PROVECTUS PHARMACEUTICALS INC

Form 10QSB/A October 07, 2004

90 days.

	United States Securities And Exc Washington, DC 209	
	FORM 10-QSB	
	Amendment No. 1	1
(Mark	One)	
[X]	Quarterly Report under Section 13 or 19 Act of 1934	5(d) of the Securities Exchange
	For the quarterly period ended September	er 30, 2003
	OR	
[]	Transition Report under Section 13 or 3 Act of 1934	15(d) of the Securities Exchange
	For the transition period from	to
	Commission file number	: 0-9410
	Provectus Pharmaceutica	als, Inc.
	(Exact Name of Small Business Issuer as	Specified in Its Charter)
	Nevada	90-0031917
	e or other jurisdiction of poration or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)
7327 (Oak Ridge Highway Suite A, Knoxville, TN	37931
(Add	ress of Principal Executive Offices)	(Zip Code)
	865/769-4011	
	(Issuer's Telephone Number, Inc	luding Area Code)
	N/A	
(Forme	er Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal ?	Year, if Changed Since Last
Section 12 mon	Check whether the issuer: (1) filed all on 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange on this (or for such shorter period that the reports), and (2) has been subject to such	Act of 1934 during the preceding registrant was required to file

The number of shares outstanding of the issuer's stock, \$0.001 par value per share, as of November 14, 2003 was 10,187,689.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one): Yes [] No [X]

Yes [X] No []

PROVECTUS PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-QSB

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PROVECTUS PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-QSB

Part I Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements.

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PROVECTUS PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. (A Development-Stage Company)

Consolidated Balance Sheets

	September 30, 2003		
	(Unaudited)	
Assets			
Current Assets Cash Inventory Prepaid expenses Prepaid consulting expense (Note 5(a) and (c))	\$	12,193 72,578 9,149 235,583	
Total Current Assets		329,503	
Equipment and Furnishings, less accumulated depreciation of \$203,738 and \$39,446		162,437	
Patents, net of amortization of \$994,806 and \$133,916 Other Assets		19,042,754 27,000	
	\$	19,561,694	

Liabilities and Stockholders' Deficit

Current Liabilities

Accounts payable - trade	\$	304,073
Accrued compensation (Note 6)		412,086
Accrued expenses		125,541
Total Current Liabilities		841,700
		·
Loan From Stockholder		149,000
Convertible Long-Term Debt (net of debt discount of \$73,115 and \$120,344)		952,844
Stockholders' Equity		
Common stock; par value \$.001 per share; 100,000,000 shares 9,487,689 and 9,423,689 shares issued and	authorized	d;
outstanding, respectively		9,488
Paid-in capital		27,500,474
Accumulated deficit		(9,891,812)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		17,618,150
	\$	19,561,694

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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PROVECTUS PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. (A Development-Stage Company)

Consolidated Statements of Operations

		Three onths Ended otember 30, 2003		Three ths Ended ember 30, 2002	Nine onths Ended otember 30, 2003
	((Unaudited)	(Un	audited)	(Unaudited)
Operating Expenses Research and development General and administrative Amortization	\$	95,084 570,697 286,964	\$	44,000	331,370 1,518,039 860,891
Total operating loss		(952,745)		(44,000)	(2,710,300)
Gain on sale of fixed assets		-		-	55,000
Net interest (expense) income		(38,507)		_	 (114,758)

Net Loss Applicable to Common Stockholders	\$ (991,252)	\$ (44,000)	\$ (2,770,058)
Basic and Diluted Loss Per Common Share	 (0.10)	 (0.01)	 (0.29)
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding - Basic and Diluted	9,721,022	8,645,763	9,553,591

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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PROVECTUS PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. (A Development-Stage Company)

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (unaudited)

