(loss) before extraordinary items and taxes	862	1,082	(403)	391	565	(928)	(33)	2	(257)	1,220	1,649	(1,58	
itellis alla taxes	002	1,002	(103)	371	303	()20)	(33)		(231)	1,220	1,017	(1,50	

Extraordinary												
income/(expenses),												
net	1,164	8	(127)	2	0	(1)	2	53	(3)	1,168	61	(13
Taxes 3)	(256)	(229)	(681)	(65)	(173)	280	4	83	(9)	(317)	(319)	(41
Net profit/(loss)												
before minority												
interests	1,770	861	(1,211)	328	392	(649)	(27)	138	(269)	2,071	1,391	(2,12)
Minority interests	8	(10)	17	(20)	(19)	(19)	(14)	(16)	(17)	(26)	(45)	(1
Net profit/(loss)	1,778	851	(1,194)	308	373	(668)	(41)	122	(286)	2,045	1,346	(2,14

¹⁾ Business unit results in accordance with Swiss GAAP. For a reconciliation of operating basis business unit results (reflecting the results of the separate segments comprising the business units) to Swiss GAAP basis, please refer to Reconciliation of operating results to Swiss GAAP.

Assets under management/client assets 1)

Ç				Change in % from	Change in % from
in CHF bn	30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02	30.06.03	31.12.02
Credit Suisse Financial Services					
Private Banking					
Assets under management	505.1	493.8	465.7	2.3	8.5
of which discretionary	129.2	128.3	121.5	0.7	6.3
Client assets	532.3	522.3	494.8	1.9	7.6
Corporate & Retail Banking					
Assets under management	69.4	66.8	70.3	3.9	(1.3)
Client assets	90.3	85.7	86.9	5.4	3.9
Life & Pensions					
Assets under management					
(discretionary)	112.3	117.0	110.8	(4.0)	1.4
Client assets	112.3	117.0	110.8	(4.0)	1.4
Insurance					
Assets under management					
(discretionary)	27.1	32.6	30.7	(16.9)	(11.7)
Client assets	27.1	32.6	30.7	(16.9)	(11.7)
Credit Suisse Financial Services					
Assets under management	713.9	710.2	677.5	0.5	5.4
of which discretionary	269.8	279.1	264.2	(3.3)	2.1
Client assets	762.0	757.6	723.2	0.6	5.4
Credit Suisse First Boston					
Institutional Securities					
Assets under management	29.1	31.0	31.3	(6.1)	(7.0)
of which Private Equity on	19.7	20.6	20.9	(4.4)	(5.7)
behalf of clients					

²⁾ Includes amortization of Present Value of Future Profits (PVFP) from the insurance business within Credit Suisse Financial Services.

³⁾ In 4Q2002, Credit Suisse Group adopted a change in accounting principle relating to the recognition of deferred tax assets or net operating losses. The retroactive application of this change in accounting principle would have resulted in taxes for 3Q2002 for Credit Suisse Financial Services of CHF 582 m, for Credit Suisse First Boston of CHF 286 m, and for Credit Suisse Group CHF 306 m.

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(discretionary)					
Client assets	73.3	73.9	83.3	(0.8)	(12.0)
CSFB Financial Services 2)					
Assets under management	456.2	454.4	451.2	0.4	1.1
of which discretionary	288.9	291.1	289.6	(0.8)	(0.2)
Client assets	464.1	454.4	951.4	2.1	(51.2)
Credit Suisse First Boston					
Assets under management	485.3	485.4	482.5	0.0	0.6
of which discretionary	314.3	317.8	317.9	(1.1)	(1.1)
Client assets	537.4	528.3	1,034.7	1.7	(48.1)
Credit Suisse Group					
Assets under management	1,199.2	1,195.6	1,160.0	0.3	3.4
of which discretionary	584.1	596.9	582.1	(2.1)	0.3
Client assets	1,299.4	1,285.9	1,757.9	1.0	(26.1)

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services and the transfer of Credit Suisse First Boston's Private Client Services UK business from CSFB Financial Services to Private Banking.

²⁾ Excluding assets managed on behalf of other entities within Credit Suisse Group. Net new assets ¹⁾

				Change in % from	Change in % from	0	a 41a a	Change in % from
						9 m	onths	-
in CHF bn	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002	2002
Credit Suisse Financial								
Services								
Private Banking	8.4	3.8	3.4	121.1	147.1	13.7	18.2	(24.7)
Corporate & Retail Banking	1.8	0.5	(2.3)	260.0		(1.1)	(3.4)	(67.6)
Life & Pensions	(0.7)	0.5	0.4			2.0	4.7	(57.4)
Credit Suisse Financial								
Services	9.5	4.8	1.5	97.9		14.6	19.5	(25.1)
Credit Suisse First Boston								
Institutional Securities	0.1	1.0	(3.0)	(90.0)		1.0	1.9	(47.4)
CSFB Financial Services ²⁾	(5.6)	(3.9)	(12.1)	43.6	(53.7)	(13.7)	(16.5)	(17.0)
Credit Suisse First Boston	(5.5)	(2.9)	(15.1)	89.7	(63.6)	(12.7)	(14.6)	(13.0)
Credit Suisse Group	4.0	1.9	(13.6)	110.5		1.9	4.9	(61.2)

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services and the transfer of Credit Suisse First Boston's Private Client Services UK business from CSFB Financial Services to Private Banking.

RISK MANAGEMENT

²⁾ Excluding assets managed on behalf of other entities within Credit Suisse Group.

Credit Suisse Group s overall position risk measured on the basis of Economic Risk Capital (ERC) decreased by 4% in the third quarter of 2003 compared with the previous quarter, due mainly to lower foreign exchange, fixed income positions and insurance underwriting risks as well as lower international lending exposures. The more narrowly defined average Value-at-Risk (VaR) for the trading book of Credit Suisse First Boston decreased 20% in the third quarter of 2003, due mainly to lower interest rate positions and the introduction of a refined risk methodology for mortgages. The Group s credit-related balance sheet exposure decreased 3% as of September 30, 2003, compared to June 30, 2003.

Overall Risk Trends

Credit Suisse Group s 1-year, 99% position risk ERC decreased by 4% in the third quarter of 2003 compared with the previous quarter. The reduction was mainly due to lower foreign exchange exposures and lower insurance underwriting risks at Winterthur following the divestitures completed during the third quarter of 2003 as well as lower credit spread positions and lower international lending and counterparty exposures at Credit Suisse First Boston. At the end of the third quarter of 2003, 52% of the Group s position risk ERC was with Credit Suisse First Boston, 44% with Credit Suisse Financial Services (of which 66% was with the insurance units and 34% with the banking units) and 4% with the Corporate Center.

Trading risks

The table below shows the trading-related market risk exposure for Credit Suisse First Boston, Credit Suisse Financial Services and Credit Suisse Group on a consolidated basis, as measured by 1-day, 99% VaR. At Credit Suisse First Boston, the average 1-day, 99% VaR in the third quarter of 2003 was CHF 69.3 million compared to CHF 87.0 million during the second quarter of 2003. This decrease was mainly due to lower interest rate positions and the introduction of a refined risk methodology for mortgages. The Credit Suisse First Boston VaR at the end of the third quarter of 2003 was 38% below the VaR at the end of the second quarter of 2003 adjusted for the methodology change. As shown on the backtesting chart, Credit Suisse First Boston had no backtesting exceptions over the last 12 months (on average, an accurate 1-day, 99% VaR model would have no more than 2.5 exceptions per annum). At Credit Suisse Financial Services, the average 1-day, 99% VaR in the third quarter of 2003 was CHF 15.0 million compared to CHF 15.7 million during the previous quarter. The decrease was mainly due to lower inventory positions in structured investment products, partially offset by the impact of the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform in Switzerland from Credit Suisse First Boston to Credit Suisse Financial Services.

Credit risk exposure

Credit Suisse Group s total credit-related exposure was 3% lower at September 30, 2003, compared to June 30, 2003. Exposure at Credit Suisse Financial Services increased 4%, while exposure at Credit Suisse First Boston was largely unchanged. The reduction on a consolidated basis was primarily a result of increased intercompany exposure that appears in the business unit figures but is eliminated in the Credit Suisse Group consolidation.

Compared to June 30, 2003, non-performing and total impaired loans for Credit Suisse Group declined as of the end of the third quarter 2003, with reductions reported in both business units. Compared with the previous quarter, total non-performing loans declined 10% at both business units and on a consolidated basis. The reduction in total impaired loans during the third quarter of 2003 was 11% at Credit Suisse Financial Services and 10% at Credit Suisse First Boston. The decline in impaired assets is attributable to repayments, improved credit situations, loan sales and write-offs.

The net credit-related valuation allowances and provisions charged to the income statement for the third quarter of 2003 was CHF 96 million, a slight decrease from the second quarter of 2003, but significantly below that recorded for the third quarter of 2002, particularly at Credit Suisse First Boston. Presented on page 11 are the additions, releases

and recoveries included in calculating the net credit-related valuation allowances and provisions.

Coverage of non-performing loans and impaired loans by the valuation allowances improved for both Credit Suisse Group and Credit Suisse First Boston, while coverage declined slightly for Credit Suisse Financial Services. The quality of the credit exposure for Credit Suisse Group, as measured by counterparty rating, was largely unchanged from the second quarter of 2003.

Key Position Risk Trends

Change Analysis: Brief Summary

		Change in % from		
			<u> </u>	
in CHF m	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	3Q2003 vs 2Q2003
Real Estate ERC &				
				Further reduction in legacy commercial real estate
				exposures at CSFB, partially offset by higher
Structured Asset ERC 1)	3,992	(4%)	(11%)	residential real estate exposures
Developed Market Fixed Income &				
				Lower foreign exchange exposures at Winterthur and
Foreign Exchange ERC	3,602	(11%)	(5%)	lower credit spread exposures at CSFB
				Lower equity positions at Winterthur, partially offset
				by higher equity trading exposures at CSFB and the
Equity Investment ERC	3,177	(2%)	(27%)	CSFS banking segments
				Loan sales to third parties and counterparty exposure
International Lending ERC	2,797	(10%)	(29%)	reductions at CSFB
				Lower exposures with respect to Swiss corporates at
				Corporate & Retail Banking and lower mortgage
Swiss & Retail Lending ERC	1,898	(3%)	(9%)	exposures at Winterthur
				Higher Brazil, Turkey and Indonesia exposure,
Emerging Markets ERC	1,576	2%	(30%)	partially offset by lower Russia exposure
				Divestiture of Republic operations, Churchill and
Insurance Underwriting ERC	647	(38%)	(22%)	Winterthur Italy
Simple sum across risk categories	17,689			
Diversification benefit	(6,096)			
Total position risk ERC	11,593	(4%)	(19%)	

99%, 1-year position risk ERC, excluding foreign exchange translation risk. For an assessment of the total risk profile, operational risk ERC and business risk ERC have to be considered as well. Note that prior period risk data have been restated for methodology changes in order to maintain consistency over time. For a more detailed description of the Group s ERC model, please refer to Credit Suisse Group's Annual Report 2002, which is available on the website: www.credit-suisse.com.

Trading exposures (1-day, 99% VaR)

Credit Suisse Credit Suisse

¹⁾ This category comprises the real estate investments of Winterthur, Credit Suisse First Boston s commercial real estate exposures, Credit Suisse First Boston s asset-backed securities exposures as well as the real estate acquired at auction and real estate for own use in Switzerland.

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	Financial	Services	First Bo	oston 1)	Credit Suis	se Group 2)
in CHF m	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2003	2Q2003
Total VaR						
Period end	19.1	16.5	50.4	102.2	55.1	99.9
Average	15.0	15.7	69.3	87.0	56.3	82.7
Maximum	19.7	20.8	152.5	146.0	58.7	99.9
Minimum	11.3	13.9	35.1	64.2	55.1	69.0
in CHF m	30.09.03	30.06.03	30.09.03	30.06.03	30.09.03	30.06.03
VaR by risk type						
Interest rate	7.0	2.7	43.7	118.0	47.9	119.5
Foreign exchange	2.2	2.1	18.3	14.8	18.6	14.3
Equity	15.5	15.4	28.1	25.7	27.2	25.5
Commodity	0.5	0.1	1.5	0.8	1.3	0.7
Subtotal	25.2	20.3	91.6	159.3	95.0	160.0
Diversification benefit	(6.1)	(3.8)	(41.2)	(57.1)	(39.9)	(60.1)
Total	19.1	16.5	50.4	102.2	55.1	99.9

¹⁾ The CSFB VaR is calculated using the US dollar as the base currency. For the purpose of this disclosure, the CSFB VaR numbers are translated using the respective CSG currency translation closing rate.

