Nuance Communications, Inc.

Non-accelerated filer

Act). Yes "No ý

| Form 10-Q | |
|--|--|
| February 10, 2014 | |
| Table of Contents | |
| UNITED STATES | |
| SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION | |
| Washington, D.C. 20549 | |
| Form 10-Q | _ |
| (Mark One) | - |
| ý QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTIO OF 1934 | N 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT |
| For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2013 Or | |
| | ON 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT |
| OF 1934 | |
| Commission file number 001-36056 | |
| NUANCE COMMUNICATIONS, INC. | _ |
| (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) | |
| Delaware | 94-3156479 |
| (State or Other jurisdiction of | (I.R.S. Employer |
| incorporation or organization) | Identification No.) |
| 1 Wayside Road | 01803 |
| Burlington, Massachusetts | 01003 |
| (Address of principal executive offices) | (Zip Code) |
| Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (781) 565-5000 | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| | filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of |
| | ng 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant |
| was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subjected by the such reports and (2) has been subjected by the such reports and (2) has been subjected by the such reports and (2) has been subjected by the such reports and (2) has been subjected by the such reports and (2) has been subjected by the such reports and (2) has been subjected by the such reports and (2) has been subjected by the such reports and (2) has been subjected by the su | ect to such fining requirements for the past |
| 90 days. Yes ý No " | itted alastronically and masted on its community Wah site if |
| any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted | itted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if |
| | ths (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required |
| to submit and post such files). Yes ý No " | this (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required |
| | accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, |
| • | large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting |
| company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check o | |
| Large accelerated filer ý | Accelerated filer " |

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange

The number of shares of the Registrant's Common Stock, outstanding as of January 31, 2014 was 317,158,481.

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

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Part I. Financial Information

Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

NUANCE COMMUNICATIONS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

| CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OFERATIONS | 2013 (Unaudited) (In thousands, exc | ded December 31, 2012 cept per share | |
|---|---|--|---|
| | amounts) | | |
| Revenues: | | | |
| Product and licensing | \$178,437 | \$196,731 | |
| Professional services and hosting | 218,135 | 200,305 | |
| Maintenance and support | 73,408 | 65,232 | |
| Total revenues | 469,980 | 462,268 | |
| Cost of revenues: | | | |
| Product and licensing | 25,438 | 26,309 | |
| Professional services and hosting | 154,580 | 125,156 | |
| Maintenance and support | 12,608 | 14,797 | |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 15,194 | 16,310 | |
| Total cost of revenues | 207,820 | 182,572 | |
| Gross profit | 262,160 | 279,696 | |
| Operating expenses: | | | |
| Research and development | 80,470 | 68,721 | |
| Sales and marketing | 118,906 | 117,135 | |
| General and administrative | 44,476 | 44,784 | |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 27,472 | 25,426 | |
| Acquisition-related costs, net | 2,798 | 15,733 | |
| Restructuring and other charges, net | 3,837 | 1,667 | |
| Total operating expenses | 277,959 | 273,466 | |
| (Loss) income from operations | (15,799) | 6,230 | |
| Other income (expense): | | | |
| Interest income | 419 | 538 | |
| Interest expense | (33,959) | (34,117) | ļ |
| Other expense, net | (3,096) | (3,308) | ļ |
| Loss before income taxes | (52,435) | (30,657) | |
| Provision (benefit) from income taxes | 2,978 | (8,561) | |
| Net loss | \$(55,413) | \$(22,096) | , |
| Net loss per share: | | | |
| Basic | \$(0.18) | \$(0.07) | , |
| Diluted | \$(0.18) | \$(0.07) | , |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding: | | | |
| Basic | 314,818 | 312,571 | |
| Diluted | 314,818 | 312,571 | |
| See accompanying notes. | | | |

NUANCE COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME

| · | Three Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------------|---|
| | December 31, | |
| | 2013 2012 | |
| | Unaudited (In thousands) | |
| Net loss | \$(55,413) \$(22,096) |) |
| Other comprehensive income: | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | 6,604 7,111 | |
| Recognition of pension loss amortization | | |
| Total other comprehensive income, net | 6,604 7,244 | |
| Comprehensive loss | \$(48,809) \$(14,852) |) |
| | | |

See accompanying notes.

NUANCE COMMUNICATIONS, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

| ASSETS | December 31, 2013 (Unaudited) (In thousands share amounts | | |
|---|--|--|---|
| Current assets: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$734,656 | \$808,118 | |
| Marketable securities | 40,440 | 38,728 | |
| Accounts receivable, less allowances for doubtful accounts of \$8,634 and \$8,529 | 396,834 | 382,741 | |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 113,534 | 104,971 | |
| Deferred tax asset | 75,211 | 74,969 | |
| Total current assets | 1,360,675 | 1,409,527 | |
| Land, building and equipment, net | 142,971 | 143,465 | |
| Goodwill | 3,350,371 | 3,293,198 | |
| Intangible assets, net | 954,309 | 953,278 | |
| Other assets | 177,387 | 159,135 | |
| Total assets | \$5,985,713 | \$5,958,603 | |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: Current portion of long-term debt Accounts payable Accrued expenses and other current liabilities Deferred revenue Total current liabilities Long-term debt Deferred revenue, net of current portion Deferred tax liability Other liabilities Total liabilities Commitments and contingencies (Notes 4 and 16) | \$248,518 59,120 227,182 301,049 835,869 2,112,759 183,205 183,728 61,532 3,377,093 | \$246,040 91,016 214,425 253,753 805,234 2,108,091 160,823 162,774 83,667 3,320,589 | |
| Communicitis and contingencies (Notes 4 and 10) | | | |
| Stockholders' equity: Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 560,000 shares authorized; 321,035 and 319,365 shares issued and 317,284 and 315,614 shares outstanding, respectively Additional paid-in capital Treasury stock, at cost (3,751 shares) Accumulated other comprehensive income Accumulated deficit Total stockholders' equity Total liabilities and stockholders' equity See accompanying notes. | 3,044,837 (16,788) 13,417 | 6,813 |) |
| | | | |

NUANCE COMMUNICATIONS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

| | Three Months 31, | | er |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------------|----|
| | 2013 (Unaudited) (In thousands) | 2012 | |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | |
| Net loss | \$(55,413 | \$(22,096) |) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities: | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 55,109 | 50,429 | |
| Stock-based compensation | 47,239 | 45,271 | |
| Non-cash interest expense | 9,661 | 9,986 | |
| Deferred tax benefit | (1,612 | (4,077 |) |
| Other | | (1,925 |) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions: | | | |
| Accounts receivable | (6,532 | 8,815 | |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | (11,095 | (9,104 |) |
| Accounts payable | (28,032 | (18,692) |) |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | 7,452 | 9,241 | |
| Deferred revenue | 67,529 | 55,100 | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 78,156 | 122,948 | |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | |
| Capital expenditures | (14,166 | (15,104 |) |
| Payments for business and technology acquisitions, net of cash acquired | | (446,192 |) |
| Purchases of marketable securities and other investments | (5,063 |) — | , |
| Proceeds from sales and maturities of marketable securities and other investments | 13,372 | 456 | |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | (460,840 |) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | , (, | , |
| Payments of debt | (1,307 |) (144,835 |) |
| Proceeds from long-term debt, net of issuance costs | | 352,611 | |
| Payments for repurchase of common stock | (18,000 |) — [*] | |
| Payments for settlement of share-based derivatives | (1,032 | (177 |) |
| Payments of other long-term liabilities | (904 | (1,012 |) |
| Excess tax benefits on employee equity awards | _ | 4,974 | , |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock from employee stock plans | 1,188 | 1,906 | |
| Cash used to net share settle employee equity awards | |) (43,859 |) |
| Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities | (46,561 | 169,608 | , |
| Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | 296 | (389 |) |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | | (168,673 |) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 808,118 | 1,129,761 | , |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | \$734,656 | \$961,088 | |
| See accompanying notes. | Ψ / 5π,050 | Ψ / Ο Ι , Ο Ο Ο | |
| bee accompanying notes. | | | |

NUANCE COMMUNICATIONS, INC. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Organization and Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Nuance Communications, Inc. ("Nuance", "we", or "the Company") and our wholly-owned subsidiaries. We prepared these unaudited interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for interim periods. In our opinion, these financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of our financial position for the periods disclosed. Intercompany transactions have been eliminated. We reclassified certain immaterial amounts between product and licensing and maintenance and support revenues previously reported for the three months ended December 31, 2012. The reclassifications have no impact on earnings or cash flows provided by operations.

Although we believe the disclosures in these financial statements are adequate to make the information presented not misleading, certain information normally included in the footnotes prepared in accordance with GAAP has been omitted. Accordingly, these financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and the notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for a full year.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Effective October 1, 2013, we implemented Accounting Standards Update No. 2013-02, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220) — Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income, which did not have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements.