Exercise of warrants

Warrants issued in connection with

	Common S		
	Number of Shares	Par Value	- Paid-in Capital
Balance, at January 17, 2002 \$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Issuance to founding shareholders	6,000,000	6,000	(6,000)
Sale of stock	50,000	50	24,950
Issuance of stock to employees	510,000	510	931,490
Issuance of stock for services	120,000	120	359 , 880
Net loss for the period from January 17, 2002 (inception) to April 23, 2002			
(date of reverse merger)	_ 	- 	-
Balance, at April 23, 2002	6,680,000	6,680	1,310,320
Shares issued in reverse merger	265,763	266	(3,911)
Issuance of stock for services	1,900,000	1,900	5,142,100
Purchase and retirement of stock	(400,000)	(400)	(47,600)
Stock issued for acquisition of Valley			
Pharmaceuticals	500,007	500	20,547,935

452**,**919

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convertible debt Stock and warrants issued for acquisition	_	_	126,587
of Pure-ific	25,000	25	26,975
Net loss for the period from April 23,			·
2002 (date of reverse merger) to			
December 31, 2002	_	_	_
Balance, at December 31, 2002	9,423,689	9,424	27,102,406
Issuance of stock for services	64,000	64	22,736
Issuance of warrants for services	_	_	124,479
Stock to be issued for services	_	_	217,000
Employee compensation from stock options	_	_	33,853
Net loss for the nine months ended			
September 30, 2003		 _ 	_
Balance, at September 30, 2003	9,487,689	\$ 9,488	\$ 27,500,474
Balance, at September 30, 2003	9,487,689	\$ 9,488	\$ 27,500,474

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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PROVECTUS PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. (A Development-Stage Company)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2003		From 2002 (1	or the Peri m January 1 Inception) mber 30, 20
		(Unaudited)	J)	Jnaudited)
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Net loss	\$	(2,770,058)	\$	(6,460,1
Adjustments to reconcile net income to				
net cash used in operating activities				
Depreciation		187,293		
Amortization of patents		860,890		
Amortization of original issue discount		47,229		
Compensation through issuance of stock				
options		33 , 853		
Compensation through issuance of				
stock		-		932,0
Issuance of stock for services		40,884		5,504,0
Issuance of warrants for services		87 , 812		
Gain on sale of fixed asset		(55 , 000)		
(Increase) decrease in assets				
Prepaid expenses		26,332		
Inventory		(72 , 578)		
Increase (decrease) in liabilities				

Accounts payable	205,199	
Accrued expenses	459 , 846 	
Net cash used in operating activities	(948,298)	(24,1
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Proceeds from sale of fixed asset	180,000	
Capital expenditures	(3,301)	
Net cash provided by investing activities	176 , 699	
	·	
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Proceeds from loans from stockholder	40,000	
Proceeds from convertible debt	25,959	
Proceeds from sale of common stock	-	25,0
Proceeds from exercise of warrants	_	
Purchase and retirement of common stock	-	
Net cash provided by financing activities	65 , 959	25,0

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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PROVECTUS PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. (A Development-Stage Company)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2003	For the Pe From January 2002 (Inception September 30,
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited
NET CHANGE IN CASH	\$ (705,640)	\$
Cash, at beginning of period	717,833	
Cash, at end of period	\$ 12,193	\$

Supplemental Noncash Financing Activities Stock and warrants issued to consultants for prepaid services of \$235,583 in 2003.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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PROVECTUS PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. (A Development-Stage Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information pursuant to Regulation S-B. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the nine months ended September 30, 2003 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 31, 2003.