²⁾ As Credit Suisse Group does not manage its trading portfolios on a consolidated level, consolidated VaR calculations are performed on a monthly basis only. The average, maximum and minimum values therefore refer to the three month-ends during the quarter. The consolidated VaR calculations for Credit Suisse Group are net of diversification benefits between Credit Suisse First Boston and Credit Suisse Financial Services.

Total credit risk exposure ¹⁾

Total credit lisk exposure	Credit	Suisse Fir	nancial						
	Credit	Services	ianciai	Credit S	uisse Firs	t Boston	Credi	it Suisse C	Group
in CHF m	30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02	30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02	30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02
Due from banks 2)	42,512	34,595	33,306	66,785	65,924	43,462	58,511	68,939	39,469
Due from customers and mortgages ²⁾	138,060	136,180	132,353	70,175	83,880	82,395	206,794	219,270	213,206
Total due from banks and customers, gross ²⁾	180,572	170,775	165,659	136,960	149,804	125,857	265,305	288,209	252,675
Contingent liabilities	11,743	12,330	12,349	38,147	29,586	27,862	40,981	41,056	39,104
Irrevocable commitments 3)	3,341	3,670	2,263	77,676	80,773	81,884	81,370	85,036	85,333
Total banking products	195,656	186,775	180,271	252,783	260,163	235,603	387,656	414,301	377,112
Loans held for sale 4)	0	0		17,028	16,338		17,028	16,338	
Derivative instruments ⁵⁾	4,401	4,452	5,018	54,283	56,416	51,600	56,877	59,618	54,757
Securities lending banks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Securities lending customer	s 0	0	0	1,782	69	64	1,782	69	64
Reverse repurchase agreements banks	5,232	6,717	6,283	168,498	144,214	154,531	169,427	146,443	156,397
Reverse repurchase	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,
agreements customers	7,745	8,094	14,528	41,094	52,724	56,987	48,767	60,536	71,384
Forward reverse repurchase									
agreements	0	0	0	10,115	13,855	7,617	10,115	13,855	7,617

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Total traded products	17,378	19,263	25,829	275,772	267,278	270,799	286,968	280,521	290,219
Total credit risk exposure,	442.024	206020	206100	- 402	- 10 0	7 06 10 2	604 6 5	- 11.160	
gross	213,034	206,038	206,100	545,583	543,779	506,402	691,652	711,160	667,331
Loan valuation allowances									
and provisions	(3,098)	(3,480)	(4,092)	(2,831)	(3,053)	(3,817)	(5,932)	(6,532)	(7,911)
Total credit risk exposure,									
net	209,936	202,558	202,008	542,752	540,726	502,585	685,720	704,628	659,420

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services. Credit Suisse Financial Services/Credit Suisse First Boston reflect business unit amounts. Total consolidated Credit Suisse Group amounts include adjustments and Corporate Center.

Total loan portfolio exposure and allowances and provisions for credit risk 1)

	Credit	Suisse Fir	nancial						
		Services		Credit S	uisse First	Boston	Credi	t Suisse G	roup
in CHF m	30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02	30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02	30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02
Non-performing loans	2,291	2,600	3,004	1,679	1,926	3,351	3,970	4,526	6,355
Non-interest earning loans	1,577	1,706	2,108	437	437	217	2,015	2,143	2,325
Total non-performing loans	3,868	4,306	5,112	2,116	2,363	3,568	5,985	6,669	8,680
Restructured loans	22	63	52	327	198	229	349	261	281
Potential problem loans	1,448	1,599	1,723	730	965	1,685	2,178	2,565	3,408
Total other impaired loans	1,470	1,662	1,775	1,057	1,163	1,914	2,527	2,826	3,689
Total impaired loans	5,338	5,968	6,887	3,173	3,526	5,482	8,512	9,495	12,369
Total due from banks and									
customers, gross	180,572	170,775	165,659	136,960	149,804	125,857	265,305	288,209	252,675
Valuation allowances	3,061	3,446	4,053	2,727	2,928	3,647	5,790	6,373	7,703
of which on principal	2,454	2,749	3,201	2,466	2,692	3,416	4,921	5,441	6,617
of which on interest	607	697	852	261	236	231	869	932	1,086
Total due from banks and									
customers, net	177,511	167,329	161,606	134,233	146,876	122,210	259,515	281,836	244,972
Provisions for contingent liabilities and irrevocable									
commitments	37	34	39	104	125	170	142	159	208
Total valuation allowances									
and provisions	3,098	3,480	4,092	2,831	3,053	3,817	5,932	6,532	7,911
Ratios									
Valuation allowances as % of									
total non-performing loans	79.1%	80.0%	79.3%	128.9%	123.9%	102.2%	96.7%	95.6%	88.7%
Valuation allowances as % of total impaired loans	57.3%	57.7%	58.9%	85.9%	83.0%	66.5%	68.0%	67.1%	62.3%
total impaired loans	31.370	31.170	30.970	03.370	03.070	00.570	00.0 %	07.170	02.570

²⁾ Excluding loans held for sale, securities lending and reverse repurchase transactions.

³⁾ Excluding forward reverse repurchase agreements. Prior periods restated.

⁴⁾ Effective 1Q2003, loans held for sale are presented net of the related loan valuation allowances.

⁵⁾ Positive replacement values considering netting agreements.

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services. Credit Suisse First Boston reflect business unit amounts. Total consolidated Credit Suisse Group amounts include adjustments and Corporate Center.

Roll forward of loan valuation allowance 1)

	Credit	Suisse Fir	nancial						
		Services		Credit S	uisse First	t Boston	Credi	t Suisse G	roup
in CHF m	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002
At beginning of period	3,446	3,776	4,618	2,928	3,115	3,244	6,373	6,891	7,862
Additions	213	129	212	141	139	611	353	268	821
Releases	(133)	(80)	(107)	(105)	(70)	(49)	(238)	(150)	(156)
Net additions charged to									
income statement	80	49	105	36	69	562	115	118	665
Gross write-offs	(438)	(408)	(747)	(239)	(373)	(362)	(676)	(778)	(1,110)
Recoveries	8	6	7	12	6	5	21	12	11
Net write-offs	(430)	(402)	(740)	(227)	(367)	(357)	(655)	(766)	(1,099)
Provisions for interest	1	13	21	31	13	30	31	27	52
Foreign currency translation									
impact and other	(36)	10	(3)	(41)	98	(103)	(74)	103	(102)
At end of period	3,061	3,446	4,001	2,727	2,928	3,376	5,790	6,373	7,378

¹⁾ Credit Suisse Financial Services/Credit Suisse First Boston reflect business unit amounts. Total consolidated Credit Suisse Group amounts include adjustments and Corporate Center.

Net credit-related valuation allowances and provisions 1)

	Credit	Suisse Fii	nancial						
		Services			Credit Suisse First Boston			t Suisse C	roup
in CHF m	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002
Net additions to loan valuation allowance	80	49	105	36	69	562	115	118	665
Net additions to provisions for contingent liabilities and	00	.,	100		O)	302		110	002
irrevocable commitments	6	(5)	1	(26)	(16)	172	(19)	(19)	153
Total net credit-related valuation allowances and provisions charged to income	97	4.4	106	10	52	724	06	00	010
statement	86	44	106	10	53	734	96	99	818

¹⁾ Credit Suisse Financial Services/Credit Suisse First Boston reflect business unit amounts. Total consolidated Credit Suisse Group amounts include adjustments and Corporate Center.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS UNITS | CREDIT SUISSE FINANCIAL SERVICES

Credit Suisse Financial Services recorded a net profit of CHF 1.8 billion in the third quarter of 2003. This result includes an after-tax gain resulting from divestitures of Winterthur of CHF 1.3 billion, net of related provisions. Additionally, Credit Suisse Financial Services third quarter result includes the strengthening by CHF 383 million after tax of certain provisions related to its current and former international business portfolio. The banking segments improved their results for the third consecutive quarter, due mainly to slightly higher operating income and lower operating expenses. Assets under management remained stable at CHF 713.9 billion at the end of the third quarter of 2003, despite a negative impact from the Winterthur divestitures. Net new assets almost doubled to CHF 9.5 billion versus the previous quarter.

In the third quarter of 2003, Credit Suisse Financial Services reported a net profit of CHF 1.8 billion versus a net loss of CHF 1.2 billion in the corresponding period of the previous year. The third quarter 2003 result includes an after-tax gain of CHF 1.3 billion, net of related provisions, from the divestitures of Winterthur s Republic operations in the US, its Churchill operations in the UK and Winterthur Italy. Additionally, Credit Suisse Financial Services third quarter result includes the strengthening by CHF 383 million after tax of certain provisions related to its current and former international business portfolio. In the first nine months of 2003, Credit Suisse Financial Services recorded a net profit of CHF 3.3 billion versus a net loss of CHF 891 million in the corresponding period of the previous year. The business unit s result in the third quarter of 2003 was also affected by the business transfers discussed in An overview of Credit Suisse Group Business transfers on page 7.

Winterthur s capital base was strengthened during the third quarter of 2003 as a result of earnings generation and the above-mentioned divestitures. In isolation, these divestitures increased Winterthur s EU Group solvency surplus capital by approximately CHF 3.5 billion, due to the combination of lowered required capital and higher available capital.

Assets under management for Credit Suisse Financial Services remained stable versus the end of the previous quarter and amounted to CHF 713.9 billion at the end of the third quarter of 2003, despite the CHF 13.7 billion negative impact of the Winterthur divestitures. Net new assets almost doubled in the third quarter of 2003 versus the previous quarter, amounting to CHF 9.5 billion for Credit Suisse Financial Services, with an especially strong contribution from Private Banking of CHF 8.4 billion.

As noted on page 5, the results of the Credit Suisse Financial Services business unit and its segments are discussed on an operating basis. For a reconciliation of operating basis business unit results to Swiss GAAP and a discussion of the material reconciling items, the purpose of the operating basis results and the reasons why management believes they provide useful information for investors, please refer to the Reconciliation of operating results to Swiss GAAP on pages 32 36.

Private Banking

In the third quarter of 2003, Private Banking reported a segment profit of CHF 519 million, an increase of 5% versus the previous quarter and 79% compared with the corresponding period of the previous year. Though the third quarter usually shows seasonal weakness, operating income increased 3%, to CHF 1.6 billion, versus the previous quarter. Compared with the third quarter of 2002, operating income rose 17%. Main drivers for this significant improvement since 2002 were higher commission and service fee income as a result of the higher average asset base and increased client activity.

Operating expenses in the third quarter of 2003 decreased by CHF 33 million, or 4%, to CHF 819 million quarter-on-quarter, and were down CHF 41 million, or 5%, compared with the corresponding period of 2002, in line

with headcount development. In the third quarter of 2003, the cost/income ratio improved for the sixth consecutive quarter, decreasing 4.0 percentage points to 55.1%. The gross margin decreased to 125 bp in the third quarter of 2003, compared to 128 bp in the previous quarter, and increased 13 bp compared to 112 bp in the third quarter of 2002. The decrease in the third quarter of 2003 versus the previous quarter was mainly due to the higher average underlying asset base.

Net new assets more than doubled in the third quarter of 2003 to CHF 8.4 billion, compared to net inflows of CHF 3.8 billion in the second quarter of 2003. Assets under management were CHF 505.1 billion as of September 30, 2003, which reflects an increase of CHF 11.3 billion, or 2.3%, from June 30, 2003, and of CHF 39.4 billion, or 8.5%, versus December 31, 2002. Asian and European Private Banking again achieved good net new asset growth.

Corporate & Retail Banking

Corporate & Retail Banking reported a segment profit of CHF 169 million in the third quarter of 2003. The segment profit increased 8% versus the previous quarter and 54% compared with the corresponding period of the previous year. Operating income decreased slightly quarter-on-quarter, down 2% to CHF 789 million. This decrease is mainly due to lower other ordinary income that in the second quarter of 2003 contained realized gains from the recovery portfolio. Compared with the third quarter of 2002, Corporate & Retail Banking reported almost flat operating income. The net interest margin was 215 bp in the third quarter of 2003, corresponding to an increase of 3 bp from 212 bp in the previous quarter.