We have made no material changes to the significant accounting policies disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In July 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2013-11, "Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists" (ASU 2013-11) to provide guidance on the presentation of unrecognized tax benefits. ASU 2013-11 requires an entity to present an unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward, except as follows: to the extent a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward is not available at the reporting date under the tax law of the applicable jurisdiction to settle any additional income taxes that would result from the disallowance of a tax position or the tax law of the applicable jurisdiction does not require the entity to use, and the entity does not intend to use, the deferred tax asset for such purpose, the unrecognized tax benefit should be presented in the financial statements as a liability and should not be combined with deferred tax assets. ASU 2013-11 is effective for us in our first quarter of fiscal 2015 with earlier adoption permitted. ASU 2013-11 should be applied prospectively with retroactive application permitted. We do not believe that this will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

3. Business Acquisitions

Fiscal 2014 Acquisitions

During fiscal 2014, we acquired several businesses for total cash consideration of \$101.0 million. In allocating the total purchase consideration for these acquisitions based on preliminary estimated fair values, we recorded \$51.9 million of goodwill and \$42.5 million of identifiable intangibles assets. Intangible assets acquired included customer relationships and core and completed technology with weighted average useful lives of 10.0 years. These acquisitions are not individually material and were made in our Healthcare and Enterprise segments. These acquisitions are treated as stock purchases, and the goodwill resulting from these acquisitions is not expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

NUANCE COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Pro Forma Results

On May 31, 2013, we acquired the Technology Solutions Segment ("TGT") of the Tweddle Group for total consideration of \$83.3 million in cash, including a purchase price adjustment as specified in the asset purchase agreement. TGT provides cloud-based infotainment and communications solutions to the automotive industry. The transaction was structured as an asset acquisition, and therefore the goodwill is expected to be deductible for tax purposes. The results of operations for TGT are included in our Mobile and Consumer segment from the acquisition date.

The following table shows unaudited pro forma results of operations as if we had acquired TGT on October 1, 2012 (dollars in thousands, except per share amounts):

| | Three Months Ended December | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|---|
| | 31, | | |
| | 2013 | 2012 | |
| Revenue | \$469,980 | \$464,364 | |
| Net loss | (55,413 |) (25,669 |) |
| Net loss per share - diluted | \$(0.18 |) \$(0.08 |) |

We have not furnished pro forma financial information related to our other recent acquisitions because such information is not material, individually or in the aggregate, to our financial results. The unaudited pro forma results of operations are not necessarily indicative of the actual results that would have occurred had the transactions actually taken place at the beginning of the periods indicated.

Acquisition-Related Costs, net

Acquisition-related costs include costs related to business and other acquisitions, including potential acquisitions. These costs consist of (i) transition and integration costs, including retention payments, transitional employee costs and earn-out payments treated as compensation expense, as well as the costs of integration-related activities including services provided by third-parties; (ii) professional service fees, including third party costs related to the acquisitions, and legal and other professional service fees associated with disputes and regulatory matters related to acquired entities; and (iii) adjustments to acquisition-related items that are required to be marked to fair value each reporting period, such as contingent consideration, and other items related to acquisitions for which the measurement period has ended.

The components of acquisition-related costs, net are as follows (dollars in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended Decembe | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| | 31, | |
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| Transition and integration costs | \$3,839 | \$6,263 |
| Professional service fees | 3,339 | 9,470 |
| Acquisition-related adjustments | (4,380 |) — |
| Total | \$2,798 | \$15,733 |

Included in acquisition-related adjustments for the three months ended December 31, 2013, is income of \$7.7 million related to the elimination of a contingent liability established in the original allocation of purchase price for an acquisition closed in fiscal 2008, following the expiration of the applicable statute of limitations. As a result, we have eliminated the contingent liability, and included the adjustment in acquisition-related costs, net in our consolidated statements of operations.

4. Contingent Acquisition Payments

The fair value of any contingent consideration is established at the acquisition date and included in the total purchase price. The contingent consideration is then adjusted to fair value as an increase or decrease in current earnings included in acquisition-related costs, net in each reporting period.

In connection with our acquisition of JA Thomas in October 2012, we agreed to make deferred payments to the former shareholders of JA Thomas of up to \$25.0 million in October 2014, contingent upon the continued employment of certain named executives and certain other conditions. The contingent payments will be reduced by amounts specified in the merger agreement in the event that any of the named executives terminates their employment prior to the payment date. The portion of the deferred

NUANCE COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

payment that is payable to the named executives is being recognized as compensation expense over the two year employment period and included in acquisition-related costs, net in our consolidated statement of operations.

5. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill and intangible assets for the three months ended December 31, 2013, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

| | Goodwill | Assets | |
|--|--------------|-----------|---|
| Balance at September 30, 2013 | \$3,293,198 | \$953,278 | |
| Acquisitions | 51,871 | 43,409 | |
| Purchase accounting adjustments | 542 | (59 |) |
| Amortization | _ | (42,666 |) |
| Effect of foreign currency translation | 4,760 | 347 | |
| Balance at December 31, 2013 | \$3,350,371 | \$954,309 | |

6. Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedges

Forward Currency Contracts

We operate our business in countries throughout the world and transact business in various foreign currencies. Our foreign currency exposures typically arise from transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of our operations. We have a program that primarily utilizes foreign currency forward contracts to offset the risks associated with the effect of certain foreign currency exposures. Our program is designed so that increases or decreases in our foreign currency exposures are offset by gains or losses on the foreign currency forward contracts in order to mitigate the risks and volatility associated with our foreign currency transactions. Generally we enter into contracts for less than 90 days, and at December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, we had outstanding contracts with a total notional value of \$330.8 million and \$247.8 million, respectively.

We have not designated these forward contracts as hedging instruments pursuant to ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging, and accordingly, we record the fair value of these contracts at the end of each reporting period in our consolidated balance sheet, with changes in the fair value recorded in earnings as other expense, net in our consolidated statements of operations.

Security Price Guarantees

From time to time we enter into agreements that allow us to issue shares of our common stock as part or all of the consideration related to partnering and technology acquisition activities. Generally these shares are issued subject to security price guarantees, which are accounted for as derivatives. We have determined that these instruments would not be considered equity instruments if they were freestanding. The security price guarantees require payment from either us to a third party, or from a third party to us, based upon the difference between the price of our common stock on the issue date and an average price of our common stock approximately six months following the issue date. Changes in the fair value of these security price guarantees are reported in earnings in each period as other expense, net in our consolidated statements of operations.

The following is a summary of the outstanding shares subject to security price guarantees at December 31, 2013 (dollars in thousands):

| Janua Data | Number of | Settlement Date | Total Value of Shares |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Issue Date | Shares Issued | Settlement Date | on Issue Date |
| August 15, 2013 | 934,960 | February 15, 2014 | \$ 18,400 |

Intangible

NUANCE COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The following table provides a quantitative summary of the fair value of our derivative instruments as of December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands):

| Derivatives Not Designated as | | Fair Value | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--------------|-----------|---|
| • | Balance Sheet Classification | December 31, | September | |
| Hedges: | | 2013 | 30, 2013 | |
| Foreign currency contracts | Prepaid expenses and other current assets | \$949 | \$2,201 | |
| Security Price Guarantees | Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | (4,182) | (1,044 |) |
| Net fair value of non-hedge derivat | ive instruments | \$(3,233) | \$1,157 | |

The following tables summarize the activity of derivative instruments for the three months ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 (dollars in thousands):

| | | Amount of Garage | ain (Loss) Recognized | d in |
|--------------------------------------|--|------------------|-----------------------|------|
| Derivatives Not Designated as Hedges | Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income | 2013 | 2012 | |
| Foreign currency contracts | Other expense, net | \$1,963 | \$(104 |) |
| Security price guarantees | Other expense, net | \$(4,150 |) \$(2,510 |) |
| Other Financial Instruments | | | | |

Financial instruments, including cash equivalents, marketable securities, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and derivative instruments, are carried in the consolidated financial statements at amounts that approximate their fair value.

The estimated fair value of our long-term debt approximated \$2,431.5 million (face value \$2,471.0 million) and \$2,458.2 million (face value \$2,472.2 million) at December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, respectively. These fair value amounts represent the value at which our lenders could trade our debt within the financial markets, and do not represent the settlement value of these long-term debt liabilities to us at each reporting date. The fair value of the long-term debt issues will continue to vary each period based on fluctuations in market interest rates, as well as changes to our credit ratings. The Senior Notes, the term loan portion of our Credit Facility, and the Convertible Debentures are traded and the fair values are based upon trading prices as of the reporting dates. The fair values of each borrowing was estimated using the averages of the bid and ask trading quotes at each respective date. We had no outstanding balance on the revolving credit line portion of our Credit Facility at December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013.

7. Fair Value Measures

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Valuation techniques must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities required to be recorded at fair value, we consider the principal or most advantageous market in which we would transact and consider assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, such as inherent risk, transfer restrictions, and risk of nonperformance.