2. GOING CONCERN

The Company will continue to require additional capital to develop its products and develop sales and distribution channels for its products. Management believes there are a number of potential alternatives available to meet the Company's continuing capital requirements, including proceeding as rapidly as possible with the development of over-the-counter products that can be sold with a minimum of regulatory compliance and developing revenue sources through licensing of our existing intellectual property portfolio. In addition, the Company is pursuing actively additional debt and/or equity capital in order to support ongoing operations. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain sufficient additional working capital on commercially reasonable terms or conditions, or at all.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. Continuing as a going concern is dependent upon successfully obtaining additional working capital as described above. The financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effects on the recoverability and classification of assets and amounts and classifications of liabilities that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

3. RECAPITALIZATION AND MERGER

On April 23, 2002, Provectus Pharmaceutical, Inc., a Nevada corporation and a "blank check" public company, acquired Provectus Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a privately held Tennessee corporation ("PPI"), by issuing 6,680,000 shares of common stock of Provectus Pharmaceutical to the stockholders of PPI in exchange for all of the issued and outstanding shares of PPI, as a result of which Provectus Pharmaceutical changed its name to Provectus Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (the "Company") and PPI became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

For financial reporting purposes, the transaction has been reflected in the accompanying financial statements as a recapitalization of PPI and the financial statements reflect the historical financial information of PPI which was incorporated on January 17, 2002.

The issuance of 6,680,000 shares of common stock of Provectus Pharmaceutical, Inc. to the stockholders of PPI in exchange for all of the issued and outstanding shares of PPI was done in anticipation of PPI acquiring Valley Pharmaceuticals, Inc. which owned the intellectual property to be used in the Company's operations.

4. BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER COMMON SHARE

Basic and diluted loss per common share is computed based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Loss per share excludes the impact of outstanding options, warrants, and convertible debt as they are antidilutive. Potential common shares excluded from the calculation at September 30, 2003 are 405,000 warrants, 352,000 options and 1,519,466 shares issuable upon conversion of convertible debt and interest. Additionally, the Company is committed to issue 80,000 warrants.

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5. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS

(a) In 2003, the Company issued 64,000 shares to consultants in exchange for services rendered, consisting of 29,000 shares issued in January 2003 and 35,000 shares issued in March 2003. Consulting costs charged to operations were \$22,800.

In September 2003, the Company committed to issue 700,000 shares to consultants in exchange for services rendered. Consulting costs charged to operations were \$18,084. At September 30, 2003, \$198,916 has been classified as prepaid consulting expense as this amount represents payments for services to be provided in the future.

(b) The Company has adopted the disclosure-only provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, "Accounting for Stock Based Compensation" (SFAS No. 123), but applies the intrinsic value method set forth in Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 for stock options granted to employees and directors.

On May 29, 2003, the Company issued 352,000 stock options to employees. The options vest over three years with 88,000 options vesting on the date of grant. The exercise prices range from \$0.26 to \$0.32 and all options were outstanding at September 30, 2003. The exercise price for all options is less than the market price on the date of grant. Accordingly, compensation expense of \$33,853 has been recorded in 2003.

For stock options granted to employees during the second quarter of 2003, the Company has estimated the fair value of each option granted using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	2003
Weighted average fair value per options granted	\$ 0.60
Significant assumptions (weighted average)	2.00
Risk-free interest rate at grant date Expected stock price volatility	2.0% 150%
Expected option life (years)	10

If the Company had elected to recognize compensation expense based on the fair value at the grant dates, consistent with the method prescribed by SFAS No.

123, net loss per share would have been changed to the pro forma amount indicated below:

	ree Months Ended eptember 30, 2003	ine Months Ended eptember 30, 2003
Net loss, as reported Add stock based employee compensation	\$ (991,252)	\$ (2,770,058)
expense included in reported net loss Less total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under the fair value based method for all	6,347	33,853
awards	(13,200)	(70,400)
Pro forma net loss	\$ (998,105)	\$ (2,806,605)
Basic and diluted loss per common share, as reported	\$ (0.10)	\$ (0.29)
Basic and diluted loss per common share, pro forma	\$ (0.10	\$ (0.29)

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(c) The Company applies the recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," in accounting for stock options and warrants issued to nonemployees. In January 2003, the Company issued 25,000 warrants to a consultant for services rendered. In February, the Company issued 360,000 warrants to a consultant of which 180,000 warrants were cancelled in August 2003 due to the termination of the consulting contract. In September 2003, the Company issued 200,000 warrants to two consultants in exchange for services rendered. As the fair market value of these services was not readily determinable, these services were valued based on the fair market value, determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Fair market value for the warrants ranged from \$0.20 to \$0.51. Consulting costs charged to operations were \$87,812. At September 30, 2003, \$36,667 has been classified as prepaid consulting expense as this amount represents payments for services to be provided in the future.