Operating expenses decreased CHF 20 million, or 4%, to CHF 483 million in the third quarter of 2003 versus the previous quarter, due mainly to lower personnel expenses in line with headcount development. Compared with the corresponding period of the previous year, operating expenses decreased CHF 56 million, or 10%, due to a reduction of both other operating expenses and personnel expenses.

In the third quarter of 2003, the cost/income ratio improved further to 64.4%, compared to 65.8% in the previous quarter and 72.8% in the third quarter of 2002. In the third quarter of 2003, the actual credit-related provisions recorded were CHF 24 million above the statistical valuation adjustments, but were CHF 20 million below the statistical valuation adjustments for the first nine months of 2003. The actual net credit-related valuation allowances and provisions in the third quarter of 2003 amounted to CHF 84 million and CHF 173 million for the first nine months of 2003. Impaired loans were further reduced by CHF 0.6 billion to CHF 5.0 billion in the third quarter of 2003 compared to June 30, 2003. The return on average allocated capital increased from 12.9% in the second quarter to 13.6% in the third quarter of 2003.

Net new assets of CHF 1.8 billion were recorded in the third quarter of 2003, compared to a net asset inflow of CHF 0.5 billion in the previous quarter. Assets under management were CHF 69.4 billion as of September 30, 2003, which reflects an increase of CHF 2.6 billion, or 3.9%, from June 30, 2003, and a decrease of 0.9 billion, or 1.3%, versus December 31, 2002.

Life & Pensions

In the first nine months of 2003, Life & Pensions reported a segment profit of CHF 354 million, representing a significant improvement from the loss of CHF 1.5 billion in the corresponding period of the previous year. In the third quarter of 2003, the segment profit amounted to CHF 126 million, including an after-tax gain of CHF 57 million from the divestiture of the Italian operations.

Life & Pensions reported a reduction in gross premiums written of 10%, or CHF 1.5 billion, to CHF 13.3 billion in the first nine months of 2003, compared with the same period of 2002. Adjusted for acquisitions, divestitures and exchange rate impacts, gross premiums written decreased 5%. The decline in reported gross premiums written in the first nine months of 2003 was primarily due to Life & Pensions ongoing selective underwriting policy and strong

reported single premium growth during the first nine months of the previous year. Included in the gross premiums written for the first nine months of 2003 are premiums of the divested Winterthur Italy of CHF 692 million. Net new assets in the first nine months of 2003 amounted to CHF 2.0 billion.

In the first nine months of 2003, administration costs decreased 18%, or CHF 192 million, to CHF 862 million, compared with the corresponding period of the previous year. The expense ratio decreased 0.3 percentage points in the first nine months of 2003 to 10.6%, compared to 10.9% in the corresponding period of the previous year. Total expenses in the third quarter of 2003 were affected by additional amortization and write-downs of deferred acquisition costs of CHF 201 million, with a net impact of CHF 75 million on the segment result, recognized due to the lowered expectations for long-term investment returns.

Investment performance improved CHF 2.7 billion to CHF 3.8 billion in the first nine months of 2003, compared with the corresponding period of the previous year, primarily due to a significant decrease in equity impairments and realized losses. Reflecting the improved investment performance in the first nine months of 2003, the total return on invested assets amounted to 5.0%, compared to 1.5% in the corresponding period of 2002. Current income was 4.0% and realized gains/losses and other income/expenses were 1.0% in the first nine months of 2003.

Insurance

In the first nine months of 2003, Insurance reported a segment profit of CHF 1.2 billion compared to a segment loss of CHF 1.0 billion in the corresponding period of the previous year. The strong recovery of the Insurance segment in the first nine months of 2003 was mainly driven by divestiture-related gains and a significant improvement in investment performance, as well as an improvement in its underwriting result, due mainly to the implementation of tariff increases and a continued strict underwriting policy.

In the third quarter of 2003, the segment profit amounted to CHF 991 million, including an after-tax gain of CHF 1.3 billion, net of related provisions, from the divestiture of its US subsidiary Republic Financial Services, Churchill Insurance Group in the UK and Winterthur Italy. In addition, certain provisions of CHF 383 million after tax related to the current and former international business portfolio were recorded in the third quarter.

In the first nine months of 2003, Insurance s net premiums earned increased CHF 205 million, or 2%, to CHF 11.9 billion compared with the corresponding period of the previous year. Adjusted for acquisitions, divestitures and exchange rate impacts, net premiums earned increased 8%, primarily due to tariff increases across all major markets. Included in the net premiums earned in the first nine months of 2003 are premiums of the three divested Winterthur operations of CHF 4.5 billion.

Insurance improved its net underwriting result before dividends to policyholders by CHF 218 million in the first nine months of 2003, reflecting a combined ratio improvement of 1.9 percentage points to 101.6% in the first nine months of 2003, compared to 103.5% in the first nine months of the previous year. This improvement resulted from a decrease in the claims ratio of 1.5 percentage points to 73.2% in the first nine months of 2003 versus the corresponding period of the previous year, mainly reflecting benefits from improved pricing and continued streamlining of the business portfolio. The reported combined ratio of 103.6% in the third quarter of 2003 includes CHF 117 million of certain provisions related to the current and former international business portfolio, which corresponds to 3.1 percentage points in the combined ratio.

Administration costs decreased 8%, or CHF 123 million, to CHF 1.4 billion in the first nine months of 2003 compared with the corresponding period of the previous year, despite premium growth, reflecting continued progress in ongoing efficiency initiatives. Compared with the corresponding period of the previous year, the expense ratio improved 0.4% to 28.4% in the first nine months of 2003, with a reduction in administration costs offset by higher policy acquisition costs.

In the first nine months of 2003, Insurance reported net investment income of CHF 952 million versus a net investment loss of CHF 69 million in the corresponding period of the previous year, primarily due to a significant decrease in equity impairments and realized losses. Reflecting the improved investment performance in the first nine months of 2003, the total return on invested assets amounted to 3.8%, compared to 0.3% in the corresponding period of 2002. Current income was 3.9% and realized gains/losses and other income/expenses were 0.1% in the first nine months of 2003.

Credit Suisse Financial Services bus	siness unit	income s	tatement	operating Change in % from	Change in % from	9 m	onths	Change in % from
in CHF m	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002	2002
Operating income ²⁾	4,548	3,544	2,364	28	92	11,594	8,586	35
Personnel expenses	1,385	1,434	1,486	(3)	(7)	4,232	4,500	(6)
Other operating expenses	732	744	884	(2)	(17)	2,292	2,691	(15)
Operating expenses	2,117	2,178	2,370	(3)	(11)	6,524	7,191	(9)
Gross operating profit	2,431	1,366	(6)	78		5,070	1,395	263
Depreciation of non-current assets	177	156	143	13	24	503	482	4
Amortization of Present Value of Future Profits (PVFP)	102	38	119	168	(14)	192	205	(6)
Valuation adjustments, provisions and losses	90	90	91	0	(1)	261	285	(8)
Net operating profit/(loss) before extraordinary items, acquisition-related costs, exceptional items and taxes	2,062	1,082	(359)	91		4,114	423	
Extraordinary income/(expenses),								
net	3	8	6	(63)	(50)	18	24	(25)
Taxes ^{3) 4)}	(260)	(223)	(689)	17	(62)	(742)	(1,192)	(38)
Net operating profit/(loss) before acquisition-related costs, exceptional items and minority interests	1,805	867	(1,042)	108		3,390	(745)	
Amortization of acquired	,							
intangible assets and goodwill	(25)	(27)	(27)	(7)	(7)	(77)	(102)	(25)
Exceptional items	0	0	(119)		(100)	0	(119)	(100)
Tax impact	1	0	1		0	2	2	0
Business unit result before minority interests	1,781	840	(1,187)	112		3,315	(964)	
Minority interests	8	(10)	17		(53)	(10)	100	
Business unit result 5)	1,789	830	(1,170)	116		3,305	(864)	
Increased/(decreased) credit-related valuation adjustments, net of tax ⁶⁾	11	(21)	24		(54)	(28)	27	

109

3.333

(891)

851 (1,194)

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Reconciliation to net operating								
profit/(loss)								
Business unit result	1,789	830	(1,170)	116		3,305	(864)	
Amortization of acquired								
intangible assets and goodwill, net								
of tax	24	27	26	(11)	(8)	75	807)	(6)
Exceptional items, net of tax	0	0	119		(100)	0	119	(100)
Net operating profit/(loss)	1,813	857	(1,025)	112		3,380	(665)	

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services and the transfer of Credit Suisse First Boston's Private Client Services UK business from CSFB Financial Services to Private Banking. The operating basis business unit results reflect the results of the separate segments comprising the business unit. Certain acquisition-related costs, including amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, and exceptional items, not allocated to the segments are included in the business unit results. Certain other items, including credit-related valuation adjustments resulting from the difference between the statistical and actual credit provisions and gains/losses from sales of investments within the insurance business are presented in the operating basis business unit results based on the Group's segment reporting principles. For a reconciliation and a discussion of the material reconciling items, please refer to Reconciliation of operating results to Swiss GAAP.

1,778

Net profit/(loss)

Credit Suisse Financial Services business unit key information 1)

			_	9 mo	nths
	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002
Cost/income ratio ²⁾	70.7%	66.9%	110.0%	68.8%	92.3%
Cost/income ratio operating (3) 4)	50.4%	65.9%	106.3%	60.6%	89.4%
Cost/income ratio operating,					
banking ³⁾	58.2%	61.4%	70.9%	61.5%	64.6%
Return on average allocated capital ²⁾	49.2%	25.8%	(39.4%)	32.9%	(10.6%)
Return on average allocated capital					
operating ³⁾	50.2%	26.0%	(33.9%)	33.3%	(8.2%)
Average allocated capital in CHF m	14,392	13,326	12,286	13,566	12,432
Growth in assets under management	0.5%	7.0%	(3.8%)	5.4%	(8.3%)
of which net new assets	1.3%	0.7%	0.2%	2.2%	2.6%
of which market movement and					
structural effects	1.1%	6.3%	(4.1%)	5.3%	(10.6%)
of which acquisitions/(divestitures)	(1.9%)	(0.1%)	0.1%	(2.1%)	(0.3%)

²⁾ For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, operating income for the insurance business is defined as net premiums earned, less claims incurred and change in technical provisions and expenses for processing claims, less commissions, plus net investment income from the insurance business.

³⁾ In 4Q2002, Credit Suisse Group adopted a change in accounting principle relating to the recognition of deferred tax assets on net operating losses. The retroactive application of this change in accounting principle would have resulted in taxes for 3Q2002 and for the 9 months 2002 of CHF 590 m and CHF 875 m, respectively.

⁴⁾ Excluding tax impact on amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill.

⁵⁾ Represents net profit/(loss) excluding credit-related valuation adjustments resulting from the difference between the statistical and actual credit provisions, net of tax.

⁶⁾ Increased/(decreased) credit-related valuation adjustments before tax of CHF 14 m, CHF 27 m, CHF 31 m, CHF 37 m and CHF 35 m for 3Q2003, 2Q2003, 3Q2002, 9 months 2003 and 9 months 2002, respectively.

⁷⁾ Excluding a CHF 20 m write-off relating to a participation.

of which discretionary	(1.3%)	2.6%	(0.6%)	0.8%	(1.3%)
			30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02
Assets under management in CHF bn			713.9	710.2	677.5
Number of employees (full-time					
equivalents)			41,834	53,069	54,378

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services and the transfer of Credit Suisse First Boston's Private Client Services UK business from CSFB Financial Services to Private Banking.

⁴⁾ Excluding amortization of PVFP from the insurance business within Credit Suisse Financial Services. Overview of business unit Credit Suisse Financial Services operating¹⁾

3Q2003, in CHF m	Private Banking	Corporate & Retail Banking	Life & Pensions	Insurance	Credit Suisse Financial Services
Operating income ²⁾	1,571	789	599	1,589	4,548
Personnel expenses	560	302	182	341	1,385
Other operating expenses	259	181	106	186	732
Operating expenses	819	483	288	527	2,117
Gross operating profit	752	306	311	1,062	2,431
Depreciation of non-current assets	47	25	60	45	177
Amortization of Present Value of Future Profits (PVFP)			101	1	102
Valuation adjustments, provisions and losses	25	65			90
Net operating profit before extraordinary items,					
acquisition-related costs and taxes	680	216	150	1,016	2,062
Extraordinary income/(expenses), net	3	0	0	0	3
Taxes 3)	(164)	(47)	(24)	(25)	(260)
Net operating profit before acquisition-related costs and minority interests	519	169	126	991	1,805
Amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill Tax impact					(25) 1
Business unit result before minority interests					1,781
Minority interests					8

²⁾ Based on the business unit results on a Swiss GAAP basis.