ASC 820, Fair Value Measures and Disclosures, establishes a value hierarchy based on three levels of inputs, of which the first two are considered observable and the third is considered unobservable:

- Level 1. Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets which we can access.
- Level 2. Observable inputs other than those described as Level 1.
- Level 3. Unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Items measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013 consisted of (dollars in thousands):

| | December 31, 2013 | | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|---|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total | |
| Assets: | | | | | |
| Money market funds(a) | \$617,061 | \$ — | \$ — | \$617,061 | |
| US government agency securities(a) | 1,000 | _ | _ | 1,000 | |
| Marketable securities, \$40,440 at cost (b) | | 40,440 | _ | 40,440 | |
| Foreign currency exchange contracts(b) | | 949 | _ | 949 | |
| Total assets at fair value | \$618,061 | \$41,389 | \$ — | \$659,450 | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Security price guarantees(c) | \$ — | \$(4,182 |) \$— | \$(4,182 |) |
| Contingent earn-out(d) | | _ | (1,319 |) (1,319 |) |
| Total liabilities at fair value | \$ — | \$(4,182 |) \$(1,319 |) \$(5,501 |) |
| | | | | | |
| | September 30 | 0, 2013 | | | |
| | September 30 Level 1 |), 2013 Level 2 | Level 3 | Total | |
| Assets: | • | | Level 3 | Total | |
| Assets: Money market funds(a) | • | | Level 3 | Total \$684,697 | |
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | | | |
| Money market funds(a) | Level 1 \$684,697 | Level 2 | | \$684,697 | |
| Money market funds(a) US government agency securities(a) | Level 1 \$684,697 | Level 2 \$— — | | \$684,697 1,000 | |
| Money market funds(a) US government agency securities(a) Marketable securities, \$38,728 at cost (b) | Level 1 \$684,697 | Level 2 \$— — 38,728 | | \$684,697 1,000 38,728 | |
| Money market funds(a) US government agency securities(a) Marketable securities, \$38,728 at cost (b) Foreign currency exchange contracts(b) | Level 1 \$684,697 1,000 — | Level 2 \$— 38,728 2,201 | \$— — — | \$684,697 1,000 38,728 2,201 | |
| Money market funds(a) US government agency securities(a) Marketable securities, \$38,728 at cost (b) Foreign currency exchange contracts(b) Total assets at fair value | Level 1 \$684,697 1,000 — | Level 2 \$— 38,728 2,201 | \$— — — | \$684,697 1,000 38,728 2,201 |) |
| Money market funds(a) US government agency securities(a) Marketable securities, \$38,728 at cost (b) Foreign currency exchange contracts(b) Total assets at fair value Liabilities: | Level 1 \$684,697 1,000 — | Level 2 \$— | \$— — — — \$— | \$684,697 1,000 38,728 2,201 \$726,626 |) |

- Money market funds and U.S. government agency securities, included in cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying balance sheets, are valued at quoted market prices in active markets.
- The fair values of our time deposits, marketable securities and foreign currency exchange contracts are based on (b) the most recent observable inputs for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active or are directly or indirectly observable.
 - The fair values of the security price guarantees are determined using a modified Black-Scholes model, derived
- (c) from observable inputs such as U.S. treasury interest rates, our common stock price, and the volatility of our common stock. The valuation model values both the put and call components of the guarantees simultaneously, with the net value of those components representing the fair value of each instrument.

The fair value of our contingent consideration arrangements are determined based on our evaluation as to the (d) probability and amount of any earn-out that will be achieved based on expected future performance by the acquired

The changes in the fair value of contingent earn-out liabilities are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Three Months **Ended December** 31. 2013 \$450

Balance at beginning of period

| Earn-out liability established at time of acquisition | 869 |
|---|---------|
| Balance at end of period | \$1,319 |
| | |

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Earn-out payments are payable based on achieving the specified performance criteria during defined post-acquisition time periods in accordance with the purchase and sale agreement for each acquisition.

8. Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

| | December 31, | September 30, |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| | 2013 | 2013 |
| Compensation | \$91,875 | \$112,756 |
| Acquisition costs and liabilities | 31,546 | 15,722 |
| Accrued interest payable | 27,005 | 15,879 |
| Cost of revenue related liabilities | 18,600 | 17,992 |
| Professional fees | 15,881 | 17,682 |
| Sales and marketing incentives | 12,803 | 11,681 |
| Sales and other taxes payable | 11,980 | 10,625 |
| Other | 17,492 | 12,088 |
| Total | \$227,182 | \$214,425 |

9. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

| | December 31, | September 30, | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|---------------|--|
| | 2013 | 2013 | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | |
| Deferred maintenance revenue | \$136,552 | \$134,213 | |
| Unearned revenue | 164,497 | 119,540 | |
| Total current deferred revenue | \$301,049 | \$253,753 | |
| Long-term Liabilities: | | | |
| Deferred maintenance revenue | \$58,312 | \$51,784 | |
| Unearned revenue | 124,893 | 109,039 | |
| Total long-term deferred revenue | \$183,205 | \$160,823 | |

Deferred maintenance revenue consists of prepaid fees received for post-contract customer support for our products, including telephone support and the right to receive unspecified upgrades/enhancements on a when-and-if-available basis. Unearned revenue includes upfront fees for setup and implementation activities related to hosted offerings; certain software arrangements for which we do not have fair value of post-contract customer support, resulting in ratable revenue recognition for the entire arrangement on a straight-line basis; and fees in excess of estimated earnings on percentage-of-completion service contracts.

The increase in unearned revenue is primarily driven by the timing of a large annual prepayment from a Healthcare customer that will be amortized over the one year service period, as well as an increase in Mobile deferred revenue related to growth in our automotive connected services for which the revenue recognition period extends over the service period.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

10. Restructuring and Other Charges, net

Restructuring and other charges, net include restructuring expenses together with other expenses that are unusual in nature and are the result of unplanned events, and arise outside of the ordinary course of continuing operations. Restructuring expenses consist of employee severance costs and may also include charges for duplicate facilities and other contract termination costs. Other amounts may include gains or losses on non-controlling strategic equity interests, and gains or losses on sales of non-strategic assets or product lines. The following table sets forth accrual activity relating to our restructuring reserves for the three months ended December 31, 2013 (dollars in thousands):

| | Personnel | Facilities | Total |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Balance at September 30, 2013 | \$4,230 | \$1,191 | \$5,421 |
| Restructuring charges, net | 1,419 | 2,418 | 3,837 |
| Non-cash adjustments | 80 | 761 | 841 |
| Cash payments | (3,261) | (607 |) (3,868) |
| Balance at December 31, 2013 | \$2,468 | \$3,763 | \$6,231 |

Restructuring charges, net by segment are as follows (dollars in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended December 31, | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|---------|-----------|------------|---------|
| | 2013 | | 2012 | | | |
| | Personnel | Facilities | Total | Personnel | Facilities | Total |
| Healthcare | \$214 | \$ — | \$214 | \$653 | \$558 | \$1,211 |
| Mobile and Consumer | 202 | _ | 202 | 1,099 | _ | 1,099 |
| Enterprise | 177 | _ | 177 | _ | _ | _ |
| Imaging | | _ | _ | 822 | _ | 822 |
| Corporate | 826 | 2,418 | 3,244 | 143 | _ | 143 |
| Total restructuring expense | \$1,419 | \$2,418 | \$3,837 | \$2,717 | \$558 | \$3,275 |

For the three months ended December 31, 2013, we recorded net restructuring charges of \$3.8 million, which included a \$1.4 million severance charge related to the elimination of approximately 20 personnel across multiple functions, and \$2.4 million resulting from the restructuring of a facility that will no longer be utilized.

11. Debt and Credit Facilities

At December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, we had the following borrowing obligations (dollars in thousands):

| | December 31, 2013 | September 30, 2013 |
|---|-------------------|--------------------|
| 5.375% Senior Notes due 2020, net of unamortized premium of \$5.2 million and | \$1.055.190 | \$1,055,385 |
| \$3.4 million, respectively. Effective interest rate 3.28%. | | ψ1,033,303 |
| 2.75% Convertible Debentures due 2031, net of unamortized discount of \$107.5 | 582,529 | 576,524 |
| million and \$113.5 million, respectively. Effective interest rate 7.43%. | | |
| 2.75% Convertible Debentures due 2027, net of unamortized discount of \$6.3 million and \$8.8 million, respectively. Effective interest rate 7.30%. | 243,683 | 241,206 |
| Credit Facility, net of unamortized discount of \$1.1 million and \$1.2 million, | 479,875 | 481,016 |
| respectively. | 479,073 | 461,010 |
| Total long-term debt | \$2,361,277 | \$2,354,131 |
| Less: current portion | 248,518 | 246,040 |
| Non-current portion of long-term debt | \$2,112,759 | \$2,108,091 |
| 2.75% Convertible Debentures due 2031 | | |

As of December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, none of the conversion criteria were met for the 2031 Debentures. If the conversion criteria were met, we could be required to repay all or some of the principal amount in cash prior to maturity.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

2.75% Convertible Debentures due 2027

The 2027 Debentures are puttable at the holders option in August 2014. As a result, we have classified the obligation in current liabilities at December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013.

Credit Facility

The Credit Facility includes a term loan and a \$75 million revolving credit line, including letters of credit. The term loan matures on August 7, 2019 and the revolving credit line matures on August 7, 2018. As of December 31, 2013, there were \$7.2 million of letters of credit issued, and there were no other outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit line.