6. ACCRUED COMPENSATION

Accrued compensation at September 30, 2003 consists of 2003 third quarter salaries which had not been paid due to limited cash resources and a bonus accrual the Company has committed to pay employees for services rendered through September 30, 2003. Approximately \$319,000 of accrued compensation is to individuals who are significant stockholders in the Company.

7. INVENTORY

Inventory, consisting principally of finished goods, is stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using a first-in, first-out method.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation.

The following discussion is intended to assist in the understanding and assessment of significant changes and trends related to our results of operations and our financial condition together with our consolidated subsidiaries. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB. Historical results and percentage relationships set forth in the statement of operations, including trends which might appear, are not necessarily indicative of future operations.

OVERVIEW

History

Provectus Pharmaceuticals, Inc., formerly known as "Provectus Pharmaceutical, Inc." and "SPM Group, Inc.," was incorporated under Colorado law on May 1, 1978. SPM Group, Inc. ceased operations in 1991, and became a development-stage company effective January 1, 1992, with the new corporate purpose of seeking out acquisitions of properties, businesses, or merger candidates, without limitation as to the nature of the business operations or geographic location of the acquisition candidate.

On April 1, 2002, SPM Group, Inc. changed its name to "Provectus Pharmaceutical, Inc." and reincorporated in Nevada in preparation for a transaction with Provectus Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a privately-held Tennessee corporation ("PPI"). On April 23, 2002, an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization between Provectus Pharmaceutical and PPI was approved by the written consent of a majority of the outstanding shares of Provectus Pharmaceutical, pursuant to which 6,680,000 shares of common stock of Provectus Pharmaceutical were exchanged for all of the issued and outstanding shares of PPI. As part of the acquisition, Provectus Pharmaceutical changed its name to "Provectus Pharmaceuticals, Inc." and PPI became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. For accounting purposes, this transaction was treated as a recapitalization of PPI and the issuance of shares of PPI for Provectus Pharmaceutical, Inc. The historical financial information set forth in this report is PPI's historical financial statements from the date of PPI's incorporation, January 17, 2002.

On November 19, 2002, Provectus Pharmaceuticals acquired Valley Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("Valley"), a privately-held Tennessee corporation formerly known as Photogen, Inc., by merging its subsidiary PPI with and into Valley and naming the surviving corporation "Xantech Pharmaceuticals, Inc." By acquiring Valley, we acquired our most important intellectual property, including issued U.S. patents and patentable inventions, which we intend to use to develop:

- o prescription drugs and over-the-counter pharmaceutical products in the fields of dermatology and oncology,
- o medical and other devices (including laser devices), and
- technologies for the preparation of human and animal vaccines, diagnosis of infectious diseases and enhanced production of genetically engineered drugs.

Prior to its acquisition, Valley was considered to be in the development stage and had not generated any revenues from the assets we acquired.

On December 5, 2002, Provectus Pharmaceuticals acquired the assets of Pure-ific L.L.C., a Utah limited liability company, and created a wholly owned

subsidiary, Pure-ific Corporation, to operate that business. By acquiring Pure-ific L.L.C., we acquired the product formulations for Pure-ific personal sanitizing sprays, along with the "Pure-ific" trademarks. With this acquisition, we intend to continue development and have begun to market a line of personal sanitizing sprays and related products to be sold over the counter under the "Pure-ific" brand name.