 $^{^{3)}}$ Based on the operating basis business unit results, which exclude certain acquisition-related costs and exceptional items not allocated to the segments and reflect certain reclassifications discussed in the Reconciliation of operating results to Swiss GAAP .

Business unit result 4) 1,789

Other data:				
Average allocated capital 5)	2,769	4,975	6,649	14,392

- ¹⁾ The operating basis business unit results reflect the results of the separate segments comprising the business unit. Certain acquisition-related costs, including amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, not allocated to the segments are included in the business unit results. Certain other items, including credit-related valuation adjustments resulting from the difference between the statistical and actual credit provisions and gains/losses from sales of investments within the insurance business are presented in the operating basis business unit results based on the Group s segment reporting principles. For a reconciliation and a discussion of the material reconciling items, please refer to Reconciliation of operating results to Swiss GAAP.
- ²⁾ Operating income for the insurance business is defined as net premiums earned, less claims incurred and change in technical provisions and expenses for processing claims, less commissions, plus net investment income from the insurance business. Gains or losses related to divestitures and sales of investments within the insurance business are recorded as operating income at the business unit level and reclassified to extraordinary income/(expenses) in the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Swiss GAAP.
- 3) Excluding tax impact on amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill.
- ⁴⁾ Represents net profit excluding credit-related valuation adjustments resulting from the difference between the statistical and actual credit provisions.
- ⁵⁾ Amount relating to Life & Pensions and Insurance segments represents the average shareholders' equity of Winterthur Swiss Insurance Company.

Private Banking income statement 1)

C				Change in % from	Change in % from			Change in % from
						9 mc	onths	
in CHF m	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002	2002
Net interest income	334	365	326	(8)	2	1,025	1,039	(1)
Net commission and service fee								
income	1,038	986	934	5	11	2,932	3,203	(8)
Net trading income	188	159	72	18	161	503	416	21
Other ordinary income	11	9	14	22	(21)	29	47	(38)
Operating income	1,571	1,519	1,346	3	17	4,489	4,705	(5)
Personnel expenses	560	577	543	(3)	3	1,681	1,730	(3)
Other operating expenses	259	275	317	(6)	(18)	820	981	(16)
Operating expenses	819	852	860	(4)	(5)	2,501	2,711	(8)
Gross operating profit	752	667	486	13	55	1,988	1,994	(0)
Depreciation of non-current assets	47	46	79	2	(41)	150	182	(18)
Valuation adjustments, provisions and losses ²⁾	25	19	17	32	47	48	51	(6)
Net operating profit before								
extraordinary items, exceptional								
items and taxes	680	602	390	13	74	1,790	1,761	2
Extraordinary income/(expenses),								
net	3	7	2	(57)	50	17	21	(19)
Taxes 3)	(164)	(117)	(102)	40	61	(401)	(400)	0
	519	492	290	5	79	1,406	1,382	2

Net operating profit before exceptional items and minority interests (segment result)

Other data:

Increased/(decreased) credit-related					
valuation adjustments ²⁾	(10)	(7)	17	43	(17) 10

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services and the transfer of Credit Suisse First Boston's Private Client Services UK business from CSFB Financial Services to Private Banking. Certain acquisition-related costs, including amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, and exceptional items not allocated to the segments are included in the business unit results.

³⁾ In 4Q2002, Credit Suisse Group adopted a change in accounting principle relating to the recognition of deferred tax assets on net operating losses. The retroactive application of this change in accounting principle would have resulted in taxes for 3Q2002 and for the 9 months 2002 of CHF 123 m and CHF 398 m, respectively. Private Banking balance sheet information ¹⁾

in CHF m	30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02	Change in % from 30.06.03	Change in % from 31.12.02
Total assets	183,698	175,451	171,126	5	7
Due from customers	32,548	31,958	36,164	2	(10)
Mortgages	25,695	24,527	22,935	5	12

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services and the transfer of Credit Suisse First Boston's Private Client Services UK business from CSFB Financial Services to Private Banking.

Private Banking key information 1)

				9 mo	nths
	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002
Cost/income ratio ²⁾	55.1%	59.1%	69.8%	59.1%	61.5%
Average allocated capital in CHF m	2,769	2,671	2,536	2,657	2,507
Pre-tax margin ²⁾	43.5%	40.1%	29.1%	40.3%	37.9%
Fee income/operating income	66.1%	64.9%	69.4%	65.3%	68.1%
Net new assets in CHF bn	8.4	3.8	3.4	13.7	18.2
Growth in assets under management	2.3%	8.1%	(4.4%)	8.5%	(9.3%)
of which net new assets	1.7%	0.8%	0.7%	2.9%	3.5%
of which market movement and					
structural effects	0.6%	7.2%	(5.1%)	5.5%	(12.8%)
Gross margin 3)	124.8 bp	127.9 bp	111.8 bp	124.8 bp	123.7 bp
of which asset-driven	78.6 bp	81.5 bp	79.7 bp	80.2 bp	82.0 bp
of which transaction-driven	42.2 bp	42.3 bp	27.5 bp	40.5 bp	37.0 bp
of which other	4.0 bp	4.1 bp	4.6 bp	4.1 bp	4.7 bp
Net margin ⁴⁾	41.2 bp	41.4 bp	24.1 bp	39.1 bp	36.3 bp

²⁾ Increased/(decreased) credit-related valuation adjustments resulting from the difference between the statistical and actual credit provisions.

	30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02
Assets under management in CHF bn	505.1	493.8	465.7
Number of employees (full-time			
equivalents)	12,032	12,318	12,967

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services and the transfer of Credit Suisse First Boston's Private Client Services UK business from CSFB Financial Services to Private Banking.

Corporate & Retail Banking income statement 1)

			Change	Change			Change
			in $\%$ from	in % from			in % from
					9 m	onths	
3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002	2002
530	519	538	2	(1)	1,556	1,615	(4)
165	158	177	4	(7)	485	547	(11)
73	80	69	(9)	6	224	212	6
21	46	0	(54)		81	38	113
789	803	784	(2)	1	2,346	2,412	(3)
302	322	313	(6)	(4)	939	943	(0)
181	181	226	0	(20)	542	684	(21)
483	503	539	(4)	(10)	1,481	1,627	(9)
306	300	245	2	25	865	785	10
25	25	32	0	(22)	74	78	(5)
65	71	74	(8)	(12)	213	234	(9)
216	204	139	6	55	578	473	22
0	1	4	(100)	(100)	1	3	(67)
(47)	(49)	(33)	(4)	42	(134)	(112)	20
169	156	110	8	54	445	364	22
24	(20)	14		71	(20)	25	
	530 165 73 21 789 302 181 483 306 25 65 216 0 (47)	530 519 165 158 73 80 21 46 789 803 302 322 181 181 483 503 306 300 25 25 65 71 216 204 0 1 (47) (49) 169 156	530 519 538 165 158 177 73 80 69 21 46 0 789 803 784 302 322 313 181 181 226 483 503 539 306 300 245 25 25 32 65 71 74 216 204 139 0 1 4 (47) (49) (33) 169 156 110	3Q2003 2Q2003 3Q2002 2Q2003 530 519 538 2 165 158 177 4 73 80 69 (9) 21 46 0 (54) 789 803 784 (2) 302 322 313 (6) 181 181 226 0 483 503 539 (4) 306 300 245 2 25 25 32 0 65 71 74 (8) 216 204 139 6 0 1 4 (100) (47) (49) (33) (4) 169 156 110 8	in % from in % from 3Q2003 2Q2003 3Q2002 2Q2003 3Q2002 530 519 538 2 (1) 165 158 177 4 (7) 73 80 69 (9) 6 21 46 0 (54) 1 789 803 784 (2) 1 302 322 313 (6) (4) 181 181 226 0 (20) 483 503 539 (4) (10) 306 300 245 2 25 25 25 32 0 (22) 65 71 74 (8) (12) 216 204 139 6 55 0 1 4 (100) (100) (47) (49) (33) (4) 42 169 156 110 8 54	in % from in % from 9 mod 3Q2003 2Q2003 3Q2002 2Q2003 3Q2002 2Q003 530 519 538 2 (1) 1,556 165 158 177 4 (7) 485 73 80 69 (9) 6 224 21 46 0 (54) 81 789 803 784 (2) 1 2,346 302 322 313 (6) (4) 939 181 181 226 0 (20) 542 483 503 539 (4) (10) 1,481 306 300 245 2 25 865 25 25 32 0 (22) 74 65 71 74 (8) (12) 213 0 1 4 (100) (100) 1 (47) (49) (33) (4) 42 </th <th>3Q2003 2Q2003 3Q2002 2Q2003 3Q2002 2003 2002 530 519 538 2 (1) 1,556 1,615 165 158 177 4 (7) 485 547 73 80 69 (9) 6 224 212 21 46 0 (54) 81 38 789 803 784 (2) 1 2,346 2,412 302 322 313 (6) (4) 939 943 181 181 226 0 (20) 542 684 483 503 539 (4) (10) 1,481 1,627 306 300 245 2 25 865 785 25 25 32 0 (22) 74 78 65 71 74 (8) (12) 213 234 407 (49) (33)<!--</th--></th>	3Q2003 2Q2003 3Q2002 2Q2003 3Q2002 2003 2002 530 519 538 2 (1) 1,556 1,615 165 158 177 4 (7) 485 547 73 80 69 (9) 6 224 212 21 46 0 (54) 81 38 789 803 784 (2) 1 2,346 2,412 302 322 313 (6) (4) 939 943 181 181 226 0 (20) 542 684 483 503 539 (4) (10) 1,481 1,627 306 300 245 2 25 865 785 25 25 32 0 (22) 74 78 65 71 74 (8) (12) 213 234 407 (49) (33) </th

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services. Certain acquisition-related costs, including amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, not allocated to the

²⁾ Based on the segment results, which exclude certain acquisition-related costs and exceptional items not allocated to the segment.

³⁾ Operating income/average assets under management.

⁴⁾ Net operating profit before exceptional items and minority interests (segment result)/average assets under management.

segments are included in the business unit results.

Corporate & Retail Banking balance sheet information 1)

				Change	Change
				in % from	in % from
in CHF m	30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02	30.06.03	31.12.02
Total assets	96,425	97,557	94,757	(1)	2
Due from customers	25,318	26,943	28,048	(6)	(10)
Mortgages	59,467	58,616	57,165	1	4
Due to customers in savings and					
investment deposits	28,080	27,848	27,081	1	4
Due to customers, other	28,728	28,228	27,611	2	4

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services. Corporate & Retail Banking key information ¹⁾

				9 mc	onths
	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002
Cost/income ratio ²⁾	64.4%	65.8%	72.8%	66.3%	70.7%
Return on average allocated capital ²⁾ Average allocated capital in CHF m	13.6% 4,975	12.9% 4,828	8.7% 5,080	12.2 <i>%</i> 4,859	9.5% 5,103
Pre-tax margin ²⁾	27.4%	25.5%	18.2%	24.7%	19.7%
Personnel expenses/operating income	38.3%	40.1%	39.9%	40.0%	39.1%
Net interest margin	215 bp	212 bp	223 bp	213 bp	214 bp
Loan growth	(0.9%)	(0.5%)	(0.6%)	(0.5%)	0.6%
Net new assets in CHF bn	1.8	0.5	(2.3)	(1.1)	(3.4)
			30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02
Deposit/loan ratio			67.0%	65.5%	64.2%
Assets under management in CHF bn			69.4	66.8	70.3
Number of employees (full-time equivalents)			8,690	8,899	9,281
Number of branches			220	221	223

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services.

²⁾ Based on the segment results, which exclude certain acquisition-related costs not allocated to the segment. Life & Pensions income statement ¹⁾

Change Change		Change
in % from in % from		in % from
	9 months	

²⁾ Increased/(decreased) credit-related valuation adjustments resulting from the difference between the statistical and actual credit provisions.