Under terms of the amended and restated credit agreement, interest is payable monthly at a rate equal to the applicable margin plus, at our option, either (a) the base rate which is the corporate base rate of Morgan Stanley, the Administrative Agent, or (b) LIBOR (equal to (i) the British Bankers' Association Interest Settlement Rates for deposits in U.S. dollars divided by (ii) one minus the statutory reserves applicable to such borrowing). The applicable margin for the borrowings at December 31, 2013 is as follows:

DescriptionBase Rate MarginLIBOR MarginTerm loans maturing August 20191.75%2.75%Revolving facility due August 20180.50% - 0.75% (a)1.50% - 1.75% (a)

(a) The margin is determined based on our net leverage ratio at the date the interest rates are reset on the revolving credit line.

At December 31, 2013 the applicable margin for the term loans was 2.75%, with an effective rate of 2.92%, on the outstanding balance of \$481.0 million maturing in August 2019. We are required to pay a commitment fee for unutilized commitments under the revolving credit facility at a rate ranging from 0.375% to 0.50% per annum, based upon our net leverage ratio. As of December 31, 2013, the commitment fee rate was 0.375%.

The Credit Facility contains the most restrictive covenants of our long-term debt, including, among other things, covenants that restrict our ability and those of our subsidiaries to incur certain additional indebtedness or issue guarantees, create or permit liens on assets, enter into sale-leaseback transactions, make loans or investments, sell assets, make certain acquisitions, pay dividends, or repurchase stock, or merge or consolidate with any entity, and limits transactions with affiliates. The agreement also contains events of default, including failure to make payments of principal or interest, failure to observe covenants, breaches of representations and warranties, defaults under certain other material indebtedness, failure to satisfy material judgments, a change of control and certain insolvency events. As of December 31, 2013, we were in compliance with the covenants under the Credit Facility. The covenants on our other long-term debt are less restrictive, and we have met these requirements.

Our obligations under the Credit Facility are unconditionally guaranteed by, subject to certain exceptions, each of our existing and future direct and indirect wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries. The Credit Facility and the guarantees thereof are secured by first priority liens and security interests in the following: 100% of the capital stock of substantially all of our domestic subsidiaries and 65% of the outstanding voting equity interests and 100% of the non-voting equity interests of first-tier foreign subsidiaries, all our material tangible and intangible assets and those of the guarantors, and any present and future intercompany debt. The Credit Facility also contains provisions for mandatory prepayments of outstanding term loans upon receipt of the following, and subject to certain exceptions: 100% of net cash proceeds from asset sales, 100% of net cash proceeds from issuance or incurrence of debt, and 100% of extraordinary receipts. We may voluntarily prepay borrowings under the Credit Facility without premium or penalty other than breakage costs, as defined with respect to LIBOR-based loans.

The Credit Facility includes a provision for an annual excess cash flow sweep, as defined in the agreement, payable in the first quarter of each fiscal year, based on the excess cash flow generated in the previous fiscal year. No excess cash flow sweep was required in the first quarter of fiscal 2014 as no excess cash flow, as defined in the agreement was generated in fiscal 2013. At the current time, we are unable to predict the amount of the outstanding principal, if any,

that we may be required to repay in future fiscal years pursuant to the excess cash flow sweep provisions.

12. Stockholders' Equity

Stock Repurchases

On April 29, 2013, our Board of Directors approved a share repurchase program for up to \$500 million of our outstanding shares of common stock. Approximately \$295.9 million remained available for stock repurchases as of December 31, 2013 pursuant

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

to our stock repurchase program. We repurchased 1.2 million shares for \$19.7 million during the three months ended December 31, 2013 (including 0.1 million shares for \$1.7 million that were repurchased, but not settled at December 31, 2013). Under the terms of the repurchase program, we expect to continue to repurchase shares from time to time through a variety of methods, which may include open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions, block trades, accelerated stock repurchase transactions, or any combination of such methods. The timing and the amount of any purchases will be determined by management based on an evaluation of market conditions, capital allocation alternatives, and other factors. The share repurchase program does not require us to acquire any specific number of shares and may be modified, suspended, extended or terminated by us at any time without prior notice.

13. Net Loss Per Share

Common equivalent shares are excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share if their effect is anti-dilutive. Potentially dilutive common equivalent shares aggregating to 13.7 million and 14.8 million shares for the three months ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, have been excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share because their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

14. Stock-Based Compensation

We recognize stock-based compensation expense over the requisite service period. Our share-based awards are accounted for as equity instruments. The amounts included in the consolidated statements of operations relating to stock-based compensation are as follows (dollars in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|----------|
| | December 31, | |
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| Cost of product and licensing | \$265 | \$185 |
| Cost of professional services and hosting | 6,619 | 2,403 |
| Cost of maintenance and support | 784 | 2,103 |
| Research and development | 10,288 | 8,860 |
| Selling and marketing | 15,244 | 16,847 |
| General and administrative | 14,039 | 14,873 |
| Total | \$47,239 | \$45,271 |

Stock Options

The table below summarizes activity relating to stock options for the three months ended December 31, 2013:

| | Number of Shares | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Average Remaining Contractual Term | Aggregate Intrinsic Value(a) | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|
| Outstanding at September 30, 2013 | 4,184,158 | \$13.08 | | | |
| Exercised | (140,260) | \$8.47 | | | |
| Forfeited | (974) | \$20.04 | | | |
| Expired | (2,393) | \$17.46 | | | |
| Outstanding at December 31, 2013 | 4,040,531 | \$13.23 | 2.7 years | \$9.8 | million |
| Exercisable at December 31, 2013 | 4,019,980 | \$13.23 | 2.7 years | \$9.7 | million |
| Exercisable at December 31, 2012 | 5,715,146 | \$11.54 | 2.9 years | \$61.6 | million |

Weighted

The aggregate intrinsic value in this table was calculated based on the positive difference, if any, between the closing market value of our common stock on December 31, 2013 (\$15.20) and the exercise price of the underlying options.

The weighted-average intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the three months ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 was \$1.2 million and \$5.2 million, respectively.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Restricted Units

Restricted Units are not included in issued and outstanding common stock until the shares are vested and released. The purchase price for vested Restricted Units is \$0.001 per share. The table below summarizes activity relating to Restricted Units for the three months ended December 31, 2013:

| | Number of Shares Underlying Restricted Units — Contingent Awards | Number of Shares Underlying Restricted Units – Time-Based Awards | |
|---|---|--|---|
| Outstanding at September 30, 2013 | 5,587,181 | 9,095,424 | |
| Granted | 1,404,938 | 3,605,109 | |
| Earned/released | (745,689) | (3,242,497 |) |
| Forfeited | (1,289,490) | (195,182 |) |
| Outstanding at December 31, 2013 | 4,956,940 | 9,262,854 | |
| Weighted average remaining recognition period of outstanding Restricted Units | 2.0 years | 1.9 years | |
| Unearned stock-based compensation expense of outstanding Restricted Uni | ts\$75.1 million | \$131.2 million | |
| Aggregate intrinsic value of outstanding Restricted Units(a) | \$75.3 million | \$140.9 million | |
| The aggregate intrinsic value in this table was calculated based on the po | sitive difference betw | een the closing | |

The aggregate intrinsic value in this table was calculated based on the positive difference between the closing (a) market value of our common stock on December 31, 2013 (\$15.20) and the purchase price of the underlying Restricted Units.

A summary of weighted-average grant-date fair value for awards granted and intrinsic value of all Restricted Units vested during the periods noted is as follows:

| | Three Months Ended December | | |
|--|-----------------------------|---------|--|
| | 31, | | |
| | 2013 | 2012 | |
| Weighted-average grant-date fair value per share | \$14.59 | \$22.25 | |
| Total intrinsic value of shares vested (in millions) | \$59.0 | \$100.9 | |
| | | | |

Restricted Stock Awards

Restricted Stock Awards are included in the issued and outstanding common stock at the date of grant. The table below summarizes activity related to Restricted Stock Awards for the three months ended December 31, 2013:

| | runioei oi | Weighted |
|--|------------------|-------------|
| | Shares | Average |
| | Underlying | Grant Date |
| | Restricted Stock | Fair Value |
| Outstanding at September 30, 2013 | 1,000,000 | \$24.06 |
| Granted | 250,000 | \$15.71 |
| Vested | (250,000) | \$25.80 |
| Forfeited | _ | \$ — |
| Outstanding at December 31, 2013 | 1,000,000 | \$21.54 |
| Weighted average remaining recognition period of outstanding Restricted Awards | 1.6 years | |
| Unearned stock-based compensation expense of outstanding Restricted Awards | \$19.7 million | |
| Aggregate intrinsic value of outstanding Restricted Awards | \$15.2 million | |
| | 1 (117) | 1.0.1 |

A summary of weighted-average grant-date fair value for awards granted and intrinsic value of all Restricted Stock Awards vested during the periods noted is as follows:

Three Months Ended December 31.