Description Of Business

Provectus Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a Nevada corporation ("Provectus"), and its two wholly owned subsidiaries, Xantech Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("Xantech") and Pure-ific Corporation ("Pure-ific"), develop, license and market and plan to sell products in three sectors of the healthcare industry:

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- o Over-the-counter ("OTC") products;
- o Prescription drugs; and
- o Medical device systems.

We manage Provectus, Kantech and Pure-ific on an integrated basis, and when we refer to "we" or "us" or "the Company" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB, we refer to all three corporations considered as a single unit. Our principal executive offices are located at 7327 Oak Ridge Highway, Suite A, Knoxville, Tennessee 37931, telephone 865/769-4011.

Through discovery and use of state-of-the-art scientific and medical technologies, the founders of our pharmaceutical business have developed a suite of core technologies that support multiple products in the prescription drug, OTC products, and medical device categories. Our prescription drug products encompass the areas of dermatology and oncology and involve several types of drugs, including those produced by advanced biotechnology methods. Our OTC products address markets primarily involving skincare applications, while our medical device systems include therapeutic and cosmetic laser technologies. Because our prescription drug candidates and medical device systems are in the early stages of development, they are not yet on the market and there is no assurance that they will advance to the point of commercialization.

Over-the-Counter Pharmaceuticals

Our OTC products are designed to be safer and more specific than competing products. Our technologies offer practical solutions for a number of intractable maladies, using ingredients that have limited or no side effects compared with existing products.

We have developed GloveAid, a hand cream with both antiperspirant and antibacterial properties, to increase the comfort of users' hands during and after the wearing of disposable gloves. Our Pure-ific line of products includes Pure-ific, a quick drying aerosol spray that immediately kills up to 99.9% of germs on skin and prevents regrowth for over 6 hours. Pure-ific products help prevent the spread of germs and thus complement our other OTC products designed to treat irritated skin or skin conditions such as acne, eczema, dandruff and fungal infections. We began limited distribution of Pure-ific during the first half of 2003, including direct sales through a Company-operated internet website. During this time our Pure-ific website has been successfully launched enabling fulfillment of online orders. We also have begun limited distribution of Pure-ific in Mexico and Central America. We intend to continue developing our distribution network for these products and expect to expand the Pure-ific product line to include additional applications.

A number of dermatological conditions, including psoriasis, eczema, and acne, may result from a superficial infection which triggers an overwhelming immune response. We anticipate developing OTC products similar to the GloveAid line for the treatment of mild to moderate cases of psoriasis, eczema, and acne.

Prescription Drugs

We are developing a number of prescription drugs which we expect will provide minimally invasive treatment of chronic severe skin afflictions such as psoriasis, eczema, and acne; and several life-threatening cancers such as those of the liver, breast and prostate. We believe that our products will be safer and more specific than currently existing products. Use of topical or other direct delivery formulations allows these potent products to be conveniently and effectively delivered only to diseased tissues, thereby enhancing both safety and effectiveness. All of these products are in the pre-clinical or clinical trial stage.

Dermatology

Our most advanced prescription drug candidate for treatment of topical diseases on the skin is Xantryl, a topical gel. PV-10, the active ingredient in Xantryl, is "photoactive": it reacts to light of certain wavelengths, increasing its therapeutic effects. PV-10 also concentrates in diseased or damaged tissue but quickly dissipates from healthy tissue. By developing a "photodynamic" treatment regimen (one which combines a photoactive substance with activation by a source emitting a particular wavelength of light) around these two properties of PV-10, we can deliver a higher therapeutic effect at lower dosages of active ingredient, thus minimizing potential side effects including damage to nearby healthy tissues. PV-10 is especially responsive to green light, which is strongly absorbed by the skin and thus only penetrates the body to a depth of

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several millimeters. For this reason, we have developed Xantryl combined with green-light activation for topical use in surface applications where serious damage could result if medicinal effects were to occur in deeper tissues. We are researching the use of Xantryl with green-light activation to treat multiple dermatological conditions, including acute psoriasis, actinic keratosis, and severe acne.