³⁾ In 4Q2002, Credit Suisse Group adopted a change in accounting principle relating to the recognition of deferred tax assets on net operating losses. The retroactive application of this change in accounting principle would not have had an impact on the taxes reported for 3Q2002 and for the 9 months 2002.

in CHF m	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002	2002
Gross premiums written	3,312	3,466	4,543	(4)	(27)	13,277	14,801	(10)
Reinsurance ceded	(33)	(13)	171	154	, ,	(69)	(26)	165
Net premiums written	3,279	3,453	4,714	(5)	(30)	13,208	14,775	(11)
Change in provision for unearned premiums	2	0	8		(75)	(8)	(33)	(76)
Net premiums earned	3,281	3,453	4,722	(5)	(31)	13,200	14,742	(10)
Death and other benefits incurred	(3,791)	(2,870)	(2,672)	32	42	(10,761)	(9,319)	15
Change in provision for future policyholder benefits (technical)	243	(1,098)	(2,506)			(3,726)	(6,866)	(46)
Change in provision for future policyholder benefits (separate account) ²⁾	(435)	(916)	1,104	(53)		(1,140)	1,650	
Dividends to policyholders	· · ·		,			, , ,	,	
incurred	(169)	(202)	207	(16)		(395)	1,020	
Policy acquisition costs (including								
change in DAC/PVFP)	(305)	(120)	(358)	154	(15)	(545)	(556)	(2)
Administration costs	(263)	(277)	(333)	(5)	(21)	(862)	(1,054)	(18)
Investment income general								
account	1,304	1,296	309	1	322	3,821	1,105	246
Investment income separate								
account 2)	435	916	(1,104)	(53)		1,140	(1,650)	
Interest received and paid	(28)	(14)	(30)	100	(7)	(61)	(53)	15
Interest on bonuses credited to								
policyholders	(32)	(53)	(29)	(40)	10	(118)	(105)	12
Other income/(expenses), net	(90)	25	5			(78)	98	
Net operating profit/(loss) before								
taxes	150	140	(685)	7		475	(988)	
Taxes 3)	(24)	(23)	(396)	4	(94)	(121)	(505)	(76)
Net operating profit/(loss) before								
minority interests (segment result)	126	117	(1,081)	8		354	(1,493)	

¹⁾ The presentation of segment results differs from the presentation of the Group's consolidated results as it reflects the way the insurance business is managed, which is in line with peers in the insurance industry. Certain acquisition-related costs, including amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, not allocated to the segments are included in the business unit results.

³⁾ In 4Q2002, Credit Suisse Group adopted a change in accounting principle relating to the recognition of deferred tax assets on net operating losses. The retroactive application of this change in accounting principle would have resulted in taxes for 3Q2002 and for the 9 months 2002 of CHF 302 m and CHF 247 m, respectively. Life & Pensions key information

				9 months		
	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002	
Expense ratio 1)	17.1%	11.5%	15.2%	10.6%	10.9%	
Growth in gross premiums written	(27.1%)	(0.9%)	44.8%	(10.3%)	18.3%	

²⁾ This represents the market impact for separate account (or unit-linked) business, where the investment risk is borne by the policyholder.

Return on invested assets (excluding					
separate account business)					
Current income	4.0%	4.2%	3.6%	4.0%	4.0%
Realized gains/losses and other					
income/expenses	1.0%	0.9%	(2.4%)	1.0%	(2.5%)
Total return on invested assets ²⁾	5.0%	5.1%	1.2%	5.0%	1.5%
Net new assets in CHF bn ³⁾	(0.7)	0.5	0.4	2.0	4.7
Total sales in CHF m 4)	3,883	4,164	5,240	15,419	17,507
			30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02
Assets under management in CHF					
bn ⁵⁾			112.3	117.0	110.8
Technical provisions in CHF m			107,437	113,059	105,939
Number of employees (full-time					
equivalents)			7,392	7,519	7,815
_					

¹⁾ Operating expenses (i.e. policy acquisition costs and administration costs)/gross premiums written. Previous periods restated to reflect change in calculation.

⁵⁾ Based on savings-related provisions for policyholders plus off-balance sheet assets. Insurance income statement ¹⁾

				Change in % from	Change in % from			Change in % from
						9 mc	onths	
in CHF m	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002	2002
Gross premiums written	3,385	4,037	3,755	(16)	(10)	14,257	14,545	(2)
Reinsurance ceded	(236)	(236)	(232)	0	2	(899)	(851)	6
Net premiums written	3,149	3,801	3,523	(17)	(11)	13,358	13,694	(2)
Change in provision for unearned premiums and in provision for								
future policy benefits (health)	663	285	414	133	60	(1,482)	(2,023)	(27)
Net premiums earned	3,812	4,086	3,937	(7)	(3)	11,876	11,671	2
Claims and annuities incurred, net	(2,918)	(2,945)	(2,920)	(1)	0	(8,689)	(8,715)	0
Dividends to policyholders incurred, net	(95)	(77)	(53)	23	79	(217)	(3)	
Policy acquisition costs (including change in DAC/PVFP)	(582)	(726)	(630)	(20)	(8)	(2,018)	(1,882)	7
Administration costs	(450)	(433)	(496)	4	(9)	(1,355)	(1,478)	(8)
Underwriting result, net	(233)	(95)	(162)	145	44	(403)	(407)	(1)
Net investment income	348	315	110	10	216	952	(69)	
Interest received and paid	(28)	(27)	(36)	4	(22)	(102)	(67)	52

²⁾ Total return on invested assets includes depreciation on real estate and investment expenses as well as investment income and realized gains and losses.

³⁾ Based on change in technical provisions for traditional business, adjusted for technical interests, net inflow of separate account business and change in off-balance sheet business such as funds.

⁴⁾ Includes gross premiums written and off-balance sheet sales.

Other income/(expenses), net	929	(57)	(115)			824	(280)	
Net operating profit/(loss) before								
taxes	1,016	136	(203)			1,271	(823)	
Taxes ²⁾	(25)	(34)	(158)	(26)	(84)	(86)	(175)	(51)
Net operating profit/(loss) before minority interests (segment								
result)	991	102	(361)			1,185	(998)	

¹⁾ The presentation of segment results differs from the presentation of the Group's consolidated results as it reflects the way the insurance business is managed, which is in line with peers in the insurance industry. Certain acquisition-related costs, including amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, not allocated to the segments are included in the business unit results.

²⁾ In 4Q2002, Credit Suisse Group adopted a change in accounting principle relating to the recognition of deferred tax assets on net operating losses. The retroactive application of this change in accounting principle would have resulted in taxes for 3Q2002 and for the 9 months 2002 of CHF 132 m and CHF 118 m, respectively. Insurance key information

			9 1110	ionuis	
3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002	
103.6%	100.5%	102.8%	101.6%	103.5%	
76.5%	72.1%	74.2%	73.2%	74.7%	
27.1%	28.4%	28.6%	28.4%	28.8%	
3.8%	4.1%	4.1%	3.9%	4.3%	
0.1%	(0.1%)	(2.5%)	(0.1%)	(4.6%)	
3.9%	4.0%	1.6%	3.8%	(0.3%)	
		30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02	
		27.1	32.6	30.7	
		22,764	32,308	28,745	
		13,720	24,333	24,315	
	103.6% 76.5% 27.1% 3.8% 0.1%	103.6% 100.5% 76.5% 72.1% 27.1% 28.4% 3.8% 4.1% 0.1% (0.1%)	103.6% 100.5% 102.8% 76.5% 72.1% 74.2% 27.1% 28.4% 28.6% 3.8% 4.1% 4.1% 0.1% (0.1%) (2.5%) 3.9% 4.0% 1.6% 30.09.03 27.1 22,764	3Q2003 2Q2003 3Q2002 2003 103.6% 100.5% 102.8% 101.6% 76.5% 72.1% 74.2% 73.2% 27.1% 28.4% 28.6% 28.4% 3.8% 4.1% 4.1% 3.9% 0.1% (0.1%) (2.5%) (0.1%) 3.9% 4.0% 1.6% 3.8% 30.09.03 30.06.03 27.1 32.6 22,764 32,308	

¹⁾ Claims and annuities incurred, net/net premiums earned.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS UNITS | CREDIT SUISSE FIRST BOSTON

9 months

²⁾ Operating expenses (i.e. policy acquisition costs and administration costs)/net premiums earned.

³⁾ Total return on invested assets includes depreciation on real estate and investment expenses as well as investment income and realized gains and losses.

Credit Suisse First Boston reported a net profit of USD 224 million (CHF 308 million) in the third quarter of 2003, down 21% compared with the second quarter of 2003. Institutional Securities segment profit declined primarily on lower Fixed Income results partially offset by lower expenses. CSFB Financial Services segment profit declined compared with the previous quarter. Credit Suisse First Boston s assets under management totaled USD 366.8 billion (CHF 485.3 billion) as of September 30, 2003.

Credit Suisse First Boston s net operating profit in the third quarter of 2003, which is net profit excluding the amortization of goodwill and acquired intangible assets, net of tax, decreased to USD 358 million (CHF 491 million) from USD 412 million (CHF 548 million) in the second quarter of 2003, and increased compared to a net loss of USD 250 million (CHF 415 million) in the third quarter of 2002. For the first nine months of 2003, net operating profit was USD 1.0 billion (CHF 1.4 billion).

As announced previously, in the third quarter Credit Suisse First Boston introduced a three-year vesting period for future stock awards in line with its long-term service and retention strategy and industry practice in investment banking. Accordingly, future stock awards will be expensed over a three-year period beginning in 2004. The net pre-tax impact of this change in the third quarter was USD 90 million (CHF 122 million), and USD 65 million (CHF 88 million) after tax. The reversal of the pre-tax accrual for the first six months of 2003 of USD 173 million (CHF 234 million) was partially offset by an incremental incentive compensation accrual to achieve full year compensation objectives. This resulted in a ratio of personnel expenses to operating income, calculated on an operating basis, of 48.5% in the third quarter. The business unit review below includes the effects of this change in the expensing of stock awards .

Operating income in the third quarter of 2003 decreased 22% to USD 2.4 billion (CHF 3.4 billion) compared with the second quarter of 2003, as conservative risk positioning in light of US interest rate volatility reduced fixed income trading results and resulted in lower Value-at-Risk. Operating income from the Equity and the Investment Banking divisions also declined quarter-on-quarter by 8% and 11%, respectively. Compared with the third quarter of 2002, operating income decreased 6% in the third quarter of 2003, due to declines in the Fixed Income division and the sale of Pershing, partially offset by better performance in the legacy portfolio within the Other division.

Cost control continued to be a key goal for Credit Suisse First Boston during the third quarter of 2003. Operating expenses of USD 1.8 billion (CHF 2.5 billion) for the third quarter of 2003 decreased 21% compared with the previous quarter. Personnel expenses decreased 28% to USD 1.2 billion (CHF 1.6 billion) in the third quarter of 2003, compared to USD 1.6 billion (CHF 2.2 billion) in the second quarter of 2003, due primarily to lower incentive compensation accruals in line with lower revenue and the change in the vesting period of stock awards. In the third quarter of 2003, other operating expenses were 4% less than the second quarter of 2003.

Compared with the third quarter of 2002, third quarter 2003 operating expenses declined 15%, reflecting a 14% decline in personnel expenses, due to the implementation of the new vesting arrangements for future stock awards, lower incentive compensation accruals in line with lower operating income and reduced headcount. The 17% decline in other operating expenses was principally a result of ongoing cost containment efforts.

Valuation adjustments, provisions and losses of USD 80 million (CHF 111 million) increased 63% in the third quarter of 2003 compared with the second quarter of 2003 and included net credit-related valuation allowances and provisions of USD 7 million (CHF 10 million). Non-performing loans decreased 8% to USD 1.6 billion (CHF 2.1 billion) from June 30, 2003, and the ratio of valuation allowances to non-performing loans increased modestly to 129% during the third quarter of 2003. Compared with the third quarter of 2002, valuation adjustments, provisions

and losses declined 86% on substantially lower credit provisions.

The decline of USD 81 million (CHF 105 million) in the amortization of retention payments from the second quarter of 2003 reflected the substantial completion of the DLJ retention award plan in June 2003.

The favorable resolution of certain outstanding tax matters resulted in a 16% effective income tax rate in the third quarter of 2003 compared to 27% in the second quarter of 2003.

On September 1, 2003, Credit Suisse First Boston transferred its securities and treasury execution platform in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services. It also transferred its Private Client Services UK business from CSFB Financial Services to Private Banking. The results for all periods presented have been restated to reflect these transfers and are discussed in An overview of Credit Suisse Group Business transfers on page 7.