Number of

Weighted

| | 2013 | 2012 |
|--|---------|---------|
| Weighted-average grant-date fair value per share | \$15.71 | \$22.32 |
| Total intrinsic value of shares vested (in millions) | \$3.9 | \$5.3 |
| | | |

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

15. Income Taxes

The components of provision (benefit) from income taxes are as follows (dollars in thousands):

| | Three Mon | ths En | ded Decemb | er |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|--------|------------|----|
| | 31, | | | |
| | 2013 | | 2012 | |
| Domestic | \$(1,455 |) | \$(16,488 |) |
| Foreign | 4,433 | | 7,927 | |
| Provision (benefit) from income taxes | \$2,978 | | \$(8,561 |) |
| Effective tax rate | (5.7 |)% | 27.9 | % |

The effective income tax rate was (5.7)% and 27.9% for the three months ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Our current effective tax rate differs from the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35% primarily due to earnings in foreign operations which are subject to a significantly lower tax rate than the U.S. statutory tax rate driven primarily by our subsidiaries in Ireland. The effective tax rate for the three months ended December 31, 2013 was also impacted by a \$5.2 million benefit for income taxes due to the release of a portion of the domestic valuation allowance resulting from a one-time tax benefit recorded in connection with an immaterial acquisition for which a net deferred tax liability was established related to acquired intangible assets.

Our effective income tax rate is based upon the income for the year, the composition of income in different countries, changes relating to valuation allowances for certain countries if and as necessary, and adjustments, if any, for the potential tax consequences, benefits or resolutions of audits or other tax contingencies. Our aggregate income tax rate in foreign jurisdictions is lower than our income tax rate in the United States. Our effective tax rate may be adversely affected by earnings being lower than anticipated in countries where we have lower statutory tax rates and higher than anticipated in countries where we have higher statutory tax rates. For the three months ended December 31, 2013, our international profits are lower as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2012, and therefore, the impact on our effective tax rate from our foreign operations is lower in the first quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to prior year.

At December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, the liability for income taxes associated with uncertain tax positions was \$20.1 million and \$19.6 million, respectively, and is included in other long-term liabilities. If these benefits were recognized, they would favorably impact the effective tax rate. We do not expect a significant change in the amount of unrecognized tax benefits within the next twelve months.

16. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation and Other Claims

Like many companies in the software industry, we have, from time to time, been notified of claims that we may be infringing on, or contributing to the infringement of, the intellectual property rights of others. These claims have been referred to counsel, and they are in various stages of evaluation and negotiation. If it appears necessary or desirable, we may seek licenses for these intellectual property rights. There is no assurance that licenses will be offered by all claimants, that the terms of any offered licenses will be acceptable to us or that in all cases the dispute will be resolved without litigation, which may be time consuming and expensive, and may result in injunctive relief or the payment of damages by us.

We do not believe that the resolution of any such claim or litigation will have a material adverse effect on our financial position and results of operations. However, resolution of any such claim or litigation could require significant management time and adversely impact our operating results, financial position and cash flows. Guarantees and Other

We include indemnification provisions in the contracts we enter into with customers and business partners. Generally, these provisions require us to defend claims arising out of our products' infringement of third-party intellectual property rights, breach of contractual obligations and/or unlawful or otherwise culpable conduct. The indemnity obligations generally cover damages, costs and attorneys' fees arising out of such claims. In most, but not all cases, our total liability under such provisions is limited to either the value of the contract or a specified, agreed upon amount. In

some cases our total liability under such provisions is unlimited. In many, but not all cases, the term of the indemnity provision is perpetual. While the maximum potential amount of future payments we could be required to make under all the indemnification provisions is unlimited, we believe the estimated fair value of these provisions is minimal due to the low frequency with which these provisions have been triggered.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

We indemnify our directors and officers to the fullest extent permitted by law. These agreements, among other things, indemnify directors and officers for expenses, judgments, fines, penalties and settlement amounts incurred by such persons in their capacity as a director or officer of the company, regardless of whether the individual is serving in any such capacity at the time the liability or expense is incurred. Additionally, in connection with certain acquisitions we have agreed to indemnify the former officers and members of the boards of directors of those companies, on similar terms as described above, for a period of six years from the acquisition date. In certain cases we purchase director and officer insurance policies related to these obligations, which fully cover the six year periods. To the extent that we do not purchase a director and officer insurance policy for the full period of any contractual indemnification, we would be required to pay for costs incurred, if any, as described above.

17. Segment and Geographic Information and Significant Customers

We operate in, and report financial information for, the following four reportable segments: Healthcare, Mobile and Consumer, Enterprise and Imaging. Segment profit is an important measure used for evaluating performance and for decision-making purposes and reflects the direct controllable costs of each segment together with an allocation of sales and corporate marketing expenses, and certain research and development project costs that benefit multiple product offerings. Segment profit represents income from operations excluding stock-based compensation, amortization of intangible assets, acquisition-related costs (income), net, restructuring and other charges, net, costs associated with intellectual property collaboration agreements, other income (expense), net and certain unallocated corporate expenses.

We do not track our assets by operating segment; consequently, it is not practical to show assets or depreciation by operating segment. The following table presents segment results along with a reconciliation of segment profit to loss before income taxes (dollars in thousands):

| | Three month | is ended |
|--|--------------|-----------|
| | December 31, | |
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| Segment revenues(a): | | |
| Healthcare | \$227,286 | \$217,374 |
| Mobile and Consumer | 115,262 | 131,731 |
| Enterprise | 89,202 | 83,696 |
| Imaging | 58,295 | 59,616 |
| Total segment revenues | 490,045 | 492,417 |
| Acquisition-related revenues | (20,065) | (30,149) |
| Total consolidated revenues | 469,980 | 462,268 |
| Segment profit: | | |
| Healthcare | 78,460 | 89,135 |
| Mobile and Consumer | 13,442 | 39,826 |
| Enterprise | 21,134 | 21,669 |
| Imaging | 22,680 | 23,060 |
| Total segment profit | 135,716 | 173,690 |
| Corporate expenses and other, net | (31,206) | (30,137) |
| Acquisition-related revenues and cost of revenues adjustment | (18,832) | (27,666) |
| Stock-based compensation | (47,239) | (45,271) |
| Amortization of intangible assets | (42,666) | (41,736) |
| Acquisition-related costs, net | (2,798) | (15,733) |
| Restructuring and other charges, net | (3,837) | (1,667) |
| Costs associated with IP collaboration agreements | (4,937) | (5,250) |
| Other expense, net | (36,636) | (36,887) |

Three months anded

Loss before income taxes \$(52,435) \$(30,657)

NUANCE COMMUNICATIONS, INC. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Segment revenues differ from reported revenues due to certain revenue adjustments related to acquisitions that would otherwise have been recognized but for the purchase accounting treatment of the business combinations.

(a) Segment revenues also include revenue that the business would have otherwise recognized had we not acquired intellectual property and other assets from the same customer. These revenues are included to allow for more complete comparisons to the financial results of historical operations and in evaluating management performance. No country outside of the United States provided greater than 10% of our total revenue. Revenue, classified by the major geographic areas in which our customers are located, was as follows (dollars in thousands):

| | December 3 | December 31, | |
|----------------|------------|--------------|--|
| | 2013 | 2012 | |
| United States | \$343,185 | \$340,288 | |
| International | 126,795 | 121,980 | |
| Total revenues | \$469,980 | \$462,268 | |

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Three months ended

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
The following Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to help the reader understand the results of
operations and financial condition of our business. Management's Discussion and Analysis is provided as a supplement
to, and should be read in conjunction with, our consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes to the
consolidated financial statements.

CAUTIONARY NOTE CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q including the sections entitled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk" under Items 2 and 3, respectively, of Part I of this report, and the sections entitled "Legal Proceedings" and "Risk Factors," under Items 1 and 1A, respectively, of Part II of this report, contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that, if they never materialize or if they prove incorrect, could cause our consolidated results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include predictions regarding: our future bookings, revenues, cost of revenues, research and development expenses, selling, general and administrative expenses, amortization of intangible assets and gross margin;

our strategy relating to our segments;

the potential of future product releases;

our product development plans and investments in research and development;

future acquisitions, and anticipated benefits from acquisitions;

international operations and localized versions of our products; and

legal proceedings and litigation matters.

You can identify these and other forward-looking statements by the use of words such as "may," "will," "should," "expects," "plans," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "predicts," "intends," "potential," "continue" or the negative of such terms, or comparable terminology. Forward-looking statements also include the assumptions underlying or relating to any of the foregoing statements. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements for many reasons, including the risks described in Item 1A — "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. We undertake no obligation to publicly release any revisions to the forward-looking statements or reflect events or circumstances after the date of this document.

OVERVIEW

Business Overview

We are a leading provider of voice and language solutions for businesses and consumers around the world. Our solutions are used in the healthcare, mobile, consumer, enterprise customer service, and imaging markets. We are seeing several trends in our markets, including (i) the growing adoption of cloud-based, connected services and highly interactive mobile applications, (ii) deeper integration of virtual assistant capabilities and services, and (iii) the continued expansion of our core technology portfolio from speech recognition to natural language understanding, semantic processing, domain-specific reasoning and dialog management capabilities.