Oncology

Oncology is another major market where our planned products may afford competitive advantage compared to currently available options. We are developing Provecta, a sterile injectible form of PV-10, for direct injection into tumors. Because PV-10 is retained in diseased or damaged tissue but quickly dissipates from healthy tissue, we believe we can develop therapies that confine treatment to cancerous tissue and reduce collateral impact on healthy tissue. We are researching the use of PV-10 for the treatment of cancers of the liver, breast and prostate.

Medical Devices

We are developing medical device technologies that address two major markets:

- o cosmetic treatments, such as reduction of wrinkles and elimination of spider veins and other cosmetic blemishes; and
- o therapeutic uses, including photoactivation of Xantryl other

prescription drugs and non-surgical destruction of certain skin cancers.

We expect to develop medical devices through partnerships with or licensure to third-party device manufacturers or, if appropriate opportunities arise, through acquisition of one or more device manufacturers.

Research and Development

We have placed most research activities on hold as we attempt to conserve available capital and achieve full capitalization of the Company through equity and convertible debt offerings, generation of product revenues, and other means. In the interim, we are maintaining our research facilities in anticipation of a resumption of our research programs. All ongoing research and development activities are directed toward supporting our OTC product launches and maintaining our intellectual property portfolio.

GOING CONCERN

In connection with their audit report on our consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2002, BDO Seidman LLP, our independent certified public accountants, expressed substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern because such continuance is dependent upon our ability to raise capital or achieve profitable operations.

Our technologies are in early stages of development. We have generated minimal initial revenues from sales and operations but we do not expect to generate sufficient revenues to enable us to be profitable for several calendar quarters. In November 2002, we obtained \$1 million from Gryffindor Capital Partners I, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company ("Gryffindor") through the sale, pursuant to a Convertible Secured Promissory Note and Warrant Purchase Agreement dated November 26, 2002 (the "Gryffindor Agreement") between the Company and Gryffindor, of our Convertible Secured Promissory Note dated November 26, 2002 in the original principal amount of \$1 million (the "Note") and Common Stock Purchase Warrants dated November 26, 2002 (the "Warrants"). In addition, at critical junctures during 2002 and 2003 we have obtained approximately \$149,000 in additional funding through short-term loans from Eric A. Wachter, our Vice President - Pharmaceuticals, a member of our Board of Directors, and a major stockholder. These funds allowed us to complete our planned corporate reorganization and acquisitions, complete initial production runs for several of our OTC products, and maintain our facilities and intellectual property portfolio. We require additional funding to continue initial production and distribution of OTC products in order to achieve meaningful sales volumes. In addition, we must raise substantial additional

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funds in order to fully implement our integrated business plan, including execution of the next phases in clinical development of our pharmaceutical products and resumption of research programs currently suspended.

Ultimately, we must achieve profitable operations if we are to be a viable entity. We intend to proceed as rapidly as possible with the development of OTC products that can be sold with a minimum of regulatory compliance and with the development of revenue sources through licensing of our existing intellectual property portfolio. Although we believe that there is a reasonable basis for our expectation that we will successfully raise the needed funds, we cannot assure you that we will be able to raise sufficient capital to sustain operations before we can commence revenue generation or that we will be able to achieve, or maintain, a level of profitability sufficient to meet our operating expenses.

PLAN OF OPERATION

With the reorganization of Provectus and PPI and the acquisition and integration into the Company of Valley and Pure-ific, we believe we have assembled a unique combination of OTC products and core intellectual properties. This combination represents the foundation for a successful operating company that we believe will provide both short-term profitability and long-term growth. In 2003, through careful control of expenditures, commencing sales of OTC products, and issuance of debt and equity, we plan to build on that foundation to increase stockholder value.