As noted on page 5, the results of the Credit Suisse First Boston business unit and its segments are discussed on an operating basis. For a reconciliation of operating basis business unit results to Swiss GAAP and a discussion of the material reconciling items, the purpose of the operating basis results and the reasons why management believes they provide useful information for investors, please refer to Reconciliation of operating results to Swiss GAAP on pages 32 36.

Institutional Securities

Institutional Securities reported a segment profit of USD 348 million (CHF 480 million) for the third quarter of 2003 compared to USD 453 million (CHF 604 million) in the second quarter of 2003 and a segment loss of USD 180 million (CHF 310 million) in the third quarter of 2002.

Operating income decreased 24% to USD 2.1 billion (CHF 3.0 billion) in the third quarter of 2003, compared with the second quarter of 2003 as a result of conservative risk positioning in the Fixed Income division and declines in the Equity and Investment Banking divisions. Third quarter 2003 operating expenses decreased 24% compared with the second quarter of 2003, largely due to lower compensation accruals and continued focus on cost control. Third quarter 2003 operating income was comparable with the third quarter of 2002, reflecting a significant reduction in legacy portfolio write-downs, largely offset by a decline in the Fixed Income division primarily due to a less favorable US interest rate environment. Operating expenses in the third quarter of 2003 decreased 10% compared with the third quarter of 2002, due to a decline in personnel expenses consistent with the trends explained for Credit Suisse First Boston overall. Third quarter 2003 valuation adjustments, provisions and losses of USD 80 million (CHF 111 million) were 43% higher than the second quarter of 2003, despite a decline in credit provisions that were principally due to loan repayments and loan sales, mainly reflecting markedly improved credit conditions.

Fixed Income s third quarter 2003 operating income of USD 819 million (CHF 1.1 billion) decreased 41% compared with the second quarter of 2003. Operating income was lower across most Fixed Income business lines. Structured products, most significantly residential mortgages, and the interest rate businesses were adversely impacted by lower volume, seasonal influences and conservative risk positioning in light of US interest rate volatility, resulting in reduced Value-at-Risk. Additionally, the level of securitizations declined compared with the robust second quarter of 2003. High yield operating income remained strong, although it was lower than the record-setting second quarter of 2003. Compared with the third quarter of 2002, operating income in the third quarter of 2003 decreased 26%, primarily due to declines in the interest rate and structured product businesses, offset in part by stronger high yield and credit trading results. Credit Suisse First Boston s research strength was again recognized by a #2 ranking in Institutional Investor All-America Fixed Income Research Team survey and a top ranking for leveraged finance research as published in September 2003.

The **Equity division** s third quarter 2003 operating income declined 8% to USD 675 million (CHF 931 million) compared with the second quarter of 2003. While operating income from the cash trading activity increased in all regions compared with the second quarter of 2003, operating income generated from derivatives activities, particularly related to convertible securities, was lower than the results recorded in the second quarter of 2003. Operating income in the third quarter of 2003 was comparable to the third quarter of 2002, with declines in index, options and structured products largely offset by an improvement in the convertible securities business.

Investment Banking s third quarter 2003 operating income, which includes private equity, decreased 11% to USD 572 million (CHF 790 million) compared with the second quarter of 2003. High yield and equity new issuance activity, particularly convertible securities, and private equity gains decreased in the third quarter of 2003 compared with the second quarter of 2003. Credit Suisse First Boston s mergers and acquisition fee income increased, while the industry s globally completed deals remained flat, based on US dollar volume, in the third quarter of 2003 compared with the second quarter of 2003. Investment Banking s operating income in the third quarter of 2003 was comparable to last year s third quarter. The third quarter of 2003 included improved syndicated finance and high yield new issuance results. Credit Suisse First Boston continued to be ranked first in underwriting global high yield new issuances in the third quarter of 2003.

The **Other** division reported third quarter 2003 operating income of USD 69 million (CHF 95 million), compared to operating income of USD 57 million (CHF 77 million) in the second quarter of 2003 and an operating loss of USD 240 million (CHF 377 million) in the third quarter of 2002. These increases in operating income were principally related to gains on sales of several legacy investments. All non-continuing legacy businesses produced operating income of USD 73 million (CHF 99 million) in the third quarter of 2003, compared to operating losses of USD 10 million (CHF 12 million) and USD 346 million (CHF 536 million) in the second quarter of 2003 and third quarter of 2002, respectively. Credit Suisse First Boston continues to reduce its net exposure of non-continuing legacy investments, totaling USD 2.4 billion (CHF 3.2 billion), including unfunded commitments on the real estate portfolio, as of September 30, 2003, down USD 60 million (CHF 154 million) from June 30, 2003.

CSFB Financial Services

CSFB Financial Services reported a segment profit of USD 34 million (CHF 46 million) for the third quarter of 2003, a decrease of 15% from the second quarter of 2003, predominantly due to an increase in personnel expenses. Compared with the third quarter of 2002, the segment profit decreased 11%. Operating income for the third quarter of 2003 was USD 287 million (CHF 395 million), up 3% compared with the second quarter of 2003 and down 40% compared with the third quarter of 2002. Operating expenses increased 4% compared with the second quarter of 2003 and decreased 40% compared with the third quarter of 2002, mainly as a result of higher Credit Suisse Asset Management results. Excluding Pershing, operating expenses increased 7% compared with the third quarter of 2002. Pershing s third quarter 2002 operating income and operating expenses were USD 210 million (CHF 312 million) and USD 173 million (CHF 258 million), respectively. Pershing s operating income for the first nine months of 2003 and 2002 was USD 15 million (CHF 21 million) and USD 650 million (CHF 1.0 billion), respectively, and operating expenses for the first nine months of 2002 were USD 506 million (CHF 805 million).

Credit Suisse Asset Management s operating income in the third quarter of 2003 was comparable with the second quarter of 2003. Total assets under management as of September 30, 2003 increased 0.4% compared with June 30, 2003, to USD 312.7 billion (CHF 413.7 billion), reflecting a USD 4.0 billion (CHF 5.5 billion) net outflow of assets, primarily related to institutional clients, offset by improved market performance and a favorable foreign exchange impact when expressed in US dollars. Compared with the third quarter of 2002, operating income increased 7%.

Private Client Services operating income for the third quarter of 2003 increased 9% compared with the second quarter of 2003. Assets under management as of September 30, 2003 increased 2.9% to USD 49.2 billion (CHF 65.1

billion) compared to June 30, 2003, despite a USD 1.1 billion (CHF 1.5 billion) net outflow of assets. Compared with the third quarter of 2002, operating income decreased 7% in the third quarter of 2003, mainly reflecting declines in customer debit balances and reduced trading activity.

Credit Suisse First Boston business unit income statement operating)

Operating income	Create suisse I list Boston susme.	os unit meo	me statem	one opera	Change in % from	Change in % from	0 m	onthe	Change in % from
Operating income	in USD m	302003	202003	302002	202003	302002			2002
Personnel expenses 1,173 1,619 1,369 (28) (14) 4,272 5,044 (15) Other operating expenses 619 647 745 (4) (17) 1,895 2,192 (14) Operating expenses 1,792 2,266 2,114 (21) (15) 6,167 7,236 (15) Gross operating profit 630 837 474 (25) 33 2,196 1,997 100 Depreciation of non-current assets 89 104 137 (14) (35) 286 375 (24) Valuation adjustments, provisions and losses 80 49 560 63 (86) 257 1,022 (75) Net operating profit/(loss) before extraordinary items, acquisition-related costs and taxes 461 684 (223) (33) 1,653 600 170 Extraordinary income/(expenses), net 1 0 0 0 1 1 16 (94) Taxes 2) 3) (80) (191) 81 (58) (411) (109) 277 Net operating profit/(loss) before acquisition-related costs 382 493 (142) (23) 1,243 507 144 Acquisition interest (40) (48) (68) (17) (41) (151) (266) (43) Amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill (154) (150) (207) 3 (26) (455) (626) (27) Tax impact 32 64 96 (50) (67) 166 318 (48) Net profit/(loss) 4 224 282 (420) (21) 650 (383) Amortization to net operating profit Net profit/(loss) 4 224 282 (420) (21) 650 (383) Amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, net of tax 134 130 170 3 (21) 395 512 (23)									(9)
Other operating expenses 619 647 745 (4) (17) 1,895 2,192 (14 Operating expenses 1,792 2,266 2,114 (21) (15) 6,167 7,236 (15 Gross operating profit 630 837 474 (25) 33 2,196 1,997 10 Depreciation of non-current assets 89 104 137 (14) (35) 286 375 (24 Valuation adjustments, provisions and losses 80 49 560 63 (86) 257 1,022 (75 Net operating profit/(loss) before extraordinary items, acquisition-related costs and taxes 461 684 (223) (33) 1,653 600 170 Extraordinary income/(expenses), net 1 0 0 1 16 (94 Taxes of acquisition-related costs 382 493 (142) (23) 1,243 507 142 Acquisition interest (40) (48) (68) (17) (41)	-					` ′		•	
Gross operating profit 630 837 474 (25) 33 2,196 1,997 10 Depreciation of non-current assets 89 104 137 (14) (35) 286 375 (24) Valuation adjustments, provisions and lossees 80 49 560 63 (86) 257 1,022 (75) Net operating profit/(loss) before extraordinary items, acquisition-related costs and taxes 461 684 (223) (33) 1,653 600 176 Extraordinary income/(expenses), net 1 0 0 0 1 1 16 (94) Taxes 2) 3) (80) (191) 81 (58) (411) (109) 277 Net operating profit/(loss) before acquisition-related costs 382 493 (142) (23) 1,243 507 145 Acquisition interest (40) (48) (68) (17) (41) (151) (266) (43) Amortization of retention payments 4 (77) (99) (153) (316) (52) Amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill (154) (150) (207) 3 (26) (455) (626) (27) Tax impact 32 64 96 (50) (67) 166 318 (48) Net profit/(loss) 4) 224 282 (420) (21) 650 (383) Reconciliation to net operating profit Net profit/(loss) 224 282 (420) (21) 650 (383) Reconciliation to acquired intangible assets and goodwill, net of tax 134 130 170 3 (21) 395 512 (23)	-								(14)
Depreciation of non-current assets	Operating expenses	1,792	2,266	2,114	(21)	(15)	6,167	7,236	(15)
assets	Gross operating profit	630	837	474	(25)	33	2,196	1,997	10
Provisions and losses 80 49 560 63 (86) 257 1,022 (75 1,02	assets	89	104	137	(14)	(35)	286	375	(24)
before extraordinary items, acquisition-related costs and taxes		80	49	560	63	(86)	257	1,022	(75)
Extraordinary income/(expenses), net	before extraordinary items, acquisition-related costs and	461	684	(223)	(33)		1 653	600	176
income/(expenses), net		401	004	(223)	(33)		1,055		170
Net operating profit/(loss) before acquisition-related costs	income/(expenses), net				(=0)				(94)
before acquisition-related costs 382 493 (142) (23) 1,243 507 145 Acquisition interest (40) (48) (68) (17) (41) (151) (266) (43) Amortization of retention payments 4 (77) (99) (153) (316) (52) Amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill (154) (150) (207) 3 (26) (455) (626) (27) Tax impact 32 64 96 (50) (67) 166 318 (48) Net profit/(loss) 4) 224 282 (420) (21) 650 (383) Reconciliation to net operating profit Net profit/(loss) 224 282 (420) (21) 650 (383) Amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, net of tax 134 130 170 3 (21) 395 512 (23)		(80)	(191)	81	(58)		(411)	(109)	277
Amortization of retention payments	before acquisition-related	382	493	(142)	(23)		1,243	507	145
Amortization of retention payments	Acquisition interest	(40)	(48)	(68)	(17)	(41)	(151)	(266)	(43)
Amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill (154) (150) (207) 3 (26) (455) (626) (27 Tax impact 32 64 96 (50) (67) 166 318 (48 Net profit/(loss) 4) 224 282 (420) (21) 650 (383) Reconciliation to net operating profit Net profit/(loss) 224 282 (420) (21) 650 (383) Amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, net of tax 134 130 170 3 (21) 395 512 (23	Amortization of retention								
intangible assets and goodwill (154) (150) (207) 3 (26) (455) (626) (27) Tax impact 32 64 96 (50) (67) 166 318 (48) Net profit/(loss) 4) 224 282 (420) (21) 650 (383) Reconciliation to net operating profit Net profit/(loss) 224 282 (420) (21) 650 (383) Amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, net of tax 134 130 170 3 (21) 395 512 (23)	1 5	4	(77)	(99)			(153)	(316)	(52)
Tax impact 32 64 96 (50) (67) 166 318 (48) Net profit/(loss) 4) 224 282 (420) (21) 650 (383) Reconciliation to net operating profit Net profit/(loss) 224 282 (420) (21) 650 (383) Amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, net of tax 134 130 170 3 (21) 395 512 (23)	_	(154)	(150)	(207)	3	(26)	(455)	(626)	(27)
Reconciliation to net operating profit Net profit/(loss) Amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, net of tax 134 130 170 3 (21) 395 512 (23)		` '	` '						(48)
profit Net profit/(loss) 224 282 (420) (21) 650 (383) Amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, net of tax 134 130 170 3 (21) 395 512 (23)	Net profit/(loss) 4)	224	282	(420)	(21)		650	(383)	
Amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, net of tax 134 130 170 3 (21) 395 512 (23)	profit	224	282	(420)	(21)		650	(383)	
Net operating profit/(loss) 358 412 (250) (13) 1,045 129	Amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill,	134				(21)		· ·	(23)
	Net operating profit/(loss)	358	412	(250)	(13)		1,045	129	

See page 23 for footnotes.