Healthcare. Trends in our healthcare business include continuing customer preference for hosted solutions and other time-based licenses, and increasing interest in the use of mobile devices to access healthcare systems and records. We continue to see strong demand for transactions which involve the sale and delivery of both software and non-software related services or products, as well as transactions which involve the sale of multiple solutions, such as both hosted transcription services and Dragon Medical licenses. Although the volume processed in our hosted transcription services has steadily increased due to the expanding customer base, we have experienced some erosion in lines processed when customers adopt electronic medical record (EMR) systems, and when in some cases customers use

our licensed Dragon Medical product to support input into the EMR. We believe an important trend in the healthcare market is the impending change in the coding standard from ICD-9 to ICD-10 which is scheduled to take effect in October 2014. Customers are adopting our solutions under the current coding standard, and we believe the migration to ICD-10 is creating an imperative

to increase automation of this important workflow. We are investing to expand our product set to address the various healthcare opportunities, including deeper integration with our clinical documentation solutions, as well as expand our international capabilities, and reduce our time from contract signing to initiation of billable services.

Mobile and Consumer. Trends in our mobile and consumer segment include device manufacturers requiring custom applications to deliver unique and differentiated products such as virtual assistants, broadening keyboard technologies to take advantage of touch screens, increasing hands-free capabilities on cell phones and automobiles to address the growing concern of distracted driving, and the adoption of our technology on a broadening scope of devices, such as televisions, set-top boxes, e-book readers, tablet computers, cameras and third-party applications. The more powerful capabilities of mobile devices require us to supply a broader set of technologies to support the increasing scope and complexity of the solutions. These technologies include cloud-based speech recognition, natural language understanding, dialog management, text-to-speech and enhanced text input, where the complexity of the technologies allow us to charge a higher price. Within given levels of our technology set, we have seen pricing pressures from our OEM partners in our mobile handset business. We continue to see strong demand for transactions which involve the sale and delivery of both software and non-software related services, as well as products to help customers define, design and implement increasingly robust and complex custom solutions such as virtual assistants. We continue to see an increasing proportion of revenue from on-demand and transactional arrangements as opposed to traditional upfront licensing of our mobile products and solutions. Although this has a negative impact on near-term revenue, we believe this model will build stronger and more predictable revenues over time. We are investing to increase our capabilities and capacity to help device manufacturers build custom applications, to increase the capacity of our data centers, to increase the number, kinds and capacity of network services, to enable developers to access our technology, and to expand both awareness and channels for our direct-to-consumer products.

Enterprise. Trends in our enterprise business include increasing interest in the use of mobile applications and web sites to access customer care systems and records, voice-based authentication of users, increasing interest in coordinating actions and data across customer care channels, and the ability of a broader set of hardware providers and systems integrators to serve the market. We are investing to expand our product set to address these opportunities, to increase efficiency of our hosted applications, expand our capabilities and capacity to help customers build custom applications, and broaden our relationships with new hardware and systems integrator partners serving the market.

Imaging. The imaging market is evolving to include more networked solutions, mobile access to networked solutions, and multi-function devices. We expect to expand our traditional packaged software sales with subscription versions. We are investing to improve mobile access to our networked products, expand our distribution channels and embedding relationships, and expand our language coverage.

Confronted by dramatic increases in electronic information, consumers, business personnel and healthcare professionals must use a variety of resources to retrieve information, transcribe patient records, conduct transactions and perform other job-related functions. We believe that the power of our solutions can transform the way people use the Internet, telecommunications systems, electronic medical records, wireless and mobile networks and related corporate infrastructure to conduct business.

Strategy

In fiscal 2014, we will continue to focus on growth by providing market-leading, value-added solutions for our customers and partners through a broad set of technologies, service offerings and channel capabilities. We have increased our focus on operating efficiencies, expense and hiring discipline and acquisition synergies to improve gross margins and operating margins. We intend to pursue growth through the following key elements of our strategy:

Extend Technology Leadership. Our solutions are recognized as among the best in their respective categories. We intend to leverage our global research and development organization, and our broad portfolio of technologies, applications and intellectual property to foster technological innovation and to maintain customer preference for our solutions. We also intend to invest further in our engineering resources and to seek new technological advancements that further expand the addressable markets for our solutions.

Broaden Expertise in Vertical Markets. Businesses are increasingly turning to us for comprehensive solutions rather than for a single technology product. We intend to broaden our expertise and capabilities to continue to deliver targeted solutions for a range of industries including mobile device manufacturers, healthcare, telecommunications, financial services and government administration. We also intend to expand our global sales and professional services capabilities to help our customers and partners design, integrate and deploy innovative solutions.

Increase Subscription and Transaction Based Recurring Revenue. We intend to increase our subscription and transaction based offerings in all of our segments. This will enable us to deliver applications that our customers use, and pay for, on a repeat basis, providing us with the opportunity to enjoy the benefits of recurring revenue streams. Expand Global Presence. We intend to further expand our international resources to better serve our global customers and partners and to leverage opportunities in established markets such as Europe, and also emerging markets within Asia and Latin America. We continue to add regional executives and sales employees across geographic regions to better address demand for voice and language based solutions and services.

Pursue Strategic Acquisitions and Partnerships. We have selectively pursued strategic acquisitions to expand our technology, solutions and resources, and to complement our organic growth. We have proven experience in integrating businesses and technologies to deliver enhanced value to our customers, partners, employees and shareholders. We intend to continue to pursue acquisitions that enhance our solutions, serve specific vertical markets and strengthen our technology portfolio. We have, however, recently slowed the pace and reduced the size of acquisitions to focus our resources more on driving organic growth. We also have formed key partnerships with other important companies in our markets of interest, and intend to continue to do so in the future where it will enhance the value of our business.

Key Metrics

In evaluating the financial condition and operating performance of our business, management focuses on revenue, net income, gross margins, operating margins and cash flow from operations. A summary of these key financial metrics for the three months ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2012, is as follows:

•Total revenue increased by \$7.7 million to \$470.0 million;

Net loss increased by \$33.3 million to a loss of \$55.4 million;

Gross margins decreased by 4.7 percentage points to 55.8%;

Operating margins decreased by 4.7 percentage points to (3.4)%; and

Cash provided by operating activities decreased by \$44.7 million to \$78.2 million.

In addition to the above key financial metrics, we also focus on certain operating metrics. A summary of these key operating metrics as of December 31, 2013, as compared to December 31, 2012, is as follows:

Annualized line run-rate in our on-demand healthcare solutions declined 1% from one year ago to approximately 5.1 billion lines per year. The annualized line run-rate is determined using billed equivalent line counts in a given quarter, multiplied by four;

Bookings increased 26.2% from one year ago to \$637.3 million. Bookings represent the estimated gross revenue value of transactions at the time of contract execution, except for maintenance and support offerings. For fixed price contracts, the bookings value represents the gross total contract value. For contracts where revenue is based on transaction volume, the bookings value represents the contract price multiplied by the estimated future transaction volume during the contract term, whether or not such transaction volumes are guaranteed under a minimum commitment clause. Actual results could be different than our initial estimate. The maintenance and support, bookings value represent the amounts billed in the period the customer is invoiced. Because of the inherent estimates required to determine bookings and the fact that the actual resultant revenue may differ from our initial bookings estimates, we consider bookings one indicator of potential future revenue and not as an arithmetic measure of backlog; and Estimated three-year value of on-demand contracts increased 7% from one year ago to approximately \$2.2 billion. We determine this value as of the end of the period reported, by using our best estimate of three years of anticipated future revenue streams under signed on-demand contracts then in place, whether or not they are guaranteed through a minimum commitment clause. Our best estimate is based on estimates used in evaluating the contracts and determining sales compensation, adjusted for changes in estimated launch dates, actual volumes achieved and other factors deemed relevant. For contracts with an expiration date beyond three years, we include only the value expected within three years. For other contracts, we assume renewal consistent with historic renewal rates unless there is a known cancellation. Contracts are generally priced by volume of usage and typically have no or low minimum commitments. Actual revenue could vary from our estimates due to factors such as cancellations, non-renewals or volume fluctuations.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Total Revenues

The following tables show total revenues by product type and by geographic location, based on the location of our customers, in dollars and percentage change (dollars in millions):

| | Three Mont | Dallar | Danas | -4 | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|---------|----------|-------|----|
| | 31 | | Dollar | Perce | |
| Product and licensing | 2013 | 2012 | Change | Chang | ge |
| | \$178.5 | \$196.8 | \$(18.3) | (9.3 |)% |
| Professional services and hosting | 218.1 | 200.3 | 17.8 | 8.9 | % |
| Maintenance and support | 73.4 | 65.2 | 8.2 | 12.6 | % |
| Total Revenues | \$470.0 | \$462.3 | \$7.7 | 1.7 | % |
| United States | \$343.2 | \$340.3 | \$2.9 | 0.9 | % |
| International | 126.8 | 122.0 | 4.8 | 3.9 | % |
| Total Revenues | \$470.0 | \$462.3 | \$7.7 | 1.7 | % |

The geographic split for the three months ended December 31, 2013, was 73% of total revenues in the United States and 27% internationally, compared to 74% of total revenues in the United States and 26% internationally for the same period last year.