In the short term, we intend to develop our business by marketing, manufacturing, and distributing our existing OTC products, principally GloveAid and Pure-ific. In the longer term, we expect to continue the process of developing, testing and obtaining FDA approval of prescription drugs and medical devices. Additionally, we intend to restart our research programs that will identify additional conditions that our intellectual properties may be used to treat and additional treatments for those and other conditions. In the near term we do not intend to hire any additional staff or make any capital expenditures.

Research and development costs comprising the total of \$95,084 for the three months ending September 30, 2003 include depreciation expense of \$49,265, insurance of \$5,197, payroll of \$30,566, and rent and utilities of \$10,056. Research and development costs comprising the total of \$331,370 for the nine months ending September 30, 2003 include depreciation expense of \$186,921, consulting of \$26,423, insurance of \$10,153, office and other expense of \$828, payroll of \$79,001, rent and utilities of \$26,856, and taxes and fees of \$1,188.

Cash Flow

As of September 30, 2003, we held approximately \$12,193 in cash. We have reduced our cash expenditure rate by suspending payment of salaries and most of our research programs; in addition, we are seeking to improve our cash flow by commencing sales of OTC products. Even with these reductions, however, at our current expenditure rate this amount will be sufficient to meet our needs only until the end of November 2003. Moreover, even if we are successful in improving our current cash flow position, we nonetheless will require additional funds to meet our short-term and long-term needs. We anticipate these funds will come from the proceeds of private placements or public offerings of debt or equity securities, but we cannot assure you that we will be able to obtain such funds.

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Capital Resources

As noted above, our present cash flow is not sufficient to meet our short-term operating needs for initial production and distribution of OTC products in order to achieve meaningful sales volumes, much less to meet our longer-term needs for investment in our business through execution of the next phases in clinical development of our pharmaceutical products and resumption of our currently suspended research programs. We anticipate that the majority of the funds for our operating and development needs in 2003 will come from the proceeds of private placements or public offerings of debt or equity securities. Additionally, we sold a piece of equipment which was not needed for research and development activities. We are currently in discussions with multiple funding sources and feel confident adequate operating funding and development funding will result. While we believe that we have reasonable basis for our expectation that we will be able to raise additional funds, we cannot give you an assurances that we will be able to do so on commercially reasonable terms. In addition, any such financing may result in significant dilution to stockholders.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB contains forward-looking statements regarding, among other things, our anticipated financial and operating results. Forward-looking statements reflect our management's current assumptions, beliefs, and expectations. Words such as "anticipate," "believe, "estimate," "expect," "intend," "plan," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. While we believe that the expectations reflected in our forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that such expectations will prove correct. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the future results, performance, or achievements expressed in or implied by any forward-looking statement we make. Some of the relevant risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual performance to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in this report are discussed under the heading "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB, which was filed with the SEC on April 15, 2003. We caution investors that these discussions of important risks and uncertainties are not exclusive, and our business may be subject to other risks and uncertainties which are not detailed there.

Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. We make forward-looking statements as of the date on which this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB is filed with the SEC, and we assume no obligation to update the forward-looking statements after the date hereof whether as a result of new information or events, changed circumstances, or otherwise, except as required by law.

Item 3. Controls and Procedures.

- (a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. Our chief executive officer and chief financial officer have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our "disclosure controls and procedures" (as that term is defined in Rule 13a-14(c) under the Exchange Act) as of September 30, 2003, the end of the fiscal quarter covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB. Based on that evaluation, the chief executive officer and chief financial officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that material information relating to the Company and the Company's consolidated subsidiaries is made known to such officers by others within these entities, particularly during the period this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB was prepared, in order to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.
- (b) Changes in Internal Controls. There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal quarter covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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Part II Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

The Company was not involved in any legal proceedings during the fiscal

quarter covered by this Quarterly Report of Form 10-QSB.

Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

During the three months ended September 30, 2003, we did not sell any securities which were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act").

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

No response is required to this item.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

During the three months $\$ ended $\$ September 30, 2003, $\$ we did not submit any matters to a vote of security holders.