Credit Suisse First Boston business unit income statement operating)

Credit Suisse First Boston dusiness t	unit incom	e stateme	nt opera	Change in % from	Change in % from	0	d	Change in % from
:- CHE	202002	202002	202002	202002	202002	9 mc		- 2002
in CHF m	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002	2002
Operating income	3,352	4,131	3,784	(19)	(11)	11,373	14,682	(23)
Personnel expenses	1,627	2,156	1,994	(25)	(18)	5,809	8,021	(28)
Other operating expenses	854	863	1,110	(1)	(23)	2,578	3,484	(26)
Operating expenses	2,481	3,019	3,104	(18)	(20)	8,387	11,505	(27)
Gross operating profit	871	1,112	680	(22)	28	2,986	3,177	(6)
Depreciation of non-current assets	125	136	207	(8)	(40)	389	596	(35)
Valuation adjustments, provisions								
and losses	111	63	867	76	(87)	350	1,625	(78)
Net operating profit/(loss) before extraordinary items, acquisition-related costs and taxes	635	913	(394)	(30)		2,247	956	135
Extraordinary income/(expenses),			(0,1)	(= 0)				
net	2	0	(1)			2	25	(92)
Taxes ^{2) 3)}	(111)	(257)	139	(57)		(559)	(173)	223
Net operating profit/(loss) before acquisition-related costs	526	656	(256)	(20)		1,690	808	109
Acquisition interest	(56)	(64)	(99)	(13)	(43)	(206)	(424)	(51)
Amortization of retention payments	3	(102)	(146)			(208)	(503)	(59)
Amortization of acquired	(244)	(201)	(200)	_	(24)	(610)	(00 5)	(20)
intangible assets and goodwill Tax impact	(211) 46	(201)	(308)	(45)	(31) (67)	(618) 226	(995) 505	(38) (55)
					(07)			(33)
Net profit/(loss) 4)	308	373	(668)	(17)		884	(609)	
Reconciliation to net operating profit								
Net profit/(loss)	308	373	(668)	(17)		884	(609)	
Amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, net of tax	183	175	253	5	(28)	537	814	(34)
					(20)			(34)
Net operating profit/(loss)	491	548	(415)	(10)		1,421	205	

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services and the transfer of Credit Suisse First Boston's Private Client Services UK business from CSFB Financial Services to Private Banking. The operating basis business unit results reflect the results of the separate segments comprising the business unit. Certain acquisition-related costs, including acquisition interest, amortization of retention payments and amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, not allocated to the segments are included in the business unit results. Certain other items, including brokerage, execution and clearing expenses, contractor and recruitment costs and expenses related to certain redeemable preferred securities classified as minority interests are presented in the

operating basis business unit results based on the Group s segment reporting principles. For a reconciliation and a discussion of the material reconciling items, please refer to Reconciliation of operating results to Swiss GAAP.

²⁾ In 4Q2002, Credit Suisse Group adopted a change in accounting principle relating to the recognition of deferred tax assets on net operating losses. The retroactive application of this change in accounting principle would have resulted in taxes for 3Q2002 and for the 9 months 2002 of CHF 144 m (USD 88 m) and CHF 24 m (USD 15 m), respectively.

Credit Suisse First Boston business unit key information ¹⁾

				9 mc	onuns
based on CHF amounts	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002
Cost/income ratio ²⁾	77.1%	78.7%	92.8%	78.9%	87.4%
Cost/income ratio operating)	77.7%	76.4%	87.5%	77.2%	82.4%
Return on average allocated capital ²⁾	11.3%	12.8%	(18.1%)	10.3%	(5.0%)
Return on average allocated capital					
operating ³⁾	16.9%	18.0%	(11.6%)	15.5%	1.9%
Average allocated capital in CHF m	11,615	12,210	14,332	12,204	14,564
Pre-tax margin ²⁾	12.6%	14.5%	(27.3%)	12.0%	(6.5%)
Pre-tax margin operating)	17.4%	18.1%	(16.9%)	16.1%	0.4%
Personnel expenses/operating					
income ²⁾	54.0%	59.3%	65.5%	58.0%	64.6%
Personnel expenses/operating income					
operating ⁾	48.5%	52.2%	52.7%	51.1%	54.6%
			30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02
Number of employees (full-time					
equivalents)			18,195	18,137	22,801

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services and the transfer of Credit Suisse First Boston's Private Client Services UK business from CSFB Financial Services to Private Banking.

Overview of business unit Credit Suisse First Boston operating)

		in USD m			in CHF m	
		CSFB			CSFB	
			Credit			Credit
	Institutional	Financial	Suisse	Institutional	Financial	Suisse
3Q2003	Securities	Services	First Boston	Securities	Services	First Boston
Operating income	2,135	287	2,422	2,957	395	3,352
Personnel expenses	1,016	157	1,173	1,411	216	1,627
Other operating expenses	542	77	619	748	106	854
Operating expenses	1,558	234	1,792	2,159	322	2,481

9 months

³⁾ Excluding tax impact on acquisition-related costs.

⁴⁾ Net profit/(loss) is identical on an operating and Swiss GAAP basis.

²⁾ Based on the business unit results on a Swiss GAAP basis.

³⁾ Based on the operating basis business unit results, which exclude certain acquisition-related costs not allocated to the segments and reflect certain other reclassifications discussed in the Reconciliation of operating results to Swiss GAAP .

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Gross operating profit	577	53	630	798	73	871
Depreciation of non-current assets	84	5	89	117	8	125
Valuation adjustments, provisions						
and losses	80	0	80	111	0	111
Net operating profit before extraordinary items, acquisition-related costs and						
taxes	413	48	461	570	65	635
Extraordinary income/(expenses),						
net	1	0	1	2	0	2
Taxes ²⁾	(66)	(14)	(80)	(92)	(19)	(111)
Net operating profit before						
acquisition-related costs	348	34	382	480	46	526
Acquisition interest			(40)			(56)
Amortization of retention payments			4			3
Amortization of acquired intangible						
assets and goodwill			(154)			(211)
Tax impact			32			46
Net profit ³⁾			224			308
Other data:						
Average allocated capital	8,349	370	8,679	11,173	495	11,615

¹⁾ The operating basis business unit results reflect the results of the separate segments comprising the business unit. Certain acquisition-related costs, including acquisition interest, amortization of retention payments and amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, not allocated to the segments are included in the business unit results. Certain other items, including brokerage, execution and clearing expenses, contractor and recruitment costs and expenses related to certain redeemable preferred securities classified as minority interests are presented in the operating basis business unit results based on the Group s segment reporting principles. For a reconciliation and a discussion of the material reconciling items, please refer to Reconciliation of operating results to Swiss GAAP.

³⁾ Net profit is identical on an operating and Swiss GAAP basis. Institutional Securities income statement ¹⁾

				Change in % from	Change in % from			Change in % from
						9 mc	onths	_
in USD m	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002	2002
Fixed Income	819	1,390	1,110	(41)	(26)	3,599	3,596	0
Equity	675	732	682	(8)	(1)	1,982	2,259	(12)
Investment Banking	572	644	556	(11)	3	1,761	2,204	(20)
Other	69	57	(240)	21		173	(354)	
Operating income	2,135	2,823	2,108	(24)	1	7,515	7,705	(2)
Personnel expenses	1,016	1,473	1,126	(31)	(10)	3,829	4,303	(11)
Other operating expenses	542	568	596	(5)	(9)	1,665	1,743	(4)
Operating expenses	1,558	2,041	1,722	(24)	(10)	5,494	6,046	(9)

²⁾ Excluding tax impact on acquisition-related costs.

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Gross operating profit	577	782	386	(26)	49	2,021	1,659	22
Depreciation of non-current assets	84	96	115	(13)	(27)	266	309	(14)
Valuation adjustments, provisions and losses	80	56	549	43	(85)	248	1,000	(75)
Net operating profit/(loss) before extraordinary items, acquisition-related costs and taxes	413	630	(278)	(34)		1,507	350	331
Extraordinary income/(expenses),								
net	1	0	0			1	16	(94)
Taxes ²	(66)	(177)	98	(63)		(374)	(37)	
Net operating profit/(loss) before acquisition-related costs and minority interests (segment result)	348	453	(180)	(23)		1,134	329	245

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services. Certain acquisition-related costs, including acquisition interest, amortization of retention payments and amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, not allocated to the segments are included in the business unit results.

²⁾ In 4Q2002, Credit Suisse Group adopted a change in accounting principle relating to the recognition of deferred tax assets on net operating losses. The retroactive application of this change in accounting principle would have resulted in taxes for 3Q2002 and for the 9 months 2002 of USD 105 m and USD 87 m, respectively. Institutional Securities income statement ¹⁾

				Change in % from	Change in % from			Change in % from
				III % ITOIII	III % ITOIII	9 mc	onths	III % ITOIII
in CHF m	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002	2002
Fixed Income	1,141	1,849	1,640	(38)	(30)	4,894	5,718	(14)
Equity	931	977	1,007	(5)	(8)	2,696	3,592	(25)
Investment Banking	790	857	802	(8)	(1)	2,395	3,505	(32)
Other	95	77	(377)	23		236	(564)	
Operating income	2,957	3,760	3,072	(21)	(4)	10,221	12,251	(17)
Personnel expenses	1,411	1,961	1,631	(28)	(13)	5,207	6,842	(24)
Other operating expenses	748	757	890	(1)	(16)	2,265	2,771	(18)
Operating expenses	2,159	2,718	2,521	(21)	(14)	7,472	9,613	(22)
Gross operating profit	798	1,042	551	(23)	45	2,749	2,638	4
Depreciation of non-current assets	117	127	174	(8)	(33)	362	492	(26)
Valuation adjustments, provisions								
and losses	111	73	850	52	(87)	338	1,589	(79)
Net operating profit/(loss) before extraordinary items, acquisition-related costs and								
taxes	570	842	(473)	(32)		2,049	557	268
	2	0	(1)			2	25	(92)

Extraordinary income/(expenses),							
net							
Taxes ²⁾	(92)	(238)	164	(61)	(509)	(58)	
Net operating profit/(loss) before							
acquisition-related costs and							
minority interests (segment							
result)	480	604	(310)	(21)	1,542	524	194

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services. Certain acquisition-related costs, including acquisition interest, amortization of retention payments and amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, not allocated to the segments are included in the business unit results.