Product and Licensing Revenue

Product and licensing revenue primarily consists of sales and licenses of our technology. The following table shows product and licensing revenue, in dollars and as a percentage of total revenues (dollars in millions):

| | Three Months Ended December 31, | | Dollar | Percent |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|----------|---------|
| | 2013 | 2012 | Change | Change |
| Product and licensing revenue | \$178.5 | \$196.8 | \$(18.3) | (9.3)% |
| As a percentage of total revenue | 38.0 | % 42.6 | ó | |

The decrease in product and licensing revenue for the three months ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2012, consisted of a \$19.1 million decrease in Mobile and Consumer revenue driven primarily by a \$10.4 million decrease in sales of our Dragon desktop consumer products following the successful new product launch in the fall of 2012 and an overall weakness in desktop software sales. Sales of our embedded licenses in our Mobile and Consumer segment also decreased \$8.6 million resulting from a continuing shift toward on-demand and ratable pricing models. Enterprise revenue decreased \$9.4 million driven primarily by lower sales of our on-premise solutions. These decreases were offset by an \$8.0 million increase in our Healthcare revenue driven primarily by sales of our Clintegrity solutions.

As a percentage of total revenue, product and licensing revenue decreased from 42.6% to 38.0% for the three months ended December 31, 2013. This decrease was driven by lower sales of embedded licenses in our Mobile and Consumer segment, resulting from a continuing shift toward on-demand and hosting services. Within product and licensing revenue, we are also seeing more term-based, subscription and transactional pricing models, which are recognized over time. In addition, the decrease includes the impact of our recent acquisitions, which have a higher proportion of on-demand hosting revenue. We expect this trend to continue through the remainder of fiscal 2014. Professional Services and Hosting Revenue

Professional services revenue primarily consists of consulting, implementation and training services for customers. Hosting revenue primarily relates to delivering hosted services, such as medical transcription, automated customer care applications, voice message transcription, and mobile infotainment, search and transcription, over a specified term. The following table shows professional services and hosting revenue, in dollars and as a percentage of total revenues (dollars in millions):

| Three Months E | Ended December | Dollar | Doroant |
|----------------|----------------|-----------|----------|
| 31, | | Donai | reicent |
| | | Change | Change |
| 2013 | 2012 | 011411190 | 01141190 |

| Professional services and hosting revenue | \$218.1 | \$200.3 | \$17.8 | 8.9% |
|---|---------|---------|--------|------|
| As a percentage of total revenue | 46.4 | % 43.3 | % | |

The increase in professional services and hosting revenue for the three months ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2012, consisted of a \$9.8 million increase in our Enterprise revenue and a \$6.3 million increase in our Healthcare revenue primarily driven by our recent acquisitions. As a percentage of total revenue, professional services and hosting revenue increased from 43.3% to 46.4% for the three months ended December 31, 2013. This increase was driven by our recent Healthcare and Enterprise acquisitions, which have a higher proportion of professional services and hosting revenue. The increase also includes the continuing shift toward on-demand and ratable pricing models in our Mobile and Consumer segment. We expect this revenue mix shift to continue through the remainder of fiscal 2014.

Maintenance and Support Revenue

Maintenance and support revenue primarily consists of technical support and maintenance services. The following table shows maintenance and support revenue, in dollars and as a percentage of total revenues (dollars in millions):

| | Three Mont December 3 | Dollar | Percent | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|---------|--------|
| | 2013 | 2012 | Change | Change |
| Maintenance and support revenue | \$73.4 | \$65.2 | \$8.2 | 12.6% |
| As a percentage of total revenue | 15.6 | % 14.1 | % | |

The increase in maintenance and support revenue for the three months ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2012, included a \$2.6 million increase in Healthcare revenue driven by sales of our Dragon Medical solutions together with an increase of \$2.5 million in Enterprise revenue driven by strong maintenance renewals and license bookings in prior periods.

Costs and Expenses

Cost of Product and Licensing Revenue

Cost of product and licensing revenue primarily consists of material and fulfillment costs, manufacturing and operations costs and third-party royalty expenses. The following table shows cost of product and licensing revenue, in dollars and as a percentage of product and licensing revenue (dollars in millions):

| | Three Mon | Dollar Percent | |
|--|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| | December 31, | | |
| | 2013 | 2012 | Change Change |
| Cost of product and licensing revenue | \$25.4 | \$26.3 | \$(0.9) (3.4)% |
| As a percentage of product and licensing revenue | 14.2 | % 13.4 | % |

The decrease in cost of product and licensing revenue for the three months ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2012, consisted of a \$2.2 million decrease in Mobile and Consumer costs primarily driven by lower sales of our Dragon desktop consumer products offset by a \$1.4 million increase in Healthcare segment costs, primarily from higher sales of our Clintegrity solutions. Gross margins decreased 0.8 percentage points primarily driven by lower revenues from higher margin license products in our Enterprise and Mobile and Consumer businesses.

Cost of Professional Services and Hosting Revenue

Cost of professional services and hosting revenue primarily consists of compensation for services personnel, outside consultants and overhead, as well as the hardware, infrastructure and communications fees that support our hosting solutions. The following table shows cost of professional services and hosting revenue, in dollars and as a percentage of professional services and hosting revenue (dollars in millions):

| | Three Months Ended Decem 31, | | | |
|--|------------------------------|----------|--------|--------|
| | 2013 | 2012 | Change | Change |
| Cost of professional services and hosting revenue | \$154.6 | \$125.2 | \$29.4 | 23.5% |
| As a percentage of professional services and hosting revenue | 70.9 | % 62.5 % | D | |

The increase in the cost of professional services and hosting revenue for the three months ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2012, was due to a \$14.2 million increase in Healthcare costs driven primarily by our on-demand solutions, including the impact from our recent acquisitions. Our Mobile and Consumer costs also increased

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\$8.3 million driven by investment in our connected services infrastructure, as we continue to fund an increasing volume of large-scale engagements in our mobile business, where the demand for advanced, cloud-based services continues to grow. In addition, stock-based compensation expense increased \$4.2 million.

Gross margin decreased 8.4 percentage points primarily driven by investment in our connected services infrastructure in our mobile business, as well as growth in labor costs from our Healthcare on-demand transcription services. We expect this trend to continue through the remainder of fiscal 2014.

Cost of Maintenance and Support Revenue

Cost of maintenance and support revenue primarily consists of compensation for product support personnel and overhead. The following table shows cost of maintenance and support revenue, in dollars and as a percentage of maintenance and support revenue (dollars in millions):

| | Three Months Ended December 31, | | Dollar Percent |
|--|---------------------------------|--------|-----------------|
| | | | |
| | 2013 | 2012 | Change Change |
| Cost of maintenance and support revenue | \$12.6 | \$14.8 | \$(2.2) (14.9)% |
| As a percentage of maintenance and support revenue | 17.2 | % 22.7 | % |

The decrease in cost of maintenance and support revenue for the three months ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2012, was primarily due to a \$1.3 million decrease in stock-based compensation expense.

Research and Development Expense

Research and development expense primarily consists of salaries, benefits, and overhead relating to engineering staff as well as third party engineering costs. The following table shows research and development expense, in dollars and as a percentage of total revenues (dollars in millions):

| | Three Months Ended December 31, | | | | Dollar | Percent | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--------|---|--------|---------|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| | 2013 | | 2012 | | Change | Change | |
| Research and development expense | \$80.5 | | \$68.7 | | \$11.8 | 17.2% | |
| As a percentage of total revenue | 17.1 | % | 14.9 | % | | | |

The increase in research and development expense for the three months ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2012, was primarily attributable to an \$8.4 million increase in compensation expense, driven by headcount growth, including additional headcount from our recent acquisitions, together with a \$1.4 million increase in stock-based compensation expense. We have increased investment in research and development expense to fund cloud-based speech systems and natural language understanding advancements to extend our technology lead.

Sales and Marketing Expense

Sales and marketing expense includes salaries and benefits, commissions, advertising, direct mail, public relations, tradeshow costs and other costs of marketing programs, travel expenses associated with our sales organization and overhead. The following table shows sales and marketing expense, in dollars and as a percentage of total revenues (dollars in millions):

| | Three Month | Dollar | Danasa | -4 | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------|--------|----|
| | December 31 | December 31, | | Percer | |
| | 2013 | 2012 | Change | Chang | ge |
| Sales and marketing expense | \$118.9 | \$117.1 | \$1.8 | 1.5 | % |
| As a percentage of total revenue | 25.3 | % 25.3 | % | | |

The increase in sales and marketing expense for the three months ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2012, was primarily attributable to a \$4.2 million increase in compensation expense, including commission expense, driven primarily by headcount growth, including additional headcount from our recent acquisitions. The increase was offset by a decrease of \$2.1 million in marketing and channel program spending and a decrease of \$1.6 million in stock-based compensation expense.

General and Administrative Expense

General and administrative expense primarily consists of personnel costs for administration, finance, human resources, information systems, facilities and general management, fees for external professional advisers including accountants and attorneys, and provisions for doubtful accounts. The following table shows general and administrative expense, in dollars and as a percentage of total revenues (dollars in millions):

| | Three Mont | Dollar Percent | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| | December 31, | | |
| | 2013 | 2012 | Change Change |
| General and administrative expense | \$44.5 | \$44.8 | \$(0.3) (0.7)% |
| As a percentage of total revenue | 9.5 | % 9.7 | % |

General and administrative expense for the three months ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2012, was flat.