Item 5. Other Information.

The Company received a purchase order dated as of September 15, 2003 from Carl Zeiss MicroImaging, Inc. ("Zeiss"). This purchase order covers a prototype signal processor for use with laboratory microscopes and utilizes the Company's proprietary technologies described in its U.S. Patents 6,519,076 and 6,525,862. Under the terms of this purchase order, we will provide Zeiss with the prototype on or about December 15, 2003. Subsequent to receipt of the prototype, Zeiss will evaluate its potential for use in conjunction with certain of its microscopy instrumentation. If Zeiss determines that it can commercialize our technologies, then we expect to enter into negotiation of a license agreement with Zeiss covering the underlying intellectual property. We can give you no assurance that Zeiss will determine that it can commercialize our technologies or that we will be able to successfully execute licensure of our intellectual property.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.

- (a) Exhibits. Exhibits required by Item 601 of Regulation S-B are incorporated herein by reference and are listed on the attached Exhibit Index, which begins on page X-1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB.
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K. During the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2003, we did not file any Current Reports on Form 8-K.

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SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the Registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly

authorized.

Provectus Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

By:/s/ H. Craig Dees, Ph.D.

H. Craig Dees, Ph.D. Chief Executive Officer

Date: October 7, 2004

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EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No. Description

- 31.1+ Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) (Section 302 Certification), dated October 7, 2004, executed by H. Craig Dees, Ph.D., Chief Executive Officer of the Company.
- 31.2+ Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) (Section 302 Certification), dated October 7, 2004, executed by Peter R. Culpepper, Chief Financial Officer of the Company.
- 32.1+ Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C.ss. 1350 (Section 906 Certification), dated October 7, 2004, executed by H. Craig Dees, Ph.D., Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Peter R. Culpepper, Chief Financial Officer of the Company.

+ Filed herewith.

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Exhibit 31.1

Provectus Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) Section 302 Certification

I, H. Craig Dees, Ph.D., the Chief Executive Officer of Provectus

Pharmaceuticals, Inc., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-QSB of Provectus Pharmaceuticals, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the small business issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4. The small business issuer's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the small business issuer and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the small business issuer, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the small business issuer's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the small business issuer's most recent fiscal quarter (the small business issuer's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting; and.
- 5. The small business issuer's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the small business issuer's auditors and the audit committee of small business issuer's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the small business issuer's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the small business issuer's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the small business issuer's internal controls.

Date: October 7, 2004

H. Craig Dees, Ph.D.
Chief Executive Officer

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Exhibit 31.2

Provectus Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) Section 302 Certification

- I, Peter R. Culpepper, the Chief Financial Officer of Provectus Pharmaceuticals, Inc., certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-QSB of Provectus Pharmaceuticals, Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the small business issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4. The small business issuer's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the small business issuer and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the small business issuer, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the small business issuer's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the small business issuer's most recent fiscal quarter (the small business issuer's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting; and.
- 5. The small business issuer's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the small business issuer's auditors and the audit committee

of small business issuer's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):

- all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the small business issuer's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the small business issuer's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
- (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the small business issuer's internal controls.

Date: October 7, 2004

/s/ Peter R. Culpepper _____

Peter R. Culpepper Chief Financial Officer

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Exhibit 32.1

Provectus Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss. 1350 Section 906 Certifications

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C.ss. 1350, as enacted by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Public Law 107-204), the undersigned, H. Craig Dees, Ph.D., the Chief Executive Officer of Provectus Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a Nevada corporation (the "Company"), and Peter R. Culpepper, the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certify that:

- The Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended September 30, 2003, as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

This Certification is signed on October 7, 2004.

/s/ H. Craig Dees

H. Craig Dees, Ph.D. Chief Executive Officer Provectus Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

/s/ Peter R. Culpepper _____

Peter R. Culpepper

Chief Financial Officer

Provectus Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Provectus Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and will be retained by Provectus Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.