CHF m

USD m

	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002
Net gains (realized and unrealized						
gains and losses)	8	59	(13)	12	79	(20)
Management and performance fees	50	45	53	69	60	78
		USD bn			CHF bn	
	30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02	30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02
Book value	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.3
Fair value	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.4
Institutional Securities balance sheet	information ¹)				
in CHF m		30.09.03	30.	.06.03	31.12.0)2
Total assets		625,767	61	4,435	573,62	28
Total assets in USD m		473,027	45	4,195	412,62	23
Due from banks	233,811 209,179 193,944					14
of which securities lending and						
reverse repurchase						
agreements		168,498		4,214	152,22	
Due from customers		111,211	13	4,789	114,19	91
of which securities lending and						
reverse repurchase			_			
agreements		42,876		2,793	56,85	
Mortgages		14,599	1	3,701	14,82	25
Securities and precious metals trading	3	450 440	4.5	10.515	157.00	
portfolios		179,442	17	0,515	157,32	20
Due to banks		313,915	30	7,193	281,51	10
of which securities borrowing and						
repurchase						
agreements		113,590	8	7,651	112,73	33
Due to customers, other		115,317	12	6,807	109,98	80

²⁾ In 4Q2002, Credit Suisse Group adopted a change in accounting principle relating to the recognition of deferred tax assets on net operating losses. The retroactive application of this change in accounting principle would have resulted in taxes for 3Q2002 and for the 9 months 2002 of CHF 169 m and CHF 139 m, respectively. Active private equity investments

of which securities borrowing and			
repurchase			
agreements	60,544	64,390	66,864

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services. Institutional Securities key information ¹⁾

				9 mc	onths
based on CHF amounts	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002
Cost/income ratio ²⁾	77.0%	75.7%	87.7%	76.6%	82.5%
Average allocated capital in CHF m	11,173	11,848	13,802	11,798	13,937
Pre-tax margin ²⁾	19.3%	22.4%	(15.4%)	20.1%	4.8%
Personnel expenses/operating					
income ²⁾	47.7%	52.2%	53.1%	50.9%	55.8%
			30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02
Number of employees (full-time					
equivalents)			15,578	15,454	16,018

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services.

²⁾ Based on the segment results, which exclude certain acquisition-related costs not allocated to the segment. CSFB Financial Services income statement ¹⁾

				Change	Change			Change
				in % from	in % from	9 m	onths	in % from
in USD m	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002	2002
Net interest income	9	11	52	(18)	(83)	29	160	(82)
Net commission and service fee								
income	245	240	389	2	(37)	712	1,243	(43)
Net trading income	17	30	26	(43)	(35)	71	88	(19)
Other ordinary income	16	(1)	13		23	36	37	(3)
Operating income	287	280	480	3	(40)	848	1,528	(45)
Personnel expenses	157	146	243	8	(35)	443	741	(40)
Other operating expenses	77	79	149	(3)	(48)	230	449	(49)
Operating expenses	234	225	392	4	(40)	673	1,190	(43)
Gross operating profit	53	55	88	(4)	(40)	175	338	(48)
Depreciation of non-current assets	5	8	22	(38)	(77)	20	66	(70)
Valuation adjustments, provisions					44.00			(= 0)
and losses	0	(7)	11	(100)	(100)	9	22	(59)
Net operating profit before acquisition-related costs and								
taxes	48	54	55	(11)	(13)	146	250	(42)
Taxes 2)	(14)	(14)	(17)	0	(18)	(37)	(72)	(49)
	34	40	38	(15)	(11)	109	178	(39)

Net operating profit before acquisition-related costs and minority interests (segment result)

Changa

Change

				Change	Change			Change
				in % from	in % from			in % from
						9 mc	onths	
in CHF m	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002	2002
Net interest income	13	15	79	(13)	(84)	40	255	(84)
Net commission and service fee								
income	337	319	575	6	(41)	968	1,976	(51)
Net trading income	24	39	38	(38)	(37)	96	141	(32)
Other ordinary income	21	(2)	20		5	48	59	(19)
Operating income	395	371	712	6	(45)	1,152	2,431	(53)
Personnel expenses	216	195	363	11	(40)	602	1,179	(49)
Other operating expenses	106	106	220	0	(52)	313	713	(56)
Operating expenses	322	301	583	7	(45)	915	1,892	(52)
Gross operating profit	73	70	129	4	(43)	237	539	(56)
Depreciation of non-current assets	8	9	33	(11)	(76)	27	104	(74)
Valuation adjustments, provisions								
and losses	0	(10)	17	(100)	(100)	12	36	(67)
Net operating profit before acquisition-related costs and								
taxes	65	71	79	(8)	(18)	198	399	(50)
Taxes 2)	(19)	(19)	(25)	0	(24)	(50)	(115)	(57)
Net operating profit before								
acquisition-related costs and								
minority interests (segment result)	46	52	54	(12)	(15)	148	284	(48)
	10			(12)	(13)	1.0		(13)

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services and the transfer of Credit Suisse First Boston's Private Client Services UK business from CSFB Financial Services to Private Banking. Certain acquisition-related costs, including acquisition interest, amortization of retention payments and amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, not allocated to the segments are included in the business unit results.

Change

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services and the transfer of Credit Suisse First Boston's Private Client Services UK business from CSFB Financial Services to Private Banking. Certain acquisition-related costs, including acquisition interest, amortization of retention payments and amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, not allocated to the segments are included in the business unit results.

²⁾ In 4Q2002, Credit Suisse Group adopted a change in accounting principle relating to the recognition of deferred tax assets on net operating losses. The retroactive application of this change in accounting principle would not have had an impact on the taxes reported for 3Q2002 and for the 9 months 2002.

CSFB Financial Services income statement ¹⁾

²⁾ In 4Q2002, Credit Suisse Group adopted a change in accounting principle relating to the recognition of deferred tax assets on net operating losses. The retroactive application of this change in accounting principle would not have had an impact on the taxes reported for 3Q2002 and for the 9 months 2002.

CSFB Financial Services key information ¹⁾

CSFB Financial Services key informatio				9 months				
based on CHF amounts	3Q2003	2Q2003	3Q2002	2003	2002			
Cost/income ratio ²⁾	83.5%	83.6%	86.5%	81.8%	82.1%			
Average allocated capital in CHF m	495	553	984	532	1,041			
Pre-tax margin ²⁾	16.5%	19.1%	11.1%	17.2%	16.4%			
Personnel expenses/operating income ²⁾	54.7%	52.6%	51.0%	52.3%	48.5%			
Net new assets Credit Suisse Asset Management in CHF bn (discretionary) 3)	(5.5)	(1.7)	(12.2)	(12.4)	(22.6)			
Net new assets Private Client Services in CHF bn	(1.5)	(1.7)	(12.2)	(1.7)	5.3			
Growth in assets under management 3)	(1.5%)	5.8%	(7.6%)	(0.2%)	(22.1%)			
Growth in discretionary assets under management Credit Suisse Asset Management ³⁾ of which net new assets ³⁾ of which market movement and structural effects	(1.2%) (1.9%) 0.7%	6.6% (0.6%) 7.2%	(9.3%) (3.8%) (5.5%)	0.2% (4.4%) 4.6%	(19.8%) (6.2%) (13.6%)			
Growth in net new assets Private Client Services	(2.3%)	(2.7%)	(3.3 %)	(2.5%)	5.7%			
			30.09.03	30.06.03	31.12.02			
Assets under management in CHF bn ³⁾			481.2	488.4	482.2			
of which Credit Suisse Asset Management ³⁾ of which Private Client Services			413.7 65.1	421.3 64.6	412.8 67.5			
Discretionary assets under management in CHF bn ³⁾ of which Credit Suisse Asset			295.9	299.7	297.0			
Management ³⁾ of which mutual funds distributed of which Private Client Services			279.5 112.6 16.4	282.8 113.3 16.9	278.7 106.5 18.3			
Advisory assets under management in CHF bn ³⁾			185.3	188.7	185.2			
Number of employees (full-time equivalents)			2,617	2,683	6,783			

¹⁾ Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the securities and treasury execution platform transactions of Credit Suisse First Boston in Switzerland to Credit Suisse Financial Services and the transfer of

Credit Suisse First Boston's Private Client Services UK business from CSFB Financial Services to Private Banking.

- ²⁾ Based on the segment results, which exclude certain acquisition-related costs not allocated to the segment.
- ³⁾ Credit Suisse Asset Management figures for Assets under Management and Net New Assets include assets managed on behalf of other entities within Credit Suisse Group. This differs from the presentation in the overview of Credit Suisse Group, where such assets are eliminated.

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING RESULTS TO SWISS GAAP

Introduction

The Group s consolidated results are prepared in accordance with Swiss GAAP, while the Group s segment reporting principles are applied to the presentation of segment results. For a description of these reporting principles, please refer to Operating and Financial Review Reporting Principles in the Group s 2002 Annual Report. The operating basis business unit results reflect the results of the separate segments constituting the respective business units and certain acquisition-related costs that are not allocated to the segments. The Group s consolidated results reflect the operating basis business unit results adjusted for certain reclassifications associated with the business units and consolidation adjustments in the Corporate Center in accordance with Swiss GAAP.

The tables below reconcile the operating basis business unit results to Swiss GAAP. The Reclassifications columns include acquisition-related costs and reclassifications related to management reporting policies as described below. Acquisition-related costs are excluded from the operating basis business unit results because management believes that this enables them and investors to better assess the results and key performance indicators of the business. The operating basis business unit results in management s view provide a more useful indication of the financial performance of the operating business as they reflect the core businesses operating performance for the periods under review unaffected by the amortization of costs related to historical acquisitions.

Credit Suisse Financial Services business unit

The Credit Suisse Financial Services operating basis column reflects the results of the respective segments, excluding amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, which are reflected in the reclassifications column. The Credit Suisse Financial Services operating basis business unit results are also adjusted for credit-related valuation adjustments, resulting from the difference between the statistical credit provisions recorded by its banking segments and actual credit provisions on a Swiss GAAP basis. In addition, gains or losses related to divestitures and sales of investments within the insurance business are recorded as operating income at the insurance segments and the business unit level and reclassified to extraordinary income/expenses in the reconciliation in accordance with Swiss GAAP.

Credit Suisse First Boston business unit

The Credit Suisse First Boston operating basis column reflects the results of the respective segments, excluding acquisition interest, amortization of retention payments and amortization of acquired intangible assets and goodwill, which are reflected in the reclassifications column. The Credit Suisse First Boston operating basis business unit results also deduct brokerage, execution and clearing expenses from other operating expenses (reclassified as a reduction in operating income in the consolidated results); deduct from other operating expenses contractor and certain staff recruitment costs (reclassified as an addition to personnel expenses in the consolidate results); and add to operating income expenses related to certain redeemable preferred securities (reclassified as minority interests in the consolidated results). This presentation brings Credit Suisse First Boston in line with its US competitors in the investment banking industry and facilitates comparison to its peers, which management believes is useful for investors. Swiss GAAP does not permit brokerage, execution or clearing expenses, contractor costs and certain staff recruitment costs to be reported as part of other operating expenses. The presentation of redeemable preferred

securities of Credit Suisse First Boston issued by consolidated special purpose entities as an expense reducing its operating income is intended to present more fairly the operating results from its core businesses because they reflect the operating performance for the periods under review unaffected by the funding costs related to historical acquisitions.

	Credit S							
	Services			Credit Suisse First Boston				
		Re-	Swiss		Re-	Swiss		Credit
	Operating			Operating			Corporate	Suisse
3Q2003, in CHF m		cations	basis		cations	basis	_	Group
					3) 4)			
Operating income	4,548	(1,161)2)	3,387	3,352	(239)6)	3,113	31	6,531
Personnel expenses	1,385		1,385	1,627	543) 4)	1,681	59	3,125
Other operating expenses	732		732	854	$(260)_{4)}$	594	(64)	1,262
Operating expenses	2,117		2,117	2,481		2,275	(5)	4,387
Gross operating profit	2,431		1,270	871		838	36	2,144
Depreciation of non-current								
assets	279		279	125		125	67	471
Amortization of acquired								
intangible assets and goodwill		25	25		2113)	211	2	238
Valuation adjustments,	0.0		404			444	^	21.5
provisions and losses	90	145)	104	111		111	0	215
Profit before extraordinary								
items and taxes	2,062		862	635		391	(33)	1,220
Extraordinary								
income/(expenses), net	3	1,161	1,164	2		2	2	1,168
Taxes	(260)	4	(256)	(111)	46	(65)	4	(317)
Net profit before minority								
interests	1,805		1,770	526		328	(27)	2,071
Minority interests	8		8	0	(20)6)	(20)	(14)	(26)
Net profit	1,813		1,778	526		308	(41)	2,045
Reconciliation to business unit								
results								
Acquisition interest				(56)	56			
Amortization of retention				_	(2)			
payments				3	(3)			
Amortization of acquired	(0.5)	25		(011)	011			
intangible assets and goodwill	(25)	25		(211)	211			
Tax impact	1	(1)		46	(46)			