Amortization of Intangible Assets

Amortization of acquired patents and core and completed technology are included in cost of revenue and the amortization of acquired customer and contractual relationships, non-compete agreements, acquired trade names and trademarks, and other intangibles are included in operating expenses. Customer relationships are amortized on an accelerated basis based upon the pattern in which the economic benefits of the customer relationships are being realized. Other identifiable intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Amortization expense was recorded as follows (dollars in millions):

| | Three Months Ended December 31, | | | Dollar | | Percent | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|----|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2013 | | 2012 | | Change | | Change | | | |
| Cost of revenue | \$15.2 | | \$16.3 | | \$(1.1 |) | (6.7 |)% | | |
| Operating expenses | 27.5 | | 25.4 | | 2.1 | | 8.3 | % | | |
| Total amortization expense | \$42.7 | | \$41.7 | | \$1.0 | | 2.4 | % | | |
| As a percentage of total revenue | 9.1 | % | 9.0 | % | | | | | | |

The increase in amortization of intangible assets in our operating expenses for the three months ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2012, was primarily attributable to the amortization of acquired intangible assets from our acquisitions during the period that have higher relative allocations of fair value to customer relationships.

Acquisition-Related Costs, Net

Acquisition-related costs include those costs related to business and other acquisitions, including potential acquisitions. These costs consist of (i) transition and integration costs, including retention payments, transitional employee costs and earn-out payments treated as compensation expense, as well as the costs of integration-related services provided by third-parties; (ii) professional service fees, including third-party costs related to the acquisition, and legal and other professional service fees associated with disputes and regulatory matters related to acquired entities; and (iii) adjustments to acquisition-related items that are required to be marked to fair value each reporting period, such as contingent consideration, and other items related to acquisitions for which the measurement period has ended. Acquisition-related costs were recorded as follows (dollars in millions):

| | Three Months Ended December 31, | | Dollar Dancont |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|------------------|
| | | | Dollar Percent |
| | 2013 | 2012 | Change Change |
| Transition and integration costs | \$3.9 | \$6.3 | \$(2.4) (38.1)% |
| Professional service fees | 3.3 | 9.4 | (6.1) (64.9)% |
| Acquisition-related adjustments | (4.4 |) — | (4.4) N/M |
| Total acquisition-related costs, net | \$2.8 | \$15.7 | \$(12.9) (82.2)% |
| As a percentage of total revenue | 0.6 | % 3.4 | 6 |

The decrease in transition and integration costs for the three months ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2012, was primarily attributable to \$1.2 million of compensation expense related to

a contingent earn-out from our acquisition of Swype for which the earn-out period ended in April 2013. For the three months ended December 31, 2013, professional service fees decreased, compared to the three months ended December 31, 2012, primarily due to fewer acquisitions in the current period.

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Included in Acquisition-related adjustments for the three months ended December 31, 2013, is income of \$7.7 million related to the elimination of a contingent liability established in the original allocation of purchase price for an acquisition closed in fiscal 2008, following the expiration of the applicable statute of limitations. As a result, we have eliminated the contingent liability. This income was offset by a \$4.1 million expense for a legal settlement related to a previous acquisition for which the measurement period for purchase accounting has ended.

Restructuring and Other Charges, Net

Restructuring and other charges, net include restructuring expenses together with other expenses that are unusual in nature and are the result of unplanned events, and arise outside of the ordinary course of continuing operations. Restructuring expenses consist of employee severance costs and may also include charges for duplicate facilities and other contract termination costs to improve our cost structure prospectively. Other amounts may include gains or losses on sales of non-strategic assets or product lines. The following table sets forth the activity relating to the restructuring accruals included in restructuring and other charges, net for the three months ended December 31, 2013 (dollars in millions):

| | Personnel | Facilities | Total | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|-------|---|
| Balance at September 30, 2013 | \$4.2 | \$1.2 | \$5.4 | |
| Restructuring charges | 1.4 | 2.4 | 3.8 | |
| Non-cash adjustments | 0.1 | 0.8 | 0.9 | |
| Cash payments | (3.3) | (0.6) | (3.9 |) |
| Balance at December 31, 2013 | \$2.4 | \$3.8 | \$6.2 | |

For the three months ended December 31, 2013, we recorded net restructuring charges of \$3.8 million, which included a \$1.4 million severance charge related to the elimination of approximately 20 personnel across multiple functions and \$2.4 million resulting from the restructuring of a facility that will no longer be utilized.

Other Income (Expense)

Other income (expense) consists of interest income, interest expense, gain (loss) from security price guarantee derivatives, gain (loss) from foreign exchange, and gain (loss) from other non-operating activities. The following table shows other income (expense), in dollars and as a percentage of total revenues (dollars in millions):

| | Three Mont | Three Months Ended December | | | Dollar | | Percent | |
|----------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|---------|---|--------|---|---------|----|
| | 31, | 31, | | | Dollar | | | |
| | 2013 2012 | | Change | | Change | | | |
| Interest income | \$0.4 | | \$0.5 | | \$(0.1 |) | (20.0 |)% |
| Interest expense | (34.0 |) | (34.1 |) | 0.1 | | (0.3 |)% |
| Other expense, net | (3.1 |) | (3.3 |) | 0.2 | | (6.1 |)% |
| Total other expense, net | \$(36.7 |) | \$(36.9 |) | \$0.2 | | (0.5) |)% |
| As a percentage of total revenue | 7.8 | % | 8.0 | % | | | | |

For the three months ended December 31, 2013 as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2012, interest expense was essentially flat as additional interest expense on the \$350.0 million of Senior Notes issued in the first quarter of fiscal 2013 was offset by lower interest expense following the \$143.5 million prepayment of the term loans in the first quarter of fiscal 2013.

Provision (Benefit) from Income Taxes

The following table shows the provision (benefit) from income taxes and the effective income tax rate (dollars in millions):

| | Three Mo | nths Ended December | Dallan | Percent Change | |
|---------------------------------------|----------|---------------------|--------|-------------------|--|
| | 31, | | Dollar | | |
| | 2013 | 2012 | Change | | |
| Provision (benefit) from income taxes | \$3.0 | \$(8.6) | \$11.6 | (134.9)% | |
| Effective income tax rate | (5.7 |)% 27.9 | ó | | |

The effective income tax rate was (5.7)% and 27.9% for the three months ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. Our current effective tax rate was lower than the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35% primarily due to earnings in foreign operations which are subject to a significantly lower tax rate than the U.S. statutory tax rate driven primarily by our

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subsidiaries in Ireland. The effective tax rate for the three months ended December 31, 2013 was also impacted by a \$5.2 million benefit for income taxes due to the release of a portion of the domestic valuation allowance resulting from a one-time tax benefit recorded in connection with an immaterial acquisition for which a net deferred tax liability was established related to acquired intangible assets.

Our effective income tax rate is influenced by the level and mix of earnings and losses by taxing jurisdiction in combination with the applicable differences between U.S. and foreign tax rates. Accordingly, changes in the jurisdictional mix of pre-tax income in the current year can result in pre-tax income being higher or lower than the prior year in countries with lower statutory tax rates, which causes our effective income tax rate to fluctuate. The impact of such changes could be meaningful in countries with statutory income tax rates that are significantly lower than the U.S. statutory income tax rate of 35%. For the three months ended December 31, 2013, our international profits are lower as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2012, and therefore, the impact on our effective tax rate from our foreign operations is lower in the first quarter of fiscal 2014.

In future periods, if our foreign profits grow, we expect substantially all of our income before income taxes from foreign operations will be earned in Ireland. The statutory rate related to our Ireland profits is lower than the U.S, statutory rate and as a result we would expect our effective tax rate to decrease as profits in Ireland increase. SEGMENT ANALYSIS

We operate in, and report financial information for, the following four reportable segments: Healthcare, Mobile and Consumer, Enterprise and Imaging.

Segment revenues include certain revenue adjustments related to acquisitions that would otherwise have been recognized but for the purchase accounting treatment of the business combinations. Segment revenues also include revenue that we would have otherwise recognized had we not acquired intellectual property and other assets from the same customer. We include these revenues and the related cost of revenues to allow for more complete comparisons to the financial results of historical operations, forward-looking guidance and the financial results of peer companies and in evaluating management performance.

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Segment profit is an important measure used for evaluating performance and for decision-making purposes. Segment profit reflects the direct controllable costs of each segment together with an allocation of sales and corporate marketing expenses, and certain research and development project costs that benefit multiple product offerings. Segment profit represents income from operations excluding stock-based compensation, amortization of intangible assets, acquisition-related costs, net, restructuring and other charges, net, costs associated with intellectual property collaboration agreements, other income (expense), net and certain unallocated corporate expenses. The following table presents segment results (dollars in millions):

| | Three Months Ended December 31, | | Change | Percent Change | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------|--------|-------------------|----|
| | 2013 | 2012 | | Change | |
| Segment Revenues | | | | | |
| Healthcare | \$227.3 | \$217.4 | \$9.9 | 4.6 | % |
| Mobile and Consumer | 115.3 | 131.7 | (16.4) | (12.5 |)% |
| Enterprise | 89.2 | 83.7 | 5.5 | 6.6 | % |
| Imaging | 58.3 | 59.6 | (1.3) | (2.2 |)% |
| Total segment revenues | 490.1 | 492.4 | (2.3) | (0.5 |)% |
| Acquisition-related revenues adjustments | (20.1 |) (30 | | | |